



JUNOS® Software

Interfaces Command Reference

Release 10.0

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About This Guide

This preface provides the following guidelines for using the *JUNOS® Software Interfaces Command Reference*:

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Objectives

This reference provides descriptions of the Juniper Networks JUNOS Software commands that you use to monitor and troubleshoot all interfaces on the router,

including physical interfaces, service interfaces, the loopback interface, the management Ethernet interface, and the discard interface.

For additional commands, see these references:

- *JUNOS System Basics and Services Command Reference*
- *JUNOS Routing Protocols and Policies Command Reference*



NOTE: For additional information about JUNOS Software—either corrections to or information that might have been omitted from this guide—see the software release notes at <http://www.juniper.net/>.

For information about configuration statements and guidelines related to the commands described in this reference, see the following configuration guides:

- *JUNOS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide*—Includes configuration statements for all router interfaces.
- *JUNOS Services Interfaces Configuration Guide*—Includes configuration statements and guidelines for services interfaces and features.

For information about related tasks performed by Network Operations Center (NOC) personnel, see the *JUNOS Interfaces Network Operations Guide*.

Audience

This guide is designed for network administrators who are configuring and monitoring a Juniper Networks M Series, MX Series, T Series, EX Series, or J Series router or switch.

To use this guide, you need a broad understanding of networks in general, the Internet in particular, networking principles, and network configuration. You must also be familiar with one or more of the following Internet routing protocols:

- Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)
- Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP)
- Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS)
- Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) router discovery
- Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP)
- Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)
- Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)
- Protocol-Independent Multicast (PIM)
- Resource Reservation Protocol (RSVP)
- Routing Information Protocol (RIP)
- Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)

Personnel operating the equipment must be trained and competent; must not conduct themselves in a careless, willfully negligent, or hostile manner; and must abide by the instructions provided by the documentation.

Supported Platforms

For the features described in this manual, JUNOS Software currently supports the following platforms:

- J Series
- M Series
- MX Series
- T Series
- EX Series

Using the Indexes

This reference contains two indexes: a standard index with topic entries, and an index of commands.

Documentation Conventions

Table 1 on page xix defines notice icons used in this guide.

Table 1: Notice Icons





Icon	Meaning	Description
	Informational note	Indicates important features or instructions.
	Caution	Indicates a situation that might result in loss of data or hardware damage.
	Warning	Alerts you to the risk of personal injury or death.
	Laser warning	Alerts you to the risk of personal injury from a laser.

Table 2 on page xx defines the text and syntax conventions used in this guide.

Table 2: Text and Syntax Conventions

Convention	Description	Examples
Bold text like this	Represents text that you type.	To enter configuration mode, type the <code>configure</code> command: user@host> configure
Fixed-width text like this	Represents output that appears on the terminal screen.	user@host> show chassis alarms No alarms currently active
<i>Italic text like this</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Introduces important new terms. Identifies book names. Identifies RFC and Internet draft titles. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A policy <i>term</i> is a named structure that defines match conditions and actions. <i>JUNOS System Basics Configuration Guide</i> RFC 1997, <i>BGP Communities Attribute</i>
<i>Italic text like this</i>	Represents variables (options for which you substitute a value) in commands or configuration statements.	Configure the machine's domain name: [edit] root@# set system domain-name domain-name
Plain text like this	Represents names of configuration statements, commands, files, and directories; IP addresses; configuration hierarchy levels; or labels on routing platform components.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To configure a stub area, include the <code>stub</code> statement at the [edit <code>protocols ospf area area-id</code>] hierarchy level. The console port is labeled <code>CONSOLE</code>.
< > (angle brackets)	Enclose optional keywords or variables.	stub <default-metric <i>metric</i> >;
| (pipe symbol)	Indicates a choice between the mutually exclusive keywords or variables on either side of the symbol. The set of choices is often enclosed in parentheses for clarity.	broadcast | multicast (string1 | string2 | string3)
# (pound sign)	Indicates a comment specified on the same line as the configuration statement to which it applies.	rsvp { # Required for dynamic MPLS only
[] (square brackets)	Enclose a variable for which you can substitute one or more values.	community name members [<i>community-ids</i>]
Indentation and braces ({ })	Identify a level in the configuration hierarchy.	[edit] routing-options { static { route default { nexthop address; retain; } } }
;(semicolon)	Identifies a leaf statement at a configuration hierarchy level.	

Table 2: Text and Syntax Conventions *(continued)*

Convention	Description	Examples
J-Web GUI Conventions		
Bold text like this	Represents J-Web graphical user interface (GUI) items you click or select.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ In the Logical Interfaces box, select All Interfaces. ■ To cancel the configuration, click Cancel.
> (bold right angle bracket)	Separates levels in a hierarchy of J-Web selections.	In the configuration editor hierarchy, select Protocols > Ospf .

Documentation Feedback

We encourage you to provide feedback, comments, and suggestions so that we can improve the documentation. You can send your comments to techpubs-comments@juniper.net, or fill out the documentation feedback form at <https://www.juniper.net/cgi-bin/docbugreport/>. If you are using e-mail, be sure to include the following information with your comments:

- Document or topic name
- URL or page number
- Software release version (if applicable)

Requesting Technical Support

Technical product support is available through the Juniper Networks Technical Assistance Center (JTAC). If you are a customer with an active J-Care or JNASC support contract, or are covered under warranty, and need postsales technical support, you can access our tools and resources online or open a case with JTAC.

- JTAC policies—For a complete understanding of our JTAC procedures and policies, review the JTAC User Guide located at <http://www.juniper.net/customers/support/downloads/710059.pdf>.
- Product warranties—For product warranty information, visit <http://www.juniper.net/support/warranty/>.
- JTAC Hours of Operation —The JTAC centers have resources available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year.

Self-Help Online Tools and Resources

For quick and easy problem resolution, Juniper Networks has designed an online self-service portal called the Customer Support Center (CSC) that provides you with the following features:

- Find CSC offerings: <http://www.juniper.net/customers/support/>
- Search for known bugs: <http://www2.juniper.net/kb/>

- Find product documentation: <http://www.juniper.net/techpubs/>
- Find solutions and answer questions using our Knowledge Base: <http://kb.juniper.net/>
- Download the latest versions of software and review release notes: <http://www.juniper.net/customers/csc/software/>
- Search technical bulletins for relevant hardware and software notifications: <https://www.juniper.net/alerts/>
- Join and participate in the Juniper Networks Community Forum: <http://www.juniper.net/company/communities/>
- Open a case online in the CSC Case Management tool: <http://www.juniper.net/cm/>

To verify service entitlement by product serial number, use our Serial Number Entitlement (SNE) Tool: <https://tools.juniper.net/SerialNumberEntitlementSearch/>

Opening a Case with JTAC

You can open a case with JTAC on the Web or by telephone.

- Use the Case Management tool in the CSC at <http://www.juniper.net/cm/> .
- Call 1-888-314-JTAC (1-888-314-5822 toll-free in the USA, Canada, and Mexico).

For international or direct-dial options in countries without toll-free numbers, visit us at <http://www.juniper.net/support/requesting-support.html>

Part 1

About Interfaces

- Interface Types on page 3
- Common Interface Commands on page 25
- Common Output Fields on page 89

Chapter 1

Interface Types

This chapter provides information about the following topics:

- Interface Naming Conventions on page 3
- Discard Interface on page 8
- Loopback Interface on page 8
- Management Ethernet and Internal Ethernet Interfaces on page 8
- Nonconfigurable Interfaces on page 10
- Physical Interfaces on page 11
- Logical Interfaces Assigned to a Logical System on page 16
- Services Interfaces on page 21
- Container Interfaces on page 24

Interface Naming Conventions

This section discusses the following topics:

- Physical Part of an Interface Name on page 3
- Logical Part of an Interface Name on page 4
- Channel Identifier Part of an Interface Name on page 5
- Wildcard Characters in Interface Names on page 5

Physical Part of an Interface Name

The M Series and T Series routers use one convention, whereas the J Series router uses another, as described in the following sections:

- M Series and T Series Router Interface Names on page 3
- MX Series Router Interface Names on page 4
- J Series Interface Names on page 4

M Series and T Series Router Interface Names

On M Series and T Series router, when you display information about an interface, you specify the interface type, the slot in which the Flexible PIC Concentrator (FPC)

is installed, the slot on the FPC in which the Physical Interface Card (PIC) is located, and the configured port number.

In the physical part of the interface name, a hyphen (-) separates the media type from the FPC number, and a slash (/) separates the FPC, PIC, and port numbers:

type-fpc/pic/port



NOTE: Exceptions to the *type-fpc/pic/port* physical description include the aggregated Ethernet and aggregated SONET/SDH interfaces, which use the syntax *aenumber* and *asnumber*, respectively.

MX Series Router Interface Names

On MX Series routers when you display information about an interface, you specify the interface type, the slot in which the Dense Port Concentrator (DPC) is installed, the slot on the DPC in which the Physical Interface Card (PIC) is located, and the configured port number.

In the physical part of the interface name, a hyphen (-) separates the media type from the FPC number, and a slash (/) separates the DPC, PIC, and port numbers:

type-dpc/pic/port



NOTE: Although the MX Series routers use DPCs, command syntax in this book is shown as *fpc/pic/port* for simplicity.

J Series Interface Names

On J Series routers, when you display information about an interface, you specify the interface type, the slot in which the Physical Interface Module (PIM) is installed, 0, and the configured port number.

In the physical part of the interface name, a hyphen (-) separates the media type from the PIM number, and a slash (/) separates the PIM, 0, and port numbers:

type-pim/0/port



NOTE: An exception to the *type-pim/0/port* physical description is the Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) dialer interface, which uses the syntax *dlnumber*.

Logical Part of an Interface Name

The logical unit part of the interface name corresponds to the logical unit number, which can be a number from 0 through 16384. In the virtual part of the name, a period (.) separates the port and logical unit numbers:

- M Series and T Series routers:

`type-fpc/pic/port.logical`

- J Series routers:

`type-pim/0/port.logical`

Channel Identifier Part of an Interface Name

The channel identifier part of the interface name is required only on channelized interfaces. For channelized interfaces, channel 0 identifies the first channelized interface. For channelized intelligent queuing (IQ) interfaces, channel 1 identifies the first channelized interface.



NOTE: Depending on the type of channelized interface, up to three levels of channelization can be specified. For more information, see the *JUNOS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide*.

A colon (:) separates the physical and virtual parts of the interface name:

- M Series and T Series routers:

`type-fpc/pic/port:channel`
`type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel`
`type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel:channel`

- J Series routers

`type-pim/0/port:channel`
`type-pim/0/port:channel:channel`
`type-pim/0/port:channel:channel:channel`

Wildcard Characters in Interface Names

In the `show interfaces` and `clear interfaces` commands, you can use wildcard characters in the *interface-name* option to specify groups of interface names without having to type each name individually. Table 3 on page 5 lists the available wildcard characters. You must enclose all wildcard characters except the asterisk (*) in quotation marks (" ").

Table 3: Wildcard Characters for Specifying Interface Names

Wildcard Character	Description
* (asterisk)	Match any string of characters in that position in the interface name. For example, <code>so*</code> matches all SONET/SDH interfaces.
"[character<character...>]"	Match one or more individual characters in that position in the interface name. For example, <code>so-[03]*</code> matches all SONET/SDH interfaces in slots 0 and 3.

Table 3: Wildcard Characters for Specifying Interface Names (continued)

Wildcard Character	Description
"[!character<character...>]"	Match all characters except the ones included in the brackets. For example, <code>so-"[!03]"</code> matches all SONET/SDH interfaces except those in slots 0 and 3.
"[character1-character1character2]"	Match a range of characters. For example, <code>so-"[0-3]"</code> matches all SONET/SDH interfaces in slots 0, 1, 2, and 3.
"[!character1-character2]"	Match all characters that are not in the specified range of characters. For example, <code>so-"[!0-3]"</code> matches all SONET/SDH interfaces in slots 4, 5, 6, and 7.

The following examples illustrate the use of wildcards with operational mode commands:

```

show interfaces terse
(SONET/SDH Interfaces)
user@host> show interfaces terse so*
Interface      Admin Link Proto Local Remote
so-1/0/0       up    up    inet  192.168.8.192 --> 192.168.2.250
so-1/0/0.0     up    up    inet  192.168.8.192
iso
so-1/1/0       up    down
so-1/1/0.0     up    down inet  192.168.8.109/30
iso
so-1/1/1       up    up
so-1/1/1.0     up    down inet  192.168.8.113/30
iso
mpls
...
so-1/3/3       up    down
so-5/0/0       up    up
so-5/0/0.0     up    down inet  192.168.8.208 --> 192.168.8.209
iso
mpls
so-5/0/1       down down
so-5/0/2       up    down
...

show interfaces terse
(SONET/SDH Interfaces in Slot 1)
user@host> show interfaces terse so-"[1]"*
Interface      Admin Link Proto Local Remote
so-1/0/0       up    up    inet  192.168.2.125 --> 192.168.2.250
so-1/0/0.0     up    up    inet  192.168.2.125
iso
so-1/1/0       up    down
so-1/1/0.0     up    down inet  192.168.2.150/30
iso
so-1/1/1       up    up
so-1/1/1.0     up    down inet  192.168.2.175/30
iso
mpls
so-1/1/2       up    up
so-1/1/2.0     up    down inet  192.168.2.110/30
iso
so-1/2/0       up    down

```

show interfaces terse
(All Interface Types
Starting with “S” or “G”)

```
user@host> show interfaces terse "[sg]"*
Interface      Admin Link Proto Local Remote
so-1/0/0       up    up    inet 192.168.2.125 --> 192.168.2.250
so-1/0/0.0     up    up    inet iso
so-1/1/0       up    down
so-1/1/0.0     up    down inet 192.168.2.150/30
so-1/1/1       up    up
so-1/1/1.0     up    down inet 192.168.2.175/30
so-1/1/2       up    up
...
so-5/1/3       up    down
gre            up    up
```

Discard Interface

The discard (**dsc**) interface is not a physical interface, but a virtual interface that discards packets. You can configure one discard interface. This interface allows you to identify the ingress point of a denial-of-service (DoS) attack. When your network is under attack, the target host IP address is identified, and the local policy forwards attacking packets to the discard interface. Traffic routed out of the discard interface is silently discarded.

For more information, see **show interfaces (discard)**.

Loopback Interface

The JUNOS Software automatically configures one loopback interface (**lo0**), choosing the first interface to come online as the default. You can also configure the loopback interface.

When you enter the **show interfaces** command, the loopback interface and its logical interfaces are displayed:

```
user@host> show interfaces ?
...
lo0
lo0.0
lo0.16385
...
```

The logical interface **lo0.16385** is a nonconfigurable interface for router control traffic.

For more information, see **show interfaces (Loopback)**.

Management Ethernet and Internal Ethernet Interfaces

The M Series and T Series routers have both a management Ethernet interface and one or two internal Ethernet interfaces. The J Series router has a management Ethernet interface. These interfaces are described in the following sections:

- M Series, MX Series, and T Series Management Ethernet and Internal Ethernet Interfaces on page 8
- J Series Management Ethernet Interface on page 10

For more information, see **show interfaces (J-series Management Ethernet)** and **show interfaces (M-series and T-series Management and Internal Ethernet)**.

M Series, MX Series, and T Series Management Ethernet and Internal Ethernet Interfaces

The JUNOS Software automatically creates the router's management Ethernet interface, **fxp0**, which is an out-of-band management interface for connecting to the router. To use **fxp0** as a management port, you must configure its logical interface, **fxp0.0**, with a valid IP address.

The JUNOS Software also creates the internal Ethernet interface, **fxp1**, which connects the Routing Engine (**re0**) to the Packet Forwarding Engine. If the router has redundant Routing Engines, another internal Ethernet interface, **fxp2**, is created on each Routing Engine (**re0** and **re1**) in order to support fault tolerance. Two physical links between **re0** and **re1** connect the independent control planes. If one of the links fails, both Routing Engines can use the other link for IP communication.

When you enter the **show interfaces** command, the management Ethernet and internal Ethernet interfaces (and logical interfaces) are displayed:

```
user@host> show interfaces ?
...
fxp0
fxp0.0
fxp1
fxp1.0
fxp2
fxp2.0
...
```

TX Matrix Plus and T1600 Router (Routing Matrix) Management Ethernet Interfaces

For Juniper Networks TX Matrix Plus Routers and for T1 600 Core Routers configured in a routing matrix, the JUNOS Software automatically creates the router's management Ethernet interface, **em0**. To use **em0** as a management port, you must configure its logical port, **em0.0**, with a valid IP address.

When you enter the **show interfaces** command on a TX Matrix Plus router, the management Ethernet interfaces (and logical interfaces) are displayed:

```
user@host> show interfaces ?
...
em0
em0.0
...
```



NOTE: The Routing Engines in the TX Matrix Plus router and in the T1 600 routers configured in a routing matrix do not support the management Ethernet interface **fxp0**, or the internal Ethernet interfaces **fxp1** or **fxp2**.

TX Matrix Plus Router Internal Ethernet Interfaces

On a TX Matrix Plus router, the Routing Engine (RE-TXP-SFC) and Control Board (TXP-CB) function as a unit, or host subsystem. For each host subsystem in the router, the JUNOS Software automatically creates two internal Ethernet interfaces, **ixgbe0** and **ixgbe1**, for the two 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports on the Routing Engine.

When you enter the **show interfaces** command on a TX Matrix Plus router, the internal Ethernet interfaces (and logical interfaces) are displayed:

```

user@host> show interfaces ?
...
ixgbe0
ixgbe0.0
ixgbe1
ixgbe1.0
...

```

T1600 Routers (Routing Matrix) Internal Ethernet Interfaces

On a T1600 router configured in a routing matrix, the Routing Engine (RE-TXP-LCC) and Control Board (LCC-CB) function as a unit, or host subsystem. For each host subsystem in the router, the JUNOS Software automatically creates two internal Ethernet interfaces, `bcm0` and `em1`, for the two Gigabit Ethernet ports on the Routing Engine.

For more information about the management Ethernet interface and internal Ethernet interfaces on a TX Matrix Plus router and T1600 routers configured in a routing matrix, see the *JUNOS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide*.

J Series Management Ethernet Interface

The JUNOS Software automatically creates the router's management Ethernet interfaces, `ge-0/0/0` through `ge-0/0/3`, which are out-of-band management interfaces for connecting to the router. To use any of these interfaces as a management port, you must configure a corresponding logical interface, such as `ge-0/0/0.0`, with a valid IP address. When you enter the `show interfaces` command, the management Ethernet interfaces (and logical interfaces) are displayed:

```

user@host> show interfaces
...
ge-0/0/0
ge-0/0/0.0
...

```

Nonconfigurable Interfaces

The JUNOS Software internally generates the nonconfigurable interfaces described in Table 4 on page 11.



NOTE: M Series and T Series services interfaces are indicated by *type-fpc/pic/port*, whereas J Series services interfaces use the *type-pim/0/port* syntax.

Table 4: Nonconfigurable Interfaces

Syntax	Description	Related Configurable Tunnel Interface
gre	This generic routing encapsulation (GRE) interface is nonconfigurable, except when you use it as the control channel for Generalized MPLS (GMPLS). See the <i>JUNOS MPLS Applications Configuration Guide</i> .	<i>gr-fpc/pic/port</i> <i>gr-pim/0/port</i>
ipip	IP over IP (IP-IP) interface.	<i>ip-fpc/pic/port</i> <i>ip-pim/0/port</i>
lsi	Label-switched interface. In the system, each label-switched path (LSP) is treated as an interface.	–
mtun	Multicast tunnel interface.	<i>mt-fpc/pic/port</i> <i>mt-pim/0/port</i>
pimd	PIM de-encapsulation interface.	<i>pd-fpc/pic/port port</i> <i>pd-pim/0/port</i>
pime	PIM encapsulation interface.	<i>pe-fpc/pic/port</i> <i>pe-pim/0/port</i>
tap	When packets are discarded by the Packet Forwarding Engine (for example, because of a firewall filter), they are placed on this interface.	–

Physical Interfaces

On M Series and T Series routers, physical interfaces are installed on PICs and use the syntax *type-fpc/pic/port*. On J Series routers, physical interfaces are installed on PIMs and use the syntax *type-pim/0/port*. Physical interfaces are described in the following sections:

- M Series and T Series Router Physical Interfaces on page 11
- MX Series Router Physical Interfaces on page 14
- J Series Router Physical Interfaces on page 15

M Series and T Series Router Physical Interfaces

Table 5 on page 12 lists the physical interfaces that are supported on the M Series and T Series routers.

Table 5: M Series and T Series Router Physical Interfaces

Physical Interface	Syntax	PIC
Aggregated Ethernet	<i>aenumber</i>	Fast Ethernet
		Gigabit Ethernet
Aggregated SONET/SDH	<i>asnumber</i>	SONET/SDH (all OC/STM)
ATM	<i>at-fpc/pic/port</i>	ATM1 and ATM2 IQ (all)
Channelized AU-4	<i>cau4-fpc/pic/port</i>	Channelized OC12 IQ and IQE
		Channelized STM1 IQ and IQE
Channelized E1 IQ	<i>ce1-fpc/pic/port</i>	Channelized E1 IQ
		Channelized STM1 IQ
Channelized OC1 IQ and IQE	<i>coc1-fpc/pic/port</i>	Channelized OC3 IQ and IQE
		Channelized OC12 IQ and IQE
Channelized OC3 IQ and IQE	<i>coc3-fpc/pic/port</i>	Channelized OC3 IQ and IQE
Channelized OC12 IQ	<i>coc12-fpc/pic/port</i>	Channelized OC12 IQ
Channelized STM1 IQ	<i>cstm1-fpc/pic/port</i>	Channelized STM1 IQ
Channelized STM4 IQ	<i>cstm4-fpc/pic/port</i>	Channelized OC12 IQ
Channelized T1 IQ	<i>ct1-fpc/pic/port</i>	Channelized DS3 IQ
		Channelized OC3 IQ
		Channelized OC12 IQ
		Channelized T1 IQ
Channelized T3 IQ	<i>ct3-fpc/pic/port</i>	Channelized DS3 IQ
		Channelized OC3 IQ
		Channelized OC12 IQ

Table 5: M Series and T Series Router Physical Interfaces (continued)

Physical Interface	Syntax	PIC
DS0	<i>ds-fpc/pic/port</i>	Channelized DS3-to-DS0
		Channelized DS3 IQ
		Channelized E1
		Channelized E1 IQ
		Channelized OC3 IQ
		Channelized OC12 IQ
		Channelized STM1 IQ
		Channelized T1 IQ Multichannel DS3
E1	<i>e1-fpc/pic/port</i>	Channelized E1 IQ
		Channelized STM1
		Channelized STM1 IQ
		E1
E3	<i>e3-fpc/pic/port</i>	E3
		E3 IQ
Fast Ethernet	<i>fe-fpc/pic/port</i>	Fast Ethernet
Gigabit Ethernet	<i>ge-fpc/pic/port</i>	Gigabit Ethernet
	<i>xe-fpc/pic/port</i>	10-Gigabit Ethernet
OC3 IQ and IQE	<i>oc3-fpc/pic/port</i>	Channelized OC3 IQ and IQE
		Channelized OC12 IQ and IQE
Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE)	<i>pp0</i>	Gigabit Ethernet, 10-Gigabit Ethernet
Serial (EIA-530, V.35, and X.21)	<i>se-fpc/pic/port</i>	Serial
SONET/SDH	<i>so-fpc/pic/port</i>	Channelized OC3 IQ and IQE
		Channelized OC12 IQ and IQE
		SONET/SDH (all OC/STM)

Table 5: M Series and T Series Router Physical Interfaces (*continued*)

Physical Interface	Syntax	PIC
T1	<i>t1-fpc/pic/port</i>	Channelized DS3-to-DS1
		Channelized DS3 IQ and IQE
		Channelized OC3 IQ and IQE
		Channelized OC12 IQ and IQE
		Channelized T1 IQ and IQE
		Multichannel DS3
		T1 (all)
T3	<i>t3-fpc/pic/port</i>	Channelized DS3 IQ and IQE
		Channelized OC3 IQ and IQE
		Channelized OC12 and IQE
		Channelized OC12 IQ and IQE
		DS3
		T3 (all)

MX Series Router Physical Interfaces

Table 6 on page 14 lists the physical interfaces that are supported on the MX Series routers.

Table 6: MX Series Router Physical Interfaces

Physical Interface	Syntax	PIC or DPC
Aggregated Ethernet	<i>ae number</i>	Fast Ethernet
		Tri-Rate Ethernet copper
		Gigabit Ethernet
Fast Ethernet	<i>fe-fpc/pic/port</i>	Fast Ethernet

Table 6: MX Series Router Physical Interfaces *(continued)*

Physical Interface	Syntax	PIC or DPC
Gigabit Ethernet	<i>ge-fpc/pic/port</i>	Tri-Rate Ethernet copper
		Multi-Rate DPCs
		Gigabit Ethernet
	<i>xe-fpc/pic/port</i>	10-Gigabit Ethernet
		Multi-Rate DPCs

J Series Router Physical Interfaces

Table 7 on page 15 lists the physical interfaces that are supported on the J Series routers.

Table 7: J Series Router Physical Interfaces

Physical Interface	Syntax	PIM
Asynchronous Transfer Mode-over-asymmetrical DSL (ATM-over-ADSL)	<i>at-pim/0/port</i>	ADSL (Annex A and B)
ATM-over-symmetric high-speed DSL (ATM-over-SHDSL)	<i>at-pim/0/port</i>	G.SHDSL (Annex A and B)
Channelized E1	<i>ce1-pim/0/port</i>	Dual-Port Channelized E1
Channelized T1	<i>ct1-port/0/port</i>	Dual-Port Channelized T1
B-channel	<i>bc-pim/0/port</i>	4-Port Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) BRI
Basic Rate Interface (BRI)	<i>br-pim/0/port</i>	
D-channel	<i>dc-pim/0/portpim</i>	
Dialer	<i>dlnumber</i>	
E1	<i>e1-pim/0/port</i>	Dual-Port E1
E3	<i>e3-pim/0/port</i>	E3
Fast Ethernet	<i>fe-pim/0/port</i>	Dual-Port Fast Ethernet
Gigabit Ethernet	<i>ge-pim/0/port</i>	Gigabit Ethernet
Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet 0	<i>pp0</i>	Fast Ethernet
Serial (RS-232, RS-422/449, EIA-530, V.35, and X.21)	<i>se-pim/0/port</i>	Dual-Port Serial

Table 7: J Series Router Physical Interfaces (*continued*)

Physical Interface	Syntax	PIM
T1	t1-pim/0/port	Dual-Port T1
T3	t3-pim/0/port	T3 (all)



NOTE: ADSL interfaces and SHDSL interfaces are supported on the J Series routers only. Both interfaces are configured over an underlying ATM interface. For more information, see *ATM Interface Operational Mode Commands*.



NOTE: Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) interfaces (pp0) are supported on the J Series routers and the M120 router only. A PPPoE interface is configured over an underlying Ethernet interface. For more information, see *PPPoE Interface Operational Mode Commands*.

Logical Interfaces Assigned to a Logical System

Logical interfaces assigned to a logical system are described in the following sections:

- Logical Systems Overview on page 16
- Logical System Configuration Overview on page 17
- Scope of Logical System Administration on page 17

Logical Systems Overview

With JUNOS Software, you can partition a single physical system into multiple logical systems that perform independent routing tasks. Each logical system has its own unique routing tables, interfaces, policies, and routing instances. A set of logical systems within a single router can handle the functions otherwise performed by several small routers, offering an effective way to maximize the use of a single routing or switching platform.



NOTE: A virtual router does not have the same capabilities as a logical system. A virtual router is a type of simplified routing instance that has a single routing table. By contrast, a logical system is a partition of the main router and can contain multiple virtual router routing instances. As a result, these two entities are not equivalent.

For additional information about logical system configuration and administration, see the *JUNOS Feature Guide* and the *JUNOS System Basics Configuration Guide*.

For additional information about logical system interface configuration, see the *JUNOS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide* and the *JUNOS Services Interfaces Configuration Guide*.

Logical System Configuration Overview

Configuring a logical system consists of a sequence of tasks, some of which can only be performed by you as the master administrator—a JUNOS user with superuser configuration and verification privileges on the router. Other tasks can be performed by a *logical system administrator*—a JUNOS user that you have assigned to the logical system and is thereby granted configuration and verification privileges for only the logical systems to which that user is assigned. The following sequence summarizes the steps required to configure a logical system:

1. To configure a logical system, you (as the master administrator) first specify a *logical-system-name* at the [edit logical-systems] hierarchy level.
2. For any logical system, you (as the master administrator) can assign one or more logical system administrators. To configure logical system administrators, include the *logical-system logical-system-name* statement at the [edit system login class *class-name*] hierarchy level.
3. The minimum configuration of a logical system includes one or more logical interfaces. Before any logical interfaces can be assigned to a logical system, though, you (as the master administrator) must configure physical interface properties (such as encapsulation types and interfaces-related options) on the main router. To configure physical interface properties on the main router, include the physical interface statements at the [edit interfaces *interface-name*] hierarchy level.
4. After the physical interface properties are configured on the main router, logical system configurations can be completed by assigning one or more logical interfaces to each logical system. For any logical system, either you or a logical system administrator of that logical system can assign logical interfaces. To configure, include the unit statement at the [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name*] hierarchy level.



NOTE: After you assign a logical interface to a logical system, it is considered part of the logical system. As such, any logical interface can be assigned to only one logical system.

For additional information about logical system configuration and administration, see the *JUNOS Feature Guide* and the *JUNOS System Basics Configuration Guide*.

For additional information about logical system interface configuration, see the *JUNOS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide* and the *JUNOS Services Interfaces Configuration Guide*.

Scope of Logical System Administration

Logical system administrators are confined to the context of the logical systems to which they are assigned. Any global configuration statements are restricted from them, and command output is restricted to the context to which the logical system administrators are assigned.

For JUNOS Software Release 9.1 and later, when a physical interface is specified within a logical system context, the **show interfaces** command output only displays information about the logical interfaces assigned to that logical system.

From within the context of a logical system (which you can select from the main router context by using the **set cli logical-systems *logical-system-name*** command), the **show interfaces** command output is limited to the resources assigned to the logical system:

- The physical interfaces are listed by name, but no statistics are displayed.
- Only the logical interfaces assigned to the logical system are listed, with statistics displayed.
- None of the special, system-generated logical interfaces with logical unit number 32767 are listed.

At the main router level (to which you can return from the logical system context by using the **clear cli logical system** command), the **show interfaces** command output displays statistics for all interfaces configured on the router:

- Statistics are displayed for all physical interfaces.
- Statistics are displayed for all logical interfaces.
- Statistics are displayed for all system-generated logical interfaces with logical unit number 32767.

Example: show interfaces terse

Consider a main router for which you have configured the physical interface **at-0/0/0** with ATM-specific physical interface properties and configured the physical interface with a logical interface at logical unit 0. You have also configured logical system **ls1** and assigned a logical system administrator for this logical system. The logical system administrator has assigned the logical interface **at-0/0/0.0** to logical system **ls1**. The configuration is as follows:

```
logical-systems {
  ls1 {
    interfaces {
      at-0/0/0 {
        unit 0 {
          encapsulation atm-ccc-cell-relay;
          vpi 0;
        }
      }
    }
    protocols {
      mpls {
        label-switched-path base_config_r4r1_lsp {
          to 10.255.65.65;
        }
        interface all;
      }
      connections {
        remote-interface-switch base_config_vp_mode_connection {
```



```

        interface at-0/0/0.0;
        transmit-lsp base_config_r1r4_lsp;
        receive-lsp base_config_r4r1_lsp;
    }
}
}
}
}
chassis {
    fpc 0 {
        pic 0 {
            atm-l2circuit-mode {
                cell;
            }
        }
    }
}
}
interfaces {
    at-0/0/0 {
        atm-options {
            pic-type atm2;
            promiscuous-mode {
                vpi 0;
            }
        }
        inactive: unit 0 {
            encapsulation atm-ccc-cell-relay;
            vpi 0;
        }
    }
}
}
protocols {
    mpls {
        interface all;
    }
    isis {
        disable;
        interface all {
            level 1 disable;
            level 2 metric 10;
        }
        interface fxp0.0 {
            disable;
        }
    }
    ospf {
        reference-bandwidth 4g;
        area 0.0.0.0 {
            interface all;
            interface fxp0.0 {
                disable;
            }
        }
    }
}
}
}

```

Within the context of a logical system, logical system administration is confined to the resources assigned to that logical system.

- The following example shows the output of the **show interfaces terse** command when you (as the master administrator) issue the command from the context of the main router:

```
user@host> show interfaces terse at-0/0/0
```

Interface	Admin	Link	Proto	Local	Remote
at-0/0/0	up	up			
at-0/0/0.0	up	up	ccc		
at-0/0/0.32767	up	up			

The physical interface name **at-0/0/0** is reported, followed by all requested information (in the case of the **show interfaces terse** command, the Admin and Link states) about the physical interface.

The logical interface name **at-0/0/0.0** is reported, followed by all requested information.

The output also displays all requested information about the special, system-generated logical interface **at-0/0/0.32767**, which the JUNOS Software uses for handling traffic that is not part of the interface. In the case of the ATM interface **at-0/0/0**, which is configured for cell-relay promiscuous virtual path identifier (VPI) mode, the system-generated logical interface **at-0/0/0.32767** is used to track statistics associated with system-generated traffic, such as Operation, Administration, and Management (OAM) F4 cell flows.



NOTE: The **show interfaces extensive** command output displays the individual channel statistics associated with the special **.32767** logical interface, but only when the command is issued from the context of the main router.

- The following example shows how you can place yourself into the context of logical system **ls1**:

```
user@host> set cli logical-system ls1
```

```
Logical system: ls1
```

```
user@host:ls1>
```

- The following example shows the output of the **show interfaces terse** operational command when you (as the master administrator) issue it from the context of logical system **ls1** or when it is issued by a logical system administrator for the logical system **ls1**:

```
user@host:ls1> show interfaces terse at-0/0/0
```

Interface	Admin	Link	Proto	Local	Remote
at-0/0/0					
at-0/0/0.0	up	up	ccc		

The physical interface name `at-0/0/0` is reported, but any additional details about the physical interface (in the case of the `show interfaces terse` command, the Admin and Link states) are not displayed. The system-generated logical interface `at-0/0/0.32767` is not reported at all.

- The following example shows how you can move from the context of the logical system `ls1` back to the context of the main router:

```
user@host:ls1> clear cli logical-system

Cleared default logical system

user@host>
```

For more logical system configuration examples, including verification of proper operation and verification performed by logical system administrators, see the *JUNOS Feature Guide*.

Services Interfaces

Services interfaces provide specific capabilities for manipulating traffic before it is delivered to its destination.



NOTE: On M Series and T Series routers, services interfaces are installed on PICs. On J Series routers, services interfaces are software-based.

Services interfaces are described in the following sections:

- M Series and T Series Services Interfaces on page 21
- J Series Services Interfaces on page 23

M Series and T Series Services Interfaces

Table 8 on page 21 lists the services interfaces that are supported on M Series and T Series routers.

Table 8: M Series and T Series Services Interfaces

Interface	Syntax	PIC
Adaptive services	<code>sp-fpc/pic/port</code>	Adaptive Services MultiServices

Table 8: M Series and T Series Services Interfaces *(continued)*

Interface	Syntax	PIC
Generic routing encapsulation (GRE)	<i>gr-fpc/pic/port</i>	Adaptive Services
		Link Services
		MultiServices
		Tunnel Services
IP-over-IP encapsulation tunnel	<i>ip-fpc/pic/port</i>	Adaptive Services
		Link Services
		MultiServices
		Tunnel Services
Link services	<i>ls-fpc/pic/port</i>	Link Services
Link services IQ	<i>lsq-fpc/pic/port</i>	Adaptive Services
		MultiServices
Logical tunnel	<i>lt-fpc/pic/port</i>	Adaptive Services
		Link Services
		MultiServices
		Tunnel Services
Multicast tunnel	<i>mt-fpc/pic/port</i>	Adaptive Services
		Link Services
		MultiServices
		Tunnel Services
PIM de-encapsulation	<i>pd-fpc/pic/port</i>	Adaptive Services
		Link Services
		MultiServices
		Tunnel Services
PIM encapsulation	<i>pe-fpc/pic/port</i>	Adaptive Services
		Link Services
		MultiServices
		Tunnel Services

Table 8: M Series and T Series Services Interfaces (*continued*)

Interface	Syntax	PIC
Encryption	<i>es-fpc/pic/port</i>	ES
Dynamic flow capture	<i>dfc-fpc/pic/port</i>	Monitoring Services III
Flow collector	<i>cp-fpc/pic/port</i>	Monitoring Services II
Flow monitoring	<i>mo-fpc/pic/port</i>	Monitoring Services Monitoring Services II
Multilink services	<i>ml-fpc/pic/port</i>	Multilink Services
Redundant adaptive services	<i>rsp-fpc/pic/port</i>	Adaptive Services MultiServices
Redundant link services	<i>rlsq-fpc/pic/port</i>	Adaptive Services MultiServices
Virtual loopback tunnel	<i>vt-fpc/pic/port</i>	Adaptive Services Link Services MultiServices Tunnel Services

J Series Services Interfaces

Table 9 on page 23 lists the services interfaces that are supported on J Series routers.

Table 9: J Series Router Services Interfaces

Interface	Syntax
Adaptive services	<i>sp-pim/0/port</i>
GRE	<i>gr-pim/0/port</i>
IP-over-IP encapsulation tunnel	<i>ip-pim/0/port</i>
Link services	<i>ls-pim/0/port</i>
Logical tunnel	<i>lt-pim/0/port</i>
Multicast tunnel	<i>mt-pim/0/port</i>
PIM de-encapsulation	<i>pd-pim/0/port</i>
PIM encapsulation	<i>pe-pim/0/port</i>

Container Interfaces

The container interface allows routing protocols to run on the logical interfaces associated with a virtual *container interface* instead of the physical SONET interfaces. For more information about container interfaces, see the *JUNOS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide*.

Table 10: Container Interfaces

Interface	Syntax
Container Interface	ci < number >

Chapter 2

Common Interface Commands

Table 11 on page 25 summarizes common `clear interfaces` and `show interfaces` commands used to monitor and troubleshoot most interface types. Commands are listed in alphabetical order.

Table 11: Common Interface Commands

Task	Command
Clear the channel service unit (CSU) alarm and defect counters.	<code>clear interfaces interval</code>
Clear interface statistics to zero.	<code>clear interfaces statistics</code>
Display brief information about all configured interfaces.	<code>show interfaces brief</code>
Display interface descriptions.	<code>show interfaces descriptions</code>
Display interfaces grouped by destination class.	<code>show interfaces destination-class</code>
Display detailed information about all configured interfaces.	<code>show interfaces detail</code>
Display extensive information about all configured interfaces.	<code>show interfaces extensive</code>
Display all firewall filters that are installed on each interface.	<code>show interfaces filters</code>
Display CSU interface alarm and error counts for the past 24 hours.	<code>show interfaces interval</code>
Display media-specific information about all configured network interfaces.	<code>show interfaces media</code>
Display all firewall policers that are installed on each interface.	<code>show interfaces policers</code>
Display class-of-service (CoS) information per physical interface.	<code>show interfaces queue</code>
Display the routing protocol process view of the router's interfaces status.	<code>show interfaces routing</code>

Table 11: Common Interface Commands (*continued*)

Task	Command
Display a summary of the routing protocol process view of the router's interfaces status.	<code>show interfaces routing summary</code>
Display information about the SNMP index of an interface.	<code>show interfaces snmp-index</code>
Display information about interfaces grouped by source class.	<code>show interfaces source-class</code>
Display static interface statistics, such as errors.	<code>show interfaces statistics</code>
Display summary information about interfaces.	<code>show interfaces terse</code>



NOTE: For information about the `monitor interface` and `monitor traffic` commands, see the *JUNOS System Basics and Services Command Reference*. For information about the `show interfaces controller` command, see the channelized interfaces chapters in this reference.

clear interfaces interval

Syntax	<code>clear interfaces interval <i>interface-name</i></code>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Clear the channel service unit (CSU) alarm and defect counters so that only the current time interval is displayed. This operation affects the <code>show interface interval</code> command, but not an SNMP query.
Options	<i>interface-name</i> —Name of a particular interface.
Required Privilege Level	clear
Related Topics	■ show interfaces interval
List of Sample Output	clear interfaces interval on page 27
Output Fields	See show interfaces interval for an explanation of output fields.

clear interfaces interval The following example displays the output for a T3 interface before and after the `clear interfaces` command is entered:

```
user@host> show interfaces interval t3-0/3/0:4
Physical interface: t3-0/3/0:4, SNMP ifIndex: 23
  17:43-current:
    LCV: 0, PCV: 0, CCV: 0, LES: 0, PES: 0, PSES: 0, CES: 0, CSES: 0,
    SEFS: 0, UAS: 0
  17:28-17:43:
    LCV: 0, PCV: 0, CCV: 0, LES: 0, PES: 0, PSES: 0, CES: 0, CSES: 0,
    SEFS: 0, UAS: 0
  17:13-17:28:
    LCV: 0, PCV: 0, CCV: 0, LES: 0, PES: 0, PSES: 0, CES: 0, CSES: 0,
    SEFS: 0, UAS: 0
  16:58-17:13:
    LCV: 0, PCV: 0, CCV: 0, LES: 0, PES: 0, PSES: 0, CES: 0, CSES: 0,
    SEFS: 0, UAS: 0
  16:43-16:58:
    LCV: 0, PCV: 0, CCV: 0, LES: 0, PES: 0, PSES: 0, CES: 0, CSES: 0,
    SEFS: 0, UAS: 0
  16:28-16:43:
    LCV: 0, PCV: 0, CCV: 0, LES: 0, PES: 0, PSES: 0, CES: 0, CSES: 0,
    CES: 195, CSES: 195, SEFS: 195, UAS: 206
  14:58-15:13:
    LCV: 35, PCV: 163394, CCV: 54485, LES: 0, PES: 35, PSES: 35, CES:
    35, CSES: 35, SEFS: 35, UAS: 32
  Interval Total:
    LCV: 230, PCV: 1145859, CCV: 455470, LES: 0, PES: 230, PSES: 230,
    CES: 230, CSES: 230, SEFS: 230, UAS: 238
user@host> clear interfaces interval t3-0/3/0:4
```

```
user@host> show interfaces interval t3-0/3/0:4
Physical interface: t3-0/3/0:4, SNMP ifIndex: 23
  17:43-current:
    LCV: 0, PCV: 0, CCV: 0, LES: 0, PES: 0, PSES: 0, CES: 0, CSES: 0,
    SEFS: 0, UAS: 0
  Interval Total:
    LCV: 0, PCV: 0, CCV: 0, LES: 0, PES: 0, PSES: 0, CES: 0, CSES: 0, SEFS: 0,
    UAS: 0
```

clear interfaces statistics

Syntax	clear interfaces statistics (all | <i>interface-name</i>)
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Set interface statistics to zero. If you issue the clear interfaces statistics <i>interface-name</i> command and then perform a graceful Routing Engine switchover, the interface statistics are not cleared on the new master. Reissue the command to clear the interface statistics again.
Options	<p>all—Set statistics on all interfaces to zero.</p> <p><i>interface-name</i>—Set statistics on a particular interface to zero.</p>
Required Privilege Level	clear
List of Sample Output	clear interfaces statistics on page 29
Output Fields	When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.
clear interfaces statistics	user@host> clear interfaces statistics

clear interfaces interface-set statistics

Syntax	clear interfaces interface-set statistics <i>interface-set-name</i>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 8.5.
Description	Set interface set statistics to zero.
Options	<i>interface-set-name</i> —Set statistics on a specified interface set to zero. Wildcard values can be used in the interface set name. This command will not clear the statistics of the member logical interfaces.
Required Privilege Level	clear
List of Sample Output	clear interfaces interface-set statistics on page 30
Output Fields	When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.
clear interfaces interface-set statistics	user@host> clear interfaces interface-set statistics

show interfaces brief

Syntax	show interfaces brief
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display brief information about all interfaces configured on the router.
Options	This command has no options.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces brief on page 31 show interfaces brief (Encryption) on page 32 show interfaces brief (Gigabit Ethernet) on page 32
Output Fields	For a description of output fields for specific interfaces, see the other chapters in this manual.

```

show interfaces brief
user@host> show interfaces brief
Physical interface: so-1/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Down
  Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode, Speed: OC48,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Enabled
  Device flags   : Present Running Down
  Interface flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
  Link flags     : Keepalives
  SONET alarms   : LOL, LOS
  SONET defects  : LOL, LOF, LOS, SEF, AIS-L, AIS-P
Physical interface: at-1/3/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Link-level type: ATM-PVC, MTU: 4482, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode,
  Speed: OC12, Loopback: None, Payload scrambler: Enabled
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Link flags     : None
Physical interface: at-1/3/1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Link-level type: ATM-PVC, MTU: 4482, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode,
  Speed: OC12, Loopback: None, Payload scrambler: Enabled
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Link flags     : None
Physical interface: so-2/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode, Speed: OC48,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Enabled
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
  Link flags     : Keepalives
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
  Keepalive: Input: 1978 (00:00:08 ago), Output: 1999 (00:00:03 ago)
  SONET alarms   : None
  SONET defects  : None
Logical interface so-2/0/0.0
  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
  soagg
...

```

```

show interfaces brief      user@host> show interfaces brief es-0/2/0
(Encryption)             Physical interface: es-0/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                             Type: IPSEC, Link-level type: IPSEC-over-IP, MTU: 3900, Speed: 800mbps
                             Device flags   : Present Running
                             Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps

show interfaces brief      user@host> show interfaces brief ge-3/0/2
(Gigabit Ethernet)       Physical interface: ge-3/0/2, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                             Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 1000mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
                             Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled, Auto-negotiation: Enabled,
                             Speed-negotiation: Enabled, Auto-MDIX: Enabled
                             Remote fault: Online
                             Device flags   : Present Running
                             Interface flags: SNMP-Traps 16384
                             Link flags     : None
                             Logical interface ge-3/0/2.0
                             Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
                             aenet

```

show interfaces descriptions

Syntax	show interfaces descriptions
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display the interface descriptions that have been configured with the description statement at one of the following hierarchy levels: <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i>]■ [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>unit-number</i>]■ [edit logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>unit-number</i>]
Options	This command has no options.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces descriptions on page 33
Output Fields	Table 12 on page 33 lists the output fields for the show interfaces description command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 12: show interfaces descriptions Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Interface	Name of the interface.
Link	Link state: up or down.
Admin	Interface status: up or down.
Description	Configured description for the interface.

show interfaces descriptions	user@host> show interfaces descriptions
	Interface Admin Link Description
	so-1/0/0 up up M20-3#1
	so-2/0/0 up up GSR-12#1
	ge-3/0/0 up up SMB-OSPF_Area300
	so-3/3/0 up up GSR-13#1
	so-3/3/1 up up GSR-13#2
	ge-4/0/0 up up T320-7#1
	ge-5/0/0 up up T320-7#2
	so-7/1/0 up up M160-6#1
	ge-8/0/0 up up T320-7#3
	ge-9/0/0 up up T320-7#4
	so-10/0/0 up up M160-6#2
	so-13/0/0 up up M20-3#2
	so-14/0/0 up up GSR-12#2
	ge-15/0/0 up up SMB-OSPF_Area100
	ge-15/0/1 up up GSR-13#3

show interfaces destination-class

Syntax	show interfaces destination-class (all | <i>destination-class-name logical-interface-name</i>)
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4. all option introduced in JUNOS Release 8.0.
Description	Display information about interfaces grouped by destination class.
Options	all—Display information about all configured destination classes. <i>destination-class-name</i> —Name of a logical grouping of prefixes that count packets having the destination address matching those prefixes. Whenever a destination class is specified, you must also specify a particular logical interface, not all interfaces. <i>logical interface-name</i> —Name of a logical interface.
Additional Information	For interfaces that carry IPv4, IPv6, or Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) traffic, you can maintain packet counts based on the entry and exit points for traffic passing through your network. Entry and exit points are identified by source and destination prefixes grouped into sets defined as source classes and destination classes. For more information, see the <i>JUNOS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide</i> .
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces destination-class all on page 35
Output Fields	Table 13 on page 34 lists the output fields for the show interfaces destination-class command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 13: show interfaces destination-class Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.
Destination class	Name of destination class usage (DCU) counters per class for this interface.
Packets	Packets going to designated user-selected prefixes.
Bytes	Bytes going to designated user-selected prefixes.


```
show interfaces destination-class all
user@host> show interfaces destination-class all
destination-class all Logical interface so-4/0/0.0
                        Destination class      Packets      Bytes
                        (packet-per-second)    (bits-per-second)
                        gold                    0              0
                        (                    0) (              0)
                        silver                  0              0
                        (                    0) (              0)
Logical interface so-0/1/3.0
                        Destination class      Packets      Bytes
                        (packet-per-second)    (bits-per-second)
                        gold                    0              0
                        (                    0) (              0)
                        silver                  0              0
                        (                    0) (              0)
```

show interfaces detail

Syntax	show interfaces detail
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display detailed information about all interfaces configured on the router.
Options	This command has no options.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces detail (SONET) on page 36
Output Fields	For more information, see the output fields table for the particular interface type in which you are interested. For information about destination class and source class statistics, see the “Destination Class Field” section and the “Source Class Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89. For sample output for specific interfaces, see the other chapters in this manual.

```

user@host> show interfaces so-1/1/0 detail
Physical interface: so-1/1/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 142, SNMP ifIndex: 47, Generation: 143
  Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode, Speed: OC12,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Enabled
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : Keepalives
  Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
  Keepalive statistics:
    Input : 1934 (last seen 17:35:39 ago)
    Output: 1927 (last sent 17:35:48 ago)
  LCP state: Down
  NCP state: inet: Down, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Down, mp1s: Not-configured
  CHAP state: Closed
  CoS queues   : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
  Last flapped : 2006-04-19 15:22:33 PDT (05:25:55 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: 2006-04-18 03:58:02 PDT (1d 16:50 ago)
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   :                7910882                0 bps
    Output bytes  :                5632131                0 bps
    Input packets :                89460                0 pps
    Output packets:                116043                0 pps
  SONET alarms   : None
  SONET defects  : None
  Logical interface so-1/1/0.0 (Index 69) (SNMP ifIndex 61) (Generation 138)
    Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPP
    Protocol inet, MTU: 4470, Generation: 156, Route table: 2
    Flags: Protocol-Down, SCU-out

```

Source class	Packets (packet-per-second)	Bytes (bits-per-second)
gold1	0	0
(	0)	0)
gold2	0	0
(	0)	0)
gold3	0	0
(	0)	0)

Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 10.27.248/24, Local: 10.27.248.1, Broadcast: 10.27.248.255,

Generation: 152

Protocol iso, MTU: 4470, Generation: 157, Route table: 2

Flags: Protocol-Down, Is-Primary

show interfaces extensive

Syntax	show interfaces extensive
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display extensive information about all interfaces configured on the router.
Options	This command has no options.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces extensive (Fast Ethernet) on page 38 show interfaces extensive (Gigabit Ethernet) on page 40
Output Fields	For more information, see the output fields table for the particular interface type in which you are interested. For information about destination class and source class statistics, see the “Destination Class Field” section and the “Source Class Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89. For sample output for specific interfaces, see the other chapters in this manual.
show interfaces extensive (Fast Ethernet)	<pre> user@host> show interfaces fe-0/2/1 extensive Physical interface: fe-0/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up Interface index: 129, SNMP ifIndex: 23, Generation: 130 Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 100mbps, Loopback: Disabled, Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled Device flags : Present Running Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000 CoS queues : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms Current address: 00:90:69:91:c4:3e, Hardware address: 00:90:69:91:c4:3e Last flapped : 2006-04-16 23:00:41 PDT (02:08:05 ago) Statistics last cleared: 2006-04-16 21:42:00 PDT (03:26:46 ago) Traffic statistics: Input bytes : 17539 152 bps Output bytes : 92968 224 bps Input packets: 348 0 pps Output packets: 1349 0 pps Input errors: Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Policed discards: 0, L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0, FIFO errors: 0, Resource errors: 0 Output errors: Carrier transitions: 3, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Collisions: 0, Aged packets: 0, FIFO errors: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0, MTU errors: 0, Resource errors: 0 Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use Queue counters: Queued packets Transmitted packets Dropped packets 0 best-effort 66 66 0 1 expedited-fo 0 0 0 2 assured-forw 0 0 0 3 network-cont 1283 1283 0 </pre>

Active alarms : None

Active defects : None

MAC statistics:

	Receive	Transmit
Total octets	24721	105982
Total packets	348	1349
Unicast packets	347	430
Broadcast packets	1	37
Multicast packets	0	882
CRC/Align errors	0	0
FIFO errors	0	0
MAC control frames	0	0
MAC pause frames	0	0
Oversized frames	0	
Jabber frames	0	
Fragment frames	0	
VLAN tagged frames	0	
Code violations	0	

Filter statistics:

Input packet count	348	
Input packet rejects	0	
Input DA rejects	0	
Input SA rejects	0	
Output packet count		1349
Output packet pad count		0
Output packet error count		0

CAM destination filters: 3, CAM source filters: 0

Autonegotiation information:

Negotiation status: Complete

Link partner:

Link mode: Full-duplex, Flow control: None, Remote fault: OK

Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:

Destination slot: 0

CoS transmit queue	Bandwidth	Buffer	Priority	Limit
--------------------	-----------	--------	----------	-------

	%	bps	%	usec		
0 best-effort	95	95000000	95	0	low	none
3 network-control	5	5000000	5	0	low	none

Logical interface fe-0/2/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 46) (Generation 133)

Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2

Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 142, Route table: 0

Flags: DCU, SCU-out

Destination class	Packets (packet-per-second)	Bytes (bits-per-second)
silv1_new	0	0
(	0)	0)
silv2_new	0	0
(	0)	0)
silv_misc	0	0
(	0)	0)
silver0	0	0
(	0)	0)
silver2	0	0
(	0)	0)
silver3	0	0
(	0)	0)
silver4	0	0
(	0)	0)
silver5	0	0
(	0)	0)
silver6	0	0
(	0)	0)

```

silver7          0          0
(                0) (        0)
silver9          0          0
(                0) (        0)
Source class      Packets      Bytes
                  (packet-per-second) (bits-per-second)
gold1            0          0
(                0) (        0)
gold2            16600      1062400
(                0) (        0)
gold3            0          0
(                0) (        0)
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 12.1.1/24, Local: 12.1.1.1, Broadcast: 12.1.1.255,
Generation: 150

```

**show interfaces
extensive (Gigabit
Ethernet)**

```

user@host> show interfaces ge-5/0/0.0 extensive

Logical interface ge-5/0/0.0 (Index 71) (SNMP ifIndex 1930) (Generation 139)
Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: ENET2
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :          0
  Output bytes :         42
  Input packets:          0
  Output packets:         1
Local statistics:
  Input bytes :          0
  Output bytes :         42
  Input packets:          0
  Output packets:         1
Transit statistics:
  Input bytes :          0          0 bps
  Output bytes :          0          0 bps
  Input packets:          0          0 pps
  Output packets:         0          0 pps
Output Filters: f-any
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 155, Route table: 0
  Output Filters: f-inet,
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 10.11.1/24, Local: 10.11.1.1, Broadcast: 10.11.1.255,
    Generation: 170
Protocol multiservice, MTU: Unlimited, Generation: 156, Route table: 0
  Flags: Is-Primary
  Policar: Input: __default_arp_policer__

```

show interfaces filters

Syntax	show interfaces filters <interface-name>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display all firewall filters that are installed on each interface in a system.
Options	none—Display filter information about all interfaces. interface-name—(Optional) Display filter information about a particular interface.
Additional Information	For information about how to configure firewall filters, see the <i>JUNOS Policy Framework Configuration Guide</i> . For related operational mode commands, see the <i>JUNOS Routing Protocols and Policies Command Reference</i> .
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces filters on page 42 show interfaces filters interface-name on page 42
Output Fields	Table 14 on page 41 lists the output fields for the show interfaces filters command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 14: show interfaces filters Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Interface	Name of the interface.
Admin	Interface state: up or down.
Link	Link state: up or down.
Proto	Protocol configured on the interface.
Input Filter	Names of any firewall filters to be evaluated when packets are received on the interface, including any filters attached through activation of dynamic service.
Output Filter	Names of any firewall filters to be evaluated when packets are transmitted on the interface, including any filters attached through activation of dynamic service.

```

show interfaces filters user@host> show interfaces filters
Interface      Admin Link Proto Input Filter      Output Filter
ge-0/0/0       up    up   inet
ge-0/0/0.0     up    up   inet
                                   iso
ge-5/0/0       up    up
ge-5/0/0.0     up    up   any
                                   inet
                                   multiservice
                                   f-any
                                   f-inet
gr-0/3/0       up    up
ip-0/3/0       up    up
mt-0/3/0       up    up
pd-0/3/0       up    up
pe-0/3/0       up    up
vt-0/3/0       up    up
at-1/0/0       up    up
at-1/0/0.0     up    up   inet
                                   iso
at-1/1/0       up    down
at-1/1/0.0     up    down inet
                                   iso
....

show interfaces filters user@host> show interfaces filters so-2/1/0
interface-name Interface      Admin Link Proto Input Filter      Output Filter
so-2/1/0       up    down
so-2/1/0.0     up    down inet goop
                                   iso
                                   inet6 v6in
                                   v6out
                                   outfilter
                                   v6out

user@host > show interfaces filters ge-3/0/1
Interface      Admin Link Proto Input Filter      Output Filter
ge-3/0/1       up    up
ge-3/0/1.0     up    up   inet F1-ge-3/0/1.0-in
                                   inet F3-ge-3/0/1.0-in
                                   F2-ge-3/0/1.0-out

```


show interfaces interval

Syntax	show interfaces interval <interface-name>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display the channel service unit (CSU) interface alarm and error count in 15-minute intervals for the past 24 hours. If the system has been operational for less than 24 hours, the maximum number of intervals available is displayed.
Options	interface-name—(Optional) Name of a particular interface.
Required Privilege Level	view
Related Topics	■ show interfaces interval
List of Sample Output	show interfaces interval (Channelized OC12) on page 44 show interfaces interval (E3) on page 44 show interfaces interval (SONET/SDH) on page 44
Output Fields	Table 15 on page 43 lists the output fields for the show interfaces interval command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 15: show interfaces interval Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Physical interface	Name of the interface.
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.
hh:mm-current	Time of day (in hours and minutes) at the beginning of the latest counter interval. The value of the latest counter interval is always less than 15 minutes.
hh:mm-hh:mm	Time of day (in hours and minutes) at the beginning and end of each 15-minute interval.
alarm or event: n	Count of alarms and events within each 15-minute interval. The specific alarm or event depends on the interface media type. For a description of the alarm or event listed, see the <i>interface-type media</i> field (for example, <i>T1 media</i>) under the show interfaces command for the particular interface type in which you are interested.
Interval Total	Sum of all the alarm and defect counters for the last 24-hour period.

**show interfaces interval
(Channelized OC12)**

```

user@host> show interfaces interval t3-0/3/0:0
Physical interface: t3-0/3/0:0, SNMP ifIndex: 23
17:43-current:
  LCV: 0, PCV: 0, CCV: 0, LES: 0, PES: 0, PSES: 0, CES: 0, CSES: 0,
  SEFS: 0, UAS: 0
17:28-17:43:
  LCV: 0, PCV: 0, CCV: 0, LES: 0, PES: 0, PSES: 0, CES: 0, CSES: 0,
  SEFS: 0, UAS: 0
17:13-17:28:
  LCV: 0, PCV: 0, CCV: 0, LES: 0, PES: 0, PSES: 0, CES: 0, CSES: 0,
  SEFS: 0, UAS: 0
16:58-17:13:
  LCV: 0, PCV: 0, CCV: 0, LES: 0, PES: 0, PSES: 0, CES: 0, CSES: 0,
  SEFS: 0, UAS: 0
16:43-16:58:
  LCV: 0, PCV: 0, CCV: 0, LES: 0, PES: 0, PSES: 0, CES: 0, CSES: 0,
  ...
Interval Total:
  LCV: 230, PCV: 1145859, CCV: 455470, LES: 0, PES: 230, PSES: 230,
  CES: 230, CSES: 230, SEFS: 230, UAS: 238

```

**show interfaces interval
(E3)**

```

user@host> show interfaces interval e3-0/3/0
Physical interface: e3-0/3/0, SNMP ifIndex: 23
17:43-current:
  LCV: 0, PCV: 0, CCV: 0, LES: 0, PES: 0, PSES: 0, CES: 0, CSES: 0,
  SEFS: 0, UAS: 0
17:28-17:43:
  LCV: 0, PCV: 0, CCV: 0, LES: 0, PES: 0, PSES: 0, CES: 0, CSES: 0,
  SEFS: 0, UAS: 0
17:13-17:28:
  LCV: 0, PCV: 0, CCV: 0, LES: 0, PES: 0, PSES: 0, CES: 0, CSES: 0,
  SEFS: 0, UAS: 0
16:58-17:13:
  LCV: 0, PCV: 0, CCV: 0, LES: 0, PES: 0, PSES: 0, CES: 0, CSES: 0,
  SEFS: 0, UAS: 0
16:43-16:58:
  LCV: 0, PCV: 0, CCV: 0, LES: 0, PES: 0, PSES: 0, CES: 0, CSES: 0,
  ....
Interval Total:
  LCV: 230, PCV: 1145859, CCV: 455470, LES: 0, PES: 230, PSES: 230,
  CES: 230, CSES: 230, SEFS: 230, UAS: 238

```

**show interfaces interval
(SONET/SDH)**

```

user@host> show interfaces interval so-0/1/0
Physical interface: so-0/1/0, SNMP ifIndex: 19
20:02-current:
  ES-S: 0, SES-S: 0, SEFS-S: 0, ES-L: 0, SES-L: 0, UAS-L: 0, ES-P: 0,
  SES-P: 0, UAS-P: 0
19:47-20:02:
  ES-S: 267, SES-S: 267, SEFS-S: 267, ES-L: 267, SES-L: 267, UAS-L: 267,
  ES-P: 267, SES-P: 267, UAS-P: 267
19:32-19:47:
  ES-S: 56, SES-S: 56, SEFS-S: 56, ES-L: 56, SES-L: 56, UAS-L: 46, ES-P: 56,
  SES-P: 56, UAS-P: 46
19:17-19:32:
  ES-S: 0, SES-S: 0, SEFS-S: 0, ES-L: 0, SES-L: 0, UAS-L: 0, ES-P: 0,
  SES-P: 0, UAS-P: 0
19:02-19:17:
  .....

```

show interfaces media

Syntax	show interfaces media
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display media-specific information about all configured network interfaces.
Options	This command has no options.
Additional Information	Output from both the show interfaces <i>interface-name</i> detail and the show interfaces <i>interface-name</i> extensive commands includes all the information displayed in the output from the show interfaces media command.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces media (SONET/SDH) on page 45
Output Fields	<p>The output from the show interfaces media command includes fields that display interface media-specific information. These fields are also included in the show interfaces <i>interface-name</i> command for each particular interface type, and the information provided in the fields is unique to each interface type.</p> <p>One field unique to the show interfaces media command is interface-type errors (for example, SONET errors). This field appears for channelized E3, channelized T3, channelized OC, E1, E3, SONET, T1, and T3 interfaces. The information provided in this output field is also provided in the output from the show interfaces <i>interface-name</i> command. (For example, for SONET interfaces, these fields are SONET section, SONET line, and SONET path). For a description of errors, see the chapter with the particular interface type in which you are interested.</p>
show interfaces media (SONET/SDH)	<p>The following example displays the output fields unique to the show interfaces media command for a SONET interface (with no level of output specified):</p>

```

user@host> show interfaces media so-4/1/2
Physical interface: so-4/1/2, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 168, SNMP ifIndex: 495
  Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode, Speed: OC48,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Enabled
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
  Link flags     : Keepalives
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
  Keepalive: Input: 1783 (00:00:00 ago), Output: 1786 (00:00:08 ago)
  LCP state: Opened
  NCP state: inet: Not-configured, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured,
  mpls: Not-configured
  CHAP state: Not-configured
  CoS queues   : 8 supported
  Last flapped : 2005-06-15 12:14:59 PDT (04:31:29 ago)
  Input rate    : 0 bps (0 pps)
  Output rate   : 0 bps (0 pps)
  SONET alarms  : None
  SONET defects : None
  SONET errors:

```

```
BIP-B1: 121, BIP-B2: 916, REI-L: 0, BIP-B3: 137, REI-P: 16747, BIP-BIP2: 0
Received path trace: routerb so-1/1/2
Transmitted path trace: routera so-4/1/2
```

show interfaces policers

Syntax	show interfaces policers <interface-name>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display all policers that are installed on each interface in a system.
Options	none—Display policer information about all interfaces. interface-name—(Optional) Display filter information about a particular interface.
Additional Information	For information about how to configure policers, see the <i>JUNOS Policy Framework Configuration Guide</i> . For related operational mode commands, see the <i>JUNOS Routing Protocols and Policies Command Reference</i> .
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces policers on page 48 show interfaces policers interface-name on page 48
Output Fields	Table 16 on page 47 lists the output fields for the show interfaces policers command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 16: show interfaces policers Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Interface	Name of the interface.
Admin	Interface state: up or down.
Link	Link state: up or down.
Proto	Protocol configured on the interface.
Input Policer	Policer to be evaluated when packets are received on the interface. It has the format <i>interface-name-in-policer</i> .
Output Policer	Policer to be evaluated when packets are transmitted on the interface. It has the format <i>interface-name-out-policer</i> .

```

show interfaces policers user@host> show interfaces policers
Interface      Admin Link Proto Input Policer      Output Policer
ge-0/0/0       up    up   inet
ge-0/0/0.0     up    up   inet
               iso
gr-0/3/0       up    up
ip-0/3/0       up    up
mt-0/3/0       up    up
pd-0/3/0       up    up
pe-0/3/0       up    up
...
so-2/0/0       up    up
so-2/0/0.0     up    up   inet so-2/0/0.0-in-policer so-2/0/0.0-out-policer
               iso
so-2/1/0       up    down
...

show interfaces policers user@host> show interfaces policers so-2/1/0
interface-name Interface      Admin Link Proto Input Policer      Output Policer
so-2/1/0       up    down
so-2/1/0.0     up    down inet so-2/1/0.0-in-policer so-2/1/0.0-out-policer
               iso
               inet6

```

show interfaces queue

Syntax	<pre>show interfaces queue <aggregate | remaining-traffic> <both-ingress-egress> <egress> <forwarding-class forwarding-class> <ingress> <interface-name interface-name> <remaining-traffic></pre>
Release Information	<p>Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.</p> <p><code>both-ingress-egress</code>, <code>egress</code>, and <code>ingress</code> options introduced in JUNOS Release 7.6.</p>
Description	Display class-of-service (CoS) queue information for physical interfaces.
Options	<p><code>none</code>—Show detailed CoS queue statistics for all physical interfaces.</p> <p><code>aggregate</code>—(Optional) Display the aggregated queuing statistics of all logical interfaces that have traffic-control profiles configured.</p> <p><code>both-ingress-egress</code>—(Optional) On Gigabit Ethernet Intelligent Queuing 2 (IQ2) PICs, display both ingress and egress queue statistics.</p> <p><code>egress</code>—(Optional) Display egress queue statistics.</p> <p><code>forwarding-class forwarding-class</code>—(Optional) Forwarding class name for this queue. Shows detailed CoS statistics for the queue associated with the specified forwarding class.</p> <p><code>ingress</code>—(Optional) On Gigabit Ethernet IQ2 PICs, display ingress queue statistics.</p> <p><code>interface-name interface-name</code>—(Optional) Show detailed CoS queue statistics for the specified interface.</p> <p><code>remaining-traffic</code>—(Optional) Display the queuing statistics of all logical interfaces that do not have traffic-control profiles configured.</p>
Additional Information	<p>On M Series routers (except for the M320 and M120 routers), this command is valid only for a PIC installed on an enhanced Flexible PIC Concentrator (FPC).</p> <p>Queue statistics for aggregated interfaces are supported on the M Series and T Series routers only. Statistics for an aggregated interface are the summation of the queue statistics of the child links of that aggregated interface. You can view the statistics for a child interface by using the <code>show interfaces statistics</code> command for that child interface.</p> <p>When you configure tricolor marking on a 10-port 1-Gigabit Ethernet PIC, for queues 6 and 7 only, the output does not display the number of queued bytes and packets, or the number of bytes and packets dropped because of RED. If you do not configure tricolor marking on the interface, these statistics are available for all queues.</p>

For Gigabit Ethernet IQ2 PICs, the **show interfaces queue** command output does not display the number of tail-dropped packets. This limitation does not apply to Forwarding Engine chassis queues.

When fragmentation occurs on the egress interface, the first set of packet counters shows the postfragmentation values. The second set of packet counters (under the **Packet Forwarding Engine Chassis Queues** field) shows the prefragmentation values.

For information about how to configure CoS, see the *JUNOS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide*. For related CoS operational mode commands, see the *JUNOS System Basics and Services Command Reference*.

Required Privilege Level view

List of Sample Output show interfaces queue (Aggregated Ethernet on a T320 Router) on page 54
 show interfaces queue (Fast Ethernet on a J4300 Router) on page 55
 show interfaces queue (Gigabit Ethernet on a T640 Router) on page 56
 show interfaces queue aggregate (Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced DPC) on page 57
 show interfaces queue (Gigabit Ethernet IQ2) on page 60
 show interfaces queue both-ingress-egress (Gigabit Ethernet IQ2) on page 63
 show interfaces queue ingress (Gigabit Ethernet IQ2) on page 65
 show interfaces queue egress (Gigabit Ethernet IQ2) on page 66
 show interfaces queue remaining-traffic (Gigabit Ethernet Enhanced DPC) on page 67

Output Fields Table 17 on page 50 lists the output fields for the **show interfaces queue** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 17: show interfaces queue Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.
Interface index	Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the interface.
Forwarding classes supported	Total number of forwarding classes supported on the specified interface.
Forwarding classes in use	Total number of forwarding classes in use on the specified interface.
Ingress queues supported	On Gigabit Ethernet IQ2 PICs only, total number of ingress queues supported on the specified interface.
Ingress queues in use	On Gigabit Ethernet IQ2 PICs only, total number of ingress queues in use on the specified interface.
Output queues supported	Total number of output queues supported on the specified interface.
Output queues in use	Total number of output queues in use on the specified interface.

Table 17: show interfaces queue Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description
Egress queues supported	Total number of egress queues supported on the specified interface.
Egress queues in use	Total number of egress queues in use on the specified interface.
Queue	Queue number.
Ingress queues in use	Total number of ingress queues supported on the specified interface. Displayed on IQ2 interfaces.
Queue counters (Ingress)	CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. Displayed on IQ2 interfaces. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Queued packets—Number of queued packets. ■ Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. ■ Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism.
Burst size	(Logical interfaces on IQ PICs only) Maximum number of bytes up to which the logical interface can burst. The burst size is based on the shaping rate applied to the interface.
Forwarding classes	Forwarding class name.
Queued Packets	Number of packets queued to this queue. <p>NOTE: For Gigabit Ethernet IQ2 interfaces, the Queued Packets count is calculated by the JUNOS Software interpreting one frame buffer as one packet. If the queued packets are very large or very small, the calculation might not be completely accurate for transit traffic. The count is completely accurate for traffic terminated on the router.</p>
Queued Bytes	Number of bytes queued to this queue. The byte counts vary by PIC type. For more information, see Table 18 on page 53.
Transmitted Packets	Number of packets transmitted by this queue. When fragmentation occurs on the egress interface, the first set of packet counters shows the postfragmentation values. The second set of packet counters (displayed under the Packet Forwarding Engine Chassis Queues field) shows the prefragmentation values.
Transmitted Bytes	Number of bytes transmitted by this queue. The byte counts vary by PIC type. For more information, see Table 18 on page 53.
Tail-dropped packets	Number of packets dropped because of tail drop.

Table 17: show interfaces queue Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description
RED-dropped packets	<p>Number of packets dropped because of random early detection (RED).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ (M Series and T Series routers only) On M320 and M120 routers and the T Series routers, the total number of dropped packets is displayed. On all other M Series routers, the output classifies dropped packets into the following categories: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Low, non-TCP—Number of low-loss priority non-TCP packets dropped because of RED. ■ Low, TCP—Number of low-loss priority TCP packets dropped because of RED. ■ High, non-TCP—Number of high-loss priority non-TCP packets dropped because of RED. ■ High, TCP—Number of high-loss priority TCP packets dropped because of RED. ■ (J Series routers and MX Series routers with enhanced DPCs only) The output classifies dropped packets into the following categories: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Low—Number of low-loss priority packets dropped because of RED. ■ Medium-low—Number of medium-low loss priority packets dropped because of RED. ■ Medium-high—Number of medium-high loss priority packets dropped because of RED. ■ High—Number of high-loss priority packets dropped because of RED.
RED-dropped bytes	<p>Number of bytes dropped because of RED. The byte counts vary by PIC type. For more information, see Table 18 on page 53.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ (M Series and T Series routers only) On M320 and M120 routers and the T Series routers, only the total number of dropped bytes is displayed. On all other M Series routers, the output classifies dropped bytes into the following categories: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Low, non-TCP—Number of low-loss priority non-TCP bytes dropped because of RED. ■ Low, TCP—Number of low-loss priority TCP bytes dropped because of RED. ■ High, non-TCP—Number of high-loss priority non-TCP bytes dropped because of RED. ■ High, TCP—Number of high-loss priority TCP bytes dropped because of RED. ■ (J Series routers only) The output classifies dropped bytes into the following categories: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Low—Number of low-loss priority bytes dropped because of RED. ■ Medium-low—Number of medium-low loss priority bytes dropped because of RED. ■ Medium-high—Number of medium-high loss priority bytes dropped because of RED. ■ High—Number of high-loss priority bytes dropped because of RED.

Byte counts vary by PIC type. Table 18 on page 53 shows how the byte counts on the outbound interfaces vary depending on the PIC type. Table 18 on page 53 is based on the assumption that outbound interfaces are sending IP traffic with 478 bytes per packet.

Table 18: Byte Count by PIC Type

PIC Type	Output Level	Byte Count Includes	Comments
Gigabit Ethernet IQ and IQE PICs	Interface	Queued: 490 bytes per packet, representing 478 bytes of Layer 3 packet + 12 bytes Transmitted: 490 bytes per packet, representing 478 bytes of Layer 3 packet + 12 bytes RED dropped: 496 bytes per packet representing 478 bytes of Layer 3 packet + 18 bytes	The 12 additional bytes include 6 bytes for the destination MAC address + 4 bytes for the VLAN + 2 bytes for the Ethernet type. For RED dropped, 6 bytes are added for the source MAC address.
	Packet forwarding component	Queued: 478 bytes per packet, representing 478 bytes of Layer 3 packet Transmitted: 478 bytes per packet, representing 478 bytes of Layer 3 packet	–
Non-IQ PIC	Interface	Queued: 478 bytes of Layer 3 packet + the full Layer 2 overhead. Transmitted: 478 bytes of Layer 3 packet + the full Layer 2 overhead.	The Layer 2 overhead is 14 bytes for non-VLAN traffic and 18 bytes for VLAN traffic.
IQ and IQE PICs with a SONET/SDH interface	Interface	Queued: 482 bytes per packet, representing 478 bytes of Layer 3 packet + 4 bytes Transmitted: 482 bytes per packet, representing 478 bytes of Layer 3 packet + 4 bytes RED dropped: 482 bytes per packet, representing 478 bytes of Layer 3 packet + 4 bytes	The additional 4 bytes are for the Layer 2 Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) header.
	Packet forwarding component	Queued: 478 bytes per packet, representing 478 bytes of Layer 3 packet Transmitted: 486 bytes per packet, representing 478 bytes of Layer 3 packet + 8 bytes	For transmitted packets, the additional 8 bytes includes 4 bytes for the PPP header and 4 bytes for a cookie.
Non-IQ PIC with a SONET/SDH interface	Interface	Queued: 478 bytes per packet, representing 478 bytes of Layer 3 packet Transmitted: 483 bytes per packet, representing 478 bytes of Layer 3 packet + 5 bytes RED dropped: 478 bytes per packet, representing 478 bytes of Layer 3 packet	For transmitted packets, the additional 5 bytes includes 4 bytes for the PPP header and 1 byte for the packet loss priority (PLP).
1-port 10 Gigabit Ethernet IQ2 PIC	Interface	Queued: 120 bytes of Layer 3 packet Transmitted: 148 bytes per packet, representing 120 bytes of Layer 3 packet + 28 bytes of SONET and Ethernet overhead	Calculated for LAN-PHY signal in an OC-192 payload for an IP packet of 120 bytes. The total overhead is the LAN PHY overhead plus the SONET overhead.

Table 18: Byte Count by PIC Type (continued)

PIC Type	Output Level	Byte Count Includes	Comments
1-port 10 Gigabit Ethernet IQ2-E PIC	Interface	Queued: 478 bytes of Layer 3 packet + the full Layer 2 overhead including CRC. Transmitted: 478 bytes of Layer 3 packet + the full Layer 2 overhead including CRC.	The Layer 2 overhead is 18 bytes for non-VLAN traffic and 22 bytes for VLAN traffic.

show interfaces queue
(Aggregated Ethernet on a T320 Router)

The following example shows that the aggregated Ethernet interface, **ae1**, has traffic on queues **af1** and **af12**:

```

user@host> show interfaces queue ae1
Physical interface: ae1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 158, SNMP ifIndex: 33 Forwarding classes: 8 supported, 8 in use
Output queues: 8 supported, 8 in use
Queue: 0, Forwarding classes: be
  Queued:
    Packets      :           5          0 pps
    Bytes        :          242         0 bps
  Transmitted:
    Packets      :           5          0 pps
    Bytes        :          242         0 bps
    Tail-dropped packets :           0          0 pps
    RED-dropped packets :           0          0 pps
    RED-dropped bytes  :           0          0 bps
Queue: 1, Forwarding classes: af1
  Queued:
    Packets      :         42603765      595484 pps
    Bytes        :        5453281920     609776496 bps
  Transmitted:
    Packets      :         42603765      595484 pps
    Bytes        :        5453281920     609776496 bps
    Tail-dropped packets :             0          0 pps
    RED-dropped packets :             0          0 pps
    RED-dropped bytes  :             0          0 bps
Queue: 2, Forwarding classes: ef1
  Queued:
    Packets      :             0          0 pps
    Bytes        :             0          0 bps
  Transmitted:
    Packets      :             0          0 pps
    Bytes        :             0          0 bps
    Tail-dropped packets :             0          0 pps
    RED-dropped packets :             0          0 pps
    RED-dropped bytes  :             0          0 bps
Queue: 3, Forwarding classes: nc
  Queued:
    Packets      :             45          0 pps
    Bytes        :            3930          0 bps
  Transmitted:
    Packets      :             45          0 pps
    Bytes        :            3930          0 bps
    Tail-dropped packets :             0          0 pps
    RED-dropped packets :             0          0 pps
    RED-dropped bytes  :             0          0 bps
Queue: 4, Forwarding classes: af11

```

```

Queued:
  Packets      :      0      0 pps
  Bytes       :      0      0 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets      :      0      0 pps
  Bytes       :      0      0 bps
  Tail-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
  RED-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
  RED-dropped bytes  :      0      0 bps
Queue: 5, Forwarding classes: ef11
Queued:
  Packets      :      0      0 pps
  Bytes       :      0      0 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets      :      0      0 pps
  Bytes       :      0      0 bps
  Tail-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
  RED-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
  RED-dropped bytes  :      0      0 bps
Queue: 6, Forwarding classes: af12
Queued:
  Packets      :      31296413      437436 pps
  Bytes       :      4005940864      447935200 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets      :      31296413      437436 pps
  Bytes       :      4005940864      447935200 bps
  Tail-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
  RED-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
  RED-dropped bytes  :      0      0 bps
Queue: 7, Forwarding classes: nc2
Queued:
  Packets      :      0      0 pps
  Bytes       :      0      0 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets      :      0      0 pps
  Bytes       :      0      0 bps
  Tail-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
  RED-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
  RED-dropped bytes  :      0      0 bps

```

show interfaces queue
(Fast Ethernet on a
J4300 Router)

```

user@host> show interfaces queue fe-4/0/0.0
Logical interface fe-4/0/0.0 (Index 71) (SNMP ifIndex 42)
Forwarding classes: 8 supported, 8 in use
Output queues: 8 supported, 8 in use
Queue: 0, Forwarding classes: be
Queued:
  Packets      :      5240762      3404 pps
  Bytes       :      3020710354      15934544 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets      :      5240762      3404 pps
  Bytes       :      3020710354      15934544 bps
  Tail-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
  RED-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
  Low          :      0      0 pps
  Medium-low   :      0      0 pps
  Medium-high  :      0      0 pps
  High         :      0      0 pps
  RED-dropped bytes :      0      0 bps
  Low          :      0      0 pps
  Medium-low   :      0      0 pps
  Medium-high  :      0      0 pps

```

```

      High                :                0                0 pps
Queue: 1, Forwarding classes: af1
Queued:
  Packets                :            2480391            1650 pps
  Bytes                  :            1304685666          6945704 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets                :            2478740            1650 pps
  Bytes                  :            1303817240          6945704 bps
  Tail-dropped packets :                0                0 pps
  RED-dropped packets  :                1651                0 pps
  Low                   :                0                0 pps
  Medium-low           :                0                0 pps
  Medium-high          :                0                0 pps
  High                 :                1651                0 pps
  RED-dropped bytes    :            868426                0 bps
  Low                   :                0                0 pps
  Medium-low           :                0                0 pps
  Medium-high          :                0                0 pps
  High                 :            868426                0 pps

```

show interfaces queue
(Gigabit Ethernet on a
T640 Router)

```

user@host> show interfaces queue
Physical interface: ge-7/0/1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 150, SNMP ifIndex: 42
Forwarding classes: 8 supported, 8 in use
Output queues: 8 supported, 8 in use
Queue: 0, Forwarding classes: be
Queued:
  Packets                :                13                0 pps
  Bytes                  :                622                0 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets                :                13                0 pps
  Bytes                  :                622                0 bps
  Tail-dropped packets :                0                0 pps
  RED-dropped packets  :                0                0 pps
  RED-dropped bytes    :                0                0 bps
Queue: 1, Forwarding classes: af1
Queued:
  Packets                :            1725947945          372178 pps
  Bytes                  :            220921336960          381110432 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets                :            1725947945          372178 pps
  Bytes                  :            220921336960          381110432 bps
  Tail-dropped packets :                0                0 pps
  RED-dropped packets  :                0                0 pps
  RED-dropped bytes    :                0                0 bps
Queue: 2, Forwarding classes: ef1
Queued:
  Packets                :                0                0 pps
  Bytes                  :                0                0 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets                :                0                0 pps
  Bytes                  :                0                0 bps
  Tail-dropped packets :                0                0 pps
  RED-dropped packets  :                0                0 pps
  RED-dropped bytes    :                0                0 bps
Queue: 3, Forwarding classes: nc
Queued:
  Packets                :                571                0 pps
  Bytes                  :                49318             336 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets                :                571                0 pps

```

Bytes	:	49318	336 bps
Tail-dropped packets	:	0	0 pps
RED-dropped packets	:	0	0 pps
RED-dropped bytes	:	0	0 bps

**show interfaces queue
aggregate (Gigabit
Ethernet Enhanced DPC)**

```
user@host> show interfaces queue ge-2/2/9 aggregate
Physical interface: ge-2/2/9, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 238, SNMP ifIndex: 71
Forwarding classes: 16 supported, 4 in use
Ingress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue: 0, Forwarding classes: best-effort
  Queued:
    Packets      :      148450735      947295 pps
    Bytes        :      8016344944    409228848 bps
  Transmitted:
    Packets      :      76397439      487512 pps
    Bytes        :     4125461868    210602376 bps
    Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
    RED-dropped packets :      72053285      459783 pps
      Low        :      72053285      459783 pps
      Medium-low :           0          0 pps
      Medium-high:           0          0 pps
      High       :           0          0 pps
    RED-dropped bytes :     3890877444    198626472 bps
      Low        :     3890877444    198626472 bps
      Medium-low :           0          0 bps
      Medium-high :           0          0 bps
      High       :           0          0 bps
Queue: 1, Forwarding classes: expedited-forwarding
  Queued:
    Packets      :           0          0 pps
    Bytes        :           0          0 bps
  Transmitted:
    Packets      :           0          0 pps
    Bytes        :           0          0 bps
    Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
    RED-dropped packets :           0          0 pps
      Low        :           0          0 pps
      Medium-low :           0          0 pps
      Medium-high :           0          0 pps
      High       :           0          0 pps
    RED-dropped bytes :           0          0 bps
      Low        :           0          0 bps
      Medium-low :           0          0 bps
      Medium-high :           0          0 bps
      High       :           0          0 bps
Queue: 2, Forwarding classes: assured-forwarding
  Queued:
    Packets      :      410278257      473940 pps
    Bytes        :     22156199518    204742296 bps
  Transmitted:
    Packets      :      4850003        4033 pps
    Bytes        :     261900162     1742256 bps
    Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
    RED-dropped packets :      405425693      469907 pps
      Low        :      405425693      469907 pps
      Medium-low :           0          0 pps
      Medium-high :           0          0 pps
      High       :           0          0 pps
    RED-dropped bytes :     21892988124    203000040 bps
      Low        :     21892988124    203000040 bps
```

```

    Medium-low      :          0          0 bps
    Medium-high     :          0          0 bps
    High            :          0          0 bps
Queue: 3, Forwarding classes: network-control
Queued:
    Packets        :          0          0 pps
    Bytes          :          0          0 bps
Transmitted:
    Packets        :          0          0 pps
    Bytes          :          0          0 bps
Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
RED-dropped packets :          0          0 pps
    Low           :          0          0 pps
    Medium-low    :          0          0 pps
    Medium-high   :          0          0 pps
    High          :          0          0 pps
RED-dropped bytes   :          0          0 bps
    Low           :          0          0 bps
    Medium-low    :          0          0 bps
    Medium-high   :          0          0 bps
    High          :          0          0 bps
Forwarding classes: 16 supported, 4 in use
Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue: 0, Forwarding classes: best-effort
Queued:
    Packets        :      76605230      485376 pps
    Bytes          :      5209211400    264044560 bps
Transmitted:
    Packets        :      76444631      484336 pps
    Bytes          :      5198235612    263478800 bps
Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
RED-dropped packets :      160475      1040 pps
    Low           :      160475      1040 pps
    Medium-low    :          0          0 pps
    Medium-high   :          0          0 pps
    High          :          0          0 pps
RED-dropped bytes   :      10912300    565760 bps
    Low           :      10912300    565760 bps
    Medium-low    :          0          0 bps
    Medium-high   :          0          0 bps
    High          :          0          0 bps
Queue: 1, Forwarding classes: expedited-forwarding
Queued:
    Packets        :          0          0 pps
    Bytes          :          0          0 bps
Transmitted:
    Packets        :          0          0 pps
    Bytes          :          0          0 bps
Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
RED-dropped packets :          0          0 pps
    Low           :          0          0 pps
    Medium-low    :          0          0 pps
    Medium-high   :          0          0 pps
    High          :          0          0 pps
RED-dropped bytes   :          0          0 bps
    Low           :          0          0 bps
    Medium-low    :          0          0 bps
    Medium-high   :          0          0 bps
    High          :          0          0 bps
Queue: 2, Forwarding classes: assured-forwarding
Queued:

```



```

Packets          :          4836136          3912 pps
Bytes           :          333402032        2139056 bps
Transmitted:
Packets          :          3600866          1459 pps
Bytes           :          244858888        793696 bps
Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
RED-dropped packets :          1225034          2450 pps
  Low            :          1225034          2450 pps
  Medium-low     :              0              0 pps
  Medium-high    :              0              0 pps
  High           :              0              0 pps
RED-dropped bytes  :          83302312        1333072 bps
  Low            :          83302312        1333072 bps
  Medium-low     :              0              0 bps
  Medium-high    :              0              0 bps
  High           :              0              0 bps
Queue: 3, Forwarding classes: network-control
Queued:
Packets          :              0              0 pps
Bytes           :              0              0 bps
Transmitted:
Packets          :              0              0 pps
Bytes           :              0              0 bps
Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
RED-dropped packets :              0              0 pps
  Low            :              0              0 pps
  Medium-low     :              0              0 pps
  Medium-high    :              0              0 pps
  High           :              0              0 pps
RED-dropped bytes  :              0              0 bps
  Low            :              0              0 bps
  Medium-low     :              0              0 bps
  Medium-high    :              0              0 bps
  High           :              0              0 bps

Packet Forwarding Engine Chassis Queues:
Queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue: 0, Forwarding classes: best-effort
Queued:
Packets          :          77059796          486384 pps
Bytes           :          3544750624        178989576 bps
Transmitted:
Packets          :          77059797          486381 pps
Bytes           :          3544750670        178988248 bps
Tail-dropped packets :              0              0 pps
RED-dropped packets :              0              0 pps
  Low            :              0              0 pps
  Medium-low     :              0              0 pps
  Medium-high    :              0              0 pps
  High           :              0              0 pps
RED-dropped bytes  :              0              0 bps
  Low            :              0              0 bps
  Medium-low     :              0              0 bps
  Medium-high    :              0              0 bps
  High           :              0              0 bps
Queue: 1, Forwarding classes: expedited-forwarding
Queued:
Packets          :              0              0 pps
Bytes           :              0              0 bps
Transmitted:
Packets          :              0              0 pps

```

```

Bytes : 0 0 bps
Tail-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
  Low : 0 0 pps
  Medium-low : 0 0 pps
  Medium-high : 0 0 pps
  High : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped bytes : 0 0 bps
  Low : 0 0 bps
  Medium-low : 0 0 bps
  Medium-high : 0 0 bps
  High : 0 0 bps
Queue: 2, Forwarding classes: assured-forwarding
Queued:
  Packets : 4846580 3934 pps
  Bytes : 222942680 1447768 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets : 4846580 3934 pps
  Bytes : 222942680 1447768 bps
Tail-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
  Low : 0 0 pps
  Medium-low : 0 0 pps
  Medium-high : 0 0 pps
  High : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped bytes : 0 0 bps
  Low : 0 0 bps
  Medium-low : 0 0 bps
  Medium-high : 0 0 bps
  High : 0 0 bps
Queue: 3, Forwarding classes: network-control
Queued:
  Packets : 0 0 pps
  Bytes : 0 0 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets : 0 0 pps
  Bytes : 0 0 bps
Tail-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
  Low : 0 0 pps
  Medium-low : 0 0 pps
  Medium-high : 0 0 pps
  High : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped bytes : 0 0 bps
  Low : 0 0 bps
  Medium-low : 0 0 bps
  Medium-high : 0 0 bps
  High : 0 0 bps

```

**show interfaces queue
(Gigabit Ethernet IQ2)**

```

user@host> show interfaces queue ge-7/1/3
Physical interface: ge-7/1/3, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 170, SNMP ifIndex: 70 Forwarding classes: 16 supported, 4 in
use Ingress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue: 0, Forwarding classes: best-effort
Queued:
  Packets : 418390039 10 pps
  Bytes : 38910269752 7440 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets : 418390039 10 pps
  Bytes : 38910269752 7440 bps
Tail-dropped packets : Not Available

```

```

RED-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped bytes : 0 0 bps
Queue: 1, Forwarding classes: expedited-forwarding
Queued:
Packets : 0 0 pps
Bytes : 0 0 bps
Transmitted:
Packets : 0 0 pps
Bytes : 0 0 bps
Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
RED-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped bytes : 0 0 bps
Queue: 2, Forwarding classes: assured-forwarding
Queued:
Packets : 0 0 pps
Bytes : 0 0 bps
Transmitted:
Packets : 0 0 pps
Bytes : 0 0 bps
Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
RED-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped bytes : 0 0 bps
Queue: 3, Forwarding classes: network-control
Queued:
Packets : 7055 1 pps
Bytes : 451552 512 bps
Transmitted:
Packets : 7055 1 pps
Bytes : 451552 512 bps
Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
RED-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped bytes : 0 0 bps
Forwarding classes: 16 supported, 4 in use Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue: 0, Forwarding classes: best-effort
Queued:
Packets : 1031 0 pps
Bytes : 143292 0 bps
Transmitted:
Packets : 1031 0 pps
Bytes : 143292 0 bps
Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
RL-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RL-dropped bytes : 0 0 bps
RED-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped bytes : 0 0 bps
Queue: 1, Forwarding classes: expedited-forwarding
Queued:
Packets : 0 0 pps
Bytes : 0 0 bps
Transmitted:
Packets : 0 0 pps
Bytes : 0 0 bps
Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
RL-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RL-dropped bytes : 0 0 bps
RED-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped bytes : 0 0 bps
Queue: 2, Forwarding classes: assured-forwarding
Queued:
Packets : 0 0 pps
Bytes : 0 0 bps

```

```

Transmitted:
  Packets      :      0      0 pps
  Bytes       :      0      0 bps
  Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
  RL-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
  RL-dropped bytes  :      0      0 bps
  RED-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
  RED-dropped bytes  :      0      0 bps
Queue: 3, Forwarding classes: network-control
Queued:
  Packets      :      77009      11 pps
  Bytes       :    6894286    7888 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets      :      77009      11 pps
  Bytes       :    6894286    7888 bps
  Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
  RL-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
  RL-dropped bytes  :      0      0 bps
  RED-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
  RED-dropped bytes  :      0      0 bps

Packet Forwarding Engine Chassis Queues:
Queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue: 0, Forwarding classes: best-effort
Queued:
  Packets      :      1031      0 pps
  Bytes       :    147328      0 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets      :      1031      0 pps
  Bytes       :    147328      0 bps
  Tail-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
  RED-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
  Low, non-TCP  :      0      0 pps
  Low, TCP     :      0      0 pps
  High, non-TCP :      0      0 pps
  High, TCP    :      0      0 pps
  RED-dropped bytes :      0      0 bps
  Low, non-TCP  :      0      0 bps
  Low, TCP     :      0      0 bps
  High, non-TCP :      0      0 bps
  High, TCP    :      0      0 bps
Queue: 1, Forwarding classes: expedited-forwarding
Queued:
  Packets      :      0      0 pps
  Bytes       :      0      0 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets      :      0      0 pps
  Bytes       :      0      0 bps
  Tail-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
  RED-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
  Low, non-TCP  :      0      0 pps
  Low, TCP     :      0      0 pps
  High, non-TCP :      0      0 pps
  High, TCP    :      0      0 pps
  RED-dropped bytes :      0      0 bps
  Low, non-TCP  :      0      0 bps
  Low, TCP     :      0      0 bps
  High, non-TCP :      0      0 bps
  High, TCP    :      0      0 bps
Queue: 2, Forwarding classes: assured-forwarding
Queued:

```

```

Packets      : 0 0 pps
Bytes        : 0 0 bps
Transmitted:
Packets      : 0 0 pps
Bytes        : 0 0 bps
Tail-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
  Low, non-TCP : 0 0 pps
  Low, TCP     : 0 0 pps
  High, non-TCP : 0 0 pps
  High, TCP    : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped bytes : 0 0 bps
  Low, non-TCP : 0 0 bps
  Low, TCP     : 0 0 bps
  High, non-TCP : 0 0 bps
  High, TCP    : 0 0 bps
Queue: 3, Forwarding classes: network-control
Queued:
Packets      : 94386 12 pps
Bytes        : 13756799 9568 bps
Transmitted:
Packets      : 94386 12 pps
Bytes        : 13756799 9568 bps
Tail-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
  Low, non-TCP : 0 0 pps
  Low, TCP     : 0 0 pps
  High, non-TCP : 0 0 pps
  High, TCP    : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped bytes : 0 0 bps
  Low, non-TCP : 0 0 bps
  Low, TCP     : 0 0 bps
  High, non-TCP : 0 0 bps
  High, TCP    : 0 0 bps

```

**show interfaces queue
both-ingress-egress
(Gigabit Ethernet IQ2)**

```

user@host> show interfaces queue ge-6/2/0 both-ingress-egress
Physical interface: ge-6/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 175, SNMP ifIndex: 121
Forwarding classes: 8 supported, 4 in use
Ingress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue: 0, Forwarding classes: best-effort
Queued:
Packets      : Not Available
Bytes        : 0 0 bps
Transmitted:
Packets      : 254 0 pps
Bytes        : 16274 0 bps
Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
RED-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped bytes   : 0 0 bps
Queue: 1, Forwarding classes: expedited-forwarding
Queued:
Packets      : Not Available
Bytes        : 0 0 bps
Transmitted:
Packets      : 0 0 pps
Bytes        : 0 0 bps
Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
RED-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped bytes   : 0 0 bps
Queue: 2, Forwarding classes: assured-forwarding

```

```

Queued:
  Packets          : Not Available
  Bytes           :                0                0 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets          :                0                0 pps
  Bytes           :                0                0 bps
  Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
  RED-dropped packets :                0                0 pps
  RED-dropped bytes  :                0                0 bps
Queue: 3, Forwarding classes: network-control
Queued:
  Packets          : Not Available
  Bytes           :                0                0 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets          :                0                0 pps
  Bytes           :                0                0 bps
  Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
  RED-dropped packets :                0                0 pps
  RED-dropped bytes  :                0                0 bps
Forwarding classes: 8 supported, 4 in use
Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue: 0, Forwarding classes: best-effort
Queued:
  Packets          : Not Available
  Bytes           :                0                0 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets          :                3                0 pps
  Bytes           :               126                0 bps
  Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
  RED-dropped packets :                0                0 pps
  RED-dropped bytes  :                0                0 bps
Queue: 1, Forwarding classes: expedited-forwarding
Queued:
  Packets          : Not Available
  Bytes           :                0                0 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets          :                0                0 pps
  Bytes           :                0                0 bps
  Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
  RED-dropped packets :                0                0 pps
  RED-dropped bytes  :                0                0 bps
Queue: 2, Forwarding classes: assured-forwarding
Queued:
  Packets          : Not Available
  Bytes           :                0                0 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets          :                0                0 pps
  Bytes           :                0                0 bps
  Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
  RED-dropped packets :                0                0 pps
  RED-dropped bytes  :                0                0 bps
Queue: 3, Forwarding classes: network-control
Queued:
  Packets          : Not Available
  Bytes           :                0                0 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets          :                0                0 pps
  Bytes           :                0                0 bps
  Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
  RED-dropped packets :                0                0 pps
  RED-dropped bytes  :                0                0 bps

```

```

Packet Forwarding Engine Chassis Queues:
Queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue: 0, Forwarding classes: best-effort
  Queued:
    Packets      :      80564692      0 pps
    Bytes        :      3383717100    0 bps
  Transmitted:
    Packets      :      80564692      0 pps
    Bytes        :      3383717100    0 bps
    Tail-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
    RED-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
    RED-dropped bytes  :      0      0 bps
Queue: 1, Forwarding classes: expedited-forwarding
  Queued:
    Packets      :      80564685      0 pps
    Bytes        :      3383716770    0 bps
  Transmitted:
    Packets      :      80564685      0 pps
    Bytes        :      3383716770    0 bps
    Tail-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
    RED-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
    RED-dropped bytes  :      0      0 bps
Queue: 2, Forwarding classes: assured-forwarding
  Queued:
    Packets      :      0      0 pps
    Bytes        :      0      0 bps
  Transmitted:
    Packets      :      0      0 pps
    Bytes        :      0      0 bps
    Tail-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
    RED-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
    RED-dropped bytes  :      0      0 bps
Queue: 3, Forwarding classes: network-control
  Queued:
    Packets      :      9397      0 pps
    Bytes        :      3809052      232 bps
  Transmitted:
    Packets      :      9397      0 pps
    Bytes        :      3809052      232 bps
    Tail-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
    RED-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
    RED-dropped bytes  :      0      0 bps

```

**show interfaces queue
ingress
(Gigabit Ethernet IQ2)**

```

user@host> show interfaces queue ge-6/2/0 ingress
Physical interface: ge-6/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 175, SNMP ifIndex: 121
Forwarding classes: 8 supported, 4 in use
Ingress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue: 0, Forwarding classes: best-effort
  Queued:
    Packets      : Not Available
    Bytes        :      0      0 bps
  Transmitted:
    Packets      :      288      0 pps
    Bytes        :      18450      0 bps
    Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
    RED-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
    RED-dropped bytes  :      0      0 bps
Queue: 1, Forwarding classes: expedited-forwarding
  Queued:
    Packets      : Not Available

```

```

        Bytes                :                0                0 bps
    Transmitted:
        Packets              :                0                0 pps
        Bytes                :                0                0 bps
    Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
    RED-dropped packets  :                0                0 pps
    RED-dropped bytes    :                0                0 bps
Queue: 2, Forwarding classes: assured-forwarding
Queued:
    Packets                : Not Available
    Bytes                  :                0                0 bps
Transmitted:
    Packets                :                0                0 pps
    Bytes                  :                0                0 bps
    Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
    RED-dropped packets  :                0                0 pps
    RED-dropped bytes    :                0                0 bps
Queue: 3, Forwarding classes: network-control
Queued:
    Packets                : Not Available
    Bytes                  :                0                0 bps
Transmitted:
    Packets                :                0                0 pps
    Bytes                  :                0                0 bps
    Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
    RED-dropped packets  :                0                0 pps
    RED-dropped bytes    :                0                0 bps

```

**show interfaces queue
egress (Gigabit Ethernet
IQ2)**

```

user@host> show interfaces queue ge-6/2/0 egress
Physical interface: ge-6/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 175, SNMP ifIndex: 121
  Forwarding classes: 8 supported, 4 in use
  Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue: 0, Forwarding classes: best-effort
Queued:
    Packets                : Not Available
    Bytes                  :                0                0 bps
Transmitted:
    Packets                :                3                0 pps
    Bytes                  :               126                0 bps
    Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
    RED-dropped packets  :                0                0 pps
    RED-dropped bytes    :                0                0 bps
Queue: 1, Forwarding classes: expedited-forwarding
Queued:
    Packets                : Not Available
    Bytes                  :                0                0 bps
Transmitted:
    Packets                :                0                0 pps
    Bytes                  :                0                0 bps
    Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
    RED-dropped packets  :                0                0 pps
    RED-dropped bytes    :                0                0 bps
Queue: 2, Forwarding classes: assured-forwarding
Queued:
    Packets                : Not Available
    Bytes                  :                0                0 bps
Transmitted:
    Packets                :                0                0 pps
    Bytes                  :                0                0 bps
    Tail-dropped packets : Not Available

```



```

RED-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped bytes : 0 0 bps
Queue: 3, Forwarding classes: network-control
Queued:
Packets : Not Available
Bytes : 0 0 bps
Transmitted:
Packets : 0 0 pps
Bytes : 0 0 bps
Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
RED-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped bytes : 0 0 bps
Packet Forwarding Engine Chassis Queues:
Queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue: 0, Forwarding classes: best-effort
Queued:
Packets : 80564692 0 pps
Bytes : 3383717100 0 bps
Transmitted:
Packets : 80564692 0 pps
Bytes : 3383717100 0 bps
Tail-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped bytes : 0 0 bps
Queue: 1, Forwarding classes: expedited-forwarding
Queued:
Packets : 80564685 0 pps
Bytes : 3383716770 0 bps
Transmitted:
Packets : 80564685 0 pps
Bytes : 3383716770 0 bps
Tail-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped bytes : 0 0 bps
Queue: 2, Forwarding classes: assured-forwarding
Queued:
Packets : 0 0 pps
Bytes : 0 0 bps
Transmitted:
Packets : 0 0 pps
Bytes : 0 0 bps
Tail-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped bytes : 0 0 bps
Queue: 3, Forwarding classes: network-control
Queued:
Packets : 9538 0 pps
Bytes : 3819840 0 bps
Transmitted:
Packets : 9538 0 pps
Bytes : 3819840 0 bps
Tail-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped bytes : 0 0 bps

```

**show interfaces queue
remaining-traffic
(Gigabit Ethernet
Enhanced DPC)**

```

user@host> show interfaces queue ge-2/2/9 remaining-traffic
Physical interface: ge-2/2/9, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 238, SNMP ifIndex: 71
Forwarding classes: 16 supported, 4 in use
Ingress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue: 0, Forwarding classes: best-effort

```

```

Queued:
  Packets      :      110208969      472875 pps
  Bytes       :      5951284434     204282000 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets      :      110208969      472875 pps
  Bytes       :      5951284434     204282000 bps
Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
RED-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
  Low          :      0      0 pps
  Medium-low   :      0      0 pps
  Medium-high  :      0      0 pps
  High         :      0      0 pps
RED-dropped bytes  :      0      0 bps
  Low          :      0      0 bps
  Medium-low   :      0      0 bps
  Medium-high  :      0      0 bps
  High         :      0      0 bps
Queue: 1, Forwarding classes: expedited-forwarding
Queued:
  Packets      :      0      0 pps
  Bytes       :      0      0 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets      :      0      0 pps
  Bytes       :      0      0 bps
Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
RED-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
  Low          :      0      0 pps
  Medium-low   :      0      0 pps
  Medium-high  :      0      0 pps
  High         :      0      0 pps
RED-dropped bytes  :      0      0 bps
  Low          :      0      0 bps
  Medium-low   :      0      0 bps
  Medium-high  :      0      0 bps
  High         :      0      0 bps
Queue: 2, Forwarding classes: assured-forwarding
Queued:
  Packets      :      0      0 pps
  Bytes       :      0      0 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets      :      0      0 pps
  Bytes       :      0      0 bps
Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
RED-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
  Low          :      0      0 pps
  Medium-low   :      0      0 pps
  Medium-high  :      0      0 pps
  High         :      0      0 pps
RED-dropped bytes  :      0      0 bps
  Low          :      0      0 bps
  Medium-low   :      0      0 bps
  Medium-high  :      0      0 bps
  High         :      0      0 bps
Queue: 3, Forwarding classes: network-control
Queued:
  Packets      :      0      0 pps
  Bytes       :      0      0 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets      :      0      0 pps
  Bytes       :      0      0 bps
Tail-dropped packets : Not Available

```

```

RED-dropped packets :          0          0 pps
  Low                :          0          0 pps
  Medium-low         :          0          0 pps
  Medium-high        :          0          0 pps
  High               :          0          0 pps
RED-dropped bytes   :          0          0 bps
  Low                :          0          0 bps
  Medium-low         :          0          0 bps
  Medium-high        :          0          0 bps
  High               :          0          0 bps
Forwarding classes: 16 supported, 4 in use
Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue: 0, Forwarding classes: best-effort
  Queued:
    Packets          :          109355853      471736 pps
    Bytes            :          7436199152     256627968 bps
  Transmitted:
    Packets          :          109355852      471736 pps
    Bytes            :          7436198640     256627968 bps
  Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
  RED-dropped packets :          0          0 pps
    Low              :          0          0 pps
    Medium-low       :          0          0 pps
    Medium-high      :          0          0 pps
    High             :          0          0 pps
  RED-dropped bytes   :          0          0 bps
    Low              :          0          0 bps
    Medium-low       :          0          0 bps
    Medium-high      :          0          0 bps
    High             :          0          0 bps
Queue: 1, Forwarding classes: expedited-forwarding
  Queued:
    Packets          :          0          0 pps
    Bytes            :          0          0 bps
  Transmitted:
    Packets          :          0          0 pps
    Bytes            :          0          0 bps
  Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
  RED-dropped packets :          0          0 pps
    Low              :          0          0 pps
    Medium-low       :          0          0 pps
    Medium-high      :          0          0 pps
    High             :          0          0 pps
  RED-dropped bytes   :          0          0 bps
    Low              :          0          0 bps
    Medium-low       :          0          0 bps
    Medium-high      :          0          0 bps
    High             :          0          0 bps
Queue: 2, Forwarding classes: assured-forwarding
  Queued:
    Packets          :          0          0 pps
    Bytes            :          0          0 bps
  Transmitted:
    Packets          :          0          0 pps
    Bytes            :          0          0 bps
  Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
  RED-dropped packets :          0          0 pps
    Low              :          0          0 pps
    Medium-low       :          0          0 pps
    Medium-high      :          0          0 pps
    High             :          0          0 pps

```

```

RED-dropped bytes      :                0          0 bps
  Low                  :                0          0 bps
  Medium-low           :                0          0 bps
  Medium-high          :                0          0 bps
  High                 :                0          0 bps
Queue: 3, Forwarding classes: network-control
Queued:
  Packets              :                0          0 pps
  Bytes                :                0          0 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets              :                0          0 pps
  Bytes                :                0          0 bps
Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
RED-dropped packets   :                0          0 pps
  Low                  :                0          0 pps
  Medium-low           :                0          0 pps
  Medium-high          :                0          0 pps
  High                 :                0          0 pps
RED-dropped bytes     :                0          0 bps
  Low                  :                0          0 bps
  Medium-low           :                0          0 bps
  Medium-high          :                0          0 bps
  High                 :                0          0 bps

```

show interfaces routing

Syntax	show interfaces routing <brief | detail> <interface-name> <logical-system (all | <i>logical-system-name</i>)>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display the state of the router's interfaces. Use this command for performing router diagnostics only, when you are determining whether the routing protocols and the JUNOS Software differ about the state of an interface.
Options	<p>none—Display standard information about the state of all router interfaces on all logical systems.</p> <p>brief | detail—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>interface-name—(Optional) Name of a specific interface.</p> <p>logical-system (all | <i>logical-system-name</i>)—(Optional) Perform this operation on all logical systems or on a particular logical system.</p>
Additional Information	For information about how to configure routing protocols, see the <i>JUNOS Routing Protocols Configuration Guide</i> . For information about related operational mode commands for routing instances and protocols, see the <i>JUNOS Routing Protocols and Policies Command Reference</i> .
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces routing brief on page 72</p> <p>show interfaces routing brief (TX Matrix Plus Router) on page 73</p> <p>show interfaces routing detail on page 73</p> <p>show interfaces routing detail (TX Matrix Plus Router) on page 74</p>
Output Fields	Table 19 on page 71 lists the output fields for the show interfaces routing command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 19: show interfaces routing Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Interface	Name of the physical interface.	none brief
State	State of the physical interface: Up or Down.	none brief
Addresses	Protocols and addresses configured on the interface.	none brief
Index	Interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail
RefCount	Number of references to the interface in the routing software.	detail
State	State (Up or Down) and type of interface.	detail

Table 19: show interfaces routing Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Change	Reflects one or more of the following recent changes to the interface: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Add—The interface was just added. ■ Address—The interface's link-layer address has changed. ■ Delete—The interface is being deleted. ■ Encapsulation—The type of encapsulation on the interface has changed. ■ Metric—The interface's metric value has changed. ■ MTU—The interface's maximim transmission unit size has changed. ■ UpDown—The interface has made an up or down transition. 	detail
Up/down transitions	Number of times the interface has gone from Down to Up .	detail
Link layer	Describes the link layer of the interface.	detail
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the interface.	detail
Bandwidth	Speed at which the interface is running.	detail
Protocol address	Information about the configuration of protocols on the interface: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Address—Address configured on the interface for the protocol type. ■ State—State (Up or down) and type of interface. ■ Change—Reflects one or more of the following recent changes to the interface: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Add—The interface was just added. ■ Address—The interface's address has changed. ■ Broadcast—The interface's broadcast address has changed. ■ Delete—The interface is being deleted. ■ Netmask—The interface's netmask has changed. ■ UpDown—The interface has made an up or down transition. ■ Preference—Preference value for the route for this address. ■ Metric—Metric value on the interface for the protocol type. ■ MTU—Maximim transmission unit value of the interface. ■ Local address—On a point-to-point link, the address of the local side of the link. Not used for multicast links. ■ Destination—For a point-to-point link, the address of the remote side of the link. For multicast links, the network address. 	detail

```

show interfaces routing brief
user@host> show interfaces routing brief
Interface      State Addresses
so-5/0/3.0     Down  ISO   enabled
so-5/0/2.0     Up    MPLS  enabled
               ISO   enabled
               INET  192.168.2.120
               INET  enabled
so-5/0/1.0     Up    MPLS  enabled
               ISO   enabled
               INET  192.168.2.130

```

```

          at-1/0/0.3      Up      INET  enabled
          at-1/0/0.2      Up      CCC   enabled
          at-1/0/0.0      Up      ISO   enabled
                                INET  192.168.90.10
                                INET  enabled
          lo0.0           Up      ISO   47.0005.80ff.f800.0000.0108.0001.1921.6800.5061.00
                                ISO   enabled
                                INET  127.0.0.1
          fxp1.0          Up
          fxp0.0          Up      INET  192.168.6.90

```

**show interfaces routing
brief (TX Matrix Plus
Router)**

```

user@host> show interfaces routing brief
Interface      State Addresses
...
ge-23/0/4.0    Up      INET  2.9.1.1
              ISO   enabled
              MPLS  enabled
ge-23/0/3.0    Up      INET  2.8.1.1
              ISO   enabled
              MPLS  enabled
ge-23/0/2.0    Up      INET  2.7.1.1
              ISO   enabled
              MPLS  enabled
ge-23/0/1.0    Up      INET  2.6.1.1
              ISO   enabled
              MPLS  enabled
ge-23/0/0.0    Up      INET  2.5.1.1
              ISO   enabled
              MPLS  enabled
ge-31/0/7.599  Up      INET  2.14.10.93
ge-31/0/7.598  Up      INET  2.14.10.89
ge-31/0/7.597  Up      INET  2.14.10.85
ge-31/0/7.596  Up      INET  2.14.10.81
ge-31/0/7.595  Up      INET  2.14.10.77
ge-31/0/7.594  Up      INET  2.14.10.73
...
ixgbe1.0       Up      INET  10.34.0.4
              INET  162.0.0.4
              INET6  fe80::200:1ff:fe22:4
              INET6  fec0::a:22:0:4
ixgbe0.0       Up      INET  10.34.0.4
              INET  162.0.0.4
              INET6  fe80::200:ff:fe22:4
              INET6  fec0::a:22:0:4
em0.0          Up      INET  192.168.178.11

```

**show interfaces routing
detail**

```

user@host> show interfaces routing detail
so-5/0/3.0
  Index: 15, Refcount: 2, State: Up <Broadcast PointToPoint Multicast> Change:<>

  Metric: 0, Up/down transitions: 0, Full-duplex
  Link layer: HDLC serial line Encapsulation: PPP Bandwidth: 155Mbps
  ISO address (null)
    State: <Broadcast PointToPoint Multicast> Change: <>
    Preference: 0 (120 down), Metric: 0, MTU: 4470 bytes
so-5/0/2.0
  Index: 14, Refcount: 7, State: <Up Broadcast PointToPoint Multicast> Change:<>

  Metric: 0, Up/down transitions: 0, Full-duplex
  Link layer: HDLC serial line Encapsulation: PPP Bandwidth: 155Mbps

```

```

MPLS address (null)
  State: <Up Broadcast PointToPoint Multicast> Change: <>
  Preference: 0 (120 down), Metric: 0, MTU: 4458 bytes
ISO address (null)
  State: <Up Broadcast PointToPoint Multicast> Change: <>
  Preference: 0 (120 down), Metric: 0, MTU: 4470 bytes
INET address 192.168.2.120
  State: <Up Broadcast PointToPoint Multicast Localup> Change: <>
  Preference: 0 (120 down), Metric: 0, MTU: 4470 bytes
  Local address: 192.168.2.120
  Destination: 192.168.2.110/32
INET address (null)
  State: <Up Broadcast PointToPoint Multicast> Change: <>
  Preference: 0 (120 down), Metric: 0, MTU: 4470 bytes
...

```

**show interfaces routing
detail (TX Matrix Plus
Router)**

```

user@host> show interfaces routing detail
ge-23/0/4.0
  Index: 77, Refcount: 5, State: <Up Broadcast Multicast> Change: <>
  0 metric, 0 up/down transitions, reth state 0, full-duplex
  Link layer: Ethernet Encapsulation: Ethernet Bandwidth: 1000Mbps
  Link address #0 0.1d.b5.14.da.2d
  INET address 2.9.1.1
    State: <Up Broadcast Multicast Localup> Change: <> Flags: <RT-Change>
    Preference 0, metric 0, MTU 1500 bytes
    Broadcast address 2.9.1.3
    Destination: 2.9.1.0/30
    System flags: <Is-Preferred Is-Primary>
  ISO address (null)
    State: <Up Broadcast Multicast Localup> Change: <> Flags: <>
    Preference 0, metric 0, MTU 1497 bytes
    System flags: <>
  MPLS address (null)
    State: <Up Broadcast Multicast Localup> Change: <> Flags: <>
    Preference 0, metric 0, MTU 1488 bytes
    System flags: <>
ge-23/0/3.0
  Index: 76, Refcount: 5, State: <Up Broadcast Multicast> Change: <>
  0 metric, 0 up/down transitions, reth state 0, full-duplex
  Link layer: Ethernet Encapsulation: Ethernet Bandwidth: 1000Mbps
  Link address #0 0.1d.b5.14.da.2c
  INET address 2.8.1.1
    State: <Up Broadcast Multicast Localup> Change: <> Flags: <RT-Change>
    Preference 0, metric 0, MTU 1500 bytes
    Broadcast address 2.8.1.3
    Destination: 2.8.1.0/30
    System flags: <Is-Preferred Is-Primary>
  ISO address (null)
    State: <Up Broadcast Multicast Localup> Change: <> Flags: <>
    Preference 0, metric 0, MTU 1497 bytes
    System flags: <>
  MPLS address (null)
    State: <Up Broadcast Multicast Localup> Change: <> Flags: <>
    Preference 0, metric 0, MTU 1488 bytes
    System flags: <>
ge-23/0/2.0
  Index: 75, Refcount: 5, State: <Up Broadcast Multicast> Change: <>
  0 metric, 0 up/down transitions, reth state 0, full-duplex
  Link layer: Ethernet Encapsulation: Ethernet Bandwidth: 1000Mbps
  Link address #0 0.1d.b5.14.da.2b
  INET address 2.7.1.1

```



```

    State: <Up Broadcast Multicast Localup> Change: <> Flags: <RT-Change>
    Preference 0, metric 0, MTU 1500 bytes
    Broadcast address 2.7.1.3
    Destination: 2.7.1.0/30
    System flags: <Is-Preferred Is-Primary>
ISO address (null)
    State: <Up Broadcast Multicast Localup> Change: <> Flags: <>
    Preference 0, metric 0, MTU 1497 bytes
    System flags: <>
MPLS address (null)
    State: <Up Broadcast Multicast Localup> Change: <> Flags: <>
    Preference 0, metric 0, MTU 1488 bytes
    System flags: <>
ge-23/0/1.0
    Index: 74, Refcount: 5, State: <Up Broadcast Multicast> Change: <>
    0 metric, 0 up/down transitions, reth state 0, full-duplex
    Link layer: Ethernet Encapsulation: Ethernet Bandwidth: 1000Mbps
    Link address #0 0.1d.b5.14.da.2a
    INET address 2.6.1.1
        State: <Up Broadcast Multicast Localup> Change: <> Flags: <RT-Change>
        Preference 0, metric 0, MTU 1500 bytes
        Broadcast address 2.6.1.3
    ...
ixgbe1.0
    Index: 5, Refcount: 5, State: <Up Broadcast Multicast> Change: <>
    0 metric, 0 up/down transitions, reth state 0, full-duplex
    Link layer: Ethernet Encapsulation: Ethernet Bandwidth: 1000Mbps
    Link address #0 2.0.1.22.0.4
    INET address 10.34.0.4
        State: <Up Broadcast Multicast Localup> Change: <> Flags: <>
        Preference 0, metric 0, MTU 1500 bytes
        Broadcast address 10.255.255.255
        Destination: 10.0.0.0/8
        System flags: <Is-Preferred>
    INET address 162.0.0.4
        State: <Up Broadcast Multicast Localup> Change: <> Flags: <>
        Preference 0, metric 0, MTU 1500 bytes
        Broadcast address 191.255.255.255
        Destination: 128.0.0.0/2
        System flags: <Primary Is-Preferred Is-Primary>
    INET6 address fe80::200:1ff:fe22:4
        State: <Up Broadcast Multicast Localup> Change: <> Flags: <>
        Preference 0, metric 0, MTU 1500 bytes
        Destination: fe80::/64
        System flags: <Is-Preferred>
    INET6 address fec0::a:22:0:4
        State: <Up Broadcast Multicast Localup> Change: <> Flags: <>
        Preference 0, metric 0, MTU 1500 bytes
        Destination: fec0::/64
        System flags: <Is-Preferred Is-Primary>
ixgbe0.0
    Index: 4, Refcount: 5, State: <Up Broadcast Multicast> Change: <>
    0 metric, 0 up/down transitions, reth state 0, full-duplex
    Link layer: Ethernet Encapsulation: Ethernet Bandwidth: 1000Mbps
    Link address #0 2.0.0.22.0.4
    INET address 10.34.0.4
        State: <Up Broadcast Multicast Localup> Change: <> Flags: <>
        Preference 0, metric 0, MTU 1500 bytes
        Broadcast address 10.255.255.255
        Destination: 10.0.0.0/8
        System flags: <Is-Preferred>

```

```

INET address 162.0.0.4
  State: <Up Broadcast Multicast Localup> Change: <> Flags: <>
  Preference 0, metric 0, MTU 1500 bytes
  Broadcast address 191.255.255.255
  Destination: 128.0.0.0/2
  System flags: <Primary Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary>
INET6 address fe80::200:ff:fe22:4
  State: <Up Broadcast Multicast Localup> Change: <> Flags: <>
  Preference 0, metric 0, MTU 1500 bytes
  Destination: fe80::/64
  System flags: <Is-Preferred>
INET6 address fec0::a:22:0:4
  State: <Up Broadcast Multicast Localup> Change: <> Flags: <>
  Preference 0, metric 0, MTU 1500 bytes
  Destination: fec0::/64
  System flags: <Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary>
em0.0
  Index: 3, Refcount: 2, State: <Up Broadcast Multicast> Change: <>
  0 metric, 0 up/down transitions, reth state 0, full-duplex
  Link layer: Ethernet Encapsulation: Ethernet Bandwidth: 100Mbps
  Link address #0 0.80.f9.26.0.c0
  INET address 192.168.178.11
    State: <Up Broadcast Multicast Localup> Change: <> Flags: <>
    Preference 0, metric 0, MTU 1500 bytes
    Broadcast address 192.168.178.127
    Destination: 192.168.178.0/25
    System flags: <Is-Preferred Is-Primary>

```

show interfaces routing summary

Syntax	show interfaces routing summary <interface-name> <logical-system (all | logical-system-name)>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display a summary of the state of the router interfaces. Use this command for performing router diagnostics only, when you are determining whether the routing protocols and the JUNOS Software differ about the state of an interface.
Options	<p>none—Display summary information about the state of all router interfaces on all logical systems.</p> <p>interface-name—(Optional) Name of a specific interface.</p> <p>logical-system (all | logical-system-name)—(Optional) Perform this operation on all logical systems or on a particular logical system.</p>
Additional Information	For information about how to configure routing protocols, see the <i>JUNOS Routing Protocols Configuration Guide</i> . For information about related operational mode commands for routing instances and protocols, see the <i>JUNOS Routing Protocols and Policies Command Reference</i> .
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces routing summary on page 78</p> <p>show interfaces routing summary (TX Matrix Plus Router) on page 78</p>
Output Fields	Table 20 on page 77 lists the output fields for the show interfaces routing summary command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 20: show interfaces routing summary Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
<i>n</i> physical interfaces	Number of routing interfaces and number of interfaces in the up state.
<i>n protocol</i> protocol interfaces	Type and number of routing protocols and number of related interfaces in the up state.
Interface	Logical interface name.
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.
Metric	Metric value for the interface.
Trans	Number of times the interface has transitioned from Down to Up).
Status	Interface status (Up or Down) and type.

```

show interfaces routing summary
user@host> show interfaces routing summary
14 physical interfaces (12 up)
  11 INET protocol addresses (11 up)
  6 ISO protocol addresses (4 up)
  3 MPLS protocol addresses (3 up)
  3 CCC protocol addresses (3 up)
Interface Index    Metric  Trans. Status
so-5/0/3.0   15      0      0 Broadcast PointToPoint Multicast
so-5/0/2.0   14      0      0 Up Broadcast PointToPoint Multicast
so-5/0/1.0   13      0      5 Up Broadcast PointToPoint Multicast
so-5/0/0.0   12      0      2 Up Broadcast PointToPoint Multicast
so-1/2/0.0   11      0      0 Broadcast PointToPoint Multicast
so-1/1/0.0   10      0      5 Up Broadcast PointToPoint Multicast
at-1/0/0.6    9      0      0 Broadcast PointToPoint Multicast
at-1/0/0.5    8      0      0 Up Broadcast PointToPoint Multicast
at-1/0/0.4    7      0      0 Up Broadcast PointToPoint Multicast
at-1/0/0.3    6      0      0 Up Broadcast PointToPoint Multicast
at-1/0/0.2    5      0      0 Up Broadcast PointToPoint Multicast
at-1/0/0.0    4      0      0 Up Broadcast PointToPoint Multicast
lo0.0         3      0      0 Up Broadcast Loopback Multicast
fxp1.0        2      0      1 Up Broadcast Multicast
fxp0.0        1      0      0 Up Broadcast Multicast

show interfaces routing summary (TX Matrix Plus Router)
user@host> show interfaces routing summary
9 physical interfaces (9 up)
  11 INET protocol addresses (11 up)
  6 MPLS protocol addresses (6 up)
  4 INET6 protocol addresses (4 up)

Interface      Index    Metric  Trans. Status
ge-23/0/8.0    73      0      0 Up Broadcast Multicast
ge-23/0/7.0    72      0      0 Up Broadcast Multicast
ge-23/0/6.0    71      0      0 Up Broadcast Multicast
ge-7/0/9.0     69      0      0 Up Broadcast Multicast
ge-15/0/9.0    70      0      0 Up Broadcast Multicast
xe-6/1/1.0     68      0      0 Up Broadcast Multicast
lo0.16385      66      0      0 Up Broadcast Loopback Multicast
lo0.16384      65      0      0 Up Broadcast Loopback Multicast
lo0.0          64      0      0 Up Broadcast Loopback Multicast
ixgbe1.0       5       0      0 Up Broadcast Multicast
ixgbe0.0       4       0      0 Up Broadcast Multicast
em0.0          3       0      0 Up Broadcast Multicast

```

show interfaces routing-instance

Syntax	show interfaces routing-instance (<i>instance-name</i> | all)
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 9.1.
Description	Display information about the interfaces configured for either a specific routing instance or for all of the routing instances.
Options	<p>all—Display information about all of the interfaces configured for all of the routing instances on the router.</p> <p><i>instance-name</i>—Display information about the interfaces configured for the specified routing instance.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces routing-instance terse on page 79</p> <p>show interfaces routing-instance all on page 79</p> <p>show interfaces routing-instance extensive on page 79</p>
Output Fields	The output fields from the show interfaces routing-instance command are identical to those produced by the show interfaces <i>interface-name</i> command. For a description of output fields, see the other chapters in this manual.
show interfaces routing-instance terse	<pre> user@host> show interfaces routing-instance sample terse Interface Admin Link Proto Local Remote ge-0/0/0.0 up up inet 192.168.4.28/24 </pre>
show interfaces routing-instance all	<pre> user@host> show interfaces terse routing-instance all Interface Admin Link Proto Local Remote Instance at-0/0/1 up up inet 10.0.0.1/24 ge-0/0/0.0 up up inet 192.168.4.28/24 sample-a at-0/1/0.0 up up inet6 fe80::a:0:0:4/64 sample-b so-0/0/0.0 up up inet 10.0.0.1/32 </pre>
show interfaces routing-instance extensive	<pre> user@host> show interfaces fe-0/1/3 routing-instance instance2 extensive Logical interface fe-0/1/3.0 (Index 70) (SNMP ifIndex 53) (Generation 211) Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2 Traffic statistics: Input bytes : 0 Output bytes : 42 Input packets: 0 Output packets: 1 IPv6 transit statistics: Input bytes : 0 Output bytes : 0 Input packets: 0 Output packets: 0 Local statistics: Input bytes : 0 Output bytes : 42 Input packets: 0 Output packets: 1 Transit statistics: </pre>

```
Input bytes :          0          0 bps
Output bytes :         0          0 bps
Input packets:         0          0 pps
Output packets:        0          0 pps
IPv6 transit statistics:
  Input bytes :         0
  Output bytes :         0
  Input packets:        0
  Output packets:       0
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 252, Route table: 4
  Flags: Is-Primary
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
  Destination: 150.1.1/24, Local: 150.1.1.1, Broadcast: 150.1.1.255,
Generation: 263
```

show interfaces snmp-index

Syntax	show interfaces snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display information for the interface with the specified SNMP index.
Options	This command has no options.
Additional Information	Output from both the show interfaces <i>interface-name</i> detail and the show interfaces <i>interface-name</i> extensive command includes all the information displayed in the output from the show interfaces snmp-index command.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces snmp-index on page 81
Output Fields	The output fields from the show interfaces snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> command are identical to those produced by the show interfaces <i>interface-name</i> command. For a description of output fields, see the other chapters in this manual.
show interfaces snmp-index	<pre> user@host> show interfaces snmp-index 33 Physical interface: so-2/1/1, Enabled, Physical link is Down Interface index: 149, SNMP ifIndex: 33 Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode, Speed: 0C48, Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Enabled Device flags : Present Running Down Interface flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384 Link flags : Keepalives CoS queues : 8 supported Last flapped : 2005-06-15 11:45:57 PDT (05:38:43 ago) Input rate : 0 bps (0 pps) Output rate : 0 bps (0 pps) SONET alarms : LOL, PLL, LOS SONET defects : LOL, PLL, LOF, LOS, SEF, AIS-L, AIS-P </pre>

show interfaces source-class

Syntax	show interfaces source-class (all | <i>destination-class-name logical-interface-name</i>)
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4. all option introduced in JUNOS Release 8.0.
Description	Display information about interfaces grouped by source class.
Options	all—Display information about all configured source classes. <i>source-class-name</i> —Name of a logical grouping of prefixes that count packets having the source address matching those prefixes. <i>interface-name</i> —Name of a logical interface.
Additional Information	For interfaces that carry IPv4, IPv6, or Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) traffic, you can maintain packet counts based on the entry and exit points for traffic passing through your network. Entry and exit points are identified by source and destination prefixes grouped into sets defined as source classes and destination classes. For more information, see the <i>JUNOS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide</i> .
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces source-class all on page 83
Output Fields	Table 21 on page 82 lists the output fields for the show interfaces source-class command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 21: show interfaces source-class Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.
Source class	Source class usage (SCU) counters per class for this interface.
Packets	Packets going to designated user-selected prefixes.
Bytes	Bytes going to designated user-selected prefixes.


```
show interfaces user@host> show interfaces source-class all
source-class all Logical interface so-0/1/0.0
```

Source class	Packets (packet-per-second)	Bytes (bits-per-second)
gold	1928095	161959980
bronze	0	0
silver	0	0

Logical interface so-0/1/3.0

Source class	Packets (packet-per-second)	Bytes (bits-per-second)
gold	0	0
bronze	0	0
silver	116113	9753492

show interfaces statistics

Syntax	show interfaces statistics <i>interface-name</i> <detail>																					
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.																					
Description	Display static interface statistics, such as errors.																					
Options	<i>interface-name</i> —Name of an interface. detail—(Optional) Display detail output.																					
Required Privilege Level	view																					
Related Topics	■ clear interfaces statistics																					
List of Sample Output	show interfaces statistics (Fast Ethernet) on page 84 show interfaces statistics detail (Aggregated Ethernet) on page 85																					
Output Fields	Output from both the show interfaces <i>interface-name</i> detail and the show interfaces <i>interface-name</i> extensive commands include all the information displayed in the output from the show interfaces statistics command. For more information, see the particular interface type in which you are interested. For information about destination class and source class statistics, see the “Destination Class Field” section and the “Source Class Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.																					
show interfaces statistics (Fast Ethernet)	<pre>user@host> show interfaces fe-1/3/1 statistics Physical interface: fe-1/3/1, Enabled, Physical link is Up Interface index: 144, SNMP ifIndex: 1042 Description: ford fe-1/3/1 Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 100mbps, Loopback: Disabled, Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled Device flags : Present Running Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000 CoS queues : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues Current address: 00:90:69:93:04:dc, Hardware address: 00:90:69:93:04:dc Last flapped : 2006-04-18 03:08:59 PDT (00:01:24 ago) Statistics last cleared: Never Input rate : 0 bps (0 pps) Output rate : 0 bps (0 pps) Input errors: 0, Output errors: 0 Active alarms : None Active defects : None Logical interface fe-1/3/1.0 (Index 69) (SNMP ifIndex 50) Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2 Protocol inet, MTU: 1500 Flags: Is-Primary, DCU, SCU-in</pre> <table><thead><tr><th>Destination class</th><th>Packets (packet-per-second)</th><th>Bytes (bits-per-second)</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>silver1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>(</td><td>0)</td><td>(</td></tr><tr><td>silver2</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>(</td><td>0)</td><td>(</td></tr><tr><td>silver3</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>(</td><td>0)</td><td>(</td></tr></tbody></table>	Destination class	Packets (packet-per-second)	Bytes (bits-per-second)	silver1	0	0	(0)	(silver2	0	0	(0)	(silver3	0	0	(0)	(
Destination class	Packets (packet-per-second)	Bytes (bits-per-second)																				
silver1	0	0																				
(0)	(
silver2	0	0																				
(0)	(
silver3	0	0																				
(0)	(

Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
 Destination: 10.27.245/24, Local: 10.27.245.2,
 Broadcast: 10.27.245.255
 Protocol iso, MTU: 1497
 Flags: Is-Primary

**show interfaces
 statistics detail
 (Aggregated Ethernet)**

user@host> **show interfaces ae0 detail**

Physical interface: ae0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
 Interface index: 186, SNMP ifIndex: 111, Generation: 187
 Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 2000mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
 Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Disabled, Minimum links needed: 1,
 Minimum bandwidth needed: 0
 Device flags : Present Running
 Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
 Current address: 00:90:69:0b:2f:f0, Hardware address: 00:90:69:0b:2f:f0
 Last flapped : Never
 Statistics last cleared: 2006-12-23 03:04:16 PST (01:16:24 ago)
 Traffic statistics:
 Input bytes : 28544 0 bps
 Output bytes : 39770 0 bps
 Input packets: 508 0 pps
 Output packets: 509 0 pps
 Input bytes : IPv6 28544
 Output bytes : IPv6 0
 Input packets: IPv6 508
 Output packets: IPv6 0
 Input errors:
 Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
 Policed discards: 0, Resource errors: 0
 Output errors:
 Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0,
 Resource errors: 0

Logical interface ae0.0 (Index 67) (SNMP ifIndex 139) (Generation 145)

Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2

Statistics	Packets	pps	Bytes	bps
------------	---------	-----	-------	-----

Bundle:

Input :	508	0	28544	0
Output:	509	0	35698	0

Link:

ge-3/3/8.0

Input :	508	0	28544	0
Output:	0	0	0	0

ge-3/3/9.0

Input :	0	0	0	0
Output:	0	0	0	0

Marker Statistics:	Marker Rx	Resp Tx	Unknown Rx	Illegal Rx
--------------------	-----------	---------	------------	------------

ge-3/3/8.0	0	0	0	0
------------	---	---	---	---

ge-3/3/9.0	0	0	0	0
------------	---	---	---	---

Egress queues: 8 supported, 8 in use

Queue counters:	Queued packets	Transmitted packets	Dropped packets
-----------------	----------------	---------------------	-----------------

0 best-effort	0	0	0
---------------	---	---	---

1 expedited-fo	0	0	0
----------------	---	---	---

2 assured-forw	0	0	0
----------------	---	---	---

3 network-cont	0	0	0
----------------	---	---	---

Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 166, Route table: 0

```
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
  Destination: 10.1.1/24, Local: 10.1.1.1, Broadcast: 10.1.1.255,
  Generation: 159
Protocol inet6, MTU: 1500, Generation: 163, Route table: 0
Flags: Is-Primary
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred
  Destination: fe80::/64, Local: fe80::206:5bff:fe05:c321,
  Broadcast: Unspecified, Generation: 161
```

show interfaces terse

Syntax	show interfaces terse
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display summary information about interfaces.
Options	This command has no options.
Additional Information	Interfaces are always displayed in numerical order, from the lowest to the highest FPC slot number. Within that slot, the lowest PIC slot is shown first. On an individual PIC, the lowest port number is always first.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces terse on page 87 show interfaces terse (TX Matrix Plus Router) on page 88
Output Fields	Table 22 on page 87 lists the output fields for the show interfaces terse command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 22: show interfaces terse Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Interface	Interface name.
Admin	Whether the interface is turned on (up) or off (down).
Link	Link state: up or down.
Proto	Protocol family configured on the logical interface. A logical interface on a router that supports Ethernet OAM always shows the multiservice protocol.
Local	Local IP address of the logical interface.
Remote	Remote IP address of the logical interface.

```
show interfaces terse user@host> show interfaces terse
Interface      Admin Link Proto  Local          Remote
t1-0/1/0:0      up   up
t1-0/1/0:0.0    up   up   inet   192.168.220.18/30
t1-0/1/0:1      up   up
t1-0/1/0:2      up   up
t1-0/1/0:3      up   up
at-1/0/0        up   up
at-1/0/1        up   up
dsc             up   up
fxp0            up   up
fxp0.0          up   up   inet   192.168.71.249/21
fxp1            up   up
```

```

fxp1.0          up    up    inet    10.0.0.4/8
                 tnp      4
gre             up    up
ipip            up    up
lo0             up    up
lo0.0           up    up    inet    10.0.1.4      --> 0/0
                 127.0.0.1    --> 0/0
lo0.16385       up    up    inet
lsi             up    up
mtun            up    up

```

show interfaces terse
(TX Matrix Plus Router)

```
user@host> show interfaces terse
```

Interface	Admin	Link	Proto	Local	Remote
xe-0/0/0	up	up			
xe-0/0/1	up	up			
xe-0/0/2	up	up			
xe-0/0/3	up	up			
xe-6/0/0	up	up			
xe-6/0/1	up	up			
xe-6/0/2	up	up			
xe-6/0/3	up	up			
xe-6/1/0	up	up			
xe-6/1/1	up	up			
xe-6/1/2	up	up			
xe-6/1/3	up	up			
ge-7/0/0	up	up			
ge-7/0/0.0	up	up	inet	2.15.1.1/30	
ge-7/0/0.1	up	up	inet	2.15.1.5/30	
ge-7/0/0.2	up	up	inet	2.15.1.9/30	
ge-7/0/0.3	up	up	inet	2.15.1.13/30	
ge-7/0/0.4	up	up	inet	2.15.1.17/30	
ge-7/0/0.5	up	up	inet	2.15.1.21/30	
...					
em0	up	up			
em0.0	up	up	inet	192.168.178.11/25	
gre	up	up			
ipip	up	up			
ixgbe0	up	up			
ixgbe0.0	up	up	inet	10.34.0.4/8	
				162.0.0.4/2	
			inet6	fe80::200:fff:fe22:4/64	
				fec0::a:22:0:4/64	
			tnp	0x22000004	
ixgbe1	up	up			
ixgbe1.0	up	up	inet	10.34.0.4/8	
				162.0.0.4/2	
			inet6	fe80::200:1ff:fe22:4/64	
				fec0::a:22:0:4/64	
			tnp	0x22000004	

Chapter 3

Common Output Fields

- Common Output Fields Description on page 89

Common Output Fields Description

This chapter explains the content of the output fields, which appear in the output of most `show interfaces` commands.

Destination Class Field

For the logical interface, the **Destination class** field provides the names of destination class usage (DCU) counters per family and per class for a particular interface. The counters display packets and bytes arriving from designated user-selected prefixes. For example:

Destination class	Packets (packet-per-second)	Bytes (bits-per-second)
gold	1928095	161959980
	(889)	(597762)
bronze	0	0
	(0)	(0)
silver	0	0
	(0)	(0)

Enabled Field

For the physical interface, the **Enabled** field provides information about the state of the interface, displaying one or more of the following values:

- Administratively down, Physical link is Down—The interface is turned off, and the physical link is inoperable and cannot pass packets even when it is enabled.
- Administratively down, Physical link is Up—The interface is turned off, but the physical link is operational and can pass packets when it is enabled.
- Enabled, Physical link is Down—The interface is turned on, but the physical link is inoperable and cannot pass packets.
- Enabled, Physical link is Up—The interface is turned on, and the physical link is operational and can pass packets.

Filters Field

For the logical interface, the **Filters** field provides the name of the firewall filters to be evaluated when packets are received or transmitted on the interface. The format is **Filters: Input: *filter-name*** and **Filters: Output: *filter-name***. For example:

```
Filters: Input: sample-all
Filters: Output: cp-ftp
```

Flags Fields

The following sections provide information about flags that are specific to interfaces:

- Addresses, Flags on page 90
- Device Flags on page 90
- Family Flags on page 91
- Interface Flags on page 92
- Link Flags on page 92
- Logical Interface Flags on page 93

Addresses, Flags

The **Addresses, Flags** field, which provides information about the addresses configured for the protocol family on the logical interface, displays one or more of the following values:

- **Dest-route-down**—The routing process detected that the link was not operational and changed the interface routes to nonforwarding status
- **Is-Default**—This address is the default address of the router. The default address is used as the source address by SNMP, ping, traceroute, and other network utilities.
- **Is-Preferred**—This address is the default local address for packets originating from the local router and sent to destinations on the subnet.
- **Is-Primary**—This address is the default local address for broadcast and multicast packets originated locally and sent out the interface.
- **Preferred**—This address is a candidate to become the preferred address.
- **Primary**—This address is a candidate to become the primary address.

Device Flags

The **Device flags** field, which provides information about the physical device, displays one or more of the following values:

- **Down**—Device has been administratively disabled.
- **Hear-Own-Xmit**—Device receives its own transmissions.

- **Link-Layer-Down**—The link-layer protocol has failed to connect with the remote endpoint.
- **Loopback**—Device is in physical loopback.
- **Loop-Detected**—The link layer has received frames that it sent, thereby detecting a physical loopback.
- **No-Carrier**—On media that support carrier recognition, no carrier is currently detected.
- **No-Multicast**—Device does not support multicast traffic.
- **Present**—Device is physically present and recognized.
- **Promiscuous**—Device is in promiscuous mode and recognizes frames addressed to all physical addresses on the media.
- **Quench**—Transmission on the device is quenched, because the output buffer is overflowing.
- **Recv-All-Multicasts**—Device is in multicast promiscuous mode and therefore provides no multicast filtering.
- **Running**—Device is active and enabled.

Family Flags

The **Family flags** field, which provides information about the protocol family on the logical interface, displays one or more of the following values:

- **DCU**—Destination class usage is enabled.
- **Dest-route-down**—The software detected that the link is down and has stopped forwarding the link's interface routes.
- **Down**—Protocol is inactive.
- **Is-Primary**—Interface is the primary one for the protocol.
- **Mac-Validate-Loose**—Interface is enabled with loose MAC address validation.
- **Mac-Validate-Strict**—Interface is enabled with strict MAC address validation.
- **MTU-Protocol-Adjusted**—The effective MTU is not the configured value in the software.
- **No-Redirects**—Protocol redirects are disabled.
- **Primary**—Interface can be considered for selection as the primary family address.
- **Protocol-Down**—Protocol failed to negotiate correctly.
- **SCU-in**—Interface is configured for source class usage input.
- **SCU-out**—Interface is configured for source class usage output.
- **Unnumbered**—Protocol family is configured for unnumbered Ethernet. An unnumbered Ethernet interface borrows an IPv4 address from another interface, which is referred to as the donor interface.

- **Up**—Protocol is configured and operational.
- **uRPF**—Unicast Reverse Path Forwarding is enabled.

Interface Flags

The **Interface flags** field, which provides information about the physical interface, displays one or more of the following values:

- **Admin-Test**—Interface is in test mode and some sanity checking, such as loop detection, is disabled.
- **Disabled**—Interface is administratively disabled.
- **Down**—A hardware failure has occurred.
- **Hardware-Down**—Interface is nonfunctional or incorrectly connected.
- **Link-Layer-Down**—Interface keepalives have indicated that the link is incomplete.
- **No-Multicast**—Interface does not support multicast traffic.
- **No-receive No-transmit**—Passive monitor mode is configured on the interface.
- **Point-To-Point**—Interface is point to point.
- **Pop all MPLS labels from packets of depth**—MPLS labels are removed as packets arrive on an interface that has the **pop-all-labels** statement configured. The depth value can be one of the following:
 - **1**—Takes effect for incoming packets with one label only.
 - **2**—Takes effect for incoming packets with two labels only.
 - **[1 2]**—Takes effect for incoming packets with either one or two labels.
- **Promiscuous**—Interface is in promiscuous mode and recognizes frames addressed to all physical addresses.
- **Recv-All-Multicasts**—Interface is in multicast promiscuous mode and provides no multicast filtering.
- **SNMP-Traps**—SNMP trap notifications are enabled.
- **Up**—Interface is enabled and operational.

Link Flags

The **Link flags** field, which provides information about the physical link, displays one or more of the following values:

- **ACFC**—Address control field compression is configured. The Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) session negotiates the ACFC option.
- **Give-Up**—Link protocol does not continue connection attempts after repeated failures.
- **Loose-LCP**—PPP does not use Link Control Protocol (LCP) to indicate whether the link protocol is operational.

- **Loose-LMI**—Frame Relay does not use the Local Management Interface (LMI) to indicate whether the link protocol is operational.
- **Loose-NCP**—PPP does not use the Network Control Protocol (NCP) to indicate whether the device is operational.
- **No-Keepalives**—Link protocol keepalives are disabled.
- **PFC**—Protocol field compression is configured. The PPP session negotiates the PFC option.

Logical Interface Flags

The **Logical interface flags** field, which provides information about the logical interface, displays one or more of the following values:

- **ACFC Encapsulation**—Address control field Compression (ACFC) encapsulation is enabled (negotiated successfully with a peer).
- **Device-down**—Device has been administratively disabled.
- **Disabled**—Interface is administratively disabled.
- **Down**—A hardware failure has occurred.
- **Clear-DF-Bit**—GRE tunnel or IPSec tunnel is configured to clear the Don't Fragment (DF) bit.
- **Hardware-Down**—Interface protocol initialization failed to complete successfully.
- **PFC**—Protocol field compression is enabled for the PPP session.
- **Point-To-Point**—Interface is point to point.
- **SNMP-Traps**—SNMP trap notifications are enabled.
- **Up**—Interface is enabled and operational.

Label-Switched Interface Traffic Statistics Field

When you use the **vrf-table-label** statement to configure a VRF routing table, a label-switched interface (LSI) logical interface label is created and mapped to the VRF routing table.

Any routes present in a VRF routing table and configured with the **vrf-table-label** statement are advertised with the LSI logical interface label allocated for the VRF routing table. When packets for this VPN arrive on a core-facing interface, they are treated as if the enclosed IP packet arrived on the LSI interface and are then forwarded and filtered based on the correct table. For more information on the **vrf-table-label** statement, including a list of supported interfaces, see the *JUNOS VPNs Configuration Guide*.

If you configure the **family mpls** statement at the [edit interfaces *interface-name* unit *logical-unit-number*] hierarchy level and you also configure the **vrf-table-label** statement at the [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name*] hierarchy level, the output for the **show interface *interface-name* extensive** command includes the following output fields about the LSI traffic statistics:

- **Input bytes**—Number of bytes entering the LSI and the current throughput rate in bits per second (bps).
- **Input packets**—Number of packets entering the LSI and the current throughput rate in packets per second (pps).

The following example shows the LSI traffic statistics that you might see as a part of the output of the `show interface interface-name extensive` command:

```
Label-switched interface (LSI) traffic statistics:
Input bytes:           0           0 bps
Input packets:        0           0 pps
```

Policer Field

For the logical interface, the **Policer** field provides the policers that are to be evaluated when packets are received or transmitted on the interface. The format is **Policer**: Input: *type-fpc/picport-in-policer*, Output: *type-fpc/pic/port-out-policer*. For example:

```
Policer: Input: at-1/2/0-in-policer, Output: at-2/4/0-out-policer
```

Protocol Field

For the logical interface, the **Protocol** field indicates the protocol family or families that are configured on the interface, displaying one or more of the following values:

- **aenet**—Aggregated Ethernet. Displayed on Fast Ethernet interfaces that are part of an aggregated Ethernet bundle.
- **ccc**—Circuit cross-connect (CCC). Configured on the logical interface of CCC physical interfaces.
- **inet**—IP version 4 (IPv4). Configured on the logical interface for IPv4 protocol traffic, including Open Shortest Path First (OSPF), Border Gateway Protocol (BGP), Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP), and Internet Protocol Control Protocol (IPCP).
- **inet6**—IP version 6 (IPv6). Configured on the logical interface for IPv6 protocol traffic, including Routing Information Protocol for IPv6 (RIPng), Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS), and BGP.
- **iso**—International Organization for Standardization (ISO). Configured on the logical interface for IS-IS traffic.
- **mlfr-uni-nni**—Multilink Frame Relay (MLFR) FRF.16 user-to-network network-to-network (UNI NNI). Configured on the logical interface for link services bundling.
- **mlfr-end-to-end**—Multilink Frame Relay end-to-end. Configured on the logical interface for multilink bundling.
- **mlppp**—MLPPP. Configured on the logical interface for multilink bundling.
- **mpls**—Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS). Configured on the logical interface for participation in an MPLS path.

- **tcc**—Translational cross-connect (TCC). Configured on the logical interface of TCC physical interfaces.
- **tnp**—Trivial Network Protocol. Used to communicate between the Routing Engine and the router's packet forwarding components. The JUNOS Software automatically configures this protocol family on the router's internal interfaces only.
- **vpls**—Virtual private LAN service (VPLS). Configured on the logical interface on which you configure VPLS.

RPF Failures Field

For the logical interface, the **RPF Failures** field provides information about the amount of incoming traffic (in packets and bytes) that failed a unicast reverse path forwarding (RPF) check on a particular interface. The format is **RPF Failures: Packets: xx, Bytes: yy**. For example:

RPF Failures: Packets: 0, Bytes:0

Source Class Field

For the logical interface, the **Source class** field provides the names of source class usage (SCU) counters per family and per class for a particular interface. The counters display packets and bytes arriving from designated user-selected prefixes. For example:

Source class	Packets (packet-per-second)	Bytes (bits-per-second)
gold	1928095	161959980
(	889)	(597762)
bronze	0	0
(	0)	(0)
silver	0	0
(	0)	(0)

Part 2

Ethernet Interfaces

- Ethernet Interface Operational Mode Commands on page 99
- VRRP Operational Mode Commands on page 281

Chapter 4

Ethernet Interface Operational Mode Commands

Table 23 on page 99 summarizes the command-line interface (CLI) commands you can use to monitor and troubleshoot aggregated Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet, and 10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces. Commands are listed in alphabetical order.

Table 23: Ethernet Interface Operational Mode Commands

Task	Command
Clear dynamic VLAN interfaces.	<code>clear auto-configuration interfaces</code>
Clear learned MAC addresses from the hardware and MAC database. Static MAC addresses are not cleared.	<code>clear interfaces mac-database</code>
Clear statistics that are collected for every MAC address, including policer statistics, on a given physical or logical interface.	<code>clear interfaces mac-database statistics</code>
Clear statistics that are collected for interface sets.	<code>clear interfaces interface-set statistics</code>
Clear Operation, Administration, and Management (OAM) connectivity fault management (CFM) linktrace database information.	<code>clear oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management linktrace path-database</code>
Clear all statistics maintained by CFM. (Routers that support IEEE 802.1ag OAM CFM) In addition, for interfaces that support ITU-T Y.1731 Ethernet frame delay measurement (ETH-DM), also clear any ETH-DM statistics and frame counts for CFM maintenance association end points (MEPs).	<code>clear oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management statistics</code>
Clear Operation, Administration, and Management (OAM) link fault management state information and restart the link discovery process on Ethernet interfaces.	<code>clear oam ethernet link-fault-management state</code>
Clear Operation, Administration, and Management (OAM) statistics link fault management statistics for Ethernet interfaces.	<code>clear oam ethernet link-fault-management statistics</code>

Table 23: Ethernet Interface Operational Mode Commands *(continued)*

Task	Command
Check the reachability of a remote IEEE 802.1ag OAM maintenance association end point (MEP) or maintenance association intermediate point (MIP).	ping ethernet
Force LACP link switchover.	request lacp link-switchover
Display status information about aggregated Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet router interfaces.	show interfaces (Aggregated Ethernet)
Display information about IP demultiplexing interfaces using an underlying Ethernet interface.	show interfaces demux0 (Demux Interfaces)
Display the transceiver temperature, laser bias current, laser output power, receive optical power, and related alarms for 10-Gigabit Ethernet dense wavelength-division multiplexing (DWDM) interfaces.	show interfaces diagnostics optics (10-Gigabit Ethernet)
Display status information about Fast Ethernet interfaces.	show interfaces (Fast Ethernet)
Display status information about 10-Gigabit Ethernet router interfaces.	show interfaces (10-Gigabit Ethernet)
Display information about Gigabit Ethernet or 10-Gigabit Ethernet router interface sets.	show interfaces interface-set (Ethernet Interface Set)
Display information about Gigabit Ethernet or 10-Gigabit Ethernet router interface set queues.	show interfaces interface-set queue
Display information about integrated routing and bridging interfaces.	show interfaces irb
Display Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) information for aggregated, Fast Ethernet, or Gigabit Ethernet router interfaces.	show lacp interfaces
Display MAC address information for Gigabit Ethernet router interfaces.	show interfaces mac-database (Gigabit Ethernet)
Display information on a specified interface that is part of a multichassis link aggregation configuration.	show interfaces mc-ae
Display ETH-DM statistics for CFM MEPs. (MX Series routers, Ethernet DPCs)	show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management delay-statistics
Display IEEE 802.1ag OAM connectivity fault management forwarding state information for Ethernet interfaces.	show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management forwarding-state

Table 23: Ethernet Interface Operational Mode Commands (continued)

Task	Command
Display OAM connectivity fault management information for Ethernet interfaces. For interfaces that support ETH-DM, also display any ETH-DM frame counts when the detail or extensive option is included. In all other cases, ETH-DM frame counts are zero.	<code>show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management interfaces</code>
Display OAM connectivity fault management linktrace path database information.	<code>show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management linktrace path-database</code>
Display OAM connectivity fault management maintenance association end point (MEP) database information. For interfaces that support ETH-DM, also display any ETH-DM frame counts. In all other cases, ETH-DM frame counts are zero.	<code>show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-database</code>
Display ETH-DM statistics and frame counts for CFM MEPs. (MX Series routers, Ethernet DPCs)	<code>show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-statistics</code>
Display OAM connectivity fault management path database information for hosts configured with MEP.	<code>show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management path-database</code>
Display OAM Ethernet Virtual Connection (EVC) information for hosts configured with Ethernet Local Management Interface (E-LMI). (MX series only)	<code>show oam ethernet evc</code>
Display OAM fault management statistics for Ethernet interfaces.	<code>show oam ethernet link-fault-management</code>
Display OAM Ethernet Local Management Interface status information for an LMI configured interface. (MX series only)	<code>show oam ethernet lmi</code>
Display OAM Ethernet Local Management Interface statistics for an LMI configured interface. (MX series only)	<code>show oam ethernet lmi statistics</code>
Display protection group Ethernet ring Automatic Protection Switching (APS)	<code>show protection-group ethernet-ring aps</code>
Display protection group Ethernet ring interfaces	<code>show protection-group ethernet-ring interface</code>
Display protection group Ethernet ring nodes	<code>show protection-group ethernet-ring node-state</code>
Display protection group Ethernet ring statistics	<code>show protection-group ethernet-ring statistics</code>
Trace the path between two Ethernet OAM end points.	<code>traceroute ethernet</code>

clear auto-configuration interfaces

Syntax `clear auto-configuration interfaces interface-name`

Release Information Command introduced in JUNOS Release 9.5.

Description Clear dynamically created VLAN interfaces.



NOTE: For the clear command to be successful, no interface bindings (for example, DHCP server bindings) can exist on the dynamic interface.

Options *interface-name*—Name of a physical or logical interface.

Required Privilege Level view

List of Sample Output clear auto-configuration interfaces (All Interfaces) on page 102
 clear auto-configuration interfaces (Single Dynamically Created Interface) on page 102

Output Fields When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.

**clear auto-configuration
 interfaces (All
 Interfaces)** user@host> **clear auto-configuration interfaces ge-1/0/0**

10 interfaces removed from device ge-1/0/0

**clear auto-configuration
 interfaces (Single
 Dynamically Created
 Interface)** user@host> **clear auto-configuration interfaces ge-1/0/0.1073741824**

Interface ge-1/0/0.1073741824 deleted

clear interfaces mac-database

Syntax	clear interfaces mac-database <i>interface-name</i>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 8.3.
Description	For Gigabit Ethernet IQ2 interfaces, clear learned media access control (MAC) addresses from the hardware and MAC database. Static MAC addresses configured by the operator are not cleared.
Options	<i>interface-name</i> —Name of a physical or logical interface. When you clear a physical interface, all learned MAC addresses on all the logical interfaces under the physical interface are cleared.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	clear interfaces mac-database on page 103
Output Fields	This command produces no output.
clear interfaces mac-database	user@host> clear interfaces mac-database ge-0/0/0.0

clear interfaces mac-database statistics

Syntax	clear interfaces mac-database statistics (<i>interface-name</i> | all)
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 8.3.
Description	Clear statistics that are collected for every MAC address, including policer statistics, on a physical or logical interface or all interfaces.
Options	(<i>interface-name</i> | all)—Clear MAC database statistics for the specified physical or logical gigabit or 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface. Specify all to clear the MAC database statistics for all interfaces.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	clear interfaces mac-database statistics (Gigabit Ethernet) on page 104
Output Fields	This command produces no output.
clear interfaces mac-database statistics (Gigabit Ethernet)	user@host> clear interfaces mac-database statistics ge-0/1/0

clear interfaces interface-set statistics

Syntax	clear interfaces interface-set statistics (<i>interface-set-name</i> | all)
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 8.5.
Description	Clear queue statistics for the specified interface set or all interface sets.
Options	(<i>interface-set-name</i> | all)—Clear queue statistics for the specified gigabit or 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface set. Specify all to clear queue statistics for all interface sets.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	clear interfaces interface-set statistics (Gigabit Ethernet) on page 105
Output Fields	This command produces no output.
clear interfaces interface-set statistics (Gigabit Ethernet)	user@host> clear interfaces interface-set statistics ge-2/2/0-0

clear oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management linktrace path-database

Syntax	clear oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management linktrace path-database mac-address maintenance-association <i>ma-name</i> maintenance-domain <i>md-name</i>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 9.0.
Description	Clear all the linktrace entries and the relevant path information from the database for a particular remote host on M320, MX Series, T320, and T640 routers.
Options	<p>mac-address—Clear connectivity fault management path database information for the specified MAC address of the remote host.</p> <p>maintenance-association <i>ma-name</i>—Clear connectivity fault management path database information for the specified maintenance association.</p> <p>maintenance-domain <i>md-name</i>—Clear connectivity fault management path database information for the specified maintenance domain.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
clear oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management linktrace path-database	<pre>user@host> clear oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management linktrace path-database maintenance-domain md1 maintenance-association ma3 00058573e483</pre> <p>This command produces no output.</p>

clear oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management policer

Syntax	clear oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management policer maintenance-domain <i>md-name</i> maintenance-association <i>ma-name</i>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 10.0.
Description	On M320, M120, MX Series, T320, T640 routers clears connectivity-fault-management policer statistics.
Options	<p>The following options are supported:</p> <p>maintenance-domain <i>md-name</i>—Name of an existing CFM maintenance domain. If this option is not specified, policer statistics are cleared for all maintenance associations for all maintenance domains.</p> <p>maintenance-association <i>ma-name</i> —Name of an existing CFM maintenance association. If this option is not specified, policer statistics are cleared for all maintenance associations for given maintenance domain. This option cannot be specified without specifying maintenance-domain name.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
Related Topics	■ show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management policer
Output Fields	When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.
clear oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management policer	user@host> clear oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management policer Policer statistics cleared
clear oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management policer maintenance-domain md-name maintenance-association ma-name	user@host> clear oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management policer maintenance-domain md5 maintenance-association ma5-1 Policer statistics cleared

clear oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management statistics

Syntax	clear oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management statistics <interface <i>ethernet-interface-name</i> > <level <i>md-level</i> >
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 8.4. Support for ETH-DM statistics and frame counts added in JUNOS Release 9.5.
Description	<p>For all routers that support IEEE 802.1ag OAM connectivity-fault management (CFM), clear all statistics maintained by CFM.</p> <p>In addition, for Ethernet interfaces on Dense Port Concentrators (DPCs) in MX Series routers only, also clear any ITU-T Y.1731 Ethernet frame delay measurement (ETH-DM) statistics and ETH-DM frame counts.</p> <p>By default, the command clears CFM statistics and ETH-DM statistics and frame counts for CFM maintenance association end points (MEPs) attached to any interface on the router.</p>
Options	<p><i>ethernet-interface-name</i>—(Optional) Clear CFM statistics, ETH-DM statistics, and ETH-DM frame counts only for MEPs attached to the specified Ethernet physical interface.</p> <p><i>level</i>—(Optional) Clear CFM statistics, ETH-DM statistics, and ETH-DM frame counts only for MEPs within CFM maintenance domains (MDs) of the specified level.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
Related Topics	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management delay-statistics ■ show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management interfaces ■ show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-database ■ show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-statistics
List of Sample Output	clear oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management statistics on page 108
Output Fields	When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.
clear oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management statistics	<pre>user@host> clear oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management statistics</pre> <p>Cleared statistics of all CFM sessions</p>

clear oam ethernet link-fault-management state

Syntax	clear oam ethernet link-fault-management state <interface-name>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 8.4.
Description	On all M Series, MX Series, T320, and T640 routers, clear link fault management state information and restart the link discovery process on Ethernet interfaces.
Options	<p>none—Clear OAM link fault management state information and restart the link discovery process on all Ethernet interfaces.</p> <p>interface-name—(Optional) Clear OAM link fault management state information and restart the link discovery process on the specified Ethernet interface only.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	clear oam ethernet link-fault-management state on page 109
Output Fields	When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.
clear oam ethernet link-fault-management state	<pre>user@host> clear oam ethernet link-fault-management state ge-0/3/3 Cleared link-fault-management state for interface ge-0/3/3</pre>

clear oam ethernet link-fault-management statistics

Syntax	clear oam ethernet link-fault-management <interface-name>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 8.2.
Description	On M320, M120, MX Series, T320, and T640 routers, clear Operation, Administration, and Management (OAM) link fault management statistics or state information from Ethernet interfaces.
Options	<p>none—Clear OAM link fault management statistics from all Ethernet interfaces.</p> <p>interface-name—(Optional) Clear OAM link fault management statistics from the specified Ethernet interface only.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	clear oam ethernet link-fault-management statistics on page 110
Output Fields	When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.
clear oam ethernet link-fault-management statistics	<pre>user@host> clear oam ethernet link-fault-management statistics</pre> <p>Cleared link-fault-management statistics for all interfaces</p>

clear protection-group ethernet-ring statistics

Syntax	clear protection-group ethernet-ring statistics <group <i>name</i> >
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 9.4.
Description	On MX Series routers, clear the statistics for all Ethernet ring protection groups or a specific Ethernet ring protection group.
Options	group <i>name</i> —Clear the Ethernet ring protection statistics for the specified group.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	clear protection-group ethernet-ring statistics on page 111 clear protection-group ethernet-ring statistics on page 111
Output Fields	When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.
clear protection-group ethernet-ring statistics	<p>To clear all Ethernet ring protection group statistics for all protection groups, use the following command:</p> <pre>user@host> clear protection-group ethernet-ring statistics Cleared protection-group statistics for all groups</pre>
clear protection-group ethernet-ring statistics	<p>To clear Ethernet ring protection group statistics for the group <i>my_prot_group</i>, use the following command:</p> <pre>user@host> clear protection-group ethernet-ring statistics group my_prot_group Cleared protection-group statistics for group my_prot_group</pre>

ping ethernet

Syntax	ping ethernet <i>mac-address</i> maintenance-domain <i>md-name</i> maintenance-association <i>ma-name</i> <count <i>count</i> > <size <i>bytes</i> > <wait <i>seconds</i> >
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 9.1.
Description	On M320, MX Series, T320, and T640 routers, check the reachability of a remote IEEE 802.1ag OAM maintenance association end point (MEP) or maintenance association intermediate point (MIP). Type Ctrl+c to interrupt a ping ethernet command.
Options	<p><i>mac-address</i>—Send loopback protocol messages to the MEP with the specified Ethernet MAC address.</p> <p>maintenance-association <i>ma-name</i>—Send loopback protocol messages to the MEP for the specified maintenance association.</p> <p>maintenance-domain <i>md-name</i>—Send loopback protocol messages to the MEP for the specified maintenance domain.</p> <p>count <i>count</i>—(Optional) Number of ping requests to send. The range of values is from 1 through 65,535. If the count is not specified 4 loopback messages are sent. Terminate the ping command by typing Ctrl+c.</p> <p>size <i>bytes</i>—(Optional) The length, in bytes, of the data type, length, and value (TLV) sent in the loopback message. The range of values is from 1 through 1400. The default is 64 bytes.</p> <p>wait <i>seconds</i>—(Optional) The amount of time, in seconds, to wait to send the next loopback message. The range of values is from 1 through 255. The default wait time is 1 second.</p>
Required Privilege Level	network
List of Sample Output	ping ethernet on page 113
Output Fields	Table 24 on page 112 lists the output fields for the ping ethernet command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 24: ping ethernet Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
PING to	The MAC address of the remote MEP or MIP to which the request message packets are being sent.
Interface	The local Ethernet interface from which the request message packets are being sent.

Table 24: ping ethernet Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description
ping responses	For each loopback message response received, display the number of TLV bytes, the MAC address of the remote MEP or MIP, and the sequence number.
ping statistics	Display totals for the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Request packets transmitted■ Response packets received■ Expected response packets not received

```
ping ethernet user@host> ping ethernet maintenance-domain md0 maintenance-association ma0
00:19:e2:b0:75:9c
PING to 00:19:e2:b0:75:9c, Interface ge-1/1/1.0
68 bytes from 00:19:e2:b0:75:9c: lbm_seq=0
68 bytes from 00:19:e2:b0:75:9c: lbm_seq=1
68 bytes from 00:19:e2:b0:75:9c: lbm_seq=2
68 bytes from 00:19:e2:b0:75:9c: lbm_seq=3
--- ping statistics ---
4 packets transmitted, 4 packets received, 0% packet loss
```

request interface (revert | switchover) (Aggregated Ethernet Link Protection)

Syntax request interface (revert | switchover) aex

Release Information Command introduced in JUNOS Release 8.3.

Description Manually revert egress traffic from the designated backup link to the designated primary link of an aggregated Ethernet interface for which link protection is enabled, or manually switch egress traffic from the primary link to the backup link. This traffic includes transit traffic and local traffic originated on the router itself.



NOTE: When link protection is enabled on an aggregated Ethernet interface, if the primary link fails, the router automatically routes egress traffic to the backup link. However, the router does not automatically route egress traffic back to the primary link when the primary link is subsequently reestablished. Instead, you manually control when to have traffic diverted back to the primary link by issuing the **request interface (revert | switchover) (Aggregated Ethernet Link Protection)** operational command and specifying the **revert** keyword.

On M Series and T Series routers, use the **request interface (revert | switchover) (Adaptive Services)** operational command to manually revert to the primary adaptive services interface or link services interface, or to switch from the primary to the secondary interface. For information about this command, see **request interface (revert | switchover) (Adaptive Services)**.

Options revert—Restores egress traffic processing to the primary link.

switchover—Transfers egress traffic processing to the secondary (backup) link.

aex—Aggregated Ethernet logical interface number: 0 through 15.

Required Privilege Level view

List of Sample Output request interface revert on page 114

Output Fields When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.

request interface revert user@host >**request interface revert ae1**

request lacp link-switchover

Syntax request lacp link-switchover aex

Release Information Command introduced in JUNOS Release 9.3.

Description Manually switch aggregated Ethernet active or standby LACP links.



NOTE: Because this command overrides LACP priority calculations, we strongly recommend that you use this command only when the actor (in this case, the Juniper Networks router) is controlling the active or standby link and the partner (peer) is following. This scenario occurs when you configure only the actor for link protection.

Options aex—Aggregated Ethernet logical interface number: 0 through 15.

Required Privilege Level view

List of Sample Output request lacp link-switchover aeX on page 115

Output Fields When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request. To view the switchover, use the `show lacp interfaces` command.

request lacp link-switchover aeX user@host >**request lacp link-switchover ae0ae0:** Request succeeded

show interfaces (Aggregated Ethernet)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>aenumber</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(M Series, T Series, and MX Series routers only) Display status information about the specified aggregated Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interface.
Options	<p><i>aenumber</i>—Display standard information about the specified aggregated Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interface.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces (Aggregated Ethernet) on page 120</p> <p>show interfaces brief (Aggregated Ethernet) on page 120</p> <p>show interfaces detail (Aggregated Ethernet) on page 121</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (Aggregated Ethernet) on page 121</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (Aggregated Ethernet with VLAN Stacking) on page 123</p>
Output Fields	Table 25 on page 116 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (Aggregated Ethernet) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 25: Aggregated Ethernet show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface and state of the interface.	All levels
Enabled	State of the physical interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Index number of the physical interface, which reflects its initialization sequence.	All levels

Table 25: Aggregated Ethernet show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Link-level type	Encapsulation being used on the physical interface.	All levels
MTU	Maximum transmission unit size on the physical interface.	All levels
Speed	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels
Loopback	Loopback status: Enabled or Disabled . If loopback is enabled, type of loopback: Local or Remote .	All levels
Source filtering	Source filtering status: Enabled or Disabled .	All levels
Flow control	Flow control status: Enabled or Disabled .	All levels
Minimum links needed	Number of child links that must be operational for the aggregate interface to be operational.	All levels
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interfaces Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Current address	Configured MAC address.	detail extensive
Hardware address	Hardware MAC address.	detail extensive
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up or up to down. The format is Last flapped: year-month-day hours:minutes:seconds timezone (hours:minutes:seconds ago) . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) .	detail extensive
Input Rate	Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps).	None specified
Output Rate	Output rate in bps and pps.	None specified
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive

Table 25: Aggregated Ethernet show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Input errors	Input errors on the interface: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Sum of incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Runts—Number of frames received that are smaller than the runt threshold. ■ Giants—Number of frames received that are larger than the giant threshold. ■ Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the JUNOS Software does not handle. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	detail extensive
Output errors	Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions —Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ MTU errors—Number of packets whose size exceeded the MTU of the interface. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	detail extensive
IPv6 transit statistics	Number of IPv6 transit bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface if IPv6 statistics tracking is enabled. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Queue counters	CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Queued packets—Number of queued packets. ■ Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. ■ Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. 	detail extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Index number of the logical interface (which reflects its initialization sequence).	detail extensive none

Table 25: Aggregated Ethernet show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP interface index number of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
VLAN-Tag	The TPID and VLAD identifier.	All levels
Demux	IP demultiplexing (demux) value that appears if this interface is used as the demux underlying interface. The output is one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Source Family Inet ■ Destination Family Inet 	detail extensive none
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	All levels
Statistics	Information about the number of packets, packets per second, number of bytes, and bytes per second on this aggregate interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Bundle—Information about input and output bundle rates. ■ Link—(detail and extensive only) Information about specific links in the aggregate, including link state and input and output rates. ■ Marker Statistics—(detail and extensive only) Information about 802.3ad marker protocol statistics on the specified links. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Marker Rx—Number of valid marker PDUs received on this aggregation port. ■ Resp Tx—Number of marker response PDUs transmitted on this aggregation port. ■ Unknown Rx—Number of frames received that either carry the slow protocols Ethernet type value (43B.4) but contain an unknown protocol data unit (PDU), or are addressed to the slow protocols group MAC address (43B.3) but do not carry the slow protocols Ethernet type. ■ Illegal Rx—Number of frames received that carry the slow protocols Ethernet type value (43B.4) but contain a badly formed PDU or an illegal value of protocol subtype (43B.4). 	detail extensive none
<i>protocol-family</i>	Protocol family configured on the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Protocol Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	brief
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Protocol Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
MTU	Maximum transmission unit size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route Table	Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0.	detail extensive

Table 25: Aggregated Ethernet show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Flags	Information about protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Mac-Validate Failures	Number of MAC address validation failures for packets and bytes. This field is displayed when MAC address validation is enabled for the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Addresses, Flags	Information about address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Broadcast	Broadcast address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive

show interfaces
(Aggregated Ethernet)

```

user@host> show interfaces ae0
Physical interface: ae0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 153, SNMP ifIndex: 59
Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 300mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Disabled, Minimum links needed: 1
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps 16384
Current address: 00:05:85:8b:bf:f0, Hardware address: 00:05:85:8b:bf:f0
Last flapped : Never
Input rate : 0 bps (0 pps)
Output rate : 0 bps (0 pps)

Logical interface ae0.0 (Index 72) (SNMP ifIndex 60)
Flags: SNMP-Traps 16384 Encapsulation: ENET2
Statistics Packets pps Bytes bps
Bundle:
  Input : 0 0 0 0
  Output: 0 0 0 0
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 10.100.1/24, Local: 10.100.1.2, Broadcast: 10.100.1.255

```

show interfaces brief
(Aggregated Ethernet)

```

user@host> show interfaces ae0 brief
Physical interface: ae0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 300mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Disabled
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps 16384

Logical interface ae0.0
Flags: SNMP-Traps 16384 Encapsulation: ENET2
inet 10.100.1.2/24

```

**show interfaces detail
(Aggregated Ethernet)**user@host> **show interfaces ae0 detail**

Physical interface: ae0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
 Interface index: 153, SNMP ifIndex: 59, Generation: 36
 Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 300mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
 Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Disabled, Minimum links needed: 1
 Device flags : Present Running
 Interface flags: SNMP-Traps 16384
 Current address: 00:05:85:8b:bf:f0, Hardware address: 00:05:85:8b:bf:f0
 Last flapped : Never
 Statistics last cleared: Never
 Traffic statistics:

Input bytes :	0	0 bps
Output bytes :	0	0 bps
Input packets:	0	0 pps
Output packets:	0	0 pps

Queue counters:

	Queued packets	Transmitted packets	Dropped packets
0 best-effort	7375	7375	0
1 expedited-fo	0	0	0
2 assured-forw	0	0	0
3 network-cont	2268	2268	0

Logical interface ae0.0 (Index 72) (SNMP ifIndex 60) (Generation 18)

Flags: SNMP-Traps 16384 Encapsulation: ENET2

Statistics	Packets	pps	Bytes	bps
Bundle:				
Input :	0	0	0	0
Output:	0	0	0	0
Link:				
fe-0/1/0.0				
Input :	0	0	0	0
Output:	0	0	0	0
fe-0/1/2.0				
Input :	0	0	0	0
Output:	0	0	0	0
fe-0/1/3.0				
Input :	0	0	0	0
Output:	0	0	0	0
Marker Statistics:	Marker Rx	Resp Tx	Unknown Rx	Illegal Rx
fe-0/1/0.0	0	0	0	0
fe-0/1/2.0	0	0	0	0
fe-0/1/3.0	0	0	0	0

Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 37, Route table: 0

Flags: Is-Primary, Mac-Validate-Strict

Mac-Validate Failures: Packets: 0, Bytes: 0

 Destination: 10.100.1/24, Local: 10.100.1.2, Broadcast: 10.100.1.255,
 Generation: 49
**show interfaces
extensive
(Aggregated Ethernet)**user@host> **show interfaces ae0 extensive**

Physical interface: ae0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
 Interface index: 153, SNMP ifIndex: 59, Generation: 36
 Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 300mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
 Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Disabled, Minimum links needed: 1
 Device flags : Present Running
 Interface flags: SNMP-Traps 16384
 Current address: 00:05:85:8b:bf:f0, Hardware address: 00:05:85:8b:bf:f0
 Last flapped : Never

Statistics last cleared: Never

Traffic statistics:

Input bytes :	60	0 bps
Output bytes :	0	0 bps
Input packets:	1	0 pps
Output packets:	0	0 pps

Input errors:

Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
Policed discards: 0, Resource errors: 0

Output errors:

Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0,
Resource errors: 0

Queue counters:	Queued packets	Transmitted packets	Dropped packets
0 best-effort	7375	7375	0
1 expedited-fo	0	0	0
2 assured-forw	0	0	0
3 network-cont	2268	2268	0

Logical interface ae0.0 (Index 72) (SNMP ifIndex 60) (Generation 18)

Flags: SNMP-Traps 16384 Encapsulation: ENET2

Statistics	Packets	pps	Bytes	bps
------------	---------	-----	-------	-----

Bundle:

Input :	1	0	60	0
Output:	0	0	0	0

Link:

fe-0/1/0.0

Input :	0	0	0	0
Output:	0	0	0	0

fe-0/1/2.0

Input :	0	0	0	0
Output:	0	0	0	0

fe-0/1/3.0

Input :	1	0	60	0
Output:	0	0	0	0

Marker Statistics:	Marker Rx	Resp Tx	Unknown Rx	Illegal Rx
fe-0/1/0.0	0	0	0	0
fe-0/1/2.0	0	0	0	0
fe-0/1/3.0	0	0	0	0

Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 37, Route table: 0

Flags: None

Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary

Destination: 10.100.1/24, Local: 10.100.1.2, Broadcast: 10.100.1.255,
Generation: 49

**show interfaces
extensive (Aggregated
Ethernet with VLAN
Stacking)**

```

user@host> show interfaces ae0 detail
Physical interface: ae0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 155, SNMP ifIndex: 48, Generation: 186
  Link-level type: 52, MTU: 1518, Speed: 2000mbps, Loopback: Disabled, Source
  filtering: Disabled,
  Flow control: Disabled, Minimum links needed: 1, Minimum bandwidth needed: 0
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Current address: 00:12:1e:19:3f:f0, Hardware address: 00:12:1e:19:3f:f0
  Last flapped   : Never
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes :                2406875                40152 bps
    Output bytes :               1124470                22056 bps
    Input packets:                 5307                  5 pps
    Output packets:               13295                 21 pps
  IPv6 transit statistics:
    Input bytes :                0
    Output bytes :                0
    Input packets:                0
    Output packets:               0
  Input errors:
    Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0, Policed discards:
  0, Resource errors: 0
  Output errors:
    Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0, Resource errors:
  0
  Ingress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
  Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

    0 best-effort              0                859777                  0
    1 expedited-fo              0                  0                  0
    2 assured-forw              0                  0                  0
    3 network-cont              0                  0                  0

  Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
  Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

    0 best-effort              0            1897615                  0
    1 expedited-fo              0                  0                  0
    2 assured-forw              0                  0                  0
    3 network-cont              0            662505                  0

  Logical interface ae0.451 (Index 69) (SNMP ifIndex 167) (Generation 601)
  Flags: SNMP-Traps VLAN-Tag [ 0x8100.451 ] Encapsulation: VLAN-VPLS
  Statistics      Packets      pps      Bytes      bps
  Bundle:
    Input :          289          0        25685        376
    Output:         1698          4       130375       3096
  Link:
    ge-1/2/0.451
      Input :          289          0        25685        376
      Output:           0          0           0           0
    ge-1/2/1.451

```

```

      Input :          0          0          0          0
      Output:        1698          4        130375        3096
Marker Statistics:  Marker Rx      Resp Tx      Unknown Rx      Illegal Rx
ge-1/2/0.451             0             0             0             0
ge-1/2/1.451             0             0             0             0
Protocol vpls, MTU: 1518, Generation: 849, Route table: 3
Flags: Is-Primary

```

```

Logical interface ae0.452 (Index 70) (SNMP ifIndex 170) (Generation 602)
Flags: SNMP-Traps VLAN-Tag [ 0x8100.452 ] Encapsulation: VLAN-VPLS
Statistics      Packets      pps      Bytes      bps
Bundle:
  Input :        293          1        26003        1072
  Output:       1694          3       130057        2400
Link:
ge-1/2/0.452
  Input :        293          1        26003        1072
  Output:       1694          3       130057        2400
ge-1/2/1.452
  Input :          0          0          0          0
  Output:          0          0          0          0
Marker Statistics:  Marker Rx      Resp Tx      Unknown Rx      Illegal Rx
ge-1/2/0.452             0             0             0             0
ge-1/2/1.452             0             0             0             0
Protocol vpls, MTU: 1518, Generation: 850, Route table: 3
Flags: None

```

...

show interfaces (far-end-interval)

Syntax	show interfaces far-end-interval <i>interface-fpc/pic/port</i>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 9.4.
Description	On channelized interfaces, display the far end interval data for the specified interface.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces far-end-interval coc1-5/2/1:1 on page 125
Output Fields	Table 26 on page 125 lists the output fields for the show interfaces far-end-interval command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 26: show interfaces far-end-interval Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Physical interface	Interface fpc/pic/port values.
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP interface index value.
ES-L/P	Error detection—Errored seconds.
SES-L/P	Error detection—Severely errored seconds.
UAS-L/P	Error detection—Unavailable seconds.

show interfaces far-end-interval coc12-5/2/0	user@host> show interfaces far-end-interval coc12-5/2/0 Physical interface: coc12-5/2/0, SNMP ifIndex: 121 05:30-current: ES-L: 1, SES-L: 1, UAS-L: 0 05:15-05:30: ES-L: 0, SES-L: 0, UAS-L: 0 05:00-05:15: ES-L: 0, SES-L: 0, UAS-L: 0 04:45-05:00: ES-L: 0, SES-L: 0, UAS-L: 0 04:30-04:45: ES-L: 0, SES-L: 0, UAS-L: 0 04:15-04:30: ES-L: 0, SES-L: 0, UAS-L: 0 04:00-04:15: ... show interfaces far-end-interval coc1-5/2/1:1
----------------------------------------------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

```
user@host> run show interfaces far-end-interval coc1-5/2/1:1
Physical interface: coc1-5/2/1:1, SNMP ifIndex: 342
05:30-current:
  ES-L: 1, SES-L: 1, UAS-L: 0, ES-P: 0, SES-P: 0, UAS-P: 0
05:15-05:30:
  ES-L: 0, SES-L: 0, UAS-L: 0, ES-P: 0, SES-P: 0, UAS-P: 0
05:00-05:15:
  ES-L: 0, SES-L: 0, UAS-L: 0, ES-P: 0, SES-P: 0, UAS-P: 0
04:45-05:00:
  ES-L: 0, SES-L: 0, UAS-L: 0, ES-P: 0, SES-P: 0, UAS-P: 0
04:30-04:45:
  ES-L: 0, SES-L: 0, UAS-L: 0, ES-P: 0, SES-P: 0, UAS-P: 0
04:15-04:30:
  ES-L: 0, SES-L: 0, UAS-L: 0, ES-P: 0, SES-P: 0, UAS-P: 0
04:00-04:15:
...
```

show interfaces (Fast Ethernet)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>interface-type</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display status information about the specified Fast Ethernet interface.
Options	<p><i>interface-type</i>—On M Series and T Series routers, the interface type is <i>fe-fpc/pic/port</i>. On the J Series routers, the interface type is <i>fe-pim/0/port</i>.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces (Fast Ethernet) on page 141</p> <p>show interfaces brief (Fast Ethernet) on page 141</p> <p>show interfaces detail (Fast Ethernet) on page 141</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (Fast Ethernet) on page 142</p>
Output Fields	Table 27 on page 127 lists the output fields for the show interfaces Fast Ethernet command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 27: show interfaces Fast Ethernet Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Index number of the physical interface, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive

Table 27: show interfaces Fast Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Link-level type	Encapsulation being used on the physical interface.	All levels
MTU	Maximum transmission unit size on the physical interface.	All levels
Speed	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels
Loopback	Loopback status: Enabled or Disabled . If loopback is enabled, type of loopback: Local or Remote .	All levels
Source filtering	Source filtering status: Enabled or Disabled .	All levels
LAN-PHY mode	10-Gigabit Ethernet interface operating in Local Area Network Physical Layer Device (LAN PHY) mode. LAN PHY allows 10-Gigabit Ethernet wide area links to use existing Ethernet applications.	All levels
WAN-PHY mode	10-Gigabit Ethernet interface operating in Wide Area Network Physical Layer Device (WAN PHY) mode. WAN PHY allows 10-Gigabit Ethernet wide area links to use fiber-optic cables and other devices intended for SONET/SDH.	All levels
Unidirectional	Unidirectional link mode status for 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface: Enabled or Disabled for parent interface; Rx-only or Tx-only for child interfaces.	All levels
Flow control	Flow control status: Enabled or Disabled .	All levels
Auto-negotiation	(Gigabit Ethernet interfaces) Autonegotiation status: Enabled or Disabled .	All levels
Remote-fault	(Gigabit Ethernet interfaces) Remote fault status: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Online—Autonegotiation is manually configured as online. ■ Offline—Autonegotiation is manually configured as offline. 	All levels
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Links Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Wavelength	(10-Gigabit Ethernet dense wavelength-division multiplexing [DWDM] interfaces) Displays the configured wavelength, in nanometers (nm).	All levels
Frequency	(10-Gigabit Ethernet DWDM interfaces only) Displays the frequency associated with the configured wavelength, in terahertz (THz).	All levels
CoS queues	Number of CoS queues configured.	detail extensive none
Schedulers	(Gigabit Ethernet only) Number of CoS schedulers configured.	extensive
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Current address	Configured MAC address.	detail extensive none

Table 27: show interfaces Fast Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Hardware address	Hardware MAC address.	detail extensive none
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: <i>year-month-day hour:minute:second:timezone (hour:minute:second ago)</i> . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago).	detail extensive none
Input Rate	Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps).	None specified
Output Rate	Output rate in bps and pps.	None specified
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. <p>Gigabit Ethernet and 10-Gigabit Ethernet IQ PICs count the overhead and CRC bytes.</p> <p>For Gigabit Ethernet IQ PICs, the input byte counts vary by interface type. For more information, see Table 31 under the show interfaces (10-Gigabit Ethernet) command.</p>	detail extensive

Table 27: show interfaces Fast Ethernet Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Input errors	<p>Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Runts—Number of frames received that are smaller than the runt threshold. ■ Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the JUNOS Software does not handle. ■ L3 incompletes—Number of incoming packets discarded because they failed Layer 3 (usually IPv4) sanity checks of the header. For example, a frame with less than 20 bytes of available IP header is discarded. L3 incomplete errors can be ignored by configuring the <code>ignore-l3-incompletes</code> statement. ■ L2 channel errors—Number of times the software did not find a valid logical interface for an incoming frame. ■ L2 mismatch timeouts—Number of malformed or short packets that caused the incoming packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable. ■ FIFO errors—Number of FIFO errors in the receive direction that are reported by the ASIC on the PIC. If this value is ever nonzero, the PIC is probably malfunctioning. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive

Table 27: show interfaces Fast Ethernet Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Output errors	<p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC or PIM is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Collisions—Number of Ethernet collisions. The Gigabit Ethernet PIC supports only full-duplex operation, so for Gigabit Ethernet PICs, this number should always remain 0. If it is nonzero, there is a software bug. ■ Aged packets—Number of packets that remained in shared packet SDRAM so long that the system automatically purged them. The value in this field should never increment. If it does, it is most likely a software bug or possibly malfunctioning hardware. ■ FIFO errors—Number of FIFO errors in the send direction as reported by the ASIC on the PIC. If this value is ever nonzero, the PIC is probably malfunctioning. ■ HS link CRC errors—Number of errors on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. ■ MTU errors—Number of packets whose size exceeded the MTU of the interface. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Egress queues	Total number of egress queues supported on the specified interface.	detail extensive
Queue counters (Egress)	<p>CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Queued packets—Number of queued packets. ■ Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. ■ Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. 	detail extensive
Ingress queues	Total number of ingress queues supported on the specified interface. Displayed on IQ2 interfaces.	extensive
Queue counters (Ingress)	<p>CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. Displayed on IQ2 interfaces.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Queued packets—Number of queued packets. ■ Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. ■ Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. 	extensive

Table 27: show interfaces Fast Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Active alarms and Active defects	<p>Ethernet-specific defects that can prevent the interface from passing packets. When a defect persists for a certain amount of time, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router, or turn on the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. These fields can contain the value None or Link.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ None—There are no active defects or alarms. ■ Link—Interface has lost its link state, which usually means that the cable is unplugged, the far-end system has been turned off, or the PIC is malfunctioning. 	detail extensive none
OTN FEC statistics	<p>The forward error correction (FEC) counters. The counters are read directly from the Xenpak module. The numbers are calculated inside the Xenpak hardware.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Corrected Errors—The count of corrected errors in the last second. ■ Corrected Error Ratio—The corrected error ratio in the last 25 seconds. For example, 1e-7 is 1 error per 10 million bits. 	
PCS statistics	<p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces) Displays Physical Coding Sublayer (PCS) fault conditions from the WAN PHY or the LAN PHY device.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Bit errors—High bit error rate. Indicates the number of bit errors when the PCS receiver is operating in normal mode. ■ Errored blocks—Loss of block lock. The number of errored blocks when PCS receiver is operating in normal mode. 	detail extensive

Table 27: show interfaces Fast Ethernet Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
MAC statistics	<p>Receive and Transmit statistics reported by the PIC's MAC subsystem, including the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Total octets and total packets—Total number of octets and packets. For Gigabit Ethernet IQ PICs, the received octets count varies by interface type. For more information, see Table 31 under the show interfaces (10-Gigabit Ethernet) command. ■ Unicast packets, Broadcast packets, and Multicast packets—Number of unicast, broadcast, and multicast packets. ■ CRC/Align errors—Total number of packets received that had a length (excluding framing bits, but including FCS octets) of between 64 and 1518 octets, inclusive, and had either a bad FCS with an integral number of octets (FCS Error) or a bad FCS with a nonintegral number of octets (Alignment Error). ■ FIFO error—Number of FIFO errors that are reported by the ASIC on the PIC. If this value is ever nonzero, the PIC or a cable is probably malfunctioning. ■ MAC control frames—Number of MAC control frames. ■ MAC pause frames—Number of MAC control frames with pause operational code. ■ Oversized frames—Number of frames that exceed 1518 octets. ■ Jabber frames—Number of frames that were longer than 1518 octets (excluding framing bits, but including FCS octets), and had either an FCS error or an alignment error. This definition of jabber is different from the definition in IEEE-802.3 section 8.2.1.5 (10BASE5) and section 10.3.1.4 (10BASE2). These documents define jabber as the condition in which any packet exceeds 20 ms. The allowed range to detect jabber is from 20 ms to 150 ms. ■ Fragment frames—Total number of packets that were less than 64 octets in length (excluding framing bits, but including FCS octets), and had either an FCS error or an alignment error. Fragment frames normally increment because both runs (which are normal occurrences caused by collisions) and noise hits are counted. ■ VLAN tagged frames—Number of frames that are VLAN tagged. The system uses the TPID of 0x8100 in the frame to determine whether a frame is tagged or not. ■ Code violations—Number of times an event caused the PHY to indicate “Data reception error” or “invalid data symbol error.” 	extensive
OTN Received Overhead Bytes	APS/PCC0: 0x02, APS/PCC1: 0x11, APS/PCC2: 0x47, APS/PCC3: 0x58 Payload Type: 0x08	extensive
OTN Transmitted Overhead Bytes	APS/PCC0: 0x00, APS/PCC1: 0x00, APS/PCC2: 0x00, APS/PCC3: 0x00 Payload Type: 0x08	extensive

Table 27: show interfaces Fast Ethernet Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Filter statistics	<p>Receive and Transmit statistics reported by the PIC's MAC address filter subsystem. The filtering is done by the content-addressable memory (CAM) on the PIC. The filter examines a packet's source and destination MAC addresses to determine whether the packet should enter the system or be rejected.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input packet count—Number of packets received from the MAC hardware that the filter processed. ■ Input packet rejects—Number of packets that the filter rejected because of either the source MAC address or the destination MAC address. ■ Input DA rejects—Number of packets that the filter rejected because the destination MAC address of the packet is not on the accept list. It is normal for this value to increment. When it increments very quickly and no traffic is entering the router from the far-end system, either there is a bad ARP entry on the far-end system, or multicast routing is not on and the far-end system is sending many multicast packets to the local router (which the router is rejecting). ■ Input SA rejects—Number of packets that the filter rejected because the source MAC address of the packet is not on the accept list. The value in this field should increment only if source MAC address filtering has been enabled. If filtering is enabled, if the value increments quickly, and if the system is not receiving traffic that it should from the far-end system, it means that the user-configured source MAC addresses for this interface are incorrect. ■ Output packet count—Number of packets that the filter has given to the MAC hardware. ■ Output packet pad count—Number of packets the filter padded to the minimum Ethernet size (60 bytes) before giving the packet to the MAC hardware. Usually, padding is done only on small ARP packets, but some very small IP packets can also require padding. If this value increments rapidly, either the system is trying to find an ARP entry for a far-end system that does not exist or it is misconfigured. ■ Output packet error count—Number of packets with an indicated error that the filter was given to transmit. These packets are usually aged packets or are the result of a bandwidth problem on the FPC hardware. On a normal system, the value of this field should not increment. ■ CAM destination filters, CAM source filters—Number of entries in the CAM dedicated to destination and source MAC address filters. There can only be up to 64 source entries. If source filtering is disabled, which is the default, the values for these fields should be 0. 	extensive
PMA PHY	<p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) SONET error information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. Any state other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PHY Lock—Phase-locked loop ■ PHY Light—Loss of optical signal 	extensive

Table 27: show interfaces Fast Ethernet Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
WIS section	<p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) SONET error information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. Any state other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ BIP-B1—Bit interleaved parity for SONET section overhead ■ SEF—Severely errored framing ■ LOL—Loss of light ■ LOF—Loss of frame ■ ES-S—Errored seconds (section) ■ SES-S—Severely errored seconds (section) ■ SEFS-S—Severely errored framing seconds (section) 	extensive
WIS line	<p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ BIP-B2—Bit interleaved parity for SONET line overhead ■ REI-L—Remote error indication (near-end line) ■ RDI-L—Remote defect indication (near-end line) ■ AIS-L—Alarm indication signal (near-end line) ■ BERR-SF—Bit error rate fault (signal failure) ■ BERR-SD—Bit error rate defect (signal degradation) ■ ES-L—Errored seconds (near-end line) ■ SES-L—Severely errored seconds (near-end line) ■ UAS-L—Unavailable seconds (near-end line) ■ ES-LFE—Errored seconds (far-end line) ■ SES-LFE—Severely errored seconds (far-end line) ■ UAS-LFE—Unavailable seconds (far-end line) 	extensive

Table 27: show interfaces Fast Ethernet Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
WIS path	<p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. Any state other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ BIP-B3—Bit interleaved parity for SONET section overhead ■ REI-P—Remote error indication ■ LOP-P—Loss of pointer (path) ■ AIS-P—Path alarm indication signal ■ RDI-P—Path remote defect indication ■ UNEQ-P—Path unequipped ■ PLMP—Path payload label mismatch ■ ES-P—Errored seconds (near-end STS path) ■ SES-P—Severely errored seconds (near-end STS path) ■ UAS-P—Unavailable seconds (near-end STS path) ■ SES-PFE—Severely errored seconds (far-end STS path) ■ UAS-PFE—Unavailable seconds (far-end STS path) 	extensive

Table 27: show interfaces Fast Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Autonegotiation information	<p>Information about link autonegotiation.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Negotiation status: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Incomplete—Ethernet interface has the speed or link mode configured. ■ No autonegotiation—Remote Ethernet interface has the speed or link mode configured, or does not perform autonegotiation. ■ Complete—Ethernet interface is connected to a device that performs autonegotiation and the autonegotiation process is successful. ■ Link partner status—OK when Ethernet interface is connected to a device that performs autonegotiation and the autonegotiation process is successful. ■ Link partner: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Link mode—Depending on the capability of the attached Ethernet device, either Full-duplex or Half-duplex. ■ Flow control—Types of flow control supported by the remote Ethernet device. For Fast Ethernet interfaces, the type is None. For Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, types are Symmetric (link partner supports PAUSE on receive and transmit), Asymmetric (link partner supports PAUSE on transmit), and Symmetric/Asymmetric (link partner supports both PAUSE on receive and transmit or only PAUSE receive). ■ Remote fault—Remote fault information from the link partner—Failure indicates a receive link error. OK indicates that the link partner is receiving. Negotiation error indicates a negotiation error. Offline indicates that the link partner is going offline. ■ Local resolution—Information from the link partner: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Flow control—Types of flow control supported by the remote Ethernet device. For Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, types are Symmetric (link partner supports PAUSE on receive and transmit), Asymmetric (link partner supports PAUSE on transmit), and Symmetric/Asymmetric (link partner supports both PAUSE on receive and transmit or only PAUSE receive). ■ Remote fault—Remote fault information. Link OK (no error detected on receive), Offline (local interface is offline), and Link Failure (link error detected on receive). 	extensive
Received path trace, Transmitted path trace	<p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) SONET/SDH interfaces allow path trace bytes to be sent inband across the SONET/SDH link. Juniper Networks and other router manufacturers use these bytes to help diagnose misconfigurations and network errors by setting the transmitted path trace message so that it contains the system hostname and name of the physical interface. The received path trace value is the message received from the router at the other end of the fiber. The transmitted path trace value is the message that this router transmits.</p>	extensive

Table 27: show interfaces Fast Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration	<p>Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Destination slot—FPC slot number. ■ CoS transmit queue—Queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. ■ Bandwidth %—Percentage of bandwidth allocated to the queue. ■ Bandwidth bps—Bandwidth allocated to the queue (in bps). ■ Buffer %—Percentage of buffer space allocated to the queue. ■ Buffer usec—Amount of buffer space allocated to the queue, in microseconds. This value is nonzero only if the buffer size is configured in terms of time. ■ Priority—Queue priority: <code>low</code> or <code>high</code>. ■ Limit—Displayed if rate limiting is configured for the queue. Possible values are <code>none</code> and <code>exact</code>. If <code>exact</code> is configured, the queue transmits only up to the configured bandwidth, even if excess bandwidth is available. If <code>none</code> is configured, the queue transmits beyond the configured bandwidth if bandwidth is available. 	extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Index number of the logical interface, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP interface index number for the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels

Table 27: show interfaces Fast Ethernet Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
VLAN-Tag	<p>Rewrite profile applied to incoming or outgoing frames on the outer (Out) VLAN tag or for both the outer and inner (In) VLAN tags.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ push—An outer VLAN tag is pushed in front of the existing VLAN tag. ■ pop—The outer VLAN tag of the incoming frame is removed. ■ swap—The outer VLAN tag of the incoming frame is overwritten with the user specified VLAN tag information. ■ push—An outer VLAN tag is pushed in front of the existing VLAN tag. ■ push-push—Two VLAN tags are pushed in from the incoming frame. ■ swap-push—The outer VLAN tag of the incoming frame is replaced by a user-specified VLAN tag value. A user-specified outer VLAN tag is pushed in front. The outer tag becomes an inner tag in the final frame. ■ swap-swap—Both the inner and the outer VLAN tags of the incoming frame are replaced by the user specified VLAN tag value. ■ pop-swap—The outer VLAN tag of the incoming frame is removed, and the inner VLAN tag of the incoming frame is replaced by the user-specified VLAN tag value. The inner tag becomes the outer tag in the final frame. ■ pop-pop—Both the outer and inner VLAN tags of the incoming frame are removed. 	brief detail extensive none
Demux:	<p>IP demultiplexing (demux) value that appears if this interface is used as the demux underlying interface. The output is one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Source Family Inet ■ Destination Family Inet 	detail extensive none
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	All levels
Protocol	Protocol family. Possible values are described in the “Protocol Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
MTU	Maximum transmission unit size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the specified interface set.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes, Output bytes—Number of bytes received and transmitted on the interface set ■ Input packets, Output packets—Number of packets received and transmitted on the interface set. 	detail extensive
IPv6 transit statistics	Number of IPv6 transit bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface if IPv6 statistics tracking is enabled.	extensive
Local statistics	Number and rate of bytes and packets destined to the router.	extensive

Table 27: show interfaces Fast Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Transit statistics	Number and rate of bytes and packets transiting the switch. NOTE: For Gigabit Ethernet intelligent queuing 2 (IQ2) interfaces, the logical interface egress statistics might not accurately reflect the traffic on the wire when output shaping is applied. Traffic management output shaping might drop packets after they are tallied by the Output bytes and Output packets interface counters. However, correct values display for both of these egress statistics when per-unit scheduling is enabled for the Gigabit Ethernet IQ2 physical interface, or when a single logical interface is actively using a shared scheduler.	extensive
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route Table	Route table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0.	detail extensive none
Flags	Information about protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive
Donor interface	(Unnumbered Ethernet) Interface from which an unnumbered Ethernet interface borrows an IPv4 address.	detail extensive none
Preferred source address	(Unnumbered Ethernet) Secondary IPv4 address of the donor loopback interface that acts as the preferred source address for the unnumbered Ethernet interface.	detail extensive none
Input Filters	Names of any input filters applied to this interface. If you specify a precedence value for any filter in a dynamic profile, filter precedence values appear in parenthesis next to all interfaces.	detail extensive
Output Filters	Names of any output filters applied to this interface. If you specify a precedence value for any filter in a dynamic profile, filter precedence values appear in parenthesis next to all interfaces.	detail extensive
Mac-Validate Failures	Number of MAC address validation failures for packets and bytes. This field is displayed when MAC address validation is enabled for the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Addresses, Flags	Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
<i>protocol-family</i>	Protocol family configured on the logical interface. If the protocol is inet, the IP address of the interface is also displayed.	brief
Flags	Information about address flag (possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Broadcast	Broadcast address of the logical interlace.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive

```

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces fe-0/0/0
(Fast Ethernet)    Physical interface: fe-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                      Interface index: 128, SNMP ifIndex: 22
                      Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 100mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
                      Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled
                      Device flags   : Present Running
                      Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
                      CoS queues    : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
                      Current address: 00:05:85:02:38:00, Hardware address: 00:05:85:02:38:00
                      Last flapped  : 2006-01-20 14:50:58 PST (2w4d 00:44 ago)
                      Input rate    : 0 bps (0 pps)
                      Output rate   : 0 bps (0 pps)
                      Active alarms : None
                      Active defects: None
                      Logical interface fe-0/0/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 198)
                      Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
                      Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
                      Flags: None
                      Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
                      Destination: 10.10.10/24, Local: 10.10.10.1, Broadcast: 10.10.10.255

show interfaces brief user@host> show interfaces fe-0/0/0 brief
(Fast Ethernet)    Physical interface: fe-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                      Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 100mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
                      Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled
                      Device flags   : Present Running
                      Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
                      Logical interface fe-0/0/0.0
                      Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
                      inet 10.10.10.1/24

show interfaces detail user@host> show interfaces fe-0/0/0 detail
(Fast Ethernet)    Physical interface: fe-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                      Interface index: 128, SNMP ifIndex: 22, Generation: 5391
                      Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 100mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
                      Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled
                      Device flags   : Present Running
                      Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
                      CoS queues    : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
                      Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
                      Current address: 00:05:85:02:38:00, Hardware address: 00:05:85:02:38:00
                      Last flapped  : 2006-01-20 14:50:58 PST (2w4d 00:45 ago)
                      Statistics last cleared: Never
                      Traffic statistics:
                      Input bytes   :                0                0 bps
                      Output bytes  :                42                0 bps
                      Input packets:                0                0 pps
                      Output packets:                1                0 pps
                      Active alarms : None
                      Active defects: None
                      Logical interface fe-0/0/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 198) (Generation 67)
                      Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
                      Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 105, Route table: 0
                      Flags: Is-Primary, Mac-Validate-Strict
                      Mac-Validate Failures: Packets: 0, Bytes: 0
                      Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
                      Destination: 10.10.10/24, Local: 10.10.10.1, Broadcast: 10.10.10.255,
                      Generation: 136

```

```

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces fe-0/0/0 extensive
extensive           Physical interface: fe-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
(Fast Ethernet)     Interface index: 128, SNMP ifIndex: 22, Generation: 5391
                      Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 100mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
                      Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled
                      Device flags   : Present Running
                      Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
                      CoS queues    : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
                      Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
                      Current address: 00:05:85:02:38:00, Hardware address: 00:05:85:02:38:00
                      Last flapped   : 2006-01-20 14:50:58 PST (2w4d 00:46 ago)
                      Statistics last cleared: Never
                      Traffic statistics:
                        Input  bytes :                0                0 bps
                        Output bytes :                42                0 bps
                        Input  packets:                0                0 pps
                        Output packets:                1                0 pps
                      Input errors:
                        Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Policed discards: 0,
                        L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0,
                        FIFO errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
                      Output errors:
                        Carrier transitions: 3, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Collisions: 0, Aged packets: 0,

                        FIFO errors: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0, MTU errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
                      Active alarms : None
                      Active defects: None
                      MAC statistics:
                        Total octets      Receive      Transmit
                        Total packets     0             1
                        Unicast packets   0             0
                        Broadcast packets 0             1
                        Multicast packets 0             0
                        CRC/Align errors  0             0
                        FIFO errors       0             0
                        MAC control frames 0             0
                        MAC pause frames   0             0
                        Oversized frames  0
                        Jabber frames      0
                        Fragment frames    0
                        VLAN tagged frames 0
                        Code violations    0
                      Filter statistics:
                        Input packet count      0
                        Input packet rejects    0
                        Input DA rejects        0
                        Input SA rejects        0
                        Output packet count     1
                        Output packet pad count 0
                        Output packet error count 0
                        CAM destination filters: 1, CAM source filters: 0
                      Autonegotiation information:
                        Negotiation status: Complete
                        Link partner:
                          Link partner: Full-duplex, Flow control: None, Remote fault: Ok
                        Local resolution:
                      Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
                        Destination slot: 0
                        Bandwidth      Buffer Priority Limit
                        %              bps %      usec
                        0 best-effort  95  950000000 95      0      low  none

```

```

3 network-control      5      50000000  5          0      low  none
Logical interface fe-0/0/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 198) (Generation 67)
Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 105, Route table: 0
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 10.10.10/24, Local: 10.10.10.1, Broadcast: 10.10.10.255,
Generation: 136

```

show interfaces (Gigabit Ethernet)

Syntax `show interfaces ge-fpc/pic/port`
`<brief | detail | extensive | terse>`
`<descriptions>`
`<media>`
`otn-options {`
`bytes {`
`transmit-payload-type number;`
`}`
`}`
`<snmp-index snmp-index>`
`<statistics>`

Release Information Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.

Description (M Series, T Series, and MX Series routers only) Display status information about the specified Gigabit Ethernet interface.

Options `ge-fpc/pic/port`—Display standard information about the specified Gigabit Ethernet interface.

`brief | detail | extensive | terse`—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.

`descriptions`—(Optional) Display interface description strings.

`media`—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.

`snmp-index snmp-index`—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.

`statistics`—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.

Required Privilege Level view

List of Sample Output `show interfaces (Gigabit Ethernet)` on page 158
`show interfaces (Gigabit Ethernet on MX Series Router)` on page 159
`show interfaces brief (Gigabit Ethernet)` on page 159
`show interfaces detail (Gigabit Ethernet)` on page 159
`show interfaces extensive (Gigabit Ethernet IQ2)` on page 161
`show interfaces (Gigabit Ethernet Unnumbered Interface)` on page 164

Output Fields See Table 28 on page 144 for the output fields for the `show interfaces (Gigabit Ethernet)` command. For Gigabit Ethernet IQ and IQE PICs, the traffic and MAC statistics vary by interface type. For more information, see Table 29 on page 158.

Table 28: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels

Table 28: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Index number of the physical interface, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Link-level type	Encapsulation being used on the physical interface.	All levels
MTU	Maximum transmission unit size on the physical interface.	All levels
Speed	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels
Loopback	Loopback status: Enabled or Disabled . If loopback is enabled, type of loopback: Local or Remote .	All levels
Source filtering	Source filtering status: Enabled or Disabled .	All levels
LAN-PHY mode	10-Gigabit Ethernet interface operating in Local Area Network Physical Layer Device (LAN PHY) mode. LAN PHY allows 10-Gigabit Ethernet wide area links to use existing Ethernet applications.	All levels
WAN-PHY mode	10-Gigabit Ethernet interface operating in Wide Area Network Physical Layer Device (WAN PHY) mode. WAN PHY allows 10-Gigabit Ethernet wide area links to use fiber-optic cables and other devices intended for SONET/SDH.	All levels
Unidirectional	Unidirectional link mode status for 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface: Enabled or Disabled for parent interface; Rx-only or Tx-only for child interfaces.	All levels
Flow control	Flow control status: Enabled or Disabled .	All levels
Auto-negotiation	(Gigabit Ethernet interfaces) Autonegotiation status: Enabled or Disabled .	All levels
Remote-fault	(Gigabit Ethernet interfaces) Remote fault status: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Online—Autonegotiation is manually configured as online. ■ Offline—Autonegotiation is manually configured as offline. 	All levels
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Links Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Wavelength	(10-Gigabit Ethernet dense wavelength-division multiplexing [DWDM] interfaces) Displays the configured wavelength, in nanometers (nm).	All levels

Table 28: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Frequency	(10-Gigabit Ethernet DWDM interfaces only) Displays the frequency associated with the configured wavelength, in terahertz (THz).	All levels
CoS queues	Number of CoS queues configured.	detail extensive none
Schedulers	(Gigabit Ethernet only) Number of CoS schedulers configured.	extensive
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Current address	Configured MAC address.	detail extensive none
Hardware address	Hardware MAC address.	detail extensive none
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second:timezone (hour:minute:second ago) . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) .	detail extensive none
Input Rate	Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps).	None specified
Output Rate	Output rate in bps and pps.	None specified
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. <p>Gigabit Ethernet and 10-Gigabit Ethernet IQ PICs count the overhead and CRC bytes.</p> <p>For Gigabit Ethernet IQ PICs, the input byte counts vary by interface type. For more information, see Table 31 under the show interfaces (10-Gigabit Ethernet) command.</p>	detail extensive

Table 28: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Input errors	<p>Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Runts—Number of frames received that are smaller than the runt threshold. ■ Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the JUNOS Software does not handle. ■ L3 incompletes—Number of incoming packets discarded because they failed Layer 3 (usually IPv4) sanity checks of the header. For example, a frame with less than 20 bytes of available IP header is discarded. L3 incomplete errors can be ignored by configuring the <code>ignore-l3-incompletes</code> statement. ■ L2 channel errors—Number of times the software did not find a valid logical interface for an incoming frame. ■ L2 mismatch timeouts—Number of malformed or short packets that caused the incoming packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable. ■ FIFO errors—Number of FIFO errors in the receive direction that are reported by the ASIC on the PIC. If this value is ever nonzero, the PIC is probably malfunctioning. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive

Table 28: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Output errors	<p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC or PIM is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Collisions—Number of Ethernet collisions. The Gigabit Ethernet PIC supports only full-duplex operation, so for Gigabit Ethernet PICs, this number should always remain 0. If it is nonzero, there is a software bug. ■ Aged packets—Number of packets that remained in shared packet SDRAM so long that the system automatically purged them. The value in this field should never increment. If it does, it is most likely a software bug or possibly malfunctioning hardware. ■ FIFO errors—Number of FIFO errors in the send direction as reported by the ASIC on the PIC. If this value is ever nonzero, the PIC is probably malfunctioning. ■ HS link CRC errors—Number of errors on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. ■ MTU errors—Number of packets whose size exceeded the MTU of the interface. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Egress queues	Total number of egress queues supported on the specified interface.	detail extensive
Queue counters (Egress)	<p>CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Queued packets—Number of queued packets. ■ Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. ■ Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. 	detail extensive
Ingress queues	Total number of ingress queues supported on the specified interface. Displayed on IQ2 interfaces.	extensive
Queue counters (Ingress)	<p>CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. Displayed on IQ2 interfaces.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Queued packets—Number of queued packets. ■ Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. ■ Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. 	extensive

Table 28: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Active alarms and Active defects	<p>Ethernet-specific defects that can prevent the interface from passing packets. When a defect persists for a certain amount of time, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router, or turn on the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. These fields can contain the value None or Link.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ None—There are no active defects or alarms. ■ Link—Interface has lost its link state, which usually means that the cable is unplugged, the far-end system has been turned off, or the PIC is malfunctioning. 	detail extensive none
OTN FEC statistics	<p>The forward error correction (FEC) counters. The counters are read directly from the Xenpak module. The numbers are calculated inside the Xenpak hardware.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Corrected Errors—The count of corrected errors in the last second. ■ Corrected Error Ratio—The corrected error ratio in the last 25 seconds. For example, 1e-7 is 1 error per 10 million bits. 	
PCS statistics	<p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces) Displays Physical Coding Sublayer (PCS) fault conditions from the WAN PHY or the LAN PHY device.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Bit errors—High bit error rate. Indicates the number of bit errors when the PCS receiver is operating in normal mode. ■ Errored blocks—Loss of block lock. The number of errored blocks when PCS receiver is operating in normal mode. 	detail extensive

Table 28: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
MAC statistics	<p>Receive and Transmit statistics reported by the PIC's MAC subsystem, including the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Total octets and total packets—Total number of octets and packets. For Gigabit Ethernet IQ PICs, the received octets count varies by interface type. For more information, see Table 31 under the show interfaces (10-Gigabit Ethernet) command. ■ Unicast packets, Broadcast packets, and Multicast packets—Number of unicast, broadcast, and multicast packets. ■ CRC/Align errors—Total number of packets received that had a length (excluding framing bits, but including FCS octets) of between 64 and 1518 octets, inclusive, and had either a bad FCS with an integral number of octets (FCS Error) or a bad FCS with a nonintegral number of octets (Alignment Error). ■ FIFO error—Number of FIFO errors that are reported by the ASIC on the PIC. If this value is ever nonzero, the PIC or a cable is probably malfunctioning. ■ MAC control frames—Number of MAC control frames. ■ MAC pause frames—Number of MAC control frames with pause operational code. ■ Oversized frames—Number of frames that exceed 1518 octets. ■ Jabber frames—Number of frames that were longer than 1518 octets (excluding framing bits, but including FCS octets), and had either an FCS error or an alignment error. This definition of jabber is different from the definition in IEEE-802.3 section 8.2.1.5 (10BASE5) and section 10.3.1.4 (10BASE2). These documents define jabber as the condition in which any packet exceeds 20 ms. The allowed range to detect jabber is from 20 ms to 150 ms. ■ Fragment frames—Total number of packets that were less than 64 octets in length (excluding framing bits, but including FCS octets), and had either an FCS error or an alignment error. Fragment frames normally increment because both runts (which are normal occurrences caused by collisions) and noise hits are counted. ■ VLAN tagged frames—Number of frames that are VLAN tagged. The system uses the TPID of 0x8100 in the frame to determine whether a frame is tagged or not. ■ Code violations—Number of times an event caused the PHY to indicate “Data reception error” or “invalid data symbol error.” 	extensive
OTN Received Overhead Bytes	APS/PCC0: 0x02, APS/PCC1: 0x11, APS/PCC2: 0x47, APS/PCC3: 0x58 Payload Type: 0x08	extensive
OTN Transmitted Overhead Bytes	APS/PCC0: 0x00, APS/PCC1: 0x00, APS/PCC2: 0x00, APS/PCC3: 0x00 Payload Type: 0x08	extensive

Table 28: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Filter statistics	<p>Receive and Transmit statistics reported by the PIC's MAC address filter subsystem. The filtering is done by the content-addressable memory (CAM) on the PIC. The filter examines a packet's source and destination MAC addresses to determine whether the packet should enter the system or be rejected.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input packet count—Number of packets received from the MAC hardware that the filter processed. ■ Input packet rejects—Number of packets that the filter rejected because of either the source MAC address or the destination MAC address. ■ Input DA rejects—Number of packets that the filter rejected because the destination MAC address of the packet is not on the accept list. It is normal for this value to increment. When it increments very quickly and no traffic is entering the router from the far-end system, either there is a bad ARP entry on the far-end system, or multicast routing is not on and the far-end system is sending many multicast packets to the local router (which the router is rejecting). ■ Input SA rejects—Number of packets that the filter rejected because the source MAC address of the packet is not on the accept list. The value in this field should increment only if source MAC address filtering has been enabled. If filtering is enabled, if the value increments quickly, and if the system is not receiving traffic that it should from the far-end system, it means that the user-configured source MAC addresses for this interface are incorrect. ■ Output packet count—Number of packets that the filter has given to the MAC hardware. ■ Output packet pad count—Number of packets the filter padded to the minimum Ethernet size (60 bytes) before giving the packet to the MAC hardware. Usually, padding is done only on small ARP packets, but some very small IP packets can also require padding. If this value increments rapidly, either the system is trying to find an ARP entry for a far-end system that does not exist or it is misconfigured. ■ Output packet error count—Number of packets with an indicated error that the filter was given to transmit. These packets are usually aged packets or are the result of a bandwidth problem on the FPC hardware. On a normal system, the value of this field should not increment. ■ CAM destination filters, CAM source filters—Number of entries in the CAM dedicated to destination and source MAC address filters. There can only be up to 64 source entries. If source filtering is disabled, which is the default, the values for these fields should be 0. 	extensive
PMA PHY	<p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) SONET error information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. Any state other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PHY Lock—Phase-locked loop ■ PHY Light—Loss of optical signal 	extensive

Table 28: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
WIS section	<p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) SONET error information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. Any state other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ BIP-B1—Bit interleaved parity for SONET section overhead ■ SEF—Severely errored framing ■ LOL—Loss of light ■ LOF—Loss of frame ■ ES-S—Errored seconds (section) ■ SES-S—Severely errored seconds (section) ■ SEFS-S—Severely errored framing seconds (section) 	extensive
WIS line	<p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ BIP-B2—Bit interleaved parity for SONET line overhead ■ REI-L—Remote error indication (near-end line) ■ RDI-L—Remote defect indication (near-end line) ■ AIS-L—Alarm indication signal (near-end line) ■ BERR-SF—Bit error rate fault (signal failure) ■ BERR-SD—Bit error rate defect (signal degradation) ■ ES-L—Errored seconds (near-end line) ■ SES-L—Severely errored seconds (near-end line) ■ UAS-L—Unavailable seconds (near-end line) ■ ES-LFE—Errored seconds (far-end line) ■ SES-LFE—Severely errored seconds (far-end line) ■ UAS-LFE—Unavailable seconds (far-end line) 	extensive

Table 28: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
WIS path	<p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. Any state other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ BIP-B3—Bit interleaved parity for SONET section overhead ■ REI-P—Remote error indication ■ LOP-P—Loss of pointer (path) ■ AIS-P—Path alarm indication signal ■ RDI-P—Path remote defect indication ■ UNEQ-P—Path unequipped ■ PLMP—Path payload label mismatch ■ ES-P—Errored seconds (near-end STS path) ■ SES-P—Severely errored seconds (near-end STS path) ■ UAS-P—Unavailable seconds (near-end STS path) ■ SES-PFE—Severely errored seconds (far-end STS path) ■ UAS-PFE—Unavailable seconds (far-end STS path) 	extensive

Table 28: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Autonegotiation information	<p>Information about link autonegotiation.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Negotiation status: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Incomplete—Ethernet interface has the speed or link mode configured. ■ No autonegotiation—Remote Ethernet interface has the speed or link mode configured, or does not perform autonegotiation. ■ Complete—Ethernet interface is connected to a device that performs autonegotiation and the autonegotiation process is successful. ■ Link partner status—OK when Ethernet interface is connected to a device that performs autonegotiation and the autonegotiation process is successful. ■ Link partner: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Link mode—Depending on the capability of the attached Ethernet device, either Full-duplex or Half-duplex. ■ Flow control—Types of flow control supported by the remote Ethernet device. For Fast Ethernet interfaces, the type is None. For Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, types are Symmetric (link partner supports PAUSE on receive and transmit), Asymmetric (link partner supports PAUSE on transmit), and Symmetric/Asymmetric (link partner supports both PAUSE on receive and transmit or only PAUSE receive). ■ Remote fault—Remote fault information from the link partner—Failure indicates a receive link error. OK indicates that the link partner is receiving. Negotiation error indicates a negotiation error. Offline indicates that the link partner is going offline. ■ Local resolution—Information from the link partner: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Flow control—Types of flow control supported by the remote Ethernet device. For Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, types are Symmetric (link partner supports PAUSE on receive and transmit), Asymmetric (link partner supports PAUSE on transmit), and Symmetric/Asymmetric (link partner supports both PAUSE on receive and transmit or only PAUSE receive). ■ Remote fault—Remote fault information. Link OK (no error detected on receive), Offline (local interface is offline), and Link Failure (link error detected on receive). 	extensive
Received path trace, Transmitted path trace	<p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) SONET/SDH interfaces allow path trace bytes to be sent inband across the SONET/SDH link. Juniper Networks and other router manufacturers use these bytes to help diagnose misconfigurations and network errors by setting the transmitted path trace message so that it contains the system hostname and name of the physical interface. The received path trace value is the message received from the router at the other end of the fiber. The transmitted path trace value is the message that this router transmits.</p>	extensive

Table 28: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration	<p>Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Destination slot—FPC slot number. ■ CoS transmit queue—Queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. ■ Bandwidth %—Percentage of bandwidth allocated to the queue. ■ Bandwidth bps—Bandwidth allocated to the queue (in bps). ■ Buffer %—Percentage of buffer space allocated to the queue. ■ Buffer usec—Amount of buffer space allocated to the queue, in microseconds. This value is nonzero only if the buffer size is configured in terms of time. ■ Priority—Queue priority: <code>low</code> or <code>high</code>. ■ Limit—Displayed if rate limiting is configured for the queue. Possible values are <code>none</code> and <code>exact</code>. If <code>exact</code> is configured, the queue transmits only up to the configured bandwidth, even if excess bandwidth is available. If <code>none</code> is configured, the queue transmits beyond the configured bandwidth if bandwidth is available. 	extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Index number of the logical interface, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP interface index number for the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels

Table 28: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
VLAN-Tag	<p>Rewrite profile applied to incoming or outgoing frames on the outer (Out) VLAN tag or for both the outer and inner (In) VLAN tags.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ push—An outer VLAN tag is pushed in front of the existing VLAN tag. ■ pop—The outer VLAN tag of the incoming frame is removed. ■ swap—The outer VLAN tag of the incoming frame is overwritten with the user specified VLAN tag information. ■ push—An outer VLAN tag is pushed in front of the existing VLAN tag. ■ push-push—Two VLAN tags are pushed in from the incoming frame. ■ swap-push—The outer VLAN tag of the incoming frame is replaced by a user-specified VLAN tag value. A user-specified outer VLAN tag is pushed in front. The outer tag becomes an inner tag in the final frame. ■ swap-swap—Both the inner and the outer VLAN tags of the incoming frame are replaced by the user specified VLAN tag value. ■ pop-swap—The outer VLAN tag of the incoming frame is removed, and the inner VLAN tag of the incoming frame is replaced by the user-specified VLAN tag value. The inner tag becomes the outer tag in the final frame. ■ pop-pop—Both the outer and inner VLAN tags of the incoming frame are removed. 	brief detail extensive none
Demux:	<p>IP demultiplexing (demux) value that appears if this interface is used as the demux underlying interface. The output is one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Source Family Inet ■ Destination Family Inet 	detail extensive none
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	All levels
Protocol	Protocol family. Possible values are described in the “Protocol Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
MTU	Maximum transmission unit size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the specified interface set.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes, Output bytes—Number of bytes received and transmitted on the interface set ■ Input packets, Output packets—Number of packets received and transmitted on the interface set. 	detail extensive
IPv6 transit statistics	Number of IPv6 transit bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface if IPv6 statistics tracking is enabled.	extensive
Local statistics	Number and rate of bytes and packets destined to the router.	extensive

Table 28: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Transit statistics	Number and rate of bytes and packets transiting the switch. NOTE: For Gigabit Ethernet intelligent queuing 2 (IQ2) interfaces, the logical interface egress statistics might not accurately reflect the traffic on the wire when output shaping is applied. Traffic management output shaping might drop packets after they are tallied by the Output bytes and Output packets interface counters. However, correct values display for both of these egress statistics when per-unit scheduling is enabled for the Gigabit Ethernet IQ2 physical interface, or when a single logical interface is actively using a shared scheduler.	extensive
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route Table	Route table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0.	detail extensive none
Flags	Information about protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive
Donor interface	(Unnumbered Ethernet) Interface from which an unnumbered Ethernet interface borrows an IPv4 address.	detail extensive none
Preferred source address	(Unnumbered Ethernet) Secondary IPv4 address of the donor loopback interface that acts as the preferred source address for the unnumbered Ethernet interface.	detail extensive none
Input Filters	Names of any input filters applied to this interface. If you specify a precedence value for any filter in a dynamic profile, filter precedence values appear in parenthesis next to all interfaces.	detail extensive
Output Filters	Names of any output filters applied to this interface. If you specify a precedence value for any filter in a dynamic profile, filter precedence values appear in parenthesis next to all interfaces.	detail extensive
Mac-Validate Failures	Number of MAC address validation failures for packets and bytes. This field is displayed when MAC address validation is enabled for the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Addresses, Flags	Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
<i>protocol-family</i>	Protocol family configured on the logical interface. If the protocol is inet, the IP address of the interface is also displayed.	brief
Flags	Information about address flag (possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Broadcast	Broadcast address of the logical interlace.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive

Table 29: Gigabit Ethernet IQ PIC Traffic and MAC Statistics by Interface Type

Interface Type	Sample Command	Byte and Octet Counts Include	Comments
Inbound physical interface	show interfaces ge-0/3/0 extensive	Traffic statistics: Input bytes: 496 bytes per packet, representing the Layer 2 packet MAC statistics: Received octets: 500 bytes per packet, representing the Layer 2 packet + 4 bytes	The additional 4 bytes are for the CRC.
Inbound logical interface	show interfaces ge-0/3/0.50 extensive	Traffic statistics: Input bytes: 478 bytes per packet, representing the Layer 3 packet	
Outbound physical interface	show interfaces ge-0/0/0 extensive	Traffic statistics: Input bytes: 490 bytes per packet, representing the Layer 3 packet + 12 bytes MAC statistics: Received octets: 478 bytes per packet, representing the Layer 3 packet	For input bytes, the additional 12 bytes includes 6 bytes for the destination MAC address + 4 bytes for VLAN + 2 bytes for the Ethernet type.
Outbound logical interface	show interfaces ge-0/0/0.50 extensive	Traffic statistics: Input bytes: 478 bytes per packet, representing the Layer 3 packet	

show interfaces (Gigabit Ethernet)

```

user@host> show interfaces ge-3/0/2
Physical interface: ge-3/0/2, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 167, SNMP ifIndex: 35
  Link-level type: 52, MTU: 1522, Speed: 1000mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
  Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled, Auto-negotiation: Enabled
  Remote fault: Online
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  CoS queues     : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
  Current address: 00:05:85:4a:e9:7c, Hardware address: 00:05:85:4a:e9:7c
  Last flapped   : 2006-08-10 17:25:10 PDT (00:01:08 ago)
  Input rate      : 0 bps (0 pps)
  Output rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)
  Ingress rate at Packet Forwarding Engine : 0 bps (0 pps)
  Ingress drop rate at Packet Forwarding Engine : 0 bps (0 pps)
  Active alarms   : None
  Active defects  : None

Logical interface ge-3/0/2.0 (Index 72) (SNMP ifIndex 69)
  Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x4000
  VLAN-Tag [ 0x8100.512 0x8100.513 ] In(pop-swap 0x8100.530) Out(swap-push
  0x8100.512 0x8100.513)
  Encapsulation: VLAN-CCC

```

```

Input packets : 0
Output packets: 0
Protocol ccc, MTU: 1522
Flags: Is-Primary

```

**show interfaces
(Gigabit Ethernet on
MX Series Router)**

```

user@host> show interfaces ge-2/2/2
Physical interface: ge-2/2/2, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 156, SNMP ifIndex: 188
  Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 1000mbps, MAC-REWRITE Error: None,
  Loopback: Disabled,
  Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled, Auto-negotiation: Enabled,
  Remote fault: Online
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : None
  CoS queues     : 8 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
  Schedulers     : 0
  Current address: 00:1f:12:b7:d7:c0, Hardware address: 00:1f:12:b7:d6:76
  Last flapped   : 2008-09-05 16:44:30 PDT (3d 01:04 ago)
  Input rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)
  Output rate    : 0 bps (0 pps)
  Active alarms  : None
  Active defects : None

Logical interface ge-2/2/2.0 (Index 82) (SNMP ifIndex 219)
  Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x20000000 Encapsulation: Ethernet-Bridge
  Input packets : 0
  Output packets: 0
  Protocol aenet, AE bundle: ae0.0   Link Index: 4

```

**show interfaces brief
(Gigabit Ethernet)**

```

user@host> show interfaces ge-3/0/2 brief
Physical interface: ge-3/0/2, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Link-level type: 52, MTU: 1522, Speed: 1000mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
  Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled, Auto-negotiation: Enabled,
  Remote fault: Online
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : None

Logical interface ge-3/0/2.0
  Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x4000
  VLAN-Tag [ 0x8100.512 0x8100.513 ] In(pop-swap 0x8100.530) Out(swap-push
0x8100.512 0x8100.513)
  Encapsulation: VLAN-CCC
  ccc

Logical interface ge-3/0/2.32767
  Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x4000 VLAN-Tag [ 0x0000.0 ] Encapsulation: ENET2

```

**show interfaces detail
(Gigabit Ethernet)**

```

user@host> show interfaces ge-3/0/2 detail
Physical interface: ge-3/0/2, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 167, SNMP ifIndex: 35, Generation: 177
  Link-level type: 52, MTU: 1522, Speed: 1000mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
  Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled, Auto-negotiation: Enabled,
  Remote fault: Online
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : None
  CoS queues     : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
  Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms

```

```

Current address: 00:05:85:4a:e9:7c, Hardware address: 00:05:85:4a:e9:7c
Last flapped   : 2006-08-09 17:17:00 PDT (01:31:33 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes   :                0                0 bps
Output bytes  :                0                0 bps
Input packets :                0                0 pps
Output packets:                0                0 pps
Ingress traffic statistics at Packet Forwarding Engine:
Input bytes   :                0                0 bps
Input packets :                0                0 pps
Drop bytes    :                0                0 bps
Drop packets  :                0                0 pps
Ingress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

  0 best-effort                0                0                0
  1 expedited-fo                0                0                0
  2 assured-forw                0                0                0
  3 network-cont                0                0                0

Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

  0 best-effort                0                0                0
  1 expedited-fo                0                0                0
  2 assured-forw                0                0                0
  3 network-cont                0                0                0

Active alarms   : None
Active defects  : None

Logical interface ge-3/0/2.0 (Index 72) (SNMP ifIndex 69) (Generation 140)
  Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x4000
  VLAN-Tag [0x8100.512 0x8100.513 ] In(pop-swap 0x8100.530)
Out(swap-push 0x8100.512 0x8100.513)
  Encapsulation: VLAN-CCC
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   :                0
    Output bytes  :                0
    Input packets :                0
    Output packets:                0
  Local statistics:
    Input bytes   :                0
    Output bytes  :                0
    Input packets :                0
    Output packets:                0
  Transit statistics:
    Input bytes   :                0                0 bps
    Output bytes  :                0                0 bps
    Input packets :                0                0 pps
    Output packets:                0                0 pps
  Protocol ccc, MTU: 1522, Generation: 149, Route table: 0
  Flags: Is-Primary

```

```

Logical interface ge-3/0/2.32767 (Index 71) (SNMP ifIndex 70)
(Generation 139)
  Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x4000 VLAN-Tag [ 0x0000.0 ] Encapsulation: ENET2
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0
    Input packets: 0
    Output packets: 0
  Local statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0
    Input packets: 0
    Output packets: 0
  Transit statistics:
    Input bytes : 0 0 bps
    Output bytes : 0 0 bps
    Input packets: 0 0 pps
    Output packets: 0 0 pps

```

**show interfaces
extensive
(Gigabit Ethernet IQ2)**

```

user@host> show interfaces extensive ge-7/1/3
Physical interface: ge-7/1/3, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 170, SNMP ifIndex: 70, Generation: 171
Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 1000mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled, Auto-negotiation: Enabled,
Remote fault: Online
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4004000
Link flags : None
CoS queues : 8 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
Schedulers : 256
Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: 00:14:f6:30:5e:74, Hardware address: 00:14:f6:30:5e:74
Last flapped : 2007-11-07 21:31:41 PST (02:03:33 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes : 38910844056 7952 bps
  Output bytes : 7174605 8464 bps
  Input packets: 418398473 11 pps
  Output packets: 78903 12 pps
IPv6 transit statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
Ingress traffic statistics at Packet Forwarding Engine:
  Input bytes : 38910799145 7952 bps
  Input packets: 418397956 11 pps
  Drop bytes : 0 0 bps
  Drop packets: 0 0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Policed discards: 0,
  L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0,
  FIFO errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 1, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Collisions: 0, Aged packets: 0,

  FIFO errors: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0, MTU errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Ingress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue counters: Queued packets Transmitted packets Dropped packets

0 best-effort 418390823 418390823 0

```

1 expedited-fo	0	0	0
2 assured-forw	0	0	0
3 network-cont	7133	7133	0

Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use

Queue counters:	Queued packets	Transmitted packets	Dropped packets
0 best-effort	1031	1031	0
1 expedited-fo	0	0	0
2 assured-forw	0	0	0
3 network-cont	77872	77872	0

Active alarms : None
Active defects : None

MAC statistics:

	Receive	Transmit
Total octets	38910844056	7174605
Total packets	418398473	78903
Unicast packets	408021893366	1026
Broadcast packets	10	12
Multicast packets	418398217	77865
CRC/Align errors	0	0
FIFO errors	0	0
MAC control frames	0	0
MAC pause frames	0	0
Oversized frames	0	
Jabber frames	0	
Fragment frames	0	
VLAN tagged frames	0	
Code violations	0	

OTN Received Overhead Bytes:
APS/PCC0: 0x02, APS/PCC1: 0x11, APS/PCC2: 0x47, APS/PCC3: 0x58
Payload Type: 0x08

OTN Transmitted Overhead Bytes:
APS/PCC0: 0x00, APS/PCC1: 0x00, APS/PCC2: 0x00, APS/PCC3: 0x00
Payload Type: 0x08

Filter statistics:

Input packet count	418398473	
Input packet rejects	479	
Input DA rejects	479	
Input SA rejects	0	
Output packet count		78903
Output packet pad count		0
Output packet error count		0

CAM destination filters: 0, CAM source filters: 0

Autonegotiation information:
Negotiation status: Complete
Link partner:
Link mode: Full-duplex, Flow control: Symmetric/Asymmetric,
Remote fault: OK
Local resolution:
Flow control: Symmetric, Remote fault: Link OK

Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
Destination slot: 7
Direction : Output

CoS transmit queue	Bandwidth	Buffer	Priority	Limit
	%	bps	%	usec


```

    0 best-effort          95      950000000    95          0
low   none
    3 network-control      5      50000000     5          0
low   none
    Direction : Input
    CoS transmit queue      Bandwidth      Buffer      Priority    Limit
                             %      bps      %      usec
    0 best-effort          95      950000000    95          0
low   none
    3 network-control      5      50000000     5          0
low   none

```

Logical interface ge-7/1/3.0 (Index 70) (SNMP ifIndex 85) (Generation 150)

Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2

Traffic statistics:

```

Input bytes :      812400
Output bytes :    1349206
Input packets:      9429
Output packets:    9449

```

IPv6 transit statistics:

```

Input bytes :      0
Output bytes :      0
Input packets:      0
Output packets:     0

```

Local statistics:

```

Input bytes :      812400
Output bytes :    1349206
Input packets:      9429
Output packets:    9449

```

Transit statistics:

```

Input bytes :      0      7440 bps
Output bytes :      0      7888 bps
Input packets:      0      10 pps
Output packets:      0      11 pps

```

IPv6 transit statistics:

```

Input bytes :      0
Output bytes :      0
Input packets:      0
Output packets:     0

```

Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 169, Route table: 0

Flags: Is-Primary, Mac-Validate-Strict

Mac-Validate Failures: Packets: 0, Bytes: 0

Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary

Input Filters: F1-ge-3/0/1.0-in, F3-ge-3/0/1.0-in

Output Filters: F2-ge-3/0/1.0-out (53)

Destination: 10.74.2/24, Local: 10.74.2.2, Broadcast: 10.74.2.255,
Generation: 196

Protocol multiservice, MTU: Unlimited, Generation: 170, Route table: 0

Flags: Is-Primary

Policer: Input: __default_arp_policer__

NOTE: For Gigabit Ethernet intelligent queuing 2 (IQ2) interfaces, the logical interface egress statistics displayed in the **show interfaces** command output might not accurately reflect the traffic on the wire when output shaping is applied. Traffic management output shaping might drop packets after they are tallied by the interface counters. For detailed information, see the description of the logical interface **Transit statistics** fields in Table 28 on page 144.

```

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces ge-3/2/0
(Gigabit Ethernet   Physical interface: ge-3/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Unnumbered Interface)
                        Interface index: 148, SNMP ifIndex: 50
                        Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 1000mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
                        Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled, Auto-negotiation: Enabled,
                        Remote fault: Online
                        Device flags   : Present Running
                        Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
                        Link flags     : None
                        CoS queues     : 8 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
                        Current address: 00:14:f6:11:26:f8, Hardware address: 00:14:f6:11:26:f8
                        Last flapped   : 2006-10-27 04:42:23 PDT (08:01:52 ago)
                        Input rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)
                        Output rate    : 624 bps (1 pps)
                        Active alarms  : None
                        Active defects : None

                        Logical interface ge-3/2/0.0 (Index 67) (SNMP ifIndex 85)
                        Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
                        Input packets : 0
                        Output packets: 6
                        Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
                        Flags: Unnumbered
                        Donor interface: lo0.0 (Index 64)
                        Preferred source address: 22.22.22.22

```

show interfaces (10-Gigabit Ethernet)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>xe-fpc/pic/port</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 8.0.
Description	(M-320, M-120, MX Series, and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.
Options	<p><i>xe-fpc/pic/port</i>—Display standard information about the specified 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces extensive (10-Gigabit Ethernet, LAN PHY Mode, IQ2) on page 179</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (10-Gigabit Ethernet, WAN PHY Mode) on page 182</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (10-Gigabit Ethernet, FEC) on page 183</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (10-Gigabit Ethernet, LAN PHY Mode, Unidirectional Mode) on page 184</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (10-Gigabit Ethernet, LAN PHY Mode, Unidirectional Mode, Transmit-Only) on page 184</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (10-Gigabit Ethernet, LAN PHY Mode, Unidirectional Mode, Receive-Only) on page 185</p>
Output Fields	See Table 30 on page 166 for the output fields for the show interfaces (10-Gigabit Ethernet) command.

Table 30: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Index number of the physical interface, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Link-level type	Encapsulation being used on the physical interface.	All levels
MTU	Maximum transmission unit size on the physical interface.	All levels
Speed	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels
Loopback	Loopback status: Enabled or Disabled . If loopback is enabled, type of loopback: Local or Remote .	All levels
Source filtering	Source filtering status: Enabled or Disabled .	All levels
LAN-PHY mode	10-Gigabit Ethernet interface operating in Local Area Network Physical Layer Device (LAN PHY) mode. LAN PHY allows 10-Gigabit Ethernet wide area links to use existing Ethernet applications.	All levels
WAN-PHY mode	10-Gigabit Ethernet interface operating in Wide Area Network Physical Layer Device (WAN PHY) mode. WAN PHY allows 10-Gigabit Ethernet wide area links to use fiber-optic cables and other devices intended for SONET/SDH.	All levels
Unidirectional	Unidirectional link mode status for 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface: Enabled or Disabled for parent interface; Rx-only or Tx-only for child interfaces.	All levels
Flow control	Flow control status: Enabled or Disabled .	All levels
Auto-negotiation	(Gigabit Ethernet interfaces) Autonegotiation status: Enabled or Disabled .	All levels
Remote-fault	(Gigabit Ethernet interfaces) Remote fault status: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Online—Autonegotiation is manually configured as online. ■ Offline—Autonegotiation is manually configured as offline. 	All levels
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Links Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels

Table 30: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Wavelength	(10-Gigabit Ethernet dense wavelength-division multiplexing [DWDM] interfaces) Displays the configured wavelength, in nanometers (nm).	All levels
Frequency	(10-Gigabit Ethernet DWDM interfaces only) Displays the frequency associated with the configured wavelength, in terahertz (THz).	All levels
CoS queues	Number of CoS queues configured.	detail extensive none
Schedulers	(Gigabit Ethernet only) Number of CoS schedulers configured.	extensive
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Current address	Configured MAC address.	detail extensive none
Hardware address	Hardware MAC address.	detail extensive none
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second:timezone (hour:minute:second ago) . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) .	detail extensive none
Input Rate	Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps).	None specified
Output Rate	Output rate in bps and pps.	None specified
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. <p>Gigabit Ethernet and 10-Gigabit Ethernet IQ PICs count the overhead and CRC bytes.</p> <p>For Gigabit Ethernet IQ PICs, the input byte counts vary by interface type. For more information, see Table 31 under the show interfaces (10-Gigabit Ethernet) command.</p>	detail extensive

Table 30: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Input errors	<p>Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Runts—Number of frames received that are smaller than the runt threshold. ■ Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the JUNOS Software does not handle. ■ L3 incompletes—Number of incoming packets discarded because they failed Layer 3 (usually IPv4) sanity checks of the header. For example, a frame with less than 20 bytes of available IP header is discarded. L3 incomplete errors can be ignored by configuring the <code>ignore-l3-incompletes</code> statement. ■ L2 channel errors—Number of times the software did not find a valid logical interface for an incoming frame. ■ L2 mismatch timeouts—Number of malformed or short packets that caused the incoming packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable. ■ FIFO errors—Number of FIFO errors in the receive direction that are reported by the ASIC on the PIC. If this value is ever nonzero, the PIC is probably malfunctioning. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive

Table 30: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Output errors	<p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC or PIM is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Collisions—Number of Ethernet collisions. The Gigabit Ethernet PIC supports only full-duplex operation, so for Gigabit Ethernet PICs, this number should always remain 0. If it is nonzero, there is a software bug. ■ Aged packets—Number of packets that remained in shared packet SDRAM so long that the system automatically purged them. The value in this field should never increment. If it does, it is most likely a software bug or possibly malfunctioning hardware. ■ FIFO errors—Number of FIFO errors in the send direction as reported by the ASIC on the PIC. If this value is ever nonzero, the PIC is probably malfunctioning. ■ HS link CRC errors—Number of errors on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. ■ MTU errors—Number of packets whose size exceeded the MTU of the interface. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Egress queues	Total number of egress queues supported on the specified interface.	detail extensive
Queue counters (Egress)	<p>CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Queued packets—Number of queued packets. ■ Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. ■ Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. 	detail extensive
Ingress queues	Total number of ingress queues supported on the specified interface. Displayed on IQ2 interfaces.	extensive
Queue counters (Ingress)	<p>CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. Displayed on IQ2 interfaces.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Queued packets—Number of queued packets. ■ Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. ■ Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. 	extensive

Table 30: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Active alarms and Active defects	<p>Ethernet-specific defects that can prevent the interface from passing packets. When a defect persists for a certain amount of time, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router, or turn on the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. These fields can contain the value None or Link.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ None—There are no active defects or alarms. ■ Link—Interface has lost its link state, which usually means that the cable is unplugged, the far-end system has been turned off, or the PIC is malfunctioning. 	detail extensive none
OTN FEC statistics	<p>The forward error correction (FEC) counters. The counters are read directly from the Xenpak module. The numbers are calculated inside the Xenpak hardware.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Corrected Errors—The count of corrected errors in the last second. ■ Corrected Error Ratio—The corrected error ratio in the last 25 seconds. For example, 1e-7 is 1 error per 10 million bits. 	
PCS statistics	<p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces) Displays Physical Coding Sublayer (PCS) fault conditions from the WAN PHY or the LAN PHY device.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Bit errors—High bit error rate. Indicates the number of bit errors when the PCS receiver is operating in normal mode. ■ Errored blocks—Loss of block lock. The number of errored blocks when PCS receiver is operating in normal mode. 	detail extensive

Table 30: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
MAC statistics	<p>Receive and Transmit statistics reported by the PIC's MAC subsystem, including the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Total octets and total packets—Total number of octets and packets. For Gigabit Ethernet IQ PICs, the received octets count varies by interface type. For more information, see Table 31 on page 179. ■ Unicast packets, Broadcast packets, and Multicast packets—Number of unicast, broadcast, and multicast packets. ■ CRC/Align errors—Total number of packets received that had a length (excluding framing bits, but including FCS octets) of between 64 and 1518 octets, inclusive, and had either a bad FCS with an integral number of octets (FCS Error) or a bad FCS with a nonintegral number of octets (Alignment Error). ■ FIFO error—Number of FIFO errors that are reported by the ASIC on the PIC. If this value is ever nonzero, the PIC or a cable is probably malfunctioning. ■ MAC control frames—Number of MAC control frames. ■ MAC pause frames—Number of MAC control frames with pause operational code. ■ Oversized frames—Number of frames that exceed 1518 octets. ■ Jabber frames—Number of frames that were longer than 1518 octets (excluding framing bits, but including FCS octets), and had either an FCS error or an alignment error. This definition of jabber is different from the definition in IEEE-802.3 section 8.2.1.5 (10BASE5) and section 10.3.1.4 (10BASE2). These documents define jabber as the condition in which any packet exceeds 20 ms. The allowed range to detect jabber is from 20 ms to 150 ms. ■ Fragment frames—Total number of packets that were less than 64 octets in length (excluding framing bits, but including FCS octets), and had either an FCS error or an alignment error. Fragment frames normally increment because both runs (which are normal occurrences caused by collisions) and noise hits are counted. ■ VLAN tagged frames—Number of frames that are VLAN tagged. The system uses the TPID of 0x8100 in the frame to determine whether a frame is tagged or not. ■ Code violations—Number of times an event caused the PHY to indicate “Data reception error” or “invalid data symbol error.” 	extensive
OTN Received Overhead Bytes	APS/PCC0: 0x02, APS/PCC1: 0x11, APS/PCC2: 0x47, APS/PCC3: 0x58 Payload Type: 0x08	extensive
OTN Transmitted Overhead Bytes	APS/PCC0: 0x00, APS/PCC1: 0x00, APS/PCC2: 0x00, APS/PCC3: 0x00 Payload Type: 0x08	extensive

Table 30: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Filter statistics	<p>Receive and Transmit statistics reported by the PIC's MAC address filter subsystem. The filtering is done by the content-addressable memory (CAM) on the PIC. The filter examines a packet's source and destination MAC addresses to determine whether the packet should enter the system or be rejected.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input packet count—Number of packets received from the MAC hardware that the filter processed. ■ Input packet rejects—Number of packets that the filter rejected because of either the source MAC address or the destination MAC address. ■ Input DA rejects—Number of packets that the filter rejected because the destination MAC address of the packet is not on the accept list. It is normal for this value to increment. When it increments very quickly and no traffic is entering the router from the far-end system, either there is a bad ARP entry on the far-end system, or multicast routing is not on and the far-end system is sending many multicast packets to the local router (which the router is rejecting). ■ Input SA rejects—Number of packets that the filter rejected because the source MAC address of the packet is not on the accept list. The value in this field should increment only if source MAC address filtering has been enabled. If filtering is enabled, if the value increments quickly, and if the system is not receiving traffic that it should from the far-end system, it means that the user-configured source MAC addresses for this interface are incorrect. ■ Output packet count—Number of packets that the filter has given to the MAC hardware. ■ Output packet pad count—Number of packets the filter padded to the minimum Ethernet size (60 bytes) before giving the packet to the MAC hardware. Usually, padding is done only on small ARP packets, but some very small IP packets can also require padding. If this value increments rapidly, either the system is trying to find an ARP entry for a far-end system that does not exist or it is misconfigured. ■ Output packet error count—Number of packets with an indicated error that the filter was given to transmit. These packets are usually aged packets or are the result of a bandwidth problem on the FPC hardware. On a normal system, the value of this field should not increment. ■ CAM destination filters, CAM source filters—Number of entries in the CAM dedicated to destination and source MAC address filters. There can only be up to 64 source entries. If source filtering is disabled, which is the default, the values for these fields should be 0. 	extensive
PMA PHY	<p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) SONET error information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. Any state other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PHY Lock—Phase-locked loop ■ PHY Light—Loss of optical signal 	extensive

Table 30: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
WIS section	<p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) SONET error information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. Any state other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ BIP-B1—Bit interleaved parity for SONET section overhead ■ SEF—Severely errored framing ■ LOL—Loss of light ■ LOF—Loss of frame ■ ES-S—Errored seconds (section) ■ SES-S—Severely errored seconds (section) ■ SEFS-S—Severely errored framing seconds (section) 	extensive
WIS line	<p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ BIP-B2—Bit interleaved parity for SONET line overhead ■ REI-L—Remote error indication (near-end line) ■ RDI-L—Remote defect indication (near-end line) ■ AIS-L—Alarm indication signal (near-end line) ■ BERR-SF—Bit error rate fault (signal failure) ■ BERR-SD—Bit error rate defect (signal degradation) ■ ES-L—Errored seconds (near-end line) ■ SES-L—Severely errored seconds (near-end line) ■ UAS-L—Unavailable seconds (near-end line) ■ ES-LFE—Errored seconds (far-end line) ■ SES-LFE—Severely errored seconds (far-end line) ■ UAS-LFE—Unavailable seconds (far-end line) 	extensive

Table 30: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
WIS path	<p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. Any state other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ BIP-B3—Bit interleaved parity for SONET section overhead ■ REI-P—Remote error indication ■ LOP-P—Loss of pointer (path) ■ AIS-P—Path alarm indication signal ■ RDI-P—Path remote defect indication ■ UNEQ-P—Path unequipped ■ PLMP—Path payload label mismatch ■ ES-P—Errored seconds (near-end STS path) ■ SES-P—Severely errored seconds (near-end STS path) ■ UAS-P—Unavailable seconds (near-end STS path) ■ SES-PFE—Severely errored seconds (far-end STS path) ■ UAS-PFE—Unavailable seconds (far-end STS path) 	extensive

Table 30: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Autonegotiation information	<p>Information about link autonegotiation.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Negotiation status: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Incomplete—Ethernet interface has the speed or link mode configured. ■ No autonegotiation—Remote Ethernet interface has the speed or link mode configured, or does not perform autonegotiation. ■ Complete—Ethernet interface is connected to a device that performs autonegotiation and the autonegotiation process is successful. ■ Link partner status—OK when Ethernet interface is connected to a device that performs autonegotiation and the autonegotiation process is successful. ■ Link partner: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Link mode—Depending on the capability of the attached Ethernet device, either Full-duplex or Half-duplex. ■ Flow control—Types of flow control supported by the remote Ethernet device. For Fast Ethernet interfaces, the type is None. For Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, types are Symmetric (link partner supports PAUSE on receive and transmit), Asymmetric (link partner supports PAUSE on transmit), and Symmetric/Asymmetric (link partner supports both PAUSE on receive and transmit or only PAUSE receive). ■ Remote fault—Remote fault information from the link partner—Failure indicates a receive link error. OK indicates that the link partner is receiving. Negotiation error indicates a negotiation error. Offline indicates that the link partner is going offline. ■ Local resolution—Information from the link partner: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Flow control—Types of flow control supported by the remote Ethernet device. For Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, types are Symmetric (link partner supports PAUSE on receive and transmit), Asymmetric (link partner supports PAUSE on transmit), and Symmetric/Asymmetric (link partner supports both PAUSE on receive and transmit or only PAUSE receive). ■ Remote fault—Remote fault information. Link OK (no error detected on receive), Offline (local interface is offline), and Link Failure (link error detected on receive). 	extensive
Received path trace, Transmitted path trace	<p>(10-Gigabit Ethernet interfaces, WAN PHY mode) SONET/SDH interfaces allow path trace bytes to be sent inband across the SONET/SDH link. Juniper Networks and other router manufacturers use these bytes to help diagnose misconfigurations and network errors by setting the transmitted path trace message so that it contains the system hostname and name of the physical interface. The received path trace value is the message received from the router at the other end of the fiber. The transmitted path trace value is the message that this router transmits.</p>	extensive

Table 30: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration	<p>Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Destination slot—FPC slot number. ■ CoS transmit queue—Queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. ■ Bandwidth %—Percentage of bandwidth allocated to the queue. ■ Bandwidth bps—Bandwidth allocated to the queue (in bps). ■ Buffer %—Percentage of buffer space allocated to the queue. ■ Buffer usec—Amount of buffer space allocated to the queue, in microseconds. This value is nonzero only if the buffer size is configured in terms of time. ■ Priority—Queue priority: <code>low</code> or <code>high</code>. ■ Limit—Displayed if rate limiting is configured for the queue. Possible values are <code>none</code> and <code>exact</code>. If <code>exact</code> is configured, the queue transmits only up to the configured bandwidth, even if excess bandwidth is available. If <code>none</code> is configured, the queue transmits beyond the configured bandwidth if bandwidth is available. 	extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Index number of the logical interface, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP interface index number for the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels

Table 30: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
VLAN-Tag	<p>Rewrite profile applied to incoming or outgoing frames on the outer (Out) VLAN tag or for both the outer and inner (In) VLAN tags.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ push—An outer VLAN tag is pushed in front of the existing VLAN tag. ■ pop—The outer VLAN tag of the incoming frame is removed. ■ swap—The outer VLAN tag of the incoming frame is overwritten with the user specified VLAN tag information. ■ push—An outer VLAN tag is pushed in front of the existing VLAN tag. ■ push-push—Two VLAN tags are pushed in from the incoming frame. ■ swap-push—The outer VLAN tag of the incoming frame is replaced by a user-specified VLAN tag value. A user-specified outer VLAN tag is pushed in front. The outer tag becomes an inner tag in the final frame. ■ swap-swap—Both the inner and the outer VLAN tags of the incoming frame are replaced by the user specified VLAN tag value. ■ pop-swap—The outer VLAN tag of the incoming frame is removed, and the inner VLAN tag of the incoming frame is replaced by the user-specified VLAN tag value. The inner tag becomes the outer tag in the final frame. ■ pop-pop—Both the outer and inner VLAN tags of the incoming frame are removed. 	brief detail extensive none
Demux:	<p>IP demultiplexing (demux) value that appears if this interface is used as the demux underlying interface. The output is one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Source Family Inet ■ Destination Family Inet 	detail extensive none
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	All levels
Protocol	Protocol family. Possible values are described in the “Protocol Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
MTU	Maximum transmission unit size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the specified interface set.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes, Output bytes—Number of bytes received and transmitted on the interface set ■ Input packets, Output packets—Number of packets received and transmitted on the interface set. 	detail extensive
IPv6 transit statistics	Number of IPv6 transit bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface if IPv6 statistics tracking is enabled.	extensive
Local statistics	Number and rate of bytes and packets destined to the router.	extensive

Table 30: show interfaces Gigabit Ethernet Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Transit statistics	Number and rate of bytes and packets transiting the switch. NOTE: For Gigabit Ethernet intelligent queuing 2 (IQ2) interfaces, the logical interface egress statistics might not accurately reflect the traffic on the wire when output shaping is applied. Traffic management output shaping might drop packets after they are tallied by the Output bytes and Output packets interface counters. However, correct values display for both of these egress statistics when per-unit scheduling is enabled for the Gigabit Ethernet IQ2 physical interface, or when a single logical interface is actively using a shared scheduler.	extensive
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route Table	Route table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0.	detail extensive none
Flags	Information about protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive
Donor interface	(Unnumbered Ethernet) Interface from which an unnumbered Ethernet interface borrows an IPv4 address.	detail extensive none
Preferred source address	(Unnumbered Ethernet) Secondary IPv4 address of the donor loopback interface that acts as the preferred source address for the unnumbered Ethernet interface.	detail extensive none
Input Filters	Names of any input filters applied to this interface. If you specify a precedence value for any filter in a dynamic profile, filter precedence values appear in parenthesis next to all interfaces.	detail extensive
Output Filters	Names of any output filters applied to this interface. If you specify a precedence value for any filter in a dynamic profile, filter precedence values appear in parenthesis next to all interfaces.	detail extensive
Mac-Validate Failures	Number of MAC address validation failures for packets and bytes. This field is displayed when MAC address validation is enabled for the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Addresses, Flags	Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
<i>protocol-family</i>	Protocol family configured on the logical interface. If the protocol is inet, the IP address of the interface is also displayed.	brief
Flags	Information about address flag (possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Broadcast	Broadcast address of the logical interlace.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive

For Gigabit Ethernet IQ PICs, traffic and MAC statistics output varies. Table 31 on page 179 describes the traffic and MAC statistics for two sample interfaces, each of which is sending traffic in packets of 500 bytes (including 478 bytes for the Layer 3 packet, 18 bytes for the Layer 2 VLAN traffic header, and 4 bytes for cyclic redundancy check [CRC] information). In Table 31 on page 179, the **ge-0/3/0** interface is the inbound physical interface, and the **ge-0/0/0** interface is the outbound physical interface. On both interfaces, traffic is carried on logical unit .50 (VLAN 50).

Table 31: Gigabit Ethernet IQ PIC Traffic and MAC Statistics by Interface Type

Interface Type	Sample Command	Byte and Octet Counts Include	Comments
Inbound physical interface	<code>show interfaces ge-0/3/0 extensive</code>	Traffic statistics: Input bytes: 496 bytes per packet, representing the Layer 2 packet MAC statistics: Received octets: 500 bytes per packet, representing the Layer 2 packet + 4 bytes	The additional 4 bytes are for the CRC.
Inbound logical interface	<code>show interfaces ge-0/3/0.50 extensive</code>	Traffic statistics: Input bytes: 478 bytes per packet, representing the Layer 3 packet	
Outbound physical interface	<code>show interfaces ge-0/0/0 extensive</code>	Traffic statistics: Input bytes: 490 bytes per packet, representing the Layer 3 packet + 12 bytes MAC statistics: Received octets: 478 bytes per packet, representing the Layer 3 packet	For input bytes, the additional 12 bytes includes 6 bytes for the destination MAC address + 4 bytes for VLAN + 2 bytes for the Ethernet type.
Outbound logical interface	<code>show interfaces ge-0/0/0.50 extensive</code>	Traffic statistics: Input bytes: 478 bytes per packet, representing the Layer 3 packet	

**show interfaces
extensive
(10-Gigabit Ethernet,
LAN PHY Mode, IQ2)**

```
user@host> show interfaces xe-5/0/0 extensive
Physical interface: xe-5/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 177, SNMP ifIndex: 99, Generation: 178
  Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1518, LAN-PHY mode, Speed: 10Gbps, Loopback:
  None, Source filtering: Enabled,
  Flow control: Enabled
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : None
  CoS queues     : 8 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
  Schedulers     : 1024
  Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Current address: 00:14:f6:b9:f1:f6, Hardware address: 00:14:f6:b9:f1:f6
  Last flapped   : Never
```

```

Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :          6970332384          0 bps
  Output bytes :              0          0 bps
  Input packets:          81050506          0 pps
  Output packets:              0          0 pps
IPv6 transit statistics:
  Input bytes :              0
  Output bytes :              0
  Input packets:              0
  Output packets:              0
Ingress traffic statistics at Packet Forwarding Engine:
  Input bytes :          6970299398          0 bps
  Input packets:          81049992          0 pps
  Drop bytes :              0          0 bps
  Drop packets:              0          0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Policed discards: 0, L3
incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0,
  L2 mismatch timeouts: 0, FIFO errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Collisions: 0, Aged packets: 0,
FIFO errors: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0,
  MTU errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Ingress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

  0 best-effort          81049992          81049992              0

  1 expedited-fo              0              0              0

  2 assured-forw          0              0              0

  3 network-cont          0              0              0

Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

  0 best-effort          0              0              0

  1 expedited-fo          0              0              0

  2 assured-forw          0              0              0

  3 network-cont          0              0              0

Active alarms : None
Active defects : None
PCS statistics
  Bit errors          0
  Errored blocks      0
MAC statistics:
  Total octets          6970332384          0
  Total packets          81050506          0
  Unicast packets          81050000          0
  Broadcast packets          506          0
  Multicast packets          0          0
  CRC/Align errors          0          0
  FIFO errors          0          0
  MAC control frames          0          0
  MAC pause frames          0          0

```

```

Oversized frames                0
Jabber frames                   0
Fragment frames                 0
VLAN tagged frames              0
Code violations                  0
Filter statistics:
  Input packet count             81050506
  Input packet rejects           506
  Input DA rejects               0
  Input SA rejects               0
  Output packet count            0
  Output packet pad count        0
  Output packet error count      0
  CAM destination filters: 0, CAM source filters: 0
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 5
  Direction : Output
  CoS transmit queue            Bandwidth          Buffer Priority  Limit
                                %          bps          %          usec
  0 best-effort                 95      950000000    95          0          low    none
  3 network-control             5       50000000     5          0          low    none

  Direction : Input
  CoS transmit queue            Bandwidth          Buffer Priority  Limit
                                %          bps          %          usec
  0 best-effort                 95      950000000    95          0          low    none
  3 network-control             5       50000000     5          0          low    none

Logical interface xe-5/0/0.0 (Index 71) (SNMP ifIndex 95) (Generation 195)
Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x4000 VLAN-Tag [ 0x8100.100 ] Encapsulation: ENET2
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 46
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 1
IPv6 transit statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
Local statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 46
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 1
Transit statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
  0 bps
  0 bps
  0 pps
  0 pps
IPv6 transit statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 253, Route table: 0
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
  Destination: 192.1.1/24, Local: 192.1.1.1, Broadcast: 192.1.1.255,
Generation: 265
Protocol multiservice, MTU: Unlimited, Generation: 254, Route table: 0

```

Flags: None
 Policer: Input: __default_arp_policer__

**show interfaces
 extensive
 (10-Gigabit Ethernet,
 WAN PHY Mode)**

```
user@host> show interfaces xe-1/0/0 extensive
Physical interface: xe-1/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 141, SNMP ifIndex: 34, Generation: 47
Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 10Gbps, Loopback: Disabled
WAN-PHY mode
Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps 16384
Link flags     : None
CoS queues     : 4 supported
Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: 00:05:85:a2:10:9d, Hardware address: 00:05:85:a2:10:9d
Last flapped   : 2005-07-07 11:22:34 PDT (3d 12:28 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes   : 0          0 bps
Output bytes  : 0          0 bps
Input packets : 0          0 pps
Output packets: 0          0 pps
Input errors:
Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Policed discards: 0,
L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0,
HS Link CRC errors: 0, HS Link FIFO overflows: 0,
Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
Carrier transitions: 1, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Collisions: 0,
Aged packets: 0, FIFO errors: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0, MTU errors: 0,
Resource errors: 0
Queue counters:
  Queued packets  Transmitted packets  Dropped packets
0 best-effort      0          0          0
1 expedited-fo     0          0          0
2 assured-forw     0          0          0
3 network-cont     0          0          0
Active alarms : LOL, LOS, LBL
Active defects: LOL, LOS, LBL, SEF, AIS-L, AIS-P
PCS statistics
  Seconds  Count
Bit errors    0      0
Errored blocks 0      0
MAC statistics:
  Receive  Transmit
Total octets    0      0
Total packets   0      0
Unicast packets 0      0
Broadcast packets 0      0
Multicast packets 0      0
CRC/Align errors 0      0
FIFO errors      0      0
MAC control frames 0      0
MAC pause frames 0      0
Oversized frames 0      0
Jabber frames    0      0
Fragment frames  0      0
VLAN tagged frames 0      0
Code violations  0      0
Filter statistics:
Input packet count    0
Input packet rejects  0
Input DA rejects      0
Input SA rejects      0
```

```

Output packet count                                0
Output packet pad count                            0
Output packet error count                          0
CAM destination filters: 0, CAM source filters: 0
PMA PHY:
  PLL lock                Seconds      Count  State
  PHY light               63159        1     Light Missing
WIS section:
  BIP-B1                  0            0
  SEF                     434430       434438 Defect Active
  LOS                     434430        1     Defect Active
  LOF                     434430        1     Defect Active
  ES-S                    434430
  SES-S                   434430
  SEFS-S                  434430
WIS line:
  BIP-B2                  0            0
  REI-L                   0            0
  RDI-L                   0            0     OK
  AIS-L                   434430        1     Defect Active
  BERR-SF                 0            0     OK
  BERR-SD                 0            0     OK
  ES-L                    434430
  SES-L                   434430
  UAS-L                   434420
  ES-LFE                  0
  SES-LFE                 0
  UAS-LFE                 0
WIS path:
  BIP-B3                  0            0
  REI-P                   0            0
  LOP-P                   0            0     OK
  AIS-P                   434430        1     Defect Active
  RDI-P                   0            0     OK
  UNEQ-P                  0            0     OK
  PLM-P                   0            0     OK
  ES-P                    434430
  SES-P                   434430
  UAS-P                   434420
  ES-PFE                  0
  SES-PFE                 0
  UAS-PFE                 0
Received path trace:
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
Transmitted path trace: orissa so-1/0/0
6f 72 69 73 73 61 20 73 6f 2d 31 2f 30 2f 30 00   orissa so-1/0/0.
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 1
  CoS transmit queue      %      Bandwidth      %      Buffer      Priority  Limit
                           %      bps                %      bytes
  0 best-effort           95      950000000      95      0           low      none
  3 network-control       5       50000000      5       0           low      none

show interfaces extensive
(10-Gigabit Ethernet, FEC)
user@host> show interfaces ge-7/1/0 extensive
Physical interface: ge-7/1/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 137, SNMP ifIndex: 32, Generation: 138
Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 10Gbps, Loopback: Disabled, Source
filtering: Disabled,
Flow control: Enabled
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
```

```

Link flags      : None
Wavelength     : 1556.56 nm, Frequency: 192.60 THz
CoS queues     : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: 00:05:85:60:2f:31, Hardware address: 00:05:85:60:2f:31
Last flapped   : 2008-03-21 11:28:50 PDT (00:19:52 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes    : 0                      0 bps
Output bytes   : 0                      0 bps
Input packets  : 0                      0 pps
Output packets : 0                      0 pps
IPv6 transit statistics:
Input bytes    : 0
Output bytes   : 0
Input packets  : 0
Output packets : 0
Input errors:
Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Policed discards: 0, L3
incompletes: 0,
L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0, FIFO errors: 0, Resource errors:
0
Output errors:
Carrier transitions: 1, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Collisions: 0, Aged packets: 0,
FIFO errors: 0,
HS link CRC errors: 0, MTU errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Egress queues: 8 supported, 4 in use
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

0 best-effort        0                      0                      0
1 expedited-fo       0                      0                      0
2 assured-forw       0                      0                      0
3 network-cont       0                      0                      0

Active alarms : None
Active defects : None
OTN FEC statistics:
Corrected Errors      0 bps
Corrected Error Ratio 1e-12
MAC statistics:      Receive      Transmit
...

```

**show interfaces
extensive (10-Gigabit
Ethernet, LAN PHY
Mode, Unidirectional
Mode)**

```

user@host> show interfaces xe-7/0/0 extensive
Physical interface: xe-7/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 173, SNMP ifIndex: 212, Generation: 174
Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, LAN-PHY mode, Speed: 10Gbps,
Unidirectional: Enabled,
Loopback: None, Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled
Device flags : Present Running
...

```

**show interfaces
extensive (10-Gigabit
Ethernet, LAN PHY
Mode, Unidirectional
Mode, Transmit-Only)**

```

user@host> show interfaces xe-7/0/0-tx extensive
Physical interface: xe-7/0/0-tx, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 176, SNMP ifIndex: 137, Generation: 177
Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, LAN-PHY mode, Speed: 10Gbps,
Unidirectional: Tx-Only
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000

```

```

Link flags      : None
CoS queues     : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: 00:05:85:73:e4:83, Hardware address: 00:05:85:73:e4:83
Last flapped   : 2007-06-01 09:08:19 PDT (3d 02:31 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :                0                0 bps
Output bytes :      322891152287160      9627472888 bps
Input packets:                0                0 pps
Output packets:      328809727380      1225492 pps

...

Filter statistics:
Output packet count      328810554250
Output packet pad count      0
Output packet error count    0

...

Logical interface xe-7/0/0-tx.0 (Index 73) (SNMP ifIndex 138) (Generation 139)

Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :                0
Output bytes :      322891152287160
Input packets:                0
Output packets:      328809727380
IPv6 transit statistics:
Input bytes :                0
Output bytes :                0
Input packets:                0
Output packets:                0
Local statistics:
Input bytes :                0
Output bytes :                0
Input packets:                0
Output packets:                0
Transit statistics:
Input bytes :                0                0 bps
Output bytes :      322891152287160      9627472888 bps
Input packets:                0                0 pps
Output packets:      328809727380      1225492 pps
IPv6 transit statistics:
Input bytes :                0
Output bytes :                0
Input packets:                0
Output packets:                0
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 147, Route table: 0
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 10.11.12/24, Local: 10.11.12.13, Broadcast: 10.11.12.255,
Generation: 141
Protocol multiservice, MTU: Unlimited, Generation: 148, Route table: 0
Flags: None
Policer: Input: __default_arp_policer__

```

**show interfaces
extensive (10-Gigabit
Ethernet, LAN PHY
Mode, Unidirectional
Mode, Receive-Only)**

```

user@host> show interfaces xe-7/0/0-rx extensive
Physical interface: xe-7/0/0-rx, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 174, SNMP ifIndex: 118, Generation: 175
Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, LAN-PHY mode, Speed: 10Gbps,
Unidirectional: Rx-Only

```

```

Device flags      : Present Running
Interface flags:  SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Link flags       : None
CoS queues       : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
Hold-times       : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address:  00:05:85:73:e4:83, Hardware address: 00:05:85:73:e4:83
Last flapped    : 2007-06-01 09:08:22 PDT (3d 02:31 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :      322857456303482          9627496104 bps
  Output bytes :              0              0 bps
  Input packets:      328775413751          1225495 pps
  Output packets:              0              0 pps

...

Filter statistics:
  Input packet count      328775015056
  Input packet rejects    1
  Input DA rejects        0

...

Logical interface xe-7/0/0-rx.0 (Index 72) (SNMP ifIndex 120) (Generation 138)

Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :      322857456303482
  Output bytes :              0
  Input packets:      328775413751
  Output packets:              0
IPv6 transit statistics:
  Input bytes :              0
  Output bytes :              0
  Input packets:              0
  Output packets:              0
Local statistics:
  Input bytes :              0
  Output bytes :              0
  Input packets:              0
  Output packets:              0
Transit statistics:
  Input bytes :      322857456303482          9627496104 bps
  Output bytes :              0              0 bps
  Input packets:      328775413751          1225495 pps
  Output packets:              0              0 pps
IPv6 transit statistics:
  Input bytes :              0
  Output bytes :              0
  Input packets:              0
  Output packets:              0
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 145, Route table: 0
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 192.1.1/24, Local: 192.1.1.1, Broadcast: 192.1.1.255,
  Generation: 139
Protocol multiservice, MTU: Unlimited, Generation: 146, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
  Policer: Input: __default_arp_policer__

```


show interfaces interface-set (Ethernet Interface Set)

Syntax	show interfaces interface-set <i>interface-set-name</i> <detail | terse>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 8.5.
Description	Display information about the specified gigabit or 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface set. Supported in MX Series routers with enhanced queuing DPCs.
Options	<i>interface-set-name</i> —Display information about the specified gigabit or 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface set. detail | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces interface-set terse on page 188 show interfaces interface-set detail on page 188
Output Fields	Table 32 on page 187 describes the information for the show interfaces interface-set command.

Table 32: Ethernet show interfaces interface-set Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Interface set	Name of the interface set or sets.	All levels
Interface set index	Index number of the interface set.	detail
Traffic statistics	Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the specified interface set. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes, Output bytes—Number of bytes received and transmitted on the interface set ■ Input packets, Output packets—Number of packets received and transmitted on the interface set. 	detail
Egress queues supported	Total number of egress queues supported on the specified interface set.	detail
Egress queues in use	Total number of egress queues used on the specified interface set.	detail
Queue counters	Queued packets, Transmitted packets, and Dropped packets statistics for the four forwarding classes.	detail
Members	List of all the interface-sets.	detail

```

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces interface-set terse
interface-set terse Interface set:
                        iflset-xe-11/3/0-0
                        ge-1/0/1-0
                        ge-1/0/1-2

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces interface-set iflset-xe-11/3/0-0 detail
interface-set detail Interface set: iflset-xe-11/3/0-0
                        Interface set index: 19
                        Traffic statistics:
                        Output bytes :          751017840          401673504 bps
                        Output packets:        11044380          738377 pps
                        Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
                        Queue counters:
                        Queued packets  Transmitted packets  Dropped packets
                        0 best-effort    211091327          11044380          199995746
                        1 expedited-fo         0              0              0
                        2 assured-forw         0              0              0
                        3 network-cont         0              0              0
                        Members:
                        xe-11/3/0.0

```

show interfaces interface-set queue

Syntax	show interfaces interface-set queue <i>interface-set-name</i> <aggregate | remaining-traffic> <forwarding-class <i>class-name</i> >
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 8.5.
Description	Display information about the gigabit or 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface set queue. Supported in MX Series routers with enhanced queuing DPCs.
Options	<p><i>interface-set-name</i>—(Optional) Display information about the specified gigabit or 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface set. Wildcard values can be used in the interface set name.</p> <p><i>aggregate</i>—(Optional) Display the aggregated queuing statistics of all member logical interfaces for interface sets that have traffic-control profiles configured.</p> <p><i>both-ingress-egress</i>—(Optional) On Gigabit Ethernet Intelligent Queuing 2 (IQ2) PICs, display both ingress and egress queue statistics.</p> <p><i>egress</i>—(Optional) Display egress queue statistics.</p> <p><i>forwarding-class class-name</i>—(Optional) Display queuing statistics for the specified forwarding class.</p> <p><i>ingress</i>—(Optional) On Gigabit Ethernet IQ2 PICs, display ingress queue statistics.</p> <p><i>remaining-traffic</i>—(Optional) Display the queuing statistics of all member logical interfaces for interface sets that do not have traffic-control profiles configured.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
Related Topics	Example: Configuring E-LINE and E-LAN Services for a PBB Network on MX series Routers
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces interface-set queue (Gigabit Ethernet) on page 190</p> <p>show interfaces interface-set queue both-ingress-egress (Enhanced DPC) on page 191</p> <p>show interfaces interface-set queue egress (Enhanced DPC) on page 193</p> <p>show interfaces interface-set queue forwarding-class (Gigabit Ethernet) on page 194</p> <p>show interfaces interface-set queue (Enhanced DPC) on page 195</p> <p>show interfaces interface-set queue remaining-traffic (Gigabit Ethernet) on page 195</p>
Output Fields	Table 33 on page 189 describes the information for the show interfaces interface-set queue command.

Table 33: Ethernet show interfaces interface-set queue Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		

Table 33: Ethernet show interfaces interface-set queue Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Interface set	Name of the interface set.	All levels
Interface set index	Index number of the interface set.	All levels
Forwarding classes supported	Total number of forwarding classes supported on the specified interface set.	All levels
Forwarding classes in use	Total number of forwarding classes used on the specified interface set.	All levels
Egress queues supported	Total number of egress queues supported on the specified interface set.	All levels
Egress queues in use	Total number of egress queues used on the specified interface set.	All levels
Ingress queues supported	Total number of ingress queues supported on the specified interface set.	
Ingress queues in use	Total number of ingress queues used on the specified interface set.	
Queue	Egress or ingress queue number for the statistics being displayed.	All levels
Forwarding classes	Forwarding class name for the statistics being displayed.	All levels
Queued	Packet and Byte statistics for the specified queue. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Packets—Number of packets queued and input rate in packets per second. ■ Bytes—Number of bytes queued and input rate in bytes per second. 	All levels
Transmitted	Packet and Byte statistics for the specified forwarding class. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Packets—Number of packets transmitted and transmit rate in packets per second. ■ Bytes—Number of bytes transmitted and transmit rate in bytes per second. ■ Tail-dropped packets—Number of packets tail dropped. ■ RED-dropped packets—Number of RED-dropped packets for the low, medium-low, medium-high, and high loss priorities. ■ RED-dropped bytes—Number of RED-dropped bytes for the low, medium-low, medium-high, and high loss priorities. 	All levels

**show interfaces
interface-set queue
(Gigabit Ethernet)**

```
user@host> show interfaces interface-set queue ge-2/2/0-0
```

```
Interface set: ge-2/2/0-0
```

```
Interface set index: 3
```

```
Forwarding classes: 8 supported, 4 in use
```

```
Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
```

```
Queue: 0, Forwarding classes: best-effort
```

```
Queued:
```

```
Packets : 3998482
```

```
Bytes : 271896884
```

```
Transmitted:
```

```
1 pps
```

```
688 bps
```

```

Packets          :          1077474          1 pps
Bytes            :          73268340        688 bps
Tail-dropped packets :          0          0 pps
RED-dropped packets :          2921008          0 pps
  Low            :          2921008          0 pps
  Medium-low     :          0          0 pps
  Medium-high    :          0          0 pps
  High           :          0          0 pps
RED-dropped bytes :          198628544          0 bps
  Low            :          198628544          0 bps
  Medium-low     :          0          0 bps
  Medium-high    :          0          0 bps
  High           :          0          0 bps
Queue: 2, Forwarding classes: assured-forwarding
Queued:
  Packets          :          0          0 pps
  Bytes            :          0          0 bps
Transmitted:
...

```

**show interfaces
interface-set queue
both-ingress-egress
(Enhanced DPC)**

```

user@host> show interfaces interface-set queue ge-2/2/0-0 both-ingress-egress
Interface set: ge-2/2/0-0
Interface set index: 3
Forwarding classes: 16 supported, 4 in use
Ingress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue: 0, Forwarding classes: best-effort
Queued:
  Packets          :          185968478        473161 pps
  Bytes            :          10042313520      204441336 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets          :          5441673          13780 pps
  Bytes            :          293850342        5952960 bps
  Tail-dropped packets :          0          0 pps
  RED-dropped packets :          180526772        459372 pps
  RED-dropped bytes  :          9748446282      198451512 bps
Queue: 1, Forwarding classes: expedited-forwarding
Queued:
  Packets          :          0          0 pps
  Bytes            :          0          0 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets          :          0          0 pps
  Bytes            :          0          0 bps
  Tail-dropped packets :          0          0 pps
  RED-dropped packets :          0          0 pps
  RED-dropped bytes  :          0          0 bps
Queue: 2, Forwarding classes: assured-forwarding
Queued:
  Packets          :          522021472        473602 pps
  Bytes            :          28190332480      204599944 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets          :          5791772          4055 pps
  Bytes            :          312755688        1751976 bps
  Tail-dropped packets :          0          0 pps
  RED-dropped packets :          516227139        469546 pps
  RED-dropped bytes  :          27876265560    202843872 bps
Queue: 3, Forwarding classes: network-control
Queued:
  Packets          :          0          0 pps
  Bytes            :          0          0 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets          :          0          0 pps

```

```

Bytes : 0 0 bps
Tail-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped bytes : 0 0 bps
Forwarding classes: 16 supported, 4 in use
Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue: 0, Forwarding classes: best-effort
  Queued:
    Packets : 5417304 13797 pps
    Bytes : 368429508 7506096 bps
  Transmitted:
    Packets : 5014996 12769 pps
    Bytes : 341019728 6946560 bps
    Tail-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
    RED-dropped packets : 402189 1028 pps
    Low : 402189 1028 pps
    Medium-low : 0 0 pps
    Medium-high : 0 0 pps
    High : 0 0 pps
    RED-dropped bytes : 27348852 559536 bps
    Low : 27348852 559536 bps
    Medium-low : 0 0 bps
    Medium-high : 0 0 bps
    High : 0 0 bps
Queue: 1, Forwarding classes: expedited-forwarding
  Queued:
    Packets : 0 0 pps
    Bytes : 0 0 bps
  Transmitted:
    Packets : 0 0 pps
    Bytes : 0 0 bps
    Tail-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
    RED-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
    Low : 0 0 pps
    Medium-low : 0 0 pps
    Medium-high : 0 0 pps
    High : 0 0 pps
    RED-dropped bytes : 0 0 bps
    Low : 0 0 bps
    Medium-low : 0 0 bps
    Medium-high : 0 0 bps
    High : 0 0 bps
Queue: 2, Forwarding classes: assured-forwarding
  Queued:
    Packets : 5770534 3963 pps
    Bytes : 396943252 2156144 bps
  Transmitted:
    Packets : 3945152 1457 pps
    Bytes : 268270336 792608 bps
    Tail-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
    RED-dropped packets : 1815141 2506 pps
    Low : 1815141 2506 pps
    Medium-low : 0 0 pps
    Medium-high : 0 0 pps
    High : 0 0 pps
    RED-dropped bytes : 123429524 1363536 bps
    Low : 123429524 1363536 bps
    Medium-low : 0 0 bps
    Medium-high : 0 0 bps
    High : 0 0 bps
Queue: 3, Forwarding classes: network-control

```

```

Queued:
  Packets      :          0          0 pps
  Bytes       :          0          0 bps
Transmitted:
  Packets      :          0          0 pps
  Bytes       :          0          0 bps
  Tail-dropped packets :          0          0 pps
  RED-dropped packets :          0          0 pps
    Low       :          0          0 pps
    Medium-low :          0          0 pps
    Medium-high :          0          0 pps
    High      :          0          0 pps
  RED-dropped bytes :          0          0 bps
    Low       :          0          0 bps
    Medium-low :          0          0 bps
    Medium-high :          0          0 bps
    High      :          0          0 bps

```

show interfaces
interface-set queue
egress (Enhanced DPC)

```

user@host> show interfaces interface-set queue ge-2/2/0-0 egress
Interface set: ge-2/2/0-0
Interface set index: 3
Forwarding classes: 16 supported, 4 in use
Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue: 0, Forwarding classes: best-effort
  Queued:
    Packets      :          3958253          13822 pps
    Bytes       :          269217592          7519712 bps
  Transmitted:
    Packets      :          3665035          12729 pps
    Bytes       :          249222380          6924848 bps
    Tail-dropped packets :          0          0 pps
    RED-dropped packets :          293091          1093 pps
      Low       :          293091          1093 pps
      Medium-low :          0          0 pps
      Medium-high :          0          0 pps
      High      :          0          0 pps
    RED-dropped bytes :          19930188          594864 bps
      Low       :          19930188          594864 bps
      Medium-low :          0          0 bps
      Medium-high :          0          0 bps
      High      :          0          0 bps
Queue: 1, Forwarding classes: expedited-forwarding
  Queued:
    Packets      :          0          0 pps
    Bytes       :          0          0 bps
  Transmitted:
    Packets      :          0          0 pps
    Bytes       :          0          0 bps
    Tail-dropped packets :          0          0 pps
    RED-dropped packets :          0          0 pps
      Low       :          0          0 pps
      Medium-low :          0          0 pps
      Medium-high :          0          0 pps
      High      :          0          0 pps
    RED-dropped bytes :          0          0 bps
      Low       :          0          0 bps
      Medium-low :          0          0 bps
      Medium-high :          0          0 bps
      High      :          0          0 bps
Queue: 2, Forwarding classes: assured-forwarding
  Queued:

```

```

Packets      :          5350989          3904 pps
Bytes        :          368412924        2124048 bps
Transmitted:
Packets      :          3790469          1465 pps
Bytes        :          257751892        796960 bps
Tail-dropped packets :          0          0 pps
RED-dropped packets :          1550282        2439 pps
  Low        :          1550282        2439 pps
  Medium-low :          0          0 pps
  Medium-high :          0          0 pps
  High       :          0          0 pps
RED-dropped bytes :          105419176      1327088 bps
  Low        :          105419176      1327088 bps
  Medium-low :          0          0 bps
  Medium-high :          0          0 bps
  High       :          0          0 bps
Queue: 3, Forwarding classes: network-control
Queued:
Packets      :          0          0 pps
Bytes        :          0          0 bps
Transmitted:
Packets      :          0          0 pps
Bytes        :          0          0 bps
Tail-dropped packets :          0          0 pps
RED-dropped packets :          0          0 pps
  Low        :          0          0 pps
  Medium-low :          0          0 pps
  Medium-high :          0          0 pps
  High       :          0          0 pps
RED-dropped bytes :          0          0 bps
  Low        :          0          0 bps
  Medium-low :          0          0 bps
  Medium-high :          0          0 bps
  High       :          0          0 bps

```

show interfaces
interface-set queue
forwarding-class
(Gigabit Ethernet)

```

user@host> show interfaces interface-set queue ge-2/2/0-0 forwarding-class
best-effort
Interface set: ge-2/2/0-0
Interface set index: 3
Forwarding classes: 8 supported, 4 in use
Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue: 0, Forwarding classes: best-effort
Queued:
Packets      :          101857694        1420083 pps
Bytes        :          6927234456      772532320 bps
Transmitted:
Packets      :          3984693          55500 pps
Bytes        :          270959592        30192512 bps
Tail-dropped packets :          0          0 pps
RED-dropped packets :          97870952      1364583 pps
  Low        :          97870952      1364583 pps
  Medium-low :          0          0 pps
  Medium-high :          0          0 pps
  High       :          0          0 pps
RED-dropped bytes :          6655225776    742339808 bps
  Low        :          6655225776    742339808 bps
  Medium-low :          0          0 bps
  Medium-high :          0          0 bps
  High       :          0          0 bps

```


**show interfaces
interface-set queue
(Enhanced DPC)**

```

user@host> show interfaces interface-set queue ge-2/2/0-0 ingress
Interface set: foo
Interface set index: 3
Forwarding classes: 16 supported, 4 in use
Ingress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue: 0, Forwarding classes: best-effort
  Queued:
    Packets      :      149036817      473711 pps
    Bytes        :      8048003934    204642936 bps
  Transmitted:
    Packets      :      4360749      13891 pps
    Bytes        :      235480446    6000912 bps
    Tail-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
    RED-dropped packets :      144676035    459820 pps
    RED-dropped bytes  :      7812506592    198642024 bps
Queue: 1, Forwarding classes: expedited-forwarding
  Queued:
    Packets      :      0      0 pps
    Bytes        :      0      0 bps
  Transmitted:
    Packets      :      0      0 pps
    Bytes        :      0      0 bps
    Tail-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
    RED-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
    RED-dropped bytes  :      0      0 bps
Queue: 2, Forwarding classes: assured-forwarding
  Queued:
    Packets      :      485089207      473605 pps
    Bytes        :      26195987476    204597576 bps
  Transmitted:
    Packets      :      5480799      3959 pps
    Bytes        :      295963146    1710504 bps
    Tail-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
    RED-dropped packets :      479605853    469646 pps
    RED-dropped bytes  :      25898716170    202887072 bps
Queue: 3, Forwarding classes: network-control
  Queued:
    Packets      :      0      0 pps
    Bytes        :      0      0 bps
  Transmitted:
    Packets      :      0      0 pps
    Bytes        :      0      0 bps
    Tail-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
    RED-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
    RED-dropped bytes  :      0      0 bps

```

**show interfaces
interface-set queue
remaining-traffic
(Gigabit Ethernet)**

```

user@host> show interfaces interface-set queue ge-2/2/0-0 remaining-traffic
Interface set: ge-2/2/0-0
Interface set index: 12
Forwarding classes: 8 supported, 4 in use
Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue: 0, Forwarding classes: best-effort
  Queued:
    Packets      :      2201552      0 pps
    Bytes        :      149705536      0 bps
  Transmitted:
    Packets      :      609765      0 pps
    Bytes        :      41464020      0 bps
    Tail-dropped packets :      0      0 pps
    RED-dropped packets :      1591787      0 pps
    Low          :      1591787      0 pps

```

Medium-low	:	0	0 pps
Medium-high	:	0	0 pps
High	:	0	0 pps
RED-dropped bytes	:	108241516	0 bps
Low	:	108241516	0 bps
Medium-low	:	0	0 bps
Medium-high	:	0	0 bps
High	:	0	0 bps

show interfaces diagnostics optics (10-Gigabit Ethernet)



Syntax	show interfaces diagnostics optics <i>interface-name</i>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(M120, M320, T320, MX960, and T640 routers only) Display diagnostics data and alarms for 10-Gigabit Ethernet dense wavelength-division multiplexing (DWDM) interfaces.
Options	<i>interface-name</i> —Interface name: <i>ge-fpc/pic/port</i> or <i>xe-fpc/pic/port</i> .
Additional Information	<p>XENPAK Multisource Agreement (MSA) optics, 300-pin MSA optics, bidirectional small form-factor pluggable transceiver (SFP) optics, SFP optics, 10-gigabit small form-factor pluggable transceiver (XFP) optics, and Optical Transport Network (OTN) optics are supported. The 300-pin MSA tool kit polls the PIC and the XENPAK driver polls the XENPAK transceiver in 1-second intervals for diagnostics data, alarms, and warnings and stores them into memory. The alarms will not cause the links to go down or the LEDs to change color, nor generate SNMP traps. Changes in alarm and warning status will generate system log messages.</p> <p>Thresholds that trigger a high alarm, low alarm, high warning, or low warning are set by the transponder vendors. Generally, a high alarm or low alarm indicates that the optics module is not operating properly. This information can be used to diagnose why a PIC is not working.</p>
	<p>NOTE: Some 10-Gigabit Ethernet XENPAK transceivers do not support all optical diagnostics. If the diagnostics are not supported, you will see N/A in the following fields in the output: Laser bias current, Laser output power, Laser rx power, and Module temperature.</p>
	<p>NOTE: The show interfaces diagnostics optics command for optical interfaces does not report the decibel (dBm) value of the received signal if the received power is zero milliwatts (0.0000 mW).</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces diagnostics optics (300-Pin MSA Optics) on page 211</p> <p>show interfaces diagnostics optics (Bidirectional SFP Optics) on page 211</p> <p>show interfaces diagnostics optics (OTN Optics) on page 212</p> <p>show interfaces diagnostics optics (SFP MSA Optics) on page 212</p> <p>show interfaces diagnostics optics (XENPAK MSA Optics) on page 214</p> <p>show interfaces diagnostics optics (XFP Optics) on page 214</p>
Output Fields	Table 34 on page 198 lists the output fields for the show interfaces diagnostics optics command when the router is operating with MSA optics. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 34: 10-Gigabit Ethernet 300-Pin MSA Optics show interfaces diagnostics optics Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.
Laser bias current	Magnitude of the laser bias power setting current, in milliamperes. The laser bias provides direct modulation of laser diodes and modulates currents.
Laser output power	Laser output power, in milliwatts (mW) and decibels, referenced to 1.0 mW (dBm). This is a software equivalent to the LsPOWMON pin in hardware.
Receiver signal average optical power	Average received optical power, in mW and dBm. This indicator is a software equivalent to the RxPOWMON pin in hardware. Average optical power is vendor-specific. For example: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Intel—Rx power monitor: +/- 1 dB ■ Opnext—Rx power monitor: +/- 1.5 dB
Laser end-of-life alarm	Laser end-of-life alarm: On or Off.
Laser wavelength alarm	Laser wavelength alarm: On or Off.
Laser bias current alarm	Laser bias current alarm: On or Off.
Laser temperature alarm	Laser temperature alarm: On or Off.
Laser power alarm	Laser power alarm: On or Off.
Modulator temperature alarm	(Opnext 300-pin MSA transponders only) Modulator temperature alarm: On or Off.
Modulator bias alarm	Modulator bias alarm: On or Off.
Tx multiplexer FIFO error alarm	Transmit multiplexer first in, first out (FIFO) error alarm: On or Off.
Tx loss of PLL lock alarm	Transmit loss of phase-locked loop (PLL) lock alarm: On or Off.
Rx loss of average optical power alarm	Receive loss of average optical power alarm: On or Off.
Rx loss of AC power alarm	(Opnext 300-pin MSA transponders only) Receive loss of AC power alarm: On or Off.
Rx loss of PLL lock alarm	Receive loss of phase-locked loop (PLL) lock alarm: On or Off.

Table 35 on page 199 lists the output fields for the `show interfaces diagnostics optics` command when the router is operating with bidirectional SFP optics. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 35: 10-Gigabit Ethernet Bidirectional SFP Optics show interfaces diagnostics optics Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.
Laser bias current	Magnitude of the laser bias power setting current, in milliamperes. The laser bias provides direct modulation of laser diodes and modulates currents.
Laser output power	Laser output power, in milliwatts (mW) and decibels, referenced to 1.0 mW (dBm).
Module temperature	Temperature of the XFP optics module, in Celsius and Fahrenheit.
Module voltage	Internally measured module voltage.
Receiver signal average optical power	Average received optical power, in mW and dBm.
Laser bias current high alarm	Laser bias power setting high alarm. Displays on or off.
Laser bias current low alarm	Laser bias power setting low alarm. Displays on or off.
Laser bias current high warning	Laser bias power setting high warning. Displays on or off.
Laser bias current low warning	Laser bias power setting low warning. Displays on or off.
Laser output power high alarm	Laser output power high alarm. Displays on or off.
Laser output power low alarm	Laser output power low alarm. Displays on or off.
Laser output power high warning	Laser output power high warning. Displays on or off.
Laser output power low warning	Laser output power low warning. Displays on or off.
Module temperature high alarm	Module temperature high alarm. Displays on or off.
Module temperature low alarm	Module temperature low alarm. Displays on or off.
Module temperature high warning	Module temperature high warning. Displays on or off.
Module temperature low warning	Module temperature low warning. Displays on or off.
Module voltage high alarm	Module voltage high alarm. Displays on or off.

Table 35: 10-Gigabit Ethernet Bidirectional SFP Optics show interfaces diagnostics optics Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description
Module voltage low alarm	Module voltage low alarm. Displays on or off.
Module voltage high warning	Module voltage high warning. Displays on or off.
Module voltage low warning	Module voltage high warning. Displays on or off.
Laser rx power high alarm	Receive laser power high alarm. Displays on or off.
Laser rx power low alarm	Receive laser power low alarm. Displays on or off.
Laser rx power high warning	Receive laser power high warning. Displays on or off.
Laser rx power low warning	Receive laser power low warning. Displays on or off.
Laser bias current high alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser bias current high alarm: 70.000 mA.
Laser bias current low alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser bias current low alarm: 0.0002 mA.
Laser bias current high warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser bias current high warning: 65.000 mA.
Laser bias current low warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser bias current low warning: 0.0002 mA.
Laser output power high alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser output power high alarm: 1.0000 mW or 0.00 dBm.
Laser output power low alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser output power low alarm: 0.0560 mW or -12.52 dBm.
Laser output power high warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser output power high warning: 0.6300 mW or -2.01 dBm.
Laser output power low warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser output power low warning: 0.0890 mW or -10.51 dBm.
Module temperature high alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the module temperature high alarm: 100° C or 212° F.
Module temperature low alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the module temperature low alarm: -50° C or -58° F.
Module temperature high warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the module temperature high warning: 95 ° C or 203 ° F.

Table 35: 10-Gigabit Ethernet Bidirectional SFP Optics show interfaces diagnostics optics Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description
Module temperature low warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the module temperature low warning: -48° C or -54° F.
Module voltage high alarm threshold	Module voltage high alarm threshold: 3.700 v.
Module voltage low alarm threshold	Module voltage low alarm threshold: 2.900 v.
Module voltage high warning threshold	Module voltage high warning threshold: 3.7600 v.
Module voltage low warning threshold	Module voltage low warning threshold: 3.000 v.
Laser rx power high alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser Rx power high alarm: 1.9953 mW or 3.00 dBm.
Laser rx power low alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser Rx power low alarm: 0.0001 mW or -40.00 dBm.
Laser rx power high warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser Rx power high warning: 1.0000 mW or 0.00 dBm.
Laser rx power low warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser Rx power low warning: 0.0010 mW or -30.00 dBm.

Table 36 on page 201 lists the output fields for the `show interfaces diagnostics optics` command generated from 10-Gigabit Ethernet XENPAK OTN optics.

Table 36: XENPAK OTN Optics show interfaces diagnostics optics Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.
Laser bias current	Measured laser bias current in uA.
Laser output power	Measured laser output power in mW.
Module temperature	Internally measured module temperature.
Laser rx power	Measured receive optical power in mW.
Laser bias current high alarm	Laser bias current high alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser bias current low alarm	Laser bias current low alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.

Table 36: XENPAK OTN Optics show interfaces diagnostics optics Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description
Laser output power high alarm	Laser output power high alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser output power low alarm	Laser output power low alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Module temp high alarm	Module temperature high alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Module temp low alarm	Module temperature low alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser rx power high alarm	Laser receive power high alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser rx power low alarm	Laser receive power low alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser bias current high warning	Laser bias current high warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser bias current low warning	Laser bias current low warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser output power high warning	Laser output power high warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser output power low warning	Laser output power low warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Module temp high warning	Module temperature high warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Module temp low warning	Module temperature low warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser rx power high warning	Laser receive power high warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser rx power low warning	Laser receive power low warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser bias current high alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser bias current high alarm: 31.000 mA.
Laser bias current low alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser bias current low alarm: 10.000 mA.
Laser output power high alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser output power high alarm: 6.000 mW or 7.78 dBm.
Laser output power low alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser output power low alarm: 0.100 mW or -10.00 dBm.
Module temperature high alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the module temperature high alarm: 85° C or 185° F.

Table 36: XENPAK OTN Optics show interfaces diagnostics optics Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description
Module temperature low alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the module temperature low alarm: 0° C or 32° F.
Laser rx power high alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser Rx power high alarm: 1.000 mW or 0.00 dBm.
Laser rx power low alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser Rx power low alarm: 0.001 mW or -30.00 dBm.
Laser bias current high warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser bias current high warning: 28.000 mA.
Laser bias current low warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser bias current low warning: 11.000 mA.
Laser output power high warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser output power high warning: 5.000 mW or 6.99 dBm.
Laser output power low warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser output power low warning: 0.500 mW or -3.01 dBm.
Module temperature high warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the module temperature high warning: 70° C or 158° F.
Module temperature low warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the module temperature low warning: 10° C or 50° F.
Laser rx power high warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser Rx power high warning: 0.501 mW or -3.00 dBm.
Laser rx power low warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser Rx power low warning: 0.001 mW or -28.86 dBm.

Table 37 on page 203 lists the output fields for the **show interfaces diagnostics optics** command when the router is operating with SFP MSA optics. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 37: 10-Gigabit Ethernet SFP MSA Optics show interfaces diagnostics Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.
Laser bias current	Measured laser bias current in uA.
Laser output power	Measured laser output power in mW.
Module temperature	Internally measured module temperature.
Module voltage	Internally measured module voltage.

Table 37: 10-Gigabit Ethernet SFP MSA Optics show interfaces diagnostics Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description
Laser rx power	Measured receive optical power in mW.
Laser bias current high alarm	Laser bias current high alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser bias current low alarm	Laser bias current low alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser output power high alarm	Laser output power high alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser output power low alarm	Laser output power low alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Module temp high alarm	Module temperature high alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Module temp low alarm	Module temperature low alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser rx power high alarm	Laser receive power high alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser rx power low alarm	Laser receive power low alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser bias current high warning	Laser bias current high warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser bias current low warning	Laser bias current low warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser output power high warning	Laser output power high warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser output power low warning	Laser output power low warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Module temperature high warning	Module temperature high warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Module temperature low warning	Module temperature low warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser rx power high warning	Laser receive power high warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser rx power low warning	Laser receive power low warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser bias current high alarm threshold	Laser bias current high alarm threshold. Alarm threshold ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser bias current low alarm threshold	Laser bias current low alarm threshold. Alarm threshold ranges are vendor-specific.

Table 37: 10-Gigabit Ethernet SFP MSA Optics show interfaces diagnostics Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description
Laser bias current high warning threshold	Laser bias current high warning threshold. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser bias current low warning threshold	Laser bias current low warning threshold. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser output power high alarm threshold	Laser output power high alarm threshold. Alarm threshold ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser output power low alarm threshold	Laser output power low alarm threshold. Alarm threshold ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser output power high warning threshold	Laser output power high warning threshold. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser output power low warning threshold	Laser output power low warning threshold. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Module temperature high alarm threshold	Module temperature high alarm threshold. Alarm threshold ranges are vendor-specific.
Module temperature low alarm threshold	Module temperature low alarm threshold. Alarm threshold ranges are vendor-specific.
Module temperature high warning threshold	Module temperature high warning threshold. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Module temperature low warning threshold	Module temperature low warning threshold. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Module voltage high alarm threshold	Module voltage high alarm threshold. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Module voltage low alarm threshold	Module voltage low alarm threshold. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Module voltage high warning threshold	Module voltage high warning threshold. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Module voltage low warning threshold	Module voltage low warning threshold. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser rx power high alarm threshold	Laser receive power high alarm threshold. Alarm threshold ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser rx power low alarm threshold	Laser receive power low alarm threshold. Alarm threshold ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser rx power high warning threshold	Laser receive power high warning threshold. Warning threshold ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser rx power high low threshold	Laser receive power high warning threshold. Warning threshold ranges are vendor-specific.

Table 38 on page 206 lists the output fields for the **show interfaces diagnostics optics** command when the router is operating with XENPAK MSA optics. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 38: XENPAK MSA Optics show interfaces diagnostics optics Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.
Laser bias current	Measured laser bias current in mA.
Laser output power	Measured laser output power in mW.
Module temperature	Internally measured module temperature.
Laser rx power	Measured receive optical power in mW.
Laser bias current high alarm	Laser bias current high alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser bias current low alarm	Laser bias current low alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser output power high alarm	Laser output power high alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser output power low alarm	Laser output power low alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Module temp high alarm	Module temperature high alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Module temp low alarm	Module temperature low alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser rx power high alarm	Laser receive power high alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser rx power low alarm	Laser receive power low alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser bias current high warning	Laser bias current high warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser bias current low warning	Laser bias current low warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser output power high warning	Laser output power high warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser output power low warning	Laser output power low warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Module temperature high warning	Module temperature high warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Module temperature low warning	Module temperature low warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.

Table 38: XENPAK MSA Optics show interfaces diagnostics optics Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description
Laser rx power high warning	Laser receive power high warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser rx power low warning	Laser receive power low warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser bias current high alarm threshold	Laser bias current high alarm threshold. Alarm threshold ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser bias current low alarm threshold	Laser bias current low alarm threshold. Alarm threshold ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser output power high alarm threshold	Laser output power high alarm threshold. Alarm threshold ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser output power low alarm threshold	Laser output power low alarm threshold. Alarm threshold ranges are vendor-specific.
Module temperature high alarm threshold	Module temperature high alarm threshold. Alarm threshold ranges are vendor-specific.
Module temperature low alarm threshold	Module temperature low alarm threshold. Alarm threshold ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser rx power high alarm threshold	Laser receive power high alarm threshold. Alarm threshold ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser rx power low alarm threshold	Laser receive power low alarm threshold. Alarm threshold ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser bias current high warning threshold	Laser bias current high warning threshold. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser bias current low warning threshold	Laser bias current low warning threshold. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser output power high warning threshold	Laser output power high warning threshold. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser output power low warning threshold	Laser output power low warning threshold. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Module temperature high warning threshold	Module temperature high warning threshold. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Module temperature low warning threshold	Module temperature low warning threshold. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser rx power high warning threshold	Laser receive power high warning threshold. Warning threshold ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser rx power low warning threshold	Laser receive power low warning threshold. Warning threshold ranges are vendor-specific.

Table 39 on page 208 lists the output fields for the `show interfaces diagnostics optics` command when the router is operating with XFP optics. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 39: 10-Gigabit Ethernet XFP Optics `show interfaces diagnostics optics` Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.
Laser bias current	Magnitude of the laser bias power setting current, in milliamperes. The laser bias provides direct modulation of laser diodes and modulates currents.
Laser output power	Laser output power, in milliwatts (mW) and decibels, referenced to 1.0 mW (dBm). This is a software equivalent to the <code>LsPOWMON</code> pin in hardware.
Module temperature	Temperature of the XFP optics module, in Celsius and Fahrenheit.
Laser rx power	Laser received optical power, in mW and dBm.
Laser bias current high alarm	Laser bias power setting high alarm. Displays <code>on</code> or <code>off</code> .
Laser bias current low alarm	Laser bias power setting low alarm. Displays <code>on</code> or <code>off</code> .
Laser bias current high warning	Laser bias power setting high warning. Displays <code>on</code> or <code>off</code> .
Laser bias current low warning	Laser bias power setting low warning. Displays <code>on</code> or <code>off</code> .
Laser output power high alarm	Laser output power high alarm. Displays <code>on</code> or <code>off</code> .
Laser output power low alarm	Laser output power low alarm. Displays <code>on</code> or <code>off</code> .
Laser output power high warning	Laser output power high warning. Displays <code>on</code> or <code>off</code> .
Laser output power low warning	Laser output power low warning. Displays <code>on</code> or <code>off</code> .
Module temperature high alarm	Module temperature high alarm. Displays <code>on</code> or <code>off</code> .
Module temperature low alarm	Module temperature low alarm. Displays <code>on</code> or <code>off</code> .
Module temperature high warning	Module temperature high warning. Displays <code>on</code> or <code>off</code> .
Module temperature low warning	Module temperature low warning. Displays <code>on</code> or <code>off</code> .

Table 39: 10-Gigabit Ethernet XFP Optics show interfaces diagnostics optics Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description
Laser rx power high alarm	Receive laser power high alarm. Displays on or off.
Laser rx power low alarm	Receive laser power low alarm. Displays on or off.
Laser rx power high warning	Receive laser power high warning. Displays on or off.
Laser rx power low warning	Receive laser power low warning. Displays on or off.
Module not ready alarm	Module not ready alarm. When on, indicates the module has an operational fault. Displays on or off.
Module power down alarm	Module power down alarm. When on, module is in a limited power mode, low for normal operation. Displays on or off.
Tx data not ready alarm	Any condition leading to invalid data on the transmit path. Displays on or off.
Tx not ready alarm	Any condition leading to invalid data on the transmit path. Displays on or off.
Tx laser fault alarm	Laser fault condition. Displays on or off.
Tx CDR loss of lock alarm	Transmit clock and data recovery (CDR) loss of lock. Loss of lock on the transmit side of the CDR. Displays on or off.
Rx not ready alarm	Any condition leading to invalid data on the receive path. Displays on or off.
Rx loss of signal alarm	Receive Loss of Signal alarm. When on, indicates insufficient optical input power to the module. Displays on or off.
Rx CDR loss of lock alarm	Receive CDR loss of lock. Loss of lock on the receive side of the CDR. Displays on or off.
Laser bias current high alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser bias current high alarm: 130.000 mA.
Laser bias current low alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser bias current low alarm: 10.000 mA.
Laser bias current high warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser bias current high warning: 120.000 mA.
Laser bias current low warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser bias current low warning: 12.000 mA.
Laser output power high alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser output power high alarm: 0.8910 mW or -0.50 dBm.
Laser output power low alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser output power low alarm: 0.2230 mW or -6.52 dBm.
Laser output power high warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser output power high warning: 0.7940 mW or -100 dBm.

Table 39: 10-Gigabit Ethernet XFP Optics show interfaces diagnostics optics Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description
Laser output power low warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser output power low warning: 0.2510 mW or -600 dBm.
Module temperature high alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the module temperature high alarm: 90° C or 194° F.
Module temperature low alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the module temperature low alarm: -5° C or 23° F.
Module temperature high warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the module temperature high warning: 85° C or 185° F.
Module temperature low warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the module temperature low warning: 0° C or 32° F.
Laser rx power high alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser Rx power high alarm: 1.2589 mW or 1.00 dBm.
Laser rx power low alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser Rx power low alarm: 0.0323 mW or -14.91 dBm.
Laser rx power high warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser Rx power high warning: 1.1220 mW or 0.50 dBm.
Laser rx power low warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser Rx power low warning: 0.0363 mW or -14.40 dBm.

**show interfaces
diagnostics optics
(300-Pin MSA Optics)**

```
user@host> show interfaces diagnostics optics ge-5/0/0
Physical interface: ge-5/0/0
Laser bias current           : 79.938 mA
Laser output power          : 1.592 mW / 2.02 dBm
Receiver signal average optical power : 1.3854 mW / 1.42 dBm
Laser end-of-life alarm      : Off
Laser wavelength alarm      : Off
Laser bias current alarm     : Off
Laser temperature alarm      : Off
Laser power alarm           : Off
Modulator temperature alarm  : Off
Modulator bias alarm         : Off
Tx multiplexer FIFO error alarm : Off
Tx loss of PLL lock alarm    : Off
Rx loss of average optical power alarm: Off
Rx loss of AC power alarm    : Off
Rx loss of PLL lock alarm    : Off
```

**show interfaces
diagnostics optics
(Bidirectional SFP
Optics)**

```
user@host> show interfaces diagnostics optics ge-3/0/6
Physical interface: ge-3/0/6
Laser bias current           : 13.356 mA
Laser output power          : 0.2210 mW / -6.56 dBm
Module temperature           : 36 degrees C / 96 degrees F
Module voltage               : 3.2180 V
Receiver signal average optical power : 0.2429 mW / -6.15 dBm
Laser bias current high alarm : Off
Laser bias current low alarm  : Off
Laser bias current high warning : Off
Laser bias current low warning : Off
Laser output power high alarm : Off
Laser output power low alarm  : Off
Laser output power high warning : Off
Laser output power low warning : Off
Module temperature high alarm : Off
Module temperature low alarm  : Off
Module temperature high warning : Off
Module temperature low warning : Off
Module voltage high alarm     : Off
Module voltage low alarm      : Off
Module voltage high warning   : Off
Module voltage low warning    : Off
Laser rx power high alarm     : Off
Laser rx power low alarm      : Off
Laser rx power high warning   : Off
Laser rx power low warning    : Off
Laser bias current high alarm threshold : 70.000 mA
Laser bias current low alarm threshold : 0.002 mA
Laser bias current high warning threshold : 65.000 mA
Laser bias current low warning threshold : 0.002 mA
Laser output power high alarm threshold : 1.0000 mW / 0.00 dBm
Laser output power low alarm threshold : 0.0560 mW / -12.52 dBm
Laser output power high warning threshold : 0.6300 mW / -2.01 dBm
Laser output power low warning threshold : 0.0890 mW / -10.51 dBm
Module temperature high alarm threshold : 100 degrees C / 212 degrees F
Module temperature low alarm threshold : -50 degrees C / -58 degrees F
Module temperature high warning threshold : 95 degrees C / 203 degrees F
Module temperature low warning threshold : -48 degrees C / -54 degrees F
Module voltage high alarm threshold : 3.700 V
Module voltage low alarm threshold : 2.900 V
Module voltage high warning threshold : 3.600 V
Module voltage low warning threshold : 3.000 V
```

```

Laser rx power high alarm threshold      : 1.9953 mW / 3.00 dBm
Laser rx power low alarm threshold       : 0.0001 mW / -40.00 dBm
Laser rx power high warning threshold    : 1.0000 mW / 0.00 dBm
Laser rx power low warning threshold     : 0.0010 mW / -30.00 dBm

```

**show interfaces
diagnostics optics
(OTN Optics)**

```
user@host> show interfaces diagnostics optics ge-0/3/0
```

```
Physical interface: ge-0/3/0
```

```

Laser bias current                : 23.408 mA
Laser output power                 : 1.479 mW / 1.70 dBm
Module temperature                 : 37 degrees C / 99 degrees F
Laser rx power                    : 0.121 mW / -9.16 dBm
Laser bias current high alarm      : Off
Laser bias current low alarm       : Off
Laser output power high alarm      : Off
Laser output power low alarm       : Off
Module temperature high alarm      : Off
Module temperature low alarm       : Off
Laser rx power high alarm          : Off
Laser rx power low alarm           : Off
Laser bias current high warning    : Off
Laser bias current low warning     : Off
Laser output power high warning    : Off
Laser output power low warning     : Off
Module temperature high warning    : Off
Module temperature low warning     : Off
Laser rx power high warning        : Off
Laser rx power low warning         : Off
Laser bias current high alarm threshold : 31.000 mA
Laser bias current low alarm threshold : 10.000 mA
Laser output power high alarm threshold : 6.000 mW / 7.78 dBm
Laser output power low alarm threshold : 0.100 mW / -10.00 dBm
Module temperature high alarm threshold : 85 degrees C / 185 degrees F
Module temperature low alarm threshold : 0 degrees C / 32 degrees F
Laser rx power high alarm threshold : 1.000 mW / 0.00 dBm
Laser rx power low alarm threshold : 0.001 mW / -30.00 dBm
Laser bias current high warning threshold : 28.000 mA
Laser bias current low warning threshold : 11.000 mA
Laser output power high warning threshold : 5.000 mW / 6.99 dBm
Laser output power low warning threshold : 0.500 mW / -3.01 dBm
Module temperature high warning threshold : 70 degrees C / 158 degrees F
Module temperature low warning threshold : 10 degrees C / 50 degrees F
Laser rx power high warning threshold : 0.501 mW / -3.00 dBm
Laser rx power low warning threshold : 0.001 mW / -28.86 dBm

```

**show interfaces
diagnostics optics (SFP
MSA Optics)**

```
user@host> show interfaces diagnostics optics ge-1/0/0
```

```
Physical interface: ge-1/0/0
```

```

Laser bias current                : 49.010 mA
Laser output power                 : 1.263 mW / 1.01 dBm
Module temperature                 : 17 degrees C / 62 degrees F

Module voltage                    : 4.21 V
Laser rx power                    : 0.060 mW / -12.21 dBm
Laser bias current high alarm      : Off
Laser bias current low alarm       : Off
Laser output power high alarm      : Off
Laser output power low alarm       : Off
Module temperature high alarm      : Off
Module temperature low alarm       : Off
Module voltage high alarm          : Off
Module voltage low alarm           : Off
Laser rx power high alarm          : Off

```

```

Laser rx power low alarm           : Off
Laser bias current high warning    : Off
Laser bias current low warning     : Off
Laser output power high warning    : Off
Laser output power low warning     : Off
Module temperature high warning     : Off
Module temperature low warning      : Off
Module voltage high warning         : Off
Module voltage low warning          : Off
Laser rx power high warning         : Off
Laser rx power low warning          : Off
Laser bias current high alarm threshold : 70.000 mA
Laser bias current low alarm threshold : 20.000 mA
Laser bias current high warning threshold : 65.000 mA
Laser bias current low warning threshold : 25.000 mA
Laser output power high alarm threshold : 1.4120 mW / 1.50 dBm
Laser output power low alarm threshold : 0.1990 mW / -7.01 dBm
Laser output power high warning threshold : 1.2580 mW / 1.00 dBm
Laser output power low warning threshold : 0.2230 mW / -6.52 dBm
Module temperature high alarm threshold : 78 degrees C /172 degrees F

Module temperature low alarm threshold : 13 degrees C / 9 degrees F
Module temperature high warning threshold : 75 degrees C /167 degrees F

Module temperature low warning threshold : 10 degrees C / 14 degrees F

Module voltage high alarm threshold : 5.71 V
Module voltage low alarm threshold : 2.05 V
Module voltage high warning threshold : 5.20 V
Module voltage low warning threshold : 3.11 V
Laser rx power high alarm threshold : 1.7783 mW / 2.50 dBm
Laser rx power low alarm threshold : 0.0100 mW / -20.00 dBm
Laser rx power high warning threshold : 1.5849 mW / 2.00 dBm
Laser rx power low warning threshold : 0.0158 mW / -18.01 dBm

```

```

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces diagnostics optics ge-1/0/0
diagnostics optics  Physical interface: ge-1/0/0
(XENPAK MSA Optics)
    Laser bias current           : 57.250 mA
    Laser output power           : 1.295 mW / 1.12 dBm
    Module temperature           : 24 degrees C / 76 degrees F
    Laser rx power               : 0.000 mW / -35.23 dBm
    Laser bias current high alarm : Off
    Laser bias current low alarm  : Off
    Laser output power high alarm : Off
    Laser output power low alarm  : Off
    Module temperature high alarm : Off
    Module temperature low alarm  : Off
    Laser rx power high alarm     : Off
    Laser rx power low alarm      : Off
    Laser bias current high warning : Off
    Laser bias current low warning : Off
    Laser output power high warning : Off
    Laser output power low warning : Off
    Module temperature high warning : Off
    Module temperature low warning : Off
    Laser rx power high warning   : Off
    Laser rx power low warning    : On
    Laser bias current high alarm threshold : 110.000 mA
    Laser bias current low alarm threshold  : 30.000 mA
    Laser output power high alarm threshold : 3.162 mW / 5.00 dBm
    Laser output power low alarm threshold  : 0.269 mW / -5.70 dBm
    Module temperature high alarm threshold : 80 degrees C / 176 degrees F
    Module temperature low alarm threshold  : -10 degrees C / 14 degrees F
    Laser rx power high alarm threshold    : 1.259 mW / 1.00 dBm
    Laser rx power low alarm threshold     : 0.005 mW / -23.01 dBm
    Laser bias current high warning threshold : 100.000 mA
    Laser bias current low warning threshold : 40.000 mA
    Laser output power high warning threshold : 2.511 mW / 4.00 dBm
    Laser output power low warning threshold : 0.338 mW / -4.71 dBm
    Module temperature high warning threshold : 75 degrees C / 167 degrees F
    Module temperature low warning threshold : -5 degrees C / 23 degrees F
    Laser rx power high warning threshold    : 1.000 mW / 0.00 dBm
    Laser rx power low warning threshold     : 0.010 mW / -20.00 dBm

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces diagnostics optics xe-2/1/0
diagnostics optics  Physical interface: xe-2/1/0
(XFP Optics)
    Laser bias current           : 52.060 mA
    Laser output power           : 0.5640 mW / -2.49 dBm
    Module temperature           : 31 degrees C / 88 degrees F
    Laser rx power               : 0.0844 mW / -10.74 dBm
    Laser bias current high alarm : Off
    Laser bias current low alarm  : Off
    Laser bias current high warning : Off
    Laser bias current low warning : Off
    Laser output power high alarm : Off
    Laser output power low alarm  : Off
    Laser output power high warning : Off
    Laser output power low warning : Off
    Module temperature high alarm : Off
    Module temperature low alarm  : Off
    Module temperature high warning : Off
    Module temperature low warning : Off
    Laser rx power high alarm     : Off
    Laser rx power low alarm      : Off
    Laser rx power high warning   : Off
    Laser rx power low warning    : Off

```

```

Module not ready alarm           : Off
Module power down alarm         : Off
Tx data not ready alarm         : Off
Tx not ready alarm              : Off
Tx laser fault alarm            : Off
Tx CDR loss of lock alarm       : Off
Rx not ready alarm              : Off
Rx loss of signal alarm         : Off
Rx CDR loss of lock alarm       : Off
Laser bias current high alarm threshold : 130.000 mA
Laser bias current low alarm threshold : 10.000 mA
Laser bias current high warning threshold : 120.000 mA
Laser bias current low warning threshold : 12.000 mA
Laser output power high alarm threshold : 0.8910 mW / -0.50 dBm
Laser output power low alarm threshold : 0.2230 mW / -6.52 dBm
Laser output power high warning threshold : 0.7940 mW / -1.00 dBm
Laser output power low warning threshold : 0.2510 mW / -6.00 dBm
Module temperature high alarm threshold : 90 degrees C / 194 degrees F
Module temperature low alarm threshold : -5 degrees C / 23 degrees F
Module temperature high warning threshold : 85 degrees C / 185 degrees F
Module temperature low warning threshold : 0 degrees C / 32 degrees F
Laser rx power high alarm threshold : 1.2589 mW / 1.00 dBm
Laser rx power low alarm threshold : 0.0323 mW / -14.91 dBm
Laser rx power high warning threshold : 1.1220 mW / 0.50 dBm
Laser rx power low warning threshold : 0.0363 mW / -14.40 dBm

```

show interfaces irb

Syntax	show interfaces irb <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 8.4.
Description	Display integrated routing and bridging interfaces information.
Options	<p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the interface with the specified SNMP index.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Additional Information	Integrated routing and bridging (IRB) provides simultaneous support for Layer 2 bridging and Layer 3 IP routing on the same interface. IRB enables you to route local packets to another routed interface or to another bridging domain that has a Layer 3 protocol configured.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces irb extensive on page 220</p> <p>show interfaces irb snmp-index on page 221</p>
Output Fields	Table 40 on page 216 lists the output fields for the show interfaces irb command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 40: show interfaces irb Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels
Enabled	State of the physical interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Proto	Protocol configured on the interface.	terse
Interface index	Physical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none

Table 40: show interfaces irb Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Type	Physical interface type.	detail extensive none
Link-level type	Encapsulation being used on the physical interface.	detail extensive brief none
MTU	MTU size on the physical interface.	detail extensive brief none
Clocking	Reference clock source: Internal or External . Always unspecified on IRB interfaces.	detail extensive brief
Speed	Speed at which the interface is running. Always unspecified on IRB interfaces.	detail extensive brief
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive brief none
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive brief none
Link type	Physical interface link type: full duplex or half duplex .	detail extensive none
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Links Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Physical Info	Physical interface information.	All levels
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Current address	Configured MAC address.	detail extensive none
Hardware address	MAC address of the hardware.	detail extensive none
Alternate link address	Backup address of the link.	detail extensive
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: year-month-day hours:minutes:seconds timezone (hours:minutes:seconds ago). For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) .	detail extensive none
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive

Table 40: show interfaces irb Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
IPv6 transit statistics	<p>Number of IPv6 transit bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface if IPv6 statistics tracking is enabled.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Input errors	<p>Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Runts—Number of frames received that are smaller than the runt threshold. ■ Giants—Number of frames received that are larger than the giant threshold. ■ Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the JUNOS Software does not handle. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	detail extensive
Output errors	<p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the DPC is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ MTU errors—Number of packets whose size exceeded the MTU of the interface. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	detail extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Index number of the logical interface (which reflects its initialization sequence).	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP interface index number of the logical interface.	detail extensive none

Table 40: show interfaces irb Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	detail extensive
Bandwidth	Speed at which the interface is running.	detail extensive
Routing Instance	Routing instance IRB is configured under.	detail extensive
Bridging Domain	Bridging domain IRB is participating in.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
IPv6 transit statistics	<p>Number of IPv6 transit bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface if IPv6 statistics tracking is enabled.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Local statistics	Statistics for traffic received from and transmitted to the Routing Engine.	detail extensive
Transit statistics	Statistics for traffic transiting the router.	detail extensive
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the local interface. Possible values are described in the “Protocol Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive
MTU	Maximum transmission unit size on the logical interface.	detail extensive
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route table	Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0.	detail extensive
Addresses, Flags	Information about address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive
Policer	The policer that is to be evaluated when packets are received or transmitted on the interface.	detail extensive

Table 40: show interfaces irb Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive

```

show interfaces irb      user@host> show interfaces irb extensive
extensive               Physical interface: irb, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                           Interface index: 129, SNMP ifIndex: 23, Generation: 130
                           Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Clocking: Unspecified,
                           Speed: Unspecified
                           Device flags   : Present Running
                           Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
                           Link type      : Full-Duplex
                           Link flags     : None
                           Physical info  : Unspecified
                           Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
                           Current address: 02:00:00:00:00:30, Hardware address: 02:00:00:00:00:30
                           Alternate link address: Unspecified
                           Last flapped   : Never
                           Statistics last cleared: Never
                           Traffic statistics:
                               Input bytes :                0
                               Output bytes:                0
                               Input packets:               0
                               Output packets:              0
                           IPv6 transit statistics:
                               Input bytes :                0
                               Output bytes :                0
                               Input packets:               0
                               Output packets:              0
                           Input errors:
                               Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runt: 0, Giants: 0, Policed discards:
0, Resource errors: 0
                           Output errors:
                               Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0, Resource errors:
0

                           Logical interface irb.0 (Index 68) (SNMP ifIndex 70) (Generation 143)
                           Flags: Hardware-Down SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: ENET2
                           Bandwidth: 1000mbps
                           Routing Instance: customer_0 Bridging Domain: bd0
                           Traffic statistics:
                               Input bytes :                0
                               Output bytes :                0
                               Input packets:               0
                               Output packets:              0
                           IPv6 transit statistics:
                               Input bytes :                0
                               Output bytes :                0
                               Input packets:               0
                               Output packets:              0
                           Local statistics:
                               Input bytes :                0
                               Output bytes :                0
                               Input packets:               0
                               Output packets:              0

```

```

Transit statistics:
  Input bytes :          0          0 bps
  Output bytes :          0          0 bps
  Input packets:          0          0 pps
  Output packets:          0          0 pps
IPv6 transit statistics:
  Input bytes :          0
  Output bytes :          0
  Input packets:          0
  Output packets:          0
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 154, Route table: 0
  Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 10.51.1/24, Local: 10.51.1.2, Broadcast: 10.51.1.255,
    Generation: 155
Protocol multiservice, MTU: 1500, Generation: 155, Route table: 0
  Flags: Is-Primary
  Policer: Input: __default_arp_policer

```

show interfaces irb
snmp-index

```

user@host> show interfaces snmp-index 25
Physical interface: irb, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 128, SNMP ifIndex: 25
Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
Link type : Full-Duplex
Link flags : None
Current address: 02:00:00:00:00:30, Hardware address: 02:00:00:00:00:30
Last flapped : Never
  Input packets : 0
  Output packets: 0

Logical interface irb.0 (Index 68) (SNMP ifIndex 70)
  Flags: Hardware-Down SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: ENET2
  Bandwidth: 1000mbps
  Routing Instance: customer_0 Bridging Domain: bd0
  Input packets : 0
  Output packets: 0
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
    Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
      Destination: 10.51.1/24, Local: 10.51.1.2, Broadcast: 10.51.1.255
  Protocol multiservice, MTU: 1500
    Flags: Is-Primary

```

show lacp interfaces

Syntax	show lacp interfaces <i><interface-name></i>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 7.6.
Description	(M Series, T Series, and MX Series routers only) Display Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) information about the specified aggregated Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, or Gigabit Ethernet interface.
Options	<p>none—Display LACP information for all interfaces.</p> <p><i>interface-name</i>—(Optional) Display LACP information for the specified interface:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Aggregated Ethernet—<i>aenumber</i> ■ Fast Ethernet—<i>fe-fpc/pic/port</i> ■ Gigabit Ethernet—<i>ge-fpc/pic/port</i>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show lacp interfaces (Aggregated Ethernet) on page 225</p> <p>show lacp interfaces (Gigabit Ethernet) on page 225</p>
Output Fields	Table 41 on page 222 lists the output fields for the <code>show lacp interfaces</code> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 41: show lacp interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Aggregated interface	Aggregated interface value.

Table 41: show lacp interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description
LACP State	<p>LACP state information for each aggregated interface:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Role—Role played by the interface. It can be one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Actor—Local device participating in LACP negotiation. ■ Partner—Remote device participating in LACP negotiation. ■ Exp—Expired state. Yes indicates the actor or partner is in an expired state. No indicates the actor or partner is not in an expired state. ■ Def—Default. Yes indicates that the actor's receive machine is using the default operational partner information, administratively configured for the partner. No indicates the operational partner information in use has been received in an LACP PDU. ■ Dist—Distribution of outgoing frames. No indicates distribution of outgoing frames on the link is currently disabled and is not expected to be enabled. Otherwise, the value is Yes. ■ Col—Collection of incoming frames. Yes indicates collection of incoming frames on the link is currently enabled and is not expected to be disabled. Otherwise, the value is No. ■ Syn—Synchronization. If the value is Yes, the link is considered synchronized. It has been allocated to the correct link aggregation group, the group has been associated with a compatible aggregator, and the identity of the link aggregation group is consistent with the system ID and operational key information transmitted. If the value is No, the link is not synchronized. It is currently not in the right aggregation. ■ Aggr—Ability of aggregation port to aggregate (Yes) or to operate only as an individual link (No). ■ Timeout—LACP timeout preference. Periodic transmissions of LACP PDUs occur at either a slow or fast transmission rate, depending upon the expressed LACP timeout preference (Long Timeout or Short Timeout). ■ Activity—Actor or partner's port activity. Passive indicates the port's preference for not transmitting LAC PDUs unless its partner's control value is Active. Active indicates the port's preference to participate in the protocol regardless of the partner's control value.

Table 41: show lacp interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description
LACP Protocol	<p>LACP protocol information for each aggregated interface:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Link state (active or standby) indicated in parentheses next to the interface when link protection is configured. ■ Receive State—One of the following values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Current—The state machine receives an LACP PDU and enters the Current state. ■ Defaulted—If no LACP PDU is received before the timer for the Current state expires a second time, the state machine enters the Defaulted state. ■ Expired—If no LACP PDU is received before the timer for the Current state expires once, the state machine enters the Expired state. ■ Initialize—When the physical connectivity of a link changes or a Begin event occurs, the state machine enters the Initialize state. ■ LACP Disabled—If the port is operating in half duplex, the operation of LACP is disabled on the port, forcing the state to LACP Disabled. This state is similar to the Defaulted state, except that the port is forced to operate as an individual port. ■ Port Disabled—If the port becomes inoperable and a Begin event has not occurred, the state machine enters the Port Disabled state. ■ Transmit State—Transmit state of state machine. One of the following values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Fast Periodic—Periodic transmissions are enabled at a fast transmission rate. ■ No Periodic—Periodic transmissions are disabled. ■ Periodic Timer—Transitory state entered when the periodic timer expires. ■ Slow Periodic—Periodic transmissions are enabled at a slow transmission rate. ■ Mux State—State of the multiplexer state machine for the aggregation port. The state is one of the following values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Attached—Multiplexer state machine initiates the process of attaching the port to the selected aggregator. ■ Collecting—Yes indicates that the receive function of this link is enabled with respect to its participation in an aggregation. Received frames are passed to the aggregator for collection. No indicates the receive function of this link is not enabled. ■ Collecting Distributing—Collecting and distributing states are merged together to form a combined state (coupled control). Because independent control is not possible, the coupled control state machine does not wait for the partner to signal that collection has started before enabling both collection and distribution. ■ Detached—Process of detaching the port from the aggregator is in progress. ■ Distributing—Yes indicates that the transmit function of this link is enabled with respect to its participation in an aggregation. Frames may be passed down from the aggregator's distribution function for transmission. No indicates the transmit function of this link is not enabled. ■ Waiting—Multiplexer state machine is in a holding process, awaiting an outcome.
LACP Statistics	<p>LACP statistics are returned when the extensive option is used and provides the following information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ LACP Rx—LACP received counter that increments for each normal hello. ■ LACP Tx—Number of LACP transmit packet errors logged. ■ Unknown Rx—Number of unrecognized packet errors logged. ■ Illegal Rx—Number of invalid packets received.

**show lacp interfaces
(Aggregated Ethernet)**user@host> **show lacp interfaces ae0 extensive**

Aggregated interface: ae0

LACP state:	Role	Exp	Def	Dist	Col	Syn	Aggr	Timeout	Activity
ge-1/0/1	Actor	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Fast	Active
ge-1/0/1	Partner	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Fast	Passive
ge-1/0/2	Actor	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Fast	Active
ge-1/0/2	Partner	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Fast	Passive

LACP protocol:	Receive State	Transmit State	Mux State
ge-1/0/1	CURRENT	Fast periodic	Collecting
ge-1/0/2	CURRENT	Fast periodic	Collecting
ge-1/0/1 (active)	CURRENT	Fast periodic	Collecting
ge-1/0/2 (standby)	CURRENT	Fast periodic	WAITING

LACP Statistics:	LACP Rx	LACP Tx	Unknown Rx	Illegal Rx
ge-1/0/1	0	0	0	0
ge-1/0/2	0	0	0	0

**show lacp interfaces
(Gigabit Ethernet)**user@host> **show lacp interfaces ge-0/3/0**

Aggregated interface: ae0

LACP State:	Role	Exp	Def	Dist	Col	Syn	Aggr	Timeout	Activity
ge-0/3/0	Actor	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Fast	Active
ge-0/3/0	Partner	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Fast	Active

LACP Protocol:	Receive State	Transmit State	Mux State
ge-0/3/0	Current	Fast periodic	Collecting distributing

show interfaces mac-database (Gigabit Ethernet)

Syntax	show interfaces mac-database (<i>ge-fpc/pic/port</i> | <i>ge-fpc/pic/port.n</i>) <mac-address <i>mac-address</i> >
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(M Series, T Series, and MX Series routers only) Display media access control (MAC) address information for the specified Gigabit Ethernet interface.
Options	<p><i>ge-fpc/pic/port</i>—Display MAC addresses that have been learned on all logical interfaces on a particular physical interface.</p> <p><i>ge-fpc/pic/port.n</i>—Display MAC addresses that have been learned on a particular logical interface.</p> <p>mac-address <i>mac-address</i>—(Optional) Display detailed MAC address statistics, including policer information.</p>
Additional Information	On IQ2 PIC interfaces, the default value for maximum retention of entries in the MAC address table has changed, for cases in which the table is not full. The new holding time is 12 hours. The previous retention time of 3 minutes is still in effect when the table is full.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces mac-database (All MAC Addresses on a Port) on page 228</p> <p>show interfaces mac-database (All MAC Addresses on a Service) on page 228</p> <p>show interfaces mac-database mac-address on page 228</p>
Output Fields	Table 42 on page 226 lists the output fields for the show interfaces mac-database command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 42: show interfaces mac-database Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Physical Interface	
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.
Enabled	State of the physical interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.
Interface index	Physical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.
Description	Description and name of the interface.
Link-level type	Encapsulation being used on the physical interface.
MTU	MTU size on the physical interface.

Table 42: show interfaces mac-database Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description
Speed	Speed at which the interface is running.
Loopback	Whether loopback is enabled and the type of loopback: local or remote .
Source filtering	Whether source filtering is configured.
Flow control	Whether flow control is enabled or disabled.
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Links Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.
Logical Interface	
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.
Flags	Information about the logical interface (possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.
MAC address, Input frames, Input bytes, Output frames, Output bytes	MAC address and corresponding number of input frames, input bytes, output frames, and output bytes.
Number of MAC addresses	Number of MAC addresses configured.
Policer Statistics	<p>(Displayed for mac-address option only) Display information about policers applied to a logical interface-MAC pair.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Policer type—Type of policer that is out of spec with respect to the configuration. It can be one or more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input premium—Number of high-priority rating out-of-spec frames or bytes received. ■ Output premium—Number of high-priority rating out-of-spec frames or bytes sent. ■ Input aggregate—Total number of out-of-spec frames or bytes received. ■ Output aggregate—Total number of out-of-spec frames or bytes sent. ■ Discarded Frames—Number of discarded frames. ■ Discarded Bytes—Number of discarded bytes.

```

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces mac-database ge-5/0/1
mac-database (All MAC Physical interface: ge-5/0/1, Enabled, Physical link is Down
Addresses on a Port)   Interface index: 161, SNMP ifIndex: 59
                        Description: horseshoe ge-2/2/1
                        Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 1000mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
Source filtering: Disabled,
Flow control: Enabled
Device flags   : Present Running Down
Interface flags: Hardware-Down SNMP-Traps 16384
Link flags     : None

Logical interface ge-5/0/1.0 (Index 68) (SNMP ifIndex 67)
Flags: Device-Down SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
MAC address      Input frames   Input bytes   Output frames   Output bytes
00:00:20:00:00:01      0             0             0             0
00:00:20:00:00:02      0             0             0             0
00:00:20:00:00:03      0             0             0             0
00:00:20:00:00:05      0             0             0             0
Number of MAC addresses : 4

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces mac-database ge-5/0/1.0
mac-database (All MAC Logical interface ge-5/0/1.0 (Index 68) (SNMP ifIndex 67)
Addresses on a Service)  Flags: Device-Down SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
MAC address      Input frames   Input bytes   Output frames   Output bytes
00:00:20:00:00:01      0             0             0             0
00:00:20:00:00:02      0             0             0             0
00:00:20:00:00:03      0             0             0             0
00:00:20:00:00:05      0             0             0             0

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces mac-database ge-1/2/0 mac-address aa:bb:cc:dd:e0:00
mac-database        Physical interface: ge-1/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
mac-address         Interface index: 142, SNMP ifIndex: 32
                        Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 1000mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps 16384
Link flags     : None

Logical interface ge-1/2/0.0 (Index 68) (SNMP ifIndex 56)
Flags: SNMP-Traps 16384 Encapsulation: ENET2
MAC address: aa:bb:cc:dd:e0:00, Type: Configured,
Input bytes   : 0
Output bytes  : 0
Input frames   : 0
Output frames  : 0
Policer statistics:
Policer type   Discarded frames   Discarded bytes
Input aggregate      0                 0
Output aggregate     0                 0

```

show interfaces mc-ae

- Syntax

show interfaces mc-ae <id identifier> <unit number>
- Release Information

Command introduced in JUNOS Release 9.6.
- Description

On MX Series routers with multi-chassis aggregated Ethernet (mc-aeX) interfaces, use this command to display information about the mc-aeX interfaces.
- Options

<identifier>—(Optional) Name of the multichassis aggregated Ethernet interface.

<number>—(Optional) Specify the logical interface by unit number.
- Required Privilege Level

view
- List of Sample Output

show interfaces mc-ae on page 229
- Output Fields

Table 43 on page 229 lists the output fields for the show interfaces mc-ae command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 43: show interfaces mc-ae Output Fields

Output Field Name	Field Description
Member Links	Identifiers of the configured multichassis link aggregate interfaces configured interfaces.
Local Status	Status of the local link: active or standby.
Peer Status	Status of the peer link: active or standby.
Logical Interface	Identifier and unit of the mc-ae interface.
Core Facing Interface	Label: pseudowire interface or Ethernet interface.
ICL-PL	Label: pseudowire interface or Ethernet interface.

show interfaces mc-ae

user@host> show interfaces mc-ae ae0 unit 512
Member Links : ae0
Local Status : active
Peer Status : active
Logical Interface : ae0.512
Core Facing Interface : Label Ethernet Interface
ICL-PL : Label Ethernet Interface

show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management delay-statistics

Syntax	show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management delay-statistics maintenance-domain <i>md-name</i> maintenance-association <i>ma-name</i> <count <i>entry-count</i> > <local-mep <i>local-mep-id</i> > <remote-mep <i>remote-mep-id</i> >
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 9.5.
Description	On MX Series routers with Ethernet interfaces on Dense Port Concentrators (DPCs), display ETH-DM statistics.
Options	<p>maintenance-domain <i>md-name</i>—Name of an existing CFM maintenance domain.</p> <p>maintenance-association <i>ma-name</i>—Name of an existing CFM maintenance association.</p> <p><count <i>entry-count</i>>—(Optional) Number of entries to display from the statistics table. The range of values is 1 through 100. The default value is 100 entries.</p> <p><local-mep <i>local-mep-id</i>>—(Optional) Numeric identifier of the local MEP. The range of values is 1 through 8192.</p> <p><remote-mep <i>remote-mep-id</i>>—(Optional) Numeric identifier of the remote MEP. The range of values is 1 through 8192.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
Related Topics	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ clear oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management statistics ■ show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management interfaces ■ show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-database ■ show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-statistics
List of Sample Output	<p>show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management delay-statistics on page 231</p> <p>show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management delay-statistics remote-mep on page 232</p>
Output Fields	Table 44 on page 230 lists the output fields for the show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management delay-statistics command and the show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-statistics command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 44: show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management delay-statistics and mep-statistics Output Fields

Output Field Name	Field Description
MEP identifier	Maintenance association end point (MEP) numeric identifier.
MAC address	Unicast MAC address configured for the MEP.

Table 44: show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management delay-statistics and mep-statistics Output Fields (continued)

Output Field Name	Field Description
Remote MEP count	Number of remote MEPs (unless you specify the <code>remote-mep</code> option).
Remote MEP identifier	Numeric identifier of the remote MEP.
Remote MAC address	Unicast MAC address of the remote MEP.
Index	Index number that corresponds to the ETH-DM entry in the CFM database.
One-way delay (usec)	For a one-way ETH-DM session, the frame delay time, in microseconds, measured at the receiver MEP. For a detailed description of one-way Ethernet frame delay measurement, see the <i>ITU-T Y.1731 Ethernet Service OAM</i> topics in the <i>JUNOS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide</i> .
Two-way delay (usec)	For a two-way ETH-DM session, the frame delay time, in microseconds, measured at the initiator MEP. For a detailed description of two-way Ethernet frame delay measurement, see the <i>ITU-T Y.1731 Ethernet Service OAM</i> topics in the <i>JUNOS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide</i> .
Average one-way delay	Average one-way frame delay for the statistics displayed.
Average one-way delay variation	Average one-way “frame jitter” for the statistics displayed.
Best-case one-way delay	Lowest one-way frame delay for the statistics displayed.
Worst-case one-way delay	Highest one-way frame delay for the statistics displayed.
Average two-way delay	Average two-way frame delay for the statistics displayed.
Average two-way delay variation	Average two-way “frame jitter” for the statistics displayed.
Best-case two-way delay	Lowest two-way frame delay for the statistics displayed.
Worst-case two-way delay	Highest two-way frame delay calculated in this session.

**show oam ethernet
connectivity-fault-
management
delay-statistics**

```

user@host> show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management delay-statistics
maintenance-domain md6 maintenance-association ma6
MEP identifier: 100, MAC address: 00:05:85:73:7b:39
Remote MEP count: 2
Remote MEP identifier: 101
Remote MAC address: 00:05:85:73:39:4a
Delay measurement statistics:
  Index  One-way delay  Two-way delay
         (usec)      (usec)
    1      259        519
    2      273        550
    3      287        571
    4      299        610
    5      313        650

```

```

Average one-way delay      : 286 usec
Average one-way delay variation: 62 usec
Best case one-way delay    : 259 usec
Worst case one-way delay   : 313 usec
Average two-way delay      : 580 usec
Average two-way delay variation: 26 usec
Best case two-way delay    : 519 usec
Worst case two-way delay   : 650 usec

```

```

Remote MEP identifier: 102
Remote MAC address: 00:04:55:63:39:5a

```

```

Delay measurement statistics:
Index  One-way delay  Two-way delay
      (usec)        (usec)
  1      29          58
  2      23          59
  3      27          56
  4      29          62
  5      33          68

```

```

Average one-way delay      : 28 usec
Average one-way delay variation: 3 usec
Best case one-way delay    : 23 usec
Worst case one-way delay   : 33 usec
Average two-way delay      : 60 usec
Average two-way delay variation: 3 usec
Best case two-way delay    : 56 usec
Worst case two-way delay   : 68 usec

```

**show oam ethernet
connectivity-fault-
management
delay-statistics
remote-mep**

```

user@host> show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management delay-statistics
maintenance-domain md6 maintenance-association ma6 remote-mep 101
MEP identifier: 100, MAC address: 00:05:85:73:7b:39

```

```

Remote MEP identifier: 101
Remote MAC address: 00:05:85:73:39:4a
Delay measurement statistics:
Index  One-way delay  Two-way delay
      (usec)        (usec)
  1      259          519
  2      273          550
  3      287          571
  4      299          610
  5      313          650

```

```

Average one-way delay      : 286 usec
Average one-way delay variation: 62 usec
Best case one-way delay    : 259 usec
Worst case one-way delay   : 313 usec
Average two-way delay      : 580 usec
Average two-way delay variation: 26 usec
Best case two-way delay    : 519 usec
Worst case two-way delay   : 650 usec

```

show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management forwarding-state

Syntax	show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management forwarding-state interface <i>interface-name</i> | instance <i>instance-name</i> <brief | detail | extensive>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 8.4.
Description	On M320, MX Series, T320, and T640 routers, display IEEE 802.1ag Operation, Administration, and Management (OAM) connectivity fault management forwarding state information for Ethernet interfaces.
Options	<p>interface <i>interface-name</i>—Display forwarding state information for the specified Ethernet interface only.</p> <p>instance <i>instance-name</i>—Display forwarding state information for the specified forwarding instance only.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management forwarding-state instance on page 234</p> <p>show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management forwarding-state interface on page 234</p> <p>show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management forwarding-state interface detail on page 235</p> <p>show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management forwarding-state interfaceinterface-name on page 235</p>
Output Fields	Table 45 on page 233 lists the output fields for the show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management forwarding-state command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 45: show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management forwarding-state Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Interface name	Interface identifier.	All levels
Link (Status)	Local link status.	All levels
Filter action	Filter action for messages at the level.	All levels
Next hop type	Next-hop type.	All levels
Next index	Next-hop index number.	brief
Level	Maintenance domain (MD) level.	detail
Direction	MEP direction configured.	none

Table 45: show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management forwarding-state Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Instance name	Forwarding instance name.	All levels
CEs	Number of customer edge (CE) interfaces.	All levels
VEs	Number of VPN endpoint (VE) interfaces.	All levels

show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management forwarding-state instance user@host> **show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management forwarding-state instance**
 Instance name: __+bd1__
 CEs: 3
 VEs: 0

Maintenance domain forwarding state:

Level	Direction	Filter action	Nexthop type	Nexthop index
0		Drop	none	
1		Drop	none	
2		Drop	none	
3		Drop	none	
4		Drop	none	
5		Drop	none	
6		Drop	none	
7		Drop	none	

show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management forwarding-state interface user@host> **show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management forwarding-state interface**
 Interface name: ge-3/0/0.0
 Instance name: __+bd1__
 Maintenance domain forwarding state:

Level	Direction	Filter action	Nexthop type	Nexthop index
0		Drop	none	
1		Drop	none	
2		Drop	none	
3		Drop	none	
4		Drop	none	
5		Drop	none	
6		Drop	none	
7	down	Receive	none	

Interface name: xe-0/0/0.0

Instance name: __+bd1__

Maintenance domain forwarding state:

Level	Direction	Filter action	Nexthop type	Nexthop index
0		Drop	none	
1		Drop	none	
2		Drop	none	
3		Drop	none	
4		Drop	none	
5		Drop	none	


```

6          Drop      none
7      down  Receive  none

show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management forwarding-state interface detail
user@host> show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management forwarding-state interface detail
Interface name: ge-3/0/0.0
Instance name: __+bd1__

Level: 0
Filter action: Drop
Nexthop type: none

Level: 1
Filter action: Drop
Nexthop type: none

Level: 2
Filter action: Drop
Nexthop type: none

Level: 3
Filter action: Drop
Nexthop type: none

Level: 4
Filter action: Drop
Nexthop type: none

Level: 5
Filter action: Drop
Nexthop type: none

Level: 6
Filter action: Drop
Nexthop type: none

Level: 7
Direction: down
Filter action: Receive
Nexthop type: none

Interface name: xe-0/0/0.0
Instance name: __+bd1__

Level: 0
Filter action: Drop
Nexthop type: none

Level: 1
Filter action: Drop
Nexthop type: none

...

show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management forwarding-state interface interface-name ge-3/0/0/0.0
user@host> show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management forwarding-state interface interface-name ge-3/0/0/0.0
Interface name: ge-3/0/0.0
Instance name: __+bd1__
Maintenance domain forwarding state:

Level   Direction   Filter action   Nexthop   Nexthop
```

			type	index
0		Drop	none	
1		Drop	none	
2		Drop	none	
3		Drop	none	
4		Drop	none	
5		Drop	none	
6		Drop	none	
7	down	Receive	none	

show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management interfaces

Syntax	show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management interfaces <ethernet-interface-name> <level md-level> <brief | detail | extensive>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 8.4. Support for ITU-T Y.1731 frame delay measurement added in JUNOS Release 9.5.
Description	On M320, MX Series, T320, and T640 routers, display IEEE 802.1ag Operation, Administration, and Management (OAM) connectivity fault management (CFM) database information for Ethernet interfaces. In addition, for Ethernet interfaces on Dense Port Concentrators (DPCs) in MX Series routers only, also display any ITU-T Y.1731 frame delay measurement (ETH-DM) frame counts when detail or extensive mode is specified.
Options	brief | detail | extensive —(Optional) Display the specified level of output. <i>ethernet-interface-name</i> —(Optional) Display CFM information only for CFM entities attached to the specified Ethernet interface. <i>level md-level</i> —(Optional) Display CFM information for CFM identities enclosed within a maintenance domain of the specified level.
Required Privilege Level	view
Related Topics	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ clear oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management statistics ■ show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management delay-statistics ■ show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-database ■ show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-statistics
List of Sample Output	show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management interfaces on page 240 show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management interfaces detail on page 240 show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management interfaces detail (One-Way ETH-DM) on page 241 show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management interfaces extensive on page 242 show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management interfaces level on page 242
Output Fields	Table 46 on page 237 lists the output fields for the show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management interfaces command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 46: show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Interface	Interface identifier.	All levels

Table 46: show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Interface status	Local interface status.	All levels
Link status	Local link status. Up, down, or oam-down.	All levels
Maintenance domain name	Maintenance domain name.	detail extensive
Format (Maintenance domain)	Maintenance domain name format configured.	detail extensive
Level	Maintenance domain level configured.	All levels
Maintenance association name	Maintenance association name.	detail extensive
Format (Maintenance association)	Maintenance association name format configured.	detail extensive
Continuity-check status	Continuity-check status.	detail extensive
Interval	Continuity-check message interval.	detail extensive
Loss-threshold	Lost continuity-check message threshold.	detail extensive
MEP identifier	Maintenance association end point (MEP) identifier.	All levels
Neighbours	Number of MEP neighbors.	All levels
Direction	MEP direction configured.	detail extensive
MAC address	MAC address configured for the MEP.	detail extensive
MEP status	Indicates the status of the Connectivity Fault Management (CFM) protocol running on the MEP: Running, inactive, disabled, or unsupported.	detail extensive
Remote MEP not receiving CCM	Whether the remote MEP is not receiving connectivity check messages (CCMs).	detail extensive
Erroneous CCM received	Whether erroneous CCMs have been received.	detail extensive
Cross-connect CCM received	Whether cross-connect CCMs have been received.	detail extensive
RDI sent by some MEP	Whether the remote defect indication (RDI) bit is set in messages that have been received. The absence of the RDI bit in a CCM indicates that the transmitting MEP is receiving CCMs from all configured MEPs.	detail extensive
CCMs sent	Number of CCMs transmitted.	detail extensive

Table 46: show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
CCMs received out of sequence	Number of CCMs received out of sequence.	detail extensive
LBMs sent	Number of loopback request messages (LBMs) sent.	detail extensive
Valid in-order LBRs received	Number of loopback response messages (LBRs) received that were valid messages and in sequence.	detail extensive
Valid out-of-order LBRs received	Number of LBRs received that were valid messages and not in sequence.	detail extensive
LBRs received with corrupted data	Number of LBRs received that were corrupted.	detail extensive
LBRs sent	Number of LBRs transmitted.	detail extensive
LTMs sent	Linktrace messages (LTMs) transmitted.	detail extensive
LTMs received	Linktrace messages received.	detail extensive
LTRs sent	Linktrace responses (LTRs) transmitted.	detail extensive
LTRs received	Linktrace responses received.	detail extensive
Sequence number of next LTM request	Sequence number of next LTM request to be transmitted.	detail extensive
1DMs sent	<p>If the interface is attached to an initiator MEP for a one-way ETH-DM session: Number of one-way delay measurement (1DM) PDU frames sent to the peer MEP in this session.</p> <p>For all other cases, this field displays 0.</p>	detail extensive
Valid 1DMs received	<p>If the interface is attached to a receiver MEP for a one-way ETH-DM session: Number of valid 1DM frames received.</p> <p>For all other cases, this field displays 0.</p>	detail extensive
Invalid 1DMs received	<p>If the interface is attached to a receiver MEP for a one-way ETH-DM session: Number of invalid 1DM frames received.</p> <p>For all other cases, this field displays 0.</p>	detail extensive
DMMs sent	<p>If the interface is attached to an initiator MEP for a two-way ETH-DM session: Number of Delay Measurement Message (DMM) PDU frames sent to the peer MEP in this session.</p> <p>For all other cases, this field displays 0.</p>	detail extensive
DMRs sent	<p>If the interface is attached to a responder MEP for a two-way ETH-DM session: Number of Delay Measurement Reply (DMR) frames sent.</p> <p>For all other cases, this field displays 0.</p>	detail extensive

Table 46: show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Valid DMRs received	If the interface is attached to an initiator MEP for a two-way ETH-DM session: Number of valid DMRs received. For all other cases, this field displays 0.	detail extensive
Invalid DMRs received	If the interface is attached to an initiator MEP for a two-way ETH-DM session: Number of invalid DMRs received. For all other cases, this field displays 0.	detail extensive
Remote MEP count	Number of remote MEPs.	extensive
Identifier (remote MEP)	MEP identifier of the remote MEP.	extensive
MAC address (remote MEP)	MAC address of the remote MEP.	extensive
State (remote MEP)	State of the remote MEP.	extensive
Interface (remote MEP)	Interface of the remote MEP.	extensive

```

show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management interfaces
user@host> show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management interfaces
Interface      Link      Status      Level      MEP      Neighbours
Identifier
ge-1/1/0.0     Up        Active      0          2        1
ge-1/1/0.1     Up        Active      0          2        1
ge-1/1/0.10    Up        Active      0          2        1
ge-1/1/0.100   Up        Active      0          2        1
ge-1/1/0.101   Up        Active      0          2        1
ge-1/1/0.102   Up        Active      0          2        1
ge-1/1/0.103   Up        Active      0          2        1
ge-1/1/0.104   Up        Active      0          2        1
ge-1/1/0.105   Up        Active      0          2        1
ge-1/1/0.106   Up        Active      0          2        1
...

show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management interfaces detail
user@host> show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management interfaces detail
Interface name: ge-5/2/9.0, Interface status: Active, Link status: Up
Maintenance domain name: md0, Format: string, Level: 5
Maintenance association name: ma1, Format: string
Continuity-check status: enabled, Interval: 100ms, Loss-threshold: 3 frames
MEP identifier: 1, Direction: down, MAC address: 00:90:69:0b:4b:94
MEP status: running
Defects:
  Remote MEP not receiving CCM                : no
  Erroneous CCM received                       : yes
  Cross-connect CCM received                   : no
  RDI sent by some MEP                        : yes
Statistics:
  CCMs sent                                   : 76

```

```

CCMs received out of sequence          : 0
LBMs sent                              : 0
Valid in-order LBRs received            : 0
Valid out-of-order LBRs received       : 0
LBRs received with corrupted data      : 0
LBRs sent                              : 0
LTMs sent                              : 0
LTMs received                          : 0
LTRs sent                              : 0
LTRs received                          : 0
Sequence number of next LTM request    : 0
1DMs sent                              : 0
Valid 1DMs received                    : 0
Invalid 1DMs received                   : 0
DMMs sent                              : 0
DMRs sent                              : 0
Valid DMRs received                    : 0
Invalid DMRs received                   : 0
Remote MEP count: 2
Identifier    MAC address      State   Interface
2001         00:90:69:0b:7f:71  ok     ge-5/2/9.0
4001         00:90:69:0b:09:c5  ok     ge-5/2/9.0

```

**show oam ethernet
connectivity-fault-
management interfaces
detail (One-Way
ETH-DM)**

```

user@host show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management interfaces detail
Interface name: ge-0/2/5.0, Interface status: Active, Link status: Up
Maintenance domain name: md6, Format: string, Level: 6
Maintenance association name: ma6, Format: string
Continuity-check status: enabled, Interval: 100ms, Loss-threshold: 3 frames
MEP identifier: 101, Direction: down, MAC address: 00:90:69:0a:48:57
MEP status: running
Defects:
Remote MEP not receiving CCM          : no
Erroneous CCM received                 : no
Cross-connect CCM received             : no
RDI sent by some MEP                  : no
Statistics:
CCMs sent                             : 1590
CCMs received out of sequence          : 0
LBMs sent                              : 0
Valid in-order LBRs received            : 0
Valid out-of-order LBRs received       : 0
LBRs received with corrupted data      : 0
LBRs sent                              : 0
LTMs sent                              : 0
LTMs received                          : 0
LTRs sent                              : 0
LTRs received                          : 0
Sequence number of next LTM request    : 0
1DMs sent                              : 10
Valid 1DMs received                    : 0
Invalid 1DMs received                   : 0
DMMs sent                              : 0
DMRs sent                              : 0
Valid DMRs received                    : 0
Invalid DMRs received                   : 0
Remote MEP count: 1
Identifier    MAC address      State   Interface
201          00:90:69:0a:43:94  ok     ge-0/2/5.0

```

```

show oam ethernet      user@host> show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management interfaces extensive
connectivity-fault-
management interfaces
extensive
Interface name: ge-5/2/9.0, Interface status: Active, Link status: Up
Maintenance domain name: md0, Format: string, Level: 5
Maintenance association name: ma1, Format: string
Continuity-check status: enabled, Interval: 100ms, Loss-threshold: 3 frames
MEP identifier: 1, Direction: down, MAC address: 00:90:69:0b:4b:94
MEP status: running
Defects:
  Remote MEP not receiving CCM                : no
  Erroneous CCM received                      : yes
  Cross-connect CCM received                  : no
  RDI sent by some MEP                       : yes
Statistics:
  CCMs sent                                  : 76
  CCMs received out of sequence              : 0
  LBMs sent                                  : 0
  Valid in-order LBRs received               : 0
  Valid out-of-order LBRs received           : 0
  LBRs received with corrupted data          : 0
  LBRs sent                                  : 0
  LTMs sent                                  : 0
  LTMs received                             : 0
  LTRs sent                                  : 0
  LTRs received                             : 0
  Sequence number of next LTM request        : 0
  1DMs sent                                  : 0
  Valid 1DMs received                       : 0
  Invalid 1DMs received                     : 0
  DMMs sent                                  : 0
  DMRs sent                                  : 0
  Valid DMRs received                      : 0
  Invalid DMRs received                    : 0
Remote MEP count: 2
  Identifier  MAC address  State  Interface
  2001       00:90:69:0b:7f:71  ok    ge-5/2/9.0
  4001       00:90:69:0b:09:c5  ok    ge-5/2/9.0

show oam ethernet      user@host> show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management interfaces level 7
connectivity-fault-
management interfaces
level
Interface  Link  Status  Level  MEP  Neighbours
Identifier
ge-3/0/0.0  Up    Active  7      201  0
xe-0/0/0.0  Up    Active  7      203  1

```


show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-database

Syntax	show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-database maintenance-domain <i>domain-name</i> maintenance-association <i>ma-name</i> <local-mep <i>local-mep-id</i> > <remote-mep <i>remote-mep-id</i> >
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 8.4. Support for ITU-T Y.1731 frame delay measurement added in JUNOS Release 9.5.
Description	On M320, M120, MX Series, T320, and T640 routers, display IEEE 802.1ag Operation, Administration, and Management (OAM) connectivity fault management (CFM) database information for CFM maintenance association end points (MEPs) in a CFM session. In addition, on M120, M320, and MX series routers, also displays port status TLV, interface status TLV, and action profile information. In addition, for Ethernet interfaces on Dense Port Concentrators (DPCs) in MX Series routers only, also display any ITU-T Y.1731 frame delay measurement (ETH-DM) frame counts.
Options	<p>maintenance-association <i>ma-name</i>—Display connectivity fault management information for the specified maintenance association.</p> <p>maintenance-domain <i>domain-name</i>—Display connectivity fault management information for the specified maintenance domain.</p> <p>local-mep <i>local-mep-id</i>—(Optional) Display connectivity fault management information for the specified local MEP only.</p> <p>remote-mep <i>remote-mep-id</i>—(Optional) Display connectivity fault management information for the specified remote MEP only.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
Related Topics	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ clear oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management statistics ■ show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management delay-statistics ■ show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management interfaces ■ show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-statistics
List of Sample Output	<p>show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-database on page 246</p> <p>show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-database (One-Way ETH-DM) on page 247</p> <p>show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-database local-mep remote-mep on page 248</p> <p>show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-database remote-mep (Action Profile Event) on page 248</p>

Output Fields Table 47 on page 244 lists the output fields for the `show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-database` command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 47: show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-database Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Maintenance domain name	Maintenance domain name.
Format (Maintenance domain)	Maintenance domain name format configured.
Level	Maintenance domain level configured.
Maintenance association name	Maintenance association name.
Format (Maintenance association)	Maintenance association name format configured.
Continuity-check status	Continuity-check status.
Interval	Continuity-check message interval.
Loss-threshold	Lost continuity-check message threshold.
MEP identifier	Maintenance association end point (MEP) identifier.
Direction	MEP direction configured.
MAC address	MAC address configured for the MEP.
Auto-discovery	Whether automatic discovery is enabled or disabled.
Priority	Priority used for CCMs and linktrace messages transmitted by the MEP.
Interface name	Interface identifier.
Interface status	Local interface status.
Link status	Local link status.
Remote MEP not receiving CCM	Whether the remote MEP is not receiving CCMs.
Erroneous CCM received	Whether erroneous CCMs have been received.
Cross-connect CCM received	Whether cross-connect CCMs have been received.
RDI sent by some MEP	Whether the remote defect indication (RDI) bit is set in messages that have been received. The absence of the RDI bit in a CCM indicates that the transmitting MEP is receiving CCMs from all configured MEPs.
CCMs sent	Number of CCMs transmitted.

Table 47: show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-database Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description
CCMs received out of sequence	Number of CCMs received out of sequence.
LBMs sent	Number of loopback messages (LBMs) sent.
Valid in-order LBRs received	Number of loopback response messages (LBRs) received that were valid messages and in sequence.
1DMs sent	If the MEP is an initiator for a one-way ETH-DM session: Number of one-way delay measurement (1DM) PDU frames sent to the peer MEP in this session. For all other cases, this field displays 0.
Valid 1DMs received	If the MEP is a receiver for a one-way ETH-DM session: Number of valid 1DM frames received. For all other cases, this field displays 0.
Invalid 1DMs received	If the MEP is a receiver for a one-way ETH-DM session: Number of invalid 1DM frames received. For all other cases, this field displays 0.
DMMs sent	If the MEP is an initiator for a two-way ETH-DM session: Number of Delay Measurement Message (DMM) PDU frames sent to the peer MEP in this session. For all other cases, this field displays 0.
DMRs sent	If the MEP is a responder for a ETH-DM session: Number of Delay Measurement Reply (DMR) frames sent. For all other cases, this field displays 0.
Valid DMRs received	If the MEP is an initiator for a two-way ETH-DM session: Number of valid DMRs received. For all other cases, this field displays 0.
Invalid DMRs received	If the MEP is an initiator for a two-way ETH-DM session: Number of invalid DMRs received. For all other cases, this field displays 0.
Valid out-of-order LBRs received	Number of LBRs received that were valid messages and not in sequence.
LBRs received with corrupted data	Number of LBRs received that were corrupted.
LBRs sent	Number of LBRs transmitted.
LTMs sent	Linktrace messages (LTMs) transmitted.
LTMs received	Linktrace messages received.
LTRs sent	Linktrace responses (LTRs) transmitted.
LTRs received	Linktrace responses received.

Table 47: show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-database Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description
Sequence number of next LTM request	Sequence number of the next linktrace message request to be transmitted.
Remote MEP identifier	MEP identifier of the remote MEP.
State (remote MEP)	State of the remote MEP: <i>idle</i> , <i>start</i> , <i>ok</i> , or <i>failed</i> .
MAC address	MAC address of the remote MEP.
Type	Whether the remote MEP MAC address was learned using automatic discovery or configured.
Interface	Interface of the remote MEP. A seven-digit number is appended if CFM is configured to run on a routing instance of type VPLS.
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the remote MEP interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: year-month-day hours:minutes:seconds timezone (hours:minutes:seconds ago) . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) .
Remote defect indication	Whether the remote defect indication (RDI) bit is set in messages that have been received or transmitted.
Port status TLV	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ In the Maintenance domain section, displays the last transmitted port status TLV value. ■ In the Remote MEP section, displays the last value of port status TLV received from the remote MEP. <p>In the Action profile section, displays, the last occurred event port-status-tlv blocked event. This event occurred due to the reception of blocked value in the port status TLV from remote MEP.</p>
Interface status TLV	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ In the Maintenance domain section, displays the last transmitted interface status TLV value. ■ In the Remote MEP section, displays the last value of interface status TLV received from the remote MEP. <p>In the Action profile section, if displays, the last occurred event interface-status-tlv event (either lower-layer-down or down). This event occurred due to the reception of either lower or down value in the interface status TLV from remote MEP.</p>
Action profile	Name of the action profile occurrence associated with a remote MEP.
Last event	When an action profile occurs, displays the last event that triggered it.
Last event cleared	When all the configured and occurred events (under action profile) are cleared, then the action taken gets reverted (such as down interface is made up) and the corresponding time is noted and displayed.
Action	Action taken and the corresponding time of the action occurrence.

**show oam ethernet
connectivity-fault-
management
mep-database**

```

user@host> show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-database
maintenance-domain vpls-vlan2000 maintenance-association vpls-vlan200
Maintenance domain name: vpls-vlan2000, Format: string, Level: 5
Maintenance association name: vpls-vlan200, Format: string
Continuity-check status: enabled, Interval: 100ms, Loss-threshold: 3 frames
MEP identifier: 200, Direction: up, MAC address: 00:19:e2:b0:74:01
Auto-discovery: enabled, Priority: 0
Interface name: ge-0/0/1.0, Interface status: Active, Link status: Up

```

```

Defects:
  Remote MEP not receiving CCM          : no
  Erroneous CCM received                 : no
  Cross-connect CCM received            : no
  RDI sent by some MEP                  : no
Statistics:
  CCMs sent                             : 1476
  CCMs received out of sequence          : 0
  LBMs sent                             : 85
  Valid in-order LBRs received           : 78
  Valid out-of-order LBRs received       : 0
  LBRs received with corrupted data      : 0
  LBRs sent                             : 0
  LTMs sent                             : 1
  LTMs received                         : 0
  LTRs sent                             : 0
  LTRs received                         : 1
  Sequence number of next LTM request    : 1
  1DMs sent                             : 0
  Valid 1DMs received                   : 0
  Invalid 1DMs received                  : 0
  DMMs sent                             : 0
  DMRs sent                             : 0
  Valid DMRs received                   : 0
  Invalid DMRs received                  : 0
Remote MEP count: 1
  Identifier  MAC address      State  Interface
    100      00:19:e2:b2:81:4b   ok   vt-0/1/10.1049088

```

**show oam ethernet
connectivity-fault-
management
mep-database (One-Way
ETH-DM)**

```

user@host> show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-database
maintenance-domain md6 maintenance-domain ma6
Maintenance domain name: md6, Format: string, Level: 6
Maintenance association name: ma6, Format: string
Continuity-check status: enabled, Interval: 100ms, Loss-threshold: 3 frames
MEP identifier: 101, Direction: down, MAC address: 00:90:69:0a:48:57
Auto-discovery: enabled, Priority: 0
Interface name: ge-0/2/5.0, Interface status: Active, Link status: Up
Defects:
  Remote MEP not receiving CCM          : no
  Erroneous CCM received                 : no
  Cross-connect CCM received            : no
  RDI sent by some MEP                  : no
Statistics:
  CCMs sent                             : 1590
  CCMs received out of sequence          : 0
  LBMs sent                             : 0
  Valid in-order LBRs received           : 0
  Valid out-of-order LBRs received       : 0
  LBRs received with corrupted data      : 0
  LBRs sent                             : 0
  LTMs sent                             : 0
  LTMs received                         : 0
  LTRs sent                             : 0
  LTRs received                         : 0
  Sequence number of next LTM request    : 0
  1DMs sent                             : 10
  Valid 1DMs received                   : 0
  Invalid 1DMs received                  : 0
  DMMs sent                             : 0
  DMRs sent                             : 0
  Valid DMRs received                   : 0

```

```

Invalid DMRs received                : 0
Remote MEP count: 1
Identifier    MAC address            State    Interface
  201        00:90:69:0a:43:94        ok      ge-0/2/5.0

```

```

show oam ethernet      user@host> show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-database
connectivity-fault- maintenance-domain vpls-vlan2000 maintenance-association vpls-vlan200 local-mep
management           200 remote-mep 100
mep-database local-mep
remote-mep           Maintenance domain name: vpls-vlan2000, Format: string, Level: 5
                        Maintenance association name: vpls-vlan200, Format: string
                        Continuity-check status: enabled, Interval: 100ms, Loss-threshold: 3 frames
                        MEP identifier: 200, Direction: up, MAC address: 00:19:e2:b0:74:01
                        Auto-discovery: enabled, Priority: 0
                        Interface name: ge-0/0/1.0, Interface status: Active, Link status: Up

Remote MEP identifier: 100, State: ok
MAC address: 00:19:e2:b2:81:4b, Type: Learned
Interface: vt-0/1/10.1049088
Last flapped: Never
Remote defect indication: false
Port status TLV: none
Interface status TLV: none

```

```

show oam ethernet      user@host> show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-database
connectivity-fault- maintenance-domain md5 maintenance-association ma5 remote-mep 200
management           Maintenance domain name: md5, Format: string, Level: 5
mep-database           Maintenance association name: ma5, Format: string
remote-mep             Continuity-check status: enabled, Interval: 1s, Loss-threshold: 3 frames
(Action Profile Event) MEP identifier: 100, Direction: down, MAC address: 00:05:85:73:e8:ad
                        Auto-discovery: enabled, Priority: 0
                        Interface status TLV: none, Port status TLV: none
                        Interface name: ge-1/0/8.0, Interface status: Active, Link status: Up

Remote MEP identifier: 200, State: ok
MAC address: 00:05:85:73:96:1f, Type: Configured
Interface: ge-1/0/8.0
Last flapped: Never
Remote defect indication: false
Port status TLV: none
Interface status TLV: lower-layer-down
Action profile: juniper
  Last event: Interface-status-tlv lower-layer-down
  Action: Interface-down, Time: 2009-03-27 14:25:10 PDT (00:00:02 ago)

```

show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-statistics

Syntax	show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-statistics maintenance-domain <i>md-name</i> maintenance-association <i>ma-name</i> <mep <i>mep-id</i> > <remote-mep <i>remote-mep-id</i> > <count <i>entry-count</i> >
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 9.5.
Description	On MX Series routers with Ethernet interfaces on Dense Port Concentrators (DPCs), display ETH-DM statistics and ETH-DM frame counts.
Options	<p><i>md-name</i>—Name of an existing CFM maintenance domain.</p> <p><i>ma-name</i>—Name of an existing CFM maintenance association.</p> <p><i>local-mep-id</i>—(Optional) Numeric identifier of the local MEP. The range of values is 1 through 8192.</p> <p><i>remote-mep-id</i>—(Optional) Numeric identifier of the remote MEP. The range of values is 1 through 8192.</p> <p><i>entry-count</i>—(Optional) Number of entries to display from the statistics table. The range of values is 1 through 100. The default value is 100 entries.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
Related Topics	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ clear oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management statistics ■ show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management delay-statistics ■ show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management interfaces ■ show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-database
List of Sample Output	<p>show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-statistics on page 250</p> <p>show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-statistics</p> <p>remote-mep on page 251</p>
Output Fields	Table 48 on page 249 lists the output fields for the show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-statistics command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 48: show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management delay-statistics and mep-statistics Output Fields

Output Field Name	Field Description
MEP identifier	Maintenance association end point (MEP) numeric identifier.
MAC address	Unicast MAC address configured for the MEP.

Table 48: show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management delay-statistics and mep-statistics Output Fields (continued)

Output Field Name	Field Description
Remote MEP count	Number of remote MEPs (unless you specify the <code>remote-mep</code> option).
Remote MEP identifier	Numeric identifier of the remote MEP.
Remote MAC address	Unicast MAC address of the remote MEP.
Index	Index number that corresponds to the ETH-DM entry in the CFM database.
One-way delay (usec)	For a one-way ETH-DM session, the frame delay time, in microseconds, measured at the receiver MEP. For a detailed description of one-way Ethernet frame delay measurement, see the <i>ITU-T Y.1731 Ethernet Service OAM</i> topics in the <i>JUNOS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide</i> .
Two-way delay (usec)	For a two-way ETH-DM session, the frame delay time, in microseconds, measured at the initiator MEP. For a detailed description of two-way Ethernet frame delay measurement, see the <i>ITU-T Y.1731 Ethernet Service OAM</i> topics in the <i>JUNOS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide</i> .
Average one-way delay	Average one-way frame delay for the statistics displayed.
Average one-way delay variation	Average one-way “frame jitter” for the statistics displayed.
Best-case one-way delay	Lowest one-way frame delay for the statistics displayed.
Worst-case one-way delay	Highest one-way frame delay for the statistics displayed.
Average two-way delay	Average two-way frame delay for the statistics displayed.
Average two-way delay variation	Average two-way “frame jitter” for the statistics displayed.
Best-case two-way delay	Lowest two-way frame delay for the statistics displayed.
Worst-case two-way delay	Highest two-way frame delay calculated in this session.

```

show oam ethernet      user@host> show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-statistics
connectivity-fault-   maintenance-domain md1 maintenance-association ma-1
management           MEP identifier: 100, MAC address: 00:05:85:73:7b:39
mep-statistics       Remote MEP count: 1
                        CCMs sent                               : 6550
                        CCMs received out of sequence           : 0
                        LBMs sent                               : 0
                        Valid in-order LBRs received            : 0
                        Valid out-of-order LBRs received         : 0
                        LBRs received with corrupted data        : 0
                        LBRs sent                                : 0
                        LTMs sent                                : 0
                        LTMs received                             : 0
                        LTRs sent                                : 0

```



```

LTRs received : 0
Sequence number of next LTM request : 0
1DMs sent : 5
Valid 1DMs received : 0
Invalid 1DMs received : 0
DMMs sent : 5
DMRs sent : 0
Valid DMRs received : 5
Invalid DMRs received : 0

```

```

Remote MEP identifier: 101
Remote MAC address: 00:05:85:73:39:4a

```

Delay measurement statistics:

Index	One-way delay (usec)	Two-way delay (usec)
1	259	519
2	273	550
3	287	571
4	299	610
5	313	650

```

Average one-way delay : 286 usec
Average one-way delay variation: 62 usec
Best case one-way delay : 259 usec
Worst case one-way delay : 313 usec
Average two-way delay : 580 usec
Average two-way delay variation: 26 usec
Best case two-way delay : 519 usec
Worst case two-way delay : 650 usec

```

**show oam ethernet
connectivity-fault-
management
mep-statistics
remote-mep**

```
user@host> show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mep-statistics
```

```
maintenance-domain md1 maintenance-association mal remote-mep 101
```

```

MEP identifier: 100, MAC address: 00:05:85:73:7b:39
CCMs sent : 7762
CCMs received out of sequence : 0
LBMs sent : 0
Valid in-order LBRs received : 0
Valid out-of-order LBRs received : 0
LBRs received with corrupted data : 0
LBRs sent : 0
LTMs sent : 0
LTMs received : 0
LTRs sent : 0
LTRs received : 0
Sequence number of next LTM request : 0
1DMs sent : 5
Valid 1DMs received : 0
Invalid 1DMs received : 0
DMMs sent : 5
DMRs sent : 0
Valid DMRs received : 5
Invalid DMRs received : 0

```

```

Remote MEP identifier: 101
Remote MAC address: 00:05:85:73:39:4a

```

Delay measurement statistics:

Index	One-way delay (usec)	Two-way delay (usec)
1	259	519
2	273	550
3	287	571
4	299	610

```
5          313          650
Average one-way delay      : 286 usec
Average one-way delay variation: 62 usec
Best case one-way delay   : 259 usec
Worst case one-way delay  : 313 usec
Average two-way delay     : 580 usec
Average two-way delay variation: 26 usec
Best case two-way delay   : 519 usec
Worst case two-way delay  : 650 usec
```

show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mip

Syntax	show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mip <qualifier>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 9.4.
Description	On the MX Series routers, display all the Maintenance Intermediate Points (MIPs) created in the system. Qualifiers also available to display specific MIPs.
Options	This command has no options.
Required Privilege Level	View
Output Fields	Table 49 on page 253 lists the output fields for the show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mip command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 49: show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mip Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
MIP information for instance	Header for the MIP information showing the MIP name.
Interface	Interface type-dpc/pic/port.unit-number.
Level	MIP level configured.

```
show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mip
user@host> show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management mip
MIP information for instance __mip_name__
MIP information for instance default-switch bd1
    Interface      Level
    ge-3/0/0.0     7
    ge-3/0/1.0     6
    ge-3/0/3.0     6
MIP information for instance vpls-1
    Interface      Level
    ge-3/0/2.0     7
    ge-3/0/4.0     6
```

show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management linktrace path-database

Syntax	show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management linktrace path-database mac-address maintenance-association <i>ma-name</i> maintenance-domain <i>md-name</i>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 9.0.
Description	On M320, MX Series, T320, and T640 routers, display IEEE 802.1ag Operation, Administration, and Management (OAM) connectivity fault management maintenance linktrace database information.
Options	<p>mac-address—Display connectivity fault management path database information for the specified MAC address of the remote host.</p> <p>maintenance-association <i>ma-name</i>—Display connectivity fault management path database information for the specified maintenance association.</p> <p>maintenance-domain <i>md-name</i>—Display connectivity fault management path database information for the specified maintenance domain.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management linktrace path-database on page 255</p> <p>show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management linktrace path-database (Two traceroute Commands) on page 255</p>
Output Fields	Table 50 on page 254 lists the output fields for the show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management linktrace path-database command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 50: show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management linktrace path-database Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Linktrace to	MAC address of the 802.1ag node to which the linktrace message is targeted.
Interface	Interface used by the local MEP to send the linktrace message (LTM).
Maintenance Domain	Maintenance domain identifier specified in the traceroute command.
Maintenance Association	Maintenance association identifier specified in the traceroute command.
Level	Maintenance domain level configured for the maintenance domain.
Local Mep	MEP identifier of the local MEP originating the linktrace.
Hop	Sequential hop count of the linktrace path.
TTL	Number of hops remaining in the linktrace message (LTM). The time to live (TTL) is decremented at each hop.
Source MAC address	MAC address of the 802.1ag maintenance intermediate point (MIP) that is forwarding the LTM.

Table 50: show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management linktrace path-database Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description
Next hop MAC address	MAC address of the 802.1ag node that is the next hop in the LTM path.
Transaction Identifier	4-byte identifier maintained by the MEP. Each LTM uses a transaction identifier. The transaction identifier is maintained globally across all maintenance domains. Use the transaction identifier to match an incoming linktrace responses (LTR), with a previously sent LTM.

**show oam ethernet
connectivity-fault-
management linktrace
path-database**

```
user@host> show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management linktrace path-database
maintenance-domain MD1 maintenance-association MA1 00:01:02:03:04:05
Linktrace to 00:01:02:03:04:05, Interface : ge-5/0/0.0
Maintenance Domain: MD1, Level: 7
Maintenance Association: MA1, Local Mep: 1
```

Hop	TTL	Source MAC address	Next hop MAC address
Transaction Identifier:100001			
1	63	00:00:aa:aa:aa:aa	00:00:bb:bb:bb:bb
2	62	00:00:bb:bb:bb:bb	00:00:cc:cc:cc:cc
3	61	00:00:cc:cc:cc:cc	00:01:02:03:04:05
4	60	00:01:02:03:04:05	00:00:00:00:00:00

**show oam ethernet
connectivity-fault-
management linktrace
path-database (Two
traceroute Commands)**

```
user@host> show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management linktrace path-database
maintenance-domain MD2 maintenance-association MA2 00:06:07:08:09:0A
Linktrace to 00:06:07:08:09:0A, Interface : ge-5/0/1.0
Maintenance Domain: MD2, Level: 6
Maintenance Association: MA2, Local Mep: 10
```

Hop	TTL	Source MAC address	Next hop MAC address
Transaction Identifier:100002			
1	63	00:00:aa:aa:aa:aa	00:00:bb:bb:bb:bb
2	62	00:00:bb:bb:bb:bb	00:00:cc:cc:cc:cc
3	61	00:00:cc:cc:cc:cc	00:06:07:08:09:0A
4	60	00:06:07:08:09:0A	00:00:00:00:00:00
Transaction Identifier:100003			
1	63	00:00:aa:aa:aa:aa	00:00:bb:bb:bb:bb
2	62	00:00:bb:bb:bb:bb	00:00:cc:cc:cc:cc
3	61	00:00:cc:cc:cc:cc	00:06:07:08:09:0A
4	60	00:06:07:08:09:0A	00:00:00:00:00:00

show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management path-database

Syntax	show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management path-database <host-mac-address> <maintenance-association <i>ma-name</i> > <maintenance-domain <i>domain-name</i> >
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 8.4.
Description	On M320, MX Series, T320, and T640 routers, display IEEE 802.1ag Operation, Administration, and Management (OAM) connectivity fault management path database information for a host configured with an MEP.
Options	<p><i>host-mac-address</i>—(Optional) Display connectivity fault management path database information for a specified Ethernet host.</p> <p><i>maintenance-association ma-name</i>—(Optional) Display connectivity fault management path database information for the specified maintenance association.</p> <p><i>maintenance-domain domain-name</i>—(Optional) Display connectivity fault management path database information for the specified maintenance domain.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management path-database on page 257
Output Fields	Table 51 on page 256 lists the output fields for the <code>show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management path-database</code> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 51: show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management path-database Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Linktrace to	MAC address of the remote MEPs in the path.
Interface	Interface identifier.
Maintenance domain name	Maintenance domain name.
Format (Maintenance domain)	Maintenance domain name format configured.
Level	Maintenance domain level configured.
Maintenance association name	Maintenance association name.
Local Mep	Local MEP identifier.

```
show oam ethernet      user@host> show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management path-database  
connectivity-fault    maintenance-domain md1 maintenance-association ma1 00:05:85:79:39:ef  
-management          Linktrace to 00:05:85:79:39:ef, Interface : ge-3/0/0  
path-database         Maintenance Domain: md1, Level: 7  
                        Maintenance Association: ma1, Local Mep: 201
```

show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management policer

Syntax	show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management policer <maintenance-domain <i>md-name</i> > <maintenance-association <i>ma-name</i> >
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 10.0.
Description	On M120, M320, MX Series, T320, and T640 routers displays connectivity-fault-management policer statistics.
Options	<p>This command has the following options:</p> <p>maintenance-domain <i>md-name</i>—Name of an existing CFM maintenance domain. If this option is not specified, policer statistics are displayed for all maintenance associations for all maintenance domains.</p> <p>maintenance-association <i>ma-name</i>—Name of an existing CFM maintenance association. If this option is not specified, policer statistics are displayed for all maintenance associations for given maintenance domain. This option cannot be specified without specifying maintenance-domain name.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
Related Topics	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ clear oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management policer
List of Sample Output	<p>show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management policer on page 259</p> <p>show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management policer maintenance-domain <i>md-name</i> on page 259</p> <p>show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management policer maintenance-domain <i>md-name</i> maintenance-association <i>ma-name</i> on page 260</p>
Output Fields	Table 52 on page 258 lists the output fields for the show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management policer command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 52: show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management policer Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Legend for Policer	<p>Describes the symbols used under the Scope and Type headings:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ G - Global scope ■ S - Service scope ■ cc - Continuity check (Type)
Maintenance Domain	Displays the maintenance domain name.
Level	Displays the maintenance domain level configured.
Maintenance association	Displays the maintenance association name.

Table 52: show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management policer Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description
Policer	Displays the policer name.
Type	Policer type. Value cc means this policer is used only to police continuity check CFM messages. Value other means this policer is used only to police non-continuity check CFM messages. Value all means this policer is used to police all CFM messages.
Scope	Policer scope. Displays whether the <i>global</i> (G) policer configuration is applicable or the session (S) specific policer config is applicable.
Drop count	Displays the number of packets dropped by the indicated policer.

show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management policer Displays the policer information for all maintenance associations and their maintenance domains.

```
show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management policer
Legend for Policer
G - Global scope
S - Service scope
cc - Continuity check
```

```
Maintenance Domain: md1 Level: 1
Maintenance association Policer      Type      Scope Drop count
ma1                    cfm-policer1 all      G          300
ma1-2                  cfm-policer1 cc       S          259
ma1-2                  cfm-policer1 other    G          300
Maintenance Domain: md2 Level: 2
Maintenance association Policer      Type      Scope Drop count
ma2                    cfm-policer1 cc       G          300
ma2                    cfm-policer2 other    S          223
```

show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management policer maintenance-domain md-name Displays the policer information for the specified maintenance domain and its maintenance associations.

```
show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management policer maintenance-domain md1
Legend for Policer
G - Global scope
S - Service scope
cc - Continuity check
```

```
Maintenance Domain: md1 Level: 1
Maintenance association Policer      Type      Scope Drop count
ma1                    cfm-policer1 all      G          300
ma1-2                  cfm-policer1 cc       S          259
ma1-2                  cfm-policer1 other    G          300
```

show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management policer maintenance-domain md-name maintenance-association ma-name Displays the policer information for the specified maintenance-domain *md-name* and maintenance-association *ma-name*.

show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management policer maintenance-domain md5 maintenance-association ma5

Legend for Policer

G - Global scope

S - Service scope

cc - Continuity check

Maintenance Domain: md5 Level: 5

Maintenance association	Policer	Type	Scope	Drop count
ma5	cfm-policer	cc	S	187
ma5	cfm-policer-2	other	S	234

show oam ethernet evc

Syntax	show oam ethernet evc <evc-id>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 9.5.
Description	On MX Series routers with OAM Ethernet Virtual Connection (EVC) configurations, displays the EVC configuration and status information.
Options	This command has no options.
Required Privilege Level	View
Output Fields	Table 53 on page 261 lists the output fields for the show oam ethernet evc command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 53: show oam ethernet evc Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
EVC identifier	Header for the EVC information showing the EVC name, configuration, and active/inactive status.
UNI count	Number of configured and active UNIs.
Protocol	Protocol configured between the UNIs.
Local UNIs	Heading for the list of local UNIs
UNI Identifier	Name of the UNI.
Interface	Interface type-dpc/pic/port.unit-number.
Status	Status operational or not operational.

```

show oam ethernet evc  user@host> show oam ethernet evc
                        EVC identifier: evc1, Point-to-Point, Active
                        UNI count: Configured(2), Active(2)
                        Protocol: cfm, Management domain: md, Management association: ma
                        Local UNIs:
                          UNI Identifier    Interface    Status
                          uni1              ge-1/1/1    Operational
                          uni2              ge-1/1/1    Not Operational

```

show oam ethernet link-fault-management

Syntax	show oam ethernet link-fault-management <brief | detail> <interface-name>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 8.2.
Description	On M320, M120, MX Series, T320, and T640 routers, display Operation, Administration, and Management (OAM) link fault management information for Ethernet interfaces.
Options	brief | detail—(Optional) Display the specified level of output. interface-name—(Optional) Display link fault management information for the specified Ethernet interface only.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show oam ethernet link-fault-management brief on page 265 show oam ethernet link-fault-management detail on page 266
Output Fields	Table 54 on page 262 lists the output fields for the show oam ethernet link-fault-management command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 54: show oam ethernet link-fault-management Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Status	Indicates the status of the established link. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Fail—A link fault condition exists. ■ Running—A link fault condition does not exist. 	All levels
Discovery state	State of the discovery mechanism: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Passive Wait ■ Send Any ■ Send Local Remote ■ Send Local Remote Ok 	All levels
Peer address	Address of the OAM peer.	All levels

Table 54: show oam ethernet link-fault-management Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Flags	<p>Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Remote-Stable—Indicates remote OAM client acknowledgment of and satisfaction with local OAM state information. False indicates that remote DTE either has not seen or is unsatisfied with local state information. True indicates that remote DTE has seen and is satisfied with local state information. ■ Local-Stable—Indicates local OAM client acknowledgment of and satisfaction with remote OAM state information. False indicates that local DTE either has not seen or is unsatisfied with remote state information. True indicates that local DTE has seen and is satisfied with remote state information. ■ Remote-State-Valid—Indicates the OAM client has received remote state information found within Local Information TLVs of received Information OAM PDUs. False indicates that OAM client has not seen remote state information. True indicates that the OAM client has seen remote state information. 	All levels
Remote loopback status	Indicates the remote loopback status. An OAM entity can put its remote peer into loopback mode using the Loopback control OAM PDU. In loopback mode, every frame received is transmitted back on the same port (except for OAM PDUs, which are needed to maintain the OAM session).	All levels
Remote entity information	<p>Remote entity information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Remote MUX action—Indicates the state of the multiplexer functions of the OAM sublayer. Device is forwarding non-OAM PDUs to the lower sublayer or discarding non-OAM PDUs. ■ Remote parser action—Indicates the state of the parser function of the OAM sublayer. Device is forwarding non-OAM PDUs to higher sublayer, looping back non-OAM PDUs to the lower sublayer, or discarding non-OAM PDUs. ■ Discovery mode—Indicates whether discovery mode is active or inactive. ■ Unidirectional mode—Indicates the ability to operate a link in a unidirectional mode for diagnostic purposes. ■ Remote loopback mode—Indicates whether remote loopback is supported or unsupported. ■ Link events—Indicates whether interpreting link events is supported or unsupported on the remote peer. ■ Variable requests—Indicates whether variable requests are supported. The Variable Request OAM PDU, is used to request one or more MIB variables from the remote peer. 	All levels
OAM Receive Statistics		
Information	The total number of information PDUs received.	detail
Event	The total number of loopback control PDUs received.	detail
Variable request	The total number of variable request PDUs received.	detail
Variable response	The total number of variable response PDUs received.	detail

Table 54: show oam ethernet link-fault-management Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Loopback control	The total number of loopback control PDUs received.	detail
Organization specific	The total number of vendor organization specific PDUs received.	detail
OAM Transmit Statistics		
Information	The total number of information PDUs transmitted.	detail
Event	The total number of event notification PDUs transmitted.	detail
Variable request	The total number of variable request PDUs transmitted.	detail
Variable response	The total number of variable response PDUs transmitted.	detail
Loopback control	The total number of loopback control PDUs transmitted.	detail
Organization specific	The total number of vendor organization specific PDUs transmitted.	detail
OAM Received Symbol Error Event information		
Events	The number of symbol error event TLVs that have been received since the OAM sublayer was reset.	detail
Window	The symbol error event window in the received PDU. The protocol default value is the number of symbols that can be received in one second on the underlying physical layer.	detail
Threshold	The number of errored symbols in the period required for the event to be generated.	detail
Errors in period	The number of symbol errors in the period reported in the received event PDU.	detail
Total errors	The number of errored symbols that have been reported in received event TLVs since the OAM sublayer was reset. Symbol errors are coding symbol errors.	detail
OAM Received Frame Error Event Information		
Events	The number of errored frame event TLVs that have been received since the OAM sublayer was reset.	detail
Window	The duration of the window in terms of the number of 100 ms period intervals.	detail
Threshold	The number of detected errored frames required for the event to be generated.	detail
Errors in period	The number of detected errored frames in the period.	detail
Total errors	The number of errored frames that have been reported in received event TLVs since the OAM sublayer was reset. A frame error is any frame error on the underlying physical layer.	detail

Table 54: show oam ethernet link-fault-management Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
OAM Received Frame Period Error Event Information		
Events	The number of frame seconds errors event TLVs that have been received since the OAM sublayer was reset.	detail
Window	The duration of the frame seconds window.	detail
Threshold	The number of frame seconds errors in the period.	detail
Errors in period	The number of frame seconds errors in the period.	detail
Total errors	The number of frame seconds errors that have been reported in received event TLVs since the OAM sublayer was reset.	detail
OAM Transmitted Symbol Error Event Information		
Events	The number of symbol error event TLVs that have been transmitted since the OAM sublayer was reset.	detail
Window	The symbol error event window in the transmitted PDU.	detail
Threshold	The number of errored symbols in the period required for the event to be generated.	detail
Errors in period	The number of symbol errors in the period reported in the transmitted event PDU.	detail
Total errors	The number of errored symbols reported in event TLVs that have been transmitted since the OAM sublayer was reset.	detail
OAM Transmitted Frame Error Event Information		
Events	The number of errored frame event TLVs that have been transmitted since the OAM sublayer was reset.	detail
Window	The duration of the window in terms of the number of 100 ms period intervals.	detail
Threshold	The number of detected errored frames required for the event to be generated.	detail
Errors in period	The number of detected errored frames in the period.	detail
Total errors	The number of errored frames that have been detected since the OAM sublayer was reset.	detail

**show oam ethernet
link-fault-management
brief**

```
user@host> show oam ethernet link-fault-management brief
Interface: ge-3/1/3
Status: Running, Discovery state: Send Any
Peer address: 00:90:69:72:2c:83
Flags:Remote-Stable Remote-State-Valid Local-Stable 0x50
Remote loopback status: Disabled on local port, Enabled on peer port
Remote entity information:
  Remote MUX action: discarding, Remote parser action: loopback
  Discovery mode: active, Unidirectional mode: unsupported
```

Remote loopback mode: supported, Link events: supported
Variable requests: unsupported

**show oam ethernet
link-fault-management
detail**

```
user@host> show oam ethernet link-fault-management detail
Interface: ge-6/1/0
Status: Running, Discovery state: Send Any
Peer address: 00:90:69:0a:07:14
Flags:Remote-Stable Remote-State-Valid Local-Stable 0x50
OAM receive statistics:
  Information: 186365, Event: 0, Variable request: 0, Variable response: 0
  Loopback control: 0, Organization specific: 0
OAM transmit statistics:
  Information: 186347, Event: 0, Variable request: 0, Variable response: 0
  Loopback control: 0, Organization specific: 0
OAM received symbol error event information:
  Events: 0, Window: 0, Threshold: 0
  Errors in period: 0, Total errors: 0
OAM received frame error event information:
  Events: 0, Window: 0, Threshold: 0
  Errors in period: 0, Total errors: 0
OAM received frame period error event information:
  Events: 0, Window: 0, Threshold: 0
  Errors in period: 0, Total errors: 0
OAM transmitted symbol error event information:
  Events: 0, Window: 0, Threshold: 1
  Errors in period: 0, Total errors: 0
OAM transmitted frame error event information:
  Events: 0, Window: 0, Threshold: 1
  Errors in period: 0, Total errors: 0
Remote entity information:
  Remote MUX action: forwarding, Remote parser action: forwarding
  Discovery mode: active, Unidirectional mode: unsupported
  Remote loopback mode: supported, Link events: supported
  Variable requests: unsupported
```


show oam ethernet lmi

Syntax	show oam ethernet lmi (interface <interface-name>)
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 9.5.
Description	On MX Series routers with Gigabit Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, or aggregated Ethernet, and OAM Ethernet Local Management Interface (LMI) configuration, display the LMI information for the configured interfaces or optionally for a specified interface.
Options	<p>interface—(Optional) Display LMI information for a specified interface.</p> <p>interface-name—(Optional) Display Ethernet LMI information for the specified interface only.</p>
Required Privilege Level	View
Output Fields	Table 55 on page 267 lists the output fields for the show oam ethernet lmi command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 55: show oam ethernet lmi Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Physical Interface	Header for the EVC information showing the Ethernet virtual circuit (EVC) name, configuration, and active/inactive status.
UNI Identifier	Name of the UNI.
EVC map type	EVC configuration.
Polling verification timer	Polling verification timer status.
E-LMI state	Operational status of the E-LMI configuration in the interfaces or specified interface.
Priority/Untagged VLAN ID	
Default EVC	The EVC set as the default EVC.
Associated EVCs	Heading for the list of configured EVCs.
EVC Identifier	EVC name.
Reference ID	
Status	Status active or not active.
CE VLAN IDs	Customer edge VLAN ID numbers.

```
show oam ethernet lmi interface ge-1/1/1
user@host> show oam ethernet lmi interface ge-1/1/1
Physical interface: ge-1/1/1, Physical link is Up
UNI identifier: uni-ce1, EVC map type: Bundling
Polling verification timer: Enabled, E-LMI state: Operational
Priority/Untagged VLAN ID: 20, Default EVC: evc1
Associated EVCs:
EVC      Reference      Status      CE VLAN IDs
Identifier ID
evc1      1              Active (New) 1-2048
evc2      2              Not Active   2049-4096
```

show oam ethernet lmi statistics

Syntax	show oam ethernet lmi statistics <interface <i>interface-name</i> >
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 9.5.
Description	On MX Series routers with Gigabit Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, or aggregated Ethernet PICs, displays OAM Ethernet Local Management Interface (LMI) statistics.
Options	<p>interface—(Optional) Display LMI statistics for a specified interface.</p> <p><i>interface-name</i>—(Optional) Display Ethernet LMI information for the specified Ethernet interface only.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show oam ethernet lmi statistics on page 269
Output Fields	Table 56 on page 269 lists the output fields for the show oam ethernet lmi statistics command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 56: show oam ethernet lmi statistics Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Physical interface	Name of the interface for the displayed statistics.
Reliability errors	Number of E-LMI reliability errors logged.
Protocol errors	Number of E-LMI protocol errors.
Status check received	Number of E-LMI status check receive errors.
Status check sent	Number of E-LMI status check sent errors.
Full status received	Number of E-LMI full status receive errors.
Full status sent	Number of E-LMI full status sent errors.
Full status continued received	Number of E-LMI status continued received errors.
Full status continued sent	Number of E-LMI full status continued sent errors.
Asynchronous status sent	Number of E-LMI asynchronous status sent errors.

```

show oam ethernet lmi statistics user@host> show oam ethernet lmi statistics interface ge-1/1/1
Physical interface: ge-1/1/1
Reliability errors                4  Protocol errors
0
Status check received            0  Status check sent
0
Full status received             694 Full status sent

```

694		
Full status continued received	0	Full status continued sent
0		
Asynchronous status sent	0	

show protection-group ethernet-ring aps

Syntax	show protection-group ethernet-ring aps
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 9.4.
Description	On MX Series routers, displays the status of the Automatic Protection Switching (APS) and Ring APS (RAPS) messages on an Ethernet ring.
Options	This command has no options.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show protection-group ethernet-ring aps (Owner Node, Normal Operation) on page 271 show protection-group ethernet-ring aps (Ring Node, Normal Operation) on page 271 show protection-group ethernet-ring aps (Owner Node, Failure Condition) on page 272 show protection-group ethernet-ring aps (Ring Node, Failure Condition) on page 272
Output Fields	Table 57 on page 271 lists the output fields for the show protection-group ethernet-ring aps command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 57: show protection-group ethernet-ring aps Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Ethernet Ring Name	Name configured for the Ethernet ring.
Request/State	Status of the Ethernet ring RAPS messages. ■ NR—Indicates there is no request for APS on the ring. ■ SF—Indicates there is a signal failure on the ring.
No Flush	State of the ring flushing: No (normal) or Yes (failure).
Ring Protection Link Blocked	Blocking on the ring protection link: Yes or No.
Originator	Whether this node is the ring originator: Yes or No.
Remote Node ID	Identifier (in MAC address format) of the remote node.

show protection-group ethernet-ring aps (Owner Node, Normal Operation)	user@host> show protection-group ethernet-ring aps Ethernet Ring Name Request/state No Flush Ring Protection Link Blocked pg101 NR No Yes Originator Remote Node ID Yes
show protection-group ethernet-ring aps (Ring Node, Normal Operation)	user@host> show protection-group ethernet-ring aps Ethernet Ring Name Request/state No Flush Ring Protection Link Blocked pg102 NR No Yes

```

Originator Remote Node ID
No          00:01:01:00:00:01

```

```

show protection-group user@host> show protection-group ethernet-ring aps
ethernet-ring aps (Owner Ethernet Ring Name Request/state No Flush Ring Protection Link Blocked
Node, Failure Condition) pg101                SF                No          No

```

```

Originator Remote Node ID
No          00:01:02:00:00:01

```

```

show protection-group user@host> show protection-group ethernet-ring aps
ethernet-ring aps (Ring Ethernet Ring Name Request/state No Flush Ring Protection Link Blocked
Node, Failure Condition) pg102                SF                No          Yes

```

```

Originator Remote Node ID
Yes         00:00:00:00:00:00

```

show protection-group ethernet-ring interface

Syntax	show protection-group ethernet-ring interface
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 9.4.
Description	On MX Series routers, displays the status of the Automatic Protection Switching (APS) interfaces on an Ethernet ring.
Options	This command has no options.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show protection-group ethernet-ring interface (Owner Node, Normal Operation) on page 273 show protection-group ethernet-ring interface (Ring Node, Normal Operation) on page 274 show protection-group ethernet-ring interface (Owner Node, Failure Condition) on page 274 show protection-group ethernet-ring interface (Ring Node, Failure Condition) on page 274
Output Fields	Table 58 on page 273 lists the output fields for the show protection-group ethernet-ring interface command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 58: show protection-group ethernet-ring interface Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Ethernet ring port parameters for protection group <i>group-name</i>	Output is organized by configured protection group.
Interface	Physical interfaces configured for the Ethernet ring.
Control Channel	Logical unit configured on the physical interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ NR—Indicates there is no request for APS on the ring. ■ SF—Indicates there is a signal failure on the ring.
Forwarding State	State of the ring forwarding on the interface: discarding or forwarding .
Ring Protection Link End	Whether this interface is the end of the ring: Yes or No .
Signal Failure	Whether there a signal failure exists on the link: Clear or Set .
Admin State	State of the interface: IFF ready or IFF disabled .

show protection-group ethernet-ring interface

```
user@host> show protection-group ethernet-ring interface
```

(Owner Node, Normal Operation) Ethernet ring port parameters for protection group pg101

Interface	Control Channel	Forward State	Ring Protection Link End
ge-1/0/1	ge-1/0/1.1	discarding	Yes
ge-1/2/4	ge-1/2/4.1	forwarding	No

Signal Failure Admin State
Clear IFF ready
Clear IFF ready

show protection-group ethernet-ring interface
(Ring Node, Normal Operation) user@host> **show protection-group ethernet-ring interface**
Ethernet ring port parameters for protection group pg102

Interface	Control Channel	Forward State	Ring Protection Link End
ge-1/2/1	ge-1/2/1.1	forwarding	No
ge-1/0/2	ge-1/0/2.1	forwarding	No

Signal Failure Admin State
Clear IFF ready
Clear IFF ready

show protection-group ethernet-ring interface
(Owner Node, Failure Condition) user@host> **show protection-group ethernet-ring interface**
Ethernet ring port parameters for protection group pg101

Interface	Control Channel	Forward State	Ring Protection Link End
ge-1/0/1	ge-1/0/1.1	forwarding	Yes
ge-1/2/4	ge-1/2/4.1	forwarding	No

Signal Failure Admin State
Clear IFF ready
Clear IFF ready

show protection-group ethernet-ring interface
(Ring Node, Failure Condition) user@host> **show protection-group ethernet-ring interface**
Ethernet ring port parameters for protection group pg102

Interface	Control Channel	Forward State	Ring Protection Link End
ge-1/2/1	ge-1/2/1.1	forwarding	No
ge-1/0/2	ge-1/0/2.1	discarding	No

Signal Failure Admin State
Clear IFF ready
Set IFF ready

show protection-group ethernet-ring node-state

Syntax	show protection-group ethernet-ring node-state
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 9.4.
Description	On MX Series routers, displays the status of the Automatic Protection Switching (APS) nodes on an Ethernet ring.
Options	This command has no options.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show protection-group ethernet-ring node-state (Owner Node, Normal Operation) on page 276 show protection-group ethernet-ring node-state (Ring Node, Normal Operation) on page 276 show protection-group ethernet-ring node-state (Owner Node, Failure Condition) on page 276 show protection-group ethernet-ring node-state (Ring Node, Failure Condition) on page 276
Output Fields	Table 59 on page 275 lists the output fields for the show protection-group ethernet-ring node-state command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 59: show protection-group ethernet-ring node-state Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Ethernet Ring Name	Name configured for the Ethernet ring.
APS State	State of the Ethernet ring APS. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ idle—Indicates there is no APS on the ring. ■ protected—Indicates there is a protection switch on the ring.
Event	Events on the ring. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ NR-RB—Indicates there is no APS request and the ring link is blocked on the ring owner node. ■ NR—Indicates there is no APS request on the ring non-owner nodes. ■ SF—Indicates there is signal failure on a node link.
Ring Protection Link Owner	Whether this node is the ring owner: Yes or No.
Restore Timer	Restoration timer: Enabled or Disabled.
Guard Timer	Guard timer: Enabled or Disabled.
Operational State	State of the node: Operational or Non-operational.

```

show protection-group ethernet-ring node-state
(Owner Node, Normal Operation)
user@host> show protection-group ethernet-ring node-state
Ethernet ring   APS State   Event       Ring Protection Link Owner
pg101           idle       NR-RB       Yes

Restore Timer   Quard Timer Operation state
disabled        disabled    operational

show protection-group ethernet-ring node-state
(Ring Node, Normal Operation)
user@host> show protection-group ethernet-ring node-state
Ethernet ring   APS State   Event       Ring Protection Link Owner
pg102           idle       NR-RB       No

Restore Timer   Quard Timer Operation state
disabled        disabled    operational

show protection-group ethernet-ring node-state
(Owner Node, Failure Condition)
user@host> show protection-group ethernet-ring node-state
Ethernet ring   APS State   Event       Ring Protection Link Owner
pg101           protected  SF          Yes

Restore Timer   Quard Timer Operation state
disabled        disabled    operational

show protection-group ethernet-ring node-state
(Ring Node, Failure Condition)
user@host> show protection-group ethernet-ring node-state
Ethernet ring   APS State   Event       Ring Protection Link Owner
pg102           idle       NR-RB       No

Restore Timer   Quard Timer Operation state
disabled        disabled    operational

```

show protection-group ethernet-ring statistics

Syntax	show protection-group ethernet-ring statistics <group-name group-name>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 9.4.
Description	On MX Series routers, displays statistics regarding Automatic Protection Switching (APS) protection groups on an Ethernet ring.
Options	group-name—Protection group for which to display statistics. In you omit this optional field, all protection group statistics for configured groups will be displayed.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show protection-group ethernet-ring statistics (Owner Node, Normal Operation) on page 277 show protection-group ethernet-ring statistics (Ring Node, Normal Operation) on page 278 show protection-group ethernet-ring statistics (Owner Node, Failure Condition) on page 278 show protection-group ethernet-ring statistics (Ring Node, Failure Condition) on page 278
Output Fields	Table 60 on page 277 lists the output fields for the show protection-group ethernet-ring statistics command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 60: show protection-group ethernet-ring statistics Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Ethernet Ring Statistics for PG	Name of the protection group for which statistics are displayed.
RAPS sent	Number of Ring Automatic Protection Switching (RAPS) messages sent.
RAPS received	Number of RAPS messages received.
Local SF happened	Number of times a signal failure (SF) has occurred locally.
Remote SF happened	Number of times a signal failure (SF) has occurred anywhere else on the ring.
NR event happened	Number of times a No Request (NR) event has occurred on the ring.
NR-RB event happened	Number of times a No Request, Ring Blocked (NR-RB) event has occurred on the ring.

show protection-group ethernet-ring statistics user@host> show protection-group ethernet-ring statistics group-name pg101

(Owner Node, Normal Operation)	<pre> Ethernet Ring statistics for PG pg101 RAPS sent : 1 RAPS received : 0 Local SF happened: : 0 Remote SF happened: : 0 NR event happened: : 0 NR-RB event happened: : 1 </pre>
show protection-group ethernet-ring statistics (Ring Node, Normal Operation)	<pre> user@host> show protection-group ethernet-ring statistics group-name pg102 Ethernet Ring statistics for PG pg102 RAPS sent : 0 RAPS received : 1 Local SF happened: : 0 Remote SF happened: : 0 NR event happened: : 0 NR-RB event happened: : 1 </pre>
show protection-group ethernet-ring statistics (Owner Node, Failure Condition)	<pre> user@host> show protection-group ethernet-ring statistics group-name pg101 Ethernet Ring statistics for PG pg101 RAPS sent : 1 RAPS received : 1 Local SF happened: : 0 Remote SF happened: : 1 NR event happened: : 0 NR-RB event happened: : 1 </pre>
show protection-group ethernet-ring statistics (Ring Node, Failure Condition)	<pre> user@host> show protection-group ethernet-ring statistics group-name pg102 Ethernet Ring statistics for PG pg102 RAPS sent : 1 RAPS received : 1 Local SF happened: : 1 Remote SF happened: : 0 NR event happened: : 0 NR-RB event happened: : 1 </pre>

traceroute ethernet

Syntax	traceroute ethernet (<i>mac-address</i> | <i>mep-id</i>) maintenance-association <i>ma-name</i> maintenance-domain <i>md-name</i> ttl <i>value</i> <wait <i>seconds</i> >
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 9.0. mep-id option introduced in JUNOS Release 9.1.
Description	Triggers the linktrace protocol to trace the route between two maintenance points. The result of the traceroute protocol is stored in the path database. To display the path database, use the show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management path-database command. Before using the traceroute command, you can verify the remote MEP’s MAC address using the show oam ethernet connectivity-fault-management path-database command.
Options	mac-address—Destination unicast MAC address of the remote maintenance point. mep-id—MEP identifier of the remote maintenance point. The range of values is 1 through 8191. maintenance-association <i>ma-name</i> —Specifies an existing maintenance association from the set of configured maintenance associations. maintenance-domain <i>md-name</i> —Specifies an existing maintenance domain from the set of configured maintenance domains. ttl <i>value</i> —Number of hops to use in the linktrace request. The range is 1 to 255 hops. The default is 4. wait <i>seconds</i> —(Optional) Maximum time to wait for a response to the traceroute request. The range is 1 to 255 seconds. The default is 5.
Required Privilege Level	network
List of Sample Output	traceroute ethernet on page 280
Output Fields	Table 61 on page 279 lists the output fields for the traceroute ethernet command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 61: traceroute ethernet Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Linktrace to	MAC address of the destination maintenance point.
Interface	Local interface used to send the linktrace message (LTM).
Maintenance Domain	Maintenance domain specified in the traceroute command.

Table 61: traceroute ethernet Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description
Level	Maintenance domain level configured.
Maintenance Association	Maintenance association specified in the traceroute command.
Local Mep	The local maintenance end point identifier.
Transaction Identifier	4-byte identifier maintained by the MEP. Each LTM uses a transaction identifier. The transaction identifier is maintained globally across all Maintenance Domains. Use the transaction identifier to match an incoming linktrace response (LTR), with a previously sent LTM.
Hop	Sequential hop count of the linktrace path.
TTL	Number of hops remaining in the linktrace message. The time to live (TTL) is decremented at each hop.
Source MAC address	MAC address of the 802.1ag maintenance point that is sending the linktrace message.
Next-hop MAC address	MAC address of the 802.1ag node that is the next hop in the LTM path.

```

traceroute ethernet user@host> traceroute ethernet maintenance-domain md1 maintenance-association mal
00:90:69:7e:01:ff
Linktrace to 00:01:02:03:04:05, Interface : ge-5/0/0.0
Maintenance Domain: MD1, Level: 7
Maintenance Association: MA1, Local Mep: 1

Hop      TTL      Source MAC address      Next hop MAC address
Transaction Identifier:100001
1         63      00:00:aa:aa:aa:aa      00:00:bb:bb:bb:bb
2         62      00:00:bb:bb:bb:bb      00:00:cc:cc:cc:cc
3         61      00:00:cc:cc:cc:cc      00:01:02:03:04:05
4         60      00:01:02:03:04:05      00:00:00:00:00:00

```

Chapter 5

VRRP Operational Mode Commands

Table 62 on page 281 summarizes the command-line interface (CLI) commands you can use to monitor and troubleshoot Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) on Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet, 10-Gigabit Ethernet, and logical tunnel interfaces. Commands are listed in alphabetical order.

Table 62: VRRP Operational Mode Commands

Task	Command
Clear (set to zero) VRRP groups.	clear vrrp
Display VRRP groups.	show vrrp

clear vrrp

Syntax `clear vrrp (all | interface-name)`

Release Information Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.

Description Set Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) interface statistics to zero.

Options `all`—Clear statistics on all interfaces.

interface-name—Clear statistics on the specified interface only.

Required Privilege Level `clear`

Related Topics ■ `show vrrp`

List of Sample Output `clear vrrp all` on page 282

Output Fields When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.

clear vrrp all `user@host> clear vrrp all`

show vrrp

Syntax	show vrrp <brief detail extensive summary> <interface <i>interface-name</i> <group number>> <logical-system (<i>logical-system-name</i> all)> <track <interfaces>>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display status information about Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) groups.
Options	<p>none—(Same as brief) Display brief status information about all VRRP interfaces.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | summary—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>interface <i>interface-name</i> <group number>—(Optional) Display information and status about the specified VRRP interface, and, optionally, group number.</p> <p>logical-system (all | <i>logical-system-name</i>)—(Optional) Perform this operation on all logical systems or on a particular logical system.</p> <p>track <interfaces>—(Optional) Display information and status about VRRP track interfaces.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
Related Topics	■ clear vrrp
List of Sample Output	<p>show vrrp on page 287</p> <p>show vrrp brief on page 288</p> <p>show vrrp detail (IPv6) on page 288</p> <p>show vrrp detail (Route Track) on page 288</p> <p>show vrrp extensive on page 288</p> <p>show vrrp interface on page 290</p> <p>show vrrp summary on page 291</p> <p>show vrrp track detail on page 291</p> <p>show vrrp track summary on page 291</p>
Output Fields	Table 63 on page 283 lists the output fields for the show vrrp command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear

Table 63: show vrrp Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Interface	Name of the logical interface.	brief extensive none summary
Interface index	Physical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	extensive
Groups	Total number of VRRP groups configured on the interface.	extensive

Table 63: show vrrp Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Active	Total number of VRRP groups that are active (that is, whose interface state is either up or down).	extensive
Interface VRRP PDU statistics	Nonerrored statistics for the logical interface: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Advertisement sent—Number of VRRP advertisement protocol data units (PDUs) that the interface has transmitted. ■ Advertisement received—Number of VRRP advertisement PDUs received by the interface. ■ Packets received—Number of VRRP packets received for VRRP groups on the interface. ■ No group match received—Number of VRRP packets received for VRRP groups that do not exist on the interface. 	extensive
Interface VRRP PDU error statistics	Errored statistics for the logical interface: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Invalid IPAH next type received—Number of packets received that use the IP Authentication Header protocol (IPAH) and that do not encapsulate VRRP packets. ■ Invalid VRRP ttl value received—Number of packets received whose IP time-to-live (TTL) value is not 255. ■ Invalid VRRP version received—Number of packets received whose VRRP version is not 2. ■ Invalid VRRP pdu type received—Number of packets received whose VRRP PDU type is not 1. ■ Invalid VRRP authentication type received—Number of packets received whose VRRP authentication is not none, simple, or md5. ■ Invalid VRRP IP count received—Number of packets received whose VRRP IP count exceeds 8. ■ Invalid VRRP checksum received—Number of packets received whose VRRP checksum does not match the calculated one. 	extensive
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	detail extensive
Unit	Logical unit number.	All levels
Address	Address of the physical interface.	brief detail extensive none
Index	Physical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive
VRRP-Traps	Status of VRRP traps: Enabled or Disabled .	detail extensive
Type and Address	Identifier for the address and the address itself: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ lcl—Configured local interface address. ■ mas—Address of the master virtual router. This address is displayed only when the local interface is acting as a backup router. ■ vip—Configured virtual IP addresses. 	brief none summary

Table 63: show vrrp Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Interface state or Int state	State of the physical interface: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ down—The device is present and the link is unavailable. ■ not present—The interface is configured, but no physical device is present. ■ unknown—The VRRP process has not had time to query the kernel about the state of the interface. ■ up—The device is present and the link is established. 	brief extensive none summary
Group	VRRP group number.	brief extensive none summary
State	VRRP state: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ backup—The interface is acting as the backup router interface. ■ bringup—VRRP is just starting, and the physical device is not yet present. ■ idle—VRRP is configured on the interface and is disabled. This can occur when VRRP is first enabled on an interface whose link is established. ■ initializing—VRRP is initializing. ■ master—The interface is acting as the master router interface. ■ transition—The interface is changing between being the backup and being the master router. 	extensive
Priority	Configured VRRP priority for the interface.	detail extensive
Advertisement interval	Configured VRRP advertisement interval.	detail extensive
Authentication type	Configured VRRP authentication type: none , simple , or md5 .	detail extensive
Preempt	Whether preemption is allowed on the interface: yes or no .	detail extensive
Accept-data mode	Whether the interface is configured to accept packets destined for the virtual IP address: yes or no .	detail extensive
VIP count	Number of virtual IP addresses that have been configured on the interface.	detail extensive
VIP	List of virtual IP addresses configured on the interface.	detail extensive
Advertisement timer	How long, in seconds, until the advertisement timer expires.	detail extensive
Master router	IP address of the interface that is acting as the master. If the VRRP interface is down, the output is N/A.	detail extensive
Virtual router uptime	How long, in seconds, that the virtual router has been up.	detail extensive
Master router uptime	How long, in seconds, that the master route has been up.	detail extensive
Virtual MAC	MAC address associated with the virtual IP address.	detail extensive
Tracking	Whether tracking is enabled or disabled .	detail extensive

Table 63: show vrrp Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Current priority	Current operational priority for being the VRRP master.	detail extensive
Configured priority	Configured base priority for being the VRRP master.	detail extensive
Priority hold-time	Minimum time interval, in seconds, between successive changes to the current priority. Disabled indicates no minimum interval.	detail extensive
Remaining-time	(track option only) Displays the time remaining in the priority hold-time interval.	detail
Interface tracking	Whether interface tracking is enabled or disabled. When enabled, the output also displays the number of tracked interfaces.	detail extensive
Interface/Tracked interface	Name of the tracked interface.	detail extensive
Int state/Interface state	Current operational state of the tracked interface: up or down .	detail extensive
Int speed/Speed	Current operational speed, in bits per second, of the tracked interface.	detail extensive
Incurred priority cost	Operational priority cost incurred due to the state and speed of this tracked interface. This cost is applied to the configured priority to obtain the current priority.	detail extensive
Threshold	Speed below which the corresponding priority cost is incurred. In other words, when the speed of the interface drops below the threshold speed, the corresponding priority cost is incurred. An entry of down means that the corresponding priority cost is incurred when the interface is down.	detail extensive
Route tracking	Whether route tracking is enabled or disabled. When enabled, the output also displays the number of tracked routes.	detail extensive
Route count	The number of routes being tracked.	detail extensive
Route	The IP address of the route being tracked.	detail extensive
VRF name	The VPN routing and forwarding (VRF) routing instance that the tracked route is in.	detail extensive
Route state	The state of the route being tracked: up , down , or unknown .	detail extensive
Priority cost	Configured priority cost. This value is incurred when the interface speed drops below the corresponding threshold or when the tracked route goes down.	detail extensive
Active	Whether the threshold is active (*). If the threshold is active, the corresponding priority cost is incurred.	detail extensive
Group VRRP PDU statistics	Number of VRRP advertisements sent and received by the group.	extensive

Table 63: show vrrp Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Group VRRP PDU error statistics	<p>Errored statistics for the VRRP group:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Bad authentication type received—Number of VRRP PDUs received with an invalid authentication type. The received authentication can be none, simple, or md5 and must be the same for all routers in the VRRP group. ■ Bad password received—Number of VRRP PDUs received with an invalid key (password). The password for simple authentication must be the same for all routers in the VRRP group ■ Bad MD5 digest received—Number of VRRP PDUs received for which the MD5 digest computed from the VRRP PDU differs from the digest expected by the VRRP instance configured on the router. ■ Bad advertisement timer received—Number of VRRP PDUs received with an advertisement time interval that is inconsistent with the one in use among the routers in the VRRP group. ■ Bad VIP count received—Number of VRRP PDUs whose virtual IP address counts differ from the count that has been configured on the VRRP instance. ■ Bad VIPADDR received—Number of VRRP PDUs whose virtual IP addresses differ from the list of virtual IP addresses configured on the VRRP instance. 	extensive
Group state transition statistics	<p>State transition statistics for the VRRP group:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Idle to master transitions—Number of times that the VRRP instance transitioned from the idle state to the master state. ■ Idle to backup transitions—Number of times that the VRRP instance transitioned from the idle state to the backup state. ■ Backup to master transitions—Number of times that the VRRP instance transitioned from the backup state to the master state. ■ Master to backup transitions—Number of times that the VRRP instance transitioned from the master state to the backup state. 	extensive
VR state	<p>VRRP information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ backup—The interface is acting as the backup router interface. ■ bringup—VRRP is just starting, and the physical device is not yet present. ■ idle—VRRP is configured on the interface and is disabled. This can occur when VRRP is first enabled on an interface whose link is established. ■ initializing—VRRP is initializing. ■ master—The interface is acting as the master router interface. ■ transition—The interface is changing between being the backup and being the master router. 	brief none summary
Timer	<p>VRRP timer information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ A—How long, in seconds, until the advertisement timer expires. ■ D—How long, in seconds, until the Master is Dead timer expires. 	brief none

```

show vrrp user@host> show vrrp
Interface      State      Group  VR state  Timer  Type  Address
fe-0/0/0.121  up         1      master    A 1.052  1c1  fec0::12:1:1:1

```

```

vip    fe80::12:1:1:99
vip    fec0::12:1:1:99
fe-0/0/2.131    up          1    master    A 0.364    1c1    fec0::13:1:1:1
vip    fe80::13:1:1:99
vip    fec0::13:1:1:99

```

show vrrp brief The output for the `show vrrp brief` command is identical to that for the `show vrrp` command. For sample output, see [show vrrp on page 287](#)

show vrrp detail (IPv6) `user@host> show vrrp detail`

```

Physical interface: fe-0/0/0, Unit: 121, Vlan-id: 212, Address: fec0::12:1:1:1/120

Index: 67, SNMP ifIndex: 45, VRRP-Traps: enabled
Interface state: up, Group: 1, State: master
Priority: 200, Advertisement interval: 1, Authentication type: none
Preempt: yes, Accept-data mode: no, VIP count: 2, VIP: fe80::12:1:1:99,
fec0::12:1:1:99
Advertisement timer: 1.121s, Master router: fe80::12:1:1:1
Virtual router uptime: 00:03:47, Master router uptime: 00:03:41
Virtual MAC: 00:00:5e:00:02:01
Tracking: disabled

Physical interface: fe-0/0/2, Unit: 131, Vlan-id: 213, Address: fec0::13:1:1:1/120

Index: 69, SNMP ifIndex: 47, VRRP-Traps: enabled
Interface state: up, Group: 1, State: master
Priority: 200, Advertisement interval: 1, Authentication type: none
Preempt: yes, Accept-data mode: no, VIP count: 2, VIP: fe80::13:1:1:99,
fec0::13:1:1:99
Advertisement timer: 0.327s, Master router: fe80::13:1:1:1
Virtual router uptime: 00:03:47, Master router uptime: 00:03:41
Virtual MAC: 00:00:5e:00:02:01
Tracking: disabled

```

show vrrp detail (Route Track) `user@host> show vrrp detail`

```

Physical interface: ge-1/2/0, Unit: 0, Address: 30.30.30.30/24
Index: 67, SNMP ifIndex: 379, VRRP-Traps: enabled
Interface state: up, Group: 100, State: master
Priority: 150, Advertisement interval: 1, Authentication type: none
Preempt: yes, Accept-data mode: no, VIP count: 1, VIP: 30.30.30.100
Advertisement timer: 1.218s, Master router: 30.30.30.30
Virtual router uptime: 00:04:28, Master router uptime: 00:00:13
Virtual MAC: 00:00:5e:00:01:64
Tracking: enabled
Current priority: 150, Configured priority: 150
Priority hold-time: disabled
Interface tracking: disabled
Route tracking: enabled, Route count: 1
Route      VRF name      Route state  Priority cost
192.168.40.0/22    default        up           30

```

show vrrp extensive `user@host> show vrrp extensive`

```

Interface: fe-0/0/0.121, Interface index: 67, Groups: 1, Active : 1
Interface VRRP PDU statistics
Advertisement sent          :          188
Advertisement received      :           0

```

```

Packets received                :          0
No group match received         :          0
Interface VRRP PDU error statistics
Invalid IPAH next type received :          0
Invalid VRRP TTL value received :          0
Invalid VRRP version received  :          0
Invalid VRRP PDU type received :          0
Invalid VRRP authentication type received:          0
Invalid VRRP IP count received  :          0
Invalid VRRP checksum received  :          0

Physical interface: fe-0/0/0, Unit: 121, Vlan-id: 212, Address: fec0::12:1:1:1/120

Index: 67, SNMP ifIndex: 45, VRRP-Traps: enabled
Interface state: up, Group: 1, State: master
Priority: 200, Advertisement interval: 1, Authentication type: none
Preempt: yes, Accept-data mode: no, VIP count: 2, VIP: fe80::12:1:1:99,
fec0::12:1:1:99
Advertisement timer: 1.034s, Master router: fe80::12:1:1:1
Virtual router uptime: 00:04:04, Master router uptime: 00:03:58
Virtual MAC: 00:00:5e:00:02:01
Tracking: disabled
Group VRRP PDU statistics
  Advertisement sent           :        188
  Advertisement received       :          0
Group VRRP PDU error statistics
Bad authentication type received:          0
Bad password received          :          0
Bad MD5 digest received        :          0
Bad advertisement timer received:          0
Bad VIP count received          :          0
Bad VIPADDR received           :          0
Group state transition statistics
Idle to master transitions     :          0
Idle to backup transitions     :          1
Backup to master transitions   :          1
Master to backup transitions   :          0

Interface: fe-0/0/2.131, Interface index: 69, Groups: 1, Active : 1
Interface VRRP PDU statistics
  Advertisement sent           :        186
  Advertisement received       :          0
  Packets received             :          0
  No group match received      :          0
Interface VRRP PDU error statistics
Invalid IPAH next type received :          0
Invalid VRRP TTL value received :          0
Invalid VRRP version received  :          0
Invalid VRRP PDU type received :          0
Invalid VRRP authentication type received:          0
Invalid VRRP IP count received  :          0
Invalid VRRP checksum received  :          0

Physical interface: fe-0/0/2, Unit: 131, Vlan-id: 213, Address: fec0::13:1:1:1/120

Index: 69, SNMP ifIndex: 47, VRRP-Traps: enabled
Interface state: up, Group: 1, State: master
Priority: 200, Advertisement interval: 1, Authentication type: none
Preempt: yes, Accept-data mode: no, VIP count: 2, VIP: fe80::13:1:1:99,
fec0::13:1:1:99
Advertisement timer: 0.396s, Master router: fe80::13:1:1:1

```

```

Virtual router uptime: 00:04:04, Master router uptime: 00:03:58
Virtual MAC: 00:00:5e:00:02:01
Tracking: disabled
Group VRRP PDU statistics
  Advertisement sent      :      186
  Advertisement received  :         0
Group VRRP PDU error statistics
  Bad authentication type received:      0
  Bad password received      :         0
  Bad MD5 digest received    :         0
  Bad advertisement timer received:      0
  Bad VIP count received     :         0
  Bad VIPADDR received      :         0
Group state transition statistics
  Idle to master transitions :         0
  Idle to backup transitions :         1
  Backup to master transitions :        1
  Master to backup transitions :         0

```

show vrrp interface

```

user@host> show vrrp interface
Interface: fe-0/0/0.121, Interface index: 67, Groups: 1, Active : 1
Interface VRRP PDU statistics
  Advertisement sent      :      205
  Advertisement received  :         0
  Packets received        :         0
  No group match received :         0
Interface VRRP PDU error statistics
  Invalid IPAH next type received :      0
  Invalid VRRP TTL value received :      0
  Invalid VRRP version received   :      0
  Invalid VRRP PDU type received  :      0
  Invalid VRRP authentication type received: 0
  Invalid VRRP IP count received  :      0
  Invalid VRRP checksum received  :      0

Physical interface: fe-0/0/0, Unit: 121, Vlan-id: 212, Address: fec0::12:1:1:120

Index: 67, SNMP ifIndex: 45, VRRP-Traps: enabled
Interface state: up, Group: 1, State: master
Priority: 200, Advertisement interval: 1, Authentication type: none
Preempt: yes, Accept-data mode: no, VIP count: 2, VIP: fe80::12:1:1:99,
fec0::12:1:1:99
Advertisement timer: 0.789s, Master router: fe80::12:1:1:1
Virtual router uptime: 00:04:26, Master router uptime: 00:04:20
Virtual MAC: 00:00:5e:00:02:01
Tracking: disabled
Group VRRP PDU statistics
  Advertisement sent      :      205
  Advertisement received  :         0
Group VRRP PDU error statistics
  Bad authentication type received:      0
  Bad password received      :         0
  Bad MD5 digest received    :         0
  Bad advertisement timer received:      0
  Bad VIP count received     :         0
  Bad VIPADDR received      :         0
Group state transition statistics
  Idle to master transitions :         0
  Idle to backup transitions :         1
  Backup to master transitions :         1
  Master to backup transitions :         0

```


show vrrp summaryuser@host> **show vrrp summary**

Interface	State	Group	VR state	Type	Address
ge-4/2/0.0	up	1	backup	lcl	10.57.0.2
				vip	10.57.0.100

show vrrp track detailuser@host> **show vrrp track detail**

Tracked interface: ae1.211
 State: up, Speed: 400m
 Incurred priority cost: 0

Threshold	Priority cost	Active
400m	10	
300m	60	
200m	110	
100m	160	
down	190	

 Tracking VRRP interface: ae0.210, Group: 1
 VR State: master
 Current priority: 200, Configured priority: 200
 Priority hold-time: disabled, Remaining-time: 50.351

show vrrp track summaryuser@host> **show vrrp track summary**

Track if	State	Speed	VRRP if	Group	VR State	Current priority
ae1.211	up	400m	ae0.210	1	master	200

Part 3

Digital Transmission Interfaces

- Digital Transmission Interface Operational Mode Commands on page 295

Chapter 6

Digital Transmission Interface Operational Mode Commands

Table 64 on page 295 summarizes the command-line interface (CLI) commands you can use to monitor and troubleshoot digital transmission interfaces (T1, E1, T3, and E3). Commands are listed in alphabetical order.

Table 64: Digital Transmission Interface Operational Mode Commands

Task	Command
Display status information about T1 or E1 interfaces.	show interfaces (T1 or E1)
Display status information about T3 or E3 interfaces.	show interfaces (T3 or E3)



NOTE: Because the output for the E1 and T1 interfaces is almost identical, the command and output are explained once, with notations included for any differences. The same is true for the E3 and T3 interfaces.

show interfaces (T1 or E1)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>interface-type</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display status information about the specified T1 or E1 interface.
Options	<p><i>interface-type</i>—On M Series and T Series routers, the T1 interface type is <i>t1-fpc/pic/port</i>, whereas the E1 interface type is <i>e1-fpc/pic/port</i>. On the J Series routers, the T1 interface type is <i>t1-pim/0/port</i>, whereas the E1 interface type is <i>e1-pim/0/port</i>.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces (T1, IMA Link) on page 306</p> <p>show interfaces (T1, PPP) on page 307</p> <p>show interfaces detail (T1, PPP) on page 307</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (T1 CRC Errors) on page 308</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (T1, PPP) on page 308</p> <p>show interfaces (E1, Frame Relay) on page 310</p> <p>show interfaces detail (E1, Frame Relay) on page 310</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (E1, Frame Relay) on page 312</p> <p>show interfaces (E1, IMA Link) on page 314</p>
Output Fields	Table 65 on page 296 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (T1 or E1) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 65: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels

Table 65: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Link-level type	Encapsulation being used on the physical interface.	All levels
MTU	MTU size on the physical interface.	All levels
Clocking	Reference clock source: Internal or External .	All levels
Speed	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels
Loopback	Whether loopback is enabled and the type of loopback (local or remote).	All levels
FCS	Frame check sequence on the interface (either 16 or 32). The default is 16 bits.	All levels
Framing	Physical layer framing format used on the link: G704 , G704-NO-CRC4 , or Unframed . The default is G704 .	All levels
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds.	detail extensive
IMA Link alarms	Current active IMA link alarms, including the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ LIF ■ LODS ■ RFI-IMA ■ Tx-Mis-Connected ■ Tx-Unusable-FE ■ Rx-Unusable-FE ■ Link Fault 	detail extensive none

Table 65: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
IMA Link defects	Current active IMA link defects, including the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ LIF ■ LODS ■ RFIHMA ■ Tx-Mis-Connected ■ Tx-Unusable-FE ■ Rx-Unusable-FE ■ Link Fault 	detail extensive none
IMA Link state	Current active IMA link status, including the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Line: synchronized or not synchronized ■ Near end:—Status of near end receive and transmit links <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Rx: Usable or Unusable ■ Tx: Usable or Unusable ■ Far end:—Status of far end receive and transmit links <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Rx: Usable or Unusable ■ Tx: Usable or Unusable 	detail extensive none
IMA link media	IMA Link Media Status, provides the seconds and count state for the following link media parameters: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ LIF ■ LODS ■ Err-ICP ■ IV ■ Rx-FC ■ Tx-FC ■ FE-Defects ■ FE-Rx-FC ■ FE-Tx-FC ■ Rx-ICP ■ Rx-Stuff ■ Tx-ICP ■ Tx-Stuff ■ Rx-SES ■ Rx-UAS ■ Rx-UUS ■ Tx-UUS ■ FE-Rx-SES ■ FE-Rx-UAS ■ FE-Rx-UUS ■ FE-Tx-UUS 	detail extensive none

Table 65: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Keepalive settings	<p>(PPP and HDLC) Configured settings for keepalives.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ interval seconds—The time in seconds between successive keepalive requests. The range is 10 seconds through 32,767 seconds, with a default of 10 seconds. ■ down-count number—The number of keepalive packets a destination must fail to receive before the network takes a link down. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 3. ■ up-count number—The number of keepalive packets a destination must receive to change a link's status from down to up. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 1. 	detail extensive none
Keepalive statistics	<p>(PPP and HDLC) Information about keepalive packets. (When no level of output is specified, the word statistics is not part of the field name and the last seen text is not displayed.)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input—Number of keepalive packets received by PPP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ (last seen 00:00:00 ago).—Time since the last keepalive packet was received, in the format hh:mm:ss. ■ Output—Number of keepalive packets sent by PPP and how long ago the last keepalive packets were sent and received. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ (last seen 00:00:00 ago).—Time since the last keepalive packet was sent, in the format hh:mm:ss. 	detail extensive none
LMI settings	<p>(Frame Relay) Settings for Local Management Interface (LMI) can be either ANSI LMI settings or ITU LMI settings. ANSI LMI settings is the default. The format is (ANSI or ITU) LMI settings: <i>value</i>, <i>value</i>... <i>xx</i> seconds, where <i>value</i> can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ n391dte—DTE full status polling interval (1–255) ■ n392dce—DCE error threshold (1–10) ■ n392dte—DTE error threshold (1–10) ■ n393dce—DCE monitored event count (1–10) ■ n393dte—DTE monitored event count (1–10) ■ t391dte—DTE polling timer (5–30 seconds) ■ t392dce—DCE polling verification timer (5–30 seconds) 	detail extensive none
LMI	<p>(Frame Relay) Local Management Interface (LMI) packet statistics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input—Number of packets coming in on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet arrived. The format is Input: nn (last seen hh:mm:ss ago). ■ Output—Number of packets sent out on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet was sent. The format is Output: nn (last sent hh:mm:ss ago). 	detail extensive none

Table 65: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
DTE statistics	<p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the data terminal equipment (DTE) to the data communications equipment (DCE):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Enquiries sent—Number of link status enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. ■ Full enquiries sent—Number of full enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. ■ Enquiry responses received—Number of enquiry responses received by the DTE from the DCE. ■ Full enquiry responses received—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DTE to the DCE. 	detail extensive none
DCE statistics	<p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the DCE to the DTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Enquiries received—Number of enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. ■ Full enquiries received—Number of full enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. ■ Enquiry responses sent—Number of enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. ■ Full enquiry responses sent—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. 	detail extensive none
Common statistics	<p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages sent between the DTE and the DCE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Unknown messages received—Number of received packets that do not fall into any category. ■ Asynchronous updates received—Number of link status peer changes received. ■ Out-of-sequence packets received—Number of packets for which the sequence of the packets received is different from the expected sequence. ■ Keepalive responses timedout—Number of keepalive responses that timed out when no Local Management Interface (LMI) packet was reported for n392dte or n393dce intervals. (See LMI settings.) 	detail extensive none
Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs	(Frame Relay. Displayed only from the DTE.) Number of DLCIs configured from the DCE.	detail extensive none
LCP state	<p>(PPP) Link Control Protocol state.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. ■ Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. ■ Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. ■ Down—LCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). ■ Not configured—LCP is not configured on the interface. ■ Opened—LCP negotiation is successful. 	detail extensive none

Table 65: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
NCP state	(PPP) Network Control Protocol state. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. ■ Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. ■ Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. ■ Down—NCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). ■ Not configured—NCP is not configured on the interface. ■ Opened—NCP negotiation is successful. 	detail extensive none
CHAP state	(PPP) Displays the state of the Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) during its transaction. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Chap-Chal-received—Challenge was received but response not yet sent. ■ Chap-Chal-sent—Challenge was sent. ■ Chap-Resp-received—Response was received for the challenge sent, but CHAP has not yet moved into the Success state. (Most likely with RADIUS authentication.) ■ Chap-Resp-sent—Response was sent for the challenge received. ■ Down—CHAP authentication is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). ■ Not-configured—CHAP is not configured on the interface. ■ Opened—CHAP authentication was successful. 	detail extensive none
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: <i>year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago)</i> . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago).	detail extensive none
CoS Queues	Number of CoS queues configured.	detail extensive none
Input rate	Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps).	None specified
Output rate	Output rate in bps and pps.	None specified
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive

Table 65: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Input errors	<p>Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the JUNOS Software does not handle. ■ L3 incompletes—Number of incoming packets discarded because they failed Layer 3 (usually IPv4) sanity checks of the header. For example, a frame with less than 20 bytes of available IP header is discarded. ■ L2 channel errors—Number of times the software did not find a valid logical interface for an incoming frame. ■ L2 mismatch timeouts—Number of malformed or short packets that caused the incoming packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable. ■ HS link CRC errors—Number of errors on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. ■ SRAM errors—Number of hardware errors that occurred in the static RAM (SRAM) on the PIC or PIM. If the value of this field increments, the PIC or PIM is malfunctioning. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Output errors	<p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC or PIM is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Aged packets—Number of packets that remained in shared packet SDRAM so long that the system automatically purged them. The value in this field should never increment. If it does, it is most likely a software bug or possibly malfunctioning hardware. ■ MTU errors—Number of packets whose size exceeded the MTU of the interface. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive

Table 65: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Queue counters	CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Queued packets—Number of queued packets. ■ Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. ■ Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. 	detail extensive
DS1 alarms	E1 media-specific defects that can prevent the interface from passing packets. When a defect persists for a certain amount of time, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router, or turn on the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. The following lists all possible alarms and defects. For complete explanations of most of these alarms and defects, see <i>Belcore Telcordia GR-499-CORE</i> . <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ AIS—Alarm indication signal. ■ LOF—Loss of frame. ■ LOS—Loss of signal. ■ YLW—Yellow alarm. Indicates errors at the remote site receiver. 	detail extensive none
DS1 defects		
T1 media or E1 media	Counts of T1 or E1 media-specific errors. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. The T1 or E1 media-specific error types are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ SEF—Severely errored framing ■ BEE—Bit error ■ AIS—Alarm indication signal ■ LOF—Loss of frame ■ LOS—Loss of signal ■ YELLOW—Errors at the remote site receiver ■ CRC Major—Cyclic redundancy check major alarm threshold exceeded ■ CRC Minor—Cyclic redundancy check minor alarm threshold exceeded ■ BPV—Bipolar violation ■ EXZ—Excessive zeros ■ LCV—Line code violation ■ PCV—Pulse code violation ■ CS—Carrier state ■ CRC—Cyclic redundancy check ■ FEBE—Far-end block error (E1 only) ■ LES—Line error seconds ■ ES—Errored seconds ■ BES—Bit error seconds ■ SES—Severely errored seconds ■ SEFS—Severely errored framing seconds ■ UAS—Unavailable seconds 	extensive

Table 65: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
HDLC configuration	<p>Information about the HDLC configuration.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Policing bucket—Configured state of the receiving policer. ■ Shaping bucket—Configured state of the transmitting shaper. ■ Giant threshold—Giant threshold programmed into the hardware. ■ Runt threshold—Runt threshold programmed into the hardware. ■ Timeslots—Time slots configured on the interface. ■ Buildout—(T1 only) Buildout setting: 0-132, 133-265, 266-398, 399-531, or 532-655 feet. ■ Timeslots—Configured time slots for the interface. ■ Byte encoding—(T1 only) Byte encoding used: Nx64K or Nx56K. ■ Line encoding—Line encoding used. For T1, the value can be B8ZS or AMI. For E1, the value is HDB3. ■ Data inversion—HDLC data inversion setting: Enabled or Disabled. ■ Idle cycle flag—Idle cycle flags. ■ Start end flag—Start and end flag. 	extensive
DS1 BERT configuration	<p>BERT (bit error rate test) checks the quality of the line. This output appears only when a BERT is run on the interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ BERT time period—Configured total time period that the BERT is to run. ■ Elapsed—Actual time elapsed since the start of the BERT (in seconds). ■ Induced error rate—Configured rate at which the bit errors are induced in the BERT pattern. ■ Algorithm—Type of algorithm selected for the BERT. 	detail extensive none
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration	<p>Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Destination slot—FPC slot number. ■ PLP byte—Packet Level Protocol byte. ■ CoS transmit queue—The queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ <i>bandwidth</i> %—Percentage of bandwidth allocated to the queue. ■ Bandwidth bps—Bandwidth allocated to the queue (in bps). ■ <i>buffer</i> %—Percentage of buffer space allocated to the queue. ■ Buffer usec—Amount of buffer space allocated to the queue, in microseconds. This value is nonzero only if the buffer size is configured in terms of time. ■ Priority—Queue priority. Possible values are low and high. ■ Limit—Displayed if rate limiting is configured for the queue. Possible values are none and exact. If exact is configured, the queue transmits only up to the configured bandwidth, even if excess bandwidth is available. If none is configured, the queue transmits beyond the configured bandwidth if bandwidth is available. 	extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none

Table 65: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	All levels
Input packets	Number of packets received on the logical interface.	None specified
Output packets	Number of packets transmitted on the logical interface.	None specified
Traffic statistics	(Frame Relay) Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Local statistics	(Frame Relay) Statistics for traffic received from and transmitted to the Routing Engine. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Transit statistics	(Frame Relay) Statistics for traffic transiting the router. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. This counter normally stabilizes in less than 1 second.	detail extensive
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface, such as iso, inet6, mlfrr, or mpls.	detail extensive none
Multilink bundle	Interface name for the multilink bundle, if configured.	detail extensive none
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route table	Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Addresses, Flags	Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none

Table 65: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Broadcast	Broadcast address.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive none
DLCI	(Frame Relay) DLCI number of the logical interface. The following DLCI information is displayed: Flags , Total down time , Last down , and Traffic statistics or (Input packets, Output packets). Flags can be one or more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Active—Set when the link is active and the DTE and DCE are exchanging information. ■ Down—Set when the link is active, but no information is received from the DCE. ■ DCE-Unconfigured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is not configured. ■ Configured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is configured. ■ DCE-configured—Displayed when the command is issued from the DTE. 	detail extensive none
DLCI statistics	(Frame Relay) Data-link connection identifier (DLCI) statistics. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Active DLCI—Number of active DLCIs. ■ Inactive DLCI—Number of inactive DLCIs. 	detail extensive none

```

show interfaces (T1, IMA Link)  user@host> show interfaces t1-1/0/0
IMA Link alarms      : None
IMA Link defects    : LIF, LODS
IMA Link state:
  Line      : Not synchronized
  Near end  : Rx: Unusable, Tx: Usable
  Far end   : Rx: Unusable, Tx: Usable
IMA link media:      Seconds      Count   State
LIF                  0            0
LODS                  0            0
Err-ICP               0            0
IV                    0            0
Rx-FC                  0            0
Tx-FC                  0            0
FE-Defects             0            0
FE-Rx-FC               0            0
FE-Tx-FC               0            0
Rx-ICP                 0            0
Rx-Stuff               0            0
Tx-ICP                 0            0
Tx-Stuff               0            0
Rx-SES                  0            0
Rx-UAS                  0            0
Rx-UUS                  1            0
Tx-UUS                  0            0
FE-Rx-SES              0            0
FE-Rx-UAS              0            0
FE-Rx-UUS              0            0
FE-Tx-UUS              0            0

```



```

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces t1-1/1/0
(T1, PPP)          Physical interface: t1-1/1/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                      Interface index: 149, SNMP ifIndex: 45
                      Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T1,
                      Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: ESF
                      Device flags   : Present Running
                      Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
                      Link flags     : Keepalives
                      Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
                      Keepalive: Input: 0 (never), Output: 0 (never)
                      LCP state: Opened
                      NCP state: Opened
                      CHAP state: Opened
                      CoS queues      : 4 supported, 4 in use
                      Last flapped    : 2005-12-05 08:43:06 PST (02:13:35 ago)
                      Input rate      : 0 bps (0 pps)
                      Output rate     : 72 bps (0 pps)
                      DS1 alarms      : None
                      DS1 defects     : None

                      Logical interface t1-1/1/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 51)
                      Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
                      Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
                      Flags: Protocol-Down
                      Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
                      Destination: 1.1.1/24, Local: 1.1.1.1, Broadcast: 1.1.1.255

```

```

show interfaces detail user@host> show interfaces t1-1/1/0 detail
(T1, PPP)          Physical interface: t1-1/1/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                      Interface index: 149, SNMP ifIndex: 45, Generation: 32
                      Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T1,
                      Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: ESF
                      Device flags   : Present Running
                      Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
                      Link flags     : Keepalives
                      Hold-times      : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
                      Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
                      Keepalive statistics:
                        Input : 0 (last seen: never)
                        Output: 0 (last sent: never)
                      LCP state: Opened
                      NCP state: Opened
                      CHAP state: Opened
                      CoS queues      : 4 supported, 4 in use
                      Last flapped    : 2005-12-05 08:43:06 PST (02:13:52 ago)
                      Statistics last cleared: Never
                      Traffic statistics:
                        Input bytes   : 0 0 bps
                        Output bytes  : 798 0 bps
                        Input packets : 0 0 pps
                        Output packets: 42 0 pps
                      Queue counters:

```

	Queued packets	Transmitted packets	Dropped packets
0 best-effort	0	0	0
1 expedited-fo	0	0	0
2 assured-forw	0	0	0
3 network-cont	40	40	0

```

DS1  alarms   : None
DS1  defects  : None
DS1 BERT configuration:
    BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
    Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1
Logical interface t1-1/1/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 51) (Generation 5)
Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 14, Route table: 0
Flags: Protocol-Down
Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 1.1.1/24, Local: 1.1.1.1, Broadcast: 1.1.1.255,
Generation: 18

```

**show interfaces
extensive (T1 CRC
Errors)**

```

user@host> show interfaces t1-3/2/0:1:1 extensive
Physical interface: t1-3/2/0:1:1, Enabled, Physical link is Down
Interface index: 179, SNMP ifIndex: 79, Generation: 180
:
:
DS1  alarms   : AIS, LOF, CRC Major, CRC Minor
DS1  defects  : AIS, LOF, CRC Major, CRC Minor
T1 media:
      Seconds      Count  State
SEF          1         1  OK
BEE          1         1  OK
AIS        1128         1 Defect Active
LOF        1128         1 Defect Active
LOS          0         0  OK
YELLOW       0         0  OK
CRC Major   154         1 Defect Active
CRC Minor   154         1 Defect Active
BPV          0         0
EXZ          0         0
LCV          0         0
PCV          0         0
CS           0         0
CRC        154       15400
...

```

**show interfaces
extensive (T1, PPP)**

```

user@host> show interfaces t1-1/1/0 extensive
Physical interface: t1-1/1/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 149, SNMP ifIndex: 45, Generation: 32
Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T1,
Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: ESF
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Link flags     : Keepalives
Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Keepalive statistics:
    Input : 0 (last seen: never)
    Output: 0 (last sent: never)
LCP state: Down
NCP state: inet: Not-configured, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured,
mpls: Not-configured
CHAP state: Closed
CoS queues   : 4 supported, 4 in use
Last flapped : 2005-12-05 08:43:06 PST (02:13:54 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :          0          0 bps
Output bytes :        817        72 bps
Input packets:          0          0 pps

```

```

Output packets:                43                0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Policed discards: 0,
  L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0,
  HS link CRC errors: 0, SRAM errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 1, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0, MTU errors: 0,

  Resource errors: 0
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

0 best-effort        0                0                0
1 expedited-fo       0                0                0
2 assured-forw       0                0                0
3 network-cont       42               42               0

DS1  alarms   : None
DS1  defects  : None
T1  media:      Seconds      Count  State
SEF              1           1  OK
BEE              0           0  OK
AIS              0           0  OK
LOF              1           1  OK
LOS              0           0  OK
YELLOW           1           1  OK
BPV              1           1
EXZ              1           1
LCV              1          65535
PCV              1          1023
CS               0           0
LES              1
ES               1
SES              1
SEFS             1
BES              0
UAS              0

HDLC configuration:
  Policing bucket: Disabled
  Shaping bucket : Disabled
  Giant threshold: 1514, Runt threshold: 3
  Timeslots      : All active
  Line encoding: B8ZS
  Buildout       : 0 to 132 feet
  Byte encoding: Nx64K, Data inversion: Disabled, Idle cycle flag: flags,
  Start end flag: shared
DS1 BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 1, PLP byte: 1 (0x00)
  CoS transmit queue  Bandwidth      Buffer  Priority  Limit
                     %      bps      %      usec
0 best-effort        95      1459200  95      0        low  none
3 network-control    5       76800   5       0        low  none

Logical interface t1-1/1/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 51) (Generation 5)
Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 14, Route table: 0

```

```

Flags: Protocol-Down
Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 1.1.1/24, Local: 1.1.1.1, Broadcast: 1.1.1.255,
Generation: 18

```

**show interfaces
(E1, Frame Relay)**

```

user@host> show interfaces e1-3/0/0
Physical interface: e1-3/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 146, SNMP ifIndex: 37
Link-level type: Frame-Relay, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: E1,
Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: G704
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: Link-Layer-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
Link flags     : Keepalives DTE
ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
LMI: Input: 0 (never), Output: 11 (00:00:05 ago)
DTE statistics:
  Enquiries sent           : 10
  Full enquiries sent      : 1
  Enquiry responses received : 0
  Full enquiry responses received : 0
DCE statistics:
  Enquiries received       : 0
  Full enquiries received  : 0
  Enquiry responses sent   : 0
  Full enquiry responses sent : 0
Common statistics:
  Unknown messages received : 0
  Asynchronous updates received : 0
  Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
  Keepalive responses timeout : 1
CoS queues   : 8 supported
Last flapped : 2005-11-30 14:50:34 PST (4d 20:33 ago)
Input rate   : 0 bps (0 pps)
Output rate  : 0 bps (0 pps)
DS1 alarms   : None
DS1 defects  : None
Logical interface e1-3/0/0.0 (Index 72) (SNMP ifIndex 32)
  Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: FR-NLPID
Input packets : 0
Output packets: 0
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
  Flags: None
  Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
  Destination: 10.1.3/24, Local: 10.1.3.1, Broadcast: 10.1.3.255
  DLCI 100
  Flags: Down, DCE-Unconfigured
  Total down time: 00:01:13 sec, Last down: 00:01:13 ago
  Input packets : 0
  Output packets: 0
DLCI statistics:
  Active DLCI :0 Inactive DLCI :1

```

**show interfaces detail
(E1, Frame Relay)**

```

user@host> show interfaces e1-3/0/0 detail
Physical interface: e1-3/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 146, SNMP ifIndex: 37, Generation: 69
Link-level type: Frame-Relay, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: E1,
Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: G704
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: Link-Layer-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
Link flags     : Keepalives DTE
Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms

```

```

ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
LMI statistics:
  Input : 0 (last seen: never)
  Output: 12 (last sent 00:00:02 ago)
DTE statistics:
  Enquiries sent : 10
  Full enquiries sent : 2
  Enquiry responses received : 0
  Full enquiry responses received : 0
DCE statistics:
  Enquiries received : 0
  Full enquiries received : 0
  Enquiry responses sent : 0
  Full enquiry responses sent : 0
Common statistics:
  Unknown messages received : 0
  Asynchronous updates received : 0
  Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
  Keepalive responses timedout : 1
CoS queues : 8 supported
Last flapped : 2005-11-30 14:50:34 PST (4d 20:33 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes : 0 0 bps
  Output bytes : 225 56 bps
  Input packets: 0 0 pps
  Output packets: 15 0 pps
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets  Dropped packets

  0 limited          0          0          0
  1 expedited-fo     0          0          0
  2 real-plus        0          0          0
  3 network-cont     15         15          0

DS1  alarms : None
DS1  defects : None
DS1 BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9)
Logical interface e1-3/0/0.0 (Index 72) (SNMP ifIndex 32) (Generation 26)
Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: FR-NLPID
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
Local statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
Transit statistics:
  Input bytes : 0 0 bps
  Output bytes : 0 0 bps
  Input packets: 0 0 pps
  Output packets: 0 0 pps
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 32, Route table: 0
Flags: None

```

```

Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 10.1.3/24, Local: 10.1.3.1, Broadcast: 10.1.3.255,
Generation: 42
DLCI 100
Flags: Down, DCE-Unconfigured
Total down time: 00:01:18 sec, Last down: 00:01:18 ago
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes : 0
Output bytes : 0
Input packets: 0
Output packets: 0
DLCI statistics:
Active DLCI :0 Inactive DLCI :1

show interfaces extensive
(E1, Frame Relay)
user@host> show interfaces e1-3/0/0 extensive
Physical interface: e1-3/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 146, SNMP ifIndex: 37, Generation: 69
Link-level type: Frame-Relay, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: E1,
Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: G704
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: Link-Layer-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
Link flags : Keepalives DTE
Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
LMI statistics:
Input : 0 (last seen: never)
Output: 12 (last sent 00:00:05 ago)
DTE statistics:
Enquiries sent : 10
Full enquiries sent : 2
Enquiry responses received : 0
Full enquiry responses received : 0
DCE statistics:
Enquiries received : 0
Full enquiries received : 0
Enquiry responses sent : 0
Full enquiry responses sent : 0
Common statistics:
Unknown messages received : 0
Asynchronous updates received : 0
Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
Keepalive responses timeout : 1
CoS queues : 8 supported
Last flapped : 2005-11-30 14:50:34 PST (4d 20:33 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes : 0 0 bps
Output bytes : 225 0 bps
Input packets: 0 0 pps
Output packets: 15 0 pps
Input errors:
Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Policed discards: 0,
L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0,
HS link CRC errors: 0, SRAM errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
Carrier transitions: 17, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0,
MTU errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Queue counters: Queued packets Transmitted packets Dropped packets

0 limited 0 0 0

```

```

1 expedited-fo          0          0          0
2 real-plus             0          0          0
3 network-cont          15         15          0

DS1  alarms   : None
DS1  defects  : None
E1  media:
Seconds      Count  State
SEF          0      0 OK
BEE          5      5 OK
AIS          0      0 OK
LOF         245     15 OK
LOS         245      4 OK
YELLOW       0     11 OK
BPV          0      0
EXZ          9      9
LCV          0      0
PCV          0      0
CS           0      0
FEBE         0      0
LES          0
ES           0
SES          0
SEFS         0
BES          0
UAS         271

HDLC configuration:
  Policing bucket: Disabled
  Shaping bucket : Disabled
  Giant threshold: 1506, Runt threshold: 0
  Timeslots      : All active
  Line encoding: HDB3, Data inversion: Disabled, Idle cycle flag: flags,
  Start end flag: shared
DS1 BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9)
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 3, PLP byte: 1 (0x00)
  CoS transmit queue      Bandwidth      Buffer      Priority      Limit
                           %      bps      %      usec
0 limited                 95      1945600    95      0      low      none
3 network-control         5      102400     5      0      low      none
Logical interface e1-3/0/0.0 (Index 72) (SNMP ifIndex 32) (Generation 26)
Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: FR-NLPID
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
Local statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
Transit statistics:
  Input bytes : 0          0 bps
  Output bytes : 0         0 bps
  Input packets: 0         0 pps
  Output packets: 0        0 pps
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 32, Route table: 0

```

```

Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
  Destination: 10.1.3/24, Local: 10.1.3.1, Broadcast: 10.1.3.255,
  Generation: 42
DLCI 100
Flags: Down, DCE-Unconfigured
Total down time: 00:01:21 sec, Last down: 00:01:21 ago
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
DLCI statistics:
  Active DLCI :0 Inactive DLCI :1

```

**show interfaces (E1,
IMA Link)**

```

user@host> show interfaces e1-1/0/0
IMA Link alarms : None
IMA Link defects : LIF, LODS
IMA Link state:
  Line : Not synchronized
  Near end : Rx: Unusable, Tx: Usable
  Far end : Rx: Unusable, Tx: Usable
IMA link media:

```

	Seconds	Count	State
LIF		0	
LODS		0	
Err-ICP		0	
IV		0	
Rx-FC		0	
Tx-FC		0	
FE-Defects		0	
FE-Rx-FC		0	
FE-Tx-FC		0	
Rx-ICP		0	
Rx-Stuff		0	
Tx-ICP		11	
Tx-Stuff		0	
Rx-SES	0		
Rx-UAS	0		
Rx-UUS	1		
Tx-UUS	0		
FE-Rx-SES	0		
FE-Rx-UAS	0		
FE-Rx-UUS	0		
FE-Tx-UUS	0		

show interfaces (T3 or E3)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>interface-type</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display status information about the specified T3 or E3 interface.
Options	<p><i>interface-type</i>—On M Series and T Series routers, the T3 interface type is <i>t3-fpc/pic/port</i>, whereas the E3 interface type is <i>e3-fpc/pic/port</i>. On the J Series routers, the T3 interface type is <i>t3-pim/0/port</i>, whereas the E3 interface type is <i>e3-pim/0/port</i>.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces (T3, PPP) on page 325</p> <p>show interfaces detail (T3, PPP) on page 326</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (T3, PPP) on page 326</p> <p>show interfaces (E3, Frame Relay) on page 328</p> <p>show interfaces detail (E3, Frame Relay) on page 329</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (E3, Frame Relay) on page 330</p>
Output Fields	Table 66 on page 315 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (T3 or E3) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 66: T3 or E3 show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none

Table 66: T3 or E3 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Link-level type	Encapsulation being used on the physical interface.	All levels
MTU	MTU size on the physical interface.	All levels
Clocking	Reference clock source. It can be Internal or External .	All levels
Speed	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels
Loopback	Whether loopback is enabled and the type of loopback (local or remote).	All levels
FCS	Frame check sequence on the interface (either 16 or 32). The default is 16 bits.	All levels
Mode	(T3 only) Whether C-bit parity mode or M13 mode is enabled.	All levels
Long buildout	(T3 only) Buildout setting: less than 255 feet (68 meters) or greater than 255 feet and shorter than 450 feet (137 meters).	All levels
Framing	(E3 only) Physical layer framing format used on the link. It can be G751 or Unframed . The default is G751 .	All levels
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Keepalive settings	(PPP and HDLC) Configured settings for keepalives. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ interval seconds—Time in seconds between successive keepalive requests. The range is 10 seconds through 32,767 seconds, with a default of 10 seconds. ■ down-count number—Number of keepalive packets a destination must fail to receive before the network takes a link down. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 3. ■ up-count number—Number of keepalive packets a destination must receive to change a link's status from down to up. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 1. 	detail extensive none

Table 66: T3 or E3 show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Keepalive statistics or Keepalive	<p>(PPP and HDLC) Information about keepalive packets.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input—Number of keepalive packets received by PPP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was received, in the format <i>hh:mm:ss</i>. ■ Output—Number of keepalive packets sent by PPP and how long ago the last keepalive packets were sent and received. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was sent, in the format <i>hh:mm:ss</i>. 	detail extensive none
LMI settings	<p>(Frame Relay) Local Management Interface (LMI) settings (ANSI or ITU). ANSI LMI settings is the default. The format is LMI settings: value, value... xx seconds, where <i>value</i> can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ n391dte—DTE full status polling interval (1–255) ■ n392dce—DCE error threshold (1–10) ■ n392dte—DTE error threshold (1–10) ■ n393dce—DCE monitored event count (1–10) ■ n393dte—DTE monitored event count (1–10) ■ t391dte—DTE polling timer (5–30 seconds) ■ t392dce—DCE polling verification timer (5–30 seconds) 	detail extensive none
LMI	<p>(Frame Relay) LMI statistics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input—Number of packets coming in on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet arrived. The format is Input: nn (last seen hh:mm:ss ago). ■ Output—Number of packets sent out on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet was sent. The format is Output: nn (last sent hh:mm:ss ago). 	detail extensive none
DTE statistics	<p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the data terminal equipment (DTE) to the data communications equipment (DCE):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Enquiries sent—Number of link status enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. ■ Full enquiries sent—Number of full enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. ■ Enquiry responses received—Number of enquiry responses received by the DTE from the DCE. ■ Full enquiry responses received—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DTE to the DCE. 	detail extensive none

Table 66: T3 or E3 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
DCE statistics	<p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the DCE to the DTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Enquiries received—Number of enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. ■ Full enquiries received—Number of full enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. ■ Enquiry responses sent—Number of enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. ■ Full enquiry responses sent—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. 	detail extensive none
Common statistics	<p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages sent between the DTE and the DCE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Unknown messages received—Number of received packets that do not fall into any category. ■ Asynchronous updates received—Number of link status peer changes received. ■ Out-of-sequence packets received—Number of packets for which the sequence of the packets received is different from the expected sequence. ■ Keepalive responses timedout—Number of keepalive responses that timed out when no LMI packet was reported for n392dte or n393dce intervals. (See LMI settings.) 	detail extensive none
Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs	(Frame Relay. Displayed only from the DTE.) Number of DLCIs configured from the DCE.	detail extensive none
LCP state	<p>(PPP) Link Control Protocol state.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. ■ Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. ■ Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. ■ Down—LCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). ■ Opened—LCP negotiation is successful. 	detail extensive none
NCP state	<p>(PPP) Network Control Protocol state.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. ■ Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. ■ Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. ■ Down—NCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). ■ Opened—NCP negotiation is successful. 	detail extensive none

Table 66: T3 or E3 show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
CHAP state	<p>(PPP) Displays the state of the Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) during its transaction.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Chap-Resp-received—Response received for the challenge sent, but CHAP not yet moved into the Success state. (Most likely with RADIUS authentication.) ■ Chap-Resp-sent—Response sent for the challenge received. ■ Chap-Chal-sent—Challenge sent. ■ Chap-Chal-received—Challenge received but response not yet sent. ■ Down—CHAP authentication is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). ■ Not-configured—CHAP is not configured on the interface. ■ Opened—CHAP authentication was successful. 	detail extensive none
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: <i>year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (year-month-day hour:minute:second ago)</i> . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago).	detail extensive none
CoS queues	Number of CoS queues configured.	detail extensive none
Input rate	Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps).	None specified
Output rate	Output rate in bps and pps.	None specified
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface ■ Output packets—Number of packets received on the interface. 	detail extensive

Table 66: T3 or E3 show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Input errors	<p>Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Runts—(T3 only) Number of frames received that are smaller than the runt threshold. ■ Giants—(T3 only) Number of frames received that are larger than the giant threshold. ■ Bucket Drops—Drops resulting from the traffic load exceeding the interface transmit/receive leaky bucket configuration. The default is off. ■ Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the JUNOS Software does not handle. ■ L3 incompletes—Number of incoming packets discarded because they failed Layer 3 (usually IPv4) sanity checks of the header. For example, a frame with less than 20 bytes of available IP header is discarded. ■ L2 channel errors—Number of times the software did not find a valid logical interface for an incoming frame. ■ L2 mismatch timeouts—Number of malformed or short packets that caused the incoming packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable. ■ HS link CRC errors—Number of errors on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. ■ SRAM errors—Number of hardware errors that occurred in the static RAM (SRAM) on the PIC or PIM. If the value of this field increments, the PIC or PIM is malfunctioning. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive

Table 66: T3 or E3 show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Output errors	<p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC or PIM is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Aged packets—Number of packets that remained in shared packet SDRAM so long that the system automatically purged them. The value in this field should never increment. If it does, it is most likely a software bug or possibly malfunctioning hardware. ■ MTU errors—Number of packets whose size exceeded the MTU of the interface. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Queue counters	<p>CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Queued packets—Number of queued packets. ■ Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. ■ Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. 	detail extensive
Active alarms	E3 media-specific defects that can render the interface unable to pass packets. When a defect persists for a certain amount of time, it is promoted to an alarm.	detail extensive none
Active defects	<p>Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router, or turn on the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ AIS—Alarm indication signal ■ EXZ—Excessive zeros ■ FERF—Far-end receive failures ■ IDLE—Idle code detected ■ LCD—Loss of cell delineation ■ LCV—Line code violation ■ LOF—Loss of frame ■ LOS—Loss of signal ■ PLL—Phase-locked loop ■ YLW—Remote defect indication 	

Table 66: T3 or E3 show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
DS3 media or E3 media	<p>Counts of DS3 (T3) or E3 media-specific errors.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>The DS3 or E3 media-specific error types can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PLL Lock—Phase-locked loop out of lock ■ Reframing—Frame alignment recovery time ■ AIS—Alarm indication signal ■ LOF—Loss of frame ■ LOS—Loss of signal ■ IDLE—Idle code detected ■ YELLOW—Errors at the remote site receiver ■ BPV—Bipolar violation ■ EXZ—Excessive zeros ■ LCV—Line code violation ■ PCV—(DS3 only) Pulse code violation ■ CCV—(DS3 only) C-bit coding violation ■ FEBE—(DS3 only) Far-end block error ■ LES—Line error seconds ■ PES—(DS3 only) P-bit errored seconds ■ PSES—(DS3 only) P-bit errored seconds (section) ■ CES—(DS3 only) C-bit errored seconds ■ CSES—(DS3 only) C-bit severely errored seconds ■ SEFS—Severely errored framing seconds ■ UAS—Unavailable seconds 	extensive
HDLC configuration	<p>Information about the HDLC configuration.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Policing bucket—Configured state of the receiving policer. ■ Shaping bucket—Configured state of the transmitting shaper. ■ Giant threshold—Giant threshold programmed into the hardware. ■ Runt threshold—Runt threshold programmed into the hardware. ■ Idle cycle flag—Idle cycle flags. ■ Start end flag—Start and end flag. 	extensive

Table 66: T3 or E3 show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
DSU configuration	<p>Information about the DSU configuration. The last three lines (Bit count, Error bit count, and LOS information) are displayed only if a BERT has ever been run on the interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Compatibility mod—CSU/DSU compatibility mode: None, Larscom, Kentrox, or Digital-Link. ■ Scrambling—Payload scrambling: Enabled or Disabled. ■ Subrate—Configured subrate setting. Applies only when Digital-Link compatibility mode is used. The subrate can be Disabled or display units in Kbps. ■ FEAC loopbac—(T3) Whether a far-end alarm and control (FEAC) loopback is Active or Inactive. This feature is used to send alarm or status information from the far-end terminal back to the near-end terminal and to initiate T3 loopbacks at the far-end terminal from the near-end terminal. ■ Response—Whether the FEAC signal is Enabled or Disabled. ■ Count—Number of FEAC loopbacks. 	extensive
DS3 (or E3) BERT configuration	<p>BERT (bit error rate test) checks the quality of the line. This output appears only when a BERT is run on the interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ BERT time period—Configured total time period that the BERT is to run. ■ Elapsed—Actual time elapsed since the start of the BERT (in seconds). ■ Induced error rate—Configured rate at which the bit errors are induced in the BERT pattern. ■ Algorithm—Type of algorithm selected for the BERT. 	detail extensive none
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration	<p>Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Destination slot—FPC slot number. ■ PLP byte—Packet Level Protocol byte. ■ CoS transmit queue—The queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ <i>bandwidth %</i>—Percentage of bandwidth allocated to the queue. ■ <i>Bandwidth bps</i>—Bandwidth allocated to the queue (in bps). ■ <i>buffer %</i>—Percentage of buffer space allocated to the queue. ■ <i>Buffer usec</i>—Amount of buffer space allocated to the queue, in microseconds. This value is nonzero only if the buffer size is configured in terms of time. ■ <i>Priority</i>—Queue priority: low or high. ■ <i>Limit</i>—Displayed if rate limiting is configured for the queue. Possible values are none and exact. If exact is configured, the queue transmits only up to the configured bandwidth, even if excess bandwidth is available. If none is configured, the queue transmits beyond the configured bandwidth if bandwidth is available. 	extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none

Table 66: T3 or E3 show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	extensive
Flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Input packets	Number of packets received on the logical interface.	None specified
Output packets	Number of packets transmitted on the logical interface.	None specified
Traffic statistics	(Frame Relay) Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Local statistics	(Frame Relay) Statistics for traffic received from and transmitted to the Routing Engine. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Transit statistics	(Frame Relay) Statistics for traffic transiting the router. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. This counter normally stabilizes in less than 1 second.	detail extensive
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface, such as iso, inet6, mlfrr, or mpls.	detail extensive none
Multilink bundle	(Multilink) Interface name for the multilink bundle.	detail extensive none
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route table	Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Addresses, Flags	Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Broadcast	Broadcast address.	detail extensive none

Table 66: T3 or E3 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive none
DLCI	<p>(Frame Relay) DLCI number of the logical interface. The following DLCI information is displayed: Flags, Total down time, Last down, and Traffic statistics (or Input packets, Output packets). Flags is one or more of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Active—Set when the link is active and the DTE and DCE are exchanging information. ■ Down—Set when the link is active, but no information is received from the DCE. ■ DCE Unconfigured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is not configured. ■ Configured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is configured. ■ DCE-configured—Displayed when the command is issued from the DTE. 	detail extensive none
DLCI statistics	<p>(Frame Relay) Data-link connection identifier (DLCI) statistics.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Active DLCI—Number of active DLCIs. ■ Inactive DLCI—Number of inactive DLCIs. 	detail extensive none

```

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces t3-0/2/0
(T3, PPP)          Physical interface: t3-0/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                      Interface index: 139, SNMP ifIndex: 35
                      Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T3,
                      Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Mode: C/Bit parity,
                      Long buildout: Shorter than 255 feet
                      Device flags   : Present Running
                      Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
                      Link flags     : Keepalives
                      Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
                      Keepalive: Input: 0 (never), Output: 0 (never)
                      LCP state: Down
                      NCP state: inet: Not-configured, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured,
                      mpls: Not-configured
                      CHAP state: Closed
                      CoS queues      : 4 supported, 4 in use
                      Last flapped    : 2005-12-05 08:43:06 PST (02:18:40 ago)
                      Input rate      : 0 bps (0 pps)
                      Output rate     : 72 bps (0 pps)
                      Active alarms   : None
                      Active defects  : None
                      DS3 BERT configuration:
                      BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
                      Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9), Induced error rate: 10e-0

                      Logical interface t3-0/2/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 54)
                      Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
                      Protocol inet, MTU: 4470
                      Flags: Protocol-Down
                      Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
                      Destination: 1.1.1/24, Local: 1.1.1.1, Broadcast: 1.1.1.255

```

**show interfaces detail
(T3, PPP)**user@host> **show interfaces t3-0/2/0 detail**

```
Physical interface: t3-0/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 139, SNMP ifIndex: 35, Generation: 22
  Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T3,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Mode: C/Bit parity,
  Long buildout: Shorter than 255 feet
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : Keepalives
  Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
  Keepalive statistics:
    Input : 0 (last seen: never)
    Output: 0 (last sent: never)
  LCP state: Down
  NCP state: inet: Not-configured, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured,
  mpls: Not-configured
  CHAP state: Closed
  CoS queues   : 4 supported, 4 in use
  Last flapped : 2005-12-05 08:43:06 PST (02:18:45 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   :                0                0 bps
    Output bytes  :               152                0 bps
    Input packets :                0                0 pps
    Output packets:                8                0 pps
  Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets  Dropped packets

    0 best-effort                0                0                0
    1 expedited-fo                0                0                0
    2 assured-forw                0                0                0
    3 network-cont                6                6                0

  Active alarms : None
  Active defects: None
  DS3 BERT configuration:
    BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
    Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9), Induced error rate: 10e-0

Logical interface t3-0/2/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 54) (Generation 8)
  Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
  Protocol inet, MTU: 4470, Generation: 17, Route table: 0
  Flags: Protocol-Down
  Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 1.1.1/24, Local: 1.1.1.1, Broadcast: 1.1.1.255,
    Generation: 24
```

**show interfaces
extensive (T3, PPP)**user@host> **show interfaces t3-0/2/0 extensive**

```
Physical interface: t3-0/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 139, SNMP ifIndex: 35, Generation: 22
  Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T3,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Mode: C/Bit parity,
  Long buildout: Shorter than 255 feet
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : Keepalives
  Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
```

```

Keepalive statistics:
  Input : 0 (last seen: never)
  Output: 0 (last sent: never)
LCP state: Down
NCP state: inet: Not-configured, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured,
mpls: Not-configured
CHAP state: Closed
CoS queues      : 4 supported, 4 in use
Last flapped   : 2005-12-05 08:43:06 PST (02:18:47 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :          0          0 bps
  Output bytes :         171         72 bps
  Input packets:          0          0 pps
  Output packets:          9          0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
  Bucket drops: 0, Policed discards: 0, L3 incompletes: 0,
  L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0,
  SRAM errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 1, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0, MTU errors: 0,

  Resource errors: 0
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

  0 best-effort          0              0              0

  1 expedited-fo          0              0              0

  2 assured-forw          0              0              0

  3 network-cont          7              7              0

Active alarms : None
Active defects : None
DS3 media:
Seconds      Count  State
PLL Lock      0      0 OK
Reframing     0      0 OK
AIS           0      0 OK
LOF           0      0 OK
LOS           0      0 OK
IDLE          0      0 OK
YELLOW        0      0 OK
BPV           0      0
EXZ           0      0
LCV           1      4
PCV           0      0
CCV           0      0
FEBE          1     11
LES           1
PES           0
PSES          0
CES           0
CSES          0
SEFS          0
UAS           0
HDLC configuration:
  Policing bucket: Disabled
  Shaping bucket : Disabled
  Giant threshold: 4484, Runt threshold: 3

```

```

Idle cycle flag: flags, Start end flag: shared
DSU configuration:
  Compatibility mode: None, Scrambling: Disabled, Subrate: Disabled
  FEAC loopback: Inactive, Response: Disabled, Count: 0
DS3 BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9), Induced error rate: 10e-0
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 0, PLP byte: 1 (0x00)
  CoS transmit queue      Bandwidth      Buffer      Priority      Limit
                           %      bps      %      usec
  0 best-effort            95      42499200    95      0      low      none
  3 network-control        5      2236800     5      0      low      none

Logical interface t3-0/2/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 54) (Generation 8)
  Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
  Protocol inet, MTU: 4470, Generation: 17, Route table: 0
  Flags: Protocol-Down
  Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 1.1.1/24, Local: 1.1.1.1, Broadcast: 1.1.1.255,
    Generation: 24

```

**show interfaces
(E3, Frame Relay)**

```

user@host> show interfaces e3-1/2/0
Physical interface: e3-1/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 153, SNMP ifIndex: 49
  Link-level type: Frame-Relay, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, Speed: E3,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: G751
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Link-Layer-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : Keepalives DTE
  ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
  LMI: Input: 0 (never), Output: 4 (00:00:06 ago)
  DTE statistics:
    Enquiries sent           : 4
    Full enquiries sent      : 0
    Enquiry responses received : 0
    Full enquiry responses received : 0
  DCE statistics:
    Enquiries received       : 0
    Full enquiries received   : 0
    Enquiry responses sent    : 0
    Full enquiry responses sent : 0
  Common statistics:
    Unknown messages received : 0
    Asynchronous updates received : 0
    Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
    Keepalive responses timedout : 1
  CoS queues      : 4 supported, 4 in use
  Last flapped    : 2005-12-05 08:46:14 PST (02:27:17 ago)
  Input rate      : 0 bps (0 pps)
  Output rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)
  Active alarms   : None
  Active defects  : None

Logical interface e3-1/2/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 57)
  Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: FR-NLPID
  Input packets : 0
  Output packets: 0
  Protocol inet, MTU: 4470
  Flags: None
  Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary

```

```

        Destination: 1.1.1/24, Local: 1.1.1.1, Broadcast: 1.1.1.255
    DLCI 100
        Flags: Down, DCE-Unconfigured
        Total down time: 00:00:06 sec, Last down: 00:00:06 ago
        Input packets : 0
        Output packets: 0
    DLCI statistics:
        Active DLCI :0 Inactive DLCI :1

```

**show interfaces detail
(E3, Frame Relay)**

```

user@host> show interfaces e3-1/2/0 detail
Physical interface: e3-1/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 153, SNMP ifIndex: 49, Generation: 36
  Link-level type: Frame-Relay, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, Speed: E3,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: G751
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Link-Layer-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : Keepalives DTE
  Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
  LMI statistics:
    Input : 0 (last seen: never)
    Output: 5 (last sent 00:00:07 ago)
  DTE statistics:
    Enquiries sent           : 5
    Full enquiries sent      : 0
    Enquiry responses received : 0
    Full enquiry responses received : 0
  DCE statistics:
    Enquiries received       : 0
    Full enquiries received   : 0
    Enquiry responses sent    : 0
    Full enquiry responses sent : 0
  Common statistics:
    Unknown messages received : 0
    Asynchronous updates received : 0
    Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
    Keepalive responses timedout : 1
  CoS queues   : 4 supported, 4 in use
  Last flapped : 2005-12-05 08:46:14 PST (02:27:27 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 0 0 bps
    Output bytes : 806 0 bps
    Input packets: 0 0 pps
    Output packets: 44 0 pps
  Queue counters:

```

	Queued packets	Transmitted packets	Dropped packets
0 best-effort	0	0	0
1 expedited-fo	0	0	0
2 assured-forw	0	0	0
3 network-cont	43	43	0

```

  Active alarms : None
  Active defects : None

  Logical interface e3-1/2/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 57) (Generation 15)
    Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: FR-NLPID
    Traffic statistics:

```

```

Input bytes : 0
Output bytes : 0
Input packets: 0
Output packets: 0
Local statistics:
Input bytes : 0
Output bytes : 0
Input packets: 0
Output packets: 0
Transit statistics:
Input bytes : 0 0 bps
Output bytes : 0 0 bps
Input packets: 0 0 pps
Output packets: 0 0 pps
Protocol inet, MTU: 4470, Generation: 24, Route table: 0
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 1.1.1/24, Local: 1.1.1.1, Broadcast: 1.1.1.255,
Generation: 38
DLCI 100
Flags: Down, DCE-Unconfigured
Total down time: 00:00:16 sec, Last down: 00:00:16 ago
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes : 0
Output bytes : 0
Input packets: 0
Output packets: 0
DLCI statistics:
Active DLCI :0 Inactive DLCI :1

```

**show interfaces
extensive
(E3, Frame Relay)**

```

user@host> show interfaces e3-1/2/0 extensive
Physical interface: e3-1/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 153, SNMP ifIndex: 49, Generation: 36
Link-level type: Frame-Relay, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, Speed: E3,
Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: G751
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: Link-Layer-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Link flags : Keepalives DTE
Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
LMI statistics:
Input : 0 (last seen: never)
Output: 6 (last sent 00:00:02 ago)
DTE statistics:
Enquiries sent : 5
Full enquiries sent : 1
Enquiry responses received : 0
Full enquiry responses received : 0
DCE statistics:
Enquiries received : 0
Full enquiries received : 0
Enquiry responses sent : 0
Full enquiry responses sent : 0
Common statistics:
Unknown messages received : 0
Asynchronous updates received : 0
Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
Keepalive responses timeout : 1
CoS queues : 4 supported, 4 in use
Last flapped : 2005-12-05 08:46:14 PST (02:27:30 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never

```


Traffic statistics:

```

Input bytes :           0           0 bps
Output bytes :          821          56 bps
Input packets:           0           0 pps
Output packets:          45           0 pps

```

Input errors:

```

Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 21118, Bucket drops: 0,
Policed discards: 0, L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0,
L2 mismatch timeouts: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0, SRAM errors: 0,
Resource errors: 0

```

Output errors:

```

Carrier transitions: 1, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0, MTU errors: 0,

```

```

Resource errors: 0

```

Queue counters:

	Queued packets	Transmitted packets	Dropped packets
0 best-effort	0	0	0
1 expedited-fo	0	0	0
2 assured-forw	0	0	0
3 network-cont	44	44	0

```

Active alarms : None

```

```

Active defects : None

```

E3 media:	Seconds	Count	State
PLL Lock	0	0	OK
Reframing	187	1	OK
AIS	0	0	OK
LOF	187	1	OK
LOS	187	1	OK
IDLE	0	0	OK
YELLOW	0	0	OK
BPV	0	0	
EXZ	0	0	
LCV	188	12303167	
LES	188		
SEFS	187		
UAS	195		

DSU configuration:

```

Compatibility mode: None, Scrambling: Disabled

```

E3 BERT configuration:

```

BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9), Induced Error rate: 10e-0

```

Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:

```

Destination slot: 1, PLP byte: 1 (0x00)

```

CoS transmit queue	%	Bandwidth bps	%	Buffer usec	Priority	Limit
0 best-effort	95	32649600	95	0	low	none
3 network-control	5	1718400	5	0	low	none

Logical interface e3-1/2/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 57) (Generation 15)

```

Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: FR-NLPID

```

Traffic statistics:

```

Input bytes :           0
Output bytes :           0
Input packets:           0
Output packets:          0

```

Local statistics:

```

Input bytes :           0

```

```

Output bytes :                0
Input  packets:                0
Output packets:                0
Transit statistics:
Input  bytes :                0                0 bps
Output bytes :                0                0 bps
Input  packets:                0                0 pps
Output packets:                0                0 pps
Protocol inet, MTU: 4470, Generation: 24, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
  Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 1.1.1/24, Local: 1.1.1.1, Broadcast: 1.1.1.255,
    Generation: 38
DLCI 100
  Flags: Down, DCE-Unconfigured
  Total down time: 00:00:19 sec, Last down: 00:00:19 ago
  Traffic statistics:
    Input  bytes :                0
    Output bytes :                0
    Input  packets:                0
    Output packets:                0
DLCI statistics:
  Active DLCI :0 Inactive DLCI :1

```

Part 4

IP Demux Interfaces

- IP Demux Interface Operational Mode Commands on page 335

Chapter 7

IP Demux Interface Operational Mode Commands

Table 67 on page 335 summarizes the command-line interface (CLI) commands you can use to monitor and troubleshoot IP demultiplexing (demux) interfaces. Commands are listed in alphabetical order.

Table 67: IP Demux Interfaces Operational Mode Commands

Task	Command
Display IP demux interface information.	show interfaces demux0 (Demux Interfaces)

show interfaces demux0 (Demux Interfaces)

Syntax	show interfaces demux0 <i>logical-interface-number</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 9.0.
Description	(MX Series and M Series routers only) Display status information about the specified demux interface.
Options	<p>none—Display standard information about the specified demux interface.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces extensive (Demux) on page 341
Output Fields	Table 68 on page 336 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (demux interfaces) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 68: Demux show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	brief detail extensive none
Interface index	Index number of the physical interface, which reflects its initialization sequence.	brief detail extensive none
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89..	brief detail extensive none
Physical link	Status of the physical link (Up or Down).	detail extensive none
Admin	Administrative state of the interface (Up or Down).	terse
Interface index	Index number of the physical interface, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none

Table 68: Demux show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Link	Status of the physical link (Up or Down).	terse
Proto	Protocol family configured on the interface.	terse
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Type	Type of interface. Software-Pseudo indicates a standard software interface with no associated hardware device.	brief detail extensive none
Link-level type	Encapsulation being used on the physical interface.	brief detail extensive
MTU	Maximum transmission unit size on the physical interface.	brief detail extensive
Clocking	Reference clock source: Internal (1) or External (2).	brief detail extensive
Speed	Speed at which the interface is running.	brief detail extensive
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	brief detail extensive none
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	brief detail extensive none
Link type	Data transmission type.	detail extensive none
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Physical info	Information about the physical interface.	detail extensive
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Current address	Configured MAC address.	detail extensive
Hardware address	Hardware MAC address.	detail extensive
Alternate link address	Backup address of the link.	detail extensive
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second:timezone (hour:minute:second ago) . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) .	detail extensive none
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive

Table 68: Demux show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. ■ IPv6 transit statistics—Number of IPv6 transit bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface if IPv6 statistics tracking is enabled. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Input errors	<p>Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Runt—Number of frames received that are smaller than the runt threshold. ■ Giants—Number of frames received that are larger than the giant packet threshold. ■ Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the JUNOS Software does not handle. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Input Rate	Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps).	none
Output errors	<p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC or PIM is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ MTU errors—Number of packets whose size exceeded the MTU of the interface. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive

Table 68: Demux show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Output Rate	Output rate in bps and pps.	none
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	brief detail extensive none
Index	Index number of the logical interface, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP interface index number for the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	brief detail extensive none
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	brief extensive none
Demux	Specific IP demultiplexing (demux) values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Underlying interface—The underlying interface that the demux interface uses. ■ Index—Index number of the logical interface. ■ Family—Protocol family configured on the logical interface. ■ Source prefixes, total—Total number of source prefixes for the underlying interface. ■ Destination prefixes, total—Total number of destination prefixes for the underlying interface. ■ Prefix—innet family prefix. 	detail extensive none
<i>protocol-family</i>	Protocol family configured on the logical interface.	brief
Traffic statistics	Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the specified interface set. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes, Output bytes—Number of bytes received and transmitted on the interface set. ■ Input packets, Output packets—Number of packets received and transmitted on the interface set. ■ IPv6 transit statistics—Number of IPv6 transit bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface if IPv6 statistics tracking is enabled. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive

Table 68: Demux show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Local statistics	Number of transit bytes and packets received and transmitted on the local interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Transit statistics	Number and rate of bytes and packets transiting the switch. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
IPv6 Transit statistics	Number of IPv6 transit bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface if IPv6 statistics tracking is enabled. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Input packets	Number of packets received on the interface.	none
Output packets	Number of packets transmitted on the interface.	none
Protocol	Protocol family. Possible values are described in the “Protocol Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
MTU	Maximum transmission unit size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route table	Route table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Mac-Validate Failures	Number of MAC address validation failures for packets and bytes. This field is displayed when MAC address validation is enabled for the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Addresses, Flags	Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive statistics none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive terse none

Table 68: Demux show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Remote	IP address of the remote interface.	terse
Broadcast	Broadcast address of the logical interlace.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive

```

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces demux0
extensive (Demux)
Physical interface: demux0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 128, SNMP ifIndex: 79, Generation: 129
Type: Software-Pseudo, Link-level type: Unspecified, MTU: 9192, Clocking: 1,
Speed: Unspecified
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Link type      : Full-Duplex
Link flags     : None
Physical info  : Unspecified
Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: Unspecified, Hardware address: Unspecified
Alternate link address: Unspecified
Last flapped  : Never
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes   :                0                0 bps
  Output bytes  :                0                0 bps
  Input packets :                0                0 pps
  Output packets:                0                0 pps
IPv6 transit statistics:
  Input bytes   :                0
  Output bytes  :                0
  Input packets :                0
  Output packets:                0
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
  Policed discards: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0,
  Resource errors: 0

Logical interface demux0.0 (Index 87) (SNMP ifIndex 84) (Generation 312)
Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: ENET2
Demux:
  Underlying interface: ge-2/0/1.0 (Index 74)
  Family Inet Source prefixes, total 1
  Prefix: 1.1.1/24
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   :                0
    Output bytes  :             1554
    Input packets :                0
    Output packets:             37
  IPv6 transit statistics:
    Input bytes   :                0
    Output bytes  :                0
    Input packets :                0
    Output packets:                0

```

```
Local statistics:
Input bytes :          0
Output bytes :        1554
Input packets:          0
Output packets:        37
Transit statistics:
Input bytes :          0          0 bps
Output bytes :          0          0 bps
Input packets:          0          0 pps
Output packets:         0          0 pps
IPv6 transit statistics:
Input bytes :          0
Output bytes :          0
Input packets:          0
Output packets:         0
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 395, Route table: 0
Flags: Is-Primary, Mac-Validate-Strict
Mac-Validate Failures: Packets: 0, Bytes: 0
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 11.1.1/24, Local: 11.1.1.1, Broadcast: 11.1.1.255,
Generation: 434
```

Part 5

PPP and PPPoE Interfaces

- PPP Interface Operational Mode Commands on page 345
- PPPoE Interface Operational Mode Commands on page 365

Chapter 8

PPP Interface Operational Mode Commands

Table 69 on page 345 summarizes the command-line interface (CLI) commands you can use to monitor and troubleshoot Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) interfaces. Commands are listed in alphabetical order.

Table 69: PPP Interfaces Operational Mode Commands

Task	Command
Clear PPP statistics.	clear ppp statistics
Display PPP address pool information.	show ppp address-pool
Display PPP session information for an interface.	show ppp interface
Display PPP session statistics.	show ppp statistics
Display summary information about PPP-configured interfaces.	show ppp summary

clear ppp statistics

Syntax clear ppp statistics
 <interface *interface-name*>

Release Information Command introduced in JUNOS Release 7.6.

Description Reset PPP session statistics information.



NOTE: This command is not supported on PPPoE interfaces (pp0).

Options none—Reset PPP statistics for all interfaces.

 interface *interface-name*—(Optional) Reset PPP statistics for the specified interface.

Required Privilege Level clear

Related Topics ■ show pppoe statistics

List of Sample Output clear ppp statistics on page 346

Output Fields When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.

clear ppp statistics user@host> **clear ppp statistics**

show ppp address-pool

Syntax	show ppp address-pool <i>pool-name</i> <detail>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 7.5.
Description	Display PPP address pool information.
Options	<i>pool-name</i> —Address pool name. detail—(Optional) Display detailed address pool information.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show ppp address-pool on page 348 show ppp address-pool detail on page 348
Output Fields	Table 70 on page 347 lists the output fields for the show ppp address-pool command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 70: show ppp address-pool Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Address pool	Trace address pool code.	All levels
Address range	Range of sequentially ordered IP addresses contained in the address pool.	detail
Number of assigned addresses	Fixed IP address that is to be given to remote users when they dial in. This is a host-only IP address (subnet mask is 255.255.255.255) and is only for single connection receiver profiles.	All levels
Number of addresses configured	Number of IP addresses that are available for allocation and used by PPP sessions.	All levels
Assigned addresses	Addresses assigned to PPP sessions from the address pool.	detail

```
show ppp address-pool user@host> show ppp address-pool
Address pool ppp1
  Address range: 10.10.220.1 - 10.10.220.10
  Number of assigned addresses: 0
  Number of addresses configured: 10

show ppp address-pool user@host> show ppp address-pool ppp1 detail
detail Address pool ppp1
  Address range: 10.10.220.1 - 10.10.220.10
  Number of assigned addresses: 2
  Number of addresses configured: 10
  Assigned addresses:
    10.10.220.1
    10.10.220.2
```

show ppp interface

Syntax	show ppp interface <i>interface-name</i> <extensive| terse>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 7.5.
Description	Display information about PPP interfaces.
Options	<i>interface-name</i> —Name of a logical interface. extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show ppp interface on page 355 show ppp interface extensive on page 355 show ppp interface terse on page 356
Output Fields	Table 71 on page 349 lists the output fields for the show ppp interface command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 71: show ppp interface Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Session	Name of the logical interface on which the session is running.	All levels
Type	Session type: PPP.	All levels
Phase	PPP process phase: Authenticate, Pending, Establish, LCP, Network, and Disabled.	All levels
Session flags	Special conditions present in the session: Bundled, TCC, No-keepalives, Looped, Monitored, and NCP-only.	All levels
<i>protocol</i> State	Protocol state information. See specific protocol state fields for information.	None specified
AUTHENTICATION	Challenge-Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) authentication state information or Password Authentication Protocol (PAP) state information. See the Authentication field description for further information.	None specified

Table 71: show ppp interface Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
LCP	<p>LCP information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ State—LCP protocol state (all platforms except M120 and M320 routers): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Ack-rcvd—A Configure-Request has been sent and a Configure-Ack has been received. ■ Ack-sent—A Configure-Request and a Configure-Ack have both been sent, but a Configure-Ack has not yet been received. ■ Closed—Link is not available for traffic. ■ Opened—Link is administratively available for traffic. ■ Req-sent—An attempt has been made to configure the connection. ■ State—LCP protocol state (M120 and M320 routers): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Ack-rcvd—A Configure-Request has been sent and a Configure-Ack has been received. ■ Ack-sent—A Configure-Request and a Configure-Ack have both been sent, but a Configure-Ack has not yet been received. ■ Closed—Link is available (up), but no Open has occurred. ■ Closing—A Terminate-Request has been sent but a Terminate-Ack has not yet been received. ■ Opened—Link is administratively available for traffic. A Configure-Ack has been both sent and received. ■ Req-sent—An attempt has been made to configure the connection. A Configure-Request has been sent but a Configure-Ack has not yet been received. ■ Starting—An administrative Open has been initiated, but the lower layer is still unavailable (Down). ■ Stopped—The system is waiting for a Down event after the This-Layer-Finished action, or after sending a Terminate-Ack. ■ Stopping—A Terminate-Request has been sent but a Terminate-Ack has not yet been received. ■ Last started—LCP state start time. ■ Last completed—LCP state completion time. 	extensive

Table 71: show ppp interface Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Negotiated options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ ACFC—Address and-Control Field Compression. A configuration option that provides a method to negotiate the compression of the Data Link Layer Address and Control fields. ■ Asynchronous map—Asynchronous control character map. A configuration option used on asynchronous links such as telephone lines to identify control characters that must be replaced by a two-character sequence to prevent them from being interpreted by equipment used to establish the link. ■ Authentication protocol—Protocol used for authentication. This option provides a method to negotiate the use of a specific protocol for authentication. It requires a peer to authenticate itself before allowing network-layer protocol packets to be exchanged. By default, authentication is not required. ■ Authentication algorithm—Type of authentication algorithm. The Message Digest algorithm (MD5) is the only algorithm supported. ■ Endpoint discriminator class—For multilink PPP (MLPPP), a configuration option that identifies the system transmitting the packet. This option advises a system that the peer on this link could be the same as the peer on another existing link. ■ Magic number—A configuration option that provides a method to detect looped-back links and other data-link layer anomalies. By default, the magic number is not negotiated. ■ MRU—Maximum receive unit. A configuration option that may be sent to inform the peer that the implementation can receive larger packets, or to request that the peer send smaller packets. The default value is 1500 octets. ■ MRRU—For multilink PPP, the maximum receive reconstructed unit. A configuration option that specifies the maximum number of octets in the Information fields of reassembled packets. ■ Multilink header suspendable classes—For MLPPP, an LCP option that advises the peer that the implementation wishes to receive fragments with a format given by the code number, with the maximum number of suspendable classes given. ■ Multilink header format classes—For MLPPP, an LCP option that advises the peer that the implementation wishes to receive fragments with a format given by the code number. ■ PFC—Protocol-Field-Compression. A configuration option that provides a method to negotiate the compression of the PPP Protocol field. ■ short sequence—For MLPPP, an option that advises the peer that the implementation wishes to receive fragments with short, 12-bit sequence numbers. 	

Table 71: show ppp interface Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Authentication	<p>CHAP or PAP authentication state information. For CHAP authentication:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Chap-ans-rcvd—Packet was sent from the peer, indicating that the peer received the Chap-resp-sent packet. ■ Chap-ans-sent—Packet was sent from the authenticator, indicating that the authenticator received the peer's Chap-resp-rcvd packet. ■ Chap-chal-rcvd—Challenge packet has been received by the peer. ■ Chap-chal-sent—Challenge packet has been sent by the authenticator to begin the CHAP protocol or has been transmitted at any time during the Network-Layer Protocol (NCP) phase to ensure that the connection has not been altered. ■ Chap-resp-rcvd—CHAP response packet has been received by the authenticator. ■ Chap-resp-sent—CHAP response packet has been sent to the authenticator. ■ Closed—Link is not available for authentication. ■ Failure—Authenticator compares the response value in the response packet from the peer with its own response value, but the value does not match. Authentication fails. ■ Success—Authenticator compares the response value in the response packet from the peer with its own response value, and the value matches. Authentication is successful. <p>For PAP authentication:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Pap-resp-sent—PAP response sent to peer (ACK/NACK). ■ Pap-req-rcvd—PAP request packet received from peer. ■ Pap-resp-rcvd—PAP response received from the peer (ACK/NACK). ■ Pap-req-sent—PAP request packet sent to the peer. ■ Closed—Link is not available for authentication. ■ Failure—Authenticator compares the response value in the response packet from the peer with its own response value, but the value does not match. Authentication fails. ■ Success—Authenticator compares the response value in the response packet from the peer with its own response value, and the value matches. Authentication is successful. 	None specified

Table 71: show ppp interface Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
IPCP	<p>Internet Protocol Control Protocol (IPCP) information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ State—(All platforms except M120 and M320 routers) One of the following values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Ack-rcvd—A Configure-Request has been sent and a Configure-Ack has been received. ■ Ack-sent—A Configure-Request and a Configure-Ack have both been sent, but a Configure-Ack has not yet been received. ■ Closed—Link is not available for traffic. ■ Opened—Link is administratively available for traffic. ■ Req-sent—An attempt has been made to configure the connection. ■ State—(M120 and M320 routers) One of the following values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Ack-rcvd—A Configure-Request has been sent and a Configure-Ack has been received. ■ Ack-sent—A Configure-Request and a Configure-Ack have both been sent, but a Configure-Ack has not yet been received. ■ Closed—Link is available (up), but no Open has occurred. ■ Closing—A Terminate-Request has been sent but a Terminate-Ack has not yet been received. ■ Opened—Link is administratively available for traffic. A Configure-Ack has been both sent and received. ■ Req-sent—An attempt has been made to configure the connection. A Configure-Request has been sent but a Configure-Ack has not yet been received. ■ Starting—An administrative Open has been initiated, but the lower layer is still unavailable (Down). ■ Stopped—The system is waiting for a Down event after the This-Layer-Finished action, or after sending a Terminate-Ack. ■ Stopping—A Terminate-Request has been sent but a Terminate-Ack has not yet been received. ■ Last started—IPCP state start time. ■ Last completed—IPCP state authentication completion time. ■ Negotiated options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ compression protocol—Negotiate the use of a specific compression protocol. By default, compression is not enabled. ■ local address—Desired local address of the sender of a Configure-Request. If all four octets are set to zero, the peer provides the IP address. ■ primary DNS server—Negotiate with the remote peer to select the address of the primary DNS server to be used on the local end of the link. ■ primary WINS server—Negotiate with the remote peer to select the address of the primary WINS server to be used on the local end of the link. ■ remote address—IP address of the remote end of the link in dotted quad notation. ■ secondary DNS server—Negotiate with the remote peer to select the address of the secondary DNS server to be used on the local end of the link. ■ secondary WINS server—Negotiate with the remote peer to select the address of the secondary WINS server to be used on the local end of the link. 	extensive

Table 71: show ppp interface Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
IPV6CP	<p>Internet Protocol version 6 Control Protocol (IPV6CP) information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ State—(All platforms except M120 and M320 routers) One of the following values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Ack-rcvd—A Configure-Request has been sent and a Configure-Ack has been received. ■ Ack-sent—A Configure-Request and a Configure-Ack have both been sent, but a Configure-Ack has not yet been received. ■ Closed—Link is not available for traffic. ■ Opened—Link is administratively available for traffic. ■ Req-sent—An attempt has been made to configure the connection. ■ State—(M120 and M320 routers) One of the following values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Ack-rcvd—A Configure-Request has been sent and a Configure-Ack has been received. ■ Ack-sent—A Configure-Request and a Configure-Ack have both been sent, but a Configure-Ack has not yet been received. ■ Closed—Link is available (up), but no Open has occurred. ■ Closing—A Terminate-Request has been sent but a Terminate-Ack has not yet been received. ■ Opened—Link is administratively available for traffic. A Configure-Ack has been both sent and received. ■ Req-sent—An attempt has been made to configure the connection. A Configure-Request has been sent but a Configure-Ack has not yet been received. ■ Starting—An administrative Open has been initiated, but the lower layer is still unavailable (Down). ■ Stopped—The system is waiting for a Down event after the This-Layer-Finished action, or after sending a Terminate-Ack. ■ Stopping—A Terminate-Request has been sent but a Terminate-Ack has not yet been received. ■ Last started—IPV6CP state start time. ■ Last completed—IPV6CP state authentication completion time. ■ Negotiated options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ local interface identifier—Desired local address of the sender of a Configure-Request. If all four octets are set to zero, the peer provides the IP address. ■ remote interface identifier—IP address of the remote end of the link in dotted quad notation. 	extensive
OSINLCP State	<p>OSI Network Layer Control Protocol (OSINLCP) protocol state information (all platforms except M120 and M320 routers):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ State: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Ack-rcvd—Configure-Request has been sent and Configure-Ack has been received. ■ Ack-sent—Configure-Request and Configure-Ack have both been sent, but Configure-Ack has not yet been received. ■ Closed—Link is not available for traffic. ■ Opened—Link is administratively available for traffic. ■ Req-sent—Attempt has been made to configure the connection. ■ Last started—OSINLCP state start time. ■ Last completed—OSINLCP state completion time. 	extensive

Table 71: show ppp interface Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
TAGCP	<p>TAGCP information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ State—(All platforms except M120 and M320 routers) One of the following values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Ack-rcvd—A Configure-Request has been sent and a Configure-Ack has been received. ■ Ack-sent—A Configure-Request and a Configure-Ack have both been sent, but a Configure-Ack has not yet been received. ■ Closed—Link is not available for traffic. ■ Opened—Link is administratively available for traffic. ■ Req-sent—An attempt has been made to configure the connection. ■ State—(M120 and M320 routers) One of the following values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Ack-rcvd—A Configure-Request has been sent and a Configure-Ack has been received. ■ Ack-sent—A Configure-Request and a Configure-Ack have both been sent, but a Configure-Ack has not yet been received. ■ Closed—Link is available (up), but no Open has occurred. ■ Closing—A Terminate-Request has been sent but a Terminate-Ack has not yet been received. ■ Opened—Link is administratively available for traffic. A Configure-Ack has been both sent and received. ■ Req-sent—An attempt has been made to configure the connection. A Configure-Request has been sent but a Configure-Ack has not yet been received. ■ Starting—An administrative Open has been initiated, but the lower layer is still unavailable (Down). ■ Stopped—The system is waiting for a Down event after the This-Layer-Finished action, or after sending a Terminate-Ack. ■ Stopping—A Terminate-Request has been sent but a Terminate-Ack has not yet been received. ■ Last started—TAGCP state start time. ■ Last completed—TAGCP state authentication completion time. 	extensive none

```

show ppp interface user@host> show ppp interface so-1/3/0.0
Session so-1/3/0.0, Type: PPP, Phase: Authenticate
Session flags: Monitored
LCP State: Opened
AUTHENTICATION: CHAP State: Chap-resp-sent, Chap-ans-sent
IPCP State: Closed, OSINLCP State: Closed

show ppp interface user@host> show ppp interface so-0/0/3.0 extensive
extensive Session so-0/0/3.0, Type: PPP, Phase: Network
LCP
State: Opened
Last started: 2007-01-29 10:43:50 PST
Last completed: 2007-01-29 10:43:50 PST
Negotiated options:
Authentication protocol: PAP, Magic number: 2341124815, MRU: 4470
Authentication: PAP
State: Success
Last started: 2007-01-29 10:43:50 PST
Last completed: 2007-01-29 10:43:50 PST

```

IPCP

State: Opened

Last started: 2007-01-29 10:43:50 PST

Last completed: 2007-01-29 10:43:50 PST

Negotiated options:

Local address: 10.10.10.1, Remote address: 10.10.10.2

```
show ppp interface terse user@host> show ppp interface so-1/3/0 terse
Session name      Session type  Session phase  Session flags
so-1/3/0.0        PPP          Authenticate   Monitored
```

show ppp statistics

Syntax	show ppp statistics <detail> <memory>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 7.5.
Description	Display PPP interface statistics information.
Options	detail—(Optional) Display the detailed statistics. memory—(Optional) Display PPP process memory statistics.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show ppp statistics on page 361 show ppp statistics detail on page 361
Output Fields	Table 72 on page 357 lists the output fields for the show ppp statistics command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 72: show ppp statistics Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Total sessions	Number of PPP sessions on an interface.	none detail
Sessions in disabled phase	Number of PPP sessions disabled. Number of sessions where the link is either administratively or physically down. Once the PPP process learns from the kernel that Layer 2 is ready to send and receive traffic, it will do a phase transition from disabled to established. When LCP and NCP transitions through states, links transition to the establish phase when terminate packets are exchanged or some other failure, such as authentication or expiration of a timer occurs.	none detail
Sessions in establish phase	Number of PPP sessions in establish phase. In order to establish communications over a point-to-point link, each end of the PPP link must first send LCP packets to configure and test the data link.	none detail
Sessions in authenticate phase	Number of PPP sessions in authenticate phase. Each end of the PPP link must first send LCP packets to configure the data link during the link establishment phase. After the link has been established, PPP provides for an optional authentication phase before proceeding to the Network-Layer Protocol (NLP) phase.	none detail
Sessions in network phase	Number of PPP sessions in the network phase. After a link has been established and optional facilities have been negotiated as needed by the LCP, PPP must send Network Control Protocol (NCP) packets to choose and configure one or more network-layer protocols, such as IP, IPX, or AppleTalk. Once each of the chosen network-layer protocols has been configured, datagrams from each network-layer protocol can be sent over the link.	none detail
Bundles in pending phase	Number of unique bundles to which PPP links are referring.	none detail

Table 72: show ppp statistics Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Type	Type of structure for which memory is allocated.	detail
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Queued rtsock msgs—Queued route socket messages. When a PPP process is unable to send a route socket message to the kernel (typically because of congestion of the route socket interface), the message is queued for deferred processing. ■ PPP session—Active PPP session. Stores all the information for a PPP session, such as authentication, sequence number, LCP session, and NCP session information. ■ Interface address—Interface address associated with a PPP connection. Stores the information about the interface address that PPP obtains from the kernel. ■ Destination profile—Stores the destination profile information associated with an interface address. ■ ML link settings—Stores information about an MLPPP link, such as the bundle name and compressed real-time transport protocol (CRTP) settings. ■ IPCP blocked address—When addresses are blocked in an address pool (for example, when the interface address is within the range of an address pool, it will be implicitly blocked), this structure is used to store the address in the pool. ■ PPP session trace—A PPP session trace is allocated for record keeping for each session listed at the [set protocols ppp monitor-session] hierarchy level. ■ IFL redundancy state—Stores redundancy state information needed for high availability (HA) operation. ■ Protocol family—Stores the information about the protocol family that PPP obtains from the kernel. 	

Table 72: show ppp statistics Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Type (continued)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ ML bundle settings—Multilink bundle settings. Stores the context information for a MLPPP bundle. ■ PPP LCP session—PPP Link Control Protocol session, used for establishing, configuring, and testing the data-link connection. Stores the information for an LCP session, such as negotiated options, current state, and statistics. ■ PPP NCP session—PPP Network Control Protocol (NCP) phase in the PPP link connection process. Stores the information for an NCP session, such as negotiated options, current state, address family, and statistics. ■ Physical interface—Stores the information about the physical interface that PPP obtains from the kernel. ■ Access profile—Stores the information found at the [edit access profile] hierarchy level for each profile. ■ ML wait entry—Created when there are MLPPP links joining a bundle. before its addition to the PPP process. Links are saved here, and when the bundle is added, are properly assigned to the bundle. ■ Group profile—Stores information set in the PPP stanza of a group profile, such as the primary and secondary Domain Name System (DNS), primary and secondary NDNS, and address pool name. ■ Profile client—Stores the per-client information of the access profile (information obtained from the [set access profile name client client-name] hierarchy level. ■ PPP Auth session—PPP authentication session. Stores all the session-specific authentication protocol parameters. ■ Logical interface—Stores the information about the logical interface that PPP obtains from the kernel. ■ Non-tagged—Generic catch-all for allocations not of a particular structure type. 	detail

Table 72: show ppp statistics Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Type	<p>If you specify the memory keyword, the following memory statistics are displayed for Ethernet interfaces on M120 and M320 routers.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ authenticate—Stores information common to all PPP authentication protocols. ■ linkInterface—Stores information about PPP link interfaces. ■ pap—Stores information about PPP PAP authentication protocol. Includes authenticator and authenticate state machines. ■ lcp—PPP Link Control Protocol session. Used for establishing, configuring and testing the data-link connection. Stores information for LCP session, such as negotiated options, state, and statistics. ■ chap—Stores information about PPP CHAP authentication protocol. Includes authenticator and authenticate state machines. ■ eapBuffer—Stores runtime authentication information for EAP. ■ eap—Stores information about PPP EAP authentication protocol. Includes authenticator and authenticate state machines. ■ authNone—Stores information about no PPP authentication. Includes the authenticator state machine. ■ networkInterface—Stores information about NCP portions of PPP protocol. ■ ipNcp—PPP IPCP session information. Used for configuring, negotiating, and establishing IPCP protocol. Stores the current state, and configured and negotiated options. ■ ipv6Ncp—PPP IPv6CP session information. Used for configuring, negotiating, and establishing IPv6CP protocol. Stores the current state, and configured and negotiated options. ■ osiNcp—PPP OSICP session information. Used for configuring, negotiating, and establishing OSICP protocol. Stores the current state, and configured and negotiated options. ■ mplsNcp—PPP MPLSCP session information. Used for configuring, negotiating, and establishing MPLSCP protocol. Stores the current state. ■ trace—Stores information for PPP debugging. 	memory
Total	Total memory allocations.	detail
Size	Size of the structure.	detail
Active	Number of instances of the structure that are used.	detail
Free	Number of instances of the structure that are on the free list. Types with a number in the Free column are pooled structures, and are typically types that are often used.	detail
Limit	Maximum number of instances that can be on the free list. Types with a number in the Limit column are pooled structures, and are typically types that are often used.	detail
Total size	Total amount of memory being used by a type of structure (includes active and free instances).	detail
Requests	Number of allocation requests made by a type of structure.	detail
Failures	Number of failed allocations.	detail

show ppp statisticsuser@host> **show ppp statistics**

Session statistics from PPP process

Total sessions: 0

Sessions in disabled phase : 0

Sessions in establish phase : 0

Sessions in authenticate phase: 0

Sessions in network phase : 0

Bundles in pending phase : 0

Session statistics from PPP universal edge process

Total subscriber sessions: 32

Subscriber sessions in disabled phase : 32

Subscriber sessions in establish phase : 0

Subscriber sessions in authenticate phase: 0

Subscriber sessions in network phase : 0

show ppp statisticsuser@host> **show ppp statistics detail****detail**

Session statistics from PPP process

Total sessions: 0

Sessions in disabled phase : 0

Sessions in establish phase : 0

Sessions in authenticate phase: 0

Sessions in network phase : 0

Bundles in pending phase : 0

Type	Size	Active	Free	Limit	Total	size	Requests	Failures
Queued rtsock msgs	28	0	0	65535		0	0	
PPP session	60	0				0	0	
Interface address	64	0	0	65535		0	0	
Destination profile	65	0				0	0	
ML link settings	68	0				0	0	
IPCP blocked address	68	0				0	0	
PPP session trace	76	0				0	0	
IFL redundancy state	76	0				0	0	
Protocol family	84	0	0	65535		0	0	
ML bundle settings	108	0				0	0	
PPP LCP session	120	0				0	0	
PPP NCP session	124	0				0	0	
Physical interface	124	170	0	65535	21080	170		
Access profile	132	0				0	0	
ML wait entry	144	0	0	20		0	0	
Group profile	164	0				0	0	
Profile client	272	0				0	0	
PPP Auth session	356	0				0	0	
Logical interface	524	0	0	65535		0	0	
Non-tagged						8	2	
Total						21088	172	0

Session statistics from PPP universal edge process

Total subscriber sessions: 32

Subscriber sessions in disabled phase : 32

Subscriber sessions in establish phase : 0

Subscriber sessions in authenticate phase: 0

Subscriber sessions in network phase : 0

Type	Size	Active	Free	Limit	Total	size	Requests	Failures
authenticate	224	1	99	16384	224	0	0	0
linkInterface	152	1	99	16384	152	0	0	0
pap	256	1	99	16384	256	0	0	0
lcp	272	1	99	16384	272	0	0	0
chap	284	0	0	16384	0	0	0	0
eapBuffer	1464	0	0	16384	0	0	0	0
eap	276	0	0	16384	0	0	0	0

authNone								
networkInterface	220	1	99	16384	220	0	0	
ipNcp	256	1	99	16384	256	0	0	
ipv6Ncp	204	0	0	16384	0	0	0	
osiNcp	192	0	0	16384	0	0	0	
mplsNcp	188	0	0	16384	0	0	0	
trace	2052	0	16	16	0	0	0	
Total					1380	0	0	

show ppp summary

Syntax	show ppp summary
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 7.5.
Description	Display PPP session summary information.
Options	This command has no options.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show ppp summary on page 363
Output Fields	Table 73 on page 363 lists the output fields for the <code>show ppp summary</code> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 73: show ppp summary Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Interface	Interface on which the PPP session is running. An interface type of pp0 indicates an Ethernet interface type on a M120 or M320 router.
Session type	Type of session: PPP or Cisco-HDLC.
Session phase	PPP process phases: Authenticate, Pending, Establish, Network, Disabled.
Session flags	Special conditions present in the session, such as Bundled, TCC, No-keepalives, Looped, Monitored, and NCP-only.

```

show ppp summary  user@host> show ppp summary
Interface           Session type  Session phase  Session flags
at-4/0/0.456        PPP          Network
lsq-0/3/0.0         PPP          Disabled
lsq-1/0/0.0         PPP          Disabled
rlsq0.0             PPP          Network       NCP-only
so-1/0/0.0          PPP          Authenticate
so-1/0/1.0          PPP          Disabled      Looped
so-2/0/0.0          Cisco-HDLC   Establish
so-4/0/0.0          PPP          Establish     Monitored
t1-1/3/0:1.0        PPP          Network       Bundled
t1-1/3/0:2.0        PPP          Network       Bundled
pp0.12              PPP          Network

```


Chapter 9

PPPoE Interface Operational Mode Commands

Table 74 on page 365 summarizes the command-line interface (CLI) commands you can use to monitor and troubleshoot Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) interfaces. Commands are listed in alphabetical order.

Table 74: PPPoE Interfaces Operational Mode Commands

Task	Command
Clear PPPoE sessions.	clear pppoe sessions
Clear PPPoE session statistics.	clear pppoe statistics
Display interface-specific information about PPPoE-configured interfaces.	show interfaces (PPPoE)
Display session-specific information about PPPoE-configured interfaces	show pppoe interfaces
Display PPPoE service name table information.	show pppoe service-name-tables
Display PPPoE session statistics.	show pppoe statistics
Display PPPoE underlying interface information.	show pppoe underlying-interfaces
Display PPPoE version information.	show pppoe version



NOTE: PPPoE interfaces are supported on Fast Ethernet and ATM-over-ADSL and ATM-over-SHDSL interfaces on the J Series routers. PPPoE interfaces connect multiple PPPoE-client hosts on an Ethernet LAN to a remote site through a J Series Services Router. The J Series router can only be configured as a PPPoE client. Hosts share a common digital subscriber line (DSL), a cable modem, or a wireless connection to the Internet. For information about how to configure PPPoE interfaces, see the *J Series Services Router Basic LAN and WAN Access Configuration Guide* or the *JUNOS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide*.

For information about monitoring and troubleshooting Fast Ethernet interfaces, see *Ethernet Interface Operational Mode Commands*.

For information about monitoring and troubleshooting ATM-over-ADSL and ATM-over-SHDSL, interfaces, see *ATM Interface Operational Mode Commands*.

clear pppoe sessions

Syntax	clear pppoe sessions <interface <i>interface-name</i> >
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 7.5.
Description	(J Series routers, M120 routers, and M320 routers only) Reset PPPoE sessions.
Options	<p>none—Reset PPPoE sessions for all interfaces.</p> <p>interface <i>interface-name</i>—(Optional) Reset PPPoE sessions for the specified interface.</p>
Required Privilege Level	clear
Related Topics	■ show pppoe interfaces
List of Sample Output	clear pppoe sessions on page 367
Output Fields	When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.
clear pppoe sessions	user@host> clear pppoe sessions

clear pppoe statistics

Syntax	clear pppoe statistics <interface <i>interface-name</i> >
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(J Series routers, M120 routers, and M320 routers only) Reset PPPoE session statistics information.
Options	none—Reset PPPoE statistics for all interfaces. interface <i>interface-name</i> —(Optional) Reset PPPoE statistics for the specified interface.
Required Privilege Level	clear
Related Topics	■ show pppoe statistics
List of Sample Output	clear pppoe statistics on page 368
Output Fields	When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.
clear pppoe statistics	user@host> clear pppoe statistics

show interfaces (PPPoE)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>pp0.logical</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(J Series Services Routers, M120 routers, and M320 routers only) Display status information about the PPPoE interface.
Options	<p><i>pp0.logical</i>—Display standard status information about the PPPoE interface.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about PPPoE interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display PPPoE interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces (PPPoE) on page 374</p> <p>show interfaces brief (PPPoE) on page 375</p> <p>show interfaces detail (PPPoE) on page 375</p> <p>show interfaces detail (PPPoE on J Series Services Routers) on page 376</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (PPPoE on M120 and M320 Internet Router) on page 377</p>
Output Fields	Table 75 on page 369 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (PPPoE) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 75: show interfaces (PPPoE) Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none

Table 75: show interfaces (PPPoE) Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Type	Physical interface type (PPPoE).	All levels
Link-level type	Encapsulation on the physical interface (PPPoE).	All levels
MTU	MTU size on the physical interface.	All levels
Clocking	Reference clock source. It can be Internal or External .	All levels
Speed	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Link type	Physical interface link type: full duplex or half duplex .	All levels
Link flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Input rate	Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps).	None specified
Output rate	Output rate in bps and pps.	None specified
Physical Info	Physical interface information.	All levels
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Current address	Configured MAC address.	detail extensive
Hardware address	MAC address of the hardware.	detail extensive
Alternate link address	Backup address of the link.	detail extensive
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive

Table 75: show interfaces (PPPoE) Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
IPv6 transit statistics	<p>Number of IPv6 transit bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface if IPv6 statistics tracking is enabled.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Input errors	<p>Input errors on the interface:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Sum of incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Runts—Number of frames received that are smaller than the runt threshold. ■ Giants—Number of frames received that are larger than the giant threshold. ■ Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the JUNOS Software does not handle. ■ Resource errors—Sum of B chip Tx drops and IXP Tx net transmit drops. 	extensive
Output errors	<p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions —Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIM is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ MTU errors—Number of packets whose size exceeded the MTU of the interface. ■ Resource errors—Sum of B chip Tx drops and IXP Tx net transmit drops. 	extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number (which reflects its initialization sequence).	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels

Table 75: show interfaces (PPPoE) Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Encapsulation	Type of encapsulation configured on the logical interface.	All levels
PPP parameters	PPP status: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ LCP restart timer—Length of time (in milliseconds) between successive Link Control Protocol (LCP) configuration requests. ■ NCP restart timer—Length of time (in milliseconds) between successive Network Control Protocol (NCP) configuration requests. 	detail
PPPoE	PPPoE status: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ State—State of the logical interface (up or down). ■ Session ID—PPPoE session ID. ■ Service name—Type of service required. Can be used to indicate an Internet service provider (ISP) name or a class or quality of service. ■ Configured AC name—Configured access concentrator name. ■ Auto-reconnect timeout—Time after which to try to reconnect after a PPPoE session is terminated, in seconds. ■ Idle Timeout—Length of time (in seconds) that a connection can be idle before disconnecting. ■ Underlying interface—Interface on which PPPoE is running. 	All levels
Traffic statistics	Total number of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface. These statistics are the sum of the local and transit statistics. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. This counter usually takes less than 1 second to stabilize.	detail extensive
IPv6 transit statistics	Number of IPv6 transit bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface if IPv6 statistics tracking is enabled. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Local statistics	Statistics for traffic received from and transmitted to the Routing Engine. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. This counter usually takes less than 1 second to stabilize.	detail extensive
Transit statistics	Statistics for traffic transiting the router. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. This counter usually takes less than 1 second to stabilize.	detail extensive

Table 75: show interfaces (PPPoE) Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Keepalive settings	(PPP and HDLC) Configured settings for keepalives. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ interval seconds—The time in seconds between successive keepalive requests. The range is 10 seconds through 32,767 seconds, with a default of 10 seconds. ■ down-countnumber—The number of keepalive packets a destination must fail to receive before the network takes a link down. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 3. ■ up-count number—The number of keepalive packets a destination must receive to change a link's status from down to up. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 1. 	detail extensive
Keepalive statistics	(PPP and HDLC) Information about keepalive packets. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input—Number of keepalive packets received by PPP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time the last keepalive packet was received, in the format <i>hh:mm:ss</i>. ■ Output—Number of keepalive packets sent by PPP and how long ago the last keepalive packets were sent and received. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time the last keepalive packet was sent, in the format <i>hh:mm:ss</i>. 	detail extensive
Input packets	Number of packets received on the logical interface.	None specified
Output packets	Number of packets transmitted on the logical interface.	None specified
LCP state	(PPP) Link Control Protocol state. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. ■ Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. ■ Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. ■ Down—LCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). ■ Not-configured—LCP is not configured on the interface. ■ Opened—LCP negotiation is successful. 	none detail extensive
NCP state	(PPP) Network Control Protocol state. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. ■ Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. ■ Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. ■ Down—NCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). ■ Not-configured—NCP is not configured on the interface. ■ Opened—NCP negotiation is successful. 	detail extensive none

Table 75: show interfaces (PPPoE) Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
CHAP state	(PPP) Displays the state of the Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) during its transaction. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Chap-Chal-received—Challenge was received but response not yet sent. ■ Chap-Chal-sent—Challenge was sent. ■ Chap-Resp-received—Response was received for the challenge sent, but CHAP has not yet moved into the Success state. (Most likely with RADIUS authentication.) ■ Chap-Resp-sent—Response was sent for the challenge received. ■ Closed—CHAP authentication is incomplete. ■ Failure—CHAP authentication failed. ■ Not-configured—CHAP is not configured on the interface. ■ Success—CHAP authentication was successful. 	none detail extensive
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
<i>protocol-family</i>	Protocol family configured on the logical interface. If the protocol is inet, the IP address of the interface is also displayed.	brief
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route table	Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0.	detail extensive none
Flags	Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Addresses, Flags	Information about the addresses configured for the protocol family. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Broadcast	Broadcast address.	detail extensive none

```

show interfaces (PPPoE)  user@host> show interfaces pp0
Physical interface: pp0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 128, SNMP ifIndex: 24
Type: PPPoE, Link-level type: PPPoE, MTU: 1532
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Link type      : Full-Duplex
Link flags     : None
Input rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)
Output rate    : 0 bps (0 pps)

```

```

Logical interface pp0.0 (Index 72) (SNMP ifIndex 72)
  Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPPoE
  PPPoE:
    State: SessionDown, Session ID: None,
    Service name: None, Configured AC name: sapphire,
    Auto-reconnect timeout: 100 seconds, Idle timeout: Never,
    Underlying interface: at-5/0/0.0 (Index 70)
Input packets : 0
Output packets: 0
LCP state: Not-configured
NCP state: inet: Not-configured, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured,
mpls: Not-configured
CHAP state: Closed
  Protocol inet, MTU: 100
  Flags: User-MTU, Negotiate-Address

```

**show interfaces brief
(PPPoE)**

```

user@host> show interfaces pp0 brief
Physical interface: pp0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Type: PPPoE, Link-level type: PPPoE, MTU: 1532, Speed: Unspecified
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps

Logical interface pp0.0
  Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPPoE
  PPPoE:
    State: SessionDown, Session ID: None,
    Service name: None, Configured AC name: sapphire,
    Auto-reconnect timeout: 100 seconds, Idle timeout: Never,
    Underlying interface: at-5/0/0.0 (Index 70)
  inet

```

**show interfaces detail
(PPPoE)**

```

user@host> show interfaces pp0 detail
Physical interface: pp0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 128, SNMP ifIndex: 24, Generation: 9
Type: PPPoE, Link-level type: PPPoE, MTU: 1532, Speed: Unspecified
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Link type      : Full-Duplex
Link flags     : None
Physical info  : Unspecified
Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: Unspecified, Hardware address: Unspecified
Alternate link address: Unspecified
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes   : 0          0 bps
Output bytes  : 0          0 bps
Input packets : 0          0 pps
Output packets: 0          0 pps

Logical interface pp0.0 (Index 72) (SNMP ifIndex 72) (Generation 14)
  Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPPoE
  PPPoE:
    State: SessionDown, Session ID: None,
    Service name: None, Configured AC name: sapphire,
    Auto-reconnect timeout: 100 seconds, Idle timeout: Never,
    Underlying interface: at-5/0/0.0 (Index 70)
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   : 0
    Output bytes  : 0
    Input packets : 0
    Output packets: 0

```

```

Local statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
Transit statistics:
  Input bytes : 0 0 bps
  Output bytes : 0 0 bps
  Input packets: 0 0 pps
  Output packets: 0 0 pps
LCP state: Not-configured
NCP state: inet: Not-configured, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured,
mpls: Not-configured
CHAP state: Closed
  Protocol inet, MTU: 100, Generation: 14, Route table: 0
  Flags: User-MTU, Negotiate-Address

```

show interfaces detail
(PPPoE on J Series
Services Routers)

```

user@host> show interfaces pp0 detail
Physical interface: pp0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 128, SNMP ifIndex: 24, Generation: 9
Type: PPPoE, Link-level type: PPPoE, MTU: 1532, Speed: Unspecified
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Link type : Full-Duplex
Link flags : None
Physical info : Unspecified
Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: Unspecified, Hardware address: Unspecified
Alternate link address: Unspecified
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes : 0 0 bps
  Output bytes : 0 0 bps
  Input packets: 0 0 pps
  Output packets: 0 0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
  Policed discards: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0,
  Resource errors: 0

Logical interface pp0.0 (Index 72) (SNMP ifIndex 72) (Generation 14)
Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPPoE
PPPoE:
  State: SessionDown, Session ID: None,
  Service name: None, Configured AC name: sapphire,
  Auto-reconnect timeout: 100 seconds, Idle timeout: Never,
  Underlying interface: at-5/0/0.0 (Index 70)
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
Local statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
Transit statistics:
  Input bytes : 0 0 bps

```

**show interfaces
extensive (PPPoE on
M120 and M320
Internet Router)**

```

Output bytes : 0 0 bps
Input packets: 0 0 pps
Output packets: 0 0 pps
LCP state: Not-configured
NCP state: inet: Not-configured, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured,
mpls: Not-configured
CHAP state: Closed
Protocol inet, MTU: 100, Generation: 14, Route table: 0
Flags: User-MTU, Negotiate-Address

user@host> show interfaces pp0 extensive
Physical interface: pp0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 128, SNMP ifIndex: 93, Generation: 129
Type: PPPoE, Link-level type: PPPoE, MTU: 1532, Speed: Unspecified
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Link type : Full-Duplex
Link flags : None
Physical info : Unspecified
Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: Unspecified, Hardware address: Unspecified
Alternate link address: Unspecified
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes : 972192 0 bps
Output bytes : 975010 0 bps
Input packets: 1338 0 pps
Output packets: 1473 0 pps
IPv6 transit statistics:
Input bytes : 0
Output bytes : 0
Input packets: 0
Output packets: 0
Input errors:
Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0, Policed discards:
0,
Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0, Resource errors:
0

Logical interface pp0.0 (Index 69) (SNMP ifIndex 96) (Generation 194)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPPoE
PPPoE:
State: SessionUp, Session ID: 26,
Session AC name: None, AC MAC address: 00:17:cb:48:c8:12,
Service name: None, Configured AC name: None,
Auto-reconnect timeout: Never, Idle timeout: Never,
Underlying interface: ge-3/0/1.0 (Index 67)
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes : 252
Output bytes : 296
Input packets: 7
Output packets: 8
IPv6 transit statistics:
Input bytes : 0
Output bytes : 0
Input packets: 0
Output packets: 0
Local statistics:
Input bytes : 252

```

```

Output bytes :                296
Input  packets:                7
Output packets:               8
Transit statistics:
Input  bytes :                0          0 bps
Output bytes :                0          0 bps
Input  packets:              0          0 pps
Output packets:              0          0 pps
IPv6 transit statistics:
Input  bytes :                0
Output bytes :                0
Input  packets:              0
Output packets:              0
Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Keepalive statistics:
Input : 1 (last seen 00:00:00 ago)
Output: 1 (last sent 00:00:03 ago)
LCP state: Opened
NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured, mpls:
Not-configured
CHAP state: Closed
PAP state: Closed
Protocol inet, MTU: 1492, Generation: 171, Route table: 0
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 12.12.12.2, Local: 12.12.12.1, Broadcast: Unspecified,
Generation: 206

```


show pppoe interfaces

Syntax	show pppoe interfaces <brief | detail | extensive> <pp0.logical/>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(J Series Services Routers, M120 routers, and M320 routers only) Display session-specific information about PPPoE interfaces.
Options	<p>none—Display interface information for all PPPoE interfaces.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>pp0.logical—(Optional) Name of an interface. The logical unit number can be a value from 0 to 16385.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show pppoe interfaces on page 380</p> <p>show pppoe interfaces brief on page 380</p> <p>show pppoe interfaces detail on page 380</p> <p>show pppoe interfaces extensive on page 381</p>
Output Fields	Table 76 on page 379 lists the output fields for the show pppoe interfaces command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. Not all fields are displayed for PPPoE interfaces on M120 and M320 routers in server mode.

Table 76: show pppoe interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Index number of the logical interface, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
State	State of the logical interface: up or down .	detail extensive none
Session ID	Session ID.	detail extensive none
Service name	Type of service required (can be used to indicate an ISP name or a class or quality of service).	detail extensive none
Configured AC name	Configured access concentrator name.	detail extensive none
Session AC name	Name of the access concentrator.	detail extensive none
AC MAC address	MAC address of the access concentrator.	detail extensive none
Auto-reconnect timeout	Time after which to try to reconnect after a PPPoE session is terminated, in seconds.	detail extensive none

Table 76: show pppoe interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Idle timeout	Length of time (in seconds) that a connection can be idle before disconnecting.	detail extensive none
Underlying interface	Interface on which PPPoE is running.	All levels
Packet Type	Number of packets sent and received during the PPPoE session, categorized by packet type and packet errors: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PADI—PPPoE Active Discovery Initiation packets. ■ PADO—PPPoE Active Discovery Offer packets. ■ PADR—PPPoE Active Discovery Request packets. ■ PADS—PPPoE Active Discovery Session-Confirmation packets. ■ PADT—PPPoE Active Discovery Termination packets. ■ Service name error—Packets for which the Service-Name request could not be honored. ■ AC system error—Packets for which the access concentrator experienced an error in performing the host request. For example, the host had insufficient resources to create a virtual circuit. ■ Generic error—Packets that indicate an unrecoverable error occurred. ■ Malformed packets—Malformed or short packets that caused the packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable. ■ Unknown packets—Unrecognized packets. 	extensive
Timeout	Information about timeouts that occurred during the PPPoE session: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PADI—No PADO packet has been received within the timeout period. ■ PADO—No PADR packet has been received within the timeout period. (This value is always zero and is not supported.) ■ PADR—No PADS packet has been received within the timeout period. 	extensive

```

show pppoe interfaces user@host> show pppoe interfaces
pp0.0 Index 66
  State: Down, Session ID: None,
  Service name: None, Configured AC name: sapphire,
  Session AC name: None, AC MAC address: 00:00:00:00:00:00,
  Auto-reconnect timeout: 100 seconds, Idle timeout: Never,
  Underlying interface: at-5/0/0.0 Index 71

show pppoe interfaces brief user@host> show pppoe interfaces brief
Interface    Underlying interface  State    AC
-----
pp0.0        at-5/0/0.0           Down     None
              None                 None     00:00:00:00:00:00

show pppoe interfaces detail user@host> show pppoe interfaces detail
pp0.0 Index 66
  State: Down, Session ID: None,
  Service name: None, Configured AC name: sapphire,
  Session AC name: None, AC MAC address: 00:00:00:00:00:00,
  Auto-reconnect timeout: 100 seconds, Idle timeout: Never,
  Underlying interface: at-5/0/0.0 Index 71

```

```
show pppoe interfaces extensive user@host> show pppoe interfaces extensive
                                pp0.0 Index 66
                                State: Down, Session ID: None,
                                Service name: None, Configured AC name: sapphire,
                                Session AC name: None, AC MAC address: 00:00:00:00:00:00,
                                Auto-reconnect timeout: 100 seconds, Idle timeout: Never,
                                Underlying interface: at-5/0/0.0 Index 71
                                PacketType      Sent      Received
                                PADI             0          0
                                PADO             0          0
                                PADR             0          0
                                PADS             0          0
                                PADT             0          0
                                Service name error 0          0
                                AC system error   0          0
                                Generic error     0          0
                                Malformed packets 0          0
                                Unknown packets   0          0
                                Timeout
                                PADI             0
                                PADO             0
                                PADR             0
```

show pppoe service-name-tables

Syntax	show pppoe service-name-tables <table-name>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 10.0.
Description	(M120 and M320 Multiservice Edge Routers only) Display information about PPPoE service name tables.
Options	<p>none—Display interface information for all PPPoE service name tables.</p> <p><i>table-name</i>—(Optional) Name of a PPPoE service name table. When you specify a partial name, information is displayed about all table names that include that string.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show pppoe service-name-tables on page 383</p> <p>show pppoe service-name-tables (For All Tables Matching the Table Name) on page 383</p>
Output Fields	Table 77 on page 382 lists the output fields for the show pppoe service-name-tables command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 77: show pppoe service-name-tables Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Service Name Table	Name of the service name table.	none
Empty Service Action	<p>Action taken when the interface receives a PPOE Active Discovery Initiation (PADI) packet with a zero-length (empty) service name tag specified in the packet:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ delay seconds—Number of seconds that the interface delays before responding with a PPOE Active Discovery Offer (PADO) packet. ■ drop—Interface drops (ignores) the packet. ■ terminate—Interface responds immediately with a PADO packet; this is the default action. 	none
Service Name	Name of a configured service.	none
Service Action	<p>Action taken when the interface receives a PADI packet with that service name tag specified in the packet:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ delay seconds—Number of seconds that the interface delays before responding with a PADO packet. ■ drop—Interface drops (ignores) the packet. ■ terminate—Interface responds immediately with a PADO packet; this is the default action. 	none

Table 77: show pppoe service-name-tables Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
ACI	Identifier for the agent circuit ID that corresponds to the DSLAM interface that initiated the service request. An asterisk is interpreted as a wildcard character and can appear at the beginning, the end, or both the beginning and end of the string.	none
ARI	Identifier for the subscriber associated with the DSLAM interface that initiated the service request. An asterisk is interpreted as a wildcard character and can appear at the beginning, the end, or both the beginning and end of the string.	none
ACI/ARI Action	<p>Action taken for the specified ACI/ARI pair associated with the service when the interface receives a PADI packet with that service name tag specified in the packet:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ delay seconds—Number of seconds that the interface delays before responding with a PADO packet. ■ drop—Interface drops (ignores) the packet. ■ terminate—Interface responds immediately with a PADO packet; this is the default action. 	none

```

show pppoe service-name-tables      user@host> show pppoe service-name-tables
Service Name Table: test1
Service Name Table: test2
Service Name Table: test3

show pppoe service-name-tables (For All Tables Matching the Table Name) user@host> show pppoe service-name-tables test1
Service Name Table: test1
Empty Service Action: Terminate
Service Name: serviceTest1,
Service Action: Terminate
  ACI: *3/0/*,
  ARI: endUser*,
    ACI/ARI Action: Delay 20
  ACI: DSLAM:3/0/1/101,
  ARI: *,
    ACI/ARI Action: Drop
  ACI: DSLAM:4/0*,
  ARI: endUser1,
    ACI/ARI Action: Delay 120
Service Name: serviceTest2,
Service Action: Drop
  ACI: DSLAM:5/0*,
  ARI: endUser3,
    ACI/ARI Action: Terminate
Service Name: serviceTest3,
Service Action: Delay 30
  ACI: DSLAM:3/0/1/101,
  ARI: *,
    ACI/ARI Action: Terminate
  ACI: DSLAM:4/0*,
  ARI: endUser2,
    ACI/ARI Action: Delay 120
  ACI: DSLAM:4/0/1/*,
  ARI: *,

```

ACI/ARI Action: Delay 20

show pppoe statistics

Syntax	show pppoe statistics
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(J Series Services Routers, M120 routers, and M320 routers only) Display statistics information about PPPoE interfaces.
Options	This command has no options.
Required Privilege Level	view
Related Topics	■ show ppp address-pool
List of Sample Output	show pppoe statistics on page 386
Output Fields	Table 78 on page 385 lists the output fields for the show pppoe statistics command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 78: show pppoe statistics Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Active PPPoE sessions	<p>Total number of active PPPoE sessions and the number of packets sent and received during the PPPoE session, categorized by packet type and packet errors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PADI—PPPoE Active Discovery Initiation packets. ■ PADO—PPPoE Active Discovery Offer packets. ■ PADR—PPPoE Active Discovery Request packets. ■ PADS—PPPoE Active Discovery Session-Confirmation packets. ■ PADT—PPPoE Active Discovery Termination packets. ■ Service name error—Packets for which the Service-Name request could not be honored. ■ AC system error—Packets for which the access concentrator experienced an error in performing the host request. For example, the host had insufficient resources to create a virtual circuit. ■ Generic error—Packets that indicate an unrecoverable error occurred. ■ Malformed packets—Malformed or short packets that caused the packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable. ■ Unknown packets—Unrecognized packets.
Timeouts	<p>Information about timeouts that occurred during the PPPoE session (not displayed for M120 and M320 routers):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PADI—No PADR packet has been received within the timeout period. (This value is always zero and is not supported.) ■ PADO—No PPPoE Active Discovery Offer packet has been received within the timeout period. ■ PADR—No PADS packet has been received within the timeout period.

```
show pppoe statistics  user@host> show pppoe statistics
Active PPPoE sessions: 1
  PacketType      Sent      Received
  PADI            0          0
  PADO            0          0
  PADR            0          0
  PADS            0          0
  PADT            0          0
  Service name error 0          0
  AC system error  0          0
  Generic error    0          0
  Malformed packets 0          0
  Unknown packets  0          0
  Timeouts
  PADI            0
  PADO            0
  PADR            0
```


show pppoe underlying-interfaces

Syntax	show pppoe underlying-interfaces <brief | detail | extensive> <logical-interface-name>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 10.0.
Description	(M120 and M320 Multiservice Edge Routers only) Display information about PPPoE underlying interfaces.
Options	brief | detail | extensive—(Optional) Display the specified level of output. logical-interface-name—(Optional) Name of a PPPoE underlying logical interface.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show pppoe underlying-interfaces brief on page 388 show pppoe underlying-interfaces detail on page 388 show pppoe underlying-interfaces extensive on page 388
Output Fields	Table 79 on page 387 lists the output fields for the show pppoe underlying-interfaces command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 79: show pppoe underlying-interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Underlying Interface	Name of the underlying PPPoE logical interface.	All levels
Service Name Table	Name of the service name table.	All levels
Dynamic Profile	Name of the dynamic profile associated with the underlying interface; none if no dynamic profile is attached. Dynamic profiles are not supported for PPPoE in JUNOS Release 10.0 and later.	All levels
Index	Index number of the logical interface, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive
State	State of the logical interface: Static or Dynamic . Only static logical interfaces are supported in JUNOS Release 10.0 and later.	detail extensive
Max Sessions	NOTE: Although this field appears in the statement output, this dynamic feature is not configurable in JUNOS Release 10.0 and later. Maximum number of PPPoE logical interfaces that can be activated on the underlying interface. When this number of logical interfaces has been established, all subsequent PPOE Active Discovery Initiation (PADI) packets are dropped and all subsequent PPOE Active Discovery Response (PADR) packets trigger PPOE Active Discovery Session (PADS) error responses.	detail extensive
Active Sessions	Number of active PPPoE sessions on the underlying interface.	detail extensive

Table 79: show pppoe underlying-interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Duplicate Protection	<p>NOTE: Although this field appears in the statement output, this dynamic feature is not configurable in JUNOS Release 10.0 and later.</p> <p>State of PPPoE duplicate protection: On or Off. When duplicate protection is configured for the underlying interface, a dynamic PPPoE logical interface cannot be activated when an existing active logical interface is present for the same PPPoE client. The uniqueness of the PPPoE client is determined by the client's MAC address.</p>	detail extensive
PacketType	<p>Number of packets sent and received during the PPPoE session, categorized by packet type and packet errors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PADI—PPPoE Active Discovery Initiation packets. ■ PADO—PPPoE Active Discovery Offer packets. ■ PADR—PPPoE Active Discovery Request packets. ■ PADS—PPPoE Active Discovery Session-Confirmation packets. ■ PADT—PPPoE Active Discovery Termination packets. ■ Service name error—Packets for which the Service-Name request could not be honored. ■ AC system error—Packets for which the access concentrator experienced an error in performing the host request. For example, the host had insufficient resources to create a virtual circuit. ■ Generic error—Packets that indicate an unrecoverable error occurred. ■ Malformed packets—Malformed or short packets that caused the packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable. ■ Unknown packets—Unrecognized packets. 	extensive

```

show pppoe      user@host> show pppoe underlying-interfaces brief
underlying-interfaces
brief           Underlying Interface  Service Name Table  Dynamic Profile
                  ge-4/0/3.1           Premium             None
                  ge-4/0/3.2           None                PppoeProfile

```

```

show pppoe      user@host> show pppoe underlying-interfaces detail
underlying-interfaces
detail          ge-4/0/3.1 Index 73
                  State: Static, Dynamic Profile: None,
                  Max Sessions: 4000, Active Sessions: 0,
                  Service Name Table: Premium, Duplicate Protection: Off

                  ge-4/0/3.2 Index 78
                  State: Dynamic, Dynamic Profile: PppoeProfile,
                  Max Sessions: 500, Active Sessions: 3,
                  Service Name Table: None, Duplicate Protection: On

```

```

show pppoe      user@host> show pppoe underlying-interfaces extensive
underlying-interfaces
extensive       State: Static, Dynamic Profile: None,
                  Max Sessions: 4000, Active Sessions: 0,
                  Service Name Table: None, Duplicate Protection: Off
                  PacketType      Sent      Received
                  PADI             0         0
                  PADO             0         0

```

PADR	0	0
PADS	0	0
PADT	0	0
Service name error	0	0
AC system error	0	0
Generic error	0	0
Malformed packets	0	0
Unknown packets	0	0

ge-4/0/3.2 Index 78

State: Dynamic, Dynamic Profile: PppoeProfile,

Max Sessions: 4000, Active Sessions: 3,

Service Name Table: None, Duplicate Protection: On

PacketType	Sent	Received
PADI	0	5
PADO	5	0
PADR	0	5
PADS	4	0
PADT	0	1
Service name error	0	0
AC system error	0	0
Generic error	0	0
Malformed packets	0	0
Unknown packets	0	0

show pppoe version

Syntax	show pppoe version
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(J Series Services Routers, M120 routers, and M320 routers only) Display version information about PPPoE.
Options	This command has no options.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show pppoe version on page 390
Output Fields	Table 80 on page 390 lists the output fields for the show pppoe version command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 80: show pppoe version Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
version <i>n</i>	PPPoE version number and RFC. For example, version 1, rfc 2516.
PPPoE protocol	State of the PPPoE protocol: enabled or disabled.
Maximum Sessions	Maximum active sessions supported per router. The default is 256 sessions.
PADI resend timeout	Initial time, in seconds, that the router waits to receive a PPoE Active Discovery Offer (PADO) packet for the PPoE Active Discovery Initiation (PADI) packet sent. This timeout doubles for each successive PADI packet sent. Not displayed for M120 and M320 routers.
PADR resend timeout	Initial time, in seconds, that the router waits to receive a PPoE Active Discovery Session Confirmation (PADS) packet for the PPoE Active Discovery Request (PADR) packet sent. This timeout doubles for each successive PADR packet sent. Not displayed for M120 and M320 routers.
Max resend timeout	Maximum value, in seconds, that the PADI or PADR resend timer can accept. The maximum value is 64. Not displayed for M120 and M320 routers.
Max Configured AC timeout	Time, in seconds, during which the configured access concentrator must respond. Not displayed for M120 and M320 routers.

```

show pppoe version  user@host> show pppoe version
                        Point-to-Point Protocol Over Ethernet, version 1. rfc2516
                        PPPoE protocol                = Enabled
                        Maximum Sessions                = 256
                        PADI resend timeout             = 2 seconds
                        PADR resend timeout             = 16 seconds
                        Max resend timeout              = 64 seconds
                        Max Configured AC timeout       = 4 seconds

```

Part 6

Serial Interfaces

- Serial Interface Operational Mode Commands on page 393

Chapter 10

Serial Interface Operational Mode Commands

Table 81 on page 393 summarizes the command-line interface (CLI) commands you can use to monitor and troubleshoot serial interfaces. Commands are listed in alphabetical order.

Table 81: Serial Interface Operational Mode Commands

Task	Command
Display status information about serial interfaces.	show interfaces (Serial)

show interfaces (Serial)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>interface-type</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display status information about serial interfaces, including RS-232, RS-422/449, EIA-530, X.21, and V.35.
Options	<p><i>interface-type</i>—On M Series and T Series routers, the interface type is <i>se-fpc/pic/port</i>. On the J Series routers, the interface type is <i>se-pim/0/port</i>.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces (Serial, EIA-530) on page 400</p> <p>show interfaces brief (Serial, EIA-530) on page 400</p> <p>show interfaces detail (Serial, EIA-530) on page 400</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (Serial, EIA-530) on page 401</p> <p>show interfaces (Serial, V.35) on page 402</p> <p>show interfaces brief (Serial, V.35) on page 403</p> <p>show interfaces detail (Serial, V.35) on page 403</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (Serial, V.35) on page 404</p> <p>show interfaces statistics detail (RS 449) on page 405</p>
Output Fields	Table 82 on page 394 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (Serial) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 82: show interfaces (Serial) Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels

Table 82: show interfaces (Serial) Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Interface index	Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Type	Type of interface.	All levels
Link-level type	Encapsulation being used on the physical interface.	All levels
MTU	Maximum transmission unit (MTU) size on the physical interface.	All levels
Maximum speed	Maximum speed. The nonconfigurable value is 16,384 kbps.	detail extensive none
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Keepalive settings	(PPP and HDLC) Configured settings for keepalive packets. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Interval seconds—Time between successive keepalive requests. The range of values, in seconds, is 10 to 32,767. The default value is 10. ■ Up-count number—Number of keepalive packets a destination must receive to change a link's status from down to up. The range of values is 1 to 255. The default value is 1. ■ Down-count number—Number of keepalive packets a destination must fail to receive before the network takes a link down. The range is 1 to 255. The default value is 3. 	All levels
Keepalive	(PPP and HDLC) Information about keepalive packets. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input: number (hh:mm:ss ago)—Number of keepalive packets received by PPP and the time since the last keepalive packet was received. ■ Output: number (hh:mm:ss ago)—Number of keepalive packets sent by PPP and the time since the last keepalive packet was sent. 	brief none
Keepalive statistics	(PPP and HDLC) Information about keepalive packets. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input: number (last seen hh:mm:ss ago)—Number of keepalive packets received by PPP and the time since the last keepalive packet was received. ■ Output: number (last seen hh:mm:ss ago)—Number of keepalive packets sent by PPP and the time since the last keepalive packet was sent. 	detail extensive

Table 82: show interfaces (Serial) Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
LCP state	(PPP) Link Control Protocol state. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. ■ Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. ■ Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. ■ Down—LCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). ■ Not-configured—LCP is not configured on the interface. ■ Opened—LCP negotiation is successful. 	detail extensive none
NCP state	(PPP) Network Control Protocol state. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. ■ Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. ■ Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. ■ Down—NCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). ■ Not-configured—NCP is not configured on the interface. ■ Opened—NCP negotiation is successful. 	detail extensive none
CHAP state	(PPP) Displays the state of the Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) during its transaction. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Chap-Chal-received—Challenge was received but response not yet sent. ■ Chap-Chal-sent—Challenge was sent. ■ Chap-Resp-received—Response was received for the challenge sent, but CHAP has not yet moved into the Success state. (Most likely with RADIUS authentication.) ■ Chap-Resp-sent—Response was sent for the challenge received. ■ Closed—CHAP authentication is incomplete. ■ Failure—CHAP authentication failed. ■ Not-configured—CHAP is not configured on the interface. ■ Success—CHAP authentication was successful. 	detail extensive none
CoS queues	Number of CoS queues configured.	detail extensive none
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: <i>year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago)</i> . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago).	detail extensive none
Input Rate	Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps).	None specified
Output Rate	Output rate in bps and pps.	None specified
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive

Table 82: show interfaces (Serial) Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Input errors	<p>Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Runts—Number of frames received that are smaller than the runt threshold. ■ Giants—Number of frames received that are larger than the giant threshold. ■ Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the JUNOS Software does not handle. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Output errors	<p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ MTU errors—Number of packets whose size exceeds the MTU of the interface. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Egress queues supported	Total number of egress queues supported on the specified interface. Displayed with the statistics option.	detail extensive
Egress queues in use	Total number of egress queues in use on the specified interface. Displayed with the statistics option.	detail extensive

Table 82: show interfaces (Serial) Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Queue counters	CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. Displayed with the statistics option. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Queued packets—Number of queued packets. ■ Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. ■ Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. 	detail extensive
Serial media information	Information about the physical media: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Line protocol—eia530, eia530a, rs232, rs449, v.35, or x.21.. ■ Resync history—Information about resynchronization events: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Sync loss count—Number of times the synchronization was lost. ■ Data signal—(X.21 and V.35) Information about the data signal: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Rx Clock—Receive clock status: OK (DTE is receiving the receive clock signal) or Not detected (receive clock signal is not being received). ■ Control signals—Information about modem control signals: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Local mode:DCE (data communication equipment) or DTE (data terminal equipment) ■ To DCE—Control signals that the Serial PIC sent to the DCE: DTR (Data Terminal Ready: up or down) or RTS (Request To Send: up or down.) ■ From DC—Control signals that the Serial PIC received from the DCE: CTS (Clear To Send: up or down), DCD (Data Carrier Detect: up or down), DSR (Data Set Ready: up or down), or TM (Test Mode: up or down). ■ Clocking mode—Clocking used for the transmit clock: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ dte—Transmit clock is generated by DTE. ■ dce—Transmit clock is generated by the DCE and is looped back as the transmit clock. ■ loop-timed—Receive clock from the DCE is looped back as the transmit clock. ■ Clock rate—Rate, in megahertz (MHz), at which the clock is configured. ■ Loopback—Configured loopback mode for the interface: dce-remote, dce-local, liu, local, or none. ■ Tx clock—Clocking phase of the transmit clock: invert (transmit clock polarity is inverted) or non-invert (transmit clock polarity is not inverted). ■ Line encoding—Type of line encoding used: nrz (nonreturn to zero) or nrzi (return to zero inverted). 	detail extensive

Table 82: show interfaces (Serial) Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration	Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Destination slot—FPC slot number. ■ PLP byte—Packet Level Protocol byte. ■ CoS transmit queue—The queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ <i>bandwidth %</i>—Percentage of bandwidth allocated to the queue. ■ Bandwidth <i>bps</i>—Bandwidth allocated to the queue (in bps). ■ <i>buffer %</i>—Percentage of buffer space allocated to the queue. ■ Buffer <i>usec</i>—Amount of buffer space allocated to the queue, in microseconds. This value is nonzero only if the buffer size is configured in terms of time. ■ Priority—Queue priority. Possible values are low and high. ■ Limit—Displayed if rate limiting is configured for the queue. Possible values are none and exact. If exact is configured, the queue transmits only up to the configured bandwidth, even if there is excess bandwidth available. If none is configured, the queue transmits beyond the configured bandwidth if bandwidth is available. 	extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	All levels
<i>protocol-family</i>	Protocol family configured on the logical interface. If the protocol is inet , the source and destination address are also displayed.	brief
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface, such as iso , inet6 , mpls .	detail extensive none
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route Table	Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0 .	detail extensive
Flags	Information about protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive

Table 82: show interfaces (Serial) Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Addresses, Flags	Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Broadcast	Broadcast address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive

show interfaces
(Serial, EIA-530)

```
user@host> show interfaces se-5/0/1
Physical interface: se-5/0/1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 144, SNMP ifIndex: 41
  Type: Serial, Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Maximum speed: 16384kbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : Keepalives
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
  Keepalive: Input: 32 (00:00:10 ago), Output: 31 (00:00:07 ago)
  LCP state: Opened
  NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured, mpls:
  Not-configured
  CHAP state: Closed
  CoS queues   : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
  Last flapped : 2006-04-26 15:10:18 PDT (00:05:22 ago)
  Input rate   : 0 bps (0 pps)
  Output rate  : 0 bps (0 pps)

  Logical interface se-5/0/1.0 (Index 71) (SNMP ifIndex 45)
    Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPP
    Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
    Flags: None
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 12.0.0.0/30, Local: 12.0.0.1, Broadcast: 12.0.0.3
```

show interfaces brief
(Serial, EIA-530)

```
user@host> show interfaces se-5/0/1 brief
Physical interface: se-5/0/1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Type: Serial, Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : Keepalives
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
  Keepalive: Input: 235 (00:00:10 ago), Output: 234 (00:00:00 ago)

  Logical interface se-5/0/1.0
    Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPP
    inet 12.0.0.1/30
```

show interfaces detail
(Serial, EIA-530)

```
user@host> show interfaces se-5/0/1 detail
Physical interface: se-5/0/1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 144, SNMP ifIndex: 41, Generation: 25
  Type: Serial, Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Maximum speed: 16384kbps
```

```

Device flags      : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point Internal: 0x4000
Link flags       : Keepalives
Hold-times      : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Keepalive statistics:
  Input : 37 (last seen 00:00:06 ago)
  Output: 35 (last sent 00:00:01 ago)
LCP state: Opened
NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured, mpls:
Not-configured
CHAP state: Closed
CoS queues    : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
Last flapped  : 2006-04-26 15:10:18 PDT (00:06:02 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :          928          40 bps
  Output bytes :         1023          48 bps
  Input packets:           76           0 pps
  Output packets:          77           0 pps
Serial media information:
  Line protocol: eia530
  Resync history:
    Sync loss count: 0
  Data signal:
    Rx Clock: OK
  Control signals:
    Local mode: DTE
    To DCE: DTR: up, RTS: up
    From DCE: CTS: up, DCD: up, DSR: up
  Clocking mode: loop-timed
  Clock rate: 8.0 MHz
  Loopback: none
  Tx clock: non-invert
  Line encoding: nrz

Logical interface se-5/0/1.0 (Index 71) (SNMP ifIndex 45) (Generation 9)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 15, Route table: 0
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 12.0.0.0/30, Local: 12.0.0.1, Broadcast: 12.0.0.3,
Generation: 23

```

**show interfaces
extensive
(Serial, EIA-530)**

```

user@host> show interfaces se-5/0/1 extensive
Physical interface: se-5/0/1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 144, SNMP ifIndex: 41, Generation: 25
Type: Serial, Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Maximum speed: 16384kbps
Device flags      : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point Internal: 0x4000
Link flags       : Keepalives
Hold-times      : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Keepalive statistics:
  Input : 40 (last seen 00:00:00 ago)
  Output: 37 (last sent 00:00:09 ago)
LCP state: Opened
NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured, mpls:
Not-configured
CHAP state: Closed
CoS queues    : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues

```

```

Last flapped   : 2006-04-26 15:10:18 PDT (00:06:28 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes   :           988           40 bps
  Output bytes  :          1088           48 bps
  Input packets :            81            0 pps
  Output packets:            82            0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 2, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
  Policed discards: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 1, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0,
  Resource errors: 0
Serial media information:
  Line protocol: eia530
  Resync history:
    Sync loss count: 0
  Data signal:
    Rx Clock: OK
  Control signals:
    Local mode: DTE
    To DCE: DTR: up, RTS: up
    From DCE: CTS: up, DCD: up, DSR: up
  Clocking mode: loop-timed
  Clock rate: 8.0 MHz
  Loopback: none
  Tx clock: non-invert
  Line encoding: nrz
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 5, PLP byte: 1 (0x00)


| CoS transmit queue | %  | Bandwidth<br>bps | %  | Buffer<br>usec | Priority | Limit |
|--------------------|----|------------------|----|----------------|----------|-------|
| 0 best-effort      | 95 | 15564800         | 95 | 0              | low      | none  |
| 3 network-control  | 5  | 819200           | 5  | 0              | low      | none  |


Logical interface se-5/0/1.0 (Index 71) (SNMP ifIndex 45) (Generation 9)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 15, Route table: 0
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
  Destination: 12.0.0.0/30, Local: 12.0.0.1, Broadcast: 12.0.0.3,
  Generation: 23

```

show interfaces
(Serial, V.35)

```

user@host> show interfaces se-5/0/0
Physical interface: se-5/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Down
Interface index: 150, SNMP ifIndex: 39
Type: Serial, Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Maximum speed: 16384kbps
Device flags   : Present Running Down
Interface flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point Internal: 0x4000
Link flags     : Loose-NCP
Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Keepalive: Input: 0 (never), Output: 0 (never)
LCP state: Down
NCP state: inet: Not-configured, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured,
mpls: Not-configured
CHAP state: Closed
CoS queues    : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
Last flapped  : 2006-04-26 14:51:27 PDT (01:02:23 ago)
Input rate    : 0 bps (0 pps)
Output rate   : 0 bps (0 pps)

```



```

Logical interface se-5/0/0.0 (Index 73) (SNMP ifIndex 27)
Flags: Hardware-Down Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
Flags: Protocol-Down
Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 13.0.0.0/30, Local: 13.0.0.2, Broadcast: 13.0.0.3

```

**show interfaces brief
(Serial, V.35)**

```

user@host> show interfaces se-5/0/0 brief
Physical interface: se-5/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Down
Type: Serial, Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504
Device flags : Present Running Down
Interface flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point Internal: 0x4000
Link flags : Loose-NCP
Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Keepalive: Input: 0 (never), Output: 0 (never)

Logical interface se-5/0/0.0
Flags: Hardware-Down Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Encapsulation: PPP
inet 13.0.0.2/30

```

**show interfaces detail
(Serial, V.35)**

```

user@host> show interfaces se-5/0/0 detail
Physical interface: se-5/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Down
Interface index: 150, SNMP ifIndex: 39, Generation: 31
Type: Serial, Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Maximum speed: 16384kbps
Device flags : Present Running Down
Interface flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point Internal: 0x4000
Link flags : Loose-NCP
Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Keepalive statistics:
  Input : 0 (last seen: never)
  Output: 0 (last sent: never)
LCP state: Down
NCP state: inet: Not-configured, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured,
mpls: Not-configured
CHAP state: Closed
CoS queues : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
Last flapped : 2006-04-26 14:51:27 PDT (01:03:15 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes : 0 0 bps
  Output bytes : 0 0 bps
  Input packets: 0 0 pps
  Output packets: 0 0 pps
Serial media information:
  Line protocol: v.35
  Resync history:
    Sync loss count: 0
  Data signal:
    Rx Clock: Not Detected
  Control signals:
    Local mode: DCE
    To DTE: CTS: down, DCD: down, DSR: up
    From DTE: DTR: down, RTS: down
  DCE loopback override: Off
  Clocking mode: internal
  Clock rate: 38.4 KHz
  Loopback: none
  Tx clock: non-invert

```

Line encoding: nrz

Logical interface se-5/0/0.0 (Index 73) (SNMP ifIndex 27) (Generation 12)
 Flags: Hardware-Down Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
 Encapsulation: PPP
 Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 17, Route table: 0
 Flags: Protocol-Down
 Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
 Destination: 13.0.0.0/30, Local: 13.0.0.2, Broadcast: 13.0.0.3,
 Generation: 23

**show interfaces
 extensive (Serial, V.35)**

```
user@host> show interfaces se-5/0/0 extensive
Physical interface: se-5/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Down
Interface index: 150, SNMP ifIndex: 39, Generation: 31
Type: Serial, Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Maximum speed: 16384kbps
Device flags   : Present Running Down
Interface flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point Internal: 0x4000
Link flags     : Loose-NCP
Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Keepalive statistics:
  Input : 0 (last seen: never)
  Output: 0 (last sent: never)
LCP state: Down
NCP state: inet: Not-configured, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured,
mpls: Not-configured
CHAP state: Closed
CoS queues   : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
Last flapped : 2006-04-26 14:51:27 PDT (01:04:17 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes   : 0          0 bps
  Output bytes  : 0          0 bps
  Input packets: 0          0 pps
  Output packets: 0         0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
  Policed discards: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0,
  Resource errors: 0
Serial media information:
  Line protocol: v.35
  Resync history:
    Sync loss count: 0
  Data signal:
    Rx Clock: Not Detected
  Control signals:
    Local mode: DCE
    To DTE: CTS: down, DCD: down, DSR: up
    From DTE: DTR: down, RTS: down
  DCE loopback override: Off
  Clocking mode: internal
  Clock rate: 38.4 KHz
  Loopback: none
  Tx clock: non-invert
  Line encoding: nrz
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 5, PLP byte: 1 (0x00)
  CoS transmit queue      Bandwidth  Buffer  Priority  Limit
                           %          bps    %      usec

```

```

0 best-effort      95      15564800   95      0          low  none
3 network-control   5       819200    5      0          low  none

```

```

Logical interface se-5/0/0.0 (Index 73) (SNMP ifIndex 27) (Generation 12)
Flags: Hardware-Down Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 17, Route table: 0
Flags: Protocol-Down
Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 13.0.0.0/30, Local: 13.0.0.2, Broadcast: 13.0.0.3,
Generation: 23

```

**show interfaces
statistics detail (RS
449)**

```

user@host> show interfaces se-6/0/0 statistics detail
Interface index: 149, SNMP ifIndex: 59, Generation: 150
Type: Serial, Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Maximum speed: 8mbps
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point Internal: 0x4000
Link flags     : No-Keepalives Loose-NCP
Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
LCP state: Opened
NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured, mpls:
Not-configured
CHAP state: Closed
PAP state: Closed
CoS queues    : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
Last flapped  : 2007-11-28 19:38:36 PST (00:14:06 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes   :                744                0 bps
Output bytes  :               5978                0 bps
Input packets :                 33                0 pps
Output packets:                129                0 pps
Input errors:
Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0, Policed discards:
0,
Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
Carrier transitions: 13, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0, Resource errors:
0
Egress queues: 8 supported, 5 in use
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

0 best-effort                24                24                0
1 expedited-fo                 0                 0                0
2 bulk                        0                 0                0
3 assured-forw             105              105                0
4 voip                       0                 0                0

Serial media information:
Line protocol: rs449
Resync history:
Sync loss count: 0
Data signal:
Rx Clock: OK
Control signals:
Local mode: DTE
To DCE: DTR: up, RTS: up

```

```
    From DCE: CTS: up, DCD: up, DSR: up  
    Clocking mode: internal  
    Loopback: none  
    Tx clock: non-invert  
    Line encoding: nrz
```

```
Logical interface se-6/0/0.0 (Index 75) (SNMP ifIndex 69) (Generation 141)  
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPP  
Protocol inet, MTU: 256, Generation: 145, Route table: 0  
Flags: None  
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary  
    Destination: 11.11.11/24, Local: 11.11.11.2, Broadcast: 11.11.11.255,  
    Generation: 157
```

Part 7

Optical Interfaces

- SONET/SDH Interface Operational Mode Commands on page 409

Chapter 11

SONET/SDH Interface Operational Mode Commands

Table 83 on page 409 summarizes the command-line interface (CLI) commands you can use to monitor and troubleshoot aggregated SONET/SDH interfaces and SONET/SDH interfaces. Commands are listed in alphabetical order.

Table 83: SONET/SDH Interface Operational Mode Commands

Task	Command
Monitor Automatic Protection Switching (APS) information.	<code>show aps</code>
Display status information about aggregated SONET/SDH interfaces.	<code>show interfaces (Aggregated SONET/SDH)</code>
Display status information about SONET/SDH interfaces.	<code>show interfaces (SONET/SDH)</code>
Display the transceiver temperature, laser bias current, laser output power, receive optical power, and related alarms for SONET interfaces.	<code>show interfaces diagnostics optics (SONET)</code>

For more information about monitoring and troubleshooting SONET interfaces, see “Investigate SONET Interfaces” in the *JUNOS Interfaces Network Operations Guide*.

show aps

Syntax	show aps <brief | detail | extensive | summary> <group <i>group</i> | interface <i>so-fpc/pic/port</i> >
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display information about Automatic Protection Switching (APS) for SONET configurations and about Multiplex Section Protection (MSP) for SDH configurations.
Options	<p>none—(Same as brief) Display brief information about APS or MSP for all groups and SONET/SDH interfaces.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | summary—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>group <i>group</i>—(Optional) Display APS or MSP information for the specified group.</p> <p>interface <i>so-fpc/pic/port</i>—(Optional) Display APS information for the specified SONET/SDH interface.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show aps on page 412</p> <p>show aps brief on page 412</p> <p>show aps detail on page 412</p> <p>show aps extensive on page 413</p>
Output Fields	Table 84 on page 411 lists the output fields for the show aps command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 84: show aps Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Interface	Name of the SONET/SDH interface.	All levels
Group	Group name.	All levels
Circuit	Circuit type: Working or Protect .	All levels
Intf state	<p>State of the circuit and interface in the format <i>circuit-state</i>, <i>interface-state</i>:</p> <p>For <i>circuit-state</i>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ enabled ■ disabled ■ invalid ■ unknown <p>For <i>interface-state</i>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ admin down ■ degraded ■ down ■ invalid ■ nonexistent ■ unknown ■ up 	All levels
Neighbor	Address and state of neighbor interface. If the working and protect interfaces are on the same router, the neighbor address is displayed as 0.0.0.0.	detail extensive
adj	<p>State of the neighbor adjacency:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Down ■ Init ■ Invalid ■ Unknown ■ Up 	detail extensive
neighbor interface	State of the neighbor interface: enabled or disabled .	detail extensive
dead	Number of seconds before the neighbor is declared dead	detail extensive
Channel state	Circuit that has been selected: Working or Protect . On SDH configurations using Multiplex Section Protection (MSP), the APS Annex B (G.841) Lockout status is also shown in extensive output.	detail extensive
Local-mode	Mode in which the local router is configured to interoperate with SONET line-terminating equipment (LTE): unidirectional or bidirectional . The parenthetical value represents the mode type in the K2 byte.	extensive
neighbor-mode	Mode in which the neighboring device is operating: unidirectional or bidirectional . The parenthetical value represents the mode type in the K2 byte.	extensive

Table 84: show aps Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Protect circuit is on	Interface name of the APS protect circuit, displayed when both the working circuit and protect circuit are on the same router.	detail extensive
Working circuit is on	Interface name of the APS working circuit, displayed when both the working circuit and protect circuit are on the same router.	detail extensive
Req K1	Value of the SONET/SDH K1 byte requested to be transmitted by this circuit.	extensive
rcv K1	Value of the SONET/SDH K1 byte received on this interface. (Valid only on the protect circuit.)	extensive
xmit K1	Value of the SONET/SDH K1 byte being transmitted on this interface. (Valid only on the protect circuit.)	extensive
nbr K1	Value of the SONET/SDH K1 byte requested to be transmitted by the neighbor.	extensive
nbr paired req	Nonzero if the neighbor is requesting a particular K1 value because of a change in the paired circuit.	extensive
Revert time	Configured time to wait after the working circuit has become functional before making the working circuit active again.	extensive
neighbor revert time	Configured time, on the neighbor interface, to wait after the working circuit has again become functional before making the working circuit active again.	extensive
Hello due in	Time until the next hello packet is sent.	extensive

```

show aps      user@host> show aps
                Interface  Group                Circuit  Intf state
                so-0/0/0   aviva-aps           Working  enabled, up
                so-0/0/1   aviva-aps           Protect  disabled, up

```

show aps brief The output for the **show aps brief** command is identical to that for the **show aps** command. For sample output, see **show aps** on page 412.

```

show aps detail user@host> show aps detail
                Interface  Group                Circuit  Intf state
                so-0/0/0   aviva-aps           Working  enabled, up
                Neighbor 0.0.0.0, adj up, neighbor interface disabled, dead 2.987
                so-0/0/1   aviva-aps           Protect  disabled, up
                Neighbor 0.0.0.0, adj up, neighbor interface enabled, dead 2.147

```

show aps extensive The following sample shows output from a SONET configuration:

```
user@host> show aps extensive
Interface      Group                      Circuit  Intf state
so-0/0/0      aviva-aps                  Working  enabled, up
Neighbor 0.0.0.0, adj up, neighbor interface disabled, dead 2.511
Channel state Working
Protect circuit is on interface so-0/0/1
Local-mode bidirectional(5), neighbor-mode bidirectional(5)
Req K1 0x00, rcv K1 0x00, xmit K1 0x00, nbr K1 0x00, nbr paired req 0
Revert time 0, neighbor revert time 0
Hello due in 0.055
so-0/0/1      aviva-aps                  Protect  disabled, up
Neighbor 0.0.0.0, adj up, neighbor interface enabled, dead 2.230
Channel state Working
Working circuit is on interface so-0/0/0
Local-mode bidirectional(5), neighbor-mode bidirectional(5)
Req K1 0x00, rcv K1 0x00, xmit K1 0x00, nbr K1 0x00, nbr paired req 0
Revert time 0, neighbor revert time 0
Hello due in 0.416
```

The following sample shows output from an SDH configuration:

```
user@host> show aps extensive
Interface      Group                      Circuit  Intf state
cstm4-1/1/0    TO_MALIBU                  Working  enabled, up
Neighbor 0.0.0.0, adj up, neighbor interface disabled, dead 2.833
Channel state Working, annex-b, lockout
Protect circuit is on interface cstm4-1/2/0
Local-mode bidirectional(5), neighbor-mode bidirectional(5)
Req K1 0x00, rcv K1 0x00, xmit K1 0x00, nbr K1 0x00
      , rcv K2 0x10, xmit K2 0x10, nbr paired req 0
Wait to restore time 30, neighbor wait to restore time 30
Hello due in 0.945
cstm4-1/2/0    TO_MALIBU                  Protect  disabled, up
Neighbor 0.0.0.0, adj up, neighbor interface enabled, dead 2.955
Channel state Working, annex-b
Working circuit is on interface cstm4-1/1/0
Local-mode bidirectional(5), neighbor-mode bidirectional(5)
Req K1 0x00, rcv K1 0x00, xmit K1 0x00, nbr K1 0x00
      , rcv K2 0x10, xmit K2 0x10, nbr paired req 0
Wait to restore time 30, neighbor wait to restore time 30
Hello due in 0.735
```

show interfaces (Aggregated SONET/SDH)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>asnumber</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified aggregated SONET/SDH interface.
Options	<p><i>asnumber</i>—Display standard information about the specified aggregated SONET/SDH interface.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display brief interface information.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces (Aggregated SONET) on page 418</p> <p>show interfaces brief (Aggregated SONET) on page 418</p> <p>show interfaces detail (Aggregated SONET) on page 418</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (Aggregated SONET) on page 419</p>
Output Fields	Table 85 on page 414 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (aggregated SONET/SDH) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 85: Aggregated SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none

Table 85: Aggregated SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Link-level type	Encapsulation being used on the physical interface.	All levels
MTU	MTU size on the physical interface.	All levels
Speed	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels
Minimum links needed	Number of child links that must be operational for the aggregated interface to be operational.	detail extensive none
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Keepalive settings	(PPP and HDLC) Configured settings for keepalives. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ interval seconds—The time in seconds between successive keepalive requests. The range is 10 seconds through 32,767 seconds, with a default of 10 seconds. ■ up-count number—The number of keepalive packets a destination must receive to change a link’s status from down to up. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 1. ■ down-count number—The number of keepalive packets a destination must fail to receive before the network takes a link down. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 3. 	All levels
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago) . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) .	detail extensive none
Input rate	Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps).	None specified
Output rate	Output rate in bps and pps.	None specified
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	Number of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface, and the traffic rate in bits per seconds (bps). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive

Table 85: Aggregated SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Input errors	<p>Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Runts—Number of frames received that are smaller than the runt threshold. ■ Giants—Number of frames received that are larger than the giant threshold. ■ Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the JUNOS Software does not handle. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Output errors	<p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ MTU errors—Number of packets whose size exceeds the MTU of the interface. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Egress queues	Total number of egress queues supported on the specified interface.	detail extensive
Queue counters	<p>CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Queued packets—Number of queued packets. ■ Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. ■ Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. 	extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Logical interface's index number (which reflects its initialization sequence).	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface's SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive

Table 85: Aggregated SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	All levels
Bandwidth	Interface bandwidth.	detail extensive none
Statistics	<p>Information about fragments and packets received and sent by the router. All references to traffic direction (input or output) are defined with respect to the router. Input fragments received by the router are assembled into input packets; output packets are segmented into output fragments for transmission out of the router.</p> <p>Statistics include input and output counts for packets, packets per second (pps), bytes, and bytes per second (Bps) for the following entities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Bundle—Information about bundles. ■ Link—Information about links used in the multilink operation. 	detail extensive none
<i>protocol-family</i>	Protocol family configured on the logical interface. If the protocol is <i>inet</i> , the source and destination address are also displayed.	brief
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Flags	Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route table	Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table <i>inet.0</i> .	detail extensive
Addresses, Flags	Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Broadcast	Broadcast address.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route table	Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table <i>inet.0</i> .	detail extensive

```

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces as0
(Aggregated SONET) Physical interface: as0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                        Interface index: 149, SNMP ifIndex: 45
                        Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 4474, Speed: 466560kbps, Minimum links needed: 1
                        Device flags   : Present Running
                        Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
                        Link flags     : Keepalives
                        Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
                        Last flapped   : Never
                        Input rate      : 216 bps (1 pps)
                        Output rate     : 48 bps (0 pps)

                        Logical interface as0.0 (Index 79) (SNMP ifIndex 55)
                        Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPP
                        Bandwidth: 311040kbps
                        Statistics
                        Packets      pps      Bytes      bps
                        Bundle:
                        Input :      1178      1      11772      176
                        Output:         0      0         0         0
                        Protocol inet, MTU: 4470
                        Flags: None
                        Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
                        Destination: 10.100.1.1, Local: 10.100.1.2

show interfaces brief user@host> show interfaces as0 brief
(Aggregated SONET) Physical interface: as0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                        Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 4474, Speed: 466560kbps
                        Device flags   : Present Running
                        Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
                        Link flags     : Keepalives
                        Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3

                        Logical interface as0.0
                        Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPP
                        inet 10.100.1.2 --> 10.100.1.1

show interfaces detail user@host> show interfaces as0 detail
(Aggregated SONET) Physical interface: as0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                        Interface index: 149, SNMP ifIndex: 45, Generation: 32
                        Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 4474, Speed: 466560kbps, Minimum links needed: 1
                        Device flags   : Present Running
                        Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
                        Link flags     : Keepalives
                        Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
                        Last flapped   : Never
                        Statistics last cleared: Never
                        Traffic statistics:
                        Input bytes :      15888      272 bps
                        Output bytes :       6189      48 bps
                        Input packets:       1547      2 pps
                        Output packets:        393      0 pps
                        Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
                        Queue counters:
                        Queued packets  Transmitted packets  Dropped packets

                        0 best-effort      0      0      0
                        1 expedited-fo     0      0      0
                        2 assured-forw     0      0      0
                        3 network-cont    196806  196806  0

```



```

Logical interface as0.0 (Index 79) (SNMP ifIndex 55) (Generation 18)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPP
Bandwidth: 311040kbps
Statistics          Packets          pps          Bytes          bps
Bundle:
  Input :           1334             2          13332          232
  Output:              0             0              0              0
Link:
  so-0/0/0.0 <-- down
    Input :              0             0              0              0
    Output:              0             0              0              0
  so-0/0/1.0
    Input :           541             1          5406          120
    Output:              0             0              0              0
  so-0/0/2.0
    Input :           793             1          7926          112
    Output:              0             0              0              0
Protocol inet, MTU: 4470, Generation: 38, Route table: 0
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 10.100.1.1, Local: 10.100.1.2, Broadcast: Unspecified,
Generation: 40

```

**show interfaces
extensive
(Aggregated SONET)**

```

userhost1> show interfaces as0 extensive
Physical interface: as0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 149, SNMP ifIndex: 45, Generation: 32
Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 4474, Speed: 466560kbps, Minimum links needed: 1
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Link flags     : Keepalives
Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Last flapped   : Never
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :           17562          136 bps
  Output bytes :            6862           72 bps
  Input packets:           1710           1 pps
  Output packets:           436           0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
  Policed discards: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0,
  Resource errors: 0
Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets  Dropped packets

  0 best-effort              0              0              0
  1 expedited-fo              0              0              0
  2 assured-forw              0              0              0
  3 network-cont      196848      196848              0

```

```

Logical interface as0.0 (Index 79) (SNMP ifIndex 55) (Generation 18)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPP
Bandwidth: 311040kbps

```

Statistics	Packets	pps	Bytes	bps
Bundle:				
Input :	1475	1	14742	136
Output:	0	0	0	0
Link:				
so-0/0/0.0 <-- down				
Input :	0	0	0	0
Output:	0	0	0	0
so-0/0/1.0				
Input :	598	0	5976	24
Output:	0	0	0	0
so-0/0/2.0				
Input :	877	1	8766	112
Output:	0	0	0	0
Protocol inet, MTU: 4470, Generation: 38, Route table: 0				
Flags: None				
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary				
Destination: 10.100.1.1, Local: 10.100.1.2, Broadcast: Unspecified,				
Generation: 40				

show interfaces (SONET/SDH)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>so-fpc/pic/port</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified SONET/SDH interface.
Options	<p><i>so-fpc/pic/port</i>—Display standard information about the specified SONET/SDH interface.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces (SDH Mode, PPP) on page 434</p> <p>show interfaces brief (SDH Mode, PPP) on page 435</p> <p>show interfaces detail (SDH Mode, PPP) on page 435</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (SDH Mode, PPP) on page 436</p> <p>show interfaces brief (SONET Mode, Frame Relay) on page 438</p> <p>show interfaces (SONET Mode, Frame Relay) on page 438</p> <p>show interfaces detail (SONET Mode, Frame Relay) on page 439</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (SONET Mode, Frame Relay) on page 441</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (OC768-over-4xOC192 Mode) on page 443</p> <p>show interfaces detail (IPv6 Tracking) on page 446</p> <p>show interfaces (shared interface) on page 447</p>
Output Fields	Table 86 on page 421 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (SONET/SDH) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 86: SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels

Table 86: SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Link-level type	Encapsulation being used on the physical interface.	All levels
MTU	MTU size on the physical interface.	All levels
Clocking	SONET/SDH reference clock source: Internal or External . Clocking is configured and displayed only for channel 0.	All levels
Framing mode	Framing mode: SONET or SDH .	All levels
Speed	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels
Loopback	Whether loopback is enabled and the type of loopback (local or remote).	All levels
FCS	Frame check sequence on the interface (either 16 or 32). The default is 16 bits.	All levels
Payload scrambler	Whether payload scrambling is enabled.	All levels
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Shared-interface	Indicates whether the routing domain is the owner or non-owner of the shared interface. If the routing domain is the Root System Domain (RSD), the value is Owner . If the routing domain is a Protected System Domain (PSD) under the RSD, the value is Non-owner .	All levels
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
ANSI or ITU LMI settings	(Frame Relay) Settings for Local Management Interface (LMI). The format is (ANSI or ITU) LMI settings: <i>value</i> , <i>value</i> ... <i>xx</i> seconds, where <i>value</i> can be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ n391dte—DTE full status polling interval (1-255) ■ n392dce—DCE error threshold (1-10) ■ n392dte—DTE error threshold (1-10) ■ n393dce—DCE monitored event count (1-10) ■ n393dte—DTE monitored event count (1-10) ■ t391dte—DTE polling timer (5-30 seconds) ■ t392dce—DCE polling verification timer (5-30 seconds) 	All levels
LMI	Input: <i>value</i> (<i>hh:mm:ss ago</i>), Output: <i>value</i> (<i>hh:mm:ss ago</i>)	brief none

Table 86: SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
LMI statistics	(Frame Relay) LMI packet statistics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input—Number of packets coming in on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet arrived. The format is Input: nn (last seen <i>hh:mm:ss</i> ago). ■ Output—Number of packets sent out on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet was sent. The format is Output: nn (last sent <i>hh:mm:ss</i> ago). 	detail extensive
DTE statistics	(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the data terminal equipment (DTE) to the data circuit-terminating equipment (DCE): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Enquiries sent—Number of link status enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. ■ Full enquiries sent—Number of full enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. ■ Enquiry responses received—Number of enquiry responses received by the DTE from the DCE. ■ Full enquiry responses received—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DTE to the DCE. 	detail extensive none
DCE statistics	(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the DCE to the DTE: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Enquiries received—Number of enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. ■ Full enquiries received—Number of full enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. ■ Enquiry responses sent—Number of enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. ■ Full enquiry responses sent—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. 	detail extensive none
Common statistics	(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages sent between the DTE and the DCE: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Unknown messages received—Number of received packets that do not fall into any category. ■ Asynchronous updates received—Number of link status peer changes received. ■ Out-of-sequence packets received—Number of packets for which the sequence of the packets received is different from the expected sequence. ■ Keepalive responses timedout—Number of keepalive responses that timed out when no LMI packet was reported for n392dte or n393dce intervals. (See LMI settings.) 	detail extensive none
Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs	(Frame Relay. Displayed only from the DTE) Number of DLCIs configured from the DCE.	detail extensive
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds.	detail extensive

Table 86: SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Keepalive settings	(PPP and HDLC) Configured settings for keepalives. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ interval seconds—The time in seconds between successive keepalive requests. The range is 10 seconds through 32,767 seconds, with a default of 10 seconds. ■ down-count number—The number of keepalive packets a destination must fail to receive before the network takes a link down. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 3. ■ up-count number—The number of keepalive packets a destination must receive to change a link's status from down to up. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 1. 	All levels
Keepalive or Keepalive statistics	(PPP and HDLC) Information about keepalive packets. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input—Number of keepalive packets received by PPP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was received, in the format <i>hh:mm:ss</i>. ■ Output—Number of keepalive packets sent by PPP and how long ago the last keepalive packets were sent and received. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was sent, in the format <i>hh:mm:ss</i>. 	All levels
LCP state	(PPP) Link Control Protocol state. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. ■ Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. ■ Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. ■ Down—LCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). ■ Not-configured—LCP is not configured on the interface. ■ Opened—LCP negotiation is successful. 	detail extensive none
NCP state	(PPP) Network Control Protocol state. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. ■ Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. ■ Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. ■ Down—NCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). ■ Not-configured—NCP is not configured on the interface. ■ Opened—NCP negotiation is successful. 	detail extensive none

Table 86: SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
CHAP state	<p>(PPP) Displays the state of the Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) during its transaction.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Chap-Chal-received—Challenge was received but response not yet sent. ■ Chap-Chal-sent—Challenge was sent. ■ Chap-Resp-received—Response was received for the challenge sent, but CHAP has not yet moved into the Success state. (Most likely with RADIUS authentication.) ■ Chap-Resp-sent—Response was sent for the challenge received. ■ Closed—CHAP authentication is incomplete. ■ Failure—CHAP authentication failed. ■ Not-configured—CHAP is not configured on the interface. ■ Success—CHAP authentication was successful. 	detail extensive none
CoS queues	Number of CoS queues configured.	detail extensive none
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour: minute: second ago) . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) .	detail extensive none
Input rate	Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps).	None specified
Output rate	Output rate in bps and pps.	None specified
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	<p>Number of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface, and the traffic rate in bits per seconds (bps).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Label-switched interface (LSI) traffic statistics	<p>(Frame Relay) LSI traffic statistics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes and speed, in bits per second (bps), received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets and speed, in bps, transmitted on the interface. 	extensive

Table 86: SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Input errors	<p>Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Runts—Number of frames received that are smaller than the runt threshold. ■ Giants—Number of frames received that are larger than the giant threshold. ■ Bucket Drops—Drops resulting from the traffic load exceeding the interface transmit/receive leaky bucket configuration. The default is off. ■ Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the JUNOS Software does not handle. ■ L3 incompletes—Number of incoming packets discarded because they failed Layer 3 (usually IPv4) sanity checks of the header. For example, a frame with less than 20 bytes of available IP header is discarded. ■ L2 channel errors—Number of times the software did not find a valid logical interface for an incoming frame. ■ L2 mismatch timeouts—Number of malformed or short packets that caused the incoming packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable. ■ HS link CRC errors—Number of errors on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. ■ HS link FIFO overflows—Number of FIFO overflows on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. 	extensive
Output errors	<p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Aged packets—Number of packets that remained in shared packet SDRAM so long that the system automatically purged them. The value in this field should never increment. If it does, it is most likely a software bug or possibly malfunctioning hardware. ■ HS link FIFO underflows—Number of FIFO underflows on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. ■ MTU errors—Number of packets whose size exceeds the MTU of the interface. 	extensive

Table 86: SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
IPv6 transit statistics	<p>Number of transit bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface if IPv6 statistics tracking is enabled.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Egress queues	Total number of egress queues supported on the specified interface.	detail extensive
Queue counters	<p>CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Queued packets—Number of queued packets. ■ Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. ■ Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. 	extensive
SONET alarms SONET defects	(SONET) SONET media-specific alarms and defects that prevents the interface from passing packets. When a defect persists for a certain period, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router or light the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. See these fields for possible alarms and defects: SONET PHY, SONET section, SONET line, and SONET path.	All levels
Link	(For 4-port OC192c PIC operating in OC768-over-4xOC192 mode) The link number. Errors and alarms are displayed for each link.	extensive
SONET PHY	<p>Counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PLL Lock—Phase-locked loop ■ PHY Light—Loss of optical signal 	extensive

Table 86: SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
SONET section	<p>Counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ BIP-B1—Bit interleaved parity for SONET section overhead ■ SEF—Severely errored framing ■ LOL—Loss of light ■ LOF—Loss of frame ■ ES-S—Errored seconds (section) ■ SES-S—Severely errored seconds (section) ■ SEFS-S—Severely errored framing seconds (section) 	extensive
SONET line	<p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ BIP-B2—Bit interleaved parity for SONET line overhead ■ REI-L—Remote error indication (near-end line) ■ RDI-L—Remote defect indication (near-end line) ■ AIS-L—Alarm indication signal (near-end line) ■ BERR-SF—Bit error rate fault (signal failure) ■ BERR-SD—Bit error rate defect (signal degradation) ■ ES-L—Errored seconds (near-end line) ■ SES-L—Severely errored seconds (near-end line) ■ UAS-L—Unavailable seconds (near-end line) ■ ES-LFE—Errored seconds (far-end line) ■ SES-LFE—Severely errored seconds (far-end line) ■ UAS-LFE—Unavailable seconds (far-end line) 	extensive

Table 86: SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
SONET path	<p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ BIP-B3—Bit interleaved parity for SONET section overhead ■ REI-P—Remote error indication ■ LOP-P—Loss of pointer (path) ■ AIS-P—Path alarm indication signal ■ RDI-P—Path remote defect indication ■ UNEQ-P—Path unequipped ■ PLMP—Path payload label mismatch ■ ES-P—Errored seconds (near-end STS path) ■ SES-P—Severely errored seconds (near-end STS path) ■ UAS-P—Unavailable seconds (near-end STS path) ■ ES-PFE—Errored seconds (far-end STS path) ■ SES-PFE—Severely errored seconds (far-end STS path) ■ UAS-PFE—Unavailable seconds (far-end STS path) 	extensive
Received SONET overhead	<p>Values of the received and transmitted SONET overhead:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ C2—Signal label. Allocated to identify the construction and content of the STS-level SPE and for PDI-P. 	extensive
Transmitted SONET overhead	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ F1—Section user channel byte. This byte is set aside for the purposes of users. ■ K1 and K2—These bytes are allocated for APS signaling for the protection of the multiplex section. ■ J0—Section trace. This byte is defined for STS-1 number 1 of an STS-N signal. Used to transmit a 1-byte fixed-length string or a 16-byte message so that a receiving terminal in a section can verify its continued connection to the intended transmitter. ■ S1—Synchronization status. The S1 byte is located in the first STS-1 of an STS-N. ■ Z3 and Z4—Allocated for future use. 	
SDH alarms	<p>SDH media-specific defects that can prevent the interface from passing packets. When a defect persists for a certain period, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router or light the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. See these fields for possible alarms and defects: SDH PHY, SDH regenerator section, SDH multiplex section, and SDH path.</p>	All levels
SDH defects		

Table 86: SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
SDH PHY	<p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PLL Lock—Phase-locked loop ■ PHY Light—Loss of optical signal 	extensive
SDH regenerator section	<p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ RS-BIP8—24-bit BIP for multiplex section overhead (B2 bytes) ■ OOF—Out of frame ■ LOS—Loss of signal ■ LOF—Loss of frame ■ RS-ES—Errored seconds (near-end regenerator section) ■ RS-SES—Severely errored seconds (near-end regenerator section) ■ RS-SEFS—Severely errored framing seconds (regenerator section) 	extensive

Table 86: SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
SDH multiplex section	<p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ MS-BIP24—8-bit BIP for high-order path overhead (B3 byte) ■ MS-FEBE—Far-end block error (multiplex section) ■ MS-FERF—Far-end remote fail (multiplex section) ■ MS-AIS—Alarm indication signal (multiplex section) ■ BERR-SF—Bit error rate fault (signal failure) ■ BERR-SD—Bit error rate defect (signal degradation) ■ MS-ES—Errored seconds (near-end multiplex section) ■ MS-SES—Severely errored seconds (near-end multiplex section) ■ MS-UAS—Unavailable seconds (near-end multiplex section) ■ MS-ES-FE—Errored seconds (far-end multiplex section) ■ MS-SES-FE—Severely errored seconds (far-end multiplex section) ■ MS-UAS-FE—Unavailable seconds (far-end multiplex section) 	extensive
SDH path	<p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ HP-BIP8—8-bit BIP for regenerator section overhead (B1 byte) ■ HP-FEBE—Far-end block error (high-order path) ■ HP-LOP—Loss of pointer (high-order path) ■ HP-AIS—High-order-path alarm indication signal ■ HP-FERF—Far-end remote fail (high-order path) ■ HP-UNEQ—Unequipped (high-order path) ■ HP-PLM—Payload label mismatch (high-order path) ■ HP-ES—Errored seconds (near-end high-order path) ■ HP-SES—Severely errored seconds (near-end high-order path) ■ HP-UAS—Unavailable seconds (near-end high-order path) ■ HP-ES-FE—Errored seconds (far-end high-order path) ■ HP-SES-FE—Severely errored seconds (far-end high-order path) ■ HP-UAS-FE—Unavailable seconds (far-end high-order path) 	extensive

Table 86: SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Received SDH overhead	Values of the received and transmitted SONET overhead:	extensive
Transmitted SDH overhead	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ C2—Signal label. Allocated to identify the construction and content of the STS-level SPE and for PDI-P. ■ F1—Section user channel byte. This byte is set aside for the purposes of users. ■ K1 and K2—These bytes are allocated for APS signaling for the protection of the multiplex section. ■ J0—Section trace. This byte is defined for STS-1 number 1 of an STS-N signal. Used to transmit a 1-byte fixed-length string or a 16-byte message so that a receiving terminal in a section can verify its continued connection to the intended transmitter. ■ S1—Synchronization status. The S1 byte is located in the first STS-1 of an STS-N. ■ Z3 and Z4—Allocated for future use. 	
Received path trace	SONET/SDH interfaces allow path trace bytes to be sent inband across the SONET/SDH link. Juniper Networks and other router manufacturers use these bytes to help diagnose misconfigurations and network errors by setting the transmitted path trace message so that it contains the system hostname and name of the physical interface. The received path trace value is the message received from the router at the other end of the fiber. The transmitted path trace value is the message that this router transmits.	extensive
Transmitted path trace		
HDLC configuration	Information about the HDLC configuration. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Policing bucket—Configured state of the receiving policer. ■ Shaping bucket—Configured state of the transmitting shaper. ■ Giant threshold—Giant threshold programmed into the hardware. ■ Runt threshold—Runt threshold programmed into the hardware. 	extensive
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration	Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Destination slot—FPC slot number. ■ PLP byte—Packet Level Protocol byte. ■ CoS transmit queue—The queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ <i>bandwidth %</i>—Percentage of bandwidth allocated to the queue. ■ <i>Bandwidth bps</i>—Bandwidth allocated to the queue (in bps). ■ <i>buffer %</i>—Percentage of buffer space allocated to the queue. ■ <i>Buffer usec</i>—Amount of buffer space allocated to the queue, in microseconds. This value is nonzero only if the buffer size is configured in terms of time. ■ <i>Priority</i>—Queue priority. Possible values are <i>low</i> and <i>high</i>. ■ <i>Limit</i>—Displayed if rate limiting is configured for the queue. Possible values are <i>none</i> and <i>exact</i>. If <i>exact</i> is configured, the queue transmits only up to the configured bandwidth, even if excess bandwidth is available. If <i>none</i> is configured, the queue transmits beyond the configured bandwidth if bandwidth is available. 	extensive
Logical Interface		

Table 86: SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	All levels
PPP parameters	The PPP loopback clear timer value.	extensive
Shared interface	Provides the following information: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ shared with—(RSD only) Indicates which PSD owns the logical shared interface. For example, psd3. ■ peer interface—(PSD only) Lists the logical tunnel interface that peers with the logical shared interface. For example, ut-2/1/0.2. ■ tunnel token—Specifies the receive (RX) and transmit (TX) tunnel tokens. For example, Rx: 5.519, Tx: 13.514. 	All levels
Input packets	Number of packets received on the logical interface.	None specified
Output packets	Number of packets transmitted on the logical interface.	None specified
Traffic statistics	Total number of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface. These statistics are the sum of the local and transit statistics. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Local statistics	Statistics for traffic received from and transmitted to the Routing Engine. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Transit statistics	Statistics for traffic transiting the router. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface, such as iso , inet6 , or mpls .	detail extensive none
<i>protocol-family</i>	Protocol family configured on the logical interface. If the protocol is inet , the IP address of the interface is also displayed.	brief
Multilink bundle	(If the logical interface is configured as part of a multilink bundle.) Interface name for the multilink bundle.	detail extensive none
AS bundle	(If the logical interface is configured as part of an aggregated SONET bundle.) AS bundle number.	detail extensive

Table 86: SONET/SDH show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route table	Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Addresses, Flags	Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Broadcast	Broadcast address of the interface.	detail extensive none
DLCI	(Frame Relay) DLCI number of the logical interface. The following DLCI information is displayed: Flags , Total down time , Last down , and Traffic statistics . Flags is one or more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Active—Set when the link is active and the DTE and DCE are exchanging information. ■ Down—Set when the link is active, but no information is received from the DCE. ■ Unconfigured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is not configured. ■ Configured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is configured. ■ Dce-configured—Displayed when the command is issued from the DTE. 	detail extensive
DLCI statistics	(Frame Relay) Data-link connection identifier (DLCI) statistics. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Active DLCI—Number of active DLCIs. ■ Inactive DLCI—Number of inactive DLCIs. 	detail extensive none

**show interfaces
(SDH Mode, PPP)**

```

user@host> show interfaces so-0/0/0
Physical interface: so-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 149, SNMP ifIndex: 66
Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SDH mode, Speed: OC3,
Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Enabled
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Link flags     : Keepalives
Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Keepalive: Input: 30 (00:00:07 ago), Output: 29 (00:00:05 ago)
LCP state: Opened
NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured, mpls:
Not-configured

```



```

CHAP state: Closed
CoS queues      : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
Last flapped    : 2006-03-24 13:20:56 PST (00:05:09 ago)
Input rate      : 0 bps (0 pps)
Output rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)
SDH  alarms     : None
SDH  defects    : None

Logical interface so-0/0/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 43)
  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPP
  Protocol inet, MTU: 4470
    Flags: None
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
      Destination: 10.0.12.0/30, Local: 10.0.12.1, Broadcast: 10.0.12.3
  Protocol iso, MTU: 4470
    Flags: Protocol-Down
  Protocol mpls, MTU: 4458
    Flags: Protocol-Down, Is-Primary

```

**show interfaces brief
(SDH Mode, PPP)**

```

user@host> show interfaces so-0/0/0 brief
Physical interface: so-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SDH mode, Speed: OC3,
Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Enabled
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Link flags     : Keepalives
Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Keepalive: Input: 25 (00:00:01 ago), Output: 24 (00:00:04 ago)
SDH  alarms    : None
SDH  defects   : None

Logical interface so-0/0/0.0
  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPP
  inet 10.0.12.1/30
  iso
  mpls

```

**show interfaces detail
(SDH Mode, PPP)**

```

user@host> show interfaces so-0/0/0 detail
Physical interface: so-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 149, SNMP ifIndex: 66, Generation: 35
Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SDH mode, Speed: OC3,
Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Enabled
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Link flags     : Keepalives
Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Keepalive statistics:
  Input : 33 (last seen 00:00:05 ago)
  Output: 32 (last sent 00:00:06 ago)
LCP state: Opened
NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured, mpls:
Not-configured
CHAP state: Closed
CoS queues      : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
Last flapped    : 2006-03-24 13:20:56 PST (00:05:38 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes  :                862                0 bps
Output bytes :             3592             64 bps
Input packets:                70                0 pps

```

```

Output packets:          330          0 pps
Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue counters:          Queued packets  Transmitted packets    Dropped packets

  0 best-effort          0          0          0
  1 expedited-fo        0          0          0
  2 assured-forw        0          0          0
  3 network-cont       329        329          0

SDH  alarms   : None
SDH  defects  : None

Logical interface so-0/0/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 43) (Generation 19)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol inet, MTU: 4470, Generation: 48, Route table: 0
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 10.0.12.0/30, Local: 10.0.12.1, Broadcast: 10.0.12.3,
Generation: 48
Protocol iso, MTU: 4470, Generation: 49, Route table: 0
Flags: Protocol-Down
Protocol mpls, MTU: 4458, Generation: 50, Route table: 0
Flags: Protocol-Down, Is-Primary

```

**show interfaces
extensive
(SDH Mode, PPP)**

```

user@host> show interfaces so-0/0/0 extensive
Physical interface: so-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 149, SNMP ifIndex: 66, Generation: 35
Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SDH mode, Speed: OC3,
Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Enabled
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Link flags     : Keepalives
Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Keepalive statistics:
  Input : 36 (last seen 00:00:01 ago)
  Output: 35 (last sent 00:00:10 ago)
LCP state: Opened
NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured, mpls:
Not-configured
CHAP state: Closed
CoS queues   : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
Last flapped : 2006-03-24 13:20:56 PST (00:06:08 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :          922          0 bps
  Output bytes :        3850         64 bps
  Input packets:         75          0 pps
  Output packets:       356          0 pps
Label-switched interface (LSI) traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :          0          0 bps
  Input packets:         0          0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
  Bucket drops: 0, Policed discards: 218, L3 incompletes: 0,
  L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 2, HS link CRC errors: 0,
  HS link FIFO overflows: 0
Output errors:

```

```

Carrier transitions: 3, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0,
HS link FIFO underflows: 0, MTU errors: 0
Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

0 best-effort          0                0                0
1 expedited-fo         0                0                0
2 assured-forw         0                0                0
3 network-cont         354              354              0

SDH  alarms   : None
SDH  defects  : None
SDH PHY:      Seconds      Count  State
  PLL Lock    0            0  OK
  PHY Light   2            1  OK
SDH regenerator section:
  RS-BIP8     0            0
  OOF         3            8  OK
  LOS         3            2  OK
  LOF         3            2  OK
  RS-ES       3
  RS-SES      3
  RS-SEFS     3
SDH multiplex section:
  MS-BIP24    0            0
  MS-FEBE     0            0
  MS-FERF     3            2  OK
  MS-AIS      2            1  OK
  BERR-SF     0            0  OK
  BERR-SD     0            0  OK
  MS-ES       3
  MS-SES      3
  MS-UAS      0
  MS-SES-FE   3
  MS-UAS-FE   0
SDH path:
  HP-BIP8     0            0
  HP-FEBE     0            0
  HP-LOP      1            1  OK
  HP-AIS      2            1  OK
  HP-FERF     3            2  OK
  HP-UNEQ     0            0  OK
  HP-PLM      1            1  OK
  HP-ES       3
  HP-SES      3
  HP-UAS      0
  HP-ES-FE    3
  HP-SES-FE   3
  HP-UAS-FE   0
Received SDH overhead:
  F1      : 0x00, J0      : 0x00, K1      : 0x00, K2      : 0x00
  S1      : 0x00, C2      : 0xcf, C2(cmp) : 0xcf, F2      : 0x00
  Z3      : 0x00, Z4      : 0x00, S1(cmp) : 0x00
Transmitted SDH overhead:
  F1      : 0x00, J0      : 0x01, K1      : 0x00, K2      : 0x00
  S1      : 0x00, C2      : 0xcf, F2      : 0x00, Z3      : 0x00
  Z4      : 0x00
Received path trace: R2 so-0/0/0

```

```

52 32 20 73 6f 2d 30 2f 30 2f 30 00 00 00 00 00 R2 so-0/0/0.....
Transmitted path trace: R1 so-0/0/0
52 31 20 73 6f 2d 30 2f 30 2f 30 00 00 00 00 00 R1 so-0/0/0.....
HDLC configuration:
  Policing bucket: Disabled
  Shaping bucket : Disabled
  Giant threshold: 4484, Runt threshold: 3
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 0, PLP byte: 1 (0x00)
  CoS transmit queue    Bandwidth      Buffer Priority  Limit
                        %             bps    %    usec
0 best-effort           95    147744000  95     0      low  none
3 network-control      5     7776000    5     0      low  none

Logical interface so-0/0/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 43) (Generation 19)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPP
PPP parameters:
  PPP loopback clear timer: 3 sec
Protocol inet, MTU: 4470, Generation: 48, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 10.0.12.0/30, Local: 10.0.12.1, Broadcast: 10.0.12.3,
    Generation: 48
Protocol iso, MTU: 4470, Generation: 49, Route table: 0
  Flags: Protocol-Down
Protocol mpls, MTU: 4458, Generation: 50, Route table: 0
  Flags: Protocol-Down, Is-Primary
MS-ES-FE                               3

```

show interfaces brief
(SONET Mode,
Frame Relay)

```

user@host> show interfaces so-0/0/0 brief
Physical interface: so-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Link-level type: Frame-Relay, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode,
Speed: OC3, Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Enabled
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: Link-Layer-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Link flags     : Keepalives DTE
ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
LMI: Input: 29 (00:00:02 ago), Output: 28 (00:00:01 ago)
SONET alarms   : None
SONET defects  : None

Logical interface so-0/0/0.0
Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: FR-NLPID
inet  10.0.12.1      --> 10.0.12.2
iso
mpls
DLCI 16
Flags: Down, DCE-Unconfigured
Total down time: 00:04:12 sec, Last down: 00:04:12 ago

```

show interfaces
(SONET Mode,
Frame Relay)

```

user@host> show interfaces so-0/0/0
Physical interface: so-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 128, SNMP ifIndex: 66
Link-level type: Frame-Relay, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode,
Speed: OC3, Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Enabled
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: Link-Layer-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Link flags     : Keepalives DTE
ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
LMI: Input: 23 (00:00:05 ago), Output: 22 (00:00:03 ago)
DTE statistics:

```

```

    Enquiries sent                : 19
    Full enquiries sent           : 3
    Enquiry responses received    : 20
    Full enquiry responses received : 3
DCE statistics:
    Enquiries received           : 0
    Full enquiries received      : 0
    Enquiry responses sent       : 0
    Full enquiry responses sent   : 0
Common statistics:
    Unknown messages received    : 0
    Asynchronous updates received : 0
    Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
    Keepalive responses timeout  : 1
CoS queues      : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
Last flapped   : 2006-03-06 11:53:20 PST (3d 03:09 ago)
Input rate      : 0 bps (0 pps)
Output rate     : 56 bps (0 pps)
SONET alarms    : None
SONET defects   : None

Logical interface so-0/0/0.0 (Index 79) (SNMP ifIndex 43)
  Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: FR-NLPID
  Input packets : 0
  Output packets: 0
  Protocol inet, MTU: 4470
    Flags: None
    Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 10.0.12.2, Local: 10.0.12.1
  Protocol iso, MTU: 4470
    Flags: None
  Protocol mpls, MTU: 4450
  DLCI 16
    Flags: Down, DCE-Unconfigured
    Total down time: 00:03:11 sec, Last down: 00:03:11 ago
    Input packets : 0
    Output packets: 0
DLCI statistics:
  Active DLCI :0 Inactive DLCI :1

```

**show interfaces detail
(SONET Mode,
Frame Relay)**

```

user@host> show interfaces so-0/0/0 detail
Physical interface: so-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 128, SNMP ifIndex: 66, Generation: 11
  Link-level type: Frame-Relay, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode,
  Speed: OC3, Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Enabled
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Link-Layer-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : Keepalives DTE
  Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
  LMI statistics:
    Input : 33 (last seen 00:00:09 ago)
    Output: 32 (last sent 00:00:01 ago)
  DTE statistics:
    Enquiries sent                : 27
    Full enquiries sent           : 5
    Enquiry responses received    : 28
    Full enquiry responses received : 5
  DCE statistics:
    Enquiries received           : 0
    Full enquiries received      : 0

```

```

    Enquiry responses sent           : 0
    Full enquiry responses sent      : 0
Common statistics:
    Unknown messages received       : 0
    Asynchronous updates received   : 0
    Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
    Keepalive responses timedout     : 1
CoS queues      : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
Last flapped   : 2006-03-06 11:53:20 PST (3d 03:10 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes  :          495368          0 bps
    Output bytes :          2765014         56 bps
    Input packets:          41165          0 pps
    Output packets:         133530          0 pps
Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

    0 best-effort           18              18              0
    1 expedited-fo          0              0              0
    2 assured-forw          0              0              0
    3 network-cont        133506         133506              0

SONET alarms   : None
SONET defects  : None
Logical interface so-0/0/0.0 (Index 79) (SNMP ifIndex 43) (Generation 28)
Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: FR-NLPID
Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes  :          0
    Output bytes :          0
    Input packets:          0
    Output packets:         0
Local statistics:
    Input bytes  :          0
    Output bytes :          0
    Input packets:          0
    Output packets:         0
Transit statistics:
    Input bytes  :          0          0 bps
    Output bytes :          0          0 bps
    Input packets:          0          0 pps
    Output packets:         0          0 pps
Protocol inet, MTU: 4470, Generation: 49, Route table: 0
    Flags: None
    Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
        Destination: 10.0.12.2, Local: 10.0.12.1, Broadcast: Unspecified,
        Generation: 61
Protocol iso, MTU: 4470, Generation: 50, Route table: 0
    Flags: None
Protocol mpls, MTU: 4450, Generation: 51, Route table: 0
DLCI 16
    Flags: Down, DCE-Unconfigured
    Total down time: 00:04:54 sec, Last down: 00:04:54 ago
Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes  :          0
    Output bytes :          0
    Input packets:          0
    Output packets:         0

```

```

DLCI statistics:
  Active DLCI :0  Inactive DLCI :1

show interfaces
extensive (SONET Mode,
Frame Relay)
user@host> show interfaces so-0/0/0 extensive
Physical interface: so-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 128, SNMP ifIndex: 66, Generation: 11
  Link-level type: Frame-Relay, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode,
  Speed: OC3, Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Enabled
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Link-Layer-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : Keepalives DTE
  Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
  LMI statistics:
    Input : 39 (last seen 00:00:02 ago)
    Output: 36 (last sent 00:00:07 ago)
  DTE statistics:
    Enquiries sent           : 30
    Full enquiries sent      : 6
    Enquiry responses received : 33
    Full enquiry responses received : 6
  DCE statistics:
    Enquiries received       : 0
    Full enquiries received   : 0
    Enquiry responses sent    : 0
    Full enquiry responses sent : 0
  Common statistics:
    Unknown messages received : 0
    Asynchronous updates received : 0
    Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
    Keepalive responses timedout : 1
  CoS queues : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
  Last flapped : 2006-03-06 11:53:20 PST (3d 03:11 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 495452 56 bps
    Output bytes : 2765074 0 bps
    Input packets: 41171 0 pps
    Output packets: 133534 0 pps
  Label-switched interface (LSI) traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 0 0 bps
    Input packets: 0 0 pps
  Input errors:
    Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
    Bucket drops: 0, Policed discards: 0, L3 incompletes: 0,
    L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0,
    HS link FIFO overflows: 0
  Output errors:
    Carrier transitions: 3, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0,
    HS link FIFO underflows: 0, MTU errors: 0
  Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
  Queue counters:
    Queued packets  Transmitted packets  Dropped packets

    0 best-effort           18           18           0
    1 expedited-fo          0           0           0
    2 assured-forw          0           0           0
    3 network-cont         133510        133510        0

```

```

SONET alarms      : None
SONET defects     : None
SONET PHY:
  Seconds      Count  State
  PLL Lock      0      0  OK
  PHY Light     60      1  OK
SONET section:
  BIP-B1         0      0
  SEF           108     158 OK
  LOS           108      2  OK
  LOF           108      2  OK
  ES-S          108
  SES-S          108
  SEFS-S         108
SONET line:
  BIP-B2         0      0
  REI-L          0      0
  RDI-L          1      1  OK
  AIS-L         107      1  OK
  BERR-SF        0      0  OK
  BERR-SD        44      2  OK
  ES-L          108
  SES-L          108
  UAS-L          97
  ES-LFE         1
  SES-LFE         1
  UAS-LFE         0
SONET path:
  BIP-B3         0      0
  REI-P          0      0
  LOP-P          1      1  OK
  AIS-P         107      1  OK
  RDI-P          1      1  OK
  UNEQ-P         0      0  OK
  PLM-P          1      1  OK
  ES-P          108
  SES-P          108
  UAS-P          97
  ES-PFE         1
  SES-PFE         1
  UAS-PFE         0
Received SONET overhead:
  F1      : 0x00, J0      : 0x00, K1      : 0x00, K2      : 0x00
  S1      : 0x00, C2      : 0xcf, C2(cmp) : 0xcf, F2      : 0x00
  Z3      : 0x00, Z4      : 0x00, S1(cmp) : 0x00
Transmitted SONET overhead:
  F1      : 0x00, J0      : 0x01, K1      : 0x00, K2      : 0x00
  S1      : 0x00, C2      : 0xcf, F2      : 0x00, Z3      : 0x00
  Z4      : 0x00
Received path trace: R2 so-0/0/0
  52 32 20 73 6f 2d 30 2f 30 2f 30 00 00 00 00 00  R2 so-0/0/0.....
  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0d 0a .....
Transmitted path trace: R1 so-0/0/0
  52 31 20 73 6f 2d 30 2f 30 2f 30 00 00 00 00 00  R1 so-0/0/0.....
  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
HDLC configuration:
  Policing bucket: Disabled
  Shaping bucket : Disabled

```


Giant threshold: 4484, Runt threshold: 3
 Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
 Destination slot: 0, PLP byte: 1 (0x00)

CoS transmit queue		Bandwidth		Buffer	Priority	Limit
	%	bps	%	usec		
0 best-effort	95	147744000	95	0	low	none
3 network-control	5	7776000	5	0	low	none

Logical interface so-0/0/0.0 (Index 79) (SNMP ifIndex 43) (Generation 28)

Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: FR-NLPID

Traffic statistics:

Input bytes : 0
 Output bytes : 0
 Input packets: 0
 Output packets: 0

Local statistics:

Input bytes : 0
 Output bytes : 0
 Input packets: 0
 Output packets: 0

Transit statistics:

Input bytes : 0 0 bps
 Output bytes : 0 0 bps
 Input packets: 0 0 pps
 Output packets: 0 0 pps

Protocol inet, MTU: 4470, Generation: 49, Route table: 0

Flags: None

Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary

Destination: 10.0.12.2, Local: 10.0.12.1, Broadcast: Unspecified,
 Generation: 61

Protocol iso, MTU: 4470, Generation: 50, Route table: 0

Flags: None

Protocol mpls, MTU: 4450, Generation: 51, Route table: 0

DLCI 16

Flags: Down, DCE-Unconfigured

Total down time: 00:05:42 sec, Last down: 00:05:42 ago

Traffic statistics:

Input bytes : 0
 Output bytes : 0
 Input packets: 0
 Output packets: 0

DLCI statistics:

Active DLCI :0 Inactive DLCI :1

**show interfaces
 extensive
 (OC768-over-4xOC192
 Mode)**

user@host> **show interfaces so-7/0/0 extensive**

Physical interface: so-7/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up

Interface index: 163, SNMP ifIndex: 23, Generation: 186

Link-level type: Cisco-HDLC, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode, Speed:
 OC768,

Loopback: Local, FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Enabled

Device flags : Present Running

Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000

Link flags : No-Keepalives

Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms

CoS queues : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues

Last flapped : 2006-01-13 10:43:39 PST (01:05:33 ago)

Statistics last cleared: Never

Traffic statistics:

Input bytes :	76992	200 bps
Output bytes :	83707	216 bps
Input packets:	1343	0 pps

```

Output packets:          1343          0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 3885, Framing errors: 68154624, Runts: 0, Giants: 0, Bucket
drops: 0,
  Policed discards: 0, L3 incompletes: 95040248, L2 channel errors: 0, L2
mismatch timeouts: 0,
  HS link CRC errors: 0, HS link FIFO overflows: 30742070
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 1, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0, HS link FIFO
underflows: 0,
  MTU errors: 0
Egress queues: 8 supported, 4 in use
Queue counters:          Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

  0 best-effort          2              2              0

  1 expedited-fo         0              0              0

  2 assured-forw         0              0              0

  3 network-cont        1341          1341              0

SONET alarms   : None
SONET defects  : None
Link : 0
SONET alarms   : None
SONET defects  : None
SONET PHY:
Seconds      Count  State
  PLL Lock      0      0 OK
  PHY Light      0      0 OK
SONET section:
BIP-B1          0      0
SEF              2      1 OK
LOS              0      0 OK
LOF              3      2 OK
ES-S             2
SES-S            2
SEFS-S           2
SONET line:
BIP-B2          0      0
REI-L            0      0
RDI-L            1      1 OK
AIS-L            2      1 OK
BERR-SF          0      0 OK
BERR-SD          0      0 OK
ES-L             3
SES-L            3
UAS-L            0
ES-LFE           1
SES-LFE          1
UAS-LFE          0
SONET path:
BIP-B3          0      0
REI-P            0      0
LOP-P            0      0 OK
AIS-P            2      1 OK
RDI-P            0      0 OK
UNEQ-P           0      0 OK
PLM-P            0      0 OK
ES-P             3
SES-P            3

```

```

UAS-P                0
ES-PFE               0
SES-PFE              0
UAS-PFE              0
Payload pointer:
  Current pointer      : 522
  Pointer increment count : 0
  Pointer decrement count : 0
  New pointer NDF count  : 0
Received SONET overhead:
  F1      : 0x00, J0      : 0x01, K1      : 0x00, K2      : 0x00
  S1      : 0x00, C2      : 0xcf, C2(cmp) : 0xcf, F2      : 0x00
  Z3      : 0x00, Z4      : 0x00, S1(cmp) : 0x00
Transmitted SONET overhead:
  F1      : 0x00, J0      : 0x01, K1      : 0x00, K2      : 0x00
  S1      : 0x00, C2      : 0xcf, F2      : 0x00, Z3      : 0x00
  Z4      : 0x00
Received path trace: fold so-7/0/0
66 6f 6c 64 20 73 6f 2d 37 2f 30 2f 30 00 00 00  fold so-7/0/0...
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0d 0a .....
Transmitted path trace: fold so-7/0/0
66 6f 6c 64 20 73 6f 2d 37 2f 30 2f 30 00 00 00  fold so-7/0/0...
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
Link : 1
SONET alarms      : None
SONET defects     : None
SONET PHY:
  Seconds      Count  State
  PLL Lock     0       0 OK
  PHY Light    0       0 OK
SONET section:
  BIP-B1       0       0
  SEF          2       1 OK
  LOS          0       0 OK
  LOF          3       2 OK
  ES-S         2
  SES-S        2
  SEFS-S       2
SONET line:
  BIP-B2       0       0
  REI-L        0       0
  RDI-L        0       0 OK
  AIS-L        2       1 OK
  BERR-SF      0       0 OK
  BERR-SD      0       0 OK
  ES-L         3
  SES-L        3
  UAS-L        0
  ES-LFE       0
  SES-LFE      0
  UAS-LFE      0
SONET path:
  BIP-B3       0       0
  REI-P        0       0
  LOP-P        0       0 OK
  AIS-P        2       1 OK
  RDI-P        0       0 OK
  UNEQ-P       0       0 OK

```

```

PLM-P          0          0 OK
ES-P           3
SES-P           3
UAS-P           0
ES-PFE         0
SES-PFE         0
UAS-PFE         0
Payload pointer:
  Current pointer      : 522
  Pointer increment count : 0
  Pointer decrement count : 0
  New pointer NDF count  : 0
Received SONET overhead:
  F1 : 0x00, J0 : 0x01, K1 : 0x00, K2 : 0x00
  S1 : 0x00, C2 : 0xcf, C2(cmp) : 0xcf, F2 : 0x00
  Z3 : 0x00, Z4 : 0x00, S1(cmp) : 0x00
Transmitted SONET overhead:
  F1 : 0x00, J0 : 0x01, K1 : 0x00, K2 : 0x00
  S1 : 0x00, C2 : 0xcf, F2 : 0x00, Z3 : 0x00
  Z4 : 0x00
Received path trace: fold so-7/0/0
  66 6f 6c 64 20 73 6f 2d 37 2f 30 2f 30 00 00 00 fold so-7/0/0...
  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0d 0a .....
Transmitted path trace: fold so-7/0/0
  66 6f 6c 64 20 73 6f 2d 37 2f 30 2f 30 00 00 00 fold so-7/0/0...
  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
...

```

**show interfaces detail
(IPv6 Tracking)**

```

user@host> show interfaces so-0/2/0 detail
Physical interface: so-0/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 130, SNMP ifIndex: 26, Generation: 131
  Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode,
  Speed: OC3,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Enabled
  Device flags : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags : Keepalives
  Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
  Keepalive statistics:
    Input : 7 (last seen 00:00:01 ago)
    Output: 6 (last sent 00:00:08 ago)
  LCP state: Opened
  NCP state: inet: Not-configured, inet6: Opened, iso: Not- configured, mpls:
  Not-configured
  CHAP state: Closed
  PAP state: Closed
  CoS queues : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
  Last flapped : 2007-11-29 08:45:47 PST (1d 03:44 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 7407782 40 bps
    Output bytes : 7307322 48 bps
    Input packets: 107570 0 pps
    Output packets: 108893 0 pps
  IPv6 transit statistics:
    Input bytes : 57328

```

```

Output bytes : 57400
Input packets: 1024
Output packets: 1025
Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue counters:
  0 best-effort 1191 1191 0
  1 expedited-fo 0 0 0
  2 assured-forw 0 0 0
  3 network-cont 107700 107700 0
SONET alarms : None
SONET defects : None

```

```

Logical interface so-0/2/0.0 (Index 70) (SNMP ifIndex 47) (Generation 231)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol inet6, MTU: 4470, Generation: 433, Route table: 0
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: abcd::a18:104/126, Local: abcd::a18:105,
Broadcast: Unspecified, Generation: 683
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred
Destination: fe80::/64, Local: fe80::2a0:a5ff:fe56:52a,
Broadcast: Unspecified, Generation: 684

```

show interfaces (shared interface)

```

user@rsd1> show interfaces so-7/2/0
Physical interface: so-7/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Down
Interface index: 128, SNMP ifIndex: 109
Link-level type: Frame-Relay, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode,
Speed: OC192, Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Enabled
Device flags : Present Running Down
Interface flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Shared-interface : Owner
Link flags : No-Keepalives DTE
ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
LMI: Input: 0 (never), Output: 0 (never)
DTE statistics:
  Enquiries sent : 0
  Full enquiries sent : 0
  Enquiry responses received : 0
  Full enquiry responses received : 0
DCE statistics:
  Enquiries received : 0
  Full enquiries received : 0
  Enquiry responses sent : 0
  Full enquiry responses sent : 0
Common statistics:
  Unknown messages received : 0
  Asynchronous updates received : 0
  Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
  Keepalive responses timedout : 0
CoS queues : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
Last flapped : 2008-08-11 10:51:51 PDT (1w1d 04:47 ago)
Input rate : 0 bps (0 pps)
Output rate : 0 bps (0 pps)
SONET alarms : LOL, PLL
SONET defects : LOL, PLL, LOF, SEF, AIS-L, AIS-P

Logical interface so-7/2/0.0 (Index 67) (SNMP ifIndex 117)
Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: FR-NLPID
Shared interface:
  Shared with: psd5
  Tunnel token: Rx: 2.517, Tx: 1.517

```

```
Input packets : 0
Output packets: 0
DLCI 700
  Flags: Active
  Total down time: 00:01:09 sec, Last down: 284:58:21 ago
    Input packets : 0
    Output packets: 0
DLCI statistics:
  Active DLCI  :1 Inactive DLCI  :0
```

show interfaces diagnostics optics (SONET)


Syntax	show interfaces diagnostics optics <i>so-fpc/pic/port</i>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 7.5.
Description	(T Series routers only) On OC768 SONET interfaces, display 300-pin Multisource Agreement (MSA) diagnostics data and alarms. For OC192 and OC768 interfaces on the 4-port OC-192c PIC, display XFP diagnostics and data alarms.
Options	<i>so-fpc/pic/port</i> —SONET/SDH interface name.
Additional Information	<p>300-pin Multisource Agreement (MSA) optics, XENPAK MSA optics, and XFP optics are supported. The 300-pin MSA tool kit polls the PIC and the XENPAK driver polls the XENPAK transceiver in 1-second intervals for diagnostics data, alarms, and warnings and stores them into memory. The alarms will not cause the links to go down or the LEDs to change color or generate SNMP traps. Changes in alarm and warning status will generate system log messages.</p> <p>Thresholds that trigger a high alarm, low alarm, high warning, or low warning are set by the transponder vendors. Generally, a high alarm or low alarm indicates that the optics module is not operating properly. This information can be used to diagnose why a PIC is not working.</p> <p>In the output fields, when an alarm is On, this indicates an error condition. Alarm Off indicates normal operation.</p>
	<p>NOTE: The show interfaces diagnostics optics command for optical interfaces does not report the decibel (dBm) value of the received signal if the received power is zero milliwatts (0.0000 mW).</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces diagnostics optics (300-Pin MSA Optics) on page 457</p> <p>show interfaces diagnostics optics (Next-Generation SONET/SDH SFP Optics) on page 458</p> <p>show interfaces diagnostics optics (XENPAK MSA Optics) on page 458</p> <p>show interfaces diagnostics optics (XFP Optics) on page 459</p>
Output Fields	Table 87 on page 449 lists the output fields for the show interfaces diagnostics optics command when the router is operating with MSA optics. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear

Table 87: 300-Pin MSA Optics show interfaces diagnostics optics Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.

Table 87: 300-Pin MSA Optics show interfaces diagnostics optics Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description
Laser bias current	Magnitude of the laser bias power setting current, in milliamperes. This indicator is a software equivalent to the LsBIASMON pin in hardware.
Laser output power	Laser output power, in milliwatts (mW) and decibels, referenced to 1.0 mW (dBm). This is a software equivalent to the LsPOWMON pin in hardware.
Receiver signal average optical power	Average received optical power, in mW and dBm. This indicator is a software equivalent to the RxPOWMON pin in hardware. Average optical power is vendor-specific. For example: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Intel—Rx power monitor: +/- 1 dB ■ Opnext—Rx power monitor: +/- 1.5 dB
Laser end-of-life alarm	Laser end-of-life alarm: On or Off.
Laser wavelength alarm	Laser wavelength alarm: On or Off.
Laser bias current alarm	Laser bias current alarm: On or Off.
Laser temperature alarm	Laser temperature alarm: On or Off.
Laser power alarm	Laser power alarm: On or Off.
Modulator temperature alarm	(Opnext 300-pin MSA transponders only) Modulator temperature alarm: On or Off.
Modulator bias alarm	Modulator bias alarm: On or Off.
Tx multiplexer FIFO error alarm	Transmit multiplexer first in, first out (FIFO) error alarm: On or Off.
Tx loss of PLL lock alarm	Transmit loss of phase-locked loop (PLL) lock alarm: On or Off.
Rx loss of average optical power alarm	Receive loss of average optical power alarm: On or Off.
Rx loss of AC power alarm	(Opnext 300-pin MSA transponders only) Receive loss of AC power alarm: On or Off.
Rx loss of PLL lock alarm	Receive loss of phase-locked loop (PLL) lock alarm: On or Off.

Table 88 on page 451 lists the output fields for the **show interfaces diagnostics optics** command when the router is operating with next-generation SONET/SDH SFP optics. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 88: 10-Gigabit Ethernet Next-Generation SONET/SDH SFP Optics show interfaces diagnostics optics Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.
Laser bias current	Magnitude of the laser bias power setting current, in milliamperes. The laser bias provides direct modulation of laser diodes and modulates currents.
Laser output power	Laser output power, in milliwatts (mW) and decibels, referenced to 1.0 mW (dBm).
Module temperature	Temperature of the XFP optics module, in Celsius and Fahrenheit.
Module voltage	Internally measured module voltage.
Receiver signal average optical power	Average received optical power, in mW and dBm.
Laser bias current high alarm	Laser bias power setting high alarm. Displays on or off.
Laser bias current low alarm	Laser bias power setting low alarm. Displays on or off.
Laser bias current high warning	Laser bias power setting high warning. Displays on or off.
Laser bias current low warning	Laser bias power setting low warning. Displays on or off.
Laser output power high alarm	Laser output power high alarm. Displays on or off.
Laser output power low alarm	Laser output power low alarm. Displays on or off.
Laser output power high warning	Laser output power high warning. Displays on or off.
Laser output power low warning	Laser output power low warning. Displays on or off.
Module temperature high alarm	Module temperature high alarm. Displays on or off.
Module temperature low alarm	Module temperature low alarm. Displays on or off.
Module temperature high warning	Module temperature high warning. Displays on or off.
Module temperature low warning	Module temperature low warning. Displays on or off.
Module voltage high alarm	Module voltage high alarm. Displays on or off.

Table 88: 10-Gigabit Ethernet Next-Generation SONET/SDH SFP Optics show interfaces diagnostics optics Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description
Module voltage low alarm	Module voltage low alarm. Displays on or off.
Module voltage high warning	Module voltage high warning . Displays on or off.
Module voltage low warning	Module voltage high warning . Displays on or off.
Laser rx power high alarm	Receive laser power high alarm. Displays on or off.
Laser rx power low alarm	Receive laser power low alarm. Displays on or off.
Laser rx power high warning	Receive laser power high warning. Displays on or off.
Laser rx power low warning	Receive laser power low warning. Displays on or off.
Laser bias current high alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser bias current high alarm: 80.000 mA.
Laser bias current low alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser bias current low alarm: 2.000 mA.
Laser bias current high warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser bias current high warning: 70.000 mA.
Laser bias current low warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser bias current low warning: 4.000 mA.
Laser output power high alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser output power high alarm: 1.2600 mW or 1.00 dBm.
Laser output power low alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser output power low alarm: 0.0440 mW or -13.57 dBm.
Laser output power high warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser output power high warning: 0.7950 mW or -1.00 dBm.
Laser output power low warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser output power low warning: 0.0700 mW or -11.55 dBm.
Module temperature high alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the module temperature high alarm: 110° C or 230° F.
Module temperature low alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the module temperature low alarm: -40° C or -40° F.
Module temperature high warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the module temperature high warning: 93° C or 199° F.

Table 88: 10-Gigabit Ethernet Next-Generation SONET/SDH SFP Optics show interfaces diagnostics optics Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description
Module temperature low warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the module temperature low warning: -30° C or -22° F.
Module voltage high alarm threshold	Module voltage high alarm threshold: 3.900 v.
Module voltage low alarm threshold	Module voltage low alarm threshold: 2.700 v.
Module voltage high warning threshold	Module voltage high warning threshold: 3.700 v.
Module voltage low warning threshold	Module voltage high warning threshold: 2.900 v.
Laser rx power high alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser Rx power high alarm: 1.1749 mW or 0.70 dBm.
Laser rx power low alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser Rx power low alarm: 0.0039 mW or -24.09 dBm.
Laser rx power high warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser Rx power high warning: 0.7942 mW or 1.00 dBm.
Laser rx power low warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser Rx power low warning: 0.0100 mW or -20.00 dBm.

Table 89 on page 453 lists the output fields for the show interfaces diagnostics optics command generated from XENPAK MSA optics.

Table 89: XENPAK MSA Optics show interfaces diagnostics optics Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.
Laser bias current	Measured laser bias current in uA.
Laser output power	Measured laser output power in mW.
Module temperature	Internally measured module temperature.
Laser rx power	Measured receive optical power in mW.
Laser bias current high alarm	Laser bias current high alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser bias current low alarm	Laser bias current low alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.

Table 89: XENPAK MSA Optics show interfaces diagnostics optics Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description
Laser output power high alarm	Laser output power high alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser output power low alarm	Laser output power low alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Module temp high alarm	Module temperature high alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Module temp low alarm	Module temperature low alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser rx power high alarm	Laser receive power high alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser rx power low alarm	Laser receive power low alarm: On or Off. Alarm ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser bias current high warning	Laser bias current high warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser bias current low warning	Laser bias current low warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser output power high warning	Laser output power high warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser output power low warning	Laser output power low warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Module temp high warning	Module temperature high warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Module temp low warning	Module temperature low warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser rx power high warning	Laser receive power high warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.
Laser rx power low warning	Laser receive power low warning: On or Off. Warning ranges are vendor-specific.

Table 90 on page 454 lists the output fields for the **show interfaces diagnostics optics** command when the router is operating with XFP optics. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 90: XFP Optics show interfaces diagnostics optics Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.

Table 90: XFP Optics show interfaces diagnostics optics Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description
Link	(For 4-port OC-192c PIC is operating in OC768-over-4xOC192 mode) The link number. Diagnostics and alarms are displayed for each link.
Laser bias current	Magnitude of the laser bias power setting current, in milliamperes. The laser bias provides direct modulation of laser diodes and modulates currents.
Laser output power	Laser output power, in milliwatts (mW) and decibels, referenced to 1.0 mW (dBm). This is a software equivalent to the LsPOWMON pin in hardware.
Module temperature	Temperature of the XFP optics module, in Celsius and Fahrenheit.
Laser rx power	Laser received optical power, in mW and dBm.
Laser bias current high alarm	Laser bias power setting high alarm. Displays on or off.
Laser bias current low alarm	Laser bias power setting low alarm. Displays on or off.
Laser bias current high warning	Laser bias power setting high warning. Displays on or off.
Laser bias current low warning	Laser bias power setting low warning. Displays on or off.
Laser output power high alarm	Laser output power high alarm. Displays on or off.
Laser output power low alarm	Laser output power low alarm. Displays on or off.
Laser output power high warning	Laser output power high warning. Displays on or off.
Laser output power low warning	Laser output power low warning. Displays on or off.
Module temperature high alarm	Module temperature high alarm. Displays on or off.
Module temperature low alarm	Module temperature low alarm. Displays on or off.
Module temperature high warning	Module temperature high warning. Displays on or off.
Module temperature low warning	Module temperature low warning. Displays on or off.
Laser rx power high alarm	Receive laser power high alarm. Displays on or off.
Laser rx power low alarm	Receive laser power low alarm. Displays on or off.

Table 90: XFP Optics show interfaces diagnostics optics Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description
Laser rx power high warning	Receive laser power high warning. Displays on or off .
Laser rx power low warning	Receive laser power low warning. Displays on or off .
Module not ready alarm	Module not ready alarm. When on , indicates the module has an operational fault. Displays on or off .
Module power down alarm	Module power down alarm. When on , module is in a limited power mode, low for normal operation. Displays on or off .
Tx data not ready alarm	Any condition leading to invalid data on the transmit path. Displays on or off .
Tx not ready alarm	Any condition leading to invalid data on the transmit path. Displays on or off .
Tx laser fault alarm	Laser fault condition. Displays on or off .
Tx CDR loss of lock alarm	Transmit clock and data recovery (CDR) loss of lock. Loss of lock on the transmit side of the CDR. Displays on or off .
Rx not ready alarm	Any condition leading to invalid data on the receive path. Displays on or off .
Rx loss of signal alarm	Receive Loss of Signal alarm. When on , indicates insufficient optical input power to the module. Displays on or off .
Rx CDR loss of lock alarm	Receive CDR loss of lock. Loss of lock on the receive side of the CDR. Displays on or off .
Laser bias current high alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser bias current high alarm: 130.000 mA .
Laser bias current low alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser bias current low alarm: 10.000 mA .
Laser bias current high warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser bias current high warning: 120.000 mA .
Laser bias current low warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser bias current low warning: 12.000 mA .
Laser output power high alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser output power high alarm: 0.8910 mW or -0.50 dBm .
Laser output power low alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser output power low alarm: 0.2230 mW or -6.52 dBm .
Laser output power high warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser output power high warning: 0.7940 mW or -100 dBm .
Laser output power low warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser output power low warning: 0.2510 mW or -600dBm .
Module temperature high alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the module temperature high alarm: 90 °C or 194 °F .

Table 90: XFP Optics show interfaces diagnostics optics Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description
Module temperature low alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the module temperature low alarm: -5 °C or 23 °F.
Module temperature high warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the module temperature high warning: 85 °C or 185 °F.
Module temperature low warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the module temperature low warning: 0 °C or 32 °F.
Laser rx power high alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser Rx power high alarm: 1.2589 mW or 1.00 dBm.
Laser rx power low alarm threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser Rx power low alarm: 0.0323 mW or -14.91 dBm.
Laser rx power high warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser Rx power high warning: 1.1220 mW or 0.50 dBm.
Laser rx power low warning threshold	Vendor-specified threshold for the laser Rx power low warning: 0.0363 mW or -14.40 dBm.

**show interfaces
diagnostics optics
(300-Pin MSA Optics)**

```

user@host> show interfaces diagnostics optics so-4/0/0
Physical interface: so-4/0/0
Laser bias current           : 79.938 mA
Laser output power          : 1.592 mW / 2.02 dBm
Receiver signal average optical power : 1.3854 mW / 1.42 dBm
Laser end-of-life alarm      : Off
Laser wavelength alarm       : Off
Laser bias current alarm     : Off
Laser temperature alarm      : Off
Laser power alarm            : Off
Modulator temperature alarm  : Off
Modulator bias alarm         : Off
Tx multiplexer FIFO error alarm : Off
Tx loss of PLL lock alarm    : Off
Rx loss of average optical power alarm: Off
Rx loss of AC power alarm    : Off
Rx loss of PLL lock alarm    : Off

```

```

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces diagnostics optics so-1/0/0
diagnostics optics  Physical interface: so-1/0/0
(Next-Generation    Laser bias current           : 24.008 mA
SONET/SDH SFP Optics) Laser output power          : 0.2620 mW / -5.82 dBm
                        Module temperature       : 62 degrees C / 144 degrees F
                        Module voltage          : 3.3280 V
                        Receiver signal average optical power : 0.2685 mW / -5.71 dBm
                        Laser bias current high alarm          : Off
                        Laser bias current low alarm           : Off
                        Laser bias current high warning        : Off
                        Laser bias current low warning         : Off
                        Laser output power high alarm          : Off
                        Laser output power low alarm           : Off
                        Laser output power high warning        : Off
                        Laser output power low warning         : Off
                        Module temperature high alarm          : Off
                        Module temperature low alarm           : Off
                        Module temperature high warning        : Off
                        Module temperature low warning         : Off
                        Module voltage high alarm              : Off
                        Module voltage low alarm               : Off
                        Module voltage high warning            : Off
                        Module voltage low warning             : Off
                        Laser rx power high alarm              : Off
                        Laser rx power low alarm               : Off
                        Laser rx power high warning            : Off
                        Laser rx power low warning             : Off
                        Laser bias current high alarm threshold : 80.000 mA
                        Laser bias current low alarm threshold : 2.000 mA
                        Laser bias current high warning threshold : 70.000 mA
                        Laser bias current low warning threshold : 4.000 mA
                        Laser output power high alarm threshold : 1.2600 mW / 1.00 dBm
                        Laser output power low alarm threshold : 0.0440 mW / -13.57 dBm
                        Laser output power high warning threshold : 0.7950 mW / -1.00 dBm
                        Laser output power low warning threshold : 0.0700 mW / -11.55 dBm
                        Module temperature high alarm threshold : 110 degrees C / 230 degrees F
                        Module temperature low alarm threshold : -40 degrees C / -40 degrees F
                        Module temperature high warning threshold : 93 degrees C / 199 degrees F
                        Module temperature low warning threshold : -30 degrees C / -22 degrees F
                        Module voltage high alarm threshold      : 3.900 V
                        Module voltage low alarm threshold       : 2.700 V
                        Module voltage high warning threshold    : 3.700 V
                        Module voltage low warning threshold     : 2.900 V
                        Laser rx power high alarm threshold      : 1.1749 mW / 0.70 dBm
                        Laser rx power low alarm threshold       : 0.0039 mW / -24.09 dBm
                        Laser rx power high warning threshold    : 0.7942 mW / -1.00 dBm
                        Laser rx power low warning threshold     : 0.0100 mW / -20.00 dBm

```

```

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces diagnostics optics so-1/0/0
diagnostics optics  Physical interface: so-1/0/0
(XENPAK MSA Optics) Laser bias current           : 49.010 mA
                        Laser output power          : 1.263 mW / 1.01 dBm
                        Module temperature       : 17 degrees C / 62 degrees F
                        Laser rx power          : 0.060 mW / -12.21 dBm
                        Laser bias current high alarm          : Off
                        Laser bias current low alarm           : Off
                        Laser output power high alarm          : Off
                        Laser output power low alarm           : Off
                        Module temperature high alarm          : Off
                        Module temperature low alarm           : Off
                        Laser rx power high alarm              : Off

```



```

Laser rx power low alarm           : Off
Laser bias current high warning    : Off
Laser bias current low warning     : Off
Laser output power high warning    : Off
Laser output power low warning     : Off
Module temperature high warning    : Off
Module temperature low warning     : Off
Laser rx power high warning        : Off
Laser rx power low warning         : Off

```

**show interfaces
diagnostics optics
(XFP Optics)**

```
user@host> show interfaces diagnostics optics so-7/0/0
```

```
Physical interface: so-7/0/0
```

```

Link : 0
Laser bias current           : 50.776 mA
Laser output power           : 0.4030 mW / -3.95 dBm
Laser temperature            : 29.0 degrees C / 84.2 degrees F
Laser rx power               : 0.4671 mW / -3.31 dBm
Laser bias current high alarm : Off
Laser bias current low alarm  : Off
Laser bias current high warning : Off
Laser bias current low warning : Off
Laser output power high alarm  : Off
Laser output power low alarm   : Off
Laser output power high warning : Off
Laser output power low warning : Off
Laser temperature high alarm   : Off
Laser temperature low alarm    : Off
Laser temperature high warning : Off
Laser temperature low warning  : Off
Laser rx power high alarm      : Off
Laser rx power low alarm       : Off
Laser rx power high warning    : Off
Laser rx power low warning     : Off
Module not ready alarm         : Off
Module power down alarm        : Off
Tx data not ready alarm        : Off
Tx not ready alarm             : Off
Tx laser fault alarm           : Off
Tx CDR loss of lock alarm      : Off
Rx not ready alarm             : Off
Rx loss of signal alarm        : Off
Rx CDR loss of lock alarm      : Off
Laser bias current high alarm threshold : 130.000 mA
Laser bias current low alarm threshold  : 10.000 mA
Laser bias current high warning threshold : 120.000 mA
Laser bias current low warning threshold : 12.000 mA
Laser output power high alarm threshold : 0.8910 mW / -0.50 dBm
Laser output power low alarm threshold  : 0.2230 mW / -6.52 dBm
Laser output power high warning threshold : 0.7940 mW / -1.00 dBm
Laser output power low warning threshold : 0.2510 mW / -6.00 dBm
Laser temperature high alarm threshold : 90.0 degrees C / 194.0 degrees F
Laser temperature low alarm threshold  : -5.0 degrees C / 23.0 degrees F
Laser temperature high warning threshold : 85.0 degrees C / 185.0 degrees F
Laser temperature low warning threshold : 0.0 degrees C / 32.0 degrees F
Laser rx power high alarm threshold    : 1.2589 mW / 1.00 dBm
Laser rx power low alarm threshold     : 0.0323 mW / -14.91 dBm
Laser rx power high warning threshold  : 1.1220 mW / 0.50 dBm
Laser rx power low warning threshold   : 0.0363 mW / -14.40 dBm

```

```
...
```


Part 8

ATM Interfaces

- ATM Interface Operational Mode Commands on page 463
- ILMI Interface Operational Mode Commands on page 515

Chapter 12

ATM Interface Operational Mode Commands

Table 91 on page 463 summarizes the command-line interface (CLI) commands you can use to monitor and troubleshoot Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM) interfaces on M Series and T Series routers, and ATM-over-asymmetrical digital subscriber line (ADSL) and ATM-over-symmetric high-speed digital subscriber line (SHDSL) interfaces on the J Series routers. An ATM-over-ADSL interface and an ATM-over-SHDSL interface is configured over an underlying ATM interface.

Table 91: ATM Interface Operational Mode Commands

Task	Command
Display status information about ATM interfaces.	<code>show interfaces (ATM)</code>
Display status information about ATM-over-ADSL interfaces.	<code>show interfaces (ATM-over-ADSL)</code>
Display status information about ATM-over-SHDSL interfaces.	<code>show interfaces (ATM-over-SHDSL)</code>

ATM-over-ADSL interfaces are used to transport Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) frames or Point-to-Point Protocol over ATM (PPPoA) frames over an ADSL loop and a digital subscriber line access multiplexer (DSLAM). Both PPPoE and PPPoA connect multiple hosts on an Ethernet LAN to a remote site through the J Series Services Router. The hosts share a common digital subscriber line (DSL), a cable modem, or a wireless connection to the Internet.

ATM-over-SHDSL interfaces are used to transport network traffic through a point-to-point connection to a DSL access multiplexer (DSLAM).



NOTE: For information about monitoring and troubleshooting PPPoE interfaces (pp0), which are used in conjunction with ATM-over-ADSL interfaces, see *PPPoE Interface Operational Mode Commands*. For more information about monitoring and troubleshooting ATM interfaces, see “Investigate ATM Interfaces” in the *JUNOS Interfaces Network Operations Guide*.

show interfaces (ATM)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>at-fpc/pic/port</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified ATM interface.
Options	<p><i>at-fpc/pic/port</i>—Display standard information about the specified ATM interface.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display the SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces (ATM, IMA Group) on page 480</p> <p>show interfaces (ATM1, SONET Mode) on page 480</p> <p>show interfaces brief (ATM1, SONET Mode) on page 481</p> <p>show interfaces detail (ATM1, SONET Mode) on page 481</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (ATM1, SONET Mode) on page 482</p> <p>show interfaces (ATM2, SDH Mode) on page 484</p> <p>show interfaces brief (ATM2, SDH Mode) on page 485</p> <p>show interfaces detail (ATM2, SDH Mode) on page 486</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (ATM2, SDH Mode) on page 487</p> <p>show interfaces (ATM2, SONET Mode) on page 490</p> <p>show interfaces brief (ATM2, SONET Mode) on page 491</p> <p>show interfaces detail (ATM2, SONET Mode) on page 492</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (ATM2, SONET Mode) on page 494</p>
Output Fields	Table 92 on page 464 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (ATM) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 92: ATM show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels

Table 92: ATM show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Description	Configured interface description.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Link-level type	Encapsulation being used on the physical interface: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ ATM-CCC-CELL-RELAY—ATM cell relay for CCC. ■ ATM-CCC-VC-MUX—ATM virtual circuit (VC) for CCC. ■ ATM-CISCO-NLPID—Cisco-compatible ATM NLPID encapsulation. ■ ATM-MIPP-LLC—ATM MLPPP over ATM Adaptation Layer 5 (AAL5)/logical link control (LLC). ■ ATM-NLPID—ATM NLPID encapsulation. ■ ATM-PPP-LLC—ATM PPP over AAL5/LLC. ■ ATM-PPP-VC-MUX—ATM PPP over raw AAL5. ■ ATM-PVC—ATM permanent virtual circuits. ■ ATM-SNAP—ATM LLC/SNAP encapsulation. ■ ATM-TCC-SNAP—ATM LLC/SNAP for translational cross-connection. ■ ATM-TCC-VC-MUX—ATM VC for translational cross-connection. ■ ATM-VC-MUX—ATM VC multiplexing. ■ ETHER-OVER-ATM-LLC—Ethernet over ATM (LLC/SNAP) encapsulation. ■ ETHER-VPLS-OVER-ATM-LLC—Ethernet VPLS over ATM (bridging) encapsulation. 	All levels
MTU	MTU size on the physical interface.	All levels
Clocking	Reference clock source: Internal or External .	All levels
framing Mode	Framing mode: SONET or SDH .	All levels
Speed	Speed at which the interface is running as represented by the interface type (for example, OC3 , ADSL2+ , and SHDSL(2-wire)).	All levels
Loopback	Whether loopback is enabled and the type of loopback (local or remote).	All levels
Payload scrambler	Whether payload scrambling is enabled.	All levels
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
CoS queues	Number of CoS queues configured.	detail extensive none

Table 92: ATM show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Current address	Ethernet MAC address for this interface for Ethernet over ATM encapsulation.	detail extensive none
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is <i>Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago)</i> . For example, <i>Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago)</i> .	detail extensive none
Input Rate	Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps).	None specified
Output Rate	Output rate in bps and pps.	None specified
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	Statistics for traffic on the interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Input errors	Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and frame check sequence (FCS) errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's random early detection (RED) mechanism. ■ Invalid VCs—Number of cells that arrived for a nonexistent VC. ■ Framing errors—Sum of AAL5 packets that have FCS errors, reassembly timeout errors, and length errors. ■ Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the JUNOS Software does not handle. ■ L3 incompletes—Number of incoming packets discarded because they failed Layer 3 (usually IPv4) sanity checks of the header. For example, a frame with less than 20 bytes of available IP header is discarded. ■ L2 channel errors—Number of times the software did not find a valid logical interface for an incoming frame. ■ L2 mismatch timeouts—Number of malformed or short packets that caused the incoming packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive

Table 92: ATM show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Output errors	<p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If it increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC or PIM is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Aged packets—Number of packets that remained in shared packet SDRAM so long that the system automatically purged them. The value in this field should never increment. If it does, it is most likely a software bug or possibly malfunctioning hardware. ■ MTU errors—Number of packets larger than the MTU threshold. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Egress queues	Total number of egress queues supported on the specified interface.	detail extensive
Queue counters	<p>CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Queued packets—Number of queued packets. ■ Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. ■ Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. <p>NOTE: Physical interface queue counters of ATM2 PICs displayed by the show interfaces at-fpc/pic/port detail command show the packet forwarding stream statistics associated with the ATM2 ports. Since multiple ports of the ATM2 PICs (except for the ATM2 dual-port OC12) share one packet forwarding stream, the physical interface queue counters reflect the aggregate of ATM2 port statistics.</p>	detail extensive
SONET alarms	SONET media-specific defects that prevent the interface from passing packets. When a defect persists for a certain period, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router or light the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. See these fields for possible alarms and defects: SONET PHY , SONET section , SONET line , and SONET path .	detail extensive none
SONET defects		

Table 92: ATM show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
SONET PHY	<p>Counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PLL Lock—Phase-locked loop ■ PHY Light—Loss of optical signal 	extensive
SONET section	<p>Counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ BIP-B1—Bit interleaved parity for SONET section overhead ■ SEF—Severely errored framing ■ LOL—Loss of light ■ LOF—Loss of frame ■ ES-S—Errored seconds (section) ■ SES-S—Severely errored seconds (section) ■ SEFS-S—Severely errored framing seconds (section) 	extensive
SONET line	<p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ BIP-B2—Bit interleaved parity for SONET line overhead ■ REI-L—Remote error indication (near-end line) ■ RDI-L—Remote defect indication (near-end line) ■ AIS-L—Alarm indication signal (near-end line) ■ BERR-SF—Bit error rate fault signal failure ■ BERR-SD—Bit error rate defect signal degradation ■ ES-L—Errored seconds (near-end line) ■ SES-L—Severely errored seconds (near-end line) ■ UAS-L—Unavailable seconds (near-end line) ■ ES-LFE—Errored seconds (far-end line) ■ SES-LFE—Severely errored seconds (far-end line) ■ UAS-LFE—Unavailable seconds (far-end line) 	extensive

Table 92: ATM show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
SONET path	<p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ BIP-B3—Bit interleaved parity for SONET section overhead ■ REI-P—Remote error indication ■ LOP-P—Loss of pointer (path) ■ AIS-P—Path alarm indication signal ■ RDI-P—Path remote defect indication ■ UNEQ-P—Path unequipped ■ PLMP—Path payload label mismatch ■ ES-P—Errored seconds (near-end STS path) ■ SES-P—Severely errored seconds (near-end STS path) ■ UAS-P—Unavailable seconds (near-end STS path) ■ ES-PFE—Errored seconds (far-end STS path) ■ SES-PFE—Severely errored seconds (far-end STS path) ■ UAS-PFE—Unavailable seconds (far-end STS path) 	extensive
Received SONET overhead	<p>Values of the received and transmitted SONET overhead:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ C2—Signal label. Allocated to identify the construction and content of the STS-level SPE and for PDI-P. 	extensive
Transmitted SONET overhead	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ F1—Section user channel byte. This byte is set aside for the purposes of users. ■ K1 and K2—These bytes are allocated for APS signaling for the protection of the multiplex section. ■ J0—Section trace. This byte is defined for STS-1 number 1 of an STS-N signal. Used to transmit a 1-byte fixed-length string or a 16-byte message so that a receiving terminal in a section can verify its continued connection to the intended transmitter. ■ S1—Synchronization status. The S1 byte is located in the first STS-1 of an STS-N. ■ Z3 and Z4—Allocated for future use. 	
SDH alarms	<p>SDH media-specific defects that can prevent the interface from passing packets. When a defect persists for a certain period, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router or light the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. See these fields for possible alarms and defects: SDH PHY, SDH regenerator section, SDH multiplex section, and SDH path.</p>	All levels
SDH defects		

Table 92: ATM show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
SDH PHY	<p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PLL Lock—Phase-locked loop ■ PHY Light—Loss of optical signal 	extensive
SDH regenerator section	<p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ RS-BIP8—24-bit BIP for multiplex section overhead (B2 bytes) ■ OOF—Out of frame ■ LOS—Loss of signal ■ LOF—Loss of frame ■ RS-ES—Errored seconds (near-end regenerator section) ■ RS-SES—Severely errored seconds (near-end regenerator section) ■ RS-SEFS—Severely errored framing seconds (regenerator section) 	extensive

Table 92: ATM show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
SDH multiplex section	<p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ MS-BIP24—8-bit BIP for high-order path overhead (B3 byte) ■ MS-FEBE—Far-end block error (multiplex section) ■ MS-FERF—Far-end remote fail (multiplex section) ■ MS-AIS—alarm indication signal (multiplex section) ■ BERR-SF—Bit error rate fault (signal failure) ■ BERR-SD—Bit error rate defect (signal degradation) ■ MS-ES—Errored seconds (near-end multiplex section) ■ MS-SES—Severely errored seconds (near-end multiplex section) ■ MS-UAS—Unavailable seconds (near-end multiplex section) ■ MS-ES-FE—Errored seconds (far-end multiplex section) ■ MS-SES-FE—Severely errored seconds (far-end multiplex section) ■ MS-UAS-FE—Unavailable seconds (far-end multiplex section) 	extensive
SDH path	<p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ HP-BIP8—8-bit BIP for regenerator section overhead (B1 byte) ■ HP-FEBE—Far-end block error (high-order path) ■ HP-LOP—Loss of pointer (high-order path) ■ HP-AIS—High-order-path alarm indication signal ■ HP-FERF—Far-end remote fail (high-order path) ■ HP-UNEQ—Unequipped (high-order path) ■ HP-PLM—Payload label mismatch (high-order path) ■ HP-ES—Errored seconds (near-end high-order path) ■ HP-SES—Severely errored seconds (near-end high-order path) ■ HP-UAS—Unavailable seconds (near-end high-order path) ■ HP-ES-FE—Errored seconds (far-end high-order path) ■ HP-SES-FE—Severely errored seconds (far-end high-order path) ■ HP-UAS-FE—Unavailable seconds (far-end high-order path) 	extensive

Table 92: ATM show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Received SDH overhead	Values of the received and transmitted SONET overhead:	extensive
Transmitted SDH overhead	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ C2—Signal label. Allocated to identify the construction and content of the STS-level SPE and for PDI-P. ■ F1—Section user channel byte. This byte is set aside for the purposes of users. ■ K1 and K2—These bytes are allocated for APS signaling for the protection of the multiplex section. ■ J0—Section trace. This byte is defined for STS-1 number 1 of an STS-N signal. Used to transmit a 1-byte fixed-length string or a 16-byte message so that a receiving terminal in a section can verify its continued connection to the intended transmitter. ■ S1—Synchronization status. The S1 byte is located in the first STS-1 of an STS-N. ■ Z3 and Z4—Allocated for future use. 	
Received path trace	SONET/SDH interfaces allow path trace bytes to be sent inband across the SONET/SDH link. Juniper Networks and other router manufacturers use these bytes to help diagnose misconfigurations and network errors by setting the transmitted path trace message so that it contains the system hostname and name of the physical interface. The received path trace value is the message received from the router at the other end of the fiber. The transmitted path trace value is the message that this router transmits.	extensive
Transmitted path trace		
ATM Status	ATM state information: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ HCS State—Status of the header check sequence. ATM uses the HCS field in the cell header in the cell delineation process to frame ATM cell boundaries. The HCS is an FCS-8 calculation over the first four octets of the ATM cell header. ■ LOC—Current loss of cell (LOC) delineation state. OK means that no LOC is currently asserted. 	extensive

Table 92: ATM show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
ATM Statistics	<p>ATM statistics for the interface:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Uncorrectable HCS errors—Number of cells dropped because the cell delineation failed. These errors most likely indicate that a SONET/SDH layer problem has occurred. ■ Correctable HCS errors—Number of correctable HCS errors that occurred. The cell delineation process can recover from these errors and locate the ATM cell boundary, although the framing process is not quite stable. The ATM cell is not dropped. This counter increases when the cell delineation process changes its state from present to sync (for example, when a cable is plugged into the interface). <p>The following error statistics are from the framer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Tx cell FIFO overruns—Number of overruns in the transmit FIFO. ■ Rx cell FIFO overruns—Number of overruns in the receive FIFO. ■ Rx cell FIFO underruns—Number of underruns in the receive FIFO. ■ Input cell count—Number of ATM cells received by the interface (not including idle cells). ■ Output cell count—Number of ATM cells transmitted by the interface (not including idle cells). ■ Output idle cell count—Number of idle cells sent by the port. When ATM has nothing to send, it sends idle cells to fill the time slot. ■ Output VC queue drops—Number of packets dropped by a port on the PIC. Packets are dropped because of queue limits on the VCs. <p>The following error statistics are from the SAR:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input no buffers—Number of AAL5 packets dropped because no channel blocks or buffers were available to handle them. ■ Input length errors—Number of AAL5 packets dropped because their length was incorrect. Usually, these errors occur because a cell has been corrupted or lost, or because the length field was corrupted. They can also mean the AAL5 length field was zero. ■ Input timeouts—Number of AAL5 packets dropped because of a reassembly timeout. ■ Input invalid VCs—Number of AAL5 packets dropped because the header was unrecognized (because the VC was not correct or not configured). ■ Input bad CRCs—Number of AAL5 packets dropped because of frame check sequence errors. ■ Input OAM cell no buffers—Number of received OAM cells or raw cells dropped because no buffers were available to handle them. ■ L2 circuit out-of-sequence packets—(Layer 2 AAL5 mode) Number of AAL5 packets that are out of sequential order. 	extensive

Table 92: ATM show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration	<p>Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Destination slot—FPC slot number. ■ CoS transmit queue—Queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. ■ <i>bandwidth %</i>—Percentage of bandwidth allocated to the queue. The default is 25 percent. ■ Bandwidth <i>bps</i>—Bandwidth allocated to the queue (in bps). ■ <i>buffer%</i>—Percentage of buffer space allocated to the queue. The default is 25 percent. ■ Buffer <i>usec</i>—Amount of buffer space allocated to the queue, in microseconds. This value is nonzero only if the buffer size is configured in terms of time. ■ Priority—Queue priority: <i>low</i> or <i>high</i>. ■ Limit—Displayed if rate limiting is configured for the queue: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ <i>exact</i>—The queue transmits only up to the configured bandwidth, even if excess bandwidth is available. ■ <i>none</i>—The queue transmits beyond the configured bandwidth if bandwidth is available. 	extensive

Table 92: ATM show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
VPI	<p>(ATM2) Virtual path identifier information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Flags—VPI flags can be one or more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Active (virtual path is up) ■ OAM (operation and maintenance is enabled) ■ Shaping (shaping is configured) ■ CBR, Peak ■ OAM, Period—Interval at which OAM F4 loopback cells are sent. ■ Up count—Number of F4 OAM cells required to consider the virtual path up; the range is 1 through 255. ■ Down count—Number of F4 OAM cells required to consider the virtual path down; the range is 1 through 255. ■ Total down time—Total number of seconds the VPI has been down since it was opened, using the format Total down time: hh:mm:ss or Never. ■ Last down—Time of last Down transition, using the format Last down: hh:mm:ss ago or Never. ■ OAM F4 cell statistics—(Nonpromiscuous mode) OAM F4 statistics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Total received—Number of OAM4 cells received. ■ Total sent—Number of OAM F4 cells sent. ■ Loopback received—Number of OAM F4 loopback cells received. ■ Loopback sent—Number of OAM F4 loopback cells sent. ■ Last received—Time at which the last OAM F4 cell was received. ■ Last sent—Time at which the last OAM F4 cell was sent. ■ RDI received—Number of OAM F4 cells received with the Remote Defect Indication bit set. ■ RDI sent—Number of OAM F4 cells sent with the RDI bit set. ■ AIS received—Number of OAM F4 cells received with the Alarm Indication Signal bit set. ■ AIS sent—Number of OAM F4 cells sent with the AIS bit set. <p>Traffic statistics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the VPI. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the VPI. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the VPI. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the VPI. 	detail extensive none
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive

Table 92: ATM show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Input packets	Number of packets received on the logical interface.	None specified
Output packets	Number of packets transmitted on the logical interface.	None specified
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	All levels
Traffic statistics	Total number of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface. These statistics are the sum of the local and transit statistics. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Local statistics	Statistics for traffic received from and transmitted to the Routing Engine. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Transit statistics	Statistics for traffic transiting the router. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Input packets	Number of packets received on the logical interface.	None specified
Output packets	Number of packets transmitted on the logical interface.	None specified
<i>protocol-family</i>	Protocol family configured on the logical interface. If the protocol is <i>inet</i> , the IP address of the interface is also displayed.	brief
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route table	Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table <i>inet.0</i> .	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Addresses, Flags	Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Broadcast	Broadcast address.	detail extensive none

Table 92: ATM show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
VCI	<p>Virtual circuit identifier number and information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Flags—VCI flags: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Active—VCI is up and in working condition. ■ CCC down—VCI CCC is not in working condition. ■ Closed—VCI is closed because the user disabled the logical or physical interface from the CLI. ■ Configured—VCI is configured. ■ Down—VCI is not in working condition. The VCI might have alarms, defects, F5 AIS/RDI, or no response to OAM loopback cells. ■ ILMI—VCI is up and in working condition. ■ OAM—OAM loopback is enabled. ■ Multicast—VCI is a multicast VCI or DLCI. ■ Multipoint destination—VCI is configured as a multipoint destination. ■ None—No VCI flags. ■ Passive-OAM—Passive OAM is enabled. ■ Shaping—Shaping is enabled. ■ Sustained—Shaping rate is set to sustained. ■ Unconfigured—VCI is not configured. ■ Total down time—Total number of seconds the VCI has been down, using the format Total down time: hh:mm:ss or Never. ■ Last down—Time of last Down transition, using the format Last down: hh:mm:ss. ■ EPD threshold—(ATM2 only) Threshold at which a packet is dropped when the queue size (in number of cells) exceeds the early packet-discard (EPD) value. 	All levels

Table 92: ATM show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
VCI (continued)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Transmit weight cells—(ATM2 only) Amount of bandwidth assigned to this queue. ■ ATM per-VC transmit statistics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Tail queue packet drops—Number of packets dropped because of bandwidth constraints. Indicates that packets are queued to send out at a rate faster than allowed. ■ OAM F4 cell statistics—(Nonpromiscuous mode) OAM F4 statistics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Total received—Number of OAM4 cells received. ■ Total sent—Number of OAM F4 cells sent. ■ Loopback received—Number of OAM F4 loopback cells received. ■ Loopback sent—Number of OAM F4 loopback cells sent. ■ Last received—Time at which the last OAM F4 cell was received. ■ Last sent—Time at which the last OAM F4 cell was sent. ■ RDI received—Number of OAM F4 cells received with the Remote Defect Indication bit set. ■ RDI sent—Number of OAM F4 cells sent with the RDI bit set. ■ AIS received—Number of OAM F4 cells received with the Alarm Indication Signal bit set. ■ AIS sent—Number of OAM F4 cells sent with the AIS bit set. ■ Traffic statistics—Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	All levels

Table 92: ATM show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
IMA group properties	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Version—The specified IMA specification version, either IMA 1.0 or IMA 1.1. ■ Frame length—Displays the specified frame size, which can be 32, 64, 128, or 256. ■ Differential delay—Maximum differential delay among links in milliseconds. ■ Symmetry—Either Common Transmit Clock or Independent Transmit Clock timing mode. ■ Transmit clock—The specified IMA clock mode, either common or independent. ■ Minimum links—The number of minimum active links specified in both transmit and receive directions. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Transmit—The per PIC limit on the number of minimum active links in the transmit direction. ■ Recieve—The per PIC limit on the number of minimum active links in the receive direction. ■ Frame synchronization—The specified IMA frame synchronization state transition variables (Alpha, Beta, and Gamma) and their specified values. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Alpha—The number of consecutive invalid ICP cells for IFSM. ■ Beta—The number of consecutive errored ICP cells for IFSM. ■ Gamma—The number of consecutive valid ICP cells for IFSM. ■ Links—The number of IMA links assigned to the IMA group. 	detail extensive none
IMA group alarms	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Start-up-FE—Far-end group alarm status ■ Config-Aborted—Near-end configuration aborted group alarm status ■ Config-Aborted-FE—Far-end configuration aborted group alarm status ■ Insufficient-Links—Near-end insufficient links group alarm status ■ Insufficient-Links-FE—Far-end insufficient links group alarm status ■ Blocked-FE—Far-end blocked group alarm status ■ GR-Timing-Mismatch—Group timing mismatch alarm status 	detail extensive none
IMA group defects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Start-up-FE—Far-end group defect status ■ Config-Aborted—Near-end configuration aborted group defect status ■ Config-Aborted-FE—Far-end configuration aborted group defect status ■ Insufficient-Links—Near-end insufficient links group defect status ■ Insufficient-Links-FE—Far-end insufficient links group defect status ■ Blocked-FE—Far-end blocked group defect status ■ GR-Timing-Mismatch—Group timing mismatch defect status 	detail extensive none
IMA Group state	Near-end and far-end group status	detail extensive none

Table 92: ATM show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
IMA group media	IMA group media status, including seconds, count and state for the following media parameters: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ FC ■ FC-FE ■ Addr-Mismatch ■ Running ■ UAS 	detail extensive none

```

show interfaces (ATM, IMA Group) user@host> show interfaces at-1/0/0
Physical interface: at-1/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
IMA group properties:
  Version           : 1.1
  Frame length      : 128
  Differential delay : 25 milliseconds
  Symmetry          : Symmetrical Configuration and Operation
  Transmit clock    : Common
  Minimum links     : Transmit: 1, Receive: 1
  Frame synchronization: Alpha: 2, Beta: 2, Gamma: 1
  Links            : None
IMA group alarms   : Start-up-FE Config-Aborted Config-Aborted-FE
Insufficient-Links Insufficient-Links-FE Blocked-FE GR-Timing-Mismatch
IMA group defects : Start-up-FE Config-Aborted Config-Aborted-FE
Insufficient-Links Insufficient-Links-FE Blocked-FE GR-Timing-Mismatch
IMA Group state:
  Near end : Start up
  Far end  : Start up
IMA group media:
  Seconds      Count  State
  FC           0
  FC-FE        0
  Addr-Mismatch 0
  Running      0
  UAS          0

```

```

show interfaces (ATM1, SONET Mode) user@host> show interfaces at-1/0/0
Physical interface: at-1/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 300, SNMP ifIndex: 194
Description: to allspice at-1/0/0
Link-level type: ATM-PVC, MTU: 4482, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode,
Speed: OC3, Loopback: None, Payload scrambler: Enabled
Device flags   : Present Running
Link flags     : None
CoS queues     : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
Current address: 00:05:85:02:38:7e
Last flapped   : 2006-02-24 14:28:12 PST (6d 01:51 ago)
Input rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)
Output rate    : 0 bps (0 pps)
SONET alarms   : None
SONET defects  : None

Logical interface at-1/0/0.0 (Index 64) (SNMP ifIndex 204)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ATM-SNAP
Input packets : 0

```

```

Output packets: 0
Protocol inet, MTU: 4470
  Flags: None
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 192.168.220.24/30, Local: 192.168.220.26,
    Broadcast: 192.168.220.27
Protocol iso, MTU: 4470
  Flags: None
VCI 0.128
  Flags: Active
Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
Input packets : 0
Output packets: 0

```

**show interfaces brief
(ATM1, SONET Mode)**

```

user@host> show interfaces at-1/0/0 brief
Physical interface: at-1/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Description: to allspice at-1/0/0
  Link-level type: ATM-PVC, MTU: 4482, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode,
  Speed: OC3, Loopback: None, Payload scrambler: Enabled
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Link flags     : None

Logical interface at-1/0/0.0
  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ATM-SNAP
  inet 192.168.220.26/30
  iso
  VCI 0.128
  Flags: Active
  Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never

```

**show interfaces detail
(ATM1, SONET Mode)**

```

user@host> show interfaces at-1/0/0 detail
Physical interface: at-1/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 300, SNMP ifIndex: 194, Generation: 183
  Description: to allspice at-1/0/0
  Link-level type: ATM-PVC, MTU: 4482, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode,
  Speed: OC3, Loopback: None, Payload scrambler: Enabled
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Link flags     : None
  CoS queues     : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
  Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Current address: 00:05:85:02:38:7e
  Last flapped   : 2006-02-24 14:28:12 PST (6d 01:55 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 0 0 bps
    Output bytes : 0 0 bps
    Input packets: 0 0 pps
    Output packets: 0 0 pps
  Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
  Queue counters:

```

	Queued packets	Transmitted packets	Dropped packets
0 best-effort	0	0	0
1 expedited-fo	0	0	0
2 assured-forw	0	0	0
3 network-cont	0	0	0

```

  SONET alarms   : None
  SONET defects  : None

```

```

Logical interface at-1/0/0.0 (Index 64) (SNMP ifIndex 204) (Generation 5)
  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ATM-SNAP
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0
    Input packets: 0
    Output packets: 0
  Local statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0
    Input packets: 0
    Output packets: 0
  Transit statistics:
    Input bytes : 0 0 bps
    Output bytes : 0 0 bps
    Input packets: 0 0 pps
    Output packets: 0 0 pps
  Protocol inet, MTU: 4470, Generation: 13, Route table: 0
    Flags: None
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
      Destination: 192.168.220.24/30, Local: 192.168.220.26,
      Broadcast: 192.168.220.27, Generation: 14
  Protocol iso, MTU: 4470, Generation: 14, Route table: 0
    Flags: None
  VCI 0.128
    Flags: Active
    Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
    ATM per-VC transmit statistics:
      Tail queue packet drops: 0
    Traffic statistics:
      Input bytes : 0
      Output bytes : 0
      Input packets: 0
      Output packets: 0

```

**show interfaces
extensive
(ATM1, SONET Mode)**

```

user@host> show interfaces at-1/0/0 extensive
Physical interface: at-1/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 300, SNMP ifIndex: 194, Generation: 183
Description: to allspice at-1/0/0
Link-level type: ATM-PVC, MTU: 4482, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode,
Speed: OC3, Loopback: None, Payload scrambler: Enabled
Device flags : Present Running
Link flags : None
CoS queues : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: 00:05:85:02:38:7e
Last flapped : 2006-02-24 14:28:12 PST (6d 01:56 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes : 0 0 bps
  Output bytes : 0 0 bps
  Input packets: 0 0 pps
  Output packets: 0 0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Invalid VCs: 0, Framing errors: 0, Policed discards: 0,
  L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0,
  Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 1, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0, MTU errors: 0,

```



```

Resource errors: 0
Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

  0 best-effort              0              0              0
  1 expedited-fo            0              0              0
  2 assured-forw            0              0              0
  3 network-cont            0              0              0

SONET alarms   : None
SONET defects  : None
SONET PHY:
Seconds      Count  State
  PLL Lock      0      0 OK
  PHY Light     0      0 OK
SONET section:
BIP-B1         0      0
SEF            0      0 OK
LOS            0      0 OK
LOF            0      0 OK
ES-S           0
SES-S          0
SEFS-S         0
SONET line:
BIP-B2         0      0
REI-L          0      0
RDI-L          0      0 OK
AIS-L          0      0 OK
BERR-SF        0      0 OK
BERR-SD        0      0 OK
ES-L           0
SES-L          0
UAS-L          0
ES-LFE         0
SES-LFE        0
UAS-LFE        0
SONET path:
BIP-B3         0      0
REI-P          0      0
LOP-P          0      0 OK
AIS-P          0      0 OK
RDI-P          0      0 OK
UNEQ-P         1      1 OK
PLM-P          0      0 OK
ES-P           1
SES-P          1
UAS-P          0
ES-PFE         0
SES-PFE        0
UAS-PFE        0
Received SONET overhead:
F1   : 0x00, J0      : 0x00, K1      : 0x00, K2      : 0x00
S1   : 0x00, C2      : 0x13, C2(cmp) : 0x13, F2      : 0x00
Z3   : 0x00, Z4      : 0x00, S1(cmp) : 0x00
Transmitted SONET overhead:
F1   : 0x00, J0      : 0x01, K1      : 0x00, K2      : 0x00
S1   : 0x00, C2      : 0x13, F2      : 0x00, Z3      : 0x00
Z4   : 0x00

```

```

ATM status:
  HCS state:      Sync
  LOC      :      OK
ATM Statistics:
  Uncorrectable HCS errors: 0, Correctable HCS errors: 0,
  Tx cell FIFO overruns: 0, Rx cell FIFO overruns: 0,
  Rx cell FIFO underruns: 0, Input cell count: 0, Output cell count: 0,
  Output idle cell count: 0, Output VC queue drops: 0, Input no buffers: 0,
  Input length errors: 0, Input timeouts: 0, Input invalid VCs: 0,
  Input bad CRCs: 0, Input OAM cell no buffers: 0
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 1
  CoS transmit queue      Bandwidth      Buffer      Priority      Limit
                           %                bps        %          usec
0 best-effort             95          147744000  95           0           low    none
3 network-control         5           7776000   5            0           low    none

Logical interface at-1/0/0.0 (Index 64) (SNMP ifIndex 204) (Generation 5)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ATM-SNAP
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
Local statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
Transit statistics:
  Input bytes : 0 0 bps
  Output bytes : 0 0 bps
  Input packets: 0 0 pps
  Output packets: 0 0 pps
Protocol inet, MTU: 4470, Generation: 13, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 192.168.220.24/30, Local: 192.168.220.26,
    Broadcast: 192.168.220.27, Generation: 14
Protocol iso, MTU: 4470, Generation: 14, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
VCI 0.128
  Flags: Active
  Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
  ATM per-VC transmit statistics:
    Tail queue packet drops: 0
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0
    Input packets: 0
    Output packets: 0

```

show interfaces
(ATM2, SDH Mode)

```

user@host> show interfaces at-0/2/1
Physical interface: at-0/2/1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 154, SNMP ifIndex: 42
Link-level type: ATM-PVC, MTU: 4482, Clocking: Internal, SDH mode, Speed: OC3,

Loopback: None, Payload scrambler: Enabled
Device flags : Present Running
Link flags   : None
CoS queues   : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues

```

```

Current address: 00:05:85:8f:30:3f
Last flapped   : 2006-03-24 13:29:58 PST (00:04:48 ago)
Input rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)
Output rate    : 0 bps (0 pps)
SDH alarms     : None
SDH defects    : None
  VPI 0
    Flags: Active
    Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input packets:          0
  Output packets:         0

Logical interface at-0/2/1.0 (Index 75) (SNMP ifIndex 51)
  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: ATM-SNAP
  Input packets : 0
  Output packets: 0
  Protocol inet, MTU: 4470
    Flags: None
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
      Destination: 10.0.12.6, Local: 10.0.12.5
  Protocol iso, MTU: 4470
    Flags: None
  VCI 0.128
    Flags: Active
    Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
    EPD threshold: 2129, Transmit weight cells: 0
      Input packets : 0
      Output packets: 0

Logical interface at-0/2/1.32767 (Index 76) (SNMP ifIndex 50)
  Flags: Point-To-Multipoint No-Multicast SNMP-Traps 0x4000
  Encapsulation: ATM-VCMUX
  Input packets : 0
  Output packets: 0
  VCI 0.4
    Flags: Active
    Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
    EPD threshold: 0, Transmit weight cells: 0
      Input packets : 0
      Output packets: 0

```

**show interfaces brief
(ATM2, SDH Mode)**

```

user@host> show interfaces at-0/2/1 brief
Physical interface: at-0/2/1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Link-level type: ATM-PVC, MTU: 4482, Clocking: Internal, SDH mode,
Speed: OC3, Loopback: None, Payload scrambler: Enabled
Device flags   : Present Running
Link flags     : None
Logical interface at-0/2/1.0
  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: ATM-SNAP
  inet 10.0.12.5      --> 10.0.12.6
  iso
  VCI 0.128
    Flags: Active
    Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
    EPD threshold: 2129, Transmit weight cells: 0

Logical interface at-0/2/1.32767
  Flags: Point-To-Multipoint No-Multicast SNMP-Traps 0x4000
  Encapsulation: ATM-VCMUX
  VCI 0.4

```

```

Flags: Active
Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
EPD threshold: 0, Transmit weight cells: 0

```

**show interfaces detail
(ATM2, SDH Mode)**

```

user@host> show interfaces at-0/2/1 detail
Physical interface: at-0/2/1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 154, SNMP ifIndex: 42, Generation: 40
  Link-level type: ATM-PVC, MTU: 4482, Clocking: Internal, SDH mode, Speed: OC3,

  Loopback: None, Payload scrambler: Enabled
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Link flags     : None
  CoS queues     : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
  Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Current address: 00:05:85:8f:30:3f
  Last flapped  : 2006-03-24 13:29:58 PST (00:05:10 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   :                0                0 bps
    Output bytes  :                0                0 bps
    Input packets :                0                0 pps
    Output packets:                0                0 pps
  Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
  Queue counters:
    Queued packets  Transmitted packets  Dropped packets

    0 best-effort   0                  0                  0
    1 expedited-fo  0                  0                  0
    2 assured-forw  0                  0                  0
    3 network-cont  0                  0                  0

  SDH  alarms   : None
  SDH  defects  : None
  VPI 0
    Flags: Active
    Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
    Traffic statistics:
      Input bytes   :                0
      Output bytes  :                0
      Input packets :                0
      Output packets:                0

  Logical interface at-0/2/1.0 (Index 75) (SNMP ifIndex 51) (Generation 25)
    Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: ATM-SNAP
    Traffic statistics:
      Input bytes   :                0
      Output bytes  :                0
      Input packets :                0
      Output packets:                0
    Local statistics:
      Input bytes   :                0
      Output bytes  :                0
      Input packets :                0
      Output packets:                0
    Transit statistics:
      Input bytes   :                0                0 bps
      Output bytes  :                0                0 bps
      Input packets :                0                0 pps
      Output packets:                0                0 pps

```

```

Protocol inet, MTU: 4470, Generation: 62, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 10.0.12.6, Local: 10.0.12.5, Broadcast: Unspecified,
    Generation: 58
Protocol iso, MTU: 4470, Generation: 63, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
VCI 0.128
  Flags: Active
  Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
  EPD threshold: 2129, Transmit weight cells: 0
  ATM per-VC transmit statistics:
    Tail queue packet drops: 0
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0
    Input packets: 0
    Output packets: 0
Logical interface at-0/2/1.32767 (Index 76) (SNMP ifIndex 50) (Generation 26)
  Flags: Point-To-Multipoint No-Multicast SNMP-Traps 0x4000
  Encapsulation: ATM-VCMUX
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0
    Input packets: 0
    Output packets: 0
  Local statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0
    Input packets: 0
    Output packets: 0
VCI 0.4
  Flags: Active
  Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
  EPD threshold: 0, Transmit weight cells: 0
  ATM per-VC transmit statistics:
    Tail queue packet drops: 0
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0
    Input packets: 0
    Output packets: 0

```

```

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces at-0/2/1 extensive
extensive           Physical interface: at-0/2/1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
(ATM2, SDH Mode)   Interface index: 154, SNMP ifIndex: 42, Generation: 40
                      Link-level type: ATM-PVC, MTU: 4482, Clocking: Internal, SDH mode, Speed: OC3,

                      Loopback: None, Payload scrambler: Enabled
                      Device flags : Present Running
                      Link flags : None
                      CoS queues : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
                      Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
                      Current address: 00:05:85:8f:30:3f
                      Last flapped : 2006-03-24 13:29:58 PST (00:06:49 ago)
                      Statistics last cleared: Never
                      Traffic statistics:
                        Input bytes : 0 0 bps
                        Output bytes : 0 0 bps
                        Input packets: 0 0 pps
                        Output packets: 0 0 pps

```

Input errors:

Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Invalid VCs: 0, Framing errors: 0, Policed discards: 0,

L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0,

Resource errors: 0

Output errors:

Carrier transitions: 3, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0, MTU errors: 0,

Resource errors: 0

Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use

Queue counters:	Queued packets	Transmitted packets	Dropped packets
0 best-effort	0	0	0
1 expedited-fo	0	0	0
2 assured-forw	0	0	0
3 network-cont	0	0	0

SDH alarms : None

SDH defects : None

SDH PHY:	Seconds	Count	State
PLL Lock	0	0	OK
PHY Light	1	1	OK

SDH regenerator section:

RS-BIP8	2	8828	
OOF	2	2	OK
LOS	2	1	OK
LOF	2	1	OK
RS-ES	4		
RS-SES	3		
RS-SEFS	2		

SDH multiplex section:

MS-BIP24	2	771	
MS-FEBE	1	17476	
MS-FERF	2	1	OK
MS-AIS	2	1	OK
BERR-SF	0	0	OK
BERR-SD	0	0	OK
MS-ES	4		
MS-SES	2		
MS-UAS	0		
MS-ES-FE	3		
MS-SES-FE	2		
MS-UAS-FE	0		

SDH path:

HP-BIP8	1	6	
HP-FEBE	1	251	
HP-LOP	0	0	OK
HP-AIS	2	1	OK
HP-FERF	3	2	OK
HP-UNEQ	1	1	OK
HP-PLM	2	1	OK
HP-ES	4		
HP-SES	3		
HP-UAS	0		
HP-ES-FE	3		
HP-SES-FE	3		
HP-UAS-FE	0		

Received SDH overhead:

```

F1      : 0x00, J0      : 0x00, K1      : 0x00, K2      : 0x00
S1      : 0x00, C2      : 0x13, C2(cmp) : 0x13, F2      : 0x00
Z3      : 0x00, Z4      : 0x00, S1(cmp) : 0x00
Transmitted SDH overhead:
F1      : 0x00, J0      : 0x01, K1      : 0x00, K2      : 0x00
S1      : 0x00, C2      : 0x13, F2      : 0x00, Z3      : 0x00
Z4      : 0x00
ATM status:
HCS state: Sync
LOC      : OK
ATM Statistics:
Uncorrectable HCS errors: 0, Correctable HCS errors: 0,
Tx cell FIFO overruns: 0, Rx cell FIFO overruns: 0,
Rx cell FIFO underruns: 0, Input cell count: 0, Output cell count: 0,
Output idle cell count: 0, Output VC queue drops: 0, Input no buffers: 0,
Input length errors: 0, Input timeouts: 0, Input invalid VCs: 0,
Input bad CRCs: 0, Input OAM cell no buffers: 0
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
Destination slot: 0
VPI 0
Flags: Active
Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes : 0
Output bytes : 0
Input packets: 0
Output packets: 0

Logical interface at-0/2/1.0 (Index 75) (SNMP ifIndex 51) (Generation 25)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: ATM-SNAP
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes : 0
Output bytes : 0
Input packets: 0
Output packets: 0
Local statistics:
Input bytes : 0
Output bytes : 0
Input packets: 0
Output packets: 0
Transit statistics:
Input bytes : 0 0 bps
Output bytes : 0 0 bps
Input packets: 0 0 pps
Output packets: 0 0 pps
Protocol inet, MTU: 4470, Generation: 62, Route table: 0
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 10.0.12.6, Local: 10.0.12.5, Broadcast: Unspecified,
Generation: 58
Protocol iso, MTU: 4470, Generation: 63, Route table: 0
Flags: None
VCI 0.128
Flags: Active
Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
EPD threshold: 2129, Transmit weight cells: 0
ATM per-VC transmit statistics:
Tail queue packet drops: 0
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes : 0
Output bytes : 0

```

```

        Input packets:                0
        Output packets:               0
Logical interface at-0/2/1.32767 (Index 76) (SNMP ifIndex 50) (Generation 26)
Flags: Point-To-Multipoint No-Multicast SNMP-Traps 0x4000
Encapsulation: ATM-VCMUX
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :                      0
  Output bytes :                     0
  Input packets:                     0
  Output packets:                    0
Local statistics:
  Input bytes :                      0
  Output bytes :                     0
  Input packets:                     0
  Output packets:                    0
VCI 0.4
Flags: Active
Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
EPD threshold: 0, Transmit weight cells: 0
ATM per-VC transmit statistics:
Tail queue packet drops: 0
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :                      0
  Output bytes :                     0
  Input packets:                     0
  Output packets:                    0

```

```

show interfaces user@host> show interfaces at-0/3/1
(ATM2, SONET Mode) Physical interface: at-0/3/1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 139, SNMP ifIndex: 67
Link-level type: ATM-PVC, MTU: 4482, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode,
Speed: OC3, Loopback: None, Payload scrambler: Enabled
Device flags   : Present Running
Link flags     : None
CoS queues     : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
Current address: 00:14:f6:22:58:5e
Last flapped   : 2006-03-13 17:46:36 PST (16:01:12 ago)
Input rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)
Output rate    : 0 bps (0 pps)
SONET alarms   : None
SONET defects  : None
VPI 0
Flags: Active, OAM, Shaping
CBR, Peak: 50kbps
OAM, Period 30 sec, Up count: 10, Down count: 10
Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
OAM F4 cell statistics:
Total received: 4, Total sent: 4
Loopback received: 4, Loopback sent: 4
RDI received: 0, RDI sent: 0
AIS received: 0
Traffic statistics:
  Input packets:                4
  Output packets:               30
VPI 10
Flags: Active
Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input packets:                0
  Output packets:               0
Logical interface at-0/3/1.0 (Index 78) (SNMP ifIndex 77)

```



```

Flags: Point-To-Point Copy-PLP-To-CLP SNMP-Traps 0x4000
Encapsulation: ATM-SNAP
Input packets : 0
Output packets: 0
Protocol inet, MTU: 4470
  Flags: None
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 10.0.59.5, Local: 10.0.59.6
Protocol iso, MTU: 4470
  Flags: None
VCI 0.128
  Flags: Active
  Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
  EPD threshold: 2129, Transmit weight cells: 10
  Input packets : 0
  Output packets: 0

```

```

Logical interface at-0/3/1.32767 (Index 79) (SNMP ifIndex 76)
Flags: Point-To-Multipoint Copy-PLP-To-CLP No-Multicast SNMP-Traps 0x4000
Encapsulation: ATM-VCMUX
Input packets : 4
Output packets: 30
VCI 0.16
  Flags: Active, ILMI
  Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
  EPD threshold: 0, Transmit weight cells: 0
  Input packets : 0
  Output packets: 26
VCI 0.4
  Flags: Active, OAM
  OAM, Period 30 sec, Up count: 10, Down count: 10
  Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
  EPD threshold: 2129, Transmit weight cells: 0
  Input packets : 4
  Output packets: 4
OAM F4 cell statistics:
  Total received: 4, Total sent: 4
  Loopback received: 4, Loopback sent: 4
  RDI received: 0, RDI sent: 0
  AIS received: 0, AIS sent: 0

```

**show interfaces brief
(ATM2, SONET Mode)**

```

user@host> show interfaces at-0/3/1 brief
Physical interface: at-0/3/1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Link-level type: ATM-PVC, MTU: 4482, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode,
Speed: OC3, Loopback: None, Payload scrambler: Enabled
Device flags   : Present Running
Link flags     : None

```

```

Logical interface at-0/3/1.0
Flags: Point-To-Point Copy-PLP-To-CLP SNMP-Traps 0x4000
Encapsulation: ATM-SNAP
inet 10.0.59.6      --> 10.0.59.5
iso
VCI 0.128
  Flags: Active
  Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
  EPD threshold: 2129, Transmit weight cells: 10

```

```

Logical interface at-0/3/1.32767
Flags: Point-To-Multipoint Copy-PLP-To-CLP No-Multicast SNMP-Traps 0x4000
Encapsulation: ATM-VCMUX

```

```

VCI 0.16
  Flags: Active, ILMI
  Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
  EPD threshold: 0, Transmit weight cells: 0
VCI 0.4
  Flags: Active, OAM
  Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
  EPD threshold: 2129, Transmit weight cells: 0

```

**show interfaces detail
(ATM2, SONET Mode)**

```

user@host> show interfaces at-0/3/1 detail
Physical interface: at-0/3/1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 139, SNMP ifIndex: 67, Generation: 22
Link-level type: ATM-PVC, MTU: 4482, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode,
Speed: OC3, Loopback: None, Payload scrambler: Enabled
Device flags   : Present Running
Link flags     : None
CoS queues     : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: 00:14:f6:22:58:5e
Last flapped   : 2006-03-13 17:46:36 PST (16:02:39 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes   :                312                0 bps
  Output bytes  :               2952                0 bps
  Input packets :                 6                0 pps
  Output packets:                50                0 pps
Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

  0 best-effort                44                44                0
  1 expedited-fo                 0                 0                0
  2 assured-forw                 0                 0                0
  3 network-cont                 6                 6                0

SONET alarms   : None
SONET defects  : None
VPI 0
  Flags: Active, OAM, Shaping
  CBR, Peak: 50kbps
  OAM, Period 30 sec, Up count: 10, Down count: 10
  Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
OAM F4 cell statistics:
  Total received: 6, Total sent: 6
  Loopback received: 6, Loopback sent: 6
  Last received: 00:00:29, Last sent: 00:00:29
  RDI received: 0, RDI sent: 0
  AIS received: 0
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   :                312
    Output bytes  :               2952
    Input packets :                 6
    Output packets:                50
VPI 10
  Flags: Active
  Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   :                 0
    Output bytes  :                 0

```

```

        Input packets:                0
        Output packets:               0

Logical interface at-0/3/1.0 (Index 78) (SNMP ifIndex 77) (Generation 20)
Flags: Point-To-Point Copy-PLP-To-CLP SNMP-Traps 0x4000
Encapsulation: ATM-SNAP
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :                      0
  Output bytes :                     0
  Input packets:                     0
  Output packets:                    0
Local statistics:
  Input bytes :                      0
  Output bytes :                     0
  Input packets:                     0
  Output packets:                    0
Transit statistics:
  Input bytes :                      0                      0 bps
  Output bytes :                     0                      0 bps
  Input packets:                     0                      0 pps
  Output packets:                    0                      0 pps
Protocol inet, MTU: 4470, Generation: 38, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 10.0.59.5, Local: 10.0.59.6, Broadcast: Unspecified,
    Generation: 44
Protocol iso, MTU: 4470, Generation: 39, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
VCI 0.128
  Flags: Active
  Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
  EPD threshold: 2129, Transmit weight cells: 10
  ATM per-VC transmit statistics:
    Tail queue packet drops: 0
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes :                      0
    Output bytes :                     0
    Input packets:                     0
    Output packets:                    0
Logical interface at-0/3/1.32767 (Index 79) (SNMP ifIndex 76) (Generation 21)
Flags: Point-To-Multipoint Copy-PLP-To-CLP No-Multicast SNMP-Traps 0x4000
Encapsulation: ATM-VCMUX
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :                      360
  Output bytes :                     3302
  Input packets:                      6
  Output packets:                     50
Local statistics:
  Input bytes :                      360
  Output bytes :                     3302
  Input packets:                      6
  Output packets:                     50
VCI 0.16
  Flags: Active, ILMI
  Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
  EPD threshold: 0, Transmit weight cells: 0
  ATM per-VC transmit statistics:
    Tail queue packet drops: 0
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes :                      0
    Output bytes :                     2640

```

```

      Input  packets:           0
      Output packets:          44
VCI 0.4
  Flags: Active, OAM
  OAM, Period 30 sec, Up count: 10, Down count: 10
  Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
  EPD threshold: 2129, Transmit weight cells: 0
  ATM per-VC transmit statistics:
    Tail queue packet drops: 0
  Traffic statistics:
    Input  bytes  :           312
    Output bytes  :           312
    Input  packets:            6
    Output packets:            6
  OAM F4 cell statistics:
    Total received: 6, Total sent: 6
    Loopback received: 6, Loopback sent: 6
    Last received: 00:00:29, Last sent: 00:00:29
    RDI received: 0, RDI sent: 0
    AIS received: 0, AIS sent: 0

```

**show interfaces
extensive
(ATM2, SONET Mode)**

```

user@host> show interfaces at-0/3/1 extensive
Physical interface: at-0/3/1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 139, SNMP ifIndex: 67, Generation: 22
Link-level type: ATM-PVC, MTU: 4482, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode,
Speed: OC3, Loopback: None, Payload scrambler: Enabled
Device flags   : Present Running
Link flags     : None
CoS queues     : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: 00:14:f6:22:58:5e
Last flapped   : 2006-03-13 17:46:36 PST (16:04:12 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input  bytes  :           520           0 bps
  Output bytes  :          4240           0 bps
  Input  packets:            10           0 pps
  Output packets:            72           0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Invalid VCs: 0, Framing errors: 0, Policed discards: 0,

  L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0,
  Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 1, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0, MTU errors: 0,

  Resource errors: 0
Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue counters:

```

	Queued packets	Transmitted packets	Dropped packets
0 best-effort	62	62	0
1 expedited-fo	0	0	0
2 assured-forw	0	0	0
3 network-cont	10	10	0

```

SONET alarms   : None
SONET defects   : None
SONET PHY:
      Seconds      Count  State

```

```

    PLL Lock                0          0 OK
    PHY Light               0          0 OK
SONET section:
    BIP-B1                 0          0
    SEF                    0          0 OK
    LOS                    0          0 OK
    LOF                    0          0 OK
    ES-S                   0
    SES-S                  0
    SEFS-S                  0
SONET line:
    BIP-B2                 0          0
    REI-L                  0          0
    RDI-L                  0          0 OK
    AIS-L                  0          0 OK
    BERR-SF                0          0 OK
    BERR-SD                0          0 OK
    ES-L                   0
    SES-L                  0
    UAS-L                  0
    ES-LFE                 0
    SES-LFE                0
    UAS-LFE                0
SONET path:
    BIP-B3                 0          0
    REI-P                  0          0
    LOP-P                  0          0 OK
    AIS-P                  0          0 OK
    RDI-P                  0          0 OK
    UNEQ-P                 1          1 OK
    PLM-P                  0          0 OK
    ES-P                   1
    SES-P                  1
    UAS-P                  0
    ES-PFE                 0
    SES-PFE                0
    UAS-PFE                0
Received SONET overhead:
    F1      : 0x00, J0      : 0x00, K1      : 0x00, K2      : 0x00
    S1      : 0x00, C2      : 0x13, C2(cmp) : 0x13, F2      : 0x00
    Z3      : 0x00, Z4      : 0x00, S1(cmp) : 0x00
Transmitted SONET overhead:
    F1      : 0x00, J0      : 0x01, K1      : 0x00, K2      : 0x00
    S1      : 0x00, C2      : 0x13, F2      : 0x00, Z3      : 0x00
    Z4      : 0x00
ATM status:
    HCS state:      Sync
    LOC           :      OK
ATM Statistics:
    Uncorrectable HCS errors: 0, Correctable HCS errors: 0,
    Tx cell FIFO overruns: 0, Rx cell FIFO overruns: 0,
    Rx cell FIFO underruns: 0, Input cell count: 0, Output cell count: 0,
    Output idle cell count: 0, Output VC queue drops: 0, Input no buffers: 0,
    Input length errors: 0, Input timeouts: 0, Input invalid VCs: 0,
    Input bad CRCs: 0, Input OAM cell no buffers: 0
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
    Destination slot: 0
    VPI 0
    Flags: Active, OAM, Shaping
    CBR, Peak: 50kbps
    OAM, Period 30 sec, Up count: 10, Down count: 10

```

```

    Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
OAM F4 cell statistics:
    Total received: 10, Total sent: 10
    Loopback received: 10, Loopback sent: 10
    Last received: 00:00:02, Last sent: 00:00:02
    RDI received: 0, RDI sent: 0
    AIS received: 0
    Traffic statistics:
        Input bytes :           520
        Output bytes :          4240
        Input packets:           10
        Output packets:          72
VPI 10
Flags: Active
Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes :           0
    Output bytes :           0
    Input packets:           0
    Output packets:          0

Logical interface at-0/3/1.0 (Index 78) (SNMP ifIndex 77) (Generation 20)
Flags: Point-To-Point Copy-PLP-To-CLP SNMP-Traps 0x4000
Encapsulation: ATM-SNAP
Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes :           0
    Output bytes :           0
    Input packets:           0
    Output packets:          0
Local statistics:
    Input bytes :           0
    Output bytes :           0
    Input packets:           0
    Output packets:          0
Transit statistics:
    Input bytes :           0                0 bps
    Output bytes :           0                0 bps
    Input packets:           0                0 pps
    Output packets:          0                0 pps
Protocol inet, MTU: 4470, Generation: 38, Route table: 0
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 10.0.59.5, Local: 10.0.59.6, Broadcast: Unspecified,
    Generation: 44
Protocol iso, MTU: 4470, Generation: 39, Route table: 0
Flags: None
VCI 0.128
Flags: Active
Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
EPD threshold: 2129, Transmit weight cells: 10
ATM per-VC transmit statistics:
    Tail queue packet drops: 0
Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes :           0
    Output bytes :           0
    Input packets:           0
    Output packets:          0

Logical interface at-0/3/1.32767 (Index 79) (SNMP ifIndex 76) (Generation 21)
Flags: Point-To-Multipoint Copy-PLP-To-CLP No-Multicast SNMP-Traps 0x4000
Encapsulation: ATM-VCMUX

```

```

Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :          660
  Output bytes :         5473
  Input packets:          11
  Output packets:         83
Local statistics:
  Input bytes :          660
  Output bytes :         5473
  Input packets:          11
  Output packets:         83
VCI 0.16
  Flags: Active, ILMI
  Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
  EPD threshold: 0, Transmit weight cells: 0
  ATM per-VC transmit statistics:
    Tail queue packet drops: 0
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes :          0
    Output bytes :         4320
    Input packets:          0
    Output packets:         72
VCI 0.4
  Flags: Active, OAM
  OAM, Period 30 sec, Up count: 10, Down count: 10
  Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
  EPD threshold: 2129, Transmit weight cells: 0
  ATM per-VC transmit statistics:
    Tail queue packet drops: 0
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes :          572
    Output bytes :          572
    Input packets:          11
    Output packets:          11
OAM F4 cell statistics:
  Total received: 11, Total sent: 11
  Loopback received: 11, Loopback sent: 11
  Last received: 00:00:18, Last sent: 00:00:18
  RDI received: 0, RDI sent: 0
  AIS received: 0, AIS sent: 0

```

show interfaces (ATM-over-ADSL)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>at-pim/0/port</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(J Series routers) Display status information about the specified ATM-over-asynchronous DSL (ADSL) interface.
Options	<p><i>at-pim/0/port</i>—Display standard information about the specified ADSL interface.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display the SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces (ATM-over-ADSL) on page 499</p> <p>show interfaces brief (ATM-over-ADSL) on page 500</p> <p>show interfaces detail (ATM-over-ADSL) on page 501</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (ATM-over-ADSL) on page 502</p>
Output Fields	Table 93 on page 498 lists only output fields that are specific to the show interfaces (ATM-over-ADSL) command. For information about all other output fields, see Table 92 under the show interfaces (ATM) command.

Table 93: ATM-over-ADSL show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
ADSL alarms	Number and type of ADSL alarms. See “ADSL media” for details.	detail extensive none
ADSL defects	Number and type of ADSL defects. See “ADSL media” for details.	detail extensive none

Table 93: ATM-over-ADSL show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
ADSL status	<p>Operational information for ATM-over-ADSL interfaces.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Modem status—Status of the modem: Down, Training, or Showtime. ■ DSL mode—Configured line type of the digital subscriber line: adsl2plus, ansi-dmt, auto, itu-dmt, or itu-dmt-bis. ■ Last fail code—Reason for failure: ATU-C not detected, incompatible line condition, protocol error, message error, spurious ATU detected, forced silence, unselectable operation mode, or none. ■ Subfunction—Specified analog front-end chip and discrete front. ■ Seconds in showtime—Number of seconds the ADSL connection is in showtime. 	detail extensive none
ADSL media	<p>Information about ADSL media-specific defects that can prevent the interface from passing packets. The following information is displayed for each defect:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. A state other than OK indicates a problem. <p>The possible defects are as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ LOF—Loss of frame. ■ LOS—Loss of signal. ■ LOM—Loss of multiframe. ■ LOP—Loss of pointer. ■ LOCDI—Loss of cell delineation for an interleaved channel. ■ LOCDNI—Loss of cell delineation for a noninterleaved channel. 	extensive
ADSL Statistics	<p>Information about the ADSL terminal unit-remote (ATU-R) at the far end of the connection and the ADSL terminal unit-central office (ATU-C) at the near end:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Attenuation (dB)—Attenuation in decibels. ■ Capacity used (%)—Percentage of capacity used. ■ Noise margin (dB)—Maximum extraneous signal allowed without causing the output to deviate from an allowable level, in decibels. ■ Output power (dBm)—Amount of power used by the ATM-over-ADSL interface. ■ Bit rate (kbps)—Speed of data transfer on the ATM-over-ADSL interface, in kilobits per second. ■ CRC—Number of cyclic redundancy check errors. ■ FEC—Number of forward error corrections. ■ HEC—Number of header error checksums. ■ Received cells—Number of cells received through the interface. ■ Transmitted cells—Number of cells sent through the interface. 	detail extensive

show interfaces (ATM-over-ADSL) user@host> **show interfaces at-5/0/0**
Physical interface: at-5/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Down
Interface index: 149, SNMP ifIndex: 68

```

Link-level type: ATM-PVC, MTU: 4482, Clocking: Internal, ADSL mode,
Speed: ADSL2+, Loopback: None
Device flags   : Present Running Down
Link flags     : None
CoS queues     : 8 supported, 8 in use
Current address: 00:05:85:c3:85:84
Last flapped   : 2005-12-19 15:36:02 PST (12w0d 18:33 ago)
Input rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)
Output rate    : 0 bps (0 pps)
ADSL alarms    : None
ADSL defects   : None
ADSL status:
  Modem status  : Training
  DSL mode      : Adsl2plus  Annex A
  Last fail code: ATU-C not detected
  Subfunction   : 0x00
  Seconds in showtime : 0

```

```

Logical interface at-5/0/0.0 (Index 70) (SNMP ifIndex 71)
  Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Multipoint SNMP-Traps 0x4000
  Encapsulation: Ether-over-ATM-LLC
  Input packets : 0
  Output packets: 0
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
  Flags: None
  VCI 0.128
  Flags: Active, Multicast
  Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
  Input packets : 0
  Output packets: 0

```

```

Logical interface at-5/0/0.32767 (Index 71) (SNMP ifIndex 70)
  Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Multipoint No-Multicast SNMP-Traps 0x4000
  Encapsulation: ATM-VCMUX
  Input packets : 0
  Output packets: 0
  VCI 0.4
  Flags: Active
  Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
  Input packets : 0
  Output packets: 0

```

**show interfaces brief
(ATM-over-ADSL)**

```

user@host> show interfaces at-5/0/0 brief
Physical interface: at-5/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Down
Link-level type: ATM-PVC, MTU: 4482, Clocking: Internal, ADSL mode,
Speed: ADSL2+, Loopback: None
Device flags   : Present Running Down
Link flags     : None
Logical interface at-5/0/0.0
  Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Multipoint SNMP-Traps 0x4000
  Encapsulation: Ether-over-ATM-LLC
  inet
  VCI 0.128
  Flags: Active, Multicast
  Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never

Logical interface at-5/0/0.32767
  Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Multipoint No-Multicast SNMP-Traps 0x4000
  Encapsulation: ATM-VCMUX
  VCI 0.4

```

Flags: Active
Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never

**show interfaces detail
(ATM-over-ADSL)**

```
user@host> show interfaces at-5/0/0 detail
Physical interface: at-5/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Down
Interface index: 149, SNMP ifIndex: 68, Generation: 30
Link-level type: ATM-PVC, MTU: 4482, Clocking: Internal, ADSL mode,
Speed: ADSL2+, Loopback: None
Device flags   : Present Running Down
Link flags     : None
CoS queues    : 8 supported, 8 in use
Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: 00:05:85:c3:85:84
Last flapped  : 2005-12-19 15:36:02 PST (12w0d 18:33 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes   :                0                0 bps
  Output bytes  :                0                0 bps
  Input packets :                0                0 pps
  Output packets:                0                0 pps
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets  Dropped packets

  0 best-effort      0                0                0
  1 expedited-fo     0                0                0
  2 assured-forw     0                0                0
  3 network-cont     0                0                0
  4 be-class         0                0                0
  5 ef-class         0                0                0
  6 af-class         0                0                0

ADSL alarms   : None
ADSL defects  : None
ADSL status:
  Modem status : Training
  DSL mode     : Adsl2plus  Annex A
  Last fail code: ATU-C not detected
  Subfunction  : 0x00
  Seconds in showtime : 0
ADSL Statistics:
  Attenuation (dB) :                0.0                0.0
  Capacity used (%) :                0                0
  Noise margin (dB) :                0.0                0.0
  Output power (dBm) :                0.0                0.0

  Interleave      Fast  Interleave      Fast
  Bit rate (kbps) :                0                0                0
  CRC              :                0                0                0
  FEC              :                0                0                0
  HEC              :                0                0                0
  Received cells   :                0                0
  Transmitted cells :                0                0

Logical interface at-5/0/0.0 (Index 70) (SNMP ifIndex 71) (Generation 8)
Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Multipoint SNMP-Traps 0x4000
Encapsulation: Ether-over-ATM-LLC
```

```

Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
Local statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
Transit statistics:
  Input bytes : 0 0 bps
  Output bytes : 0 0 bps
  Input packets: 0 0 pps
  Output packets: 0 0 pps
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 12, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
VCI 0.128
  Flags: Active, Multicast
  Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
  ATM per-VC transmit statistics:
  Tail queue packet drops: 0
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0
    Input packets: 0
    Output packets: 0

```

```

Logical interface at-5/0/0.32767 (Index 71) (SNMP ifIndex 70) (Generation 9)
  Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Multipoint No-Multicast SNMP-Traps 0x4000
  Encapsulation: ATM-VCMUX
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0
    Input packets: 0
    Output packets: 0
  Local statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0
    Input packets: 0
    Output packets: 0
  VCI 0.4
    Flags: Active
    Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
    ATM per-VC transmit statistics:
    Tail queue packet drops: 0
    Traffic statistics:
      Input bytes : 0
      Output bytes : 0
      Input packets: 0
      Output packets: 0

```

```

show interfaces extensive (ATM-over-ADSL)
user@host> show interfaces at-5/0/0 extensive
Physical interface: at-5/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Down
  Interface index: 149, SNMP ifIndex: 68, Generation: 30
  Link-level type: ATM-PVC, MTU: 4482, Clocking: Internal, ADSL mode,
  Speed: ADSL2+, Loopback: None
  Device flags : Present Running Down
  Link flags : None
  CoS queues : 8 supported, 8 in use
  Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms

```

```

Current address: 00:05:85:c3:85:84
Last flapped   : 2005-12-19 15:36:02 PST (12w0d 18:34 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes   :                0                0 bps
Output bytes  :                0                0 bps
Input packets :                0                0 pps
Output packets:                0                0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Invalid VCs: 0, Framing errors: 0, Policed discards: 0,
  L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0, Resource
errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0, MTU errors: 0,
  Resource errors: 0
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

  0 best-effort              0              0              0
  1 expedited-fo             0              0              0
  2 assured-forw             0              0              0
  3 network-cont             0              0              0
  4 be-class                 0              0              0
  5 ef-class                 0              0              0
  6 af-class                 0              0              0

ADSL alarms   : None
ADSL defects  : None
ADSL media:
Seconds      Count  State
LOF          0      0 OK
LOS          0      0 OK
LOM          0      0 OK
LOP          0      0 OK
LOC DI       0      0 OK
LOC DNI      0      0 OK
ADSL status:
Modem status  : Training
DSL mode      : Adsl2plus  Annex A
Last fail code: ATU-C not detected
Subfunction   : 0x00
Seconds in showtime : 0
ADSL Statistics:
ATU-R      ATU-C
Attenuation (dB) :      0.0      0.0
Capacity used (%) :      0      0
Noise margin (dB) :      0.0      0.0
Output power (dBm) :      0.0      0.0

Interleave  Fast  Interleave  Fast
Bit rate (kbps) :      0      0      0      0
CRC             :      0      0      0      0
FEC             :      0      0      0      0
HEC             :      0      0      0      0
Received cells  :      0      0
Transmitted cells :      0      0
ATM status:
HCS state:      Hunt

```

```

LOC      :      OK
ATM Statistics:
  Uncorrectable HCS errors: 0, Correctable HCS errors: 0,
  Tx cell FIFO overruns: 0, Rx cell FIFO overruns: 0,
  Rx cell FIFO underruns: 0, Input cell count: 0, Output cell count: 0,
  Output idle cell count: 0, Output VC queue drops: 0, Input no buffers: 0,
  Input length errors: 0, Input timeouts: 0, Input invalid VCs: 0,
  Input bad CRCs: 0, Input OAM cell no buffers: 0

```

Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:

Destination slot: 5

CoS transmit queue	%	Bandwidth bps	%	Buffer usec	Priority	Limit
0 best-effort	95	7600000	95	0	low	none
3 network-control	5	400000	5	0	low	none

Logical interface at-5/0/0.0 (Index 70) (SNMP ifIndex 71) (Generation 8)

Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Multipoint SNMP-Traps 0x4000

Encapsulation: Ether-over-ATM-LLC

Traffic statistics:

```

Input bytes :      0
Output bytes :      0
Input packets:      0
Output packets:     0

```

Local statistics:

```

Input bytes :      0
Output bytes :      0
Input packets:      0
Output packets:     0

```

Transit statistics:

```

Input bytes :      0      0 bps
Output bytes :      0      0 bps
Input packets:      0      0 pps
Output packets:     0      0 pps

```

Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 12, Route table: 0

Flags: None

VCI 0.128

Flags: Active, Multicast

Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never

ATM per-VC transmit statistics:

Tail queue packet drops: 0

Traffic statistics:

```

Input bytes :      0
Output bytes :      0
Input packets:      0
Output packets:     0

```

Logical interface at-5/0/0.32767 (Index 71) (SNMP ifIndex 70) (Generation 9)

Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Multipoint No-Multicast SNMP-Traps 0x4000

Encapsulation: ATM-VCMUX

Traffic statistics:

```

Input bytes :      0
Output bytes :      0
Input packets:      0
Output packets:     0

```

Local statistics:

```

Input bytes :      0
Output bytes :      0
Input packets:      0
Output packets:     0

```

VCI 0.4

Flags: Active

Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never

```
ATM per-VC transmit statistics:  
  Tail queue packet drops: 0  
Traffic statistics:  
  Input bytes : 0  
  Output bytes : 0  
  Input packets: 0  
  Output packets: 0
```

show interfaces (ATM-over-SHDSL)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>at-pim/0/port</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(J Series routers) Display status information about the specified ATM-over-symmetric high-speed DSL (SHDSL) interface.
Options	<p><i>at-pim/0/port</i>—Display standard information about the specified SHDSL interface</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display the SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces (ATM-over-SHDSL) on page 508</p> <p>show interfaces brief (ATM-over-SHDSL) on page 509</p> <p>show interfaces detail (ATM-over-SHDSL) on page 509</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (ATM-over-SHDSL) on page 511</p>
Output Fields	Table 94 on page 507 lists only output fields that are specific to the show interfaces (ATM-over-SHDSL) command. For information about all other output fields, see Table 92 under the show interfaces (ATM) command.

Table 94: ATM-over-SHDSL show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
SHDSL alarms	Number and type of SHDSL alarms. See "SHDSL media" for details.	detail extensive none
SHDSL defects	Number and type of SHDSL defects. See "SHDSL media" for details.	detail extensive none
SHDSL media	<p>Information about the SHDSL media-specific defects that can prevent the interface from passing packets. The following information is displayed for each defect:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. A state other than OK indicates a problem. <p>The possible defects are as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ LOSD—Loss of signal was detected at the remote application interface. ■ LOSW—Loss of sync word. A message ID was sent. ■ ES—Errored seconds. One or more cyclic redundancy check (CRC) anomalies were detected. ■ SES—Severely errored seconds. At least 50 CRC anomalies were detected. ■ UAS—Unavailable seconds. An interval occurred during which one or more LOSW defects were detected. 	extensive
SHDSL status	<p>Operational information for ATM-over-SHDSL interfaces.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Line termination—SHDSL transceiver unit- remote (STU-R) (Only customer premises equipment is supported.) ■ Annex—Either Annex A or Annex B. Annex A is supported in North America, and Annex B is supported in Europe. ■ Line mode—SHDSL mode configured on the G.SHDSL Physical Interface Module (PIM), either 2-wire or 4-wire. ■ Modem status—Data. ■ Bit rate (kbps)—Speed of data transfer on the ATM-over-G.SHDSL interface, in kilobits per second. ■ Last fail mode—Code for the last interface failure. ■ Framer mode—Framer mode of the underlying interface: ATM. ■ Dying gasp—Ability of a J Series router that has lost power to send a message informing the attached DSL access multiplexer (DSLAM) that it is about to go offline: Enabled or Disabled. ■ Framer sync status—Framer synchronization status: In sync or Out of sync (OOS). ■ Chipset version—Version number of the chipset on the interface. ■ Firmware version—Version number of the firmware on the interface. 	detail extensive none

Table 94: ATM-over-SHDSL show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
SHDSL statistics	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Loop Attenuation (dB)—Attenuation in decibels. ■ Transmit power (dBm)—Power of the transmitting interface. ■ Receiver gain (db)—Power increase of the receiving interface, in decibels. ■ SNR sampling (dB)—Signal-to-noise ratio at a receiver point, in decibels. ■ CRC errors—Number of cyclic redundancy check errors. ■ SEGA errors—Number of segment anomaly errors. A regenerator operating on a segment received corrupted data. ■ LOSW errors—Number of loss of signal defect errors. Three or more consecutively received frames contained one or more errors in the framing bits. ■ Received cells—Number of cells received through the interface. ■ Transmitted cells—Number of cells sent through the interface. ■ HEC errors—Number of header error checksum errors. ■ Cell Drop—Number of dropped cells on the interface. 	detail extensive

```

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces at-4/0/0
(ATM-over-SHDSL)    Physical interface: at-4/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Down
                        Interface index: 141, SNMP ifIndex: 41
                        Link-level type: Ethernet-over-ATM, MTU: 4482, Clocking: Internal,
                        Speed: SHDSL(2-wire), Loopback: None
                        Device flags   : Present Running Down
                        Link flags     : None
                        CoS queues    : 8 supported, 8 in use
                        Current address: 00:05:85:c2:44:60
                        Last flapped  : 2006-03-21 15:07:11 PST (2w0d 00:59 ago)
                        Input rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)
                        Output rate    : 0 bps (0 pps)
                        SHDSL alarms   : LOSD
                        SHDSL defects  : LOSD
                        SHDSL status:
                          Line termination : STU-R
                          Annex            : Unknown
                          Line mode        : 2-wire
                          Modem status     : Training
                          Bit rate (kbps)  : 0
                          Last fail mode   : No failure (0x00)
                          Frammer mode     : ATM
                          Dying gasp      : Enabled
                          Frammer sync status : Out of sync
                          Chipset version  : 00
                          Firmware version : R3.0.1

                        Logical interface at-4/0/0.0 (Index 68) (SNMP ifIndex 44)
                          Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000
                          Encapsulation: Ether-over-ATM-LLC
                        Input packets : 0
                        Output packets: 0
                          Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
                          Flags: None
                        VCI 0.128
                          Flags: Active

```

```

    Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
    Input packets : 0
    Output packets: 0
Logical interface at-4/0/0.32767 (Index 69) (SNMP ifIndex 43)
  Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Multipoint No-Multicast SNMP-Traps 0x4000
  Encapsulation: ATM-VCMUX
Input packets : 0
Output packets: 0
  VCI 0.4
    Flags: Active
    Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
    Input packets : 0
    Output packets: 0

```

**show interfaces brief
(ATM-over-SHDSL)**

```

user@host> show interfaces at-4/0/0 brief
Physical interface: at-4/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Down
  Link-level type: Ethernet-over-ATM, MTU: 4482, Clocking: Internal,
  Speed: SHDSL(2-wire), Loopback: None
  Device flags   : Present Running Down
  Link flags     : None

Logical interface at-4/0/0.0
  Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000
  Encapsulation: Ether-over-ATM-LLC
  inet
  VCI 0.128
    Flags: Active
    Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never

Logical interface at-4/0/0.32767
  Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Multipoint No-Multicast SNMP-Traps 0x4000
  Encapsulation: ATM-VCMUX
  VCI 0.4
    Flags: Active
    Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never

```

**show interfaces detail
(ATM-over-SHDSL)**

```

user@host> show interfaces at-4/0/0 detail
Physical interface: at-4/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Down
  Interface index: 141, SNMP ifIndex: 41, Generation: 22
  Link-level type: Ethernet-over-ATM, MTU: 4482, Clocking: Internal,
  Speed: SHDSL(2-wire), Loopback: None
  Device flags   : Present Running Down
  Link flags     : None
  CoS queues     : 8 supported, 8 in use
  Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Current address: 00:05:85:c2:44:60
  Last flapped   : 2006-03-21 15:07:11 PST (2w0d 01:00 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   : 0
    Output bytes  : 0
    Input packets : 0
    Output packets: 0
  Queue counters:
    Queued packets  Transmitted packets  Dropped packets

    0 best-effort   0                0                0
    1 expedited-fo  0                0                0
    2 assured-forw  0                0                0

```

```

3 network-cont                                0                                0                                0

SHDSL alarms : LOSD
SHDSL defects : LOSD
SHDSL status:
  Line termination : STU-R
  Annex            : Unknown
  Line mode        : 2-wire
  Modem status     : Training
  Bit rate (kbps)  : 0
  Last fail mode   : No failure (0x00)
  Framers mode     : ATM
  Dying gasp       : Enabled
  Framers sync status : Out of sync
  Chipset version  : 00
  Firmware version : R3.0.1
SHDSL statistics:
  Loop attenuation (dB) : 2.3
  Transmit power (dBm)  : 0.0
  Receiver gain (dB)   : 20.412
  CRC errors           : 0
  SEGA errors          : 0
  LOSW errors          : 0
  Received cells       : 0
  Transmitted cells    : 0
  HEC errors           : 0
  Cell drop            : 0

Logical interface at-4/0/0.0 (Index 68) (SNMP ifIndex 44) (Generation 8)
  Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000
  Encapsulation: Ether-over-ATM-LLC
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0
    Input packets: 0
    Output packets: 0
  Local statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0
    Input packets: 0
    Output packets: 0
  Transit statistics:
    Input bytes : 0 0 bps
    Output bytes : 0 0 bps
    Input packets: 0 0 pps
    Output packets: 0 0 pps
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 11, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
  VCI 0.128
  Flags: Active
  Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
  ATM per-VC transmit statistics:
    Tail queue packet drops: 0
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0
    Input packets: 0
    Output packets: 0

Logical interface at-4/0/0.32767 (Index 69) (SNMP ifIndex 43) (Generation 9)
  Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Multipoint No-Multicast SNMP-Traps 0x4000

```

```

Encapsulation: ATM-VCMUX
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
Local statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
VCI 0.4
  Flags: Active
  Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
  ATM per-VC transmit statistics:
    Tail queue packet drops: 0
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0
    Input packets: 0
    Output packets: 0

```

**show interfaces
extensive
(ATM-over-SHDSL)**

```

user@host> show interfaces at-4/0/0 extensive
Physical interface: at-4/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Down
Interface index: 141, SNMP ifIndex: 41, Generation: 22
Link-level type: Ethernet-over-ATM, MTU: 4482, Clocking: Internal,
Speed: SHDSL(2-wire), Loopback: None
Device flags : Present Running Down
Link flags : None
CoS queues : 8 supported, 8 in use
Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: 00:05:85:c2:44:60
Last flapped : 2006-03-21 15:07:11 PST (2w0d 01:02 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes : 0 0 bps
  Output bytes : 0 0 bps
  Input packets: 0 0 pps
  Output packets: 0 0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Invalid VCs: 0, Framing errors: 0, Policed discards: 0,

  L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0,
  Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0, MTU errors: 0,

  Resource errors: 0
Queue counters:
  Queued packets  Transmitted packets  Dropped packets

  0 best-effort 0 0 0
  1 expedited-fo 0 0 0
  2 assured-forw 0 0 0
  3 network-cont 0 0 0

SHDSL alarms : LOSD
SHDSL defects : LOSD
SHDSL media: Seconds Count State

```

```

      LOSD                1228405          1 Defect Active
      LOSW                0              0 OK
      ES                  0
      SES                  0
      UAS                1228402
SHDSL status:
  Line termination      : STU-R
  Annex                 : Unknown
  Line mode             : 2-wire
  Modem status          : Training
  Bit rate (kbps)       : 0
  Last fail mode        : No failure (0x00)
  Frammer mode          : ATM
  Dying gasp            : Enabled
  Frammer sync status   : Out of sync
  Chipset version       : 00
  Firmware version      : R3.0.1
SHDSL statistics:
  Loop attenuation (dB) : 2.3
  Transmit power (dBm)  : 0.0
  Receiver gain (dB)    : 20.412
  CRC errors            : 0
  SEGA errors           : 0
  LOSW errors           : 0
  Received cells        : 0
  Transmitted cells     : 0
  HEC errors            : 0
  Cell drop             : 0
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 4
  CoS transmit queue      Bandwidth      Buffer  Priority  Limit
                        %      bps      %      usec
  0 best-effort           95      2196400  95      0        low  none
  3 network-control       5       115600   5      0        low  none

Logical interface at-4/0/0.0 (Index 68) (SNMP ifIndex 44) (Generation 8)
Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000
Encapsulation: Ether-over-ATM-LLC
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
Local statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
Transit statistics:
  Input bytes : 0 0 bps
  Output bytes : 0 0 bps
  Input packets: 0 0 pps
  Output packets: 0 0 pps
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 11, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
VCI 0.128
  Flags: Active
  Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
  ATM per-VC transmit statistics:
    Tail queue packet drops: 0
  Traffic statistics:

```

```

      Input bytes :                0
      Output bytes :               0
      Input packets:               0
      Output packets:              0

Logical interface at-4/0/0.32767 (Index 69) (SNMP ifIndex 43) (Generation 9)
Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Multipoint No-Multicast SNMP-Traps 0x4000
Encapsulation: ATM-VCMUX
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :                    0
  Output bytes :                    0
  Input packets:                   0
  Output packets:                  0
Local statistics:
  Input bytes :                    0
  Output bytes :                    0
  Input packets:                   0
  Output packets:                  0
VCI 0.4
Flags: Active
Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
ATM per-VC transmit statistics:
  Tail queue packet drops: 0
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :                    0
  Output bytes :                    0
  Input packets:                   0
  Output packets:                  0

```


Chapter 13

ILMI Interface Operational Mode Commands

Table 95 on page 515 summarizes the command-line interface (CLI) commands you can use to monitor and troubleshoot Integrated Local Management Interface (ILMI) operations on ATM1 and ATM2 intelligent queuing (IQ) interfaces. Commands are listed in alphabetical order.

Table 95: ILMI Operational Mode Commands

Task	Command
Clear (set to zero) ILMI statistics.	clear ilmi statistics
Display ILMI messages.	show ilmi
Display ILMI statistics.	show ilmi statistics

clear ilmi statistics

Syntax	clear ilmi statistics
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Set Integrated Local Management Interface (ILMI) statistics to zero.
Options	This command has no options.
Required Privilege Level	clear
Related Topics	■ show ilmi statistics
List of Sample Output	clear ilmi statistics on page 516
Output Fields	When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.
clear ilmi statistics	user@host> clear ilmi statistics

show ilmi

Syntax	show ilmi <all | interface <i>interface-name</i> >
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display Integrated Local Management Interface (ILMI) information.
Options	none—Display information for all ILMI-enabled ATM devices. all | interface <i>interface-name</i> —(Optional) Display IP addresses and port names for all ILMI-enabled ATM devices or for a particular device.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show ilmi all on page 517 show ilmi interface on page 517
Output Fields	Table 96 on page 517 lists the output fields for the show ilmi command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 96: show ilmi Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.
VCI	Virtual connection identifier.
Peer IP address	IP address of the peer.
Peer interface name	Port interface name of the peer.

show ilmi all	<pre> user@host> show ilmi all Physical interface: at-6/2/1, VCI: 0.16 Peer IP address: 192.168.4.24, Peer interface name: 1C4 Physical interface: at-6/3/0, VCI: 0.16 Peer IP address: 192.168.7.6, Peer interface name: 2C3 Physical interface: at-6/4/0, VCI: 0.16 Peer IP address: 192.168.9.10, Peer interface name: 1C2 </pre>
show ilmi interface	<pre> user@host> show ilmi interface at-6/2/1 Physical interface: at-6/2/1, VCI: 0.16 Peer IP address: 192.168.4.24, Peer interface name: 1C4 </pre>

show ilmi statistics

Syntax	show ilmi statistics
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display input and output Integrated Local Management Interface (ILMI) statistics.
Options	This command has no options.
Required Privilege Level	view
Related Topics	■ clear ilmi statistics
List of Sample Output	show ilmi statistics on page 520
Output Fields	Table 97 on page 519 lists the output fields for the <code>show ilmi statistics</code> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 97: show ilmi statistics Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Input	<p>Information about received ILMI packets:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Packets—Total number of messages delivered to the ILMI entity from the transport service. ■ Bad versions—Total number of messages delivered to the ILMI entity that were for an unsupported ILMI version. ■ Bad community names—Total number of messages delivered to the ILMI entity that did not use an ILMI community name. ■ Bad community uses—Total number of messages delivered to the ILMI entity that represented an ILMI operation that was not allowed by the ILMI community named in the message. ■ ASN parse errors—Total number of ASN.1 or BER errors encountered by the ILMI entity when decoding received ILMI messages. ■ Too bigs—Total number of ILMI packets delivered to the ILMI entity with an error status field of tooBig. ■ No such names—Total number of ILMI packets delivered to the ILMI entity with an error status field of noSuchName. ■ Bad values—Total number of ILMI packets delivered to the ILMI entity with an error status field of badValue. ■ Read onlys—Total number of valid ILMI packets delivered to the ILMI entity with an error status field of readOnly. Only incorrect implementations of ILMI generate this error. ■ General errors—Total number of ILMI packets delivered to the ILMI entity with an error status field of genErr. ■ Total request varbinds—Total number of objects retrieved successfully by the ILMI entity as a result of receiving valid ILMI GetRequest and GetNext packets. ■ Total set varbinds—Total number of objects modified successfully by the ILMI entity as a result of receiving valid ILMI SetRequest packets. ■ Get requests—Total number of ILMI GetRequest packets that have been accepted and processed by the ILMI entity. ■ Get nexts—Total number of ILMI GetNext packets that have been accepted and processed by the ILMI entity. ■ Set requests—Total number of ILMI SetRequest packets that have been accepted and processed by the ILMI entity. ■ Get responses—Total number of ILMI GetResponse packets that have been accepted and processed by the ILMI entity. ■ Traps—Total number of ILMI traps received by the ILMI entity. ■ Silent drops—Total number of GetRequest, GetNextRequest, GetBulkRequest, SetRequest, and InformRequest packets delivered to the ILMI entity that were silently dropped because the size of a reply containing an alternate response packet with an empty variable-bindings field was greater than either a local constraint or the maximum message size associated with the originator of the requests. ■ Proxy drops—Total number of GetRequest, GetNextRequest, GetBulkRequest, SetRequest, and InformRequest packets delivered to the ILMI entity that were silently dropped because the transmission of the (possibly translated) message to a proxy target failed in such a way (other than a timeout) that no response packet could be returned.

Table 97: show ilmi statistics Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description
Output	<p>Information about transmitted ILMI packets:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Packets—Total number of messages passed from the ILMI entity to the transport service. ■ Too bigs—Total number of ILMI packets generated by the ILMI entity with an error status field of tooBig. ■ No such names—Total number of ILMI packets generated by the ILMI entity with an error status field of noSuchName. ■ Bad values—Total number of ILMI packets generated by the ILMI entity with an error status field of badValue. ■ General errors—Total number of ILMI packets generated by the ILMI entity with an error status field of genErr. ■ Get requests—Total number of ILMI GetRequest packets that have been generated by the ILMI entity. ■ Get nexts—Total number of ILMI GetNext packets that have been generated by the ILMI entity. ■ Set requests—Total number of ILMI SetRequest packets that have been generated by the ILMI entity. ■ Get responses—Total number of ILMI GetResponse packets that have been generated by the ILMI entity. ■ Traps—Total number of ILMI traps generated by the ILMI entity.

```

show ilmi statistics  user@host> show ilmi statistics
                        ILMI statistics:
                        Input:
                        Packets: 0, Bad versions: 0, Bad community names: 0,
                        Bad community uses: 0, ASN parse errors: 0,
                        Too bigs: 0, No such names: 0, Bad values: 0,
                        Read onlys: 0, General errors: 0,
                        Total request varbinds: 0, Total set varbinds: 0,
                        Get requests: 0, Get nexts: 0, Set requests: 0,
                        Get responses: 0, Traps: 0,
                        Silent drops: 0, Proxy drops 0
                        Output:
                        Packets: 0, Too bigs: 0, No such names: 0,
                        Bad values: 0, General errors: 0,
                        Get requests: 0, Get nexts: 0, Set requests: 0,
                        Get responses: 0, Traps: 0

```

Part 9

ISDN Interfaces

- ISDN Interface Operational Mode Commands on page 523

Chapter 14

ISDN Interface Operational Mode Commands

Table 98 on page 523 summarizes the command-line interface (CLI) commands you can use to monitor and troubleshoot Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) interfaces. Commands are listed in alphabetical order.

Table 98: ISDN Interface Operational Mode Commands

Task	Command
Clear ISDN Q.921 statistics.	clear isdn q921 statistics
Clear ISDN Q.931 statistics.	clear isdn q931 statistics
Display ISDN services default software values.	show dialer defaults
Display ISDN dialer interface information.	show dialer interfaces
Display ISDN dialer pool information.	show dialer pools
Display ISDN B-channel interface information.	show interfaces (ISDN B-Channel)
Display ISDN Basic Rate Interface (BRI) information.	show interfaces (ISDN BRI)
Display ISDN D-channel interface information.	show interfaces (ISDN D-channel)
Display ISDN dialer interface information.	show interfaces (ISDN Dialer)
Display ISDN calls.	show isdn calls
Display ISDN call history.	show isdn history
Display Layer 2 ISDN status and statistics.	show isdn q921 statistics
Display Layer 3 ISDN status and statistics.	show isdn q931 statistics
Display ISDN status information.	show isdn status



NOTE: ISDN is supported on the J Series Services Routers only. J Series routers can be configured to "fail over" to an ISDN interface when the primary connection experiences interruptions in Internet connectivity. The following interfaces support ISDN backup connectivity: E1, E3, Fast Ethernet, generic routing encapsulation (GRE), Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE), serial, T1, and T3. For information about how to configure ISDN interfaces, see the *J Series Services Router Basic LAN and WAN Access Configuration Guide* or the *JUNOS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide*.

clear isdn q921 statistics

Syntax	clear isdn q921 statistics br-pim /0/port>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(J Series routers only) Clear ISDN Layer 2 statistics based on the Q.921 standard.
Options	none—Clear ISDN Q.921 statistics for all Basic Rate Interface (BRI) interfaces. br-pim /0/port—(Optional) Clear ISDN Q.921 statistics for the specified BRI interface only.
Required Privilege Level	view
Related Topics	■ show isdn q921 statistics
List of Sample Output	clear isdn q921 statistics on page 525
Output Fields	When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.
clear isdn q921 statistics	user@host> clear isdn q921 statistics

clear isdn q931 statistics

Syntax	clear isdn q931 statistics <i><br-pim/0/port></i>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(J Series routers only) Clear ISDN Layer 3 statistics based on the Q.931 standard.
Options	none—Clear ISDN Q.931 statistics for all Basic Rate Interface (BRI) interfaces. <i>br-pim/0/port</i> —(Optional) Clear ISDN Q.931 statistics for the specified BRI interface only.
Required Privilege Level	view
Related Topics	■ show isdn q931 statistics
List of Sample Output	clear isdn q931 statistics on page 526
Output Fields	When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.
clear isdn q931 statistics	user@host> clear isdn q931 statistics

show dialer defaults

Syntax	show dialer defaults
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(J Series routers only) Display ISDN services default software values.
Options	This command has no options.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show dialer defaults on page 528
Output Fields	Table 99 on page 527 lists the output fields for the show dialer defaults command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 99: show dialer defaults Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Idle timeout	Length of time (in seconds) that a connection can be idle before disconnecting.
Activation delay	Length of time (in seconds) to wait before enabling the interface after the primary interface has failed.
Deactivation delay	Length of time (in seconds) to wait before disabling the interface after the primary interface is operational.
Dialer watch initial route check time	Length of time (in seconds) before a route is checked for status.
Dialer pool priority	Priority of the dialer interface.
Dialer load threshold	Bandwidth threshold percentage used for adding interfaces. Another link is added to the multilink bundle when the bandwidth reaches the threshold value you set. The range of values is 0 through 100. When the value is set to 0, all available channels are dialed. The default value is 100.
Dialer load interval	Interval used to calculate the average load on the network. The range of values, in seconds, is 20 through 180, configurable in intervals of 10 seconds. The default value is 60.
Dialer redial delay	Delay, in seconds, between two successive calls made by the dialer (for dialout). The default value is 3 seconds.
Dialer callback wait period	For interfaces configured for ISDN with callback, the amount of time the dialer waits before calling back the caller. The default value is 5 seconds.

```
show dialer defaults  user@host> show dialer defaults  
Dialer services related defaults :  
  Idle timeout: 120 seconds  
  Activation delay: 0 seconds  
  Deactivation delay: 0 seconds  
  Dialer watch initial route check time: 120 seconds  
  Dialer pool priority: 0 seconds  
  Dialer load threshold: 100%  
  Dialer load interval: 60 seconds  
  Dialer redial delay: 3 seconds  
  Dialer callback wait period : 5 seconds
```

show dialer interfaces

Syntax	show dialer interfaces <brief | detail> <dlnumber>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(J Series routers only) Display ISDN dialer interface information.
Options	none—(Same as detail) Display detailed information about all ISDN dialer interfaces. brief | detail—(Optional) Display the specified level of output. dlnumber—(Optional) Display information about the specified dialer interface only.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show dialer interfaces on page 530 show dialer interfaces brief on page 530 show dialer interfaces detail on page 530
Output Fields	Table 100 on page 529 lists the output fields for the show dialer interfaces command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 100: show dialer interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Interface-name	Dialer interface name.	All levels
State	State of the interface: Active or Inactive	All levels
Dial pool	Dial pool name.	All levels
Dial strings	Dialing number for the ISDN connection.	detail none
Subordinate interfaces	Associated B-channel or USB modem interface name and SNMP index number.	All levels
Activation delay	Length of time (in seconds) to wait before enabling the interface after the primary interface has failed.	detail none
Deactivation delay	Length of time (in seconds) to wait before disabling the interface after the primary interface is operational.	detail none
Initial route check delay	Wait period (in seconds) for the software to check if the primary interface is up after the router comes up. The range is from 1 through 300 seconds. The default is 120 seconds.	detail none
Redial delay	(Available on interfaces configured for ISDN dial-out.) Delay, in seconds, between two successive calls made. The range is from 2 to 255. The default value is 3.	detail none

Table 100: show dialer interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Callback wait period	Time, in seconds, that the dialer waits before it calls back the caller ID. The default value is 5.	detail none
Load threshold	Bandwidth threshold percentage used for adding interfaces. Another link is added to the multilink bundle when the load reaches the threshold value you set. The range of values is from 0 to 100. The default value is 100.	detail none
Load interval	Interval used to calculate the average load on the network. By default, the average interface load is calculated every 60 seconds.	detail none

show dialer interfaces user@host> **show dialer interfaces**
d10.0
State: Active
Dial Pool: 10
Dial strings: 5551212
Subordinate interfaces: bc-4/0/0:1 (Index 151)
Activation delay: 0, Deactivation delay: 0
Initial route check delay: 120
Redial delay: 3
Callback wait period: 5
Load threshold: 0, Load interval: 60

show dialer interfaces user@host> **show dialer interfaces brief**
brief d10.0
State: Active
Dial Pool: 10
Subordinate interfaces: bc-4/0/0:1

show dialer interfaces The output for the **show dialer interfaces detail** command is identical to that for the
detail **show dialer interfaces** command. For sample output, see **show dialer interfaces** on
page 530.

show dialer pools

Syntax	show dialer pools <brief | detail> <pool-name>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(J Series routers only) Display dialer pool information. The dialer pool provides a group of dialing options for ISDN interfaces.
Options	none—(Same as detail) Display detailed information about all ISDN dialer pools. brief | detail—(Optional) Display the specified level of output. pool-name—(Optional) Display information about the specified dialer pool only.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show dialer pools on page 532 show dialer pools brief on page 532 show dialer pools detail on page 532
Output Fields	Table 101 on page 531 lists the output fields for the show dialer pools command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 101: show dialer pools Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Pool	Name of the dialer pool.	All levels
Dialer Interfaces		
Name	Name of configured dialer interfaces.	All levels
State	Status of the dialer interface: Active or Inactive	All levels
Subordinate Interfaces		
Name	Name of each physical ISDN interface configured as part of the dialer interface.	All levels
Flags	Status of the physical B-channel interface.	All levels
Priority	Priority of the interface.	All levels

show dialer pools

```

user@host> show dialer pools
Pool: 10
Dialer interfaces:      Name      State
                       d10.0     Active
Subordinate interfaces: Name      Flags      Priority
                       bc-4/0/0:1  Active     0
                       bc-4/0/0:2  Inactive   0

```

show dialer pools brief

```

user@host> show dialer pools brief
Pool      Dialer interface      Subordinate interface
Name      State                  Name      Flags      Priority
10        d10.0 Active                bc-4/0/0:1 Active     0
                                bc-4/0/0:2 Inactive   0

```

show dialer pools detail The output for the show dialer pools detail command is identical to that for the show dialer pools command.

show interfaces (ISDN B-Channel)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>bc-pim/0/port:channel</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(J Series routers only) Display information about the specified ISDN B-channel interface.
Options	<p><i>bc-pim/0/port:channel</i>—Display standard information about the specified ISDN B-channel interface.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display the interface description string.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Additional Information	There are no user-configurable fields on B-channel interfaces.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces (ISDN B-Channel) on page 536</p> <p>show interfaces brief (ISDN B-Channel) on page 537</p> <p>show interfaces detail (ISDN B-Channel) on page 537</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (ISDN B-Channel) on page 537</p>
Output Fields	Table 102 on page 533 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (ISDN B-channel) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 102: ISDN B-Channel show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface	Name of the physical interface type.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Fiel” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none

Table 102: ISDN B-Channel show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Type	Type of interface.	All levels
Link-level type	Encapsulation used on the physical interface.	All levels
MTU	Maximum transmission unit (MTU)—Size of the largest packet to be transmitted.	All levels
Clocking	Reference clock source of the interface.	All levels
Speed	Network speed on the interface.	All levels
Parent	Name and interface index of the interface to which a particular child interface belongs. None indicates that this is the top level.	detail extensive none
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Link type	Data transmission type.	detail extensive none
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive
Physical info	Information about the physical interface.	detail extensive
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down. Value is in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Current address	Configured media access control (MAC) address.	detail extensive
Hardware address	MAC address of the hardware.	detail extensive
Alternate link address	Backup address of the link.	detail extensive
CoS queues	Number of class-of-service (CoS) queues configured.	detail extensive none
Last flapped	Date, time, and length of time since the interface changed its status from down to up.	detail extensive none
Input rate	Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps).	none specified
Output rate	Output rate in bps and pps.	none specified
Statistics last cleared	Time when the interface statistics were last set to zero.	detail extensive

Table 102: ISDN B-Channel show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical and physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Input errors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Input errors on the interface. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Runts—Frames received smaller than the runt threshold. ■ Giants—Frames received larger than the giant threshold. ■ Policed discards—Frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or were not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the JUNOS Software does not support. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Output errors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly, possibly once every 10 seconds, the cable, the remote system, or the interface is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet dropped by the ASIC RED mechanism. ■ MTU errors—Number of packets larger than the MTU threshold. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Queue counters	<p>CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Queued packets—Number of queued packets. ■ Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. ■ Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. 	detail extensive

Table 102: ISDN B-Channel show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration	Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Destination slot—FPC slot number. ■ PLP byte—Packet Level Protocol byte. ■ CoS transmit queue—Queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ <i>bandwidth</i> %—Percentage of bandwidth allocated to the queue. ■ Bandwidth <i>bps</i>—Bandwidth allocated to the queue (in bps). ■ <i>buffer</i> %—Percentage of buffer space allocated to the queue. ■ Buffer <i>usec</i>—Amount of buffer space allocated to the queue, in microseconds. This value is nonzero only if the buffer size is configured in terms of time. ■ Priority—Queue priority: <i>low</i> or <i>high</i>. ■ Limit—Displayed if rate limiting is configured for the queue. Possible values are <i>none</i> and <i>exact</i>. If <i>exact</i> is configured, the queue transmits only up to the configured bandwidth, even if excess bandwidth is available. If <i>none</i> is configured, the queue transmits beyond the configured bandwidth if bandwidth is available. 	extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Index number of the logical interface (which reflects its initialization sequence).	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP interface index number for the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	All levels

```

show interfaces (ISDN B-Channel) user@host> show interfaces bc-4/0/0:1
Physical interface: bc-4/0/0:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 151, SNMP ifIndex: 75
Type: Serial, Link-level type: 57, MTU: 4092, Clocking: Internal,
Speed: 64kbps,
Parent: br-4/0/0 Interface index 129
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Link type      : Full-Duplex
Link flags     : None
CoS queues     : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
Last flapped   : 2006-06-13 19:50:38 PDT (14:39:03 ago)
Input rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)
Output rate    : 0 bps (0 pps)

Logical interface bc-4/0/0:1.0 (Index 74) (SNMP ifIndex 79)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: 64

```

```

show interfaces brief      user@host> show interfaces bc-4/0/0:1 brief
  (ISDN B-Channel)          Physical interface: bc-4/0/0:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                              Type: Serial, Link-level type: 57, MTU: 4092, Clocking: Internal,
                              Speed: 64kbps
                              Device flags   : Present Running
                              Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000

                              Logical interface bc-4/0/0:1.0
                              Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: 64

show interfaces detail    user@host> show interfaces bc-4/0/0:1 detail
  (ISDN B-Channel)          Physical interface: bc-4/0/0:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                              Interface index: 151, SNMP ifIndex: 75, Generation: 152
                              Type: Serial, Link-level type: 57, MTU: 4092, Clocking: Internal,
                              Speed: 64kbps,
                              Parent: br-4/0/0 Interface index 129
                              Device flags   : Present Running
                              Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
                              Link type      : Full-Duplex
                              Link flags    : None
                              Physical info  : Unspecified
                              Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
                              Current address: Unspecified, Hardware address: Unspecified
                              Alternate link address: Unspecified
                              CoS queues     : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
                              Last flapped   : 2006-06-13 19:50:38 PDT (14:39:06 ago)
                              Statistics last cleared: Never
                              Traffic statistics:
                                Input bytes  :           4096           0 bps
                                Output bytes :          128423          96 bps
                                Input packets:              0           0 pps
                                Output packets:            9801          0 pps
                              Egress queues: 8 supported, 8 in use
                              Queue counters:
                                Queued packets  Transmitted packets  Dropped packets

                                0 best-effort           13              13              0

                                1 expedited-fo           0              0              0

                                2 assured-forw           0              0              0

                                3 network-cont          9788             9788             0

                              Logical interface bc-4/0/0:1.0 (Index 74) (SNMP ifIndex 79) (Generation 140)
                              Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: 64

show interfaces          user@host> show interfaces bc-4/0/0:1 extensive
  extensive              Physical interface: bc-4/0/0:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  (ISDN B-Channel)          Interface index: 151, SNMP ifIndex: 75, Generation: 152
                              Type: Serial, Link-level type: 57, MTU: 4092, Clocking: Internal,
                              Speed: 64kbps,
                              Parent: br-4/0/0 Interface index 129
                              Device flags   : Present Running
                              Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
                              Link type      : Full-Duplex
                              Link flags    : None
                              Physical info  : Unspecified
                              Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
                              Current address: Unspecified, Hardware address: Unspecified
                              Alternate link address: Unspecified

```

```

CoS queues      : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
Last flapped   : 2006-06-13 19:50:38 PDT (14:39:12 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes   :           4096           0 bps
Output bytes  :          128423           0 bps
Input packets :              0           0 pps
Output packets:           9801           0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
  Policed discards: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 4, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0,
  Resource errors: 0
Egress queues: 8 supported, 8 in use
Queue counters:

```

	Queued packets	Transmitted packets	Dropped packets
0 best-effort	13	13	0
1 expedited-fo	0	0	0
2 assured-forw	0	0	0
3 network-cont	9788	9788	0

```

Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
Destination slot: 4, PLP byte: 1 (0x00)
CoS transmit queue

```

	%	Bandwidth	%	Buffer	Priority	Limit
		bps		usec		
0 best-effort	95	60800	95	0	low	none
3 network-control	5	3200	5	0	low	none

```

Logical interface bc-4/0/0:1.0 (Index 74) (SNMP ifIndex 79) (Generation 140)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: 64

```


show interfaces (ISDN BRI)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>br-pim/0/port</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(J Series routers only) Display status information about the specified ISDN Basic Rate Interface (BRI) interface.
Options	<p><i>br-pim/0/port</i>—Display standard information about the specified ISDN BRI interface.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display the interface description string.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces (ISDN BRI) on page 541</p> <p>show interfaces brief (ISDN BRI) on page 542</p> <p>show interfaces detail (ISDN BRI) on page 542</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (ISDN BRI) on page 542</p>
Output Fields	Table 103 on page 539 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (ISDN BRI) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 103: ISDN BRI show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface	Name of the physical interface type.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface index number that reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Type	Type of interface.	All levels

Table 103: ISDN BRI show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Link-level type	Encapsulation type used on the physical interface.	All levels
MTU	Maximum transmission unit (MTU)—Size of the largest packet to be transmitted.	All levels
Clocking	Reference clock source of the interface.	All levels
Speed	Network speed on the interface.	All levels
Parent	Name and interface index of the interface to which a particular child interface belongs. None indicates that this is the top level.	detail extensive none
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Link type	Data transmission type.	detail extensive none
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Physical info	Information about the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down. Value is in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Current address	Configured MAC address.	detail extensive
Hardware address	Media access control (MAC) address of the interface.	detail extensive
Alternate link address	Backup link address.	detail extensive
Last flapped	Date, time, and length of time since the interface changed its status from down to up.	detail extensive none
Input rate	Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps).	none specified
Output rate	Output rate in bps and pps.	none specified
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical and physical interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive

Table 103: ISDN BRI show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Input errors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Input errors on the interface. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Runt—Frames received smaller than the runt threshold. ■ Giants—Frames received larger than the giant threshold. ■ Policed discards—Frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or were not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the JUNOS Software does not support. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Output errors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions —Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly, possibly once every 10 seconds, the cable, the remote system, or the interface is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet dropped by the ASIC RED mechanism. ■ MTU errors—Number of packets larger than the MTU threshold. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive

```

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces br-4/0/0
(ISDN BRI)          Physical interface: br-4/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                        Interface index: 129, SNMP ifIndex: 59
                        Type: BRI, Link-level type: Controller, MTU: 4092, Clocking: 1,
                        Speed: 128kbps, Parent: None
                        Device flags   : Present Running
                        Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
                        Link type      : Full-Duplex
                        Link flags     : None
                        Physical info  : S/T
                        Last flapped   : 2006-06-13 19:50:38 PDT (15:18:26 ago)
                        Input rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)
                        Output rate    : 0 bps (0 pps)

```

```

show interfaces brief      user@host> show interfaces brief br-4/0/0
(ISDN BRI)                Physical interface: br-4/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                               Type: BRI, Link-level type: Controller, MTU: 4092, Clocking: 1, Speed: 128kbps

                               Device flags   : Present Running
                               Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000

show interfaces detail    user@host> show interfaces br-4/0/0 detail
(ISDN BRI)                Physical interface: br-4/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                               Interface index: 129, SNMP ifIndex: 59, Generation: 130
                               Type: BRI, Link-level type: Controller, MTU: 4092, Clocking: 1,
                               Speed: 128kbps, Parent: None
                               Device flags   : Present Running
                               Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
                               Link type      : Full-Duplex
                               Link flags     : None
                               Physical info  : S/T
                               Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
                               Last flapped   : 2006-06-13 19:50:38 PDT (15:18:32 ago)
                               Statistics last cleared: Never
                               Traffic statistics:
                               Input bytes   :                0                0 bps
                               Output bytes  :                0                0 bps
                               Input packets :                0                0 pps
                               Output packets:                0                0 pps

show interfaces           user@host> show interfaces br-4/0/0 extensive
extensive (ISDN BRI)      Physical interface: br-4/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                               Interface index: 129, SNMP ifIndex: 59, Generation: 130
                               Type: BRI, Link-level type: Controller, MTU: 4092, Clocking: 1,
                               Speed: 128kbps, Parent: None
                               Device flags   : Present Running
                               Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
                               Link type      : Full-Duplex Link flags     : None
                               Physical info  : S/T
                               Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
                               Last flapped   : 2006-06-13 19:50:38 PDT (15:18:38 ago)
                               Statistics last cleared: Never
                               Traffic statistics:
                               Input bytes   :                0                0 bps
                               Output bytes  :                0                0 bps
                               Input packets :                0                0 pps
                               Output packets:                0                0 pps
                               Input errors:
                               Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
                               Policed discards: 0, Resource errors: 0
                               Output errors:
                               Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0,
                               Resource errors: 0

```

show interfaces (ISDN D-channel)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>dc-pim/0/port:0</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(J Series routers only) Display information about the specified ISDN D-channel interface.
Options	<p><i>dc-pim/0/port:0</i>—Display standard information about the specified ISDN D-channel interface.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display the interface description string.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Additional Information	There are no user-configurable features on D-channel interfaces.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces (ISDN D-Channel) on page 546</p> <p>show interfaces brief (ISDN D-Channel) on page 546</p> <p>show interfaces detail (ISDN D-Channel) on page 547</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (ISDN D-Channel) on page 547</p>
Output Fields	Table 104 on page 543 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (ISDN D-channel) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 104: ISDN D-Channel show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical Interface	Name of the physical interface type.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface index number that reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none

Table 104: ISDN D-Channel show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Type	Type of interface.	All levels
Link-level type	Encapsulation type used on the physical interface.	All levels
MTU	Maximum transmission unit—Size of the largest packet to be transmitted.	All levels
Clocking	Reference clock source of the interface.	All levels
Speed	Network speed on the interface.	All levels
Parent	Name and interface index of the interface to which a particular child interface belongs. None indicates that this is the top level.	detail extensive none
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Link type	Type of data transmission.	detail extensive none
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Physical info	Information about the physical interface.	detail extensive
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down. Value is in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Current address	Configured MAC address.	detail extensive
Hardware address	MAC address of the hardware.	detail extensive
Alternate link address	Backup address for the link.	detail extensive
Last flapped	Date, time, and length of time since the interface changed its status from down to up.	detail extensive none
Input rate	Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps).	none specified
Output rate	Output rate in bps and pps.	none specified
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive

Table 104: ISDN D-Channel show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Input errors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Input errors on the interface. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Runt—Frames received smaller than the runt threshold. ■ Giants—Frames received larger than the giant threshold. ■ Policed Discards—Frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or were not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that JUNOS does not support. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Output errors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions —Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly, possibly once every 10 seconds, the cable, the remote system, or the interface is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet dropped by the ASIC Red mechanism. ■ MTU errors—Number of packets larger than the MTU threshold. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
ISDN Alarms	ISDN alarms.	All levels
ISDN Media	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ LOF—Loss of frame ■ LOS—Loss of signal 	extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Index number of the logical interface (which reflects its initialization sequence).	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP interface index number for the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels

Table 104: ISDN D-Channel show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	All levels
Input packets	Number of packets received on the logical interface.	None specified
Output packets	Number of packets transmitted on the logical interface.	None specified
Traffic statistics	<p>Total number of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface. These statistics are the sum of the local and transit statistics. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the logical interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the logical interface 	detail extensive
Local statistics	Statistics for traffic received from and transmitted to the Routing Engine. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive

show interfaces
(ISDN D-Channel)

```

user@host> show interfaces dc-4/0/0
Physical interface: dc-4/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 150, SNMP ifIndex: 73
  Type: Serial, Link-level type: 55, MTU: 4092, Clocking: Internal,
  Speed: 16kbps,
  Parent: br-4/0/0 Interface index 129
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link type      : Full-Duplex
  Link flags     : None
  Last flapped   : 2006-06-13 19:50:38 PDT (15:29:32 ago)
  Input rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)
  Output rate    : 0 bps (0 pps)
  ISDN alarms    : None

Logical interface dc-4/0/0.32767 (Index 73) (SNMP ifIndex 74)
  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: 60
  Input packets : 23482
  Output packets: 21686

```

show interfaces brief
(ISDN D-Channel)

```

user@host> show interfaces dc-4/0/0 brief
Physical interface: dc-4/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Type: Serial, Link-level type: 55, MTU: 4092, Clocking: Internal,
  Speed: 16kbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  ISDN alarms    : None

Logical interface dc-4/0/0.32767
  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: 60

```


**show interfaces detail
(ISDN D-Channel)****user@host> show interfaces dc-4/0/0 detail**

Physical interface: dc-4/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
 Interface index: 150, SNMP ifIndex: 73, Generation: 151
 Type: Serial, Link-level type: 55, MTU: 4092, Clocking: Internal,
 Speed: 16kbps,
 Parent: br-4/0/0 Interface index 129
 Device flags : Present Running
 Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
 Link type : Full-Duplex
 Link flags : None
 Physical info : Unspecified
 Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
 Current address: Unspecified, Hardware address: Unspecified
 Alternate link address: Unspecified
 Last flapped : 2006-06-13 19:50:38 PDT (15:29:42 ago)
 Statistics last cleared: Never
 Traffic statistics:
 Input bytes : 257592 0 bps
 Output bytes : 231162 0 bps
 Input packets: 23483 0 pps
 Output packets: 21687 0 pps
 ISDN alarms : None

Logical interface dc-4/0/0.32767 (Index 73) (SNMP ifIndex 74) (Generation 139)

Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: 60
 Traffic statistics:
 Input bytes : 257592
 Output bytes : 664902
 Input packets: 23483
 Output packets: 21687
 Local statistics:
 Input bytes : 257592
 Output bytes : 664902
 Input packets: 23483
 Output packets: 21687

**show interfaces
extensive
(ISDN D-Channel)****user@host> show interfaces dc-4/0/0 extensive**

Physical interface: dc-4/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
 Interface index: 150, SNMP ifIndex: 73, Generation: 151
 Type: Serial, Link-level type: 55, MTU: 4092, Clocking: Internal,
 Speed: 16kbps,
 Parent: br-4/0/0 Interface index 129
 Device flags : Present Running
 Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
 Link type : Full-Duplex
 Link flags : None
 Physical info : Unspecified
 Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
 Current address: Unspecified, Hardware address: Unspecified
 Alternate link address: Unspecified
 Last flapped : 2006-06-13 19:50:38 PDT (15:29:49 ago)
 Statistics last cleared: Never
 Traffic statistics:
 Input bytes : 257596 0 bps
 Output bytes : 231167 0 bps
 Input packets: 23484 0 pps
 Output packets: 21688 0 pps
 Input errors:
 Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
 Policed discards: 0, Resource errors: 0

Output errors:

Carrier transitions: 5, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0,
Resource errors: 0

ISDN alarms : None

ISDN media:	Seconds	Count	State
LOF	1874	2	OK
LOS	1874	2	OK

Logical interface dc-4/0/0.32767 (Index 73) (SNMP ifIndex 74) (Generation 139)

Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: 60

Traffic statistics:

Input bytes :	257596
Output bytes :	664927
Input packets:	23484
Output packets:	21688

Local statistics:

Input bytes :	257596
Output bytes :	664927
Input packets:	23484
Output packets:	21688

show interfaces (ISDN Dialer)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>dlnumber</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(J Series routers only) Display information about the ISDN dialer interface.
Options	<p><i>dlnumber</i>—Display standard information about the specified ISDN dialer interface.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display brief interface information.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display the interface description string.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces (ISDN Dialer) on page 554</p> <p>show interfaces brief (ISDN Dialer) on page 555</p> <p>show interfaces detail (ISDN Dialer) on page 555</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (ISDN Dialer) on page 556</p>
Output Fields	Table 105 on page 549 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (ISDN dialer) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 105: ISDN Dialer show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical Interface	Name of the physical interface type.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface index number that reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive

Table 105: ISDN Dialer show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Type	Interface type.	All levels
Link-level type	Type of encapsulation configured on the physical interface.	All levels
MTU	Maximum transmission unit (MTU)—Size of the largest transmitted packet.	All levels
Clocking	Reference clock source of the interface.	All levels
Speed	Network speed on the interface.	All levels
Device flags	Information about the physical device.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface.	All levels
Link type	Data transmission type.	detail extensive none
Link flags	Information about the link.	detail extensive none
Physical info	Information about the physical interface.	detail extensive
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down. Value is in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Current address	Configured MAC address.	detail extensive
Hardware address	MAC address of the hardware.	detail extensive
Alternate link address	Backup link address.	detail extensive
Last flapped	Date, time, and length of time since the interface status changed from down to up.	detail extensive none
Input rate	Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps).	none specified
Output rate	Output rate in bps and pps.	none specified
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive

Table 105: ISDN Dialer show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Input errors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Input errors on the interface. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Runts—Frames received smaller than the runt threshold. ■ Giants—Frames received larger than the giant threshold. ■ Policed discards—Frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or were not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the JUNOS Software does not support. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Output errors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly, possibly once every 10 seconds, the cable, the remote system, or the interface is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet dropped by the ASIC RED mechanism. ■ MTU errors—Number of packets larger than the MTU threshold. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Index number of the logical interface (which reflects its initialization sequence).	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP interface index number for the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	All levels

Table 105: ISDN Dialer show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Dialer	<p>Information about the status and configuration of the dialer interface:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ State—State of the interface: Active or Inactive. ■ Dial pool—Dial pool name. ■ Dial strings—Dialing number for the ISDN connection. ■ Subordinate interfaces—Associated B-channel interface name and SNMP index number. ■ Activation delay—Length of time (in seconds) to wait before enabling the interface after the primary interface has failed. ■ Deactivation delay—Length of time (in seconds) to wait before disabling the interface after the primary interface is operational. ■ Initial route check delay—Wait period (in seconds) for the software to check if the primary interface is up after the router comes up. The range is from 1 through 300 seconds. The default is 120 seconds. ■ Redial delay—(Available on interfaces configured for ISDN dial-out.) Delay, in seconds, between two successive calls made. The range of values is 2 to 255. The default value is 3. ■ Callback wait period—Time, in seconds, that the dialer waits before it calls back the caller ID. The default value is 5. ■ Load threshold—Bandwidth threshold percentage used for adding interfaces. Another link is added to the multilink bundle when the load reaches the threshold value you set. The range of values is 0 to 100. The default value is 100. ■ Load interval—Interval used to calculate the average load on the network. By default, the average interface load is calculated every 60 seconds. 	All levels
Bandwidth	Speed at which the interface is running.	detail extensive none
Input packets	Number of packets received on the logical interface.	None specified
Output packets	Number of packets transmitted on the logical interface.	None specified
Traffic statistics	<p>Total number of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface. These statistics are the sum of the local and transit statistics. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the logical interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the logical interface. 	detail extensive
Local statistics	Statistics for traffic received from and transmitted to the Routing Engine. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Transit statistics	Statistics for traffic transiting the router. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. This counter normally stabilizes in less than 1 second.	detail extensive

Table 105: ISDN Dialer show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Keepalive settings	Configured settings for keepalives. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ interval seconds—Time in seconds between successive keepalive requests. The range is 10seconds through 32,767 seconds, with a default of 10 seconds. ■ up-count number—Number of keepalive packets a destination must receive to change a link's status from down to up. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 1. ■ down-count number—Number of keepalive packets a destination must fail to receive before the network takes a link down. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 3. 	detail extensive none
Keepalive statistics	Information about keepalive packets. (When no level of output is specified, the word "statistics" is not part of the field name and the phrase "last seen" is not displayed.) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input—Number of keepalive packets received by PPP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was received, in the format <i>hh:mm:ss</i>. ■ Output—Number of keepalive packets sent by PPP and how long ago the last keepalive packets were sent and received. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was sent, in the format <i>hh:mm:ss</i>. 	detail extensive none
LCP state	Link Control Protocol state. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. ■ Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. ■ Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. ■ Down—LCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). ■ Not configured—LCP is not configured on the interface. ■ Opened—LCP negotiation is successful. 	detail extensive none
NCP state	Network Control Protocol state. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. ■ Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. ■ Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. ■ Down—NCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). ■ Not configured—NCP is not configured on the interface. ■ Opened—NCP negotiation is successful. 	detail extensive none

Table 105: ISDN Dialer show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
CHAP state	Displays the state of the Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) during its transaction. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Chap-Resp-received—Response received for the challenge sent, but CHAP not yet moved into the Success state. (Most likely with RADIUS authentication.) ■ Chap-Resp-sent—Response sent for the challenge received. ■ Chap-Chal-sent—Challenge sent. ■ Chap-Chal-received—Challenge received but response not yet sent. ■ Down—CHAP authentication is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). ■ Not-configured—CHAP is not configured on the interface. ■ Opened—CHAP authentication was successful. 	detail extensive none
<i>protocol family</i>	Protocol family configured on the logical interface. If the family is <i>inet</i> , the IP address of the logical interface and the IP address on the remote side of the connection are included.	brief
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route table	Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table <i>inet.0</i> .	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Addresses, Flags	Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Broadcast	Broadcast address.	detail extensive
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive

```

show interfaces      user@host>show interfaces d10
(ISDN Dialer)      Physical interface: d10, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                      Interface index: 153, SNMP ifIndex: 77
                      Type: 27, Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504
                      Device flags   : Present Running
                      Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
                      Link type      : Full-Duplex
                      Link flags     : Keepalives

```



```

Last flapped   : Never
Input rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)
Output rate    : 0 bps (0 pps)

```

```

Logical interface d10.0 (Index 76) (SNMP ifIndex 78)
  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 LinkAddress 23-0 Encapsulation: PPP
  Dialer:
    State: Active, Dial pool: 10
    Dial strings: 5551212
    Subordinate interfaces: bc-4/0/0:1 (Index 151)
    Activation delay: 0, Deactivation delay: 0
    Initial route check delay: 120
    Redial delay: 3
    Callback wait period: 5
    Load threshold: 0, Load interval: 60
  Bandwidth: 64kbps
  Input packets : 13
  Output packets: 10846
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
  Keepalive: Input: 5412 (00:00:06 ago), Output: 5416 (00:00:05 ago)
  LCP state: Opened
  NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured,
  mpls: Not-configured
  CHAP state: Closed
    Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
    Flags: None
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 10.0.40.1, Local: 10.0.40.2

```

**show interfaces brief
(ISDN Dialer)**

```

user@host> show interfaces d10 brief
Physical interface: d10, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Type: 27, Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Unspecified,
Speed: Unspecified
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps

```

```

Logical interface d10.0
  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 LinkAddress 23-0 Encapsulation: PPP
  Dialer:
    State: Active, Dial pool: 10
    Dial strings: 5551212
    Subordinate interfaces: bc-4/0/0:1 (Index 151)
    Activation delay: 0, Deactivation delay: 0
    Initial route check delay: 120
    Redial delay: 3
    Callback wait period: 5
    Load threshold: 0, Load interval: 60
  inet 10.0.40.2 --> 10.0.40.1

```

**show interfaces detail
(ISDN Dialer)**

```

user@host> show interfaces d10 detail
Physical interface: d10, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 153, SNMP ifIndex: 77, Generation: 154
Type: 27, Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Unspecified,
Speed: Unspecified
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
Link type      : Full-Duplex
Link flags     : Keepalives
Physical info  : Unspecified
Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: Unspecified, Hardware address: Unspecified

```

```

Alternate link address: Unspecified
Last flapped : Never
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :          131116          40 bps
Output bytes :          0          0 bps
Input packets:         10847          0 pps
Output packets:         0          0 pps

Logical interface d10.0 (Index 76) (SNMP ifIndex 78) (Generation 142)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 LinkAddress 23-0 Encapsulation: PPP
Dialer:
  State: Active, Dial pool: 10
  Dial strings: 5551212
  Subordinate interfaces: bc-4/0/0:1 (Index 151)
  Activation delay: 0, Deactivation delay: 0
  Initial route check delay: 120
  Redial delay: 3
  Callback wait period: 5
  Load threshold: 0, Load interval: 60
Bandwidth: 64kbps
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :          1092
Output bytes :         131459
Input packets:          13
Output packets:        10848
Local statistics:
Input bytes :          1092
Output bytes :         131459
Input packets:          13
Output packets:        10848
Transit statistics:
Input bytes :          0          0 bps
Output bytes :          0          0 bps
Input packets:          0          0 pps
Output packets:         0          0 pps
Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Keepalive statistics:
  Input : 5413 (last seen 00:00:03 ago)
  Output: 5417 (last sent 00:00:02 ago)
LCP state: Opened
NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured,
mpls: Not-configured
CHAP state: Closed
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 142, Route table: 0
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 10.0.40.1, Local: 10.0.40.2, Broadcast: Unspecified,
Generation: 142

```

**show interfaces
extensive (ISDN Dialer)**

```

user@host> show interfaces d10 extensive
Physical interface: d10, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 153, SNMP ifIndex: 77, Generation: 154
Type: 27, Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Unspecified,
Speed: Unspecified
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
Link type : Full-Duplex
Link flags : Keepalives
Physical info : Unspecified
Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms

```

```

Current address: Unspecified, Hardware address: Unspecified
Alternate link address: Unspecified
Last flapped : Never
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :          131116          0 bps
  Output bytes :              0          0 bps
  Input packets:          10847          0 pps
  Output packets:           0          0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
  Policed discards: 0,
  Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0,
  Resource errors: 0

Logical interface d10.0 (Index 76) (SNMP ifIndex 78) (Generation 142)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 LinkAddress 23-0 Encapsulation: PPP
Dialer:
  State: Active, Dial pool: 10
  Dial strings: 5551212
  Subordinate interfaces: bc-4/0/0:1 (Index 151)
  Activation delay: 0, Deactivation delay: 0
  Initial route check delay: 120
  Redial delay: 3
  Callback wait period: 5
  Load threshold: 0, Load interval: 60
Bandwidth: 64kbps
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :          1092
  Output bytes :        131459
  Input packets:           13
  Output packets:       10848
Local statistics:
  Input bytes :          1092
  Output bytes :        131459
  Input packets:           13
  Output packets:       10848
Transit statistics:
  Input bytes :              0          0 bps
  Output bytes :              0          0 bps
  Input packets:              0          0 pps
  Output packets:             0          0 pps
Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Keepalive statistics:
  Input : 5413 (last seen 00:00:07 ago)
  Output: 5417 (last sent 00:00:06 ago)
LCP state: Opened
NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured,
mpls: Not-configured
CHAP state: Closed
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 142, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
  Destination: 10.0.40.1, Local: 10.0.40.2, Broadcast: Unspecified,
  Generation: 142

```

show isdn calls

Syntax	show isdn calls
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(J Series routers only) Display ISDN connection calls.
Options	This command has no options.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show isdn calls on page 558
Output Fields	Table 106 on page 558 lists the output fields for the show isdn calls command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 106: show isdn calls Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Interface	ISDN interface configured for calling out.
Status	Current calling conditions of the ISDN interface.
Call Duration	Connection time (in seconds) for the call.
Call Direction	Indicates whether the call is a Dialout call, Dialincall, or Callback call.
Most recent error code	Calling errors on the ISDN interface.

```

show isdn calls      user@host> show isdn calls
Interface: bc-4/0/0:1
  Status: No call in progress
  Most recent error code: protocol error, unspecified
Interface: bc-4/0/0:2
  Status: Connected to 5552121
  Call Duration: 58549 seconds
  Call Direction: Dialout
  Most recent error code: No error

```

show isdn history

Syntax	show isdn history
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(J Series routers only) Display ISDN call history.
Options	This command has no options.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show isdn history on page 559
Output Fields	Table 107 on page 559 lists the output fields for the show isdn history command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 107: show isdn history Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Calling Number	Telephone number configured as the primary dialing number.
Called Number	Telephone number used to dial the service provider.
Interface	ISDN interface used for calling the service provider.
Duration	Length of time (in seconds) that the ISDN call is connected.
Direction	Indicates whether the call is a Dialout call, Dialin call, or Callback call.

show isdn history	user@host> show isdn history				
	Calling	Called	Interface	Duration	Direction
	Number	Number			
	551212	5552121	bc-4/0/0:1	58663	Dialin

show isdn q921 statistics

Syntax	show isdn q921 statistics <i>br-pim/0/port</i>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(J Series routers only) Display ISDN Layer 2 statistics based on the Q.921 standard for the specified Basic Rate Interface (BRI) interface.
Options	<i>br-pim/0/port</i> —Basic Rate Interface (BRI) interface name.
Required Privilege Level	view
Related Topics	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ clear isdn q921 statistics
List of Sample Output	show isdn q921 statistics on page 560
Output Fields	Table 108 on page 560 lists the output fields for the <code>show isdn q921 statistics</code> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 108: show isdn q921 statistics Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Frame Type	<p>Frame type:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ INFO—Number of information frames sent and received. ■ RR—Number of receive ready frames sent and received. ■ RNR—Number of receive not ready frames sent and received. ■ REJ—Number of reject frames sent and received. ■ SABME—Number of set asynchronous balanced mode extended frames sent and received. ■ DISC—Number of disconnect frames sent and received. ■ UA—Number of unnumbered acknowledgement frames sent and received. ■ DM—Number of disconnect mode frames sent and received. ■ FRMR—Number of frame reject frames sent and received. ■ XID—Number of exchange identification frames sent and received. ■ UI—Number of unnumbered information frames sent and received.
Transmitted	Number of frames transmitted.
Received	Number of frames received.

```

show isdn q921 statistics user@host> show isdn q921 statistics br-6/0/0
Frame Type               Transmitted   Received
INFO                     2196         3290
RR                        9853         8759

```

RNR	0	0
REJ	0	0
SABME	1	0
DISC	0	0
UA	0	1
DM	0	0
FRMR	0	0
XID	0	0
UI	1	1

show isdn q931 statistics

Syntax	show isdn q931 statistics <i>br-pim/0/port</i>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(J Series routers only) Display ISDN Layer 3 statistics based on the Q.931 standard for the specified Basic Rate Interface (BRI) interface.
Options	<i>br-pim/0/port</i> —Basic Rate Interface (BRI) interface name.
Required Privilege Level	view
Related Topics	■ clear isdn q931 statistics
List of Sample Output	show isdn q931 statistics on page 564
Output Fields	Table 109 on page 563 lists the output fields for the <code>show isdn q931 statistics</code> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 109: show isdn q931 Statistics Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Message Type	<p>Type of message:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ ALERTING—Number of messages indicating that called user alerting is initiated. ■ CALL PROCEED—Number of messages indicating that requested call establishment has been initiated and no more call establishment information is accepted. ■ CONNECT—Number of messages indicating that a call has gone through and is accepted. ■ CONNECT ACK—Number of messages sent by the network to the called user to indicate that the user is awarded the call. ■ PROGRESS—Number of messages indicating the progress of a call in relation to the provision of inband information or patterns. ■ SETUP—Number of requests to initiate call establishment. ■ SETUP ACK—Number of messages indicating that call establishment is initiated but additional information might be required. ■ DISCONNECT—Number of messages sent by the user to request clearing an end-to-end connection. ■ RELEASE—Number of messages sent by the network to indicate that the equipment sending the message has disconnected the channel and intends to release the channel and call reference. ■ RELEASE COMPLETE—Number of messages sent by the user or network to indicate that the equipment sending the message has released the channel and call reference, and that the channel is available for reuse. ■ RESTART—Number of messages that restart a call connection. ■ RESTART ACK—Number of messages that acknowledge the restart request by the remote network. ■ INFORMATION—Number of messages that provide information for call establishment or miscellaneous call-related information. ■ NOTIFY—Number of messages that contain information pertaining to a call. ■ STATUS—Number of messages sent in response to a status enquiry message or at any time during a call to report certain error conditions. ■ STATUS ENQUIRY—Number of messages sent to solicit a status message from the peer Layer 3 entity.
Transmitted	Number of messages transmitted.
Received	Number of messages received.

```
show isdn q931 statistics user@host> show isdn q931 statistics br-4/0/0
```

Message Type	Transmitted	Received
ALERTING	1	0
CALL PROCEED	1	229
CONNECT	1	0
CONNECT ACK	0	1
PROGRESS	0	0
SETUP	229	1096
SETUP ACK	0	0
DISCONNECT	0	229
RELEASE	1324	0
RELEASE COMPLETE	0	1324
RESTART	0	0
RESTART ACK	0	0
INFORMATION	0	0
NOTIFY	0	0
STATUS	0	0
STATUS ENQUIRY	0	0

show isdn status

Syntax	show isdn status <brief | detail> <br-pim/O/port>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(J Series routers only) Display ISDN status information.
Options	none—Display standard ISDN status information for all Basic Rate Interface (BRI) interfaces. brief | detail—(Optional) Display the specified level of output. br-pim/O/port—(Optional) Display status information for the specified BRI interface only.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show isdn status on page 565
Output Fields	Table 110 on page 565 lists the output fields for the show isdn status command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 110: show isdn status Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Interface	ISDN BRI interface name.
Layer 1 status	Layer 1 status: active or inactive.
Layer 2 status	Layer 2 status: <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ CES—Common endpoint suffix value.■ Q.921—Q.921 status: up or down.■ TEI—Assigned terminal endpoint identifier (TEI) number.
Layer 3 status	Number of active calls, plus: <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Switch Type—Type of ISDN switch based on the manufacturer.■ Interface Type—Information relating to a local or network interface.■ Calling number—Telephone number configured as the primary dialing number.■ T310—Q.931-specific timer value.■ Tei Option—Initial connectivity configuration of the ISDN interface.

show isdn status user@host> show isdn status

```
Interface: br-4/0/0
Layer 1 status: active
Layer 2 status:
  CES: 0, Q.921: up, TEI: 64
Layer 3 status: 1 Active calls
Switch Type      : ATT5E
Interface Type   : USER
Calling number   : 5551212
T310             : 10 seconds
Tei Option       : Power Up
```

Part 10

Channelized Interfaces

- Channelized E1 Interface Operational Mode Commands on page 569
- Channelized OC Interface Operational Commands on page 585
- Channelized STM1 Interface Operational Mode Commands on page 615
- Channelized T1 and T3 Interface Operational Mode Commands on page 635

Chapter 15

Channelized E1 Interface Operational Mode Commands

Table 111 on page 569 summarizes the command-line interface (CLI) commands you can use to monitor and troubleshoot channelized E1 interfaces. Commands are listed in alphabetical order.

Table 111: Channelized E1 Interface Operational Mode Commands

Task	Command
Display status information about channelized E1 interfaces.	show interfaces (Channelized E1)
Display channelized E1 IQ interface information.	show interfaces (Channelized E1 IQ)
Display the interface names of the physical channelized E1 IQ interface and the channels configured on each interface.	show interfaces controller (Channelized E1 IQ)



NOTE: For more information about the channel type and level of channelization, and for information about the number of channels that are supported on the channelized E1 interface, see the *JUNOS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide*.

For channelization illustrations and configuration examples for channelized IQ interfaces, see the *JUNOS Feature Guide*.

show interfaces (Channelized E1)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>ds-fpc/pic/port:ds0channel</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information the specified channelized E1 interface.
Options	<p><i>ds-fpc/pic/port:ds0channel</i>—Display standard information about the specified channelized E1 interface.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces extensive (Channelized E1) on page 578
Output Fields	Table 112 on page 570 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (Channelized E1 and Channelized E1 IQ) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 112: Channelized E1 and Channelized E1 IQ show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Link-level type	Encapsulation being used on the physical interface.	All levels

Table 112: Channelized E1 and Channelized E1 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
MTU	MTU size on the physical interface.	All levels
Clocking	Reference clock source: Internal or External .	All levels
Speed	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels
Loopback	Whether loopback is enabled and the type of loopback (local or remote).	All levels
FCS	Frame check sequence on the interface (either 16 or 32). The default is 16 bits.	All levels
Framing	Physical layer framing format used on the link. It can be G704 , G704-NO-CRC4 , or Unframed . The default is G704 .	All levels
Parent	(Channelized E1 IQ interfaces only) Name and interface index of the interface to which a particular child interface belongs. None indicates that this interface is the top level.	All levels
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Keepalive settings	(PPP and HDLC) Configured settings for keepalives. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Interval seconds—Time in seconds between successive keepalive requests. The range is 10 seconds through 32,767 seconds, with a default of 10 seconds. ■ Down-count number—Number of keepalive packets a destination must fail to receive before the network takes a link down. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 3. ■ Up-count number—Number of keepalive packets a destination must receive to change a link's status from down to up. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 1. 	detail extensive none
Keepalive statistics	(PPP and HDLC) Information about keepalive packets. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input—Number of keepalive packets received by PPP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was received, in the format hh:mm:ss. ■ Output—Number of keepalive packets sent by PPP and how long ago the last keepalive packets were sent and received. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was sent, in the format hh:mm:ss. 	detail extensive none

Table 112: Channelized E1 and Channelized E1 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
LMI settings	<p>(Frame Relay) Settings for link management can be either ANSI LMI settings or ITU LMI settings. ANSI LMI settings is the default. The format is (ANSI or ITU) LMI settings: <i>value, value... xx</i> seconds, where <i>value</i> can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ n391dte—DTE full status polling interval (1–255) ■ n392dce—DCE error threshold (1–10) ■ n392dte—DTE error threshold (1–10) ■ n393dce—DCE monitored event count (1–10) ■ n393dte—DTE monitored event count (1–10) ■ t391dte—DTE polling timer (5–30 seconds) ■ t392dce—DCE polling verification timer (5–30 seconds) 	detail extensive none
LMI	<p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about the link management.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input—Number of packets coming in on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet arrived. The format is Input: nn (last seen <i>hh:mm:ss ago</i>) ■ Output—Number of packets sent out on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet was sent. The format is Output: nn (last sent <i>hh:mm:ss ago</i>). 	detail extensive none
DTE statistics	<p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the data terminal equipment (DTE) to the data circuit-terminating equipment (DCE):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Enquiries sent—Number of link status enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. ■ Full enquiries sent—Number of full enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. ■ Enquiry responses received—Number of enquiry responses received by the DTE from the DCE. ■ Full enquiry responses received—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DTE to the DCE. 	detail extensive none
DCE statistics	<p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the DCE to the DTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Enquiries received—Number of enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. ■ Full enquiries received—Number of full enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. ■ Enquiry responses sent—Number of enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. ■ Full enquiry responses sent—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. 	detail extensive none

Table 112: Channelized E1 and Channelized E1 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Common statistics	<p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages sent between the DTE and the DCE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Unknown messages received—Number of received packets that do not fall into any category. ■ Asynchronous updates received—Number of link status peer changes received. ■ Out-of-sequence packets received—Number of packets for which the sequence of the packets received is different from the expected sequence. ■ Keepalive responses timedout—Number of keepalive responses that timed out when no LMI packet was reported for <code>n392dte</code> or <code>n393dce</code> intervals. (See LMI settings). 	detail extensive none
Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs	(Frame Relay, displayed only from the DTE) Number of DLCIs configured from the DCE.	detail extensive none
LCP state	<p>(PPP) Link Control Protocol state.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. ■ Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. ■ Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. ■ Down—LCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). ■ Not-configured—LCP is not configured on the interface. ■ Opened—LCP negotiation is successful. 	detail extensive none
CHAP state	<p>(PPP) Displays the state of the Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) during its transaction.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Chap-Chal-received—Challenge was received but response not yet sent. ■ Chap-Chal-sent—Challenge was sent. ■ Chap-Resp-received—Response was received for the challenge sent, but CHAP has not yet moved into the Success state. (Most likely with RADIUS authentication.) ■ Chap-Resp-sent—Response was sent for the challenge received. ■ Closed—CHAP authentication is incomplete. ■ Failure—CHAP authentication failed. ■ Not-configured—CHAP is not configured on the interface. ■ Success—CHAP authentication was successful. 	detail extensive none
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: <i>year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone(hour:minute:second ago)</i> . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) .	detail extensive none
CoS Queues	Number of CoS queues configured.	detail extensive none
Input Rate	Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps).	None specified
Output Rate	Output rate in bps and pps.	None specified
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive

Table 112: Channelized E1 and Channelized E1 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Traffic statistics	<p>Number of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Input errors	<p>Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Giants—Number of frames received that are larger than the giant threshold. ■ Runts—Number of frames received that are smaller than the runt threshold. ■ Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the JUNOS Software does not handle. ■ L3 incompletes—Number of incoming packets discarded because they failed Layer 3 (usually IPv4) sanity checks of the header. For example, a frame with less than 20 bytes of available IP header is discarded. ■ L2 channel errors—Number of times the software did not find a valid logical interface for an incoming frame. ■ L2 mismatch timeouts—Number of malformed or short packets that caused the incoming packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable. ■ HS link CRC errors—Number of errors on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Output errors	<p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), then either the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Aged packets—Number of packets that remained in shared packet SDRAM so long that the system automatically purged them. The value in this field should never increment. If it does, it is most likely a software bug or possibly malfunctioning hardware. ■ MTU errors—Number of packets larger than the MTU threshold. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive

Table 112: Channelized E1 and Channelized E1 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
DS1 alarms DS1 defects	<p>E1 media-specific defects that can render the interface unable to pass packets. When a defect persists for a certain amount of time, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router, or turn on the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. The following lists all possible alarms and defects. For complete explanations of most of these alarms and defects, see <i>Bellcore Telcordia GR-499-CORE</i>.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ LOS—Loss of signal. ■ LOF—Loss of frame. ■ AIS—Alarm indication signal. ■ YLW—Yellow alarm. Indicates errors at the remote site receiver. 	detail extensive none
E1 media	<p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific E1 errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>The E1 media-specific error types can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ SEF—Severely errored framing ■ BEE—Bit error ■ AIS—Alarm indication signal ■ LOF—Loss of frame ■ LOS—Loss of signal ■ YELLOW—Errors at the remote site receiver ■ BPV—Bipolar violation ■ EXZ—Excessive zeros ■ LCV—Line code violation ■ PCV—Pulse code violation ■ CS—Carrier state ■ FEBE—Far-end block error ■ LES—Line error seconds ■ ES—Errored seconds ■ BES—Bit error seconds ■ SES—Severely errored seconds ■ SEFS—Severely errored framing seconds ■ UAS—Unavailable seconds 	extensive
HDLC configuration	<p>Information about the HDLC configuration.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Giant threshold—Giant threshold programmed into the hardware. ■ Runt threshold—Runt threshold programmed into the hardware. ■ Timeslots—Configured time slots for the interface. ■ Line encodingHDB3—Line encoding used. 	extensive

Table 112: Channelized E1 and Channelized E1 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Interface transmit queues	Names of the transmit queues and their associated statistics for each DS0 channel on the Channelized E1 to DS0 PIC. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ B/W—Queue bandwidth as a percentage of the total interface bandwidth. ■ WRR—Weighted round robin (in percent). ■ Packets—Number of packets transmitted. ■ Bytes—Number of bytes transmitted. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped. ■ Errors—Number of packet errors. 	extensive
DSx BERT configuration	BERT (bit error rate test) checks the quality of the line. This output appears only when a BERT is run on the interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ BERT time period—Configured total time period that the BERT is to run. ■ Elapsed—Actual time elapsed since the start of the BERT (in seconds). ■ Induced error rate—Configured rate at which the bit errors are induced in the BERT pattern. ■ Algorithm—Type of algorithm selected for the BERT. 	detail extensive none
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration	Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Destination slot—FPC slot number. ■ PLP byte—Packet Level Protocol byte. ■ CoS transmit queue—Queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ <i>bandwidth%</i>—Percentage of bandwidth allocated to the queue. ■ <i>Bandwidth bps</i>—Bandwidth allocated to the queue (in bps). ■ <i>buffer %</i>—Percentage of buffer space allocated to the queue. ■ <i>Buffer usec</i>—Amount of buffer space allocated to the queue, in microseconds. This value is nonzero only if the buffer size is configured in terms of time. ■ <i>Priority</i>—Queue priority. Possible values are low and high. ■ <i>Limit</i>—Displayed if rate limiting is configured for the queue: none or exact. If exact is configured, the queue transmits only up to the configured bandwidth, even if excess bandwidth is available. If none is configured, the queue transmits beyond the configured bandwidth if bandwidth is available. 	extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels

Table 112: Channelized E1 and Channelized E1 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	All levels
Input packets	Number of packets received on the logical interface.	None specified
Output packets	Number of packets transmitted on the logical interface.	None specified
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Local statistics	(Frame Relay) Statistics for traffic received from and transmitted to the Routing Engine. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Transit statistics	(Frame Relay) Statistics for traffic transiting the router. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface, such as iso, inet6, mpls.	detail extensive none
Multilink bundle	(Multilink) Interface name for the multilink bundle, if configured.	detail extensive none
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route table	Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0.	detail extensive
DLCI	<p>(Frame Relay) DLCI number of the logical interface. The following DLCI information is displayed: Flags, Total down time, Last down, and Traffic statistics. Flags is one or more of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Active—Set when the link is active and the DTE and DCE are exchanging information. ■ Down—Set when link is active, but no information is received from the DCE. ■ Unconfigured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is not configured. ■ Configured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is configured. ■ Dce-configured—Displayed when the command is issued from the DTE. 	detail extensive none
DLCI statistics	<p>(Frame Relay) Data-link connection identifier (DLCI) statistics.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Active DLCI—Number of active DLCIs. ■ Inactive DLCI—Number of inactive DLCIs. 	detail extensive none

```

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces ds-0/1/1:1 extensive
extensive           Physical interface: ds-0/1/1:1, Enabled, Physical link is Down
(Channelized E1)    Interface index: 163, SNMP ifIndex: 37, Generation: 46
                      Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: E1,
                      Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: G704
                      Device flags   : Present Running Down
                      Interface flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
                      Link flags     : Keepalives
                      Hold-times      : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
                      CoS queues      : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
                      Last flapped    : 2005-12-28 14:44:06 PST (00:00:30 ago)
                      Statistics last cleared: Never
                      Traffic statistics:
                        Input  bytes :                0                0 bps
                        Output bytes :                0                0 bps
                        Input  packets:                0                0 pps
                        Output packets:                0                0 pps
                      Input errors:
                        Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Policed discards: 0,
                        L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0,
                        HS link CRC errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
                      Output errors:
                        Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0, MTU errors: 0,
                        Resource errors: 0
                      DS1 alarms   : LOF, LOS
                      DS1 defects  : LOF, LOS
                      E1 media:
                        Seconds      Count  State
                        SEF          982318    1 Defect Active
                        BEE          0         0 OK
                        AIS          0         0 OK
                        LOF          982318    1 Defect Active
                        LOS          982318    1 Defect Active
                        YELLOW       0         0 OK
                        BPV          1         1
                        EXZ          1         1
                        LCV          1         1
                        PCV          1         2
                        CS           0         0
                        FEBE         1         9
                        LES          1
                        ES           982318
                        SES           982318
                        SEFS          982318
                        BES           1
                        UAS           0
                      Interface transmit queues:
                        B/W  WRR      Packets      Bytes      Drops      Errors
                        Queue0  95  95          0          0          0          0
                        Queue1   5   5          0          0          0          0
                      HDLC configuration:
                        Giant threshold: 1514, Runt threshold: 3
                        Timeslots      : 31
                        Line encoding: HDB3, Data inversion: Disabled, Idle cycle flag: flags,
                        Start end flag: shared
                      DS1 BERT configuration:
                        BERT time period: 0 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
                        Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^11 - 1, 0.152 and 0.153 (2047 type),
                        Pseudorandom (8)
                      Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
                        Destination slot: 0, PLP byte: 2 (0x1b)
                        CoS transmit queue  Bandwidth      Buffer  Priority  Limit

```


		%	bps	%	usec		
0	best-effort	95	1945600	95	0	low	none
3	network-control	5	102400	5	0	low	none

show interfaces (Channelized E1 IQ)

Syntax	show interfaces (<i>ce1-fpc/pic/port</i> | <i>type-fpc/pic/port<:channel></i>) <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified channelized E1 IQ interface.
Options	<p><i>type-fpc/pic/port<:channel></i>—Interface type with optional corresponding channel levels. For the physical channelized E1 IQ interface, <i>type</i> is <i>ce</i>. For the clear channel, <i>type</i> is <i>e1</i>. At the first level of channelization, <i>type</i> is <i>ds</i>.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces (Channelized E1 IQ) (Physical) on page 580</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (Channelized E1 IQ Multilink PPP Encapsulation) on page 581</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (Channelized E1 IQ MLFR Encapsulation) on page 582</p> <p>show interfaces detail (Clear Channel E1) on page 583</p>
Output Fields	Table 112 on page 570 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (Channelized E1 and Channelized E1 IQ) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.
show interfaces (Channelized E1 IQ) (Physical)	<pre> user@host> show interfaces ce1-1/2/3 Physical interface: ce1-1/2/3, Enabled, Physical link is Up Interface index: 18, SNMP ifIndex: 1128 Link-level type: Frame-relay, Controller, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: E1, Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: G704, Parent: None Device flags : Present Running Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Link flags : Keepalives DTE ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds LMI: Input: 51700 (00:00:02 ago), Output: 51701 (00:00:02 ago) DTE statistics: Enquiries sent : 43186 Full enquiries sent : 8515 </pre>

```

    Enquiry responses received      : 43185
    Full enquiry responses received : 8515
DCE statistics:
    Enquiries received             : 0
    Full enquiries received        : 0
    Enquiry responses sent         : 0
    Full enquiry responses sent    : 0
Common statistics:
    Unknown messages received      : 0
    Asynchronous updates received  : 0
    Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
    Keepalive responses timeout    : 0
Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs:
    2
Last flapped   : 2002-10-04 17:52:51 PDT (00:32:57 ago)
Input rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)
Output rate    : 0 bps (0 pps)
DS1 alarms     : None
DS1 defects    : None

```

**show interfaces
extensive (Channelized
E1 IQ Multilink PPP
Encapsulation)**

```

user@host> show interfaces ds-0/3/4:1 extensive
Physical interface: ds-0/3/4:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 151, SNMP ifIndex: 63, Generation: 34
  Link-level type: Multilink-PPP, MTU: 1518, Clocking: Internal, Speed: 64kbps,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16,
  Parent: ce1-0/3/4 Interface index 150
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : None
  Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
  Keepalive statistics:
    Input : 0 (last seen: never)
    Output: 0 (last sent: never)
  LCP state: Down
  CHAP state: Closed
  CoS queues   : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
  Last flapped : Never
  Statistics last cleared: 2005-12-21 10:32:15 PST (1w0d 03:10 ago)
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   : 0          0 bps
    Output bytes  : 6070570    224 bps
    Input packets : 0          0 pps
    Output packets: 209330     0 pps
  Input errors:
    Errors: 3, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
    Policed discards: 0, L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0,
    L2 mismatch timeouts: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
  Output errors:
    Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0, MTU errors: 0,
    Resource errors: 0
  HDLC configuration:
    Giant threshold: 1528, Runt threshold: 2
    Timeslots      : 1
    Data inversion: Disabled, Idle cycle flag: flags, Start end flag: shared
  DSO BERT configuration:
    BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
    Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9)
  Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
    Destination slot: 0, PLP byte: 4 (0x00)

```

```

Logical interface ds-0/3/4:1.0 (Index 74) (SNMP ifIndex 64) (Generation 13)
Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol mlppp, Multilink bundle: ls-0/1/0.0, MTU: 1514, Generation: 24,
Route table: 0

```

**show interfaces
extensive (Channelized
E1 IQ MLFR
Encapsulation)**

```

user@host> show interfaces ds-0/3/4:5 extensive
Physical interface: ds-0/3/4:5, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 155, SNMP ifIndex: 72, Generation: 38
Link-level type: Multilink-FR, MTU: 1518, Clocking: Internal, Speed: 64kbps,
Loopback: None, FCS: 16,
Parent: ce1-0/3/4 Interface index 150
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: Link-Layer-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
Link flags : No-Keepalives DCE
Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
ANSI LMI settings: n392dce 3, n393dce 4, t392dce 15 seconds
LMI statistics:
  Input : 0 (last seen: never)
  Output: 0 (last sent: never)
DTE statistics:
  Enquiries sent : 0
  Full enquiries sent : 0
  Enquiry responses received : 0
  Full enquiry responses received : 0
DCE statistics:
  Enquiries received : 0
  Full enquiries received : 0
  Enquiry responses sent : 0
  Full enquiry responses sent : 0
Common statistics:
  Unknown messages received : 0
  Asynchronous updates received : 0
  Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
  Keepalive responses timedout : 0
CoS queues : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
Last flapped : 2005-12-21 09:59:01 PST (1w0d 03:44 ago)
Statistics last cleared: 2005-12-21 10:32:15 PST (1w0d 03:10 ago)
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes : 0 0 bps
  Output bytes : 0 0 bps
  Input packets: 0 0 pps
  Output packets: 0 0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 3, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
  Policed discards: 0, L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0,
  L2 mismatch timeouts: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0, MTU errors: 0,
  Resource errors: 0
HDLC configuration:
  Giant threshold: 1528, Runt threshold: 2
  Timeslots : 5
  Data inversion: Disabled, Idle cycle flag: flags, Start end flag: shared
DSO BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.0151, Pseudorandom (9)
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 0, PLP byte: 4 (0x01)

Logical interface ds-0/3/4:5.0 (Index 78) (SNMP ifIndex 73) (Generation 17)
Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: FR-NLPID

```

```

Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
Local statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
Transit statistics:
  Input bytes : 0 0 bps
  Output bytes : 0 0 bps
  Input packets: 0 0 pps
  Output packets: 0 0 pps
Protocol mlfrr, Multilink bundle: ls-0/1/0.1, MTU: 1514, Generation: 28, Route
table: 0
DLCI 10
  Flags: Active
  Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0
    Input packets: 0
    Output packets: 0
DLCI statistics:
  Active DLCI :1 Inactive DLCI :0

```

**show interfaces detail
(Clear Channel E1)**

```

user@host> show interfaces e1-1/2/6 detail
Physical interface: e1-1/2/6, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 89, SNMP ifIndex: 1278, Generation: 341
Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: E1, Loopback:None,
...
Logical interface e1-1/2/6.0 (Index 52) (SNMP ifIndex 1279) (Generation 169)
  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
  Bandwidth: 0
...

```

show interfaces controller (Channelized E1 IQ)

Syntax	show interfaces controller <i>ce1-fpc/pic/port</i>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display the interface names of the physical channelized E1 IQ interface and the channels configured on each interface.
Options	<i>ce1-fpc/pic/port</i> —Basic Rate Interface (BRI) interface name.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces controller (Channelized E1 IQ with Logical E1) on page 584 show interfaces controller (Channelized E1 IQ with Logical DS0) on page 584
Output Fields	Table 113 on page 584 lists the output fields for the <code>show interfaces controller (Channelized E1 IQ)</code> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 113: Channelized E1 IQ show interfaces controller Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Controller	Physical channelized interface name and the names of any channels configured on it.
Admin	Administrative status of the interface.
Link	Link status of the interface.

show interfaces controller (Channelized E1 IQ with Logical E1)	user@host> show interfaces controller ce1-1/2/6		
	Controller	Admin	Link
	ce1-1/2/6	up	up
	e1-1/2/6	up	up
show interfaces controller (Channelized E1 IQ with Logical DS0)	user@host> show interfaces controller ce1-1/2/3		
	Controller	Admin	Link
	ce1-1/2/3	up	up
	ds-1/2/3:1	up	up
	ds-1/2/3:2	up	up

Chapter 16

Channelized OC Interface Operational Commands

Table 114 on page 585 summarizes the command-line interface (CLI) commands to monitor and troubleshoot channelized OC interfaces. Commands are listed in alphabetical order.

Table 114: Channelized OC Interface Operational Mode Commands

Task or Information to Monitor	CLI Command
Display channelized OC3 IQ and IQE interface information.	show interfaces (Channelized OC3 IQ and IQE)
Display status information about channelized OC12 interfaces.	show interfaces (Channelized OC12)
Display channelized OC12 IQ and IQE interface information.	show interfaces (Channelized OC12 IQ and IQE)
Display the interface names of the physical channelized OC3 IQ and IQE interface and the channels configured on each interface.	show interfaces controller (Channelized OC3 IQ and IQE)
Display the interface names of the physical channelized OC12 IQ and IQE interface and the channels configured on each interface.	show interfaces controller (Channelized OC12 IQ and IQE)



NOTE: For more information about the channel type and level of channelization, and for information about the number of channels that are supported on channelized OC interfaces, see the *JUNOS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide*.

For channelization illustrations and configuration examples for channelized IQ and IQE interfaces, see the *JUNOS Feature Guide*.

show interfaces (Channelized OC3 IQ and IQE)

Syntax show interfaces (*type-fpc/pic/port <:channel><:channel><:channel>*)
 <brief | detail | extensive | terse>
 <descriptions>
 <media>
 <snmp-index *snmp-index*>
 <statistics>

Release Information Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.

Description (M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified channelized OC3 IQ or IQE interface.

Options *type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel:channel*—Interface type with optional corresponding channel levels. The interface type can be one of the following:

- *type-fpc/pic/port*—For the physical interface, *type* is *coc3*. For the clear channel, *type* is *so* (for OC3).
- *type-fpc/pic/port:channel*—At the first level of channelization, *type* can be *coc1* (channelized OC1), *ct3* (from *coc1*), or *t3* (from *coc1*).
- *type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel*—At the second level of channelization, *type* can be *ct1* (from *coc1* or *ct3*) or *t1* (from *coc1* or *ct3*).
- *type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel:channel*—At the third level of channelization, *type* can be *ds* (from *ct1*).

brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.

descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.

media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.

snmp-index *snmp-index*—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.

statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.

Required Privilege Level view

List of Sample Output show interfaces extensive (Channelized OC3 IQ) (Physical) on page 600
 show interfaces extensive (Channelized OC1 on Channelized OC3 IQ) on page 601
 show interfaces extensive (Channelized T1 on Channelized OC3 IQ) on page 602
 show interfaces extensive (DS0 on Channelized OC3 IQ) on page 603

Output Fields Table 115 on page 587 lists the output fields for the **show interfaces** (all Channelized OC interfaces) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 115: Channelized OC show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Description	Interface description.	All levels
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Link-level type	Encapsulation being used on the physical interface.	All levels
MTU	MTU size on the physical interface.	All levels
Clocking	SONET/SDH reference clock source. It can be Internal or External . Clocking is configured and displayed only for channel 0.	All levels
<i>Framing mode</i>	Framing mode: SONET or SDH .	All levels
Speed	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels
Loopback	Whether loopback is enabled and the type of loopback (local or remote).	All levels
SONET loopback	Whether loopback is enabled on a SONET/SDH interface, and the type of loopback (local or remote).	All levels
FCS	Frame check sequence on the interface (either 16 or 32). The default is 16-bit .	All levels
Payload scrambler	Whether payload scrambling is enabled.	All levels
Parent	Name and interface index of the interface to which a particular child interface belongs. None indicates that this interface is the top level.	All levels
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds.	detail extensive

Table 115: Channelized OC show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
ANSI or ITU LMI settings	<p>(Frame Relay) Settings for Local Management Interface (LMI). The format is (ANSI or ITU) LMI settings: <i>value</i>, <i>value</i>... <i>nn</i> seconds, where <i>value</i> can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ <i>n391dte</i>—DTE full status polling interval (1–255) ■ <i>n392dce</i>—DCE error threshold (1–10) ■ <i>n392dte</i>—DTE error threshold (1–10) ■ <i>n393dce</i>—DCE monitored event count (1–10) ■ <i>n393dte</i>—DTE monitored event count (1–10) ■ <i>t391dte</i>—DTE polling timer (5–30 seconds) ■ <i>t392dce</i>—DCE polling verification timer (5–30 seconds) 	All levels
LMI statistics	<p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about the link management.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input—Number of packets coming in on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet arrived. The format is Input: <i>nn</i> (last sent <i>hh:mm:ss</i> ago). ■ Output—Number of packets sent out on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet was sent. The format is Output: <i>nn</i> (last sent <i>hh:mm:ss</i> ago). 	detail extensive
DTE statistics	<p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the data terminal equipment (DTE) to the data circuit-terminating equipment (DCE):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Enquiries sent—Number of link status enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. ■ Full enquiries sent—Number of full enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. ■ Enquiry responses received—Number of enquiry responses received by the DTE from the DCE. ■ Full enquiry responses received—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DTE to the DCE. 	detail extensive none
DCE statistics	<p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the DCE to the DTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Enquiries received—Number of enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. ■ Full enquiries received—Number of full enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. ■ Enquiry responses sent—Number of enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. ■ Full enquiry responses sent—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. 	detail extensive none

Table 115: Channelized OC show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Common statistics	<p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages sent between the DTE and the DCE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Unknown messages received—Number of received packets that do not fall into any category. ■ Asynchronous updates received—Number of link status peer changes received. ■ Out-of-sequence packets received—Number of packets for which the sequence of the packets received is different from the expected sequence. ■ Keepalive responses timedout—Number of keepalive responses that timed out when no LMI packet was reported for n392dte or n393dce intervals. (See LMI settings.) 	detail extensive none
Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs	(Frame Relay) Number of DLCIs configured from the DCE, displayed only from the DTE.	detail extensive none
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: <i>year-month-day hh:mm:ss timezone year-month-day (hh:mm:ss ago)</i> . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago).	detail extensive none
CoS Queues	Number of CoS queues configured.	detail extensive none
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
DS1 alarms DS1 defects	<p>E1 or T1 media-specific defects that can prevent the interface from passing packets. When a defect persists for a certain period, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router, or turn on the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. The following lists all possible alarms and defects. For complete explanations of most of these alarms and defects, see <i>Belcore Telcordia GR-499-CORE</i>.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ LOS—Loss of signal. ■ LOF—Loss of frame. ■ AIS—Alarm indication signal. ■ YLW—Yellow alarm. Indicates errors at the remote site receiver. 	detail extensive none

Table 115: Channelized OC show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
T1 media	<p>Counts of T1 or E1 media-specific errors.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>The T1 or E1 media-specific error types are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ SEF—Severely errored framing ■ BEE—Bit error ■ AIS—Alarm indication signal ■ LOF—Loss of frame ■ LOS—Loss of signal ■ YELLOW—Errors at the remote site receiver ■ BPV—Bipolar violation ■ EXZ—Excessive zeros ■ LCV—Line code violation ■ PCV—Pulse code violation ■ CS—Carrier state ■ FEBE—Far-end block error (E1 only) ■ LES—Line error seconds ■ ES—Errored seconds ■ BES—Bit error seconds ■ SES—Severely errored seconds ■ SEFS—Severely errored framing seconds ■ UAS—Unavailable seconds 	extensive
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive

Table 115: Channelized OC show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Input errors	<p>Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Runts—Number of frames received that are smaller than the runt threshold. ■ Giants—Number of frames received that are larger than the giant threshold. ■ Bucket Drops—Drops caused by traffic load exceeding the interface transmit/receive leaky bucket configuration. The default is off. ■ Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the JUNOS Software does not handle. ■ L3 incompletes—Number of incoming packets discarded because they failed Layer 3 (usually IPv4) sanity checks of the header. For example, a frame with less than 20 bytes of available IP header is discarded. ■ L2 channel errors—Number of times the software did not find a valid logical interface for an incoming frame. ■ L2 mismatch timeouts—Number of malformed or short packets that caused the incoming packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable. ■ HS link CRC errors—Number of errors on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. ■ SRAM errors—Number of hardware errors that occurred in the static RAM (SRAM) on the PIC. If the value of this field increments, the PIC is malfunctioning. ■ HS link FIFO overflows—Number of FIFO overflows on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive

Table 115: Channelized OC show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Output errors	<p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Aged packets—Number of packets that remained in shared packet SDRAM so long that the system automatically purged them. The value in this field should never increment. If it does, it is most likely a software bug or possibly malfunctioning hardware. ■ HS link FIFO underflows—Number of FIFO underflows on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. ■ MTU errors—Number of packets whose size exceeds the MTU of the interface. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Egress queues	Total number of egress queues supported on the specified interface.	detail extensive
Queue counters	<p>CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Queued packets—Number of queued packets. ■ Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. ■ Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. 	detail extensive
Active alarms	Defects that can prevent the interface from passing packets:	detail extensive
Active defects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ None—There are no active defects or alarms. ■ LOF—Loss of frame. 	
SONET alarms	Media-specific defects that can prevent the interface from passing packets. When a defect persists for a certain amount of time, it is promoted to an alarm.	All levels
SONET defects	Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router or light the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. See these fields for possible alarms and defects: SONET PHY , SONET section , SONET line , and SONET path .	

Table 115: Channelized OC show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
SONET vt	<p>SONET virtual-tributary (VT) alarms and defects:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ BIP-B2—Bit interleaved parity for SONET line overhead ■ REI-V—Remote error indication (near-end VT) ■ LOP-V—Loss of pointer (near-end VT) ■ AIS-V—Alarm indication signal (near-end VT) ■ RDI-V—Remote defect indication (near-end VT) ■ UNEQ-V—Unequipped (near-end VT) ■ PLM-V—Payload label mismatch (near-end VT) ■ ES-V—Errored seconds (near-end VT) ■ SES-V—Severely errored seconds (near-end VT) ■ UAS-V—Unavailable seconds (near-end VT) ■ ES-VFE—Errored seconds (far-end VT) ■ SES-VFE—Severely errored seconds (far-end VT) ■ UAS-VFE—Unavailable seconds (far-end VT) 	extensive
SONET PHY	<p>Counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PLL Lock—Phase-locked loop ■ PHY Light—Loss of optical signal 	extensive
SONET section	<p>Counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ BIP-B1—Bit interleaved parity for SONET section overhead ■ SEF—Severely errored framing ■ LOS—Loss of signal ■ LOL—Loss of light ■ LOF—Loss of frame ■ ES-S—Errored seconds (section) ■ SES-S—Severely errored seconds (section) ■ SEFS-S—Severely errored framing seconds (section) 	extensive

Table 115: Channelized OC show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
SONET line	<p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State —State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ BIP-B2—Bit interleaved parity for SONET line overhead ■ REI-L—Remote error indication (near-end line) ■ RDI-L—Remote defect indication (near-end line) ■ AIS-L—Alarm indication signal (near-end line) ■ BERR-SF—Bit error rate fault (signal failure) ■ BERR-SD—Bit error rate defect (signal degradation) ■ ES-L—Errored seconds (near-end line) ■ SES-L—Severely errored seconds (near-end line) ■ UAS-L—Unavailable seconds (near-end line) ■ ES-LFE—Errored seconds (far-end line) ■ SES-LFE—Severely errored seconds (far-end line) ■ UAS-LFE—Unavailable seconds (far-end line) 	extensive
SONET path	<p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ BIP-B3—Bit interleaved parity for SONET section overhead ■ REI-P—Remote error indication ■ LOP-P—Loss of pointer (path) ■ AIS-P—Path alarm indication signal ■ RDI-P—Path remote defect indication ■ UNEQ-P—Path unequipped ■ PLM-P—Path payload label mismatch ■ ES-P—Errored seconds (near-end STS path) ■ SES-P—Severely errored seconds (near-end STS path) ■ UAS-P—Unavailable seconds (near-end STS path) ■ ES-PFE—Errored seconds (far-end STS path) ■ SES-PFE—Severely errored seconds (far-end STS path) ■ UAS-PFE—Unavailable seconds (far-end STS path) 	extensive

Table 115: Channelized OC show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Received SONET overhead	Values of the received and transmitted SONET/SDH overhead:	extensive
Transmitted SONET overhead	<p>F1—Section user channel byte. This byte is set aside for the purposes of users.</p> <p>S1—Synchronization Status (S1). The S1 byte is located in the first STS-1 of an STS-N. Bits 5 through 8 convey the synchronization status of the network element.</p> <p>Z3 and Z4—Path overhead.</p> <p>V5—Virtual Tributary (VT) path overhead byte.</p>	
SDH alarms	SDH media-specific defects that can prevent the interface from passing packets. When a defect persists for a certain period, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router or light the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. See these fields for possible alarms and defects: SDH PHY, SDH regenerator section, SDH multiplex section, and SDH path.	All levels
SDH defects	<p>NOTE: For controller based SONET PICs, the SDH alarms and SDH defects output in the <code>show interface coc3 extensive</code> command output only shows the section and line level defects. The path level defects can be found under the SONET (so) interface output.</p>	
SDH PHY	<p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PLL Lock—Phase-locked loop ■ PHY Light—Loss of optical signal 	extensive
SDH regenerator section	<p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ RS-BIP8—24-bit BIP for multiplex section overhead (B2 bytes) ■ OOF—Out of frame ■ LOS—Loss of signal ■ LOF—Loss of frame ■ RS-ES—Errored seconds (near-end regenerator section) ■ RS-SES—Severely errored seconds (near-end regenerator section) ■ RS-SEFS—Severely errored framing seconds (regenerator section) 	extensive

Table 115: Channelized OC show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
SDH multiplex section	<p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ MS-BIP24—8-bit BIP for high-order path overhead (B3 byte) ■ MS-FEBE—Far-end block error (multiplex section) ■ MS-FERF—Far-end remote fail (multiplex section) ■ MS-AIS—alarm indication signal (multiplex section) ■ BERR-SF—Bit error rate fault (signal failure) ■ BERR-SD—Bit error rate defect (signal degradation) ■ MS-ES—Errored seconds (near-end multiplex section) ■ MS-SES—Severely errored seconds (near-end multiplex section) ■ MS-UAS—Unavailable seconds (near-end multiplex section) ■ MS-ES-FE—Errored seconds (far-end multiplex section) ■ MS-SES-FE—Severely errored seconds (far-end multiplex section) ■ MS-UAS-FE—Unavailable seconds (far-end multiplex section) 	extensive
SDH path	<p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ HP-BIP8—8-bit BIP for regenerator section overhead (B1 byte) ■ HP-FEBE—Far-end block error (high-order path) ■ HP-LOP—Loss of pointer (high-order path) ■ HP-AIS—High-order-path alarm indication signal ■ HP-FERF—Far-end remote fail (high-order path) ■ HP-UNEQ—Unequipped (high-order path) ■ HP-PLM—Payload label mismatch (high-order path) ■ HP-ES—Errored seconds (near-end high-order path) ■ HP-SES—Severely errored seconds (near-end high-order path) ■ HP-UAS—Unavailable seconds (near-end high-order path) ■ HP-ES-FE—Errored seconds (far-end high-order path) ■ HP-SES-FE—Severely errored seconds (far-end high-order path) ■ HP-UAS-FE—Unavailable seconds (far-end high-order path) 	extensive

Table 115: Channelized OC show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Received SDH overhead	Values of the received and transmitted SONET overhead:	extensive
Transmitted SDH overhead	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ C2—Signal label. Allocated to identify the construction and content of the STS-level SPE and for PDI-P. ■ F1—Section user channel byte. This byte is set aside for the purposes of users. ■ K1 and K2—These bytes are allocated for APS signaling for the protection of the multiplex section. ■ J0—Section trace. This byte is defined for STS-1 number 1 of an STS-N signal. Used to transmit a 1-byte fixed-length string or a 16-byte message so that a receiving terminal in a section can verify its continued connection to the intended transmitter. ■ S1—Synchronization status. The S1 byte is located in the first STS-1 of an STS-N. ■ Z3 and Z4—Allocated for future use. 	
Received path trace	Channelized OC12 interfaces allow path trace bytes to be sent inband across the SONET/SDH link. The received path trace value is the message received from the router at the other end of the fiber. The transmitted path trace value is the message that this router transmits. This information is specific to each of the 12 channelized OC12 interfaces.	extensive
Transmitted path trace		
DS3 media	<p>Counts of T3 media-specific errors. For detailed definitions of the T3 (DS-3) error events (BPV, EXZ, LCV, PCV, and CCV) and performance parameters (LES, PES, PSES, CES, CSES, SEFS, and UAS), see RFC 2496.</p> <p>The DS3 or E3 media-specific error types can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PLL Lock—Phase-locked loop out of lock ■ Reframing—Frame alignment recovery time ■ AIS—Alarm indication signal ■ LOF—Loss of frame ■ LOS—Loss of signal ■ IDLE—Idle code detected ■ YELLOW—Errors at the remote site receiver ■ BPV—Bipolar violation ■ EXZ—Excessive zeros ■ LCV—Line code violation ■ PCV—(DS3 only) Pulse code violation ■ CCV—(DS3 only) C-bit coding violation ■ FEBE—(DS3 only) Far-end block error ■ LES—Line error seconds ■ PES—(DS3 only) P-bit errored seconds ■ PSES—(DS3 only) P-bit errored seconds (section) ■ CES—(DS3 only) C-bit errored seconds ■ CSES—(DS3 only) C-bit severely errored seconds ■ SEFS—Severely errored framing seconds ■ UAS—Unavailable seconds 	extensive

Table 115: Channelized OC show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
HDLC configuration	<p>Information about the HDLC configuration.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Policing bucket—Configured state of the receiving policer. ■ Shaping bucket—Configured state of the transmitting shaper. ■ Giant threshold—Giant threshold programmed into the hardware. ■ Runt threshold—Runt threshold programmed into the hardware. ■ Timeslots—Configured time slots for the interface. ■ Line encoding—Line encoding used. It is always HDB3. ■ Byte encoding—(T1 only) Byte encoding used: Nx64K or Nx56K. ■ Line encoding—Line encoding used. For T1, the value can be B8ZS or AMI. For E1, the value is HDB3. ■ Data inversion—HDLC data inversion setting: Enabled or Disabled. ■ Idle cycle flag—Idle cycle flags. ■ Start end flag—Start and end flag. 	extensive
Interface transmit queues	<p>Name of the transmit queues and their associated statistics for each DS3 channel on the Channelized OC12 PIC.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ B/W—Queue bandwidth as a percentage of the total interface bandwidth. ■ WRR—Weighted round-robin (in percent). ■ Packets—Number of packets transmitted. ■ Bytes—Number of bytes transmitted. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped. ■ Errors—Number of packet errors. 	extensive
DSU configuration	<p>Information about the DSU configuration. The last three lines (Bit count, Error bit count, and LOS information) are displayed only if a BERT has ever been run on the interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Compatibility mode—CSU/DSU compatibility mode: None, Larscom, Kentrox, or Digital-Link. ■ Scrambling—Payload scrambling. It can be Enabled or Disabled. ■ Subrate—Configured subrate setting. Applies only when Digital-Link compatibility mode is used. It can be Disabled or display units in kbps. ■ FEAC loopback—(T3) Whether a far-end alarm and control (FEAC) loopback is Active or Inactive. This feature is used to send alarm or status information from the far-end terminal back to the near-end terminal and to initiate T3 loopbacks at the far-end terminal from the near-end terminal. ■ Response—Whether the FEAC signal is Enabled or Disabled. ■ Count—Number of FEAC loopbacks. 	extensive
BERT configuration	<p>(DS interfaces) BERT (bit error rate test) checks the quality of the line. This output appears only when a BERT is run on the interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ BERT time period—Configured total time period that the BERT is to run. ■ Elapsed—Actual time elapsed since the start of the BERT (in seconds). ■ Induced error rate—Configured rate at which the bit errors are induced in the BERT pattern. ■ Algorithm—Type of algorithm selected for the BERT. 	detail extensive none

Table 115: Channelized OC show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration	<p>Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Destination slot—FPC slot number. ■ PLP byte—Packet Level Protocol byte. ■ CoS transmit queue—The queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ <i>bandwidth %</i>—Percentage of bandwidth allocated to the queue. ■ Bandwidth <i>bps</i>—Bandwidth allocated to the queue (in bps). ■ <i>buffer %</i>—Percentage of buffer space allocated to the queue. ■ Buffer <i>usec</i>—Amount of buffer space allocated to the queue, in microseconds. This value is nonzero only if the buffer size is configured in terms of time. ■ Priority—Queue priority: <i>low</i> and <i>high</i>. ■ Limit—Displayed if rate limiting is configured for the queue. Possible values are <i>none</i> and <i>exact</i>. If <i>exact</i> is configured, the queue transmits only up to the configured bandwidth, even if excess bandwidth is available. If <i>none</i> is configured, the queue transmits beyond the configured bandwidth if bandwidth is available. 	extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	All levels
Traffic statistics	<p>Total number of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface. These statistics are the sum of the local and transit statistics. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input rate—Rate of bits and packets received on the interface. ■ Output rate—Rate of bits and packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Local statistics	Statistics for traffic received from and transmitted to the Routing Engine. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Transit statistics	Statistics for traffic transiting the router. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface, such as <i>iso</i> , <i>inet6</i> , or <i>mpls</i> .	detail extensive none

Table 115: Channelized OC show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Multilink bundle	(If the logical interface is configured as part of a multilink bundle.) Interface name for the multilink bundle.	detail extensive none
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route table	Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0.	detail extensive
Addresses, Flags	Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Broadcast	Broadcast address.	detail extensive none
DLCI	(Frame Relay) DLCI number of the logical interface. The following DLCI information is displayed: Flags , Total down time , Last down , and Traffic statistics . Flags is one or more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Active—Set when the link is active and the DTE and DCE are exchanging information. ■ Down—Set when the link is active, but no information is received from the DCE. ■ Unconfigured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is not configured. ■ Configured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is configured. ■ Dce-configured—Displayed when the command is issued from the DTE. 	detail extensive none
DLCI statistics	(Frame Relay) Data-link connection identifier (DLCI) statistics. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Active DLCI—Number of active DLCIs. ■ Inactive DLCI—Number of inactive DLCIs. 	detail extensive none

**show interfaces
extensive (Channelized
OC3 IQ) (Physical)**

```

user@host> show interfaces extensive coc3-0/0/0
Physical interface: coc3-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Down
  Interface index: 128, SNMP ifIndex: 22, Generation: 11
  Description: pink coc3-0/0/0
  Link-level type: Controller, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode, Speed: OC3,
  Loopback: None, Parent: None
  Device flags   : Present Running Down
  Interface flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
  Link flags     : None
  Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  CoS queues    : 4 supported
  Last flapped  : 2005-01-27 16:39:21 PST (1w0d 22:09 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  SONET alarms  : PLL, LOS

```

```

SONET defects : PLL, LOF, LOS, SEF, AIS-L
SONET PHY:
  PLL Lock      681767      1  PLL Lock Error
  PHY Light      0          0  OK
SONET section:
  BIP-B1         0          0
  SEF            681767      1  Defect Active
  LOS            681767      1  Defect Active
  LOF            681767      1  Defect Active
  ES-S           681767
  SES-S          681767
  SEFS-S         681767
SONET line:
  BIP-B2         0          0
  REI-L          0          0
  RDI-L          0          0  OK
  AIS-L          681767      1  Defect Active
  BERR-SF        0          0  OK
  BERR-SD        0          0  OK
  ES-L           681767
  SES-L          681767
  UAS-L          681757
  ES-LFE         0
  SES-LFE        0
  UAS-LFE        0
Received SONET overhead:
  F1 : 0x00, J0 : 0x00, K1 : 0xff, K2 : 0xff
  S1 : 0xff
Transmitted SONET overhead:
  F1 : 0x00, J0 : 0x01, K1 : 0x00, K2 : 0x00
  S1 : 0x00

```

**show interfaces
extensive (Channelized
OC1 on Channelized
OC3 IQ)**

```

user@host> show interfaces extensive coc1-0/0/0:1
Physical interface: coc1-0/0/0:1, Enabled, Physical link is Down
Interface index: 133, SNMP ifIndex: 27, Generation: 16
Link-level type: Controller, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode, Speed: 51840kbps,

  Loopback: None, Parent: coc3-0/0/0
Interface index 128
Device flags : Present Running Down 16384
Interface flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
Link flags : None
Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
CoS queues : 4 supported
Last flapped : 2005-02-04 14:51:07 PST (00:00:35 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
SONET alarms : None
SONET defects : AIS-P
SONET path:
  BIP-B3         0          0
  REI-P          0          0
  LOP-P          0          0  OK
  AIS-P          36          1  Defect Active
  RDI-P          0          0  OK
  UNEQ-P         0          0  OK
  PLM-P          0          0  OK
  ES-P           36
  SES-P          36
  UAS-P          26
  ES-PFE         0
  SES-PFE        0

```

```

UAS-PFE                                0
Received SONET overhead:
  C2      : 0xff, C2(cmp) : 0x01, F2      : 0x00, Z3      : 0x00
  Z4      : 0x00, S1(cmp) : 0x00
Transmitted SONET overhead:
  C2      : 0x01, F2      : 0x00, Z3      : 0x00, Z4      : 0x00
Received path trace:
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
Transmitted path trace: router-1 coc1-0/0/0:1
6b 61 76 65 72 69 20 63 6f 63 31 2d 30 2f 30 2f   router-1 coc1-0/0/0:1
30 3a 31 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 0 (0x00)

```

**show interfaces
extensive (Channelized
T1 on Channelized OC3
IQ)**

```

user@host> show interfaces extensive ct1-0/0/0:1:1
Physical interface: ct1-0/0/0:1:1, Enabled, Physical link is Down
Interface index: 134, SNMP ifIndex: 62, Generation: 17
Link-level type: Controller, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T1, Loopback: None,
Framing: ESF, Parent: coc1-0/0/0:1 Interface index 133
Device flags   : Present Running Down 16384
Interface flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
Link flags     : None
Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
CoS queues     : 4 supported
Last flapped   : 2005-02-04 14:54:35 PST (00:00:18 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
DS1 alarms     : None
DS1 defects    : AIS, LOF
T1 media:
      Seconds      Count  State
SEF           1         1  OK
BEE           1         1  OK
AIS          18         1  Defect Active
LOF          18         1  Defect Active
LOS           0         0  OK
YELLOW        0         0  OK
BPV           0         0
EXZ           0         0
LCV           0         0
PCV           0         0
CS            0         0
LES          18
ES           18
SES          18
SEFS         18
BES           0
UAS          14
DS1 BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9)
SONET alarms    : None
SONET defects    : None
SONET vt:
  BIP-BIP2       0         0
  REI-V          0         0
  LOP-V          0         0  OK
  AIS-V         19         1  Defect Active

```



```

RDI-V          19          1 Defect Active
UNEQ-V         0          0 OK
PLM-V          19          1 Defect Active
ES-V           19
SES-V          19
UAS-V           9
ES-VFE         0
SES-VFE        0
UAS-VFE        0
Received SONET overhead:
  V5           : 0x07, V5(cmp) : 0x02
Transmitted SONET overhead:
  V5           : 0x02
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 0 (0x00)

```

**show interfaces
extensive (DS0 on
Channelized OC3 IQ)**

```

user@host> show interfaces extensive ds-0/0/0:1:1:1
Physical interface: ds-0/0/0:1:1:1, Enabled, Physical link is Down
Interface index: 135, SNMP ifIndex: 63, Generation: 18
Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: 320kbps,
Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Parent: ct1-0/0/0:1:1 Interface index 134
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
Link flags     : Keepalives
Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
CoS queues     : 4 supported
Last flapped   : Never
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes   :          0          0 bps
  Output bytes  :          0          0 bps
  Input packets :          0          0 pps
  Output packets:          0          0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
  Policed discards: 0, L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0,
  L2 mismatch timeouts: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 1, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0, MTU errors: 0,
  Resource errors: 0
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

  0 best-effort          0              0              0
  1 expedited-fo         0              0              0
  2 assured-forw         0              0              0
  3 network-cont         0              0              0

HDLC configuration:
  Giant threshold: 1514, Runt threshold: 2
  Timeslots       : 1-5
  Byte encoding: Nx64K, Data inversion: Disabled, Idle cycle flag: flags,
  Start end flag: shared
DS0 BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9)
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 0, PLP byte: 4 (0x00)

```

show interfaces (Channelized OC12)

Syntax	<pre>show interfaces t3-fpc/pic/port:t3channel <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index snmp-index> <statistics></pre>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display status information about the specified channelized OC12 interface.
Options	<p>t3-fpc/pic/port:t3channel—Display standard information about the specified channelized OC12 interface.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index snmp-index—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces extensive (Channelized OC12) on page 604
Output Fields	Table 115 on page 587 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (all channelized OC interfaces) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.
show interfaces extensive (Channelized OC12)	<pre>user@host> show interfaces t3-0/3/0:0 extensive Physical interface: t3-0/3/0:0, Enabled, Physical link is Up Interface index: 32, SNMP ifIndex: 21, Generation: 2719 Link-level type: Frame-Relay, PPP, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode, Speed: T3, Loopback: None, SONET Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Mode: C/Bit parity Device flags : Present Running Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Link flags : Keepalives DTE ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds LMI: Input: 51700 (00:00:02 ago), Output: 51701 (00:00:02 ago) DTE statistics: Enquiries sent : 43186 Full enquiries sent : 8515 Enquiry responses received : 43185 Full enquiry responses received : 8515 DCE statistics: Enquiries received : 0 Full enquiries received : 0 Enquiry responses sent : 0 Full enquiry responses sent : 0</pre>

```

Common statistics:
  Unknown messages received      : 0
  Asynchronous updates received  : 0
  Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
  Keepalive responses timedout    : 0
Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs:
  2
Hold-times      : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Last flapped   : 2002-05-23 16:59:03 PDT (18:23:58 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :      1700      0 bps
  Output bytes :     1714      0 bps
  Input packets:      123      0 pps
  Output packets:     124      0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 1100817, Bucket drops: 0,
  Policed discards: 0, L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0,
  L2 mismatch timeouts: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0, SRAM errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 3, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0
DS3 alarms : None
SONET alarms : None
DS3 defects : None
SONET defects : None
DS3 media:
  Seconds      Count  State
  AIS          0       0 OK
  LOF          18       1 OK
  LOS          0       0 OK
  IDLE         0       0 OK
  YELLOW       0       0 OK
  BPV          0       0
  EXZ          0       0
  LCV          0       0
  PCV          36     122399
  CCV          72     91948
  LES          0
  PES          18
  PSES         18
  CES          18
  CSES         18
  SEFS         18
  UAS          0
HDLC configuration:
  Policing bucket: Disabled
  Shaping bucket : Disabled
  Giant threshold: 4484, Runt threshold: 3
DSU configuration:
  Compatibility mode: None, Scrambling: Disabled, Subrate: Disabled
  FEAC loopback: Inactive, Response: Disabled, Count: 0
DS3 BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Algorithm: Unknown (0), Induced error rate: 10e-0
Interface transmit queues:
  B/W  WRR      Packets      Bytes      Drops      Errors
  Queue0  95  95          0          0          0          0
  Queue1   5   5        529        6348          0          0
SONET PHY:
  Seconds      Count  State
  PLL Lock      0       0 OK
  PHY Light     20       1 OK
SONET section:

```

```

BIP-B1                0                0
SEF                   20                1 OK
LOS                   20                1 OK
LOF                   20                1 OK
ES-S                  20
SES-S                  20
SEFS-S                20
SONET line:
BIP-B2                0                0
REI-L                 0                0
RDI-L                 0                0 OK
AIS-L                 0                0 OK
BERR-SF               18                1 OK
BERR-SD               2                1 OK
ES-L                  20
SES-L                  20
UAS-L                 10
ES-LFE                0
SES-LFE               0
UAS-LFE               0
SONET path:
BIP-B3                0                0
REI-P                 0                0
LOP-P                 20                1 OK
AIS-P                 0                0 OK
RDI-P                 0                0 OK
UNEQ-P                0                0 OK
PLM-P                 20                1 OK
ES-P                  20
SES-P                  20
UAS-P                 10
ES-PFE                0
SES-PFE               0
UAS-PFE               0
Received SONET overhead:
F1      : 0x00, J0      : 0x00, K1      : 0x00, K2      : 0x00
S1      : 0x00, C2      : 0x04, C2(cmp) : 0x04, F2      : 0x00
Z3      : 0x00, Z4      : 0x00, S1(cmp) : 0x00, V5      : 0x00
V5(cmp) : 0x00
Transmitted SONET overhead:
F1      : 0x00, J0      : 0x01, K1      : 0x00, K2      : 0x00
S1      : 0x00, C2      : 0x04, F2      : 0x00, Z3      : 0x00
Z4      : 0x00, V5      : 0x00
Received path trace: t3-0/3/0:0
74 33 2d 30 2f 33 2f 30 3a 30 00 00 00 00 0d 0a  t3-0/3/0:0.....
Transmitted path trace: t3-0/3/0:0
74 33 2d 30 2f 33 2f 30 3a 30 00 00 00 00 00 00  t3-0/3/0:0.....
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
Destination slot: 0, PLP byte: 1 (0x00)
CoS transmit queue      Bandwidth      Buffer Priority  Limit
                        %      bps      %      usec
0 best-effort           95      42499200 95         0      low      none
3 network-control       5       2236800  5         0      low      none
Logical interface t3-0/3/0:0.0 (Index 11) (SNMP ifIndex 268) (Generation 499)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol inet, MTU: 4470, Generation: 578, Route table: 0
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 22.22.22.1, Local: 22.22.22.2, Broadcast: Unspecified,
Generation: 98
DLCI 100

```

```
Flags: Active, Dce-configured
Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
DLCI statistics:
  Active DLCI :2 Inactive DLCI : 0
```

show interfaces (Channelized OC12 IQ and IQE)

Syntax show interfaces (*type-fpc/pic/port<:channel><:channel><:channel>*)
 <brief | detail | extensive | terse>
 <descriptions>
 <media>
 <snmp-index *snmp-index*>
 <statistics>

Release Information Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.

Description (M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified channelized OC12 IQ and IQE interface.

Options *type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel:channel*—Interface type with optional corresponding channel levels.

For SONET mode, the interface type can be one of the following:

- *type-fpc/pic/port*—For the physical channelized OC12 IQ or IQE interface, *type* is *coc12*. For the clear channel, *type* is *so* (for OC12).
- *type-fpc/pic/port:channel*—At the first level of channelization, *type* can be *coc1*(channelized OC1), *ct3* (from *coc1*), *so* (for OC3), or *t3*.
- *type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel*—At the second level of channelization, *type* can be *ct1* (from *ct3* or *coc1*) or *t1* (from *ct3* or *coc1*).
- *type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel:channel*—At the third level of channelization, *type* is *ds* (from *ct1*).

For SDH mode, the interface type can be one of the following:

- *type-fpc/pic/port*—For the physical channelized OC12 IQ or IQE interface, *type* is *cstm4*. For the clear channel, *type* is *so* (for SONET/SDH (vc-4-4c)).
- *type-fpc/pic/port:channel*—At the first level of channelization, *type* can be *so* (from *cstm4*) or *cau4* (from *cstm4*).
- *type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel*—At the second level of channelization, *type* can be *ct3* or *t3* (from *cau4*).
- *type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel:channel*—At the third level of channelization, *type* is *ct1* or *t1* (from *ct3*).
- *type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel:channel:channel*—At the fourth level of channelization, *type* is *ds* (from *ct1*).

brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.

descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.

media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.

`snmp-index snmp-index`—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.

`statistics`—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.

Required Privilege Level view

List of Sample Output `show interfaces extensive` (CAU4 on Channelized OC-12 IQ) on page 609
`show interfaces extensive` (Channelized OC1 on Channelized OC12 IQ) on page 609
`show interfaces extensive` (Channelized OC12 IQ) (Physical) on page 609
`show interfaces extensive` (Channelized T1 from Channelized OC12 IQ) on page 610
`show interfaces extensive` (Channelized T3 on Channelized OC12 IQ) on page 610
`show interfaces extensive` (CSTM4 on Channelized OC-12 IQ) on page 610
`show interfaces extensive` (DS0 on Channelized OC12 IQ) on page 610
`show interfaces extensive` (SONET Interface on Channelized OC12 IQ) on page 610
`show interfaces extensive` (T1 on Channelized OC12 IQ) on page 611

Output Fields Table 115 on page 587 lists the output fields for the `show interfaces` (all channelized OC interfaces) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**show interfaces
extensive (CAU4 on
Channelized OC-12 IQ)**

```
user@host> show interfaces cau4-0/2/0:1 extensive
Physical interface: cau4-0/2/0:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 219, SNMP ifIndex: 139, Generation: 221
  Link-level type: Controller, Clocking: Internal, SDH mode, Speed: OC3,
  Loopback: None, Parent: cstm4-0/2/0 Interface index 216
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags     : None
...
```

**show interfaces
extensive (Channelized
OC1 on
Channelized OC12 IQ)**

```
user@host> show interfaces extensive coc1-4/2/0:7
Physical interface: coc1-4/2/0:7, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 381, SNMP ifIndex: 2524, Generation: 728
  Link-level type: Controller, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode,
  Speed: 51840kbps, Loopback: None,
  FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Disabled, Parent: coc12-4/2/0 (Index 266)
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
  Link flags     : None
...
```

**show interfaces
extensive (Channelized
OC12 IQ) (Physical)**

```
user@host> show interfaces extensive coc12-4/2/0
Physical interface: coc12-4/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 266, SNMP ifIndex: 1269, Generation: 601
  Link-level type: Controller, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode,
  Speed: OC12, Loopback: None,
  FCS: 16, Payload scrambler: Disabled, Parent: None Device flags   : Present
Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
  Link flags     : Keepalives DTE
...
```

```

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces extensive ct1-4/2/0:7:1
extensive (Channelized Physical interface: ct1-4/2/0:4:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
T1 from Channelized   Interface index: 305, SNMP ifIndex: 2410, Generation: 640
OC12 IQ)             Link-level type: Controller, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T1,
                        Loopback: None, FCS: 16,
                        Framing: ESF, Parent: coc1-4/2/0:7 (Index 304)
                        Device flags   : Present Running
                        Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
                        Link flags      : None
                        ...

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces ct3-0/2/0:1 extensive
extensive (Channelized Physical interface: ct3-0/2/0:1:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
T3 on Channelized   Interface index: 220, SNMP ifIndex: 140, Generation: 222
OC12 IQ)             Link-level type: Controller, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T3, Loopback: None,
                        Mode: C/Bit parity, Parent: cau4-0/2/0:1 Interface index 219
                        Device flags   : Present Running
                        Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
                        Link flags      : None
                        ...

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces cstm4-0/2/0 extensive
extensive (CSTM4 on   Physical interface: cstm4-0/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Channelized OC12 IQ) Interface index: 216, SNMP ifIndex: 33, Generation: 218
                        Link-level type: Controller, Clocking: Internal, SDH mode, Speed: OC12,
                        Loopback: None, Parent: None Device flags   : Present Running
                        Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
                        Link flags      : None
                        ...

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces extensive ds-4/2/0:7:1:1
extensive (DS0 on    Physical interface: ds-4/2/0:4:1:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Channelized OC12 IQ) Interface index: 306, SNMP ifIndex: 2411, Generation: 641
                        Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: 64kbps,
                        Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Parent: ct1-4/2/0:7:1 (Index 305)
                        Device flags   : Present Running
                        Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
                        Link flags      : Keepalives
                        ...

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces so-0/2/0:1 extensive
extensive            Physical interface: so-0/2/0:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
(SONET Interface on   Interface index: 750, SNMP ifIndex: 23, Generation: 11709
Channelized OC12 IQ) Link-level type: Multilink-FR, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, SONET mode,
                        Speed: OC3, Loopback: None, FCS: 16,
                        Payload scrambler: Enabled, Parent: coc12-0/2/0 Interface index 749
                        Device flags   : Present Running
                        Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
                        Link flags      : Keepalives DTE
                        ...

```



```

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces t1-0/2/0:1:1:1 extensive
extensive (T1 on      Physical interface: t1-0/2/0:1:1:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Channelized OC12 IQ) Interface index: 222, SNMP ifIndex: 143, Generation: 226
                        Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T1,
                        Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: ESF, Parent: ct3-0/2/0:1:1
                        Interface index 221
                        Device flags      : Present Running
                        Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
                        Link flags       : Keepalives
                        ...

```

show interfaces controller (Channelized OC3 IQ and IQE)

Syntax	<code>show interfaces controller coc3-fpc/pic/slot</code>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display a list of channels configured on a channelized OC3 IQ and IQE interface.
Options	<code>coc3-fpc/pic/slot</code> —channelized OC3 IQ or IQE interface name.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces controller (Channelized OC3 IQ) on page 612
Output Fields	Table 116 on page 612 lists the output fields for the <code>show interfaces controller</code> (Channelized OC3 IQ) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 116: Channelized OC3 IQ and IQE show interfaces controller Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Controller	Physical channelized interface name and the names of any channels configured on it.
Admin	Administrative status of the interface.
Link	Link status of the interface.

show interfaces controller (Channelized OC3 IQ)	<pre> user@host> show interfaces controller coc3-4/2/0 Controller coc3-4/2/0 coc1-4/2/0:1 ct1-4/2/0:1:1 ds-4/2/0:1:1:1 ct3-0/2/0 ct3-0/2/1 ct3-0/2/2 ct3-0/2/3 </pre>	<pre> Admin Link up up up up up up up up up up up up up up up up </pre>
--------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

show interfaces controller (Channelized OC12 IQ and IQE)

Syntax show interfaces controller *coc12-fpc/pic/port*

Release Information Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.

Description Display a list of channels configured on a channelized OC12 IQ or IQE interface.

Options `coc12-fpc/pic/slot`—Channelized OC12 IQ or IQE interface name.

Required Privilege Level [view](#)

List of Sample Output show interfaces controller (Channelized OC12 IQ) on page 613

Output Fields Table 117 on page 613 lists the output fields for the **show interfaces controller** (Channelized OC12 IQ and IQE) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 117: Channelized OC12 IQ and IQE show interfaces controller Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Controller	Physical channelized interface name and the names of any channels configured on it.
Admin	Administrative status of the interface.
Link	Link status of the interface.

show interfaces		user@host> show interfaces controller	Admin	Link
controller (Channelized OC12 IQ)		Controller		
		coc12-4/2/0	up	up
		so-4/2/0:1	up	up
		t3-4/2/0:2	up	up
		ct3-4/2/0:3	up	up
		t1-4/2/0:3:1	up	up
		t1-4/2/0:3:2	up	up
		...		
		t1-4/2/0:3:28	up	up
		ct3-4/2/0:4	up	up
		ct1-4/2/0:4:1	up	up
		ds-4/2/0:4:1:1	up	up
		ds-4/2/0:4:1:2	up	up
		...		
		ds-4/2/0:4:1:24	up	up
		ct1-4/2/0:4:2	up	up
		ds-4/2/0:4:2:1	up	up
		ds-4/2/0:4:2:2	up	up
		...		
		ds-4/2/0:4:2:6	up	up
	t1-4/2/0:4:3	up	up	
	t1-4/2/0:4:4	up	up	
	...			
	t1-4/2/0:4:28	up	up	

t3-4/2/0:5	up	up
coc1-4/2/0:6	up	up
t1-4/2/0:6:1	up	up
t1-4/2/0:6:2	up	up
...		
t1-4/2/0:6:28	up	up
coc1-4/2/0:7	up	up
ct1-4/2/0:7:1	up	up
ds-4/2/0:7:1:1	up	up
ds-4/2/0:7:1:2	up	up
...		
ds-4/2/0:7:1:24	up	up
ct1-4/2/0:7:2	up	up
ds-4/2/0:7:2:1	up	up
ds-4/2/0:7:2:2	up	up
...		
ds-4/2/0:7:2:6	up	up
t1-4/2/0:7:3	up	up
t1-4/2/0:7:4	up	up
...		
t1-4/2/0:7:28	up	up
so-4/2/0:8	up	up

Chapter 17

Channelized STM1 Interface Operational Mode Commands

Table 118 on page 615 summarizes the command-line interface (CLI) commands you can use to monitor and troubleshoot channelized STM1 interfaces. Commands are listed in alphabetical order.

Table 118: Channelized STM1 Interface Operational Mode Commands

Task	Command
Display status information about channelized STM1 interfaces.	show interfaces (Channelized STM1)
Display channelized STM1 IQ interface information.	show interfaces (Channelized STM1 IQ)
Display the interface names of the physical channelized STM1 IQ interface and the channels configured on each interface.	show interfaces controller (Channelized STM1 IQ)



NOTE: For more information about the channel type and level of channelization, and for information about the number of channels that are supported on the channelized STM1 interface, see the *JUNOS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide*.

For channelization illustrations and configuration examples for channelized IQ interfaces, see the *JUNOS Feature Guide*.

show interfaces (Channelized STM1)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>e1-fpc/pic/port:e1channel</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified channelized STM1 interface.
Options	<p><i>e1-fpc/pic/port:e1channel</i>—Display standard status information about the specified channelized STM1 interface.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces extensive (Channelized STM1, SDH) on page 627
Output Fields	Table 119 on page 616 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (all Channelized STM1 interfaces) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 119: Channelized STM1 show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Link-level type	Encapsulation being used on the physical interface.	All levels

Table 119: Channelized STM1 show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
MTU	MTU size on the physical interface.	All levels
Clocking	Reference clock source. It can be Internal or External .	All levels
Speed	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels
Loopback	Whether loopback is enabled and the type of loopback (local or remote).	All levels
FCS	Frame check sequence on the interface (either 16 or 32). The default is 16 bits.	All levels
Framing	Physical layer framing format used on the link. It can be G704 , G704-NO-CRC4 , or Unframed . The default is G704 .	All levels
Parent	(Channelized STM1 IQ interfaces only) Name and interface index of the interface to which a particular child interface belongs. None indicates that this interface is the top level.	All levels
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Keepalive settings	(PPP and HDLC) Configured settings for keepalives. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ intervalseconds—The time in seconds between successive keepalive requests. The range is 10 seconds through 32,767 seconds, with a default of 10 seconds. ■ down-count number—The number of keepalive packets a destination must fail to receive before the network takes a link down. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 3. ■ up-count number—The number of keepalive packets a destination must receive to change a link’s status from down to up. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 1. 	detail extensive none
Keepalive statistics	(PPP and HDLC) Information about keepalive packets. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input—Number of keepalive packets received by PPP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was received, in the format hh:mm:ss. ■ Output—Number of keepalive packets sent by PPP and how long ago the last keepalive packets were sent and received. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was sent, in the format hh:mm:ss. 	detail extensive none

Table 119: Channelized STM1 show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
ANSI LMI settings or ITU LMI settings	<p>(Frame Relay) Local Management Interface settings. The format is (ANSI or ITU) LMI settings: <i>value, value... xx</i> seconds, where <i>value</i> can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ n391dte—DTE full status polling interval (1- 255) ■ n392dce—DCE error threshold (1-10) ■ n392dte—DTE error threshold (1-10) ■ n393dce—DCE monitored event count (1-10) ■ n393dte—DTE monitored event count (1-10) ■ t391dte—DTE polling timer (5-30 seconds) ■ t392dce—DCE polling verification timer (5-30 seconds) 	detail extensive none
LMI	<p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about the link management.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input—Number of packets coming in on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet arrived. The format is Input: <i>nn</i> (last seen <i>hh:mm:ss ago</i>). ■ Output—Number of packets sent out on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet was sent. The format is Output: <i>nn</i> (last seen <i>hh:mm:ss ago</i>). 	detail extensive none
DTE statistics	<p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the data terminal equipment (DTE) to the data circuit-terminating equipment (DCE):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Enquiries sent—Number of link status enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. ■ Full enquiries sent—Number of full enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. ■ Enquiry responses received—Number of enquiry responses received by the DTE from the DCE. ■ Full enquiry responses received—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DTE to the DCE. 	detail extensive none
DCE statistics	<p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the DCE to the DTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Enquiries received—Number of enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. ■ Full enquiries received—Number of full enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. ■ Enquiry responses sent—Number of enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. ■ Full enquiry responses sent—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. 	detail extensive none

Table 119: Channelized STM1 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Common statistics	<p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages sent between the DTE and the DCE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Unknown messages received—Number of received packets that do not fall into any category. ■ Asynchronous updates received—Number of link status peer changes received. ■ Out-of-sequence packets received—Number of packets for which the sequence of the packets received is different from the expected sequence. ■ Keepalive responses timedout—Number of keepalive responses that timed out when no LMI packet was reported for n392dte or n393dce intervals. (See LMI settings.) 	detail extensive none
Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs	(Frame Relay, displayed only from the DTE) Number of DLCIs configured from the DCE.	detail extensive none
LCP state	<p>(PPP) Link Control Protocol state.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. ■ Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. ■ Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. ■ Down—LCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). ■ Not-configured—LCP is not configured on the interface. ■ Opened—LCP negotiation is successful. 	detail extensive none
NCP state	<p>(PPP) Network Control Protocol state.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. ■ Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. ■ Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. ■ Down—NCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). ■ Not-configured—NCP is not configured on the interface. ■ Opened—NCP negotiation is successful. 	detail extensive none
CHAP state	<p>(PPP) Displays the state of the Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) during its transaction.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Chap-Chal-received—Challenge was received but response not yet sent. ■ Chap-Chal-sent—Challenge was sent. ■ Chap-Resp-received—Response was received for the challenge sent, but CHAP has not yet moved into the Success state. (Most likely with RADIUS authentication.) ■ Chap-Resp-sent—Response was sent for the challenge received. ■ Closed—CHAP authentication is incomplete. ■ Failure—CHAP authentication failed. ■ Not-configured—CHAP is not configured on the interface. ■ Success—CHAP authentication was successful. 	detail extensive none
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: <i>year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago)</i> . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago).	detail extensive none

Table 119: Channelized STM1 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Input errors	<p>Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the JUNOS Software does not handle. ■ L3 incompletes—Number of incoming packets discarded because they failed Layer 3 (usually IPv4) sanity checks of the header. For example, a frame with less than 20 bytes of available IP header is discarded. ■ L2 channel errors—Number of times the software did not find a valid logical interface for an incoming frame. ■ L2 mismatch timeouts—Number of malformed or short packets that caused the incoming packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable. ■ HS link CRC errors—Number of errors on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. ■ SRAM errors—Number of hardware errors that occurred in the static RAM (SRAM) on the PIC. If the value of this field increments, the PIC is malfunctioning. 	extensive
Output errors	<p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Aged packets—Number of packets that remained in shared packet SDRAM so long that the system automatically purged them. The value in this field should never increment. If it does, it is most likely a software bug or possibly malfunctioning hardware. 	extensive

Table 119: Channelized STM1 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
DS1 alarms	<p>E1 media-specific defects that can prevent the interface from passing packets. When a defect persists for a certain period, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router, or turn on the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. The following lists all possible alarms and defects. For complete explanations of most of these alarms and defects, see <i>Bellcore Telcordia GR-499-CORE</i>.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ LOS—Loss of signal. ■ LOF—Loss of frame. ■ AIS—Alarm indication signal. ■ YLW—Yellow alarm. Indicates errors at the remote site receiver. 	detail extensive none
DS1 defects		
SDH alarms	<p>SDH media-specific defects that can prevent the interface from passing packets. When a defect persists for a certain period, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router or light the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. See these fields for possible alarms and defects: SDH PHY, SDH regenerator section, SDH multiplex section, and SDH path.</p> <p>NOTE: For controller based SONET PICs, the SDH alarms and SDH defects output in the show interface cstm1 extensive command output only shows the section and line level defects. The path level defects can be found under the SONET (so) interface output.</p>	All levels
SDH defects		

Table 119: Channelized STM1 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
E1 media	<p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific E1 errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Error types can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ AIS—Alarm indication signal ■ BEE—Bit error ■ BES—Bit error seconds ■ BPV—Bipolar violation ■ CS—Carrier state ■ ES—Errored seconds ■ EXZ—Excessive zeros ■ FEBE—Far-end block error ■ LCV—Line code violation ■ LES—Line error seconds ■ LOF—Loss of frame ■ LOS—Loss of signal ■ PCV—Pulse code violation ■ SEF—Severely errored framing ■ SEFS-S—Severely errored framing seconds (section) ■ SES—Severely errored seconds ■ UAS—Unavailable seconds ■ YELLOW—Errors at the remote site receiver 	extensive
Interface transmit queues	<p>Names of the transmit queues and their associated statistics for each E1 channel on the Channelized STM1-to-E1 PIC.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ B/W—Queue bandwidth as a percentage of the total interface bandwidth. ■ WRR—Weighted round-robin (in percent). ■ Packets—Number of packets transmitted. ■ Bytes—Number of bytes transmitted. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped. ■ Errors—Number of packet errors. 	extensive
HDLC configuration	<p>Information about the HDLC configuration.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Giant threshold—Giant threshold programmed into the hardware. ■ Runt threshold—Runt threshold programmed into the hardware. ■ Timeslots—Configured time slots for the interface. ■ Line encoding—Line encoding used. It is always HDB3. 	extensive

Table 119: Channelized STM1 show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
DS1 BERT configuration	<p>BERT (bit error rate test) checks the quality of the line. This output appears only when a BERT is run on the interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ BERT time period—Configured total time period that the BERT is to run. ■ Elapsed—Actual time elapsed since the start of the BERT (in seconds). ■ Induced error rate—Configured rate at which the bit errors are induced in the BERT pattern. ■ Algorithm—Type of algorithm selected for the BERT. 	detail extensive none
SDH PHY	<p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PLL Lock—Phase-locked loop ■ PHY Light—Loss of optical signal 	extensive
SDH regenerator section	<p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ RS-BIP8—24-bit BIP for multiplex section overhead (B2 bytes) ■ OOF—Out of frame ■ LOS—Loss of signal ■ LOF—Loss of frame ■ RS-ES—Errored seconds (near-end regenerator section) ■ RS-SES—Severely errored seconds (near-end regenerator section) ■ RS-SEFS—Severely errored framing seconds (regenerator section) 	extensive

Table 119: Channelized STM1 show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
SDH multiplex section	<p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ MS-BIP24—8-bit BIP for high-order path overhead (B3 byte) ■ MS-FEBE—Far-end block error (multiplex section) ■ MS-FERF—Far-end remote fail (multiplex section) ■ MS-AIS—alarm indication signal (multiplex section) ■ BERR-SF—Bit error rate fault (signal failure) ■ BERR-SD—Bit error rate defect (signal degradation) ■ MS-ES—Errored seconds (near-end multiplex section) ■ MS-SES—Severely errored seconds (near-end multiplex section) ■ MS-UAS—Unavailable seconds (near-end multiplex section) ■ MS-ES-FE—Errored seconds (far-end multiplex section) ■ MS-SES-FE—Severely errored seconds (far-end multiplex section) ■ MS-UAS-FE—Unavailable seconds (far-end multiplex section) 	extensive
SDH path	<p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ HP-BIP8—8-bit BIP for regenerator section overhead (B1 byte) ■ HP-FEBE—Far-end block error (high-order path) ■ HP-LOP—Loss of pointer (high-order path) ■ HP-AIS—High-order-path alarm indication signal ■ HP-FERF—Far-end remote fail (high-order path) ■ HP-UNEQ—Unequipped (high-order path) ■ HP-PLM—Payload label mismatch (high-order path) ■ HP-ES—Errored seconds (near-end high-order path) ■ HP-SES—Severely errored seconds (near-end high-order path) ■ HP-UAS—Unavailable seconds (near-end high-order path) ■ HP-ES-FE—Errored seconds (far-end high-order path) ■ HP-SES-FE—Severely errored seconds (far-end high-order path) ■ HP-UAS-FE—Unavailable seconds (far-end high-order path) 	extensive

Table 119: Channelized STM1 show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
SDH tu	<p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SDH tributary unit (TU) errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>Subfields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ TU-BIP-2—Bit interleaved parity for SONET line overhead ■ TU-FEBE—(near-end TU) ■ TU-LOP—Loss of pointer (near-end TU) ■ TU-AIS—Alarm indication signal (near-end TU) ■ TU-FERF—(near-end TU) ■ TU-UNEQ—Unequipped (near-end TU) ■ TU-PLM—Payload label mismatch (near-end TU) ■ TU-ES—Errored seconds (near-end TU) ■ TU-SES—Severely errored seconds (near-end TU) ■ TU-UAS—Unavailable seconds (near-end TU) ■ TU-ES-FE—Errored seconds (far-end TU) ■ TU-SES-FE—Severely errored seconds (far-end TU) ■ TU-UAS-FE—Unavailable seconds (far-end TU) 	extensive
Received SDH overhead	<p>Values of the received and transmitted SONET overhead:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ C2—Signal label. Allocated to identify the construction and content of the STS-level SPE and for PDI-P. 	extensive
Transmitted SDH overhead	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ F1—Section user channel byte. This byte is set aside for the purposes of users. ■ K1 and K2—These bytes are allocated for APS signaling for the protection of the multiplex section. ■ J0—Section trace. This byte is defined for STS-1 number 1 of an STS-N signal. Used to transmit a 1-byte fixed-length string or a 16-byte message so that a receiving terminal in a section can verify its continued connection to the intended transmitter. ■ S1—Synchronization status. The S1 byte is located in the first STS-1 of an STS-N signal. ■ Z3 and Z4—Allocated for future use. 	
Received path trace	<p>Channelized OC12 interfaces allow path trace bytes to be sent inband across the SONET/SDH link. The received path trace value is the message received from the router at the other end of the fiber. The transmitted path trace value is the message that this router transmits. This information is specific to each of the 12 channelized OC12 interfaces.</p>	extensive
Transmitted path trace		

Table 119: Channelized STM1 show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration	Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Destination slot—FPC slot number. ■ PLP byte—Packet Level Protocol byte. ■ CoS transmit queue—Queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ <i>bandwidth %</i>—Percentage of bandwidth allocated to the queue. ■ <i>Bandwidth bps</i>—Bandwidth allocated to the queue (in bps). ■ <i>buffer %</i>—Percentage of buffer space allocated to the queue. ■ <i>Buffer usec</i>—Amount of buffer space allocated to the queue, in microseconds. This value is nonzero only if the buffer size is configured in terms of time. ■ <i>Priority</i>—Queue priority: <i>low</i> or <i>high</i>. ■ <i>Limit</i>—Displayed if rate limiting is configured for the queue. Possible values are <i>none</i> and <i>exact</i>. If <i>exact</i> is configured, the queue transmits only up to the configured bandwidth, even if excess bandwidth is available. If <i>none</i> is configured, the queue transmits beyond the configured bandwidth if bandwidth is available. 	extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	All levels
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface, such as <i>iso</i> , <i>inet6</i> , or <i>mpls</i> .	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route table	Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table <i>inet.0</i> .	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Addresses, Flags	Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none

Table 119: Channelized STM1 show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Broadcast	Broadcast address.	detail extensive none
DLCI	(Frame Relay) DLCI number of the logical interface. The following DLCI information is displayed: Flags , Total down time , Last down , and Traffic statistics . Flags is one or more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Active—Set when the link is active and the DTE and DCE are exchanging information. ■ Down—Set when the link is active, but no information is received from the DCE. ■ Unconfigured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is not configured. ■ Configured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is configured. ■ Dce-configured—Displayed when the command is issued from the DTE. 	detail extensive none
DLCI statistics	(Frame Relay) Data-link connection identifier (DLCI) statistics. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Active DLCI—Number of active DLCIs. ■ Inactive DLCI—Number of inactive DLCIs. 	detail extensive none

**show interfaces
extensive (Channelized
STM1, SDH)**

```

user@host> show interfaces e1-1/0/0:1 extensive
Physical interface: e1-1/0/0:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 148, SNMP ifIndex: 285, Generation: 2915
Link-level type: Frame-relay, MTU: 1504, SDH mode, Speed: E1, Loopback: None,
FCS: 16, Framing: G704
Device flags    : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Link flags      : Keepalives DTE
ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
LMI: Input: 51700 (00:00:02 ago), Output: 51701 (00:00:02 ago)
DTE statistics:
  Enquiries sent           : 43186
  Full enquiries sent      : 8515
  Enquiry responses received : 43185
  Full enquiry responses received : 8515
DCE statistics:
  Enquiries received       : 0
  Full enquiries received  : 0
  Enquiry responses sent   : 0
  Full enquiry responses sent : 0
Common statistics:
  Unknown messages received : 0
  Asynchronous updates received : 0
  Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
  Keepalive responses timedout : 0
Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs:
  2
Hold-times      : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Last flapped    : 2002-05-23 17:02:59 PDT (17:23:45 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:

```

```

Input bytes :          592          48 bps
Output bytes :          644          48 bps
Input packets:          46           0 pps
Output packets:         46           0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 9, Framing errors: 0, Policed discards: 0,
  L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 11, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0,
  HS link CRC errors: 0, SRAM errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 1, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0
DS1  alarms : None
DS1  defects : None
SDH  alarms : None
SDH  defects : None
E1  media:
      Seconds      Count  State
SEF              0         0  OK
BEE              0         0  OK
AIS             124         1  OK
LOF             124         1  OK
LOS              0         0  OK
YELLOW           0         0  OK
BPV              0         0
EXZ              0         0
LCV              0         0
PCV              0         0
CS               0         0
FEBE             0         0
LES             124
ES              125
SES             124
SEFS            124
BES              0
UAS              37
Interface transmit queues:
      B/W  WRR      Packets      Bytes      Drops      Errors
Queue0   95  95         0         0         0         0
Queue1    5   5       529      6348         0         0
HDLC configuration:
  Giant threshold: 0, Runt threshold: 0
  Timeslots      : All active
  Line encoding: HDB3
DS1 BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9)
SDH PHY:
      Seconds      Count  State
PLL Lock          0         0  OK
PHY Light         0         0  OK
SDH regenerator section:
      Seconds      Count  State
RS-BIP8           0         0
OOF              125         1  OK
LOS              125         1  OK
LOF              125         1  OK
RS-ES            125
RS-SES           125
RS-SEFS          125
SDH multiplex section:
      Seconds      Count  State
MS-BIP24          0         0
MS-FEBE           0         0
MS-FERF           0         0  OK
MS-AIS            125         1  OK
BERR-SF           0         0  OK

```

```

BERR-SD          0          0 OK
MS-ES            125
MS-SES           125
MS-UAS           115
MS-ES-FE         0
MS-SES-FE        0
MS-UAS-FE        0
SDH path:
HP-BIP8          0          0
HP-FEBE          0          0
HP-LOP           0          0 OK
HP-AIS           125         1 OK
HP-FERF          0          0 OK
HP-UNEQ          0          0 OK
HP-PLM           125         1 OK
HP-ES            125
HP-SES           125
HP-UAS           115
HP-ES-FE         0
HP-SES-FE        0
HP-UAS-FE        0
SDH tu:
TU-BIP2          0          0
TU-FEBE          124         1
TU-LOP           0          0 OK
TU-AIS           124         1 OK
TU-FERF          124         1 OK
TU-UNEQ          0          0 OK
TU-PLM           124         1 OK
TU-ES            125
TU-SES           125
TU-UAS           115
TU-ES-FE         0
TU-SES-FE        0
TU-UAS-FE        0
Received SDH overhead:
F1      : 0x00, J0      : 0x00, K1      : 0x00, K2      : 0x00
S1      : 0x00, C2      : 0x02, C2(cmp) : 0x02, F2      : 0x00
Z3      : 0x00, Z4      : 0x00, S1(cmp) : 0x00, V5      : 0x02
V5(cmp) : 0x02
Transmitted SDH overhead:
F1      : 0x00, J0      : 0x00, K1      : 0x00, K2      : 0x00
S1      : 0x00, C2      : 0x02, F2      : 0x00, Z3      : 0x00
Z4      : 0x00, V5      : 0x02
Received path trace:
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
Transmitted path trace:
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
Destination slot: 1, PLP byte: 2 (0x07)
CoS transmit queue      Bandwidth      Buffer Priority  Limit
                        %      bps      %      usec
0 best-effort            95      1945600 95         0      low  none
3 network-control        5       102400 5          0      low  none
Logical interface e1-1/0/0:1.0 (Index 10) (SNMP ifIndex 369) (Generation 496)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 575, Route table: 0
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 19.19.19.3, Local: 19.19.19.4, Broadcast: Unspecified,
Generation: 975

```

```
DLCI 100
Flags: Active, Dce-configured
Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
DLCI statistics:
  Active DLCI :2 Inactive DLCI : 0
```

show interfaces (Channelized STM1 IQ)

Syntax	show interfaces (<i>type-fpc/pic /port <:channel><:channel></i>) <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified channelized STM1 IQ interface.
Options	<p><i>type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel</i>—Interface type with optional corresponding channel levels. The interface type can be one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ <i>type-fpc/pic/port:channel</i>—For the physical channelized STM1 IQ interface, <i>type</i> is <i>cstm1</i>. For the clear channel, <i>type</i> is <i>so</i>. For channelization, the STM1 IQ interface must be converted to interface type <i>cau4</i>. ■ <i>type-fpc/pic/port:channel</i>—At the first level of channelization, <i>type</i> can be <i>ce1</i> or <i>e1</i> (clear channel or fractional channel from <i>cau4</i>). ■ <i>type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel</i>—At the second level of channelization, <i>type</i> is <i>ds</i> (from <i>ce1</i>). <p><i>brief | detail | extensive | terse</i>—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p><i>descriptions</i>—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p><i>media</i>—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p><i>snmp-index snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p><i>statistics</i>—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces (Channelized STM1 IQ) (Physical) on page 631</p> <p>show interfaces (Channelized AU-4) (Physical) on page 632</p> <p>show interfaces (Channelized E1) (Physical) on page 632</p> <p>show interfaces (DS) on page 633</p>
Output Fields	Table 119 on page 616 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (all Channelized STM1 interfaces) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.
show interfaces (Channelized STM1 IQ) (Physical)	<pre> user@host> show interfaces cstm1-0/0/0 Physical interface: cstm1-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up Interface index: 146, SNMP ifIndex: 35 Link-level type: Frame-relay, Controller, Clocking: Internal, SDH mode, Speed: OC3, Loopback: None, Parent: None Device flags : Present Running </pre>

```

Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Link flags      : Keepalives DTE
ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
LMI: Input: 51700 (00:00:02 ago), Output: 51701 (00:00:02 ago)
DTE statistics:
  Enquiries sent           : 43186
  Full enquiries sent      : 8515
  Enquiry responses received : 43185
  Full enquiry responses received : 8515
DCE statistics:
  Enquiries received       : 0
  Full enquiries received  : 0
  Enquiry responses sent   : 0
  Full enquiry responses sent : 0
Common statistics:
  Unknown messages received : 0
  Asynchronous updates received : 0
  Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
  Keepalive responses timedout : 0
Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs:
  2
Last flapped   : 2003-02-06 15:01:56 PST (07:15:06 ago)
...

```

show interfaces
(Channelized AU-4)
(Physical)

```

user@host> show interfaces cau4-0/0/0
Physical interface: cau4-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 147, SNMP ifIndex: 36
Link-level type: Controller, Clocking: Internal, SDH mode, Speed: OC3,
Loopback: None, Parent: cstm1-0/0/0 Interface index 146
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Link flags     : None
Last flapped   : 2003-02-06 19:36:31 PST (02:40:42 ago)
SDH alarms    : None
SDH defects    : None
...

```

show interfaces
(Channelized E1)
(Physical)

```

user@host> show interfaces ce1-0/0/0:11
Physical interface: ce1-0/0/0:11, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 169, SNMP ifIndex: 288
Link-level type: Frame-relay, Controller, Clocking: Internal, Speed: E1,
Loopback: None, Framing: G704, Parent: cau4-0/0/0 Interface index 147
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Link flags     : Keepalives DTE
ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
LMI: Input: 51700 (00:00:02 ago), Output: 51701 (00:00:02 ago)
DTE statistics:
  Enquiries sent           : 43186
  Full enquiries sent      : 8515
  Enquiry responses received : 43185
  Full enquiry responses received : 8515
DCE statistics:
  Enquiries received       : 0
  Full enquiries received  : 0
  Enquiry responses sent   : 0
  Full enquiry responses sent : 0
Common statistics:
  Unknown messages received : 0
  Asynchronous updates received : 0
  Out-of-sequence packets received : 0

```

```

    Keepalive responses timedout      : 0
Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs:
    2
Last flapped      : 2003-02-06 22:05:23 PST (00:13:45 ago)
DS1  alarms      : None
DS1  defects     : None
SDH  alarms      : None
SDH  defects     : None
...

```

show interfaces (DS)

```

user@host> show interfaces ds-0/0/0:11:1
Physical interface: ds-0/0/0:11:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 170, SNMP ifIndex: 289
  Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: 640kbps,
  Loopback: Illegal, FCS: 16, Parent: ce1-0/0/0:11 Interface index 169
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
  Link flags     : Keepalives
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
  Keepalive: Input: 0 (never), Output: 0 (never)
  LCP state: Conf-req-sent
...
  Logical interface ds-0/0/0:11:1.0 (Index 77) (SNMP ifIndex 290)
    Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
    Bandwidth: 0
    Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
    Flags: Protocol-Down
    Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
      Destination: 10.134.1.0/30, Local: 10.134.1.1
  DLCI 100
    Flags: Active, Dce-configured
    Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
    Traffic statistics:
      Input bytes      : 0
      Output bytes     : 0
      Input packets    : 0
      Output packets   : 0
...

```

show interfaces controller (Channelized STM1 IQ)

Syntax	show interfaces controller cstm1-fpc/pic/port
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(M Series and T Series routers only) Display the interface names of the physical channelized STM1 IQ interface and the channels configured on each interface.
Options	cstm1-fpc/pic/slot—Channelized STM1 IQ interface name.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces controller (Physical Channelized STM1 IQ with Logical E1) on page 634
Output Fields	Table 120 on page 634 lists the output fields for the show interfaces controller (Channelized STM1 IQ) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 120: Channelized STM1 IQ show interfaces controller Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Controller	Physical channelized interface name and the names of any channels configured on it.
Admin	Administrative status of the interface.
Link	Link status of the interface.

show interfaces controller (Physical Channelized STM1 IQ with Logical E1)	user@host> show interfaces controller cstm1-0/0/0		
	Controller		Admin Link
	cstm1-0/0/0		up up
	cau4-0/0/0		up up
	e1-0/0/0:1		up up
	e1-0/0/0:2		up up
	e1-0/0/0:3		up up
	e1-0/0/0:4		up up
	e1-0/0/0:5		up up
	e1-0/0/0:6		up up
	e1-0/0/0:7		up up
	e1-0/0/0:8		up up
	e1-0/0/0:9		up up
	e1-0/0/0:10		up up
	ce1-0/0/0:11		up up
	ds-0/0/0:11:1		up up
	ds-0/0/0:11:2		up up
	ds-0/0/0:11:3		up up
	ds-0/0/0:11:4		up up

Chapter 18

Channelized T1 and T3 Interface Operational Mode Commands

Table 121 on page 635 summarizes the command-line interface (CLI) commands you can use to monitor and troubleshoot channelized T1 and T3 interfaces. Commands are listed in alphabetical order.

Table 121: Channelized T1 and T3 Interface Operational Mode Commands

Task	Command
Display status information about channelized DS3-to-DS0 interfaces.	show interfaces (Channelized DS3-to-DS0)
Display status information about channelized DS3-to-DS1 interfaces.	show interfaces (Channelized DS3-to-DS1)
Display channelized T1 IQ interface information.	show interfaces (Channelized T1 IQ)
Display channelized T3 IQ interface information.	show interfaces (Channelized T3 IQ)
Display the interface names of the physical channelized T1 IQ interface and the channels configured on each interface.	show interfaces controller (Channelized T1 IQ)
Display the interface names of the physical channelized T3 IQ interface and the channels configured on each interface.	show interfaces controller (Channelized T3 IQ)



NOTE: For more information about the channel type and level of channelization, and for information about the number of channels that are supported on the different types of channelized T1 and T3 interfaces, see the *JUNOS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide*.

For more information on monitoring and troubleshooting channelized DS3-to-DS0 and DS3-to-DS1 interfaces, see the *JUNOS Interfaces Network Operations Guide*.

For channelization illustrations and configuration examples for channelized IQ interfaces, see the *JUNOS Feature Guide*.

show interfaces (Channelized DS3-to-DS0)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>ds-fpc/pic/port:t1channel:ds0channel</i> <brief | detail | extensive> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified channelized DS3-to-DS0 interface.
Options	<p><i>ds-fpc/pic/port:t1channel:ds0channel</i>—Display standard information about the specified channelized DS3-to-DS0 interface.</p> <p><i>brief | detail | extensive</i>—(Optional) Display the specified level of output interface.</p> <p><i>descriptions</i>—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p><i>media</i>—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p><i>snmp-index snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p><i>statistics</i>—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces extensive (Channelized DS3-to-DS0) on page 644
Output Fields	Table 122 on page 636 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (all Channelized DS3 interfaces) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 122: Channelized DS3 show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Link-level type	Encapsulation being used on the physical interface.	All levels

Table 122: Channelized DS3 show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
MTU	MTU size on the physical interface.	All levels
Clocking	Reference clock source. It can be Internal or External .	All levels
Speed	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels
Loopback	Whether loopback is enabled and the type of loopback (local or remote).	All levels
FCS	Frame check sequence on the interface (either 16 or 32). The default is 16 bits.	All levels
Mode	Whether C-bit parity mode or M13 mode is enabled.	All levels
Framing	Physical layer framing format used on the link. It can be ESF or SF . The default is ESF .	All levels
Parent	(Channelized IQ interfaces only) Name and interface index of the interface to which a particular child interface belongs. None indicates that this interface is the top level.	All levels
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Keepalive settings	(PPP and HDLC) Configured settings for keepalives. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ interval seconds—The time in seconds between successive keepalive requests. The range is 10 seconds through 32,767 seconds, with a default of 10 seconds. ■ down-count number—The number of keepalive packets a destination must fail to receive before the network takes a link down. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 3. ■ up-count number—The number of keepalive packets a destination must receive to change a link’s status from down to up. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 1. 	detail extensive none
Keepalive statistics	(PPP and HDLC) Information about keepalive packets. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input—Number of keepalive packets received by PPP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was received, in the format hh:mm:ss. ■ Output—Number of keepalive packets sent by PPP and how long ago the last keepalive packets were sent and received. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was sent, in the format hh:mm:ss. 	detail extensive none

Table 122: Channelized DS3 show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
LMI settings	<p>(Frame Relay) Settings for Local Management Interface (LMI) can be either ANSI LMI settings or ITU LMI settings. ANSI LMI settings is the default. The format is (ANSI or ITU) LMI settings: <i>value</i>, <i>value</i>, <i>value</i>...<i>xx</i> seconds, where <i>value</i> can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ n391dte—DTE full status polling interval (1–255) ■ n392dce—DCE error threshold (1–10) ■ n392dte—DTE error threshold (1–10) ■ n393dce—DCE monitored event count (1–10) ■ n393dte—DTE monitored event count (1–10) ■ t391dte—DTE polling timer (5–30 seconds) ■ t392dce—DCE polling verification timer (5–30 seconds) 	detail extensive none
LMI	<p>(Frame Relay) LMI packet statistics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input—Number of packets coming in on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet arrived. The format is Input: <i>nn</i> (last seen <i>hh:mm:ss</i> ago). ■ Output—Number of packets sent out on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet was sent. The format is Output: <i>nn</i> (last seen <i>hh:mm:ss</i> ago). 	detail extensive none
LCP state	<p>(PPP) Link Control Protocol state.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. ■ Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. ■ Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. ■ Down—LCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). ■ Not-configured—LCP is not configured on the interface. ■ Opened—LCP negotiation is successful. 	detail extensive none
NCP state	<p>(PPP) Network Control Protocol state.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. ■ Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. ■ Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. ■ Down—NCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). ■ Not-configured—NCP is not configured on the interface. ■ Opened—NCP negotiation is successful. 	detail extensive none

Table 122: Channelized DS3 show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
CHAP state	<p>(PPP) Displays the state of the Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) during its transaction.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Chap-Chal-received—Challenge was received but response not yet sent. ■ Chap-Chal-sent—Challenge was sent. ■ Chap-Resp-received—Response was received for the challenge sent, but CHAP has not yet moved into the Success state. (Most likely with RADIUS authentication). ■ Chap-Resp-sent—Response was sent for the challenge received. ■ Closed—CHAP authentication is incomplete. ■ Failure—CHAP authentication failed. ■ Not-configured—CHAP is not configured on the interface. ■ Success—CHAP authentication was successful. 	detail extensive none
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: <i>year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone hh:mm:ss ago</i> . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago).	detail extensive none
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes, Output bytes—Number of bytes received and transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets, Output packets—Number of packets received and transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive

Table 122: Channelized DS3 show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Input errors	<p>Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Giants—Number of frames received that are larger than the giant threshold. ■ Runts—Number of frames received that are smaller than the runt threshold. ■ Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the JUNOS Software does not handle. ■ L3 incompletes—Number of incoming packets discarded because they failed Layer 3 (usually IPv4) sanity checks of the header. For example, a frame with less than 20 bytes of available IP header is discarded. ■ L2 channel errors—Counter increments when the software could not find a valid logical interface for an incoming frame. ■ L2 mismatch timeouts—Count of malformed or short packets that caused the incoming packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable. ■ SRAM errors—Number of hardware errors that occurred in the static RAM (SRAM) on the PIC. If the value in this field increments, the PIC is malfunctioning. ■ HS link CRC errors—Count of errors on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. 	extensive
Output errors	<p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly, (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Aged packets—Number of packets that remained in shared packet SDRAM so long that the system automatically purged them. The value in this field should never increment. If it does, it is most likely a software bug or possibly malfunctioning hardware. 	extensive

Table 122: Channelized DS3 show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
DS1 alarms	Media-specific defects that can render the interface unable to pass packets. When a defect persists for a certain amount of time, it is promoted to an alarm.	detail extensive none
DS1 defects	Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router, or turn on the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ LOS—Loss of signal. ■ LOF—Loss of frame. ■ AIS—Alarm indication signal. ■ YLW—Yellow alarm. Indicates errors at the remote site receiver. 	
T1 media	Counts of T1 media-specific errors. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>The T1 media-specific error types can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ SEF—Severely errored framing ■ BEE—Bit error event ■ AIS—Alarm indication signal ■ LOF—Loss of frame ■ LOS—Loss of signal ■ YELLOW—Errors at the remote site receiver ■ BPV—Bipolar violation ■ EXZ—Excessive zeros ■ LCV—Line code violation ■ PCV—Pulse code violation ■ CS—Carrier state ■ LES—Line error seconds ■ ES—Errored seconds ■ SEFS—Severely errored framing seconds (section) ■ SES—Severely errored seconds ■ BES—Bit error seconds ■ UAS—Unavailable seconds 	extensive

Table 122: Channelized DS3 show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
DS3 media	<p>Counts of T3 media-specific errors. For detailed definitions of the T3 (DS-3) error events (BPV, EXZ, LCV, PCV, and CCV) and performance parameters (LES, PES, PSES, CES, CSES, SEFS, and UAS), see RFC 2496.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PLL Lock—Phase-locked loop out of lock ■ Reframing—Frame alignment recovery time ■ AIS—Alarm indication signal ■ LOF—Loss of frame ■ LOS—Loss of signal ■ IDLE—Idle code detected ■ YELLOW—Remote defect indication ■ BPV—Bipolar violation ■ EXZ—Excessive zeros ■ LCV—Line code violation ■ PCV—Pulse code violation ■ CCV—C-bit coding violation ■ LES—Line error seconds ■ PES—P-bit errored seconds ■ PSES—P-bit errored seconds (section) ■ CES—C-bit errored seconds ■ CSES—C-bit severely errored seconds ■ SEFS—Severely errored framing seconds ■ UAS—Unavailable seconds 	extensive
HDLC configuration	<p>Information about the HDLC configuration.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Giant threshold—Giant threshold programmed into the hardware. ■ Runt threshold—Runt threshold programmed into the hardware. ■ Timeslots—Configured time slots for the interface. ■ Byte encoding—Byte encoding used: Nx64K or Nx56K. ■ Data inversion—HDLC data inversion setting: Enabled or Disabled 	extensive
Interface transmit queues	<p>Name of the transmit queues and their associated statistics for each DS1 channel on the Channelized DS3-to-DS1 PIC.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ B/W—Queue bandwidth as a percentage of the total interface bandwidth. ■ WRR—Weighted round-robin (in percent). ■ Packets—Number of packets transmitted. ■ Bytes—Number of bytes transmitted. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped. ■ Errors—Number of packet errors. 	extensive

Table 122: Channelized DS3 show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
DS1 or DS3 BERT configuration	<p>BERT (bit error rate test) checks the quality of the line. This output appears only when a BERT is run on the interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ BERT time period—Configured total time period that the BERT is to run. ■ Elapsed—Actual time elapsed since the start of the BERT (in seconds). ■ Induced error rate—Configured rate at which the bit errors are induced in the BERT pattern. ■ Algorithm—Type of algorithm selected for the BERT. 	detail extensive none
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration	<p>Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Destination slot—FPC slot number. ■ PLP byte—Packet Level Protocol byte. ■ CoS transmit queue—The queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ bandwidth %—Percentage of bandwidth allocated to the queue. ■ Bandwidth bps—Bandwidth allocated to the queue (in bps). ■ buffer %—Percentage of buffer space allocated to the queue. ■ Buffer usec—Amount of buffer space allocated to the queue, in microseconds. This value is nonzero only if the buffer size is configured in terms of time. ■ Priority—Queue priority: low or high. ■ Limit—Displayed if rate limiting is configured for the queue. Possible values are none and exact. If exact is configured, the queue only transmits up to the configured bandwidth, even if excess bandwidth is available. If none is configured, the queue transmits beyond the configured bandwidth if bandwidth is available. 	extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface; values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	All levels
Bandwidth	Bandwidth configured on the interface.	All levels
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface, such as iso, inet6, mpls.	detail extensive none
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive

Table 122: Channelized DS3 show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Route table	Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Addresses, Flags	Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Broadcast	Broadcast address.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive none
Redundant Link	(LSQ redundancy) Backup link for Link Services IQ redundancy.	detail extensive none

```

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces ds-0/0/0:0:0 extensive
extensive (Channelized Physical interface: ds-0/0/0:0:0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
DS3-to-DS0)         Interface index: 174, SNMP ifIndex: 4298, Generation: 177
                        Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: 640kbps, FCS: 16,
                        Mode: C/Bit parity, Framing: ESF
                        Device flags   : Present Running
                        Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
                        Link flags     : Keepalives
                        Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
                        Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
                        Keepalive statistics:
                        Input  : 280 (last seen 00:00:09 ago)
                        Output: 286 (last sent 00:00:00 ago)
                        LCP state: Opened
                        NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured,
                        mpls: Not-configured
                        CHAP state: Not-configured
                        Last flapped   : 2002-05-23 17:53:29 PDT (00:46:46 ago)
                        Statistics last cleared: Never
                        Traffic statistics:
                        Input bytes   :           6814           16 bps
                        Output bytes  :          28840           72 bps
                        Input packets:           568            0 pps
                        Output packets:          893            0 pps
                        Input errors:
                        Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 39, Policed discards: 0,
                        L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 2, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0,
                        HS link CRC errors: 0
                        Output errors:
                        Carrier transitions: 3, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0
                        DS1  alarms   : None
                        DS3  alarms   : None
                        DS1  defects  : None

```

DS3 defects : None

T1 media:	Seconds	Count	State
SEF	0	0	OK
BEE	5	1	OK
AIS	0	0	OK
LOF	0	0	OK
LOS	0	0	OK
YELLOW	17	1	OK
BPV	0	0	
EXZ	0	0	
LCV	5	27765	
PCV	0	0	
CS	0	0	
LES	0		
ES	0		
SES	5		
SEFS	10		
BES	0		
UAS	0		

DS3 media:	Seconds	Count	State
PLL Lock	0	0	OK
Reframing	0	0	OK
AIS	0	0	OK
LOF	0	0	OK
LOS	0	0	OK
IDLE	0	0	OK
YELLOW	0	0	OK
BPV	1	65535	
EXZ	1	65535	
LCV	2	131070	
PCV	1	1825	
CCV	0	0	
LES	1		
PES	1		
PSES	1		
CES	0		
CSES	0		
SEFS	0		
UAS	0		

Interface transmit queues:

	B/W	WRR	Packets	Bytes	Drops	Errors
Queue0	95	95	0	0	0	0
Queue1	5	5	893	28840	0	0

HDLC configuration:

Giant threshold: 1514, Runt threshold: 3
 Timeslots : 1-10
 Byte encoding: Nx64K, Data inversion: Disabled

DS3 BERT configuration:

BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
 Algorithm: 2¹⁵ - 1, Induced error rate: 10e-0

DS1 BERT configuration:

BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
 Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2¹⁵ - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9)

Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:

Destination slot: 0, PLP byte: 2 (0x01)

CoS transmit queue	Bandwidth	Buffer	Priority	Limit
	% bps	usec		
0 best-effort	95	608000	0	low none
3 network-control	5	32000	0	low none

Logical interface ds-0/0/0:0:0.0 (Index 5) (SNMP ifIndex 4299)
 (Generation 943)

```
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 949, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 18.18.18.1, Local: 18.18.18.2, Broadcast: Unspecified,
    Generation: 1849
```

show interfaces (Channelized DS3-to-DS1)

Syntax	<pre>show interfaces t1-fpc/pic/port:t1channel <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index snmp-index> <statistics></pre>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified channelized DS3-to-DS1 interface.
Options	<p>t1-fpc/pic/port:t1channel—Display standard information about the specified channelized DS3-to-DS1 interface.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display brief interface information.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index snmp-index—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces extensive (channelized DS3-to-DS1) on page 647
Output Fields	See Table 122 on page 636 for the output fields for the show interfaces (all Channelized DS3 interfaces) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.
show interfaces extensive (channelized DS3-to-DS1)	<pre>user@host> show interfaces t1-0/0/0:0 extensive Physical interface: t1-0/0/0:0, Enabled, Physical link is Up Interface index: 210, SNMP ifIndex: 14, Generation: 2977 Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: 640kbps, Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Mode: C/Bit parity, Framing: ESF Device flags : Present Running Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Link flags : Keepalives Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3 Keepalive statistics: Input : 30 (last seen 00:00:05 ago) Output: 29 (last sent 00:00:00 ago) LCP state: Opened NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured, mpls: Not-configured CHAP state: Not-configured Last flapped : 2002-05-23 17:30:12 PDT (17:29:43 ago) Statistics last cleared: Never</pre>

```

Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :          944          16 bps
Output bytes :        1162          16 bps
Input packets:          66           0 pps
Output packets:         82           0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 1, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 1, Policed discards: 8,
  L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 1, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0,
  HS link CRC errors: 0, SRAM errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 3, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0
DS1  alarms : None
DS3  alarms : None
DS1  defects : None
DS3  defects : None
T1  media:
Seconds      Count  State
SEF          0        0 OK
BEE          11        5 OK
AIS          28        1 OK
LOF          27        1 OK
LOS          0         0 OK
YELLOW       23        1 OK
BPV          0         0
EXZ          0         0
LCV          11      20574
PCV          0         0
CS           0         0
LES          28
ES           28
SES          39
SEFS         50
BES          0
UAS          0
DS3  media:
Seconds      Count  State
PLL Lock     0         0 OK
Reframing    0         0 OK
AIS          0         0 OK
LOF          1         1 OK
LOS          1         1 OK
IDLE         0         0 OK
YELLOW       0         0 OK
BPV          2      131070
EXZ          3      49910
LCV          5      180980
PCV          2        327
CCV          12     264558
LES          3
PES          3
PSES         2
CES          13
CSES         13
SEFS          1
UAS          35
Interface transmit queues:
      B/W  WRR  Packets      Bytes      Drops      Errors
Queue0  95  95        0         0         0         0
Queue1   5   5        82       1162         0         0
HDLC configuration:
  Giant threshold: 1514, Runt threshold: 3
  Timeslots      : 1-10
  Line encoding: B8ZS, Byte encoding: Nx64K, Data inversion: Disabled

```

DS3 BERT configuration:

BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds

Algorithm: $2^{15} - 1$, Induced error rate: 10e-0

DS1 BERT configuration:

BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds

Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: $2^{15} - 1$, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9)

Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:

Destination slot: 0, PLP byte: 2 (0x00)

CoS transmit queue		Bandwidth			Buffer	Priority	Limit
	%	bps	%		usec		
0 best-effort	95	608000	95		0	low	none
3 network-control	5	32000	5		0	low	none

Logical interface t1-0/0/0:0.0 (Index 11) (SNMP ifIndex 23) (Generation 497)

Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP

Bandwidth: 0

Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 576, Route table: 0

Flags: None

Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary

Destination: 21.21.21.2, Local: 21.21.21.1, Broadcast: Unspecified,

Generation: 977

show interfaces (Channelized T1 IQ)

Syntax `show interfaces (ct1-fpc/pic/port | type-fpc/pic/port<:channel><:channel>)`
`<brief | detail | extensive | terse>`
`<descriptions>`
`<media>`
`<snmp-index snmp-index>`
`<statistics>`

Release Information Command introduced in JUNOS Release 7.4.

Description (M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified channelized T1 IQ interface.

Options `type-fpc/pic/port:channel`—Interface type. With optional corresponding channel levels, the interface type can be one of the following:

- `type-fpc/pic/port`—For the physical channelized T1 IQ interface, `type` is `ct1`.
- `type-fpc/pic/port:channel`—For the clear channel, `type` is `t1`. At the first level of channelization, `type` can be `ct1` or `t1`.
- `type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel`—At the second level of channelization, `type` can be `ds`.

`brief | detail | extensive | terse`—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.

`descriptions`—(Optional) Display interface description strings.

`media`—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.

`snmp-index snmp-index`—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.

`statistics`—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.

Required Privilege Level view

List of Sample Output `show interfaces extensive (CT1)` on page 658
`show interfaces extensive (T1)` on page 659
`show interfaces extensive (DS0)` on page 660

Output Fields Table 123 on page 650 lists the output fields for the `show interfaces (Channelized T1 IQ and T3 IQ interfaces)` command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 123: Channelized T1 IQ and T3 IQ show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels

Table 123: Channelized T1 IQ and T3 IQ show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Link-level type	Encapsulation being used on the physical interface.	All levels
MTU	MTU size on the physical interface.	All levels
Clocking	Reference clock source. It can be Internal or External .	All levels
Speed	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels
Loopback	Whether loopback is enabled and the type of loopback (local or remote).	All levels
FCS	Frame check sequence on the interface (either 16 or 32). The default is 16 bits.	All levels
Framing	Physical layer framing format used on the link. It can be ESF or SF . The default is ESF .	All levels
Parent	Name and interface index of the interface to which a particular child interface belongs. None indicates that this interface is the top level.	All levels
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Keepalive settings	Configured settings for keepalives. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ interval seconds—The time in seconds between successive keepalive requests. The range is 10 seconds through 32,767 seconds, with a default of 10 seconds. ■ down-count number—The number of keepalive packets a destination must fail to receive before the network takes a link down. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 3. ■ up-count number—The number of keepalive packets a destination must receive to change a link's status from down to up. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 1. 	detail extensive none

Table 123: Channelized T1 IQ and T3 IQ show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Keepalive statistics	<p>Information about keepalive packets.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input—Number of keepalive packets received by PPP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was received, in the format <i>hh:mm:ss</i>. ■ Output—Number of keepalive packets sent by PPP and how long ago the last keepalive packets were sent and received. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was sent, in the format <i>hh:mm:ss</i>. 	detail extensive none
LMI settings	<p>(Frame Relay) Settings for Local Management Interface (LMI) can be either ANSI LMI settings or ITU LMI settings. ANSI LMI settings is the default. The format is (ANSI or ITU) LMI settings: <i>value, value... xx seconds</i>, where <i>value</i> can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ n391dte—DTE full status polling interval (1–255) ■ n392dce—DCE error threshold (1–10) ■ n392dte—DTE error threshold (1–10) ■ n393dce—DCE monitored event count (1–10) ■ n393dte—DTE monitored event count (1–10) ■ t391dte—DTE polling timer (5–30 seconds) ■ t392dce—DCE polling verification timer (5–30 seconds) 	detail extensive none
LMI	<p>(Frame Relay) LMI packet statistics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input—Number of packets coming in on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet arrived. The format is Input: nn (last seen <i>hh:mm:ss ago</i>). ■ Output—Number of packets sent out on the interface (<i>nn</i>) and how much time has passed since the last packet was sent. The format is Output: nn (last sent <i>hh:mm:ss ago</i>). 	detail extensive none
DTE statistics	<p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the data terminal equipment (DTE) to the data communication equipment (DCE):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Enquiries sent—Number of link status enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. ■ Full enquiries sent—Number of full enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. ■ Enquiry responses received—Number of enquiry responses received by the DTE from the DCE. ■ Full enquiry responses received—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DTE to the DCE. 	detail extensive none

Table 123: Channelized T1 IQ and T3 IQ show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
DCE statistics	<p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the DCE to the DTE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Enquiries received—Number of enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. ■ Full enquiries received—Number of full enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. ■ Enquiry responses sent—Number of enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. ■ Full enquiry responses sent—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. 	detail extensive none
Common statistics	<p>(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages sent between the DTE and the DCE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Unknown messages received—Number of received packets that do not fall into any category. ■ Asynchronous updates received—Number of link status peer changes received. ■ Out-of-sequence packets received—Number of packets for which the sequence of the packets received is different from the expected sequence. ■ Keepalive responses timedout—Number of keepalive responses that timed out when no LMI packet was reported for n392dte or n393dce intervals. (See LMI settings.) 	detail extensive none
Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs	(Frame Relay) Number of DLCIs configured from the DCE, displayed only from the DTE.	detail extensive none
LCP state	<p>(PPP) Link Control Protocol state.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. ■ Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. ■ Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. ■ Down—LCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). ■ Not-configured—LCP is not configured on the interface. ■ Opened—LCP negotiation is successful. 	detail extensive none
NCP state	<p>(PPP) Network Control Protocol state.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. ■ Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. ■ Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. ■ Down—NCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). ■ Not-configured—NCP is not configured on the interface. ■ Opened—NCP negotiation is successful. 	detail extensive none

Table 123: Channelized T1 IQ and T3 IQ show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
CHAP state	<p>(PPP) Displays the state of the Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) during its transaction.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Chap-Chal-received—Challenge was received but response not yet sent. ■ Chap-Chal-sent—Challenge was sent. ■ Chap-Resp-received—Response was received for the challenge sent, but CHAP has not yet moved into the Success state. (Most likely with RADIUS authentication.) ■ Chap-Resp-sent—Response was sent for the challenge received. ■ Closed—CHAP authentication is incomplete. ■ Failure—CHAP authentication failed. ■ Not-configured—CHAP is not configured on the interface. ■ Success—CHAP authentication was successful. 	detail extensive none
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago) . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) .	detail extensive none
CoS queues	Number of CoS queues configured.	detail extensive none
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes, Output bytes—Number of bytes received and transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets, Output packets—Number of packets received and transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive

Table 123: Channelized T1 IQ and T3 IQ show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Input errors	<p>Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Giants—Number of frames received that are larger than the giant threshold. ■ Runts—Number of frames received that are smaller than the runt threshold. ■ Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the JUNOS Software does not handle. ■ L3 incompletes—Number of incoming packets discarded because they failed Layer 3 (usually IPv4) sanity checks of the header. For example, a frame with less than 20 bytes of available IP header is discarded. ■ L2 channel errors—Counter increments when the software could not find a valid logical interface for an incoming frame. ■ L2 mismatch timeouts—Count of malformed or short packets that caused the incoming packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable. ■ HS link CRC errors—Count of errors on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. ■ SRAM errors—Number of hardware errors that occurred in the static RAM (SRAM) on the PIC. If the value in this field increments, the PIC is malfunctioning. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Output errors	<p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly, (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Aged packets—Number of packets that remained in shared packet SDRAM so long that the system automatically purged them. The value in this field should never increment. If it does, it is most likely a software bug or possibly malfunctioning hardware. ■ MTU errors—Number of packets whose size exceeds the MTU of the interface. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive

Table 123: Channelized T1 IQ and T3 IQ show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Queue counters	CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Queued packets—Number of queued packets. ■ Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. ■ Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. 	detail extensive
DS1 alarms DS1 defects	Media-specific defects that can render the interface unable to pass packets. When a defect persists for a certain amount of time, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router, or turn on the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ LOS—Loss of signal. ■ LOF—Loss of frame. ■ AIS—Alarm indication signal. ■ YLW—Yellow alarm. Indicates errors at the remote site receiver. 	detail extensive none
T1 media	Counts of T1 media-specific errors. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. ■ Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. ■ State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. <p>The T1 media-specific error types can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ AIS—Alarm indication signal ■ BEE—Bit error event ■ BES—Bit error seconds ■ BPV—Bipolar violation ■ CS—Carrier state ■ ES—Errored seconds ■ EXZ—Excessive zeros ■ FEBE—Far-end block error ■ LCV—Line code violation ■ LES—Line error seconds ■ LOF—Loss of frame ■ LOS—Loss of signal ■ PCV—Pulse code violation ■ SEF—Severely errored framing ■ SEFS—Severely errored framing seconds (section) ■ SES—Severely errored seconds ■ UAS—Unavailable seconds ■ YELLOW—Errors at the remote site receiver 	extensive
Line encoding	Line encoding used: B8ZS or AMI.	All levels
Buildout	Buildout setting.	All levels

Table 123: Channelized T1 IQ and T3 IQ show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
HDLC configuration	Information about the HDLC configuration. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Policing bucket—Configured state of the receiving policer. ■ Shaping bucket—Configured state of the transmitting shaper. ■ Giant threshold—Giant threshold programmed into the hardware. ■ Runt threshold—Runt threshold programmed into the hardware. ■ Timeslots—Configured time slots for the interface. ■ Line encoding—Line encoding used: B8ZS or AMI. ■ Byte encoding—Byte encoding used: Nx64K or Nx56K. ■ Data inversion—HDLC data inversion setting: Enabled or Disabled. ■ Idle cycle Flag—Idle cycle flags. ■ Start end Flag—Start and end flag. 	extensive
DS0 or DS1 BERT configuration	BERT (bit error rate test) checks the quality of the line. This output appears only when a BERT is run on the interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ BERT time period—Configured total time period that the BERT is to run. ■ Elapsed—Actual time elapsed since the start of the BERT (in seconds). ■ Induced error rate—Configured rate at which the bit errors are induced in the BERT pattern. ■ Algorithm—Type of algorithm selected for the BERT. 	detail extensive none
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration	Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Destination slot—FPC slot number. ■ PLP byte—Packet Level Protocol byte. 	extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface; values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	All levels
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface, such as iso, inet6, or mpls.	detail extensive none
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route table	Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0.	detail extensive

Table 123: Channelized T1 IQ and T3 IQ show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Flags	Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Addresses, Flags	Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Broadcast	Broadcast address.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
DLCI	(Frame Relay) DLCI number of the logical interface. The following DLCI information is displayed: Flags , Total down time , Last down , and Traffic statistics . Flags is one or more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Active—Set when the link is active and the DTE and DCE are exchanging information. ■ Down—Set when the link is active, but no information is received from the DCE. ■ Unconfigured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is not configured. ■ Configured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is configured. ■ Dce-configured—Displayed when the command is issued from the DTE. 	detail extensive none
DLCI statistics	(Frame Relay) Data-link connection identifier (DLCI) statistics. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Active DLCI—Number of active DLCIs. ■ Inactive DLCI—Number of inactive DLCIs. 	detail extensive none

```

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces extensive ct1-0/1/1
extensive (CT1)    Physical interface: ct1-0/1/1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                    Interface index: 145, SNMP ifIndex: 32, Generation: 28
                    Link-level type: Controller, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T1,
                    Loopback: None, Framing: ESF, Parent: None
                    Device flags   : Present Running
                    Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
                    Link flags     : None
                    Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
                    CoS queues     : 4 supported
                    Last flapped   : 2005-08-17 11:47:09 PDT (1d 03:38 ago)
                    Statistics last cleared: 2005-08-18 15:25:37 PDT (00:00:27 ago)
                    DS1 alarms    : None
                    DS1 defects   : None
                    T1 media:
                        Seconds      Count  State
                        SEF           0       0   OK
                        BEE           0       0   OK
                        AIS           0       0   OK

```



```

LOF                0          0 OK
LOS                0          0 OK
YELLOW             0          0 OK
BPV                0          0
EXZ                0          0
LCV                0          0
PCV                0          0
CS                 0          0
LES                0
ES                 0
SES                0
SEFS               0
BES                0
UAS                0
Line encoding: B8ZS
Buildout           : 0 to 132 feet
DS1 BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9)
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 0 (0x00)

```

**show interfaces
extensive (T1)**

```

user@host> show interfaces extensive t1-0/2/0
Physical interface: t1-0/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 161, SNMP ifIndex: 33, Generation: 61
  Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Speed: T1, Loopback: None, FCS: 16,
  Parent: ct1-0/2/0 Interface index 148
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
  Link flags     : Keepalives DTE
ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
LMI: Input: 51700 (00:00:02 ago), Output: 51701 (00:00:02 ago)
DTE statistics:
  Enquiries sent           : 43186
  Full enquiries sent      : 8515
  Enquiry responses received : 43185
  Full enquiry responses received : 8515
DCE statistics:
  Enquiries received       : 0
  Full enquiries received  : 0
  Enquiry responses sent   : 0
  Full enquiry responses sent : 0
Common statistics:
  Unknown messages received : 0
  Asynchronous updates received : 0
  Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
  Keepalive responses timedout : 0
Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs:
  2
Hold-times       : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
CoS queues       : 4 supported
Last flapped    : 2005-09-07 15:43:47 PDT (00:00:06 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes   : 0          0 bps
  Output bytes  : 14         0 bps
  Input packets : 0          0 pps
  Output packets: 1          0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
  Policed discards: 0, L3 incompletes: 0,

```

```

L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0,
HS link CRC errors: 0, SRAM errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
Carrier transitions: 1, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0,
MTU errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Queue counters:
  Queued packets  Transmitted packets  Dropped packets
0 best-effort      0                0                0
1 expedited-fo     0                0                0
2 assured-forw     0                0                0
3 network-cont     1                1                0
DS1  alarms   : None
DS1  defects  : None
HDLC configuration:
  Policing bucket: Disabled
  Shaping bucket : Disabled
  Giant threshold: 1514, Runt threshold: 2
  Timeslots      : All active
  Byte encoding: Nx64K, Data inversion: Disabled, Idle cycle flag:
  flags, Start end flag: shared
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 0, PLP byte: 4 (0x00)

```

**show interfaces
extensive (DS0)**

```

user@host> show interfaces extensive ds-0/1/0:0
Physical interface: ds-0/1/0:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 157, SNMP ifIndex: 52, Generation: 46
Link-level type: Frame-Relay, PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal,
Speed: 640kbps, Loopback: None, FCS:16,
Parent: ct1-0/1/0 Interface index 143
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
Link flags     : Keepalives DTE
ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
LMI: Input: 51700 (00:00:02 ago), Output: 51701 (00:00:02 ago)
DTE statistics:
  Enquiries sent           : 43186
  Full enquiries sent      : 8515
  Enquiry responses received : 43185
  Full enquiry responses received : 8515
DCE statistics:
  Enquiries received       : 0
  Full enquiries received  : 0
  Enquiry responses sent   : 0
  Full enquiry responses sent : 0
Common statistics:
  Unknown messages received : 0
  Asynchronous updates received : 0
  Out-of-sequence packets received : 0
  Keepalive responses timeout : 0
Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs:
  2
Hold-times      : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Keepalive statistics:
  Input : 8 (last seen 00:00:12 ago)
  Output: 8 (last sent 00:00:07 ago)
LCP state: Opened
NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured,
mpls: Not-configured
CHAP state: Not-configured
CoS queues   : 4 supported
Last flapped : 2005-08-18 15:23:46 PDT (00:03:17 ago)

```

```

Statistics last cleared: 2005-08-18 15:25:37 PDT (00:01:26 ago)
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :                840                0 bps
  Output bytes :               912                0 bps
  Input packets:                25                0 pps
  Output packets:              26                0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
  Policed discards: 0, L3 incompletes: 0,
  L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0,
  Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0,
  MTU errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets  Dropped packets
0 best-effort        0                0                0
1 expedited-fo       0                0                0
2 assured-forw       0                0                0
3 network-cont      26                26                0
HDLC configuration:
  Giant threshold: 1514, Runt threshold: 2
  Timeslots      : 1-10
  Byte encoding: Nx64K, Data inversion: Disabled, Idle cycle flag: flags,
  Start end flag: shared
DS0 BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9)
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 0, PLP byte: 4 (0x00)
Logical interface ds-0/1/0:1.0 (Index 67) (SNMP ifIndex 53) (Generation 11)
  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 26, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 11.11.11.0/30, Local: 11.11.11.2, Broadcast: 11.11.11.3,
    Generation: 39
  DLCI 100
    Flags: Active, Dce-configured
    Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
    Traffic statistics:
      Input bytes :                0
      Output bytes :               0
      Input packets:               0
      Output packets:              0
  DLCI statistics:
    Active DLCI :2 Inactive DLCI : 0
...

```

show interfaces (Channelized T3 IQ)

Syntax `show interfaces (ct3-fpc/pic/port | type-fpc/pic/port<:channel><:channel>)
<brief | detail | extensive | terse>
<descriptions>
<media>
<snmp-index snmp-index>
<statistics>`

Release Information Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.

Description (M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified channelized T3 IQ interface.

Options *type-fpc/pic/port:channel*—Interface type. With optional corresponding channel levels, the interface type can be one of the following:

- *type-fpc/pic/port*—For the physical channelized T3 IQ interface, *type* is *ct3*.
- *type-fpc/pic/port:channel*—For the clear channel, *type* is *t3*. At the first level of channelization, *type* can be *ct1* or *t1*.
- *type-fpc/pic/port:channel:channel*—At the second level of channelization, *type* is *ds*.

brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.

descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.

media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.

snmp-index snmp-index—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.

statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.

Required Privilege Level view

List of Sample Output `show interfaces extensive` (Channelized T3 IQ) (Physical) on page 663
`show interfaces extensive` (Channelized T1 on Channelized T3 IQ) on page 663
`show interfaces extensive` (DS0 on Channelized T3 IQ) on page 663

Output Fields Table 123 on page 650 lists the output fields for the `show interfaces` (Channelized T1 IQ and T3 IQ) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

```

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces extensive ct3-0/0/1
extensive (Channelized Physical interface: ct3-0/0/1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
T3 IQ) (Physical)   Interface index: 30, SNMP ifIndex: 317, Generation: 29
                        Link-level type: Controller, MTU: 4474, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T3,
                        Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Mode: C/Bit parity, Parent: None
                        Device flags   : Present Running
                        Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
                        Link flags      : None
                        ...

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces extensive ct1-0/0/1:2
extensive           Physical interface: ct1-0/0/1:2, Enabled, Physical link is Up
(Channelized T1 on   Interface index: 175, SNMP ifIndex: 1505, Generation: 174
Channelized T3 IQ) Link-level type: Controller, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T1,
                        Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: ESF, Parent: ct3-0/0/1 (Index 32)
                        Device flags   : Present Running
                        Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
                        Link flags      : None
                        ...

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces extensive ds-0/0/1:2:1
extensive (DS0 on   Physical interface: ds-0/0/1:2:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Channelized T3 IQ) Interface index: 176, SNMP ifIndex: 1563, Generation: 175
                        Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: 640kbps,
                        Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Parent: ct1-0/0/1:2(Index 175)
                        Device flags   : Present Running
                        Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
                        Link flags      : Keepalives
                        ...

```

show interfaces controller (Channelized T1 IQ)

Syntax	show interfaces controller <i>ct1-fpc/pic/slot</i>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(M Series and T Series routers only) Display the interface names of the specified physical channelized T1 IQ interface and the channels configured on it.
Options	<i>ct1-fpc/pic/slot</i> —Channelized T1 IQ interface name.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces controller (T1 IQ) (Clear-Channel T1) on page 664 show interfaces controller (T1 IQ) (Channelized DS) on page 664
Output Fields	Table 124 on page 664 lists the output fields for the show interfaces controller (Channelized T1 IQ) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 124: Channelized T1 IQ show interfaces controller Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Controller	Physical channelized interface name and the names of any channels configured on it.
Admin	Administrative status of the interface.
Link	Link status of the interface.

show interfaces controller (T1 IQ) (Clear-Channel T1)

The following sample output displays the channelized T1 IQ interface when it is configured as a clear-channel T1 interface:

```
user@host> show interfaces controller ct1-0/2/0
```

Controller	Admin	Link
ct1-0/2/0	up	up
t1-0/2/0	up	up

show interfaces controller (T1 IQ) (Channelized DS)

The following sample output displays the channelized T1 IQ interfaces when it is configured down to the channelized DS level:

```
user@host> show interfaces controller ct1-0/2/1
```

Controller	Admin	Link
ct1-0/2/1	up	up
ds-0/2/1:1	up	up
ds-0/2/1:2	up	up

show interfaces controller (Channelized T3 IQ)

Syntax	show interfaces controller <i>ct3-fpc/pic/slot</i>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(M Series and T Series routers only) Display the interface names of the specified physical channelized T3 IQ interface and the channels configured on it.
Options	<i>ct3-fpc/pic /slot</i> —Channelized T3 IQ interface name.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces controller (T3 IQ) on page 665
Output Fields	Table 125 on page 665 lists the output fields for the show interfaces controller (Channelized T3 IQ) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 125: Channelized T3 IQ show interfaces controller Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Controller	Physical channelized interface name and the names of any channels configured on it.
Admin	Administrative status of the interface.
Link	Link status of the interface.

show interfaces controller (T3 IQ)	user@host> show interfaces controller ct3-0/0/1		
	Controller	Admin	Link
	ct3-0/0/1	up	up
	t1-0/0/1:1	up	up
	ct1-0/0/1:2	up	up
	ds-0/0/1:2:1	up	up
	ds-0/0/1:2:2	up	up
	ds-0/0/1:2:3	up	up
	t1-0/0/1:3		
	...	up	down
	t1-0/0/1:10	up	up
	ct1-0/0/1:11	up	up
	...		
	ct1-0/0/1:28	up	up

Part 11

Services Interfaces

- Adaptive Services Interface Operational Mode Commands on page 669
- Encryption Interface Operational Mode Commands on page 683
- Flow Collector and Monitoring Interface Operational Mode Commands on page 691
- Link Services Interface Operational Mode Commands on page 707
- Tunnel Services Interface Operational Mode Commands on page 759
- VoIP Interface Operational Mode Commands on page 789

Chapter 19

Adaptive Services Interface Operational Mode Commands

Table 126 on page 669 summarizes the command line interface (CLI) commands you can use to monitor and troubleshoot adaptive services operations.

Table 126: Adaptive Services Interface Operational Mode Commands

Task	Command
(M Series and T Series routers only) Manually revert to the primary adaptive services interface or link services IQ interface, or to switch from the primary to the secondary interface.	request interface (revert | switchover) (Adaptive Services)
Display status information about the specified adaptive services interface.	show interfaces (Adaptive Services)
(M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified redundant adaptive services configuration.	show interfaces (Redundant Adaptive Services)
(M series , T Series , and MX Series routers only) Display general information about adaptive services and link services intelligent queuing (IQ) interfaces redundancy.	show interfaces redundancy



NOTE: For information about how to configure adaptive services, see the *JUNOS Services Interfaces Configuration Guide*.

request interface (revert | switchover) (Adaptive Services)

Syntax request interface (revert | switchover) (*rspnumber* | *rlsqnumber*)

Release Information Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Support for *rlsq* interfaces added in JUNOS Release 7.6.

Description (M Series and T Series routers only) Manually revert to the primary adaptive services interface or link services IQ interface, or to switch from the primary to the secondary interface.



NOTE: All *rlsq* switchover or revert operations are allowed from the *rlsqnumber* level only and not for individual channelized interfaces (*rlsqnumber:unit*).

On an aggregated Ethernet interface with link protection enabled, use the **request interface (revert | switchover)** (Aggregated Ethernet Link Protection) operational command to manually revert egress traffic from the designated backup link to the designated primary link, or to manually switch egress traffic from the primary link to the backup link. For information about this command, see **request interface (revert | switchover)** (Aggregated Ethernet Link Protection).

Options (revert | switchover)—The **revert** keyword restores active processing to the primary adaptive services (sp) or link services IQ (lsq) interface. The **switchover** keyword transfers active processing to the secondary (backup) interface.

rspnumber—Redundant adaptive services interface name.

rlsqnumber—Redundant link services IQ interface name.

Required Privilege Level view

List of Sample Output request interface revert on page 670
request interface switchover on page 670

Output Fields When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.

request interface revert user@host> request interface revert rlsq0
request succeeded

request interface switchover user@host> request interface switchover rlsq0
error: rlsq0: already on secondary

show interfaces (Adaptive Services)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>interface-type</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display status information about the specified adaptive services interface.
Options	<p><i>interface-type</i>—On M Series and T Series routers, the interface type is <i>sp-fpc/pic/port</i>. On J Series routers, the interface type is <i>sp-pim/0/port</i>.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces (Adaptive Services) on page 675</p> <p>show interfaces brief (Adaptive Services) on page 675</p> <p>show interfaces detail (Adaptive Services) on page 675</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (Adaptive Services) on page 676</p>
Output Fields	Table 127 on page 671 lists the output fields for the <code>show interfaces</code> (adaptive services and redundant adaptive services) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 127: Adaptive Services and Redundant Adaptive Services show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none

Table 127: Adaptive Services and Redundant Adaptive Services show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Type	Encapsulation being used on the interface.	All levels
Link-level type	Encapsulation being used on the physical interface.	All levels
MTU	MTU size on the physical interface.	All levels
Clocking	Reference clock source: can be Internal or External .	All levels
Speed	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Link type	Physical interface link type: Full-Duplex or Half-Duplex .	detail extensive none
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Physical info	Information about the physical interface.	detail extensive
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Current address	Configured MAC address.	detail extensive none
Hardware address	MAC address of the hardware.	detail extensive none
Alternate link address	Backup address of the link.	detail extensive none
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago) . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) .	detail extensive none
Input Rate	Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps).	None specified
Output Rate	Output rate in bps and pps.	None specified
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive

Table 127: Adaptive Services and Redundant Adaptive Services show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Input errors	<p>Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Runts—Frames received smaller than the runt threshold. ■ Giants—Frames received larger than the giant threshold. ■ Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the JUNOS Software does not handle. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Output errors	<p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ MTU errors—Number of packets larger than the MTU threshold. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	All levels
Input packets	Number of packets received on the logical interface.	None specified
Output packets	Number of packets transmitted on the logical interface.	None specified

Table 127: Adaptive Services and Redundant Adaptive Services show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Local statistics	Statistics for traffic received from and transmitted to the Routing Engine. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Transit statistics	Statistics for traffic transiting the router. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes generally less than 1 second for the counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
<i>protocol-family</i>	Protocol family configured on the logical interface. If the protocol is <i>inet</i> , the IP address of the interface is also displayed.	brief
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface, such as <i>iso</i> , <i>inet6</i> , <i>mpls</i> .	detail extensive none
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route table	Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, <i>0</i> refers to the routing table <i>inet.0</i> .	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Addresses, Flags	Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Broadcast	Broadcast address.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive


```

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces sp-1/2/0
(Adaptive Services)
Physical interface: sp-1/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 147, SNMP ifIndex: 72
  Type: Adaptive-Services, Link-level type: Adaptive-Services, MTU: 9192,
  Speed: 800mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link type      : Full-Duplex
  Link flags     : None
  Last flapped   : 2006-03-06 11:37:18 PST (00:57:29 ago)
  Input rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)
  Output rate    : 0 bps (0 pps)

Logical interface sp-1/2/0.16383 (Index 68) (SNMP ifIndex 73)
  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Adaptive-Services
  Input packets : 3057
  Output packets: 3044
  Protocol inet, MTU: 9192
    Flags: Receive-options, Receive-TTL-Exceeded
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
      Destination: 10.0.0.34, Local: 10.0.0.1

show interfaces brief user@host> show interfaces sp-1/2/0 brief
(Adaptive Services)
Physical interface: sp-1/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Type: Adaptive-Services, Link-level type: Adaptive-Services, MTU: 9192,
  Clocking: Unspecified, Speed: 800mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000

Logical interface sp-1/2/0.16383
  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Adaptive-Services
  inet 10.0.0.1      --> 10.0.0.34

show interfaces detail user@host> show interfaces sp-1/2/0 detail
(Adaptive Services)
Physical interface: sp-1/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 147, SNMP ifIndex: 72, Generation: 30
  Type: Adaptive-Services, Link-level type: Adaptive-Services, MTU: 9192,
  Clocking: Unspecified, Speed: 800mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link type      : Full-Duplex
  Link flags     : None
  Physical info   : Unspecified
  Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Current address: Unspecified, Hardware address: Unspecified
  Alternate link address: Unspecified
  Last flapped   : 2006-03-06 11:37:18 PST (00:57:56 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   :          125147          0 bps
    Output bytes  :          1483113         0 bps
    Input packets :           3061          0 pps
    Output packets:           3048          0 pps

Logical interface sp-1/2/0.16383 (Index 68) (SNMP ifIndex 73) (Generation 7)
  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Adaptive-Services
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   :          125147          0 bps
    Output bytes  :          1483113         0 bps
    Input packets :           3061          0 pps
    Output packets:           3048          0 pps

```

```

Local statistics:
  Input bytes :          125147
  Output bytes :         1483113
  Input packets:          3061
  Output packets:         3048
Transit statistics:
  Input bytes :          0          0 bps
  Output bytes :          0          0 bps
  Input packets:          0          0 pps
  Output packets:         0          0 pps
Protocol inet, MTU: 9192, Generation: 20, Route table: 1
Flags: Receive-options, Receive-TTL-Exceeded
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
  Destination: 10.0.0.34, Local: 10.0.0.1, Broadcast: Unspecified,
  Generation: 22

```

**show interfaces
extensive
(Adaptive Services)**

```

user@host> show interfaces sp-1/2/0 extensive
Physical interface: sp-1/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 147, SNMP ifIndex: 72, Generation: 30
  Type: Adaptive-Services, Link-level type: Adaptive-Services, MTU: 9192,
  Clocking: Unspecified, Speed: 800mbps
  Device flags : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link type : Full-Duplex
  Link flags : None
  Physical info : Unspecified
  Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Current address: Unspecified, Hardware address: Unspecified
  Alternate link address: Unspecified
  Last flapped : 2006-03-06 11:37:18 PST (00:58:40 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :          125547          0 bps
  Output bytes :         1483353          0 bps
  Input packets:          3065          0 pps
  Output packets:         3052          0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
  Policed discards: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 2, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0,
  Resource errors: 0

Logical interface sp-1/2/0.16383 (Index 68) (SNMP ifIndex 73) (Generation 7)
  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Adaptive-Services
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :          125547
  Output bytes :         1483353
  Input packets:          3065
  Output packets:         3052
Local statistics:
  Input bytes :          125547
  Output bytes :         1483353
  Input packets:          3065
  Output packets:         3052
Transit statistics:
  Input bytes :          0          0 bps
  Output bytes :          0          0 bps
  Input packets:          0          0 pps
  Output packets:         0          0 pps
Protocol inet, MTU: 9192, Generation: 20, Route table: 1

```

Flags: Receive-options, Receive-TTL-Exceeded
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 10.0.0.34, Local: 10.0.0.1, Broadcast: Unspecified,
Generation: 22

show interfaces (Redundant Adaptive Services)

Syntax	<pre>show interfaces <i>rspnumber</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>> <statistics></pre>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified redundant adaptive services configuration.
Options	<p><i>rspnumber</i>—Display standard status information about the specified redundant adaptive services configuration.</p> <p><i>brief | detail | extensive | terse</i>—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p><i>descriptions</i>—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p><i>media</i>—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p><i>snmp-index snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p><i>statistics</i>—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces extensive (Redundant Adaptive Services) on page 678
Output Fields	Table 127 on page 671 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (redundant adaptive services) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.
show interfaces extensive (Redundant Adaptive Services)	<pre>user@host> show interfaces rsp0 extensive Physical interface: rsp0, Enabled, Physical link is Up Interface index: 150, SNMP ifIndex: 40, Generation: 44 Type: Adaptive-Services, Link-level type: Adaptive-Services, MTU: 9192, Clocking: Unspecified, Speed: 800mbps Device flags : Present Running Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Redundancy-Device 16384 Link type : Full-Duplex Link flags : None Physical info : Unspecified Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms Current address: Unspecified, Hardware address: Unspecified Alternate link address: Unspecified Last flapped : 2005-03-11 18:36:37 UTC (00:00:08 ago) Statistics last cleared: Never Traffic statistics: Input bytes : 0 0 bps Output bytes : 0 0 bps Input packets: 0 0 pps</pre>

```

Output packets:                0                0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
  Policed discards: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0,
  Resource errors: 0

Logical interface rsp0.0 (Index 68) (SNMP ifIndex 42) (Generation 30)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Adaptive-Services
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :                0
  Output bytes :               0
  Input packets:               0
  Output packets:              0
Local statistics:
  Input bytes :                0
  Output bytes :               0
  Input packets:               0
  Output packets:              0
Transit statistics:
  Input bytes :                0                0 bps
  Output bytes :               0                0 bps
  Input packets:               0                0 pps
  Output packets:              0                0 pps
Protocol inet, MTU: 9192, Generation: 37, Route table: 0
Flags: Receive-options, Receive-TTL-Exceeded

```

show interfaces redundancy

Syntax	show interfaces redundancy <brief | detail>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4. detail option added in JUNOS Release 10.0.
Description	(M Series, T Series, and MX Series routers only) Display general information about adaptive services and link services intelligent queuing (IQ) interfaces redundancy.
Options	brief | detail—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces redundancy on page 680 show interfaces redundancy detail on page 680
Output Fields	Table 128 on page 680 lists the output fields for the <code>show interfaces redundancy</code> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 128: show interfaces redundancy Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Interface	Name of the redundant adaptive services or link services IQ interface.	All levels
State	State of the redundant interface: Not present , On primary , or On secondary .	All levels
Last Change	Timestamp for the last change in status.	All levels
Primary	Name of the interface configured to be the primary interface.	All levels
Secondary	Name of the interface configured to be the backup interface.	All levels
Current Status	Physical status of the primary and secondary interfaces.	All levels
Mode	Standby mode.	detail

```

show interfaces user@host> show interfaces redundancy
redundancy Interface State      Last change Primary   Secondary Current status
rsp0      Not present
rsp1      On secondary 1d 23:56  sp-1/0/0  sp-0/2/0  both down
rsp2      On primary  10:10:27  sp-1/2/0  sp-0/3/0  primary down
rlsq0     On primary  00:06:24  sp-1/3/0  sp-0/2/0  secondary down
lsq0      On primary
lsq0      On primary  00:06:24  lsq-0/3/0 lsq-1/0/0 both up

```

```

show interfaces user@host> show interfaces redundancy detail
redundancy detail Interface      : rlsq0
                   State       : On primary
                   Last change  : 00:45:47

```

```
Primary      : lsq-0/2/0
Secondary    : lsq-1/2/0
Current status : both up
Mode         : hot-standby

Interface    : rlsq0:0
State        : On primary
Last change  : 00:45:46
Primary      : lsq-0/2/0:0
Secondary    : lsq-1/2/0:0
Current status : both up
Mode         : warm-standby
```


Chapter 20

Encryption Interface Operational Mode Commands

Table 129 on page 683 summarizes the command-line interface (CLI) commands you can use to monitor and troubleshoot encryption interfaces.

Table 129: Encryption Interface Operational Mode Commands

Task	Command
Display status information about encryption interfaces.	show interfaces (Encryption)

show interfaces (Encryption)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>es-fpc/pic/port:channel</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified encryption interface.
Options	<p><i>es-fpc/pic/port:channel</i>—Display standard status information about the specified encryption interface.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces (Encryption) on page 687</p> <p>show interfaces brief (Encryption) on page 687</p> <p>show interfaces detail (Encryption) on page 687</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (Encryption) on page 688</p>
Output Fields	Table 130 on page 684 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (ES) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 130: Encryption show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none

Table 130: Encryption show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Type	Encapsulation being used on the interface.	All levels
Link-level type	Encapsulation being used on the physical interface.	All levels
MTU	MTU size on the physical interface.	All levels
Speed	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Input rate	Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps).	None specified
Output rate	Output rate in bps and pps.	None specified
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes, Output bytes—Number of bytes received and transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets, Output packets—Number of packets received and transmitted on the interface. ■ Anti-replay failures—Total number of antireplay failures seen on all tunnels configured on the ES PIC. ■ Authentication—Total number of authentication failures seen on all tunnels configured on the ES PIC. 	detail extensive
Egress queues	Total number of egress queues supported on the specified interface.	detail extensive
Queue counters	<p>CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Queued packets—Number of queued packets. ■ Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. ■ Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. 	detail extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none

Table 130: Encryption show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
IP-Header	IP header of the logical interface.	All levels
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	All levels
<i>protocol-family</i>	Protocol family configured on the logical interface. If the protocol is <i>inet</i> , the IP address of the interface is also displayed.	brief
Input packets	Number of packets received on the logical interface.	None specified
Output packets	Number of packets transmitted on the logical interface.	None specified
Traffic statistics	Total number of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface. These statistics are the sum of the local and transit statistics. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Local statistics	Statistics for traffic received from and transmitted to the Routing Engine. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Transit statistics	Statistics for traffic transiting the router. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface, such as <i>iso</i> , <i>inet6</i> , <i>mpls</i> .	detail extensive none
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route table	Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table <i>inet.0</i> .	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Addresses, Flags	Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89. Address	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Broadcast	Broadcast address of the logical interface.	detail extensive

Table 130: Encryption show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive

show interfaces (Encryption)	<pre> user@host> show interfaces es-0/3/0 Physical interface: es-0/3/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up Interface index: 138, SNMP ifIndex: 71 Type: IPSEC, Link-level type: IPSEC-over-IP, MTU: 3900, Speed: 800mbps Device flags : Present Running Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Input rate : 0 bps (0 pps) Output rate : 0 bps (0 pps) Logical interface es-0/3/0.0 (Index 70) (SNMP ifIndex 45) Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps IP-Header 10.0.10.2:10.0.10.1::df:64:00000000 Encapsulation: IPSEC Input packets : 0 Output packets: 0 Protocol inet, MTU: 3800 Flags: None Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary Destination: 10.10.0.2, Local: 10.10.0.1 </pre>
show interfaces brief (Encryption)	<pre> user@host> show interfaces es-0/3/0 brief Physical interface: es-0/3/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up Type: IPSEC, Link-level type: IPSEC-over-IP, MTU: 3900, Speed: 800mbps Device flags : Present Running Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Logical interface es-0/3/0.0 Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps IP-Header 10.0.10.2:10.0.10.1::df:64:00000000 Encapsulation: IPSEC inet 10.10.0.1 --> 10.10.0.2s </pre>
show interfaces detail (Encryption)	<pre> user@host> show interfaces es-0/3/0 detail Physical interface: es-0/3/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up Interface index: 138, SNMP ifIndex: 71, Generation: 21 Type: IPSEC, Link-level type: IPSEC-over-IP, MTU: 3900, Speed: 800mbps Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms Device flags : Present Running Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Statistics last cleared: Never Traffic statistics: Input bytes : 0 0 bps Output bytes : 0 0 bps Input packets: 0 0 pps Output packets: 0 0 pps Anti-replay failures : 0 Authentication failures : 0 Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use Queue counters: Queued packets Transmitted packets Dropped packets 0 best-effort 0 0 0 1 expedited-fo 0 0 0 </pre>

2 assured-forw	0	0	0
3 network-cont	0	0	0

Logical interface es-0/3/0.0 (Index 70) (SNMP ifIndex 45) (Generation 9)
 Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
 IP-Header 10.0.10.2:10.0.10.1::df:64:00000000 Encapsulation: IPSEC
 Traffic statistics:
 Input bytes : 0
 Output bytes : 0
 Input packets: 0
 Output packets: 0
 Local statistics:
 Input bytes : 0
 Output bytes : 0
 Input packets: 0
 Output packets: 0
 Transit statistics:
 Input bytes : 0 0 bps
 Output bytes : 0 0 bps
 Input packets: 0 0 pps
 Output packets: 0 0 pps
 Protocol inet, MTU: 3800, Generation: 22, Route table: 0
 Flags: None
 Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
 Destination: 10.10.0.2, Local: 10.10.0.1, Broadcast: Unspecified,
 Generation: 26

**show interfaces
 extensive (Encryption)**

```
user@host> show interfaces es-0/3/0 extensive
Physical interface: es-0/3/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 138, SNMP ifIndex: 71, Generation: 21
Type: IPSEC, Link-level type: IPSEC-over-IP, MTU: 3900, Speed: 800mbps
Hold-times      : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Device flags    : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes : 0 0 bps
Output bytes : 0 0 bps
Input packets: 0 0 pps
Output packets: 0 0 pps
Anti-replay failures : 0
Authentication failures : 0
Egress queues: 4 supported, 4 in use
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets  Dropped packets

0 best-effort        0                0                0
1 expedited-fo       0                0                0
2 assured-forw       0                0                0
3 network-cont       0                0                0
```

Logical interface es-0/3/0.0 (Index 70) (SNMP ifIndex 45) (Generation 9)
 Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
 IP-Header 10.0.10.2:10.0.10.1::df:64:00000000 Encapsulation: IPSEC
 Traffic statistics:
 Input bytes : 0

```

Output bytes :          0
Input  packets:         0
Output packets:         0
Local statistics:
Input  bytes :          0
Output bytes :          0
Input  packets:         0
Output packets:         0
Transit statistics:
Input  bytes :          0          0 bps
Output bytes :          0          0 bps
Input  packets:         0          0 pps
Output packets:         0          0 pps
Protocol inet, MTU: 3800, Generation: 22, Route table: 0
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 10.10.0.2, Local: 10.10.0.1, Broadcast: Unspecified,
Generation: 26

```


Chapter 21

Flow Collector and Monitoring Interface Operational Mode Commands

Table 131 on page 691 summarizes the command-line interface (CLI) commands you can use to monitor and troubleshoot flow collector and flow monitoring interfaces. Commands are listed in alphabetical order.

Table 131: Flow Collector and Monitoring Interface Operational Mode Commands

Task	Command
Display status information about dynamic flow capture interfaces.	show interfaces (Dynamic Flow Capture)
Display status information about flow collector interfaces.	show interfaces (Flow Collector)
Display status information about flow monitoring interfaces.	show interfaces (Flow Monitoring)

show interfaces (Dynamic Flow Capture)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>dfc-fpc/pic/port:channel</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(M320 and M120 routers and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified dynamic flow capture interface.
Options	<p><i>dfc-fpc/pic/port:channel</i>—Display standard status information about the specified dynamic flow capture interface.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces (Dynamic Flow Capture) on page 695
Output Fields	Table 132 on page 692 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (Dynamic Flow Capture) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 132: Dynamic Flow Capture show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Type	Type of interface.	All levels
Link-level type	Encapsulation type used on the physical interface.	All levels

Table 132: Dynamic Flow Capture show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
MTU	Maximum Transmit Unit (MTU). Size of the largest packet to be transmitted.	All levels
Speed	Network speed on the interface.	All levels
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Link type	Data transmission type.	All levels
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is <i>Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago)</i> . For example, <i>Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago)</i> .	detail extensive
Input Rate	Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps).	None specified
Output Rate	Output rate in bps and pps.	None specified
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input rate, Output rate—Number of bits per second (packets per second) received and transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets, Output packets—Number of packets received and transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Input errors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Input errors on the interface. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Runts—Frames received smaller than the runt threshold. ■ Giants—Frames received larger than the giant threshold. ■ Policed Discards—Frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because the frames did not recognize them or were not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the JUNOS Software does not support. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive

Table 132: Dynamic Flow Capture show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Output errors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly, possibly once every 10 seconds, the cable, the remote system, or the interface is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet dropped by the ASIC RED mechanism. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none
Flags	Information about the logical interface; values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	All levels
Input packets	Number of packets received on the logical interface.	None specified
Output packets	Number of packets transmitted on the logical interface.	None specified
Traffic statistics	<p>Total number of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface. These statistics are the sum of the local and transit statistics. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes, Output bytes—Number of bytes received and transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets, Output packets—Number of packets received and transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface (such as iso or inet6).	detail extensive none
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Flags	Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Addresses, Flags	Addresses associated with the logical interface and information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none

Table 132: Dynamic Flow Capture show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none

```

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces dfc-0/0/0
(Dynamic Flow Capture) Physical interface: dfc-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                          Interface index: 146, SNMP ifIndex: 36
                          Type: Adaptive-Services, Link-level type: Dynamic-Flow-Capture, MTU: 9192, Speed:
                          2488320kbps
                          Device flags : Present Running
                          Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
                          Link type : Full-Duplex
                          Link flags : None
                          Last flapped : 2005-08-26 15:08:36 PDT (01:18:42 ago)
                          Input rate : 0 bps (0 pps)
                          Output rate : 44800440 bps (100000 pps)

                          Logical interface dfc-0/0/0.0 (Index 67) (SNMP ifIndex 43)
                          Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Dynamic-Flow-Capture
                          Input packets : 74
                          Output packets: 132
                          Protocol inet, MTU: 9192
                          Flags: Receive-options, Receive-TTL-Exceeded
                          Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
                          Destination: 10.36.100.1, Local: 10.36.100.2

                          Logical interface dfc-0/0/0.1 (Index 68) (SNMP ifIndex 49)
                          Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Dynamic-Flow-Capture
                          Input packets : 0
                          Output packets: 402927263
                          Protocol inet, MTU: 9192
                          Flags: Receive-options, Receive-TTL-Exceeded

                          Logical interface dfc-0/0/0.2 (Index 69) (SNMP ifIndex 50)
                          Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Dynamic-Flow-Capture
                          Input packets : 0
                          Output packets: 0
                          Protocol inet, MTU: 9192
                          Flags: Receive-options, Receive-TTL-Exceeded

                          Logical interface dfc-0/0/0.16383 (Index 70) (SNMP ifIndex 44)
                          Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Dynamic-Flow-Capture
                          Input packets : 1427
                          Output packets: 98
                          Protocol inet, MTU: 9192
                          Flags: Receive-options, Receive-TTL-Exceeded
                          Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
                          Destination: 10.0.0.16, Local: 10.0.0.1

```

show interfaces (Flow Collector)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>cp-fpc/pic/port:channel</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified flow collector interface.
Options	<p><i>cp-fpc/pic/port:channel</i>—Display standard status information about the specified flow collector interface.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces extensive (Flow Collector) on page 700
Output Fields	Table 133 on page 696 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (Flow Collector) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 133: Flow Collector Show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical Interface	Name of the physical interface type.	All levels
Link	Status of the link: up or down .	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface type. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Devices” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive

Table 133: Flow Collector Show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Type	Type of interface.	All levels
Link-level type	Encapsulation type used on the physical interface.	All levels
MTU	Maximum Transmit Unit (MTU). Size of the largest packet to be transmitted.	All levels
Clocking	Reference clock source of the interface.	All levels
Speed	Network speed on the interface.	All levels
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Link type	Data transmission type.	All levels
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Physical info	Information about the physical interface.	All levels
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down. Value is in milliseconds.	detail extensive none
Current address	Configured MAC address.	detail extensive none
Hardware address	Media access control (MAC) address of the interface.	detail extensive none
Alternate link address	Backup link address.	detail extensive none
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago) . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) .	detail extensive
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes, Output bytes—Number of bytes received and transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets, Output packets—Number of packets received and transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive

Table 133: Flow Collector Show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Input errors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Input errors on the interface. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Runts—Frames received smaller than the runt threshold. ■ Giants—Frames received larger than the giant threshold. ■ Policed Discards—Frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because the frames did not recognize them or were not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that JUNOS does not support. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Output errors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions —Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly, possibly once every 10 seconds, the cable, the remote system, or the interface is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet dropped by the ASIC RED mechanism. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface; values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	All levels
Traffic statistics	<p>Total number of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface. These statistics are the sum of the local and transit statistics. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes, Output bytes—Number of bytes received and transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets, Output packets—Number of packets received and transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive

Table 133: Flow Collector Show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Local statistics	Statistics for traffic received from and transmitted to the Routing Engine. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Transit statistics	Statistics for traffic transiting the router. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface (such as iso or inet6).	detail extensive none
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route table	Route table in which this address exists; for example, Route table:0 refers to inet.0.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Addresses, Flags	Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Broadcast	Broadcast address.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive

```

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces extensive cp-5/0/0
extensive           Physical interface: cp-5/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
(Flow Collector)    Interface index: 145, SNMP ifIndex: 52, Generation: 29
                      Type: Flow-collector, Link-level type: Flow-collection, MTU: 9192,
                      Clocking: Unspecified, Speed: 800mbps
                      Device flags   : Present Running
                      Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
                      Link type      : Full-Duplex
                      Link flags     : None
                      Physical info  : Unspecified
                      Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
                      Current address: Unspecified, Hardware address: Unspecified
                      Alternate link address: Unspecified
                      Last flapped   : 2005-05-24 16:48:11 PDT (00:12:04 ago)
                      Statistics last cleared: Never
                      Traffic statistics:
                        Input  bytes :          2041661287          0 bps
                        Output bytes :          3795049544      43816664 bps
                        Input  packets:           1365534          0 pps
                        Output packets:          3865644      3670 pps
                      Input errors:
                        Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
                        Policed discards: 0, Resource errors: 0
                      Output errors:
                        Carrier transitions: 2, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0,
                        Resource errors: 0

                      Logical interface cp-5/0/0.0 (Index 74) (SNMP ifIndex 53) (Generation 28)
                      Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Flow-collection
                      Traffic statistics:
                        Input  bytes :          1064651568
                        Output bytes :           37144290
                        Input  packets:           711324
                        Output packets:           713672
                      Local statistics:
                        Input  bytes :              0
                        Output bytes :              0
                        Input  packets:              0
                        Output packets:              0
                      Transit statistics:
                        Input  bytes :          1064651568          0 bps
                        Output bytes :           37144290          0 bps
                        Input  packets:           711324          0 pps
                        Output packets:           713672          0 pps
                      Protocol inet, MTU: 9192, Generation: 39, Route table: 0
                      Flags: Receive-options, Receive-TTL-Exceeded
                      Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
                        Destination: 4.0.0.2, Local: 4.0.0.1, Broadcast: Unspecified,
                        Generation: 40

                      Logical interface cp-5/0/0.1 (Index 75) (SNMP ifIndex 54) (Generation 29)
                      Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Flow-collection
                      Traffic statistics:
                        Input  bytes :           976793823
                        Output bytes :          34099481
                        Input  packets:           652729
                        Output packets:           655127
                      Local statistics:
                        Input  bytes :              0
                        Output bytes :              0
                        Input  packets:              0

```

```

Output packets:                0
Transit statistics:
Input bytes :                  976793823          0 bps
Output bytes :                 34099481          0 bps
Input packets:                 652729           0 pps
Output packets:                655127           0 pps
Protocol inet, MTU: 9192, Generation: 40, Route table: 0
Flags: Receive-options, Receive-TTL-Exceeded
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 4.1.1.2, Local: 4.1.1.1, Broadcast: Unspecified,
Generation: 42

```

Logical interface cp-5/0/0.2 (Index 80) (SNMP ifIndex 55) (Generation 30)

Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Flow-collection

Traffic statistics:

```

Input bytes :                  0
Output bytes :                 3723079376
Input packets:                 0
Output packets:                2495372

```

Local statistics:

```

Input bytes :                  0
Output bytes :                  0
Input packets:                 0
Output packets:                 0

```

Transit statistics:

```

Input bytes :                  0          0 bps
Output bytes :                 3723079376    43816664 bps
Input packets:                 0          0 pps
Output packets:                2495372     3670 pps

```

Protocol inet, MTU: 9192, Generation: 41, Route table: 0

Flags: Receive-options, Receive-TTL-Exceeded

Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary

Destination: 4.2.2.2, Local: 4.2.2.1, Broadcast: Unspecified,
Generation: 44

Logical interface cp-5/0/0.16383 (Index 81) (SNMP ifIndex 56) (Generation 31)

...

show interfaces (Flow Monitoring)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>mo-fpc/pic/port:channel</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified flow monitoring interface.
Options	<p><i>mo-fpc/pic/port:channel</i>—Display standard status information about the specified flow monitoring interface.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces extensive (Flow Monitoring) on page 705
Output Fields	Table 134 on page 702 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (Flow Monitoring) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 134: Flow Monitoring show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels
Link	Status of the link: up or down .	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive

Table 134: Flow Monitoring show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Description	Description and name of the interface.	All levels
Type	Type of interface.	All levels
Link-level type	Encapsulation type used on the physical interface.	All levels
MTU	Maximum Transmit Unit (MTU). Size of the largest packet to be transmitted.	All levels
Clocking	Reference clock source of the interface.	All levels
Speed	Network speed on the interface.	All levels
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Link type	Data transmission type.	All levels
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Physical info	Information about the physical interface.	All levels
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down. Value is in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Current address	Configured MAC address.	detail extensive none
Hardware address	Media access control (MAC) address of the interface.	detail extensive none
Alternate link address	Backup link address.	detail extensive none
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago) . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago)	detail extensive
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes, Output bytes—Number of bytes received and transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets, Output packets—Number of packets received and transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive

Table 134: Flow Monitoring show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Input errors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Input errors on the interface. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Runts—Frames received smaller than the runt threshold. ■ Giants—Frames received larger than the giant threshold. ■ Policed Discards—Frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because the frames did not recognize them or were not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that JUNOS does not support. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Output errors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly, possibly once every 10 seconds, the cable, the remote system, or the interface is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet dropped by the ASIC Red mechanism. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface; values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	All levels
Traffic statistics	<p>Total number of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface. These statistics are the sum of the local and transit statistics. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes, Output bytes—Number of bytes received and transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets, Output packets—Number of packets received and transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive

Table 134: Flow Monitoring show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Local statistics	Statistics for traffic received from and transmitted to the Routing Engine. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Transit statistics	Statistics for traffic transiting the router. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface (such as iso or inet6).	detail extensive none
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route table	Route table in which this address exists; for example, Route table:0 refers to inet.0.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none

```

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces mo-4/0/0 extensive
extensive           Physical interface: mo-4/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
(Flow Monitoring)   Interface index: 144, SNMP ifIndex: 42, Generation: 28
                      Description: monitor pic 2
                      Type: Adaptive-Services, Link-level type: Adaptive-Services, MTU: Unlimited,
                      Clocking: Unspecified, Speed: 800mbps
                      Device flags   : Present Running
                      Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
                      Link type      : Full-Duplex
                      Link flags     : None
                      Physical info  : Unspecified
                      Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
                      Current address: Unspecified, Hardware address: Unspecified
                      Alternate link address: Unspecified
                      Last flapped   : 2005-05-24 16:43:12 PDT (00:17:46 ago)
                      Statistics last cleared: Never
                      Traffic statistics:
                        Input bytes   :          756824218          8328536 bps
                        Output bytes  :          872916185          8400160 bps
                        Input packets :           508452           697 pps
                        Output packets:          15577196          18750 pps
                      Input errors:
                        Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
                        Policed discards: 0, Resource errors: 0
                      Output errors:
                        Carrier transitions: 2, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0,
                        Resource errors: 0

                      Logical interface mo-4/0/0.0 (Index 83) (SNMP ifIndex 43) (Generation 26)
                      Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Adaptive-Services
                      Traffic statistics:
                        Input bytes   :          756781796

```

```
Output bytes :          872255328
Input  packets:          507233
Output packets:        15575988
Local statistics:
Input  bytes :           0
Output bytes :           0
Input  packets:          0
Output packets:          0
Transit statistics:
Input  bytes :          756781796          8328536 bps
Output bytes :          872255328          8400160 bps
Input  packets:          507233           697 pps
Output packets:        15575988          18750 pps
Protocol inet, MTU: Unlimited, Generation: 38, Route table: 0
Flags: None
```

Logical interface mo-4/0/0.16383 (Index 84) (SNMP ifIndex 58) (Generation 27)

...

Chapter 22

Link Services Interface Operational Mode Commands

Table 135 on page 707 summarizes the command-line interface (CLI) commands you can use to monitor and troubleshoot link services, link services IQ, and multilink services interfaces.

Table 135: Link Services Interface Operational Mode Commands

Task	Command
Display status information about link services interfaces.	show interfaces (Link Services)
Display status information about link services IQ interfaces.	show interfaces (Link Services IQ)
Display status information about multilink services interfaces.	show interfaces (Multilink Services)
Display status information about redundant link services IQ interfaces.	show interfaces (Redundant Link Services IQ)

show interfaces (Link Services)

Syntax For Multilink Frame Relay user-to-user network-to-network interface (UNI NNI):

```
show interfaces interface-type :channel
<brief | detail | extensive | terse>
<descriptions>
<media>
<snmp-index snmp-index>
<statistics>
```

For Multilink Frame Relay end-to-end:

```
show interfaces interface-type
<brief | detail | extensive | terse>
<descriptions>
<media>
<snmp-index snmp-index>
<statistics>
```

Release Information Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.

Description Display status information about the specified link services interface.

Options *interface-type*—On M Series and T Series routers, the interface type is *ls-fpc/pic/port*.
On J Series routers, the interface type is *ls-pim/0/port*.

brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.

descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.

media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.

snmp-index snmp-index—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.

statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.

Required Privilege Level view

List of Sample Output show interfaces extensive (MFR UNI NNI) on page 717
show interfaces extensive (MFR End-to-End) on page 719

Output Fields Table 136 on page 708 lists the output fields for the **show interfaces** (link services) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 136: Link Services show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels

Table 136: Link Services show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support.	detail extensive
Link-level type	Encapsulation being used on the physical interface: Multilink-Frame-Relay-UNI-NNI (default), LinkService , Frame-relay , Frame-relay-ccc , or Frame-relay-tcc .	All levels
MTU	Maximum transmission unit size on the physical interface.	All levels
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago) . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) .	detail extensive none
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Hold-times	Current interface hold time up and hold time down, in milliseconds, in the format Up <i>n</i> ms, Down <i>n</i> ms .	detail extensive

Table 136: Link Services show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Multilink Frame Relay UNI NNI bundle options	<p>Multilink Frame Relay UNI NNI only) Configured information about Multilink Frame Relay bundle options.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Device type—DCE (Data Communication Equipment) or DTE (Data Terminal Equipment). ■ MRRU—Configured size of the maximum received reconstructed unit (MRRU): 1500 to 4500 bytes. The default is 1524 bytes. ■ Fragmentation threshold—Configured fragmentation threshold: 128 through 16,320 bytes, in integer multiples of 64 bytes. The default setting is 0, which disables fragmentation. ■ Red differential delay limit—Red differential delay limit among bundle links has been reached, indicating an action will occur. ■ Yellow differential delay limit—Yellow differential delay among bundle links has been reached, indicating a warning will occur. ■ Red differential delay action—Type of actions taken when the red differential delay exceeds the red limit: Disable link transmit or Remove link from service. ■ Reassembly drop timer—Drop timeout value to provide a recovery mechanism if individual links in the link services bundle drop one or more packets: 1 through 127 milliseconds. By default, the drop timeout parameter is 0 (disabled). A value that is under 5 ms is not recommended. ■ Links needed to sustain bundle—Minimum number of links to sustain the bundle: 1 through 8. ■ LIP Hello timer—Link Interleaving Protocol hello timer: 1 through 180 seconds. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Acknowledgement timer—Maximum period to wait for an add link acknowledgement, hello acknowledgement, or remove link acknowledgement: 1 through 10 seconds. ■ Acknowledgement retries—Number of retransmission attempts to be made for consecutive hello or remove link messages after the expiration of the acknowledgement timer: 1 through 5. 	detail extensive none
Multilink Frame Relay UNI NNI bundle options (continued)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Bundle class—Bundle class ID. ■ LMI type—Multilink Frame Relay UNI NNI LMI type: ANSI or Q.933 ANNEX A. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ T391 LIV polling timer—Multilink Frame Relay UNI NNI Full status polling counter: 1 through 255, with a default value of 6. ■ T392 polling verification timer—Multilink Frame Relay UNI NNI LMI error threshold. The number of errors required to bring down the link, within the event count specified by N393. The range is 1 through 10, with a default value of 3. ■ N391 full status polling count—Multilink Frame Relay UNI NNI Full status polling counter: 1 through 255. ■ N392 error threshold—Multilink Frame Relay UNI NNI LMI error threshold: 1 through 10. ■ N393 monitored event count—Multilink Frame Relay UNI NNI LMI monitored event count: 1 through 10, with a default value of 4. 	detail extensive none
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface. All references to traffic direction (input or output) are defined with respect to the router. Input fragments received by the router are assembled into input packets; output packets are segmented into output fragments for transmission out of the router.</p>	detail extensive

Table 136: Link Services show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Multilink Frame Relay UNI NNI bundle errors	Information about Multilink Frame Relay bundle errors. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Packet drops—Number of packets dropped. ■ Fragment drops—Number of fragments dropped. ■ MRRU exceeded—Number of times a packet was dropped because the configured MRRU value was exceeded. ■ Exception events—Exception events counter. 	detail extensive
Multilink Frame Relay UNI NNI bundle statistics	Information about Multilink Frame Relay bundles. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Fragments—Bundle fragment information. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input—Total number and rate of frames and packets received, in Frames, fps (frames per second), Bytes, and bps (bits per second). ■ Output—Total number and rate of frames and packets transmitted, in Frames, fps, Bytes, and bps. ■ Packets—Bundle packet information. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input—Total number and rate of frames and packets received, in Frames, fps (frames per second), Bytes, and bps (bits per second). ■ Output—Total number and rate of frames and packets transmitted, in Frames, fps, Bytes, and bps. 	detail extensive
Multilink Frame Relay UNI NNI bundle links information	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Active bundle links—Number of bundle links that are currently active. ■ Removed bundle links—Number of bundle links that have been removed (RED differential delay action). ■ Disabled bundle links—Number of bundle links that have been disabled (RED differential delay action). 	detail extensive none
Multilink Frame Relay UNI NNI active bundle links statistics	(Multilink Frame Relay UNI NNI only) Display information for each active bundle link. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Frames—Number of multilink control frames received on this bundle link. ■ fps—Rate of multilink control frames received on this bundle link (in frames per second). ■ Bytes—Number of bytes received on this bundle link. ■ bps—Number of bits per second received on this bundle link. ■ <i>interface-name</i>—Name of the bundle link interface. ■ Input—Total number and rate of frames and packets received. ■ Output—Total number and rate of frames and packets transmitted. ■ Current differential delay—Compare this bundle link's round trip time to the average of all bundle links' round trip times in ms (milliseconds). ■ Recent high differential delay—Highest differential delay value from the latest 10 intervals, in milliseconds. ■ Times over red diff delay—Number of times this bundle link exceeded the configured red differential delay limit. ■ Times over yellow diff delay—Number of times this bundle link exceeded the configured yellow differential delay limit. 	detail extensive link

Table 136: Link Services show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Multilink Frame Relay UNI NNI active bundle links statistics (continued)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ LIP—Link Interleaving Protocol information. ■ Rcv—Number of messages received. ■ Xmt—Number of messages transmitted. ■ add_inlk—ADD_LINK message notifies the peer endpoint that the local endpoint supports frame processing. It is generated on both ends of a bundle link when a bundle link endpoint is ready to become operational. ■ Inlk_ack—ADD_LINK_ACK message notifies the peer that the local router has received a valid ADD_LINK message. ■ Inlk_rej—ADD_LINK_REJ message notifies the peer that the local router has received an invalid ADD_LINK message. ■ hello—HELLO message notifies the peer that the local router is up. Both ends of a link bundle generate this message. ■ hel_ack—HELLO_ACK message notifies the peer that the local router has received a valid HELLO message. ■ Inlk_rem—REMOVE_LINK message notifies the peer that the local router has received a REMOVE_LINK message. ■ rem_ack—REMOVE_LINK_ACK message notifies the peer that the local router has received a valid ADD_LINK message. 	detail extensive
Frame exceptions	<p>For Multilink Frame Relay end-to-end only. Information about framing exceptions. Includes events recorded under Exception Events for each logical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Oversized frames—Number of frames received that exceed maximum frame length. Maximum length is 4500 Kb (kilobits). ■ Errored input frames—Number of input frame errors. ■ Input on disabled link/bundle—Number of frames received on disabled links. These frames can result either from an inconsistent configuration, or from a bundle or link being brought up or down with traffic actively flowing through it. ■ Output for disabled link/bundle—Number of frames sent for a disabled or unavailable link. These frames can result either from an inconsistent configuration, or from a bundle being brought up or down while traffic is flowing through it. ■ Queuing drops—Total number of packets dropped before traffic enters the link services IQ interface. Indicates that the interface is becoming oversubscribed. 	detail extensive
Buffering exceptions	<p>For Multilink Frame Relay end-to-end only. Information about buffering exceptions. Includes events recorded under Exception Events for each logical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Packet data buffer overflow—Packet buffer memory is full. This overflow can occur when the aggregate data rate exceeds the physical link services interface capacity. ■ Fragment data buffer overflow—Fragment buffer memory is full. This overflow can occur when excessive differential delay is experienced across the links within a single bundle, or when the aggregate data rate exceeds the physical link services interface capacity. Check the logical interface exception event counters to determine which bundle is responsible. 	detail extensive

Table 136: Link Services show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Assembly exceptions	<p>For Multilink Frame Relay end-to-end only. Information about assembly exceptions. Includes events recorded under Exception Events for each logical interface.</p> <p>An assembly exception does not necessarily indicate an operational problem with the physical link services interface itself. If multilink-encapsulated traffic is dropped or reordered after a sequence number has been assigned, the assembling multilink interface records one or more exception events. The multilink interface can drop multilink-encapsulated fragments itself as a result. Any multilink packets or fragments dropped by the physical link services interface itself result in packet or fragment drop counts on individual logical interfaces. If the logical interface drop counts are zero, but exception events are seen, the most likely cause is a problem with the individual link interfaces. Even if the logical interface fragment drop counts are nonzero, excess differential delay or traffic losses on individual interfaces can be the root cause.</p>	detail extensive
Assembly exceptions (continued)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Fragment timeout—The drop timer expired while a fragment sequence number was outstanding. Occurs only if the drop timer is enabled. This timeout can occur if the differential delay across the links in a bundle exceeds the drop-timer setting, or if a multilink packet is lost in transit while the drop timer is enabled. These events do not necessarily indicate any problem with the operation of the physical link services interface itself, but can occur when one or more individual links drop traffic. Check the logical interface exception event counters to determine which bundle is responsible. ■ Missing sequence number—A gap was detected in the sequence numbers of fragments on a bundle. These events do not necessarily indicate any problem with the operation of the physical link services interface itself, but can occur when one or more individual links drop traffic. Check the logical interface exception event counters to determine which bundle is responsible. ■ Out-of-order sequence number—Two frames with out-of-order sequence numbers occurred within a single link. This event indicates that an individual link within a bundle reordered traffic, making the multilink interface unable to correctly process the resulting stream. Check the logical interface exception event counters to determine which bundle is responsible. ■ Out-of-range sequence number—Frame was received with an out-of-range sequence number. These events can occur when a large amount of multilink-encapsulated traffic is lost or the multilink peer is reset, so that a large jump in sequence numbers results. A small number of these events can occur when the far end of a bundle is taken down or brought up. Check the logical interface exception event counters to determine which bundle is responsible. 	detail extensive
Hardware errors	<p>For Multilink Frame Relay end-to-end only. Information about hardware errors.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Data memory error—A memory error was detected on the interface DRAM. Indicates possible hardware failure. Contact Juniper Networks technical support. ■ Control memory error—A memory error was detected on the interface DRAM. Indicates possible hardware failure. Contact Juniper Networks technical support. 	detail extensive
Logical Interface		

Table 136: Link Services show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Encapsulation	Encapsulation being used: PPP, Multilink - FR or Multilink - PPP	All levels
Bandwidth	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels
Bundle options	For Multilink Frame Relay end-to-end interfaces only: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ MRRU—Configured size of the maximum received reconstructed unit (MRRU): 1500 to 4500 bytes. The default is 1524 bytes. ■ Drop timer period—Drop timeout value to provide a recovery mechanism if individual links in link services bundle drop one or more packets: 1 through 127 milliseconds. Values under 5 milliseconds are not recommended. The default setting is 0, which disables the timer. ■ Sequence number format—(MLPPP) Short sequence number header format. ■ Fragmentation threshold—Configured fragmentation threshold: 128 through 16,320 bytes, in integer multiples of 64 bytes. The default setting is 0, which disables fragmentation. ■ Links needed to sustain bundle—Minimum number of links to sustain the bundle: 1 through 8. ■ Interleave fragments—State of the process that interleaves long packets with high-priority ones. Only Disabled is currently supported. ■ Remote MRRU—MRRU value received from remote peer. If negotiation has not been initiated, the default value is displayed. 	detail extensive none

Table 136: Link Services show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Bundle status (MLPPP) or Multilink class status (MC-MLPPP)	<p>Information about bundle status.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Remote MRRU—MRRU value received from remote peer. If negotiation has not been initiated, the default value is displayed. ■ Received sequence number—Sequence number for received packets. ■ Transmit sequence number—Sequence number for transmitted packets. ■ Packet drops—Number and byte count of output packets that were dropped, rather than being encapsulated and sent out of the router as fragments. The packet drop counter is incremented if there is a temporary shortage of packet memory on the AS PIC, which causes packet fragmentation to fail. ■ Fragment drops—Number and byte count of input fragments that were dropped, rather than being reassembled and handled by the router as packets. This counter also includes fragments that have been received successfully but had to be dropped because not all fragments that constituted a packet had been received. The fragment drop counter is incremented when a fragment received on constituent links is dropped. Drop fragments can be triggered by sequence ordering errors, duplicate fragments, timed-out fragments, and bad multilink headers. 	detail extensive none
Bundle status (MLPPP) or Multilink class status (MC-MLPPP) (continued)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ MRRU exceeded—Number of reassembled packets exceeding the MRRU. This counter is not implemented in this release. ■ Fragment timeout—Drop timer expired while a fragment sequence number was outstanding. Occurs only if the drop timer is enabled. This timeout can occur if the differential delay across the links in a bundle exceeds the drop-timer setting, or if a multilink packet is lost in transit while the drop timer is enabled. ■ Missing sequence number—Gap detected in the sequence numbers of fragments on a bundle. ■ Out-of-order sequence number—Two frames with out-of-order sequence numbers within a single link. This event indicates that an individual link within a bundle reordered traffic, making the multilink interface unable to correctly process the resulting stream. ■ Out-of-range sequence number—Frame with an out-of-range sequence number. These events can occur when a large amount of multilink-encapsulated traffic is lost or the multilink peer is reset, so that a large jump in sequence numbers results. A small number of these events can occur when the far end of a bundle is taken down or brought up. ■ Packet data buffer overflow—Packet buffer memory full. This overflow can occur when the aggregate data rate exceeds the physical link services IQ interface capacity. ■ Fragment data buffer overflow—Fragment buffer memory full. This overflow can occur when excessive differential delay is experienced across the links within a single bundle, or when the aggregate data rate exceeds the physical link services IQ capacity. 	detail extensive none

Table 136: Link Services show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Bundle errors	<p>Information about bundle errors.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Packet drops—Number and byte count of output packets that were dropped, rather than being encapsulated and sent out of the router as fragments. ■ Fragment drops—Number and byte count of input fragments that were dropped, rather than being reassembled and handled by the router as packets. ■ MRRU exceeded—Number of reassembled packets exceeding the MRRU. ■ Exception events—Number of exceptional events encountered other than MRRU exceeded errors. These events are categorized under the physical interface: Frame exceptions, Buffering exceptions, and Fragment exceptions. Exception events do not necessarily indicate that the multilink interface is not operating properly. Individual link failures can produce exceptional events. 	detail extensive
Statistics	<p>Information about fragments and packets received and sent by the router. All references to traffic direction (input or output) are defined with respect to the router. Input fragments received by the router are assembled into input packets; output packets are segmented into output fragments for transmission out of the router.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Bundle—Information about bundles. ■ Link—Information about links used in the multilink operation. 	detail extensive
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface. If the MTU value is negotiated down to meet the MRRU requirement on the remote side, this value is marked Adjusted .	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route table	Routing table in which this address exists. For example, Route table:0 refers to inet.0.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Addresses, Flags	Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Broadcast	Broadcast address on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support.	detail extensive

**show interfaces
extensive (MFR UNI
NNI)**

```

user@host> show interfaces ls-1/3/0:0 extensive
Physical interface: ls-1/3/0:0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 25, SNMP ifIndex: 35, Generation: 124
Link-level type: Multilink-FR-UNI-NNI, MTU: 1524
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Last flapped   : 2002-11-01 15:26:25 PST (00:34:49 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Link flags     : None
Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Multilink Frame Relay UNI NNI bundle options:
  Device type           DTE
  MRRU                   1524
  Fragmentation threshold 1500
  Red differential delay limit 10
  Yellow differential delay limit 6
  Red differential delay action Disable link transmit
  Reassembly drop timer 0
  Links needed to sustain bundle 1
  LIP Hello timer       10
    Acknowledgement timer 4
    Acknowledgement retries 2
  Bundle class          A
  LMI type              Q.933 Annex A
    T391 LIV polling timer 10
    T392 polling verification timer 15
    N391 full status polling count 6
    N392 error threshold 3
    N393 monitored event count 4
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
Multilink Frame Relay UNI NNI bundle errors:
  Packet drops 0 (0 bytes)
  Fragment drops 0 (0 bytes)
  MRRU exceeded 0
  Exception events 0
Multilink Frame Relay UNI NNI bundle statistics
      Frames      fps      Bytes      bps
Fragments:
  Input : 0 0 0 0
  Output: 824 0 17304 320
Packets:
  Input : 0 0 0 0
  Output: 824 0 17304 320
Multilink Frame Relay UNI NNI bundle links info:
  Active bundle links 4
  Removed bundle links 0
  Disabled bundle links 0
Multilink Frame Relay UNI NNI active bundle links statistics:
      Frames      fps      Bytes      bps
t1-0/2/0:0.0
  Input : 0 0 0 0
  Output: 206 0 4326 80
  Current differential delay 0.2 ms
  Recent high differential delay 3.8 ms
  Times over red diff delay 0
  Times over yellow diff delay 0
  LIP:add_lnk lnk_ack lnk_rej hello hel_ack lnk_rem rem_ack

```

```

Rcv:      2      2      0      206      207      0      0
Xmt:      2      1      0      207      206      0      0
t1-0/2/0:1.0
Input :           0          0          0          0
Output:          206          0        4326          80
Current differential delay      0.2 ms
Recent high differential delay  3.7 ms
Times over red diff delay      0
Times over yellow diff delay    0
LIP:add_lnk lnk_ack lnk_rej    hello hel_ack lnk_rem rem_ack

Rcv:      2      2      0      206      207      0      0
Xmt:      2      1      0      207      206      0      0
t1-0/2/0:2.0
Input :           0          0          0          0
Output:          206          0        4326          80
Current differential delay      0.4 ms
Recent high differential delay  3.8 ms
Times over red diff delay      0
Times over yellow diff delay    0
LIP:add_lnk lnk_ack lnk_rej    hello hel_ack lnk_rem rem_ack
Rcv:      2      2      0      206      207      0      0
Xmt:      2      1      0      207      206      0      0
t1-0/2/0:3.0
Input :           0          0          0          0
Output:          206          0        4326          80
Current differential delay      0.3 ms
Recent high differential delay  3.8 ms
Times over red diff delay      0
Times over yellow diff delay    0
LIP:add_lnk lnk_ack lnk_rej    hello hel_ack lnk_rem rem_ack
Rcv:      2      2      0      206      207      0      0
Xmt:      2      1      0      207      206      0      0
Logical interface ls-1/3/0:0.0 (Index 5) (SNMP ifIndex 28) (Generation 10)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Multilink-FR-UNI-NNI
Bandwidth: 622080kbps
Bundle errors:
  Packet drops                0 (0 bytes)
  Fragment drops              0 (0 bytes)
  MRRU exceeded                0
  Exception events             0
Statistics      Frames      fps      Bytes      bps
Bundle:
  Fragments:
    Input :           0          0          0          0
    Output:          824          0        17304        320
  Packets:
    Input :           0          0          0          0
    Output:          824          0        17304        320
Link:
  t1-0/2/0:0.0
    Input :           0          0          0          0
    Output:          206          0        4326          80
  t1-0/2/0:1.0
    Input :           0          0          0          0
    Output:          206          0        4326          80
  t1-0/2/0:2.0
    Input :           0          0          0          0
    Output:          206          0        4326          80
  t1-0/2/0:3.0
    Input :           0          0          0          0

```

```

Output:          206          0          4326          80
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500 [Adjusted], Generation: 15, Route table: 0
Flags: User-MTU, MTU-Protocol-Adjusted
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 1.1.1.1, Local: 1.1.1.2, Broadcast: Unspecified,
Generation: 10

show interfaces extensive (MFR End-to-End) user@host> show interfaces ls-0/3/0 extensive
Physical interface: ls-0/3/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 264, SNMP ifIndex: 104, Generation: 525
Link-level type: LinkService, MTU: 1524
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Last flapped : 2002-10-16 17:53:49 PDT (00:22:00 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :          73471          264 bps
Output bytes :          80335          0 bps
Input packets:          822          0 pps
Output packets:          819          0 pps
Frame exceptions:
Oversized frames          0
Errored input frames          0
Input on disabled link/bundle          0
Output for disabled link/bundle          4
Queuing drops          3
Buffering exceptions:
Packet data buffer overflow          0
Fragment data buffer overflow          0
Assembly exceptions:
Fragment timeout          0
Missing sequence number          0
Out-of-order sequence number          0
Out-of-range sequence number          0
Hardware errors (sticky):
Data memory error          0
Control memory error          0
Logical interface ls-0/3/0.0 (Index 5) (SNMP ifIndex 527) (Generation 47)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Multilink-PPP
Bandwidth: 1536kbps
Bundle options:
MRRU          1524
Drop timer period          0
Sequence number format          long (24 bits)
Fragmentation threshold          0
Links needed to sustain bundle          1
Interleave fragments          Disabled
Bundle status:
Remote MRRU          1500
Received sequence number          0x19ec14
Transmit sequence number          0x38cfa8
Packet drops          0 (0 bytes)
Fragment drops          0 (0 bytes)
MRRU exceeded          0
Fragment timeout          0
Missing sequence number          0
Out-of-order sequence number          0
Out-of-range sequence number          0
Packet data buffer overflow          0
Fragment data buffer overflow          0
Bundle errors:

```

```

    Packet drops                2 (68 bytes)
    Fragment drops              0 (0 bytes)
    MRRU exceeded               0
    Exception events            0
Statistics                     Frames      fps      Bytes      bps
Bundle:
  Fragments:
    Input :                    172         0      15544      288
    Output:                    165         0      16645        0
  Packets:
    Input :                    143         0      12885      288
    Output:                    134         0      12276        0
Link:
  t1-0/0/0.0
    Input :                    143         0      12885      288
    Output:                    134         0      12276        0
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 76, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 10.16.1.2, Local: 10.16.1.1, Broadcast:
    Unspecified, Generation: 81
Protocol iso, MTU: 1500 [Adjusted], Generation: 77, Route table: 0
  Flags: Is-Primary
Protocol inet6, MTU: 1500, Generation: 78, Route table: 0
  Flags: Is-Primary
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 8016::1:0/126, Local: 8016::1:1,
    Broadcast: Unspecified, Generation: 83
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred
    Destination: fe80::/64, Local: fe80::2a0:a5ff:fe12:4777,
    Broadcast: Unspecified,
    Generation: 85

```

show interfaces (Link Services IQ)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>lsq-fpc/pic/port</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified link services intelligent queuing (IQ) interface.
Options	<p><i>lsq-fpc/pic/port</i>—Display standard status information about the specified link services IQ interface.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Additional Information	Link services IQ interfaces are similar to link services interfaces. The important difference is that link services IQ interfaces fully support JUNOS class-of-service (CoS) components.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces extensive (MLPPP on Link Services IQ) on page 731</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (MC-MLPPP on Link Services IQ) on page 732</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (MLPPP on Link Services IQ Bundle) on page 734</p>
Output Fields	Table 137 on page 721 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (link services IQ) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 137: show interfaces (Link Services IQ) Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none

Table 137: show interfaces (Link Services IQ) Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support.	detail extensive
Link-level type	Encapsulation being used on the physical interface: Multilink-Frame-Relay-UNI-NNI (default), LinkService , Frame-relay , Frame-relay-ccc , or Frame-relay-tcc .	All levels
MTU	Maximum transmission unit size on the physical interface.	All levels
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago) . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) .	detail extensive none
Input rate	(Redundant LSQ) Rate of bits and packets received on the interface.	None specified
Output rate	(Redundant LSQ) Rate of bits and packets transmitted on the interface.	None specified
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface. All references to traffic direction (input or output) are defined with respect to the router. Input fragments received by the router are assembled into input packets; output packets are segmented into output fragments for transmission out of the router.	detail extensive
Frame exceptions	<p>Information about framing exceptions. Includes events recorded under Exception Events for each logical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Oversized frames—Number of frames received that exceed maximum frame length. Maximum length is 4500 Kb (kilobits). ■ Errored input frames—Number of input frame errors. ■ Input on disabled link/bundle—Number of frames received on disabled links. These frames can result either from an inconsistent configuration, or from a bundle or link being brought up or down with traffic actively flowing through it. ■ Output for disabled link/bundle—Number of frames sent for a disabled or unavailable link. These frames can result either from an inconsistent configuration, or from a bundle being brought up or down while traffic is flowing through it. ■ Queuing drops—Total number of packets dropped before traffic enters the link services IQ interface. Indicates that the interface is becoming oversubscribed. 	extensive

Table 137: show interfaces (Link Services IQ) Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Buffering exceptions	<p>Information about buffering exceptions. Includes events recorded under Exception Events for each logical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Packet data buffer overflow—Packet buffer memory is full. This overflow can occur when the aggregate data rate exceeds the physical link services IQ interface capacity. ■ Fragment data buffer overflow—Fragment buffer memory is full. This overflow can occur when excessive differential delay is experienced across the links within a single bundle, or when the aggregate data rate exceeds the physical link services IQ capacity. Check the logical interface exception event counters to determine which bundle is responsible. 	extensive
Assembly exceptions	<p>(Multilink Frame Relay end-to-end only) Information about assembly exceptions. Includes events recorded under Exception Events for each logical interface.</p> <p>An assembly exception does not necessarily indicate an operational problem with the physical link services IQ interface itself. If multilink-encapsulated traffic is dropped or reordered after a sequence number has been assigned, the interface records one or more exception events. The physical interface can drop multilink-encapsulated fragments itself as a result. Any multilink packets or fragments dropped by the interface itself result in packet or fragment drop counts on individual logical interfaces. If the logical interface drop counts are zero, but exception events are seen, the most likely cause is a problem with the individual link interfaces. Even if the logical interface fragment drop counts are nonzero, excess differential delay or traffic losses on individual interfaces can be the root cause.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Fragment timeout—The drop timer expired while a fragment sequence number was outstanding. Occurs only if the drop timer is enabled. This timeout can occur if the differential delay across the links in a bundle exceeds the drop-timer setting, or if a multilink packet is lost in transit while the drop timer is enabled. These events do not necessarily indicate any problem with the operation of the physical link services IQ interface itself, but can occur when one or more individual links drop traffic. Check the logical interface exception event counters to determine which bundle is responsible. ■ Missing sequence number—A gap was detected in the sequence numbers of fragments on a bundle. These events do not necessarily indicate any problem with the operation of the physical link services IQ interface itself, but can occur when one or more individual links drop traffic. Check the logical interface exception event counters to determine which bundle is responsible. ■ Out-of-order sequence number—Two frames with out-of-order sequence numbers within a single link. This event indicates that an individual link within a bundle reordered traffic, making the link services IQ interface unable to correctly process the resulting stream. Check the logical interface exception event counters to determine which bundle is responsible. ■ Out-of-range sequence number—Received a frame with an out-of-range sequence number. These events can occur when a large amount of multilink-encapsulated traffic is lost or the multilink peer is reset, so that a large jump in sequence numbers results. A small number of these events can occur when the far end of a bundle is taken down or brought up. Check the logical interface exception event counters to determine which bundle is responsible. 	extensive

Table 137: show interfaces (Link Services IQ) Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Hardware errors (sticky)	(Multilink Frame Relay end-to-end only) Information about hardware errors. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Data memory error—A memory error was detected on the interface DRAM. Indicates possible hardware failure. Contact Juniper Networks technical support. ■ Control memory error—A memory error was detected on the interface DRAM. Indicates possible hardware failure. Contact Juniper Networks technical support. 	extensive
Egress queues	Total number of egress queues supported on the specified interface.	detail extensive none
Queue counters	Queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Queued packets—Number of queued packets. ■ Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. ■ Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. 	detail extensive none
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Encapsulation	Encapsulation being used: PPP or Multilink PPP.	All levels
Bandwidth	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels
Bundle options	(Multilink Frame Relay end-to-end interfaces only) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ MRRU—Configured size of the maximum received reconstructed unit (MRRU): 1500 through 4500 bytes. The default is 1504 bytes. ■ Drop timer period—Drop timeout value to provide a recovery mechanism if individual links in link services bundle drop one or more packets: 0 through 2000 milliseconds. Values under 5 ms are not recommended. The default setting is 0, which disables the timer. ■ Sequence number format—Short sequence number header format (MLPPP only). ■ Fragmentation threshold—Configured fragmentation threshold: 64 through 16,320 bytes, in integer multiples of 64 bytes. The default setting is 0, which disables fragmentation. ■ Links needed to sustain bundle—Minimum number of links to sustain the bundle: 1 through 8. ■ Multilink classes—Number of multilink classes negotiated. ■ Link layer overhead—Percentage of bundle bandwidth to be set aside for link-layer overhead. 	detail extensive none

Table 137: show interfaces (Link Services IQ) Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Bundle status (MLPPP) or Multilink class status (MC-MLPPP)	<p>Information about bundle status.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Remote MRRU—MRRU value received from remote peer. If negotiation has not been initiated, the default value is displayed. ■ Received sequence number—Sequence number for received packets. ■ Transmitted sequence number—Sequence number for transmitted packets. ■ Packet drops—Number and byte count of output packets that were dropped, rather than being encapsulated and sent out of the router as fragments. The packet drop counter is incremented if there is a temporary shortage of packet memory on the AS PIC, which causes packet fragmentation to fail. ■ Fragment drops—Number and byte count of input fragments that were dropped, rather than being reassembled and handled by the router as packets. This counter also includes fragments that have been received successfully but had to be dropped because not all fragments that constituted a packet had been received. The fragment drop counter is incremented when a fragment received on constituent links is dropped. Drop fragments can be triggered by sequence ordering errors, duplicate fragments, timed-out fragments, and bad multilink headers. ■ MRRU exceeded—Number of reassembled packets exceeding the MRRU. This counter is not implemented in this release. ■ Fragment timeout—The drop timer expired while a fragment sequence number was outstanding. Occurs only if the drop timer is enabled. This timeout can occur if the differential delay across the links in a bundle exceeds the drop-timer setting, or if a multilink packet is lost in transit while the drop timer is enabled. ■ Missing sequence number—A gap was detected in the sequence numbers of fragments on a bundle. ■ Out-of-order sequence number—Two frames with out-of-order sequence numbers within a single link. This event indicates that an individual link within a bundle reordered traffic, making the multilink interface unable to correctly process the resulting stream. ■ Out-of-range sequence number—Received a frame with an out-of-range sequence number. These events can occur when a large amount of multilink-encapsulated traffic is lost or the multilink peer is reset, so that a large jump in sequence numbers results. A small number of these events can occur when the far end of a bundle is taken down or brought up. ■ Packet data buffer overflow—Packet buffer memory is full. This overflow can occur when the aggregate data rate exceeds the physical link services IQ interface capacity. ■ Fragment data buffer overflow—Fragment buffer memory is full. This overflow can occur when excessive differential delay is experienced across the links within a single bundle, or when the aggregate data rate exceeds the physical link services IQ capacity. 	detail extensive none

Table 137: show interfaces (Link Services IQ) Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Statistics	<p>Information about fragments and packets received and sent by the router. All references to traffic direction (input or output) are defined with respect to the router. Input fragments received by the router are assembled into input packets; output packets are segmented into output fragments for transmission out of the router. Each field has columns that indicate the number of frames received and transmitted, frames per second (fps), the number of bytes received and transmitted, and bits per second (bps).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Bundle—Information for each active bundle link. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Fragments: Input and Output—Total number and rate of fragments received and transmitted. ■ Packets: Input and Output—Total number and rate of packets received and transmitted. ■ Multilink class—(MC-MLPPP only) Information about multiclass links used in the multilink operation. ■ Link—Information about links used in the multilink operation. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Link name—Interface name of the link services IQ channel and state information (physical link up or down). ■ Input and Output—Total number and rate of fragments and packets received and transmitted. 	detail extensive
NCP state	<p>(PPP) Network Control Protocol state.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. ■ Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. ■ Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. ■ Down—NCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). ■ Not-configured—NCP is not configured on the interface. ■ Opened—NCP negotiation is successful. 	detail extensive none
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface. If the MTU value is negotiated down to meet the MRRU requirement on the remote side, this value is marked Adjusted .	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route Table	Routing table in which this address exists. For example, Route table:0 refers to inet.0.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Addresses, Flags	Information about the addresses configured on the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none

Table 137: show interfaces (Link Services IQ) Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Broadcast	Broadcast address on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support.	detail extensive
MLPPP Bundle Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
SNMP-Traps	SNMP trap notifications are enabled.	All levels
Encapsulation	Encapsulation being used: PPP, Multilink PPP or Multilink-FR.	All levels
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is <i>Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago)</i> . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago).	detail extensive none
Bandwidth	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels
Bundle links information	Information about the bundled links. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Active bundle links—Number of active links. ■ Removed bundle links—Information about links used in the multilink operation. ■ Disabled bundle links—Number of disabled links. 	detail extensive none

Table 137: show interfaces (Link Services IQ) Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Bundle options	<p>(Multilink Frame Relay end-to-end interfaces only)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ MRRU—Configured size of the maximum received reconstructed unit (MRRU): 1500 through 4500 bytes. The default is 1504 bytes. ■ Drop timer period—Drop timeout value to provide a recovery mechanism if individual links in link services bundle drop one or more packets: 0 through 2000 milliseconds. Values under 5 ms are not recommended. The default setting is 0, which disables the timer. ■ Inner PPP Protocol field compression—Inner PPP protocol compression is enabled or disabled. ■ Sequence number format—Short sequence number header format (MLPPP only). ■ Fragmentation threshold—Configured fragmentation threshold: 64 through 16,320 bytes, in integer multiples of 64 bytes. The default setting is 0, which disables fragmentation. ■ Links needed to sustain bundle—Minimum number of links to sustain the bundle: 1 through 8. ■ Multilink classes—Number of multilink classes negotiated. ■ Link layer overhead—Percentage of bundle bandwidth to be set aside for link-layer overhead. 	detail extensive none

Table 137: show interfaces (Link Services IQ) Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Bundle status (MLPPP)	<p>Information about bundle status.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Received sequence number—Sequence number for received packets. ■ Transmit sequence number—Sequence number for transmitted packets. ■ Packet drops—Number and byte count of output packets that were dropped, rather than being encapsulated and sent out of the router as fragments. The packet drop counter is incremented if there is a temporary shortage of packet memory on the AS PIC, which causes packet fragmentation to fail. ■ Fragment drops—Number and byte count of input fragments that were dropped, rather than being reassembled and handled by the router as packets. This counter also includes fragments that have been received successfully but had to be dropped because not all fragments that constituted a packet had been received. The fragment drop counter is incremented when a fragment received on constituent links is dropped. Drop fragments can be triggered by sequence ordering errors, duplicate fragments, timed-out fragments, and bad multilink headers. ■ MRRU exceeded—Number of reassembled packets exceeding the MRRU. This counter is not implemented in this release. ■ Fragment timeout—The drop timer expired while a fragment sequence number was outstanding. Occurs only if the drop timer is enabled. This timeout can occur if the differential delay across the links in a bundle exceeds the drop-timer setting, or if a multilink packet is lost in transit while the drop timer is enabled. ■ Missing sequence number—A gap was detected in the sequence numbers of fragments on a bundle. ■ Out-of-order sequence number—Two frames with out-of-order sequence numbers occurred within a single link. This event indicates that an individual link within a bundle reordered traffic, making the multilink interface unable to correctly process the resulting stream. ■ Out-of-range sequence number—A frame was received with an out-of-range sequence number. These events can occur when a large amount of multilink-encapsulated traffic is lost or the multilink peer is reset, so that a large jump in sequence numbers results. A small number of these events can occur when the far end of a bundle is taken down or brought up. ■ Packet data buffer overflow—Packet buffer memory is full. This overflow can occur when the aggregate data rate exceeds the physical link services IQ interface capacity. ■ Fragment data buffer overflow—Fragment buffer memory is full. This overflow can occur when excessive differential delay is experienced across the links within a single bundle, or when the aggregate data rate exceeds the physical link services IQ capacity. 	detail extensive none

Table 137: show interfaces (Link Services IQ) Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Statistics	<p>Information about frames, bytes, and bits per second received and sent by the router. All references to traffic direction (input or output) are defined with respect to the router. Each field has columns that indicate the number of frames received and transmitted, frames per second (fps), the number of bytes received and transmitted, and bits per second (bps).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Bundle—Information for each active bundle link. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Multilink: Input and Output—Total number and rate of multilink frames, bytes, and bits per second received and transmitted. ■ Network: Input and Output—Total number of multilink frames, bytes, and bits per second received and transmitted. ■ Link—Information about links used in the multilink operation. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Link name is the interface name of the link services IQ channel and state information (physical link up or down) and up time. ■ Input and Output—Total number and rate of frames, bytes, and bits per second received and transmitted. 	extensive
Multilink detail statistics	<p>Frames, bytes, and bits per second received and sent by the bundle. All references to traffic direction (input or output) are defined with respect to the router. Each field has columns that indicate the number of frames received and transmitted, frames per second (fps), the number of bytes received and transmitted, and bits per second (bps).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Bundle—Information for the bundle link. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Fragments: Input and Output—Total number and rate of multilink fragments received and transmitted. ■ Non-fragments: Input and Output—Total number and rate of nonfragmented multilink frames received and transmitted. ■ LFI: Input and Output—Total number and rate of link fragmented and interleaved frames and bytes. 	extensive
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface. If the MTU value is negotiated down to meet the MRRU requirement on the remote side, this value is marked Adjusted .	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route Table	Routing table in which this address exists. For example, Route table:0 refers to inet.0.	detail extensive
Addresses, Flags	Information about the addresses configured on the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Broadcast	Broadcast address on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support.	detail extensive

**show interfaces
extensive (MLPPP on
Link Services IQ)**

```

user@host>show interfaces lsq-0/2/0 extensive
Physical interface: lsq-0/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 140, SNMP ifIndex: 25, Generation: 23
  Link-level type: LinkService, MTU: 1504
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
  Last flapped   : 2005-06-02 08:54:36 PDT (00:05:45 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   :          8872424          229080 bps
    Output bytes  :          9856960          234448 bps
    Input packets :          38202           117 pps
    Output packets:          39453           117 pps
  Frame exceptions:
    Oversized frames          0
    Errored input frames      0
    Input on disabled link/bundle 0
    Output for disabled link/bundle 0
    Queuing drops             0
  Buffering exceptions:
    Packet data buffer overflow 0
    Fragment data buffer overflow 0
  Assembly exceptions:
    Fragment timeout          0
    Missing sequence number   0
    Out-of-order sequence number 0
    Out-of-range sequence number 0
  Hardware errors (sticky):
    Data memory error         0
    Control memory error      0
  Queue counters:

```

	Queued packets	Transmitted packets	Dropped packets
0 be	0	0	0
1 ef	0	0	0
2 af	0	0	0
3 nc	0	0	0

```

Logical interface lsq-0/2/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 26) (Generation 5)
  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Multilink-PPP
  Bandwidth: 256kbps
  Bundle options:
    MRRU          1504
    Drop timer period 2000
    Sequence number format long (24 bits)
    Fragmentation threshold 0
    Links needed to sustain bundle 1
    Multilink classes 0
    Link layer overhead 4.0 %
  Bundle status:
    Remote MRRU          1500
    Received sequence number 0x0
    Transmit sequence number 0x0
    Packet drops          0 (0 bytes)
    Fragment drops         9 (1401 bytes)
    MRRU exceeded         0
    Fragment timeout       0
    Missing sequence number 0
    Out-of-order sequence number 4

```

```

Out-of-range sequence number    0
Packet data buffer overflow      0
Fragment data buffer overflow    0
Statistics      Frames      fps      Bytes      bps
Bundle:
Multilink:
  Input :      79827      239      9593009      232288
  Output:      77533      234      9811743      238056
Network:
  Input :      38202      117      8872424      229080
  Output:      39453      117      9856960      234448
Link:
ds-1/0/2:1:1.0 <-- up
  Input :      1114      87      180183      113608
  Output:      1577      118      199215      119064
ds-1/0/2:1:2.0 <-- down
  Input :      1941      152      187948      118680
  Output:      1574      116      199494      118992
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500 [Adjusted]
Flags: User-MTU, MTU-Protocol-Adjusted
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 10.74.11/24, Local: 10.74.11.10
Protocol iso, MTU: 1500 [Adjusted]
Flags: User-MTU, MTU-Protocol-Adjusted
Protocol mpls, MTU: 1488 [Adjusted]
Flags: User-MTU, MTU-Protocol-Adjusted

```

**show interfaces
extensive (MC-MLPPP
on Link Services IQ)**

```

user@host> show interfaces extensive lsq-0/2/0
Physical interface: lsq-0/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 140, SNMP ifIndex: 25, Generation: 23
Link-level type: LinkService, MTU: 1504
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Last flapped   : 2005-06-02 08:54:36 PDT (00:02:25 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :      3474024      223704 bps
Output bytes :      4193992      233888 bps
Input packets:      15809      116 pps
Output packets:      16788      117 pps
Frame exceptions:
Oversized frames      0
Errored input frames  0
Input on disabled link/bundle 0
Output for disabled link/bundle 0
Queuing drops         0
Buffering exceptions:
Packet data buffer overflow 0
Fragment data buffer overflow 0
Assembly exceptions:
Fragment timeout      0
Missing sequence number 0
Out-of-order sequence number 0
Out-of-range sequence number 0
Hardware errors (sticky):
Data memory error      0
Control memory error   0
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets  Dropped packets

0 be      0      0      0

```

1 ef	0	0	0
2 af	0	0	0
3 nc	0	0	0

Logical interface lsq-0/2/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 26) (Generation 5)

Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Multilink-PPP

Bandwidth: 256kbps

Bundle options:

MRRU	1504
Drop timer period	2000
Sequence number format	long (24 bits)
Fragmentation threshold	0
Links needed to sustain bundle	1
Multilink classes	2
Link layer overhead	4.0 %

Multilink class 0 status:

Received sequence number	0x4c38
Transmit sequence number	0x4890
Packet drops	0 (0 bytes)
Fragment drops	2551 (397084 bytes)
MRRU exceeded	0
Fragment timeout	52
Missing sequence number	0
Out-of-order sequence number	953
Out-of-range sequence number	0
Packet data buffer overflow	0
Fragment data buffer overflow	0

Multilink class 1 status:

Received sequence number	0xffffffff
Transmit sequence number	0x3710
Packet drops	0 (0 bytes)
Fragment drops	0 (0 bytes)
MRRU exceeded	0
Fragment timeout	0
Missing sequence number	0
Out-of-order sequence number	0
Out-of-range sequence number	0
Packet data buffer overflow	0
Fragment data buffer overflow	0

Statistics	Frames	fps	Bytes	bps
------------	--------	-----	-------	-----

Bundle:

Fragments:				
Input :	33719	239	4041763	231632
Output:	32371	234	4096545	237488
Packets:				
Input :	15809	116	3474024	223704
Output:	16788	117	4193992	233888

Multilink class 0:

Fragments:				
Input :	19331	0	0	0
Output:	0	0	0	0
Packets:				
Input :	2064	0	0	0
Output:	1864	0	0	0

Multilink class 1:

Fragments:				
Input :	0	0	0	0
Output:	14096	0	0	0
Packets:				

```

      Input :      14096      0      0      0
      Output:      0      0      0      0
Link:
  ds-1/0/2:1:1.0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
      Input :      20972      151      2030595      118080
      Output:      16184      116      2048468      118488
  ds-1/0/2:1:2.0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
      Input :      12747      88      2011168      113552
      Output:      16187      118      2048077      119000
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500 [Adjusted], Generation: 14, Route table: 0
Flags: User-MTU, MTU-Protocol-Adjusted
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
  Destination: 10.0.1.0/30, Local: 10.0.1.2, Broadcast: Unspecified,
  Generation: 18

```

**show interfaces
extensive (MLPPP on
Link Services IQ Bundle)**

```

user@host> show interfaces lsq-7/1/0.0 extensive
Logical interface lsq-7/1/0.0 (Index 88) (SNMP ifIndex 114) (Generation 188)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: Multilink-FR
Last flapped: Never
Bandwidth: 256kbps
Bundle links information:
  Active bundle links      2
  Removed bundle links    0
  Disabled bundle links    0
Bundle options:
  MRRU                      1504
  Drop timer period        1500
  Inner PPP Protocol field compression enabled
  Sequence number format   short (12 bits)
  Fragmentation threshold  0
  Links needed to sustain bundle 1
  Multilink classes        0
  Link layer overhead      4.0 %
Bundle status:
  Received sequence number  0xb74
  Transmit sequence number  0xb74
  Packet drops              0 (0 bytes)
  Fragment drops            0 (0 bytes)
  MRRU exceeded             0
  Fragment timeout          0
  Missing sequence number   0
  Out-of-order sequence number 0
  Out-of-range sequence number 0
  Packet data buffer overflow 0
  Fragment data buffer overflow 0
Statistics      Frames      fps      Bytes      bps
Bundle:
  Multilink:
    Input :      315381      0      42757818      0
    Output:      315381      0      43388580      0
  Network:
    Input :      315381      0      40952064      0
    Output:      315381      0      40952064      0
Link:
  ds-6/0/0:1:1.0
    Up time: Up since boot
    Input :      63794      0      25146728      0
    Output:      63778      0      25273164      0
  ds-6/0/0:1:2.0
    Up time: Up since boot
    Input :      251587      0      17611090      0

```

```

        Output:      251603      0      18115416      0
Multilink detail statistics:
Bundle:
  Fragments:
    Input :          0          0          0          0
    Output:          0          0          0          0
  Non-fragments:
    Input :      293748          0      19387368          0
    Output:      293748          0      20562360          0
  LFI:
    Input :          21633          0      22152192          0
    Output:          21633          0      22325256          0
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 204, Route table: 0
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 10.0.1.0/30, Local: 10.0.1.2, Broadcast:
Unspecified, Generation: 214

```

show interfaces (Multilink Services)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>ml-fpc/pic/port</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index> <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified multilink services interface.
Options	<p><i>ml-fpc/pic/port</i>—Display standard status information about the specified multilink services interface.</p> <p><i>brief | detail | extensive | terse</i>—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p><i>descriptions</i>—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p><i>media</i>—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p><i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display the SNMP index of interface.</p> <p><i>statistics</i>—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces extensive (Multilink Services) on page 742
Output Fields	Table 138 on page 736 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (Multilink Services) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 138: Multilink Services show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Link-level type	Encapsulation being used on the physical interface: Multilink .	All levels

Table 138: Multilink Services show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
MTU	MTU size on the physical interface.	All levels
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is <i>Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago)</i> . For example, <i>Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago)</i> .	detail extensive none
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface. All references to traffic direction (input or output) are defined with respect to the router. Input fragments received by the router are assembled into input packets; output packets are segmented into output fragments for transmission out of the router.	detail extensive
Frame exceptions	<p>Information about framing exceptions. Includes events recorded under Exception Events for each logical interface:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Oversized frames—Number of frames received that exceed maximum frame length. Maximum length is 4500 Kb (kilobits). ■ Errored input frames—Number of input frame errors. ■ Input on disabled link/bundle—Number of frames received on disabled links. These can result either from an inconsistent configuration, or from a bundle or link being brought up or down with traffic actively flowing through it. ■ Output for disabled link/bundle—Number of frames sent for a disabled or unavailable link. These can result either from an inconsistent configuration, or from a bundle being brought up or down with traffic actively flowing through it. ■ Queuing drops—Total number of packets dropped before traffic enters the link services IQ interface. Indicates that the interface is becoming oversubscribed. 	extensive
Buffering exceptions	<p>Information about buffering exceptions. Includes events recorded under Exception Events for each logical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Packet data buffer overflow—Packet buffer memory is full. This overflow can occur when the aggregate data rate exceeds the physical multilink services interface capacity. ■ Fragment data buffer overflow—Fragment buffer memory is full. This overflow can occur when excessive differential delay is experienced across the links within a single bundle, or when the aggregate data rate exceeds the physical multilink services interface capacity. Check the logical interface exception event counters to determine which bundle is responsible. 	extensive

Table 138: Multilink Services show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Assembly exceptions	<p>Information about assembly exceptions. Includes events recorded under Exception Events for each logical interface.</p> <p>An assembly exception does not necessarily indicate an operational problem with the Multilink PIC itself. If multilink-encapsulated traffic is dropped or reordered after a sequence number has been assigned, the assembling multilink interface records one or more exception events. The multilink interface can drop multilink-encapsulated fragments itself as a result. Any multilink packets or fragments dropped by the Multilink PIC itself result in packet or fragment drop counts on individual logical interfaces. If the logical interface drop counts are zero, but exception events are seen, the most likely cause is a problem with the individual link interfaces. Even if the logical interface fragment drop counts are nonzero, excess differential delay or traffic losses on individual interfaces can be the root cause.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Fragment timeout—Drop-timer expired while a fragment sequence number was outstanding. Occurs only if drop-timer is enabled. This can occur if the differential delay across the links in a bundle exceeds the drop-timer setting, or if a multilink packet is lost in transit while the drop timer is enabled. These events do not necessarily indicate any problem with the operation of the Multilink PIC itself. If one or more individual links drop traffic, these events can occur. Check the logical interface exception event counters to determine which bundle is responsible. ■ Missing sequence number—A gap was detected in the sequence numbers of fragments on a bundle. These events do not necessarily indicate any problem with the operation of the Multilink PIC itself. If one or more individual links drop traffic, these events can occur. Check the logical interface exception event counters to determine which bundle is responsible. ■ Out-of-order sequence number—Two frames with out-of-order sequence numbers occurred within a single link. This event indicates that an individual link within a bundle reordered traffic, making the multilink interface unable to correctly process the resulting stream. Check the logical interface exception event counters to determine which bundle is responsible. ■ Out-of-range sequence number—Frame was received with out-of-range sequence number. These events can occur when a large amount of multilink-encapsulated traffic is lost, or the multilink peer is reset, so that a large jump in sequence numbers results. A small number of these events can occur when the far end of a bundle is taken down or brought up. Check the logical interface exception event counters to determine which bundle is responsible. 	extensive
Hardware errors	<p>Information about hardware errors.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Data memory error—A memory error was detected on the interface DRAM. Indicates possible hardware failure. Contact Juniper Networks technical support. ■ Control memory error—A memory error was detected on the interface DRAM. Indicates possible hardware failure. Contact Juniper Networks technical support. 	extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Logical interface name.	All levels

Table 138: Multilink Services show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none
Encapsulation	Encapsulation being used: PPP or Multilink PPP.	All levels
Bandwidth	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels
Flags	Logical interface flags. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Bundle options	Information about configured bundle options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ MRRU—Configured size of the MRRU (maximum received reconstructed unit). It can be 1500 to 4500 bytes. ■ Drop timer period—Configured drop timeout period. It can be 0 through 127 ms. A value of 0 disables the timer. The default setting is 0. ■ Sequence number format—Configured size of the sequence header: 12 or 24 bits. The default is 24 bits. ■ Fragmentation threshold—Configured fragmentation threshold. A value of 0 results in no fragmentation. Nonzero values can be 128 through 16,320 bytes, in integer multiples of 64 bytes. The default is 0. ■ Links needed to sustain bundle—Minimum number of links to sustain the bundle: 1 through 8. 	detail extensive none

Table 138: Multilink Services show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Bundle status (MLPPP) or Multilink class status (MC-MLPPP)	<p>Information about bundle status.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Remote MRRU—MRRU value received from remote peer. If negotiation has not been initiated, the default value is displayed. ■ Received sequence number—Sequence number for received packets. ■ Transmitted sequence number—Sequence number for transmitted packets. ■ Packet drops—Number and byte count of output packets that were dropped, rather than being encapsulated and sent out of the router as fragments. The packet drop counter is incremented if there is a temporary shortage of packet memory on the AS PIC, which causes packet fragmentation to fail. ■ Fragment drops—Number and byte count of input fragments that were dropped, rather than being reassembled and handled by the router as packets. This counter also includes fragments that have been received successfully but had to be dropped because not all fragments that constituted a packet had been received. The fragment drop counter is incremented when a fragment received on constituent links is dropped. Drop fragments can be triggered by sequence ordering errors, duplicate fragments, timed-out fragments, and bad multilink headers. ■ MRRU exceeded—Number of reassembled packets exceeding the MRRU. This counter is not implemented in this release. ■ Fragment timeout—Drop timer expired while a fragment sequence number was outstanding. Occurs only if the drop timer is enabled. This timeout can occur if the differential delay across the links in a bundle exceeds the drop-timer setting, or if a multilink packet is lost in transit while the drop timer is enabled. ■ Missing sequence number—Gap detected in the sequence numbers of fragments on a bundle. ■ Out-of-order sequence number—Two frames with out-of-order sequence numbers within a single link. This event indicates that an individual link within a bundle reordered traffic, making the multilink interface unable to correctly process the resulting stream. ■ Out-of-range sequence number—Frame with an out-of-range sequence number. These events can occur when a large amount of multilink-encapsulated traffic is lost or the multilink peer is reset, so that a large jump in sequence numbers results. A small number of these events can occur when the far end of a bundle is taken down or brought up. ■ Packet data buffer overflow—Packet buffer memory full. This overflow can occur when the aggregate data rate exceeds the physical link services IQ interface capacity. ■ Fragment data buffer overflow—Fragment buffer memory full. This overflow can occur when excessive differential delay is experienced across the links within a single bundle, or when the aggregate data rate exceeds the physical link services IQ capacity. 	detail extensive
Remote MRRU	MRRU value received from remote peer. If negotiation has not been initiated, the default value is displayed.	detail extensive none

Table 138: Multilink Services show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Bundle errors	<p>Information about bundle errors.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Packet drops—Number and byte count of output packets dropped, rather than being encapsulated and sent out of the router as fragments. ■ Fragment drops—Number and byte count of input fragments dropped, rather than being reassembled and handled by the router as packets. ■ MRRU exceeded—Number of reassembled packets exceeding the MRRU. ■ Exception events—Number of exceptional events encountered while handling traffic on the bundle, other than MRRU exceeded errors. These events are categorized under the physical interface: Frame exceptions, Buffering exceptions, and Fragment exceptions. Exception events do not necessarily indicate that the multilink interface is not operating properly. Individual link failures can produce exceptional events. 	detail extensive
Statistics	<p>Information about fragments and packets received and sent by the router. All references to traffic direction (input or output) are defined with respect to the router. Input fragments received by the router are assembled into input packets; output packets are segmented into output fragments for transmission out of the router.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Bundle—Information about bundles. ■ Link—Information about links used in the multilink operation. 	detail extensive
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface. If the MTU value is negotiated down to meet the MRRU requirement on the remote side, this value is marked Adjusted .	detail extensive none
Flags	Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route table	Route table in which this address exists. For example, Route table:0 refers to inet.0.	detail extensive
Addresses, Flags	Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Broadcast	Broadcast address on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive

**show interfaces
extensive (Multilink
Services)**

```

user@host> show interfaces ml-0/3/0 extensive
Physical interface: ml-0/3/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 273, SNMP ifIndex: 196, Generation: 535
Link-level type: Multilink, MTU: 4474
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Last flapped : 2002-04-25 14:21:34 PDT (21:06:59 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :                3535                0 bps
Output bytes :               4135                0 bps
Input packets:                87                0 pps
Output packets:              103                0 pps
Frame exceptions:
Oversized frames              0
Errored input frames          0
Input on disabled link/bundle 0
Output for disabled link/bundle 0
Queuing drops                 0
Buffering exceptions:
Packet data buffer overflow    0
Fragment data buffer overflow  0
Assembly exceptions:
Fragment timeout               0
Missing sequence number        0
Out-of-order sequence number   0
Out-of-range sequence number   0
Hardware errors (sticky):
Data memory error              0
Control memory error           0

Logical interface ml-0/3/0.1 (Index 110) (SNMP ifIndex 674)
(Generation 402)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Multilink-PPP
Bandwidth: 12288kbps
Bundle options:
MRRU                           1524
Drop timer period               0
Sequence number format          long (24 bits)
Fragmentation threshold         0
Links needed to sustain bundle  1
Bundle status:
Remote MRRU                     1500
Received sequence number         0x19ec14
Transmit sequence number         0x38cfa8
Packet drops                     0 (0 bytes)
Fragment drops                   0 (0 bytes)
MRRU exceeded                   0
Fragment timeout                 0
Missing sequence number          0
Out-of-order sequence number     0
Out-of-range sequence number     0
Packet data buffer overflow      0
Fragment data buffer overflow    0
Bundle errors:
Packet drops                     0 (0 bytes)
Fragment drops                   0 (0 bytes)
MRRU exceeded                   0
Exception events                 0
Statistics      Frames      fps      Bytes      bps
Bundle:

```

```

Fragments:
  Input :          5          0          450          0
  Output:          6          0          499          0
Packets:
  Input :          5          0          450          0
  Output:         12          0         1202          0
Link:
  t1-0/1/0:11.0
    Input :          1          0          90          0
    Output:          1          0          92          0
  t1-0/1/0:12.0
    Input :          1          0          90          0
    Output:          1          0          92          0
  t1-0/1/0:10.0
    Input :          1          0          90          0
    Output:          1          0          92          0
  t1-0/1/0:14.0
    Input :          1          0          90          0
    Output:          1          0          92          0
  t1-0/1/0:13.0
    Input :          1          0          90          0
    Output:          1          0          92          0
  t1-0/1/0:8.0
    Input :          0          0           0          0
    Output:          0          0           0          0
  t1-0/1/0:9.0
    Input :          0          0           0          0
    Output:          0          0           0          0
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500 [Adjusted], Flags: Generation: 752 Route table: 0
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary, MTU-Protocol-Adjusted
    Destination: 1.1.2.2, Local: 1.1.2.1, Broadcast: Unspecified,
    Generation: 1090
Protocol iso, MTU: 1500 [Adjusted], Flags: Is-Primary,
Generation: 753 Route table: 0

```

show interfaces (Redundant Link Services IQ)

Syntax	<pre>show interfaces rlsqnumber <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <queue> <routing> <snmp-index snmp-index> <statistics></pre>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 7.6.
Description	(M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified redundant link services intelligent queuing (IQ) configuration.
Options	<p>rlsqnumber—Redundant link services IQ interface name. The logical interface number range of values is 0 through 127.</p> <p>none—Display standard status information about the specified redundant link services IQ configuration.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>queue—(Optional) Display queue information about network interfaces.</p> <p>routing—(Optional) Display routing information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index snmp-index—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces (Redundant Link Services IQ) on page 755</p> <p>show interfaces brief (Redundant Link Services IQ) on page 755</p> <p>show interfaces detail (Redundant Link Services IQ) on page 755</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (Redundant Link Services IQ) on page 757</p>
Output Fields	Table 139 on page 745 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (redundant link services IQ) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 139: show interfaces (Redundant Link Services IQ) Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support.	detail extensive
Link-level type	Encapsulation being used on the physical interface: Multilink-Frame-Relay-UNI-NNI (default), LinkService , Frame-relay , Frame-relay-ccc , or Frame-relay-tcc .	All levels
MTU	Maximum transmission unit size on the physical interface.	All levels
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago) . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) .	detail extensive none
Input rate	(Redundant LSQ) Rate of bits and packets received on the interface.	None specified
Output rate	(Redundant LSQ) Rate of bits and packets transmitted on the interface.	None specified
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface. All references to traffic direction (input or output) are defined with respect to the router. Input fragments received by the router are assembled into input packets; output packets are segmented into output fragments for transmission out of the router.	detail extensive

Table 139: show interfaces (Redundant Link Services IQ) Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Frame exceptions	<p>Information about framing exceptions. Includes events recorded under Exception Events for each logical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Oversized frames—Number of frames received that exceed maximum frame length. Maximum length is 4500 Kb (kilobits). ■ Errored input frames—Number of input frame errors. ■ Input on disabled link/bundle—Number of frames received on disabled links. These frames can result either from an inconsistent configuration, or from a bundle or link being brought up or down with traffic actively flowing through it. ■ Output for disabled link/bundle—Number of frames sent for a disabled or unavailable link. These frames can result either from an inconsistent configuration, or from a bundle being brought up or down while traffic is flowing through it. ■ Queuing drops—Total number of packets dropped before traffic enters the link services IQ interface. Indicates that the interface is becoming oversubscribed. 	extensive
Buffering exceptions	<p>Information about buffering exceptions. Includes events recorded under Exception Events for each logical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Packet data buffer overflow—Packet buffer memory is full. This overflow can occur when the aggregate data rate exceeds the physical link services IQ interface capacity. ■ Fragment data buffer overflow—Fragment buffer memory is full. This overflow can occur when excessive differential delay is experienced across the links within a single bundle, or when the aggregate data rate exceeds the physical link services IQ capacity. Check the logical interface exception event counters to determine which bundle is responsible. 	extensive

Table 139: show interfaces (Redundant Link Services IQ) Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Assembly exceptions	<p>(Multilink Frame Relay end-to-end only) Information about assembly exceptions. Includes events recorded under Exception Events for each logical interface.</p> <p>An assembly exception does not necessarily indicate an operational problem with the physical link services IQ interface itself. If multilink-encapsulated traffic is dropped or reordered after a sequence number has been assigned, the interface records one or more exception events. The physical interface can drop multilink-encapsulated fragments itself as a result. Any multilink packets or fragments dropped by the interface itself result in packet or fragment drop counts on individual logical interfaces. If the logical interface drop counts are zero, but exception events are seen, the most likely cause is a problem with the individual link interfaces. Even if the logical interface fragment drop counts are nonzero, excess differential delay or traffic losses on individual interfaces can be the root cause.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Fragment timeout—The drop timer expired while a fragment sequence number was outstanding. Occurs only if the drop timer is enabled. This timeout can occur if the differential delay across the links in a bundle exceeds the drop-timer setting, or if a multilink packet is lost in transit while the drop timer is enabled. These events do not necessarily indicate any problem with the operation of the physical link services IQ interface itself, but can occur when one or more individual links drop traffic. Check the logical interface exception event counters to determine which bundle is responsible. ■ Missing sequence number—A gap was detected in the sequence numbers of fragments on a bundle. These events do not necessarily indicate any problem with the operation of the physical link services IQ interface itself, but can occur when one or more individual links drop traffic. Check the logical interface exception event counters to determine which bundle is responsible. ■ Out-of-order sequence number—Two frames with out-of-order sequence numbers within a single link. This event indicates that an individual link within a bundle reordered traffic, making the link services IQ interface unable to correctly process the resulting stream. Check the logical interface exception event counters to determine which bundle is responsible. ■ Out-of-range sequence number—Received a frame with an out-of-range sequence number. These events can occur when a large amount of multilink-encapsulated traffic is lost or the multilink peer is reset, so that a large jump in sequence numbers results. A small number of these events can occur when the far end of a bundle is taken down or brought up. Check the logical interface exception event counters to determine which bundle is responsible. 	extensive
Hardware errors (sticky)	<p>(Multilink Frame Relay end-to-end only) Information about hardware errors.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Data memory error—A memory error was detected on the interface DRAM. Indicates possible hardware failure. Contact Juniper Networks technical support. ■ Control memory error—A memory error was detected on the interface DRAM. Indicates possible hardware failure. Contact Juniper Networks technical support. 	extensive
Egress queues	Total number of egress queues supported on the specified interface.	detail extensive none

Table 139: show interfaces (Redundant Link Services IQ) Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Queue counters	Queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Queued packets—Number of queued packets. ■ Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. ■ Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. 	detail extensive none
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Encapsulation	Encapsulation being used: PPP or Multilink PPP.	All levels
Bandwidth	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels
Bundle options	(Multilink Frame Relay end-to-end interfaces only) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ MRRU—Configured size of the maximum received reconstructed unit (MRRU): 1500 through 4500 bytes. The default is 1504 bytes. ■ Drop timer period—Drop timeout value to provide a recovery mechanism if individual links in link services bundle drop one or more packets: 0 through 2000 milliseconds. Values under 5 ms are not recommended. The default setting is 0, which disables the timer. ■ Sequence number format—Short sequence number header format (MLPPP only). ■ Fragmentation threshold—Configured fragmentation threshold: 64 through 16,320 bytes, in integer multiples of 64 bytes. The default setting is 0, which disables fragmentation. ■ Links needed to sustain bundle—Minimum number of links to sustain the bundle: 1 through 8. ■ Multilink classes—Number of multilink classes negotiated. ■ Link layer overhead—Percentage of bundle bandwidth to be set aside for link-layer overhead. 	detail extensive none

Table 139: show interfaces (Redundant Link Services IQ) Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Bundle status (MLPPP) or Multilink class status (MC-MLPPP)	<p>Information about bundle status.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Remote MRRU—MRRU value received from remote peer. If negotiation has not been initiated, the default value is displayed. ■ Received sequence number—Sequence number for received packets. ■ Transmitted sequence number—Sequence number for transmitted packets. ■ Packet drops—Number and byte count of output packets that were dropped, rather than being encapsulated and sent out of the router as fragments. The packet drop counter is incremented if there is a temporary shortage of packet memory on the AS PIC, which causes packet fragmentation to fail. ■ Fragment drops—Number and byte count of input fragments that were dropped, rather than being reassembled and handled by the router as packets. This counter also includes fragments that have been received successfully but had to be dropped because not all fragments that constituted a packet had been received. The fragment drop counter is incremented when a fragment received on constituent links is dropped. Drop fragments can be triggered by sequence ordering errors, duplicate fragments, timed-out fragments, and bad multilink headers. ■ MRRU exceeded—Number of reassembled packets exceeding the MRRU. This counter is not implemented in this release. ■ Fragment timeout—The drop timer expired while a fragment sequence number was outstanding. Occurs only if the drop timer is enabled. This timeout can occur if the differential delay across the links in a bundle exceeds the drop-timer setting, or if a multilink packet is lost in transit while the drop timer is enabled. ■ Missing sequence number—A gap was detected in the sequence numbers of fragments on a bundle. ■ Out-of-order sequence number—Two frames with out-of-order sequence numbers within a single link. This event indicates that an individual link within a bundle reordered traffic, making the multilink interface unable to correctly process the resulting stream. ■ Out-of-range sequence number—Received a frame with an out-of-range sequence number. These events can occur when a large amount of multilink-encapsulated traffic is lost or the multilink peer is reset, so that a large jump in sequence numbers results. A small number of these events can occur when the far end of a bundle is taken down or brought up. ■ Packet data buffer overflow—Packet buffer memory is full. This overflow can occur when the aggregate data rate exceeds the physical link services IQ interface capacity. ■ Fragment data buffer overflow—Fragment buffer memory is full. This overflow can occur when excessive differential delay is experienced across the links within a single bundle, or when the aggregate data rate exceeds the physical link services IQ capacity. 	detail extensive none

Table 139: show interfaces (Redundant Link Services IQ) Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Statistics	<p>Information about fragments and packets received and sent by the router. All references to traffic direction (input or output) are defined with respect to the router. Input fragments received by the router are assembled into input packets; output packets are segmented into output fragments for transmission out of the router. Each field has columns that indicate the number of frames received and transmitted, frames per second (fps), the number of bytes received and transmitted, and bits per second (bps).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Bundle—Information for each active bundle link. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Fragments: Input and Output—Total number and rate of fragments received and transmitted. ■ Packets: Input and Output—Total number and rate of packets received and transmitted. ■ Multilink class—(MC-MLPPP only) Information about multiclass links used in the multilink operation. ■ Link—Information about links used in the multilink operation. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Link name—Interface name of the link services IQ channel and state information (physical link up or down). ■ Input and Output—Total number and rate of fragments and packets received and transmitted. 	detail extensive
NCP state	<p>(PPP) Network Control Protocol state.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received. ■ Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent. ■ Conf-req-sent—Request was sent. ■ Down—NCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed). ■ Not-configured—NCP is not configured on the interface. ■ Opened—NCP negotiation is successful. 	detail extensive none
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface. If the MTU value is negotiated down to meet the MRRU requirement on the remote side, this value is marked Adjusted .	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route Table	Routing table in which this address exists. For example, Route table:0 refers to inet.0.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Addresses, Flags	Information about the addresses configured on the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none

Table 139: show interfaces (Redundant Link Services IQ) Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Broadcast	Broadcast address on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support.	detail extensive
MLPPP Bundle Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
SNMP-Traps	SNMP trap notifications are enabled.	All levels
Encapsulation	Encapsulation being used: PPP, Multilink PPP or Multilink-FR.	All levels
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is <i>Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago)</i> . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago).	detail extensive none
Bandwidth	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels
Bundle links information	Information about the bundled links. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Active bundle links—Number of active links. ■ Removed bundle links—Information about links used in the multilink operation. ■ Disabled bundle links—Number of disabled links. 	detail extensive none

Table 139: show interfaces (Redundant Link Services IQ) Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Bundle options	<p>(Multilink Frame Relay end-to-end interfaces only)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ MRRU—Configured size of the maximum received reconstructed unit (MRRU): 1500 through 4500 bytes. The default is 1504 bytes. ■ Drop timer period—Drop timeout value to provide a recovery mechanism if individual links in link services bundle drop one or more packets: 0 through 2000 milliseconds. Values under 5 ms are not recommended. The default setting is 0, which disables the timer. ■ Inner PPP Protocol field compression—Inner PPP protocol compression is enabled or disabled. ■ Sequence number format—Short sequence number header format (MLPPP only). ■ Fragmentation threshold—Configured fragmentation threshold: 64 through 16,320 bytes, in integer multiples of 64 bytes. The default setting is 0, which disables fragmentation. ■ Links needed to sustain bundle—Minimum number of links to sustain the bundle: 1 through 8. ■ Multilink classes—Number of multilink classes negotiated. ■ Link layer overhead—Percentage of bundle bandwidth to be set aside for link-layer overhead. 	detail extensive none

Table 139: show interfaces (Redundant Link Services IQ) Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Bundle status (MLPPP)	<p>Information about bundle status.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Received sequence number—Sequence number for received packets. ■ Transmit sequence number—Sequence number for transmitted packets. ■ Packet drops—Number and byte count of output packets that were dropped, rather than being encapsulated and sent out of the router as fragments. The packet drop counter is incremented if there is a temporary shortage of packet memory on the AS PIC, which causes packet fragmentation to fail. ■ Fragment drops—Number and byte count of input fragments that were dropped, rather than being reassembled and handled by the router as packets. This counter also includes fragments that have been received successfully but had to be dropped because not all fragments that constituted a packet had been received. The fragment drop counter is incremented when a fragment received on constituent links is dropped. Drop fragments can be triggered by sequence ordering errors, duplicate fragments, timed-out fragments, and bad multilink headers. ■ MRRU exceeded—Number of reassembled packets exceeding the MRRU. This counter is not implemented in this release. ■ Fragment timeout—The drop timer expired while a fragment sequence number was outstanding. Occurs only if the drop timer is enabled. This timeout can occur if the differential delay across the links in a bundle exceeds the drop-timer setting, or if a multilink packet is lost in transit while the drop timer is enabled. ■ Missing sequence number—A gap was detected in the sequence numbers of fragments on a bundle. ■ Out-of-order sequence number—Two frames with out-of-order sequence numbers occurred within a single link. This event indicates that an individual link within a bundle reordered traffic, making the multilink interface unable to correctly process the resulting stream. ■ Out-of-range sequence number—A frame was received with an out-of-range sequence number. These events can occur when a large amount of multilink-encapsulated traffic is lost or the multilink peer is reset, so that a large jump in sequence numbers results. A small number of these events can occur when the far end of a bundle is taken down or brought up. ■ Packet data buffer overflow—Packet buffer memory is full. This overflow can occur when the aggregate data rate exceeds the physical link services IQ interface capacity. ■ Fragment data buffer overflow—Fragment buffer memory is full. This overflow can occur when excessive differential delay is experienced across the links within a single bundle, or when the aggregate data rate exceeds the physical link services IQ capacity. 	detail extensive none

Table 139: show interfaces (Redundant Link Services IQ) Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Statistics	<p>Information about frames, bytes, and bits per second received and sent by the router. All references to traffic direction (input or output) are defined with respect to the router. Each field has columns that indicate the number of frames received and transmitted, frames per second (fps), the number of bytes received and transmitted, and bits per second (bps).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Bundle—Information for each active bundle link. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Multilink: Input and Output—Total number and rate of multilink frames, bytes, and bits per second received and transmitted. ■ Network: Input and Output—Total number of multilink frames, bytes, and bits per second received and transmitted. ■ Link—Information about links used in the multilink operation. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Link name is the interface name of the link services IQ channel and state information (physical link up or down) and up time. ■ Input and Output—Total number and rate of frames, bytes, and bits per second received and transmitted. 	extensive
Multilink detail statistics	<p>Frames, bytes, and bits per second received and sent by the bundle. All references to traffic direction (input or output) are defined with respect to the router. Each field has columns that indicate the number of frames received and transmitted, frames per second (fps), the number of bytes received and transmitted, and bits per second (bps).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Bundle—Information for the bundle link. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Fragments: Input and Output—Total number and rate of multilink fragments received and transmitted. ■ Non-fragments: Input and Output—Total number and rate of nonfragmented multilink frames received and transmitted. ■ LFI: Input and Output—Total number and rate of link fragmented and interleaved frames and bytes. 	extensive
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface. If the MTU value is negotiated down to meet the MRRU requirement on the remote side, this value is marked Adjusted .	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route Table	Routing table in which this address exists. For example, Route table:0 refers to inet.0.	detail extensive
Addresses, Flags	Information about the addresses configured on the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Broadcast	Broadcast address on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support.	detail extensive

show interfaces
(Redundant Link
Services IQ)

```
user@host> show interfaces rlsq0
Physical interface: rlsq0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 196, SNMP ifIndex: 27
  Link-level type: LinkService, MTU: 1504
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Last flapped   : Never
  Input rate      : 0 bps (0 pps)
  Output rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)

Logical interface rlsq0.0 (Index 72) (SNMP ifIndex 88)
  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: Multilink-PPP
  Bandwidth: 0
  Statistics
  Bundle:
    Fragments:
      Input :      3      0      255      0
      Output:      3      0      264      0
    Packets:
      Input :      3      0      252      0
      Output:      0      0       0      0
  Link:
    t1-1/3/0:1.0
      Input :      3      0      255      0
      Output:      0      0       0      0
    t1-1/3/0:2.0
      Input :      0      0       0      0
      Output:      3      0      264      0
  NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured,
  mpls: Not-configured
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
  Flags: None
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
  Destination: 2.2.2.0/30, Local: 2.2.2.1
```

show interfaces brief
(Redundant Link
Services IQ)

```
user@host> show interfaces rlsq0 brief
Physical interface: rlsq0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Link-level type: LinkService, MTU: 1504
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000

Logical interface rlsq0.0
  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: Multilink-PPP
  inet 2.2.2.1/30
```

show interfaces detail
(Redundant Link
Services IQ)

```
user@host> show interfaces rlsq0 detail
Physical interface: rlsq0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 196, SNMP ifIndex: 27, Generation: 144
  Link-level type: LinkService, MTU: 1504
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Last flapped   : Never
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes :      252      0 bps
    Output bytes:      276      0 bps
    Input packets:      3      0 pps
    Output packets:      3      0 pps
  Frame exceptions:
    Oversized frames      0
    Errored input frames   0
```

```

Input on disabled link/bundle      0
Output for disabled link/bundle    0
Queuing drops                      0
Buffering exceptions:
  Packet data buffer overflow      0
  Fragment data buffer overflow    0
Assembly exceptions:
  Fragment timeout                 0
  Missing sequence number          0
  Out-of-order sequence number     0
  Out-of-range sequence number     0
Hardware errors (sticky):
  Data memory error               0
  Control memory error            0
Egress queues: 8 supported, 4 in use
Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

0 be                  0                  0                  0

1 expedited-fo        0                  0                  0

2 assured-forw        0                  0                  0

3 network-cont        0                  0                  0

```

Logical interface rlsq0.0 (Index 72) (SNMP ifIndex 88) (Generation 31)

Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: Multilink-PPP

Bandwidth: 0

Bundle options:

```

MRRU                      1504
Remote MRRU               N/A
Drop timer period         2000
Sequence number format    long (24 bits)
Fragmentation threshold   0
Links needed to sustain bundle 1
Multilink classes         0
Link layer overhead       4.0 %

```

Bundle status:

```

Received sequence number  0xffffffff
Transmit sequence number  0x0
Packet drops              0 (0 bytes)
Fragment drops            0 (0 bytes)
MRRU exceeded             0
Fragment timeout          0
Missing sequence number   0
Out-of-order sequence number 0
Out-of-range sequence number 0
Packet data buffer overflow 0
Fragment data buffer overflow 0

```

Statistics	Frames	fps	Bytes	bps
------------	--------	-----	-------	-----

Bundle:

Fragments:

Input :	3	0	255	0
Output:	3	0	264	0

Packets:

Input :	3	0	252	0
Output:	0	0	0	0

Link:

t1-1/3/0:1.0				
Input :	3	0	255	0

```

      Output:          0          0          0          0
t1-1/3/0:2.0
      Input :          0          0          0          0
      Output:          3          0         264          0
NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured, mpls:
Not-configured
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 43, Route table: 0
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 2.2.2.0/30, Local: 2.2.2.1, Broadcast: Unspecified,
Generation: 45

```

show interfaces The output for the `show interfaces rlsq extensive` command is identical to that for the
extensive (Redundant `show interfaces rlsq detail` command. For sample output, see `show interfaces detail`
Link Services IQ) (Redundant Link Services IQ) on page 755.

Chapter 23

Tunnel Services Interface Operational Mode Commands

Table 140 on page 759 summarizes the command-line interface (CLI) commands you can use to monitor and troubleshoot tunnel services interfaces. Commands are listed in alphabetical order.

Table 140: Tunnel Interface Operational Mode Commands

Task	Command
Display status information about generic routing encapsulation (GRE) interfaces.	show interfaces (GRE)
Display status information about IP-over-IP interfaces.	show interfaces (IP-over-IP)
Display status information about logical tunnel interfaces.	show interfaces (Logical Tunnel)
Display status information about IP multicast encapsulation and de-encapsulation tunnel interfaces.	show interfaces (Multicast Tunnel)
Display status information about Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) de-encapsulation and encapsulation tunnel interfaces.	show interfaces (PIM)
Display status information about virtual loopback tunnel interfaces.	show interfaces (Virtual Loopback Tunnel)

show interfaces (GRE)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>interface-type</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display status information about the specified generic routing encapsulation (GRE) interface.
Options	<p><i>interface-type</i>—On M Series and T Series routers, the interface type is <i>gr-fpc/pic/port</i>. On J Series routers, the interface type is <i>gr-pim/0/port</i>.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display brief interface information.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces (GRE) on page 764</p> <p>show interfaces brief (GRE) on page 764</p> <p>show interfaces detail (GRE) on page 764</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (GRE) on page 765</p>
Output Fields	Table 141 on page 760 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (GRE) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 141: GRE show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none

Table 141: GRE show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Type	Type of interface.	All levels
Link-level type	Encapsulation used on the physical interface.	All levels
MTU	MTU size on the physical interface.	All levels
Speed	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Device Flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface Flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Input rate	Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps).	None specified
Output rate	Output rate in bps and pps.	None specified
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support.	detail extensive
Flags	<p>Information about the logical interface. Possible values listed in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89. describe general information about the logical interface.</p> <p>GRE-specific information about the logical interface is indicated by the presence or absence of the following value in this field:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Reassemble-Pkts—If the Flags field includes this string, the GRE tunnel is configured to reassemble tunnel packets that were fragmented after tunnel encapsulation. 	All levels

Table 141: GRE show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
IP-Header	<p>IP header of the logical interface. If the tunnel key statement is configured, this information is included in the IP Header entry.</p> <p>GRE-specific information about the logical interface is indicated by the presence or absence of the following value in this field:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ df—If the IP-Header field includes this string immediately following the 16 bits of identification information (that is, if :df: displays after the twelfth byte), the GRE tunnel is configured to allow fragmentation of GRE packets after encapsulation. 	All levels
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	All levels
Input packets	Number of packets received on the logical interface.	None specified
Output packets	Number of packets transmitted on the logical interface.	None specified
Traffic statistics	<p>Total number of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface. These statistics are the sum of the local and transit statistics. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input rate—Rate of bits and packets received on the interface. ■ Output rate—Rate of bits and packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Local statistics	Statistics for traffic received from and transmitted to the Routing Engine. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Transit statistics	Statistics for traffic transiting the router. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive none
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface, such as iso , inet6 , or mpls .	detail extensive none
<i>protocol-family</i>	Protocol family configured on the logical interface. If the protocol is inet , the IP address of the interface is also displayed.	brief
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route table	Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0 .	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Addresses, Flags	Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none

Table 141: GRE show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Broadcast	Broadcast address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive

```

show interfaces (GRE) user@host> show interfaces gr-1/2/0
Physical interface: gr-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 132, SNMP ifIndex: 26
  Type: GRE, Link-level type: GRE, MTU: Unlimited, Speed: 800mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
  Input rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)
  Output rate    : 0 bps (0 pps)

Logical interface gr-0/0/0.0 (Index 68) (SNMP ifIndex 47)
  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
  IP-Header 1.1.1.2:1.1.1.1:47:df:64:0000000000000000 Encapsulation: GRE=NULL
  Input packets : 0
  Output packets: 0
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1476
  Flags: None
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Primary
  Local: 1.10.1.1

show interfaces brief (GRE) user@host> show interfaces gr-1/2/0 brief
Physical interface: gr-1/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Type: GRE, Link-level type: GRE, MTU: Unlimited, Speed: 800mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps

Logical interface gr-1/2/0.0
  Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000
  IP-Header 10.10.0.2:10.10.0.1:47:df:64:0000000000000000
  Encapsulation: GRE=NULL
  inet 10.100.0.1/30
  mpls

show interfaces detail (GRE) user@host> show interfaces gr-1/2/0 detail
Physical interface: gr-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 132, SNMP ifIndex: 26, Generation: 13
  Type: GRE, Link-level type: GRE, MTU: Unlimited, Speed: 800mbps
  Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 0 0 bps
    Output bytes : 0 0 bps
    Input packets: 0 0 pps
    Output packets: 0 0 pps

Logical interface gr-0/0/0.0 (Index 68) (SNMP ifIndex 47) (Generation 8)
  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
  IP-Header 1.1.1.2:1.1.1.1:47:df:64:0000000000000000 Encapsulation: GRE=NULL
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0
    Input packets: 0
    Output packets: 0
  Local statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0
    Input packets: 0
    Output packets: 0
  Transit statistics:
    Input bytes : 0 0 bps

```

```

Output bytes :          0          0 bps
Input  packets:         0          0 pps
Output packets:         0          0 pps
Protocol inet, MTU: 1476, Generation: 12, Route table: 0
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Primary
  Destination: Unspecified, Local: 1.10.1.1, Broadcast: Unspecified,
  Generation: 15

```

show interfaces extensive (GRE) The output for the `show interfaces extensive` command is identical to that for the `show interfaces detail` command. For sample output, see `show interfaces detail (GRE)` on page 764.

show interfaces (IP-over-IP)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>interface-type</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display status information about the specified IP-over-IP interface.
Options	<p><i>interface-type</i>—On M Series and T Series routers, the interface type is <i>ip-fpc/pic/port</i>. On J Series routers, the interface type is <i>ip-pim/0/port</i>.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces (IP-over-IP) on page 768</p> <p>show interfaces brief (IP-over-IP) on page 769</p> <p>show interfaces detail (IP-over-IP) on page 769</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (IP-over-IP) on page 769</p>
Output Fields	Table 142 on page 766 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (IP-over-IP) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 142: IP-over-IP show interfaces Output Fields

Field	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive

Table 142: IP-over-IP show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field	Field Description	Level of Output
Type	Type of interface.	All levels
Link-level type	Encapsulation used on the physical interface.	All levels
MTU	MTU size on the physical interface.	All levels
Speed	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Input rate	Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps).	None specified
Output rate	Output rate in bps and pps.	None specified
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
IP Header	IP header of the logical interface.	All levels
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	All levels
Input packets	Number of packets received on the logical interface.	None specified
Output packets	Number of packets transmitted on the logical interface.	None specified

Table 142: IP-over-IP show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field	Field Description	Level of Output
Traffic statistics	Total number of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface. These statistics are the sum of the local and transit statistics. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input rate—Rate of bits and packets received on the interface. ■ Output rate—Rate of bits and packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Local statistics	Statistics for traffic received from and transmitted to the Routing Engine. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Transit statistics	Statistics for traffic transiting the router. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface, such as <code>iso</code> , <code>inet6</code> , or <code>mpls</code> .	detail extensive none
<i>protocol-family</i>	Protocol family configured on the logical interface. If the protocol is <code>inet</code> , the IP address of the interface is also displayed.	brief
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route table	Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table <code>inet.0</code> .	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none

```

show interfaces user@host> show interfaces ip-0/0/0
(IP-over-IP) Physical interface: ip-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 133, SNMP ifIndex: 27
Type: IPIP, Link-level type: IP-over-IP, MTU: Unlimited, Speed: 800mbps
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
Input rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)
Output rate    : 0 bps (0 pps)

Logical interface ip-0/0/0.0 (Index 69) (SNMP ifIndex 49)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
IP-Header 2.2.2.1:2.2.2.2:4:df:64:00000000 Encapsulation: IPv4=NULL
Input packets : 0
Output packets: 0
Protocol inet, MTU: 1480
Flags: None

```

```

show interfaces brief      user@host> show interfaces ip-0/0/0 brief
(IP-over-IP)             Physical interface: ip-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                             Type: IPIP, Link-level type: IP-over-IP, MTU: Unlimited, Speed: 800mbps
                             Device flags   : Present Running
                             Interface flags: SNMP-Traps

                             Logical interface ip-0/0/0.0
                             Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
                             IP-Header 2.2.2.1:2.2.2.2:4:df:64:00000000 Encapsulation: IPv4=NULL
                             inet

```

```

show interfaces detail   user@host> show interfaces ip-0/0/0 detail
(IP-over-IP)             Physical interface: ip-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                             Interface index: 133, SNMP ifIndex: 27, Generation: 14
                             Type: IPIP, Link-level type: IP-over-IP, MTU: Unlimited, Speed: 800mbps
                             Hold-times      : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
                             Device flags   : Present Running
                             Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
                             Statistics last cleared: Never
                             Traffic statistics:
                             Input  bytes   :                0                0 bps
                             Output bytes  :                0                0 bps
                             Input packets:                0                0 pps
                             Output packets:                0                0 pps

                             Logical interface ip-0/0/0.0 (Index 69) (SNMP ifIndex 49) (Generation 9)
                             Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
                             IP-Header 2.2.2.1:2.2.2.2:4:df:64:00000000 Encapsulation: IPv4=NULL
                             Traffic statistics:
                             Input  bytes   :                0
                             Output bytes  :                0
                             Input packets:                0
                             Output packets:                0
                             Local statistics:
                             Input  bytes   :                0
                             Output bytes  :                0
                             Input packets:                0
                             Output packets:                0
                             Transit statistics:
                             Input  bytes   :                0                0 bps
                             Output bytes  :                0                0 bps
                             Input packets:                0                0 pps
                             Output packets:                0                0 pps
                             Protocol inet, MTU: 1480, Generation: 13, Route table: 0
                             Flags: None

```

show interfaces extensive (IP-over-IP) The output for the show interfaces extensive command is identical to that for the show interfaces detail command. For sample output, see show interfaces detail (IP-over-IP) on page 769.

show interfaces (Logical Tunnel)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>interface-type</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display status information about the specified logical tunnel interface.
Options	<p><i>interface-type</i>—On M Series and T Series routers, the interface type is <i>lt-fpc/pic/port</i>. On J Series routers, the interface type is <i>lt-pim/O/port</i>.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show interfaces extensive (Logical Tunnel) on page 774
Output Fields	Table 143 on page 770 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (logical tunnel) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 143: Logical Tunnel show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Type	Type of interface. Software-Pseudo indicates a standard software interface with no associated hardware device.	All levels

Table 143: Logical Tunnel show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Link-level type	Encapsulation used on the physical interface.	All levels
MTU	MTU size on the physical interface.	All levels
Clocking	Reference clock source: Internal or External when configured. Otherwise, Unspecified .	All levels
Speed	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Link type	Type of link.	All levels
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Physical info	Information about the physical interface.	All levels
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Current address	Configured MAC address.	detail extensive none
Hardware address	Hardware MAC address.	detail extensive none
Alternate link address	Backup link address.	detail extensive none
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: <i>year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago)</i> . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) .	detail extensive none
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes, Output bytes—Number of bytes received and transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets, Output packets—Number of packets received and transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive

Table 143: Logical Tunnel show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Input errors	<p>Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Runts—Number of frames received that are smaller than the runt threshold. ■ Giants—Number of frames received that are larger than the giant threshold. ■ Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the JUNOS Software does not handle. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Output errors	<p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ MTU errors—Number of packets larger than the MTU threshold. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	All levels

Table 143: Logical Tunnel show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Traffic statistics	<p>Total number of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface. These statistics are the sum of the local and transit statistics. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Rate of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Rate of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Rate of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Rate of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Local statistics	Statistics for traffic received from and transmitted to the Routing Engine. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Transit statistics	Statistics for traffic transiting the router. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface, such as <code>iso</code> , <code>inet6</code> , <code>mpls</code> .	detail extensive none
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route table	Route table in which this address exists. For example, <code>Route table:0</code> refers to <code>inet.0</code> .	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Addresses, Flags	Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Broadcast	Broadcast address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive

**show interfaces
extensive (Logical
Tunnel)**

```

user@host> show interfaces lt-1/0/0 extensive
Physical interface: lt-1/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 143, SNMP ifIndex: 70, Generation: 26
  Type: Logical-tunnel, Link-level type: Logical-tunnel, MTU: 0,
  Clocking: Unspecified, Speed: 800mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
  Link type      : Unspecified
  Link flags     : None
  Physical info  : 13
  Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Current address: 00:90:69:a6:48:7e, Hardware address: Unspecified
  Alternate link address: Unspecified
  Last flapped  : 2004-03-03 15:53:52 PST (22:08:46 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   :                0                0 bps
    Output bytes  :                0                0 bps
    Input packets :                0                0 pps
    Output packets:                0                0 pps
  Input errors:
    Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
    Policed discards: 0
  Output errors:
    Carrier transitions: 1, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0

Logical interface lt-1/0/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 467) (Generation 3024)
  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384 DLCI 100 Encapsulation: FR-NLPID
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   :                0
    Output bytes  :                0
    Input packets :                0
    Output packets:                0
  Local statistics:
    Input bytes   :                0
    Output bytes  :                0
    Input packets :                0
    Output packets:                0
  Transit statistics:
    Input bytes   :                0                0 bps
    Output bytes  :                0                0 bps
    Input packets :                0                0 pps
    Output packets:                0                0 pps
  Protocol inet, MTU: 4470, Generation: 7034, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 10.1.1/24, Local: 10.1.1.1, Broadcast: Unspecified,
    Generation: 2054

```

show interfaces (Multicast Tunnel)

Syntax show interfaces *interface-type*
 <brief | detail | extensive | terse>
 <descriptions>
 <media>
 <snmp-index *snmp-index*>
 <statistics>

Release Information Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.

Description Display status information about the specified multicast tunnel interface and its logical encapsulation and de-encapsulation interfaces.

Options *interface-type*—On M Series and T Series routers, the interface type is *mt-fpc/pic/port*. On J Series routers, the interface type is *mt-pim/0/port*.

brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.

descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.

media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.

snmp-index *snmp-index*—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.

statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.

Additional Information The multicast tunnel interface has two logical interfaces: encapsulation and de-encapsulation. These interfaces are automatically created by the JUNOS Software for every multicast-enabled VPN routing and forwarding (VRF) instance. The encapsulation interface carries multicast traffic traveling from the edge interface to the core interface. The de-encapsulation interface carries traffic coming from the core interface to the edge interface.

Required Privilege Level view

List of Sample Output show interfaces (Multicast Tunnel) on page 777
 show interfaces brief (Multicast Tunnel) on page 777
 show interfaces detail (Multicast Tunnel) on page 777
 show interfaces extensive (Multicast Tunnel) on page 777
 show interfaces (Multicast Tunnel Encapsulation) on page 778
 show interfaces (Multicast Tunnel De-Encapsulation) on page 778

Output Fields Table 144 on page 776 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (Multicast Tunnel) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 144: Multicast Tunnel show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89..	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Type	Type of interface.	All levels
Link-level type	Encapsulation used on the physical interface.	All levels
MTU	MTU size on the physical interface.	All levels
Speed	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Input Rate	Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps).	None specified
Output Rate	Output rate in bps and pps.	None specified
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive

Table 144: Multicast Tunnel show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Traffic statistics	Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	All levels

show interfaces (Multicast Tunnel) user@host> **show interfaces mt-1/2/0**
Physical interface: mt-1/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 145, SNMP ifIndex: 41
Type: Multicast-GRE, Link-level type: GRE, MTU: Unlimited, Speed: 800mbps
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
Input rate : 0 bps (0 pps)
Output rate : 0 bps (0 pps)

show interfaces brief (Multicast Tunnel) user@host> **show interfaces mt-1/2/0 brief**
Physical interface: mt-1/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Type: Multicast-GRE, Link-level type: GRE, MTU: Unlimited, Speed: 800mbps
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps

show interfaces detail (Multicast Tunnel) user@host> **show interfaces mt-1/2/0 detail**
Physical interface: mt-1/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 145, SNMP ifIndex: 41, Generation: 28
Type: Multicast-GRE, Link-level type: GRE, MTU: Unlimited, Speed: 800mbps
Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes : 0 0 bps
Output bytes : 0 0 bps
Input packets: 0 0 pps
Output packets: 0 0 pps

show interfaces extensive (Multicast Tunnel) user@host> **show interfaces mt-1/2/0 extensive**
Physical interface: mt-1/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 145, SNMP ifIndex: 41, Generation: 28
Type: Multicast-GRE, Link-level type: GRE, MTU: Unlimited, Speed: 800mbps
Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes : 0 0 bps
Output bytes : 0 0 bps
Input packets: 0 0 pps
Output packets: 0 0 pps

```
show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces mt-3/1/0.32768  
(Multicast Tunnel   Logical interface mt-3/1/0.32768 (Index 67) (SNMP ifIndex 0)  
Encapsulation)      Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000  
                      IP-Header 239.1.1.1:10.255.70.15:47:df:64:0000000800000000  
                      Encapsulation: GRE-NULL  
                      Input packets : 0  
                      Output packets: 2  
                      Protocol inet, MTU: Unlimited  
                      Flags: None  
  
show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces mt-3/1/0.49152  
(Multicast Tunnel   Logical interface mt-3/1/0.49152 (Index 74) (SNMP ifIndex 0)  
De-Encapsulation)  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x6000 Encapsulation: GRE-NULL  
                      Input packets : 0  
                      Output packets: 2  
                      Protocol inet, MTU: Unlimited  
                      Flags: None
```


show interfaces (PIM)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>interface-type</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display status information about the specified Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) de-encapsulation or PIM encapsulation interface, respectively.
Options	<p><i>interface-type</i>—On M Series and T Series routers, the PIM de-encapsulation interface type is <i>pd-fpc/pic/port</i>. On J Series routers, it is <i>pd-pim/0/port</i>. On M Series and T Series routers, the PIM encapsulation interface type is <i>pe-fpc/pic/port</i>. On J Series routers, it is <i>pe-pim/0/port</i>.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces (PIM De-Encapsulation) on page 780</p> <p>show interfaces brief (PIM De-Encapsulation) on page 781</p> <p>show interfaces detail (PIM De-Encapsulation) on page 781</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (PIM Encapsulation) on page 781</p> <p>show interfaces (PIM Encapsulation) on page 781</p> <p>show interfaces brief (PIM Encapsulation) on page 781</p> <p>show interfaces detail (PIM Encapsulation) on page 781</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (PIM Encapsulation) on page 782</p>
Output Fields	Table 145 on page 779 lists the output fields for the <code>show interfaces</code> (PIM de-encapsulation or encapsulation) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 145: PIM show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels

Table 145: PIM show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Type	Type of interface.	All levels
Link-level type	Encapsulation used on the physical interface.	All levels
MTU	MTU size on the physical interface.	All levels
Speed	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Input Rate	Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps).	None specified
Output Rate	Output rate in bps and pps.	None specified
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive

```

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces pd-0/0/0
(PIM De-Encapsulation)
Physical interface: pd-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 130, SNMP ifIndex: 25
Type: PIMD, Link-level type: PIM-Decapsulator, MTU: Unlimited, Speed: 800mbps
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
Input rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)
Output rate    : 0 bps (0 pps)

```

```

show interfaces brief      user@host> show interfaces pd-0/0/0 brief
(PIM De-Encapsulation)    Physical interface: pd-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                           Type: PIMD, Link-level type: PIM-Decapsulator, MTU: Unlimited, Speed: 800mbps
                           Device flags   : Present Running
                           Interface flags: SNMP-Traps

show interfaces detail    user@host> show interfaces pd-0/0/0 detail
(PIM De-Encapsulation)    Physical interface: pd-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                           Interface index: 130, SNMP ifIndex: 25, Generation: 11
                           Type: PIMD, Link-level type: PIM-Decapsulator, MTU: Unlimited, Speed: 800mbps
                           Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
                           Device flags   : Present Running
                           Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
                           Statistics last cleared: Never
                           Traffic statistics:
                           Input  bytes :                0                0 bps
                           Output bytes :                0                0 bps
                           Input  packets:                0                0 pps
                           Output packets:                0                0 pps

show interfaces           user@host> show interfaces pd-0/0/0 extensive
extensive (PIM           Physical interface: pd-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Encapsulation)         Interface index: 130, SNMP ifIndex: 25, Generation: 11
                           Type: PIMD, Link-level type: PIM-Decapsulator, MTU: Unlimited, Speed: 800mbps
                           Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
                           Device flags   : Present Running
                           Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
                           Statistics last cleared: Never
                           Traffic statistics:
                           Input  bytes :                0                0 bps
                           Output bytes :                0                0 bps
                           Input  packets:                0                0 pps
                           Output packets:                0                0 pps

show interfaces           user@host> show interfaces pe-0/0/0
(PIM Encapsulation)       Physical interface: pe-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                           Interface index: 131, SNMP ifIndex: 26
                           Type: PIME, Link-level type: PIM-Encapsulator, MTU: Unlimited, Speed: 800mbps
                           Device flags   : Present Running
                           Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
                           Input rate    : 0 bps (0 pps)
                           Output rate   : 0 bps (0 pps)

show interfaces brief    user@host> show interfaces pe-0/0/0 brief
(PIM Encapsulation)       Physical interface: pe-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                           Type: PIME, Link-level type: PIM-Encapsulator, MTU: Unlimited, Speed: 800mbps
                           Device flags   : Present Running
                           Interface flags: SNMP-Traps

show interfaces detail    user@host> show interfaces pe-0/0/0 detail
(PIM Encapsulation)       Physical interface: pe-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                           Interface index: 131, SNMP ifIndex: 26, Generation: 12
                           Type: PIME, Link-level type: PIM-Encapsulator, MTU: Unlimited, Speed: 800mbps
                           Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
                           Device flags   : Present Running
                           Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
                           Statistics last cleared: Never
                           Traffic statistics:
                           Input  bytes :                0                0 bps
                           Output bytes :                0                0 bps

```

```

Input packets:          0          0 pps
Output packets:         0          0 pps

```

```

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces pe-0/0/0 extensive
extensive           Physical interface: pe-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
(PIM Encapsulation) Interface index: 131, SNMP ifIndex: 26, Generation: 12
                        Type: PIME, Link-level type: PIM-Encapsulator, MTU: Unlimited, Speed: 800mbps
                        Hold-times      : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
                        Device flags    : Present Running
                        Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
                        Statistics last cleared: Never
                        Traffic statistics:
                        Input bytes  :          0          0 bps
                        Output bytes :          0          0 bps
                        Input packets:          0          0 pps
                        Output packets:         0          0 pps

```

show interfaces (Virtual Loopback Tunnel)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>vt-fpc/pic/port</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display status information about the specified virtual loopback tunnel interface.
Options	<p><i>vt-fpc/pic/port</i>—Display standard information about the specified virtual loopback tunnel interface.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces (Virtual Loopback Tunnel) on page 785</p> <p>show interfaces brief (Virtual Loopback Tunnel) on page 786</p> <p>show interfaces detail (Virtual Loopback Tunnel) on page 786</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (Virtual Loopback Tunnel) on page 786</p>
Output Fields	Table 146 on page 783 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (virtual loopback tunnel) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 146: Virtual Loopback Tunnel show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none

Table 146: Virtual Loopback Tunnel show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Type	Type of interface.	All levels
Link-level type	Encapsulation used on the physical interface.	All levels
MTU	MTU size on the physical interface.	All levels
Speed	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Input Rate	Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps).	None specified
Output Rate	Output rate in bps and pps.	None specified
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes, Output bytes—Number of bytes received and transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets, Output packets—Number of packets received and transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	All levels
Input packets	Number of packets received on the logical interface.	None specified
Output packets	Number of packets transmitted on the logical interface.	None specified
Bandwidth	Bandwidth allotted to the logical interface, in kilobytes per second.	All levels

Table 146: Virtual Loopback Tunnel show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Traffic statistics	<p>Total number of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface. These statistics are the sum of the local and transit statistics. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Transit statistics	Statistics for traffic transiting the router. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
<i>protocol-family</i>	Protocol family configured on the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	brief
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
MTU	Maximum transmission unit size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route Table	Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none

```

show interfaces (Virtual Loopback Tunnel) user@host> show interfaces vt-1/2/0
Physical interface: vt-1/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 144, SNMP ifIndex: 40
  Type: Loopback, Link-level type: Virtual-loopback-tunnel, MTU: Unlimited,
  Speed: 800mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Input rate    : 0 bps (0 pps)
  Output rate   : 0 bps (0 pps)

  Logical interface vt-1/2/0.0 (Index 76) (SNMP ifIndex 57)
    Flags: Point-To-Point 16384 Encapsulation: Virtual-loopback-tunnel
  Input packets : 0
  Output packets: 0
    Protocol inet, MTU: Unlimited
      Flags: None
    Protocol mpls, MTU: Unlimited
      Flags: None

```

```

show interfaces brief      user@host> show interfaces vt-1/2/0 brief
(Virtual Loopback Tunnel)  Physical interface: vt-1/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                             Type: Loopback, Link-level type: Virtual-loopback-tunnel, MTU: Unlimited,
                             Speed: 800mbps
                             Device flags   : Present Running

                             Logical interface vt-1/2/0.0
                             Flags: Point-To-Point 16384 Encapsulation: Virtual-loopback-tunnel
                             inet
                             mpls

show interfaces detail    user@host> show interfaces vt-1/2/0 detail
(Virtual Loopback Tunnel)  Physical interface: vt-1/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                             Interface index: 144, SNMP ifIndex: 40, Generation: 27
                             Type: Loopback, Link-level type: Virtual-loopback-tunnel, MTU: Unlimited,
                             Speed: 800mbps
                             Hold-times      : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
                             Device flags   : Present Running
                             Statistics last cleared: Never
                             Traffic statistics:
                             Input bytes   :                0                0 bps
                             Output bytes  :                0                0 bps
                             Input packets:                0                0 pps
                             Output packets:               0                0 pps

                             Logical interface vt-1/2/0.0 (Index 76) (SNMP ifIndex 57) (Generation 17)
                             Flags: Point-To-Point 16384 Encapsulation: Virtual-loopback-tunnel
                             Traffic statistics:
                             Input bytes   :                0
                             Output bytes  :                0
                             Input packets:                0
                             Output packets:               0
                             Transit statistics:
                             Input bytes   :                0                0 bps
                             Output bytes  :                0                0 bps
                             Input packets:                0                0 pps
                             Output packets:               0                0 pps
                             Protocol inet, MTU: Unlimited, Generation: 33, Route table: 0
                             Flags: None
                             Protocol mpls, MTU: Unlimited, Generation: 34, Route table: 0
                             Flags: None

show interfaces          user@host> show interfaces vt-1/2/0 extensive
extensive (Virtual Loopback Tunnel) Physical interface: vt-1/2/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                                      Interface index: 144, SNMP ifIndex: 40, Generation: 27
                                      Type: Loopback, Link-level type: Virtual-loopback-tunnel, MTU: Unlimited,
                                      Speed: 800mbps
                                      Hold-times      : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
                                      Device flags   : Present Running
                                      Statistics last cleared: Never
                                      Traffic statistics:
                                      Input bytes   :                0                0 bps
                                      Output bytes  :                0                0 bps
                                      Input packets:                0                0 pps
                                      Output packets:               0                0 pps

                                      Logical interface vt-1/2/0.0 (Index 76) (SNMP ifIndex 57) (Generation 17)
                                      Flags: Point-To-Point 16384 Encapsulation: Virtual-loopback-tunnel
                                      Traffic statistics:
                                      Input bytes   :                0
                                      Output bytes  :                0

```



```
Input  packets:          0
Output packets:          0
Transit statistics:
Input  bytes   :          0          0 bps
Output bytes   :          0          0 bps
Input  packets:          0          0 pps
Output packets:          0          0 pps
Protocol inet, MTU: Unlimited, Generation: 33, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
Protocol mpls, MTU: Unlimited, Generation: 34, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
```


Chapter 24

VoIP Interface Operational Mode Commands

Table 147 on page 789 summarizes the command-line interface (CLI) commands you can use to monitor and troubleshoot the Avaya TGM550 VoIP module on J2320, J2350, J4350, and J6350 Services Routers. You can also monitor the Telephony Interfaces Modules (TIMs) to a limited extent. Commands are listed in alphabetical order.

Table 147: VoIP Interface Operational Mode Commands

Task	Command
Remove the Media Gateway Controller (MGC) list configured on the TGM550 module.	<code>clear tgm fpc</code>
Provide a method for user authentication on the TGM550 modules.	<code>request tgm login fpc</code>
Configure the MGC list on the TGM550 module.	<code>set tgm fpc</code>
Display status information about TGM550 modules.	<code>show interfaces (TGM550 Module)</code>
Display dynamic call admission control (CAC) information.	<code>show tgm dynamic-call-admission-control</code>
Display information about TGM550 module connectivity and digital signal processor (DSP) capacity.	<code>show tgm fpc</code>
Display online and offline status of Avaya VoIP Telephony Interface Modules (TIMs).	<code>show tgm telephony-interface-module status</code>

clear tgm fpc

Syntax	clear tgm fpc <i>slot-number</i> media-gateway-controller
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 8.2.
Description	(J4350 and J6350 routers only) Remove the IP addresses of the Media Gateway Controllers (MGCs) configured in the MGC list for the TGM550 VoIP module.
Options	<i>slot-number</i> —FPC slot number in which the TGM550 VoIP module is installed. media-gateway-controller—Remove the MGC list configuration for the TGM550 VoIP module.
Required Privilege Level	maintenance
Related Topics	<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ set tgm fpc■ show tgm fpc
List of Sample Output	clear tgm fpc on page 790
clear tgm fpc	user@host> clear tgm fpc 2 media-gateway-controller

request tgm login fpc

Syntax	<code>request tgm login fpc <i>slot-number</i> user <i>tgm-user</i></code>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 8.5.
Description	(J2320, J2340, J4350, and J6350 J Series routers only) Provide a self-authenticating method for the user to log in to the TGM550 VoIP module by means of passwords and keys.
Options	<p><i>slot-number</i>—Number of the slot in which the TGM550 VoIP module is installed.</p> <p><i>tgm-user</i>—Username on the TGM550 VoIP module.</p>
Required Privilege Level	maintenance
Related Topics	■ show tgm fpc
List of Sample Output	request tgm login fpc on page 791
request tgm login fpc	<code>user@host> request tgm login fpc 2 user jnpr</code>

set tgm fpc

Syntax	<code>set tgm fpc slot-number media-gateway-controller [ipaddress1 ipaddress2 ipaddress3 ipaddress4]</code>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 8.2.
Description	(J4350 and J6350 routers only) Configure the Media Gateway Controller (MGC) list for the TGM550 VoIP module.
Options	<p><i>slot-number</i>—Number of the slot in which the TGM550 VoIP module is installed.</p> <p><i>media-gateway-controller</i>—Configure the MGC list for the TGM550 VoIP module.</p> <p><code>[ipaddress1 ipaddress2 ipaddress3 ipaddress4]</code>—Configure IP addresses of up to four MGCs to connect to and the order in which to reestablish the H.248 link. The first MGC in the list is the primary MGC. The TGM550 VoIP module searches for the primary MGC first. If the TGM550 VoIP module cannot connect to the primary MGC or loses its connection to the primary MGC, it attempts to connect to the next MGC in the list, and so on.</p>
Required Privilege Level	maintenance
Related Topics	■ show tgm fpc
List of Sample Output	set tgm fpc on page 792
set tgm fpc	<pre>user@host> set tgm fpc 2 media-gateway-controller [173.26.232.77 10.10.10.30 10.10.10.40]</pre>

show interfaces (TGM550 Module)

Syntax	show interfaces <i>vp-pim/0/0</i> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 8.2.
Description	(J4350 and J6350 routers only) Display status information about the specified TGM550 module.
Options	<p><i>vp-pim/0/0</i>—Display standard information about the specified TGM550 module.</p> <p><i>none</i>—Display standard status information about the TGM550 module.</p> <p><i>brief | detail | extensive | terse</i>—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p><i>descriptions</i>—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p><i>media</i>—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.</p> <p><i>snmp-index snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p><i>statistics</i>—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces (TGM550 Module) on page 797</p> <p>show interfaces brief (TGM550 Module) on page 797</p> <p>show interfaces detail (TGM550 Module) on page 797</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (TGM550 Module) on page 798</p>
Output Fields	Table 148 on page 793 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (TGM550 Module) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 148: TGM550 Module show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Description	Configured interface description.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none

Table 148: TGM550 Module show interfaces Output Fields (*continued*)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Type	Type of interface.	detail extensive none
Link-level type	Encapsulation being used on the physical interface—VP-AV.	All levels
MTU	MTU size on the physical interface.	All levels
Speed	Speed in megabits per second (mbps) at which the interface is running.	All levels
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Link type	Physical interface link type: Full-Duplex or Half-Duplex.	detail extensive none
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Physical info	Information about the physical interface.	detail extensive
CoS queues	Number of CoS queues configured.	detail extensive none
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: <i>year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago)</i> . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago).	detail extensive none
Input Rate	Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps).	None specified
Output Rate	Output rate in bps and pps.	None specified
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	Statistics for traffic on the interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface ■ Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface ■ Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive

Table 148: TGM550 Module show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Input errors	<p>Input errors on the interface:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and frame check sequence (FCS) errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's random early detection (RED) mechanism. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Runts—Frames received smaller than the runt threshold. ■ Giants—Frames received larger than the giant threshold. ■ Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the JUNOS Software does not handle. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Output errors	<p>Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If it increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC or PIM is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ MTU errors—Number of packets larger than the MTU threshold. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Egress queues	Total number of egress queues supported on the specified interface.	detail extensive
Queue counters	<p>CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Queued packets—Number of queued packets. ■ Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. ■ Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. 	detail extensive

Table 148: TGM550 Module show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration	Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Destination slot—FPC slot number. ■ CoS transmit queue—Queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. ■ <i>bandwidth %</i>—Percentage of bandwidth allocated to the queue. The default is 25 percent. ■ Bandwidth <i>bps</i>—Bandwidth allocated to the queue (in bps). ■ <i>buffer %</i>—Percentage of buffer space allocated to the queue. The default is 25 percent. ■ Buffer <i>usec</i>—Amount of buffer space allocated to the queue, in microseconds. This value is nonzero only if the buffer size is configured in terms of time. ■ Priority—Queue priority: <i>low</i> or <i>high</i>. ■ Limit—Displayed if rate limiting is configured for the queue. Possible values are <i>none</i> and <i>exact</i>: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ <i>exact</i>—The queue transmits only up to the configured bandwidth, even if excess bandwidth is available. ■ <i>none</i>—The queue transmits beyond the configured bandwidth if bandwidth is available. 	extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
<i>protocol-family</i>	Protocol family configured on the logical interface. If the protocol is <i>inet</i> , the IP address of the interface is also displayed.	brief
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route table	Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table <i>inet.0</i> .	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none

Table 148: TGM550 Module show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Addresses, Flags	Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Broadcast	Broadcast address.	detail extensive
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive

show interfaces
(TGM550 Module)

```
user@host> show interfaces vp-2/0/0
Physical interface: vp-2/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 145, SNMP ifIndex: 21
  Type: VP-AV, Link-level type: VP-AV, MTU: 1518, Speed: 10mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Link type      : Full-Duplex
  Link flags     : None
  CoS queues     : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
  Last flapped   : 2006-10-30 10:03:37 UTC (07:26:46 ago)
  Input rate     : 0 bps (0 pps)
  Output rate    : 0 bps (0 pps)

Logical interface vp-2/0/0.0 (Index 73) (SNMP ifIndex 47)
  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: VP-AV
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
  Flags: None
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
  Destination: 31.31.31.20, Local: 33.33.33.1
```

show interfaces brief
(TGM550 Module)

```
user@host> show interfaces vp-2/0/0 brief
Physical interface: vp-2/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Type: VP-AV, Link-level type: VP-AV, MTU: 1518, Speed: 10mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running

Logical interface vp-2/0/0.0
  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: VP-AV
  inet 33.33.33.1    --> 31.31.31.20
```

show interfaces detail
(TGM550 Module)

```
user@host> show interfaces vp-2/0/0 detail
Physical interface: vp-2/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 145, SNMP ifIndex: 21, Generation: 147
  Type: VP-AV, Link-level type: VP-AV, MTU: 1518, Speed: 10mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Link type      : Full-Duplex
  Link flags     : None
  Physical info   : Unspecified
  CoS queues     : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
  Last flapped   : 2006-10-30 10:03:37 UTC (07:31:33 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   :          537968          0 bps
    Output bytes  :          448102          0 bps
```

```

Input packets:          6750          0 pps
Output packets:         5141          0 pps
Egress queues: 8 supported, 8 in use
Queue counters:         Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

  0 best-effort          5141          5141          0
  1 expedited-fo         0            0            0
  2 assured-forw         0            0            0
  3 network-cont         0            0            0

```

```

Logical interface vp-2/0/0.0 (Index 73) (SNMP ifIndex 47) (Generation 142)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: VP-AV
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 147, Route table: 0
Flags: None
Filters: Input: pcap, Output: pcap
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 31.31.31.20, Local: 33.33.33.1, Broadcast: Unspecified,
Generation: 154

```

**show interfaces
extensive (TGM550
Module)**

```

user@host> show interfaces vp-2/0/0 extensive
Physical interface: vp-2/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 145, SNMP ifIndex: 21, Generation: 147
Type: VP-AV, Link-level type: VP-AV, MTU: 1518, Speed: 10mbps
Device flags   : Present Running
Link type      : Full-Duplex
Link flags     : None
Physical info  : Unspecified
CoS queues     : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
Last flapped   : 2006-10-30 10:03:37 UTC (07:32:49 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes   :          539206          0 bps
Output bytes  :          448993          0 bps
Input packets :           6764          0 pps
Output packets:          5150          0 pps
Input errors:
Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
Policed discards: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0,
Resource errors: 0
Egress queues: 8 supported, 8 in use
Queue counters:         Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

  0 best-effort          5150          5150          0
  1 expedited-fo         0            0            0
  2 assured-forw         0            0            0
  3 network-cont         0            0            0

Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
Destination slot: 2
Direction : Output
CoS transmit queue          Bandwidth          Buffer Priority
Limit

```

	%	bps	%	usec	
0 best-effort	95	9500000	95	0	low
none					
3 network-control	5	500000	5	0	low
none					

Logical interface vp-2/0/0.0 (Index 73) (SNMP ifIndex 47) (Generation 142)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: VP-AV
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 147, Route table: 0
Flags: None
Filters: Input: pcap, Output: pcap
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 31.31.31.20, Local: 33.33.33.1, Broadcast: Unspecified,
Generation: 154

show tgm dynamic-call-admission-control

Syntax	show tgm dynamic-call-admission-control
Release Information	Command introduced in JUNOS Release 8.2.
Description	(J4350 and J6350 routers only) Display dynamic call admission control (CAC) information.
Options	This command has no options.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show tgm dynamic-call-admission-control on page 800
Output Fields	Table 149 on page 800 lists the output fields for the show tgm dynamic-call-admission-control command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 149: show tgm dynamic-call-admission-control Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Reported bearer bandwidth limit	<p>If dynamic CAC is configured on more than one active interface, the TGM550 VoIP module reports the bearer bandwidth limit (BBL) of the active interface with the highest activation priority.</p> <p>If more than one active interface has the same activation priority, the BBL is reported as the number of those interfaces times their lowest BBL. For example if two interfaces with the same activation priority have BBLs of 2000 Kbps and 1500 Kbps, the reported BBL is 3000 Kbps (2 x 1500 Kbps).</p>
Interface	Name of interface on which dynamic CAC is configured.
State	<p>Link state of the interface: Up or Down.</p> <p>The operational state is the physical state of the interface. If the interface is physically operational, even if it is not configured, the operational state is Up. An operational state of Down indicates a problem with the physical interface.</p>
Activation priority	Activation priority configured on the interface.
Bearer bandwidth limit (Kbps)	Maximum bandwidth available for voice traffic on the interface.

```

show tgm      user@host> show tgm dynamic-call-admission-control
dynamic-call  Reported bearer bandwidth limit: 3000 Kbps
-admission-control
Interface      State      Activation  Bearer bandwidth
               priority  priority    limit (Kbps)
ge-0/0/3.0    up         200         3000
tl-6/0/0.0    up         150         1000

```

show tgm fpc

Syntax	show tgm fpc <i>slot-number</i> (media-gateway-controller | dsp-capacity)
Release Information	Command extended in JUNOS Release 8.5.
Description	(J2320, J2350, J4350, and J6350 J Series routers only) Display information about TGM550 VoIP module connectivity and digital signal processor (DSP) capacity.
Options	<i>slot-number</i> —Number of the slot in which the TGM550 VoIP module is installed. media-gateway-controller—Display IP addresses of the Media Gateway Controllers (MGCs) configured in the MGC list for the TGM550 VoIP module. dsp-capacity—Display the number of voice channels available on the TGM550 VoIP module.
Required Privilege Level	view
Related Topics	■ set tgm fpc
List of Sample Output	show tgm fpc 2 media-gateway-controller on page 801 show tgm fpc 3 dsp-capacity on page 801
Output Fields	Table 150 on page 801 lists the output fields for the show tgm fpc command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 150: show tgm fpc Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Media gateway controller(s)	Displays the IP addresses of the Media Gateway Controllers (MGCs) configured in the MGC list for the TGM550 VoIP module. The first MGC in the list is the primary MGC. The TGM550 VoIP module searches for the primary MGC first. If it cannot connect to the primary MGC or loses its connection to the primary MGC, it attempts to connect to the next MGC in the list, and so on.
DSP Capacity	Displays the DSP capacity of the TGM VoIP module board in terms of the number of voice channels supported.

show tgm fpc 2 media-gateway-controller	user@host> show tgm fpc 2 media-gateway-controller Media gateway controller(s): 173.26.232.77 10.10.10.30 10.10.10.40
show tgm fpc 3 dsp-capacity	root> Show tgm fpc 3 dsp-capacity DSP Capacity:20 voice channels.

show tgm telephony-interface-module status

Syntax	show tgm telephony-interface-module status
Release Information	Command extended in JUNOS Release 8.5.
Description	(J2320, J2350, J4350, and J6350 routers only) Display the online and offline status of the Telephony Interface Modules installed in a J Series router.
Options	This command has no options.
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	show tgm telephony-interface-module on page 802
Output Fields	Table 151 on page 802 lists the output fields for the show tgm telephony-interface-module status command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 151: show tgm telephony-interface-module status Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description
Slot State	Status of the TIM, either online or offline.
Offline Reason	Explanation for the offline state: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Busy out ■ Out of resources

```

show tgm      user@host> show tgm telephony-interface-module status
telephony-interface-module Slot State  Offline Reason
                             1      Offline  Busy out
                             2      Online
                             5      Online
                             6      Online

```


Part 12

Management Interfaces

- Discard Interface Operational Mode Commands on page 805
- Loopback Interface Operational Mode Commands on page 811
- Management Ethernet and Internal Ethernet Interface Operational Mode Commands on page 819

Chapter 25

Discard Interface Operational Mode Commands

Table 152 on page 805 summarizes the command-line interface (CLI) commands you can use to monitor and troubleshoot the discard (dsc) interface.

Table 152: Discard Interface Operational Mode Commands

Task	Command
Monitor the discard interface.	show interfaces (discard)

The discard interface is not a physical interface, but a virtual interface that discards packets. You can configure one discard interface. The discard interface allows you to identify the ingress point of a denial-of-service (DoS) attack. When your network is under attack, the target host IP address is identified, and the local policy forwards attacking packets to the discard interface. Traffic routed out of the discard interface is silently discarded.

If an output filter is attached to the interface, the action specified by the filter causes the packets to be logged or counted before the traffic is discarded. For a complete discussion about using the discard interface to protect your network against DoS attacks, see the *JUNOS Policy Framework Configuration Guide*.

Statistics and media displayed by the **show interfaces** command are not relevant for the discard interface and always show values of 0.

show interfaces (Discard)

Syntax	show interfaces dsc <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	Display status information about the specified discard interface.
Options	<p>dsc—Display standard information about the specified discard interface.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—This option is not relevant for the discard interface and always shows a value of 0.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) This option is not relevant for the discard interface and always shows a value of 0.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
Related Topics	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ show interfaces (ATM) ■ show interfaces routing
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces dsc on page 809</p> <p>show interfaces dsc brief on page 809</p> <p>show interfaces dsc detail on page 809</p> <p>show interfaces dsc extensive on page 810</p>
Output Fields	Table 153 on page 806 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (discard) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 153: Discard show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface, whether the interface is enabled, and the state of the physical interface: Up or Down.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none

Table 153: Discard show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Type	Type of interface. Software-Pseudo indicates a standard software interface with no associated hardware device.	All levels
Link-level type	Encapsulation being used on the physical interface.	All levels
MTU	MTU size on the physical interface.	All levels
Clocking	Reference clock source. It can be Internal or External .	brief detail extensive
Speed	Speed at which the interface is running.	brief detail extensive
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Link type	Encapsulation being used on the physical interface.	detail extensive
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive
Physical info	Information about the physical interface.	detail extensive
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down. Value is in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Current address, Hardware address	Configured MAC address and hardware MAC address.	detail extensive
Alternate link address	Backup address of the link.	detail extensive
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago) . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) .	detail extensive none
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes, Output bytes—Number of bytes received and transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets, Output packets—Number of packets received and transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive

Table 153: Discard show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Input errors	<p>Input errors on the interface:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Sum of incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Runts—Number of frames received that are smaller than the runt threshold. ■ Giants—Number of frames received that are larger than the giant threshold. ■ Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the JUNOS Software does not handle. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	detail extensive
Output errors	<p>(Extensive only) Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. ■ MTU errors—Number of packets whose size exceeded the MTU of the interface. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	detail extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	All levels
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface, such as iso, inet6, or mpls.	All levels
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive

Table 153: Discard show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Route Table	Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0.	detail extensive

```

show interfaces dsc user@host> show interfaces dsc
Physical interface: dsc, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 5, SNMP ifIndex: 5
Type: Software-Pseudo, MTU: Unlimited
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Link flags : None
Last flapped : Never
Input packets : 0
Output packets: 0

Logical interface dsc.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 235)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Unspecified
Protocol inet, MTU: Unlimited
Flags: None

show interfaces dsc brief user@host> show interfaces dsc brief
Physical interface: dsc, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Type: Software-Pseudo, Link-level type: Unspecified, MTU: Unlimited, Clocking:
Unspecified, Speed: Unspecified
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps

Logical interface dsc.0
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Unspecified
inet

show interfaces dsc detail user@host> show interfaces dsc detail
Physical interface: dsc, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 5, SNMP ifIndex: 5, Generation: 9
Type: Software-Pseudo, Link-level type: Unspecified, MTU: Unlimited, Clocking:
Unspecified, Speed: Unspecified
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
Link type : Unspecified
Link flags : None
Physical info : Unspecified
Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: Unspecified, Hardware address: Unspecified
Alternate link address: Unspecified
Last flapped : Never
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes : 0
Output bytes : 0
Input packets: 0
Output packets: 0

Logical interface dsc.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 235) (Generation 6)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Unspecified

```

Protocol inet, MTU: Unlimited, Generation: 14, Route table: 0
Flags: None

```

show interfaces dsc user@host> show interfaces dsc extensive
extensive Physical interface: dsc, Enabled, Physical link is Up
            Interface index: 5, SNMP ifIndex: 5, Generation: 9
            Type: Software-Pseudo, Link-level type: Unspecified, MTU: Unlimited, Clocking:
            Unspecified, Speed: Unspecified
            Device flags   : Present Running
            Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps
            Link type      : Unspecified
            Link flags     : None
            Physical info  : Unspecified
            Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
            Current address: Unspecified, Hardware address: Unspecified
            Alternate link address: Unspecified
            Last flapped   : Never
            Statistics last cleared: Never
            Traffic statistics:
            Input bytes    : 0
            Output bytes   : 0
            Input packets  : 0
            Output packets : 0
            Input errors:
            Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
            Policed discards: 0, Resource errors: 0
            Output errors:
            Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0,
            Resource errors: 0
            Logical interface dsc.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 235) (Generation 6)
            Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Unspecified
            Protocol inet, MTU: Unlimited, Generation: 14, Route table: 0

```


Chapter 26

Loopback Interface Operational Mode Commands

Table 154 on page 811 summarizes the command-line interface (CLI) commands you can use to monitor and troubleshoot the local loopback interface (lo0).

Table 154: Loopback Interface Operational Mode Commands

Task	Command
Monitor the loopback interface.	show interfaces (Loopback)

The JUNOS Software automatically configures one local loopback interface (lo0), choosing the first interface to come online as the default. You can also configure the loopback interface and one or more addresses on the interface. If you configure the loopback interface, it is automatically used for unnumbered interfaces.

A local loopback loops packets, including both data and timing information, back on the local Physical Interface Card (PIC) or Physical Interface Module (PIM). When you configure a local loopback, the interface transmits packets to the channel services unit (CSU) built into the interface. These packets are transmitted onto the circuit toward the far-end device. The PIC or PIM receives back its own transmission and ignores any data sent from the physical circuit and the CSU.

To test a local loopback, issue the **show interfaces *interface-name*** command. If PPP keepalives transmitted on the interface are received by the PIC or PIM, the **Device Flags** field contains the output **Loop-Detected**.

For more information about using the loopback interface to monitor and troubleshoot various interface types, see the *JUNOS Interfaces Network Operations Guide*.

show interfaces (Loopback)

Syntax show interfaces lo0
 <brief | detail | extensive | terse>
 <descriptions>
 <media>
 <snmp-index *snmp-index*>
 <statistics>

Release Information Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.

Description Display status information about the local loopback interface.



NOTE: Logical interface lo0.16385 is the loopback interface for the internal routing instance. Created by the internal routing service process, this interface facilitates internal traffic. It prevents any filter created on loopback lo0.0 from blocking internal traffic.

Options lo0—Display standard status information about the local loopback interface.

 brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.

 descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.

 media—(Optional) Display media-specific information.

 snmp-index *snmp-index*—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.

 statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.

Required Privilege Level view

List of Sample Output show interfaces (Loopback) on page 815
 show interfaces brief (Loopback) on page 816
 show interfaces detail (Loopback) on page 816
 show interfaces extensive (Loopback) on page 817

Output Fields Table 155 on page 812 lists the output fields for the **show interfaces (loopback)** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 155: Loopback show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical Interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels

Table 155: Loopback show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Type	Type of interface.	All levels
Link-level type	Encapsulation type used on the physical interface.	All levels
MTU	Size of the largest packet to be transmitted.	All levels
Clocking	Reference clock source of the interface.	All levels
Speed	Network speed on the interface.	All levels
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Link type	Data transmission type.	detail extensive
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Physical info	Information about the physical interface.	detail extensive
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down. Value is in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Current address	Configured MAC address.	detail extensive
Hardware address	Media access control (MAC) address of the interface.	detail extensive
Alternate link address	Backup link address.	detail extensive
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago) . For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago) .	detail extensive
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive

Table 155: Loopback show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes, Output bytes—Number of bytes received and transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets, Output packets—Number of packets received and transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Input errors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Input errors on the interface. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Runts—Frames received smaller than the runt threshold. ■ Giants—Frames received larger than the giant threshold. ■ Policed Discards—Frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because the frames were not recognized or were not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that JUNOS does not support. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Output errors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly, possibly once every 10 seconds, the cable, the remote system, or the interface is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet dropped by the ASIC RED mechanism. ■ MTU errors—Number of packets larger than the MTU threshold. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface; values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	brief detail extensive
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	brief detail extensive
Input packets	Number of packets received on the logical interface.	None specified
Output packets	Number of packets transmitted on the logical interface.	None specified

Table 155: Loopback show interfaces Output Fields *(continued)*

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Traffic statistics	Total number of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface. These statistics are the sum of the local and transit statistics. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Local statistics	Statistics for traffic received from and transmitted to the Routing Engine. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface (such as <code>iso</code> or <code>inet6</code>).	detail extensive none
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route Table	Route table in which this address exists; for example, <code>Route table:0</code> refers to <code>inet.0</code> .	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Addresses, Flags	Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Broadcast	Broadcast address on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive

```

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces lo0
(Loopback)          Physical interface: lo0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                        Interface index: 6, SNMP ifIndex: 6
                        Type: Loopback, MTU: Unlimited
                        Device flags   : Present Running Loopback
                        Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
                        Link flags     : None
                        Last flapped   : Never
                        Input packets  : 0
                        Output packets: 0

                        Logical interface lo0.0 (Index 64) (SNMP ifIndex 16)
                        Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Unspecified
                        Input packets  : 0
                        Output packets: 0
                        Protocol inet, MTU: Unlimited
                        Flags: None

```

```

Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Primary
  Local: 10.0.0.1
Addresses
  Local: 127.0.0.1
Protocol iso, MTU: Unlimited
Flags: None
Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Primary
  Local: 49.0004.1000.0000.0001

```

```

Logical interface lo0.16385 (Index 65) (SNMP ifIndex 76)
Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Unspecified
Input packets : 0
Output packets: 0
Protocol inet, MTU: Unlimited
Flags: None

```

**show interfaces brief
(Loopback)**

```

user@host> show interfaces lo0 brief
Physical interface: lo0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Type: Loopback, Link-level type: Unspecified, MTU: Unlimited,
Clocking: Unspecified, Speed: Unspecified
Device flags   : Present Running Loopback
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps

Logical interface lo0.0
Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Unspecified
inet  10.0.0.1      --> 0/0
      127.0.0.1     --> 0/0
iso    49.0004.1000.0000.0001

Logical interface lo0.16385
Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Unspecified
inet

```

**show interfaces detail
(Loopback)**

```

user@host> show interfaces lo0 detail
Physical interface: lo0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 6, SNMP ifIndex: 6, Generation: 4
Type: Loopback, Link-level type: Unspecified, MTU: Unlimited,
Clocking: Unspecified, Speed: Unspecified
Device flags   : Present Running Loopback
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
Link type      : Unspecified
Link flags     : None
Physical info  : Unspecified
Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: Unspecified, Hardware address: Unspecified
Alternate link address: Unspecified
Last flapped   : Never
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes   : 0
Output bytes  : 0
Input packets : 0
Output packets: 0
Logical interface lo0.0 (Index 64) (SNMP ifIndex 16) (Generation 3)
Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Unspecified
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes   : 0
Output bytes  : 0
Input packets : 0
Output packets: 0
Local statistics:

```

```

Input bytes : 0
Output bytes : 0
Input packets: 0
Output packets: 0

Protocol inet, MTU: Unlimited, Generation: 10, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Primary
    Destination: Unspecified, Local: 10.0.0.1, Broadcast: Unspecified,
    Generation: 10
  Addresses, Flags: None
    Destination: Unspecified, Local: 127.0.0.1, Broadcast: Unspecified,
    Generation: 12
Protocol iso, MTU: Unlimited, Generation: 11, Route table: 0
  Flags: None
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Primary
    Destination: Unspecified, Local: 49.0004.1000.0000.0001,
    Broadcast: Unspecified, Generation: 14

Logical interface lo0.16385 (Index 65) (SNMP ifIndex 76) (Generation 4)
  Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Unspecified
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0
    Input packets: 0
    Output packets: 0
  Local statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0
    Input packets: 0
    Output packets: 0
  Protocol inet, MTU: Unlimited, Generation: 12, Route table: 1
    Flags: None

```

**show interfaces
extensive (Loopback)**

```

user@host> show interfaces lo0 extensive
Physical interface: lo0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 6, SNMP ifIndex: 6, Generation: 4
Type: Loopback, Link-level type: Unspecified, MTU: Unlimited,
Clocking: Unspecified, Speed: Unspecified
Device flags : Present Running Loopback
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
Link type : Unspecified
Link flags : None
Physical info : Unspecified
Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: Unspecified, Hardware address: Unspecified
Alternate link address: Unspecified
Last flapped : Never
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes : 0
  Output bytes : 0
  Input packets: 0
  Output packets: 0
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
  Policed discards: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0,
  Resource errors: 0

```

```

Logical interface lo0.0 (Index 64) (SNMP ifIndex 16) (Generation 3)
  Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Unspecified
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0
    Input packets: 0
    Output packets: 0
  Local statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0
    Input packets: 0
    Output packets: 0
  Protocol inet, MTU: Unlimited, Generation: 10, Route table: 0
    Flags: None
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Primary
      Destination: Unspecified, Local: 10.0.0.1, Broadcast: Unspecified,
      Generation: 10
    Addresses, Flags: None
      Destination: Unspecified, Local: 127.0.0.1, Broadcast: Unspecified,
      Generation: 12
  Protocol iso, MTU: Unlimited, Generation: 11, Route table: 0
    Flags: None
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Primary
      Destination: Unspecified, Local: 49.0004.1000.0000.0001,
      Broadcast: Unspecified, Generation: 14

Logical interface lo0.16385 (Index 65) (SNMP ifIndex 76) (Generation 4)
  Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: Unspecified
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0
    Input packets: 0
    Output packets: 0
  Local statistics:
    Input bytes : 0
    Output bytes : 0
    Input packets: 0
    Output packets: 0
  Protocol inet, MTU: Unlimited, Generation: 12, Route table: 1
    Flags: None

```


Chapter 27

Management Ethernet and Internal Ethernet Interface Operational Mode Commands

Table 156 on page 819 summarizes the command-line interface (CLI) commands you can use to monitor and troubleshoot the management Ethernet interface and, in the case of M Series and T Series routers, the internal Ethernet interface.

Table 156: Management Ethernet and Internal Ethernet Interface Operational Mode Commands

Task	Command
Monitor the M Series and T Series router management Ethernet and internal Ethernet interfaces.	show interfaces (M-series and T-series Management and Internal Ethernet)
Monitor the J Series router management Ethernet interface.	show interfaces (J-series Management Ethernet)

On the M Series and T Series routers other than the TX Matrix Plus router and T1600 routers in a routing matrix, the JUNOS Software automatically creates the router's management Ethernet interface, **fxp0**, which is an out-of-band management interface for connecting to the router, and the internal Ethernet interface, **fxp1**, which connects the Routing Engine to the Packet Forwarding Engine. If the platform has redundant Routing Engines, another internal Ethernet interface, **fxp2**, is created to connect the second Routing Engine (**re1**) to the Packet Forwarding Engine.

On TX Matrix Plus Routers and T1600 routers configured in a routing matrix, the JUNOS Software automatically creates the router's management Ethernet interface, **em0**. To use **em0** as a management port, you must configure its logical port, **em0.0**, with a valid IP address.

On a TX Matrix Plus router, the Routing Engine (RE-TXP-SFC) and Control Board (TXP-CB) function as a unit, or host subsystem. For each host subsystem in the router, the JUNOS Software automatically creates two internal Ethernet interfaces, **ixgbe0** and **ixgbe1**, for the two 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports on the Routing Engine.

For more information about the management Ethernet interface and internal Ethernet interfaces on a TX Matrix Plus router and T1600 routers configured in a routing matrix, see the *JUNOS Network Interfaces Configuration Guide*.

On J Series routers, the JUNOS Software automatically creates the router's management Ethernet interface, **fe-0/0/0**, which is an out-of-band management interface for connecting to the router.

show interfaces (M Series and T Series Router Management and Internal Ethernet)

Syntax	show interfaces fxp(0 | 1) <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Syntax (TX Matrix Router)	show interfaces em0 <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the management Ethernet and internal Ethernet interfaces.
Options	<p>fxp(0 | 1)—(M Series and T Series routers other than a TX Matrix Plus router or T1600 routers in a routing matrix) Display standard information about the management Ethernet or internal Ethernet interface, respectively.</p> <p>em0—(TX Matrix Plus routers and T1600 routers in a routing matrix) Display standard information about the management Ethernet interface.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces brief (Management Ethernet) on page 825</p> <p>show interfaces (Management Ethernet) on page 825</p> <p>show interfaces (Management Ethernet [TX Matrix Plus Router]) on page 826</p> <p>show interfaces detail (Management Ethernet) on page 826</p> <p>show interfaces detail (Management Ethernet [TX Matrix Plus Router]) on page 826</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (Management Ethernet) on page 827</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (Management Ethernet [TX Matrix Plus Router]) on page 828</p> <p>show interfaces brief (Management Ethernet) on page 828</p> <p>show interfaces brief (Management Ethernet [TX Matrix Plus Router]) on page 829</p> <p>show interfaces (Internal Ethernet) on page 829</p> <p>show interfaces (Internal Ethernet [TX Matrix Plus Router]) on page 829</p>

show interfaces detail (Internal Ethernet) on page 830
show interfaces detail (Internal Ethernet [TX Matrix Plus Router]) on page 831
show interfaces extensive (internal Ethernet) on page 832
show interfaces extensive (internal Ethernet [TX Matrix Plus Router]) on page 832

Output Fields Table 157 on page 823 lists the output fields for the `show interfaces` (management) command on the M Series and T Series routers. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 157: M Series and T Series Router Management and Internal Ethernet show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Type	Type of interface.	All levels
Link-level type	Encapsulation type used on the physical interface.	All levels
MTU	Maximum transmission unit (MTU)—Size of the largest packet to be transmitted.	All levels
Clocking	Reference clock source of the interface.	All levels
Speed	Network speed on the interface.	All levels
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Link type	Data transmission type.	detail extensive none
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive
Physical info	Information about the physical interface.	detail extensive
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down. Value is in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Current address	Configured MAC address.	detail extensive none
Hardware address	Media access control (MAC) address of the interface.	detail extensive none
Alternate link address	Backup link address.	detail extensive
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is <i>Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago)</i> . For example, <i>Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago)</i> .	detail extensive none
Input packets	Number of packets received on the physical interface.	None specified
Output packets	Number of packets transmitted on the physical interface.	None specified

Table 157: M Series and T Series Router Management and Internal Ethernet show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	<p>Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical and physical interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes, Output bytes—Number of bytes received and transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets, Output packets—Number of packets received and transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Input errors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Input errors on the interface. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Runts—Frames received smaller than the runt threshold. ■ Giants—Frames received larger than the giant threshold. ■ Policed Discards—Frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or were not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that JUNOS does not support. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Output errors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly, possibly once every 10 seconds, the cable, the remote system, or the interface is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet dropped by the ASIC RED mechanism. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface; values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
inet	IP address of the logical interface.	brief

Table 157: M Series and T Series Router Management and Internal Ethernet show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface (such as iso or inet6).	detail extensive none
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route table	Route table in which this address exists. For example, Route table:0 refers to inet.0.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Addresses, Flags	Information about address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Broadcast	Broadcast address.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive

show interfaces brief (Management Ethernet) user@host> **show interfaces fxp0 brief**
Physical interface: fxp0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Clocking: Unspecified, Speed: 100mbps
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps

Logical interface fxp0.0
Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
inet 192.168.70.143/21

show interfaces (Management Ethernet) user@host> **show interfaces fxp0**
Physical interface: fxp0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 1, SNMP ifIndex: 1
Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 100mbps
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
Link type : Half-Duplex
Current address: 00:a0:a5:56:01:89, Hardware address: 00:a0:a5:56:01:89
Last flapped : Never
Input packets : 80804
Output packets: 1105

Logical interface fxp0.0 (Index 2) (SNMP ifIndex 13)
Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
Flags: Is-Primary
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary

Destination: 192.168.64/21, Local: 192.168.70.143,
Broadcast: 192.168.71.255

show interfaces
(Management Ethernet
[TX Matrix Plus Router])

```
user@host> show interfaces em0
Physical interface: em0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 8, SNMP ifIndex: 17
  Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 100mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
  Link type      : Full-Duplex
  Current address: 00:80:f9:26:00:c0, Hardware address: 00:80:f9:26:00:c0
  Last flapped   : Never
    Input packets : 1424
    Output packets: 5282

Logical interface em0.0 (Index 3) (SNMP ifIndex 18)
  Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
  Input packets : 1424
  Output packets: 5282
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
    Flags: Is-Primary
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
      Destination: 192.168.178.0/25, Local: 192.168.178.11, Broadcast:
192.168.178.127
```

show interfaces detail
(Management Ethernet)

```
user@host> show interfaces fxp0 detail
Physical interface: fxp0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 1, SNMP ifIndex: 1, Generation: 0
  Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Clocking: Unspecified,
Speed: 100mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
  Link type      : Half-Duplex
  Physical info   : Unspecified
  Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Current address: 00:a0:a5:56:01:89, Hardware address: 00:a0:a5:56:01:89
  Alternate link address: Unspecified
  Last flapped   : Never
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   :          6484031
    Output bytes  :          167503
    Input packets :          81008
    Output packets:          1110

Logical interface fxp0.0 (Index 2) (SNMP ifIndex 13) (Generation 1)
  Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 6, Route table: 0
    Flags: Is-Primary
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
      Destination: 192.168.64/21, Local: 192.168.70.143,
Broadcast: 192.168.71.255, Generation: 1
```

show interfaces detail
(Management Ethernet
[TX Matrix Plus Router])

```
user@host> show interfaces em0 detail
Physical interface: em0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 8, SNMP ifIndex: 17, Generation: 2
  Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Clocking: Unspecified,
Speed: 100mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
  Link type      : Full-Duplex
```



```

Physical info : Unspecified
Hold-times   : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: 00:80:f9:26:00:c0, Hardware address: 00:80:f9:26:00:c0
Alternate link address: Unspecified
Last flapped : Never
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :          124351
Output bytes :        1353212
Input packets:          1804
Output packets:        5344
IPv6 transit statistics:
Input bytes :          0
Output bytes :          0
Input packets:          0
Output packets:         0

```

```

Logical interface em0.0 (Index 3) (SNMP ifIndex 18) (Generation 1)
Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :          117135
Output bytes :        1331647
Input packets:          1804
Output packets:        5344
Local statistics:
Input bytes :          117135
Output bytes :        1331647
Input packets:          1804
Output packets:        5344
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 1, Route table: 0
Flags: Is-Primary
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 192.168.178.0/25, Local: 192.168.178.11, Broadcast:
192.168.178.127, Generation: 1

```

**show interfaces
extensive (Management
Ethernet)**

```

user@host> show interfaces fxp0 extensive
Physical interface: fxp0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 1, SNMP ifIndex: 1, Generation: 0
Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Clocking: Unspecified,
Speed: 100mbps
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
Link type : Half-Duplex
Physical info : Unspecified
Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: 00:a0:a5:56:01:89, Hardware address: 00:a0:a5:56:01:89
Alternate link address: Unspecified
Last flapped : Never
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :          6678904
Output bytes :        169657
Input packets:          83946
Output packets:        1127
Input errors:
Errors: 12, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
Policed discards: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0,
Resource errors: 0

```

**show interfaces
extensive (Management
Ethernet [TX Matrix Plus
Router])**

```

Logical interface fxp0.0 (Index 2) (SNMP ifIndex 13) (Generation 1)
  Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 6, Route table: 0
  Flags: Is-Primary
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 192.168.64/21, Local: 192.168.70.143,
    Broadcast: 192.168.71.255, Generation: 1

user@host> show interfaces em0 extensive

Physical interface: em0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 8, SNMP ifIndex: 17, Generation: 2
  Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Clocking: Unspecified,
  Speed: 100Mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
  Link type      : Full-Duplex
  Physical info   : Unspecified
  Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Current address: 00:80:f9:26:00:c0, Hardware address: 00:80:f9:26:00:c0
  Alternate link address: Unspecified
  Last flapped   : Never
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   :                127120
    Output bytes  :             1357414
    Input packets :                1843
    Output packets:                5372
  IPv6 transit statistics:
    Input bytes   :                0
    Output bytes  :                0
    Input packets :                0
    Output packets:                0
  Input errors:
    Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0, Policed discards:
0, Resource errors: 0
  Output errors:
    Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0, Resource errors:
0

Logical interface em0.0 (Index 3) (SNMP ifIndex 18) (Generation 1)
  Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   :             119748
    Output bytes  :          1335719
    Input packets :                1843
    Output packets:                5372
  Local statistics:
    Input bytes   :             119748
    Output bytes  :          1335719
    Input packets :                1843
    Output packets:                5372
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 1, Route table: 0
  Flags: Is-Primary
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 192.168.178.0/25, Local: 192.168.178.11, Broadcast:
192.168.178.127, Generation: 1

```

**show interfaces brief
(Management Ethernet)**

```

user@host> show interfaces fxp1 brief

Physical interface: fxp1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Clocking: Unspecified,

```

```

Speed: 100mbps
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps

Logical interface fxp1.0
Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
inet 10.0.0.4/8
inet6 fe80::200:ff:fe00:4/64
      fec0::10:0:0:4/64
tnp 4

```

**show interfaces brief
(Management Ethernet
[TX Matrix Plus Router])**

```

user@host> show interfaces em0 brief
Physical interface: em0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Clocking: Unspecified,
Speed: 100mbps
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps

Logical interface em0.0
Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
inet 192.168.178.11/25

```

**show interfaces
(Internal Ethernet)**

```

user@host> show interfaces fxp1
Physical interface: fxp1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 2, SNMP ifIndex: 2
Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 100mbps
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
Link type      : Full-Duplex
Current address: 02:00:00:00:00:04, Hardware address: 02:00:00:00:00:04
Last flapped   : Never
Input packets  : 30655
Output packets : 33323

Logical interface fxp1.0 (Index 3) (SNMP ifIndex 14)
Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
Flags: Is-Primary
Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 10/8, Local: 10.0.0.4, Broadcast: 10.255.255.255
Protocol inet6, MTU: 1500
Flags: Is-Primary
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred
Destination: fe80::/64, Local: fe80::200:ff:fe00:4
Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: fec0::/64, Local: fec0::10:0:0:4
Protocol tnp, MTU: 1500
Flags: Primary, Is-Primary
Addresses
Local: 4

```

**show interfaces
(Internal Ethernet [TX
Matrix Plus Router])**

```

user@host> show interfaces ixgbe0
Physical interface: ixgbe0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 2, SNMP ifIndex: 116
Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 1000mbps
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
Link type      : Full-Duplex
Current address: 02:00:00:22:00:04, Hardware address: 02:00:00:22:00:04
Last flapped   : Never
Input packets  : 2301738

```

Output packets: 3951155

Logical interface ixgbe0.0 (Index 4) (SNMP ifIndex 117)
 Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
 Input packets : 2301595
 Output packets: 3951155
 Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
 Flags: Is-Primary
 Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred
 Destination: 10/8, Local: 10.34.0.4, Broadcast: 10.255.255.255
 Addresses, Flags: Primary Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
 Destination: 128/2, Local: 162.0.0.4, Broadcast: 191.255.255.255
 Protocol inet6, MTU: 1500
 Flags: Is-Primary
 Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred
 Destination: fe80::/64, Local: fe80::200:ff:fe22:4
 Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
 Destination: fec0::/64, Local: fec0::a:22:0:4
 Protocol tnp, MTU: 1500
 Flags: Primary, Is-Primary
 Addresses
 Local: 0x22000004

**show interfaces detail
 (Internal Ethernet)**

```
user@host> show interfaces fxp1 detail
Physical interface: fxp1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 2, SNMP ifIndex: 2, Generation: 1
Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Clocking: Unspecified,
Speed: 100mbps
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
Link type      : Full-Duplex
Physical info  : Unspecified
Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: 02:00:00:00:00:04, Hardware address: 02:00:00:00:00:04
Alternate link address: Unspecified
Last flapped   : Never
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes   :          2339969
Output bytes  :          15880707
Input packets :          30758
Output packets:          33443

Logical interface fxp1.0 (Index 3) (SNMP ifIndex 14) (Generation 2)
Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 7, Route table: 1
Flags: Is-Primary
Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 10/8, Local: 10.0.0.4, Broadcast: 10.255.255.255,
Generation: 3
Protocol inet6, MTU: 1500, Generation: 8, Route table: 1
Flags: Is-Primary
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred
Destination: fe80::/64, Local: fe80::200:ff:fe00:4,
Broadcast: Unspecified, Generation: 5
Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: fec0::/64, Local: fec0::10:0:0:4, Broadcast: Unspecified,
Generation: 7
Protocol tnp, MTU: 1500, Generation: 9, Route table: 1
Flags: Primary, Is-Primary
Addresses, Flags: None
```

Destination: Unspecified, Local: 4, Broadcast: Unspecified,
Generation: 8

show interfaces detail
(Internal Ethernet [TX
Matrix Plus Router])

```
user@host> show interfaces ixgbe0 detail
Physical interface: ixgbe0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 2, SNMP ifIndex: 116, Generation: 3
  Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Clocking: Unspecified,
Speed: 1000Mbps
Device flags      : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
Link type        : Full-Duplex
Physical info     : Unspecified
Hold-times       : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: 02:00:00:22:00:04, Hardware address: 02:00:00:22:00:04
Alternate link address: Unspecified
Last flapped     : Never
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes      :          238172825
  Output bytes     :          1338948955
  Input packets    :          2360984
  Output packets   :          4061512
IPv6 transit statistics:
  Input bytes      :              0
  Output bytes     :              0
  Input packets    :              0
  Output packets   :              0

Logical interface ixgbe0.0 (Index 4) (SNMP ifIndex 117) (Generation 2)
Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes      :          228720309
  Output bytes     :          1261387447
  Input packets    :          2360841
  Output packets   :          4061512
IPv6 transit statistics:
  Input bytes      :              0
  Output bytes     :              0
  Input packets    :              0
  Output packets   :              0
Local statistics:
  Input bytes      :          228720309
  Output bytes     :          1261387447
  Input packets    :          2360841
  Output packets   :          4061512
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 2, Route table: 1
  Flags: Is-Primary
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred
    Destination: 10/8, Local: 10.34.0.4, Broadcast: 10.255.255.255, Generation: 2
    Addresses, Flags: Primary Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
      Destination: 128/2, Local: 162.0.0.4, Broadcast: 191.255.255.255,
Generation: 3
  Protocol inet6, MTU: 1500, Generation: 3, Route table: 1
    Flags: Is-Primary
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred
      Destination: fe80::/64, Local: fe80::200:ff:fe22:4
Generation: 4
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
      Destination: fec0::/64, Local: fec0::a:22:0:4
  Protocol tnp, MTU: 1500, Generation: 5
```

```

    Generation: 4, Route table: 1
    Flags: Primary, Is-Primary
    Addresses, Flags: None
    Destination: Unspecified, Local: 0x22000004, Broadcast: Unspecified,
    Generation: 6

```

**show interfaces
extensive
(internal Ethernet)**

```

user@host> show interfaces fxp1 extensive
Physical interface: fxp1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 2, SNMP ifIndex: 2, Generation: 1
Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Clocking: Unspecified,
Speed: 100mbps
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
Link type      : Full-Duplex
Physical info   : Unspecified
Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: 02:00:00:00:00:04, Hardware address: 02:00:00:00:00:04
Alternate link address: Unspecified
Last flapped   : Never
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes   :          2349897
Output bytes  :          15888605
Input packets :           30896
Output packets:           33607
Input errors:
Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
Policed discards: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0,
Resource errors: 0

Logical interface fxp1.0 (Index 3) (SNMP ifIndex 14) (Generation 2)
Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 7, Route table: 1
Flags: Is-Primary
Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 10/8, Local: 10.0.0.4, Broadcast: 10.255.255.255,
Generation: 3
Protocol inet6, MTU: 1500, Generation: 8, Route table: 1
Flags: Is-Primary
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred
Destination: fe80::/64, Local: fe80::200:ff:fe00:4,
Broadcast: Unspecified, Generation: 5
Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: fec0::/64, Local: fec0::10:0:0:4, Broadcast: Unspecified,
Generation: 7
Protocol tnp, MTU: 1500, Generation: 9, Route table: 1
Flags: Primary, Is-Primary
Addresses, Flags: None
Destination: Unspecified, Local: 4, Broadcast: Unspecified,
Generation: 8

```

**show interfaces
extensive
(internal Ethernet [TX
Matrix Plus Router])**

```

user@host> show interfaces ixgbe0 extensive
Physical interface: ixgbe0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 2, SNMP ifIndex: 116, Generation: 3
Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Clocking: Unspecified,
Speed: 1000mbps
Device flags   : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
Link type      : Full-Duplex

```

```

Physical info : Unspecified
Hold-times   : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: 02:00:00:22:00:04, Hardware address: 02:00:00:22:00:04
Alternate link address: Unspecified
Last flapped : Never
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :          242730780
Output bytes :          1348312269
Input packets:          2398737
Output packets:          4133510
IPv6 transit statistics:
Input bytes :          0
Output bytes :          0
Input packets:          0
Output packets:          0
Input errors:
Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runt: 0, Giants: 0, Policed discards:
0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, MTU errors: 0, Resource errors:
0

Logical interface ixgbe0.0 (Index 4) (SNMP ifIndex 117) (Generation 2)
Flags: SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes :          233127252
Output bytes :          1269350897
Input packets:          2398594
Output packets:          4133510
IPv6 transit statistics:
Input bytes :          0
Output bytes :          0
Input packets:          0
Output packets:          0
Local statistics:
Input bytes :          233127252
Output bytes :          1269350897
Input packets:          2398594
Output packets:          4133510
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 2, Route table: 1
Flags: Is-Primary
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred
Destination: 10/8, Local: 10.34.0.4, Broadcast: 10.255.255.255, Generation:
2
Addresses, Flags: Primary Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: 128/2, Local: 162.0.0.4, Broadcast: 191.255.255.255,
Generation: 3
Protocol inet6, MTU: 1500, Generation: 3, Route table: 1
Flags: Is-Primary
Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred
Destination: fe80::/64, Local: fe80::200:ff:fe22:4
Generation: 4
Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
Destination: fec0::/64, Local: fec0::a:22:0:4
Protocol tnp, MTU: 1500, Generation: 5
Generation: 4, Route table: 1
Flags: Primary, Is-Primary
Addresses, Flags: None
Destination: Unspecified, Local: 0x22000004, Broadcast: Unspecified,
Generation: 6

```

show interfaces (J Series Router Management Ethernet)

Syntax	show interfaces fe-0/0/0<.0> <brief | detail | extensive | terse> <descriptions> <media> <snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i> > <statistics>
Release Information	Command introduced before JUNOS Release 7.4.
Description	(J Series routers only) Display status information about the management Ethernet interface.
Options	<p>fe-0/0/0<.0>—Display standard information about the management Ethernet or internal Ethernet interface, respectively.</p> <p>brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p>descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.</p> <p>media—(Optional) Display media-specific information.</p> <p>snmp-index <i>snmp-index</i>—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.</p> <p>statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.</p>
Required Privilege Level	view
List of Sample Output	<p>show interfaces brief (Management Ethernet) on page 840</p> <p>show interfaces (Management Ethernet) on page 840</p> <p>show interfaces detail (Management Ethernet) on page 841</p> <p>show interfaces extensive (Management Ethernet) on page 842</p>
Output Fields	Table 158 on page 834 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (management) command on the J Series routers. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 158: J Series Router Management Ethernet show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels
Link	Status of the link: up or down.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the “Enabled Field” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive

Table 158: J Series Router Management Ethernet show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Description	Description and name of the interface.	detail extensive
Link-level type	Encapsulation type used on the physical interface.	brief detail extensive
MTU	Maximum transmission unit (MTU). Size of the largest packet to be transmitted.	brief detail extensive
Speed	Network speed on the interface.	brief detail extensive
Loopback	Whether loopback is enabled and the type of loopback (either local or remote).	brief detail extensive
Source filtering	Whether source filtering is configured.	brief detail extensive
Flow control	Whether flow control is enabled or disabled.	brief detail extensive
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the “Device Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	brief detail extensive
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the “Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	brief detail extensive
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the “Link Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	brief detail extensive
CoS queues	Number of CoS queues supported on this interface.	detail extensive
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down. Value is in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Current address	Configured MAC address.	detail extensive
Hardware address	Media access control (MAC) address of the interface.	detail extensive
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is <i>Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago)</i> . For example, <i>Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago)</i> .	detail extensive
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes, Output bytes—Number of bytes received and transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets, Output packets—Number of packets received and transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive

Table 158: J Series Router Management Ethernet show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Input errors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Errors—Input errors on the interface. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. ■ Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). ■ Runts—Frames received smaller than the runt threshold. ■ Policed Discards—Frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because the frames did not recognize them or were not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that JUNOS does not support. ■ L3 incompletes—Number of incoming packets discarded because they failed Layer 3 (usually IPv4) sanity checks of the header. For example, a frame with less than 20 bytes of available IP header is discarded. ■ L2 channel errors—Number of times the software could not find a valid logical interface for an incoming frame. ■ L2 mismatch timeouts—Number of malformed or short packets that cause the incoming packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable. ■ FIFO errors—Number of FIFO errors in the receive direction as reported by the ASIC on the PIM. If this value is ever nonzero, the PIM is probably malfunctioning. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Output errors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and then up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly, possibly once every 10 seconds, the cable, the remote system, or the interface is malfunctioning. ■ Errors—Sum of outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors. ■ Drops—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet dropped by the ASIC RED mechanism. ■ Collisions—Number of Ethernet collisions. ■ Aged packets—Number of packets that remained in shared packet SDRAM so long that the system automatically purged them. The value in this field should never increment. If it does, it is most likely a software bug or possibly malfunctioning hardware. ■ HS link CRC errors—Number of errors on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. ■ FIFO errors—Number of FIFO errors in the receive direction as reported by the ASIC on the PIM. If this value is ever nonzero, the PIM is probably malfunctioning. ■ MTU errors—Number of packets larger than the MTU threshold. ■ Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive
Queue counters	<p>CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Queued packets—Number of queued packets. ■ Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets. ■ Dropped packets—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. 	detail extensive

Table 158: J Series Router Management Ethernet show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Active alarms and Active defects	<p>Ethernet-specific defects that can prevent the interface from passing packets. When a defect persists for a certain period, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router, or turn on the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. These fields can contain the value None or Link.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ None—There are no active defects or alarms. ■ Link—Interface has lost its link state, which usually means that the cable is unplugged, the far-end system has been turned off, or the PIM is malfunctioning. 	detail extensive
MAC statistics	<p>Statistics reported by the PIM's MAC subsystem, including the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Total octets and total packets —Total number of sent and received octets and packets. ■ Unicast, broadcast, and multicast packets—Number of unicast, broadcast, and multicast packets. ■ CRC/Align errors—Total number of packets received that had a length (excluding framing bits, but including FCS octets) of between 64 and 1518 octets, inclusive, but had either a bad FCS with an integral number of octets (FCS error) or a bad FCS with a nonintegral number of octets (alignment error). ■ FIFO errors—Number of FIFO errors that are reported by the ASIC on the PIM. If this value is ever nonzero, the PIC is probably malfunctioning. ■ MAC control frames—Number of MAC control frames. ■ MAC pause frames—Number of MAC control frames with pause operational code. ■ Oversized frames—Number of frames that exceed the MTU. ■ Jabber frames—Number of packets received that were longer than 1518 octets (excluding framing bits, but including FCS octets), and had either an FCS error or an alignment error. This definition of jabber is different from the definition in IEEE-802.3 section 8.2.1.5 (10Base5) and section 10.3.1.4 (10Base2). These documents define jabber as the condition in which any packet exceeds 20 ms. The allowed range to detect jabber is between 20 ms and 150 ms. ■ Fragment frames—Total number of packets received that were less than 64 octets (excluding framing bits, but including FCS octets), and had either an FCS error or an alignment error. Fragment frames normally increment because both runts (which are normal occurrences caused by collisions) and noise hits are counted. ■ VLAN tagged frames—Number of frames that are VLAN tagged. The system uses the TPID of 0x8100 in the frame to determine whether a frame is tagged or not. ■ Code violations—Number of times an event caused the PHY to indicate “Data reception error” or “invalid data symbol error”. 	extensive

Table 158: J Series Router Management Ethernet show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Filter statistics	<p>Statistics reported by the PIM's MAC address filter subsystem. The filtering is done by the content-addressable memory (CAM) on the PIM. The filter examines a packet's source and destination MAC addresses to determine whether the packet should enter the system or be rejected.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input packet count—Number of packets received from the MAC hardware that the filter processed. ■ Input packet rejects—Number of packets that the filter rejected because of either the source MAC address or the destination MAC address. ■ Input DA rejects—Number of packets that the filter rejected because the destination MAC address of the packet is not on the accept list. It is normal for this value to increment. When it increments very quickly and no traffic is entering the router from the far-end system, either a bad ARP entry exists on the far-end system, or multicast routing is not on and the far-end system is sending many multicast packets to the local router (which the router is rejecting). ■ Input SA rejects—Number of packets that the filter rejected because the source MAC address of the packet is not on the accept list. The value in this field should increment only if source MAC address filtering has been enabled. If filtering is enabled, if the value increments quickly, and if the system is not receiving traffic that it should from the far-end system, it means that the user-configured source MAC addresses for this interface are incorrect. ■ Output packet count—Number of packets that the filter has given to the MAC hardware. ■ Output packet pad count—Number of packets the filter padded to the minimum Ethernet size (60 bytes) before giving the packet to the MAC hardware. Usually, padding is done only on small ARP packets, but some very small IP packets can also require padding. If this value increments rapidly, either the system is trying to find an ARP entry for a far-end system that does not exist or it is misconfigured. ■ Output packet error count—Number of packets with an indicated error that the filter was given to transmit. These packets are usually aged packets or are the result of a bandwidth problem. On a normal system, the value of this field should not increment. ■ CAM destination filters, CAM source filters—Number of entries in the CAM dedicated to destination and source MAC address filters. There can only be up to 64 source entries. If source filtering is disabled, which is the default, the values for these fields should be 0. 	extensive

Table 158: J Series Router Management Ethernet show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Autonegotiation information	<p>Information about link autonegotiation.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Negotiation status: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Incomplete—Ethernet interface has the speed or link mode configured. ■ No autonegotiation—Remote Ethernet interface has the speed or link mode configured, or does not perform autonegotiation. ■ Complete—Ethernet interface is connected to a device that performs autonegotiation and the autonegotiation process is successful. ■ Link partner status—OK when the Ethernet interface is connected to a device that performs autonegotiation and the autonegotiation process is successful. ■ Link partner—Depending on the capability of the attached Ethernet device, either Full-duplex or Half-duplex. ■ Flow control—Types of flow control supported by the remote Ethernet device. 	extensive
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration	<p>Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Destination slot—FPC slot number. ■ CoS transmit queue—Queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ bandwidth %—Percentage of bandwidth allocated to the queue. ■ Bandwidth bps—Bandwidth allocated to the queue (in bps). ■ buffer %—Percentage of buffer space allocated to the queue. ■ Buffer usec—Amount of buffer space allocated to the queue, in microseconds. This value is nonzero only if the buffer size is configured in terms of time. ■ Priority—Queue priority: low or high. ■ Limit—Displayed if rate limiting is configured for the queue. Possible values are none and exact. If exact is configured, the queue transmits only up to the configured bandwidth, even if excess bandwidth is available. If none is configured, the queue transmits beyond the configured bandwidth if bandwidth is available. 	extensive
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	All levels
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	All levels
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Description	Description and name of the interface.	brief detail extensive
Flags	Information about the logical interface; values are described in the “Logical Interface Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	brief detail extensive
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	brief detail extensive

Table 158: J Series Router Management Ethernet show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Traffic statistics	<p>Total number of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface. These statistics are the sum of the local and transit statistics. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Input bytes, Output bytes—Number of bytes received and transmitted on the interface. ■ Input packets, Output packets—Number of packets received and transmitted on the interface. 	extensive
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface (such as <code>iso</code> or <code>inet6</code>).	All levels
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface.	All levels
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route Table	Route table in which this address exists. for example, <code>Route table:0</code> refers to <code>inet.0</code> .	All levels
Flags	Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the “Family Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive
Addresses, Flags	Information about address flags. Possible values are described in the “Addresses Flags” section under “Common Output Fields Description” on page 89.	detail extensive
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	All levels
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	All levels
Broadcast	Broadcast address.	All levels
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive

```

show interfaces brief      user@host> show interfaces fe-0/0/0 brief
(Management Ethernet)    Physical interface: fe-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                             Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 100mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
                             Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled
                             Device flags   : Present Running
                             Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000

                             Logical interface fe-0/0/0.0
                             Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x1000000 Encapsulation: ENET2
                             inet 192.168.69.55/21

show interfaces          user@host> show interfaces fe-0/0/0
(Management Ethernet)    Physical interface: fe-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                             Interface index: 137, SNMP ifIndex: 31
                             Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 100mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
                             Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled
                             Device flags   : Present Running
                             Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000

```

```

CoS queues      : 8 supported, 8 in use
Current address: 00:05:85:c3:84:d0, Hardware address: 00:05:85:c3:84:d0
Last flapped   : 2005-12-19 15:35:53 PST (15w0d 22:17 ago)
Input rate     : 243656 bps (506 pps)
Output rate    : 2080 bps (3 pps)
Active alarms  : None
Active defects : None

```

```

Logical interface fe-0/0/0.0 (Index 67) (SNMP ifIndex 45)
  Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x1000000 Encapsulation: ENET2
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
  Flags: Is-Primary
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 192.168.64/21, Local: 192.168.69.55,
    Broadcast: 192.168.71.255

```

**show interfaces detail
(Management Ethernet)**

```

user@host> show interfaces fe-0/0/0 detail
Physical interface: fe-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 137, SNMP ifIndex: 31, Generation: 18
  Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 100mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
  Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  CoS queues     : 8 supported, 8 in use
  Hold-times     : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Current address: 00:05:85:c3:84:d0, Hardware address: 00:05:85:c3:84:d0
  Last flapped   : 2005-12-19 15:35:53 PST (15w0d 22:25 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes   :          18192489978          11520 bps
    Output bytes  :          338573758          2824 bps
    Input packets :          251397914           17 pps
    Output packets:          2840667           3 pps
  Queue counters:      Queued packets  Transmitted packets      Dropped packets

    0 best-effort          1308091          1308091              0
    1 expedited-fo              0              0              0
    2 assured-forw              0              0              0
    3 network-cont              0              0              0
    4 be-class                0              0              0
    5 ef-class                 0              0              0
    6 af-class                1532576          1532576              0

  Active alarms  : None
  Active defects : None

  Logical interface fe-0/0/0.0 (Index 67) (SNMP ifIndex 45) (Generation 5)
    Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x1000000 Encapsulation: ENET2
    Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 9, Route table: 0
    Flags: Is-Primary
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
      Destination: 192.168.64/21, Local: 192.168.69.55,
      Broadcast: 192.168.71.255, Generation: 7

```

```

show interfaces      user@host> show interfaces fe-0/0/0 detail
extensive (Management
Ethernet)          Physical interface: fe-0/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                      Interface index: 137, SNMP ifIndex: 31, Generation: 18
                      Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 100mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
                      Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled
                      Device flags   : Present Running
                      Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
                      CoS queues    : 8 supported, 8 in use
                      Hold-times    : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
                      Current address: 00:05:85:c3:84:d0, Hardware address: 00:05:85:c3:84:d0
                      Last flapped   : 2005-12-19 15:35:53 PST (15w0d 22:26 ago)
                      Statistics last cleared: Never
                      Traffic statistics:
                        Input bytes   :          18192523184          8848 bps
                        Output bytes  :          338578715          2656 bps
                        Input packets :          251398326           16 pps
                        Output packets:          2840696           4 pps
                      Input errors:
                        Errors: 4273531220, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0,
                        Policed discards: 187, L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0,
                        L2 mismatch timeouts: 0, FIFO errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
                      Output errors:
                        Carrier transitions: 1, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Collisions: 0, Aged packets: 0,

                        FIFO errors: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0, MTU errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
                      Queue counters:
                        Queued packets  Transmitted packets  Dropped packets

                        0 best-effort          1308111          1308111          0
                        1 expedited-fo          0              0              0
                        2 assured-forw          0              0              0
                        3 network-cont          0              0              0
                        4 be-class              0              0              0
                        5 ef-class              0              0              0
                        6 af-class              1532585          1532585          0

                      Active alarms : None
                      Active defects : None
                      MAC statistics:
                        Receive          Transmit
                        Total octets      18544532244      360434659
                        Total packets    251398493       2840690
                        Unicast packets   1141188         2558770
                        Broadcast packets 244048157       281920
                        Multicast packets 6209148         0
                        CRC/Align errors  1121446         0
                        FIFO errors       0              0
                        MAC control frames 0              0
                        MAC pause frames  0              0
                        Oversized frames  591            0
                        Jabber frames     0              0
                        Fragment frames   0              0
                        VLAN tagged frames 0              0
                        Code violations   0              0
                      Filter statistics:
                        Input packet count 13114864305
                        Input packet rejects 12863465812

```



```

Input DA rejects          12863465812
Input SA rejects          0
Output packet count              0
Output packet pad count         0
Output packet error count       0
CAM destination filters: 2, CAM source filters: 0
Autonegotiation information:
  Negotiation status: No-autonegotiation, Link partner status: Ok,
  Link partner: Unknown, Flow control: None
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 0
  CoS transmit queue      Bandwidth      Buffer      Priority  Limit
                           %             bps      %       usec
0 best-effort             95      95000000  95        0        low   none
3 network-control         5       5000000   5         0        low   none

Logical interface fe-0/0/0.0 (Index 67) (SNMP ifIndex 45) (Generation 5)
Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x1000000 Encapsulation: ENET2
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 9, Route table: 0
Flags: Is-Primary
Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
  Destination: 192.168.64/21, Local: 192.168.69.55,
  Broadcast: 192.168.71.255, Generation: 7

```


Part 13

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