



Junos[®] Space

Network Application Platform User Guide

Release



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Juniper Networks, Inc.
1194 North Mathilda Avenue
Sunnyvale, California 94089
USA
408-745-2000
www.juniper.net

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About the Documentation





- Junos Space Documentation and Release Notes on page xxv
- Documentation Conventions on page xxv
- Documentation Feedback on page xxv
- Requesting Technical Support on page xxvi

Junos Space Documentation and Release Notes

Documentation Conventions

Table 1 on page xxv defines the notice icons used in this guide.

Table 1: Notice Icons

Icon	Meaning	Description
	Informational note	Indicates important features or instructions.
	Caution	Indicates a situation that might result in loss of data or hardware damage.
	Warning	Alerts you to the risk of personal injury or death.
	Laser warning	Alerts you to the risk of personal injury from a laser.

Documentation Feedback

We encourage you to provide feedback, comments, and suggestions so that we can improve the documentation. You can send your comments to techpubs-comments@juniper.net, or fill out the documentation feedback form at <https://www.juniper.net/cgi-bin/docbugreport/>. If you are using e-mail, be sure to include the following information with your comments:

- Document or topic name

- URL or page number
- Software release version (if applicable)

Requesting Technical Support

Technical product support is available through the Juniper Networks Technical Assistance Center (JTAC). If you are a customer with an active J-Care or JNASC support contract, or are covered under warranty, and need post-sales technical support, you can access our tools and resources online or open a case with JTAC.

- JTAC policies—For a complete understanding of our JTAC procedures and policies, review the JTAC User Guide located at <http://www.juniper.net/us/en/local/pdf/resource-guides/7100059-en.pdf> .
- Product warranties—For product warranty information, visit <http://www.juniper.net/support/warranty/> .
- JTAC hours of operation—The JTAC centers have resources available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year.

Self-Help Online Tools and Resources

For quick and easy problem resolution, Juniper Networks has designed an online self-service portal called the Customer Support Center (CSC) that provides you with the following features:

- Find CSC offerings: <http://www.juniper.net/customers/support/>
- Search for known bugs: <http://www2.juniper.net/kb/>
- Find product documentation: <http://www.juniper.net/techpubs/>
- Find solutions and answer questions using our Knowledge Base: <http://kb.juniper.net/>
- Download the latest versions of software and review release notes: <http://www.juniper.net/customers/csc/software/>
- Search technical bulletins for relevant hardware and software notifications: <https://www.juniper.net/alerts/>
- Join and participate in the Juniper Networks Community Forum: <http://www.juniper.net/company/communities/>
- Open a case online in the CSC Case Management tool: <http://www.juniper.net/cm/>

To verify service entitlement by product serial number, use our Serial Number Entitlement (SNE) Tool: <https://tools.juniper.net/SerialNumberEntitlementSearch/>

Opening a Case with JTAC

You can open a case with JTAC on the Web or by telephone.

- Use the Case Management tool in the CSC at <http://www.juniper.net/cm/> .
- Call 1-888-314-JTAC (1-888-314-5822 toll-free in the USA, Canada, and Mexico).

For international or direct-dial options in countries without toll-free numbers, see <http://www.juniper.net/support/requesting-support.html> .

PART 1

Junos Space User Interface

- Getting Started on page 3
- Understanding the Junos Space User Interface on page 7

CHAPTER 1

Getting Started

- Logging In To the System on page 3
- Changing User Passwords on page 4
- Using the Getting Started Assistants on page 4
- Accessing Help on page 5
- Logging Out From the System on page 6

Logging In To the System

You connect to Junos Space from your Web browser. Internet Explorer version 7 or later and Mozilla Firefox version 3.0 through 3.6 Web browsers are supported.



NOTE: Before you can log into the system, your browser must have the Flash 10 plug-in installed.

To access and log in to Junos Space, follow these steps:

1. In the address field of your browser window, type:

`https://<1.1.1.1>/mainui/`

Where <1.1.1.1> is the Web IP address for Web access to Junos Space.

2. Press Enter or click Search. The system log in screen appears.

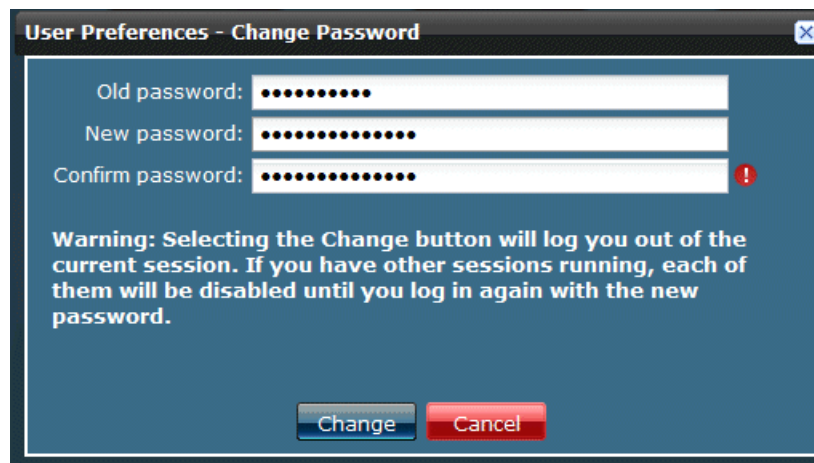
3. Type your username and password. The default username is **super**; the password is **juniper123**. See “Changing User Passwords” on page 4 for information about how to change your user password. For information about how to change your username, see the system administrator.
4. Click **Log In**. The Junos Space Application Chooser appears, see “Application Chooser Overview” on page 7.

- Related Documentation**
- Logging Out From the System on page 6
 - Changing User Passwords on page 4
 - Application Chooser Overview on page 7
 - Junos Space User Interface Overview on page 12

Changing User Passwords

Any user that is logged in to Junos Space can change their account password using the User Preferences icon in the Junos Space banner. You do not have to have any user roles configured to change your password.

To change your user password, follow these steps:

A screenshot of a web-based dialog box titled "User Preferences - Change Password". It features three input fields: "Old password:", "New password:", and "Confirm password:", each followed by a masked password field (dots). Below the fields is a warning message: "Warning: Selecting the Change button will log you out of the current session. If you have other sessions running, each of them will be disabled until you log in again with the new password." At the bottom are two buttons: "Change" (blue) and "Cancel" (red). A small red exclamation mark icon is visible next to the "Confirm password" field.

1. Click the User Preferences icon in the Junos Space banner. The **User Preferences – Change Password** dialog box appears.
2. Type your old password.
3. Type your new password. The password must be 6 to 31 characters long, including 2 numbers or symbols.
4. Retype your password again to confirm it.
5. Click **Change**. You are logged out of the system. You have to log in again using your new password. Any open sessions are disabled until you log in again.

- Related Documentation**
- Creating Users on page 253
 - Logging In To the System on page 3

Using the Getting Started Assistants

The Getting Started assistants display steps and help on how to complete common tasks. Getting Started is a section in the sidebar that appears when you log in to the

system if the **Show Getting Started on Startup** check box is selected. The Getting Started topics are context sensitive per application. Getting Started displays all the steps in a task. From a step in a task, you can jump that point in the user interface to actually complete it.

To use a Getting Started assistant, follow these steps:

1. In Application Chooser, select an application.
2. Click the Help icon . The sidebar appears.
3. In the sidebar, expand **Getting Started**.
A main Getting Started topic link appears in the sidebar.
4. Select the main topic. For example in the Network Activate application, click **Provision a Service**. A list of required steps appears in the sidebar. Each step contains a task link and a link to the help.
5. To perform a specific step, click that link. You jump to that point in the user interface. The assistant remains visible in the sidebar to aid navigation to subsequent tasks.
6. To access Help for a specific step, click the Help (?) icon next to that step.

**Related
Documentation**

- Accessing Help on page 5
- Application Chooser Overview on page 7

Accessing Help

Junos Space provides complete documentation in a Help system that is context-sensitive per workspace. The Help system provides information on each element in the system, including workspaces, dashboards, tasks, inventory pages, actions, and etc. The Help system also provides frequently asked questions (FAQs) and the entire system documentation. Help topics appear as links in the sidebar.

To access online help, follow these steps:

1. Click the workspace within which you want to work.
2. Click the Help? icon. The sidebar appears, if it is not already displayed, with the Help section open listing specific topics for that workspace and tasks.
3. Click a topic link to view its contents. The Help topic appears in a separate window.
4. To hide the Help sidebar, click the >> button at the top right.

**Related
Documentation**

- Using the Getting Started Assistants on page 4
- Application Chooser Overview on page 7
- Platform Dashboard Overview on page 19

Logging Out From the System

When you complete your administrative tasks in the Junos Space user interface, log out to prevent unauthorized users from intruding.

To log out from the system:

1. Click the Log Out icon in the banner. The Logout page appears.

A user who is idle and has not performed any action, such as keystrokes or mouse clicks, is automatically logged out of Junos Space to the logout page. This setting conserves server resources and protects the system from unauthorized access. 60 minutes is the default setting. You can change the setting, from **Administration > Manage Applications**. In the **Manage Applications** inventory page, select the **Network Management Platform**, then select **Modify Application Settings** from the **Actions** drawer or from the right-click pop-up menu.

To log in the system again, click the **Click here to log in again** link.

Related Documentation

- Logging In To the System on page 3
- Changing User Passwords on page 4
- Modifying Application Settings on page 315
- Application Chooser Overview on page 7
- Junos Space User Interface Overview on page 12

CHAPTER 2

Understanding the Junos Space User Interface

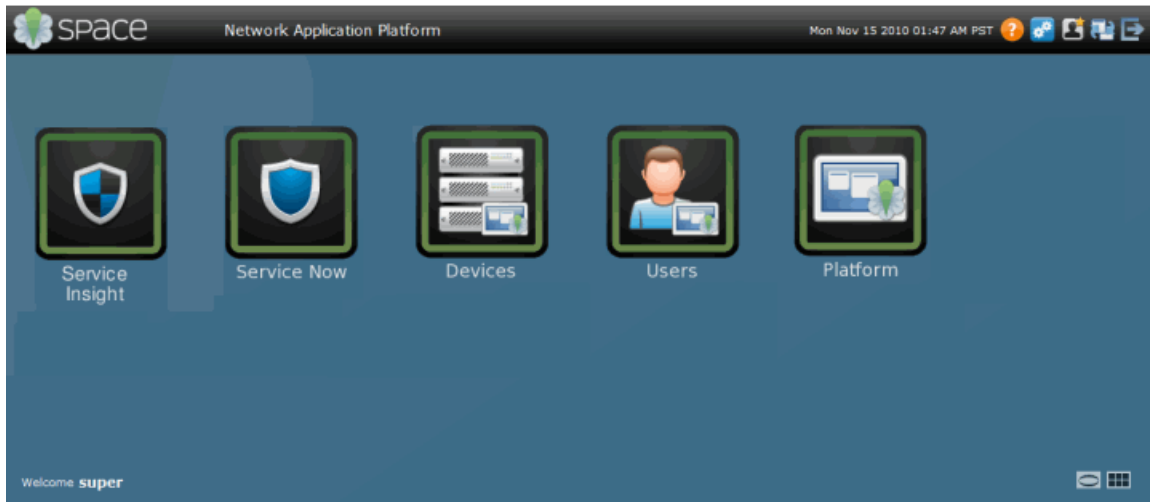
- Application Chooser Overview on page 7
- Junos Space User Interface Overview on page 12
- Navigating the Junos Space User Interface on page 16
- Network Application Platform Overview on page 18
- Platform Dashboard Overview on page 19
- Viewing Dashboard Statistics on page 23
- Workspace Statistics Pages Overview on page 25
- Inventory Pages Overview on page 28

Application Chooser Overview

The Application Chooser provides a user interface within which you can view and manage installed applications in Junos Space. Application Chooser appears when you first log in to the system.

Application Chooser also contains shortcuts to frequently used workspaces. For example from Application Chooser, you can jump directly to the devices and users workspaces without having to click the Network Application Platform icon and the Devices or Users workspace icons in the navigation ribbon.

Applications are represented as icons that display in two views: thumbnail and carousel. In the default thumbnail view, application icons are arranged in a tiled format in the workspace.



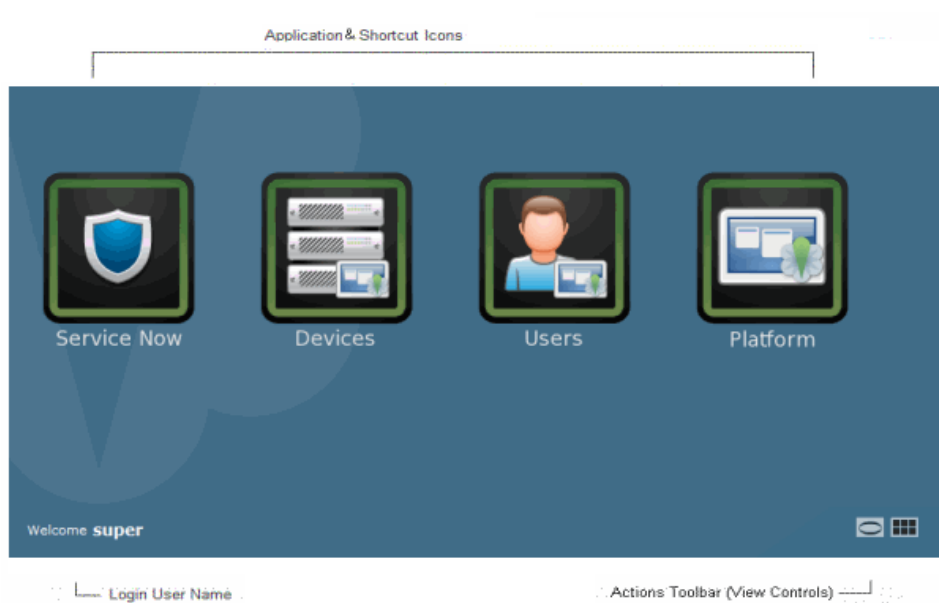
In carousel view, the icons rotate three-dimensionally in a circular manner.



New applications will be added in subsequent software releases.

Mouse over an application to view its title and description. Double-click an application icon to launch it and navigate to its dashboard.

The parts of the Application Chooser user interface in thumbnail view are shown as follows.



The following sections describe the parts of Application Chooser.

Parts of Application Chooser




- Application Icons on page 9
- Shortcut Icons on page 10
- Login User Name on page 11
- Actions Toolbar on page 11

Application Icons

Junos Space applications appear as icons in the Application Chooser in thumbnail or carousel views. Mouse over an application to view its name. Double-click an application to navigate to it and open its workspace. Switch to a different application using the Application Switcher global action in the application banner. The Application Switcher displays the last five applications you use.


The Application Chooser includes the Junos Space base applications, as listed in Table 2 on page 10. You can install other applications using the Administration > Manage Applications workspace (see “Application Management Overview” on page 327).

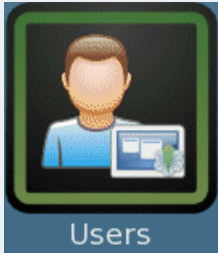
Table 2: Junos Space Applications

Application Icon/Name	For more information
 Service Now	See Service Now Overview.
 Platform	See "Platform Dashboard Overview" on page 19.
 Service Insight	See Service Insight Overview

Shortcut Icons

The shortcuts appear as icons in the Application Chooser. Shortcuts allow you to jump directly to a workspace without user interface navigation. For example, use the Devices shortcut to jump directly to the Devices workspace, see .

Shortcut Icon/Name	For more information
 Devices	See Viewing Managed Devices.

Shortcut Icon/Name	For more information
	See "Viewing Users" on page 255.



Login User Name

Displays the username of the person currently logged into the system.

Actions Toolbar

(Bottom-Right) Use the toolbar at the bottom right of the workspace to change the application icons from thumbnail to carousel views. Table 3 on page 11 defines the toolbar buttons.

Table 3: Application Chooser Toolbar Buttons

Application Toolbar Button	Name	Description
	Carousel View	Displays the application icons so that they rotate in a circular manner in the workspace
	Thumbnail View	Displays the application icons tiled in the workspace as thumbnails.

Application Chooser Actions

The Application Chooser provides the following user actions:

- Change Application Chooser Views—To change the Application Chooser view, click either Thumbnail or Carousel icons in the bottom-right actions toolbar.
- Open Applications—To open an application, double-click its icon. You can also use the Application Switcher global action at the right in the banner to navigate to up to the last applications five you used.
- Switch to Other Applications—To switch to other applications from Application Chooser, select an application name in the Application Switcher drop-down menu. The Application Switcher is a global action to the right in the banner. The Application Switcher drop-down menu displays up to the last five applications you used. You must confirm whether you want to switch to that application.

Related Documentation

- Junos Space User Interface Overview on page 12
- Platform Dashboard Overview on page 19
- Platform Dashboard Overview on page 19

Junos Space User Interface Overview

The Junos Space application design allows multiple users concurrent access to its user interface. Each user accesses the system using a Web browser.

Each user has access to the same system wide database, which ensures that each user sees current information. User access to tasks and objects is controlled by permissions assigned to the user. For example, a service provisioner will have full access to the tasks in the Service Provisioning workspace, but might not have access to Service Design tasks.

The Junos Space user interface is consistent across the Network Application Platform and other installed applications. The examples shown in this topic are from the Network Application Platform user interface. Other applications may have certain user interface design variations to fit the workflow.

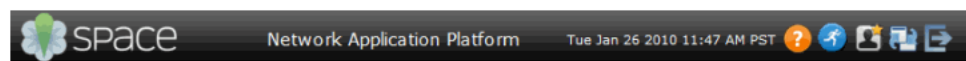
Parts of the System User Interface

The sections that follow describe the major parts of the system user interface.

- Banner on page 12
- Application Chooser on page 13
- Application Dashboard on page 13
- Workspace Statistics on page 14
- Inventory Page on page 14

Banner

The banner displays the Junos Space application logo and name, the date and server time in the active time zone, and the global actions icons.



The Junos Space application banner appears throughout each user interface page in the system. Table 4 on page 12 describes the global action icons at the right in the banner.

Table 4: Banner Global Actions






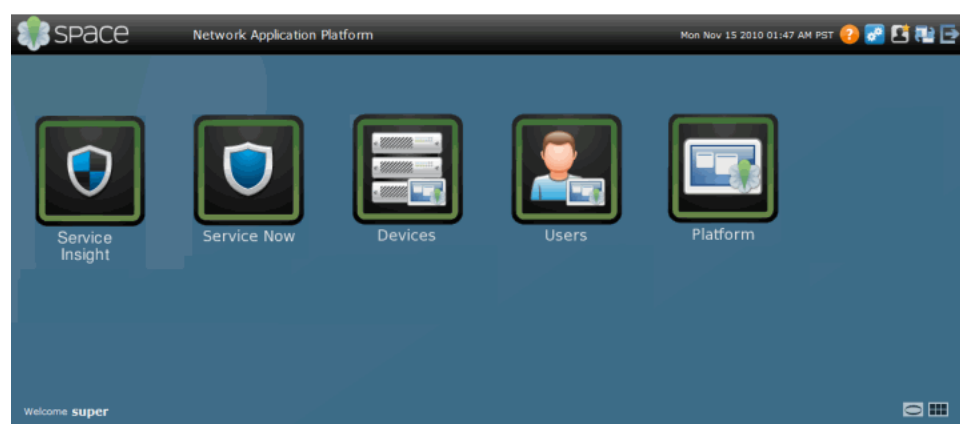
Banner Global Action Icon	Description
	Displays the application Help. To access workspace context-sensitive help, click the Help icon after navigating to that workspace. See "Accessing Help" on page 5.
	Displays the My Jobs dialog box from which you can view the progress and status of current managed jobs. See "Viewing Your Jobs" on page 217.
	Displays the User Preferences dialog box from you can change user preferences, such as the password. See "Changing User Passwords" on page 4.
	Displays the Application Switcher drop-down menu to switch between up to the last five applications used. See "Application Chooser Overview" on page 7.

Table 4: Banner Global Actions (*continued*)

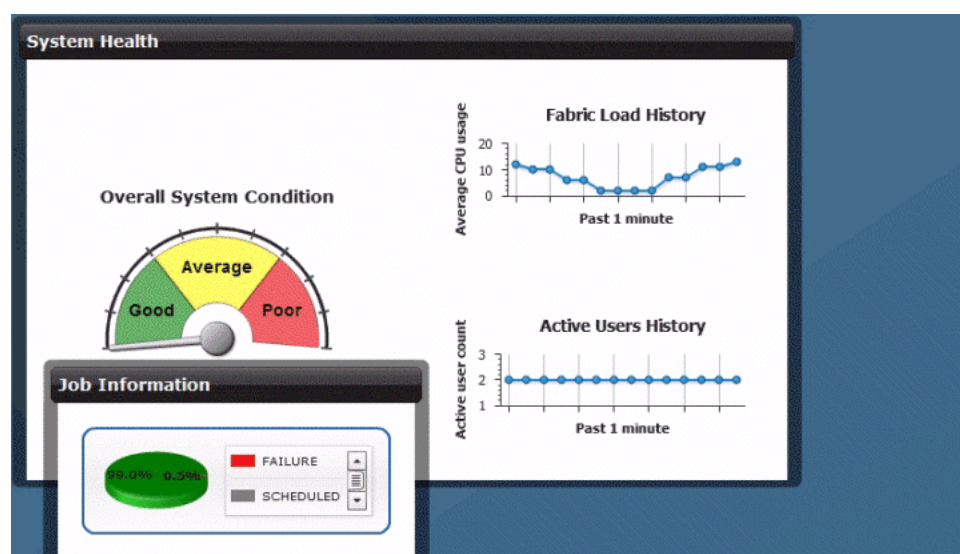
Banner Global Action Icon	Description
	Logs you out of the system. See “Logging Out From the System” on page 6.

Application Chooser

When you log in to the system, you see the Application Chooser that displays the available applications and shortcuts as shown here. For more information about the Application chooser, see “Application Chooser Overview” on page 7.

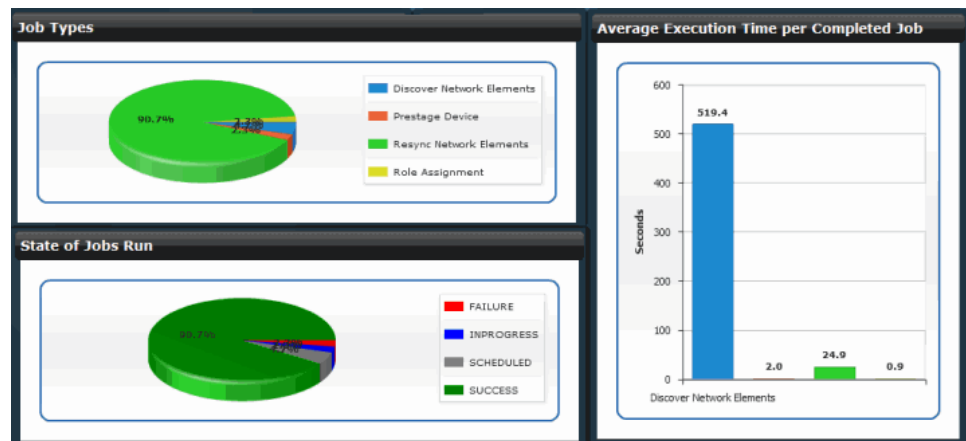
**Application Dashboard**

In Application Chooser, click an application icon to view its dashboard that displays graphical data about devices, jobs, users, administration, and etc. For example, the Platform dashboard is shown here. For more information about the application dashboard, see “Platform Dashboard Overview” on page 19.



Workspace Statistics

In the application dashboard, click a workspace icon in the task ribbon to view its statistics page. For example, the Job Management statistics page is shown here. The statistics view displays charts, graphics, and sub-tasks. For more information about the workspace statistics page, see “Workspace Statistics Pages Overview” on page 25.



Inventory Page

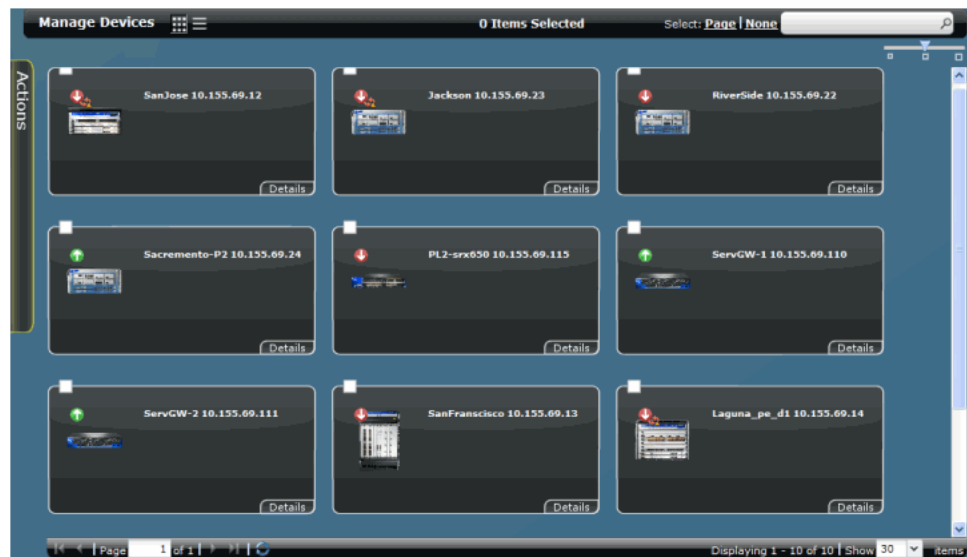
Click a sub-task in the workspace task ribbon to view its inventory page. For more information about inventory pages, see “Inventory Pages Overview” on page 28. Inventory pages display managed items in two views: thumbnail and tabular.

For more information about inventory thumbnail and tabular views, see “Inventory Pages Overview” on page 28.

- Inventory Page Thumbnail View on page 14
- Inventory Page Tabular View on page 15

Inventory Page Thumbnail View

The **Platform > Job Management > Manage Jobs** inventory page in thumbnail view is shown here.



Inventory Page Tabular View

The **Platform > Job Management > Manage Jobs** inventory page in tabular view is shown here.

Name	Interfaces	OS Version	Platform	IP Address	Connection Status	Managed Status
SanJose	View	10.1R1.8	MX240	10.155.69.12	down	Sync Failed
Jackson	View	10.2R1.6	M10I	10.155.69.23	down	Sync Failed
RiverSide	View	10.2R1.6	M10I	10.155.69.22	down	Connecting
Sacramento-P2	View	10.1R1.8	M10I	10.155.69.24	up	In Sync
PL2-srx650	View	10.2R1.2	SRX650	10.155.69.115	down	Connecting
ServGW-1	View	10.0R1.8	SRX240-HM	10.155.69.110	up	In Sync
ServGW-2	View	10.0R1.8	SRX240-HM	10.155.69.111	up	In Sync
SanFrancisco	View	10.1R1.8	MX960	10.155.69.13	down	Out Of Sync
Laguna_pe_d1	View	10.1R1.8	MX480	10.155.69.14	down	Sync Failed
PL2-SRX100	View	10.0R1.8	SRX100-HM	10.155.77.153	up	In Sync

Related Documentation

- Application Chooser Overview on page 7
- Platform Dashboard Overview on page 19
- Workspace Statistics Pages Overview on page 25
- Inventory Pages Overview on page 28

Navigating the Junos Space User Interface

The Junos Space software consists of applications that you can start from within Application Chooser.

The Application Switcher global icon at the top right in the Junos Space banner displays a menu that lets you navigate to the last five applications you started, including the Application Chooser from another application. You can also navigate to workspace shortcuts.

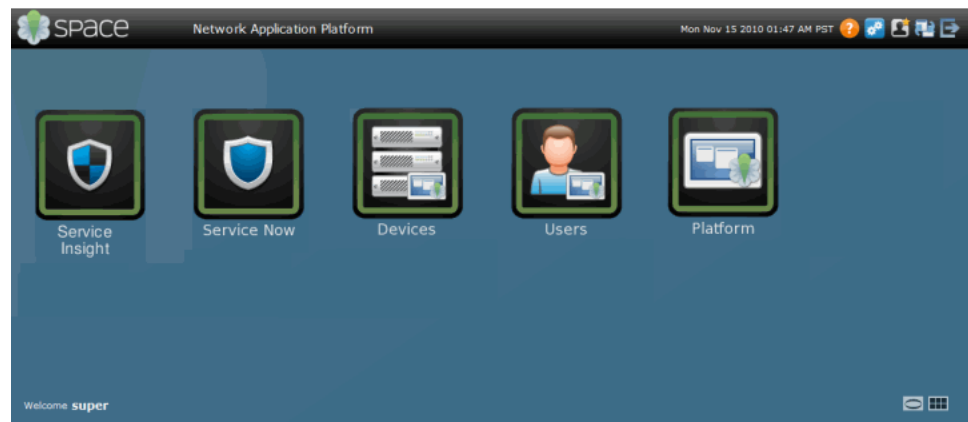
Applications consist of one or more workspaces that include one or more tasks. The application navigation ribbon lets you navigate between workspaces, tasks, and subtasks.

The following topics describe how to navigate the Junos Space user interface:

- Navigating Applications Using Application Chooser on page 16
- Navigating Applications Using Application Switcher on page 17
- Navigating Application Workspaces and Tasks Using the Navigation Ribbon on page 17
- Navigating to the Dashboard of an Application on page 18
- Navigating to a Workspace from a Task on page 18

Navigating Applications Using Application Chooser

When you log into Junos Space, the Application Chooser appears. The Application Chooser displays all of the installed applications and workspace shortcuts, such as Devices and Users.



To navigate to an application in Application Chooser:

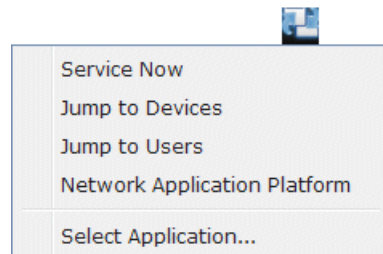
- Click an application icon. The application dashboard appears. For more information about using Application Chooser, see “Application Chooser Overview” on page 7.

Navigating Applications Using Application Switcher

The Application Switcher global icon in the top-right of the Junos Space banner lets you navigate to the last five applications you started and to workspace shortcuts. For more information about the Application Switcher, see “Junos Space User Interface Overview” on page 12.

To navigate to an application or workspace shortcut using Application Switcher:

1. In the Junos Space banner, click the Application Switcher global icon. The Application Switcher menu appears.



2. Select an application or workspace shortcut. The application dashboard or workspace statistics page appears.

Navigating Application Workspaces and Tasks Using the Navigation Ribbon

Use the navigation ribbon to navigate application workspaces and tasks. When you start an application, all of the workspaces are displayed at the workspace level of the navigation ribbon.

To navigate using the application navigation ribbon:

1. In Application Chooser, click an application icon. You can also start an application by selecting its name in the Application Switcher global icon menu. The application dashboard appears. All of the application workspaces are displayed in the navigation ribbon.



2. In the navigation ribbon, click a workspace. All of the tasks are displayed in the navigation ribbon. The workspaces bank to the left in the navigation ribbon. The selected workspace is highlighted and appears to the right of the banked workspaces. The workspace tasks are displayed to the right of the workspace. Home appears

rightmost in the navigation ribbon. Clicking Home takes you to the top level of the navigation ribbon where all workspaces are displayed.



3. In the navigation ribbon, click a task. The inventory page containing objects on which to perform tasks appears. If a task has subtasks, the selected task is circled, and an arrow points to that task. The subtasks appear to right of the selected task.



4. In the navigation ribbon, click a subtask. The page for that subtask appears. An arrow points to the selected subtask.

Navigating to the Dashboard of an Application

To quickly navigate to the dashboard of an application where all workspaces appear:

- Click Home at the right in the navigation ribbon.

Navigating to a Workspace from a Task

To navigate to a workspace from a task or subtask:

- Click the workspace icon banked at the left in the navigation ribbon. The workspace statistics page is displayed.

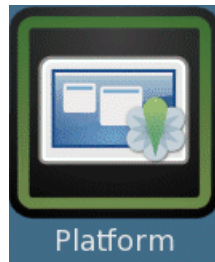
Related Documentation

- Application Chooser Overview on page 7
- Junos Space User Interface Overview on page 12

Network Application Platform Overview

The Junos Space Network Application Platform (Platform) provides effective tools the network administrator needs for automating network operations, including device discovery and management, job operation management, audit logging, and network administration. Network administration tasks include managing the Junos Space fabric which comprises one or more IP-connected nodes, database, software upgrades, licenses, installed applications, and troubleshooting.

The Platform application icon appears in Application Chooser.



Mousing over the Platform application icon displays a brief description. Clicking the icon displays the Platform dashboard that displays the available workspaces from which the administrator can perform tasks. For more information about the Platform Dashboard, see “Platform Dashboard Overview” on page 19.

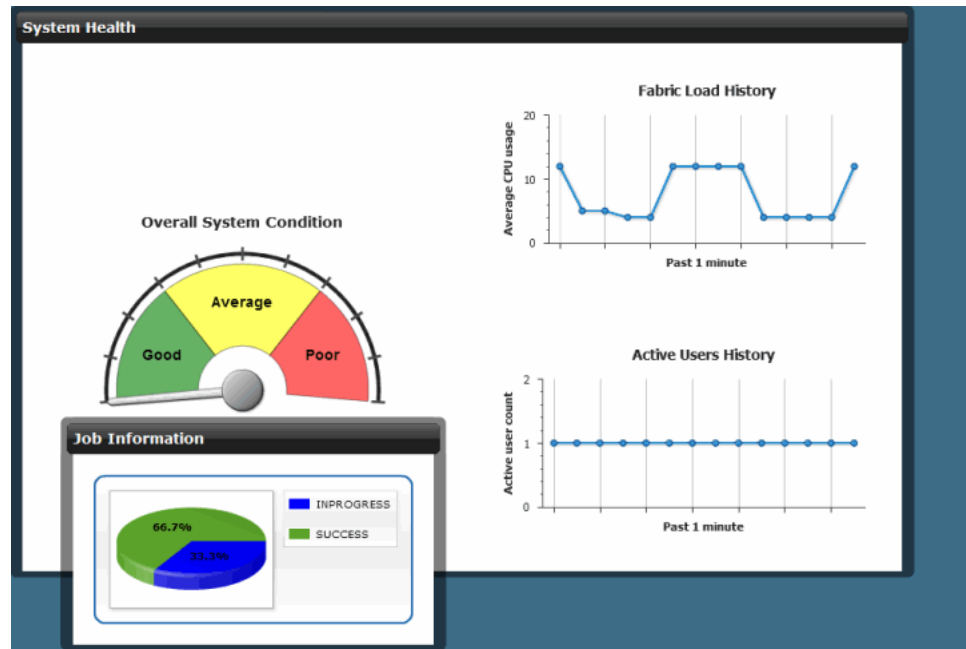
**Related
Documentation**

- [Application Chooser Overview on page 7](#)
- [Platform Dashboard Overview on page 19](#)
- [Network Activate Dashboard Overview](#)
- [Service Now Overview](#)
- [Ethernet Design Overview](#)

Platform Dashboard Overview

The dashboard provides a snapshot of the current status of objects managed and operations performed within a Junos Space application. For example the Platform dashboard displays the system health of your network and the percentage of jobs run successfully and in progress. The Service Now dashboard displays the number of platforms and devices with the most incidents. The dashboard appears when you click an application

icon from Application Chooser or switch to it from the Application Switcher global icon menu. An example of the Platform dashboard is shown here.



The sections that follow describe the parts of the Platform Dashboard.

Parts of Platform Dashboard

- Workspace Navigation Ribbon on page 20
- Dashboard Gadgets on page 21

Workspace Navigation Ribbon

Each Junos Space application has a navigation ribbon allowing you to visually navigate to the workspaces, tasks, and sub-tasks. To view a workspace, click its icon in the navigation ribbon. The tasks for that workspace appear in the task ribbon, and the statistics page for that workspace appears. For more information about using the navigation ribbon, see “Navigating the Junos Space User Interface” on page 16.

When you want to leave a workspace, click Home to navigate you to all of the top level navigation ribbon for that application. When you want to leave the application, click the global Application Switcher pop-up menu navigates you to that application.

Table Table 5 on page 20 describes the Platform navigation ribbon workspaces.

Table 5: Workspace Icons



Icon	Workspace Name	Task
	Devices	Manage devices, including adding, discovering, importing, and updating them. See Device Management Overview.

Table 5: Workspace Icons (*continued*)

Icon	Workspace Name	Task
	Device Templates	Create configuration definitions and templates used to deploy configuration changes on multiple Juniper Networks devices. See “Device Templates Overview” on page 100.
	Topology Visualization	Discover information about network elements and their interconnections based on the hostname or IP addresses of both Juniper-managed and non Juniper-managed devices. See “Topology Visualization Overview” on page 157.
	Device Images	Download a device image from the Juniper Networks Software download site to your local file system, upload it into Junos Space, and deploy it on one or more devices at once. See “Device Images Overview” on page 173.
	Scripts	Use Junos scripts (configuration and diagnostic automation tools) to deploy, verify, enable, disable, remove, and execute scripts deployed to devices.
	Job Management	Monitor the progress of ongoing jobs. See “Job Management Overview” on page 213.
	Users	Add, manage, and delete users. See “Understanding How to Configure Users to Manage Objects in Junos Space” on page 244.
	Audit Logs	View and filter system audit logs. See “Junos Space Audit Logs Overview” on page 229.
	Administration	Add network nodes, backup your database, or troubleshoot. See Adding a Fabric Node, “Database Backup and Restore Overview” on page 293, “Downloading the Troubleshooting Log File from the UI” on page 332, “Downloading the Troubleshooting Log File In Maintenance Mode” on page 334, “Application Management Overview” on page 327, “Viewing Tags” on page 344.

Dashboard Gadgets

The Platform dashboard contains gadgets, such as graphs and charts, that display statistics that depict the overall health and functionality of that application. For example, the Platform dashboard gadgets provide an at-a-glance view of the system health, which includes the a gauge for the overall system condition and graphs that display the fabric load and active user history. For an explanation of the data shown in these gadgets, see “Understanding Overall System Condition and Fabric Load” on page 282.

All dashboard gadgets are visible for all users.

Gadget information is updated automatically and immediately.

You can move gadgets on the dashboard or change the size of them. Changes in location or size of dashboard gadgets persist on returning to the dashboard, even after logging back into the system.

Click a gadget or gadget elements to drill down to more detailed information. Typically, clicking a gadget element takes you either to the statistics page of the associated workspace, or to an inventory page. Some gadgets let you filter information by selecting a specific segment or bar from a chart, or a specific line of a table. For example, if you select the red segment on the Status of Tasks run gadget, you navigate to the manage tasks inventory page that displays only failed tasks.



NOTE: If you do not have user privileges to view certain application data, you will not be able to view more detailed information if you double-click a gadget.

Table 6 on page 22 describes the mouse-over and double-click operations you can perform on dashboard gadgets.

Table 6: Gadget Mouse-Over and Double-Click Operations

Gadget	Mouse-Over Information	Double-Click Navigation
Overall System Condition gauge	N/A	Double-click a graph data point to display the Administration workspace Manage Fabric > Fabric Monitoring page. Click Home to return to the Platform dashboard. For more information about fabric monitoring, see "Understanding Overall System Condition and Fabric Load" on page 282.
Fabric Load History graph	Mouse over a graph data point to view the CPU Usage (average usage percentage)	Double-click a graph data point to display the Administration workspace Manage Fabric > Fabric Monitoring page. Click Home to return to the Platform dashboard. For more information about fabric monitoring, see "Viewing Nodes in the Fabric" on page 275.
Active User History graph	Mouse over a graph data point to view the Active user (total count)	Double-click the graph data point display the Users workspace statistics page used to view the Number of Users by Assigned Role bar chart. Click Home to return to the Platform dashboard. For more information about the Users workspace, see "Viewing User Statistics" on page 259.
Job information pie chart	Mouse over the pie chart to view the number of successful jobs.	Double-click the pie chart to display the Job Management Manage Jobs inventory page. Click Home to return to the Platform dashboard. For more information about the Job Management Manage Users inventory page, see "Viewing Scheduled Jobs" on page 219.

Related Documentation

- Viewing Dashboard Statistics on page 23
- Application Chooser Overview on page 7
- Junos Space User Interface Overview on page 12

- Understanding Overall System Condition and Fabric Load on page 282
- Viewing Nodes in the Fabric on page 275
- Viewing User Statistics on page 259
- Viewing Scheduled Jobs on page 219

Viewing Dashboard Statistics

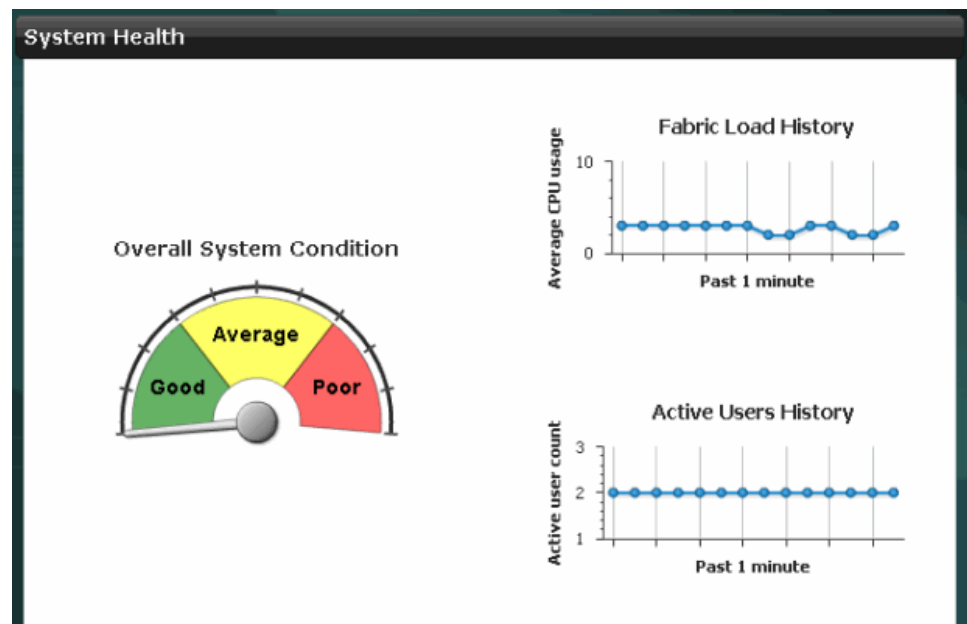
The dashboard appears when you select an application from Application Chooser. It contains graphs and charts known as gadgets that provide high-level monitoring information for the system.

The following topics describe how to use and interpret dashboard gadgets:

- Viewing System Health Statistics on page 23
- Viewing the Job Information on page 25

Viewing System Health Statistics

The Network Application Platform dashboard system Health gadget displays real-time information about the overall health of the Junos Space system. It includes an overall system condition gauge, and graphs that report the system load and number of users as shown.

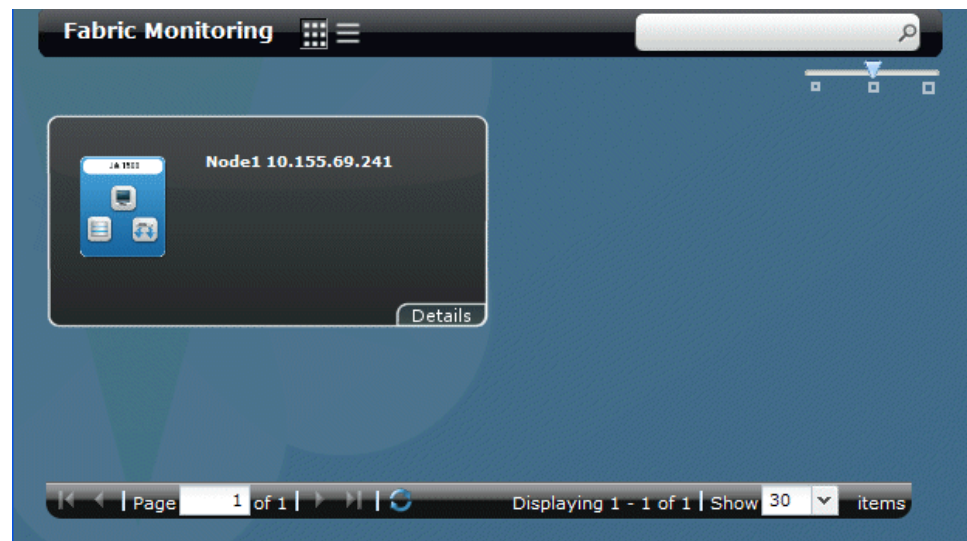


The Overall System Condition gauge represents a combination of the health of the database, the application, and load balancing software. If all these components are functional on all processors in the fabric, then the overall system condition is reported as good.

The Fabric Load History graph shows the trend of the average load of all CPUs in the fabric over the last minute. The Y axis shows the percentage of CPU use and scales dynamically so that useful information can be obtained at low loads. A new reading appears every five seconds.

To view the average CPU use at a specific data point, drag the mouse over the data point of interest. The fabric load is shown in parentheses in a tooltip.

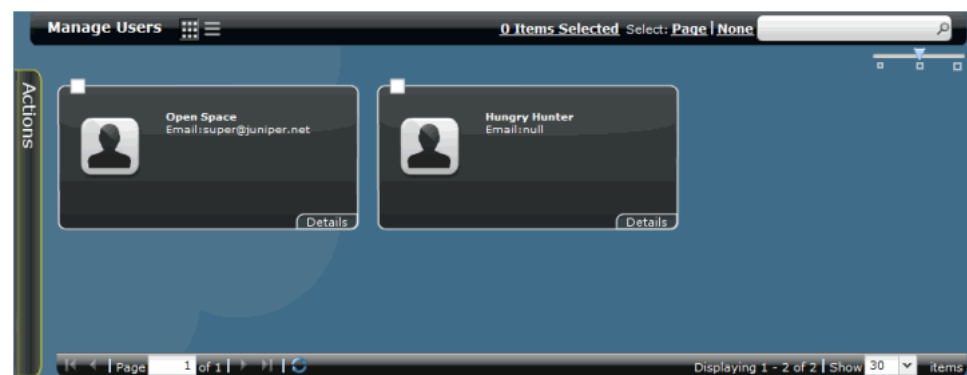
To obtain more details about the status of the fabric, click any data point in the graph. The Fabric Monitoring page appears and shows detailed status of each node in the fabric as shown. (See “Viewing Nodes in the Fabric” on page 275.



The Active Users History graph shows a history of the number of active users on the system for the previous minute.

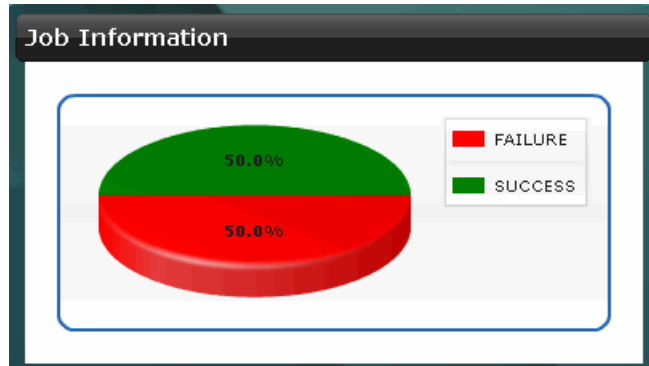
To view the number of active users at a specific data point, drag the mouse over the data point of interest. The fabric load is shown in parentheses in a tooltip.

To obtain more details about active users, click any data point in the graph. The Manage Users inventory page appears filtered by the active users. (See “Viewing Users” on page 255



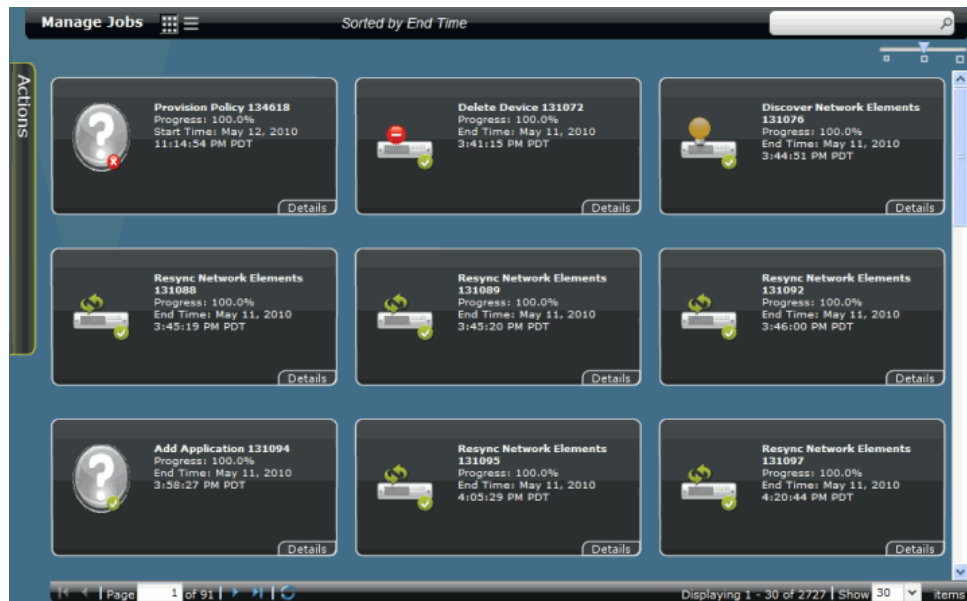
Viewing the Job Information

The Job Information gadget on the system dashboard provides real-time information about the proportion of tasks successfully completed, failed, or in some other state during in the logged-on user's current work session as shown.



To view the number of jobs in a specific state rather than the percentage, drag the mouse over the segment in the chart. The number of jobs appears in parentheses in a tooltip.

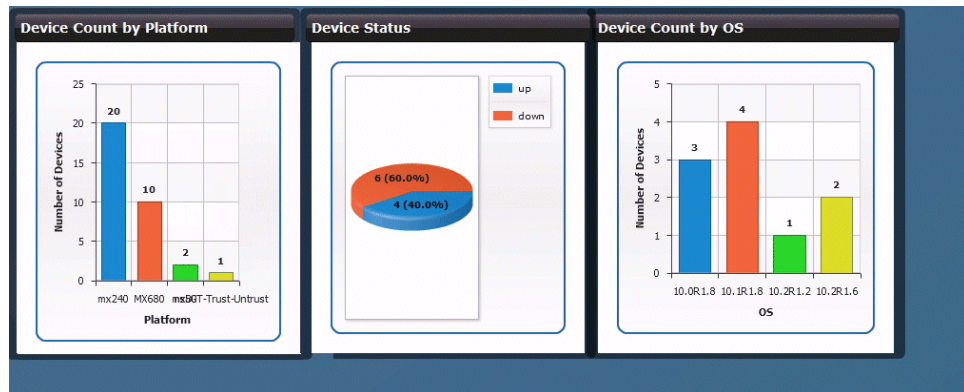
To view details about the jobs represented in the chart, click on the segment of interest. For example, click on the red segment to view details about failed jobs. The Manage Jobs page appears filtered by the job types selected. (See “Viewing Scheduled Jobs” on page 219)



Workspace Statistics Pages Overview

When you select a workspace from the application dashboard task ribbon, Junos Space typically displays high-level statistics representing the status of managed objects in that

workspace. The example shows the Platform > Devices workspace statistics page showing the Device Count by Platform, Device Status, Device Count by Junos OS.



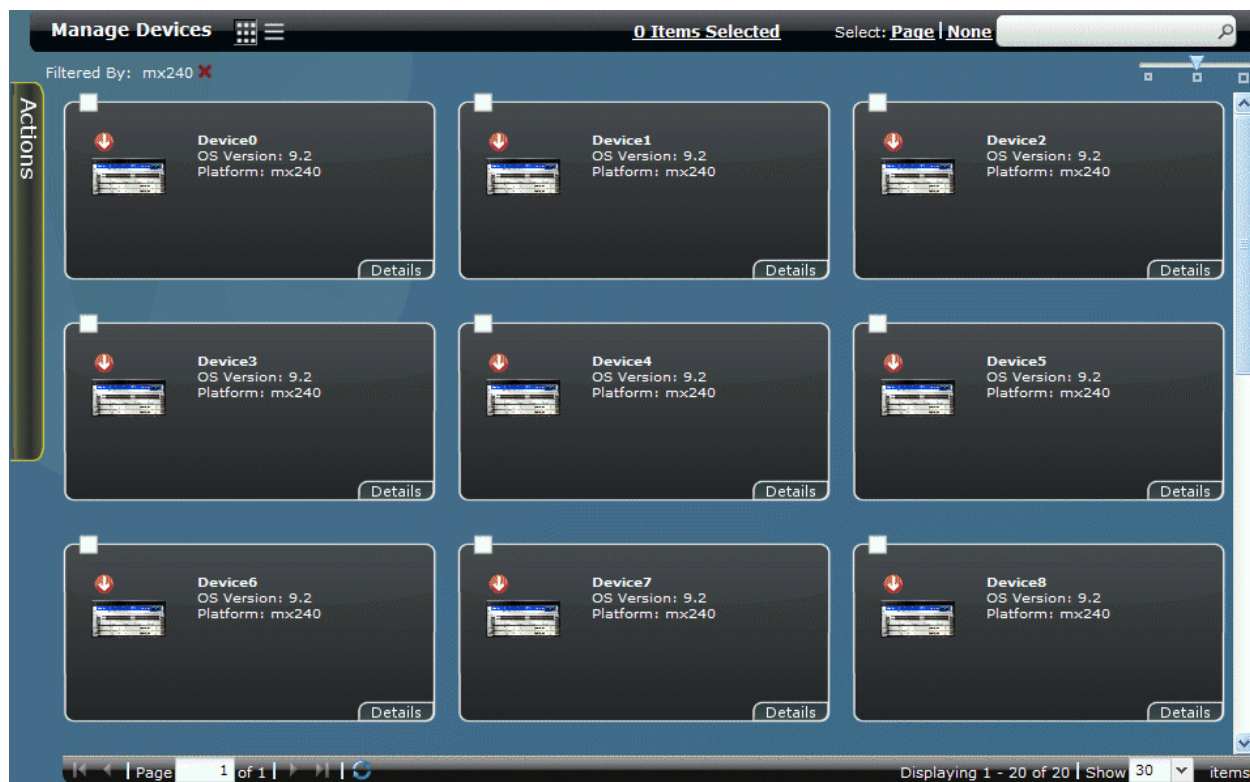
The devices administrator can right click each statistics gadget (bar chart or pie chart) to print or save the statistics as an image in PNG file format.

You can move charts and graphs on the screen or resize them. Changes in location or size of charts and graphs persist on returning to the statistics page, even after logging back into the system.

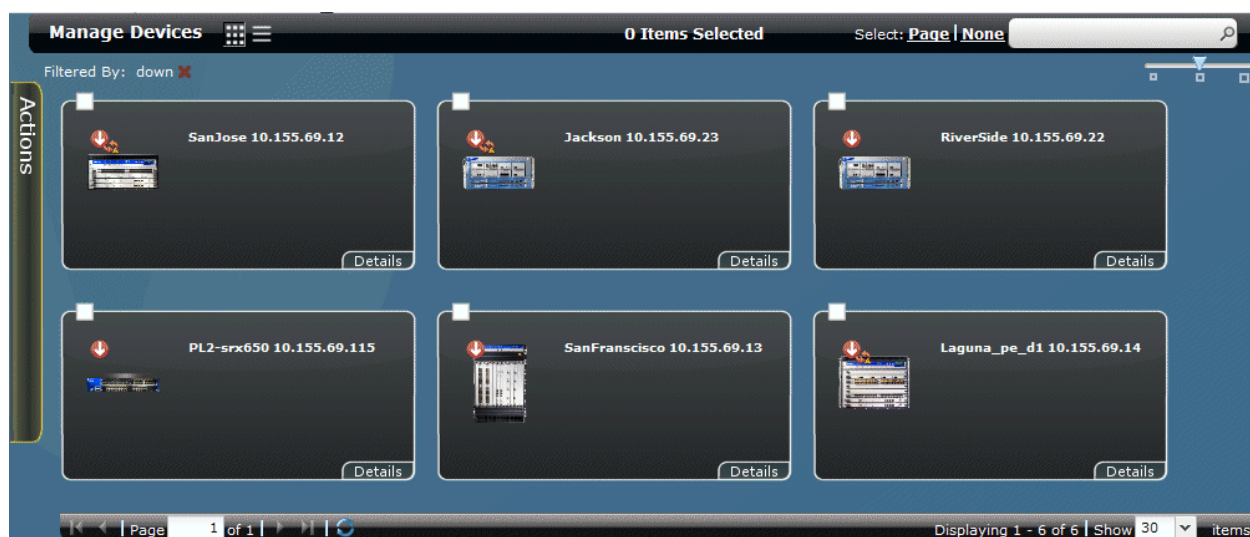
If a chart has more data points than can be viewed clearly at once, a scroll bar appears at the bottom of the chart for access to the remaining data.

Active links within the graphs and charts provide access to more details. For example, if you click on a bar or pie-chart segment, you navigate to the corresponding inventory page filtered according to the bar or segment you selected. For example, if the you click the MX240 devices bar in the Device Count by Juniper Networks device platform bar chart,

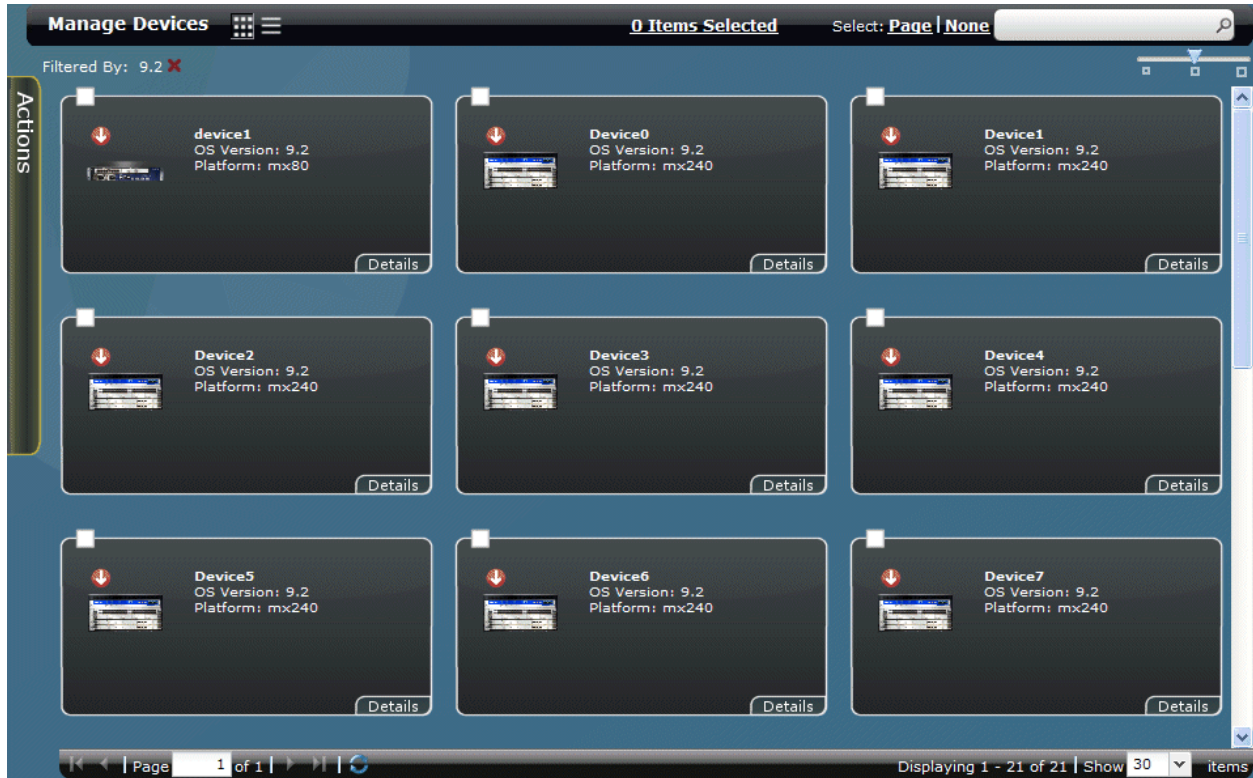
you navigate to the **Platform > Devices > Manage Devices** inventory page that displays all the MX240 devices on the network that are discovered and managed by Junos Space.



For example, if you click the slice in the Device Status pie chart that represents the number of devices that are down. You navigate to the Manage Devices inventory page that displays all of the devices on the network that are down.



For example, if you click a bar in the Device by OS Count, you navigate to the Manage Devices inventory page that displays all of the devices that are running the Junos OS release that you selected.



For more information about using the Devices workspace, see Device Management Overview.

Related Documentation • Junos Space User Interface Overview on page 12

Inventory Pages Overview

Application workspace inventory pages allow you to view and manipulate managed objects individually or collectively, including devices, logs, users, jobs, clients, software, licenses, and so forth. You can browse, zoom, filter, tag, and sort objects. You can select one, several, or all objects and perform actions on them using the actions in the Actions drawer or by right-mouse-clicking actions.

Throughout the Junos Space user interface, you navigate to an inventory page by selecting an application from Application Chooser, selecting an application workspace in the navigation ribbon, then selecting a managing task, such as Manage Devices, Manage Users, or Manage Jobs. For example, to view the Manage Devices inventory page, select Platform > Devices > Manage Devices.

On the inventory page, managed objects are represented by unique icons. Object status is represented by superimposed icons with colors. You can mouse over objects to view the name.

Each managed object stored in the Junos Space database includes specific data. For example, devices are stored in the database according to device name, interfaces, OS version, platform, IP address, connection, managed status, and serial number.

By default, inventory pages appear in thumbnail view. You can also display them in tabular.



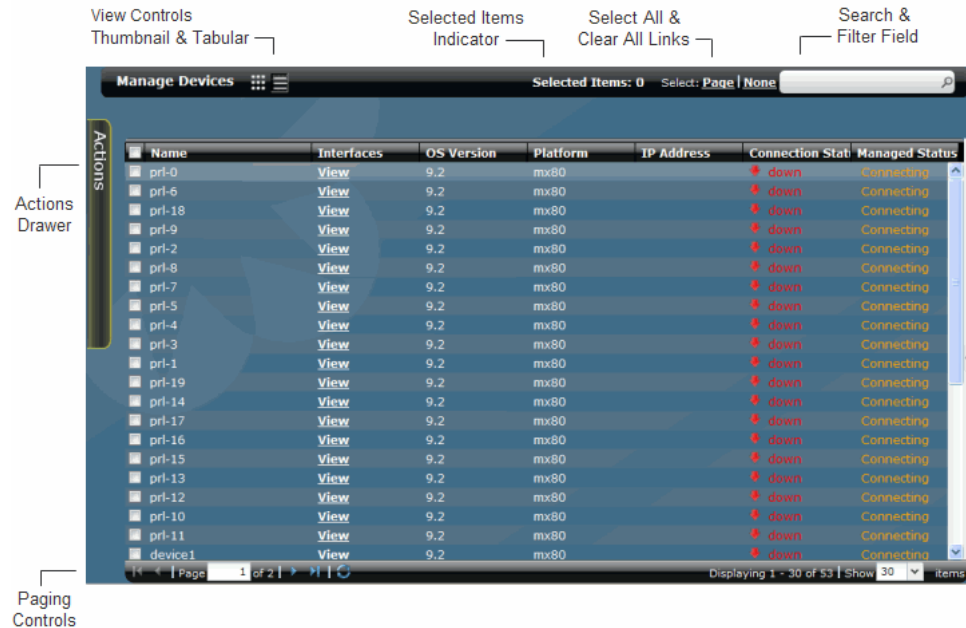
NOTE: The function and implementation of individual inventory pages in both thumbnail and tabular views depend on the Junos Space application design.

Parts of the Inventory Page

The following example shows the parts of the Manage Devices inventory page user interface in thumbnail view.



The following example shows the parts of the Manage Devices inventory page user interface in tabular view.



The sections that follow describe the parts of the inventory page user interface in more detail.

- View Controls (Thumbnail and Tabular) on page 30
- Sorted By Indicator on page 31
- Show or Hide Columns on page 32
- Zoom Slider on page 32
- Search and Filter Field on page 32
- Actions Drawer and Right-Mouse Clicking Objects on page 33
- Paging Controls on page 33

View Controls (Thumbnail and Tabular)

The view controls in the inventory page banner display managed items in either thumbnail (default) or tabular view. The inventory view controls are located in the inventory page banner to the right of the title.

- Thumbnail View on page 30
- Tabular View on page 31

Thumbnail View

The default inventory page view—thumbnail view—displays icons of managed objects. Icons also include visual elements that display item status, type, operation, and so forth. For example in the **Platform > Devices > Manage Devices** inventory page, the green up arrow indicates the device is up; a red arrow indicates the device is down. In the Manage

Service Definitions inventory page, a visual element in the object icon indicates whether a service definition is standard or custom.

Each object includes a title. You can also mouse over an object to see its title.

You must select an object to perform an action on it. Select objects by clicking the selection check box. You can select objects in a sequence or randomly. The Use the Select Page or None links to select all or clear the selection of all objects at once.

Double-clicking an object in thumbnail view provides more detailed information. You can use the zoom slider to the right most position to see more detailed information. The zoom slider provides three levels of information.

Tabular View

Tabular view displays managed objects on and inventory page as rows in a table. Data about each managed object is displayed in the table columns.

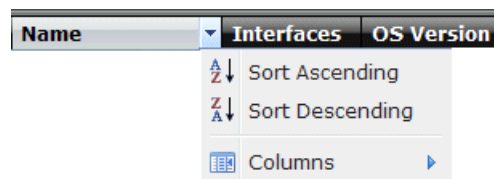
You must select an object to perform an action on it. Select objects by clicking the row check box. You can select objects in a sequence or randomly. The Use the Select Page or None links to select all or clear the selection of all objects at once.

You can manipulate objects in tables by changing the width of columns, sorting columns, and hiding columns.

Sorted By Indicator

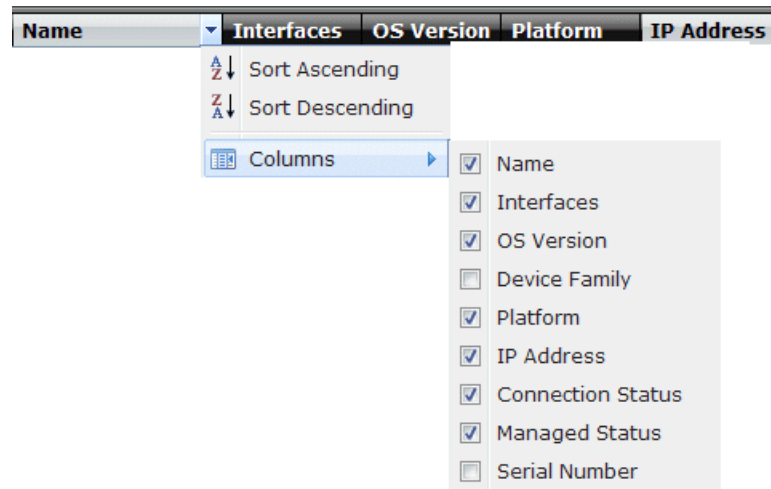
The Sorted by indicator in the inventory page banner displays how the objects are sorted in the tabular view. The Sorted by indicator is displayed in both the thumbnail and tabular views after you have sorted a column.

In tabular view, you can sort inventory data using the Sort Ascending and Sort Descending commands in the column header drop-down menu. Click the down arrow on a table header to view the sort menu. In the following example, the device inventory is currently sorted by the Name column.



Show or Hide Columns

Hide table columns by deselecting the column name in the Columns Cascading menu, as shown. Only selected column names appear in the inventory table.



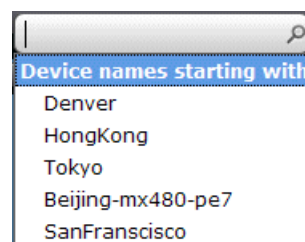
Zoom Slider

The zoom slider determines the size of the icons displayed on the screen and the amount of detailed information that appears. The zoom slider is displayed only in thumbnail view. The zoom slider provides three levels of zoom. The leftmost, first level of zoom Displays objects smaller on the inventory page that reduces the amount of paging. The middle, second level of zoom is the default. The rightmost, third level of zoom provides detailed information about an object. The size of objects is persistent between work sessions.

Search and Filter Field

Use the Search and Filter text field on the right of the inventory page banner enables you to search for specific objects to display on the inventory page. Typing the first letter of an object displays the available names that start with that letter.

Clicking the magnifying glass at the right in the search field displays a drop-down list with the names of inventory objects. When you select a search option in the drop-down list, inventory items specific to that search option only are displayed on the page.



You can create tags to categorize objects. For more information about tagging objects to select similar objects, see “Tagging an Object” on page 343.

Clearing the contents in the Search field and pressing Enter, displays all the inventory objects on the page again.

Actions Drawer and Right-Mouse Clicking Objects

You can perform actions on one or more selected items on an inventory page by using the Actions drawer or right-clicking items. To use the actions in the Actions drawer, select one or more objects, mouse over the Actions drawer to open it, select an action. The drawer opens and the actions that can be performed are displayed as shown. For example, to delete a device from the inventory, select that device in the Manage Devices inventory page, mouse over the Actions drawer, then click the Delete link. Move the cursor from the drawer to close it.

You can also select one or more items, then right click. The right-click menu appears, which has the same action as the Actions drawer.



NOTE: If you are using Mozilla Firefox, the Advanced JavaScript Settings may prevent the right-mouse menu from being displayed.

To ensure that the right-mouse menu appears, the Disable or replace context menus option must be turned on by following these steps:

1. In Mozilla Firefox, choose Tools > Options. The Options dialog box appears.
2. In the Options dialog box, click the Content tab.
3. Click Advanced. The Advanced JavaScript Settings dialog box appears.
4. Click the Disable or replace context menus option.
5. Click OK in the Advanced JavaScript Settings dialog box.
6. Click OK in the Options dialog box.

Paging Controls

Paging controls at the bottom of the inventory panel allow you to navigate the inventory when the inventory is too large to fit on one page. Using these controls, you can go to a specific page, navigate to the next or previous page, navigate to the first or last page of the inventory, or refresh the inventory view.

The Page field lets you jump to a specific page of managed objects. Type the page number in the Page field and press Enter to jump to that field.

Other table controls are described in Table 7 on page 33.

Table 7: Table Paging and Refreshing Controls






Table Control	Operation
	Advances to the next page of the table.
	Returns to the previous page of the table.
	Displays the last page of the table.

Table 7: Table Paging and Refreshing Controls (*continued*)

Table Control	Operation
	Displays the first page of the table.
	Refreshes the table content.

The displaying information field identifies how many objects are being managed and how many appear on one page.

**Related Documentation**

- Junos Space User Interface Overview on page 12
- Tagging an Object on page 343

PART 2

Devices

- [Discovering Devices on page 37](#)
- [Adding Deployed Devices on page 49](#)
- [Deploying Devices on page 57](#)
- [Using Secure Console on page 79](#)
- [Managing Device Adapters on page 85](#)

CHAPTER 3

Discovering Devices

- Device Discovery Overview on page 37
- Discovering Devices on page 38
- Specifying Device Targets on page 46
- Specifying SNMP probes on page 47

Device Discovery Overview

You use device discovery to add devices to Junos Space. *Discovery* is the process of finding a device and then synchronizing the device's inventory and configuration with the Junos Space database. To use device discovery, Junos Space must be able to connect to the device.

To discover network devices, Junos Space uses the SSH and SNMP protocols. Device authentication is handled through administrator login SSH v2 credentials and SNMP v1/v2c or v3 settings, which are part of the device discovery configuration. You can specify a single IP address, a DNS hostname, an IP range, or an IP subnet to discover devices on a network. During discovery, Junos Space connects to the physical device and retrieves running configuration and status information of the device. To connect with and configure devices, Junos Space uses Juniper Network's Device Management Interface (DMI), which is an extension to the NETCONF network management protocol.

When discovery succeeds, Junos Space creates an object in the Junos Space database to represent the physical device and maintains a connection between the object and the physical device so their information is linked.

When configuration changes are made in Junos Space, for example, when you deploy service orders to activate a service on your network devices, the configuration is pushed to the physical device.

When configuration changes are made on the physical device, (out-of-band CLI commits and change-request updates), Junos Space automatically resynchronizes with the device, so that the device inventory information in the Junos Space database matches the current device inventory and configuration information.

The following device inventory and configuration data is captured and stored in relational tables in the Junos Space database:

- Devices: hostname, IP address, credentials
- Physical Inventory: chassis, FPM board, PEM, Routing Engine, CB, FPCs, CPU, PICs, Xcvrs, fan trays

Junos Space displays the model number, part number, serial number, and description for each inventory component, when applicable.

- Logical Inventory: sub-interfaces, encapsulation (link-level), type, speed, MTU, VLAN ID
- Loopback interface

Other device configuration data is stored in the Junos Space database as Binary Large Objects, and is only available to NBI users.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Discovering Devices on page 38](#)
- [Viewing Managed Devices](#)
- [Understanding How Junos Space Automatically Resynchronizes Managed Devices](#)
- [Resynchronizing Managed Devices](#)
- [Device Management Overview](#)
- [Device Inventory Management Overview](#)

Discovering Devices

You use device discovery to automatically discover and synchronize Junos devices in Junos Space. Device discovery is a three-step process in which you specify target devices, a probe method (Ping or SNMP or both), and credentials to connect to each device.



NOTE: The values that you enter to specify the targets, probe method, and credentials are persistent from one discovery operation to the next, so you do not have to reenter information that is the same from one operation to the next.

To add a device using device discovery, the following conditions must be met:

- The device is configured with a static management IP address that is reachable from the Junos Space server.
- A user with full administrative privileges is created on the device for the Junos Space administrator.
- If you plan to use SNMP to probe devices as part of device discovery, SNMP is enabled on the device with appropriate read-only V1/V2C/V3 credentials.



NOTE: To perform discovery on a device with dual Routing Engines, always specify the IP address of the current master RE. When the current master IP address is specified, Junos Space manages the device and the redundancy. If the master RE fails, the backup RE takes over and Junos Space manages the transition automatically without bringing down the device.



NOTE: When you initiate discovery on a device, Junos Space automatically enables SSH and the NETCONF protocol over SSH by pushing the following commands to the device:

```
set system services ssh protocol-version v2
set system services netconf ssh
```

To discover and synchronize devices, complete the following tasks:

1. Specifying Device Targets on page 39
2. Specifying Probes on page 40
3. Specifying Credentials on page 43

Specifying Device Targets

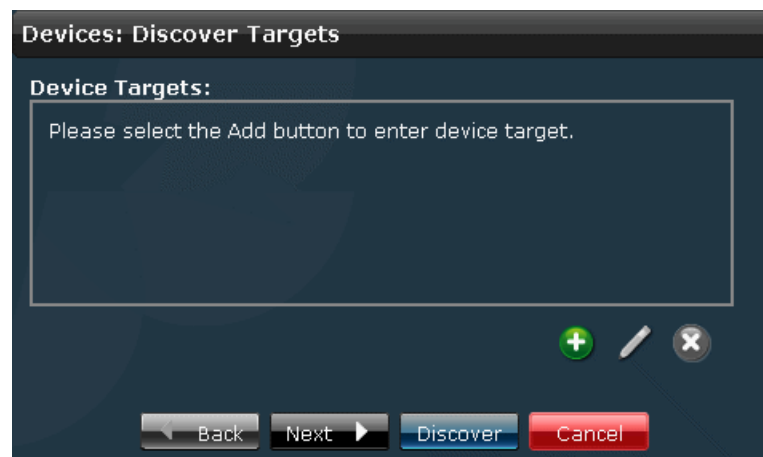
To specify the device targets that you want Junos Space to discover:

1. From the task ribbon, select the **Devices** workspace.
2. From the task ribbon, click the **Discover Devices** icon.

Junos Space displays discovery status for discovery targets that are already processed.

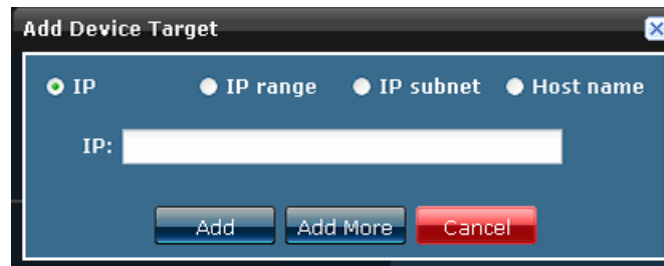
3. From the task ribbon, click the **Discover Targets** icon.

Junos Space displays the Discover Targets window.



4. Click the Add icon.

The Add Device Target dialog box is displayed.



The 'Add Device Target' dialog box has a title bar with a close button. Inside, there are four radio buttons: 'IP' (selected), 'IP range', 'IP subnet', and 'Host name'. Below the radio buttons is a text input field labeled 'IP:'. At the bottom, there are three buttons: 'Add' (blue), 'Add More' (blue), and 'Cancel' (red).

5. Choose one of the following options to specify device targets:

- Select the **IP** radio button and enter the IP address of the device.
- Select the **IP Range** radio button and enter a range of IP addresses for the devices.



NOTE: The maximum number of IP addresses for an IP range target is 1024.

- Select the **IP Subnet** radio button and enter an IP subnet for the devices.
- Select the **Host Name** radio button and enter the host name of the device.

6. Click **Add** to save the target devices that you specified, or click **Add More** to add additional device targets. When you have added all device targets that you want Junos Space to discover, click **Add**.

The Discover Targets window displays the addresses of the configured device targets.

7. Click **Discover** from the Discover Targets window.

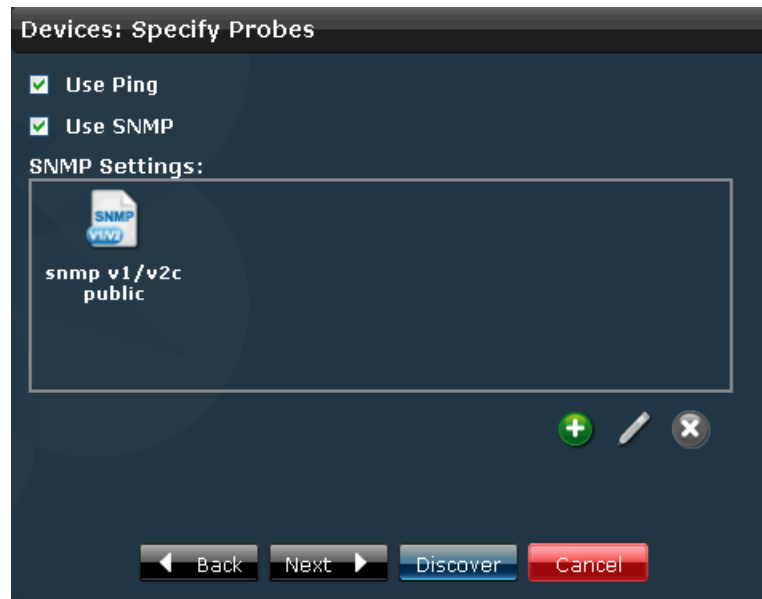
In the next task, you specify a probe method to connect to and discover the device targets.

Specifying Probes

To configure the method Junos Space uses to discover the device targets:

1. From the task ribbon, select the **Devices** workspace, and then click the **Discover Devices** icon.
2. From the task ribbon, click the **Specify Probes** icon.

The Specify Probes window is displayed.



3. Select a probe method (or SSH) to discover target devices:

- If SNMP is configured for the device, select **Use SNMP** , and clear the check box **Use Ping**.

Junos Space will use the SNMP GET command to discover target devices.

- If SNMP is not configured for the device, select the check box **Use Ping** , and clear the check box **Use SNMP**.

Junos Space will use Juniper Network's Device Management Interface (DMI) to directly connect to and discover devices. DMI is an extension to the NETCONF network management protocol.

- When both the **Use Ping** and **Use SNMP** check boxes are selected (the default), Junos Space can more quickly discover the target device, if the device is pingable and SNMP is enabled on the device.

4. Click the Add icon (+).

The Add SNMP Settings dialog box is displayed.

The dialog box titled "Add SNMP Settings" has a close button (X) in the top right corner. It contains two radio buttons: "SNMP V1/V2C" (selected) and "SNMP V3". Below the radio buttons is a text field labeled "Community:". At the bottom are three buttons: "Add", "Add More", and "Cancel".

5. For SNMPv1 or SNMPv2:

- a. Select **SNMP V1/V2C** (the default).
- b. In the community field, specify the community string, which can be **public**, **private**, or a predefined string.
- c. Click **Add** to save the SNMP settings, or click **Add More** to specify another community string. When you have finished adding community strings, click **Add**.

The Specify Probes window displays the configured SNMP settings.

6. For SNMPv3:

- a. Select **SNMP V3**.

The SNMP V3 dialog box is displayed.

The dialog box titled "Add SNMP Settings" has a close button (X) in the top right corner. It contains two radio buttons: "SNMP V1/V2C" and "SNMP V3" (selected). Below the radio buttons are five fields: "Username:" (text field), "Privacy type:" (dropdown menu with "Please select ..." selected), "Privacy password:" (text field), "Authentication type:" (dropdown menu with "Please select ..." selected), and "Authentication password:" (text field). At the bottom are three buttons: "Add", "Add More", and "Cancel".

- b. Enter the username.
- c. Select the privacy type (**AES 128**, **DES**, or **none**).
- d. Enter the privacy password (if **AES 128** or **DES**). If you specify **none** for the privacy type, the privacy function is disabled.
- e. Select the authentication type (**MD5**, **SHA**, or **none**).

- f. Enter the authentication password (if **MD5** or **SHA**). If you specify **none** for the authentication type, the authentication function is disabled.
- g. Click **Add** to save the SNMP V3 settings, or click **Add More** to specify additional SNMP settings. When you have finished adding SNMP settings, click **Add**.

The Specify Probes window displays the configured SNMP settings.

7. Click **Discover** in the Specify Probes window.

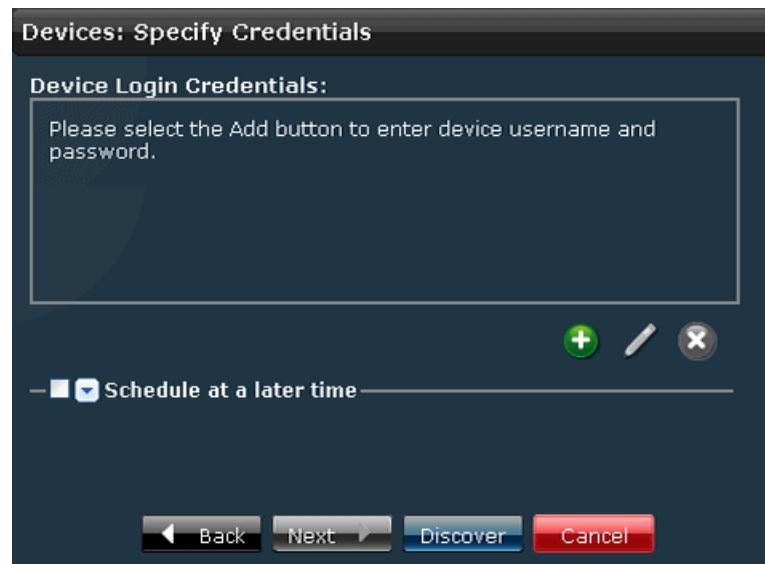
In the next task, you specify credentials to establish the SSH connection for the target devices.

Specifying Credentials

Specify an administrator name and password to establish the SSH connection for each target device that you configured:

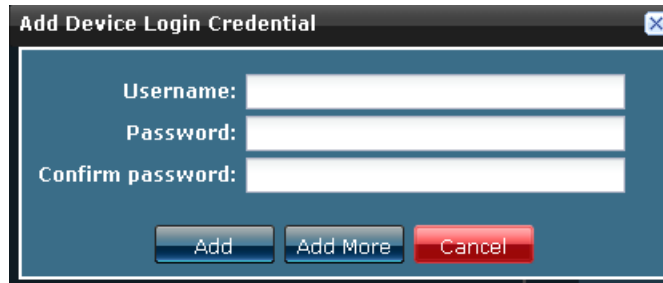
1. From the task ribbon, select the **Devices** workspace, and then click the **Discover Devices** icon.
2. From the task ribbon, select the **Specify Credentials** icon.

The Specify Credentials window appears.



3. Click the Add icon.

The Add Device Login Credential dialog box is displayed.

A dialog box titled "Add Device Login Credential" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. It contains three input fields: "Username:", "Password:", and "Confirm password:". Below the fields are three buttons: "Add" (blue), "Add More" (blue), and "Cancel" (red).

4. Specify the administrator user name and password, and confirm the password. The name and password must match the name and password configured on the device
5. To save the user name and password that you specified, click **Add** or click **Add More** to add another user name and password. When you have finished adding login credentials, click **Add**.

The Credential window displays the administrator user names that you configured.

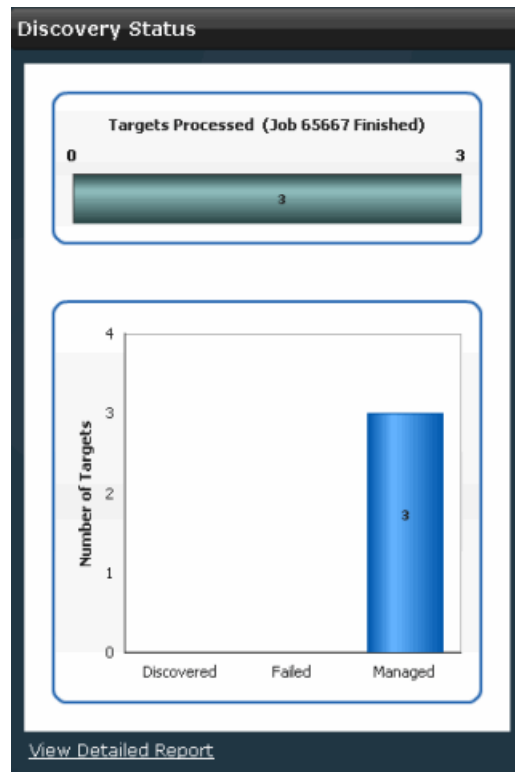
6. Schedule the device discovery operation:
 - Clear the **Schedule at a later time** check box (the default) to initiate the discovery operation when you complete Step 7 in this procedure.
 - Select the **Schedule at a later time** check box to specify a later start date and time for the discovery operation.



NOTE: The selected time in the scheduler corresponds to Junos Space server time but is mapped to the local time zone of the client computer.

7. In the Specify Credentials window, click **Discover** to discover and synchronize the device targets in Junos Space.

The Discovery Status window, shown in the following illustration, displays the progress of discovery in real-time. Click on any bar in the chart to view information about devices currently managed, discovered, or for which discovery failed.



8. For information about device discovery results you can view the Detailed Reports and view job status from the **Jobs** workspace:

- To view device discovery details, click **View Detailed Report** in the Discovery Status window.

The Detailed Report displays the IP address, host name, and discovery status for discovered devices.

Devices			
IP Address	Hostname	Status	Description
10.155.69.22	Tokyo	Device Managed	
10.155.69.23	HongKong	Device Managed	
10.155.69.24	Denver	Device Managed	

Page 1 of 1 | Displaying 1 - 3 of 3



NOTE: If the discovery operation fails, the **Description** field in the **Detailed Report** table indicates the cause of failure.

- To view device discovery from the **Jobs** workspace:
 - From the task ribbon, select the **Jobs** workspace.
 - From the task ribbon, select the **Manage Jobs** icon.

- c. From the Job Manager inventory panel, enter **Discover Network Elements** in the search field to view only device discovery jobs. The following example shows a table view of Discover Network Elements jobs.



The screenshot shows the 'Manage Jobs' interface with a table of jobs. The table has columns for Percent, State, Job Type, ID, Summary, and Scheduled Start Time. Two jobs are visible, both with a 100.0% completion rate and a 'SUCCESS' state. The first job (ID 13107) was scheduled for March 6, 2010, at 12:07:22 AM PST. The second job (ID 65536) was scheduled for March 5, 2010, at 6:03:56 PM PST. The summary for both jobs indicates that 1 IP was scanned, 1 discovery succeeded, and 0 devices were added or failed.

Percent	State	Job Type	ID	Summary	Scheduled Start Time
100.0	SUCCESS	Discover Network Elements	13107	Number of scanned IP: 1 Number of Discovery succeeded: 1 Number of Add Device failed: 0 Number of Already Managed: 0 Number of Skipped: 0 Number of Device Managed: 1	Mar 6, 2010 12:07:22 AM PST
100.0	SUCCESS	Discover Network Elements	65536	Number of scanned IP: 1 Number of Already Managed: 0 Number of Skipped: 0 Number of Discovery succeeded: 1 Number of Device Managed: 1 Number of Juniper Device but Add device failed: 0	Mar 5, 2010 6:03:56 PM PST

Specifying Device Targets

To discover a topology using Junos Space Topology Discovery, you must first specify a device target. This device acts as a seed device in initiating a topology discovery. You can also begin a topology discovery by using subnets as targets or seeds.

To specify device targets:

1. From the task ribbon, select **Topology Visualization > Discover Topology > Specify Target**.

The **Topology Visualization Workspace: Specify Target** page appears (Figure 1 on page 47).

Figure 1: Specify Device Targets



2. Here you can perform one or more of the following actions:

- Select the **Include Managed Devices as Targets** checkbox if you want Junos Space to use Junos managed devices as the target devices for topology discovery.
- Add, edit, or delete device targets. For more information, see Managing Device Targets.

Related Documentation

- Topology Discovery Overview on page 159
- Specifying SNMP probes on page 47
- Viewing Discovered Topologies on page 165

Specifying SNMP probes

Junos Space uses SNMP to discover network elements that are connected to the specified seed devices and subnets. The Junos Space server contacts the targeted devices in the specified subnets and gets the relevant management information base (MIB) information that is needed for computing the topology. You can also specify a hop count to limit the number of routers from the seed device that you want Junos Space to discover. If the hop count is 1, the Junos Space server takes the IP addresses present in the IP routing tables of all the initially targeted devices and considers them for further discovery. This process is repeated based on the hop count value that you specified. For example, if a device X is targeted for discovery with hop count as 1, then all the IP addresses present in the routing table of device X are targeted for discovery. If the hop count is 2, then all the IP addresses present in the routing tables of the devices whose IP addresses were in the routing table of device X are also targeted for discovery.

To use SNMP to probe devices as part of topology discovery, make sure that SNMP is enabled on the devices in the network with appropriate read-only version 1, version 2, or version 3 credentials.

To configure SNMP settings.

1. From the task ribbon, select **Topology Visualization > Discover Topology > Specify SNMP Probes**.

The **Topology Visualization Workspace: SNMP Probes** page appears (Figure 2 on page 48).

Figure 2: Specify SNMP Probes

2. Here, you can perform one or more of the following actions:

- Add, edit, or delete SNMP probes that specify how Junos Space discovers the network. For more information, see [Managing SNMP Probes](#).
- Specify a hop count to limit the number of routers from the target that Junos Space tries to discover. Select the **Network Discovery Settings** checkbox and select the number of hops from the **Number of Hops** drop down list.

Related Documentation

- [Topology Discovery Overview](#) on page 159
- [Specifying Device Targets](#) on page 46
- [Viewing Discovered Topologies](#) on page 165

CHAPTER 4

Adding Deployed Devices

- Add Deployed Devices Overview on page 49
- Adding Deployed Devices on page 50
- Managing Deployed Devices on page 53

Add Deployed Devices Overview

Network devices deployed on the network can be easily managed by Junos Space using the Discover Devices task. However in case of security devices, SSH and Ping are disabled on the device interface for any incoming traffic. Hence security devices will not be able to communicate with Junos Space. In such instances, you can use the Add Deployed Devices Wizard to enable communication between security devices and Junos Space. This creates a Task Instance which you can use to obtain management CLIs related to these devices. These CLIs can be pasted on the device console, enabling the device to connect to Junos Space for further management.

You can create Task Instances either manually or by uploading a comma-separated values (CSV) file. You need to specify the following details to create a Task Instance:

- Device name
- Device platform
- OS version
- Device count
- Authentication details

You can store the management CLIs obtained from a Task instance and paste it on the device console or on a command line session on the device. To know more about pasting management CLIs on the device console, see the Uploading the Device Management Commands section in “Installing the ScreenOS Software Adapter for Managing Non-DMI Security Devices” on page 86.



NOTE: If you are using Internet Explorer to download the management CLIs, you need to customize the browser settings to be able to download them. Perform the following steps to customize the Internet Explorer settings:

1. Open Internet Explorer and navigate to **Tools > Internet Options**.
2. Click the **Security** tab and select the **Custom Level** tab.
3. In the **Automatic prompting for file downloads** section click the **Enable** radio button.

Related Documentation

- Adding Deployed Devices on page 50
- Managing Deployed Devices on page 53

Adding Deployed Devices

To create a new Task Instance:

1. From the **Network Application** task ribbon, select **Devices > Add Deployed Devices**.

The **Add Deployed Devices** inventory panel displays icons for all the Task Instances.

2. From the task ribbon, select the **Add Device** icon. You can use this to add branch ScreenOS devices.

The **Add Devices** window is displayed, as shown in Figure 3 on page 50.

Figure 3: Add Devices Window

Add Devices

Name:
 Description:

Note: Only ScreenOS devices are supported with this workflow. You need to paste the generated CLIs on the device console.

☐ Import From CSV ☒ Add Manually

Device Details

Platform: ns5GT-Trust-Untrust
 OS Version: 6.0
 Number of devices: 1

Authentication Details

User Name:
 Password:
 Re-enter Password:

Back Next Finish Cancel

3. In the **Name** field, enter a name for the new Task Instance.
4. In the **Description** field, enter a description for the new Task Instance.

5. You can add a new Task Instance either manually or by importing a CSV file.

To add a new Task Instance by importing a CSV file:

- a. Select the **Import to CSV** radio button.
- b. To view a sample of the CSV file that should be uploaded, select the **View Sample CSV** link in the **Import** section.
- c. Save the sample CSV file to your storage location.
- d. Make necessary changes in this CSV file and rename it with an appropriate name.

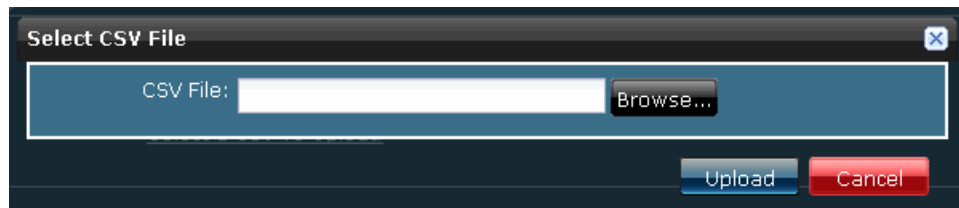


NOTE: Do not add or delete any columns in the CSV file. You will not be able to upload the CSV file successfully if you add or delete any columns.

- e. Select the **Select a CSV To Upload** link in the Import section.

The **Select CSV File** window is displayed, as shown in the Figure 4 on page 51.

Figure 4: Selecting a CSV File to Upload



- f. Click **Browse** and upload the CSV file from your storage location.
- g. If the CSV file is successfully uploaded, a Green mark appears next to the **Select a CSV To Upload** link.

The **Upload** window is displayed.

- h. Click **OK**.

To add a new Task Instance manually:

- a. Select the **Add Manually** radio button.
- b. Enter the following details in the **Device Details** section:
 - From the **Platform** drop-down menu, select an appropriate platform.
 - From the **OS Version** drop-down menu, select an appropriate OS version.
 - In the **Number of devices** field, enter the number of devices with the same platform and OS version.



NOTE: If you add multiple devices, a unique numerical identifier is appended at the end of each device name.



c. In the **Authentication Details** section:

- In the **Username** field, choose an appropriate user name.
- In the **Password** field, enter a password.
- In the **Re-enter Password** field, re-enter the password.

6. Click **Next**.

This table lists all management CLIs associated with the Task Instance. The icons used to view or download management CLIs are listed in Table 8 on page 52

Table 8: Icons to View/Download Management CLIs

Icon	Description
	Used to view the details of the management CLIs
	Used to download the management CLIs

7. You can view or download the management CLIs in this table.

To view the management CLIs:

- Select the check boxes to the left of the rows you want to view.
- Click the View icon.

A new pop-up displays the details of the management CLIs you want to view.

To download the management CLIs:

- Select the check boxes to the left of the rows corresponding to the management CLIs you want to download.
- Click the Download icon.



NOTE: If you are using Internet Explorer to download management CLIs, you need to customize the browser settings to be able to download them. Perform the following steps to customize the Internet Explorer settings:

1. Open Internet Explorer and navigate to **Tools > Internet Options**.
2. Click the **Security** tab and then select the **Custom Level** tab.
3. In the **Automatic prompting for file downloads** section click the **Enable** radio button.

To sort the rows displayed in the table by a specific field:

- a. Select the down arrow to the right of the column header and select either **Sort Ascending** or **Sort Descending** from the menu.

The table reappears with the rows sorted by the selected column. The changes in the sort order persist on return to the same screen.

To hide columns displayed in the table:

- a. Select the down arrow to the right of the column header and select **Columns**.
- b. In the submenu that appears, clear the check boxes for the columns you want to hide.

The deselected columns are hidden.

8. Click **Finish**.

The new Task Instance you have added is displayed in the **Add Deployed Devices** inventory panel. A new job is created and the job ID is displayed in the **Job Information** dialog box.

9. Click the job ID to view more information about the job created.

This action will direct you to the **Job Management** work space.

**Related
Documentation**

- Add Deployed Devices Overview on page 49
- Managing Deployed Devices on page 53

Managing Deployed Devices

You can view or download the management CLIs associated with the Task Instances listed in the **Add Deployed Devices** inventory panel. You can also view the device instance status or delete the Task Instances listed in the **Add Deployed Devices** inventory panel.

To open the **Add Deployed Devices** inventory panel:

1. From the **Network Application** task ribbon, select **Devices > Add Deployed Devices**.

The **Add Deployed Devices** inventory panel is displayed. All Task Instances created is listed by default, in the graphical view.

You can perform the following the tasks on the Task Instances and management CLIs:

1. Viewing the Details of a Task Instance on page 54
2. Viewing the Device Status on page 54
3. Deleting a Task Instance on page 54
4. Downloading Management CLIs on page 55

Viewing the Details of a Task Instance

To view the details of a Task Instance:

1. From the **Network Application** task ribbon, select **Devices > Add Deployed Devices**.
The **Add Deployed Devices** inventory panel is displayed.
2. Double-click the icon for the Task Instance whose details you intend to view.
The details of the Task Instance are displayed in the **Add Instance Details** window.
3. Click **Close** to close the **Add Instance Details** window.

Viewing the Device Status

To view the device status:

1. From the **Network Application** task ribbon, select **Devices > Add Deployed Devices**.
The **Add Deployed Devices** inventory panel is displayed.
2. Select the Task Instance you intend to view the device status for and click the **View Device Status** link from the **Actions** panel in the left hand top corner of the inventory panel.
A new window displays the connection status and managed status of the devices.
3. Click **Back** on the left corner to return to the inventory panel.



NOTE: You can view the device status for a Task Instance using a right-click. To do so, right-click on the Task Instance and select the **View Device Status** link from the contextual menu.

Deleting a Task Instance

To delete a Task Instance you have created:

1. From the **Network Application** task ribbon, select **Devices > Add Deployed Devices**.
The **Add Deployed Devices** inventory panel is displayed.
2. Select the Task Instance you intend to delete and click the **Delete** link from the **Actions Drawer** in the left corner of the inventory panel.
The **Delete Instance** confirmation window is displayed.
3. Select the Task Instance you want to delete and click **Delete**.



NOTE: You can delete a Task Instance using a right-click. To do so, right-click on the Task Instance and select the **Delete** link from the contextual menu.

Downloading Management CLIs

To download management CLIs from the Task Instance you have created:

1. From the **Network Application** task ribbon, select **Devices > Add Deployed Devices**.
The **Add Deployed Devices** inventory panel is displayed.
2. Select the Task Instance containing the management CLI you intend to download and click the **Download Management CLIs** link from the **Actions Drawer** in the left corner of the inventory panel.
The **Download Management CLIs** window is displayed.
3. Select the **Download Management CLIs** link from the **Download Management CLIs** window.
4. Save the .zip file in your storage location.

Related Documentation

- Add Deployed Devices Overview on page 49
- Adding Deployed Devices on page 50

CHAPTER 5

Deploying Devices

- Add Devices Overview on page 57
- Adding Devices on page 59
- Managing Devices on page 65
- Connection Profiles Overview on page 69
- Creating Connection Profiles on page 71
- Managing Connection Profiles on page 75

Add Devices Overview

You can use the Add Device Wizard to create deployment instances that are used to deploy SRX devices. You can create deployment instances either manually or by uploading a comma-separated values (CSV) file. A deployment instance contains the configlets used to deploy branch SRX series devices which are currently using the factory default settings.

A configlet is a small subset of a configuration used by a device to obtain an IP address and connect back to management station for further management. Configlet contains information about the device series, device platform, OS version, and the connection details used to bootstrap the device. It can be used to deploy devices from an external storage device such as a USB stick.

You need to specify the following details to create a configlet:

- Device name
- Device series
- Device platform
- OS version
- Device count
- Connectivity type
- Interface
- Connection profile
- Encryption password

You can store this configlet in an external USB stick and plug it into the SRX device to boot it. The device count and encryption option determine the subsequent steps in booting the SRX device using the configlet.

The following parameters determine the steps in booting the SRX device using the configlet:

- Plain text configlet

If you save the configlet as a plain text file, the device will not prompt you to enter a password during the bootup process.

- Encrypted configlet using AES encryption with a custom key

If you encrypt the configlet with a custom key, the device will prompt you to enter a password. You are required to enter the 16 character password specified during the creation of the configlet. You can also save a text file named `key.txt` in the USB stick which you are using to boot the device. This file contains the password; the device will automatically use the password specified in this file.



NOTE: You can also refer the respective device User Guide for more information.

- Device count value is 1

If you create an individual configlet for each device with a Device Count column value of 1, the configlet contains the host name. The device will not prompt you to enter the host name during boot-up.

- Device count value greater than 1

You can boot devices with similar network connection parameters (for example, obtaining IP address via DHCP) using an individual configlet. This is done by specifying the number of devices that can be booted with the same configlet in the Device Count column. If you create such a configlet, the devices prompts for a host name during boot-up. You are required to enter a unique host name for each of the devices that are used to bootup using this configlet. You can also save a text file named `hostname.txt` in the USB stick which you are using to boot the device. This file contains the hostnames for all devices that are booted using the configlet.



NOTE: You can also refer the respective device User Guide for more information.



NOTE: By default, the configlet that you download is named `Configlets.zip`. This zip file is unzipped to obtain the configlet files. You should not rename the configlet files. Renaming the configlet files may not complete the device bootup process.



NOTE: If you are using Internet Explorer to download the configlets, you need to customize the browser settings to be able to download them. Perform the following steps to customize the Internet Explorer settings:

1. Open Internet Explorer and navigate to **Tools > Internet Options**.
2. Click the **Security** tab and select the **Custom Level** tab.
3. In the **Automatic prompting for file downloads** section click the **Enable** radio button.

Related Documentation

- Adding Devices on page 59
- Managing Devices on page 65

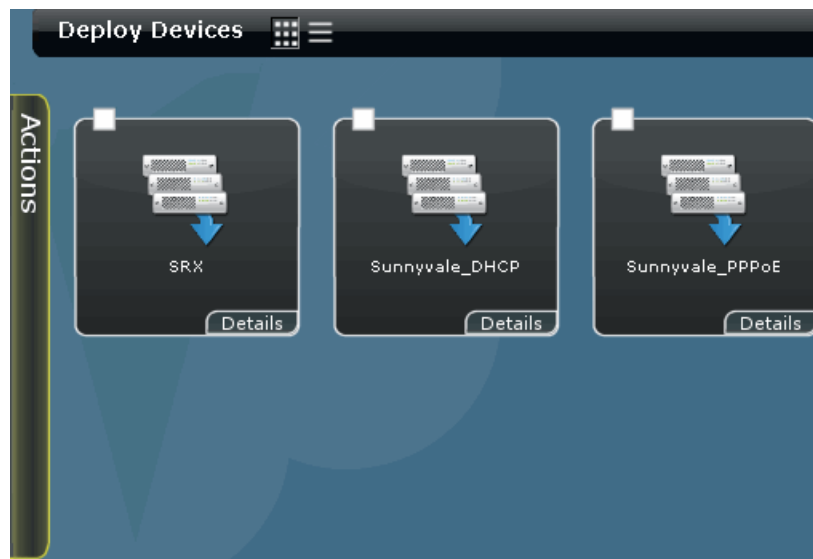
Adding Devices

To create a new deployment instance:

1. From the **Network Application** task ribbon, select **Devices > Deploy Devices**.

The **Deploy Devices** inventory panel displays icons for all the deployment instances, as shown in Figure 5 on page 59.

Figure 5: Deploy Devices Inventory Panel



2. From the task ribbon, select the **Add Devices** icon.

The **Rapid Deployment** window is displayed, as shown in Figure 6 on page 60.

Figure 6: Device Details Window

Rapid Deployment

Name:

Description:

Note: Only Branch SRX devices are supported with this workflow

☒ Import From CSV ☐ Add Manually

Import

[View Sample CSV](#)

[Create Connection Profile](#)

[Select a CSV To Upload](#)

3. In the **Name** field, enter a name for the new deployment instance.
4. In the **Description** field, enter a description for the new deployment instance.
5. You can add a new deployment instance either manually or by importing a CSV file.

To add a new deployment instance by importing a CSV file:

- a. Select the **Import to CSV** radio button.
- b. To view a sample of the CSV file that should be uploaded, select the **View Sample CSV** link in the **Import** section.
- c. Save the sample CSV file to your storage location.
- d. Make necessary changes in this CSV file and rename it with an appropriate name.

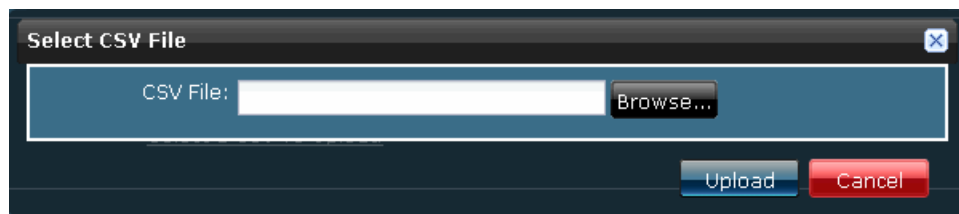


NOTE: Do not add or delete any columns in the CSV file. You will not be able upload the CSV file successfully if you add or delete any columns.

- e. Select the **Select a CSV To Upload** link in the **Import** section.

The **Select CSV File** window is displayed, as shown in the Figure 7 on page 61.

Figure 7: Selecting a CSV File to Upload



- f. Click **Browse** and upload the CSV file from your storage location.
- g. If the CSV file is successfully uploaded, a Green mark appears next to the **Select a CSV To Upload** link.

The **Upload** window is displayed.

- h. Click **OK**.

To add a new deployment instance manually:

- a. Select the **Add Manually** radio button.
- b. Enter the following details in the **Device Details** section:
 - From the **Platform** drop down menu, select an appropriate platform, as shown in Figure 8 on page 61.

Figure 8: Specifying Device Details

- From the **OS Version** drop-down menu, select an appropriate OS version.
- In the **Number of devices** field, enter the number of devices with the same connection details.

These devices will use a common connection profile.

- c. In the **Connectivity Details** section:

- In the **Connection** field, choose an appropriate radio button to specify the connection type, as shown in Figure 9 on page 62.

Figure 9: Specifying Connectivity Details

Connectivity Details

Interface Type: ☒ Ethernet ☐ ADSL

Interface:

IP Assignment via: ▼

Connection Profile: ▼

- The **Interface** field displays the default interface in the untrust zone, depending on the connection type chosen. Make appropriate changes to this field if you intend to do so.
- From the **IP Assignment via** field, select an appropriate IP assignment type.
- From the **Connection Profile** field, select an appropriate connection profile.
- To create a new connection profile, click **Create**. For more information about creating a connection profile, see “Creating Connection Profiles” on page 71.

6. Click **Next**.

The **Rapid Deployment** window is displayed in a table format. This window displays the deployment instance which you have added manually or uploaded using a CSV file. Each record in this table can be used to generate a configlet. The fields which you need to add manually in this table are listed in Table 9 on page 62.






Table 9: Fields Manually Entered in the Rapid Deployment Window

Field	Description
Device Count	This field specifies the number of devices that can be deployed using this configlet
Interface IP	This field specifies the IP address of the interface
Gateway	This field specifies the IP address of the gateway

7. You can clone, delete, sort the rows and hide the columns in the **Rapid Deployment** window. You can also view and download the configlet in this window.

The icons that are used to perform these tasks are listed in Table 10 on page 63.

Table 10: Icons in the Rapid Deployment Window

Icon	Description
	Used to view the details of a configlet
	Used to download configlets
	Used to create a connection profile
	Used to delete a row from the deployment instance table
	Used to clone a row from the deployment instance table

To clone the rows:

- Select the check boxes to the left of the rows you want to clone.
- Specify the number of clones in the **Clone Times** field and click the Clone icon.
- Click the **Clone** tab.

The new rows will appear at the end of the table.

To delete the rows:

- Select the check box to the left of the row you want to delete. You can also select multiple rows to delete them at one go.
- Click the Delete icon.

To view a configlet:

- Select the check box to the left of the row corresponding to the configlet you want to view.
- Click the View Configlet icon.

To download the configlets:

- Select the check boxes to the left of the rows corresponding to the configlets you want to download.
- Click the Download Configlet icon.



NOTE: If you are using Internet Explorer to download the configlets, you need to customize the browser settings to be able to download them. Perform the following steps to customize the Internet Explorer settings:

1. Open Internet Explorer and navigate to **Tools > Internet Options**.
2. Click the **Security** tab and select the **Custom Level** tab.
3. In the **Automatic prompting for file downloads** section click the **Enable** radio button.

To sort the rows displayed in the table by a specific field:

- a. Select the down arrow to the right of the column header and select either **Sort Ascending** or **Sort Descending** from the menu.

The table reappears with the rows sorted by the selected column. The changes in the sort order persist on return to the same screen.

To hide columns displayed in the table:

- a. Select the down arrow to the right of the column header and select **Columns**.
- b. In the submenu that appears, clear the check boxes for the columns you want to hide.

The deselected columns are hidden.

8. You can encrypt, save, or FTP the configlet.

- To encrypt the configlet, select the type of encryption you want to use in the **Encryption** section.
 - a. Select the **AES** radio button if you want to use AES encryption, as shown in Figure 10 on page 64.

Figure 10: Specifying Configlet Options

- b. Enter a password with 16 characters in the corresponding field.



NOTE: You will need to provide this password when you deploy devices using this configlet.

- c. Select the **Plain Text** radio button to save the configlet in a plain text format.

- To save the configlet to a disk drive:
 - a. Click the **Click Here** link next to the **Save to Disk** field in the **Save** section.
 - To save the configlet to an FTP location:
 - a. Select the radio button corresponding to the file transfer method you want to use.
 - b. Enter the user ID, password, server address and folder details in the appropriate fields.
9. Click **Finish**.

The new deployment instance you have added is displayed in the **Device Details** inventory panel. A new job is created and the job ID is displayed in the **Job Information** dialog box.

10. Click the job ID to view more information about the job created.

This action will direct you to the **Job Management** work space.



NOTE: In case of large number of devices, it is recommended to wait for the Job to complete before downloading the configlets.

Related Documentation

- Add Devices Overview on page 57
- Managing Devices on page 65

Managing Devices

You can view, delete and search for specific deployment instances listed in the **Deploy Devices** inventory panel. You can also download configlets from a specific deployment instance.

To open the **Deploy Devices** inventory panel:

1. From the **Network Application** task ribbon, select **Devices > Deploy Devices**.

The **Deploy Devices** inventory panel is displayed. All deployment instances created are listed by default, in the graphical view.

You can perform the following tasks on the deployment instances and configlets:

1. Viewing the Details of a Deployment Instance on page 66
2. Viewing the Device Status on page 66
3. Deleting a Deployment Instance on page 67
4. Downloading Configlets on page 67
5. Searching for a Deployment Instance on page 68

Viewing the Details of a Deployment Instance

To view the details of a deployment instance:

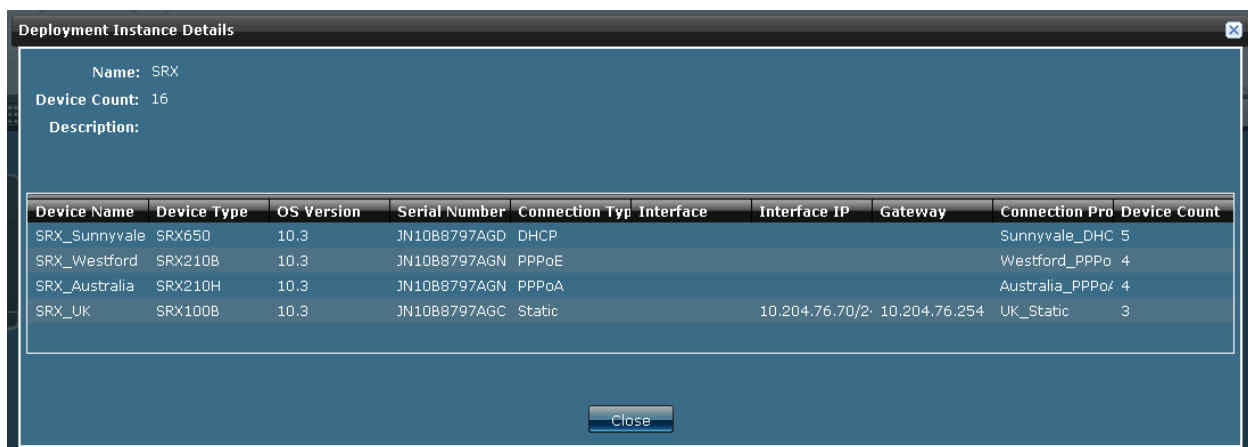
1. From the **Network Application** task ribbon, select **Devices > Deploy Devices**.

The **Deploy Devices** inventory panel is displayed.

2. Select the icon for the deployment instance whose details you intend to view and double-click.

The details of the deployment instance is displayed in the **Deployment Instance Details** window, as shown in the Figure 11 on page 66.

Figure 11: Deployment Instance Details Window



Device Name	Device Type	OS Version	Serial Number	Connection Typ	Interface	Interface IP	Gateway	Connection Pro	Device Count
SRX_Sunnyvale	SRX650	10.3	JN10B8797AGD	DHCP				Sunnyvale_DHC	5
SRX_Westford	SRX210B	10.3	JN10B8797AGN	PPPoE				Westford_PPPo	4
SRX_Australia	SRX210H	10.3	JN10B8797AGN	PPPoA				Australia_PPPo	4
SRX_UK	SRX100B	10.3	JN10B8797AGC	Static		10.204.76.70/2	10.204.76.254	UK_Static	3

3. Click **Close**.

Viewing the Device Status

To view the device status:

1. From the **Network Application** task ribbon, select **Devices > Deploy Devices**.

The **Deploy Devices** inventory panel is displayed.

2. Select the deployment instance you intend to view the device status for and click the **View Device Status** link from the **Actions** panel in the left corner of the inventory panel.

A new window displays the connection status of the devices.

3. Click **Back** on the left corner of this window to return to the inventory panel.



NOTE: You can view the device status for a deployment instance using a right-click. To do so, right-click on the deployment instance and select the **View Device Status** link from the contextual menu.

Deleting a Deployment Instance

To delete a deployment instance you have created:

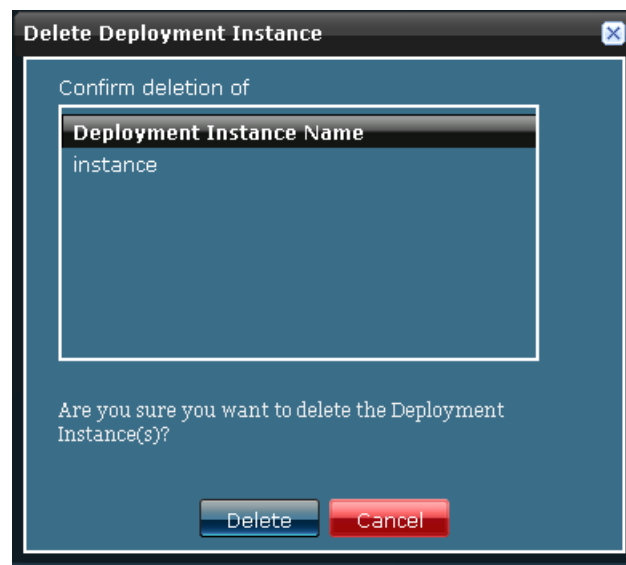
1. From the **Network Application** task ribbon, select the **Devices > Deploy Devices**.

The **Deploy Devices** inventory panel is displayed.

2. Select the deployment instance you intend to delete and click the **Delete** link from the **Actions Drawer** in the left corner of the inventory panel.

The **Delete Deployment Instance** confirmation window is displayed, as shown in the Figure 12 on page 67.

Figure 12: Delete Deployment Instance Window



3. Select the deployment instance you want to delete and click **Delete**.



NOTE: You can delete a deployment instance using a right-click. To do so, right-click on the deployment instance and select the **Delete** link from the contextual menu.

Downloading Configlets

To download the configlet you have created:

1. From the **Network Application** task ribbon, select **Devices > Deploy Devices**.

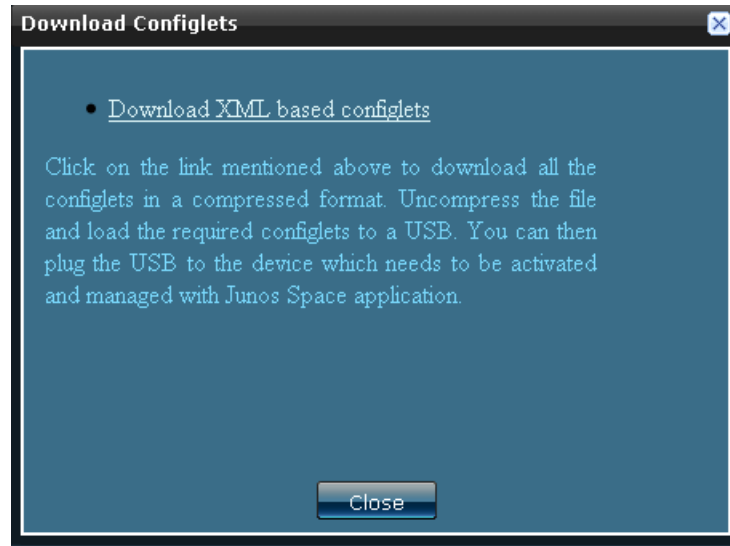
The **Deploy Devices** inventory panel is displayed.

2. Select the deployment instance containing the configlet you intend to download and click the **Download Configlets** link from the **Actions Drawer** in the left corner of the inventory panel.

The **Download Configlets** window is displayed.

3. Select the **Download XML based Configlets** link in the **Download Configlets** window, as shown in Figure 13 on page 68.

Figure 13: Download Configlets Window



4. Save the .zip file in your storage location.



NOTE: You can also download the configlets when you are creating a deployment instance. However, for large number of devices it is recommended to download the configlets from the inventory panel. For more information, see “Adding Devices” on page 59.



NOTE: You can download all configlets that are a part of a deployment instance using a right-click. To do so, right-click on the deployment instance and select the **Download Configlets** link from the contextual menu.



NOTE: You will not be able to download the configlets associated with a deployment instance if a job related to that deployment instance is in progress. The **Download Configlets** action be disabled till the job is completed.

Searching for a Deployment Instance

To search for a deployment instance you have created:

1. From the **Network Application** task ribbon, select **Devices > Deploy Devices**.

The **Deploy Devices** inventory panel is displayed.

2. In the **Search** field, enter the name of deployment instance you want to search, as shown in the Figure 14 on page 69.

Figure 14: Searching for a Configlet



3. Click the magnifying glass icon next to the **Search** field.

The **Deploy Devices** inventory panel is populated with the deployment instances matching your search criterion.

- Related Documentation**
- Add Devices Overview on page 57
 - Adding Devices on page 59

Connection Profiles Overview

You can use the Connection Profile Wizard to create connection profiles that are used as part of rapid deployment to generate startup configlets. A connection profile is a network connection template that can be shared across multiple configlets.

You can configure the following parameters for a connection profile:

- SSH credentials - SSH username, SSH password
- NAT parameters - NAT IP and/or port number, if your Junos Space server is behind a NAT
- DHCP parameters
- PPPoA parameters
- PPPoE parameters

If you choose to configure a DHCP-based connection profile, you need to provide the following details:

- Retransmission parameters
- Lease time
- DHCP Server Address

If you choose to configure a PPPoA-based connection profile, you need to provide the following details:

- Authentication protocol used – either CHAP or PAP
- PPPoA username and password
- Access profile username and password (optional)
- Virtual Path Identifier (VPI) and Virtual Connection Identifier (VCI) values
- Encapsulation type – either LLC or VP-MUX based

If you choose to configure a PPPoE-based connection profile, you need to provide the following details:

- Authentication protocol used – either CHAP or PAP
- PPPoE username and password
- Access profile username and password (optional)
- Concentrator name (optional)
- Service name (optional)
- Time interval for auto-connect (optional)
- Time interval before an idle connection disconnects (optional)

When a connection profile is created, Junos Space creates an object in the Junos Space database to represent the connection profile. You can use this object to create configlets during rapid deployment of devices.



NOTE: VCI and VPI values used for the connection profile may differ based on the service provider. Ensure that you enter appropriate VCI and VPI values provided by your service provider.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Creating Connection Profiles on page 71](#)
- [Managing Connection Profiles on page 75](#)

Creating Connection Profiles

To create a new connection profile:

1. From the **Network Application Platform** task ribbon, select **Devices > Deploy Devices > Connection Profiles**.

The **Connection Profiles** inventory panel is displayed with icons for all the connection profiles, as shown in Figure 15 on page 71.

Figure 15: Connection Profiles Inventory Panel



2. From the task ribbon, select the **Create** icon.

The **Create Connection Profile** window is displayed as shown in Figure 16 on page 72.

Figure 16: Creating a Connection Profile

The screenshot shows a web interface for creating a connection profile. It features several sections:

- Name:** A text input field.
- Description:** A larger text input area.
- SSH Credentials:** A section with a blue expand/collapse icon. It contains:
 - SSH Username:** A text input field with "root" entered.
 - SSH Password:** A password input field with masked characters.
 - Re-enter Password:** A password input field with masked characters.
- NAT:** A section with a blue expand/collapse icon.
- IP Assignment Type:** A section with a dark header bar. Below it are four radio buttons:
 - DHCP:** Selected (radio button is filled).
 - PPPoA:** Not selected.
 - PPPoE:** Not selected.
 - Static:** Not selected.

3. In the **Name** field, enter a name for the new connection profile.
4. In the **Description** field, enter a description for the new connection profile.
5. Enter the following details in the **SSH Credentials** section:
 - a. In the **SSH Username** field, enter a username.
 - b. In the **SSH Password** field, enter a password.
 - c. In the **Re—enter Password** field, enter the password you specified in the **SSH Password** field.
6. Enter the following details in the **NAT** section:
 - a. In the **IP** field, enter an IP address used by the NAT configuration.
 - b. In the **Port** field, enter a port number used by the NAT configuration.
7. From the **IP Assignment Type** panel, specify the type of IP assignment. You can specify the following IP assignment types in the **IP Assignment Type** panel:
 - a. DHCP: To choose DHCP as the IP assignment type:
 1. Select the **DHCP** radio button. The **IP Assignment Type** panel refreshes to display the DHCP connection parameters.
 2. In the **Attempts** field in the **Retransmission Parameters** section, enter the number of attempts that a DHCP client will make to get a DHCP address.
 3. In the **Interval (in sec)** field in the **Retransmission Parameters** section, enter the duration between successive retransmission attempts.
 4. In the **Server Address** field enter the IP address of the DHCP server.

5. Select the **Update Server** check box to ensure that the DHCP server is updated.
6. In the **Lease Time** section, specify how the DHCP server assigns and manages the leases. Leases can be assigned and managed in three ways:
 - a. Check the **Default** radio button if you want to specify a default lease time.
 - b. Check the **Lease Never Expires** radio button to assign a permanent lease to DHCP clients.
 - c. Check the **Lease Time** radio button to specify a custom lease time. In the **Lease Time (in sec)** field, enter the lease time before which the DHCP server must renew the lease for the client or the client must obtain a new lease.
- b. PPPoA: To choose PPPoA as the IP assignment type:
 1. Select the **PPPoA** radio button. The **IP Assignment Type** panel refreshes to display the PPPoA connection parameters, as shown in Figure 17 on page 73.

Figure 17: PPPoA Connection Settings

The screenshot shows a configuration window titled "IP Assignment Type:". It contains four radio buttons: DHCP, PPPoA (which is selected), PPPoE, and Static. Below the radio buttons are several input fields and a dropdown menu:

- Authentication Protocol:** A dropdown menu currently showing "CHAP".
- User name:** An empty text input field.
- Password:** An empty text input field.
- Re-enter Password:** An empty text input field.
- Access Profile (To Authenticate B-RAS):** A section header with a small icon to its left.
- VPI:** An empty text input field.
- VCI:** An empty text input field.
- Encapsulation Type:** A dropdown menu currently showing "atm-ppp-vc-mux".

2. From the **Authentication Protocol** drop-down menu, select an authentication protocol.
3. In the **Username** field, enter a user name.
4. In the **Password** field, enter a password.
5. In the **Re—enter Password** field, enter the password you specified in the **Password** field.
6. In the **Username** field in the **Access Profile** section, enter a user name.
7. In the **Password** field in the **Access Profile** section, enter a password.
8. In the **Re—enter Password** field in the **Access Profile** section, enter the password you specified in the **Password** field.
9. In the **VPI** field, enter a value for the virtual path used for this connection.

10. In the **VCI** field, enter a value for the virtual circuit used for this connection
 11. From the **Encapsulation Type** drop down menu, select the type of encapsulation you intend to use for this connection.
- c. PPPoE: To choose PPPoE as the IP assignment type:
1. Select the **PPPoE** radio button. The **IP Assignment Type** panel refreshes to display the PPPoE connection parameters, as shown in Figure 18 on page 74.

Figure 18: PPPoE Connection Settings

The screenshot shows the 'IP Assignment Type' configuration window. At the top, there are four radio buttons: DHCP, PPPoA, PPPoE (which is selected), and Static. Below the radio buttons, the 'Authentication Protocol' is set to 'CHAP' in a dropdown menu. There are three input fields for 'User name:', 'Password:', and 'Re-enter Password:'. Below these is a section titled 'Access Profile (To Authenticate B-RAS)' with a checkbox that is checked. This section contains four input fields: 'Concentrator Name:', 'Service Name:', 'Auto connect time interval:' (with a '(in sec)' label), and 'Idle period before disconnect:' (with a '(in sec)' label).

2. From the **Authentication Protocol** drop-down menu, select an authentication protocol.
3. In the **Username** field, enter a user name.
4. In the **Password** field, enter a password.
5. In the **Re—enter Password** field, enter the password you specified in the **Password** field.
6. In the **Username** field in the **Access Profile** section, enter a user name.
7. In the **Password** field in the **Access Profile** section, enter a password.
8. In the **Re—enter Password** field in the **Access Profile** section, enter the password you specified in the **Password** field.
9. In the **Concentrator Name** field, enter the name of the concentrator for this connection.
10. In the **Service Name** field, enter a name for the service this connection uses.

11. In the **Auto connect time interval (in sec)** field, enter a value in seconds.
12. In the **Idle period before disconnect (in sec)** field, enter a value in seconds.
- d. Static: To choose Static as a IP assignment type:
 1. Select the **Static** radio button. This option is used to share the SSH credentials and NAT settings.
8. Click **Create** to create a new connection profile.

**Related
Documentation**

- Connection Profiles Overview on page 69
- Managing Connection Profiles on page 75

Managing Connection Profiles

You can view, modify, delete, or copy the connection profiles listed in the **Connection Profiles** inventory panel.

To open the **Connection Profiles** inventory panel:

- From the **Network Application Platform** task ribbon, select **Devices > Deploy Devices > Connection Profiles**. The **Connection Profiles** inventory panel is displayed. All connection profiles created are listed by default, in the graphical view.

You can perform the following tasks in the **Connection Profiles** space:

1. Viewing the details of a Connection Profile on page 75
2. Modifying a Connection Profile on page 76
3. Deleting a Connection Profile on page 77
4. Copying a Connection Profile on page 78
5. Searching for a Connection Profile on page 78

Viewing the details of a Connection Profile

To view the details of a connection profile, perform the following steps:

1. From the **Network Application Platform** task ribbon, select the **Devices > Deploy Devices > Connection Profiles**.

The **Connection Profiles** inventory panel is displayed.

2. Select the icon for the connection profile whose details you intend to view and double-click.

The details of the connection profile are displayed in the **Connection Profile Detail Summary** window, as shown in the Figure 19 on page 76. The **Connection Profile Detail Summary** window lists the SSH credentials and connection settings used for this connection profile.

Figure 19: Viewing the details of a Connection Profile

The screenshot shows a window titled "Connection Profile Detail Summary" with a close button in the top right corner. The window contains three main sections: "Name" and "Description", "SSH Credentials", and "Connection Settings".

Name: Australia_PPPOA
Description: Includes parameters for activating devices in Australia via PPPoA

SSH Credentials

SSH Username: root
SSH Password: ••••••

Connection Settings

Connection Type: PPPoA
Authentication Protocol: CHAP
User Name: hkp@verizon.au.com
Password: ••••••••••••••••
Access Profile User Name: root
Access Profile Password: ••••••
VPI: 8
VCI: 35
Encapsulation Type: atm-ppp-vc-mux

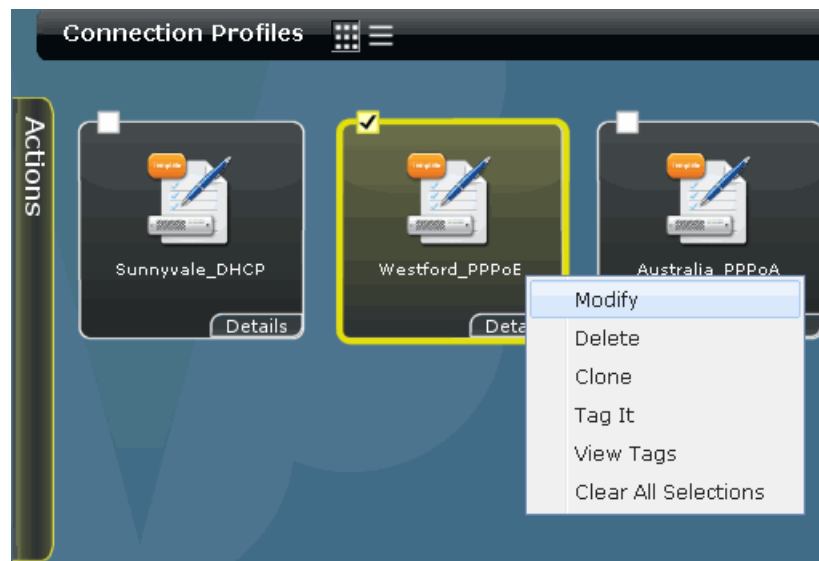
3. Click **Close**.

Modifying a Connection Profile

To modify a connection profile you have created:

1. From the **Network Application Platform** task ribbon, select the **Devices > Deploy Devices > Connection Profiles**.
The **Connection Profiles** inventory panel is displayed.
2. Right-click the connection profile you wish to modify and click the **Modify** link from the contextual menu, as shown in Figure 20 on page 77.

Figure 20: Modifying a Connection Profile



3. In the **Name** field, enter a new name .
4. In the **Description** field, enter a new description .
5. Make necessary changes to the fields in the **SSH Credentials** section.
6. Make necessary changes in the **IP Assignment Type** panel.
7. Click **Modify** .

Deleting a Connection Profile

To delete a connection profile you have created:

1. From the **Network Application Platform** task ribbon, select **Devices > Deploy Devices > Connection Profiles**.

The **Connection Profiles** inventory panel is displayed.

2. Right-click the connection profile you wish to delete and click the **Delete** link from the contextual menu.

The **Delete Connection Profile** confirmation window is displayed.

3. Click **Delete**.

Copying a Connection Profile

To copy a connection profile you have created:

1. From the **Network Application Platform** task ribbon, select **Devices > Deploy Devices > Connection Profiles**.

The **Connection Profiles** inventory panel is displayed.

2. Right-click a connection profile you want to copy and click the **Clone** link from the contextual menu.

This window displays the parameters of the connection profile you have copied, with the **Name** field left blank.

3. In the **Name** field, enter a name for the new connection profile.
4. Edit the other fields of the connection profile if you intend to do so.
5. Click **Create**.

The connection profile you have created is displayed in the **Connection Profiles** inventory panel.

Searching for a Connection Profile

To search for a connection profile you have created:

1. From the **Network Application Platform** task ribbon, select **Devices > Deploy Devices > Connection Profiles**.

The **Connection Profiles** inventory panel is displayed.

2. In the **Search** field, enter the name of connection profile you want to search, as shown in the Figure 21 on page 78.

Figure 21: Searching for a Connection Profile



3. Click the magnifying glass icon next to the **Search** field.

The **Connection Profiles** inventory panel is populated with the connection profiles matching your search criterion.

Related Documentation

- Connection Profiles Overview on page 69
- Creating Connection Profiles on page 71

CHAPTER 6

Using Secure Console

- [Secure Console Overview on page 79](#)
- [Connecting to a Device From Secure Console on page 79](#)

Secure Console Overview

From the Junos Space user interface, you can use the Secure Console feature to open an SSH session to connect to a Junos space managed device or unmanaged device. The Secure Console is a terminal window embedded in Junos Space that eliminates the need for a third party SSH client.

Secure Console initiates the SSH session from the Junos Space server (rather than from your browser) to provide a secure and reliable connection for both managed and unmanaged devices.

You can use Secure Console to connect to any managed device in Junos Space by using the credentials previously stored for the device. To connect to devices that are not managed by Junos Space, you must provide device credentials before connecting to the device.

You can establish multiple SSH connections to connect to different devices simultaneously, with each SSH connection in a different window.

You must have Super Administrator or Device Manager privileges to open an SSH session to a device in Junos Space.

Related Documentation

- [Connecting to a Device From Secure Console on page 79](#)

Connecting to a Device From Secure Console

You can use Secure Console to establish a connection to a device directly from the Junos Space user interface. Secure Console uses the SSH protocol to provide a secure remote access connection to a device. After you connect to a device, you can enter CLI commands from the terminal window to monitor or troubleshoot the device. You can use Secure

Console to establish a connection to a managed device or unmanaged device. An unmanaged device is a device that has not been discovered in Junos Space.

This topic includes the following tasks:

- Connecting to a Managed Device on page 80
- Connecting to an Unmanaged Device on page 81

Connecting to a Managed Device

To open an SSH session to connect to a managed device, the following conditions must be met:

- You must have Super Administrator or Device Manager privileges in Junos Space.
- The status of the managed device must be “UP”

You can use Secure Console to establish a connection to a Junos Space managed device. Secure Console uses the SSH protocol to provide a secure remote access connection to your managed devices.

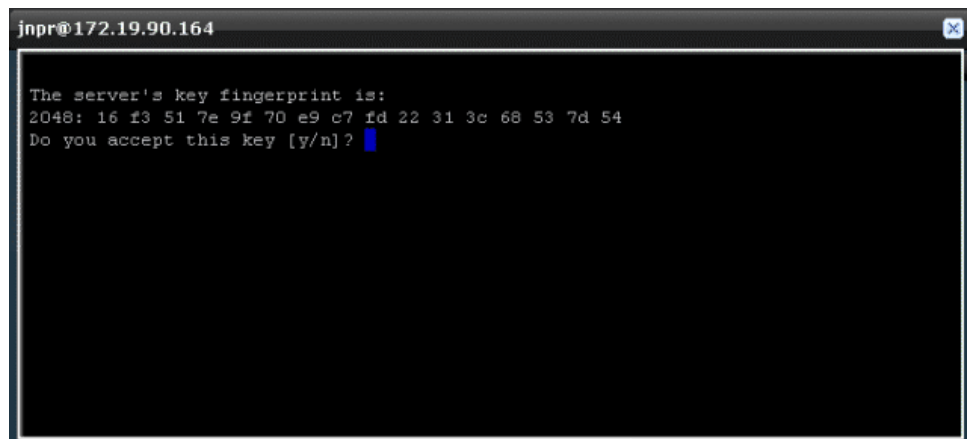
To connect to the managed device:

1. From the task ribbon, select the **Devices** workspace.
2. From the task ribbon, select the **Manage Devices** icon.

The Manage Devices inventory panel displays managed devices by name and IP address.

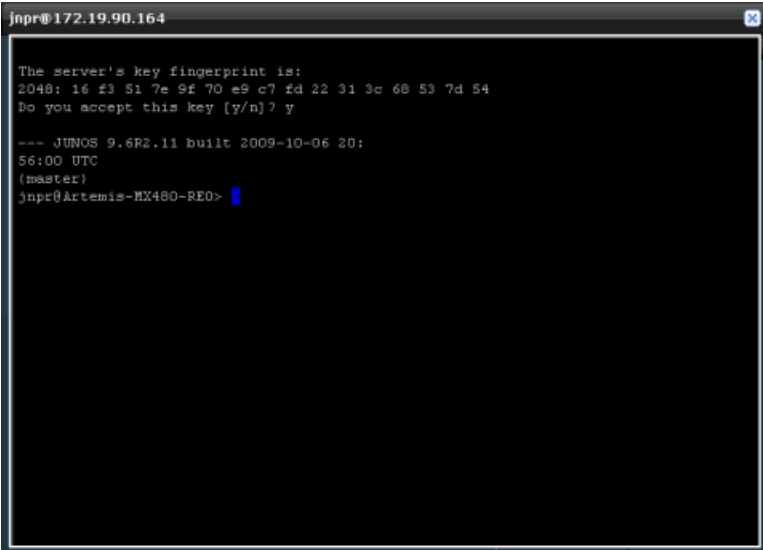
3. Select a device by clicking on the thumbnail image for the device or selecting the table row for the device.
4. In the Actions drawer, click **Secure Console**.

A window is displayed that prompts you to validate the device key fingerprint, as shown in the following illustration.



5. Verify that the fingerprint is for the device you want to connect to, and type **y** and press Enter to validate the Server's key fingerprint.

A terminal window opens in a non-modal popup with the SSH connection opened on the selected device, as shown in the following example.



```

jnpr@172.19.90.164
The server's key fingerprint is:
2048: 16 f3 51 7e 9f 70 e9 c7 fd 22 31 3c 68 53 7d 54
Do you accept this key [y/n]? y

--- JUNOS 9.6R2.11 built 2009-10-06 20:
56:00 UTC
(master)
jnpr@Artemis-MX480-PE0>

```



NOTE: You might encounter the error messages “Unable to Connect”, “Authentication Error”, or “Connection Lost or Terminated”, which are displayed as standard text in terminal window. When an error occurs, all other functionality in the terminal window is stopped. When you encounter such an error, you can close the terminal window and open a new SSH session.

6. From the terminal window prompt, you can enter CLI commands to monitor or troubleshoot the device.

Secure Console supports the following terminal control characters:

- **CRTL + A**—moves cursor to start of the command line
 - **CRTL + E**—moves cursor to end of the command line
 - **↑** (up arrow key)—repeats the last command
 - **TAB**—completes a partially typed command
7. To terminate the SSH session, type **exit** from the terminal window prompt and press Enter.
 8. Click in the top right corner of the terminal window to close the window.

Connecting to an Unmanaged Device

You can use Secure Console to establish a connection to an unmanaged device.

To open an SSH session to connect to an unmanaged device, the following conditions must be met:

- You must have Super Administrator or Device Manager privileges in Junos Space.
- The device is configured with a static management IP address that is reachable from the Junos Space appliance.
- SSH v2 is enabled on the device. To enable SSH v2 on a device, issue the following CLI command:

```
set system services ssh protocol-version v2
```

- The status of the device must be “UP”
- A valid user name and password is created on the device.

To connect to an unmanaged device:

1. From the task ribbon, select the **Devices** workspace.
2. From the task ribbon, select the **Secure Console** icon.

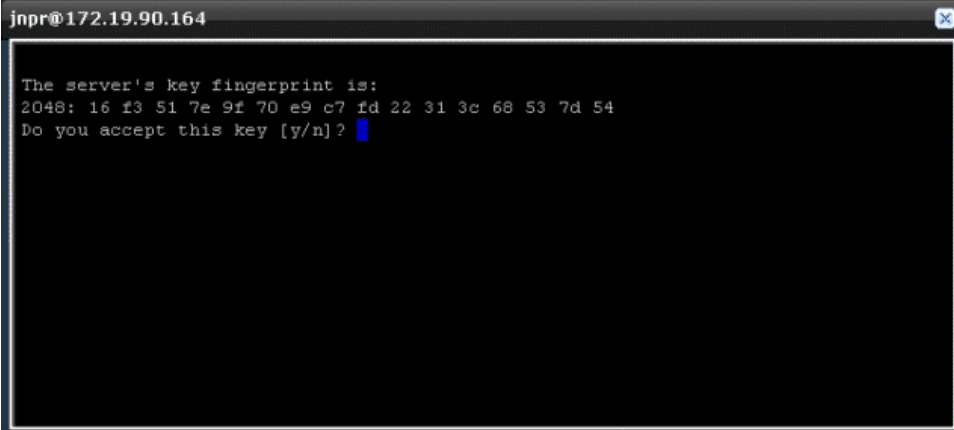
The Secure Console dialog box is displayed, as shown in the following illustration.

3. Specify the IP address of the device.
4. To establish an SSH connection for the device, specify the administrator user name and password.

The name and password must match the name and password configured on the device.

5. Click **Connect**.

The device key fingerprint window is displayed, as shown in the following example.



```

jnpr@172.19.90.164

The server's key fingerprint is:
2048: 16 f3 51 7e 9f 70 e9 c7 fd 22 31 3c 68 53 7d 54
Do you accept this key [y/n]? 

```

6. Verify that the fingerprint is for the device you want to connect to, and type **y** and press Enter to validate the Server's key fingerprint.

A terminal window opens in a non-modal popup with an SSH connection opened on the selected device, as shown in the following example.



```

jnpr@172.19.90.164

The server's key fingerprint is:
2048: 16 f3 51 7e 9f 70 e9 c7 fd 22 31 3c 68 53 7d 54
Do you accept this key [y/n]? y

--- JUNOS 9.6R2.11 built 2009-10-06 20:
56:00 UTC
(master)
jnpr@Artemis-MX480-PE0> 

```



NOTE: You might encounter the error messages “Unable to Connect”, “Authentication Error”, or “Connection Lost or Terminated”, which are displayed as standard text in terminal window. When an error occurs, all other functionality in the terminal window is stopped. If you encounter such an error, you can close the terminal window and open a new SSH session.

7. From the terminal window prompt, you can enter CLI commands to monitor or troubleshoot the device.

Secure Console supports the following terminal control characters:

- **CRTL + A**—moves cursor to start of the command line
 - **CRTL + E**—moves cursor to end of the command line
 - **↑** (up arrow key)—repeats the last command
 - **TAB**—completes a partially typed command
8. To terminate the SSH session, type **exit** from the terminal window prompt, and press Enter.
 9. Click in the top right corner of the terminal window to close the window.

**Related
Documentation**

- Secure Console Overview on page 79

CHAPTER 7

Managing Device Adapters

- Screen OS Software Adapter Overview on page 85
- Installing the ScreenOS Software Adapter for Managing Non-DMI Security Devices on page 86
- Deleting a ScreenOS Adapter on page 92
- WW Junos OS Adapter Overview on page 92
- Installing the WW Junos OS Adapter on page 93

Screen OS Software Adapter Overview

The Junos Space ScreenOS (SOS) software adapter makes it possible for you to manage Juniper Networks non-DMI security devices through Junos Space. Use the SOS Adapter to manage all security devices supported by ScreenOS, Version 6.0 or later. For a list of supported devices refer to the Juniper Web site:

<http://www.juniper.net/us/en/products-services/>

Before you can install the ScreenOS Adapter, complete the following prerequisites:

- The ScreenOS Adapter image has been downloaded to the local client workstation.
- The ScreenOS Firewall device has been deployed on the network.
- Junos Space servers must have been deployed and are reachable from the device you plan to add to Junos Space.

Related Documentation

- Installing the ScreenOS Software Adapter for Managing Non-DMI Security Devices on page 86
- Deleting a ScreenOS Adapter on page 92

Installing the ScreenOS Software Adapter for Managing Non-DMI Security Devices

This document describes the process for installing the ScreenOS Software Adapter. The ScreenOS software Adapter allows you to manage Juniper Networks non-DMI security devices through Junos Space.

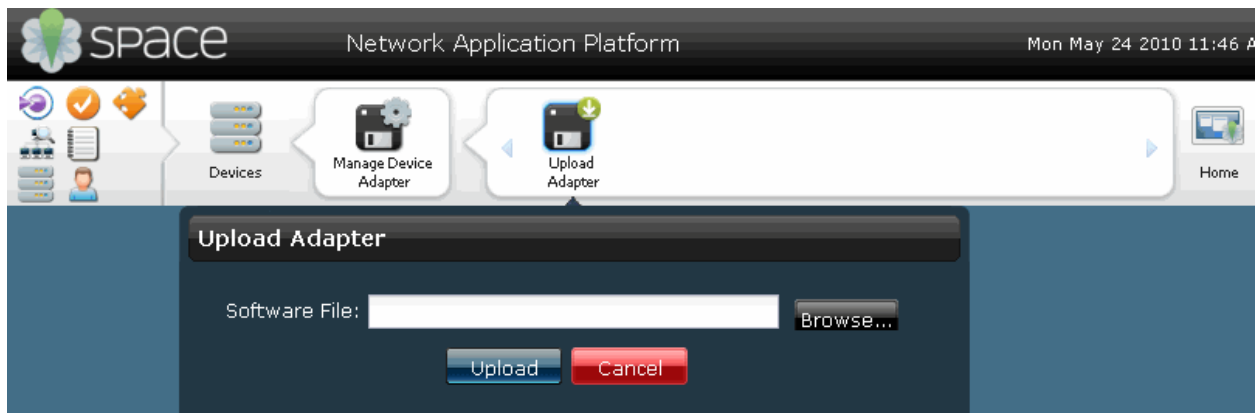
This multi-task process includes instructions for

1. Uploading the SOS Adapter Image on page 86
2. Installing the ScreenOS Adapter on page 86
3. Verifying the SOS Adapter Installation on page 87
4. Adding Screen OS Devices to Junos Space on page 88
5. Uploading the Device Management Commands on page 91

Uploading the SOS Adapter Image

Before you can install the SOS Adapter, you need to upload the image. Navigate to the Upload screen on the Devices task page.

1. Navigate to **Network Application Platform > Devices > Manage Device Adapter > Upload Adapter**
2. Browse to the adapter image file and select the filename so that the full path appears in the Software File field.
3. Click Upload to bring the image into Junos Space. A pop-up window shows the progress of the image upload.

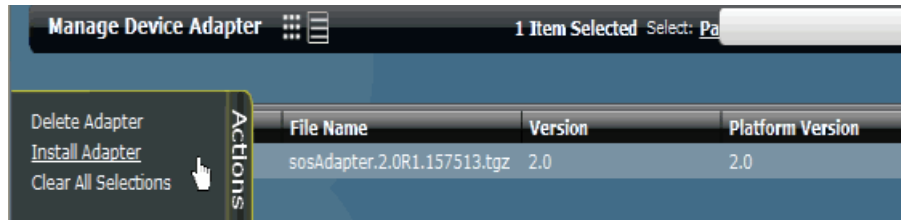


Installing the ScreenOS Adapter

Once you install the SOS Adapter, you will be able to add devices supported by Screen OS so that they can be monitored and managed through the Devices workspace.

To install the SOS Adapter from the image you just uploaded, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to **Network Application Platform > Devices > Manage Device Adapter**. The Manage Software window appears with the SOS Adapter showing in the list of manageable devices.
2. Select the SOS Adapter and open the Action drawer to see the list of tasks that you can perform.



3. Click Install Software from the action list. The adapter starts automatically when it is installed.

Verifying the SOS Adapter Installation

Before you add any devices, verify that the installation was successful. This procedure shows how to verify the installation, as well as stop and start the adapter as needed.

To verify that the installation was successful, look at the device console on the Space server.

1. On the server, change directories to verify that the SOS Adapter directory has been created.

```
cd /home/jmp/
sosadapter
```

2. To verify that the SOS Adapter is running, enter the following command on the Space server:

```
Router > service sosadapter status
service adapter start to start the adapter
```

If the SOS Adapter is not active, you will see the status as

```
service adapter stop to stop the adapter
```

Use the following commands to either start or stop the SOS Adapter:

```
service adapter start to start the adapter
service adapter stop to stop the adapter
```

3. To see the SOS Adapter logs, change directories to the adapter directory.

```
cd /home/jmp/sosadapter/var/errorlog
sosadapterserver.0
```

To view the contents of the error log file, open it with any standard text editor.

Adding Screen OS Devices to Junos Space

You can register supported devices with Junos Space so that they can be managed through the Manage Devices task. You can add one or more devices by uploading a comma-separated values (.CSV) file that contains the device definitions, or you can manually add one device at a time by entering the device information.

To add ScreenOS devices, navigate to **Network Application Platform > Devices > Add Deployed Devices > Add Device**

Add Devices

Name:

Description:

Note: Only ScreenOS devices are supported with this workflow. You need to paste the generated CLIs on the device console.

☐ Import From CSV ☐ Add Manually

Import

[View Sample CSV](#)

[Select a CSV To Upload](#)

Adding Devices Manually

This procedure describes how to add devices manually, one at a time.

1. From the list of devices displayed in the device wizard, select the newly uploaded adapter.

Add Devices

Name:

Description:

Note: Only ScreenOS devices are supported with this workflow. You need to paste the generated CLIs on the device console.

☐ Import From CSV ☒ Add Manually

Device Details

Platform:

OS Version:

Number of devices:

Authentication Details

User Name:

Password:

Re-enter Password:

Adding Devices Using a .CSV File

This procedure describes how to add a group of devices by uploading a .CSV file.



NOTE: You must create the .CSV file before you begin this procedure.

In the .CSV file you define each device by providing the following information for each device:

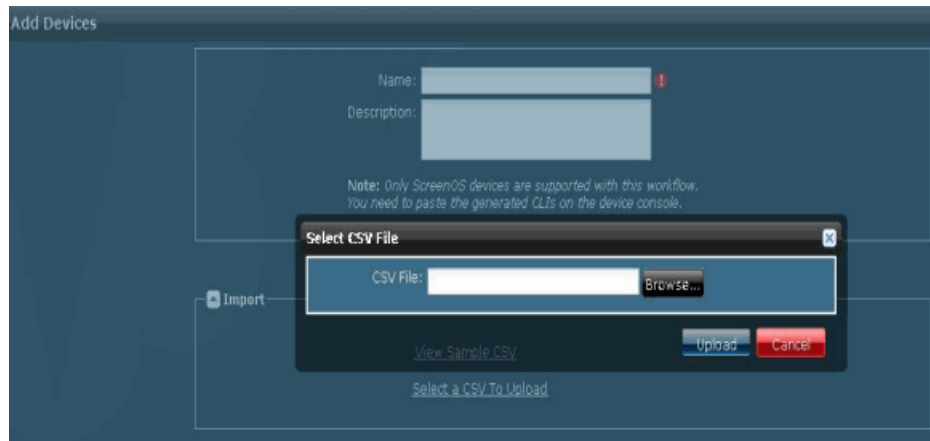
- Device name
- Platform
- Screen OS Version

To see a sample .CSV file, click [View Sample .CSV](#). The following figure illustrates the format to use for the .CSV file.

	A	B	C	D	E
1	#Rows which start with # are treated as a commented row				
2	#Explanation for the Column Names				
3	#Device Name	- The name of the device to be created in SPACE.			
4	#				
5	#Platform	- The SSG20-WLAN)			
6	#				
7	#OS Version	- The ScreenOS version of the box			
8	#				
9	#Device Name	Platform	OS Version		
10	Seattle_ISG	nsISG1000	6		
11	Toronto_SSG	SSG550	6.1		
12	Auckland_SSG	SSG350	6.1		
13	UK_SSG	SSG20-WLAN	6.1		
14					

To upload the .CSV file, follow these steps:

1. Click the .CSV radio button to open the File Upload window.
2. Browse to the .CSV file that you have created and select it so that the full path appears in the .CSV File field.



3. Click Upload.

Uploading the Device Management Commands

A set of management commands is created automatically for each device you add. The following figure shows the set of commands you will see for the SOS Adapter.



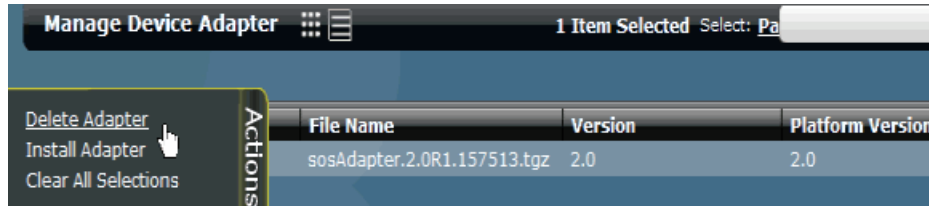
You must copy the entire set of commands for each device into the device console. You must repeat this procedure for each device you add. To retrieve the device management commands, perform the following steps:

1. Navigate to **Network Application Platform > Devices > Manage Devices > View Management CLI**
2. Select the device you have added to display the management commands for that device.
3. Copy the entire set of commands.
4. Past the copied commands into the device console.
5. Click Finish to complete the installation.

Deleting a ScreenOS Adapter

To delete a ScreenOS adapter, navigate to **Network Application Platform > Devices > Manage Devices**.

- In the device list, select the ScreenOS adapter that you want to delete.
- Open the Action Drawer.



- Click **Delete Adapter**.

Related Documentation

- Add Deployed Devices Overview on page 49
- Adding Deployed Devices on page 50
- Managing Deployed Devices on page 53
- Installing the ScreenOS Software Adapter for Managing Non-DMI Security Devices on page 86

WW Junos OS Adapter Overview

The Junos Space wwadapter enables you to manage devices running the world wide version of Junos OS (ww Junos OS devices) through Junos Space.

ww Junos OS devices use Telnet instead of Secure Shell (SSH2) to communicate with other network elements. Junos Space uses the failover approach when identifying a ww Junos OS device. It first tries to initiate a connection to the device using SSH2. If it cannot connect to the device, Junos Space identifies the device as a ww Junos OS device. Since Junos Space does not support Telnet, it uses an adapter to communicate with ww Junos OS devices. Junos Space connects to the adapter using SSH2 and the adapter starts a Telnet session with the device.

Before you install the wwadapter, complete the following prerequisites:

- Download the adapter image from the local client workstation.
- Junos Space servers must have been deployed and should be able to access devices.
- Configure Junos Space to initiate connections with the device.



NOTE: For ww Junos OS devices, the Junos Space Service Now application only works on AI-Scripts version 2.5R1 and above.

The **Secure Console** workspace and the **SSH to Device** option in the right-click contextual menu on the **Manage Devices** workspace are disabled for ww Junos OS devices.

For more information, see “Installing the WW Junos OS Adapter” on page 93.

Related Documentation

- Installing the WW Junos OS Adapter on page 93.

Installing the WW Junos OS Adapter

This section shows you how to install and use the wwadapter to manage devices running on the worldwide version of the Junos OS (ww Junos OS devices).

This section includes the following tasks:

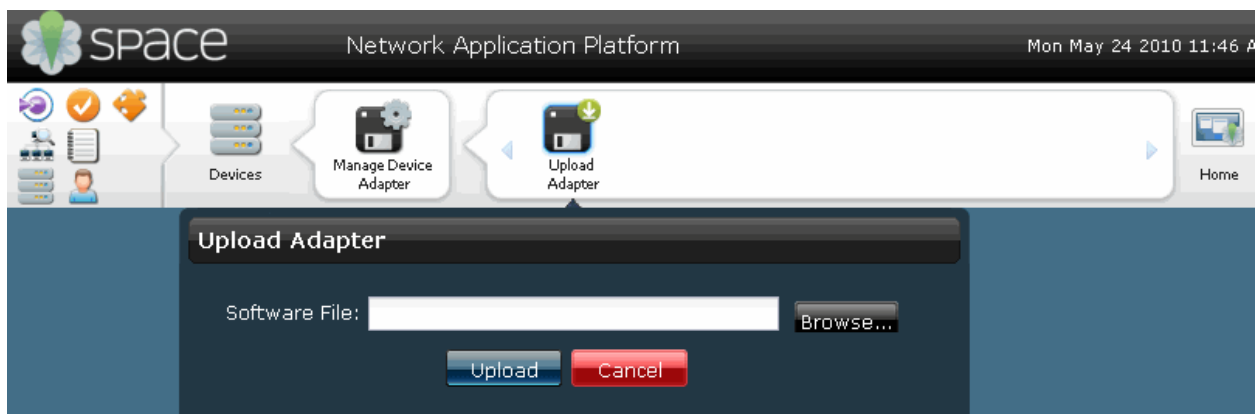
- Installing the wwadapter Image on page 93
- Connecting to ww Junos OS Devices on page 95

Installing the wwadapter Image

Before you install the wwadapter, you must first upload the ww Junos OS device wwadapter image file.

To upload the wwadapter image file:

1. From the application chooser, select **Network Application Platform > Devices > Manage Device Adapter > Upload Adapter**.



2. Browse to the wwadapter image file and select the filename so that the full path appears in the Software File field.
3. Click **Upload** to bring the image into Junos Space.
A pop-up window shows the progress of the image upload.

To install the ww Junos OS device wwadapter:

1. From the application chooser, select **Network Application Platform > Devices > Manage Device Adapter**.
The Manage Device Adapter window appears with the wwadapter displayed in the list of manageable adapters.
2. Select the adapter and select **Install Software** from the **Actions** panel or from the right-click contextual menu.
The adapter starts automatically after installation.

Before you connect to any device, you must verify that the installation was successful.

To verify that the installation was successful, look at the device console on the Space server.

1. On the server, change directories to verify that the wwadapter directory has been created.

cd /home/jmp/wwadapter
2. To verify that the wwadapter is running, enter the following command on the Space server:

```
prompt > service wwadapter status  
wwadapter running
```

If the wwadapter is not active, you will see the status as

```
wwadapter stopped
```

Use the following commands to either start or stop the wwadapter:

To start the wwadapter:

```
service wwadapter start
```

To stop the wwadapter:

```
prompt > ps -ef | grep wwadapter  
prompt > kill -9 {wwadapter pid}
```

To see the wwAdapter logs, change directories to the wwadapter directory.

```
cd /home/jmp/wwadapter/var/errorLog/DmiAdapter.log
```

To view the contents of the error log file, open it with any standard text editor.

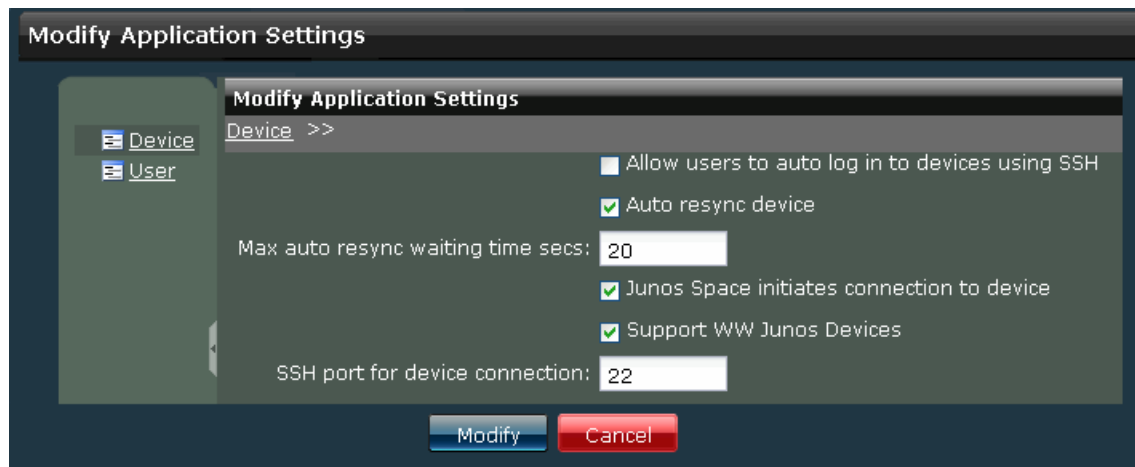
To view the contents of the log4j configuration file, change directories to the wwadapter directory.

```
cd /home/jmp/wwadapter /adapterlog4j.lcf
```

Connecting to ww Junos OS Devices

A device running worldwide Junos OS (ww Junos OS device) cannot initiate a connection with Junos Space. Junos Space must initiate the connection to the device. To configure this setting:

1. From the application chooser, select **Network Application Platform > Administration > Manage Applications**.
The Manage Applications page appears displaying all the applications currently running in the Junos Space server.
2. Select **Network Application Platform** and click **Modify Application Settings** from the **Actions** panel or from the right-click contextual menu.
The Modify Application Settings page appears.



3. Select the **Junos Space initiates connection to Device** check box.
4. Select the **Support ww Junos Devices** check box so that Junos Space can connect to a ww Junos OS device using the wwadapter.

After Junos Space has discovered the ww Junos OS device through the wwadapter ("Discovering Devices" on page 38), it manages the device just as it would manage a device that runs the domestic version of Junos OS.



NOTE: The **Secure Console workspace** and the **SSH to Device** option on the right-click contextual menu in the Manage Devices workspace are disabled for ww Junos OS devices.



NOTE: If you are not able to discover the WW Junos OS device, make sure that the NMAP utility returns 'telnet' as open for port 23 on the device.

```
$ nmap -p23 < Device IP >
```

- Related Documentation**
- WW Junos OS Adapter Overview on page 92
 - Modifying Application Settings on page 315

PART 3

Device Templates

- Overview on page 99
- Managing Template Definitions on page 107
- Managing CSV Files on page 139
- Managing Templates on page 141

CHAPTER 8

Overview

- [Device Templates Overview on page 100](#)
- [Understanding the User Interface on page 101](#)
- [Viewing Device Template Statistics on page 104](#)
- [Device Templates Workflow on page 105](#)
- [Workflow for Template Definitions on page 106](#)

Device Templates Overview

Release Customer Test Version

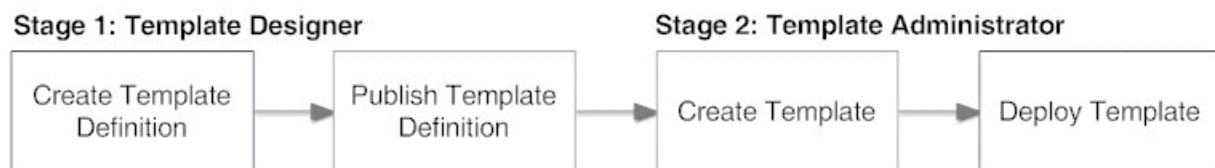
Device Templates provide the tools to create custom device configuration templates that can be deployed through Junos Space. Unlike other systems that provide configuration of most aspects of a device and allow implementation of some form of template, Device Templates is schema-driven and therefore has *all* the commands and values that can be sent down to all supported devices.

Device Templates offer unparalleled ease of use, superb auditing capabilities, increased security, and extremely fine-grained control.

The premise of this feature is that ideally, for efficient device deployment, two roles are desirable: a designer who understands the technical details of device configuration and knows how to implement this knowledge to solve specific business problems; and a junior individual to execute the orders of the designer.

The template definition designer creates the definitions that the operator uses to create and deploy templates, making changes to the network under supervision. Using this model of division of labor (see Figure 22 on page 100, the operator can be someone with no specialist knowledge. The device templates can be designed to allow (or prevent) specified tasks to be performed by specified administrator roles. Alternatively, if one person performs both roles, creating definitions on which templates are based radically reduces the volume of work and virtually eliminates operator error.

Figure 22: Workflow for Device Template Definition and Template Creation



The different roles are illustrated by the two views Device Templates provides, the designer's view and the operator's view. While creating the definition, the designer can verify what the operator will see. The operator, however, cannot see what the designer sees.

Designers can subdivide the device configuration tasks into areas, each of them to be handled by a separate template definition. Designers can choose not only which options to display to their operators, but also whether to display them at all. They can make configuration options editable or read-only, and even provide customized explanations for operators. Operators can deploy a template to the devices they select immediately, or schedule deployment. Devices to which the template is deployed send back their updated configurations.

Related • Device Templates Workflow on page 105

- Documentation**
- Defining the Operator's View on page 118
 - Defining the Content the Operator Enters on page 129

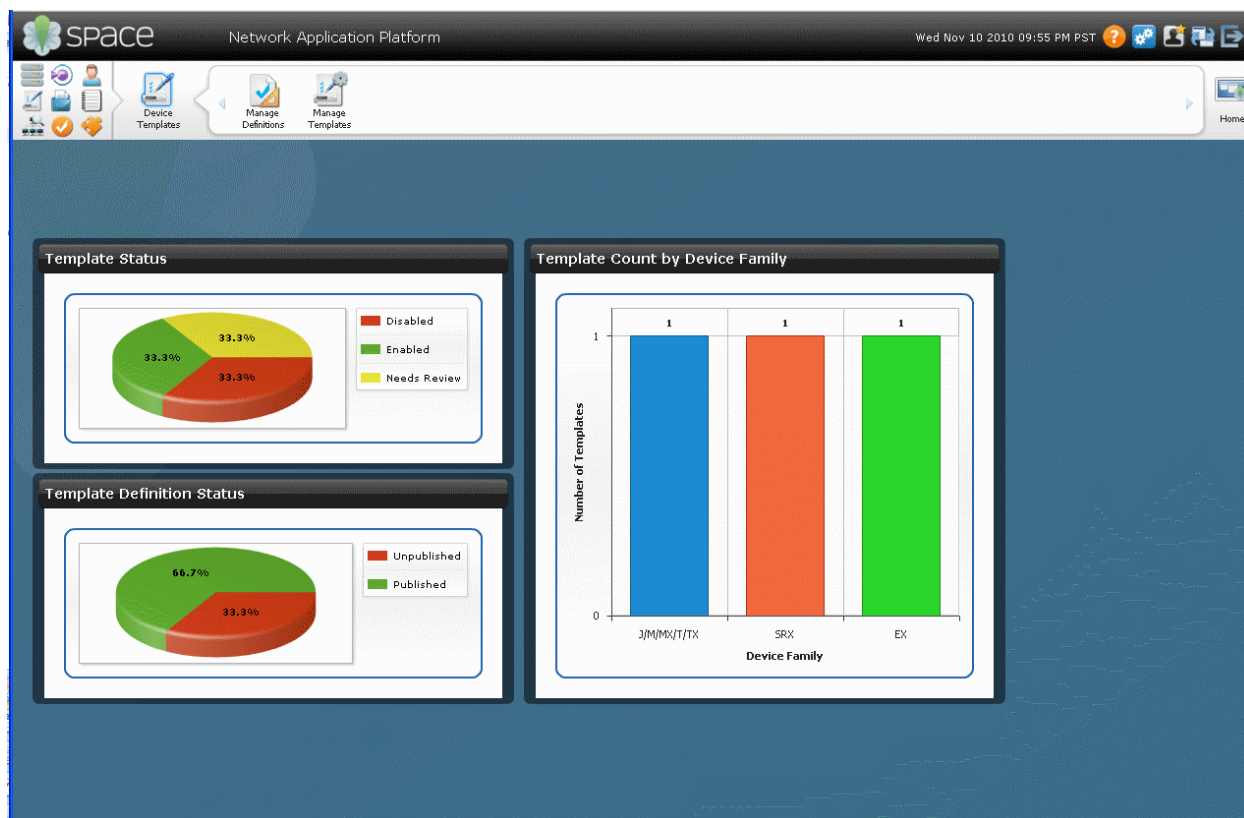
Understanding the User Interface

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This section describes the user interface for **Device Templates**. For a general description of the Junos Space user interface, see [Junos Space User Interface Overview](#).

You use Device Templates to create and deploy configurations to devices. The **Device Templates** workspace user interface is consistent with the Network Application Platform and other installed applications.

Figure 23: Device Templates Statistics Page



This page displays workspace statistics:

- **Template Definition Status**, displayed as a pie chart showing published and unpublished definitions (available for template creation and unavailable respectively)
- **Template Status**, displayed as a pie chart showing the templates that are enabled, disabled, and needing review. The templates based on a definition that is currently in a published state are enabled. Templates based on a definition that is currently

unpublished are disabled. Templates based on a republished definition are marked as needing review.

- **Template Count by Device Family**, showing the number of templates per device family (each template can apply to only one device family).

All these charts are interactive. Clicking on the enabled templates part of the Template Status chart, for example, takes you directly to the page displaying that category of template.



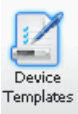

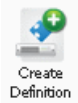

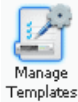

NOTE: Do not use your browser's Back and Forward buttons to navigate in Device Templates.

To get to Device Templates, in Junos Space Network Application Platform, select **Platform > Device Templates**. From the initial page of **Device Templates**, you can:

- Manage definitions, create definitions, and manage CSV files;
- Manage templates and create templates.

Table 11 on page 103 shows the banner icons in Device Templates.

Table 11:

Application Icon/Name	For more information
 Device Templates	"Device Templates Overview" on page 100
 Manage Definitions	"Managing Template Definitions" on page 107
 Create Definition	"Creating a Template Definition" on page 111
 Manage CSV Files	"Specifying Default Values for Configuration Options" on page 131
 Manage Templates	"Managing Configuration Templates Overview" on page 141
 Create Template	"Creating a Device Template" on page 146

Related Documentation

- Device Templates Overview on page 100
- Device Templates Workflow on page 105
- Managing Template Definitions on page 107
- Managing Configuration Templates Overview on page 141
- Viewing Device Template Statistics on page 104
- Viewing Device Template Inventory on page 108

Viewing Device Template Statistics

Release Customer Test Version

This topic explains how to view device template statistics.



In the Device Template workspace, there are three charts:

- Template Status, which shows both possible states for a template, enabled and disabled;
- Template Definition Status, which shows the two possible states for definitions, published and unpublished;
- Template Count by Device Family.

Like all other statistics pages in Junos Space, you can click on different parts of the pie charts or bar graph to jump to the correspondingly filtered view.

To be available for use by operators, template definitions must be published. Template definitions that are unpublished are not available for the creation of templates. Templates based on a definition that was unpublished after the templates were created are automatically disabled. Templates based on a definition that was unpublished and then republished are marked as needing review. Templates based on a definition that has been deleted are permanently disabled. Templates based on a published definition that has not been unpublished in the meantime are enabled.

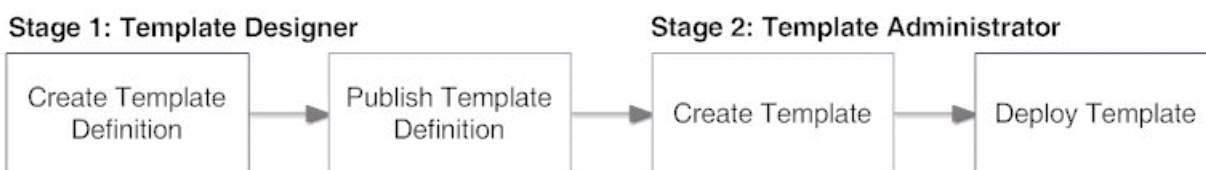
- Related Documentation**
- Understanding the User Interface on page 101
 - Viewing Device Template Inventory on page 108
 - Managing Template Definitions on page 107
 - Publishing and Unpublishing a Template Definition on page 135

Device Templates Workflow

Release Candidate Test Version

A designer creates template definitions and publishes them. An operator selects a template definition and creates from it a template to configure one or more devices. Then the operator tests the template on the devices (without deploying them). If the template is validated, the operator deploys the configuration template to the devices.

Figure 24: Overview of Device Templates Workflow



If desired, an individual user can perform both roles.

In all cases, configure the Device Templates user rights and permissions through Junos Space Users.

This workflow has two main parts, with two different roles:

- The designer, who creates the template definition (see “Workflow for Template Definitions” on page 106).
- The operator, who creates a template using a template definition (see “Creating a Device Template” on page 146).

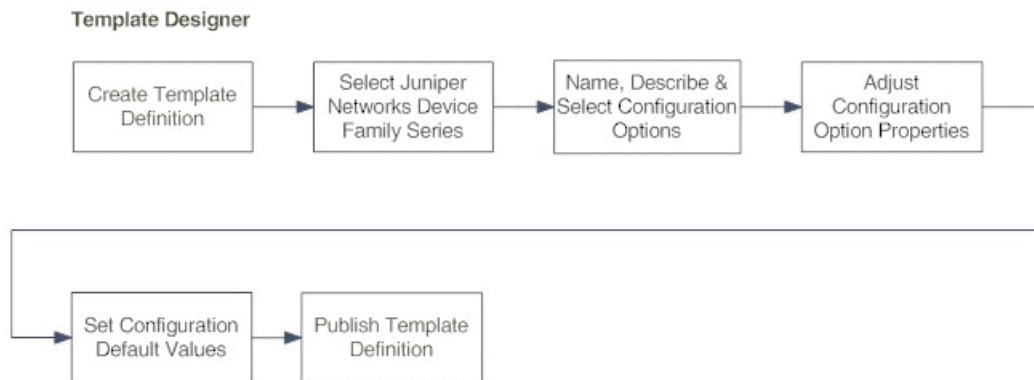
- Related Documentation**
- Device Templates Overview on page 100
 - Understanding the User Interface on page 101

Workflow for Template Definitions

Release Customer Test Version

The workflow for creating a template definition is illustrated Figure 25 on page 106:

Figure 25: Template Definition Workflow



Creating a template definition is subdivided into the following sequential tasks:

1. Select a device family (see “Selecting the Device Family and Naming a Template Definition” on page 112);
2. Select the configuration options to be included in the definition (see “Creating Configuration Pages” on page 113);
3. Define the text, labels, and template UI elements the operator will see, which includes defining which parameters the operator will see and/or be able to change (see “Defining the Operator’s View” on page 118);
4. Set the default values for the parameters (see “Specifying Default Values for Configuration Options” on page 131);
5. Set the values the operator will see (see “Defining the Content the Operator Enters” on page 129);
6. Preview the template , and if necessary, modify the definition (see “Modifying a Template Definition” on page 136);



NOTE: Template definitions are published by default. If you want to avoid making a definition available to operators, you must unpublish it (see “Publishing and Unpublishing a Template Definition” on page 135)

Related Documentation

- Device Templates Overview on page 100
- Device Templates Workflow on page 105

CHAPTER 9

Managing Template Definitions

- Managing Template Definitions on page 107
- Viewing Device Template Inventory on page 108
- Reference: Configuration Options Hierarchy for Device Families Supported by Junos Space on page 109
- Creating a Template Definition on page 111
- Selecting the Device Family and Naming a Template Definition on page 112
- Creating Configuration Pages on page 113
- Defining the Operator's View on page 118
- Filling in the General Tab on page 120
- Filling in the Description Tab on page 122
- Filling in the Validation Tab on page 123
- Composing Error Messages on page 126
- Filling in the Advanced Tab on page 128
- Defining the Content the Operator Enters on page 129
- Specifying Default Values for Configuration Options on page 131
- Specifying Device-Specific Data in Definitions on page 133
- Publishing and Unpublishing a Template Definition on page 135
- Modifying a Template Definition on page 136
- Cloning a Template Definition on page 137
- Deleting a Template Definition on page 138

Managing Template Definitions

Release Customer Test Version

This topic explains how to manage Device Template definitions.

The **Manage Template Definitions** screen shows all the definitions, both published and unpublished. Different icons indicate which is which. You can display the definitions themselves as icons or in table format: change from one view to the other by clicking on the icon next to **Manage Template Definitions**. You can select or deselect all items, and you can use the search function to find a template definition.

From the **Manage Template Definitions** screen, you can select any template definition and then either right-click or mouse over the Actions drawer to publish or unpublish, modify, delete, clone, tag, or untag definitions:

- Publishing and Unpublishing a Template Definition on page 135
- Modifying a Template Definition on page 136
- Deleting a Template Definition on page 138
- Cloning a Template Definition on page 137
- Tagging an Object on page 343
- Untagging Objects on page 345

To be available for use by operators, template definitions must be published. Template definitions that are unpublished are not available for the creation of templates. Templates based on a definition that was unpublished after the templates were created are automatically disabled. Templates based on a definition that was unpublished and then republished are marked as needing review. Templates based on a definition that has been deleted are permanently disabled. Templates based on a published definition that has not been unpublished in the meantime are enabled.

**Related
Documentation**

- Viewing Device Template Inventory on page 108
- Viewing Device Template Statistics on page 104
- Managing Configuration Templates Overview on page 141

Viewing Device Template Inventory

Release Customer Test Version

This topic explains how to view device template inventory.

In the Device Template workspace, click **Manage Templates**. The **Manage Templates** inventory page appears.

Templates can be displayed in tabular form or as icons. To change the view, click on the appropriate icon next to the **Manage Templates** label.

- You can use the Search function to find a particular template.
- You can select all templates on a page, or you can deselect them.
- You can refresh the page by clicking on the Refresh icon in the status bar.
- When you have selected a template, you can perform actions on it by right-clicking it or hovering over the Actions drawer.

**Related
Documentation**

- Deleting Configuration Templates on page 152
- Deploying a Configuration Template to a Device on page 150
- Modifying a Configuration Template on page 151

- Tagging an Object on page 343
- Untagging Objects on page 345
- Viewing Device Template Statistics on page 104

Reference: Configuration Options Hierarchy for Device Families Supported by Junos Space

This topic provides references for configuring device configuration template definitions for Junos Space supported devices.

Device Family Series

J/M/MX/T/TX

EX

SRX

Table 12 on page 109 maps the Device Configuration Template configuration options hierarchy to the Juniper Networks guides that describe how to configure the individual options. For more information about configuring these supported devices, see <http://www.juniper.net/techpubs/software/junos/>.

Table 12: Junos OS Configuration Hierarchy Guide Reference

Configuration Hierarchy	Junos OS for J Series, M Series, MX Series, and T Series Routing Platform Configuration Guide
access	<i>Junos OS System Basics Configuration Guide</i> and Junos Subscriber Management Documentation
accounting-options	Network Management Documentation
applications	Services Interfaces Documentation
bridge-domains	Layer 2 Configuration Documentation
chassis	<i>Junos OS System Basics Configuration Guide</i>
class-of-service	Class of Service Documentation
diameter	Junos Subscriber Management Documentation
dynamic-profiles	Junos Subscriber Management Documentation
event-options	<i>Junos OS Hierarchy and Standards Reference</i>
fabric	

Table 12: Junos OS Configuration Hierarchy Guide Reference (*continued*)

Configuration Hierarchy	Junos OS for J Series, M Series, MX Series, and T Series Routing Platform Configuration Guide
firewall	<i>Junos OS Policy Framework Configuration Guide</i>
forwarding-options	Policy Framework Documentation
groups	CLI User Guide Documentation
interfaces	<i>Junos OS Junos Network Interfaces Configuration Guide</i>
jsrc	Junos Subscriber Management Documentation
logical-systems	Routing Protocols Documentation
multicast-snooping-options	Multicast Protocols Documentation
policy-options	<i>Junos OS Policy Framework Configuration Guide</i>
protocols	<i>Junos OS Routing Protocols Configuration Guide</i>
rcsid	
routing-instances	<i>Junos OS Routing Protocols Configuration Guide</i>
routing-options	<i>Junos OS Routing Protocols Configuration Guide</i>
security	<i>Junos OS System Basics Configuration Guide</i> and the SRX-series Software 10.0 Documentation
services	Services Interfaces Documentation
snmp	<i>Junos OS Network Management Configuration Guide</i>
switch-options	Junos MX Series Routers Layer 2 Services — Bridging, Address Learning, and Forwarding
system	<i>Junos OS System Basics Configuration Guide</i>
virtual-chassis	<i>Junos OS Hierarchy and Standards Reference</i> and Documentation for the EX Series Ethernet Switches
vlan	<i>Junos OS Hierarchy and Standards Reference</i> and Documentation for the EX Series Ethernet Switches
wlan	Documentation for the SRX Series Services Gateway

EX-Series Devices

For more information about configuring EX Series devices, see

http://www.juniper.net/techpubs/en_US/release-independent/junos/information-products/pathway-pages/ex-series/product/

SRX Series Devices

For more information about configuring SRX Series devices, see

<http://www.juniper.net/techpubs/hardware/junos-srx/index.html>.

Creating a Template Definition

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There are three main stages in creating a template definition.

First you select the devices and configuration options the definition will handle. This is covered by the following sequential sections:

1. Selecting the Device Family and Naming a Template Definition on page 112
2. Creating Configuration Pages on page 113

Then, you define the template UI that the operator will see. This is covered by “Defining the Operator’s View” on page 118, which gives an overview of:

3. Filling in the General Tab on page 120
4. Filling in the Description Tab on page 122
5. Filling in the Validation Tab on page 123
6. Composing Error Messages on page 126
7. Filling in the Advanced Tab on page 128

Lastly, you specify the content the operator can enter. This is covered by “Defining the Content the Operator Enters” on page 129, which in turn covers:

8. “Specifying Default Values for Configuration Options” on page 131 and
9. Specifying Device-Specific Data in Definitions on page 133

After you complete the definition, it is published by default, and thereby made available to operators for template creation. See “Publishing and Unpublishing a Template Definition” on page 135.

Related Documentation

- Reference: Configuration Options Hierarchy for Device Families Supported by Junos Space on page 109

Selecting the Device Family and Naming a Template Definition

Release Customer Test Version

This topic explains how to do the first task in creating a template definition: selecting the device family and naming your template definition.

From the Network Application Platform,

1. Click **Device Templates**. The Device Template statistics page appears, displaying all available statistics for both template definitions and templates.
2. Click **Manage Definitions**. The Device Templates inventory page appears, displaying all template definitions.
3. Click **Create Definition**.

The **Create Definition** screen appears.



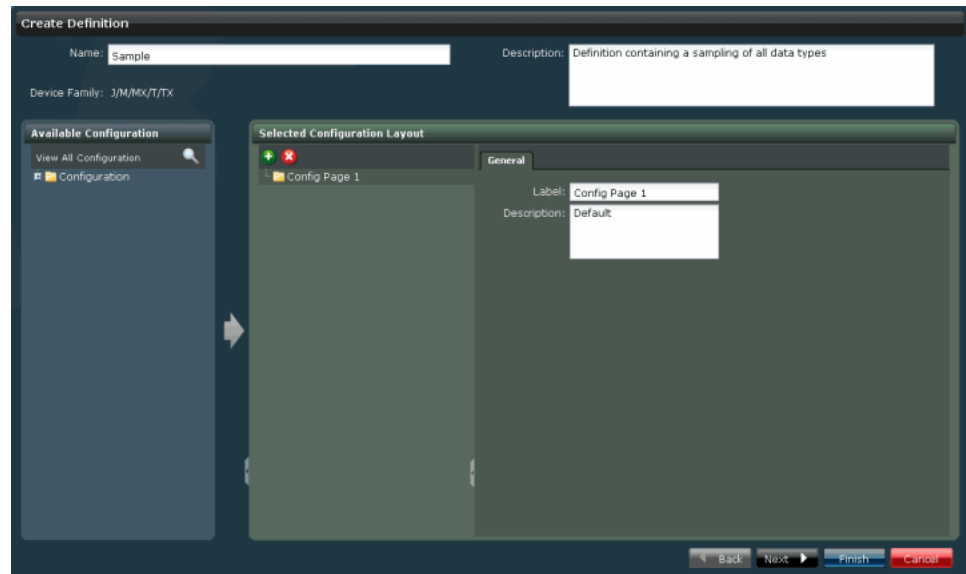
4. From the **Device Family Series** panel, select the device family to which your definition is to apply. The Junos versions and hardware platforms supported by the selected device family appear in the **Description** panel on the right.



NOTE: This information is not displayed to the operator. Unless you include it in the definition name or description, the operator will not know which device family this definition applies to.

5. Click **Next**.

The following screen displays the selected device family, **Available Configuration** panel and the **Selected Configuration Layout** panel.



6. In the **Name** field, enter a name for the template definition. It is helpful to give the definition a name that makes sense to the operator. Entering text in the **Description** field is optional, but again, helpful for the operator, who has no other way of knowing what device family this definition applies to.

In the next steps, you can subdivide the template definition into elements such as “Access” or “Security”, when you create configuration pages (see “Creating Configuration Pages” on page 113).

Related Documentation

- Creating a Template Definition on page 111
- Workflow for Template Definitions on page 106

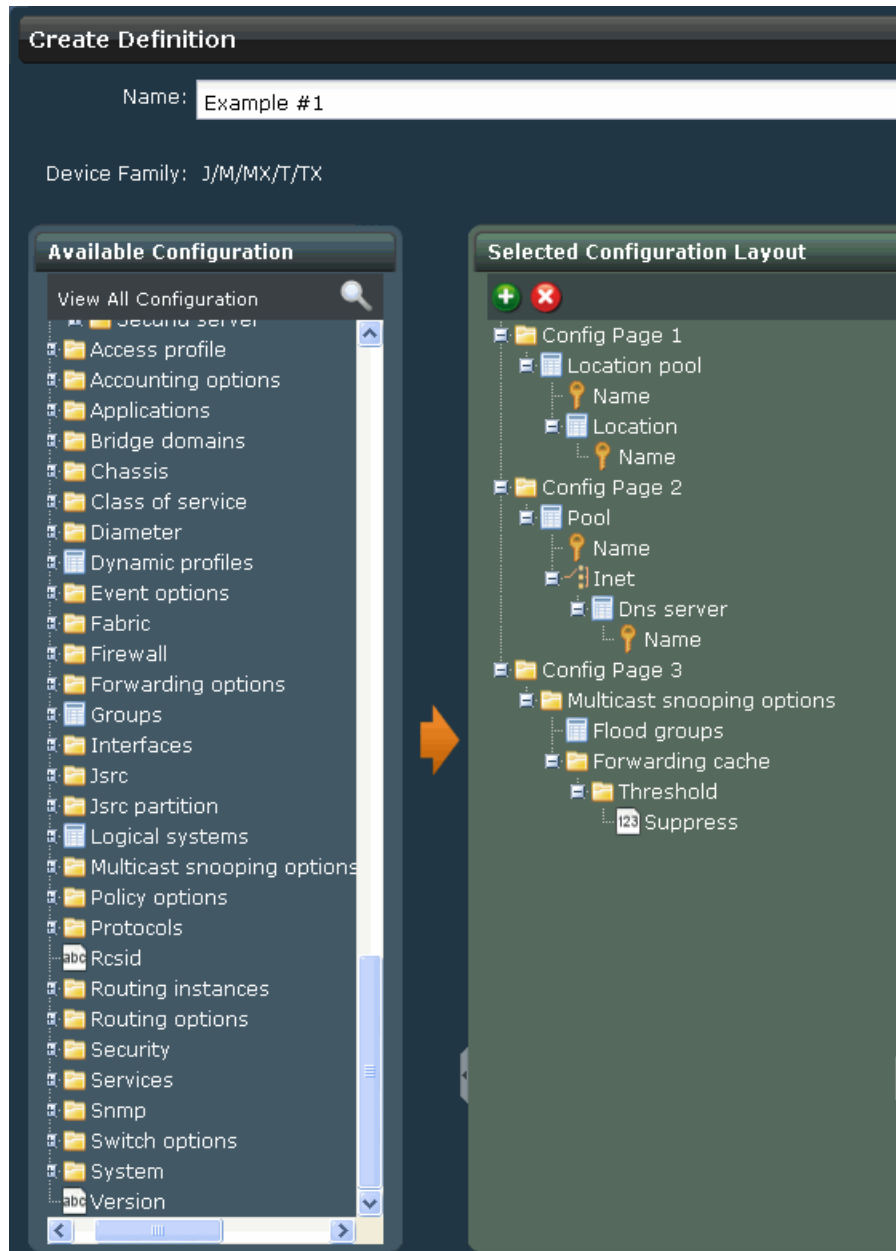
Creating Configuration Pages

Release Customer Test Version

The purpose of creating configuration pages is to enable you to organize and group configuration options in accordance with your own requirements.

Before you begin, carry out the steps in “Selecting the Device Family and Naming a Template Definition” on page 112.

The list in the **Available Configuration** panel displays the options available for the device family you chose. In the **Selected Configuration Layout** panel, you construct your groupings by putting them into pages.

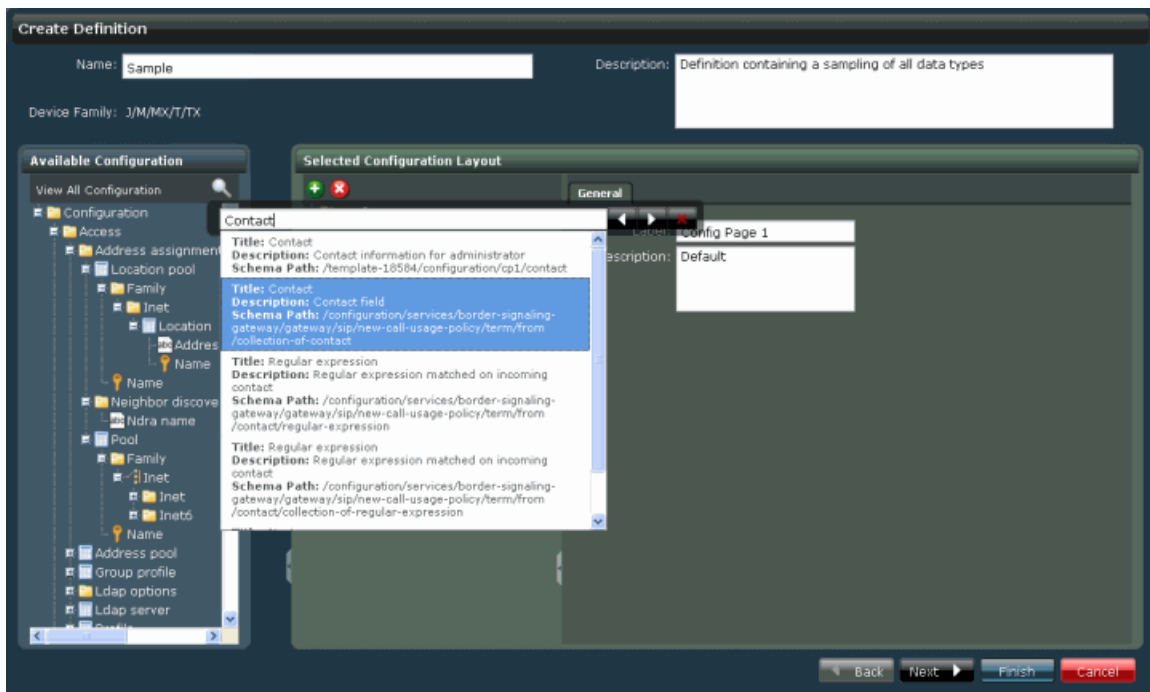


There are three ways to locate particular configuration options: you can display the whole list, filter the options, or use the search function.

Searching: To search for a specific configuration option, click on the magnifying glass icon to display the search term bar. Enter your search term. If you hover for a moment over the bar, the bar opens downwards to display the search results. When you select a

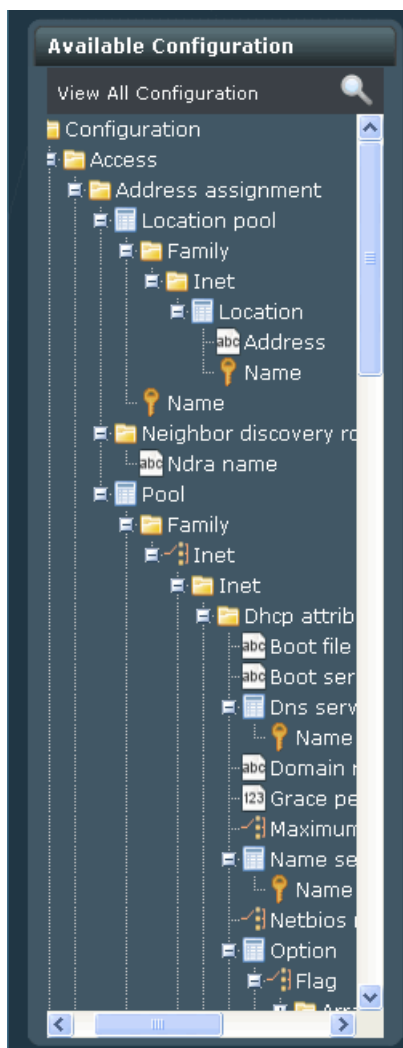
result, the schema on the left jumps to the location of that option, i.e., each option that matches your search term is highlighted in the tree in the Configurations Options panel.

The order of the results presented is not dependent on the order of those items in the list. Instead, the order is based on how similar your search term is to fields that were indexed. The most relevant result displays first, followed by the rest in descending order of relevance. The title, the full schema path of the node, the description, and the name are indexed. When you finish searching, close the field by clicking the X in the top right corner.



Displaying all configuration options: To display the top level configuration options, click on the plus sign left of the word Configuration in the Configuration Options panel. Many

of the options contain further parameters. To display these, click on the plus sign left of the option.



Filtering: To filter configuration options, make a selection from the **View All Configurations** dropdown menu. All the options available for the selection appear below it.

To create a configuration page:

1. Display the list of options available for the selected device family by opening the list, filtering or searching, as described above.

There are two ways to move an option from the **Available Configurations** panel to a page in the **Selected Configuration Layout** panel. The first page, "Config Page 1" is available by default.

2. Select an option, and either
 - drag it and drop it onto the name of the page or any options already on a page, or

- select the name of a page by clicking on it, then click the desired option, and finally click the arrow to transfer the option to the page.

Any sequence is permissible, and there is no limit on the number of options a page can hold.

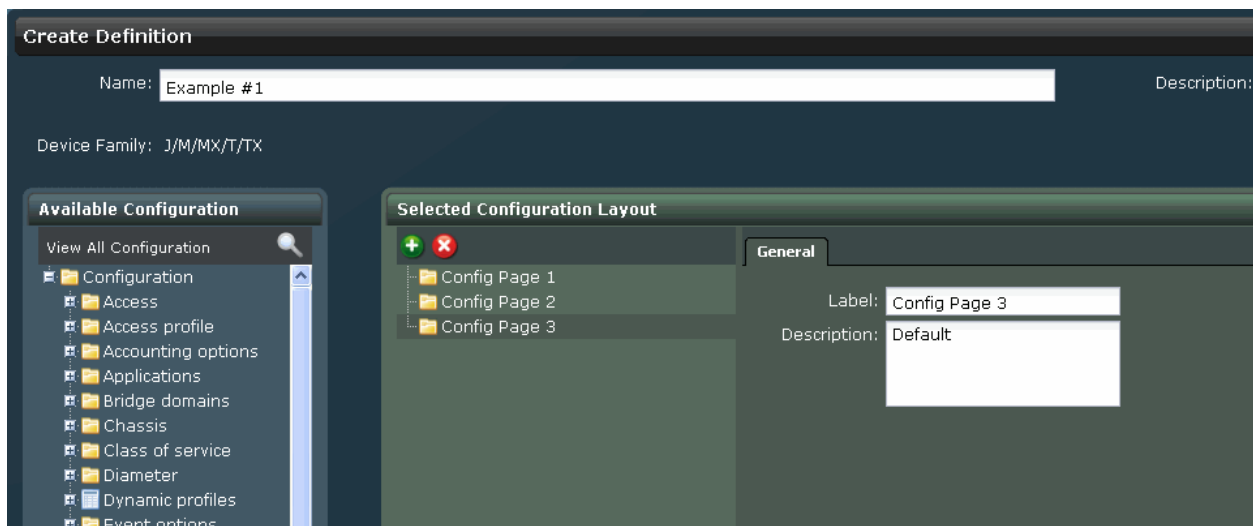


NOTE: Those options that are either subsidiary to others or integral to others bring their respective parents and children with them when you move them onto a page. If you drill down and select a parameter deep in the hierarchy, such as L3 interface, dragging that parameter causes all the other parameters that require configuration to come with it. So in this example you get not only L3 interface, but also Name, both of which are under Vlan. This ensures that all the parameters required for a particular configuration option are present in your configuration group.

Conversely, an option of the 'choice' data type cannot be added to a page directly. Add a child of the choice to add the choice itself.

3. Name your configuration grouping by double-clicking its placeholder name, in the example below, "Config Page 3" under **Selected Configuration Layout**.

On the right, the **General** tab appears.



4. In the **Name** field on the **General** tab, replace the placeholder name (Config Page x) with a more informative name, for example, "Access". (Optional) entering text in the **Description** field is usually helpful for the operator.
5. If desired, add new configuration pages by clicking the plus sign at the top left of the **Selected Configuration Layout** panel.

A new page appears: "Config Page 2."

6. If necessary, remove a page or a configuration option from a page by selecting it and clicking on the X at the top left of the **Selected Configuration Layout** panel.
7. When you have finished, click **Next** or **Finish**.

In both cases, in the status bar at the bottom of the screen a message appears to tell you whether your definition had any validation errors.

The next task in template creation is “Filling in the General Tab” on page 120.

Related Documentation

- Defining the Operator’s View on page 118
- Filling in the Description Tab on page 122
- Filling in the Validation Tab on page 123
- Composing Error Messages on page 126
- Filling in the Advanced Tab on page 128
- Workflow for Template Definitions on page 106

Defining the Operator’s View

This section gives an overview of the **Create Definition** screens and the process of defining what the operator sees. While setting up the operator’s view, you also define what the operator can enter in each field (or even whether he can see the field at all). After reviewing this overview, go to “Creating Configuration Pages” on page 113.

To put the configuration options you select into logical groups, you create pages in a template definition. The options’ data types determine how they are displayed to the operator.

The table below lists the possible data types of the configuration options, and the tabs associated with each type.

Table 13: Key to Data Type Icons


Icon	Data Type and Tabs
	Container: General and Description tabs

Table 13: Key to Data Type Icons (*continued*)

Icon	Data Type and Tabs
	Table: General and Description tabs
	Validation tabs
	String - Key column in a table: General and Description tabs
	Validation tabs
	String: General and Description tabs
	Validation tabs
	Integer [Number]: General and Description tabs
	Validation tabs
	Boolean: General and Description tabs
	Validation tabs
	Enumeration: General and Description tabs
	Choice: General and Description tabs

Table 14 on page 119 presents the validation parameters for the data types supporting validation.

Table 14: Data Types and Validation Parameters

Data Type	Validation Parameters		
Integer or number	Min Value	Max Value	n/a
String	Min Length	Max Length	Regular Expression
Table	Min Occurrence	Max Occurrence	n/a
String - Key column in a table	Min Length	Max Length	Regular Expression

- You can drill down into the options displayed on the **Available Configuration** panel and select one from the bottom of the hierarchy. All the necessary accompanying parameters are automatically moved with the selected option to the selected page in the **Selected Configuration Layout** panel.
- All table configuration options have a key column by default.
- You can use any sequence to move options onto your pages.
- For each option, you can either fill in all the tabs sequentially, or fill in the same tab for each option.
- Because the tabs and their contents depend on the option selected, each tab has its own help topic:
 - Filling in the General Tab on page 120
 - Filling in the Description Tab on page 122
 - Filling in the Validation Tab on page 123
 - Composing Error Messages on page 126
 - Filling in the Advanced Tab on page 128
- Selecting another tab or option or configuration page saves the settings you enter. The **Next** or **Finish** buttons also save your settings, but the template definition is not saved until you click **Finish**.

After creating configuration groups and filling in all the tabs for each option, the next task is “Specifying Default Values for Configuration Options” on page 131.

**Related
Documentation**

- Defining the Content the Operator Enters on page 129
- Creating Configuration Pages on page 113
- Creating a Device Template on page 146
- Creating a Template Definition on page 111

Filling in the General Tab

This topic describes how to fill in the **General** tab in the **Selected Configuration Layout** panel when you are creating a template definition.

Before you begin, review “Defining the Operator’s View” on page 118 and “Creating Configuration Pages” on page 113.

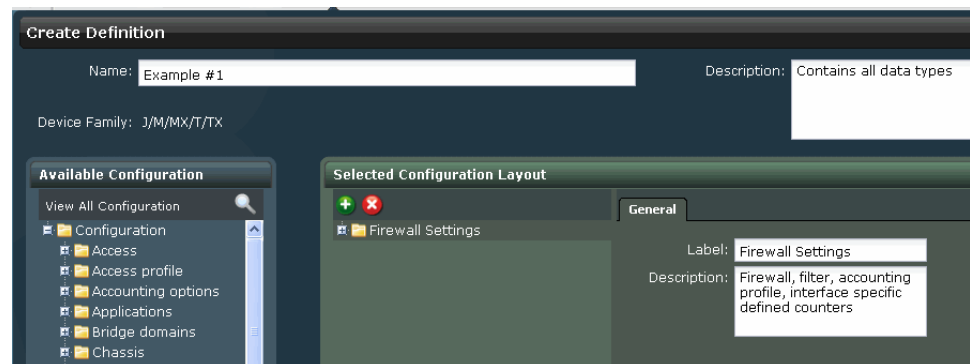
The **General** tab enables you to create field labels that make sense to the operator to help him enter the correct data in the fields.

To fill in the **General** tab:

1. For the *page* you are building, in the **Selected Configuration Layout** panel, select a page (the default is “Config Page x”).

The **General** tab appears.

2. In the **Name** field, enter an informative name for the configuration page you are creating. For example, “Firewall Settings” would be more meaningful to your operators than “Config Page 1”, which is the default.



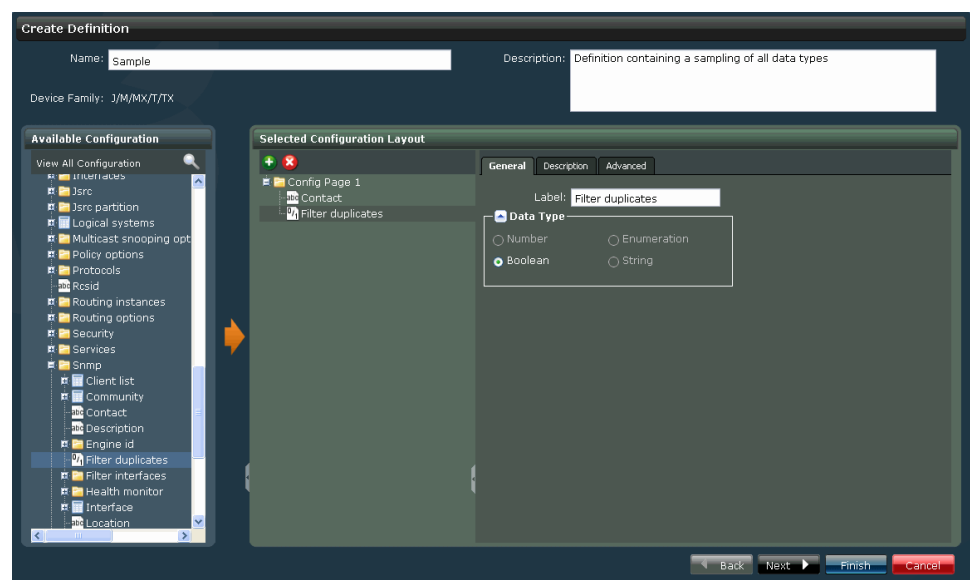
3. (Optional) In the **Description** field, enter a description of the configuration grouping.

Your entries are saved when you click any other configuration layout page, option, or button on the screen.

4. In the **Selected Configuration Layout** panel, select the first *configuration option* in the newly named page.

The **General** tab appears.

5. To rename your option, in the **Label** field, enter a name for that configuration option. You can leave the default name if desired.



The **Data Type** box displays the selected component's data type. This determines not only which tabs are available, but also the method of validation. For tables showing the various data types and their tabs, see “Defining the Operator’s View” on page 118.

6. To save your entries, select another tab or another option, or click **Next** or **Finish**.
7. Either fill in the **General** tab as described above for each of the other options in your configuration group, or fill in the **Description** tab for the current option (see “Filling in the Description Tab” on page 122).

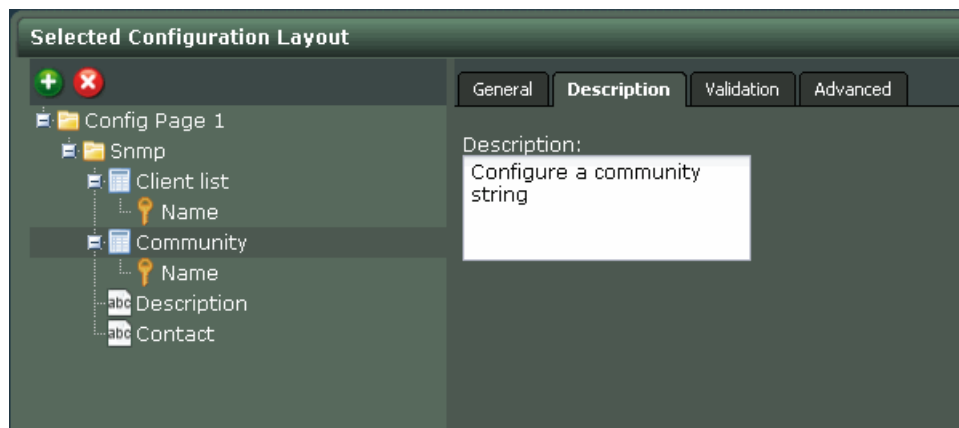
Related Documentation

- Workflow for Template Definitions on page 106
- Creating a Template Definition on page 111
- Defining the Operator’s View on page 118
- Filling in the Description Tab on page 122

Filling in the Description Tab

Release Customer Test Version

This topic describes how to fill in the **Description** tab in the **Selected Configuration Layout** panel when you are creating a template definition.



Before you begin, review “Defining the Operator’s View” on page 118, “Creating Configuration Pages” on page 113, and “Filling in the General Tab” on page 120.

The **Description** tab enables you to add descriptive text to help the operator enter the correct data. The operator can view your description or explanation by clicking on the

little Information icon to the right of the parameter. A popup windows appears, displaying the content you entered in the **Description** field.



To fill in the **Description** tab:

1. Navigate to the **Description** tab in the **Create Definition** screen.
2. In the **Selected Configuration Layout** panel, select a configuration option. It can be the same option for which you have just filled out the **General** tab, or any other.
If it is not already visible, the **General** tab appears.
3. Select the **Description** tab.
4. In the **Description** field, enter descriptive text for that configuration option. You can leave the default text if desired.
5. To save your text, move to another tab or another option, or click **Next**.

Related Documentation

- Defining the Operator's View on page 118
- Creating Configuration Pages on page 113
- Filling in the General Tab on page 120
- Creating a Device Template on page 146

Filling in the Validation Tab

Release Customer Test Version

This topic describes how to fill in the **Validation** tab in the **Selected Configuration Layout** panel when you are creating a template definition. Both the template definition and the template itself must be valid before they can be respectively used and deployed.

Before you begin, review "Defining the Operator's View" on page 118 and "Creating Configuration Pages" on page 113.

The **Validation** tab displays the validation criteria for the selected configuration option, if relevant. These criteria are determined by the option's data type.

Figure 26: String Data Type

The screenshot displays the 'Selected Configuration Layout' window with the 'Validation' tab selected. The left sidebar shows a tree structure of configuration elements, with 'Agent address' selected. The main panel shows the following configuration details:

Field	Value
Min Length	0
Max Length	214748364
Regular Expression	^.{1,27}\$
Regular Expression	Must be a string of 27 char.
Error Message	

At the bottom of the window, there are four buttons: 'Back', 'Next', 'Finish', and 'Cancel'.

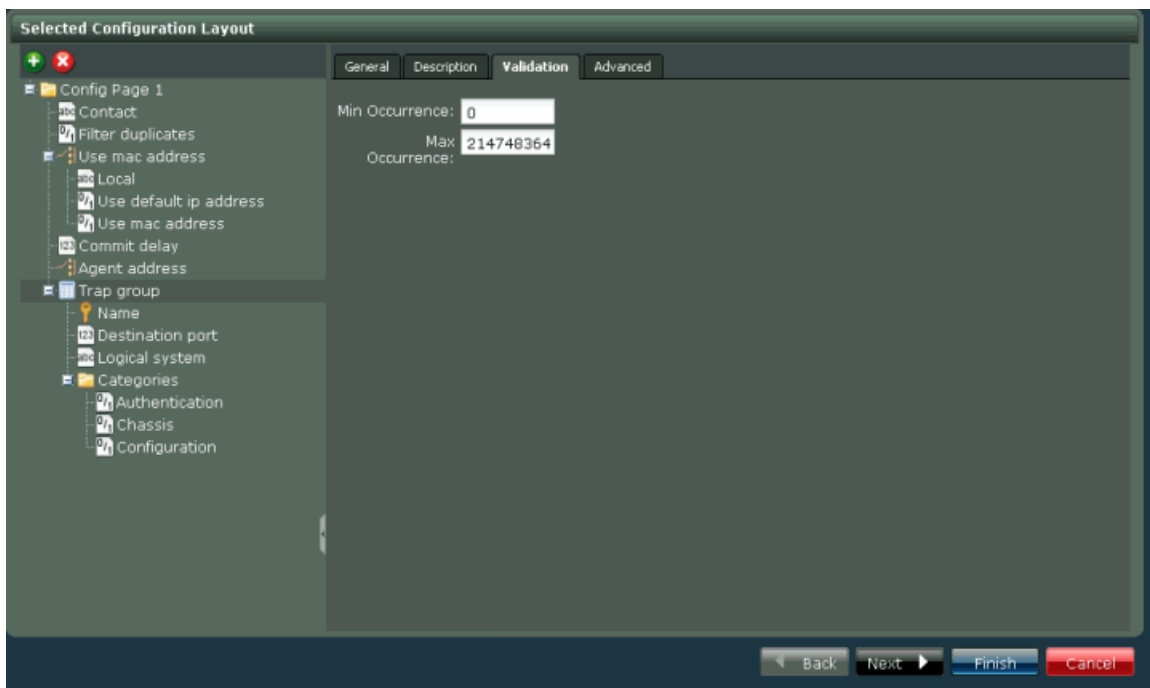
Figure 27: Integer Data Type

The screenshot displays the 'Selected Configuration Layout' window with the 'Validation' tab selected. The left sidebar shows a tree structure of configuration elements, with 'Agent address' selected. The main panel shows the following configuration details:

Field	Value
Min Value	0
Max Value	429496729

At the bottom of the window, there are four buttons: 'Back', 'Next', 'Finish', and 'Cancel'.

Figure 28: Table Data Type



For a table showing data type correlated to validation criteria, see “Defining the Operator’s View” on page 118. It is not always necessary to enter anything on the **Validation** tab. However, in certain cases, input is mandatory, for example when a hostname is to be validated. If there are values already displayed on the validation tab, note that they provide the limits within which you or the operator must remain when you set the default values for the current configuration template definition (see “Specifying Default Values for Configuration Options” on page 131). The operator only sees the validation criteria and their values if you supply them when you create an error message (see “Composing Error Messages” on page 126).

To fill in the **Validation** tab:

1. Navigate to the **Validation** tab in the **Create Definition** screen.
2. In the **Selected Configuration Layout** panel, select a configuration option of the appropriate type. It can be the same option for which you have just filled out the **General** and the **Description** tabs, or any other option for which validation is relevant.

If it is not already visible, the **General** tab appears.

3. Select the **Validation** tab.

Enter the parameters for the option in appropriate fields. If the fields already display default values and you change them, observe the constraints provided by the default values.

4. (Optional) For a string, in the **Regular Expression** field, enter a regular expression to further constrain what the operator can enter.

5. (Optional) For a string, compose an error message. See “Composing Error Messages” on page 126.
6. To save your entries, select another tab or another option, or click **Next** or **Finish**.

Related Documentation

- Defining the Operator's View on page 118
- Creating Configuration Pages on page 113
- Filling in the General Tab on page 120
- Creating a Device Template on page 146
- Filling in the Description Tab on page 122
- Composing Error Messages on page 126

Composing Error Messages

Release Customer Test Version

This topic describes how to create an error message that is displayed when an operator enters invalid content in a template field. Composing an error message is optional, but very helpful for ensuring that operators are successful in creating templates. You cannot enter an error message if you have not entered a regular expression.

The screenshot shows the 'Selected Configuration Layout' window with the 'Validation' tab selected. The left pane shows a tree view of configuration elements, including 'Config Page 1' and its sub-elements like 'Contact', 'Filter duplicates', 'Use mac address', 'Local', 'Use default ip address', 'Use mac address', 'Commit delay', 'Agent address', 'Trap group', 'Name', 'Destination port', 'Logical system', 'Categories', 'Authentication', 'Chassis', and 'Configuration'. The right pane displays the validation settings for the selected element. The 'Min Length' is set to 0, 'Max Length' is 214748364, 'Regular Expression' is '^.{1,27}\$', and 'Regular Expression Error Message' is 'Must be a string of 27 char.'. The 'Advanced' tab is also visible.

Before you begin, review “Filling in the Validation Tab” on page 123, “Defining the Operator's View” on page 118, and “Creating Configuration Pages” on page 113.

The **Regular Expression Error Message** field on the **Validation** tab is displayed only if you are configuring an option of the string data type.

To fill in the **Regular Expression Error Message** field on the **Validation** tab:

1. In the **Create Definition** screen, in the **Selected Configuration Layout** panel, select a configuration option of the string data type. It can be the same option for which you have just filled out the **Validation** tab, or any other option of the string data type.

If you select another option, the **General** tab appears.
2. If it is not already on top, select the **Validation** tab.
3. In the **Regular Expression Error Message** field, enter an error message that explains the meaning of the regular expression you entered on this tab, so that the operator understands how to correct his input. For example, for "[a-zA-Z0-9_]*\$" you might provide this error message: "Enter only upper and lowercase letters, numbers, and underscores."
4. To save your entries, move to another tab or another option, or click **Next** or **Finish**.

**Related
Documentation**

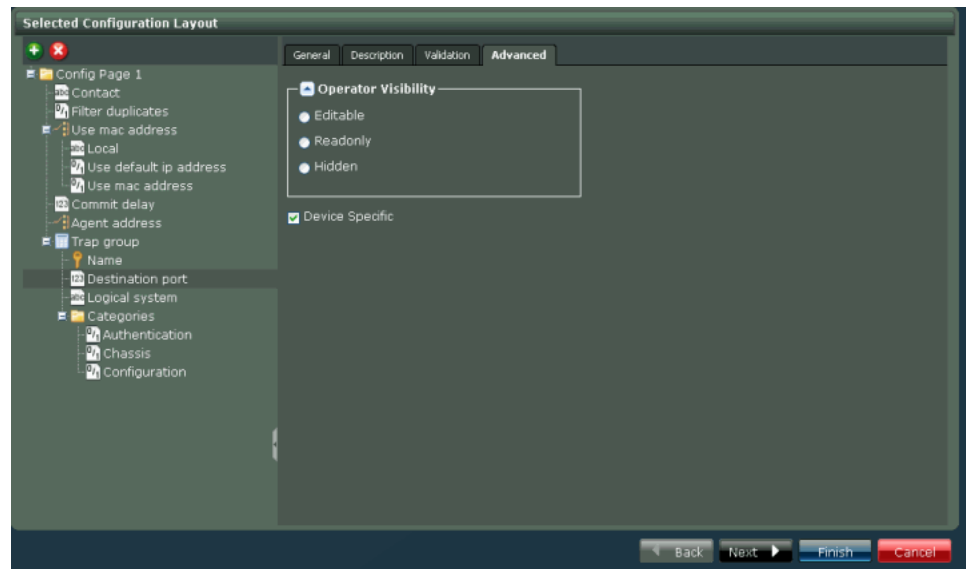
- [Filling in the Validation Tab on page 123](#)
- [Defining the Operator's View on page 118](#)
- [Creating Configuration Pages on page 113](#)
- [Filling in the General Tab on page 120](#)
- [Creating a Device Template on page 146](#)

Filling in the Advanced Tab

Release Customer Test Version

This topic describes how to fill in the **Advanced** tab in the **Selected Configuration Layout** panel when you are creating a template definition. The settings on this tab determine whether the operator can see the selected option or edit its values.

Before you begin, review “Defining the Operator’s View” on page 118 and “Creating Configuration Pages” on page 113. The **Advanced** tab does not display for all data types.



To fill in the **Advanced** tab:

1. Navigate to the **Advanced** tab in the **Create Definition** screen.
2. In the **Selected Configuration Layout** panel, select a configuration option. It can be the same option for which you have just filled out other tabs, or any other.
If it is not already visible, the **General** tab appears.
3. Select the **Advanced** tab.
4. Select **editable**, **readonly**, or **hidden**, depending on how you want the operator to interact with the option.
5. To mark this configuration option as device-specific, click the **Device Specific** checkbox. For more information on this, see “Specifying Device-Specific Data in Definitions” on page 133.
6. To save your entries, select another tab or another option, or click **Next** or **Finish**.

The next task in this sequence is “Specifying Default Values for Configuration Options” on page 131.

- Related Documentation**
- Defining the Operator's View on page 118
 - Creating Configuration Pages on page 113
 - Defining the Content the Operator Enters on page 129
 - Creating a Device Template on page 146

Defining the Content the Operator Enters

This topic describes how you define the content the operator can enter into the template. This topic therefore overlaps with “Defining the Operator's View” on page 118.

When you define fields in which you intend the operator to enter content, you usually restrict or limit that content in order to prevent validation errors during deployment. For example, if you define a field that you label “Hostname,” you could use a regular expression to prevent the operator from entering anything other than an IP address (see “Filling in the Validation Tab” on page 123). Another situation might be when a particular attribute allows values A/B/C/D/E, but you want templates that allow only A/C.

After you have used the tabs (**General**, **Description**, **Validation**, **Advanced**) for your configuration options, the next step is to specify the default values for the configuration parameters.

Specify default values for configuration parameters Operator View

Add_LdapSvr >> Ldap server >>

Lightweight Directory Access Protocol server options

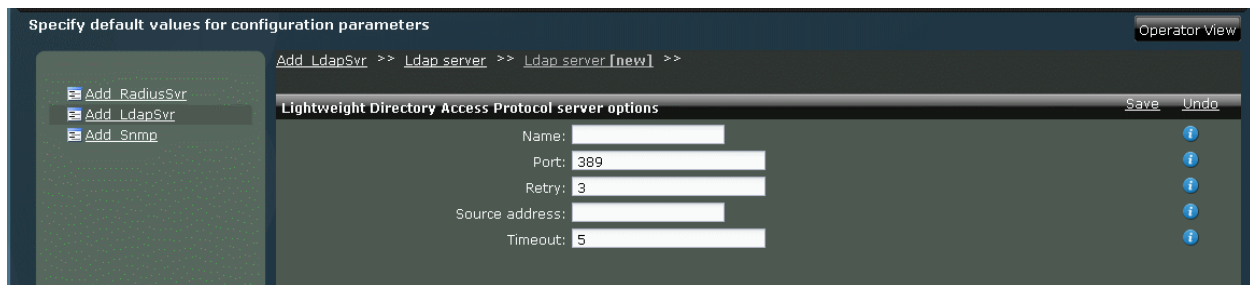
<input type="checkbox"/>	Id	Name	Port	Retry	Source address	Timeout
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1	245.1.1.100	389	3	245.1.1.254	5

No Validation Error

Back Next Finish Cancel

The **Specify default values for configuration parameters** screen of the template definition shows the parameter fields the operator sees. In the case illustrated above, the parameters shown are for the table data type, so table rows can be added, edited, and deleted (see “Specifying Default Values for Configuration Options” on page 131). If you have specified that the option (in the case above, LDAP server) and its parameters are editable (see “Filling in the Advanced Tab” on page 128), the operator sees the same screen as you do, and the operator can also add, edit and delete table rows. If you specify that the option is to be hidden, the Operator View would show nothing.

When a row is added, the fields shown as column headings in the screen capture above are presented as a list of fields:



Again, the fields that the operator sees are determined by your settings on the Advanced tab on the previous screen. The operator’s ability to edit the fields is also dependent on the Advanced tab settings. What he can enter in the fields is determined by your Validation tab settings. Clicking the little blue Information icon to the far right of each option on this screen displays a popup with the information from the Description tab also on the previous screen.

Click the **Save** button at any time to save your draft. Also, if you click **Back** or move to another page, a message asks you to confirm whether you want to save your draft.

Related Documentation

- Specifying Default Values for Configuration Options on page 131
- Reference: Configuration Options Hierarchy for Device Families Supported by Junos Space on page 109

Specifying Default Values for Configuration Options

Release Customer Test Version

These instructions presuppose that you have already carried out the tasks described in “Defining the Operator’s View” on page 118

This topic describes how to specify default values for configuration options. This stage in creating a template definition shows you what the operator will see when he uses the definition to create a template.

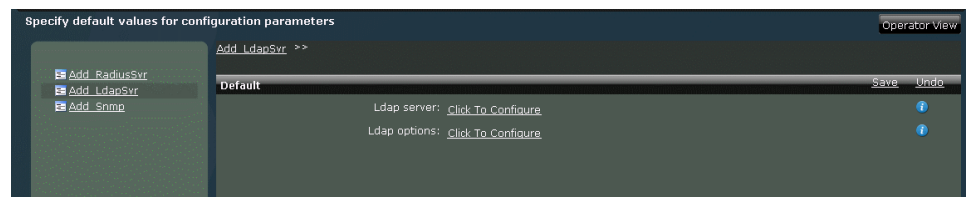
If desired, you can choose not to enter default values. In this case, the operator must decide what values to enter when he creates a template.

The default values are displayed when the template is actually being created or edited. You can make these values editable, readonly, or hide the entire setting. In this last case, not only would the operator not see the default value, he would not even see the parameter.

To specify default values for configuration parameters, in the **Specify default values for configuration parameters** screen,

1. On the left, select one of your configuration pages.

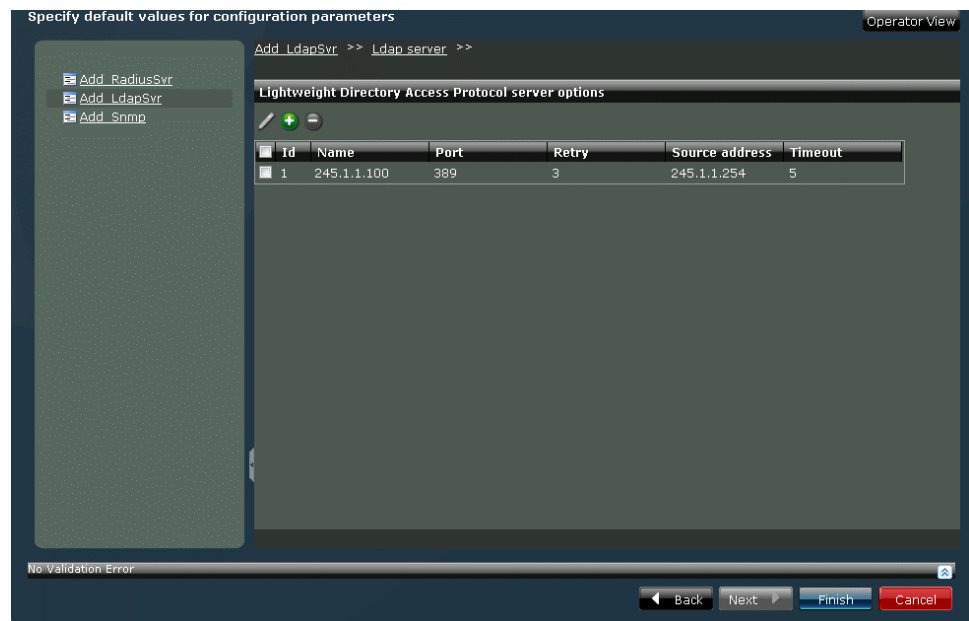
On the right appears the breadcrumb of that name, and in the panel under that are displayed the options added to the page in the previous screen.



2. To display the fields for the default values, click **Click To Configure**.

The layout of the fields on the screen varies depending on the data type of the configuration option you selected. For more details, see “Defining the Operator’s View” on page 118.

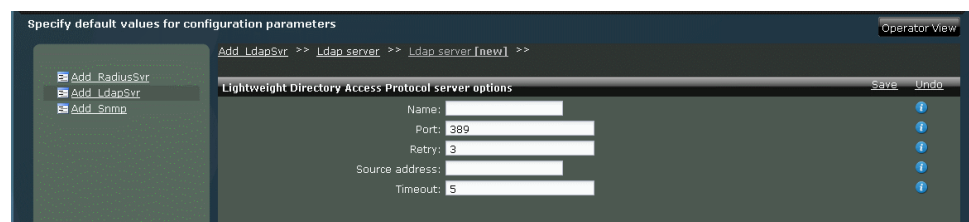
The screen captures show the default configuration parameters for a table data type.



3. To add a row to a table, click the plus sign.

The fields for the options displayed in the previous view appear. Whether they will be editable by the operator or not depend on the settings you made on the Advanced tab (see “Filling in the Advanced Tab” on page 128).

To remove a row from a table, select it and click the minus sign, or to edit a table row, select it and click the diagonal line.



If you need to drill down, successive breadcrumbs appear, with the names of the options you clicked to configure, enabling navigation through multiple levels. These breadcrumbs also appear to the operator.

4. Enter the data as appropriate.



TIP: You may have to use the Back button to review your settings on the Advanced tab. A field that you have marked as editable can remain empty, but hidden and readonly fields should not be left empty.

If you enter an invalid value in a field, a little red exclamation mark icon appears. Click it to find out what the value should be. The same icon is also visible to the operator when he creates a template.

Click the blue Information icon on the far right of each setting to view the explanatory text you entered for the operator on the **Description** tab.

5. To verify what the operator will see, click the **Operator View** button.

To return to the designer view, click the **Designer View** button.

Repeat these steps as necessary with all your configuration options.

6. To complete specifying default values, click **Finish**.

Related Documentation

- Reference: Configuration Options Hierarchy for Device Families Supported by Junos Space on page 109
- Filling in the General Tab on page 120
- Filling in the Description Tab on page 122
- Filling in the Validation Tab on page 123
- Composing Error Messages on page 126
- Filling in the Advanced Tab on page 128

Specifying Device-Specific Data in Definitions

Release Customer Test Version

You can use a comma-separated value (CSV) file (Microsoft Excel spreadsheet saved as a CSV file) to automatically populate device-specific values in a template definition. For example, the designer can use a CSV file to specify the SNMP contact. See Figure 29 on page 133

Figure 29: Demo Microsoft Excel CSV File

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1	device	contact	ip					
2	SanDiego-sd-contac		123.123.123.123					
3	Sacremen sac-conta		123.123.123.124					
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								
9								
10								
11								
12								
13								
14								
15								
16								

To use CSV files to set device-specific values in a template definition:

1. Navigate to Platform > Device Templates > Manage Definitions > Create Definition.

The Create Definition page appears.

2. Add configuration with device-specific values.

3. Click the Advanced tab.

4. Select the Device Specific option.

The value for the device-specific value configuration comes from a CSV file.

5. Click Next.

You see the device-specific value link.

6. Click the device-specific value link.

The Configure Device Specific Values dialog box appears.

7. Click Please select a CSV file.

The Manage CSV files dialog box appears.

Use the Manage CSV files dialog box to navigate and upload CSV files from the local file system. Select a CSV file to view its contents.

8. Click Upload.

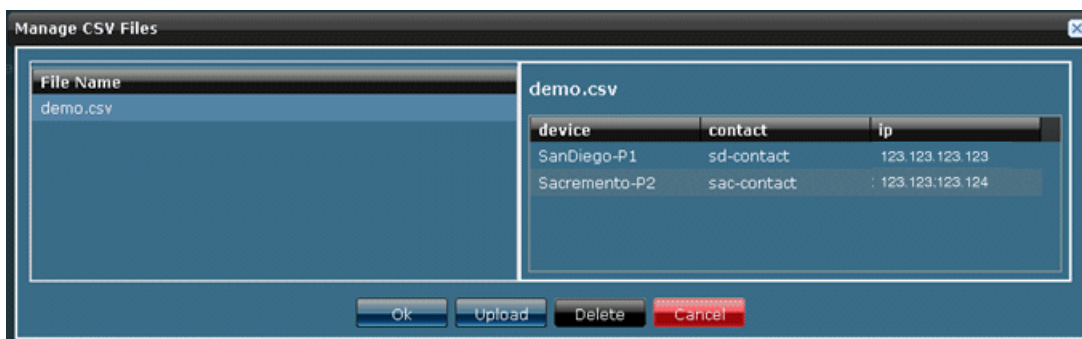
The CSV Upload dialog box appears.

9. Navigate to the CSV file that you want to use.

10. Click Upload.

11. In the Manage CSV files dialog box, preview the CSV file.

Select the CSV file in the left pane. The file contents appears in the right pane.



12. Define the column in the CSV file.

13. Click OK.

14. Click Finish.

15. Publish the template definition.

16. Create a template from the template definition.

17. View the device-specific values.
18. Click Finish.
19. Deploy the template.

Related Documentation

- Filling in the Advanced Tab on page 128



Publishing and Unpublishing a Template Definition

Release Customer Test Version

This topic explains the significance of template definition states, published and unpublished, and how to perform these actions.

In the lifecycle of a definition there are two states, and the way you move a definition from one to the other is through the **Publish** and **Unpublish** actions. When you finish creating a definition, it is automatically published. It is therefore available to operators. Table 15 on page 135 shows the icons that indicate the states of a template definition.

Table 15: Status of Template Definitions

Icon	Description
	Unpublished template definition
	Published template definition

To make a template definition unavailable to operators, you must unpublish it. You must also unpublish a definition before you can modify or delete it.



NOTE: If you unpublish a definition that is already being used as the basis for templates, all templates based on that definition are disabled. Republishing the definition alone is not enough to re-enable the templates. The templates must be reviewed before they can be re-enabled (see “Managing Configuration Templates Overview” on page 141).

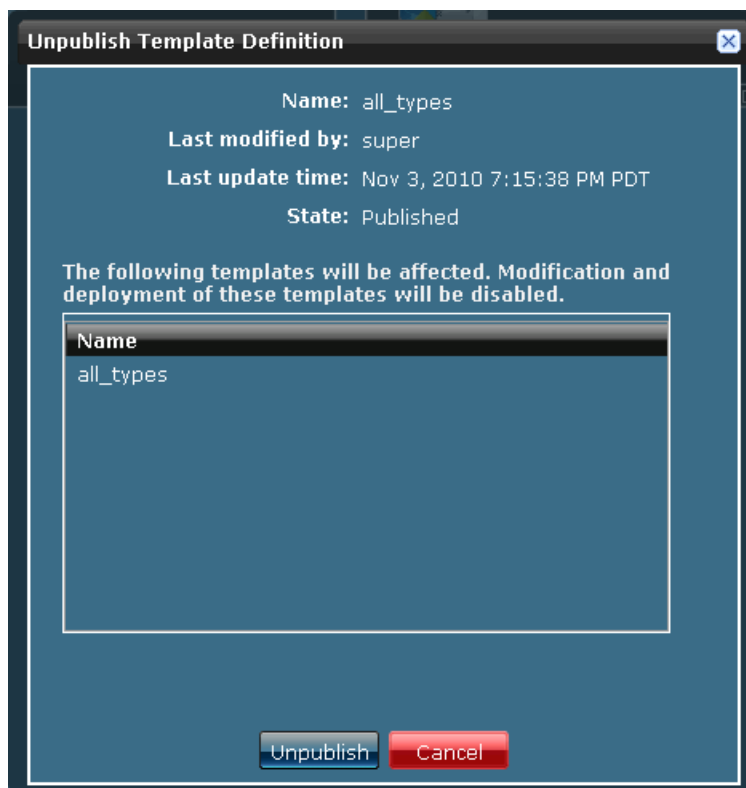
To get a bird’s eye view of your templates and their statuses, go to the Template Definition inventory page by clicking **Manage Definitions**.



TIP: To use an existing published definition as the basis for a new definition, clone the existing one and make your modifications to the clone (see “Cloning a Template Definition” on page 137).

To publish a template definition, navigate to **Manage Definitions**, and select the definition by clicking on its checkbox. Then you can either mouse over the **Actions** drawer to select **Publish** or **Unpublish**, or you can select the appropriate command from the right-click menu.

If you try to unpublish a definition already being used for templates, a dialog notifies you that in unpublishing, you will disable those templates, and asks you to confirm you want to do this.



- Related Documentation**
- Cloning a Template Definition on page 137
 - Modifying a Template Definition on page 136

Modifying a Template Definition

Release Customer Test Version

This topic explains how to modify a Device Template definition.

You can modify a template definition only when it is unpublished.

To modify a published definition, you must first unpublish it (see “Publishing and Unpublishing a Template Definition” on page 135).

When you modify a template definition, you cannot change the device family.

When you modify a template definition, you cannot change any existing pages. You can only add additional pages.

To modify a template definition, navigate to **Manage Definitions**, and select the definition by clicking on its checkbox. Then you can either mouse over the **Actions** drawer to select **Modify**, or you can select **Modify** from the right-click menu.

To make the modified definition available to operators, publish it.



NOTE: Because you must unpublish a definition before modifying it, any templates based on that definition are disabled. After you modify a definition and republish, templates based on that definition are not automatically re-enabled. The status of the affected templates is **Needs Review**.

Related Documentation

- Publishing and Unpublishing a Template Definition on page 135
- Cloning a Template Definition on page 137
- Deleting a Template Definition on page 138

Cloning a Template Definition

Release Customer Test Version

This topic explains how to clone a Device Template definition.



TIP:

When you want to modify a template definition without disabling templates based upon that definition, first clone the definition, then modify the clone.

Unlike the **Modify** function, the **Clone** function does not require that a definition be unpublished.

When you clone a template definition, you cannot change the device family or any existing pages.

To add additional pages, modify the clone (see “Modifying a Template Definition” on page 136).

To clone a template definition, navigate to **Manage Definitions**, and select the definition by clicking on its checkbox. Then you can either mouse over the **Actions** drawer to select **Clone**, or you can select **Clone** from the right-click menu.

The new definition appears, named “Clone of ...”

To make the cloned definition available to operators, publish it (see “Publishing and Unpublishing a Template Definition” on page 135).

**Related
Documentation**

- Deleting a Template Definition on page 138
- Modifying a Template Definition on page 136
- Publishing and Unpublishing a Template Definition on page 135

Deleting a Template Definition

Release Customer Test Version

This topic explains Device Template definition deletion. You can delete a template definition only when it is unpublished. This status is indicated by an appropriate icon. A different icon indicates a published definition.

To delete a published definition, you must first unpublish it (see “Publishing and Unpublishing a Template Definition” on page 135). When you unpublish a definition, any templates based on that definition are disabled. When you delete a definition, all templates based on that definition are permanently disabled. They can therefore be neither modified nor deployed.

To delete a template definition, navigate to **Manage Definitions**, and select the definition by clicking on its checkbox. Then you can either mouse over the **Actions** drawer to select **Delete**, or you can select **Delete** from the right-click menu.



TIP: Ensure that you have a plan in place before you delete a definition that is being used for templates.

**Related
Documentation**

- Publishing and Unpublishing a Template Definition on page 135
- Cloning a Template Definition on page 137
- Modifying a Template Definition on page 136

CHAPTER 10

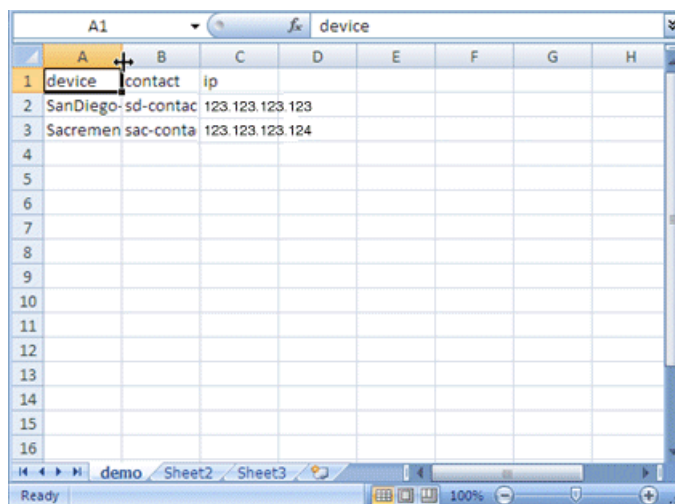
Managing CSV Files

- Using CSV Files to Set Device-Specific Values on page 139

Using CSV Files to Set Device-Specific Values

You can use comma-separated value (CSV) files (Microsoft Excel spreadsheets saved as a CSV file) to automatically populate device-specific values in a template definition. For example, the Template Design Manager can use a CSV file to specify the SNMP contact. See Figure 30 on page 139

Figure 30: Demo Microsoft Excel CSV File



The screenshot shows a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet with the following data:

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1	device	contact	ip					
2	SanDiego-sd-contac		123.123.123.123					
3	Sacremen sac-conta		123.123.123.124					
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								
9								
10								
11								
12								
13								
14								
15								
16								

To use CSV files to set device-specific values in a template definition:

1. Navigate to Platform > Device Templates > Manage Definitions > Create Definition.
The Create Definition page appears.
2. Add configuration with device-specific values.
3. Click the Advanced tab.
4. Select the Device Specific option.

The value for the device-specific value configuration comes from a CSV file.

5. Click Next.

You see the device-specific value link.

6. Click the device-specific value link.

The Configure Device Specific Values dialog box appears.

7. Click Please select a CSV file.

The Manage CSV files dialog box appears.

Use the Manage CSV files dialog box to navigate and upload CSV files from the local file system. Select a CSV file to view its contents.

8. Click Upload.

The CSV Upload dialog box appears.

9. Navigate to the CSV file that you want to use.

10. Click Upload.

11. In the Manage CSV files dialog box, preview the CSV file.

Select the CSV file in the left pane. The file contents appears in the right pane.



12. Define the column in the CSV file.

13. Click OK.

14. Click Finish.

15. Publish the template definition.

16. Create a template from the template definition.

17. View the device-specific values.

18. Click Finish.

19. Deploy the template.

Related Documentation

- [Creating a Template Definition on page 111](#)
- [Modifying a Template Definition on page 136](#)

CHAPTER 11

Managing Templates

- Managing Configuration Templates Overview on page 141
- Creating a Configuration Template Overview on page 144
- Creating a Device Template on page 146
- Deploying a Configuration Template to a Device on page 150
- Modifying a Configuration Template on page 151
- Deleting Configuration Templates on page 152

Managing Configuration Templates Overview

Release Candidate Test Version

The Manage Templates inventory page allows you to view the Junos OS configuration templates created to deploy configuration changes to multiple Juniper Networks discovered devices at once. Configuration templates are derived from configuration template definitions created by a designer. The template definition contains the necessary configuration settings. The template definition designer assigns the template operator certain configuration settings to configure, review, validate, then deploy.

Configuration templates appear as icons in the Manage Templates thumbnail view and as rows in a table in tabular view.




From Platform > Device Templates > Manage Templates, you can create, deploy, modify, or delete configuration templates.

You must have Template Definition Manager or Template Manager privileges to create a configuration template.

Device Template States

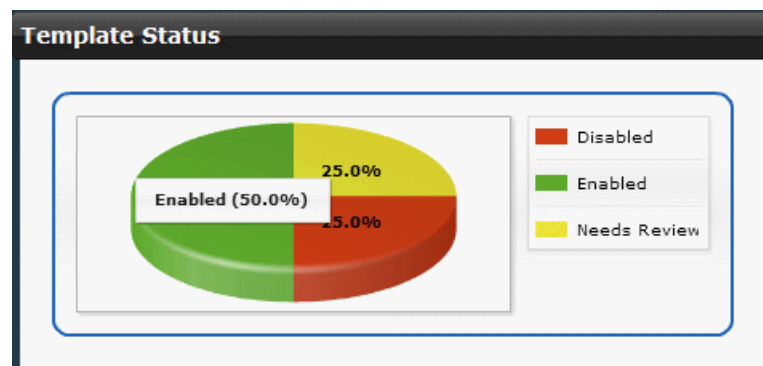
Configuration templates have several states that are identified by icon indicators in the Manage Templates inventory page in thumbnail view. In tabular view these states are indicated in the State column of the table: review, disabled, and enabled - ready to deploy. The configuration title and description tell the Template Manager how to manage the configuration template. See Table 16 on page 142.

Table 16: Configuration Template State Icon Indicators

State Icon	Description
	Review It—The device template is disabled and ready for you to review it. Once reviewed, you can modify it or delete it.
	Disabled—The device template is disabled but OK to deploy.
	Enabled—The device template is enabled and ready for you to deploy it.

Filtering and Searching Device Templates

You can filter the view of the device templates by state using the Platform > Device Templates statistics page. A quick way to view the template(s) on which you need to review, modify, or deploy, is to click the status type in the Template Status pie chart—Disabled, Enabled, Needs Review. The Manage Templates inventory page appears filtered by only the templates in the state you selected.



You can also search for templates by name using the Search field at the top-right in the Manage Templates inventory page. If you start typing a template name in the Search field

Configuration Template Detailed Information

To view detailed template information in the Manage Templates inventory page in thumbnail view, click the details link or double-click the template. In tabular view, template detailed information displays in the table columns. Table 17 on page 142 describes the configuration template detailed information.

Table 17:

Information	Description
Name	A unique name for the template.

Table 17: (continued)

Description	A description or the configuration template or message for the Template Manager.
Device Family	The Juniper Networks device platform category
Last Modified By	The login name of the Template Manager who last modified the file.
Last Update Time	When the Template Manager last updated the configuration template
State	The configuration template deployment readiness: review, disabled, enabled.

Configuration Template Actions

From the Manage Templates inventory page, you can perform the following actions:

Create Template—See “Creating a Device Template” on page 146.

Deploy Template—See “Deploying a Configuration Template to a Device” on page 150.

Modify Template—See “Modifying a Configuration Template” on page 151.

Delete Template—See “Deleting Configuration Templates” on page 152.

Tag It—See “Tagging an Object” on page 343.

View Tags—See “Viewing Tags” on page 344.

UnTag It—See “Untagging Objects” on page 345.

Clear All Selections—Clears all selections you make of configuration templates on the Manage Templates inventory page. This action works the same as the Select: None link to the left of the Search field.

Related Documentation

- Creating a Device Template on page 146
- Deploying a Configuration Template to a Device on page 150
- Modifying a Configuration Template on page 151
- Deleting Configuration Templates on page 152
- Creating a Tag on page 346
- Tagging an Object on page 343
- Viewing Tags on page 344
- Untagging Objects on page 345

Creating a Configuration Template Overview

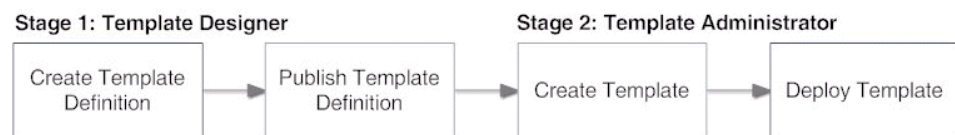
Release Customer Test Version

Device templates allow you to update the configuration committed on multiple Juniper Networks in one mechanism. Deploying device templates from Junos Space saves time and reduces the risk of errors, especially when you are responsible for updating the configuration on a large number of devices in the same network when many of the configuration parameters are the same.

The Junos Space device templates user interface is based upon Juniper Network device family schemas, such as J/M/MX/T/TX, EX, and SRX Series devices. Therefore, only the supported Junos OS configuration parameters for a device family are allowed. The Device Management Interface (DMI) allows Junos Space to connect with and configure Juniper Networks devices.

Creating devices templates includes two main stages: creating and publishing template definitions and creating and deploying templates. A network designer, with in-depth Junos OS configuration experience, creates the template definition. See “Creating a Template Definition” on page 111 and “Publishing and Unpublishing a Template Definition” on page 135. A network operator, capable of fulfilling a network designer’s service order, creates a template based on a selected template and deploys it. See “Creating a Device Template” on page 146 and “Deploying a Configuration Template to a Device” on page 150. Figure 31 on page 145 displays the device template creation stages and default NOC responsibilities. In some NOCs, the network designer is responsible for the whole device templates creation workflow.

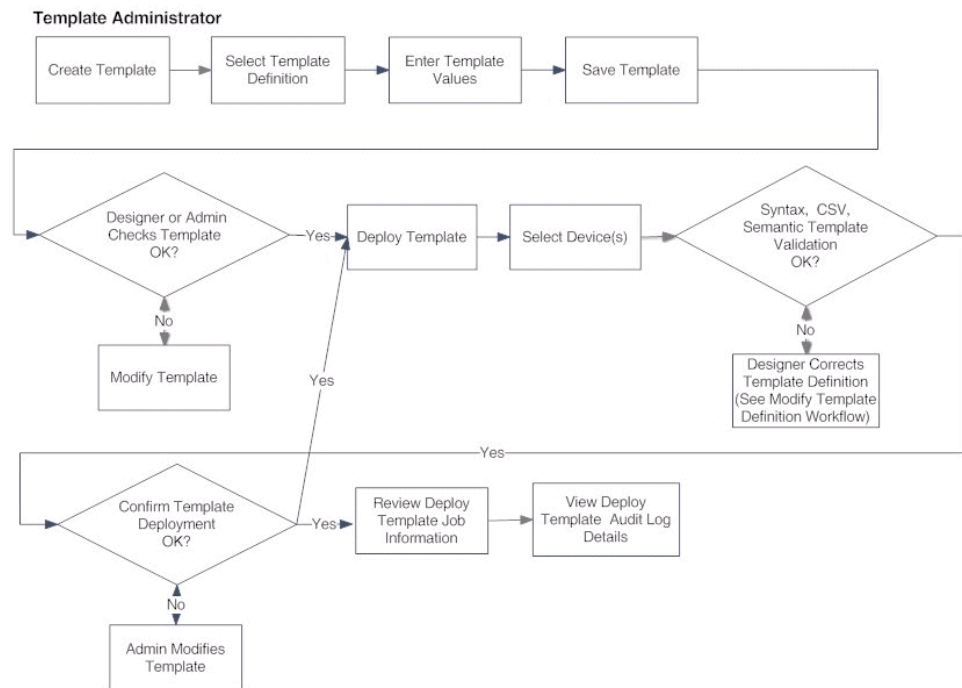
Figure 31: Device Template Creation Workflow



Using Junos Space you must have Template Designer privileges to create a configuration template; Template Administrator privileges to create a template definition.

Figure 32 on page 145 diagrams the workflow to create a configuration template in Junos Space.

Figure 32: Create Template Workflow



Creating a configuration template includes the following major tasks:

- Selecting a published template definition.
- Naming and describing the template and perform basic configuration assigned by the Template Definition Manager.
- Deploying the template to selected devices.
- Validating the template syntactically against the device family and semantically against on the selected devices.
- Deploying the configuration template immediately or scheduled later.
- Checking the deploy status and job success information.
- Viewing the audit log information if necessary.

Related Documentation

- Creating a Device Template on page 146
- Deploying a Configuration Template to a Device on page 150

Creating a Device Template

Release Candidate Test Version

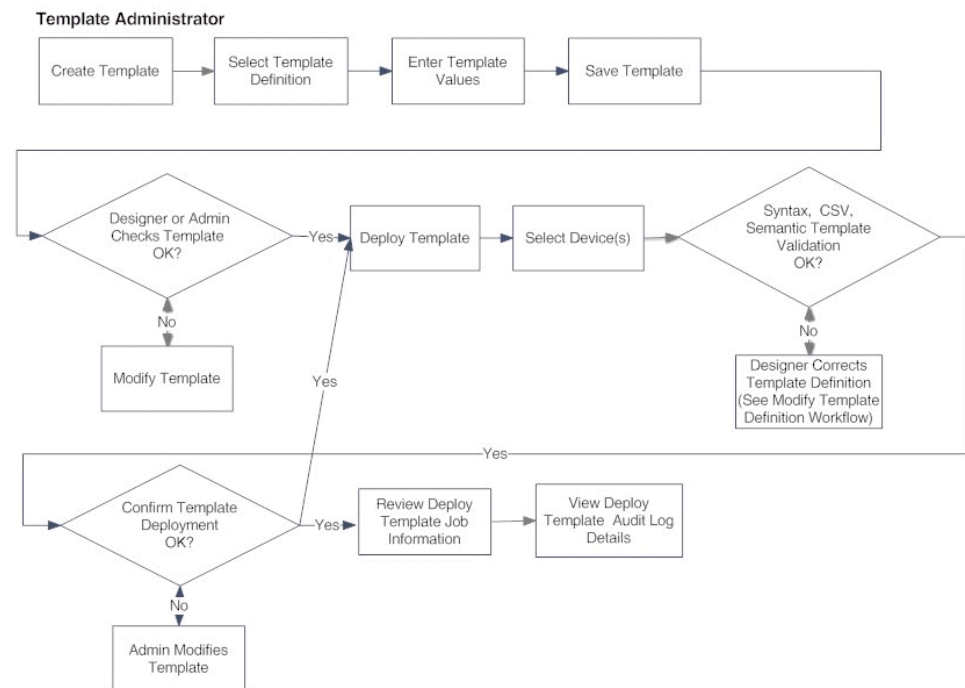
Device templates are updates to the Junos OS configuration running on multiple Juniper Networks devices at once. : You can create and deploy device templates from Platform > Device Templates > Manage Templates

Creating device templates involve two main stages in Junos Space.

1. Creating a template definition based on the device family specific configuration parameters and publishing it. See “Creating a Template Definition” on page 111.
2. Creating a template based on a the template definition and deploying it, as described in this topic.

Figure 33 on page 147 diagrams the workflow to create a configuration template in Junos Space.

Figure 33: Create Template Workflow



You must have Junos Space Template Manager privileges to create a configuration template; Template Design Manager privileges to create a template definition.

1. Selecting a Configuration Template Definition on page 147
2. Naming and Describing a Configuration Template on page 148
3. Entering Data and Finishing the Configuration Template on page 148
4. Deploying the Configuration Template on page 149

Selecting a Configuration Template Definition



The Select Template Definitions inventory page allows you to select a template definition from which to create a Juniper Networks device Junos OS configuration template. A configuration definition is available when the Template Design Manager publishes it.

1. Navigate to Platform > Device Templates > Manage Templates > Create Templates.

The Select Template Definition inventory page appears.

2. Select a template definition.

Configuration template definitions have several states on the Select Template Definitions inventory page. You should only select a template definition that is published. The template description can provide instructions for the template administrator.

Icon	Description
	Published—The configuration template is published. It is ready for you to select it to create a template.
	The configuration template is unpublished. It is not available for you to create a template. You, the operator cannot see it.

3. Click Next.

The Create Template page appears.

Naming and Describing a Configuration Template

The Create Templates page allows the Template Manager to name, describe, and view the template definition content, which composes the configuration template. The configuration template is an template definition instance.

To name and describe a configuration template:

1. On the Create Templates page, type a name for the configuration template.

The template name is a required field. The template name must be unique and no more than 63 characters.

2. Type a description.

The template description must be no more than 255 characters.

Entering Data and Finishing the Configuration Template

The Template Manager can view the configuration specifics of the template definition. The Template Manager can only perform changes that are allowed by the Template Design Manager.

To review the template configuration:

1. On the Create Templates page, select a template definition page in the left pane.

The configuration settings appears on the right pane. Information description icons appear to the right of the configuration settings describing the setting.

2. Add the any configuration specifics that the Template Design Manager requests.
3. Click Finish.

The template appears on the Manage Templates inventory page. The template details include the name, description, device family, last modified by login name, last update time, and state. The template is disabled until you deploy it.

4. Check the template to ensure that it is what the Template Design Manager wants deployed on specified devices on the network.

Modify the configuration template if necessary. Right click the Manage Template and selecting Modify Template. You can also select the template, then select Manage Template in the Actions drawer.

The Create Template page appears.

5. Modify the configuration template if necessary, and click Finish.

Deploying the Configuration Template

To deploy a configuration template to selected devices, see “Deploying a Configuration Template to a Device” on page 150

Related Documentation

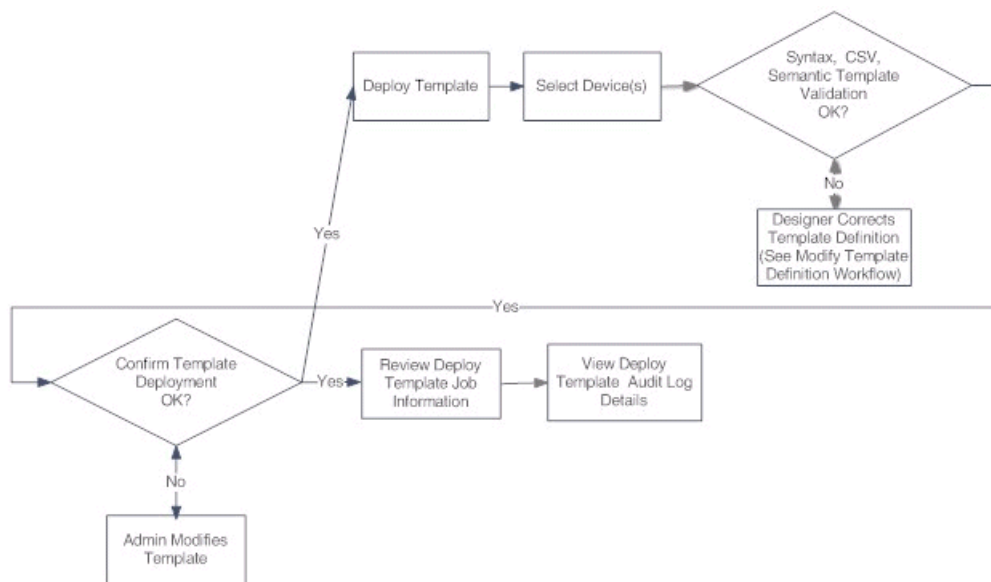
- Deploying a Configuration Template to a Device on page 150
- Modifying a Configuration Template on page 151
- Selecting the Device Family and Naming a Template Definition on page 112
- Publishing and Unpublishing a Template Definition on page 135

Deploying a Configuration Template to a Device

Release Candidate Test Version

Deploying a configuration template allows the Template Administrator or operator to update the device configuration on a family of multiple devices. Deploying a template is the second stage of creating a template. For more information about creating a template, see “Creating a Device Template” on page 146. See Figure 34 on page 150. You can deploy a template when you create it or schedule it to deploy later.

Figure 34: Template Deployment Workflow



Deploying a template is global to all the devices you select.

Junos Space allows you to validate the template against the device family and against the device

You must have Template Designer or Template Administrator privileges to deploy a template.

To deploy a configuration template:

1. Navigate to Platform > Device Templates > Manage Templates.

The Manage Templates inventory page appears.

2. Right-click the template you want to deploy and select Deploy Template from the pop-up menu.

You can also select Deploy Template from the Actions drawer.

The Platform > Devices > Manage Devices Select Devices inventory page appears displaying Junos Space devices.

3. Select the devices to which you want to apply or deploy the template.

4. Click Next.

The Review Changes page appears for you to review the validation result.

This is the static template validation related to the CSV file. Does the CSV file have all the device specific values? In the event that there is an error, the Template Administrator must notify the Template Designer to fix the CSV file or to ensure that the right devices have been selected to deploy the template.

The validation ensures that the template is syntactically correct against the device family.

5. Click Validate to test the template against the selected device.

The device validation ensures that the template is semantically correct. Junos Space performs a check on the device and displays any errors in the Device Validation Result dialog box, which lists all the devices that are affected.

6. If the device validation result is successful, click OK.

7. Click Next.

The Deployment Confirmation dialog box appears.

You can select the deployment options including scheduling deployment at a later time.

If you schedule deployment at a later time, set the time and date.

If you do not schedule template deployment, the template deploys immediately.

8. Click Finish.

Junos Space creates a job. The Deploy Template Job Information dialog box appears.

9. Click the job ID to ensure the template deployment is successful.

10. Click OK.

11. If you need to troubleshoot template deployment, navigate to Platform > Audit Logs > View Audit Logs to review what configuration was deployed on each device.

The Audit Log captures all template deployment operations.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Creating a Configuration Template Overview on page 144](#)
- [Creating a Device Template on page 146](#)
- [Modifying a Configuration Template on page 151](#)
- [Deleting Configuration Templates on page 152](#)

Modifying a Configuration Template

Release Candidate Test Version

Modifying a configuration template allows you to make changes it before deploying.

If you need to modify the template after deployment, the Template Designer must check the template and the template definition to fix any errors. Thereafter, you must redeploy the template. For more information about deploying a template, see “Deploying a Configuration Template to a Device” on page 150.

You must have Template Designer or Template Administrator privileges to delete a configuration template.

To modify a configuration template:

1. Navigate to Platform > Device Templates > Manage Templates.

The Manage Templates inventory page appears.

2. Right-click the configuration template you want to modify and select Modify Template.

The configuration template must be enabled for you to modify or deploy it.

3. Modify the template name, description, or configuration settings.

4. Click Finish.

Now, you can deploy the template.

If you need to modify the template after deployment, the Template Designer must check the template and the template definition to fix any errors. Thereafter, you must redeploy the template. For more information about deploying a template, see “Deploying a Configuration Template to a Device” on page 150

**Related
Documentation**

- Creating a Configuration Template Overview on page 144
- Creating a Device Template on page 146
- Deploying a Configuration Template to a Device on page 150
- Deleting Configuration Templates on page 152

Deleting Configuration Templates

Release Candidate Test Version

Deleting a configuration template removes it from the Junos Space database.

You must have Template Designer or Template Administrator privileges to delete a configuration template.

1. Navigate to Platform > Device Templates > Manage Templates.

The Manage Templates inventory page appears.

2. Right-click the configuration template you want to delete and select Delete Template.

The configuration template disappears from the Manage Templates inventory page.

**Related
Documentation**

- Creating a Configuration Template Overview on page 144

- [Modifying a Configuration Template on page 151](#)

PART 4

Topology Visualization

- Overview on page 157
- Topology Discovery on page 159
- Managing Discovered Topologies on page 165

CHAPTER 12

Overview

- [Topology Visualization Overview on page 157](#)

Topology Visualization Overview

Topology Visualization is a workspace where you can discover network topologies and then monitor the status of the discovered network elements.

You can get to the Topology Visualization workspace by clicking **Topology Visualization** from the **Junos Space Network Application Platform** task ribbon.

The Topology Visualization workspace enables you to perform the following tasks:

- **Discover Topology**

Use **Discover Topology** to look for a network topology based on a device or subnet that you specify. When you discover a topology, Topology Visualization creates an object in the Junos Space database that represents the elements of the discovered network topology. For more information, see “Topology Discovery Overview” on page 159.

- **View Topology**

Use **View Topology** to look at information about the devices and links in the discovered network. You can choose to view this information in map view or tabular view. For more information, see “Viewing Discovered Topologies” on page 165.

In order to use the Junos Space Topology Visualization workspace, you need to assign the **Topology Manager** role to your user account. For more information on assigning a role to your user account, see “Modifying a User” on page 257.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Topology Discovery Overview on page 159](#)
- [Viewing Discovered Topologies on page 165](#)

Topology Discovery

- Topology Discovery Overview on page 159
- Discovering a Topology on page 162

Topology Discovery Overview

Topology discovery is the process of discovering information about network devices and their interconnections. The topology discovery process creates a topology map that displays how the devices in the network are connected. You can use topology maps to monitor the network and ensure that the network is functioning effectively. You can identify weaknesses in the network infrastructure, such as bottlenecks and failures within a network, and isolate problem areas when you are troubleshooting network problems.

Using **Discover Topology**, you can search for network topologies based on a device or subnet that you specify. This device or subnet acts as a seed device and searches for all the devices connected to it. When you discover a topology, Topology Visualization creates objects in the Junos Space database representing all the discovered devices and links.

Topology Discovery consists of two main steps:

1. Specifying the device target.

To discover a topology using Topology Discovery, you must first specify a device target. This device initiates a topology discovery. Junos Space searches for all the devices and subnets that are connected to the specified device. You can specify either the hostname or IP address of the device target. You can also use a range of IP addresses or an IP subnet to initiate the topology discovery.

2. Specifying the SNMP probes.

Junos Space uses SNMP to discover network elements that are connected to the specified target devices and subnets. The Junos Space server uses SNMP probes to contact the targeted devices and get the relevant management information base (MIB) information needed to compute the topology.

You can also specify a hop count to limit the number of routers that you want Junos Space to discover from the specified device. For example, if you specify a hop count of 1 for a target device, then all the IP addresses present in the routing table of that device are targeted for discovery. If the hop count is 2, then this process is repeated for all the routing tables of the devices that were discovered in the first hop.

For more information on how to discover a topology, see “Discovering a Topology” on page 162.

To go to the Discover Topology task, Select **Platform** from the application chooser, and click **Topology Visualization > Discover Topology**.

The **Discover Topology** landing page appears (Figure 35 on page 160) displaying details of the last topology discovery job that was carried out as described in Table 18 on page 160.

Figure 35: Discover Topology

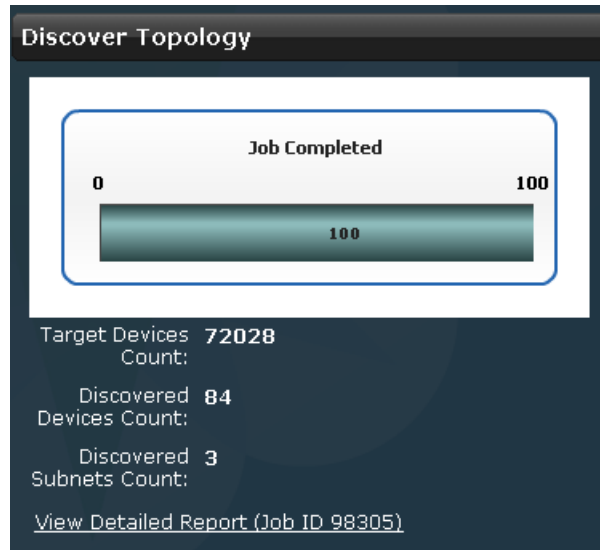


Table 18: Discover Topology Landing Page Field Name and Descriptions

Field Name	Description
Job Completion bar	How much of the job is completed in percentage
Target Devices Count	Number of target devices that were specified for the job
Discovered Devices Count	Number of devices that were discovered
Discovered Subnets Count	Number of subnets that were discovered
View Detail Report	Link to the Discovery Job Details dialog box

The **Discovery Job Details** dialog box (Figure 36 on page 161) displays more information about the discovery job. Table 19 on page 161 describes the field names displayed in the **Discovery Job Details** dialog box.

Figure 36: Discovery Job Details Dialog Box

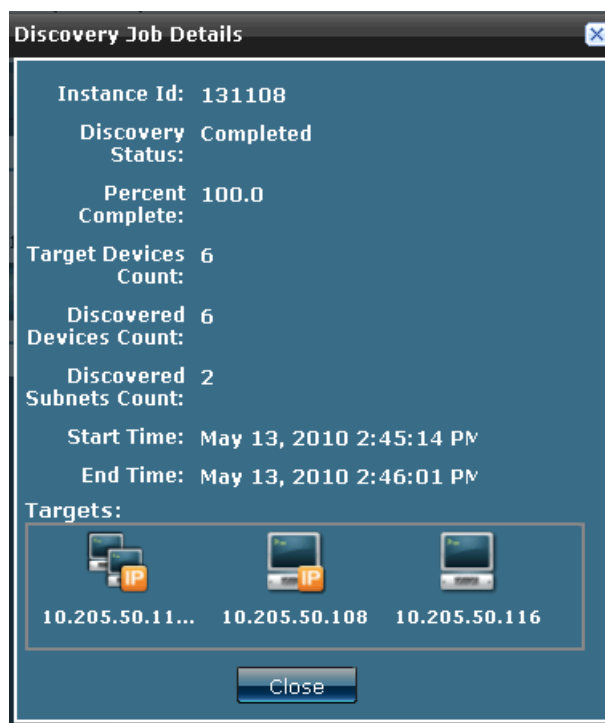


Table 19: Discovery Job Details Field Names and Descriptions

Field Name	Description
Instance ID	Unique identification number of the topology discovery job
Discovery Status	Job status The status can be Starting , In Progress , Stopped , Completed , or Fail .
Percent Complete	How much of the job was completed The value ranges from 0.0 to 100.0.
Target Devices Count	Number of target devices that were specified for the job
Discovered Devices Count	Number of devices that were discovered
Discovered Subnets Count	Number of subnets that were discovered
Start Time	Displays the date and time when the job started
End Time	Displays the date and time when job was completed
Targets	Displays the targets and corresponding IP addresses that were specified for the discovery job

Prerequisites for Discovering a Topology

For Junos Space to discover a topology, the following conditions must be met.

- SNMP credentials must be configured on all the targeted devices in the network.
- Either LLDP or xSTP protocols must be enabled on all the devices in the network.

You can monitor all tasks performed from the **Topology Visualization** user interface by navigating to the **View Audit Logs** workspace (**Audit Logs > View Audit Logs**). These audit logs list information about the task, such as task name, result, description, and job ID. For more information about audit logs, see “Junos Space Audit Logs Overview” on page 229.

Related Documentation

- Discovering a Topology on page 162
- Viewing Discovered Topologies on page 165

Discovering a Topology

To discover a topology:

1. From the task ribbon, select **Topology Visualization > Discover Topology > Specify Targets**.

The **Topology Visualization Workspace: Specify Targets** page appears (Figure 37 on page 162).

Figure 37: Specify Device Targets



Here you can add, edit, or delete device targets. For more information, see Managing Device Targets.

2. (Optional) You can select the **Include Managed Devices as Targets** checkbox if you want Junos Space to use the Juniper Networks devices as the target devices for topology discovery.
3. Click **Next** to open to the **Specify SNMP Probes** page (Figure 38 on page 163). Alternatively, you can click **Finish** to discover topologies based on the seed devices that you have specified.

You can also click **Cancel** to go back to the Discover Topology page.

Figure 38: Specify SNMP Probes

In the **Specify SNMP Probes** page, you can add, edit, or delete SNMP probes that specify how Junos Space discovers the network.

For more information about adding, editing, or deleting SNMP probes, see [Managing SNMP Probes](#).

4. (Optional) You can specify a hop count to limit the number of routers from the target that Junos Space tries to discover. To do so, select the **Network Discovery Settings** checkbox and select the number of hops from the **Number of Hops** list.

The hop count limits the number of routers from the target device that you want Junos Space to discover.

5. Click **Finish** to discover topologies based on the seed devices and SNMP probe settings that you have specified.
Alternatively, you can click **Back** to go to the previous step of the Discover Topology wizard.
You can also click **Cancel** to go back to the Discover Topology page

Related Documentation

- [Topology Discovery Overview on page 159](#)
- [Managing Device Targets](#)
- [Managing SNMP Probes](#)
- [Viewing Discovered Topologies on page 165](#)

Managing Discovered Topologies

- Viewing Discovered Topologies on page 165

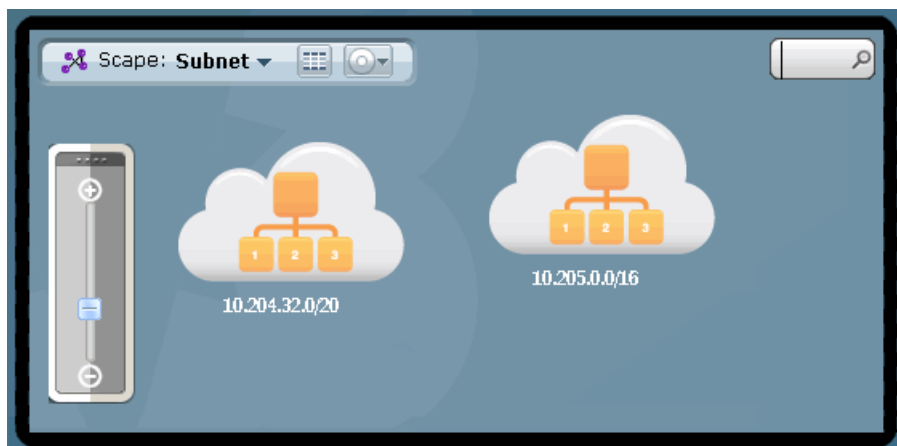
Viewing Discovered Topologies

After you have discovered a topology, you can use Junos Space to view the details of the network devices within the discovered topology.

To view discovered topologies, select **Topology Visualization** from the task ribbon and click **View Topology**.

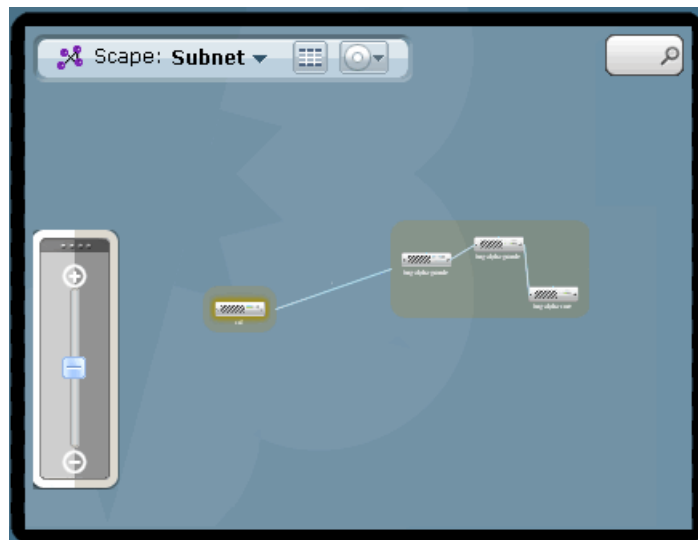
The **View Topology** page appears (Figure 39 on page 165), displaying a topology map of the network elements grouped according to subnets.

Figure 39: Topology Map Grouped According to Subnet



Junos Space enables you zoom into the displayed map and increase the display size of the subnets. As you zoom in further, the subnets expand to display individual devices and their interconnections, as shown in Figure 40 on page 166.

Figure 40: Topology Map (Zoomed in)



You can use the **Search** field to search for devices or subnets based on device or subnet name, MAC address, or IP address. The network element that you searched for is highlighted in the displayed topology map.

By default, Junos Space displays all the devices in the discovered network. However, you can use the device filter to view devices according to vendor (Juniper Networks devices or non Juniper Networks devices). To filter devices, click the view selector panel (Figure 41 on page 166) and click the appropriate icon. See Table 20 on page 166 for more information.

Figure 41: Device Filter

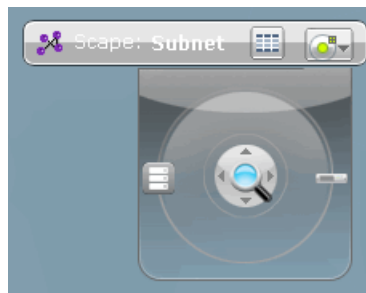


Table 20: Device Filter Icon Description





Icon	Description
	Displays the device filter.
	Displays only Juniper Networks devices. NOTE: This option is only available when you have zoomed in enough to display devices in the topology map.

Table 20: Device Filter Icon Description (*continued*)

Icon	Description
	Displays only non Juniper Networks devices. NOTE: This option is only available when you have zoomed in enough to display devices in the topology map.
	Displays all discovered devices. NOTE: This option is only available when you have zoomed in enough to display devices in the topology map.

From the View Topology page, you can also perform the following actions:

- View Discovered Devices on page 167
- View Device Links on page 168

View Discovered Devices

In Junos Space, you can view device information such as the operating system, IP address, and managed status for all the discovered devices, in tabular form. This table does not include information about end point devices such as PCs or servers.

To view discovered devices:

1. Select **Topology Visualization** from the task ribbon, and click **View Topology**. The **View Topology** page opens.
2. Click the tabular view icon on the view selector panel to view device information in tabular form
The **View Devices** table (Figure 43 on page 168) appears displaying device information as described in Table 22 on page 168.

To go back to the topology map view, click the grid icon. See Table 21 on page 167 for more information.

Figure 42: View Selector Panel



Table 21: View Selector Icon Description





Icon	Description
	Displays the topology details in tabular view.
	Displays the topology details in map view.
	Displays the details of discovered devices in tabular view.
	Displays the details of the links between the discovered devices in tabular view.

Figure 43: View Devices Table

Name	IP Address	Phys Address	Vendor Name	Product Model	OS Version	Managed Status
NS-IDP-250	10.205.61.25	00:30:48:5f:cf:1	Juniper Networks			Unmanaged
bng-tsunami8	10.204.98.57	2c:6b:f5:38:db:0	Juniper Networks	EX4500	JUNOS Base OS Software Suite [10.2I20100511,	Unmanaged
10.204.97.17	10.204.97.17	00:1f:12:36:8d:0	Juniper Networks	EX4200	JUNOS Base OS Software Suite [10.4I20100506,	Unmanaged

Table 22: View Device Column Descriptions

Column Name	Description
Name	Device hostname that the user configured.
IP Address	Management IP address of the discovered device.
Phys Address	MAC address of the discovered device.
Vendor Name	Device vendor name.
Product Model	Model number of the discovered device. For example, EX 3200-24p.
OS Version	Version of the Junos operating system that is running on the discovered device.
Managed Status	Whether the devices are managed in Junos Space or not. The possible options and their definitions are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Managed—The device is managed by Junos Space. Unmanaged—The device is not managed by Junos Space

View Device Links

Using Junos Space Topology Visualization, you can view such information as IP and MAC addresses, port names of the source and destination devices, and link speed for all the links (including edge links). Edge link information includes information about the links between a switch and an end device such as an IP phone or a PC.

To view device links:

1. Select **Topology Visualization** from the task ribbon, and click **View Topology**. The **View Topology** page opens.
2. Click the tabular view icon on the view selector panel to see information about the network devices and their interconnections in tabular form.

The **View Devices** table appears.

3. Click the **View Links** icon to open the **View Links** table.

The **View Links** table (Figure 44 on page 169) displays information about the links between the devices in the discovered network, as described in Table 23 on page 169.

To go back to the topology map view, click the grid icon. See Table 21 on page 167 for more information.

Figure 44: View Links Table

Source Device	Source IP	Source Phys	Source Port	Destination	Destination	Destination	Destination	Link Speed
htest-ssw7	10.204.32.8	00:1f:12:36:	ge-0/0/27	02:00:1f:12:	02:00:1f:12:	-	-	1G
e48p2-nmsft	10.204.97.6	00:1f:12:32:	ge-0/0/2	00:17:cb:70	00:17:cb:70	-	-	100M

Table 23: View Links Column Descriptions

Column Name	Description
Source IP Address	Management IP address of the source device.
Source Physical Address	MAC address of the source device.
Source Port Name	Name of the port on the source device through which the source device connects to the destination device. If no name is configured for the port, Junos Space displays the port number.
Destination IP Address	Management IP address of the destination device.
Destination Physical Address	MAC address of the destination device.
Destination Port Name	Name of the port on the destination device through which the destination device connects to the source device. If no name is configured for the port, Junos Space displays the port number.
Link Speed	Speed of the link between the source and destination devices.

Related Documentation

- [Topology Discovery Overview on page 159](#)

PART 5

Device Images

- Overview on page 173
- Managing Device Images on page 177
- Uploading Device Images on page 187

CHAPTER 15

Overview

- Device Images Overview on page 173
- Device Images User Roles on page 175

Device Images Overview

In Junos Space, a device image is a software installation package that enables you to upgrade or downgrade from one JUNOS release to another. You can download these device images from <https://www.juniper.net/customers/support/>. For more information about downloading the device image, see the *Downloading Software* section of the *Junos OS Installation and Upgrade Guide*.

Junos Space facilitates management of images for JUNOS devices by enabling you to upload device images from your local file system, and deploy these device images onto a device or onto multiple devices of the same device family at once. You can modify the platforms supported by the device image and the description of the device image. After uploading device images, you can stage a device image on a device, verify the checksum, and deploy the staged image whenever required. You can also schedule the staging, deployment, and validation of device images.

The Device Images dashboard graphically displays platforms, device types, and the number of images installed. Clicking the bars within the graph takes you to the **Manage Images** page where only the device images installed on the selected platform are displayed. For example, in the **Device Image Count by Platform Group** graph (Figure 45 on page 174), clicking the green bar of the graph that represents EX4200 takes you to the **Manage Images** page that displays two device image installed on the EX4200 platform devices.

Figure 45: Manage Images Page

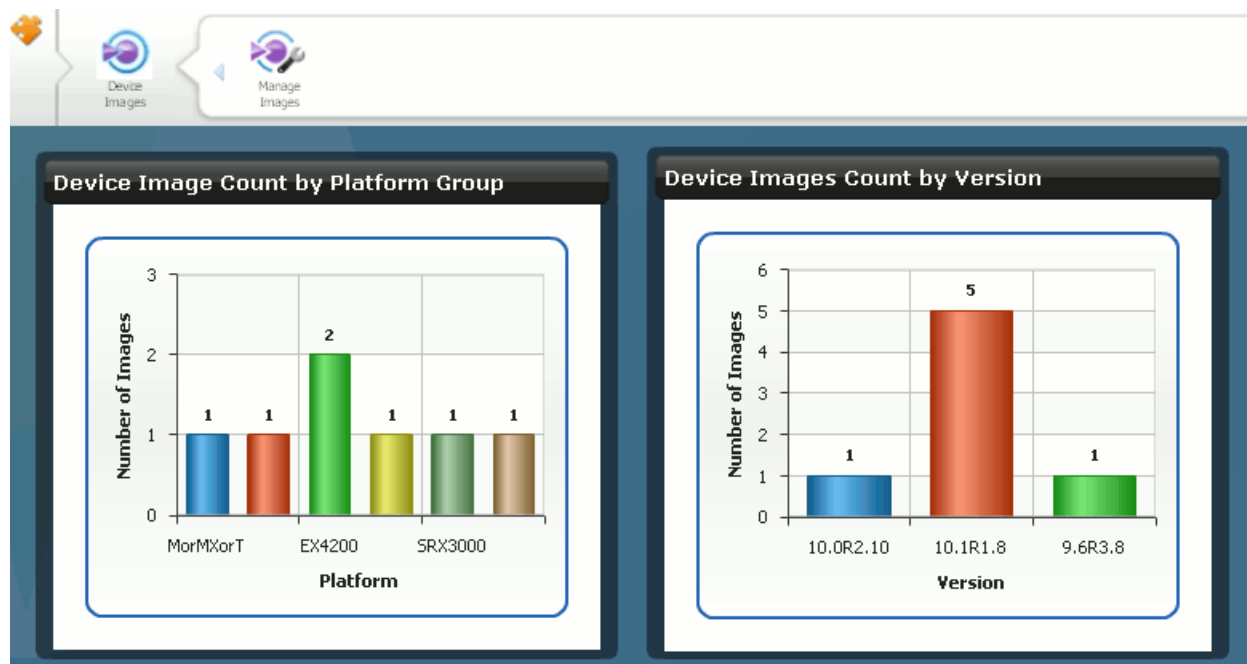


Table 24 on page 174 describes the fields on the **Manage Images** page.

Table 24: Manage Images Page Fields Descriptions

Field	Description
File Name	Name of the device image.
Version	The version that the device image belongs to.
Series	The series that are supported by the device image.

You can perform the following tasks from the **Manage Device Images** page:

- Stage an image on devices
- Verify the checksum
- Deploy device images
- Delete device images
- Modify device images

Related Documentation

- Deploying Device Images on page 180
- Staging Device Images on page 177
- Modifying Device Image Details on page 179
- Uploading Device Images to Junos Space on page 187

Device Images User Roles

The Junos Space User Administrator creates users and assigns roles (permissions) so that you can access and perform different tasks. You cannot view the pages that you do not have access to. While Junos Space allows you to create users and control their access to different tasks, it also has a set of predefined user roles. See Table 25 on page 175 which describes the Device Images tasks that different users have access to, based on the roles assigned to them.

You can create users and manage them on the **Manage Users** page, if you have User Administrator permissions. To create and manage these users, navigate to **Application Switcher > Network Application Platform > Users > Manage Users**. The **Manage Users** page lists the existing users. Use this page to create and assign roles to the Device Images users.

You can also navigate to the **Manage Users** page by selecting **Application Switcher > Jump to Users**.

Table 25: Device Images User Roles

User Role	Permitted Tasks
Device Image Manager	Viewing, uploading, modifying, deleting, staging, verifying the checksum of, and deploying device images.
Device Image Read Only User	Viewing Device Images and Manage Images pages.

- Related Documentation**
- Deploying Device Images on page 180
 - Staging Device Images on page 177

Managing Device Images

- Staging Device Images on page 177
- Verifying the Checksum on page 179
- Modifying Device Image Details on page 179
- Deploying Device Images on page 180
- Deleting Device Images on page 183
- Viewing and Deleting MD5 Validation Results on page 184

Staging Device Images

Junos Space enables you to stage an image on one device or on multiple devices of the same device family at once. Staging an image ahead of time eliminates the time taken to load the image, and helps you directly deploy the device image whenever required. At any given time, you can stage only a single device image. Staging images repeatedly on a device merely replaces the staged device image. While staging device images, you can also delete existing device images from the device. After you stage a device image you can verify the checksum to ensure that the device image was transferred completely.

To stage an image on devices:

1. From the task ribbon select **Device Images > Manage Images**.
The **Manage Images** page is displayed.
2. Select the image that you want to stage on one or more devices.
The selected image is highlighted.
3. Right click the selected device image or go to the Actions panel.
Click **Stage Image on Device**.

The **Stage Image On Device(s)** dialog box displays a list of the Junos Space devices.

Stage Image On Devices

Image name: jinstall-ex-4500-10.3R1.9-domestic-signed.tgz

Host Name	IP Address	Platform	Serial Number	Software Version
tsunami5-nmft	10.204.97.231	EX4500-40F	DE0210215083	11.1-20101030.0

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Staging Options

☐ Delete any existing image before download

☐ Schedule at a later time

Stage Image Cancel

- Select the device or devices on which you want to stage the device image. By default, 25 devices are displayed. Use the navigation arrows to select devices across multiple pages.
- To delete existing device images from the device, expand the **Staging Options** section and check the **Delete any existing image before download** checkbox. This deletes all .tgz files and files whose filenames begin with **jinstall**.
- To schedule a time for staging the device image, check the **Schedule at a later time** checkbox and use the drop-down menus to specify the date and time.
- Click **Stage Image**.
The image is staged on the selected device or devices and a **Jobs** dialog box displays the job ID.
- To verify the status of this job, click the job ID link or navigate to the **Manage Jobs** page and view the status of the job. When there is a failure in the staging of the device image, you can view the reason for failure within the job description.

To verify the checksum of the staged device image, see “Verifying the Checksum” on page 179.

Table 26: Stage Image On Device(s) Dialog Box Fields Descriptions

Field	Description
Image Name	Name of the device image.
Hostname	Identifier used for network communication between Junos Space and the JUNOS device.
IP Address	IP address of the device.
Platform	Model number of the device.
Serial Number	Serial number of the device chassis.

Table 26: Stage Image On Device(s) Dialog Box Fields Descriptions (*continued*)

Field	Description
Software Version	Operating system firmware version running on the device.

- Related Documentation**
- Device Images Overview on page 173
 - Deploying Device Images on page 180

Verifying the Checksum

When you stage an image on a device using Junos Space, sometimes the device image might not get completely transferred to the device. Verifying the checksum helps validate the completeness of the staged device image.

To verify the checksum:

1. From the task ribbon select **Device Images > Manage Images**.
The **Manage Images** page is displayed.
2. Select the image whose checksum you want to verify.
3. Right click the selected device image, and select **Verify Checksum**.
The **Manage Images** dialog box is displayed.
You can also select the **Verify Checksum** link from the Actions panel.
4. Select the devices that have the device image staged on them.
5. To schedule a time for verifying the checksum, check the **Schedule a later time** checkbox and use the drop-down menus to specify the date and time.
6. Click **Verify**.
The selected image is verified and a **Jobs** dialog box displays the job ID.
7. To check the status of verification you can click on the job ID link or navigate to the **Manage Jobs** page and view the job status.

- Related Documentation**
- Device Images Overview on page 173
 - Deploying Device Images on page 180

Modifying Device Image Details

Junos Space enables you to add and modify the description of a device image and also to modify the series that the device image supports.

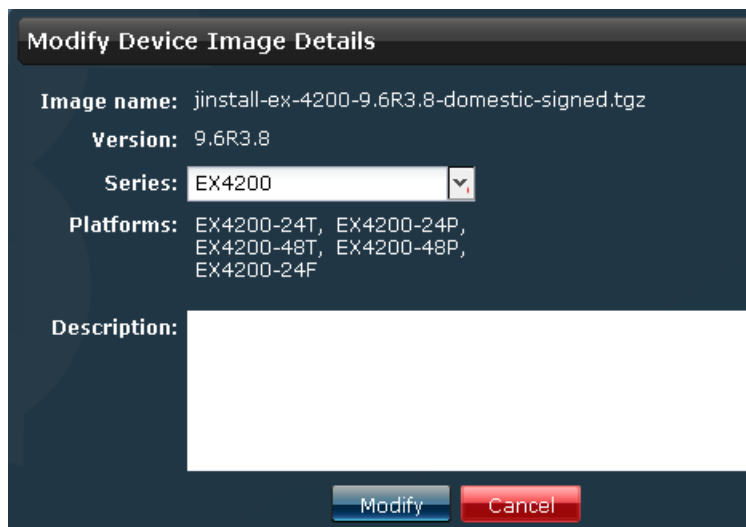
To modify the parameters of a device image:

1. From the task ribbon select **Device Images > Manage Images**.

The **Manage Images** page is displayed.

2. Select the image that you want to modify. The selected image is highlighted.
3. Right click the selected device image or go to the **Actions** panel.
4. Select **Modify Device Image Details**.

The **Modify Device Image Details** dialog box is displayed.



5. To modify the series, use the **Series** drop-down menu and specify the series that the selected device image supports. The platforms that are part of the selected series are automatically displayed in the **Platforms** field and cannot be modified.

To add or modify the description, you can use a maximum of 256 characters within the **Description** field.

6. Click **Modify**.

Your changes are saved. These changes can be viewed on the device image detail and summary view.

**Related
Documentation**

- Device Images Overview on page 173
- Deploying Device Images on page 180
- Deleting Device Images on page 183

Deploying Device Images

Junos Space enables you to deploy device images onto a device or on multiple devices of the same device family at once. During deployment a device image is installed on the device. After you deploy an image onto a device, you can reboot the device, delete the device image from the device, check the device image's compatibility with the current

configuration of the device, and load the image when even a single statement is valid. Using an image that is already staged on a device eliminates the time taken to load the device image on a device and directly jumps to the installation process (See “Staging Device Images” on page 177.) Junos Space also enables you to schedule a time when you want the image to be deployed.

You can deploy a device image only onto devices or platforms supported by that device image. When you select an image for deployment, the list of devices that are displayed contains only those devices that are supported by the selected device image.



NOTE: When you deploy a device image on a dual routing engines (RE), the image is first deployed on the backup RE followed by master RE. If deployment fails on the backup RE, the device image is not deployed on the master RE.



NOTE: In Junos Space an SRX cluster is represented as two individual devices with cluster peer information. When you deploy a device image on an SRX cluster, the installation is done on both the cluster nodes.

To deploy device images:

1. From the task ribbon select **Device Images > Manage Images**.

The **Manage Images** page is displayed.

2. Select the image that you want to deploy.

The selected image is highlighted.

3. Right click the selected device image or go to the Actions panel.

4. Click **Deploy Device Image** from the **Actions** panel.

The **Deploy image on device(s)** page displays the devices that are supported by the selected device image. For a description of the fields on this page see Table 27 on page 182.

Deploy image on device(s)

Image name: jinstall-ex-4200-9.6R3.8-domestic-signed.tgz

Select Devices

Host Name	IP Address	Platform	Serial Number	Software Version
dev2	10.204.97.13	EX4200-24T	BM0208267003	10.2I

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Select Deployment Options

- ☐ Use image already downloaded to device
- ☐ Archive data (Snapshot)
- ☐ Check compatibility with current configuration
- ☐ Load succeeds if at least one statement is valid
- ☐ Remove the package after successful installation
- ☐ Reboot device after successful installation

☐ Schedule at a later time

Deploy Cancel

5. Select the devices on which you want to deploy the device image.
6. To specify different deployment options, check one or more of the **Select Deployment Options** checkboxes.

See Table 28 on page 183 for a description of the deployment options.

7. To schedule a time for deployment, check the **Schedule at a later time** checkbox and use the drop-down menus to specify the date and time.
8. Click **Deploy**.

The selected image is deployed on the specified devices with the deployment options that you specify.

9. To verify, navigate to the **Manage Jobs** page where the status of the deployment job is displayed. When there is a failure in deployment, the job description displays the reason for failure.

Table 27 on page 182 describes the **Deploy image on device(s)** dialog box fields.

Table 27: Deploy Image on Device(s) Dialog Box Fields Descriptions

Field	Description
Image Name	Name of the device image.
Hostname	Identifier used for network communication between Junos Space and the JUNOS device.
IP Address	IP address of the device.

Table 27: Deploy Image on Device(s) Dialog Box Fields Descriptions (*continued*)

Field	Description
Platform	Model number of the device.
Serial Number	Serial number of the device chassis.
Software Version	Operating system firmware version running on the device.

Table 28 on page 183 describes the different deployment options.

Table 28: Deployment Options Description

Deployment Options	Description
Use image already downloaded to device	Use the device image that is staged on the device for deployment.
Archive Data (Snapshot)	Collect and save device data and executable areas.
Check compatibility with current configuration	Verify device image compatibility with the current configuration of the device.
Load succeeds if at least one statement is valid	Ensure that the device image is loaded successfully if even if only one of the statements is valid.
Remove the package after successful installation	Delete the device image from the device after successful installation.
Reboot device after successful installation	Reboot the device after the deployment is successful.

Related Documentation

- Device Images Overview on page 173
- Uploading Device Images to Junos Space on page 187
- Staging Device Images on page 177

Deleting Device Images

You can delete device images from Junos Space including deleting multiple device images simultaneously.

To delete device images from the Junos Space:

1. From the task ribbon select **Device Images > Manage Images**.
The **Manage Images** page is displayed.
2. Select the image that you want to delete.
The selected image is highlighted.

To select multiple device images, click the **Multiple** tab and select the images you want to delete.

3. Right click the selected device image or go to the Actions panel.

4. Select **Delete Device Images**.

The **Delete Device Image** dialog box displays the image filename and the image version number.

5. Click **Delete** to confirm the deletion.

The selected image is deleted from Junos Space and no longer appears on the **Manage Images** page.

Related Documentation

- Device Images Overview on page 173
- Deploying Device Images on page 180
- Staging Device Images on page 177

Viewing and Deleting MD5 Validation Results

Using Junos Space, you can validate completeness of a device image that is staged on devices. See “Verifying the Checksum” on page 179. The result of this validation is displayed on the **Validation Results** page. From this page you can view and delete the validation results.

- Viewing the MD5 Validation Results on page 184
- Deleting the MD5 Validation Results on page 185

Viewing the MD5 Validation Results

The MD5 validation results indicate whether the device image that is staged on a device is completely transferred to the device or not. The result also indicates whether the device image is not present on the selected devices.

To view the MD5 validation results:

1. From the task ribbon select **Device Images > Manage Images**.

The **Manage Images** page displays the list of device images.

2. Select a device image.

3. Right click your selection or use the **Actions** panel and select **MD5 Validation Result**. As shown in Figure 46 on page 185, the **Validation Results** page displays the results of all verification tasks.

Validation Results

Sorted by Verification Time

0 Items Selected

Select: Page | None

Actions

Return to Manage Images

Device image name	Device name	Action	Checksum Result	Remarks	Verification Time
jinstall-ex-3200-10.0R2.10-domestic-signed.tgz	e48t2-nmsft	Verify	Success		May 7, 2010 1:44:22 PM IST
jinstall-ex-3200-10.0R2.10-domestic-signed.tgz	e48p2-nmsft	Verify	Failed	Error from device md5: /var/tmp/jinstall-ex-3200-10.0R2.10-domestic-signed.tgz: No such file or directory	May 7, 2010 1:44:02 PM IST
jinstall-ex-3200-10.0R2.10-domestic-signed.tgz	e123	Verify	Failed	Error from device md5: /var/tmp/jinstall-ex-3200-10.0R2.10-domestic-signed.tgz: No	May 7, 2010 1:44:00 PM IST

For a description of the fields on the **Validation Results** page, see Table 29 on page 185. You can also view these results on the **Manage Jobs** page in Junos Space.

Table 29: Validation Results Page Field Descriptions

Field Name	Description
Device Image Name	Name of the device image selected for verifying the checksum.
Device Name	Name of the selected devices on which the device images are verified.
Action	Name of the action performed.
Checksum Result	Result of the verification
Remarks	Observations made during the verification.
Verification Time	Time at which the verification was initiated.

Deleting the MD5 Validation Results

To delete the MD5 validation results:

- From the task ribbon select **Device Images > Manage Images**.
The **Manage Images** page is displayed.
- Select a device image.
- Right click your selection or use the **Actions** panel and select **MD5 Validation Result**.
The **Validation Results** page displays the results of all verification tasks.
- Select the result that you want to delete.
- Right click your selection or go to the Actions panel and select **Delete Validation Results**.

The **Delete Validation Results** dialog box displays the selected results.

- Click **Delete** to confirm.

The selected results are removed from Junos Space.

- Related Documentation**
- Device Images Overview on page 173
 - Staging Device Images on page 177
 - Verifying the Checksum on page 179

Uploading Device Images

- Uploading Device Images to Junos Space on page 187


Uploading Device Images to Junos Space

To deploy a device image using Junos Space, you must first download the device image from the Juniper Networks Support Web page <http://www.juniper.net/customers/support/>. Download the device image to the local file system of your workstation or client, and then upload it into the JUNOS Space server. Once uploaded, you can stage a device image, verify the checksum, deploy the device image on one or more devices, modify the description and supported platforms, and also delete the device image from Junos Space.

To upload device images:

1. From the task ribbon select **Device Images** > **Manage Images** > **Upload Image**.

The **Upload Image** page is displayed.



2. Click **Browse**.

The **File Upload** dialog box displays the directories and folders on your local file system.

3. Navigate to the device image file and click **Open**.

The image filename is displayed within the Device Image File field.

4. Click **Upload**.

The time taken to upload the file depends on the size of the device image and the connection speed between the local machine and the JUNOS Space server. Once the file is uploaded, into the platform, it is listed on the **Manage Images** page.

Related Documentation

- Device Images Overview on page 173
- Deploying Device Images on page 180

- [Staging Device Images on page 177](#)

PART 6

Scripts

- Overview on page 191
- Managing Scripts on page 195
- Importing Scripts on page 209

CHAPTER 18

Overview

- Scripts Overview on page 191
- Scripts User Roles on page 193

Scripts Overview

Scripts are configuration and diagnostic automation tools provided by the Junos OS. They help reduce network downtime and configuration complexity, automate common tasks, and decrease the time to problem resolution. Junos OS scripts are of three types: commit, op, and event scripts.

- **Commit Script:** Commit scripts enforce custom configuration rules and can be used to automate configuration tasks, enforce consistency, prevent common mistakes, and more. Every time a new candidate configuration is committed, the active commit scripts are called and inspect the new candidate configuration. If a configuration violates your custom rules, the script can instruct the Junos OS to perform various actions, including making changes to the configuration, and generating custom, warning, and system log messages.
- **Op Scripts:** Op scripts enable you to add your own commands to the operational-mode CLI. They can automate the troubleshooting of known network problems, and correcting them.
- **Event Scripts:** Event scripts use event policies to enable you to automate network troubleshooting by diagnosing and fixing issues, monitoring the overall status of the router, and by examining errors periodically. Event scripts are similar to op scripts but are triggered by events that occur on the device.

Using Junos Space you can import multiple scripts into the Junos Space server. After importing scripts, you can perform various tasks such as modifying the scripts, viewing their details, exporting their content, comparing them, and deploying them on multiple devices at once. After you deploy scripts onto devices, you can use Junos Space to enable, disable, and execute them on those devices. You can remove the scripts from the devices as well. To help ensure that the deployed scripts are not corrupt, you can verify the checksum of the scripts.

Junos Space also supports task scheduling. You can specify the date and time when you want a script to be deployed, verified, enabled, disabled, removed, or executed.

The **Network Application Platform- Scripts** dashboard graphically displays the number of scripts and their types. Clicking the bars within this graph takes you to the **Manage Scripts** page (as shown in Figure 48 on page 192, where only the type of script that you selected in the graph is displayed). For example, when you click the blue bar that represents **Commit** scripts, in the **Number of Scripts by Type** graph shown in Figure 47 on page 192, the **Manage Scripts** page displays only the commit scripts that you have imported into Junos Space.

Figure 47: Number of Scripts by Type Graph

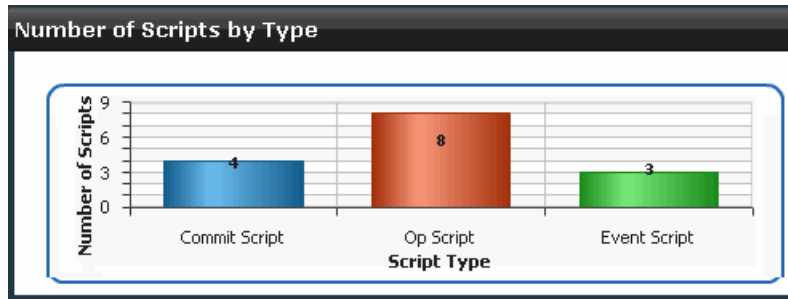


Figure 48: Manage Scripts page

Script Name	Type	Format	Latest Revision	Creation Date	Last Updated Time
op-ping-rtt-org.slax	Op Script	SLAX	1.0	Oct 29, 2010 1:44:48 PM IST	Oct 29, 2010 1:44:48 PM IST
op-ping-rtt.slax	Event Script	SLAX	1.0	Oct 29, 2010 1:44:39 PM IST	Oct 29, 2010 1:44:39 PM IST
show-ospf-adv.xml	Op Script	XSL	1.0	Oct 29, 2010 1:44:31 PM IST	Oct 29, 2010 1:44:31 PM IST
show-interfaces.slax	Op Script	SLAX	1.0	Oct 29, 2010 1:44:22 PM IST	Oct 29, 2010 1:44:22 PM IST
run-on-all.slax	Op Script	SLAX	1.0	Oct 29, 2010 1:44:12 PM IST	Oct 29, 2010 1:44:12 PM IST
ping-recorder.slax	Op Script	SLAX	1.0	Oct 29, 2010 1:44:03 PM IST	Oct 29, 2010 1:44:03 PM IST
op-pingsweep.slax	Event Script	SLAX	1.0	Oct 29, 2010 1:43:55 PM IST	Oct 29, 2010 1:43:55 PM IST
mpls-autobw.slax	Op Script	SLAX	1.0	Oct 29, 2010 1:43:47 PM IST	Oct 29, 2010 1:43:47 PM IST

Table 30 on page 192 describes the information that is displayed on the **Manage Scripts** page.

Table 30: Manage Scripts Page Fields Description

Field	Description
Script Name	The name of the script file.
Type	<p>The type of script. The values are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Commit script Op script Event script

Table 30: Manage Scripts Page Fields Description (*continued*)

Field	Description
Format	The format of the script file. The values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • XSL • SLAX
Version	The version number of the script.
Creation Time	The date and time when the script was created.
Last Updated Time	The latest time when the script was last updated.

You can perform the following tasks from the **Manage Scripts** page:

- Importing a Script on page 209
- Viewing Script Details on page 205
- Modifying a Script on page 195
- Comparing Script Versions on page 196
- Deleting Scripts on page 198
- Exporting Scripts on page 198
- Deploying Scripts on Devices on page 199
- Verifying the Checksum of Scripts on Devices on page 200
- Viewing Verification Results on page 207
- Enabling Scripts on Devices on page 201
- Disabling Scripts on Devices
- Removing Scripts from Devices on page 203
- Executing Scripts on Devices on page 204

Related Documentation

- Scripts User Roles on page 193

Scripts User Roles

The Junos Space User Administrator creates users and assigns roles (permissions) so that you can access and perform different tasks. You cannot view the pages that you do not have access to. You can create users and manage them on the **Manage Users** page, if you have User Administrator permissions. To create and manage these users, navigate to **Application Selector > Network Application Platform > Users > Manage Users**. The **Manage Users** page lists the existing users. Use this page to create and assign roles to the Scripts users. You can also navigate to the **Manage Users** page by selecting

Application Switcher > Jump to Users, or by using the **Users** shortcut from the Scripts task ribbon.

You can enable and disable scripts on devices using Junos Space only if you are a superuser with complete permissions or a user who has been given maintenance privileges.



NOTE: The Junos OS management process executes commit scripts with root permissions, and not the permission levels of the user who is committing the script. If the user has the necessary access permissions to commit the configuration, then Junos OS performs all actions of the configured commit scripts, regardless of the privileges of the user who is committing the script.

Table 31 on page 194 describes the Scripts tasks that different users have access to, based on the roles assigned to them.

Table 31: Scripts User Roles and Permitted Actions

User Role	Permitted Tasks
Device Script Manager	Viewing, importing, modifying, comparing, deleting, deploying, enabling, disabling, verifying, removing, and executing scripts.
Device Script Read Only User	Viewing Scripts and Manage Scripts pages. Exporting scripts.

Related Documentation

- [Scripts Overview on page 191](#)

Managing Scripts

- Modifying a Script on page 195
- Comparing Script Versions on page 196
- Deleting Scripts on page 198
- Exporting Scripts on page 198
- Deploying Scripts on Devices on page 199
- Verifying the Checksum of Scripts on Devices on page 200
- Enabling Scripts on Devices on page 201
- Removing Scripts from Devices on page 203
- Executing Scripts on Devices on page 204
- Viewing Script Details on page 205
- Viewing Verification Results on page 207

Modifying a Script

You can use Junos Space to modify the contents of scripts, and their versions to the latest version of the script. You can also add your comments to the details of a script. When you modify a script, by default, the script is saved as the latest version.

To modify script details:

1. From the Network Application Platform task ribbon, select **Scripts > Manage Scripts**.
The **Manage Scripts** page displays the scripts that you imported into Junos Space.
2. Select the script that you want to modify.
3. Right-click your selection or use the **Actions** panel, and select **Modify**.

The **Modify Script** dialog box displays the details of the script, as shown in Figure 49 on page 196.

Figure 49: Modify Script Dialog Box

Modify Script

Script name: delta.slax

Type: Op Script

Version: 1.3

Script contents:

```
version 1.0;

ns junos = "http://xml.juniper.net/junos/* /junos";
ns xnm = "http://xml.juniper.net/xnm/1.1/xnm";
ns ics = "http://xml.juniper.net/junos/commit-scripts/1.0";

/* 1.2
* This script is called in two passes. On the first pass, it is
*   op delta | display xml | save /tmp/save.xml
*
* At a later point, the script is invoked a second time, but this
```

Comments: only comment added 1.2 1

Save as Latest Revision Cancel

4. You can modify the version of the script, its contents, and the comments about the script.
5. Click **Save as Latest Revision**.
Your changes are saved to the latest version of the script and the old version of the script is also retained. To verify these changes you can view the details of this script. See “Viewing Script Details” on page 205.
6. Click **Cancel** to return to the **Manage Scripts** page.

Related Documentation

- Deploying Scripts on Devices on page 199

Comparing Script Versions

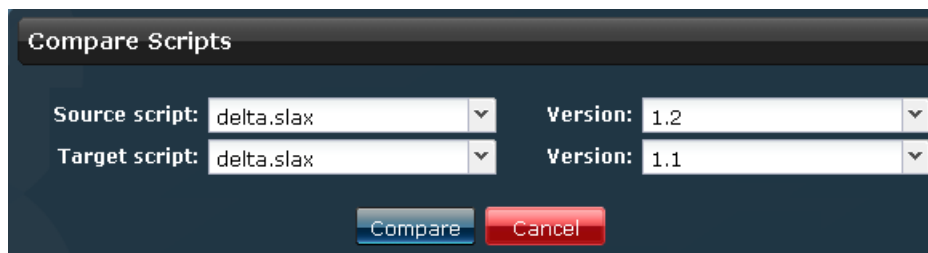
Using Junos Space you can compare two scripts and view their differences. This comparison can be done with two different scripts or between the same scripts of different versions.

To compare scripts:

1. From the Network Application Platform task ribbon select, **Scripts > Manage Scripts**.
The **Manage Scripts** page displays the scripts that you imported into Junos Space.
2. Select the script that you want to compare.
3. Right-click your selection or use the **Actions** panel, and select **Compare Script Versions**.

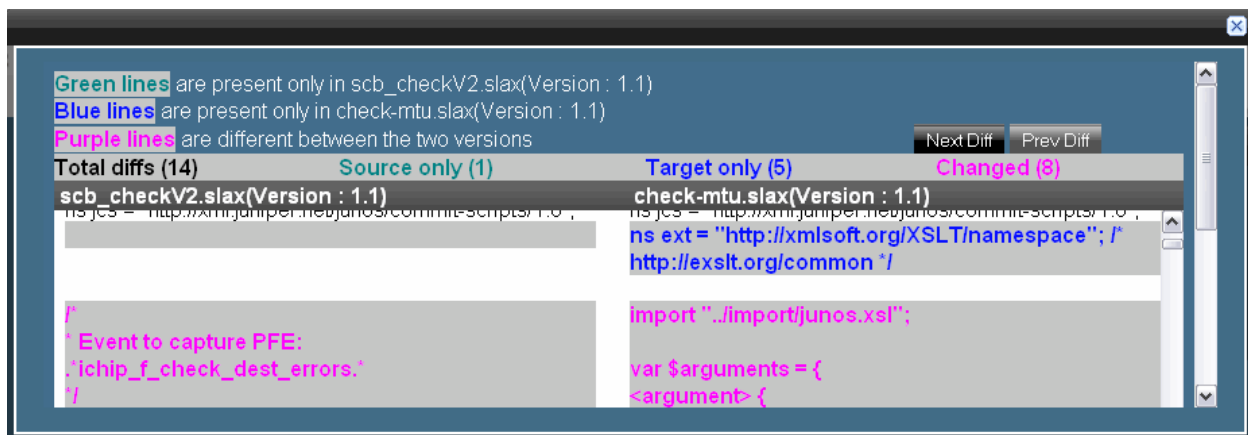
The **Compare Scripts** dialog box is displayed. Figure 50 on page 197 is an example of the Compare Scripts dialog box where two same scripts of different versions are compared.

Figure 50: Compare Scripts Dialog Box



4. Use the **Source script** and **Target script** drop-down lists to select the scripts that you want to compare.
5. Use the **Version** drop-down lists to specify the versions of the source and target scripts that you have selected.
6. Click **Compare**.
The differences between the scripts are displayed as shown in Figure 51 on page 197. Use the **Next Diff** and **Prev Diff** buttons to navigate to the next change or the previous change respectively.

Figure 51: Compare Scripts Window



The differences between the two scripts are represented using three different colors:

- Green— The green lines represent the changes that appear only in the source script.
- Blue— The blue lines represent the changes that appear only in the target script.
- Purple— The purple lines represent the changes that are different between the two scripts.

After the **Next Diff** and **Prev Diff** buttons, the total number of differences, the number of differences in the source script, the number of differences in the target script, and the number of changes are displayed.

7. Click **x** to close the window and return to the **Manage Scripts** page.

- Related Documentation**
- [Modifying a Script on page 195](#)
 - [Deploying Scripts on Devices on page 199](#)
 - [Scripts Overview on page 191](#)

Deleting Scripts

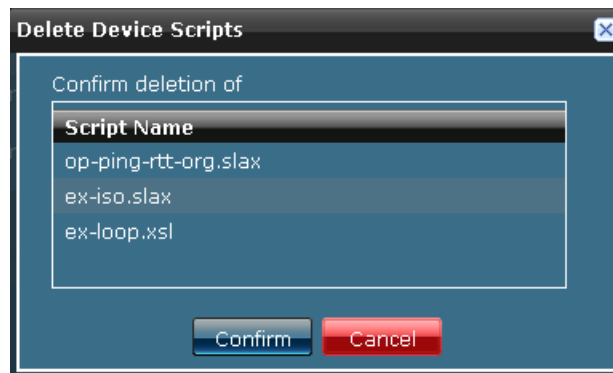
You can use Junos Space to delete the scripts that you import into the Junos Space server. When you delete a script, all versions of that script and the checksum verification results associated to that scrip are deleted.

To delete scripts:

1. From the Network Application Platform task ribbon, select **Scripts > Manage Scripts**.
The **Manage Scripts** page displays the scripts that you imported into Junos Space.
2. Select the scripts that you want to delete.
3. Right-click your selection or use the **Actions** panel, and click **Delete**.

The **Delete Device Scripts** dialog box lists the scripts that you chose for deletion.

Figure 52: Delete Device Scripts Dialog Box



4. Click **Confirm**.
The selected scripts are deleted and the **Jobs** dialog box displays a job ID link. You can click the link to view the status of the delete operation on the **Manage Jobs** page.
5. Click **Cancel** to return to the **Manage Scripts** page.

- Related Documentation**
- [Modifying a Script on page 195](#)

Exporting Scripts

You can use Junos Space to export the contents of a script and save it on your local file system.

To export the contents of a script:

1. From the Network Application Platform task ribbon, select **Scripts > Manage Scripts**.
The **Manage Scripts** page displays the scripts that you imported into Junos Space.
2. Select the script that you want to export.
3. Right-click your selection or use the **Actions** panel and select **Export Scripts**.
The **Export Scripts** dialog box displays a link to the script file.
4. Click the link and save the file onto your local file system.

Related Documentation

- Scripts Overview on page 191

Deploying Scripts on Devices

You can use Junos Space to deploy scripts onto a device or onto multiple devices. When you deploy a script, the latest version of the script file is transferred onto the device, and the MD5 checksum of the transferred file is verified with that of the script on Junos Space. If the result of the verification indicates that the script transferred onto the device is valid, then the script is enabled on the device. After you deploy scripts to devices, you can enable, disable, and execute them on those devices. You can remove the scripts from the device as well. Junos Space also enables you to schedule a time when you want the script to be deployed.

During script deployment, commit scripts are copied to the `/var/db/scripts/commit` directory on the device, op scripts are copied to the `/var/db/scripts/op` directory on the device, and event scripts are copied to the `/var/db/scripts/event` directory on the device. When you deploy scripts on dual REs, the scripts are copied to both REs, and in case of VCs, the scripts are copied to all of the FPCs.



CAUTION: If the selected device already has a script with the same filename as the script that you have selected for deployment, then the deployed script overwrites the existing script.

To deploy a script:

1. From the Network Application Platform task ribbon, select **Scripts > Manage Scripts**.
The **Manage Scripts** page displays the scripts that you imported into Junos Space.
2. Select one or more scripts that you want to deploy.
When you deploy a script, the latest version of the script is deployed onto the device.
3. Right-click your selection or use the **Actions** panel, and click **Deploy Scripts on Devices**.
The **Deploy Scripts on Device(s)** dialog box displays the list of devices on which the script can be deployed, as shown in Figure 53 on page 200.

Figure 53: Deploy Scripts On Device(s) Dialog Box

Deploy Scripts On Device(s)

Script name(s): op-ping-rtt-org.slax
ex-iso.slax

Select Devices

Host Name	IP Address	Platform	Serial Number	Software Version
Sudhaker-M120	10.204.92.13	M120	JN108DEB7AEA	10.1R3.7
10.205.105.2	10.205.105.2	EX4200-48P	BQ0208473139	10.0R1.8

Page 1 of 1 | Displaying 1 - 2

☒ Schedule at a later time

Date and time: 07/21/10 12:02 AM IST

Deploy Cancel

4. Select the devices on which you want to deploy the script.
 5. (Optional) To schedule a time for deployment, check the **Schedule at a later time** checkbox and specify the date and time when you want the script to be deployed.
 6. Click **Deploy**.
- The scripts are deployed on the selected devices and the **Jobs** dialog box displays a job ID link. You can click the link to view the status of the deployment action on the **Manage Jobs** page.
7. Click **Cancel** to return to the **Manage Scripts** page.

Related Documentation

- Verifying the Checksum of Scripts on Devices on page 200

Verifying the Checksum of Scripts on Devices

A script that is transferred to a device can be corrupt. Verifying the checksum of the script using Junos Space ensures that the transferred script is not corrupt. Junos Space enables you to verify the checksum of multiple scripts that are deployed on the devices.

When you verify scripts that have multiple versions, the latest version of selected scripts are verified with the version of script that is available on the device. If the version of the script present on the device does not match the version that it is compared with, you will be notified by an error message.

To verify the checksum of a script:

1. From the Network Application Platform task ribbon, select **Scripts > Manage Scripts**.

The **Manage Scripts** page displays the scripts that you imported into Junos Space.

2. Select the script whose checksum you want to verify.
3. Right-click your selection or use the **Actions** panel, and select **Verify Checksum**.

The **Verify Checksum of Scripts on Device(s)** dialog box is displayed as shown in Figure 54 on page 201.

Figure 54: Verify Checksum of Scripts on Device(s) Dialog Box

Verify Checksum of Scripts On Device(s)

Script name(s): op-ping-rtt-org.slax
ex-iso.slax

Host Name	IP Address	Platform	Serial Number	Software Version
Sudhaker-M120	10.204.92.13	M120	JN108DEB7AEA	10.1R3.7
10.205.105.2	10.205.105.2	EX4200-48P	BQ0208473139	10.0R1.8

Page 1 of 1 | Displaying 1 - 2

☒ Schedule at a later time

Date and time: 07/21/10 12:03 AM IST

Verify Checksum Cancel

4. Select the devices that have the script deployed on them.
5. To schedule a time for verification, check the **Schedule at a later time** checkbox and use the drop-down menus to specify the date and time when you want the script to be verified.
6. Click **Verify Checksum**.

The result of this verification is displayed, and a **Jobs** dialog box displays a job ID link. You can click the link to view the status of the verification operation on the **Manage Jobs** page. To display the checksum verification results, see “Viewing Verification Results” on page 207.

7. Click **Cancel** to return to the **Manage Scripts** page.

Related Documentation

- Enabling Scripts on Devices on page 201

Enabling Scripts on Devices

After you deploy scripts on devices, you can use Junos Space to enable these scripts on one or more devices at once.

When you enable scripts using Junos Space, depending on the type of script, an appropriate configuration is added on the device. For example, for a file named `bgp-active.slax`, the configuration added to the device is as follows:

- For a commit script:
Example: [edit]
`regress@e48t2-nmsft# set system scripts commit file bgp-active.slax`
- For an op script:
Example: [edit]
`regress@e48t2-nmsft# set system scripts op file bgp-active.slax`
- For an event script:
Example: [edit]
`regress@e48t2-nmsft# set system scripts event file bgp-active.slax`



CAUTION: If the filename of the selected script matches that of any script present on the device, then the script on the device is enabled regardless of its contents.

To enable scripts on devices:

1. From the Network Application Platform task ribbon, select **Scripts > Manage Scripts**.
The **Manage Scripts** page displays the scripts that you imported into Junos Space.
2. Select one or more scripts that you want to enable on devices.
3. Right-click your selection or use the **Actions** panel and select **Enable Scripts on Devices**.

The **Enable Scripts on Device(s)** page is displayed.

Figure 55: Enable Scripts on Device(s) Dialog Box

Enable Scripts On Device(s)

Script name: `ex-max-prefix.slax`,

Select Devices

Host Name	IP Address	Platform	Serial Number	Software Version
10.204.92.13	10.204.92.13	M120	JN108DE87AEA	10.2R1.8
olive0	10.94.162.92	M120		10.2R1.8
olive1	10.94.163.165	OLIVE		10.2R1.8

Page 1 of 1 | Displaying 1 - 3 of

☐ Schedule at a later time

Enable **Cancel**

4. Select the devices on which you want the script to be enabled.
5. To schedule a time for enabling the script, check the **Schedule at a later time** checkbox and specify the date and time when you want the script to be enabled.
6. Click **Enable**.

The selected scripts are enabled on the devices, and the **Jobs** dialog box displays a link to the Job ID. You can click the link to view the status of this task on the **Manage Jobs** page.

Click **Cancel** to return to the **Manage Scripts** page.

Related Documentation

- Executing Scripts on Devices on page 204

Removing Scripts from Devices

You can use Junos Space to delete the scripts that you have transferred onto devices.



CAUTION: If the filename of the selected script matches that of any script present on the device, then the script on the device is removed regardless of its contents.

To remove scripts from devices:

1. From the Network Application Platform task ribbon, select **Scripts > Manage Scripts**.
The **Manage Scripts** page displays the scripts that you imported into Junos Space.
2. Select the script that you want to remove from the device
3. Right-click your selection or use the **Actions** panel, and select **Remove Scripts from Devices**.

The **Remove Scripts from Device(s)** dialog box lists the devices that the script is deployed on.

4. Select the devices from which you want the script to be removed.
5. Click **Remove**.

The script is removed from the selected devices, and a **Jobs** dialog box displays a job ID link. You can click the link to view the status of the script removal operation on the **Manage Jobs** page.

Click **Cancel** to return to the **Manage Scripts** page.

Related Documentation

- Deploying Scripts on Devices on page 199

Executing Scripts on Devices

You can use Junos Space to trigger the execution of op-scripts on one or more devices simultaneously. Commit and event scripts are automatically activated after they are enabled. Commit scripts get triggered every time a commit is called on the device and event scripts are triggered every time an event occurs on the device or if a time is specified.



CAUTION: If the filename of the selected script matches that of any script present on the device, then the script on the device is executed regardless of its contents.

To execute an op-script on devices:

1. From the Network Application Platform task ribbon, select **Scripts > Manage Scripts**.
The **Manage Scripts** page displays the scripts that you imported into Junos Space.
2. Select the op-script that you want to execute on a device.
3. Right-click your selection or use the **Actions** panel and select **Execute Script on Device(s)**.

The **Execute Script on Device(s)** page is displayed as shown in Figure 56 on page 204.

Figure 56: Execute Script on Device(s) Dialog Box

Execute Script On Device(s)

Script name: setMacLimitBpduDrop.slax

Select Devices

Host Name	IP Address
<input type="checkbox"/> 10.204.92.13	10.204.92.13
<input type="checkbox"/> olive0	10.94.162.92
<input type="checkbox"/> olive1	10.94.163.165

Page 1 of 1 | Displaying 1 - 3 of

Parameters needed for script execution

Name	Value
<input type="text" value="Enter parameter name"/>	<input type="text" value="Enter parameter value"/>

☐ Schedule at a later time

4. Select the devices on which you want the script to be executed.

5. To specify the parameters for script execution, click **Add Parameters**, and specify the parameter name and value in the row that is displayed.
6. To schedule a time to execute the script, check the **Schedule at a later time** checkbox and specify the date and time when you want the script to be executed.
7. Click **Execute**.

The selected scripts are executed on the devices, and the **Jobs** dialog box displays a link to the Job ID. You can click the link to view the status of this task on the **Manage Jobs** page.

Click **Cancel** to return to the **Manage Scripts** page.

**Related
Documentation**

- Enabling Scripts on Devices on page 201

Viewing Script Details

Using Junos Space, you can view detailed information about a script, such as its name, type, format, creation time, version, comments, and the contents of the script.

To view the details of a script:

1. From the Network Application Platform task ribbon, select **Scripts > Manage Scripts**.

The **Manage Scripts** page displays the scripts that you imported into Junos Space.

2. Double click the script whose details you want to view.

The **View Script Details** dialog box displays the script name, type, format, creation time, version, comments and the contents of the script as shown in Figure 57 on page 206.

Figure 57: Script Details Dialog Box

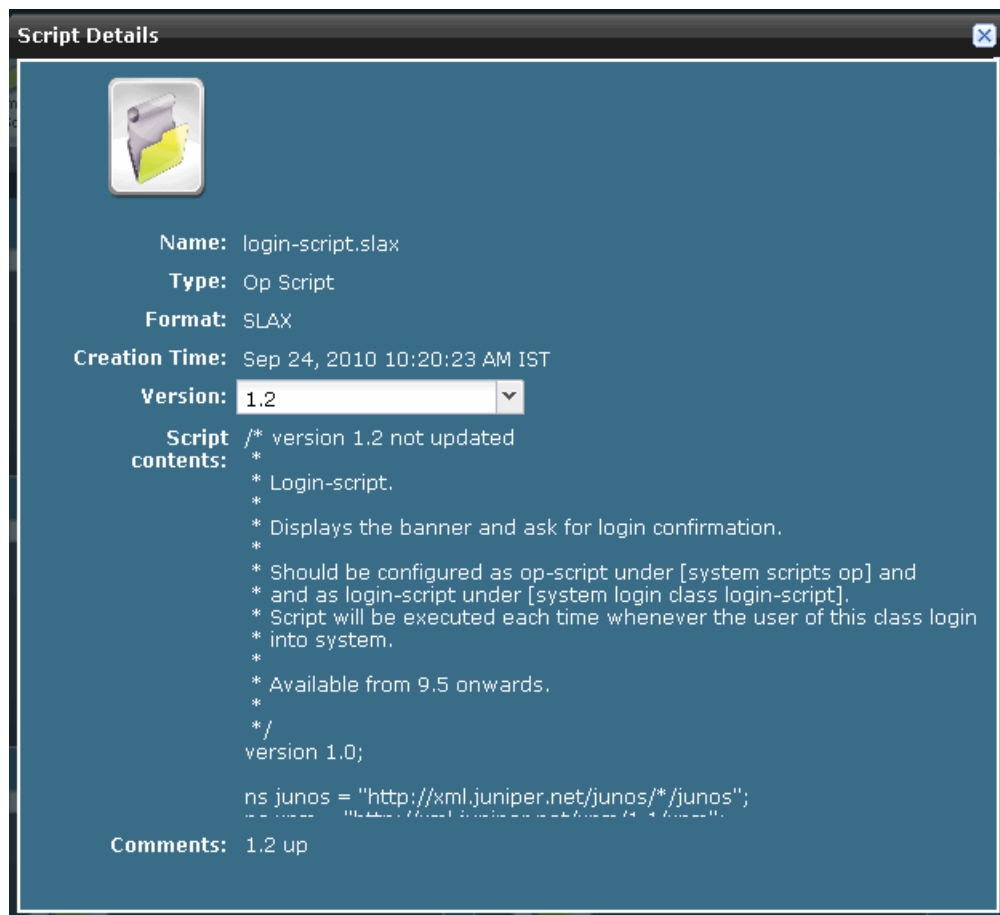


Table 32 on page 206 describes the fields displayed in the **Script Details** dialog box.

Table 32: Script Details Dialog Box Fields Description

Field	Description
Name	Name of the script file.
Type	Type of script. The values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Commit script Op script Event script
Format	Format of the script file. The values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> XSL SLAX
Creation Time	Date and time when the script was created.

Table 32: Script Details Dialog Box Fields Description (*continued*)

Field	Description
Version	The version number of the script. When you modify a script, the changes are saved in the latest version of the script.
Script Contents	The contents of the script.
Comments	Text that describes the script that is entered by the user.

Related Documentation

- Exporting Scripts on page 198

Viewing Verification Results

You can use Junos Space to view the results of the checksum verification task. When a verification failure occurs, the results indicate the reason for failure. When you delete a script, the checksum verification results associated to that scrip are also deleted.

To view the verification results:

- From the Network Application Platform task ribbon, select **Scripts > Manage Scripts**.
The **Manage Scripts** page displays the scripts that you imported into Junos Space.
- Select the script whose verification result you want to view.
- Right-click your selection or use the **Actions** panel and select **View Verification Results**.

Figure 58: Script Verification Results Dialog Box

Script Verification Results					
Return to Manage Scripts					
Script name	Device name	Result	Start Time	Last Update Time	Remarks
op-ping-rtt-org.slax	Sudhaker-M120	Success	Jul 20, 2010 10:16:00 PM IST	Jul 20, 2010 10:16:00 PM IST	Script verified successfully

The **Script Verification Results** page displays the results of the checksum verification, as shown in Figure 58 on page 207.

Table 33 on page 207 describes the fields on the **Script Verification Results** page.

Table 33: Script Verification Results Page Fields Description

Field Name	Description
Script name	Filename of the script that is selected for verifying the checksum.
Device name	Name of the device on which the script is verified.

Table 33: Script Verification Results Page Fields Description (*continued*)

Field Name	Description
Result	Result of the verification. The values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Success• Failed
Start Time	Time when the verification was initiated.
Last Update Time	Latest time when the verification was updated.
Remarks	Errors encountered during the verification. This field is blank when the verification is successful.

4. Click the **Return to Manage Scripts** link to return to the **Manage Scripts** page.

Related Documentation

- Executing Scripts on Devices on page 204

Importing Scripts

- Importing a Script on page 209

Importing a Script

Using Junos Space you can import scripts into the Junos Space server. To import scripts you must first save them on the local file system of your workstation or client, ensure that they are of the .slax or .xsl format, and also ensure that they are commit, op, or event scripts. After importing scripts, you can perform various tasks on them such as viewing their contents, exporting them, modifying them, comparing them, verifying their checksum, viewing the verification results, enabling and disabling them on devices, removing them from devices, executing them on devices, and deploying them on one or more devices simultaneously.

In the earlier releases, op scripts were run as event scripts by copying the op script to the /var/db/scripts/event folder and enabling it with event-options and event-policies. For the subsequent releases, we recommended that you use dedicated event scripts where the event-options and policies were specified in the script itself. In Junos Space, op scripts cannot be run as event scripts.

To import a script to Junos Space:

1. From the Network Application Platform task ribbon, select **Scripts > Manage Scripts > Import Script**.

The **Import Script** dialog box is displayed as shown in Figure 59 on page 209.

Figure 59: Import Scripts Dialog Box



2. Click **Browse**.

The **File Upload** dialog box displays the directories and folders on your local file system.

3. Locate the script that you want to upload and click **Open**.

4. Click **Upload**.

The selected script is uploaded into Junos Space and displayed on the Manage Scripts page.

5. Click **Cancel** to return to the **Manage Scripts** page.

**Related
Documentation**

- Viewing Script Details on page 205

PART 7

Job Management

- Overview on page 213
- Managing Jobs on page 217

CHAPTER 21

Overview

- Job Management Overview on page 213

Job Management Overview

The Job Management workspace lets you monitor the status of all jobs that have been run in all Junos Space applications. A job is a user-initiated action that is performed on a Junos Space object, such as a device, service, or customer. All scheduled jobs can be monitored.

Typical jobs in Junos Space include device discovery, deploying services, prestaging devices, and performing functional and configuration audits. Jobs can be scheduled to occur immediately or in the future. For all jobs scheduled in Junos Space, you can view job status from the **Jobs** workspace. Junos Space maintains a history of job status for all scheduled jobs. When a job is scheduled from a workspace, Junos Space assigns a job ID that serves to identify the job (along with the job type) in the Manage Jobs inventory panel.

You can perform the following tasks from the **Jobs** workspace:

- View status of all scheduled, running, canceled, and completed jobs
- Retrieve details about the execution of a specific job
- View statistics about average execution times for jobs, types of jobs that are run, and success rate
- Cancel a scheduled job or in-progress job (when the job has stalled and is preventing other jobs from starting)

Junos Space supports the following job types:



NOTE: The job types listed here may not represent the job types you are able to manage in your Junos Space software release. Job types are subject to change based on the licensed application in your Junos Space software release.

Table 34: Junos Space Job Types Per Application

Junos Space Application	Supported Job Types
Platform	Add Node
	Discover Network Elements
	Update Device
	Delete Device
	Resync Network Element
	Role Assignment
	Audit Log Archive and Purge
Network Activate	Deploy Service
	Prestage Device
	Role Assignment
	Service Deployment
	Service Decommission
	Functional Audit
	Configuration Audit
Service Now	Install AI-Scripts
	Uninstall AI-Scripts
Ethernet Design	Provision Device Profile
	Provision Port Profile
Security Design	Provisioning Security
	Policy Provisioning IPSec VPN
	Importing Address/Domain in Security Topology
QoS Design	Discover Domain
	Create QoS Profile

- Related Documentation**
- [Viewing Scheduled Jobs on page 219](#)
 - [Viewing Statistics for Scheduled Jobs on page 222](#)
 - [Canceling a Job on page 225](#)

CHAPTER 22

Managing Jobs

- Viewing Your Jobs on page 217
- Viewing Scheduled Jobs on page 219
- Viewing Statistics for Scheduled Jobs on page 222
- Canceling a Job on page 225
- Viewing Job Recurrence on page 225

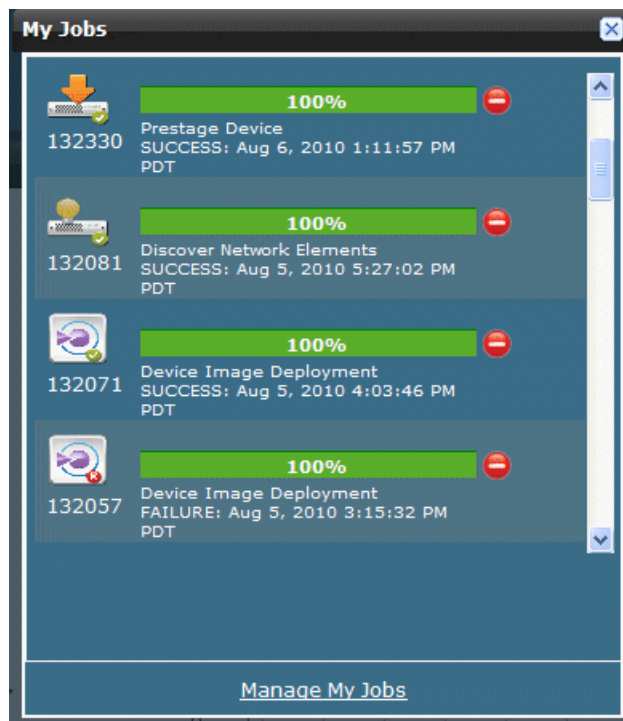
Viewing Your Jobs

You can view all your completed, in-progress, and scheduled jobs in Junos Space. You can quickly access summary and detailed information about all your jobs, from any work space and from any task you are currently performing. You can also clear jobs from your list when jobs are no longer of interest to you.

To view the jobs that you have initiated:

1. In the banner of the Junos Space user interface, click the **My Jobs** icon.

The My Jobs window is displayed, as shown in the following example.



NOTE: The My Jobs window displays your 25 most recent jobs.

2. To view jobs details, select one or more jobs in the My Jobs window and click **Manage My Jobs**.

The Manage Jobs inventory panel displays a listing of all jobs that you initiated.

3. To remove jobs from the My Jobs window:
 - To remove a job, click on the **Clear job** icon that is displayed to the right of the job.



NOTE: Clearing a job from the My Jobs window does not affect the job itself, but only updates the My Jobs view.

Related Documentation

- Viewing Statistics for Scheduled Jobs on page 222
- Canceling a Job on page 225
- Job Management Overview on page 213

Viewing Scheduled Jobs

The Manage Jobs inventory page displays all jobs that have been scheduled to run or have run from each Junos Space application.

- Changing the View on page 219
- Viewing Job Types on page 220
- Viewing Job Status Indicators on page 220
- Viewing Job Details, Status, and Results on page 221
- Performing Manage Jobs Commands on page 222

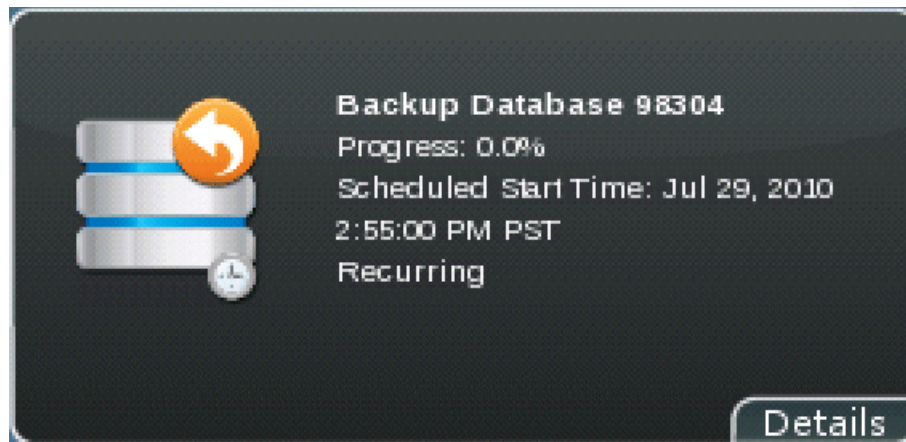
Changing the View

You can display jobs in two views: thumbnail and tabular. By default, Jobs appear on the page in thumbnail view.

In thumbnail view, jobs appear as icons listed in descending order by job ID. Each job has a title and job ID. To see more detailed job information, status, or results, double-click a job icon or move the zoom slider to the far right. The default zoom slider position is in the middle.



NOTE: A recurring database job appears as follows:



In tabular view, jobs appear in a table sorted by scheduled start time by default. Each job is a row in the Manage Jobs table.



NOTE: A recurring database backup job provides the following information in the Recurrence column of the Manage Jobs table.



To change views:

- Click a view indicator at the right in the Manage Jobs page title bar.

Viewing Job Types

Job types tell you what tasks or operations have been performed throughout Junos Space applications. Each Junos Space application supports certain job types. You can search for a particular job type. You can also sort by job type in tabular view. For more information about how to manipulate inventory page data, see “Inventory Pages Overview” on page 28.

To view job types:

- In thumbnail view, see the job icon and the job title. You can also mouse over a job icon to see its title.
- In tabular view, the job type appears as a column in the table. You can sort by

Viewing Job Status Indicators

Each job icon on the Manage Jobs inventory page in thumbnail view has a job status indicator. Table 35 on page 220 defines each job status indicator.

Table 35: Job Icon Status Indicators






Job Status Indicator	Description
	The job completed successfully.
	The job failed.
	The job was canceled by a user.

Table 35: Job Icon Status Indicators (*continued*)

	The job is scheduled.
	The job is in progress. You can only cancel jobs that are in progress from the Actions drawer.

Viewing Job Details, Status, and Results

Job details display all of the information that is stored about a job. You can also view job status and results.

To view job status, results, or details:

- Double-click a job icon in thumbnail view or double-click a row in the table in tabular view.
- Move the zoom slider to the far right in thumbnail view.

Table 36 on page 221 defines job information. All job information appears in the Job Details dialog, but not all of it appears in the Manage Jobs table. If a column is common to every job, for example, State and Percent, then it appears in both. But, if it's specific to each type of job, for example for Backup Database (Backup Date, Machine, and File Path), then it only appears in job details. Although the Details column for this job in Manage Jobs might show a subset of that information.

Table 36: Job Details and Columns in the Manage Jobs Table

Field	Description
Name	For most jobs, the name is the Job Type with the timestamp (in milliseconds) appended. However, for service-related jobs (Deploy Service, Decommission, Configuration Audit, and Functional Audit) jobs, the job name is supplied by the user as part of the workflow.
Backup Date	Date you backed up the database.
Comment	An optional descriptive note that describes or otherwise identifies the backup operation.
Machine	Name of the Junos Space server from which database backup occurred.
File Path	The pathname to the database backup file.
Percent	Percentage of job that has completed.
State	State of job execution: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SUCCESS—Job completed successfully • FAILURE—Job failed and was terminated. • IN PROGRESS—Job is in progress.. • CANCELED—Job was canceled by a user.
Job Type	The supported job types. Job types depend on the installed Junos Space applications.

Table 36: Job Details and Columns in the Manage Jobs Table (*continued*)

Job ID	The numerical ID of the job.
Summary	The operations executed for the job.
Scheduled Start Time	The scheduled start time for the job (specified by a Junos Space user).
Scheduled Start Time (not displayed in default view)	Time when Junos Space begins execution of the job. In most cases, actual start time should be the same as the scheduled start time.
User	The log in username.
End Time (not displayed in default view)	Time that the job completed or was terminated, if job execution failed.

Performing Manage Jobs Commands

You can perform the following commands from the Manage Jobs Actions drawer:

- **Cancel Job**—Stop a scheduled job. See “Canceling a Job” on page 225.
- **Delete Database Backup**—Delete a backup database backup file in the Manage Jobs inventory. See “Deleting Database Backup Files” on page 305.
- **View Recurrence**—Displays the View Job Recurrence dialog box from which you can view the recurring database job start date and time, recurrence interval, end date and time, and job ID to view all occurrences of the schedule. See “Viewing Job Recurrence” on page 225
- **Tag It**—Apply a tag to a job to segregate, filter, and categorize jobs. See “Tagging an Object” on page 343
- **View Tags**—View tags applied to a job. See “Viewing Tags” on page 344.
- **Untag It**—Remove a tag from a job. See “Untagging Objects” on page 345.

Related Documentation

- Viewing Statistics for Scheduled Jobs on page 222
- Job Management Overview on page 213
- Canceling a Job on page 225

Viewing Statistics for Scheduled Jobs

The Platform Job Management workspace statistics page displays the following graphical data:

- Job Types pie chart
- State of Jobs Run pie chart

- Average Execution Time per Completed Job bar chart

This topic includes the following tasks:

- Viewing the Types of Jobs That Are Run on page 223
- Viewing the State of Jobs That Have Run on page 223
- Viewing Average Execution Times for Jobs on page 224

Viewing the Types of Jobs That Are Run

Viewing Job Types—The Job Types pie chart displays the percentage of all Junos Space jobs that run of a particular type. Each slice in the pie chart represents a job type and the percentage of time a job type was run. The job type legend appears to the right identifying the job type titles according to colors. Scroll down the list to see all of the job types. The number of jobs that appear in the job types legend depend on the number of jobs that have run in all Junos Space applications. Mousing over a slice in the pie chart displays the job type title and the number of jobs that have run.

Viewing Job Types Details—Clicking a job type in the Job Types pie chart displays only those job types filtered on the Manage Jobs inventory landing page. For more information about the Manage Jobs page, see “Viewing Scheduled Jobs” on page 219. The selected job types display in thumbnail view. Click **More** in the thumbnail displays that job’s status by device name, IP address, job status, and description. Move the details slider at the top right of the Manage Jobs page to the far right or change to tabular view to see the job details data fields: percentage complete, state, job type, job ID summary selected start time, and user name.

To view all the data fields available for a job in Manage Jobs in tabular view:

1. Select the down arrow in a table column. The drop-down sort and column menu appears.
2. Select **Columns**. The Columns cascading menu appears. You see all of the possible job data fields to show or hide. Checked jobs columns appear on the Manage Jobs table. Job columns that are not checked are hidden and do not appear in the table.

Viewing the State of Jobs That Have Run

Viewing the Job State—The State of Jobs Run pie chart graphically displays the percentage of jobs that have either succeeded or failed. Mouse over the pie chart to see the number of jobs that have succeeded or failed.

Viewing Job State Details—Clicking a slice in the State of Jobs Run pie chart displays only those jobs that have either succeeded or failed filtered on the Manage Jobs page in thumbnail view. For more information about the Manage Jobs page, see “Viewing Scheduled Jobs” on page 219. The selected job types display in thumbnail view. Click **More** in the thumbnail displays that job’s status by device name, IP address, job status, and description. Move the details slider at the top right of the Manage Jobs page to the far right or change to tabular view to see the job details data fields: percentage complete, state, job type, job ID summary selected start time, and user name.

To view all the data fields available for a job in Manage Jobs in tabular view:

1. Select the down arrow in a table column. The drop-down sort and column menu appears.
2. Select **Columns**. The Columns cascading menu appears. You see all of the possible job data fields to show or hide. Checked jobs columns appear on the Manage Jobs table. Job columns that are not checked are hidden and do not appear in the table.

Viewing Average Execution Times for Jobs

Viewing the Average Execution Time per Completed Job—Each bar in the Average Execution Time per Completed Job bar chart represents a job type and the average execution time in seconds. Depending on the size of the Average Execution Time per Completed Job bar chart is on the Job Management statistics page, the name of the job type displays at the bottom of each bar.

Viewing Completed Job Details—Clicking a bar in the Average Execution Time per Completed Job bar chart displays only those jobs that have been executed on the Manage Jobs inventory page in thumbnail view. For more information about the Manage Jobs page, see “Viewing Scheduled Jobs” on page 219. The selected job types display in thumbnail view. Click **More** in the thumbnail displays that job’s status by device name, IP address, job status, and description. Move the details slider at the top right of the Manage Jobs page to the far right or change to tabular view to see the job details data fields: percentage complete, state, job type, job ID summary selected start time, and user name.

To view all the data fields available for a job in Manage Jobs in tabular view:

1. Select the down arrow in a table column. The drop-down sort and column menu appears.
2. Select **Columns**. The Columns cascading menu appears. You see all of the possible job data fields to show or hide. Checked jobs columns appear on the Manage Jobs table. Job columns that are not checked are hidden and do not appear in the table.

- Related Documentation**
- Viewing Scheduled Jobs on page 219
 - Job Management Overview on page 213
 - Inventory Pages Overview on page 28

Canceling a Job

From the Platform Job Management inventory page you can cancel jobs that:

- Are scheduled, but that you don't want to run.
- Are in progress that are hanging or incapable of completing, and are preventing other jobs from starting.



NOTE: If Junos Space determines that the job operation is non-interruptible, the job runs to completion; otherwise the job is cancelled.



NOTE: Junos Space performs no cleanup on cancelled jobs.

To cancel a job:

1. From the task ribbon, navigate to Platform > Job Management > Manage Jobs. The Manage Jobs inventory page appears.
2. Select the job that you want to cancel.
3. Mouse over the Actions drawer to open it.
4. Select **Cancel Job**. When the Cancel Job operation completes, the inventory view displays the Job State CANCELLED. If a job is in a state that you can not cancel, The Cancel Job command is disabled in the Action drawer menu.

Related Documentation

- Viewing Statistics for Scheduled Jobs on page 222
- Job Management Overview on page 213
- Viewing Scheduled Jobs on page 219
- Inventory Pages Overview on page 28
- Viewing Your Jobs on page 217

Viewing Job Recurrence

You can view information about when a job recurs. For example, in Junos Space release 1.4, you can view the recurrence of a database backup job.

To view job recurrence information:

1. Navigate to **Platform > Administration > Manage Database**.
The **Manage Database** inventory page appears.
2. Select a recurring job and select **View Recurrence** from the **Actions** menu.

You can also double-click a database backup file or right-click and select **View Recurrence** from the pop-up menu.

The **View Job Recurrence** dialog box appears.

The **View Job Recurrence** dialog box displays the selected job start date and time, recurrence interval, and end date and time.

3. Optional: Click the **Job ID** link to view all recurrences of the schedule.
4. Click **OK**.

**Related
Documentation**

- Backing Up the Database on page 295
- Viewing Scheduled Jobs on page 219
- Viewing Audit Logs on page 231

PART 8

Audit Logs

- Overview on page 229
- Managing Audit Logs on page 231
- Archiving and Purging Audit Logs on page 237

CHAPTER 23

Overview

- Junos Space Audit Logs Overview on page 229

Junos Space Audit Logs Overview

Audit logs provide a record of Junos Space login history and user-initiated tasks that are performed from the user interface. From the Audit Logs workspace, you can monitor user login/logout activity over time, track device management tasks, view services that were provisioned on devices, and so forth. Junos Space audit logging does not record non-user initiated activities, such as device driven activities, and is not designed for debugging purposes. User-initiated changes made from the Junos Space CLI are logged but are not recorded as audit logs.

To use the audit log service to monitor user requests and track changes initiated by users, you must have Audit Log Administrator.



NOTE: Audit Logging is not currently supported for Ethernet Design and Service Now.

Over time, the Audit Log administrator will archive a large volume of Junos Space log entries. Such log entries might or might not be reviewed, but they must be retained for a period of time. The Archive Purge feature helps you manage your Junos Space log volume, allowing you to archive log files and then purge those log files from the Junos Space database. For each Archive Purge operation, the archived log files are saved in a single file, in CSV format. The audit logs can be saved to a local server (the server that functions as the active node in the Junos Space fabric) or a remote network host or media. When you archive data to a local server, the archived log files are saved to the default directory `/var/lib/mysql/archive`.

Related Documentation

- Archiving and Purging Audit Logs on page 237
- Viewing Audit Logs on page 231

Managing Audit Logs

- Viewing Audit Logs on page 231
- Viewing Audit Log Statistics on page 233
- Converting the Audit Log File UTC Timestamp to Local Time in Microsoft Excel on page 235

Viewing Audit Logs

Audit logs are generated for login activity and tasks that are initiated from the Network Application Platform and Network Activate. The View Audit Logs page displays all tasks.

To view audit logs, you must have Audit Log Administrator privileges.



NOTE: Audit Logging is not currently supported by the Ethernet Design and Service Now applications.

You view audit logs in Junos Space only in tabular view. For more information about how to manipulate inventory page data, see “Inventory Pages Overview” on page 28.

Viewing Audit Log Details

The Audit Log Details window displays information about the task that was logged, including information about the objects affected by the task.

To view detailed audit log information:

- If an audit log entry does not include a job ID, double-click a table row for the audit log entry. The Audit Log Details window displays information about the task that was logged, including information about the objects affected by the task. Click **OK** to close the Audit Log Detail Window.
- If an audit log entry includes a Job ID, click the Job ID link in the audit log row. The Job Manager Inventory view displays information about the job. If this job is recurring, then it will display information about all recurrences of this job. Click **Return to Audit Logs** to close the Job Manager inventory view and return to the audit logs table.

The fields displayed in the Audit Logs table are described in Table 37 on page 232.

Table 37: Detailed Audit Logs Information and View Audit Log Table Columns

Field	Description
User Name	The login ID of the user that initiated the task.
User IP	The IP address of the client computer from which the user initiated the task.
Task	The name of the task that triggered the audit log.
Timestamp	Time is UTC time in database that is mapped to the local time zone of client computer.
Result	The execution result of the task that triggered the audit log: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Success—Job completed successfully • Failure—Job failed and was terminated. • Job Scheduled—Job is scheduled but has not yet started.
Job ID	For each job-based task, the audit log includes the job ID.
Description	A description of the audit log.

For both recurring and non-recurring jobs, such as a database backup, the Audit Logs table displays the following data described in table Table 38 on page 232.

Table 38:

Field	Description
Job ID	The numerical ID of the job.
Percent	Percentage of job that has completed.
State	State of job execution: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SUCCESS—Job completed successfully • FAILURE—Job failed and was terminated. • IN PROGRESS—Job is in progress.. • CANCELED—Job was canceled by a user.
Job Type	The supported job types. Job types depend on the installed Junos Space applications. In Junos Space 1.4, a recurring job type supported is Backup Database.
Summary	The operations executed for the job.
Scheduled Start Time	The scheduled start time for the job (specified by a Junos Space user).
Recurrence	The job recurrence interval, start time, and end time.

Related Documentation

- Viewing Audit Log Statistics on page 233
- Junos Space Audit Logs Overview on page 229

- Archiving and Purging Audit Logs on page 237
- Inventory Pages Overview on page 28
- Backing Up the Database on page 295

Viewing Audit Log Statistics

The Audit log workspace statistics page provides two graphs: Audit Log Statistical Graph pie chart and the Top 10 Active Users in 24 Hours for the audit log administrator to monitor Junos Space tasks.

The Audit Log Statistical Graph pie chart displays all tasks that have been performed and logged in all Junos Space applications over a specific period of time. You can view Audit Log statistics by task type, user, workspace, and application.



NOTE: Audit Logging is not currently supported by the Ethernet Design and Service Now applications.

The Top 10 Active Users in 24 hours graph displays the top 10 Junos Space users who have performed the most tasks over 24 hours. The graph X axis represents the activities performed by a single user. Each active session for that user is represented by a bubble on the X axis. The graph Y axis represents hours. For example, if a single user performed six active sessions during the last 24 hours, the chart displays six bubbles on the X axis according to the hours on the Y axis.

Viewing the Dynamic Audit Log Statistical Graph

The Audit Log Statistical Graph is an interactive graph that allows the audit log administrator to view audit logs by selecting both category and time frame. The category determines the statistical graph that displays—task, user, workarea, or application. Each slice in the pie represents a task and its usage percentage of the whole. The tasks types also appear in a list box at the right of the pie chart. Mousing over a slice of the pie displays the number of times the task is invoked. The time frame specifies the period of time within which to show audit log data.

To use the Audit Log Statistical Graph:

1. Select a graph category:

- Task—shows all tasks that have been performed. Click on each task slice to go to the next level chart showing the users who performed the selected task.

The graph path displays the path to show where you are located in the UI. Click Overview to go back to the top level chart. The task name in the path indicates the currently selected path.

Tasks display in terms of user name or IP address.

- User names display all users by name. Click a user to go to the inventory page filtered by task, user, and selected time frame.
- IP address displays all IP address where users performed tasks. Click an IP address to go to the inventory page filtered by task, IP address, and selected time frame.
- Users displays all users using the system within the time frame. 10 users display per chart. Click Others to go to the next page. Click the previous page link to go back.
- Workspace displays all workspaces used in the time frame. Click on a workspace slice to go to the inventory page filtered by workspaces.
- Application displays all applications used. Click a pie slice to go to the inventory page filtered by application and selected time frame.

2. Select a time frame in days, weeks, or months to display audit log data in the pie chart. The default is Days. A time selection description displays just below the time frame area.

- Days—Days mode displays the past seven days t the selected date. Select single or multiple days. Select mltiple days by dragging the mouse
- Weeks—Weeks mode displays the past five weeks, from past to most current on the right.
- Months—Months mode displays the past 12 month, from past to most current on the right.

The current day, week, or month is highlighted.

3. Click a slice in the pie chart to view more detailed information. Tasks appear in tabular view by user name, user IP, task , timestamp, results, description, job ID, and level 2 description.

See “Inventory Pages Overview” on page 28 for more information about manipulating the table data.

4. On the inventory page, click an audit log to view more detailed information. For a job-related log entry, there is a column for job-id, by clicking this link you will be led to a new table showing the corresponding Job info.

In the audit log detail view, if there are multiple affected objects for the log entry, the affected object detail always shows the first object detail. Clicking on any object in the list changes the object detail accordingly. If there is no affected object for this log entry, the affected object list is hidden and the object detail part is shown none.

5. Click Return to Audit Logs to go back to Audit Log View.

Viewing the Top 10 Active Users In 24 Hours Statistics

To view the Top 10 Active Users in 24 Hours graph:

1. In the Top 10 Active Users in 24 Hours graph, double-click a user’s bubble for a particular hour. The View Audit Log page appears with the jobs performed by that user.

Tasks appear by user name, user IP, task , timestamp, results, description, job ID, and level 2 description in tabular view. See “Inventory Pages Overview” on page 28 for more information about manipulating the table data.

Related Documentation

- Viewing Audit Logs on page 231
- Junos Space Audit Logs Overview on page 229
- Inventory Pages Overview on page 28
- Archiving and Purging Audit Logs on page 237

Converting the Audit Log File UTC Timestamp to Local Time in Microsoft Excel

You can unzip an audit log *.gz file. You can open the extracted *.csv file as a spreadsheet in Microsoft Excel. In Microsoft Excel, you can convert the Coordinated Universal Time (UTC) timestamp column entries to local time.

To convert the UTC time to local time:

1. Retrieve the JunosSpaceAuditLog_date_time_id.csv.gz audit log file from where you archived it. If you archived the file locally, the file is located in /var/lib/mysql/archive.
 - Where *date* specifies the year, month, and day, in yyyy-mm-dd format
 - Where *time* specifies military, 24-hour time in hour, minutes, and seconds (hh-mm-ss) format
 - Where *id* is an auto-generated, 13-character random number that uniquely identifies each audit log archive file

For example, JunosSpaceAuditLog_2010-03-04-00-00-00_xx...x.csv.gz.

2. Unzip the audit log *.csv file.
3. Open the audit log *.csv file in Microsoft Excel.
4. To the left of the **UTC Time** column, insert a new column.
5. Label the column header **Local Time**.
6. Click the first cell of the new column.
7. Insert the following function: $=XX/86400000 + 25569 - X/24$
 - Where XX is the cell letter and row number where you want to insert the local time conversion function.
 - Where X represents the hours difference between your local time and the UTC time; divided by 24 hours.
8. Click Enter. The calculated local time appears.
9. Format the local time. Right-click the cell and select **Format Cells**. The Format Cells dialog box appears.
10. In the Category list box, select **Date**.
11. In the Type list box, select a date format that you want.
12. Click OK. The local time and date appears.
13. Copy or apply the cell function and formatting to the rest of the rows in the **Local Time** column. The rest of the local times appear as shown.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
1	ID	Version	Timestamp	Local Time	UTC Time	User IP	Application	Task	Result	Correlation Tag
2	1900817	0	1.26971E+12	3/27/10 12:58	40264.70696	10.150.113.211	Network Application Platform	Archive/Purge	Job Scheduled	81E07BEDEF597C8CA5ECCEB14347FA29
3	1900821	0	1.26971E+12	3/27/10 13:14	40264.71815	10.150.113.211	Network Application Platform	Logout	Success	\N
4	1966342	0	1.26971E+12	3/27/10 13:24	40264.72546	10.150.113.211	Network Application Platform	Login	Success	\N
5										

14. If you want to keep the original audit log file, save it as a different filename.

Related Documentation

- Archiving and Purging Audit Logs on page 237

Archiving and Purging Audit Logs

- Archiving and Purging Audit Logs on page 237

Archiving and Purging Audit Logs

The administrator can archive and then purge all audit logs files up to a specified data and time from the Junos Space database. The administrator can archive audit logs to the local server or a remote server location.

The archive file is stored in the The Junos Space archive file uses the following naming conventions:

`JunosSpaceAuditLog_date_time_id.csv.gz`, where *date* specifies the year, month, and day, in the format *yyyy-mm-dd*, *time* specifies hours, minutes, and seconds, in the format *hh-mm-ss*, and *id* is a 13 character random number that uniquely identifies each audit log archive file.

This topic includes the following tasks:

- Archiving Audit Logs To a Local Server and Purging the Database on page 237
- Archiving Audit Logs To a Remote Server and Purging the Database on page 238

Archiving Audit Logs To a Local Server and Purging the Database

You can archive audit logs to the local server. The local server is the server that functions as the active node in the Junos Space fabric.

To archive Junos Space audit log files to the local server and then purge the audit logs from the database:

1. Navigate to Platform > View Audit Logs > Archive Purge. The Archive/Purge dialog box appears.
2. In the Archive Logs Before field, specify the date and time up which to archived and purged audit logs from the Junos Space database. You can only specify a date and time in the past.



NOTE: If you do not specify a date and time in the Archive Logs Before field, Junos Space archives then purges from the database all logs generated up to the time that you initiated the operation.

3. In the Archive Mode field, select **local** from the drop-down menu.
4. Schedule the Junos Space Archive/Purge operation:
 - Clear the **Schedule at a later time** check box (the default) to initiate the Archive/Purge operation when you complete this procedure.
 - Select the **Schedule at a later time** check box to specify a later start date and time for the Archive/Purge operation.



NOTE: The selected time in the scheduler corresponds to Junos Space server time but using the local time zone of the client computer.

5. Click **Submit**.

The Audit Log Archive and Purge confirmation window displays the audit log file name and the location where it will be saved.
6. Click **Continue** to archive and purge the audit logs.
7. To view job details for the Audit Log Archive/Purge operation, click on the Job Id in the Job Information window; otherwise, click **OK** to close the window.

Archiving Audit Logs To a Remote Server and Purging the Database

You can archive audit logs to remote network hosts or media.

To back up the Junos Space database to a remote host and then purge those logs from the Junos Space database:

1. Navigate to Platform > View Audit Logs > Archive Purge. The Archive/Purge dialog box appears.
2. In the Archive Logs Before field, select a date and time to specify the date *up to which* all audit logs are to be archived and then purged from the Junos Space database. You can only specify date and time in the past.



NOTE: If you do not specify a date and time in the Archive Logs Before field, Junos Space will archive and then purge from the database all logs generated up to the time that you initiated the operation.

3. In the Archive Mode field, select **Remote** from the drop-down menu.
4. Enter a valid user name to access the remote host server.
5. Enter a valid password to access the remote host server.

6. Reenter the password you entered in the previous step.
7. Enter the IP address of the remote host server.
8. Enter a directory path on the remote host server for the archived log files.



NOTE: The directory path must already exist on the remote host server.

9. Schedule the Junos Space archive and purge operation:
 - Clear the **Schedule at a later time** check box (the default) to initiate the Archive/Purge operation when you complete this procedure.
 - Select the **Schedule at a later time** check box to specify a later start date and time for the Archive/Purge operation.



NOTE: The selected time in the scheduler corresponds to Junos Space server time but using the local time zone of the client computer.

10. Click **Submit**.

The Audit Log Archive and Purge window displays the audit log file location and name and the remote server to which the files copy.

11. Click **Continue** to archive and purge the audit logs.

Junos Space displays the Audit Log Archive and Purge Job Information window.

12. To view job details for the Archive/Purge operation, click the Job Id link.
13. Click **OK** to close the window.

**Related
Documentation**

- Junos Space Audit Logs Overview on page 229
- Viewing Audit Logs on page 231

PART 9

Users

- Role-Based Access Control on page 243
- Managing Users on page 253
- Managing Roles on page 261

CHAPTER 26

Role-Based Access Control

- Role Based Access Control Overview on page 243
- Understanding How to Configure Users to Manage Objects in Junos Space on page 244
- Predefined Administrator Roles on page 245

Role Based Access Control Overview

Junos Space supports authentication and authorization. A Junos Space super administrator or user administrator creates users and assigns roles (permissions) that allow users to access and manage the users, nodes, devices, services, and customers in Junos Space.

To access and manage Junos Space, a user must be assigned one or more roles, which are validated during authorization. The roles that an administrator assigns to a user controls the workspace or workspaces the user can access and the tasks that can be performed on the objects that are managed within a workspace. A user with no role assignments cannot access any Junos Space workspace and is unable to perform tasks.

Authentication

Through authentication, Junos Space validates users based on password and other security services. Junos Space supports local user authentication only. Each user password is saved in the Junos Space database and is used to validate a user during login.

RBAC Enforcement

With RBAC enforcement, a Junos Space super administrator or user administrator controls the workspaces a user can access, the system resources users can view and manage, and the tasks available to a user within a workspace. RBAC is enforced in the Junos Space user interface navigation hierarchy by workspace, task group, and task. A user can only access those portions of the navigation hierarchy that are explicitly granted through access privileges. The following sections describe RBAC enforcement behavior at each level of the user interface navigation hierarchy.

Enforcement by Workspace

The Junos Space user interface provides a task-oriented environment in which a collection of related user tasks are organized by workspace. For example, the **Users** workspace defines the group of tasks related to managing users and roles. Tasks include creating, modifying, and deleting users, and assigning roles. Enforcement by *workspace* ensures that a user can view only those workspaces that contain the tasks that the user has permissions to execute. For example, a user that is assigned the Device Manager role,

which grants access privileges to all tasks in the **Devices** workspace, can access only the **Devices** workspace. No other workspaces are visible to this user unless other roles are assigned to this user.

RBAC Enforcement Not Supported for Getting Started Panel

RBAC enforcement is not enabled for the contents of the Getting Started panel. Consequently, a user who does not have certain access privileges can still view the steps displayed in the Getting Started panel. For example, a user without privileges to manage devices will still see the Discover Devices step. However, when the user clicks on the step, Junos Space displays an error to indicate that the user might not have permission to access the workspace or tasks to which the step is linked.

Related Documentation

- Understanding How to Configure Users to Manage Objects in Junos Space on page 244
- Predefined Administrator Roles on page 245
- Creating Users on page 253
- Viewing User Statistics on page 259
- Viewing Users on page 255

Understanding How to Configure Users to Manage Objects in Junos Space

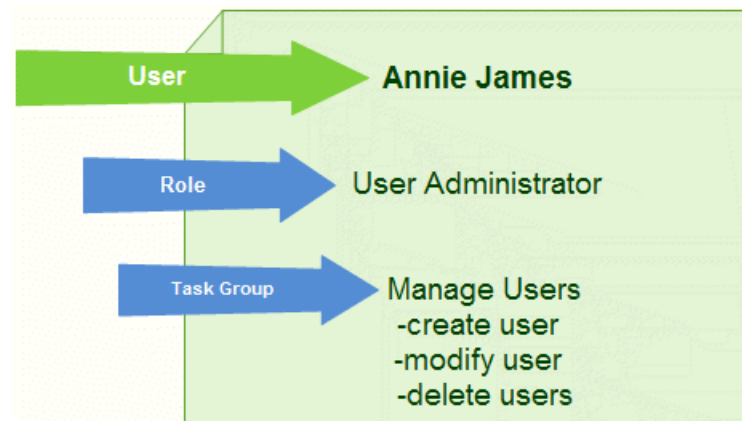
Junos Space is shipped with a super administrator that has full access to the Junos Space system. When you first log on to Junos Space with the default super administrator, you can perform all tasks and access all Junos Space system resources. The super administrator can create new users and assign roles to those users to specify which workspaces and system resources users can access and manage, and which tasks users can perform within each workspace.

After you first setup Junos Space, you can disable the super administrator, if necessary. However, before disabling the default super administrator, you should first create another user with super administrator privileges.

To access and manage Junos Space system resources, a user must be assigned at least one role. A *role* defines the tasks (create, modify, delete) that can be performed on the objects (devices, users, roles, services, customers) that Junos Space manages. For complete information on the predefined roles, see “Predefined Administrator Roles” on page 245.

Users receive permission to perform tasks only through the roles that they are assigned. In most cases, a single role assignment enables a user to view and perform tasks on the objects within a workspace. For example, a user assigned the Device Manager role can discover devices, resynchronize devices, view the physical inventory and interfaces for devices, and delete managed devices. A user that is assigned the user administrator role can create, modify, and delete other users in Junos Space, and assign and remove roles.

Typically a role contains one or more task groups. A *task group* provides a mechanism for grouping a set of related tasks that can be performed on a specific object. The following illustration shows the task group and associated tasks that are available to a user that is assigned the User Administrator role.



NOTE: You can assign multiple roles to a single user, and multiple users can be assigned the same role.

Related Documentation

- [Role Based Access Control Overview on page 243](#)
- [Creating Users on page 253](#)
- [Viewing Users on page 255](#)
- [Viewing User Statistics on page 259](#)

Predefined Administrator Roles

Junos Space provides predefined roles that you can assign to users to define administrative responsibilities and specify the management tasks that a user can perform within applications and workspaces.



NOTE: The predefined roles that appear in the Junos Space release that you are using depends on the Junos Space applications that you have installed. For the most current predefined user roles, see the [Platform > Users > Manage Users > Create User](#) page or the [Platform > Users > Manage Roles](#) inventory page.

To assign roles to other users in Junos Space, a user must be a Super Administrator or User Administrator.

Each predefined role defines a set of tasks for a single workspace, except the super administrator role, which defines all tasks for all workspaces. By default, Junos Space provides Read privileges on all objects associated with the task groups defined in a predefined role.

Table 39 on page 246 shows the Junos Space predefined roles and corresponding tasks available for installed Junos Space applications.



NOTE: For the latest Predefined roles, see [Platform > Users > Manage Users > Create User](#) or [Platform > Users > Manage Roles](#).

Table 39: Predefined Roles for the Network Application Platform

Predefined Role	Task Group and Tasks	Application > Workspace
Audit Log Administrator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> View Audit Logs Archive/Purge 	Platform > Audit Logs
Device Image Manager	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Devices <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Manage Device Adapter <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Upload Adapter Install Adapter Delete Adapter Device Images <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Manage Images <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Upload Image MD5 Validation Result Delete Images Modify Images Stage Images Verify Checksum Deploy Images 	Platform > Devices
Device Images Read Only User	Manage Images	Platform > Device Images
Device Manager	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Discover Devices <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Discover Targets Specify Probes Specify Credentials Manage Devices <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Delete Devices Change Device Credentials View Physical Inventory Export Physical Inventory View Interfaces Resynchronize with Network SSH to Device Secure Console Add Deployed Devices <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Add Device Deploy Devices <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Add Devices Connection Profiles <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Create 	Platform > Devices

Table 39: Predefined Roles for the Network Application Platform (*continued*)

Device Script Manager	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manage Scripts <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • View Scripts • Import Scripts • Modify Script • Delete Scripts • Deploy Scripts on Device • Verify Scripts on Device • Enable Scripts on Device • Disable Scripts on Device • Remove Scripts from Device • Execute Script on Device • Export Script 	Platform > Scripts
Device Script Read Only User	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Scripts <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manage Scripts • View Scripts • Export Scripts 	Platform > Scripts
Job Manager	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manage Jobs <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cancel Job • View Recurrence 	Platform > Job Management
Super Administrator	All Junos Space task groups and tasks (See Platform > Users > Create Users user interface for the current roles.)	All Junos Space workspaces (See Platform > Users > Create Users user interface for the current roles.)
System Administrator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manage Fabric <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Add Fabric Node • Manage Databases <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Backup Database • Delete Database Backup • Restore Database • Troubleshoot Space • Manage Applications <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Modify Application Settings • Add Application • Uninstall Application • Upgrade Application • Upgrade Platform • Manage Licenses <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Upload License • Manage Tags <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Share Tag • Rename Tags • Delete Tags • Apply Tag 	Administration

Table 39: Predefined Roles for the Network Application Platform (*continued*)

Tag Administrator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manage Tags <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rename Tag • Delete Tag • Share Tag • Create Tags 	Platform > Administration > Manage Tags
Template Design Manager	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Devices <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manage Template Definition <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Create Template Definition • Modify Template • Clone Template • Publish Template • Delete Template 	Platform > Devices
Template Manager	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manage Templates <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Create Template • Modify Template • Clone Template • Deploy Template 	Platform > Devices
Topology Manager	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Topology Visualization <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discover Topology <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specify Target • Specify SNMP Probes • View Topology 	Platform > Topology Manager
User Administrator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manage Users <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Create User • Modify User • Delete Users • Manage Roles <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Create Role • Modify Role • Delete Role 	Platform > Users

Table 40 on page 248 shows the Junos Space predefined roles for the Network Activate application.

Table 40: Predefined Roles for Network Activate Application

Predefined Role	Task Group and Tasks	Workspace
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Table 40: Predefined Roles for Network Activate Application (*continued*)

Service Designer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manage Service Definitions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Create P2P Service Definition • Custom Service Definition • Create VPLS Service Definition • Publish Service Definition • Unpublish Service Definition 	Service Design
Service Manager	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manage Device Roles <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rules • Discovery Roles • Unassign NPE Role • Manage Device UNIs • Delete UNI • Add Device UNIs • Assign UNI • Assign Roles • Modify Loopback Address • Manage Device UNIs • Exclude from UNI Role • Exclude from NPE Role • Assign NPE Role 	Prestage Devices
Service Activator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manage Customers <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Create Customer • Modify Customer • Delete Customers • Manage Service Orders <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Create P2P Service Order • Deploy Service Order • Delete Service Order • Create VPLS Service Order • Manage Services <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Modify Service • Decommission Service • View Configuration Audit Results • Perform Configuration Audit • View Functional Audit Results • Perform Functional Audit • View Service Configuration 	Service Provisioning

Table 41 on page 249 shows the Junos Space predefined roles for the Service Now application.

Table 41: Predefined Roles for Service Now Application

Predefined Role	Task Group and Tasks	Workspace
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Table 41: Predefined Roles for Service Now Application (*continued*)

Service Now Administrator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Administration <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Service Now Devices <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Add Devices Script Bundles <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Add Script Bundle Organizations <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Add Organization Global Settings <ul style="list-style-type: none"> SNMP Configuration Proxy Server Configuration Service Contract Device Groups <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Create Device Group Service Central <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Incidents <ul style="list-style-type: none"> View Tech Support Cases View End Customer Cases JMB Errors Information <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Messages Device Snapshots Notifications <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Create Notifications 	All workspaces
Service Now Unrestricted User	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Administration <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Service Now Devices Service Central <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Incidents <ul style="list-style-type: none"> View Tech Support Cases JMB Errors Information <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Messages Device Snapshots Notifications <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Create Notifications 	Administration Service Central

Table 41: Predefined Roles for Service Now Application (*continued*)

Service Now Read Only User	• Administration	Administration
	• Service Now Devices	Service Central
	• Service Central	
	• Incidents	
	• View Tech Support Cases	
	• JMB Errors	
	• Information	
	• Messages	
	• Device Snapshots	
	• Notifications	

Table 42 on page 251 shows the Junos Space predefined roles for the Ethernet Design application.

Table 42: Predefined Roles for Ethernet Design Application

Predefined Role	Task Group and Tasks	Workspace
Network Engineer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Port Profiles • Create Port Profile • Provision Port Profile 	EZ Campus Design

Related Documentation

- Role Based Access Control Overview on page 243
- Understanding How to Configure Users to Manage Objects in Junos Space on page 244
- Managing Roles on page 262
- Creating a User-Defined Role on page 263
- Modifying User-Defined Roles on page 265
- Deleting User-Defined Roles on page 265
- Creating Users on page 253
- Viewing Users on page 255
- Viewing User Statistics on page 259

CHAPTER 27

Managing Users

- Creating Users on page 253
- Viewing Users on page 255
- Modifying a User on page 257
- Deleting Users on page 258
- Changing User Passwords on page 259
- Viewing User Statistics on page 259

Creating Users

The Create User task allows you, the Super Administrator and the User Administrator to create Junos Space user accounts that specify the credentials and predefined roles allowing users to log in and use Junos Space applications, workspaces, and tasks. Each user account must include a login ID, password, first name, and last name.

For each user, you can assign roles that define the tasks and objects (devices, users, services, and so forth) that the user can access and manage. You can assign multiple roles to a single user and assign the same role to multiple users.

The Use Same Roles Assigned To option, allows you to quickly create multiple user accounts without having to reselect the same predefined roles. To see the available predefined user roles, open the **Create User** dialog box by navigating to **Platform > Users > Manage Users > Create User** task.



NOTE: A user can access all the objects within the workspace that the assigned role controls.

- Creating a New User Account on page 253

Creating a New User Account

To create a new user account:

1. Navigate to **Platform > Administration > Users > Create User** task. The **Create User** dialog box appears.
2. In the **Login ID** field, enter a login ID for the new Junos Space user account.

The login ID cannot exceed 32 characters. Allowable characters include dash (-), underscore (_), letters, and numbers.

3. In the **Password** field, enter a password for the user account.

The password must include at least two numbers or symbols and must be from 6 to 31 characters.



NOTE: All passwords in Junos Space are case-sensitive.

4. In the **Confirm Password** field, reenter the password you entered.

5. In the **First Name** field, enter the user's first name.

The name cannot exceed 32 characters.

6. In the **Last Name** field, enter the user's last name. The name cannot exceed 32 characters.

7. In the **Email** field, enter the user's e-mail address.

8. In the **Image File** field, upload the user's photo ID:

- a. Use the **Browse** button to locate the user's photo ID file.

You can upload BMP, GIF, JPG, and PNG image file formats.

- b. Click **Upload**.

Junos Space uploads and saves the photo ID file for the user account.



NOTE: If you do not want to assign the user roles at this point, you can click **Create** to create the user account without assigning any roles. You can use the **Platform > Users > Manage Users** workspace later to modify the user account and assign roles. If you want to assign user roles now, proceed to the next step.

9. To assign roles to the new user, do one of the following:

- Select the **Use Same Roles Assigned to** check box and select the name of an existing user whose roles you want to assign to the new user.



TIP: Enter one or more characters of the existing user's name in the **Use Same Roles Assigned to** drop-down list box text field to open the drop-down list box and select a user's name. The assigned roles appear in the **Selected roles** list box. You can modify the new user's role assignments by adding or removing roles from the **Selected Roles** column.

- Use the double list box to select predefined roles for the user. Select one or more roles from the **Available** list box. Selected roles appear in the **Selected** list box. Use

the right arrow to move the selected roles to the **Selected** list box. Use the left arrow to remove roles from the **Selected** list box back to the **Available** list box. You can also double-click a role to select or remove it. You see the details of selected roles appear to the right pane of the page.

You can also create user-defined roles for users. For more information, see “Creating a User-Defined Role” on page 263.



NOTE: The minimum role required for configuring a user for IBM Systems Director and Junos Space Launch in Context (LiC) is Device Manager.

10. Click **Create** to create the user account with the assigned roles.

The new user account is created in the Junos Space database. You see the new user account on the **Manage Users** inventory page.

Viewing Users

The Manage Users inventory page displays all of the Junos Space users who have accounts. To add new users, you must have administrator privileges. Use Platform > Users > Manage Users > Create User to add a new user (see “Creating Users” on page 253). Users have Junos Space access based on predefined user roles (see “Predefined Administrator Roles” on page 245). For more information about how to manipulate inventory page data, see “Inventory Pages Overview” on page 28.

- Changing Views on page 255
- Viewing User Details on page 256
- Performing Manage User Commands on page 256

Changing Views

You can display user in two views: thumbnail and tabular. By default, users appear on the page in thumbnail view.

In thumbnail view, users appear as icons listed in descending order alphabetically by user name. Each user has name.

In tabular view, users appear in a table sorted by username. Each user is a row in the Manage Users table.

To change views:

1. Navigate to Platform > Users > Manage Users. The Manage Users page appears.
2. Click a view indicator at the right of the Manage Users page title bar.

Viewing User Details

To view more detailed user information

- Double-click a user icon in thumbnail view or double-click a row in the table in tabular view.
- Move the zoom slider to the far right. The default zoom slider position is in the middle.

Table 43 on page 256

Table 43: User Detailed Information and Columns in the Manage Users Table

Data	Description
Login ID	The login username.
First Name	The user first name.
Last Name	The user last name.
E-mail Address	The user e-mail account.
Assigned Roles	The pre-defined user role(s) assigned to user.
Role Summary	The workspaces and tasks a user can perform based on the predefined user role(s).

Performing Manage User Commands

You can perform the following commands from the Manage Users Actions drawer:

- Modify User—See “Modifying a User” on page 257
- Delete User—See “Deleting Users” on page 258
- Tag It—“Tagging an Object” on page 343
- View Tags—“Viewing Tags” on page 344
- Clear All Selections—Clears all selections that you selected using Select Page. You can also clear all selections by clicking Select None.

Related Documentation

- Understanding How to Configure Users to Manage Objects in Junos Space on page 244
- Creating Users on page 253
- Deleting Users on page 258
- Modifying a User on page 257
- Viewing User Statistics on page 259
- Tagging an Object on page 343
- Viewing Tags on page 344

Modifying a User

A Super Administrator or User Administrator can modify any user account in Junos Space. You can add or remove roles and modify any user settings except the Login ID.

Each user account can have multiple roles and a role can be associated with multiple users.

To modify an existing user account:

1. Navigate to Platform > Users > Manage Users. The Manage Users inventory page appears.
2. From the inventory panel, select the user account that you want to modify.



NOTE: You can modify only one user account at a time.

3. From the Actions drawer, select **Modify User**. The Manage Users dialog box appears filled in with the existing user account information.
4. You can change the password, first name, last name, e-mail address, photo ID, and the selected roles.
 - To change the password, you must include at least two numbers or symbols in the new password and the password must be from 6 to 31 characters. All passwords in Junos Space are case-sensitive.
 - To change the user name, enter a new name in the First Name and/or Last Name fields.
 - To change the e-mail account, enter a new e-mail address in the Email field.
 - To upload another image file:
 - a. Use the **Browse** button to locate the new user photo ID file.
You can upload BMP, GIF, JPG, and PNG image file formats.
 - b. Click the **Upload** button.
Junos Space updates the photo ID file for the user account.
 - To add or remove role assignments:
 - To add role assignments, select one or more roles from the Available Roles column and click the right arrow to move the roles to the Selected Roles column.
 - To remove role assignments, select one or more roles from the Selected Roles and click the left arrow to move the roles to the Available Roles column.
5. Click **Modify** to save your changes to the user account.
Junos Space updates the user account with the changes you specified.

- Related Documentation**
- Understanding How to Configure Users to Manage Objects in Junos Space on page 244
 - Creating Users on page 253
 - Deleting Users on page 258
 - Viewing Users on page 255

Deleting Users

When a Junos Space user leaves your organization or no longer needs access to the system, the administrator should delete the existing user account.

To delete one or more users:

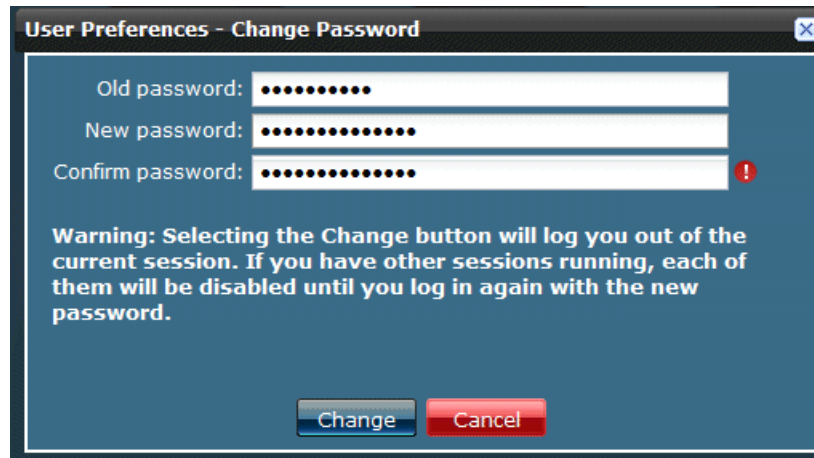
1. Navigate to Platform > Users > Manage Users. The Manage Users inventory page appears displaying all user accounts.
2. Select one or more users to delete.
3. In the Actions drawer, click **Delete Users**. The Delete Users confirmation window appears.
4. Verify the list of users that you want to delete, and click **Delete**. All selected user accounts are removed from the Junos Space database and the Manage Users inventory page.

- Related Documentation**
- Creating Users on page 253
 - Modifying a User on page 257
 - Viewing Users on page 255

Changing User Passwords

Any user that is logged in to Junos Space can change their account password using the User Preferences icon in the Junos Space banner. You do not have to have any user roles configured to change your password.

To change your user password, follow these steps:



The image shows a dialog box titled "User Preferences - Change Password". It contains three input fields: "Old password:", "New password:", and "Confirm password:". Each field is filled with dots. Below the fields is a warning message: "Warning: Selecting the Change button will log you out of the current session. If you have other sessions running, each of them will be disabled until you log in again with the new password." At the bottom are two buttons: "Change" (blue) and "Cancel" (red).

1. Click the User Preferences icon in the Junos Space banner. The **User Preferences – Change Password** dialog box appears.
2. Type your old password.
3. Type your new password. The password must be 6 to 31 characters long, including 2 numbers or symbols.
4. Retype your password again to confirm it.
5. Click **Change**. You are logged out of the system. You have to log in again using your new password. Any open sessions are disabled until you log in again.

- Related Documentation**
- Creating Users on page 253
 - Logging In To the System on page 3

Viewing User Statistics

You can view the percentage and the number of Junos Space users that have been assigned to a role.

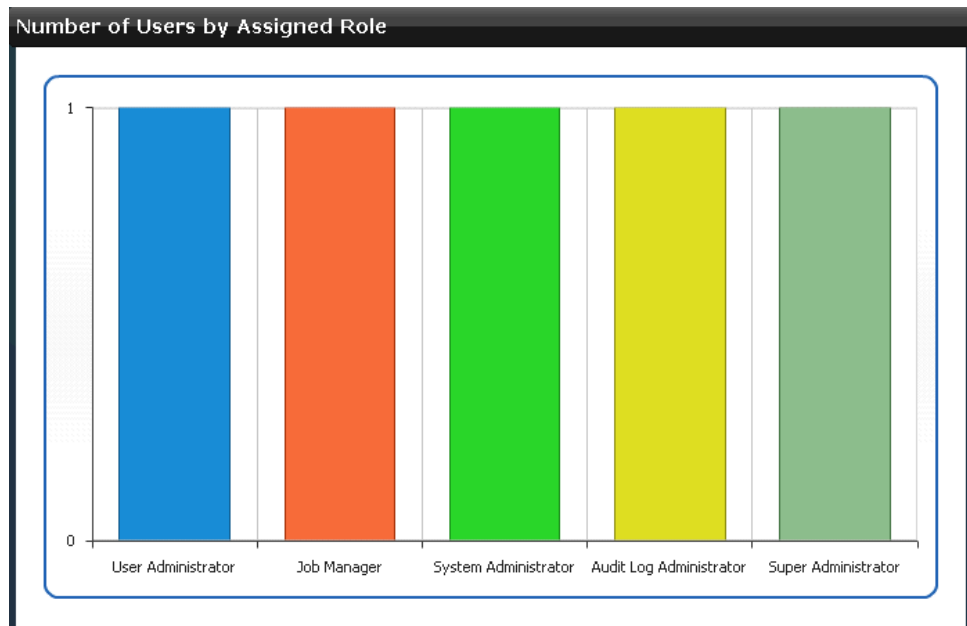
- Viewing the Number of Users Assigned by Role on page 259

Viewing the Number of Users Assigned by Role

To view the percentage of total users that have been assigned to a predefined role:

1. From the task ribbon, select the **Users** workspace.

Junos Space displays a bar chart showing users by assigned role.



The bar chart displays the number of users assigned to each role that has one or more assigned users.

2. To view the number of users assigned to a specific role, mouse over the role in the chart.
3. To display an inventory view of users assigned to a specific role, click on the segment of the chart that represents the role.

Related Documentation

- Role Based Access Control Overview on page 243
- Viewing Users on page 255
- Creating Users on page 253
- Deleting Users on page 258

CHAPTER 28

Managing Roles

- Managing Roles Overview on page 261
- Managing Roles on page 262
- Creating a User-Defined Role on page 263
- Modifying User-Defined Roles on page 265
- Deleting User-Defined Roles on page 265

Managing Roles Overview

Roles define the application workspace tasks a user is assigned by the Super Administrator and User Administrator to perform in Junos Space. Users represent an individual in a security domain who is authorized to log into Junos Space and perform application workspace tasks according to predefined and user-defined roles.

The administrator can create a user account and assign tasks based on read-only predefined roles and read-write user-defined task roles. See “Creating Users” on page 253 and “Predefined Administrator Roles” on page 245. You can create user-defined tasks first, then create a user account, or create a user account, then modify the account afterward. You can also use an existing user account as a template to assign roles to users with similar job types.

The **Platform > Users > Manage Roles** task allows the Super Administrator or User Administrator to manage all roles by performing the following user role tasks:

- View all predefined and user-defined roles on the **Platform > Users > Manage Users** inventory page. See “Managing Roles” on page 262.
- Create user-defined roles from the **Platform > Users > Manage Roles > Create Role** task. See “Creating a User-Defined Role” on page 263.
- Modify user-defined roles using **Modify Role** in the **Platform > Users > Manage Users** inventory page **Actions** drawer. See “Modifying User-Defined Roles” on page 265.
- Delete user-defined roles using **Delete Roles** in the **Platform > Users > Manage Users** inventory page **Actions** drawer. See “Deleting User-Defined Roles” on page 265.

- Tag predefined and user-defined roles to group them for performing actions all at once. Use **Tag It** in the **Platform > Users > Manage Users** inventory page **Actions** drawer. See “Tagging an Object” on page 343.
- View all tags that exist on roles using **View Tags** in the **Platform > Users > Manage Roles** inventory page **Actions** drawer. See “Viewing Tags” on page 344

Related Documentation

- Role Based Access Control Overview on page 243
- Predefined Administrator Roles on page 245
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Managing Roles

A role is a description of tasks a user can perform in Junos Space to allow access to application workspaces. The **Platform > Users > Manage Roles** inventory page allows the Super Administrator or the User Administrator to view all predefined and user-defined roles that exist for Junos Space applications. The administrator should understand all predefined roles and create any user-defined roles before creating users.

Viewing User Role Details

The **Manage Roles** inventory page displays all predefined and user-defined roles in both thumbnail and tabular views. To switch between views, click the thumbnail and tabular view icons at the right of the **Manage Roles** page title.

In thumbnail view, a user role is represented as a selectable object. Visual cues indicate whether the role is predefined or user-defined.

In tabular view each role is represented by a row in the table. Roles are listed in the table in ascending alphabetical order by role title, description, and tasks assigned.

You can sort all table columns in ascending or descending order by clicking the column header drop-down menu arrow. You can also show or hide columns by using the **Columns** command in the table header drop-down menu.

In both thumbnail and tabular views, search for roles by typing the first letters of the role title in the search field. Role title starting with the first letters you type are listed in a drop-down menu.

To view a user role detail summary in both thumbnail and tabular views:

1. Double-click a role.
In thumbnail view, you can also click **Details**.

The Role Details Summary page appears.

The page displays the workspace, and workspace tasks.

2. Click expand **[+]** to view subtasks.
3. Click **OK**.

Performing Manage Roles Commands

The commands you can perform on predefined and user-defined roles are located in the Actions drawer or by right-clicking that role. You can only perform the **Modify Role** and **Delete Roles** commands on read-writeable user-defined roles. You can not manipulate read-only predefined roles. To perform a command, you must first select the role.

The following commands are included in the **Modify Role Actions** drawer:

- **Modify Role**—Modify the selected user-defined role title, description, and application workspace task. You can not modify predefined roles. For more information, see “Modifying User-Defined Roles” on page 265.
- **Delete Roles**—Delete the selected user-defined role. You can not delete predefined roles. For more information, see “Creating a User-Defined Role” on page 263.
- **Tag It**—Tag one or more selected inventory objects, see, see “Tagging an Object” on page 343.
- **View Tags**—View a list of tags that exist on a selected inventory object. For more information, see “Viewing Tags” on page 344.
- **Untag It**—Untag a tag that has been applied to an inventory object, see “Untagging Objects” on page 345.
- **Clear All Selections**—Clear any user role selections you made on the Manage Roles inventory page. Use the Select: Page in the Manage Roles page title bar to select all roles at once.

Related Documentation

- Role Based Access Control Overview on page 243
- Predefined Administrator Roles on page 245
- Creating Users on page 253
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- Modifying User-Defined Roles on page 265
- Deleting User-Defined Roles on page 265

Creating a User-Defined Role

Junos Space provides a number of read-only predefined roles you, the Super Administrator, System Administrator, or User Administrator can use to create user log in, access, and perform tasks in application workspaces. You can also create read-write user-defined roles that conform to user responsibilities and access privileges required on your network.

You can modify and delete only user-defined roles that you create. You cannot modify or delete predefined roles.

To create a user-defined role:

1. Select **Platform > Users > Manage Roles > Create Role**.

The **Create Role** page appears allowing you to select workspaces and associated tasks from all deployed applications.

2. In the **Title** text field, type a user-defined role name.

The role title can not exceed 32 characters. The title can only contain letters, numbers, and can include a hyphen (-), underscore (_), or period (.).

3. In the **Description** field, type a user-defined role description.

The role description can not exceed 256 characters

4. Select an application workspace from the application workspace selection ribbon.

Mouse over an application workspace icon to view the application and workspace name. You can select one or more workspaces per user-defined role. An expandable/collapsible tree of associated tasks appear below the selection ribbon for you to modify specific tasks you want included in the **Task Summary** pane.

5. Select the specific task(s) you want for the user-defined role. All application workspace tasks are by default deselected in the task tree.

Only the currently edited application workspace node is expanded in the **Task Summary** pane; previously selected workspace nodes are collapsed. You can expand other workspace nodes manually.

Selecting the top node or workspace selects or deselects the whole task tree. Selecting any task node automatically selects its decedents. Selecting any task node automatically selects its parent and grand parent.

Only the currently active task tree appears in the **Task Summary** pane.

In the **Task Summary** pane, the top level application node in the tree is bold-italic; the second level workspace tree node is bold.

6. Click **Create**.

The user-defined role is created, saved, and appears in the **Platform > Users > Manage Roles** inventory page.

Scroll down or search to view it.

You cannot create or save a user-defined role when the workspace tasks are not selected.

Related Documentation

- [Predefined Administrator Roles on page 245](#)
- [Managing Roles on page 262](#)
- [Modifying User-Defined Roles on page 265](#)
- [Deleting User-Defined Roles on page 265](#)

- Creating Users on page 253

Modifying User-Defined Roles

The Super Administrator and the User Administrator can modify user-defined roles that have been created. You can modify the role description, application workspace, and the selected tasks. You can not modify the role title or predefined roles.

To modify a user-defined role:

1. Navigate to **Platform >Users >Manage Roles**.

The **Manage Roles** inventory page appears displaying all existing predefined and user-defined roles.

2. Select the user-defined role you want to modify.
3. Select **Modify Role** from the **Actions** drawer. You can also right-click the user-defined role and select the command from the pop-up menu.
4. Modify the part of the user-defined role that you want: description, application workspace, or tasks.

The role title can not exceed 32 characters. The title can only contain letters, numbers, and can include a hyphen (-), underscore (_), or period (.).

The role description can not exceed 256 characters

5. Click **Modify**.

The modified user-defined role is updated in the **Manage Roles** inventory page.

Related Documentation

- Predefined Administrator Roles on page 245
- Creating Users on page 253
- Managing Roles on page 262
- Managing Roles Overview on page 261
- Creating a User-Defined Role on page 263
- Deleting User-Defined Roles on page 265

Deleting User-Defined Roles

The Super Administrator and the User Administrator can delete user-defined roles from the **Manage Roles** inventory page only if they are not being used by other users. You can not delete pre-defined roles.

To delete a user-defined role:

1. Select **Platform > Users > Manage Roles**.

The **Manage Roles** inventory page appears displaying all existing predefined and user-defined roles.

2. Select the user-defined role(s) you want to delete.
3. Select **Delete Roles** from the **Actions** drawer. You can also right-click the user-defined role and select the command from the pop-up menu.

The **Delete Roles** dialog box appears.

4. Confirm deletion of the selected user defined role(s). Select the role(s).
5. Click **Delete**.

The role is deleted from the Manage Roles inventory page. If the role is used by other Junos Space users, you cannot delete the role. A warning message appears.

Related Documentation

- Predefined Administrator Roles on page 245
- Managing Roles on page 262
- Creating a User-Defined Role on page 263
- Managing Roles Overview on page 261
- Modifying User-Defined Roles on page 265
- Creating Users on page 253

PART 10

Administration

- Overview on page 269
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- Managing Licenses on page 307
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CHAPTER 29

Overview

- Junos Space Administrators Overview on page 269
- Maintenance Mode Overview on page 270

Junos Space Administrators Overview

Junos Space administrators can serve different functional roles. A CLI administrator installs and configures Junos Space appliances. A maintenance-mode administrator performs system-level tasks, such as troubleshooting and database restore operations. After appliances are installed and configured, users are created from the Junos Space user interface to access workspaces and manage applications, users, devices, services, customers, and so forth.

Table 44 on page 269 shows the Junos Space administrators and the tasks that can be performed.

Table 44: Junos Space Administrators

Junos Space Administrator Function	Description	Tasks
CLI administrator	<p>An administrator responsible for setting up and managing system settings for Junos Space appliances from the serial console.</p> <p>The CLI administrator name is “admin”.</p> <p>The CLI administrator password can be changed from the console system settings menu.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Install and configure basic settings for Junos Space appliances.• Change network and system settings for appliances, for example:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Change CLI administrator password.• Set routing• Set DNS servers• Change time options• Expand VM drive size (Junos Space Virtual Appliances only)• Retrieve log files for troubleshooting

Table 44: Junos Space Administrators (*continued*)

Maintenance mode administrator	<p>An administrator responsible for performing system-level maintenance on Junos Space.</p> <p>The maintenance mode administrator name is "maintenance".</p> <p>The maintenance mode password is configured from the serial console when you first configure a Junos Space appliance.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Restore Junos Space to previous state by using a database backup file. • Shut down Junos Space nodes by entering maintenance mode. • Retrieve log files for troubleshooting. • Exit Maintenance mode and explicitly start up Junos Space system.
Junos Space user interface users	<p>A Junos Space user that is assigned one or more predefined roles. Each role assigned to a user provides specific access and management privileges on the objects (applications, devices, users, jobs, services, customers) available from a workspace in the Junos Space user interface.</p>	<p>For complete information about the predefined roles that can be assigned to a Junos Space user, see "Predefined Administrator Roles" on page 245.</p>

- Related Documentation**
- Maintenance Mode Overview on page 270
 - Role Based Access Control Overview on page 243
 - Understanding How to Configure Users to Manage Objects in Junos Space on page 244

Maintenance Mode Overview

In Junos Space, Maintenance mode is a special mode that the administrator uses to perform database restore or debugging tasks while all nodes in the fabric are shutdown and the Junos Space web proxy is running.

The Junos Space system goes into Maintenance mode in the following cases:

- Junos Space goes down.

The system will go into Maintenance mode when Junos Space is down on all nodes in the fabric. Users attempting to log in when the system is in Maintenance mode are redirected to the maintenance mode log in screen. Users who logged in to Junos Space before the shutdown and attempt to perform an action in the user interface are also redirected to the maintenance mode log in screen.
- An authorized Junos Space administrator initiates a **Restore Database from Backup** action.

When a user initiates a Restore database action, Junos Space prompts the user for user name and password to enter maintenance mode, as shown in Authentication Required window. After the user is authenticated, Junos Space initiates the restore database operation and the system remains in Maintenance mode until the database is restored and the user exits maintenance mode.

- A Junos Space administrator connects to an appliance in maintenance mode using the URL `https://ip-address/maintenance`, where *ip-address* is the Web access IP address for the appliance.

When a user is authenticated to access Junos Space in maintenance mode, the Maintenance Mode Actions menu displays the tasks a user can perform in Maintenance Mode.

- [Restore Database from Backup](#)
This action leads user to select a database backup file and overwrite the current database
- [Download Troubleshooting Data and Logs](#)
This action allows user to download Space logs for troubleshooting
- [Log Out and Remain in Maintenance Mode](#)
This action logs out the current user so that another administrator can login and manage in maintenance mode
- [Log Out and Exit from Maintenance Mode](#)
This action returns Space to normal operational mode

When a user exits maintenance mode, Junos Space is restarted. After several minutes, the system returns to normal operational mode, and Junos Space users can log in to the user interface.

Maintenance Mode Access and System Locking

Only one Maintenance mode administrator can access Maintenance mode at a time. When an administrator logs in to Maintenance mode, Junos Space locks the page. When a second administrator attempts to log in to Maintenance mode while the first administrator is logged in, Junos Space displays a message indicating that another administrator is currently logged in to the system and that Maintenance Mode is locked. The Maintenance mode lock releases when the first administrator logs out or the lock times out. If the logged-in administrator is inactive, the maintenance mode lock is released after 5 minutes at which time another administrator can log in.

Maintenance Mode User Administration

The user name for the maintenance mode administrator is “maintenance”.

The password for the maintenance mode administrator is set from the Junos Space system console during the initial installation/configuration of a Junos Space appliance or virtual appliance.

Related Documentation

- Restoring a Database in the User Interface on page 300
- Restoring a Database in Maintenance Mode on page 302
- Backing Up the Database on page 295
- Database Backup and Restore Overview on page 293

CHAPTER 30

Fabric Management

- Adding a Node to an Existing Fabric on page 273
- Viewing Nodes in the Fabric on page 275
- Configuring Node Network Settings on page 277
- Shutting Down or Rebooting a Node From Junos Space on page 282
- Understanding Overall System Condition and Fabric Load on page 282
- Configuring Node Network Settings on page 284
- Overview on page 289
- Managing Nodes on page 292

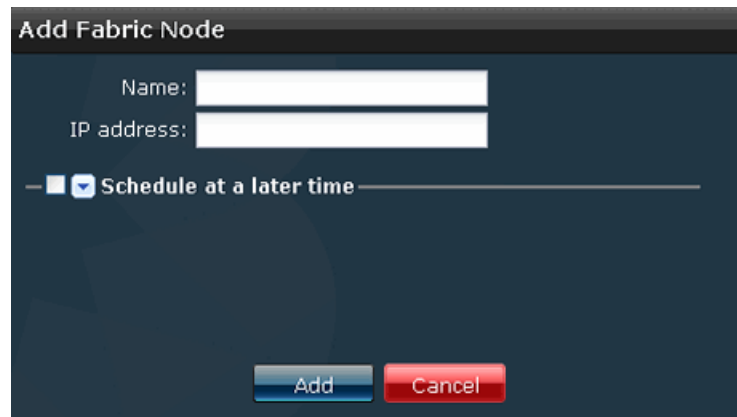
Adding a Node to an Existing Fabric

You can install one or more Junos Space appliances to create a scalable fabric. A Junos Space *appliance* can be either a JA1500 Junos Space Appliance or a Junos Space Virtual Appliance. Each Junos Space appliance that you install is represented as a single node in the fabric. As the number of devices on your network expands, you can add nodes to the fabric to manage the increased workload. By default, the Junos Space fabric contains a single node that provides complete Junos Space management functionality. When you install and configure the first appliance, Junos Space automatically adds the first node to the fabric and uses the logical node name that you assign to the appliance when you configure the appliance in the command line interface. For each additional appliance that you install and configure, you must add the node in Junos Space to represent the appliance in the fabric.

To add a node to the Junos Space fabric:

1. From the task ribbon, select the **Administration** workspace.
2. From the task ribbon, select the **Manage Fabric** icon.
3. From the task ribbon, select the **Add Fabric Node** task.

The Add Fabric Node screen is displayed.




NOTE: Before you add a node to the Junos Space fabric, make sure that no jobs are pending. No new jobs will be scheduled to run until the add node job has completed.

4. In the Name field, enter a name for the node.
5. In the IP address field, enter the IP address of the Junos Space appliance.



NOTE: This is the IP address for interface `eth0` that you specified during the basic configuration of the appliance.

6. Schedule the Add Fabric Node operation:
 - Clear the **Schedule at a later time** check box (the default) to initiate the add node operation when you complete 7 of this procedure.
 - Select the **Schedule at a later time** check box to specify a later start date and time for the add node operation.



NOTE: The selected time in the scheduler corresponds to Junos Space server time but is mapped to the local time zone of the client computer.

7. Click **Add** to add the node to the fabric.

The node is added to the fabric and is displayed in the Junos Space user interface and database. When you add a node, the node functions are automatically assigned by Junos Space. By default, the first and second nodes added to a fabric perform all the following functions:

- Database— for processing database requests (create, read, update, and delete operations)
- Load Balancer— for processing HTTP requests from remote browsers and NBI clients

- Application Logic— for processing back-end business logic (Junos Space service requests), and DML workload (device connectivity, device events, and logging)

By default, the third node, and all subsequent nodes, added to a fabric perform only the Application Logic function.

Viewing Nodes in the Fabric

The Fabric Monitoring inventory page allows the administrator to view configuration and runtime information for each node in the Junos Space fabric. You can also monitor the status of the database, load balancer, and application logic functions running on each node, and identify nodes that are overloaded or down. The Fabric Monitoring inventory page refreshes every 10 seconds, by default.

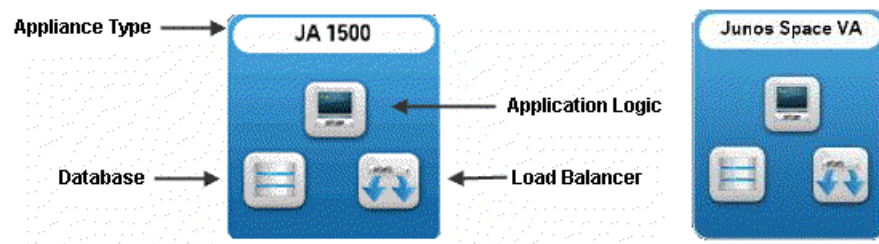
- Changing Views on page 275
- Viewing Fabric Node Details on page 276

Changing Views

You can display fabric monitoring in two views: thumbnail and tabular. By default, fabric monitoring objects appear in thumbnail view.

In thumbnail view, fabric monitoring appears as icons listed in descending order alphabetically by node name. Each fabric has a node name.

Each node in the fabric is represented by a thumbnail, which indicates whether the node is a JA1500 Junos Space Appliance (JA1500) or a Junos Space Virtual Appliance (Junos Space VA), and the node functions (database, load balancer, or application logic) that run (whether up or down) on the appliance. For example, icons for the JA1500 Junos Space appliance and virtual appliance are shown.



In tabular view, fabric nodes appear in a table sorted by node name. Each fabric is a row in the Fabric Monitoring table.

To change views:

1. Navigate to Platform > Administrator > Manage Fabric. The Manage Fabric page appears.
2. Click a view indicator at the right of the Manage Fabric page title bar.

Viewing Fabric Node Details

To view detailed runtime and status information for a node:

- Double-click a node in either thumbnail or tabular views. The View Node Details page appears.
- In Fabric Monitoring thumbnail view, move the zoom slider to the far right.

Table 45 on page 276 describes the node information displayed in each column in the table and from the detailed view.

Table 45: Fields for the Fabric Monitoring Inventory Panel

Field	Description
Node Name	<p>The logical name assigned to the node.</p> <p>NOTE: For the first node, Junos Space uses the node name that the user specifies during the initial configuration of the Junos Space appliance (physical or virtual). For each subsequent node, the user must specify a node name when adding the node to the fabric.</p>
Management IP	The IP address for the node.
Status	<p>Connection status for the node.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UP—Node is connected to the fabric. • DOWN—Node is disconnected from the fabric.
% CPU	<p>The percentage of CPU resource utilized by the node.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unknown—The percentage of CPU utilized is unknown, for example, because the node is not connected.
% RAM	<p>The percentage of memory resource utilized by the node.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unknown—The percentage of memory utilized is unknown, for example, because the node is not connected.
% Disk	<p>The percentage of the /var directory utilized by the node.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unknown—The percentage of the /var directory utilized by the node is unknown, for example, because the node is not connected.
App Logic	<p>Application Logic function status for the node.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UP— Application Logic function is running on node. • DOWN—Application Logic function enabled on the node but is not running. • Unknown—Status for the application logic function is unknown, for example, because the node is not connected. • N/A— Application Logic function is not configured to run on the node.

Table 45: Fields for the Fabric Monitoring Inventory Panel (*continued*)

Field	Description
Database	<p>Database function status for the node.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> UP—Database function is running on node. DOWN—Database function that is enabled on the node but is not running. Unknown—Status for the Database function is unknown, for example, because the node is not connected. N/A—Database function is not configured to run on the node. <p>NOTE: By default, the Database function is enabled on no more than two nodes in the fabric.</p>
Hardware Model	<p>Model of Junos Space Appliance.</p> <p>NOTE: Hardware model is displayed when you double-click a thumbnail or table row for a detailed view of the node.</p> <p>NOTE: Hardware model only applies for a Junos Space physical appliance.</p>
Load Balancer	<p>Load Balancer function for the node.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> UP – Load Balancer function is running on the node. DOWN – Load Balancer function that is enabled on the node is not running. Unknown – Status for the Load Balancer function is unknown, for example, because the node might not be connected. N/A – Load Balancer function is not running because it is not configured to run on the node. <p>NOTE: By default, the Load Balancer function is enabled on no more than two nodes in the fabric.</p>
Serial Number	<p>Serial Number for the Junos Space appliance.</p> <p>NOTE: Serial number is displayed when you double-click a thumbnail or table row for a detailed view of the node.</p>
Software Version	<p>Junos Space Release Version.</p> <p>NOTE: Software version is displayed when you double-click a thumbnail or table row for a detailed view of the node.</p>

For more information about manipulating data on the Fabric Monitoring inventory page, see “Inventory Pages Overview” on page 28

Related Documentation

- Understanding Overall System Condition and Fabric Load on page 282
- Fabric Management Overview on page 289
- Inventory Pages Overview on page 28

Configuring Node Network Settings

The Junos Space fabric consists of one or multiple nodes. Network settings for these nodes enable IP connectivity to external systems as well as internal connectivity between

nodes. During the initial set up of a node, the Junos Space super administrator configures node networking settings through the CLI interface. However, You can not use the CLI interface to change network settings.

To change network settings, navigate to Platform > Manage Fabric > Network Settings. Changing network settings allow you to move Junos Space fabric from one network location to another location without reinstallation.

Existing settings for both the management interface and device management interface (IP address, net mask and default gateway) for all nodes are displayed in a table. The settings for a node are displayed as a row in the table.

Nodes require restart to apply new network settings.

This topic includes the following topics:

- Network Settings Configuration Guidelines on page 278
- Changing the VIP Interface in the Same Subnet on page 278
- Changing the Node Management IP in the Same Subnet on page 279
- Changing the Default Gateway on page 279
- Changing the Management IP to a Different Network on page 279
- Adding the Device Management IP Address on page 279
- Changing the Device Management IP Address in the Same Subnet on page 280
- Changing the Device Management IP Address to a Different Network on page 280
- Deleting a Device Management IP Address on page 280
- Changing the VIP Interface to a Different Network on page 281
- Changing the Node Management IP Address of All Nodes in the Fabric to the Same Subnet on page 281
- Changing the VIP interface of a Multi-Node Fabric to a Different Network on page 281

Network Settings Configuration Guidelines

- The VIP interface and Node IP address should be in the same subnet.
- The node management IP address of the first two nodes in the fabric must be in the same subnet.
- When you modify the device management IP address, all the devices connected to that node should be updated with the new device management IP address.

Changing the VIP Interface in the Same Subnet

There is only one VIP for the entire fabric.

Changing the Node Management IP in the Same Subnet

To change the node management IP in the same subnet:

1. Click the pencil icon for the node on which you want to change the management IP.
The settings appear for you to modify
2. Change the management IP in the same subnet.
3. Click OK.
4. Click Modify.

The Shutdown/reboot confirmation dialog box appears.

Changing the Default Gateway

To change the default gateway:

1. Click the pencil icon for the node on which you want to change the default gateway.
The settings appear for you to modify
2. Change the default gateway.
3. Click OK.
4. Click Modify.

The Shutdown/reboot confirmation dialog box appears.

Changing the Management IP to a Different Network

To change the management IP to a different network:

1. Click the pencil icon for the node on which you want to change the management IP.
The settings appear for you to modify.
2. Change the management IP from a different network.
3. Change the VIP, subnet mask, and default gateway.
4. Click OK.
5. Click Modify.

The Shutdown/reboot confirmation dialog box appears.

Adding the Device Management IP Address

To add the device management IP address:

1. Click the pencil icon for the node on which you want to add the device management IP address.
The settings appear for you to modify.
2. Click Add.

3. Add the VIP, subnet mask, and default gateway for the device management interface.
4. Click OK.
5. Click Modify.

The Shutdown/reboot confirmation dialog box appears.

Changing the Device Management IP Address in the Same Subnet

To change the device management IP address in the same subnet:

1. Click the pencil icon for the node on which you want to change the device management IP.

The settings appear for you to modify.

2. Change the device management IP to a new one in the same subnet.
3. Click OK.
4. Click Modify.

The Shutdown/reboot confirmation dialog box appears.

Changing the Device Management IP Address to a Different Network

To change the device management IP address to a different network:

1. Click the pencil icon for the node on which you want to change the device management IP.

The settings appear for you to modify.

2. Change the device management IP to a new in a different subnet.
3. Change the subnet mask and default gateway.
4. Click OK.
5. Click Modify.

The Shutdown/reboot confirmation dialog box appears.

Deleting a Device Management IP Address

To delete a device management IP address

1. Click the pencil icon for the node on which you want to delete the device management IP address.

The settings appear for you to modify.

2. Uncheck the Enable device management interface option.
3. Click OK.
4. Click Modify.

The Shutdown/reboot confirmation dialog box appears.

Changing the VIP Interface to a Different Network

The VIP interface and the node IP should be in the same subnet.

To change the VIP interface to a different network:

1. Change the VIP interface to a different network.
2. Change the node IP address.
3. Click OK.
4. Click Modify.

The Shutdown/reboot confirmation dialog box appears.

Changing the Node Management IP Address of All Nodes in the Fabric to the Same Subnet

To change the node management IP address and all nodes in the fabric to the same subnet:

1. Click the pencil icon for the node on which you want to change the node management IP address.

The settings appear for you to modify.

2. Change the node management IP address to a new one in the same subnet.
3. Click OK.
4. Repeat Steps 1 through 3 for each node in the fabric.
5. Click Modify.

The Shutdown/reboot confirmation dialog box appears.

Changing the VIP interface of a Multi-Node Fabric to a Different Network

The node IP address and the VIP interface must be in the same subnet.

To change the VIP interface of a multi-node fabric to a different network:

1. Change the VIP interface to a new one in a different network.
2. Change the node IP address.
3. Click OK.
4. Repeat Steps 1 through 3 for each node in the fabric.
5. Click Modify.

The Shutdown/reboot confirmation dialog box appears.

Related Documentation

- Shutting Down or Rebooting a Node From Junos Space on page 282

Shutting Down or Rebooting a Node From Junos Space

From Junos Space, you, the super administrator can shut down or reboot fabric nodes (appliances or virtual machine hosts) when you move them or reconfigure their network settings. You can shut down or reboot a fabric node using the **Platform > Administration > Manage Fabric > Shut Down Node** action. You can type an optional message to appear for administrators logged in to an affected node.

To shut down or reboot a node in the fabric:

1. Modify the node network settings.
2. Navigate to **Platform > Administration > Manage Fabric**.
4. Right-click the node and select **Power Management** from the popup menu.

The **Node Power Management** dialog box appears.

5. Select the node.
6. Select the power management action option: **Shut down** or **Reboot**.
7. In the **Console Message** text field, type an optional message for any administrator logged into the node using the CLI. The optional message appears on UNIX shell.

If you do not enter an optional console message, the following messages automatically appear: **Junos Space shutdown** or **Junos Space reboot**.

8. Click **Confirm**.

The shut down or reboot action occurs.

Related Documentation

Understanding Overall System Condition and Fabric Load

You can view the overall Junos Space system condition and fabric load from the platform application dashboard or from the Administration workspace landing page.

System Condition

To calculate the overall system condition, Junos Space uses an algorithm based on cluster health and node-function health:

- Cluster health indicates the percentage of nodes in the fabric that are currently running.

For example, if only three nodes are reachable in a four-node fabric, cluster health is 75%.

- Load-balancer health indicates the percentage of nodes (enabled for load balancing) that are running the load balancing process.

For example, if two nodes are enabled for load balancing and the load-balancing process is running on only one node, the load-balancing health is 50%.

- Database health indicates the percentage of nodes (enabled for database requests) that are running the database process.

For example, if two nodes are enabled as database server and the database process is running on only one node, then database health is 50%.

- Application-logic health indicates the percentage of nodes (enabled for application logic (DML and business logic)) that are running the application-logic process.

For example, if three nodes are enabled for application logic and the application-logic process is running on only two nodes, then application-logic health is 67%.

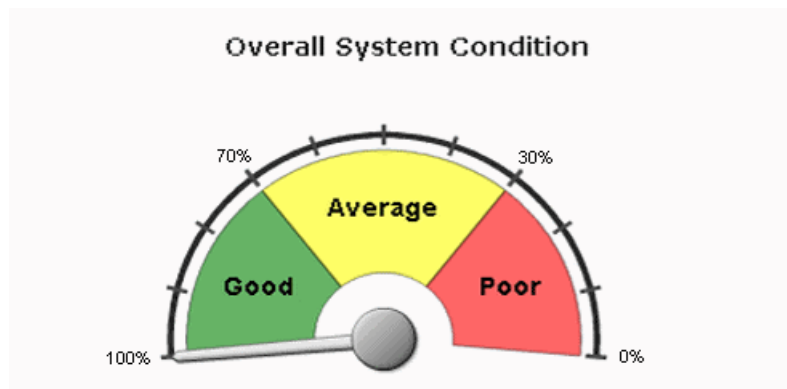
Junos Space retrieves data on the nodes and the node functions running, and then applies the following algorithm to determine the overall system condition:

$$\text{overall system condition} = [(\text{number of nodes running}) / (\text{number of nodes in fabric})] * [(\text{number of nodes running load balancing process}) / (\text{number of nodes enabled for load balancing})] * [(\text{number of nodes running database server process}) / (\text{number of nodes enabled as database server})] * [(\text{number of nodes running application logic process}) / (\text{number of nodes enabled for application logic})]$$

Using the preceding examples for cluster health and node-function health, the overall system condition is expressed as a percentage:

$$\text{overall system condition} = 75\% * 50\% * 50\% * 67\% = 12.5\%$$

The Overall System Condition window indicates Poor (0–30%), Average (30–70%), or Good (70–100%), based on the value the algorithm returns.

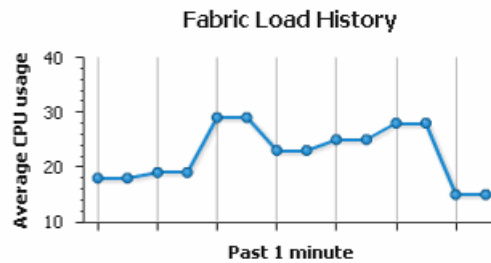


The overall system health indicates 0% (Poor) when any one of the following conditions is detected:

- No nodes in the fabric are running.
- No nodes enabled for load balancing are running the load balancing process.
- No nodes enabled for database requests are running the database process.
- No nodes enabled for application logic are running the application logic process.

Fabric Load

The Fabric Load chart displays the average CPU usage across all nodes that are running in the fabric.



Junos Space uses the following algorithm to determine the fabric load:

$$\text{fabric load} = [\text{total CPU usage for all nodes running}] / [\text{number of nodes running}]$$

For example, given a fabric with three nodes running and CPU usage of 80%, 30%, and 10%, respectively, the fabric load is 40%. The following example illustrates how the fabric load is calculated.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{fabric load} &= [80\% + 30\% + 10\%] / 3 \\ \text{fabric load} &= 120\% / 3 \\ \text{fabric load} &= 40\% \end{aligned}$$

To view the average CPU use at a specific data point, drag the mouse over the data point of interest.

To obtain details about the status of the fabric, click any data point in the graph. The Fabric Monitoring window is displayed and shows detailed status for each node in the fabric. Status information includes CPU, disk, and memory usage and indicates up or down status for each node function enabled on the node.

Related Documentation

- Fabric Management Overview on page 289
- Junos Space User Interface Overview on page 12

Configuring Node Network Settings

The Junos Space fabric consists of one or multiple nodes. Network settings for these nodes enable IP connectivity to external systems as well as internal connectivity between nodes. During the initial set up of a node, the Junos Space super administrator configures node networking settings through the CLI interface. However, You can not use the CLI interface to change network settings.

To change network settings, navigate to Platform > Manage Fabric > Network Settings. Changing network settings allow you to move Junos Space fabric from one network location to another location without reinstallation.

Existing settings for both the management interface and device management interface (IP address, net mask and default gateway) for all nodes are displayed in a table. The settings for a node are displayed as a row in the table.

Nodes require restart to apply new network settings.

This topic includes the following topics:

- Network Settings Configuration Guidelines on page 285
- Changing the VIP Interface in the Same Subnet on page 285
- Changing the Node Management IP in the Same Subnet on page 285
- Changing the Default Gateway on page 286
- Changing the Management IP to a Different Network on page 286
- Adding the Device Management IP Address on page 286
- Changing the Device Management IP Address in the Same Subnet on page 287
- Changing the Device Management IP Address to a Different Network on page 287
- Deleting a Device Management IP Address on page 287
- Changing the VIP Interface to a Different Network on page 288
- Changing the Node Management IP Address of All Nodes in the Fabric to the Same Subnet on page 288
- Changing the VIP interface of a Multi-Node Fabric to a Different Network on page 288

Network Settings Configuration Guidelines

- The VIP interface and Node IP address should be in the same subnet.
- The node management IP address of the first two nodes in the fabric must be in the same subnet.
- When you modify the device management IP address, all the devices connected to that node should be updated with the new device management IP address.

Changing the VIP Interface in the Same Subnet

There is only one VIP for the entire fabric.

Changing the Node Management IP in the Same Subnet

To change the node management IP in the same subnet:

1. Click the pencil icon for the node on which you want to change the management IP.
The settings appear for you to modify
2. Change the management IP in the same subnet.
3. Click OK.
4. Click Modify.

The Shutdown/reboot confirmation dialog box appears.

Changing the Default Gateway

To change the default gateway:

1. Click the pencil icon for the node on which you want to change the default gateway.
The settings appear for you to modify
2. Change the default gateway.
3. Click OK.
4. Click Modify.

The Shutdown/reboot confirmation dialog box appears.

Changing the Management IP to a Different Network

To change the management IP to a different network:

1. Click the pencil icon for the node on which you want to change the management IP.
The settings appear for you to modify.
2. Change the management IP from a different network.
3. Change the VIP, subnet mask, and default gateway.
4. Click OK.
5. Click Modify.

The Shutdown/reboot confirmation dialog box appears.

Adding the Device Management IP Address

To add the device management IP address:

1. Click the pencil icon for the node on which you want to add the device management IP address.
The settings appear for you to modify.
2. Click Add.
3. Add the VIP, subnet mask, and default gateway for the device management interface.
4. Click OK.
5. Click Modify.

The Shutdown/reboot confirmation dialog box appears.

Changing the Device Management IP Address in the Same Subnet

To change the device management IP address in the same subnet:

1. Click the pencil icon for the node on which you want to change the device management IP.

The settings appear for you to modify.

2. Change the device management IP to a new one in the same subnet.
3. Click OK.
4. Click Modify.

The Shutdown/reboot confirmation dialog box appears.

Changing the Device Management IP Address to a Different Network

To change the device management IP address to a different network:

1. Click the pencil icon for the node on which you want to change the device management IP.

The settings appear for you to modify.

2. Change the device management IP to a new in a different subnet.
3. Change the subnet mask and default gateway.
4. Click OK.
5. Click Modify.

The Shutdown/reboot confirmation dialog box appears.

Deleting a Device Management IP Address

To delete a device management IP address

1. Click the pencil icon for the node on which you want to delete the device management IP address.

The settings appear for you to modify.

2. Uncheck the Enable device management interface option.
3. Click OK.
4. Click Modify.

The Shutdown/reboot confirmation dialog box appears.

Changing the VIP Interface to a Different Network

The VIP interface and the node IP should be in the same subnet.

To change the VIP interface to a different network:

1. Change the VIP interface to a different network.
2. Change the node IP address.
3. Click OK.
4. Click Modify.

The Shutdown/reboot confirmation dialog box appears.

Changing the Node Management IP Address of All Nodes in the Fabric to the Same Subnet

To change the node management IP address and all nodes in the fabric to the same subnet:

1. Click the pencil icon for the node on which you want to change the node management IP address.

The settings appear for you to modify.

2. Change the node management IP address to a new one in the same subnet.
3. Click OK.
4. Repeat Steps 1 through 3 for each node in the fabric.
5. Click Modify.

The Shutdown/reboot confirmation dialog box appears.

Changing the VIP interface of a Multi-Node Fabric to a Different Network

The node IP address and the VIP interface must be in the same subnet.

To change the VIP interface of a multi-node fabric to a different network:

1. Change the VIP interface to a new one in a different network.
2. Change the node IP address.
3. Click OK.
4. Repeat Steps 1 through 3 for each node in the fabric.
5. Click Modify.

The Shutdown/reboot confirmation dialog box appears.

Related Documentation

- Shutting Down or Rebooting a Node From Junos Space on page 282

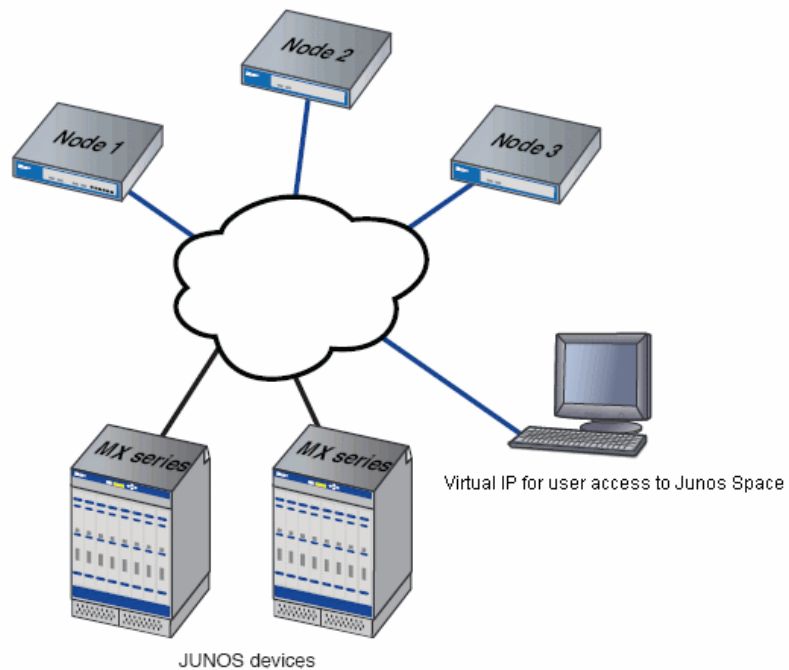
Overview

- Fabric Management Overview on page 289

Fabric Management Overview

You can deploy Junos Space appliances to create a fabric that provides the scalability and availability that your managed network requires as you add more devices, services, and users.

A Junos Space fabric comprises one or more IP-connected nodes. A *node* is a logical object that represents a single JA1500 Junos Space Appliance or Junos Space Virtual Appliance, its operating system, and the Junos Space software that runs on the operating system. Each Junos Space appliance or virtual appliance that you install and configure is represented as a single node in the fabric. You can add nodes without disrupting the services that are running on the fabric. When you add nodes to the fabric, you can manage and monitor the nodes from the Administration workspace. To add, manage, and monitor nodes in the fabric, a fabric administrator connects to a single virtual IP address, as shown in the illustration.



NOTE: All appliances (nodes) in a fabric must be from same Junos Space release. For example, a fabric comprises Junos Space Release 1.1 appliances or Junos Space Release 1.2 appliances, but not both.

Single Node Functionality

When the fabric comprises a single appliance, all devices in the managed network connect to the appliance. When you install and configure the first appliance, Junos Space automatically creates a fabric with one node. By default, a fabric that consists of a single node provides complete Junos Space management functionality, with the following *node functions* enabled for the node:

- Load Balancer— for processing HTTP requests from remote browsers and NBI clients
- Database— for processing database requests (create, read, update, and delete operations)
- Application Logic— for processing back-end business logic (Junos Space service requests) and DML workload (device connectivity, device events, and logging)



NOTE: A fabric that comprises a single node provides no workload balancing and no backup if the appliance goes down.

Multinode Functionality

As your network expands with new devices, services, and users, you can add Junos Space appliances to handle the increased workload. When you install and configure the first appliance, Junos Space automatically creates a fabric with one node. For each additional appliance you install and configure, you must add a node to logically represent the appliance in the fabric. Each node that you add to the fabric increases the resource pool for the node functions to meet the scalability and availability requirements of your network. By default, Junos Space automatically enables node functionality across the nodes in the fabric to distribute workload. The nodes in the fabric work together to provide a virtualized resource pool for each of the node functions: load balancer, database, and application logic.

The Junos Space node functions distribute workload across operating nodes according to the following load-distribution rules:

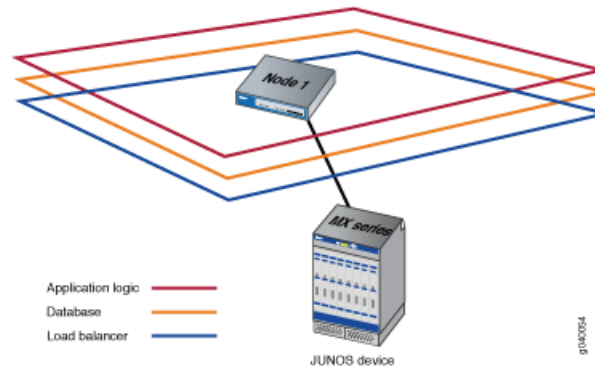
- Load Balancer— When a node that functions as the active load balancer server is down, all HTTP requests are automatically routed to the standby load balancer server that is running on a separate node.
- Database— When a node that functions as the active database server is down, all database requests (create, read, update, and delete) are routed to the node that functions as the standby database server.
- Application Logic (DML and business logic)— Device connections and user requests are distributed among the nodes, and device-related operations are routed to the node to which the device is connected.

Junos Space uses the following algorithm to ensure that the number of devices connected to a node does not exceed the threshold limit for each node:

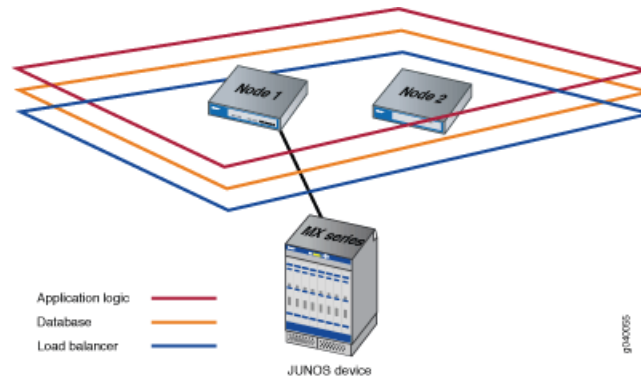
$$\text{Threshold Limit} = [(\text{number of devices in database}) / (\text{number of nodes running})] + 2$$

The following workflow describes how the node functions are enabled across the fabric as nodes are added:

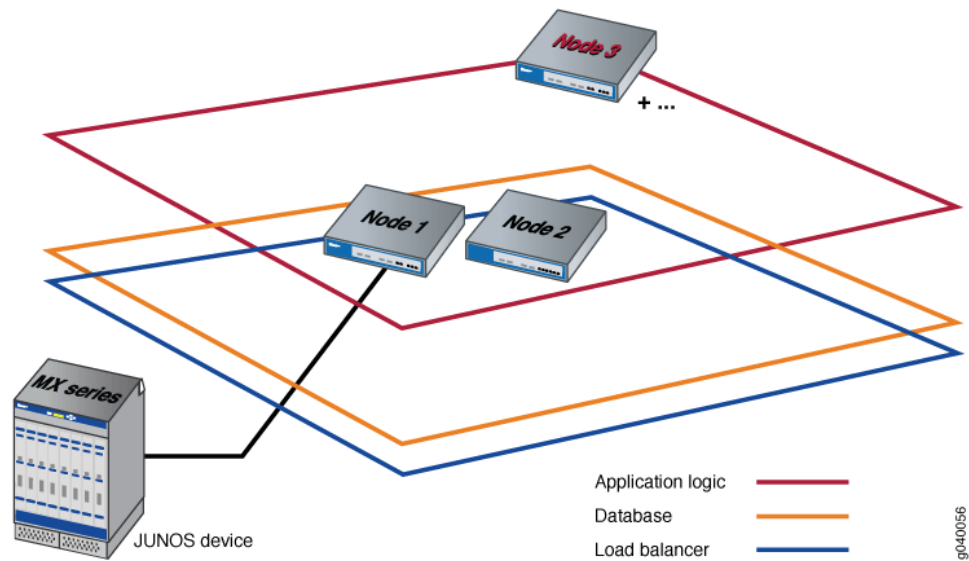
- First node up: The load balancer, database, and application logic functions are enabled on the node. Each node function provides both scalability and high availability. The following illustration shows all functions enabled on fabric comprising one node.



- Add second node: When a second node is added to the fabric, the first node functions as the active load balancer server and active database server, and the second node functions as the standby load balancer server and standby database server. The load balancer and application logic node functions provide scalability and high availability. The database node function on the second node provides high availability only. The following illustration shows the functions enabled on a fabric comprising two nodes.



- Add third node: Only the application logic functionality is enabled on the third node to provide equal distribution of device connections and user requests across all nodes, and route device-related operations to the node to which the device is connected. The application logic functionality provides both scalability and high availability. The following illustration shows the functions enabled on a fabric comprising three nodes.



NOTE: For the third node and each subsequent node added to the fabric, only the application logic functionality is enabled.

Node Function Availability

In a fabric comprising two or more nodes, Junos Space provides failover when a node functioning as the active server (load balancer server or database server) goes down. By default, Junos Space marks a particular node down and routes failover requests to the node that Junos Space designates as standby server. Junos Space uses a heartbeat mechanism to check whether the nodes in the fabric are running. When a node functioning as the active server fails (the appliance physically crashes or stops sending heartbeats), the node functioning as the standby server takes over all resources that were managed by the node functioning as active server.

Related Documentation

- Viewing Nodes in the Fabric on page 275

Managing Nodes

CHAPTER 31

Database Management

- Overview on page 293
- Managing Databases on page 294

Overview

- Database Backup and Restore Overview on page 293

Database Backup and Restore Overview

The system administrator can perform Junos Space database backup, restore, and delete operations from the Platform > Administration > Manage Databases workspace. The administrator can initiate a database backup operation from either the Manage Databases > Backup Database task or from Junos Space Maintenance Mode. In both cases, the backup database operation occurs in Maintenance Mode.

The backup database operation can be performed both locally or remotely.

By default, Junos Space does not automatically backup the database. However, the administrator can schedule a backup to run at anytime and perform either local or remote backups. All jobs that completed prior to the time the backup operation starts are captured in the database backup file.

To perform database backup or restore operations, a Junos Space user must be assigned the system administrator role.

Restore the Junos Space database if any of the following conditions occur:

- Junos Space data is corrupted, and you need to replace it with uncorrupted data.
- The Junos Space software becomes corrupted, and you reinstalled the Junos Space software.
- You upgrade to a new version of Junos Space and need to populate the Junos Space database with existing data.

Backing up a Database

The system administrator can back up a Junos Space database from the Platform > Administration > Manage Databases > Backup Database task. During a backup, Junos Space archives data files and the logical logs that record database transactions, such

as the users, nodes, devices, and added or deleted services in Junos Space. The administrator can perform a local or remote database backup. When the administrator performs a local backup, Junos Space backs up all database data and log files to a local default directory `/var/cache/jboss/backup`. You cannot specify a different database backup file location for a local backup. When the administrator performs a remote database backup, Junos Space backs all data and log files to a remote location on a network hosts or media.

For a remote backup, you must specify a remote host that is configured to run the Linux Secure Copy (SCP) command. You must also specify a valid user ID and password for the remote host. To ensure that you are using a valid directory, check the destination directory before you initiate a database backup to the remote system.

For more information about backing up a database, see “Backing Up the Database” on page 295.

Restoring a Database

When the system administrator performs a restore database operation, data from a previous database backup is used to restore the Junos Space database to a previous state. The administrator can restore the database from the Junos Space user interface (Platform > Administration > Manage Databases workspace) (see “Restoring a Database in the User Interface” on page 300), or directly from the Maintenance Mode Actions window (if Junos Space goes down and you cannot access the user interface) (see “Restoring a Database in Maintenance Mode” on page 302).

When a user initiates a restore database operation from the user interface, Junos Space prompts the user for the user name and password to enter maintenance mode. When the user is authenticated, Junos Space initiates the restore database operation and Junos Space remains in maintenance mode until the database is restored. When Junos Space is in maintenance mode, Junos Space is down on all nodes in the fabric and only the web proxy is running. During this time, all Junos Space users, except the maintenance mode administrator, are locked out of the Junos Space system. When the restore operation completes and the administrator exits maintenance mode, Junos Space is restarted on all nodes, and users can again access the system through the Junos Space user interface.

Related Documentation

- Restoring a Database in the User Interface on page 300
- Restoring a Database in Maintenance Mode on page 302
- Backing Up the Database on page 295
- Maintenance Mode Overview on page 270

Managing Databases

- Backing Up the Database on page 295
- Restoring a Database in the User Interface on page 300
- Restoring a Database in Maintenance Mode on page 302
- Viewing Database Backup Files on page 304

- [Deleting Database Backup Files on page 305](#)
- [Viewing Job Recurrence on page 306](#)

Backing Up the Database

The system administrator can make a backup copy of the Junos Space database and, at a later time, use the backup file to restore the Junos Space database to a previous state. The database backup file contains configuration data for managed nodes, managed devices, deployed services, scheduled jobs, Junos Space users, and so forth.

The administrator can perform local and remote backup and restore operations. You perform a local backup to copy the backup file to the default directory `/var/cache/jboss/backup`. You perform a remote backup to copy the backup file to remote network hosts or media.

This topic includes the following tasks:

- [Backing Up the Database to a Local Directory on page 296](#)
- [Backing Up the Database to a Remote Host on page 298](#)

Backing Up the Database to a Local Directory

To back up the Junos Space database to a local directory:

1. Navigate to the Platform > Administration > Manage Databases > Backup Database task. The Backup Database dialog box appears.

2. In the Mode field, select **local** to back up the Junos Space database to the default directory /var/cache/jboss/backup.



NOTE: When you select the local mode option, the Username, Password, Confirm password, Machine IP, and Directory text fields in the Backup Database dialog box are disabled.

3. Optional: In the **Comment** field, add a comment to describe or otherwise identify the backup operation.
4. Optional: Schedule the database backup to occur at a later time. Click the **Schedule at a later time** drop-down arrow to expand the schedule area of the **Backup Database**

dialog box. Specify a back up database start date and time. Clear the date and time if you want the operation to occur after you click **Backup**.



NOTE: The selected time in the scheduler corresponds to Junos Space server time but using the local time zone of the client computer.

5. Optional: Schedule database backup recurrence by clicking the **Repeat** drop-down arrow.

The Repeat area expands.

- a. Specify the database backup recurrence by typing a interval in the text box and selecting the time in the drop-down list box. The default recurrence interval is 1 hour.

- b. Specify when the recurrence should end.

Indicate a date and time. You can use the date calendar and the time drow-down list box. If you do not specify a recurrence end, the database backup will reoccur endlessly until you cancel the job manually.

6. Click **Backup**.

The database is backed up. The **Order Information** window appears.

7. Optional: Click the **Job ID** in the **Order Information** dialog box to view the database backup job details in the **View Job Details** window.

8. Click **OK**.

The Junos Space database backup is displayed on the Manage Databases inventory page. See “Viewing Scheduled Jobs” on page 219.

Backing Up the Database to a Remote Host

To back up the Junos Space database to a remote host:

1. Navigate to the Platform > Administration > Manage Databases > Backup Database task. The Backup Database dialog box appears.

2. In the Mode field, select **remote** from the drop-down menu.
3. Enter a valid **user name** to access the remote host server.
4. Enter a valid **password** to access the remote host server.
5. Reenter the **password** you entered in the previous step.
6. Enter the **IP address** of the remote host server.
7. Enter a directory path on the remote host server for the database backup file.



NOTE: The directory path must already exist on the remote host server.

8. Optional: Add a **comment** to describe or otherwise identify the backup operation.
9. Optional: Schedule the Junos Space database backup operation to occur at a later time. Click the down-arrow to expand the schedule area of the dialog box.
 - Clear the **Schedule at a later time** check box (the default) to initiate the database backup when you click Backup.
 - Select the **Schedule at a later time** check box to specify a later start date and time for the database backup.



NOTE: The selected time in the scheduler corresponds to Junos Space server time but using the local time zone of the client computer.

10. Optional: Schedule database backup recurrence by clicking the **Repeat** drop-down arrow.

The Repeat area expands.

- a. Specify the database backup recurrence by typing a interval in the text box and selecting the time in the drop-down list box. The default recurrence interval is 1 hour.
- b. Specify when the recurrence should end.

Indicate a date and time. You can use the date calendar and the time drop-down list box. If you do not specify a recurrence end, the database backup will reoccur endlessly until you cancel the job manually.

11. Click **Backup**. The database back up occurs.

The Order Information window appears.

12. Optional: Click the Job ID in the Order Information dialog box to view job details for the database backup. The View Job Details window appears.

13. Click **OK** to close the View Job Details window.

When the backup operation finishes, the Junos Space database backup file appears in the Manage Databases inventory panel.

Related Documentation

- Restoring a Database in the User Interface on page 300
- Restoring a Database in Maintenance Mode on page 302
- Viewing Database Backup Files on page 304
- Deleting Database Backup Files on page 305
- Database Backup and Restore Overview on page 293
- Viewing Audit Logs on page 231
- Viewing Scheduled Jobs on page 219

Restoring a Database in the User Interface

You can restore any archived Junos Space database to restore your Junos Space system to a previous state. When you initiate a restore database operation, Junos Space is shutdown on all nodes in the fabric and the system goes into maintenance mode, during which time only one maintenance mode administrator can log in to the system at a time. Once the restore database operation is complete, Junos Space is restarted and users can access the Junos Space user interface.

To restore a database, you must have System Administrator privileges and be a Maintenance Mode administrator.



NOTE: Before you restore a database, wait until all jobs currently running have completed.

To view information about the available database backup files before you select a database to restore, see “Viewing Database Backup Files” on page 304.

Junos Space supports both local and remote backup and restore operations.

- Restoring a Local Database on page 300
- Restoring a Database from a Remote Host on page 301

Restoring a Local Database

To restore the Junos Space database to a previous state:

1. Navigate to Platform > Administration > Manage Databases workspace. The Manage Databases inventory page appears displaying the previous database back ups.
2. Select the database backup file you want to restore.

In the thumbnail view, slide the slider to the far right position. You see the database back up file detailed information for the selected database backup.

3. Open the Actions drawer and select **Restore Database**.

The Restore Database confirmation window appears.



WARNING: You must log in to Junos Space Maintenance mode. Junos Space shuts down to restore the database. All data generated after the selected backup will be lost. Junos Space users will not be able to log in to Junos Space during the restore database operation.

4. Click **Continue** in the Restore Database window.

Junos Space prompts you enter a user name and password to enter maintenance mode.

5. Enter the maintenance mode user name and password.
6. Click **OK**.

Junos Space is shut down and other users will be unable to access the system during the restore database operation.

The Restore Database Status window displays the status for the restore database operation.

7. In the Restore Database Status window, click **Return to Maintenance Menu**.

The Maintenance Mode Actions window appears.

8. In the Maintenance Mode Actions window, click **Log Out and Exit from Maintenance Mode**. This action exits maintenance mode, starts up Junos Space, and returns to normal operational mode.

The process of exiting maintenance mode and restarting Junos Space takes several minutes.

Restoring a Database from a Remote Host

To restore the Junos Space database to a previous state:

1. Navigate to Platform > Administration > Manage Databases workspace. The Manage Databases inventory page appears displaying the previous database back ups.
2. Select the database backup file you want to restore.
3. In thumbnail view, slide the slider to the far right to view the database backup detailed information. In tabular view the database backup detailed information appears in the table columns.
4. Open the Actions drawer and select **Restore Database**.

The Restore Database confirmation window appears.



WARNING: You must log in to Junos Space Maintenance mode. Junos Space shuts down to restore the database. All data generated after the selected backup will be lost. Junos Space users will not be able to log in to Junos Space during the restore database operation.

5. Click **Continue** in the Restore Database window.

Junos Space prompts you enter a user name and password to log in to Maintenance mode.

6. Enter the maintenance mode user name and password.
7. Click **OK**.

Junos Space is shut down and other users will be unable to access the system during the restore database operation.

The Restore Database Status window displays the status for the restore database operation.

8. In the Restore Database Status window, click **Return to Maintenance Menu**.

The Maintenance Mode Actions window appears.

9. In the Maintenance Mode Actions window, click **Log Out and Exit from Maintenance Mode**. This action exits maintenance mode, starts up Junos Space, and returns to normal operational mode.

The process of exiting maintenance mode and restarting Junos Space takes several minutes.

**Related
Documentation**

- Backing Up the Database on page 295
- Viewing Database Backup Files on page 304
- Deleting Database Backup Files on page 305
- Maintenance Mode Overview on page 270
- Restoring a Database in Maintenance Mode on page 302

Restoring a Database in Maintenance Mode

In Junos Space, maintenance mode is a special mode that an administrator can use to restore the database when Junos Space is down on all nodes in the fabric and the Web proxy is running.

To restore a database in maintenance mode:

1. Connect to a Junos Space appliance in maintenance mode using the following URL, where *ip-address* is the Web access IP address for the appliance:

`https://ip-address/maintenance`

The Maintenance Mode window is displayed.

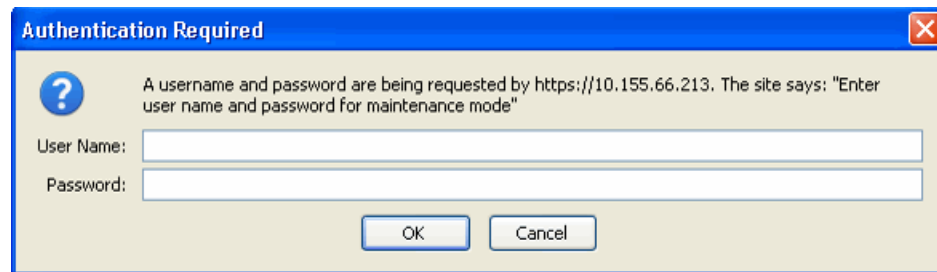
Maintenance Mode

Space is currently in maintenance mode.

[If you have the privileges to manage maintenance mode, click here to log in](#)

2. Click on the link to log in.

The Authentication Required dialog box is displayed.



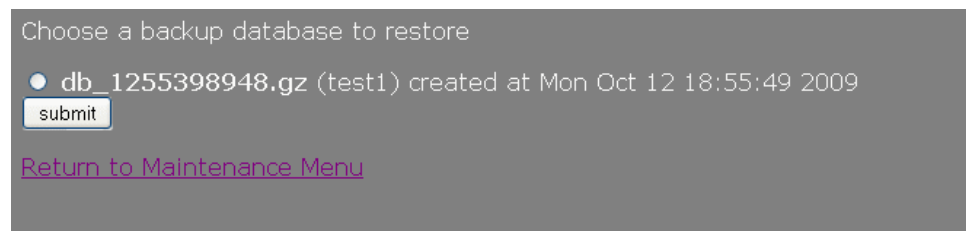
3. Enter the user name and password for maintenance mode access.
4. Click **OK**.

The Maintenance Mode Actions window is displayed.

- [Restore Database from Backup](#)
This action leads user to select a database backup file and overwrite the current database
- [Download Troubleshooting Data and Logs](#)
This action allows user to download Space logs for troubleshooting
- [Log Out and Remain in Maintenance Mode](#)
This action logs out the current user so that another administrator can login and manage in maintenance mode
- [Log Out and Exit from Maintenance Mode](#)
This action returns Space to normal operational mode

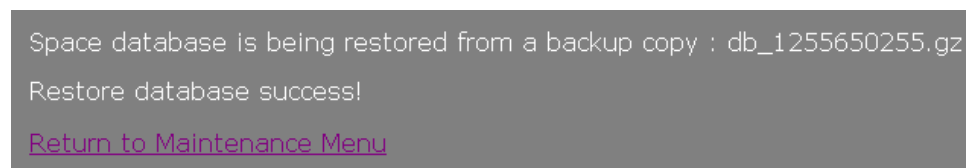
5. Click on the link **Restore Database from Backup** in the Maintenance Mode Actions window.

Junos Space displays the available database backup files, as shown in the following example.



6. From the available database backup files, select a database backup file to overwrite the current database.
7. Click **Submit**.

The database is restored from the backup copy you selected.



8. Click **Return to Maintenance Menu**.

The Maintenance Mode Actions window is displayed.

9. Click **Log Out and Exit from Maintenance Mode**.

Junos Space returns to normal operational mode.

**Related
Documentation**

- Maintenance Mode Overview on page 270
- Database Backup and Restore Overview on page 293
- Backing Up the Database on page 295
- Restoring a Database in the User Interface on page 300

Viewing Database Backup Files

The Manage Databases inventory page displays information about Junos Space database backups, including the date and time of the backup, the backup file name and location, and the IP address of the Junos Space appliance that was backed up. From the Manage Databases inventory page, the administrator can restore a database or delete a database backup.

- Changing Views on page 304
- Viewing Database Details on page 304
- Manage Database Commands on page 305

Changing Views

You can view database back information in thumbnail or tabular views. By default, Manage Database data displays in thumbnail view. In thumbnail view databases are represented by an icon has a database backup name and the date the back occurred. In tabular view, each database backup is represented by a row in the table,

To change views:

1. Navigate to Platform > Administrator > Manage Databases. The Manage Databases page appears.
2. Click a view indicator at the right of the Manage Databases page title bar.

Viewing Database Details

To view detailed database backup information:

- Double-click a database in either thumbnail or tabular views. The Database Backup Details page appears.
- In thumbnail view, move the zoom slider to the far right to display detailed informaton.

Table 46 on page 304 defines the database backup detailed information.

Table 46: Fields in the Manage Databases Table

Field	Description
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Table 46: Fields in the Manage Databases Table (*continued*)

Name	The name of the database backup file. Junos Space automatically assigns a name to the backup file.
Backup Date	Date and time of the database backup.
Comment	Information a Junos Space user optionally provides in the Comments field of the Backup Database dialog box when scheduling database backup.
Machine	IP address of the appliance on which the database backup was performed.
File Path	File path for the database backup.

Manage Database Commands

From the Manage Database inventory page, you can perform the following actions:

- Delete Database Backup—“Deleting Database Backup Files” on page 305
- Restore Database—“Restoring a Database in the User Interface” on page 300
- Tag It—“Tagging an Object” on page 343
- View Tags—“Tagging an Object” on page 343
- Clear All Selections—Clears all selections you made using the Select Page link. You can also clear all selections by clicking the Select None link.

Deleting Database Backup Files

The system administrator can delete archived database backup files that are no longer useful for restore operations.



NOTE: When you delete a database backup file from the Manage Databases inventory panel, the backup file is permanently deleted from Junos Space and cannot be retrieved or restored.

To delete a Junos Space database backup file:

1. Navigate to the Platform > Administration > Manage Databases workspace. The Manage Databases inventory page appears listing the previously database backed up files by file name.
2. From the Manage Databases inventory panel (thumbnails or table view), select one or more database backup files that you want to delete.
3. Optional: View the database backup file detailed information before deleting the file. In thumbnail view the slider to the far right. In tabular view, detailed database backup file information appears as columns in the table.
4. From the Actions drawer, select **Delete Database Backup**. You can also right-click the database backup files you want to delete.

Junos Space deletes the selected Junos Space database backup files. The deleted backup files are no longer displayed in the inventory panel and are deleted from the `/var/lib/mysql/backup` directory.

- Related Documentation**
- Backing Up the Database on page 295
 - Restoring a Database in the User Interface on page 300
 - Restoring a Database in Maintenance Mode on page 302
 - Viewing Database Backup Files on page 304

Viewing Job Recurrence

You can view information about when a job recurs. For example, in Junos Space release 1.4, you can view the recurrence of a database backup job.

To view job recurrence information:

1. Navigate to **Platform > Administration > Manage Database**.

The **Manage Database** inventory page appears.

2. Select a recurring job and select **View Recurrence** from the **Actions** menu.

You can also double-click a database backup file or right-click and select **View Recurrence** from the pop-up menu.

The **View Job Recurrence** dialog box appears.

The **View Job Recurrence** dialog box displays the selected job start date and time, recurrence interval, and end date and time.

3. Optional: Click the **Job ID** link to view all recurrences of the schedule.
4. Click **OK**.

- Related Documentation**
- Backing Up the Database on page 295
 - Viewing Scheduled Jobs on page 219
 - Viewing Audit Logs on page 231

CHAPTER 32

Managing Licenses

- Generating and Uploading the Junos Space License Key File on page 307
- Viewing Licenses on page 309

Generating and Uploading the Junos Space License Key File

The Junos Space software provides a default, 60-day trial license. After 60 days, the use of the Junos Space software expires except for the Upload License command. The administrator must activate the software with the Juniper Networks License Key to regain use of the Junos Space software. Within two weeks of the license expiration date, a license expiration warning is displayed when users log into Junos Space and from the About Junos Space page.

Junos Space license management involves a two-step process:

1. Generating the license key file. Juniper Networks uses a license management system (LMS) to manage the deployment of the Junos Space product—appliances, connection points, connections, and applications. When you order Junos Space, Juniper Networks LMS sends an e-mail with an authorization code or serial number and instructions on how to obtain a license key.
2. Uploading the license key using the Junos Space Administration workspace user interface. The system administrator must upload a license key file in the Administration Manage Licenses user interface to license the Junos Space product and activate the configuration ordered.

This procedure includes the following topics:

1. Generating the License Key File on page 307
2. Uploading the License Key File Contents on page 308

Generating the License Key File

If you order Junos Space, Juniper Networks sends an e-mail with an authorization code that includes a resource guide describing how to obtain a license key.

If you order a Junos Space virtual appliance, you also receive an e-mail with a serial number and instructions on how to go to the Juniper Networks license management system to apply that serial number.

Uploading the License Key File Contents

To upload the license key file, follow these steps:

1. Open the Juniper Networks Authorization Codes e-mail you received and follow the directions.
2. Open the license key text file attached to the e-mail and copy all the contents.
3. In Junos Space Application Chooser, click the Network Application Platform application icon.
4. In the task ribbon, click the **Administration** workspace icon. The Administration dashboard appears.
5. In the task ribbon, click the **Manage Licenses** task icon. The Manage Licenses inventory page appears.
6. In the task ribbon, click the **Upload License** icon. The Upload License page appears.
7. Paste the contents of the license key text file in the License Data text field using the Web browser Edit > Paste command.

Administration: Upload License

Please paste your license data to space below:

License Data: Juniper Networks FT-NM License File (v1)
Junos Space Platform
Generated on 2009-10-15T19:21:35Z
No expiration set

This license file is for the deployment using:

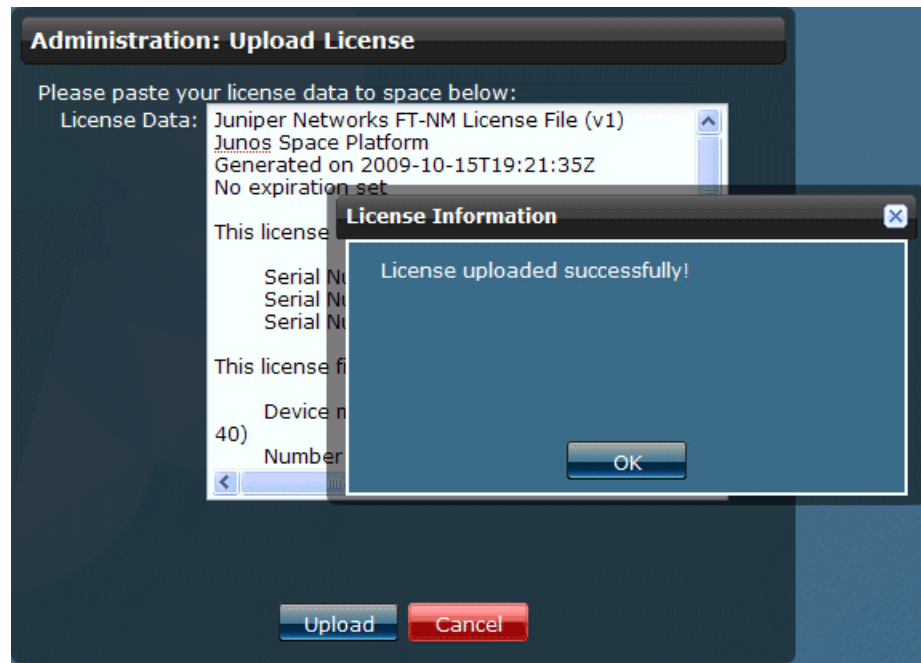
Serial Number: SPC-VA-BSE05
Serial Number: SPC-VA-BSE06
Serial Number: SPC-VA-BSE07

This license file enables the following:

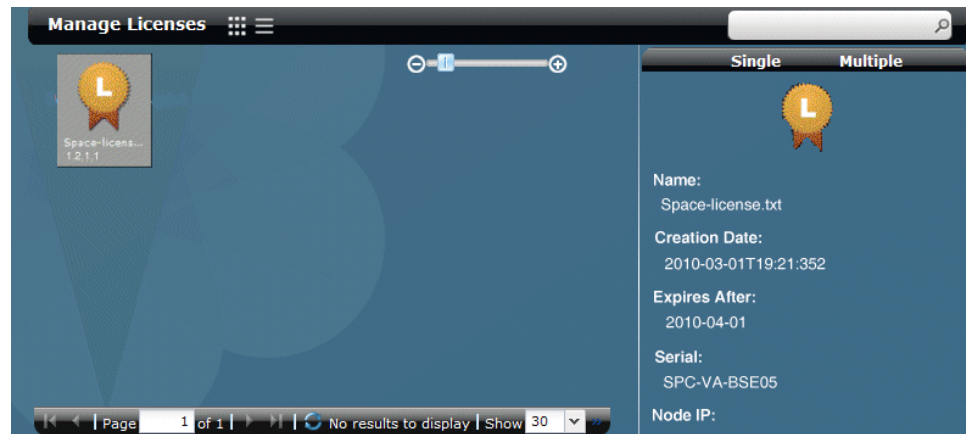
Device management points (Capacity: 40)
Number connections (Capacity: 1000)

Upload Cancel

8. Click **Upload**. The license key data is uploaded in Junos Space database. The license uploaded successfully message appears.



9. Click **OK**. The license appears on the Manage Licenses inventory page.



Related Documentation

- Viewing Licenses on page 309

Viewing Licenses

The Manage Licenses inventory page displays the Junos Space license that the administrator has uploaded. For more information about obtaining and uploading the Junos Space license, see “Generating and Uploading the Junos Space License Key File” on page 307. You can view licenses in Junos Space as graphics or as tables. By default,

Junos Space displays thumbnail representations of licenses. Licenses might include Junos Space licenses as well as licenses for VAR applications that run on Junos Space.

- Changing the View on page 310
- Viewing Manage License Details on page 310

Changing the View

The Manage Licenses page is blank until the administrator uploads a license key file. By default the Manage License inventory page appears in thumbnail view. In thumbnail view the uploaded license is represented by an icon. In tabular view, the software image is represented by a row in the Manage Software table. In tabular view, the uploaded license is displayed by name.

To change the Manage Licenses inventory page view:

- Click a view indicator to the right of the Manage Software name in the page title bar to switch between thumbnail and tabular view.

Viewing Manage License Details

You can view more detailed information about the Junos Space license changing to tabular view or by . For more information about manipulating license detailed information, see “Inventory Pages Overview” on page 28

To view more detailed information about the Junos Space License

- Double-click the Junos Space license icon or row in the table in tabular view.
- Slide the zoom slider at the top left of the page to the right.
- View the Junos Space license in tabular view.

Table 47 on page 310 defines the license details.

Table 47: Manage Licenses Details

Field	Description
Name	Name of the license file
Creation Date	Date and Time that the license is generated.
Expiration Date	Specifies the number of days the license is valid, starting from the Creation date.
File Path	The directory location of the license file.
Node	The IP address of the node that is displaying the license information.
Serial Number	The serial number of the appliance/node. Each JA1500 Junos Space Appliance and Junos Space Virtual Appliance is represented as a unique node in the Junos Space fabric, and each appliance has a unique serial number.

- Related Documentation**
- Generating and Uploading the Junos Space License Key File on page 307
 - Inventory Pages Overview on page 28

CHAPTER 33

Managing Applications

- Managing Junos Space Applications on page 313
- Modifying Application Settings on page 315
- Configuring Network Application Platform Application Settings on page 316
- Configuring Network Activate Application Settings on page 317
- Adding a Junos Space Application on page 318
- Upgrading a Junos Space Application on page 320
- Junos Space Software Upgrade Overview on page 321
- Upgrading Junos Space Software on page 322
- Upgrading the Network Application Platform on page 323
- Uninstalling a Junos Space Application on page 326
- Overview on page 326
- Managing Applications on page 328

Managing Junos Space Applications

Manage Junos Space applications from the **Platform > Administration > Manage Applications** task. All applications that you have uploaded and installed appear in the **Manage Applications** inventory page. From the **Manage Applications** inventory page you, the super administrator or system administrator can manage Junos Space hot-pluggable applications, such as install, upgrade, and uninstall, while Junos Space is still running. You can also upgrade the Network Application Platform that provides the runtime environment for all Junos Space applications. Upgrading the Platform causes an interruption of Junos Space operation. The Platform upgrade takes place in **Maintenance** mode.

The administrator can also modify Platform application settings and tag applications to categorize and filter them to perform bulk actions on multiple applications at once.

To install or upgrade an application:

1. Download a new Junos Space application from the Juniper Networks software download site to the local client machine
2. To add an application, upload that application into Junos Space using **Platform > Administration > Manage Applications > Add Application**. To upgrade an application,

select **Platform > Administration > Manage Applications**. Select the application on the **Manage Applications** inventory page, then select the **Upgrade Application** action.

3. Once uploaded, you can install or upgrade the application.
 4. Once you upgrade or install an application, it appears on the **Manage Applications** inventory page. The new or upgraded application appears in **Application Chooser** and the Application Switcher global action pop-up menu at the right in the **Application Chooser** title bar.
- Changing The View on page 314
 - Viewing Detailed Application Information on page 314
 - Performing Manage Application Actions on page 315

Changing The View

Installed Junos Space applications appear in two views: thumbnail and tabular. The default is thumbnail view. Use the view indicators at the top-left in the Manage Applications title bar.

In thumbnail view, applications appear as icons listed in descending order by application title. Each application has a title, description, version, and build. To see more detailed information about an application double-click it move the zoom slider at the top-right to the far right. The default zoom slider position is in the middle. Select an application to select it before performing an action.

In tabular view, applications appear in a table sorted by application title. Each application is a row in the Manage Applications table. Click a row in the table to select it before performing a command. Double-click a row to see detailed application information.

To change views:

- Click a view indicator at the right in the **Manage Applications** page title bar.

Viewing Detailed Application Information

Table 48 on page 314

Table 48: Application Information

Application Information	Description
Title	Name of the Junos Space application.
Description	Brief description of the Junos Space application.
Version	The release level of the Junos Space application,
Build	The particular build level of the Junos Space application.

Performing Manage Application Actions

You can perform the following actions on applications from the **Manage Applications Actions** drawer. You must first select an application before you can perform an action on it from the Actions drawer. You can also right-click an application to perform these actions.

- Modify Application Settings—See “Modifying Application Settings” on page 315.



NOTE: This action is available for the Platform only.

- Uninstall Application—See “Uninstalling a Junos Space Application” on page 326.
- Upgrade Application—See “Upgrading a Junos Space Application” on page 320.
- Upgrade Platform—See “Upgrading the Network Application Platform” on page 323.



NOTE: This action is available for the Platform only.

- Tag It—See “Tagging an Object” on page 343.
- View Tags—See “Viewing Tags” on page 344.
- Untag It—“Untagging Objects” on page 345.

Modifying Application Settings

You, the Super Administrator or System Administrator, can modify Junos Space application settings from the **Platform > Administration > Manage Applications** inventory page.

To modify application settings:

1. Select **Platform > Administration > Manage Applications**.

The **Manage Applications** inventory page appears.

2. Select the application.

Select Network Application Platform to modify the Platform application settings.

3. Select **Modify Application Settings** from the Actions drawer or right-click the application and select that action from the pop-up menu. Mouse over the Actions drawer to open it.

The appropriate **Modify Application Settings** page appears.

4. Configure the following application settings depending on the application you are managing:

- Configuring Network Application Platform Application Settings on page 316
- Configuring Network Activate Application Settings on page 317

5. Click **Modify**.**Related Documentation**

- Application Management Overview on page 327
- Managing Junos Space Applications on page 313
- Uninstalling a Junos Space Application on page 326
- Upgrading a Junos Space Application on page 320
- Creating a Tag on page 346
- Managing Tags on page 340

Configuring Network Application Platform Application Settings

Table 49 on page 316 defines the application settings you can configure for the Network Application Platform. You must have Super Administrator or System Administrator privileges.

Table 49: Network Application Platform Application Settings

Category	Application Setting Name	Description
Devices	Allow users to auto log in to devices using SSH	This check box allows users to automatically log in when starting an SSH connection on a device. The default, deselected, indicates that you have to add your credentials to log in to a device using SSH.
	Auto resync device	This check box ensures that configuration changes on a connected Juniper Networks device are synchronized or imported to the application database. By default this check box is selected.
	Max auto resync waiting time (secs)	This text box specifies the time within which device configuration changes are synchronized to the database. 20 seconds is the default waiting time. You can specify any number of seconds. There is no specific range.
	Space initiates connection to device	This check box specifies connections between Junos Space and managed devices. If selected, Junos Spaces initiates connection with managed devices instead of the default behavior of managed devices initiating connection.
	SSH port for device connection	This text field specifies the SSH port on the device. Junos Space uses this port to discover devices. The default value, 22 , is the standard SSH server port.

Table 49: Network Application Platform Application Settings (*continued*)

Category	Application Setting Name	Description
Users	Automatic logout of idle user sessions (min)	<p>This text box specifies the time, in minutes, after which a user who is idle and has not performed any action, such as keystrokes or mouse clicks, is automatically logged out of Junos Space to the logout page. This setting conserves server resources and protects the system from unauthorized access.</p> <p>The text box values are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 60 minutes is the default setting. An error message appears if you enter a value less than 0. • 120 minutes is the maximum setting. An error message appears if you enter a value more than 120 minutes. • 0 minutes turns the setting off.

Related Documentation

- [Modifying Application Settings on page 315](#)

Configuring Network Activate Application Settings

You can configure the Network Activate application settings from the Platform > Administration > Manage Applications inventory page. See “Modifying Application Settings” on page 315

You must have Super Administrator privileges to configure Network Activate application settings.

Table 50 on page 317 defines the application settings you can configure for the Network Activate application settings.

Table 50: Network Activate Application Settings

Category	Application Setting Name	Description
Deployment	Deploy configuration to the device	Disable this setting to deploy configuration to Junos Space user interface only.
	Use vlanmaps for flexible tagged services	Enable this setting if MX Series devices are configured for VLAN mapping.
Audit	Perform functional audit on control plane only	Enable this option to check only the control plane to ensure connectivity among endpoints and verify that UNIs are functioning correctly. Disable this setting to check the control plane and also the data plane to verify packet transmission between each valid pair of endpoints in the service.
Logging	Log Directory	Modify the default audit log repository directory. The default log directory is <code>/var/tmp/jboss</code> .

- Related Documentation**
- [Modifying Application Settings on page 315](#)

Adding a Junos Space Application

The administrator can add a new Junos Space application while Junos Space is still running.



NOTE: Service Now and Service Insight are bundled with, installed, and upgraded with the Network Application Platform. You must add, or upgrade all other applications separately. Junos Space 2.0 supports only Junos Space release 2.0 hot-pluggable applications.

To upgrade Junos Space applications, see “Upgrading a Junos Space Application” on page 320.

To add a Junos Space application:

1. Ensure that the Junos Space application you want to add is downloaded from the Juniper Software download site to the local client file system.

<https://www.juniper.net/support/products/space/#sw>

2. Select **Platform > Administration > Manage Applications > Add Application**.

The **Add Application** dialog box appears. If you have not uploaded any applications, the page is blank.

3. Click **Upload**. The **File Upload** dialog box appears.
4. Type the name of the application file or click **Browse** to navigate to where the new Junos Space application file is located on the local file system.
5. Click **Upload**.

The new application is uploaded from the local file system into Junos Space.

- a. Wait until the job is completed.

The **Add Application Job Information** dialog box appears.

- b. In the **Add Application Job Information** dialog box, if you click the Job ID link, you see the Add Application job on the **Platform > Job Management > Manage Jobs** inventory page.

- i. Ensure that the job is successful.

- ii. Select **Administration > Manage Application > Add Application** to continue with the add application process.

The **Add Application** dialog box appears.

- c. In the **Add Application Job Information** dialog box, if you click **OK**, the **Add Application** dialog box appears.
6. In the **Add Application** dialog box, select the new uploaded application.
You see the new application file on the **Add Application** page.
7. Click **Install**.
The application installs.
8. Without logging out of Junos Space, navigate to Application Chooser.
9. Click the Application Switcher global icon at the top-right in the application banner.
The Application Switcher pop-up menu appears.
10. Click **Select Application**.
Application Chooser appears with the new application icon.
11. Click the new application icon to view and begin using its workspaces and tasks.

**Related
Documentation**

- Application Management Overview on page 327
- Managing Junos Space Applications on page 313
- Upgrading a Junos Space Application on page 320
- Upgrading the Network Application Platform on page 323
- Modifying Application Settings on page 315
- Uninstalling a Junos Space Application on page 326
- Upgrading a Junos Space Application on page 320
- Tagging an Object on page 343
- Viewing Tags on page 344

Upgrading a Junos Space Application

The Upgrade Application action allows you to upgrade an existing Junos Space application independently while the system is still running. Several hot-pluggable Junos Space applications are available for upgrade to the current release. Use **Platform > Administration > Once the application is upgraded successfully, you can launch it from Application Chooser.**

To install a new Junos Space application, use the **Platform > Administration > Manage Applications > Add Application** action, see “Adding a Junos Space Application” on page 318.

To upgrade an existing Junos Space application:

1. Ensure that the application to which you want to upgrade is downloaded from the Juniper Software download site to the local client file system.
<https://www.juniper.net/support/products/space/#sw>
2. Navigate to **Platforms > Administration > Manage Applications**. The **Manage Applications** inventory page appears.
3. Right-click the application that you want to upgrade and select **Upgrade Application**. You can also select the application and select **Upgrade Application** from the **Actions** drawer.

The **Upgrade Application** dialog box appears displaying all previously uploaded versions of that application.

4. Do one of the following:
 - If the software file for the application to which you want to upgrade is listed in the **Upgrade Application** dialog box, select it and click **Upgrade**.
The application upgrade process begins. Go to the next step.
 - If the application to which you want to upgrade is not listed in the **Upgrade Application** dialog box, click **Upload**. The **Software File** dialog box appears.
 - a. Click **Browse** and navigate to where the software file to which you want to upgrade is located on the local file system.
 - b. Click **Upload**. The software file is uploaded into Junos Space. You see the application in the **Upgrade Applications** dialog box.
 - c. Wait until the job is completed.

The **Upgrade Application Job Information** dialog box appears.

- d. In the **Upgrade Application Job Information** dialog box, if you click the Job ID link, you see the Upgrade Application job on the **Platform > Job Management > Manage Jobs** inventory page.
 - i. Ensure that the job is successful.

- ii. Select **Administration > Manage Applications** to continue with the add application process.

The **Upgrade Application** dialog box appears.

- e. Select the software file to which you want to upgrade, and click **Upgrade**. The application upgrade process begins.
5. Navigate to Application Chooser and launch the application you upgraded.

Related Documentation

- Application Management Overview on page 327
- Managing Junos Space Applications on page 313
- Adding a Junos Space Application on page 318
- Upgrading the Network Application Platform on page 323
- Modifying Application Settings on page 315
- Uninstalling a Junos Space Application on page 326
- Tagging an Object on page 343
- Viewing Tags on page 344

Junos Space Software Upgrade Overview

To upgrade software for the Junos Space Virtual Appliance, you upload the Junos Space image file to your existing fabric and perform the software upgrade in the Junos Space user interface. When you perform an upgrade, all appliances (nodes) in the fabric are upgraded with the new software.

To ensure a successful upgrade of your Junos Space appliances, complete the following tasks.

- Back up all your Junos Space data files before you begin the upgrade process.
- Download the Junos Space software image from the Juniper Networks software download Web site.
- Complete the steps to upgrade your current Junos Space software to the latest software version.



NOTE: To perform a Junos Space upgrade, you must have super administrator or system administrator access privileges.

- Validate that the software is successfully installed by logging in to the user interface.

To view the version of the installed Junos Space software, select the Help icon in the user interface banner, and click on the **About** panel.

- Upload the License Key that was sent to you when you purchased the Junos Space software upgrade.

- Related Documentation**
- [Upgrading Junos Space Software on page 322](#)

Upgrading Junos Space Software

To upgrade software for the Junos Space Virtual Appliance, you download the Junos Space Upgrade image file from the Juniper Networks software download site onto the local client file system. You upload the Junos Space image file to your local file system using the Platform > Administration > Manage Applications Upgrade Platform action. When you perform an upgrade, all appliances (nodes) in the fabric are upgraded with the new software.



CAUTION: The Junos Space Upgrade supports only two consecutive releases.



CAUTION: You can not upgrade directly from Junos Space release 1.0, 1.1, or 1.2 to release 2.0. Instead, you must upgrade indirectly to Junos Space release 1.3 or 1.4 before upgrading to release 2.0.

- [Junos Space 2.0 Release Highlights on page 322](#)
- [Before You Begin on page 323](#)
- [Upgrading Junos Space Release 1.3 or 1.4 to Release 2.0 on page 323](#)

Junos Space 2.0 Release Highlights

The Junos Space Upgrade Release 2.0 includes:

Junos Space Release 2.0 Contents

- Network Application Platform Release 2.0 (The platform provides the operating environment for Junos Space, therefore upgrade using the Platform > Administration > Manage Application Upgrade Platform action.)
- Service Now Release 2.0
- Service Insight Release 2.0

Available Hot-Pluggable Applications

The following applications are hot-pluggable in Junos Space Release 2.0. Hot-pluggable applications mean that adding removing, and upgrading occurs while Junos Space is still running, and without service interruption. A hot-pluggable application is packaged separately and has an separate image file for installing and upgrading.

- Ethernet Design Release 2.0
- Network Activate Release 2.0
- QoS Design 2.0

- Security Design Release 2.0
- Virtual Control Release 2.0

Before You Begin

Before you upgrade the Junos Space Software, ensure that you are aware of the following:

- Upgrading to Junos Space release 2.0 clears existing user preferences set using the User Preference global action icon at the right in the title bar of Application Chooser.
- We recommend that you:
 - Back up the Junos Space database before you begin the upgrade process. See also “Application Management Overview” on page 327.
 - Clear the Web browser cache before logging in to the upgraded Junos Space software.
- You must log in as the default super administrator or system administrator to upgrade Junos Space.

Upgrading Junos Space Release 1.3 or 1.4 to Release 2.0

The Platform provides the running environment for all Junos Space applications, so upgrading it causes operation interruption.



NOTE: When upgrading Junos Space from release 1.3 or release 1.4 to 2.0, the Network Application Platform and Service Now and Service Insight applications are upgraded only. Junos Space release 1.3 or release 1.4 applications are disabled. You must upgrade release 1.3 or 1.4 disabled applications to release 2.0 (see “Upgrading a Junos Space Application” on page 320) or uninstall them (see “Uninstalling a Junos Space Application” on page 326). Do not add disabled Junos Space Release 2.0 applications using **Platform > Administration > Manage Applications > Add Application**.

To upgrade Junos Space from release 1.3 or release 1.4 to release 2.0, see “Upgrading the Network Application Platform” on page 323.

Related Documentation

- Application Management Overview on page 327
- Managing Junos Space Applications on page 313

Upgrading the Network Application Platform

The Network Application Platform (Platform) provides the running environment for all Junos Space applications, so upgrading causes operation interruption. The Upgrade Network Application Platform action allows the administrator to upgrade the Network Application Platform independently from one version to another without installing other Junos Space applications.



NOTE: During an upgrade of Junos Space release 1.3 or 1.4 to release 2.0 on a multi-node fabric, the install status is shown only for the first node and not for the remaining nodes in the fabric.

To upgrade the Junos Space Platform:

1. Ensure that the Junos Space Upgrade image to which you want to upgrade is downloaded to the local client file system using <https://www.juniper.net/support/products/space/#sw>.

2. Select **Platform > Administration > Manage Applications**.

The Manage Applications inventory page appears.

3. Right-click the **Network Application Platform** application to select it.
4. Select **Upgrade Platform** in the pop-up menu.

You can also select the platform and select **Upgrade Platform** from the **Actions** drawer. The **Upgrade Application** page appears displaying all previously uploaded versions of the Platform.

5. Do one of the following:

- If the platform to which you want to upgrade is listed in the Upgrade Application dialog box, select the file, and click **Upgrade**.

The application upgrade process begins. (Go to the next step.)

- If the application to which you want to upgrade is not listed in the Upgrade Application dialog box, click **Upload**.

The **Software File** page appears.

- a. Click **Browse** and navigate to where the software file to which you want to upgrade is located on the local file system.
- b. Click **Upload**.

The software file is uploaded into Junos Space. When the process is completed the Upgrade Platform Job Information dialog box appears.

You see the application in the Upgrade Applications dialog box.

- c. In the **Upgrade Application Job Information** dialog box, if you click the Job ID link, you see the Upgrade Application job on the **Platform > Job Management > Manage Jobs** inventory page.
 - i. Ensure that the job is successful.
 - ii. Select **Administration > Manage Applications** to continue with the add application process.

The **Manage Applications** inventory page appears.

- d. Right-click the **Network Application Platform** application and select **Upgrade Platform**.

The **Upgrade Platform** dialog box appears. You see the application file that was uploaded.

- e. Select the application file to which you want to upgrade, and click **Upgrade**. The application upgrade process begins.
6. You enter **Maintenance** mode. Junos Space prompts you to enter a user name and password to enter maintenance mode. The user name is **maintenance**; the password is one that the administrator created during the initial installation process.
7. Enter the maintenance mode user name and password in the text field.
8. Click **OK**.

Junos Space displays a status window during the platform upgrade process.

9. When the platform upgrade completes, click the **Return to Maintenance Menu** link.
- The Maintenance Mode Actions window appears.
10. Click the **Log Out and Exit from Maintenance Mode** link.

The installation progress window appears.



NOTE: The platform upgrade process takes approximately a couple of minutes to complete.

When the installation is complete, the Junos Space login prompt is displayed.



NOTE: If a blank page is displayed instead of the login prompt, click Refresh. The login prompt is then displayed.



NOTE: Juniper Networks recommends that you clear the Web browser cache before logging in to the upgraded software.



NOTE: Juniper recommends that you perform a functional audit on all deployed services after upgrading.

You can now log in to begin using the upgraded Junos Space software.

Related Documentation

- Application Management Overview on page 327
- Managing Junos Space Applications on page 313

- [Modifying Application Settings on page 315](#)
- [Uninstalling a Junos Space Application on page 326](#)
- [Upgrading a Junos Space Application on page 320](#)
- [Tagging an Object on page 343](#)
- [Viewing Tags on page 344](#)

Uninstalling a Junos Space Application

The Uninstall application action allows the administrator to remove a Junos Space application independently while the system is still running. Uninstalling an application cleans up all database data and any process the application used. Uninstall a Junos Space application from the Manage Applications inventory page.

To uninstall a Junos Space application:

1. Select **Platform > Administration > Manage Applications**.

The **Manage Applications** inventory page appears.

2. Right-click the application you want to uninstall and select **Uninstall Application**. You can also select **Uninstall Application** from the **Actions** drawer.

The **Uninstall Application** window appears.

3. Select the application to confirm that you want to uninstall.
4. Click **Uninstall**.

The application uninstall process begins and the Junos Space application is removed from Junos Space.

Related Documentation

- [Application Management Overview on page 327](#)
- [Managing Junos Space Applications on page 313](#)
- [Modifying Application Settings on page 315](#)
- [Upgrading a Junos Space Application on page 320](#)
- [Upgrading the Network Application Platform on page 323](#)
- [Tagging an Object on page 343](#)
- [Viewing Tags on page 344](#)

Overview

- [Application Management Overview on page 327](#)

Application Management Overview

From the **Platform > Administration > Manage Applications** task, the administrator can manage the Junos Space Network Application Platform (platform) and all other separately packaged applications by performing the following tasks:



NOTE: The Junos Space Upgrade image includes the platform, Service Now, and Service Insight. Other Junos Space applications are separately packaged in image files. The administrator must download application files from the Juniper Networks Web site to the local client file system. The administrator must upload an application file in Junos Space. Once uploaded, Junos Space installs or upgrades the application. When the application is installed, you can launch it from Application Chooser. When you upgrade Network Application Platform, all applications except Service Now are disabled. Upgrade all disabled applications to the current release. Users in an upgraded application's workspace are directed to Application Chooser.

- Install new Junos Space application using the **Platform > Administration > Manage Applications > Add Application** task, see “Adding a Junos Space Application” on page 318.
- Upgrade the Platform using the **Platform > Administration > Manage Applications > Upgrade Platform** action, see “Upgrading the Network Application Platform” on page 323. The Platform provides the running environment for all Junos Space applications, so upgrading it causes operation interruption.
- Upgrade a Junos Space application while Junos Space is still running using the **Platform > Administration > Manage Applications > Upgrade Application** action, see “Upgrading a Junos Space Application” on page 320.
- Uninstall a Junos Space application while Junos Space is still running using the **Platform > Administration > Manage Applications > Uninstall Application** action, see “Uninstalling a Junos Space Application” on page 326.
- Modify the Platform application settings using the **Platform > Administration > Manage Applications > Modify Application Settings** action, see “Modifying Application Settings” on page 315.
- Tag applications to categorize them for filtering and performing Manage Applications actions using the **Platform > Administration > Manage Applications > Tag It** action, see “Tagging an Object” on page 343.
- View Tags that you have already created on a selected application using the **Platform > Administration > Manage Applications > View Tags** action, see “Viewing Tags” on page 344.

Related Documentation

- Managing Junos Space Applications on page 313
- Modifying Application Settings on page 315
- Uninstalling a Junos Space Application on page 326

- [Upgrading a Junos Space Application on page 320](#)
- [Upgrading the Network Application Platform on page 323](#)
- [Tagging an Object on page 343](#)
- [Viewing Tags on page 344](#)

[Managing Applications](#)

System Troubleshooting

- System Status Log File Overview on page 329
- Customizing Node System Status Log Checking on page 331
- Customizing Node Log Files To Download on page 332
- Downloading the Troubleshooting Log File from the UI on page 332
- Downloading the Troubleshooting Log File In Maintenance Mode on page 334
- Downloading Troubleshooting System Log Files Using the CLI on page 335

System Status Log File Overview

The system writes a system log file for each fabric node to provide troubleshooting and monitoring information. See “System Status Log File” on page 329.

The system administrator can customize the information that is collected in the system log file. See “Customizing Node System Status Log Checking” on page 331.

The system administrator can download the latest log files for each fabric node when logged into an appliance. See “Downloading System Log Files For an Appliance” on page 330.

In each operating mode, the system administrator can customize the default log files that are download from an appliance. See “Customizing Node Log Files To Download” on page 332.

System Status Log File

Approximately once a minute, the system checks and writes a status log file **SystemStatusLog** for each fabric node by default. Each log file consists of system status, such as the disk, CPU, and memory usage information, as shown. Junos Space writes each system status log file to **/var/log/SystemStatusLog**.

```
2009-08-10 11:51:48,673 DEBUG [net.juniper.jmp.cmp.nma.NMAResponse] (Thread-110:)
Node IP: 1.1.1.1Filesystem      1K-blocks   Used Available Use% Mounted on
/dev/mapper/VolGroup00-LogVol00
      79162184 15234764 59841252 21% /
Cpu(s): 8.7%us, 1.1%sy, 0.0%ni, 90.0%id, 0.1%wa, 0.0%hi, 0.0%si, 0.0%st
```

Mem: 3866536k total, 2624680k used, 1241856k free, 35368k buffers
 Swap: 2031608k total, 941312k used, 1090296k free, 439704k cached

Customizing Status Log File Content

The system administrator can customize the information that is written in a fabric node system status log file. For more information, see “Customizing Node System Status Log Checking” on page 331.

Downloading System Log Files For an Appliance

The system administrator can download the latest log files for each fabric node when logged into an appliance. The system status log file and all other third party log files are collected and compressed in a troubleshooting file.

Table 51 on page 330 lists the files included in the **troubleshoot** file.

Table 51: Log Files included in the troubleshoot File

Description	Location
System status log file	/var/logSystemStatusLog
Jboss log files	/var/log/jboss/*
Service Provisioning data files	/var/tmp/jboss/debug/*
MYSQL error log	/var/log/mysqld.log
Log files for Apache, NMA, Webproxy	/var/log/httpd/*
Watchdog log file	/var/log/watchdog/*
Linux system messages	/var/log/messages/*

The system administrator can download log files in each operation mode as follow:

- Server Mode (See “Downloading the Troubleshooting Log File from the UI” on page 332.)
- Maintenance Mode (See “Downloading the Troubleshooting Log File In Maintenance Mode” on page 334.)
- CLI mode (See “Downloading Troubleshooting System Log Files Using the CLI” on page 335.)

Customizing Log Files To Download

The system administrator can also customize the log files to be downloaded for specific fabric nodes. For more information, see “Customizing Node Log Files To Download” on page 332.

Related Documentation

- Maintenance Mode Overview on page 270
- Customizing Node System Status Log Checking on page 331
- Customizing Node Log Files To Download on page 332

- Downloading the Troubleshooting Log File from the UI on page 332
- Downloading the Troubleshooting Log File In Maintenance Mode on page 334
- Downloading Troubleshooting System Log Files Using the CLI on page 335

Customizing Node System Status Log Checking

The system administrator can customize the system checking for a fabric node so that the necessary information is written to `/var/log/SystemStatusLog`. The administrator must modify the fabric node Perl script in `/usr/nma/bin/writeLogCronJob`.

To customize system status checking for an appliance, modify the `writeSystemStatusLogFile` sub-function in `writeLogCronJob` as shown:

```
sub writeSystemStatusLogFile{
    my $err = 0;
    my $logfile = $_[0];
    $err = system("date >> $logfile");
    $err = system("df /var >> $logfile");
    $err = system("top -n 1 -b | grep Cpu >> $logfile");
    $err = system("top -n 1 -b | grep Mem: >> $logfile");
    $err = system("top -n 1 -b | grep Swap: >> $logfile");

    ***<Add additional system command here that you want to print out in the
    SystemStatusLog file>***

    if ($err == 0 ) {          print "write log to $logfile successfully\n";
    } else {                   print "cannot write log to $logfile\n";
    }
    return $err;
}
```

Related Documentation

- Maintenance Mode Overview on page 270
- System Status Log File Overview on page 329
- Customizing Node Log Files To Download on page 332
- Downloading the Troubleshooting Log File from the UI on page 332
- Downloading the Troubleshooting Log File In Maintenance Mode on page 334
- Downloading Troubleshooting System Log Files Using the CLI on page 335

Customizing Node Log Files To Download

The system administrator can customize the log files that are downloaded for each fabric node by modifying the Perl script in `/var/www/cgi-bin/getLogFiles`.

To customize the log files that are downloaded for each fabric node, modify the `getLogFiles` Perl script zip command as shown:

```
...
system("zip -r $logFileName /var/log/jboss/* /var/tmp/jboss/debug/
/var/log/mysqld.log /var/log/httpd/* /var/log/watchdog /var/log/messages
/var/log/SystemStatusLog > /dev/null");
...
```

Related Documentation

- Maintenance Mode Overview on page 270
- System Status Log File Overview on page 329
- Customizing Node System Status Log Checking on page 331
- Downloading the Troubleshooting Log File from the UI on page 332
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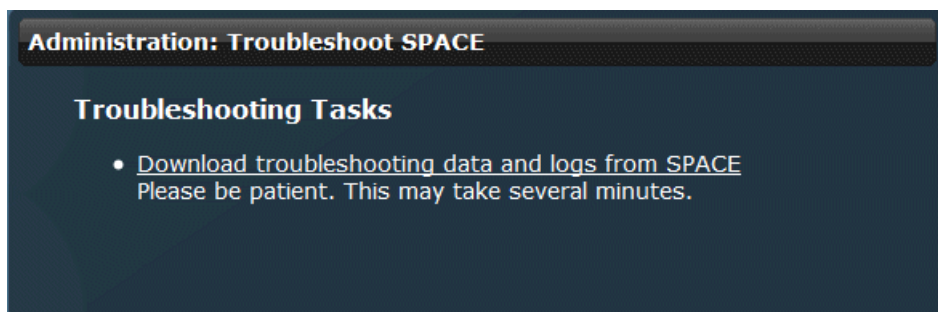
Downloading the Troubleshooting Log File from the UI

From the Administration workspace, the system administrator can download a troubleshooting file `troubleshoot_yyyy-mm-dd_hh-mm-ss.zip` that contains useful information for managing and monitoring the nodes in the system. The troubleshoot zip file includes the server Coordinated Universal Time (UTC) date and time. For example, `troubleshoot_2010-04-01_11-25-12.zip`.

To retrieve troubleshooting data and log files, follow these steps:

1. From the task ribbon, select the Administration workspace icon.
2. From the task ribbon, select the **Troubleshoot SPACE** task.

The Troubleshoot SPACE page appears.



3. Click the **Download troubleshooting data and logs from SPACE** link to access the `troubleshoot_yyyy-mm-dd_hh-mm-ss.zip` file in your browser.
 - If you are using Mozilla Firefox: In the Opening troubleshoot zip dialog box, select **Save file** and click **OK** to save the zip file to your computer using the Firefox Downloads window.
 - If you are using Internet Explorer: From the File Download screen, select **Save** and select a directory on your computer where you want to save the `troubleshoot_yyyy-mm-dd_hh-mm-ss.zip` file.
4. When you contact the Juniper Technical Assistance Center, describe the problem you encountered and provide the JTAC representative with the `troubleshoot.zip` file.

Table 52 on page 333 lists the files included in the `troubleshoot_yyyy-mm-dd_hh-mm-ss.zip` file.

Table 52: Data and Log Files in troubleshoot.zip File

Description	Location
Jboss log files	<code>/var/log/jboss/*</code>
Service Provisioning data files	<code>/var/tmp/jboss/debug/*</code>
MYSQL error log	<code>/var/log/mysqld.log</code>
Log files for Apache, NMA, Webproxy	<code>/var/log/httpd/*</code>
Watchdog log file	<code>/var/log/watchdog/*</code>
Linux system messages	<code>/var/log/messages/*</code>
CPU/RAM/Disk statistics (during past 24 hours)	Not applicable

Related Documentation

- Maintenance Mode Overview on page 270
- System Status Log File Overview on page 329
- Customizing Node System Status Log Checking on page 331
- Customizing Node Log Files To Download on page 332
- Downloading the Troubleshooting Log File In Maintenance Mode on page 334
- Downloading Troubleshooting System Log Files Using the CLI on page 335

Downloading the Troubleshooting Log File In Maintenance Mode

Maintenance Mode is a special mode that an administrator can use to perform system recovery or debugging tasks while all nodes in the fabric are shutdown and the web proxy is running.

The administrator can download the `troubleshoot_yyyy-mm-dd_hh-mm-ss.zip` file from Maintenance Mode. The troubleshoot zip file includes the server Coordinated Universal Time (UTC) date and time. For example, `troubleshoot_2010-04-01_11-25-12.zip`.

To download the troubleshooting log file in maintenance mode, follow these steps:

1. Connect to an appliance in maintenance mode by using the appliance URL.

For example:

<https://<ipaddress>/maintenance>

Where *ipaddress* is the address of the Juniper Networks appliance.

The maintenance mode page appears.

Maintenance Mode

Space is currently in maintenance mode.

[If you have the privileges to manage maintenance mode, click here to log in](#)

2. Click the **click here to log in** link. The login dialog box appears.
3. Log in to maintenance mode using the authorized login name and password.
4. Click OK. The Maintenance Mode Actions menu appears.
5. Click **Download Troubleshooting Data and Logs**. The file download dialog box appears.
6. Click Save to download the `troubleshoot_yyyy-mm-dd_hh-mm-ss.zip` file to the connected computer.
7. Click Log Out and Exit from Maintenance Mode.

Related Documentation

- Maintenance Mode Overview on page 270
- System Status Log File Overview on page 329
- Customizing Node System Status Log Checking on page 331
- Customizing Node Log Files To Download on page 332
- Downloading the Troubleshooting Log File from the UI on page 332

- Downloading Troubleshooting System Log Files Using the CLI on page 335

Downloading Troubleshooting System Log Files Using the CLI

If Junos Space is operating, the administrator can log into an appliance console and download system status logs for each fabric node using the CLI Network Settings Utility > SecureCoPy (SCP) command. If the system is not operating, the Administrator can download system status logs using the CLI USB command.

The Network Settings Utility, for both commands, collects all system log files in the `/var/log` subdirectory and creates a `*TAR` file to download. For more information on the log files that are written, see “System Status Log File Overview” on page 329.

This procedure includes the following tasks:

- Downloading a System Log File Using a USB Device on page 335
- Downloading System Log File Using SCP on page 336

Downloading a System Log File Using a USB Device

Using the Networks Settings Utility Retrieve Logs > USB command, the administrator can download system status logs to a connected USB device if the network is down.

1. Using a console utility, such as SSH or Telnet, connect to the appliance. The Junos Space Settings Menu appears.

Junos Space Settings Menu

```
1> Change Password
2> Set Routing
3> Set DNS Servers
4> Change Time Options
5> Retrieve Logs
6> Security
7> (Debug) run shell
```

```
Q> Quit
R> Redraw Menu
```

Choice [1-7,QR]:

2. Type option **5> Retrieve Logs**. The Retrieve Logs submenu appears.

Choice [1-7,QR]: 5

```
1> Save to USB
2> Send via SCP
```

```
M> Return to Main Menu
R> Redraw Menu
```

Choice [1-2,MR]:

3. Select **1> Save to USB**. The USB device must be connected to an appliance.
4. Indicate whether you want to continue. Enter **y** for yes; **n** to abort.
5. The Save to USB process downloads the log files from all cluster members and combines them into a **.tar** file. Once the file is created, the process copies the file onto a USB device. You see the following:

Copying 20090827-1511-logs.tar to USB drive

Downloading System Log File Using SCP

Using the Networks Settings Utility Retrieve Logs > SCP command, the administrator can download system status logs to a specific location.

To download system status logs using SCP, follow these steps:

1. Using a console utility, such as SSH or Telnet, connect to an appliance. The Junos Space Settings Menu appears.

Junos Space Settings Menu

1> Change Password
2> Set Routing
3> Set DNS Servers
4> Change Time Options
5> Retrieve Logs
6> Security
7> (Debug) run shell

Q> Quit
R> Redraw Menu

Choice [1-7,QR]:

2. Type option **5> Retrieve Logs**. The Retrieve Logs submenu appears.

Choice [1-7,QR]: 5

1> Save to USB
2> Send via SCP

M> Return to Main Menu
R> Redraw Menu

Choice [1-2,MR]:

3. Select **2> Send via SCP**. The process retrieves the log files on all cluster members and combines them into a **.TAR** file.
4. Indicate whether you want to continue. Enter **y** for yes; **n** to abort.
5. Specify the SCP server IP address to which to transfer the file.
6. Enter the remote SCP user. For example, **root**
7. Enter the remote SCP file location. For example, **/root/tmplogs**. You see the following:

```

Remote scp IP: 123.123.123.123
Remote scp user: root
Remote scp path: /root/tmplogs
Is this correct? [y/n]
The authenticity of host '123.123.123.123 (123.123.123.123)' can't be established.
RSA key fingerprint is 01:70:4c:47:9e:1e:84:fc:69:3c:65:99:6d:e6:88:87.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes
Warning: Permanently added '123.123.123.123' (RSA) to the list of known hosts.
Warning-Please dont use this system
/etc/selinux/strict/contexts/files/file_contexts: Multiple same specifications for
/usr/local/lost\+found/.*
/etc/selinux/strict/contexts/files/file_contexts: Multiple same specifications for
/usr/local/\.journal.
/etc/selinux/strict/contexts/files/file_contexts: Multiple same specifications for
/usr/local/lost\+found.
123.123.123.123 password:
20090827-1517-logs.tar
100% 18MB 17.6MB/s 00:01

```

8. Indicate whether the SCP server information is correct. Enter **y** for yes; **n** if incorrect.
9. Indicate whether you want to continue. Enter **y** for yes; **n** for no.

Related Documentation

- Maintenance Mode Overview on page 270
- System Status Log File Overview on page 329
- Customizing Node System Status Log Checking on page 331
- Customizing Node Log Files To Download on page 332
- Downloading the Troubleshooting Log File from the UI on page 332
- Downloading the Troubleshooting Log File In Maintenance Mode on page 334

CHAPTER 35

Managing Tags

- Overview on page 339
- Managing Tags on page 340
- Creating Tags on page 346

Overview

- Managing Tags Overview on page 339

Managing Tags Overview

Use Manage Tags to view tag information, and create, share, rename, or delete them. You must have the System Administrator role to access Manage Tags to create share, rename, or delete tags. However, every user can perform tag actions such as tag, view, apply, and untag objects in related inventory pages. You can create public and private tags. However, only the Tag Administrator can share user-defined tags and publish them to the public domain so that they become public and other users can use them.

Tag names should not start with space, can not contain a comma, double quote, parentheses, and can not exceed 255 characters.

To use Tags:

1. Create a private or shared tag using the **Platform > Administration > Manage Tags > Create Tag** user interface. See “Creating a Tag” on page 346.
2. Tag an object on an inventory page. For example you can tag an object on the **Platform > Manage Devices** inventory page. Once you tag an object, you can view or untag existing tags. See “Tagging an Object” on page 343 and “Untagging Objects” on page 345.
3. Manage tags using the **Platform > Administration > Manage tags** inventory page. You can share, rename, or delete tags. See “Viewing Tags” on page 344, “Renaming Tags” on page 342, “Deleting Tags” on page 343

Related Documentation

- Tagging an Object on page 343
- Viewing Tags on page 344
- Untagging Objects on page 345
- Filtering Inventory Using Tags on page 345

Managing Tags

- Managing Tags on page 340
- Sharing a Tag on page 341
- Renaming Tags on page 342
- Deleting Tags on page 343
- Tagging an Object on page 343
- Viewing Tags on page 344
- Untagging Objects on page 345
- Filtering Inventory Using Tags on page 345

Managing Tags

You can use tags to label and categorize objects in your network, such as subnets, devices, services, users, customers, and so forth so you can filter, monitor, or perform batch actions on them without having to select each object separately. The **View Tags** inventory page allows you to manage and manipulate personal tags you created. You must be the System Administrator role to manage tags.

The **View Tags** page is blank unless there are some public tags or private tags you created. Tags are only visible to you unless you have the Tag Administrator share them and make them public to all users. Tags created by other users are private and only visible to them unless the Tag Administrator shares them; making them public.

Manage all tags applied to inventory objects from the **Platform > Administration > Manage Tags View Tags** inventory page. You can share, rename or delete tags. The **View Tags** page is blank until you create one or more tags using the **Platform > Administration > Create Tag** task.

Viewing Tags On the View Tags Inventory Page

To view tags on the **View Tags** inventory page:

- All tags created appear on the **View Tags** inventory page in tabular view listed alphabetically by tag name.

You can filter inventory objects by a tag name (see “Filtering Inventory Using Tags” on page 345).

Viewing Tag Information

Tag data includes the tag name, access type, and the number of objects tagged by a particular tag. See Table 53 on page 340.

Table 53:

Tag Data	Description
Name	Unique tag name. Tag names cannot start with a space or be longer than 256 characters.

Table 53: (continued)

Tag Data	Description
Access Type	Tags can either be public (shared) or private (visible only to the creator).
Tagged Object Count	The number of objects in all workspace inventory pages by the tag.

You can sort and hide columns using the column drop-down menus. For more information about manipulating tables in tabular view, see “Inventory Pages Overview” on page 28.

Performing Actions on Tags

To perform an action on one or more tags:

1. Select one or more tags in the table.

Click a tag to select it. If you select one tag, you can perform all tag management actions. If you select two or more tags, you can only delete the tags.

You can also select the **Page** link to select all tags at once. To deselect all tags, you can also click the None link.

2. Select a command from the **Actions** drawer or right-click pop-up menu.

You can share (see “Sharing a Tag” on page 341), rename (see “Renaming Tags” on page 342), delete (see “Deleting Tags” on page 343), or deselect all selected tags.

Related Documentation

- Managing Tags Overview on page 339
- Tagging an Object on page 343
- Viewing Tags on page 344
- Untagging Objects on page 345
- Creating a Tag on page 346

Sharing a Tag

User-defined tags are always created as private tags initially. When you feel that your tag has public value, sharing a tag makes it public for all users to use it to tag objects on a workspace inventory page. To share a tag, you must have Tag Administrator privileges.

To share a tag

1. Select **Platform > Administration > Manage Tags View Tags** inventory page:
2. Select one or more private tags on the **View Tags** inventory page.
3. Select **Share Tag** from the **Actions** drawer or right-click to select **Share Tag** from the pop-up menu.

The **Share Tag** status box appears to indicate whether the tag sharing is successful.

You can also share a tag when you create one (see “Creating a Tag” on page 346).

4. Click **OK**.

The tag **Access Type** changes on the **View Tags** inventory table from **private** to **public**.

**Related
Documentation**

- Managing Tags Overview on page 339
- Managing Tags on page 340
- Renaming Tags on page 342
- Deleting Tags on page 343
- Creating a Tag on page 346

Renaming Tags

The Rename Tag command provides you flexibility to reorganize or re-categorize managed objects according to your changing needs.

To rename a tag:

1. Navigate to the **Platform > Administration > Manage Tags** inventory page.

The **View Tags** page appears.

2. In the **View Tags** table, select the tag you want to rename.

3. Select **Rename Tag** from the **Actions** drawer.

The **Rename Tag** dialog box appears.

4. Type a tag name in the **New Name** text field.

A tag name should not start with a space, cannot contain a comma, double quote, parentheses, or exceed 255 characters

5. Click **Rename**.

The old tag is renamed and saved in the database. You see the renamed tag in the **View Tags** table.

When you navigate to the manage inventory page from which you created the tag, you will see the renamed tag name in the **Actions > View Tags** dialog box and in the search field drop-down names list.

**Related
Documentation**

- Managing Tags Overview on page 339
- Managing Tags on page 340
- Sharing a Tag on page 341
- Deleting Tags on page 343
- Creating a Tag on page 346
- Filtering Inventory Using Tags on page 345.

Deleting Tags

Use the Delete Tags action to remove managed object tags you no longer need.

To delete a tag:

1. Navigate to the **Platform > Administration > Manage Tags** inventory page.
The **View Tags** page appears.
2. In the **View Tags** table, select one or more tags you want to delete.
3. Select **Delete Tag** from the **Actions** drawer. You can also right-click the selected inventory object(s) and select **Delete Tags** from the pop-up menu.

The **Delete Tags** dialog box appears to confirm that you want to delete the tag.

4. Click **Delete**.

The tag is removed from the database and no longer appears in the View Tags table.

Related Documentation

- Managing Tags Overview on page 339
- Managing Tags on page 340
- Sharing a Tag on page 341
- Renaming Tags on page 342
- Creating a Tag on page 346

Tagging an Object

You can create user-defined tags in an application workspace inventory page to easily categorize and organize managed objects. Subsequently, you can view and use these tags to easily search for multiple objects to view status or perform a bulk action on them without having to select each individually.

To tag an object:

1. Navigate to an application workspace manage inventory page. For example, select **Platform > Devices > Manage Devices**.
2. Select the inventory object(s) you want to tag.
3. Select **Tag It** from the **Actions** drawer.

The **Apply Tag** dialog box appears.

4. Type the tag name in the text field.

You can also use the text field drop-down arrow to view a list box of existing tag names. Select an existing tag name to tag the selected object(s) or create a new one.

If you have existing tags, start to type a tag name in the name field. Existing tags appear in the text box drop-down list box.

5. Click **Apply Tag**. This action tags the object and stores the tag in the database.

- Related Documentation**
- Managing Tags Overview on page 339
 - Managing Tags on page 340
 - Viewing Tags on page 344
 - Untagging Objects on page 345
 - Filtering Inventory Using Tags on page 345
 - Creating a Tag on page 346

Viewing Tags

The View Tags action from application workspace inventory pages allows you to see all of the tags that you have assigned a managed object on your network. You must first tag a managed object to see its tags.

Use tags to label and categorize objects in your network, such as subnets, devices, services, users, customers, and so forth so you can filter, monitor, or perform batch actions on them without having to select each object separately.

Tags created by you are private and only visible to you unless you have the Tag Administrator share them to the public domain, making them public. Tags created by other users are only visible to them unless the Tag Administrator shares them, then you can view them.

To view tags on an inventory object:

1. Navigate to a workspace inventory page.
2. Select only one inventory object for which you want to view tags.
3. Select **View Tags** from the **Actions** drawer. You can also right-click an object and select **View Tags** from the pop-up menu.

The **View Tags** dialog box appears with a tag list displaying all tags applied to the selected object.

4. Click **OK**.

- Related Documentation**
- Managing Tags on page 340
 - Tagging an Object on page 343
 - Untagging Objects on page 345

Untagging Objects

You can untag or remove a tag from an object on a workspace inventory page. You can only select one object at a time to untag.

To untag an object:

1. Navigate to a workspace inventory page. For example, select **Platform > Devices > Manage Devices**.
2. Select one object on the workspace inventory page at a time.
3. Select **Untag** in the **Actions** drawer or right-click an object and select **Untag** from the pop-up menu.

The **Untag the Object** dialog box appears.

4. Select the tag that you want to remove and
5. Click **Untag**.

Related Documentation

- Managing Tags Overview on page 339
- Managing Tags on page 340
- Tagging an Object on page 343
- Viewing Tags on page 344
- Creating a Tag on page 346

Filtering Inventory Using Tags

You can use tags to filter objects on a workspace inventory page. Filtering allows you to view only the objects that you want categorized by the tag name.

To filter using a tag:

1. On the workspace inventory page, click the magnifying glass in the search field at the top-right of the page. You can also type the first letter of the tag name.

The drop-down list appears with the object names on the top and the tag names on the bottom. If you clicked a letter in the search field, only the tag names starting with that letter appear.

2. Click a tag name in the drop-down list.

Only the inventory objects with that tag name appear. You see **Filtered By** the tag name at the top-left of the page.

3. Click the red **X** to unfilter the inventory page.

Related Documentation

- Managing Tags Overview on page 339
- Managing Tags on page 340
- Tagging an Object on page 343

- Viewing Tags on page 344
- Untagging Objects on page 345
- Creating a Tag on page 346

Creating Tags

- Creating a Tag on page 346

Creating a Tag

To create a tag:

1. Select **Platform** > **Administration** > **Manage Tags** > **Create User** task.

The **Create Tags** dialog box appears.

2. If necessary select the **Share Tag** option.

When you share a tag, all users can use that tag. Only the Tag Administrator can publish tags to the public domain.

3. Type a tag name in the text box.

A tag name should not start with a space, cannot contain a comma, double quote, parentheses, or exceed 255 characters

4. Click **Create**.

The tag appears in the **View tags** inventory page. If the tag is shared it is public; if not it is private.

Related Documentation

- Managing Tags Overview on page 339
- Managing Tags on page 340
- Sharing a Tag on page 341
- Renaming Tags on page 342
- Deleting Tags on page 343

PART 11

Index

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