

## Chapter 27

# Monitor Channelized OC-12 Interfaces

This chapter describes how to monitor Channelized OC-12 interfaces and begin the process of isolating Channelized OC-12 interface problems when they occur. (See Table 57.)

**Table 57: Checklist for Monitoring Channelized OC-12 Interfaces**

Monitor Channelized OC-12 Interfaces Tasks	Command or Action
<b>Monitor Channelized OC-12 Interfaces on page 282</b>	
1. Display the Status of Channelized OC-12 Interfaces on page 282	show interfaces terse t3-interface-name*
2. Display the Status of a Specific Channelized OC-12 Interface on page 283	show interfaces terse t3-fpc/pic/port:channel
3. Display Extensive Status Information for a Specific Channelized OC-12 Interface on page 283	show interfaces t3-fpc/pic/port:channel extensive
4. Monitor Statistics for a Channelized OC-12 Interface on page 286	monitor interfaces t3-fpc/pic/port:channel
<b>Monitor Channelized OC-12 IQ Interfaces on page 287</b>	
1. Display the Status of a Channelized OC-12 IQ Interface on page 287	show interfaces terse coc* show interfaces controller show interfaces terse
2. Display the Status of the Controller Channelized OC-12 IQ Interface on page 291	show interfaces interface-type-fpc/pic/port show interfaces interface-type-fpc/pic/port:channel show interfaces interface-type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel show interfaces interface-type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel:channel
3. Display the Status of a Specific Channel of a Channelized OC-12 IQ Interface on page 293	show interfaces interface-type-fpc/pic/port:channel show interfaces interface-type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel show interfaces interface-type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel:channel
4. Display Extensive Status Information for a Channelized OC-12 IQ Interface on page 295	show interfaces interface-type-interface-name extensive
5. Monitor Statistics for a Channelized OC-12 IQ Interface on page 298	monitor interfaces interface-type-fpc/pic/port:channel

## Monitor Channelized OC-12 Interfaces

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**Purpose** By monitoring Channelized OC-12 interfaces, you begin the process of isolating Channelized OC-12 interface problems when they occur.

**Steps To Take** To monitor your Channelized OC-12 interfaces, follow these steps:

1. Display the Status of Channelized OC-12 Interfaces on page 282
2. Display the Status of a Specific Channelized OC-12 Interface on page 283
3. Display Extensive Status Information for a Specific Channelized OC-12 Interface on page 283
4. Monitor Statistics for a Channelized OC-12 Interface on page 286

### Step 1: Display the Status of Channelized OC-12 Interfaces

**Action** To display the status of Channelized OC-12 interfaces, use the following JUNOS command-line interface (CLI) operational mode command:

```
user@host> show interfaces terse t3-interface-name*
```

**Sample Output 1** The following sample output is for a Channelized OC-12 interface:

```
user@host> show interfaces terse t3-0/3/0:*
Interface      Admin Link Proto Local      Remote
t3-0/3/0:0     up   up
t3-0/3/0:1     up   up
t3-0/3/0:2     up   up
t3-0/3/0:3     up   up
t3-0/3/0:4     up   up
t3-0/3/0:5     up   up
t3-0/3/0:6     up   up
t3-0/3/0:7     up   up
t3-0/3/0:8     up   up
t3-0/3/0:9     up   up
t3-0/3/0:10    up   up
t3-0/3/0:11    up   down
```

**What It Means** The sample output shows the status of both the physical and logical interfaces. In this example, all of the Channelized OC-12 interfaces are up except the channel interface t3-0/3/0:11.

When only one or some individual T3 channels are down, you must troubleshoot the T3 channel by checking the configuration, transmission network, and equipment. If all of the physical layers for the T3 channels are down, you must work with this as a T3 or OC-12 SONET link, or a Physical Interface Card (PIC) problem. For more information on monitoring SONET interfaces, see “Monitor Channelized OC-12 Interfaces” on page 281.

## Step 2: Display the Status of a Specific Channelized OC-12 Interface

**Action** To display the status of specific Channelized OC-12 interface, use the following JUNOS CLI operational mode command:

```
user@host> show interfaces terse t3-fpc/pic/port:channel
```

**Sample Output**

```
user@host> show interfaces terse t3-0/3/0:0
Interface      Admin Link Proto Local      Remote
t3-0/3/0:0      up    up
```

```
user@host> show interfaces terse t3-0/3/0:11
Interface      Admin Link Proto Local      Remote
t3-0/3/0:11     up    down
```

**What It Means.** The first line of the output shows the status of the link. If this line shows that the physical link is up, the physical link is healthy and can pass packets. If this line shows that the physical link is down, the physical link is unhealthy and cannot pass packets.

When only one or some individual T3 channels are down, you must troubleshoot the T3 channel by checking the configuration, transmission network, and equipment. If all of the physical layers for the T3 channels are down, you must work with this as an OC-12 SONET link or PIC problem. For more information on monitoring SONET interfaces, see “Monitor Channelized OC-12 Interfaces” on page 281.

## Step 3: Display Extensive Status Information for a Specific Channelized OC-12 Interface

**Action** To display extensive status information for a Channelized OC-12 interface, use the following JUNOS CLI operational mode command:

```
user@host> show interfaces t3-fpc/pic/port:channel extensive
```

**Sample Output**

```
user@host> show interfaces t3-0/3/0:0 extensive
Physical interface: t3-0/3/0:0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 193, SNMP ifIndex: 118, Generation: 122
Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode, Speed: T3,
Loopback: Local, SONET Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Mode: C/Bit parity
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Link flags : Keepalives
Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
CoS queues : 4 supported
Last flapped : 2004-05-21 15:23:34 UTC (01:59:02 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :          0          0 bps
Output bytes :          0          0 bps
Input packets:          0          0 pps
Output packets:         0          0 pps
Input errors:
Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Bucket drops: 0, Policed discards: 0,
L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0,
HS link CRC errors: 0, SRAM errors: 0
Output errors:
Carrier transitions: 1, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0
DS3 alarms : None
```

```

SONET alarms : None
DS3 defects : None
SONET defects : None
DS3 media:      Seconds      Count State
AIS             0           0 OK
LOF             0           0 OK
LOS             0           0 OK
IDLE            0           0 OK
YELLOW          0           0 OK
BPV             0           0
EXZ             0           0
LCV             0           0
PCV             0           0
CCV             0           0
LES             0
PES             0
PSES            0
CES             0
CSES            0
SEFS            0
UAS             0
HDLC configuration:
Policing bucket: Disabled
Shaping bucket : Disabled
Giant threshold: 4484, Runt threshold: 3
Idle cycle flag: flags, Start end flag: shared
DSU configuration:
Compatibility mode: None, Scrambling: Disabled, Subrate: Disabled
FEAC loopback: Inactive, Response: Disabled, Count: 0
DS-3 BERT configuration:
BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
Algorithm: 2^3 - 1, Pseudorandom (1), Induced error rate: 10e-0
Interface transmit queues:
      B/W WRR      Packets      Bytes
Queue0      0  0
Transmitted:      0          0
Drops:            0          0
Errors:           0
Queue1      0  0
Transmitted:      0          0
Drops:            0          0
Errors:           0
Queue2      0  0
Transmitted:      0          0
Drops:            0          0
Errors:           0
Queue3      0  0
Transmitted:      0          0
Drops:            0          0
Errors:           0
SONET PHY:      Seconds      Count State
PLL Lock        0           0 OK
PHY Light       0           0 OK
SONET section:
BIP-B1          1          22
SEF             0           0 OK
LOS             0           0 OK
LOF             0           0 OK
ES-S            1
SES-S           0
SEFS-S          0
SONET line:
BIP-B2          1          307

```

```

REI-L          0      0
RDI-L          3      1 OK
AIS-L          0      0 OK
BERR-SF        0      0 OK
BERR-SD        0      0 OK
ES-L           1
SES-L          0
UAS-L          0
ES-LFE         3
SES-LFE        3
UAS-LFE        0
SONET path:
BIP-B3         1      35
REI-P          1      7
LOP-P          0      0 OK
AIS-P          0      0 OK
RDI-P          0      0 OK
UNEQ-P         0      0 OK
PLM-P          1      1 OK
ES-P           1
SES-P          0
UAS-P          0
ES-PFE         1
SES-PFE        0
UAS-PFE        0
Received SONET overhead:
F1   : 0x00, J0   : 0x00, K1   : 0x00, K2   : 0x00
S1   : 0x00, C2   : 0x04, C2(cmp) : 0x04, F2   : 0x00
Z3   : 0x00, Z4   : 0x00, S1(cmp) : 0x00
Transmitted SONET overhead:
F1   : 0x00, J0   : 0x01, K1   : 0x00, K2   : 0x00
S1   : 0x00, C2   : 0x04, F2   : 0x00, Z3   : 0x00
Z4   : 0x00
Received path trace: t3-0/1/0:0
74 33 2d 30 2f 31 2f 30 3a 30 00 00 00 00 0d 0a  t3-0/1/0:0:.....
Transmitted path trace: t3-0/3/0:0
74 33 2d 30 2f 33 2f 30 3a 30 00 00 00 00 00 00  t3-0/3/0:0:.....
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
Destination slot: 0, PLP byte: 1 (0x00)
CoS transmit queue      Bandwidth      Buffer Priority Limit
      %      bps %      bytes
0 best-effort      95  42499200 95      0  low  none
3 network-control   5   2236800  5      0  low  none

```

**What It Means** The sample output shows where the errors might be occurring, either with the T3 media or the SONET layer. In this example, there are no SONET or DS-3 alarms or defects. However, if errors occur, you must troubleshoot the T3 media or the SONET layer. For more information on diagnosing a T3 media problem, see “Investigate T3 Interfaces” on page 49. For more information about diagnosing a SONET layer problem, see “Investigate SONET Interfaces” on page 127.

## Step 4: Monitor Statistics for a Channelized OC-12 Interface

**Action** To monitor statistics for a Channelized OC-12 interface, use the following JUNOS CLI operational mode command:

```
user@host> monitor interfaces t3-fpc/pic/port:channel
```

**Sample Output**

```
user@host> monitor interfaces t3-0/3/0:11
host                               Seconds: 12          Time: 17:27:15
                                   Delay: 32/0/32
Interface: t3-0/3/0:11, Enabled, Link is Down
Encapsulation: Cisco-HDLC, Keepalives, Speed: T3
Traffic statistics:                  Current delta
Input bytes:                        109846 (176 bps)      [44]
Output bytes:                       110308 (176 bps)      [44]
Input packets:                      1687 (1 pps)          [2]
Output packets:                     1693 (1 pps)          [2]
Encapsulation statistics:
Input keepalives:                   8                  [2]
Output keepalives:                  7                  [2]
Error statistics:
Input errors:                       0                  [0]
Input drops:                       0                  [0]
Input framing errors:               1066                [0]
Input runs:                        0                  [0]
Input giants:                      0                  [0]
Policed discards:                   0                  [0]
L3 incompletes:                     0                  [0]
L2 channel errors:                  3                  [0]
L2 mismatch timeouts:               0                  [0]
Carrier transitions:                7                  [0]
Output errors:                      0 Output drops:      [0]

Interface warnings:
o Loopback detected while not in test mode
```

**What It Means** The sample output shows common interface failures, indicates whether loopback is detected, and shows increases in framing errors. Use information from this command to help narrow down possible causes of an interface problem.



**NOTE:** If you are accessing the router from the console connection, make sure you set the CLI terminal type using the `set cli terminal` command.



**CAUTION:** We recommend that you use this command only for diagnostic purposes. Do not leave it on during normal router operations because real-time monitoring of traffic consumes additional CPU and memory resources.

## Monitor Channelized OC-12 IQ Interfaces

**Purpose** By monitoring Channelized OC-12 intelligent queuing (IQ) interfaces, you begin the process of isolating Channelized OC-12 IQ interface problems when they occur.

**Steps To Take** To monitor your Channelized OC-12 IQ interface, follow these steps:

1. Display the Status of a Channelized OC-12 IQ Interface on page 287
2. Display the Status of the Controller Channelized OC-12 IQ Interface on page 291
3. Display the Status of a Specific Channel of a Channelized OC-12 IQ Interface on page 293
4. Display Extensive Status Information for a Channelized OC-12 IQ Interface on page 295
5. Monitor Statistics for a Channelized OC-12 IQ Interface on page 298

### Step 1: Display the Status of a Channelized OC-12 IQ Interface

**Action** To display the status of Channelized OC-12 IQ interfaces, use one or all of the following JUNOS CLI operational mode commands:

```
user@host> show interfaces terse coc*
user@host> show interfaces controller
user@host> show interfaces terse
```

**Sample Output 1**

```
user@host> show interfaces terse coc*
Interface      Admin Link Proto Local      Remote
coc12-0/0/0    up    up
coc1-0/0/0:2    up    up
coc1-0/0/0:3    up    up
coc1-0/0/0:4    up    up
coc1-0/0/0:5    up    up
coc1-0/0/0:6    up    up
```

**Sample Output 2**

```
user@host> show interfaces controller
Controller
coc12-0/0/0    up    up
so-0/0/0:1    up    up
coc1-0/0/0:2    up    up
  t1-0/0/0:2:1    up    up
  t1-0/0/0:2:2    up    up
  t1-0/0/0:2:3    up    up
  t1-0/0/0:2:4    up    up
  t1-0/0/0:2:5    up    up
  t1-0/0/0:2:6    up    up
  t1-0/0/0:2:7    up    up
  t1-0/0/0:2:8    up    up
  t1-0/0/0:2:9    up    up
  t1-0/0/0:2:10   up    up
  t1-0/0/0:2:11   up    up
  t1-0/0/0:2:12   up    up
  t1-0/0/0:2:13   up    up
  t1-0/0/0:2:14   up    up
  t1-0/0/0:2:15   up    up
```

```

t1-0/0/0:2:16          up  up
t1-0/0/0:2:17          up  up
t1-0/0/0:2:18          up  up
t1-0/0/0:2:19          up  up
t1-0/0/0:2:20          up  up
t1-0/0/0:2:21          up  up
t1-0/0/0:2:22          up  up
t1-0/0/0:2:23          up  up
t1-0/0/0:2:24          up  up
t1-0/0/0:2:25          up  up
t1-0/0/0:2:26          up  up
t1-0/0/0:2:27          up  up
t1-0/0/0:2:28          up  up
coc1-0/0/0:3           up  up
t3-0/0/0:3             up  up
coc1-0/0/0:4           up  up
  ct1-0/0/0:4:1        up  up
    ds-0/0/0:4:1:1     up  up
coc1-0/0/0:5           up  up
ct3-0/0/0:5           up  up
  t1-0/0/0:5:1         up  up
coc1-0/0/0:6           up  up
ct3-0/0/0:6           up  up
  ct1-0/0/0:6:1        up  up
    ds-0/0/0:6:1:1     up  up

```

**Sample Output 3**

```

user@host> show interfaces terse
Interface      Admin Link Proto Local      Remote
coc12-0/0/0    up    up
so-0/0/0:1     up    up
so-0/0/0:1.0   up    up  inet  20.20.20.1/30
coc1-0/0/0:2   up    up
t1-0/0/0:2:1   up    up
t1-0/0/0:2:1.0 up    up  inet  20.20.20.5/30
t1-0/0/0:2:2   up    up
[...Output Truncated...]
t1-0/0/0:2:27   up    up
t1-0/0/0:2:28   up    up
coc1-0/0/0:3    up    up
t3-0/0/0:3     up    up
coc1-0/0/0:4    up    up
ct1-0/0/0:4:1   up    up
ds-0/0/0:4:1:1  up    up
ds-0/0/0:4:1:1.0 up    up  inet  20.20.20.13/30
coc1-0/0/0:5    up    up
ct3-0/0/0:5     up    up
t1-0/0/0:5:1    up    up
t1-0/0/0:5:1.0  up    up  inet  20.20.20.17/30
coc1-0/0/0:6    up    up
ct3-0/0/0:6     up    up
ct1-0/0/0:6:1   up    up
ds-0/0/0:6:1:1  up    up
ds-0/0/0:6:1:1.0 up    up  inet  20.20.20.21/30

```

**What It Means**

The sample output shows the status of both the physical and logical interfaces. In this example, all of the channelized OC-12 IQ interfaces are up.

Sample output 1 shows the channelized interfaces that are configured, but not the channels for those channelized interfaces.



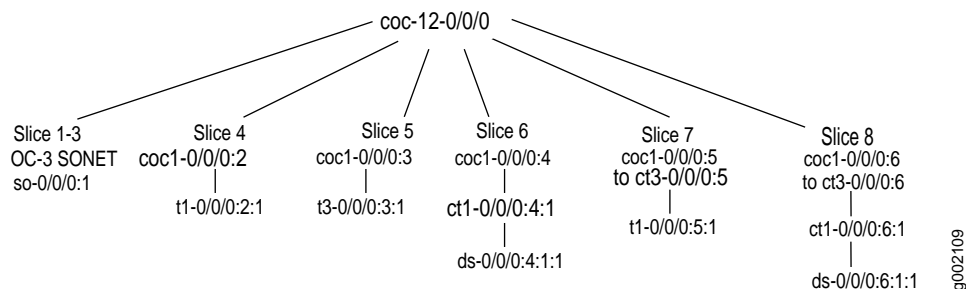
Sample output 2 shows the channels for the channelized interfaces that are configured and the hierarchy, but not the interface address information. At the top, the hierarchy includes the controller interface coc12-0/0/0.

Sample output 3 shows all channelized interfaces and their configured channels and the address information.

When only one or some individual channels are down, you must troubleshoot the channel by checking the configuration, transmission network, and equipment. If all of the physical layers for the channels are down, you must work with this as a T1, T3, DS-0, or OC-12 SONET link or PIC problem. For more information on monitoring these types of interfaces, see the respective sections in this guide.

The interface configuration of the OC-12 IQ interface used for all show commands in this section is shown in Figure 22.

**Figure 22: Sample Configuration of Channelized OC-12 IQ Interface**



In addition, the configuration is shown in the following output:

```

interfaces {
  coc12-0/0/0 {
    partition 1 oc-slice 1-3 interface-type so;
    partition 2 oc-slice 4 interface-type coc1;
    partition 3 oc-slice 5 interface-type coc1;
    partition 4 oc-slice 6 interface-type coc1;
    partition 5 oc-slice 7 interface-type coc1;
    partition 6 oc-slice 8 interface-type coc1;
  }
  so-0/0/0:1 {
    description "oc-slice 1-3 of coc12-0/0/0. COC12 > OC3.";
    unit 0 {
      family inet {
        address 20.20.20.2/30;
      }
    }
  }
  coc1-0/0/0:2 {
    description "oc-slice 4 of coc12-0/0/0. COC12 to COC-1 VT-mapped to T1s.";
    partition 1-28 interface-type t1;
  }
  t1-0/0/0:2:1 {
    unit 0 {
      family inet {
        address 20.20.20.6/30;
      }
    }
  }
}

```

```

    }
  }
  coc1-0/0/0:3 {
    description " oc-slice 5 of coc12-0/0/0. COC12 to COC-1 converted to a T3.";
    no-partition interface-type t3;
  }
  t3-0/0/0:3:1 {
    unit 0 {
      family inet {
        address 20.20.20.10/30;
      }
    }
  }
  coc1-0/0/0:4 {
    description " oc-slice 6 of coc12-0/0/0. CT1 to NxDS-0s.";
    partition 1 interface-type ct1;
  }
  ct1-0/0/0:4:1 {
    partition 1 timeslots 1-10 interface-type ds;
  }
  ds-0/0/0:4:1:1 {
    unit 0 {
      family inet {
        address 20.20.20.14/30;
      }
    }
  }
  coc1-0/0/0:5 {
    description " oc-slice 7 of coc12-0/0/0. COC12 to COC-1 converted to a CT3 to
T1s.";
    no-partition interface-type ct3;
  }
  ct3-0/0/0:5 {
    partition 1 interface-type t1;
  }
  t1-0/0/0:5:1 {
    unit 0 {
      family inet {
        address 20.20.20.18/30;
      }
    }
  }
  coc1-0/0/0:6 {
    description " oc-slice 8 of coc12-0/0/0. COC12 to COC-1 converted to a CT3 to
CT1 to NxDS-0s.";
    no-partition interface-type ct3;
  }
  ct3-0/0/0:6 {
    partition 1 interface-type ct1;
  }
  ct1-0/0/0:6:1 {
    partition 1 timeslots 1 interface-type ds;
  }
  ds-0/0/0:6:1:1 {
    unit 0 {
      family inet {
        address 20.20.20.22/30;
      }
    }
  }

```

```

    }
  }
}

```

The above configuration shows the OC-12 IQ interface configured into eight channels or slices as shown in Figure 22 on page 289. A summary of the channels follows:

Channels 1 through 3 are for SONET interfaces

Channel 4 is for T1 interfaces

Channel 5 is for T3 interfaces

Channel 6 is for DS-0 interfaces

Channels 7 is for T1 interfaces

Channel 8 is for DS-0 interfaces

## Step 2: Display the Status of the Controller Channelized OC-12 IQ Interface

**Action** To display the status of the controller OC-12 IQ interface, use one or all of the following JUNOS CLI operational mode commands, depending on the level of channelization:

```

user@host> show interfaces interface-type-fpc/pic/port
user@host> show interfaces interface-type-fpc/pic/port:channel
user@host> show interfaces interface-type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel
user@host> show interfaces interface-type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel:channel

```

**Sample Output 1**

```

user@host> show interfaces coc12-0/0/0
Physical interface: coc12-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 195, SNMP ifIndex: 82
Link-level type: Controller. Clocking: Internal, SONET mode, Speed: OC12,
Loopback: None, Parent: None
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Link flags   : None
CoS queues   : 4 supported
Last flapped : 2004-05-26 21:37:18 UTC (00:44:19 ago)
SONET alarms  : None
SONET defects : None

```

**Sample Output 2**

```

user@host> show interfaces coc1-0/0/0:2
Physical interface: coc1-0/0/0:2, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 198, SNMP ifIndex: 88
Link-level type: Controller. Clocking: Internal, SONET mode, Speed: 51840kbps,
Loopback: None, Parent: coc12-0/0/0 Interface index 195
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Link flags   : None
CoS queues   : 4 supported
Last flapped : 2004-05-26 22:19:18 UTC (00:07:06 ago)
SONET alarms  : None
SONET defects : None

```

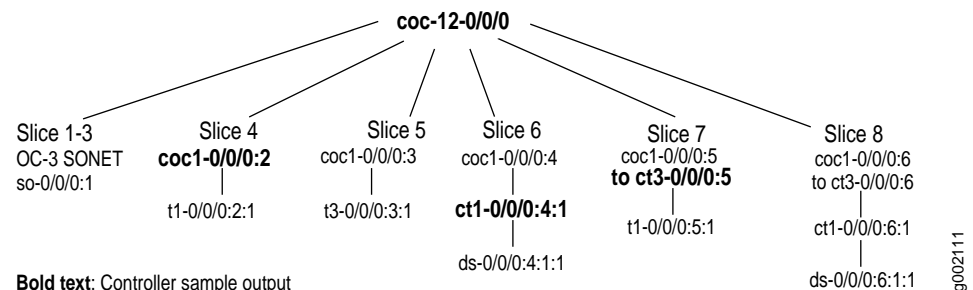
**Sample Output 3** user@host> **show interfaces ct3-0/0/0:5**  
 Physical interface: ct3-0/0/0:5, **Enabled, Physical link is Up**  
 Interface index: 233, SNMP ifIndex: 169  
**Link-level type: Controller**, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T3, Loopback: None,  
 Mode: C/Bit parity, **Parent: coc1-0/0/0:5** Interface index 232  
 Device flags : Present Running  
 Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps  
 Link flags : None  
 CoS queues : 4 supported  
 Last flapped : Never  
 Active alarms : None  
 Active defects : None  
 DS-3 BERT configuration:  
 BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds  
 Algorithm: 2^3 - 1, Pseudorandom (1), Induced error rate: 10e-0

**Sample Output 4** user@host> **show interfaces ct1-0/0/0:4:1**  
 Physical interface: ct1-0/0/0:4:1, **Enabled, Physical link is Up**  
 Interface index: 230, SNMP ifIndex: 167  
**Link-level type: Controller**, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T1, Loopback: None,  
 Framing: ESF, **Parent: coc1-0/0/0:4** Interface index 229  
 Device flags : Present Running  
 Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps  
 Link flags : None  
 CoS queues : 4 supported  
 Last flapped : Never  
 DS1 alarms : None  
 DS1 defects : None  
 SONET alarms : None  
 SONET defects : None

**What It Means** The first line of the output shows the status of the link. If this line shows that the physical link is up, the physical link is healthy and can pass packets. If this line shows that the physical link is down, the physical link is unhealthy and cannot pass packets.

The controller interface is partitioned into other interface types and appears at the top of a specific level of channelization. For a visual representation of the controller interface at different levels of channelization, see Figure 23.

**Figure 23: Controller Interfaces at Different Levels of Channelization**



Each of the four examples of controller output is for a different level of channelization.

Sample output 1 for interface coc12-0/0/0 shows Parent: None, which indicates the top-most level of channelization.

Sample output 2 for interface coc1-0/0/0:2 shows Parent: coc12-0/0/0, which indicates that this interface is one level down from the top-most level, and is the OC1 controller for a first level of channelization.

Sample output 3 for interface ct3-0/0/0:5 shows Parent: coc1-0/0/0:5, which indicates that this interface is at the second level of channelization, and is a CT3 controller.

Sample output 4 for interface ct1-0/0/0:4:1 shows Parent: coc1-0/0/0:4:1, which indicates that this interface is at the third level of channelization, and is a CT1 controller.

### Step 3: Display the Status of a Specific Channel of a Channelized OC-12 IQ Interface

**Action** To display the status of a specific channel of an OC-12 IQ interface, use the following JUNOS CLI operational mode command:

```
user@host> show interfaces interface-type-fpc/pic/port:channel
user@host> show interfaces interface-type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel
user@host> show interfaces interface-type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel:channel
```

#### Sample Output 1

```
user@host> show interfaces so-0/0/0:1
Physical interface: so-0/0/0:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 197, SNMP ifIndex: 131
Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode, Speed: OC3,
Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Enabled,
Parent: coc12-0/0/0 Interface index 195
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Link flags : Keepalives
Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Keepalive: Input: 17 (00:00:01 ago), Output: 17 (00:00:08 ago)
LCP state: Opened
NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured, mpls:
Not-configured
CHAP state: Not-configured
CoS queues : 4 supported
Last flapped : 2004-05-26 22:19:18 UTC (00:02:59 ago)
Input rate : 0 bps (0 pps)
Output rate : 0 bps (0 pps)
SONET alarms : None
SONET defects : None

Logical interface so-0/0/0:1.0 (Index 70) (SNMP ifIndex 132)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol inet, MTU: 4470
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 20.20.20.0/30, Local: 20.20.20.1, Broadcast: 20.20.20.3
```

#### Sample Output 2

```
user@host> show interfaces t1-0/0/0:2:1
Physical interface: t1-0/0/0:2:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 199, SNMP ifIndex: 133
Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T1,
Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: ESF,
Parent: coc1-0/0/0:2 Interface index 198
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Link flags : Keepalives
```

```

Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Keepalive: Input: 44 (00:00:07 ago), Output: 46 (00:00:01 ago)
LCP state: Opened
NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured, mpls:
Not-configured
CHAP state: Not-configured
CoS queues : 4 supported
Last flapped : Never
Input rate : 0 bps (0 pps)
Output rate : 0 bps (0 pps)
DS1 alarms : None
DS1 defects : None
SONET alarms : None
SONET defects : None

Logical interface t1-0/0/0:2:1.0 (Index 71) (SNMP ifIndex 134)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 20.20.20.4/30, Local: 20.20.20.5, Broadcast: 20.20.20.7

```

**Sample Output 3**

```

user@host> show interfaces ds-0/0/0:4:1:1
Physical interface: ds-0/0/0:4:1:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 231, SNMP ifIndex: 168
Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: 640kbps,
Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Parent: ct1-0/0/0:4:1 Interface index 230
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Link flags : Keepalives
Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Keepalive: Input: 58 (00:00:06 ago), Output: 59 (00:00:01 ago)
LCP state: Opened
NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured, mpls:
Not-configured
CHAP state: Not-configured
CoS queues : 4 supported
Last flapped : Never
Input rate : 48 bps (0 pps)
Output rate : 48 bps (0 pps)
DS0 BERT configuration:
BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, O.151, Pseudorandom (9)

Logical interface ds-0/0/0:4:1:1.0 (Index 75) (SNMP ifIndex 173)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 20.20.20.12/30, Local: 20.20.20.13, Broadcast: 20.20.20.15

```

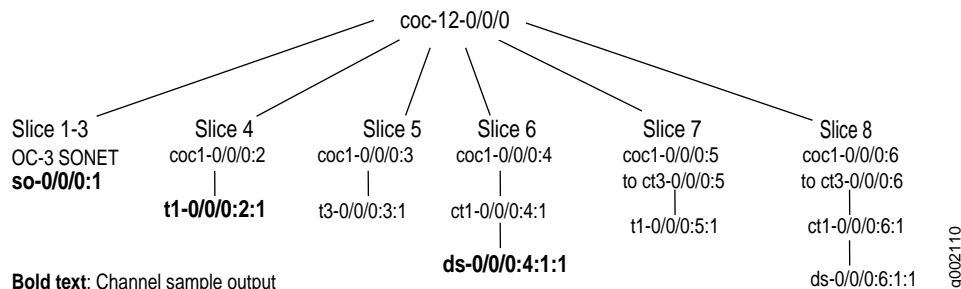
**What It Means**

The first line of the output shows the status of the link. If this line shows that the physical link is up, the physical link is healthy and can pass packets. If this line shows that the physical link is down, the physical link is unhealthy and cannot pass packets. All four examples of output show the link is up and can pass packets.

Sample output 1 shows an OC-3 SONET interface. Sample output 2 shows a T1 interface that is the result of a partitioned OC-1 interface, and sample output 3 shows a DS-0 interface that is the result of an OC-1 interface partitioned into a T1 interface, which is further partitioned into the DS-0 interface.

Figure 24 shows a visual representation of the different channel levels.

**Figure 24: Specific Channels of a Channelized OC-12 IQ Interface**



When only one or some individual channels are down, you must troubleshoot the channel by checking the configuration, transmission network, and equipment. If all of the physical layers for the channels are down, you must work with this as a T1, T3, DS-0, or OC-12 SONET link or PIC problem. For more information on monitoring these types of interfaces, see the respective sections in this guide.

#### Step 4: Display Extensive Status Information for a Channelized OC-12 IQ Interface

**Action** To display extensive status information for a Channelized OC-12 IQ interface, use the following JUNOS CLI operational mode command:

```
user@host> show interfaces interface-type-interface-name extensive
```

**Sample Output 1** The following sample output is for a controller interface:

```
user@host> show interfaces coc12-0/0/0 extensive
Physical interface: coc12-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 138, SNMP ifIndex: 82, Generation: 21
Link-level type: Controller, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode, Speed: OC12,
Loopback: None, Parent: None
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Link flags : None
Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
CoS queues : 4 supported
Last flapped : 2004-05-18 21:25:45 UTC (2d 00:04 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
SONET alarms : None
SONET defects : None
SONET PHY:
Seconds Count State
PLL Lock 0 0 OK
PHY Light 0 0 OK
SONET section:
BIP-B1 0 0
SEF 77 1 OK
LOS 77 1 OK
LOF 77 1 OK
ES-S 77
SES-S 77
SEFS-S 77
SONET line:
BIP-B2 0 0
REI-L 82584 1274876
RDI-L 5 1 OK
```

```

AIS-L          0      0 OK
BERR-SF        77      1 OK
BERR-SD         2      1 OK
ES-L           77
SES-L           77
UAS-L           67
ES-LFE         82589
SES-LFE         5
UAS-LFE         0
Received SONET overhead:
F1   : 0x00, J0   : 0x00, K1   : 0x00, K2   : 0x00
S1   : 0x00
Transmitted SONET overhead:
F1   : 0x00, J0   : 0x01, K1   : 0x00, K2   : 0x00
S1   : 0x00

```

**Sample Output 2** The following sample output is for a channel on a Channelized OC-12 IQ interface:

```

user@host> show interfaces t1-0/0/0:2:1 extensive
Physical interface: t1-0/0/0:2:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 186, SNMP ifIndex: 133, Generation: 69
Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T1,
Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: ESF,
Parent: coc1-0/0/0:2 Interface index 185
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Link flags     : Keepalives
Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Keepalive statistics:
  Input : 444 (last seen 00:00:05 ago)
  Output: 442 (last sent 00:00:09 ago)
LCP state: Opened
NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured, mpls:
Not-configured
CHAP state: Not-configured
CoS queues   : 4 supported
Last flapped : Never
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :      10948      0 bps
Output bytes :      11792      0 bps
Input packets:       892      0 pps
Output packets:       940      0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 2, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
  Policed discards: 2, L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0,
  L2 mismatch timeouts: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0, SRAM errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 1, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0
Queue counters:   Queued packets  Transmitted packets  Dropped packets
0 best-effort      3              3              0
1 expedited-fo      0              0              0
2 assured-forw      0              0              0
3 network-cont     937            937             0
DS1 alarms : None
DS1 defects : None
T1 media:
Seconds      Count State
SEF           1      1 OK
BEE           2      2 OK
AIS           0      0 OK
LOF          108      1 OK

```



```

LOS          0      0 OK
YELLOW       0      0 OK
BPV          0      0
EXZ          0      0
LCV          1      1
PCV          0      0
CS           0      0
LES          108
ES           108
SES          108
SEFS         108
BES          0
UAS          116
HDLC configuration:
Policing bucket: Disabled
Shaping bucket : Disabled
Giant threshold: 1514, Runt threshold: 0
Timeslots   : All active
Line encoding: B8ZS, Byte encoding: Nx64K
Buildout    : 0 to 132 feet
Data inversion: Disabled, Idle cycle flag: flags, Start end flag: shared
DS1 BERT configuration:
BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, O.151, Pseudorandom (9)
SONET alarms : None
SONET defects : None
SONET vt:
BIP-BIP2      0      0
REI-V         25     25
LOP-V         93     1 OK
AIS-V         0      0 OK
RDI-V         0      0 OK
UNEQ-V        0      0 OK
PLM-V         93     1 OK
ES-V          93
SES-V         93
UAS-V         83
ES-VFE        25
SES-VFE        25
UAS-VFE        0
Received SONET overhead:
V5 : 0x02, V5(cmp) : 0x02
Transmitted SONET overhead:
V5 : 0x02
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
Destination slot: 0, PLP byte: 4 (0x00)

Logical interface t1-0/0/0:2:1.0 (Index 70) (SNMP ifIndex 134)
(Generation 15)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 24, Route table: 0
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 20.20.20.4/30, Local: 20.20.20.5, Broadcast: 20.20.20.7,
Generation: 29

```

**What It Means** The sample output shows where the errors might be occurring: either with the channel media or the SONET layer. In this example, there are no errors. However, if errors occur, you must troubleshoot the channel media or the SONET layer. For more information, see the sections of this guide that correspond to the media with which you are working.

## Step 5: Monitor Statistics for a Channelized OC-12 IQ Interface

**Action** To monitor statistics for a Channelized OC-12 interface, use the following JUNOS CLI operational mode command:

```
user@host> monitor interfaces interface-type-fpc/pic/port:channel
```

**Sample Output**

```
user@host> monitor interfaces so-0/0/0:1.0
host                               Seconds: 10      Time: 00:23:13
                                Delay: 0/0/32

Interface: so-0/0/0:1.0, Enabled, Link is Up
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Encapsulation: PPP
Local statistics:                  Current delta
Input bytes:                      431244          [0]
Output bytes:                    432268          [0]
Input packets:                   35933           [0]
Output packets:                  36019           [0]
Remote statistics:
Input bytes:                      0 (0 bps)       [0]
Output bytes:                    0 (0 bps)       [0]
Input packets:                   0 (1 pps)       [0]
Output packets:                  0 (0 pps)       [0]
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes:                      431244          [0]
Output bytes:                    432268          [0]
Input packets:                   35933           [0]
Output packets:                  36019           [0]
Protocol: inet, MTU: 4470

user@host> monitor interfaces t1-0/0/0:2:1.0
host                               Seconds: 1      Time: 00:32:07
                                Delay: 0/0/26

Interface: t1-0/0/0:2:1.0, Enabled, Link is Up
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Encapsulation: PPP
Local statistics:                  Current delta
Input bytes:                      432028          [0]
Output bytes:                    433076          [0]
Input packets:                   35954           [0]
Output packets:                  36041           [0]
Remote statistics:
Input bytes:                      0 (0 bps)       [0]
Output bytes:                    0 (0 bps)       [0]
Input packets:                   0 (0 pps)       [0]
Output packets:                  0 (0 pps)       [0]
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes:                      432028          [0]
Output bytes:                    433076          [0]
Input packets:                   35954           [0]
Output packets:                  36041           [0]
Protocol: inet, MTU: 1500

user@host> monitor interfaces ds-0/0/0:4:1:1.0
host                               Seconds: 3      Time: 00:36:59
                                Delay: 0/0/0

Interface: ds-0/0/0:4:1:1.0, Enabled, Link is Up
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Encapsulation: PPP
Local statistics:                  Current delta
Input bytes:                      432836          [0]
Output bytes:                    433882          [0]
```

```

Input packets:      36065          [0]
Output packets:     36152          [0]
Remote statistics:
Input bytes:        0 (0 bps)      [0]
Output bytes:       0 (0 bps)      [0]
Input packets:      0 (0 pps)      [0]
Output packets:     0 (0 pps)      [0]
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes:        432836         [0]
Output bytes:       433882         [0]
Input packets:      36065         [0]
Output packets:     36152         [0]
Protocol: inet, MTU: 1500

```

**What It Means** The sample output shows common interface failures, indicates whether loopback is detected, and shows increases in framing errors. Use information from this command to help narrow down possible causes of an interface problem.



**NOTE:** If you are accessing the router from the console connection, make sure you set the CLI terminal type using the `set cli terminal` command.

---



**CAUTION:** We recommend that you use this command only for diagnostic purposes. Do not leave it on during normal router operations because real-time monitoring of traffic consumes additional CPU and memory resources.

---

