



Junos[®] OS

Broadband Subscriber Sessions Feature Guide



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Junos® OS Broadband Subscriber Sessions Feature Guide
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Documentation and Release Notes

To obtain the most current version of all Juniper Networks® technical documentation, see the product documentation page on the Juniper Networks website at <https://www.juniper.net/documentation/>.

If the information in the latest release notes differs from the information in the documentation, follow the product Release Notes.

Juniper Networks Books publishes books by Juniper Networks engineers and subject matter experts. These books go beyond the technical documentation to explore the nuances of network architecture, deployment, and administration. The current list can be viewed at <https://www.juniper.net/books>.

Supported Platforms

For the features described in this document, the following platforms are supported:

- MX Series

Using the Examples in This Manual

If you want to use the examples in this manual, you can use the **load merge** or the **load merge relative** command. These commands cause the software to merge the incoming configuration into the current candidate configuration. The example does not become active until you commit the candidate configuration.

If the example configuration contains the top level of the hierarchy (or multiple hierarchies), the example is a *full example*. In this case, use the **load merge** command.

If the example configuration does not start at the top level of the hierarchy, the example is a *snippet*. In this case, use the **load merge relative** command. These procedures are described in the following sections.

Merging a Full Example

To merge a full example, follow these steps:

1. From the HTML or PDF version of the manual, copy a configuration example into a text file, save the file with a name, and copy the file to a directory on your routing platform.

For example, copy the following configuration to a file and name the file **ex-script.conf**. Copy the **ex-script.conf** file to the **/var/tmp** directory on your routing platform.

```
system {
  scripts {
    commit {
      file ex-script.xml;
    }
  }
}
interfaces {
  fxp0 {
    disable;
    unit 0 {
      family inet {
        address 10.0.0.1/24;
      }
    }
  }
}
```

2. Merge the contents of the file into your routing platform configuration by issuing the **load merge** configuration mode command:

```
[edit]
user@host# load merge /var/tmp/ex-script.conf
load complete
```

Merging a Snippet

To merge a snippet, follow these steps:

1. From the HTML or PDF version of the manual, copy a configuration snippet into a text file, save the file with a name, and copy the file to a directory on your routing platform.

For example, copy the following snippet to a file and name the file **ex-script-snippet.conf**. Copy the **ex-script-snippet.conf** file to the **/var/tmp** directory on your routing platform.

```
commit {
  file ex-script-snippet.xml; }
```

2. Move to the hierarchy level that is relevant for this snippet by issuing the following configuration mode command:

```
[edit]
user@host# edit system scripts
[edit system scripts]
```

3. Merge the contents of the file into your routing platform configuration by issuing the **load merge relative** configuration mode command:

```
[edit system scripts]
user@host# load merge relative /var/tmp/ex-script-snippet.conf
load complete
```

For more information about the **load** command, see [CLI Explorer](#).

Documentation Conventions

Table 1 on page xlix defines notice icons used in this guide.

Table 1: Notice Icons

| Icon | Meaning | Description |
|---|--------------------|---|
|  | Informational note | Indicates important features or instructions. |
|  | Caution | Indicates a situation that might result in loss of data or hardware damage. |
|  | Warning | Alerts you to the risk of personal injury or death. |
|  | Laser warning | Alerts you to the risk of personal injury from a laser. |
|  | Tip | Indicates helpful information. |
|  | Best practice | Alerts you to a recommended use or implementation. |

Table 2 on page l defines the text and syntax conventions used in this guide.

Table 2: Text and Syntax Conventions

| Convention | Description | Examples |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Bold text like this | Represents text that you type. | To enter configuration mode, type the configure command: user@host> configure |
| Fixed-width text like this | Represents output that appears on the terminal screen. | user@host> show chassis alarms No alarms currently active |
| <i>Italic text like this</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Introduces or emphasizes important new terms. Identifies guide names. Identifies RFC and Internet draft titles. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A policy <i>term</i> is a named structure that defines match conditions and actions. <i>Junos OS CLI User Guide</i> RFC 1997, <i>BGP Communities Attribute</i> |
| <i>Italic text like this</i> | Represents variables (options for which you substitute a value) in commands or configuration statements. | Configure the machine's domain name: [edit] root@# set system domain-name <i>domain-name</i> |
| Text like this | Represents names of configuration statements, commands, files, and directories; configuration hierarchy levels; or labels on routing platform components. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To configure a stub area, include the stub statement at the [edit protocols ospf area area-id] hierarchy level. The console port is labeled CONSOLE. |
| < > (angle brackets) | Encloses optional keywords or variables. | stub <default-metric <i>metric</i> >; |
| (pipe symbol) | Indicates a choice between the mutually exclusive keywords or variables on either side of the symbol. The set of choices is often enclosed in parentheses for clarity. | broadcast multicast (<i>string1</i> <i>string2</i> <i>string3</i>) |
| # (pound sign) | Indicates a comment specified on the same line as the configuration statement to which it applies. | rsvp { # Required for dynamic MPLS only |
| [] (square brackets) | Encloses a variable for which you can substitute one or more values. | community name members [community-ids] |
| Indentation and braces ({ }) | Identifies a level in the configuration hierarchy. | [edit] routing-options { static { route default { nexthop <i>address</i> ; retain; } } } |
| ;(semicolon) | Identifies a leaf statement at a configuration hierarchy level. | |

GUI Conventions

Table 2: Text and Syntax Conventions (*continued*)

| Convention | Description | Examples |
|------------------------------|--|---|
| Bold text like this | Represents graphical user interface (GUI) items you click or select. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> In the Logical Interfaces box, select All Interfaces. To cancel the configuration, click Cancel. |
| > (bold right angle bracket) | Separates levels in a hierarchy of menu selections. | In the configuration editor hierarchy, select Protocols>Ospf . |

Documentation Feedback

We encourage you to provide feedback, comments, and suggestions so that we can improve the documentation. You can provide feedback by using either of the following methods:

- Online feedback rating system—On any page of the Juniper Networks TechLibrary site at <https://www.juniper.net/documentation/index.html>, simply click the stars to rate the content, and use the pop-up form to provide us with information about your experience. Alternately, you can use the online feedback form at <https://www.juniper.net/documentation/feedback/>.
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Technical product support is available through the Juniper Networks Technical Assistance Center (JTAC). If you are a customer with an active J-Care or Partner Support Service support contract, or are covered under warranty, and need post-sales technical support, you can access our tools and resources online or open a case with JTAC.

- JTAC policies—For a complete understanding of our JTAC procedures and policies, review the *JTAC User Guide* located at <https://www.juniper.net/us/en/local/pdf/resource-guides/7100059-en.pdf>.
- Product warranties—For product warranty information, visit <https://www.juniper.net/support/warranty/>.
- JTAC hours of operation—The JTAC centers have resources available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year.

Self-Help Online Tools and Resources

For quick and easy problem resolution, Juniper Networks has designed an online self-service portal called the Customer Support Center (CSC) that provides you with the following features:

- Find CSC offerings: <https://www.juniper.net/customers/support/>
- Search for known bugs: <https://prsearch.juniper.net/>
- Find product documentation: <https://www.juniper.net/documentation/>
- Find solutions and answer questions using our Knowledge Base: <https://kb.juniper.net/>
- Download the latest versions of software and review release notes: <https://www.juniper.net/customers/csc/software/>
- Search technical bulletins for relevant hardware and software notifications: <https://kb.juniper.net/InfoCenter/>
- Join and participate in the Juniper Networks Community Forum: <https://www.juniper.net/company/communities/>
- Open a case online in the CSC Case Management tool: <https://www.juniper.net/cm/>

To verify service entitlement by product serial number, use our Serial Number Entitlement (SNE) Tool: <https://entitlementsearch.juniper.net/entitlementsearch/>

Opening a Case with JTAC

You can open a case with JTAC on the Web or by telephone.

- Use the Case Management tool in the CSC at <https://www.juniper.net/cm/>.
- Call 1-888-314-JTAC (1-888-314-5822 toll-free in the USA, Canada, and Mexico).

For international or direct-dial options in countries without toll-free numbers, see <https://www.juniper.net/support/requesting-support.html>.

PART 1

Configuring AAA for Subscriber Management

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- [Configuring RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs on page 13](#)
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- [Configuring RADIUS Accounting for Subscriber Access on page 113](#)
- [Configuring Routers and RADIUS Servers for Subscriber Access on page 137](#)
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CHAPTER 1

AAA and RADIUS for Subscriber Access Overview

- [AAA Service Framework Overview on page 3](#)
- [RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 4](#)
- [Global RADIUS Options for Subscriber Access on page 8](#)
- [Subscriber Access Interface Description Storage and Reporting Through RADIUS Overview on page 8](#)

AAA Service Framework Overview

The authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA) Service Framework provides a single point of contact for all the authentication, authorization, accounting, address assignment, and dynamic request services that the router supports for network access. The framework supports authentication and authorization through external servers, such as RADIUS. The framework also supports accounting and dynamic-request change of authorization (CoA) and disconnect operations through external servers, and address assignment through a combination of local address-assignment pools and RADIUS.

When interacting with external back-end RADIUS servers, the AAA Service Framework supports standard RADIUS attributes and Juniper Networks vendor specific attributes (VSAs). The AAA Service Framework also includes an integrated RADIUS client that is compatible with RADIUS servers that conform to RFC-2865, *Remote Authentication Dial In User Service (RADIUS)*, RFC-2866, *RADIUS Accounting*, and RFC-3576, *Dynamic Authorization Extensions to Remote Authentication Dial In User Service (RADIUS)*, and which can initiate requests.

You create the following types of configurations to manage subscriber access.

- **Authentication**—Authentication parameters defined in the access profile determine the authentication component of the AAA processing. For example, subscribers can be authenticated using an external authentication service such as RADIUS.
- **Accounting**—Accounting parameters in the access profile specify the accounting part of the AAA processing. For example, the parameters determine how the router collects and uses subscriber statistics. You can also configure AAA to enable the router to collect statistics on a per-service session basis for subscribers.

- **RADIUS-initiated dynamic requests**—A list of authentication server IP addresses in the access profile specify the RADIUS servers that can initiate dynamic requests to the router. Dynamic requests include CoA requests, which specify VSA modifications and service changes, and disconnect requests, which terminate subscriber sessions. The list of authentication servers also provide RADIUS-based dynamic service activation and deactivation during subscriber login.
- **Address assignment**—The AAA Service Framework assigns addresses to subscribers based on the configuration of local address-assignment pools. For example, the AAA framework collaborates with RADIUS servers to assign addresses from the specified pools.
- **Subscriber secure policy**—RADIUS VSAs and attributes provide RADIUS-initiated traffic mirroring on a per-subscriber basis.

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 137](#)
- [RADIUS Acct-On and Acct-Off Messages on page 121](#)
- [Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94](#)
- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625](#)
- [RADIUS Accounting Statistics for Subscriber Access Overview on page 113](#)
- [Using RADIUS Dynamic Requests for Subscriber Access Management on page 207](#)
- [*Subscriber Secure Policy Overview*](#)

RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access

You can specify options that the router uses when communicating with RADIUS authentication and accounting servers for subscriber access.

The following list describes the RADIUS options you can configure:

- **access-loop-id-local**—The Agent-Remote-Id and Agent-Circuit-Id generated locally when these values are not present in the client database. The interface description of the logical interface is used as the Agent-Remote-Id and the interface description portion of the NAS-Port-Id using the format `<underlying-interface-name>:<outer-tag>-<inner-tag>` is used as the Agent-Circuit-Id.



NOTE: The NAS-Port-Id format changes (established by `[set access profile profile-name radius options interface-description-format]`) are applied before generating the Agent-Circuit-Id.

The NAS-Port-Id format (established by `[set access profile profile-name radius options interface-description-format]`) leverages the locally generated Agent-Remote-Id and Agent-Circuit-Id.

- **accounting-session-id-format**—The format the router uses to identify the accounting session. The identifier can be in one of the following formats:
 - **decimal**—The default format. For example, `435264`
 - **description**—In the format, `jnpr interface-specifier:subscriber-session-id`. For example, `jnpr fastEthernet 3/2.6:1010101010101`
- **calling-station-id-delimiter**—The character that the router uses as the separator between concatenated values in the Calling-Station-Id string (RADIUS attribute 31).
- **calling-station-id-format**—Optional information that the router includes in the Calling-Station-Id (RADIUS attribute 31).
- **client-accounting-algorithm** and **client-authentication-algorithm**—The method the router uses to access RADIUS accounting and RADIUS authentication servers. You can specify the following methods:
 - **direct**—The default method, in which there is no load balancing. For example, in the direct method, the router always accesses **server1** (the primary server) first, and uses **server2** and **server3** as backup servers.
 - **round-robin**—The method that provides load balancing by rotating router requests among the list of configured RADIUS servers. For example, if three RADIUS servers are configured to support the router, the router sends the first request to **server1**, and uses **server2** and **server3** as backup servers. The router then sends the second request to **server2**, and uses **server3** and **server1** as backups.



NOTE: When a RADIUS server in the round-robin list becomes unreachable, the next reachable server in the round-robin list is used for the current request. That same server is also used for the next request because it is at the top of the list of available servers. As a result, after a server failure, the server that is used takes up the load of two servers.

- **coa-dynamic-variable-validation**—The optional method that the router uses when processing CoA requests that include changes to a client profile dynamic variable that cannot be applied. The optional configuration specifies that when a CoA operation is unable to apply a requested change to a client profile dynamic variable, subscriber management does not apply any changes to client profile dynamic variables in the CoA request and then responds with a NACK. In the default method, subscriber management does not apply the incorrect update but does apply the other changes to the client profile dynamic variables, and then responds with an ACK message.
- **ethernet-port-type-virtual**—The physical port type of **virtual** that the router uses to authenticate clients. The port type is passed in RADIUS attribute 61 (NAS-Port-Type). By default the router passes a port type of **ethernet** in RADIUS attribute 61.
- **interface-description-format**—The information that is excluded from the interface description that the router passes to RADIUS for inclusion in the RADIUS attribute 87 (NAS-Port-Id). By default, the router includes the adapter, channel, and subinterface information in the interface description. You can specify:
 - **exclude-adapter**—Exclude the adapter.
 - **exclude-channel**—Exclude the channel information.
 - **exclude-subinterface**—Exclude the subinterface.
- **nas-identifier**—The value for the client RADIUS attribute 32 (NAS-Identifier), which is used for authentication and accounting requests. You can specify a string in the range 1 through 64 characters.
- **nas-port-extended-format**—The extended format for RADIUS attribute 5 (NAS-Port) and for the width of the fields in the NAS-Port attribute that the RADIUS client uses. You can specify:
 - **adapter-width *width***—Number of bits in the adapter field.
 - **port-width *width***—Number of bits in the port field.
 - **pw-width**—Number of bits in the pseudowire field.
 - **slot-width *width***—Number of bits in the slot field.
 - **stacked-vlan-width *width***—Number of bits in the SVLAN ID field.
 - **vlan-width *width***—Number of bits in the VLAN ID field.



NOTE: The total of the widths must not exceed 32 bits, or the configuration fails.

You can configure an extended format for the NAS-Port attribute for both Ethernet subscribers and ATM subscribers. For ATM subscribers, you can specify:

- **adapter-width**—Number of bits in the ATM adapter field, in the range 0 through 32
- **port-width**—Number of bits in the ATM port field, in the range 0 through 32
- **slot-width**—Number of bits in the ATM slot field, in the range 0 through 32

- **vci-width**—Number of bits in the ATM virtual circuit identifier (VCI) field, in the range 0 through 32
- **vpi-width**—Number of bits in the ATM virtual path identifier (VPI) field, in the range 0 through 32



NOTE: For ATM subscribers, the combined total of the widths of all fields must not exceed 32 bits, or the configuration fails. The router may truncate the values of individual fields depending on the bit width you specify.

- **nas-port-id-delimiter**—The character used as the separator between values in the NAS-Port-Id string.
- **nas-port-id-format**—Optional information included in RADIUS attribute 87 (NAS-Port-Id).
- **nas-port-type**—The port type used to authenticate subscribers.
- **revert-interval**—The number of seconds that the router waits after a server has become unreachable. The router rechecks the connection to the server when the **revert-interval** expires. If the server is then reachable, it is used in accordance with the order of the server list. You can configure from 0 (off) through 604800 seconds. The default is 60 seconds.
- **service-activation**—Setting that determines whether newly authenticated subscriber can successfully log in when service activation failures related to configuration errors occur during authd processing of the activation request for the subscriber's address family. You can specify this behavior for services configured in dynamic profiles (**dynamic-profile**) or in Extensible Subscriber Services Manager (ESSM) operation scripts (**extensible-service**):
 - **optional-at-login**—Service activation is optional. Activation failure due to configuration errors does not prevent activation of the address family; it allows subscriber access. Service activation failures due to causes other than configuration errors cause network family activation to fail. The login attempt is terminated unless another address family is already active for the subscriber. This is the default behavior for the **extensible-service** service type.
 - **required-at-login**—Service activation is required. Activation failure for any reason causes network family activation to fail. The login attempt is terminated unless another address family is already active for the subscriber. This is the default value for the **dynamic-profile** service type.
- **vlan-nas-port-stacked-format**—The format that turns off RADIUS attribute 5 (NAS-Port) to include the S-VLAN ID, in addition to the VLAN ID, for subscribers on Ethernet interfaces.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141](#)
- [Interface Text Descriptions for Inclusion in RADIUS Attributes on page 65](#)

Global RADIUS Options for Subscriber Access

You can specify options that the router uses when communicating with all configured RADIUS servers for subscriber access.

The following list describes the global RADIUS options you can configure:

- **revert-interval**—The number of seconds that the router waits after a server has become unreachable. The router rechecks the connection to the server when the **revert-interval** expires. If the server is then reachable, it is used in accordance with the order of the server list. You can configure from 0 (off) through 604800 seconds. The default is 60 seconds.
- **request-rate**—The number of requests per second that the router can send to all configured RADIUS servers collectively. By limiting the flow of requests from the router to the RADIUS servers, you can prevent the RADIUS servers from being flooded with requests. You can configure from 100 through 4000 requests per second. The default is 500 requests per second.
- **timeout-grace**—The duration of a period during which unresponsive RADIUS authentication servers are not yet considered to be unreachable or down. You can vary the period depending on whether you want to redirect authentication requests more quickly to another server or provide the unresponsive server more time to recover and respond. You can configure a duration from 0 through 30 seconds; the default period is 10 seconds.

Related Documentation

- [Configuring RADIUS Options for Subscriber Access Globally on page 144](#)

Subscriber Access Interface Description Storage and Reporting Through RADIUS Overview

You can configure Junos OS to store subscriber access interface descriptions and report the interface description through RADIUS. This capability enables you to uniquely identify subscribers on a particular logical or physical interface. When you enable storing of the interface descriptions, RADIUS requests include the interface description in VSA 26-63, if the subscriber's access interface has been configured with an interface description. All interface descriptions must be statically configured using the Junos OS CLI. Storing and reporting of interface descriptions is supported for DHCP, PPP, and authenticated dynamic VLANs, and applies to any client session that either authenticates or uses the RADIUS accounting service. The description can contain letters, numbers, and hyphens (-), and can be up to 64 characters long.

You can enable or disable storage and reporting of interface descriptions as follows:

- To enable storing and reporting of interface descriptions, include the **report-interface-descriptions** statement at the **[edit access]** hierarchy level.
- To disable storing and reporting of interface descriptions, include the **radius attributes exclude** statement at the **[edit access profile *profile-name*]** hierarchy level.

Interface Description Precedence

The interface description sent in the VSA depends on the configured interface. Two configuration models apply across topologies and protocols for subscriber management.

- Subscriber logical interface directly over a physical interface (non-underlying logical interfaces).
- Subscriber logical interface over an underlying logical interface and physical interface.

In both models, Junos OS selects the interface description to report based on order of precedence. Interfaces not configured with interface descriptions are excluded when selecting an interface by precedence. If no interface description is configured on any of the static interfaces in the subscriber interface hierarchy, VSA 26-63 is not sent in any of the RADIUS messages.

Example: Reporting Interface Descriptions on Non-Underlying Logical Interfaces

This topic shows an example of subscriber access with non-underlying logical interfaces. In this case, the logical interface can be a VLAN or a VLAN demux interface. This example shows a DHCP subscriber logical interface over a VLAN without a demux interface. For non-underlying interfaces, Junos OS selects which interface description to report based on the following order of precedence:

1. Logical interface description
2. Physical interface description

Based on the order of precedence that Junos OS uses to select the interface description for non-underlying interfaces, Junos OS reports subscriber_ifl_descr as the interface description.

```
system {
  services {
    dhcp-local-server {
      group LSG1 {
        authentication {
          password $ABC123;
          username-include {
            user-prefix rich;
          }
        }
      }
      interface ge-1/0/0.100;
    }
  }
}
interfaces {
  ge-1/0/0 {
    description subscriber_ifd_descr;
    vlan-tagging;
    unit 100 {
      description subscriber_ifl_descr;
      vlan-id 100;
      family inet {
```

```

        unnumbered-address 100.0 preferred-source-address 198.51.100.20;
    }
}
}

```

Reporting Interface Descriptions on Underlying Logical Interfaces

Underlying logical interfaces can apply to both DHCP and PPP.

For DHCP, Junos OS selects which interface description to report based on the following order of precedence:

1. Underlying logical interface description
2. Underlying physical interface description



NOTE: For DHCP, Junos OS does not report the IP demux logical interface description.

For PPP over an underlying VLAN or VLAN demux interface, Junos OS selects which interface description to report based on the following order of precedence:

1. PPP interface description
2. Underlying VLAN without a demux interface or VLAN demux logical interface description
3. Underlying physical interface description

Example: PPP over an Underlying VLAN Demux Interface

The following example shows a PPP subscriber over an underlying VLAN demux interface. This configuration includes three possible interface descriptions. Based on the order of precedence that Junos OS uses to select the interface description for PPP, the interface description is reported as subscriber_ppp_ifl_descr_0.

```

interfaces {
  ge-1/0/0 {
    description subscriber_ifd_descr;
    hierarchical-scheduler maximum-hierarchy-levels 2;
    flexible-vlan-tagging;
  }
  demux0 {
    unit 0 {
      vlan-tags outer 1 inner 1;
      description subscriber_under_ifl_descr_1_1;
      demux-options {
        underlying-interface ge-1/0/0;
      }
      family pppoe {
        duplicate-protection;
      }
    }
  }
}

```

```

    unit 1 {
        vlan-tags outer 1 inner 2;
        description subscriber_under_ifl_descr_1_2;
        demux-options {
            underlying-interface ge-1/0/0;
        }
        family pppoe {
            duplicate-protection;
        }
    }
}
pp0 {
    unit 0 {
        description subscriber_ppp_ifl_descr_0;
        ppp-options {
            chap;
            pap;
        }
        pppoe-options {
            underlying-interface demux0.0;
            server;
        }
    }
    unit 1 {
        description subscriber_ppp_ifl_descr_1;
        ppp-options {
            chap;
            pap;
        }
        pppoe-options {
            underlying-interface demux0.1;
            server;
        }
    }
}
}

```

Interface Descriptions on Aggregated Ethernet Physical Interfaces

For aggregated Ethernet interfaces, the interface description on the aggregated Ethernet interface, for example AE0 or AE1, serves as the physical interface description.

Interface Descriptions on a Combination of Dynamic and Static Interfaces

If the subscriber's access is a combination of dynamic and static interfaces, Junos OS uses the description on the static interface.

Example: Reporting Interface Descriptions on Dynamic VLANs

If you create dynamic VLANs with authentication, Junos OS reports the interface description on the physical interface. In the following example, dynamic VLANs created over the ge-1/2/0 interface are authenticated with an interface description of ge-1/2/0-bos-mktg-group.

```

ge-1/2/0 {
    description ge-1/2/0-bos-mktg-group;
    flexible-vlan-tagging;
    auto-configure {
        vlan-ranges {

```

```
dynamic-profile vlan-prof {  
    accept inet;  
    ranges {  
        any;  
    }  
}  
authentication {  
    password $ABC123;  
    username-include {  
        user-prefix rich;  
    }  
}  
}  
}
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [report-interface-descriptions \(Edit Access\) on page 1466](#)
- [exclude on page 1183](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141](#)
- [Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94](#)

CHAPTER 2

Configuring RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs

- [RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 13](#)
- [RADIUS IETF Attributes Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 14](#)
- [Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 23](#)
- [AAA Access Messages and Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs for Junos OS on page 37](#)
- [AAA Accounting Messages and Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs for Junos OS on page 44](#)
- [Filtering RADIUS Attributes and VSAs from RADIUS Messages on page 48](#)
- [Junos OS Predefined Variables That Correspond to RADIUS Attributes and VSAs on page 51](#)
- [DSL Forum Vendor-Specific Attributes on page 58](#)
- [DSL Forum VSAs Support in AAA Access and Accounting Messages for Junos OS on page 60](#)
- [RADIUS Support for Microsoft Corporation VSAs for DNS Server Addresses on page 61](#)

RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework

The AAA Service Framework supports RADIUS attributes and vendor-specific attributes (VSAs). This support provides tunable parameters that the subscriber access management feature uses when creating subscribers and services.

RADIUS attributes are carried as part of standard RADIUS request and reply messages. The subscriber management access feature uses the RADIUS attributes to exchange specific authentication, authorization, and accounting information. VSAs allow the subscriber access management feature to pass implementation-specific information that provide extended capabilities, such as service activation or deactivation, and enabling and disabling filters.

When you use dynamic profiles, the AAA Service Framework supports the use of Junos OS predefined variables to specify the RADIUS attribute or VSA for the information obtained from the RADIUS server.

Related Documentation

- [RADIUS IETF Attributes Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 14](#)
- [Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 23](#)
- [DSL Forum Vendor-Specific Attributes on page 58](#)
- [AAA Access Messages and Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs for Junos OS on page 37](#)
- [AAA Accounting Messages and Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs for Junos OS on page 44](#)
- [Junos OS Predefined Variables That Correspond to RADIUS Attributes and VSAs on page 51](#)

RADIUS IETF Attributes Supported by the AAA Service Framework

Table 3 on page 14 describes the RADIUS IETF attributes that the Junos OS AAA Service Framework supports. Some attributes correspond to Juniper Networks predefined variables; see “Junos OS Predefined Variables That Correspond to RADIUS Attributes and VSAs” on page 51



NOTE: A “Yes” entry in the Dynamic CoA Support column indicates that the attribute can be dynamically configured by Access-Accept messages and dynamically modified by CoA-Request messages.

Table 3: Supported RADIUS IETF Attributes

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description | Dynamic CoA Support |
|------------------|----------------|--|---------------------|
| 1 | User-Name | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Name of user to be authenticated. • Configurable username override. • Non-standard use for LLID preauthentication feature. | No |
| 2 | User-Password | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Password of user to be authenticated by Password Authentication Protocol (PAP). • Configurable password override. • Non-standard use for LLID preauthentication feature. | No |
| 3 | CHAP-Password | Value provided by a PPP (CHAP) user in response to the challenge. | No |

Table 3: Supported RADIUS IETF Attributes (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description | Dynamic CoA Support |
|------------------|-------------------|---|---------------------|
| 4 | NAS-IP-Address | IP address of the network access server (NAS) that is requesting authentication of the user. | No |
| 5 | NAS-Port | Physical port number of the NAS that is authenticating the user. For a tunneled PPP user in an L2TP LNS session, there is no physical port. In this case, the port value is reported as 4194303. | No |
| 6 | Service-Type | Type of service the user has requested or the type of service to be provided. | No |
| 7 | Framed-Protocol | Framing type used for framed access. | No |
| 8 | Framed-IP-Address | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> IP address to be configured for the user. 0.0.0.0 or absence is interpreted as 255.255.255.254. | No |
| 9 | Framed-IP-Netmask | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> IP network to be configured for the user when the user is a router or switch to a network. Absence implies 255.255.255.255. | No |
| 11 | Filter-Id | <p>Name of a subscriber firewall filter, formatted as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For an IPv4 input filter—IPv4-ingress:<i>ingress-filter-name</i> For an IPv4 output filter—IPv4-egress:<i>egress-filter-name</i> For an IPv6 input filter—IPv6-ingress:<i>ingress-filter-name</i> For an IPv6 output filter—IPv6-egress:<i>egress-filter-name</i> <p>RADIUS accounting request messages, Acct-Start and Acct-Stop, can include more than one Filter-Id attribute, one of each of the listed types.</p> <p>However, RADIUS Access-Accept messages can include only one attribute instance. The value is always treated as an IPv4 input filter name.</p> | Yes |
| 12 | Framed-MTU | Maximum Transmission Unit configured for the user, when it is not negotiated by some other means (such as PPP). | No |

Table 3: Supported RADIUS IETF Attributes (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description | Dynamic CoA Support |
|------------------|--------------------|--|---------------------|
| 18 | Reply-Message | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Text that may be displayed to the user. Only the first instance of this attribute is used. | No |
| 22 | Framed-Route | <p>String that provides routing information to be configured for the user on the NAS in the format:</p> <pre><addr>[/<maskLen>] [<nexthop> [<cost>]] [tag <tagValue>] [distance <distValue>]</pre> | Yes |
| 24 | State | String enabling state information to be maintained between the device and the RADIUS server. | No |
| 25 | Class | Arbitrary value that the NAS includes in all accounting packets for the user if supplied by the RADIUS server. | No |
| 27 | Session-Timeout | Maximum number of consecutive seconds of service to be provided to the user before termination of the session. | No |
| 28 | Idle-Timeout | Maximum number of consecutive seconds of idle connection allowed to the user before termination of the session or prompt. | No |
| 31 | Calling-Station-ID | Phone number from which the call originated. | No |
| 32 | NAS-Identifier | NAS originating the request. | No |
| 40 | Acct-Status-Type | Whether this Accounting-Request marks the beginning of the user service (Start), the end (Stop), or the interim (Interim-Update). | No |
| 41 | Acct-Delay-Time | Number of seconds the client has been trying to send a particular record. | No |
| 42 | Acct-Input-Octets | Number of octets that have been received from the port during the time this service has been provided. | No |
| 43 | Acct-Output-Octets | Number of octets that have been sent to the port during the time this service has been provided. | No |

Table 3: Supported RADIUS IETF Attributes (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description | Dynamic CoA Support |
|------------------|---------------------|--|---------------------|
| 44 | Acct-Session-ID | <p>Unique accounting identifier that makes it easy to match start and stop records in a log file. The identifier can be in one of the following formats:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • decimal—For example, 435264 • description—In the generic format, jnpr interface-specifier:subscriber-session-id; For example, jnpr fastEthernet 3/2.6:1010101010101 | No |
| 45 | Acct-Authentic | Method by which user was authentication: whether by RADIUS, the NAS itself, or another remote authentication protocol. | No |
| 46 | Acct-Session-Time | Number of seconds that the user has received service | No |
| 47 | Acct-Input-Packets | Number of packets that have been received from the port during the time this service has been provided to a framed user. | No |
| 48 | Acct-Output-Packets | Number of packets that have been sent to the port in the course of delivering this service to a framed user. | No |

Table 3: Supported RADIUS IETF Attributes (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description | Dynamic CoA Support |
|------------------|-----------------------|---|---------------------|
| 49 | Acct-Terminate-Cause | Reason the service (a PPP session) was terminated. The service can be terminated for the following reasons: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • User Request (1)—User initiated the disconnect (log out). • Idle Timeout (4)—Idle timer has expired. • Session Timeout (5)—Client reached the maximum continuous time allowed on the service or session. • Admin Reset (6)—System administrator terminated the session. • Port Error (8)—PVC failed; no hardware or no interface. • NAS Error (9)—Negotiation failures, connection failures, or address lease expiration. • NAS Request (10)—PPP challenge timeout, PPP request timeout, tunnel establishment failure, PPP bundle failure, IP address lease expiration, PPP keep-alive failure, tunnel disconnect, or an unaccounted-for error. | No |
| 52 | Acct-Input-Gigawords | Number of times the Acct-Input-Octets counter has wrapped around 2^{32} during the time this service has been provided. Can be present in Accounting-Request records only where the Acct-Status-Type is set to Stop or Interim-Update. | No |
| 53 | Acct-Output-Gigawords | Number of times the Acct-Output-Octets counter has wrapped around 2^{32} in the course of delivering this service. Can be present in Accounting-Request records only where the Acct-Status-Type is set to Stop or Interim-Update. | No |
| 55 | Event-Timestamp | Time that this event occurred on the NAS, in seconds, since January 1, 1970 00:00 UTC. | No |
| 61 | NAS-Port-Type | Type of physical port the NAS is using to authenticate the user. For a tunneled PPP user in an L2TP LNS session, there is no physical port. In this case, the port type is Virtual . | No |

Table 3: Supported RADIUS IETF Attributes (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description | Dynamic CoA Support |
|------------------|------------------------|---|---------------------|
| 64 | Tunnel-Type | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tunneling protocol to use (in the case of a tunnel initiator) or the tunneling protocol already in use (in the case of a tunnel terminator). Only L2TP tunnels are currently supported. | No |
| 65 | Tunnel-Medium-Type | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Transport medium to use when creating a tunnel for protocols that can operate over multiple transports. Only IPv4 is currently supported. | No |
| 66 | Tunnel-Client-Endpoint | Address of the initiator end of the tunnel (LAC). | No |
| 67 | Tunnel-Server-Endpoint | Address of the server end of the tunnel (LNS). | No |
| 68 | Acct-Tunnel-Connection | Identifier assigned to the tunnel session. Value is the same as the Call Serial Number AVP received from the LAC in the ICRQ message. | No |
| 69 | Tunnel-Password | Encrypted password used to authenticate to a remote server. Recommended over using VSA Tunnel-Password [26-9] because of the encryption. Do not use both this attribute and the VSA. | No |
| 77 | Connect-Info | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Information sent from the NAS that describes the subscriber's connection, such as transmit speed. Non-standard use for LLID preauthentication feature. | No |
| 82 | Tunnel-Assignment -Id | Tunnel to which a session is assigned. When user profiles share the same values for Tunnel-Assignment-Id, Tunnel-Server-Endpoint, and Tunnel-Type, the LAC can group these users into the same tunnel. This grouping enables fewer tunnels to be created. (LAC) | No |

Table 3: Supported RADIUS IETF Attributes (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description | Dynamic CoA Support |
|------------------|-----------------------|--|---------------------|
| 83 | Tunnel-Preference | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Included in each set of tunneling attributes to indicate the relative preference assigned to each tunnel when more than one set of tunneling attributes is returned by the RADIUS server to the tunnel initiator. Included in the Tunnel-Link-Start, the Tunnel-Link-Reject, and the Tunnel-Link-Stop packets (LAC only). | No |
| 85 | Acct-Interim-Interval | <p>Number of seconds between each interim accounting update for this session.</p> <p>The router uses the following guidelines for interim accounting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Attribute value is within the acceptable range (from 600 through 86,400 seconds)—Accounting is updated at the specified interval. Attribute value of 0—No RADIUS accounting is performed. Attribute value is less than the minimum acceptable value—Accounting is updated at the minimum interval (600 seconds). Attribute value is greater than the maximum acceptable value—Accounting is updated at the maximum interval (86,400 seconds). <p>NOTE: Values are rounded up to the next higher multiple of 10 minutes. For example, a setting of 900 seconds (15 minutes) is rounded up to 20 minutes (1200 seconds).</p> | No |

Table 3: Supported RADIUS IETF Attributes (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description | Dynamic CoA Support |
|------------------|-----------------------|--|---------------------|
| 87 | NAS-Port-Id | Text string that identifies the physical interface of the NAS that is authenticating the user. For a tunneled PPP user in an L2TP LNS session, there is no physical port, and the NAS-Port-Id value has the following format: <i>media:local address:peer address:local tunnel id:peer tunnel id:local session id:peer session id:call serial number</i> . For example, Ip:198.51.100.1:192.168.0.2:3341:21031:16138:11846:2431. The local information refers to the LNS and the peer information refers to the LAC. | No |
| 88 | Framed-Pool | Name of an assigned address pool to use to assign an address for the user. | No |
| 90 | Tunnel-Client-Auth-Id | Name of the tunnel initiator (LAC) used during the authentication phase of tunnel establishment. | No |
| 91 | Tunnel-Server-Auth-Id | Name of the tunnel terminator (LNS) used during the authentication phase of tunnel establishment. | No |
| 95 | NAS-IPv6-Address | Address of the NAS that is requesting authentication of the user. | No |
| 96 | Framed-Interface-ID | Interface identifier that is configured for the user. | No |
| 97 | Framed-IPv6-Prefix | IPv6 prefix and address that are configured for the user. Prefix lengths of 128 are associated with host addresses. Prefix lengths less than 128 are associated with NDRA prefixes. | No |
| 98 | Login-IPv6-Host | System the user connects to when the Login-Service attribute is included. | No |
| 99 | Framed-IPv6-Route | IPv6 routing information that is configured for the user. | Yes |
| 100 | Framed-IPv6-Pool | Name of the assigned pool used to assign the address and IPv6 prefix for the user. | No |

Table 3: Supported RADIUS IETF Attributes (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description | Dynamic CoA Support |
|------------------|-----------------------|--|---------------------|
| 101 | Error-Cause | Reason that the RADIUS server does not honor Disconnect-Request or CoA-Request messages. Depending on the value, can be included in COA or Disconnect NAK messages. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 201—Residual Session Context Removed (Disconnect ACK only) • 202—Invalid EAP Packet (Ignored) • 401—Unsupported Attribute; request contains unsupported attribute. • 402—Missing Attribute; critical attribute missing from request • 403—NAS Identification Mismatch • 404—Invalid Request • 405—Unsupported Service • 406—Unsupported Extension • 407—Invalid Attribute Value • 501—Administratively Prohibited • 502—Request Not Routable (Proxy) • 503—Session Context Not Found • 504—Session Context Not Removable • 505—Other Proxy Processing Error • 506—Resources Unavailable • 507—Request Initiated • 508—Multiple Session Selection Unsupported | Yes |
| 123 | Delegated-IPv6-Prefix | IPv6 prefix that is delegated to the user. | No |
| 168 | Framed-IPv6-Address | IPv6 address of the authenticated user. The Framed-IPv6-Address attribute is sent if the IPv6 address is assigned to the subscriber. | No |
| 242 | Ascend-Data-Filter | Binary data that specifies RADIUS policy definitions. | Yes |

Related Documentation

- [AAA Access Messages and Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs for Junos OS on page 37](#)
- [AAA Accounting Messages and Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs for Junos OS on page 44](#)
- [Junos OS Predefined Variables That Correspond to RADIUS Attributes and VSAs on page 51](#)

Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework

Table 4 on page 23 describes Juniper Networks VSAs supported by the Junos OS AAA Service Framework. The AAA Service Framework uses vendor ID 4874, which is assigned to Juniper Networks by the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA). Some VSAs correspond to Juniper Networks predefined variables; see “[Junos OS Predefined Variables That Correspond to RADIUS Attributes and VSAs](#)” on page 51.



NOTE: A “Yes” entry in the Dynamic CoA Support column indicates that the attribute can be dynamically configured by Access-Accept messages and dynamically modified by CoA-Request messages.

Table 4: Supported Juniper Networks VSAs

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description | Value | Dynamic CoA Support |
|------------------|----------------|--|--|---------------------|
| 26-1 | Virtual-Router | <p>Client logical system:routing instance name. Allowed only from AAA server for default logical system:routing instance.</p> <p>When this VSA is not included in the subscriber profile, the routing instance assigned to the subscriber—the one in which the subscriber session comes up—varies by subscriber type.</p> <p>For DHCP and PPPoE subscribers, it is the default routing instance.</p> <p>For L2TP tunnel subscribers, it is the routing instance in which the tunnel resides, whether default or non-default. If the tunnel routing instance is not default and you want the L2TP session to be in the default routing instance, you must use the Virtual-Router VSA to set the desired routing instance.</p> | string: <i>logical system:routing instance</i> | No |
| 26-4 | Primary-DNS | Client DNS address negotiated during IPCP. | integer: 4-byte <i>primary-dns-address</i> | No |
| 26-5 | Secondary-DNS | Client DNS address negotiated during IPCP | integer: 4-byte <i>secondary-dns-address</i> | No |
| 26-6 | Primary-WINS | Client WINS (NBNS) address negotiated during IPCP. | integer: 4-byte <i>primary-wins-address</i> | No |

Table 4: Supported Juniper Networks VSAs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description | Value | Dynamic CoA Support |
|------------------|------------------------|--|--|---------------------|
| 26-7 | Secondary-WINS | Client WINS (NBNS) address negotiated during IPCP. | integer: 4-byte <i>secondary-wins-address</i> | No |
| 26-8 | Tunnel-Virtual-Router | Virtual router name for tunnel connection. | string: <i>tunnel-virtual-router</i> | No |
| 26-9 | Tunnel-Password | Tunnel password in cleartext. Do not use both this VSA and the standard RADIUS attribute Tunnel-Password [69]. We recommend that you use the standard attribute because the password is encrypted when that attribute is used. | string: <i>tunnel-password</i> | No |
| 26-10 | Ingress-Policy-Name | Input policy name to apply to client interface. | string: <i>input-policy-name</i> | Yes |
| 26-11 | Egress-Policy-Name | Output policy name to apply to client interface. | string: <i>output-policy-name</i> | Yes |
| 26-23 | IGMP-Enable | Whether IGMP is enabled or disabled on a client interface. | integer: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0=disable • 1=enable | Yes |
| 26-24 | PPPoE-Description | Client MAC address. | string: <i>pppoe</i> <i>client-mac-address</i> | No |
| 26-25 | Redirect-VRouter-Name | Client logical system:routing instance name indicating to which logical system:routing instance the request is redirected for user authentication. | string: <i>logical-system:routing-instance</i> | No |
| 26-30 | Tunnel-Nas-Port-Method | Method that determines whether the RADIUS server conveys to the LNS the physical NAS port number identifier and the type of the physical port, such as Ethernet or ATM. This information is conveyed only when the VSA value is 1. The VSA is formatted such that the first octet indicates the tunnel and the remaining three bytes are the attribute value. | 4-octet integer: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 = none • 1 = Cisco CLID | Yes |
| 26-31 | Service-Bundle | SSC service bundle. | string <i>bundle-name</i> | No |

Table 4: Supported Juniper Networks VSAs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description | Value | Dynamic CoA Support |
|------------------|---------------------|---|--|---------------------|
| 26-33 | Tunnel-Max-Sessions | Maximum number of sessions allowed in a tunnel. | integer: 4-octet | No |
| 26-34 | Framed-IP-Route-Tag | Route tag to apply to returned framed-ip-address. | integer: 4-octet | No |
| 26-42 | Input-Gigapackets | Number of times the input-packets attribute rolls over its 4-octet field. | integer | No |
| 26-43 | Output-Gigapackets | Number of times the output-packets attribute rolls over its 4-octet field. | integer | No |
| 26-47 | Ipv6-Primary-DNS | Client primary IPv6 DNS address negotiated by DHCP. | hexadecimal string: <i>ipv6-primary-dns-address</i> | No |
| 26-48 | Ipv6-Secondary-DNS | Client secondary IPv6 DNS address negotiated by DHCP. | hexadecimal string: <i>ipv6-secondary-dns-address</i> | No |
| 26-51 | Disconnect-Cause | Disconnect cause when a tunneled subscriber is disconnected, and L2TP layer of the LNS initiates the termination. The PPP Disconnect Cause Code (L2TP AVP 46) is included in VSA 26-51 in the Accounting-Stop message that the router sends to the RADIUS server. | hexadecimal string: <i>disconnect-cause</i> | No |
| 26-55 | DHCP-Options | Client DHCP options. Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, includes only DHCPv4 options. In earlier releases, includes both DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 options. | string: <i>dhcp-options</i> | No |
| 26-56 | DHCP-MAC-Address | Client MAC address. | string: <i>mac-address</i> | No |
| 26-57 | DHCP-GI-Address | DHCP relay agent IP address. | integer: 4-octet | No |

Table 4: Supported Juniper Networks VSAs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description | Value | Dynamic CoA Support |
|------------------|-----------------|--|---|---------------------|
| 26-58 | LI-Action | <p>Traffic mirroring action.</p> <p>For dynamic CoA, VSA 26-58 changes the action on the mirrored traffic identified by VSA 26-59.</p> <p>CoA-Request messages that include any of the RADIUS-based mirroring attributes (VSAs 26-58, 26-59, 26-60, or 26-61) must always include all four VSAs.</p> <p>If the CoA action is to stop mirroring (VSA 26-58 value is 0), then the values of the other three attributes in the CoA message must match the existing attribute values, or the action fails.</p> | <p>salt-encrypted integer</p> <p>0=stop mirroring 1=start mirroring 2=no action</p> | Yes |
| 26-59 | Med-Dev-Handle | <p>Identifier that associates mirrored traffic to a specific subscriber.</p> <p>For dynamic CoA, VSA 26-58 changes the action on the mirrored traffic identified by VSA 26-59.</p> <p>CoA-Request messages that include any of the RADIUS-based mirroring attributes (VSAs 26-58, 26-59, 26-60, or 26-61) must always include all four VSAs.</p> | salt-encrypted string | No |
| 26-60 | Med-Ip-Address | <p>IP address of content destination device to which mirrored traffic is forwarded.</p> <p>CoA-Request messages that include any of the RADIUS-based mirroring attributes (VSAs 26-58, 26-59, 26-60, or 26-61) must always include all four VSAs.</p> | salt-encrypted IP address | No |
| 26-61 | Med-Port-Number | <p>UDP port in the content destination device to which mirrored traffic is forwarded.</p> <p>CoA-Request messages that include any of the RADIUS-based mirroring attributes (VSAs 26-58, 26-59, 26-60, or 26-61) must always include all four VSAs.</p> | salt-encrypted integer | No |
| 26-63 | Interface-Desc | Text string that identifies the subscriber's access interface. | string: <i>interface-description</i> | No |

Table 4: Supported Juniper Networks VSAs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description | Value | Dynamic CoA Support |
|------------------|----------------------|--|--|---------------------|
| 26-64 | Tunnel-Group | Name of the tunnel group (profile) assigned to a domain map. | string: <i>tunnel-group-name</i> | No |
| 26-65 | Activate-Service | Service to activate for the subscriber. Tagged VSA, which supports 8 tags (1-8). | string: <i>service-name</i> | Yes |
| 26-66 | Deactivate-Service | Service to deactivate for the subscriber. | string: <i>service-name</i> | Yes |
| 26-67 | Service-Volume | Amount of traffic, in MB, that can use the service; service is deactivated when the volume is exceeded. Tagged VSA, which supports 8 tags (1-8). | integer <ul style="list-style-type: none"> range = 0 through 16777215 MB 0 = no limit | Yes |
| 26-68 | Service-Timeout | Number of seconds that the service can be active; service is deactivated when the timeout expires. Tagged VSA, which supports 8 tags (1-8). | integer <ul style="list-style-type: none"> range = 0 through 16777215 seconds 0 = no timeout | Yes |
| 26-69 | Service-Statistics | Whether statistics for the service is enabled or disabled. Tagged VSA, which supports 8 tags (1-8). | integer <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 = disable 1 = enable time statistics 2 = enable time and volume statistics | Yes |
| 26-71 | IGMP-Access-Name | Access list to use for the group (G) filter. | string: 32-octet | Yes |
| 26-72 | IGMP-Access-Src-Name | Access list to use for the source-group (S,G) filter. | string: 32-octet | Yes |
| 26-74 | MLD-Access-Name | Access list to use for the group (G) filter. | string: 32-octet | Yes |
| 26-75 | MLD-Access-Src-Name | Access list to use for the source-group (S,G) filter. | string: 32-octet | Yes |
| 26-77 | MLD-Version | MLD protocol version. | integer: 1-octet <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1=MLD version 1 2=MLD version 2 | Yes |

Table 4: Supported Juniper Networks VSAs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description | Value | Dynamic CoA Support |
|------------------|-----------------------|---|---|---------------------|
| 26-78 | IGMP-Version | IGMP protocol version. | integer: 1-octet <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1=IGMP version 1 • 2=IGMP version 2 • 3=IGMP version 3 | Yes |
| 26-83 | Service-Session | Name of the service. | string: <i>service-name</i> | No |
| 26-84 | Mobile-IP-Algorithm | Authentication algorithm used for Mobile IP registration. | integer: 4-octet | No |
| 26-85 | Mobile-IP-SPI | Security parameter index number for Mobile IP registration. | integer: 4-octet | No |
| 26-86 | Mobile-IP-Key | Security association MD5 key for Mobile IP registration. | string: key | No |
| 26-87 | Mobile-IP-Replay | Replay timestamp for Mobile IP registration. | integer: 4-octet | No |
| 26-89 | Mobile-IP-Lifetime | Registration lifetime for Mobile IP registration. | integer: 4-octet | No |
| 26-91 | Tunnel-Switch-Profile | Tunnel switch profile that determines whether a subscriber session is switched to a second session to a remote LNS. Takes precedence over tunnel switch profiles applied in any other manner. | string: <i>profile-name</i> | No |
| 26-92 | L2C-Up-Stream-Data | Actual upstream rate access loop parameter (ASCII encoded) as defined in GSMP extensions for layer2 control (L2C) Topology Discovery and Line Configuration. | string: actual upstream rate access loop parameter (ASCII encoded) | No |
| 26-93 | L2C-Down-Stream-Data | Actual downstream rate access loop parameter (ASCII encoded) as defined in GSMP extensions for layer2 control (L2C) Topology Discovery and Line Configuration. | string: actual downstream rate access loop parameter (ASCII encoded) | No |

Table 4: Supported Juniper Networks VSAs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description | Value | Dynamic CoA Support |
|------------------|--------------------------|---|---|---------------------|
| 26-94 | Tunnel-Tx-Speed-Method | Method that determines the source from which the transmit speed is derived. Overrides global configuration in the CLI. | integer: 4-octet <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 = none 1 = static Layer 2 2 = dynamic layer 2. This method is not supported; the static Layer 2 method is used instead. 3 = CoS. This method is not supported; the actual method is used instead. 4 = actual 5 = ANCP 6 = PPPoE IA tags | No |
| 26-97 | IGMP-Immediate-Leave | IGMP Immediate Leave. | integer: 4-octet <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0=disable 1=enable | Yes |
| 26-100 | MLD-Immediate-Leave | MLD Immediate Leave. | integer: 4-octet <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0=disable 1=enable | Yes |
| 26-106 | IPv6-Ingress-Policy-Name | Input policy name to apply to a user IPv6 interface. | string: <i>policy-name</i> | Yes |
| 26-107 | IPv6-Egress-Policy-Name | Output policy name to apply to a user IPv6 interface. | string: <i>policy-name</i> | Yes |
| 26-108 | CoS-Parameter-Type | CoS traffic-shaping parameter type and description: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> T01: Scheduler-map name T02: Shaping rate T03: Guaranteed rate T04: Delay-buffer rate T05: Excess rate T06: Traffic-control profile T07: Shaping mode T08: Byte adjust T09: Adjust minimum T10: Excess-rate high T11: Excess-rate low T12: Shaping rate burst T13: Guaranteed rate burst | Two parts, delimited by white space: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Parameter type Parameter value Examples: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> T01 smap_basic T02 50m T03 1m T04 2000 T05 200 T06 tcp-gold T07 frame-mode T08 50 | Yes |

Table 4: Supported Juniper Networks VSAs (continued)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description | Value | Dynamic CoA Support |
|------------------|--------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------|
| 26-109 | DHCP-Guided-Relay-Server | IP address of DHCP server that DHCP relay agent uses to forward the discover PDUs. | integer: 4-byte <i>ip-address</i> | No |
| 26-110 | Acc-Loop-Cir-Id | Identification of the subscriber node connection to the access node. | string: up to 63 ASCII characters | No |
| 26-111 | Acc-Aggr-Cir-Id-Bin | Unique identification of the DSL line. | integer: 8-octet | No |
| 26-112 | Acc-Aggr-Cir-Id-Asc | Identification of the uplink on the access node, as in the following examples: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ethernet access aggregation—ethernet slot/port [:inner-vlan-id] [:outer-vlan-id] ATM aggregation—atm slot/port:vpi.vci | string: up to 63 ASCII characters | No |
| 26-113 | Act-Data-Rate-Up | Actual upstream data rate of the subscriber's synchronized DSL link. | integer: 4-octet | No |
| 26-114 | Act-Data-Rate-Dn | Actual downstream data rate of the subscriber's synchronized DSL link. | integer: 4-octet | No |
| 26-115 | Min-Data-Rate-Up | Minimum upstream data rate configured for the subscriber. | integer: 4-octet | No |
| 26-116 | Min-Data-Rate-Dn | Minimum downstream data rate configured for the subscriber. | integer: 4-octet | No |
| 26-117 | Att-Data-Rate-Up | Maximum upstream data rate that the subscriber can attain. | integer: 4-octet | No |
| 26-118 | Att-Data-Rate-Dn | Maximum downstream data rate that the subscriber can attain. | integer: 4-octet | No |
| 26-119 | Max-Data-Rate-Up | Maximum upstream data rate configured for the subscriber. | integer: 4-octet | No |
| 26-120 | Max-Data-Rate-Dn | Maximum downstream data rate configured for the subscriber. | integer: 4-octet | No |
| 26-121 | Min-LP-Data-Rate-Up | Minimum upstream data rate in low power state configured for the subscriber. | integer: 4-octet | No |

Table 4: Supported Juniper Networks VSAs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description | Value | Dynamic CoA Support |
|------------------|--------------------------------|--|---|---------------------|
| 26-122 | Min-LP-Data-Rate-Dn | Minimum downstream data rate in low power state configured for the subscriber. | integer: 4-octet | No |
| 26-123 | Max-Interlv-Delay-Up | Maximum one-way upstream interleaving delay configured for the subscriber. | integer: 4-octet | No |
| 26-124 | Act-Interlv-Delay-Up | Subscriber's actual one-way upstream interleaving delay.. | integer: 4-octet | No |
| 26-125 | Max-Interlv-Delay-Dn | Maximum one-way downstream interleaving delay configured for the subscriber. | integer: 4-octet | No |
| 26-126 | Act-Interlv-Delay-Dn | Subscriber's actual one-way downstream interleaving delay. | integer: 4-octet | No |
| 26-127 | DSL-Line-State | State of the DSL line. | integer: 4-octet <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 = Show uptime • 2 = Idle • 3 = Silent | No |
| 26-128 | DSL-Type | Encapsulation used by the subscriber associated with the DSLAM interface from which requests are initiated. | integer: 4-octet | No |
| 26-130 | Qos-Set-Name | Interface set to apply to the dynamic profile. | string: <i>interface-set-name</i> | No |
| 26-140 | Service-Interim-Acct-Interval | Amount of time between interim accounting updates for this service. Tagged VSA, which supports 8 tags (1-8). | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • range = 600 through 86400 seconds • 0 = disabled <p>NOTE: Values are rounded up to the next higher multiple of 10 minutes. For example, a setting of 900 seconds (15 minutes) is rounded up to 20 minutes (1200 seconds).</p> | Yes |
| 26-141 | Downstream-Calculated-QoS-Rate | Calculated (adjusted) downstream QoS rate in Kbps as set by the ANCP configuration. | range = 1000 through 4,294,967,295 | No |
| 26-142 | Upstream-Calculated-QoS-Rate | Calculated (adjusted) upstream QoS rate in Kbps as set by the ANCP configuration. | range = 1000 through 4,294,967,295 | No |

Table 4: Supported Juniper Networks VSAs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description | Value | Dynamic CoA Support |
|------------------|----------------------------|---|---|---------------------|
| 26-143 | Max-Clients-Per-Interface | Maximum allowable client sessions per interface. For DHCP clients, this value is the maximum sessions per logical interface. For PPPoE clients, this value is the maximum sessions (PPPoE interfaces) per PPPoE underlying interface. | integer: 4-octet | No |
| 26-146 | CoS-Scheduler-Pmt-Type | <p>CoS scheduler parameter type and description:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Null: CoS scheduler name • T01: CoS scheduler transmit rate • T02: CoS scheduler buffer size • T03: CoS scheduler priority • T04: CoS scheduler drop-profile low • T05: CoS scheduler drop-profile medium-low • T06: CoS scheduler drop-profile medium-high • T07: CoS scheduler drop-profile high • T08: CoS scheduler drop-profile any | <p>Three parts, delimited by white space:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Scheduler name • Parameter type • Parameter value <p>Examples:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • be_sched • be_sched T01 12m • be_sched T02 26 | Yes |
| 26-151 | IPv6-Acct-Input-Octets | IPv6 receive octets. | integer | No |
| 26-152 | IPv6-Acct-Output-Octets | IPv6 transmit octets. | integer | No |
| 26-153 | IPv6-Acct-Input-Packets | IPv6 receive packets. | integer | No |
| 26-154 | IPv6-Acct-Output-Packets | IPv6 transmit packets. | integer | No |
| 26-155 | IPv6-Acct-Input-Gigawords | IPv6 receive gigawords. | integer | No |
| 26-156 | IPv6-Acct-Output-Gigawords | IPv6 transmit gigawords. | integer | No |
| 26-158 | PPPoE-Padn | Route add for PPPoE sessions | string | No |

Table 4: Supported Juniper Networks VSAs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description | Value | Dynamic CoA Support |
|------------------|--------------------------|--|--|---------------------|
| 26-160 | Vlan-Map-Id | Trunk VLAN tag corresponding to the core-facing trunk physical interface. Vlan-Map-Id (26-160), Inner-Vlan-Map-Id (26-184), and Core-Facing-Interface (26-185) collectively represent the network service provider-facing location for the subscriber for the Layer 2 cross-connect in a Layer 2 wholesale configuration. | integer | No |
| 26-161 | IPv6-Delegated-Pool-Name | Address pool used to locally allocate a delegated prefix (IA_PD). | string | No |
| 26-162 | Tx-Connect-Speed | Indication of transmit speed of the user's connection. | string | No |
| 26-163 | Rx-Connect-Speed | Indication of receive speed of the user's connection. | string | No |
| 26-164 | IPv4-Release-Control | Indicates to server status of on-demand address allocation and deallocation. | string | No |
| 26-173 | Service-Activate-Type | Indication of service activation type. This is a tagged attribute. | integer: 4-octet <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 = dynamic-profile for residential services 2 = op-script for business services | No |
| 26-174 | Client-Profile-Name | Enables RADIUS to override an assigned client dynamic profile with the included profile. | string | No |
| 26-177 | Cos-Shaping-Rate | Effective downstream shaping rate for subscriber. | string | No |
| 26-179 | Service-Volume-Gigawords | Amount of traffic, in 4GB units, that can use the service; service is deactivated when the volume is exceeded. Tagged VSA, which supports 8 tags (1-8). | integer <ul style="list-style-type: none"> range = 0 through 16777215 4GB units 0 = no limit | Yes |
| 26-180 | Update-Service | New values of service and time quotas for existing service. Tagged VSA, which supports 8 tags (1-8). | string: <i>service-name</i> | Yes |

Table 4: Supported Juniper Networks VSAs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description | Value | Dynamic CoA Support |
|------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|---------------------|
| 26-181 | DHCPv6-Guided-Relay-Server | IPv6 addresses of DHCPv6 servers to which DHCPv6 relay agent forwards the Solicit and subsequent PDUs. Use multiple instances of the VSA to specify a list of servers. | hexadecimal string: <i>ipv6-address</i> | No |
| 26-182 | Acc-Loop-Remote-Id | Reports the ANCP Access-Loop-Remote-ID attribute. | string | No |
| 26-183 | Acc-Loop-Encap | Reports the ANCP Access-Loop-Encapsulation attribute. | hexadecimal string | No |
| 26-184 | Inner-Vlan-Map-Id | Inner VLAN tag allocated from the ranges provisioned on the core-facing physical interface, used to swap (replace) the autosensed VLAN tag on the access interface. Vlan-Map-Id (26-160), Inner-Vlan-Map-Id (26-184), and Core-Facing-Interface (26-185) collectively represent the network service provider-facing location for the subscriber for the Layer 2 cross-connect in a Layer 2 wholesale configuration. | integer | No |
| 26-185 | Core-Facing-Interface | Name of the core-facing physical interface that forwards the Layer 2 wholesale session's downstream and upstream traffic relative to the network service provider (NSP) router. Vlan-Map-Id (26-160), Inner-Vlan-Map-Id (26-184), and Core-Facing-Interface (26-185) collectively represent the network service provider-facing location for the subscriber for the Layer 2 cross-connect in a Layer 2 wholesale configuration. | string | No |
| 26-189 | DHCP-First-Relay-IPv4-Address | IPv4 address of the first relay link of a client/server binding. | integer: 4-byte <i>ip-address</i> | No |
| 26-190 | DHCP-First-Relay-IPv6-Address | IPv6 address of the first relay link of a client/server binding. | hexadecimal string: <i>ipv6-address</i> | No |
| 26-191 | Input-Interface-Filter | Name of an input filter to be attached to a family any interface. | string | No |

Table 4: Supported Juniper Networks VSAs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description | Value | Dynamic CoA Support |
|------------------|----------------------------|--|--|---------------------|
| 26-192 | Output-Interface-Filter | Name of an output filter to be attached to a family any interface. | string | No |
| 26-193 | Pim-Enable | Enable or disable PIM on a BRAS user's interface. | integer: 4-octet <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 = disable • any nonzero value = enable | Yes |
| 26-194 | Bulk-CoA-Transaction-Id | A common identifier or tag to associate the series of related CoA Requests as a transaction. This attribute is untagged and value 0 is reserved. | integer: 4-octet | Yes |
| 26-195 | Bulk-CoA-Identifier | A unique identifier for each CoA Request message that is part of the same transaction as specified by the Bulk-CoA-Transaction-Id VSA. This attribute is untagged and the value 0 is reserved. | integer: 4-octet | Yes |
| 26-196 | IPv4-Input-Service-Set | Name of an IPv4 input service set to be attached. | string | Yes |
| 26-197 | IPv4-Output-Service-Set | Name of an IPv4 output service set to be attached. | string | Yes |
| 26-198 | IPv4-Input-Service-Filter | Name of an IPv4 input service filter to be attached. | string | Yes |
| 26-199 | IPv4-Output-Service-Filter | Name of an IPv4 output service filter to be attached. | string | Yes |
| 26-200 | IPv6-Input-Service-Set | Name of an IPv6 input service set to be attached. | string | Yes |
| 26-201 | IPv6-Output-Service-Set | Name of an IPv6 output service set to be attached. | string | Yes |
| 26-202 | IPv6-Input-Service-Filter | Name of an IPv6 input service filter to be attached. | string | Yes |
| 26-203 | IPv6-Output-Service-Filter | Name of an IPv6 output service filter to be attached. | string | Yes |
| 26-204 | Adv-Pcef-Profile-Name | Name of a PCEF profile to be attached. | string | Yes |
| 26-205 | Adv-Pcef-Rule-Name | Name of a PCC rule to activate. | string | Yes |

Table 4: Supported Juniper Networks VSAs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description | Value | Dynamic CoA Support |
|------------------|---------------------------|---|---|---------------------|
| 26-206 | Reauthentication-On-Renew | Reason that the client application is reauthenticated. | integer <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 = disable 1 = Initiate reauthentication when DHCP renew request is received from the client all other values = invalid | No |
| 26-207 | DHCPv6-Options | DHCPv6 client and server options exchanged with the RADIUS server as TLV options. In releases earlier than Junos OS Release 18.1R1, this VSA is not supported. DHCPv6 options are included instead in 26-55, DHCP-Options. | hexadecimal string | No |
| 26-208 | DHCP-Header | DHCPv4 packet header sent to the RADIUS server; used to instantiate dynamic subscriber interfaces. | hexadecimal string | No |
| 26-209 | DHCPv6-Header | DHCPv6 packet header sent to the RADIUS server; used to instantiate dynamic subscriber interfaces. | hexadecimal string | No |
| 26-210 | Acct-Request-Reason | Reason for sending an Accounting-Request message. | integer: 4-octet <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0x0001 = Acct-Start-Ack; that is, receipt of an Acct response for the Acct-Start message 0x0002 = Periodic/Timed interval interim 0x0004 = IP active 0x0008 = IP inactive 0x0010 = IPv6 active 0x0020 = IPv6 inactive 0x0040 = Session active 0x0080 = Session inactive 0x0100 = Line speed change 0x0200 = Address assignment change 0x0400 = Completion of processing of CoA request | No |

- Related Documentation**
- [AAA Access Messages and Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs for Junos OS on page 37](#)
 - [AAA Accounting Messages and Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs for Junos OS on page 44](#)
 - [Junos OS Predefined Variables That Correspond to RADIUS Attributes and VSAs on page 51](#)

AAA Access Messages and Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs for Junos OS

Table 5 on page 37 shows the RADIUS attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs support in AAA access messages. A checkmark in a column indicates that the message type supports that attribute.

Table 5: AAA Access Messages: Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Access Request | Access Accept | Access Reject | Access Challenge | CoA Request | Disconnect Request |
|------------------|-------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| 1 | User-Name | ✓ | ✓ | – | – | ✓ | ✓ |
| 2 | User-Password | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 3 | CHAP-Password | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 4 | NAS-IP-Address | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 5 | NAS-Port | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 6 | Service-Type | ✓ | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 7 | Framed-Protocol | ✓ | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 8 | Framed-IP-Address | ✓ | ✓ | – | – | ✓ | – |
| 9 | Framed-IP-Netmask | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 11 | Filter-Id | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 12 | Framed-MTU | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 18 | Reply-Message | – | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 22 | Framed-Route | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 24 | State | ✓ | ✓ | – | ✓ | – | – |
| 25 | Class | – | ✓ | – | – | ✓ | – |

Table 5: AAA Access Messages: Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs (continued)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Access Request | Access Accept | Access Reject | Access Challenge | CoA Request | Disconnect Request |
|------------------|-------------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| 26-1 | Virtual-Router | ✓ | ✓ | – | – | ✓ | – |
| 26-4 | Primary-DNS | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-5 | Secondary-DNS | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-6 | Primary-WINS | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-7 | Secondary-WINS | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-8 | Tunnel-Virtual-Router | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-9 | Tunnel-Password | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-10 | Ingress-Policy-Name | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-11 | Egress-Policy-Name | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-23 | IGMP-Enable | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-24 | PPPoE-Description | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-25 | Redirect-VR-Name | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-31 | Service-Bundle | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-33 | Tunnel-Maximum-Sessions | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-34 | Framed-IP-Route-Tag | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-47 | Ipv6-Primary-DNS | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-48 | Ipv6-Secondary-DNS | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-55 | DHCP-Options | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-56 | DHCP-MAC-Address | ✓ | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-57 | DHCP-GI-Address | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-58 | LI-Action | – | ✓ | – | – | ✓ | – |
| 26-59 | Med-Dev-Handle | – | ✓ | – | – | ✓ | – |
| 26-60 | Med-Ip-Address | – | ✓ | – | – | ✓ | – |

Table 5: AAA Access Messages: Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs (continued)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Access Request | Access Accept | Access Reject | Access Challenge | CoA Request | Disconnect Request |
|------------------|--------------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| 26-61 | Med-Port-Number | – | ✓ | – | – | ✓ | – |
| 26-63 | Interface-Desc | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-64 | Tunnel-Group | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-65 | Activate-Service | – | ✓ | – | – | ✓ | – |
| 26-66 | Deactivate-Service | – | ✓ | – | – | ✓ | – |
| 26-67 | Service-Volume | – | ✓ | – | – | ✓ | – |
| 26-68 | Service-Timeout | – | ✓ | – | – | ✓ | – |
| 26-69 | Service-Statistics | – | ✓ | – | – | ✓ | – |
| 26-71 | IGMP-Access-Name | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-72 | IGMP-Access-Src-Name | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-74 | MLD-Access-Name | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-75 | MLD-Access-Src-Name | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-77 | MLD-Version | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-78 | IGMP-Version | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-91 | Tunnel-Switch-Profile | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-92 | L2C-Up-Stream-Data | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-93 | L2C-Down-Stream-Data | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-94 | Tunnel-Tx-Speed-Method | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-97 | IGMP-Immediate-Leave | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-100 | MLD-Immediate-Leave | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-106 | IPv6-Ingress-Policy-Name | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-107 | IPv6-Egress-Policy-Name | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-108 | CoS-Parameter-Type | – | ✓ | – | – | ✓ | – |

Table 5: AAA Access Messages: Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs (continued)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Access Request | Access Accept | Access Reject | Access Challenge | CoA Request | Disconnect Request |
|------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| 26-109 | DHCP-Guided-Relay-Server | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-110 | Acc-Loop-Cir-Id | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-111 | Acc-Aggr-Cir-Id-Bin | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-112 | Acc-Aggr-Cir-Id-Asc | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-113 | Act-Data-Rate-Up | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-114 | Act-Data-Rate-Dn | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-115 | Min-Data-Rate-Up | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-116 | Min-Data-Rate-Dn | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-117 | Att-Data-Rate-Up | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-118 | Att-Data-Rate-Dn | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-119 | Max-Data-Rate-Up | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-120 | Max-Data-Rate-Dn | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-121 | Min-LP-Data-Rate-Up | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-122 | Min-LP-Data-Rate-Dn | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-123 | Max-Interlv-Delay-Up | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-124 | Act-Interlv-Delay-Up | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-125 | Max-Interlv-Delay-Dn | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-126 | Act-Interlv-Delay-Dn | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-127 | DSL-Line-State | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-128 | DSL-Type | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-130 | QoS-Set-Name | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-140 | Service-Interim-Account-Interval | – | ✓ | – | – | ✓ | – |
| 26-141 | Downstream-Calculated-QoS-Rate | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |

Table 5: AAA Access Messages: Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs (continued)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Access Request | Access Accept | Access Reject | Access Challenge | CoA Request | Disconnect Request |
|------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| 26-142 | Upstream-Calculated-QoS-Rate | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-143 | Max-Clients-Per-Interface | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-146 | Cos-Scheduler-Pmt-Type | – | ✓ | – | – | ✓ | – |
| 26-158 | PPPoE-Padn | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-160 | Vlan-Map-Id | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-161 | IPv6-Delegated-Pool-Name | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-162 | Tx-Connect-Speed | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-163 | Rx-Connect-Speed | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-164 | IPv4-Release-Control | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-173 | Service-Activate-Type | – | ✓ | – | – | ✓ | – |
| 26-174 | Client-Profile-Name | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-179 | Service-Volume-Gigawords | – | ✓ | – | – | ✓ | – |
| 26-180 | Update-Service | – | – | – | – | ✓ | – |
| 26-181 | DHCPv6-Guided-Relay-Server | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-182 | Acc-Loop-Remote-Id | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-183 | Acc-Loop-Encap | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-184 | Inner-Vlan-Map-Id | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-189 | DHCP-First-Relay-IPv4-Address | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-190 | DHCP-First-Relay-IPv6-Address | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-191 | Input-Interface-Filter | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-192 | Output-Interface-Filter | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-193 | Pim-Enable | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-194 | Bulk-CoA-Transaction-Id | – | – | – | – | ✓ | – |

Table 5: AAA Access Messages: Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs (continued)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Access Request | Access Accept | Access Reject | Access Challenge | CoA Request | Disconnect Request |
|------------------|----------------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| 26-195 | Bulk-CoA-Identifier | – | – | – | – | ✓ | – |
| 26-196 | IPv4-Input-Service-Set | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-197 | IPv4-Output-Service-Set | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-198 | IPv4-Input-Service-Filter | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-199 | IPv4-Output-Service-Filter | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-200 | IPv6-Input-Service-Set | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-201 | IPv6-Output-Service-Set | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-202 | IPv6-Input-Service-Filter | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-203 | IPv6-Output-Service-Filter | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-204 | Adv-Pcef-Profile-Name | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-205 | Adv-Pcef-Rule-Name | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-206 | Re-Authentication-On-Renew | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-207 | DHCPv6-Options | ✓ | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 26-208 | DHCP-Header | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 26-209 | DHCPv6-Header | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 27 | Session-Timeout | – | ✓ | – | ✓ | – | – |
| 28 | Idle-Timeout | – | ✓ | – | ✓ | – | – |
| 31 | Calling-Station-ID | ✓ | – | – | – | ✓ | – |
| 32 | NAS-Identifier | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 44 | Acct-Session-ID | ✓ | – | – | – | ✓ | ✓ |
| 61 | NAS-Port-Type | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 64 | Tunnel-Type | ✓ | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 65 | Tunnel-Medium-Type | ✓ | ✓ | – | – | – | – |

Table 5: AAA Access Messages: Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs (continued)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Access Request | Access Accept | Access Reject | Access Challenge | CoA Request | Disconnect Request |
|------------------|------------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| 66 | Tunnel-Client-Endpoint | ✓ | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 67 | Tunnel-Server-Endpoint | ✓ | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 68 | Acct-Tunnel-Connection | ✓ | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 69 | Tunnel-Password | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 82 | Tunnel-Assignment-Id | ✓ | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 83 | Tunnel-Preference | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 85 | Acct-Interim-Interval | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 87 | NAS-Port-Id | ✓ | – | – | – | ✓ | – |
| 88 | Framed-Pool | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 90 | Tunnel-Client-Auth-Id | ✓ | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 91 | Tunnel-Server-Auth-Id | ✓ | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 95 | NAS-IPv6-Address | ✓ | – | – | – | – | – |
| 96 | Framed-Interface-ID | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 97 | Framed-IPv6-Prefix | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 98 | Login-IPv6-Host | ✓ | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 99 | Framed-IPv6-Route | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 100 | Framed-IPv6-Pool | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 101 | Error-Cause | – | – | – | – | ✓ | ✓ |
| 123 | Delegated-IPv6-Prefix | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 168 | Framed-IP-Address | – | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 242 | Ascend-Data-Filter | – | ✓ | – | – | ✓ | – |

Related Documentation • [AAA Accounting Messages and Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs for Junos OS on page 44](#)

- [RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 13](#)
- [RADIUS IETF Attributes Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 14](#)
- [Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 23](#)

AAA Accounting Messages and Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs for Junos OS

Table 6 on page 44 shows the RADIUS attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs support in AAA accounting messages. A checkmark in a column indicates that the message type supports that attribute.

Table 6: AAA Accounting Messages—Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Acct Start | Acct Stop | Interim Acct | Acct On | Acct Off |
|------------------|---------------------|------------|-----------|--------------|---------|----------|
| 1 | User-Name | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 3 | CHAP-Password | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| 4 | NAS-IP-Address | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 5 | NAS-Port | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 6 | Service-Type | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 7 | Framed-Protocol | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 8 | Framed-IP-Address | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 9 | Framed-IP-Netmask | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 11 | Filter-Id | – | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 22 | Framed-Route | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 25 | Class | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-1 | Virtual-Router | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-10 | Ingress-Policy-Name | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-11 | Egress-Policy-Name | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-24 | PPPoE-Description | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-42 | Input-Gigapackets | – | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |

Table 6: AAA Accounting Messages—Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Acct Start | Acct Stop | Interim Acct | Acct On | Acct Off |
|------------------|----------------------|------------|-----------|--------------|---------|----------|
| 26-43 | Output-Gigapackets | – | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-47 | Ipv6-Primary-DNS | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-48 | Ipv6-Secondary-DNS | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-51 | Disconnect-Cause | – | ✓ | – | – | – |
| 26-55 | DHCP-Options | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-56 | DHCP-MAC-Address | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-57 | DHCP-GI-Address | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-63 | Interface-Desc | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-83 | Service-Session | – | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-92 | L2C-Up-Stream-Data | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-93 | L2C-Down-Stream-Data | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-110 | Acc-Loop-Cir-Id | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-111 | Acc-Aggr-Cir-Id-Bin | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-112 | Acc-Aggr-Cir-Id-Asc | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-113 | Act-Data-Rate-Up | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-114 | Act-Data-Rate-Dn | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-115 | Min-Data-Rate-Up | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-116 | Min-Data-Rate-Dn | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-117 | Att-Data-Rate-Up | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-118 | Att-Data-Rate-Dn | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-119 | Max-Data-Rate-Up | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-120 | Max-Data-Rate-Dn | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-121 | Min-LP-Data-Rate-Up | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |

Table 6: AAA Accounting Messages—Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs (continued)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Acct Start | Acct Stop | Interim Acct | Acct On | Acct Off |
|------------------|--------------------------------|------------|-----------|--------------|---------|----------|
| 26-122 | Min-LP-Data-Rate-Dn | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-123 | Max-Interlv-Delay-Up | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-124 | Act-Interlv-Delay-Up | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-125 | Max-Interlv-Delay-Dn | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-126 | Act-Interlv-Delay-Dn | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-127 | DSL-Line-State | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-128 | DSL-Type | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-141 | Downstream-Calculated-QoS-Rate | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-142 | Upstream-Calculated-QoS-Rate | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-151 | IPv6-Acct-Input-Octets | – | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-152 | IPv6-Acct-Output-Octets | – | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-153 | IPv6-Acct-Input-Packets | – | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-154 | IPv6-Acct-Output-Packets | – | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-155 | IPv6-Acct-Input-Gigawords | – | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-156 | IPv6-Acct-Output-Gigawords | – | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-160 | Vlan-Map-Id | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-162 | Tx-Connect-Speed | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-163 | Rx-Connect-Speed | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-164 | IPv4-Release-Control | – | – | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-177 | Cos-Shaping-Rate | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-182 | Acc-Loop-Remote-Id | ✓ | ✓ | – | – | – |
| 26-183 | Acc-Loop-Encap | ✓ | ✓ | – | – | – |
| 26-184 | Inner-Vlan-Map-Id | ✓ | ✓ | – | – | – |

Table 6: AAA Accounting Messages—Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Acct Start | Acct Stop | Interim Acct | Acct On | Acct Off |
|------------------|-------------------------------|------------|-----------|--------------|---------|----------|
| 26-185 | Core-Facing-Interface | ✓ | ✓ | – | – | – |
| 26-188 | DHCP-First-Relay-IPv4-Address | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-190 | DHCP-First-Relay-IPv6-Address | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-191 | Input-Interface-Filter | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-192 | Output-Interface-Filter | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-207 | DHCPv6-Options | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 26-210 | Acct-Request-Reason | ✓ | – | ✓ | – | – |
| 31 | Calling-Station-ID | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 32 | NAS-Identifier | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 40 | Acct-Status-Type | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 41 | Acct-Delay-Time | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 42 | Acct-Input-Octets | – | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 43 | Acct-Output-Octets | – | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 44 | Acct-Session-ID | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 45 | Acct-Authentic | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 46 | Acct-Session-Time | – | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 47 | Acct-Input-Packets | – | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 48 | Acct-Output-Packets | – | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 49 | Acct-Terminate-Cause | – | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 52 | Acct-Input-Gigawords | – | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 53 | Acct-Output-Gigawords | – | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 55 | Event-Timestamp | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 61 | NAS-Port-Type | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |

Table 6: AAA Accounting Messages—Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs (continued)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Acct Start | Acct Stop | Interim Acct | Acct On | Acct Off |
|------------------|------------------------|------------|-----------|--------------|---------|----------|
| 64 | Tunnel-Type | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 65 | Tunnel-Medium-Type | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 66 | Tunnel-Client-Endpoint | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 67 | Tunnel-Server-Endpoint | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 68 | Acct-Tunnel-Connection | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 77 | Connect-Info | ✓ | ✓ | – | – | – |
| 82 | Tunnel-Assignment-Id | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 87 | NAS-Port-Id | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 90 | Tunnel-Client-Auth-Id | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 91 | Tunnel-Server-Auth-Id | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 99 | Framed-IPv6-Route | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 100 | Framed-IPv6-Pool | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| 123 | Delegated-IPv6-Prefix | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |

Related Documentation

- [AAA Access Messages and Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs for Junos OS on page 37](#)
- [RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 13](#)
- [RADIUS IETF Attributes Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 14](#)
- [Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 23](#)

Filtering RADIUS Attributes and VSAs from RADIUS Messages

Standard attributes and vendor-specific attributes (VSAs) received in RADIUS messages take precedence over internally provisioned attribute values. Filtering attributes consists of choosing to *ignore* certain attributes when they are received in Access Accept packets and to *exclude* certain attributes from being sent to the RADIUS server. Ignoring attributes received from the RADIUS server enables your locally provisioned values to be used instead. Excluding attributes from being sent is useful, for example, for attributes that

do not change for the lifetime of a subscriber. It enables you to reduce the packet size without loss of information.

You can specify standard RADIUS attributes and VSAs that the router or switch subsequently *ignores* when they are received in RADIUS Access-Accept messages. You can also specify attributes and VSAs that the router or switch *excludes* from specified RADIUS message types. Exclusion means that the router or switch does not include the attribute in specified messages that it sends to the RADIUS server.

Starting in Junos OS Release 18.1R1, you can configure the router or switch to ignore or exclude RADIUS standard attributes and VSAs by specifying the standard attribute number or the IANA-assigned vendor ID and the VSA number, respectively. With this flexible configuration method, you can configure any standard attribute and VSA supported by your platform to be ignored or excluded. The configuration has no effect if you configure unsupported attributes, vendors, and VSAs.

The legacy method allows you to configure only those attributes and VSAs for which the statement syntax includes a specific option. Consequently, you can use the legacy method to ignore only a subset of all attributes that can be received in Access-Accept messages.

To configure the attributes ignored or excluded by your router or switch:

1. Specify that you want to configure RADIUS in the access profile.

```
[edit access profile profile-name]
user@host# edit radius
```

2. Specify that you want to configure how RADIUS attributes are filtered.

```
[edit access profile profile-name radius]
user@host# edit attributes
```

3. (Optional) Specify one or more attributes you want your router or switch to ignore when the attributes are in Access-Accept messages.

- Legacy method: Specify dedicated option for attribute:

```
[edit access profile profile-name radius attributes]
user@host# set ignore attribute-name
```

- Flexible method: Specify standard attribute number or the IANA-assigned vendor ID and the VSA number:

```
[edit access profile profile-name radius attributes]
user@host# set ignore standard-attribute number
user@host# set ignore vendor-id id-number vendor-attribute vsa-number
```

4. (Optional) Configure an attribute that you want your router or switch to exclude from one or more specified RADIUS message types. You cannot configure a list of attributes, but you can specify a list of message types for each attribute.

- Legacy method: Specify dedicated option for attribute and message type:

```
[edit access profile profile-name radius attributes]
user@host# set exclude attribute-name [packet-type]
```

- Flexible method: Specify standard attribute number or the IANA-assigned vendor ID, the VSA number, and the message type:

```
[edit access profile profile-name radius attributes]
user@host# set exclude standard-attribute number packet-type [packet-type]
user@host# set exclude vendor-id id-number vendor-attribute vsa-number
packet-type [packet-type]
```

The following example compares the legacy and flexible configuration methods to ignore the standard RADIUS attribute, Framed-IP-Netmask (9), and the Juniper Networks VSAs, Ingress-Policy-Name (26-10) and Egress-Policy-Name (26-11).

- Legacy method:

```
[edit access profile prof-ign radius attributes]
user@host# set ignore framed-ip-netmask input-filter output-filter
```

- Flexible method:

```
[edit access profile prof-ign radius attributes]
user@host# set ignore standard-attribute 9
user@host# set ignore vendor-id 4874 vendor-attribute [ 10 11 ]
```

The following example compares the legacy and flexible configuration methods to exclude the standard RADIUS attribute, Framed-IP-Netmask (9), and the Juniper Networks VSAs, Ingress-Policy-Name (26-10) and Egress-Policy-Name (26-11).

- Legacy method:

```
[edit access profile prof-exc radius attributes]
user@host# set exclude framed-ip-netmask accounting-stop
user@host# set exclude input-filter [ accounting-start accounting-stop ]
user@host# set exclude output-filter [ accounting-start accounting-stop ]
```

- Flexible method: Specify standard attribute number or the IANA-assigned vendor ID, the VSA number, and the message type:

```
[edit access profile prof-exc radius attributes]
user@host# set exclude standard-attribute 9 packet-type accounting-stop
user@host# set exclude vendor-id 4874 vendor-attribute 10 packet-type
[ accounting-start accounting-stop ]
user@host# set exclude vendor-id 4874 vendor-attribute 11 packet-type
[ accounting-start accounting-stop ]
```

What happens if you specify an attribute with both methods in the same profile? The effective configuration is the logical OR of the two methods. Consider the following example for the standard attribute, accounting-delay-time (41):

```
[edit access profile prof-3 radius attributes]
user@host# set exclude accounting-delay-time [ accounting-off accounting-on ]
user@host# set exclude standard-attribute 41 packet-type [ accounting-start
accounting-stop ]
```

The result is that the attribute is excluded from all four message types: Accounting-Off, Accounting-On, Accounting-Start, and Accounting-Stop. The effect is the same as if either of the following configurations is used:

- [edit access profile *prof-3* radius attributes]

```
user@host# set exclude accounting-delay-time [ accounting-off accounting-on
accounting-start accounting-stop ]
```

- [edit access profile prof-3 radius attributes]
user@host# set exclude standard-attribute 41 packet-type [accounting-off
accounting-on accounting-start accounting-stop]

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|---------|---|
| 18.1R1 | Starting in Junos OS Release 18.1R1, you can configure the router or switch to ignore or exclude RADIUS standard attributes and VSAs by specifying the standard attribute number or the IANA-assigned vendor ID and the VSA number, respectively. |

Related Documentation

- [AAA Access Messages and Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs for Junos OS on page 37](#)
- [AAA Accounting Messages and Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs for Junos OS on page 44](#)
- [Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 137](#)
- [Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94](#)
- [Specifying RADIUS Authentication and Accounting Servers for Subscriber Access on page 95](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141](#)
- [Example: Configuring RADIUS-Based Subscriber Authentication and Accounting on page 96](#)

Junos OS Predefined Variables That Correspond to RADIUS Attributes and VSAs

Table 7 on page 52 lists the RADIUS attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs and their corresponding Junos OS predefined variables that are used in dynamic profiles. When the router instantiates a dynamic profile following subscriber access, the Junos OS uses the predefined variable to specify the RADIUS attribute or VSA for the information obtained from the RADIUS server.

Some predefined variables support the configuration of default values. The configured default value is used in the event that RADIUS fails to return a value for the variable. You configure default values with the **predefined-variable-defaults predefined-variable default-value** statement at the [edit dynamic-profiles] hierarchy level. When you specify the **predefined-variable**, you use the name of the Junos OS predefined variable, but you omit the leading \$junos- prefix.

Table 7: RADIUS Attributes and Corresponding Junos OS Predefined Variables

| Attribute Number and Name | Junos OS Predefined Variable | Description | Default Value Support for Junos OS Predefined Variable |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| RADIUS Standard Attributes | | | |
| 8 Framed-IP-Address | \$junos-framed-route-ip-address | Address for the client | No |
| 11 Filter-ID | \$junos-input-filter NOTE: Variable is also used for VSA 26-10. | Input filter to apply to client IPv4 interface | Yes |
| 22 Framed-Route | \$junos-framed-route-ip-address-prefix | (Subattribute 1): Route prefix for access route | No |
| | \$junos-framed-route-nexthop | (Subattribute 2): Next hop address for access route | No |
| | \$junos-framed-route-cost | (Subattribute 3): Metric for access route | No |
| | \$junos-framed-route-distance | (Subattribute 5): Preference for access route | No |
| | \$junos-framed-route-tag | (Subattribute 6): Tag for access route | No |
| 97 Framed-IPv6-Prefix | \$junos-ipv6-ndra-prefix | Prefix value in IPv6 Neighbor Discovery route advertisements | No |
| 99 Framed-IPv6-Route | \$junos-framed-route-ipv6-address-prefix | (Subattribute 1): Framed IPv6 route prefix configured for the client | No |
| | \$junos-framed-route-ipv6-cost | (Subattribute 3): Metric for access route | No |
| | \$junos-framed-route-ipv6-distance | (Subattribute 5): Preference for access route | No |
| | \$junos-framed-route-ipv6-nexthop | (Subattribute 2): IPv6 routing information configured for the client | No |
| | \$junos-framed-route-ipv6-tag | (Subattribute 6): Tag for access route | No |

Table 7: RADIUS Attributes and Corresponding Junos OS Predefined Variables (*continued*)

| Attribute Number and Name | Junos OS Predefined Variable | Description | Default Value Support for Junos OS Predefined Variable |
|-------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Juniper Networks VSA | | | |
| 26-1 Virtual-Router | \$junos-routing-instance | Routing instance to which subscriber is assigned | Yes |
| 26-10 Ingress-Policy-Name | \$junos-input-filter NOTE: Variable is also used for RADIUS attribute 11. | Input filter to apply to client IPv4 interface | Yes |
| 26-11 Egress-Policy-Name | \$junos-output-filter | Output filter to apply to client IPv4 interface | Yes |
| 26-23 IGMP-Enable | \$junos-igmp-enable | Enable or disable IGMP on client interface | Yes |
| 26-71 IGMP-Access-Name | \$junos-igmp-access-group-name | Access list to use for the group (G) filter | Yes |
| 26-72 IGMP-Access-Src-Name | \$junos-igmp-access-source-group-name | Access List to use for the source group (S,G) filter | Yes |
| 26-74 MLD-Access-Name | \$junos-mld-access-group-name | Access list to use for the group (G) filter | Yes |
| 26-75 MLD-Access-Src-Name | \$junos-mld-access-source-group-name | Access List to use for the source group (S,G) filter | Yes |
| 26-77 MLD-Version | \$junos-mld-version | MLD protocol version | Yes |
| 26-78 IGMP-Version | \$junos-igmp-version | IGMP protocol version | Yes |
| 26-97 IGMP-Immediate-Leave | \$junos-igmp-immediate-leave | IGMP immediate leave | Yes |
| 26-100 MLD-Immediate-Leave | \$junos-mld-immediate-leave | MLD immediate leave | Yes |

Table 7: RADIUS Attributes and Corresponding Junos OS Predefined Variables (*continued*)

| Attribute Number and Name | Junos OS Predefined Variable | Description | Default Value Support for Junos OS Predefined Variable |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| 26-106 IPv6-Ingress-Policy-Name | \$junos-input-ipv6-filter | Input filter to apply to client IPv6 interface | Yes |
| 26-107 IPv6-Egress-Policy-Name | \$junos-output-ipv6-filter | Output filter to apply to client IPv6 interface | Yes |
| 26-108 CoS-Parameter-Type | \$junos-cos-scheduler-map | (T01: Scheduler-map name) Name of scheduler map configured in traffic-control profile | Yes |
| | \$junos-cos-shaping-rate | (T02: Shaping rate) Shaping rate configured in traffic-control profile | Yes |
| | \$junos-cos-guaranteed-rate | (T03: Guaranteed rate) Guaranteed rate configured in traffic-control profile | Yes |
| | \$junos-cos-delay-buffer-rate | (T04: Delay-buffer rate) Delay-buffer rate configured in traffic-control profile | Yes |
| | \$junos-cos-excess-rate | (T05; Excess rate) Excess rate configured in traffic-control profile | Yes |
| | \$junos-cos-traffic-control-profile | (T06: Traffic-control profile) Name of the traffic-control profile configured in a dynamic profile | Yes |
| | \$junos-cos-shaping-mode | (T07; Shaping mode) CoS shaping mode configured in a dynamic profile | Yes |
| | \$junos-cos-byte-adjust | (T08; Byte adjust) Byte adjustments configured for the shaping mode in a dynamic profile | Yes |

Table 7: RADIUS Attributes and Corresponding Junos OS Predefined Variables (*continued*)

| Attribute Number and Name | Junos OS Predefined Variable | Description | Default Value Support for Junos OS Predefined Variable |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| | \$junos-cos-adjust-minimum | (T09; Adjust minimum) Minimum adjusted value allowed for the shaping rate in a dynamic profile | Yes |
| | \$junos-cos-excess-rate-high | (T10; Excess rate high) Excess rate configured for high-priority traffic in a dynamic profile | Yes |
| | \$junos-cos-excess-rate-low | (T11; Excess rate low) Excess rate configured for low-priority traffic in a dynamic profile | Yes |
| | \$junos-cos-shaping-rate-burst | (T12; Shaping rate burst) Burst size configured for the shaping rate in a dynamic profile | Yes |
| | \$junos-cos-guaranteed-rate-burst | (T13; Guaranteed rate burst) Burst size configured for the guaranteed rate in a dynamic profile | Yes |
| 26-130 Qos-Set-Name | \$junos-interface-set-name | Name of an interface set configured in a dynamic profile | Yes |
| 26-146 CoS-Scheduler-Pmt-Type | \$junos-cos-scheduler | (Null: Scheduler name) Name of scheduler configured in a dynamic profile | Yes |
| | \$junos-cos-scheduler-tx | (T01: CoS scheduler transmit rate) Transmit rate for scheduler configured in a dynamic profile | Yes Available for multiple parameters: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Percent • Rate |

Table 7: RADIUS Attributes and Corresponding Junos OS Predefined Variables (*continued*)

| Attribute Number and Name | Junos OS Predefined Variable | Description | Default Value Support for Junos OS Predefined Variable |
|---------------------------|--|---|---|
| | \$junos-cos-scheduler-bs | (T02: CoS scheduler buffer size) Buffer size for scheduler configured in a dynamic profile | Yes Available for multiple parameters: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Percent • Temporal |
| | \$junos-cos-scheduler-pri | (T03: CoS scheduler priority) Packet-scheduling priority for scheduler configured in a dynamic profile | Yes |
| | \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-low | (T04: CoS scheduler drop-profile low) Name of drop profile for RED loss-priority level low for scheduler configured in a dynamic profile | Yes |
| | \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-medium-low | (T05: CoS scheduler drop-profile medium-low) Name of drop profile for RED loss-priority level medium-low for scheduler configured in a dynamic profile | Yes |
| | \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-medium-high | (T06: CoS scheduler drop-profile medium-high) Name of drop profile for RED loss-priority level medium-high for scheduler configured in a dynamic profile | Yes |
| | \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-high | (T07: CoS scheduler drop-profile high) Name of drop profile for RED loss-priority level high for scheduler configured in a dynamic profile | Yes |

Table 7: RADIUS Attributes and Corresponding Junos OS Predefined Variables (*continued*)

| Attribute Number and Name | Junos OS Predefined Variable | Description | Default Value Support for Junos OS Predefined Variable |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| | \$junos-cos-scheduler-dropfile-any | (T08: CoS scheduler drop-profile any) Name of drop profile for RED loss-priority level any for scheduler configured in a dynamic profile | Yes |
| | \$junos-cos-scheduler-excess-rate | (T09: CoS scheduler excess rate) Excess rate configured for a scheduler in a dynamic profile | Yes Available for multiple parameters: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Percent • Proportion |
| | \$junos-cos-scheduler-shaping-rate | (T10: CoS scheduler shaping rate) Shaping rate configured for a scheduler in a dynamic profile | Yes Available for multiple parameters: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Percent • Rate |
| | \$junos-cos-scheduler-excess-priority | (T11: CoS scheduler excess priority) Excess priority configured for a scheduler in a dynamic profile | Yes |
| 26-191 Input-Interface-Filter | \$junos-input-interface-filter | Name of an input filter to be attached to a family any interface. | No |
| 26-192 Output-Interface-Filter | \$junos-output-interface-filter | Name of an output filter to be attached to a family any interface. | No |
| 26-196 IPv4-Input-Service-Set | \$junos-input-service-set | Name of an IPv4 input service set to be attached. | No |
| 26-197 IPv4-Output-Service-Set | \$junos-output-service-set | Name of an IPv4 output service set to be attached. | No |
| 26-198 IPv4-Input-Service-Filter | \$junos-input-service-filter | Name of an IPv4 input service filter to be attached. | No |

Table 7: RADIUS Attributes and Corresponding Junos OS Predefined Variables (*continued*)

| Attribute Number and Name | Junos OS Predefined Variable | Description | Default Value Support for Junos OS Predefined Variable |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|--|
| 26-199 IPv4-Output-Service-Filter | \$junos-output-service-filter | Name of an IPv4 output service filter to be attached. | No |
| 26-200 IPv6-Input-Service-Set | \$junos-input-ipv6-service-set | Name of an IPv6 input service set to be attached. | No |
| 26-201 IPv6-Output-Service-Set | \$junos-output-ipv6-service-set | Name of an IPv6 output service set to be attached. | No |
| 26-202 IPv6-Input-Service-Filter | \$junos-input-ipv6-service-filter | Name of an IPv6 input service filter to be attached. | No |
| 26-203 IPv6-Output-Service-Filter | \$junos-output-ipv6-service-filter | Name of an IPv6 output service filter to be attached. | No |
| 26-204 Adv-Pcef-Profile-Name | \$junos-pcef-profile | Name of a PCEF profile to be attached. | No |
| 26-205 Adv-Pcef-Rule-Name | \$junos-pcef-rule | Name of a PCC rule to activate. | No |

Related Documentation

- [Dynamic Variables Overview](#)
- [Configuring Predefined Dynamic Variables in Dynamic Profiles](#)
- [Junos OS Predefined Variables](#)

DSL Forum Vendor-Specific Attributes

Digital Subscriber Line (DSL) attributes are RADIUS vendor-specific attributes (VSAs) that are defined by the DSL Forum. The attributes transport DSL information that is not supported by standard RADIUS attributes and which convey information about the associated DSL subscriber and data rate. The attributes are defined in RFC 4679, *DSL Forum Vendor-Specific RADIUS Attributes* and RFC 5515, *Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) Access Line Information Attribute Value Pair (AVP) Extensions*.



NOTE: Junos OS uses the vendor ID 3561, which is assigned by the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA), for the DSL Forum VSAs.

Subscriber management does not process DSL values—the router simply passes the values received from the subscriber to the RADIUS server, without performing any parsing or manipulation. However, you can manage the content of DSL VSA values either by using the client configuration to restrict the DSL VSAs that the client sends, or by configuring the RADIUS server to ignore unwanted DSL VSAs.

Table 8 on page 59 describes the DSL Forum VSAs.

Table 8: DSL Forum VSAs

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description | Value |
|------------------|---------------------------------|--|------------------|
| 26-1 | Agent-Circuit-Id | Identifier for the subscriber agent circuit ID (ACI) that corresponds to the DSLAM interface from which subscriber requests are initiated. For auto-sensed VLANs, the ACI is extracted from DHCP discover, DHCPv6 solicit, or PPPoE PADI messages, stored in the VLAN shared database entry, and then presented in the RADIUS Access-Request message in this VSA. | string |
| 26-2 | Agent-Remote-Id | Unique identifier for the subscriber associated with the DSLAM interface from which requests are initiated. For auto-sensed VLANs, the ARI is extracted from DHCP discover, DHCPv6 solicit, or PPPoE PADI messages, stored in the VLAN shared database entry, and then presented in the RADIUS Access-Request message in this VSA. | string |
| 26-129 | Actual-Data-Rate-Upstream | Actual upstream data rate of the subscriber's synchronized DSL link | integer: 4-octet |
| 26-130 | Actual-Data-Rate-Downstream | Actual downstream data rate of the subscriber's synchronized DSL link | integer: 4-octet |
| 26-131 | Minimum-Data-Rate-Upstream | Minimum upstream data rate configured for the subscriber | integer: 4-octet |
| 26-132 | Minimum-Data-Rate-Downstream | Minimum downstream data rate configured for the subscriber | integer: 4-octet |
| 26-133 | Attainable-Data-Rate-Upstream | Upstream data rate that the subscriber can attain | integer: 4-octet |
| 26-134 | Attainable-Data-Rate-Downstream | Downstream data rate that the subscriber can attain | integer: 4-octet |
| 26-135 | Maximum-Data-Rate-Upstream | Maximum upstream data rate configured for the subscriber | integer: 4-octet |

Table 8: DSL Forum VSAs (continued)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description | Value |
|------------------|--|--|------------------------|
| 26-136 | Maximum-Data-Rate-Downstream | Maximum downstream data rate configured for the subscriber | integer: 4-octet |
| 26-137 | Minimum-Data-Rate-Upstream-Low-Power | Minimum upstream data rate in low power state configured for the subscriber | integer: 4-octet |
| 26-138 | Minimum-Data-Rate-Downstream-Low-Power | Minimum downstream data rate in low power state configured for the subscriber | integer: 4-octet |
| 26-139 | Maximum-Interleaving-Delay-Upstream | Maximum one-way upstream interleaving delay configured for the subscriber | integer: 4-octet |
| 26-140 | Actual-Interleaving-Delay-Upstream | Subscriber's actual one-way upstream interleaving delay | integer: 4-octet |
| 26-141 | Maximum-Interleaving-Delay-Downstream | Maximum one-way downstream interleaving delay configured for the subscriber | integer: 4-octet |
| 26-142 | Actual-Interleaving-Delay-Downstream | Subscriber's actual one-way downstream interleaving delay | integer: 4-octet |
| 26-144 | Access-Loop-Encapsulation | Encapsulation used by the subscriber associated with the DSLAM interface from which requests are initiated | string: 3-byte |
| 26-254 | IWF-Session | Indication that the interworking function (IWF) has been performed for the subscriber's session | No data field required |

Related Documentation • [DSL Forum VSAs Support in AAA Access and Accounting Messages for Junos OS on page 60](#)

DSL Forum VSAs Support in AAA Access and Accounting Messages for Junos OS

Table 9 on page 60 lists the DSL Forum VSAs supported by Junos OS in RADIUS Access-Request, Acct-Start, Acct-Stop, Interim-Acct, and CoA-Request messages. A checkmark in a column indicates that the message type supports that attribute. The DSL Forum vendor ID is 3561 (hexadecimal DE9), which is assigned by the IANA.

Table 9: DSL Forum VSAs—Supported RADIUS Messages

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Access Request | Acct Start | Acct Stop | Interim Acct | CoA Request |
|------------------|------------------|----------------|------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|
| 26-1 | Agent-Circuit-Id | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |

Table 9: DSL Forum VSAs—Supported RADIUS Messages (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Access Request | Acct Start | Acct Stop | Interim Acct | CoA Request |
|------------------|--|----------------|------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|
| 26-2 | Agent-Remote-Id | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 26-129 | Actual-Data-Rate-Upstream | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – |
| 26-130 | Actual-Data-Rate-Downstream | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – |
| 26-131 | Minimum-Data-Rate-Upstream | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – |
| 26-132 | Minimum-Data-Rate-Downstream | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – |
| 26-133 | Attainable-Data-Rate-Upstream | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – |
| 26-134 | Attainable-Data-Rate-Downstream | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – |
| 26-135 | Maximum-Data-Rate-Upstream | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – |
| 26-136 | Maximum-Data-Rate-Downstream | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – |
| 26-137 | Minimum-Data-Rate-Upstream-Low-Power | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – |
| 26-138 | Minimum-Data-Rate-Downstream-Low-Power | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – |
| 26-139 | Maximum-Interleaving-Delay-Upstream | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – |
| 26-140 | Actual-Interleaving-Delay-Upstream | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – |
| 26-141 | Maximum-Interleaving-Delay-Downstream | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – |
| 26-142 | Actual-Interleaving-Delay-Downstream | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – |
| 26-144 | Access-Loop-Encapsulation | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – |
| 26-254 | IWF-Session | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – |

Related Documentation • [DSL Forum Vendor-Specific Attributes on page 58](#)

RADIUS Support for Microsoft Corporation VSAs for DNS Server Addresses

Starting in Junos OS Release 15.1, the Junos OS AAA implementation supports RADIUS VSAs that identify the primary and secondary DNS servers for IANA private enterprise number 311 (Microsoft Corporation). For example, during PPP authentication, the router receives the VSAs from a RADIUS server and uses the attributes to provision customer premise equipment.

The two VSAs are shown in the following table, and are described in RFC 2548 (*Microsoft Vendor-specific RADIUS Attributes*)

Table 10: Microsoft Vendor-Specific RADIUS Attributes for DNS Server Addresses

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description | Value |
|------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| 26-28 | MS-Primary-DNS-Server | IP address of the primary Domain Name Server. This VSA can be included in Access-Accept and Accounting-Request packets. | integer: 4-octet <i>primary-dns-address</i> |
| 26-29 | MS-Secondary-DNS-Server | IP address of the secondary Domain Name Server. This VSA can be included in Access-Accept and Accounting-Request packets. | integer: 4-octet <i>secondary-dns-address</i> |

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|---------|---|
| 15.1 | Starting in Junos OS Release 15.1, the Junos OS AAA implementation supports RADIUS VSAs that identify the primary and secondary DNS servers for IANA private enterprise number 311 (Microsoft Corporation). |

Related Documentation

- [DNS Address Assignment Precedence on page 286](#)

CHAPTER 3

Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Attributes and Options

- [Manual Configuration of the NAS-Port-ID RADIUS Attribute on page 63](#)
- [Interface Text Descriptions for Inclusion in RADIUS Attributes on page 65](#)
- [Configuring a NAS-Port-ID with Additional Options on page 66](#)
- [Configuring the Order in Which Optional Values Appear in the NAS-Port-ID on page 67](#)
- [Configuring a Calling-Station-ID with Additional Options on page 69](#)
- [Enabling Unique NAS-Port Attributes \(RADIUS Attribute 5\) for Subscribers on page 73](#)
- [RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN Overview on page 74](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 76](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 77](#)
- [Manual Configuration of the NAS-Port-Type RADIUS Attribute on page 78](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port-Type per Physical Interface on page 80](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port-Type per VLAN on page 82](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port-Type per Stacked VLAN on page 83](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port Extended Format per Physical Interface on page 85](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port Extended Format per VLAN on page 87](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port Extended Format per Stacked VLAN on page 88](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port Extended Format for ATM Interfaces on page 91](#)

Manual Configuration of the NAS-Port-ID RADIUS Attribute

Subscriber management uses the NAS-Port-ID (RADIUS attribute 87) to provide an interface description that identifies the physical interface that is used to authenticate subscribers. The NAS-Port-ID is included in RADIUS Access-Request, Acct-Start, Acct-Stop, Acct-On, and Acct-Off messages.

You can configure access profiles to specify additional information in the NAS-Port-ID. The additional information can be any combination of the interface description (the

default value), the Agent Circuit ID, the Agent Remote ID, and the NAS identifier. You can also specify an optional delimiter character, which separates the values in a NAS-Port-ID. The default delimiter character is the hash character (#).

A default NAS-Port-ID for nonchannelized interfaces consists of the following **interface-description** string:

interface-type-slot/adapter/port.subinterface[:svlan-vlan]

For example: ge-1/2/0.100:100.

Starting in Junos OS Release 17.3R1, a logical port number is added to the default format for only channelized interfaces. For channelized interfaces, the default format for a NAS-Port-ID consists of the following **interface-description** string:

interface-type-slot/adapter/logical-port-number.subinterface[:svlan-vlan]

For example, xe-0/1/143.4-5.6.

You can optionally configure the interface description format in an access profile to exclude the adapter, channel, or subinterface information.

You might optionally configure an access profile that specifies that the NAS-Port-ID includes the NAS identifier, the Agent Circuit ID, and the Agent Remote ID, in addition to the default interface description. For this configuration, the NAS-Port-ID consists of the following string:

nas-identifier#interface-description#agent-circuit-id#agent-remote-id

For example:

retailer25#ge-1/2/0.100:100#ACI 12/1/22/1230:1.1.23#ARI 55/2/23.9999:10.11.1923



NOTE: The NAS-Port-ID displays the configured values in the following order (where # is the delimiter):

nas-identifier#interface-description#agent-circuit-id#agent-remote-id

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|---------|--|
| 17.3R1 | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.3R1, a logical port number is added to the default format for only channelized interfaces. |

Related Documentation

- [Configuring a NAS-Port-ID with Additional Options on page 66](#)
- [RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 4](#)
- [Interface Text Descriptions for Inclusion in RADIUS Attributes on page 65](#)

Interface Text Descriptions for Inclusion in RADIUS Attributes

RADIUS attributes such as NAS-Port-ID (87) and Calling-Station-ID (31) include a description that identifies the physical interface that is used to authenticate subscribers. The default format for nonchannelized interfaces is as follows:

interface-type-slot/adapter/port.subinterface[:svlan-vlan]

For example, consider physical interface ge-1/2/0, with a subinterface of 100 and SVLAN identifier of 100. The interface description used in the NAS-Port-ID is ge-1/2/0.100:100.

Starting in Junos OS Release 17.3R1, a different format is used for channelized interfaces. For channelized interfaces, the default interface description is as follows:

interface-type-slot/adapter/logical-port-number.subinterface[:svlan-vlan]

The channel information (logical port number) is determined by this formula:

Logical port number = $100 + (\text{actual-port-number} \times 20) + \text{channel-number}$

For example, consider a channelized interface 3 on port 2 where the:

- Physical interface is xe-0/1/2:3.
- Subinterface is 4.
- SVLAN is 5.
- VLAN is 6.

Using the formula, the logical port number = $100 + (2 \times 20) + 3 = 143$. Consequently, the default interface description is xe-0/1/143.4-5.6.

You can optionally configure the interface description format in an access profile to exclude the adapter, channel, or subinterface information.

For example, if you exclude the subinterface from the nonchannelized interface description format, the description becomes ge-1/2/0:100. If you exclude the channel information from the channelized interface description format, the description becomes xe-0/1/2.4-5.6.

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|---------|---|
| 17.3R1 | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.3R1, a different format is used for channelized interfaces. |

Related Documentation

- [RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 4](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141](#)
- [Manual Configuration of the NAS-Port-ID RADIUS Attribute on page 63](#)
- [Configuring a Calling-Station-ID with Additional Options on page 69](#)

Configuring a NAS-Port-ID with Additional Options

The NAS-Port-ID (RADIUS attribute 87) identifies the physical interface that subscriber management uses to authenticate subscribers. By default, the NAS-Port-ID includes the **interface-description** value that describes the physical interface. You can include the following optional values in the NAS-Port-ID:

- **agent-circuit-id**
- **agent-remote-id**
- **interface-description**
- **interface-text-description**
- **nas-identifier**
- **postpend-vlan-tags**



NOTE: If you specify any optional values, the default **interface-description** value is no longer automatically included. You must explicitly specify the **interface-description** value if you want it to appear in the NAS-Port-ID.

When you specify optional values, the router arranges the values in the following default order, where the **#** character is the default delimiter:

nas-identifier # interface-description # interface-text-description # agent-circuit-id # agent-remote-id # postpend-vlan-tags

You can use the **order** option to configure the explicit order in which the specified optional values appear in the NAS-Port-ID string.

To configure optional values in the NAS-Port-ID string:

1. Specify the access profile you want to configure.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit access profile retailer25
```

2. Specify that you want to configure RADIUS options.

```
[edit access profile retailer25]
user@host# edit radius options
```

3. Specify the character to use as the delimiter between the different attribute values in the NAS-Port-ID. By default, subscriber management uses the hash character (**#**).

```
[edit access profile retailer25 radius options]
user@host# set nas-port-delimiter %
```

4. Specify that you want to configure the format of the NAS-Port-ID.

```
[edit access profile retailer25 radius options]
user@host# edit nas-port-id-format
```

5. (Optional) Specify the optional values you want to include in the NAS-Port-ID string. The optional values appear in the default order.

```
[edit access profile retailer25 radius options nas-port-id-format]
user@host# set interface-description nas-identifier agent-remote-id agent-circuit id
```

6. (Optional) To specify an explicit non-default order in which the optional values appear in the NAS-Port-ID string, include the **order** option before each optional value. Specify the values in the order you want them to appear.

See “Configuring the Order in Which Optional Values Appear in the NAS-Port-ID” on page 67.

Related Documentation

- [Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 140](#)
- [Configuring the Order in Which Optional Values Appear in the NAS-Port-ID on page 67](#)

Configuring the Order in Which Optional Values Appear in the NAS-Port-ID

In addition to specifying the values that you want to include in the NAS-Port-ID, you can use the **order** option to specify the explicit order in which you want the values to appear.

By default, the router arranges the specified values in the following order, where the **#** character is the delimiter:

```
nas-identifier # interface-description # interface-text-description #
agent-circuit-id # agent-remote-id # postpend-vlan-tags
```



NOTE: The default order and the customized order are mutually exclusive. The configuration fails if you try to specify both.

To configure the specific order in which you want the optional values to appear in the NAS-Port-ID:

1. Specify that you want to configure the format of the NAS-Port-ID.

```
[edit access profile retailer25 radius options]
user@host# edit nas-port-id-format
```

2. Include the **order** option before each optional value that you want to include in the NAS-Port-ID. Specify the optional values in the order in which you want them to appear.

```
[edit access profile retailer25 radius options nas-port-id-format]
user@host# set order interface-description order nas-identifier order agent-remote-id
order interface-text-description
```

This configuration configures the following NAS-Port-ID string, where the % character is the delimiter:

```
interface-description % nas-identifier % agent-remote-id % interface-text-description
```

3. (Optional) To add an optional value to an existing NAS-Port-ID string:

Use the **order** option and the name of the optional value to add the new value to the existing NAS-Port-ID. The new value is added at the end of the string. For example:

```
[edit access profile retailer25 radius options nas-port-id-format]  
user@host# set order agent-circuit-id
```

This configuration modifies the example in the previous step by adding the **agent-circuit-id** to the end of the NAS-Port-ID string:

```
interface-description % nas-identifier % agent-remote-id % interface-text-description  
% agent-circuit-id
```



NOTE: If you attempt to add an optional value that already exists in the NAS-Port-ID string, the new specification is ignored and the existing value remains in the order in which it was originally configured.

If you want to modify the existing order, delete the existing specification and define the new order.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring a NAS-Port-ID with Additional Options on page 66](#)

Configuring a Calling-Station-ID with Additional Options

You can configure an alternative value for the Calling-Station-ID (RADIUS IETF attribute 31) in an access profile on the MX Series router.

By default, the Calling-Station-ID includes the **agent-circuit-id** string. Optionally, you can configure the Calling-Station-ID to include one or more of the following options, in any combination:

- Agent circuit identifier (**agent-circuit-id**)—Identifier of the subscriber's access node and the digital subscriber line (DSL) on the access node. The agent circuit identifier (ACI) string is stored in either the DHCP option 82 field of DHCP messages for DHCP traffic, or in the DSL Forum Agent-Circuit-ID VSA [26-1] of PPPoE Active Discovery Initiation (PADI) and PPPoE Active Discovery Request (PADR) control packets for PPPoE traffic.
- Agent remote identifier (**agent-remote-id**)—Identifier of the subscriber on the digital subscriber line access multiplexer (DSLAM) interface that initiated the service request. The agent remote identifier (ARI) string is stored in either the DHCP option 82 field for DHCP traffic, or in the DSL Forum Agent-Remote-ID VSA [26-2] for PPPoE traffic.
- Interface description (**interface-description**)—Value of the interface.
- Interface text description (**interface-text-description**)—Text description of the interface. The interface text description is configured separately, using either the **set interfaces interface-name description description** statement or the **set interfaces interface-name unit unit-number description description** statement
- MAC address (**mac-address**)—MAC address of the source device for the subscriber.
- NAS identifier (**nas-identifier**)—Name of the NAS that originated the authentication or accounting request. NAS-Identifier is RADIUS IETF attribute 32.
- Stacked VLAN (**stacked-vlan**)—Stacked VLAN ID.
- VLAN (**vlan**)—VLAN ID.

If you configure the format of the Calling-Station-ID with more than one optional value, a hash character (#) is the default delimiter that the router uses as a separator between the concatenated values in the resulting Calling-Station-ID string. Optionally, you can configure an alternative delimiter character for the Calling-Station-ID to use. The following example shows the order of output when you configure multiple optional values:

```
nas-identifier#interface description#interface text
description#agent-circuit-id#agent-remote-id#mac address#stacked vlan#vlan
```

To configure an access profile to provide optional information in the Calling-Station-ID:

1. Specify the access profile you want to configure.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit access profile profile-name
```

2. Specify that you want to configure RADIUS options.

```
[edit access profile profile-name]
```

```
user@host# edit radius options
```

3. Specify the nondefault character to use as the delimiter between the concatenated values in the Calling-Station-ID.

By default, subscriber management uses the hash character (#) as the delimiter in Calling-Station-ID strings that contain more than one optional value.

```
[edit access profile profile-name radius options]  
user@host# set calling-station-id-delimiter delimiter-character
```

4. Configure the value for the NAS-Identifier (RADIUS attribute 32), which is used for authentication and accounting requests.

```
[edit access profile profile-name radius options]  
user@host# set nas-identifier identifier-value
```

5. Specify that you want to configure the format of the Calling-Station-ID.

```
[edit access profile profile-name radius options]  
user@host# edit calling-station-id-format
```

6. (Optional) Include the interface text description in the Calling-Station-ID.

```
[edit access profile profile-name radius options calling-station-id-format]  
user@host# set interface-text-description
```

7. (Optional) Include the interface description value in the Calling-Station-ID.

```
[edit access profile profile-name radius options calling-station-id-format]  
user@host# set interface-description
```

8. (Optional) Include the agent circuit identifier in the Calling-Station-ID.

```
[edit access profile profile-name radius options calling-station-id-format]  
user@host# set agent-circuit-id
```

9. (Optional) Include the agent remote identifier in the Calling-Station-ID.

```
[edit access profile profile-name radius options calling-station-id-format]  
user@host# set agent-remote-id
```

10. (Optional) Include the configured NAS identifier value in the Calling-Station-ID.

```
[edit access profile profile-name radius options calling-station-id-format]  
user@host# set nas-identifier
```

11. (Optional) Include the stacked VLAN ID in the Calling-Station-ID.

```
[edit access profile profile-name radius options calling-station-id-format]  
user@host# set stacked-vlan
```

12. (Optional) Include the VLAN ID in the Calling-Station-ID.

```
[edit access profile profile-name radius options calling-station-id-format]
user@host# set vlan
```

13. (Optional) Include the MAC address in the Calling-Station-ID.

```
[edit access profile profile-name radius options calling-station-id-format]
user@host# set mac-address
```

Example:
Calling-Station-ID with
Additional Options in
an Access Profile

The following example creates an access profile named `retailer01` that configures a Calling-Station-ID string that includes the NAS-Identifier (**fox**), interface description, agent circuit identifier, and agent remote identifier options.

```
[edit access profile retailer01 radius options]
nas-identifier "fox";
calling-station-id-delimiter "*";
calling-station-id format {
  nas-identifier;
  interface-description;
  agent-circuit-id;
  agent-remote-id;
}
```

The resulting Calling-Station-ID string is formatted as follows:

fox*ge-1/2/0.100:100*as007*ar921

where:

- The NAS-Identifier value is **fox**.
- The Calling-Station-ID delimiter character is ***** (asterisk).
- The interface description value is **ge-1/2/0.100:100**.
- The agent circuit identifier value is **as007**.
- The agent remote identifier value is **ar921**.

Consider an example where all options are configured, but no values are available for the Agent-Circuit-ID, the Agent-Remote-Id, or the stacked VLAN identifier. The other values are as follows:

- NAS identifier—`solarium`
- interface description—`ge-1/0/0.1073741824:101`
- interface text description—`example-interface`
- MAC address—`00:00:5E:00:53:00`
- VLAN identifier—`101`

These values result in the following Calling-Station-ID:

solarium#ge-1/0/0.1073741824:101#example-interface###00-00-5E-00-53-00##101

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141](#)
 - [RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 4](#)

Enabling Unique NAS-Port Attributes (RADIUS Attribute 5) for Subscribers

Typically, the router derives the RADIUS NAS-Port attribute (attribute 5) value from a subscriber's physical port, as shown in the following list.

- Subscribers over Ethernet interfaces—combination of **slot/adaptor/port/SVLAN ID/VLAN ID**
- Subscribers over ATM interfaces—combination of **slot/adaptor/port/VPI/VCI**

However, in some customer environments, a NAS-Port attribute that is based on the physical port might not be unique, and multiple subscribers might have the same NAS-Port value. To avoid the duplicate use of a NAS-Port attribute, you can configure the router to provide unique NAS-Port attributes. The unique NAS-Port attribute consists of 32 bits (the most significant bit [MSB] is always 0), which make up two parts— a unique number that the router internally generates, and an optional unique chassis ID that you specify.

If you create the NAS-Port value based on the internally generated number only, the resulting NAS-Port value is unique within the router only. If your implementation requires NAS-Port values to be unique across all MX series routers in the network, you must also configure the unique chassis ID.

Uniqueness across all routers—To configure a NAS-Port attribute that is unique across all routers in the network, you use the following procedure:

- Configure the chassis ID width (1–7 bits)—You must use the same width for all routers in the network.
- Configure the chassis ID—You must ensure that you configure a unique ID for each router.
- The router uses the remainder of the 31 bits (minus the MSB and the number of bits used for the chassis ID width) for the internally generated number.

Uniqueness within the local router—To configure a NAS-Port attribute that is unique within the local router only, you use the following procedure:

- Do not configure the chassis ID width or chassis ID.
- The router uses all 31 bits for the internally generated number. The resulting NAS-Port attribute is unique only within the router and cannot be guaranteed to be unique for any other routers in the network.

To configure unique NAS-Port attribute values for subscribers:



NOTE: Before configuring the unique NAS-Port attribute, ensure that neither the `nas-port-extended-format` statement or the `vlan-nas-port-stacked-format` statement is configured at the `[edit access profile profile-name radius options]` hierarchy level. Otherwise, the commit operation will fail.

1. Specify that you want to configure RADIUS options at the `[edit access]` hierarchy level.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit radius-options
```

2. Specify that you want to enable unique NAS-Port attribute support.

```
[edit access radius-options]
user@host# edit unique-nas-port
```



NOTE: This step configures the router to generate a unique number, which creates a NAS-Port value that is unique within the router.

3. (Optional) If you want to provide NAS-Port values that are unique across all MX series routers in the network, complete the following additional steps.

- Specify the number of bits used in the chassis ID portion of the NAS-Port attribute. You can specify 1-7 bits. You must use the same chassis ID width for all routers across the network.

```
[edit access radius-options unique-nas-port]
user@host# set chassis-id-width chassis-id-width
```

- Specify the value you want to use for chassis ID portion of the NAS-Port attribute. The chassis ID can be in the range from 0-127 bits. You must configure a unique chassis ID for each MX router in the network.

```
[edit access radius-options unique-nas-port]
user@host# set chassis-id chassid-id
```

Related Documentation

- [unique-nas-port on page 1581](#)

RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN Overview

On MX Series routers with Modular Port Concentrator/Modular Interface Card (MPC/MIC) interfaces, you can configure the NAS-Port-Type (61) RADIUS IETF attribute, and an extended format for the NAS-Port (5) RADIUS IETF attribute, on a per-interface, per-VLAN, or per-stacked VLAN basis. The router passes the NAS-Port and NAS-Port-Type attributes to the RADIUS server during the authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA) process.

This overview covers the following topics:

- [NAS-Port-Type RADIUS Attribute on page 75](#)
- [NAS-Port RADIUS Attribute on page 75](#)
- [NAS-Port Options Configuration and Subscriber Network Access Models on page 75](#)
- [NAS-Port Options Definition on page 75](#)

NAS-Port-Type RADIUS Attribute

The NAS-Port-Type attribute specifies the type of physical port that the network access server (NAS) uses to authenticate the subscriber. When you use the **nas-port-type** statement to configure the NAS-Port-Type, you can specify one of several predefined port types, or a user-defined port type value in the range 0 through 65535.

NAS-Port RADIUS Attribute

The NAS-Port attribute specifies the physical port number of the NAS that is authenticating the user, and is formed by a combination of the physical port's slot number, port number, adapter number, VLAN ID, and S-VLAN ID. The NAS-Port extended format, which you configure with the **nas-port-extended-format** statement, specifies the number of bits (bit width) for each field in the NAS-Port attribute: slot, adapter, port, VLAN, and S-VLAN.

To include stacked VLAN IDs, in addition to VLAN IDs, in the NAS-Port extended format, use the **stacked** option as part of the **nas-port-extended-format** statement. If you do not configure the **stacked** option, stacked VLAN IDs are not included in the extended format.

NAS-Port Options Configuration and Subscriber Network Access Models

Configuring the NAS-Port-Type and the extended format for NAS-Port on a per-VLAN, per-stacked VLAN, or per-physical interface basis is useful in network configurations that use the following subscriber access models:

- 1:1 access model (per-VLAN basis)—In a 1:1 access model, dedicated customer VLANs (C-VLANs) provide a one-to-one correspondence between an individual subscriber and the VLAN encapsulation.
- N:1 access model (per-S-VLAN basis)—In an N:1 access model, service VLANs are dedicated to a particular service, such as video, voice, or data, instead of to a particular subscriber. Because a service VLAN is typically shared by many subscribers within the same household or in different households, the N:1 access model provides a many-to-one correspondence between individual subscribers and the VLAN encapsulation.
- 1:1 or N:1 access model (per-physical interface basis)—You can configure the NAS-Port-Type and NAS-Port format on a per-physical interface basis for both the 1:1 access model and the N:1 access model.

NAS-Port Options Definition

As an alternative to globally configuring the NAS-Port-Type and NAS-Port extended format in an access profile, you can configure these attributes on a per-interface, per-VLAN, or per-stacked VLAN basis. To do so, you must create a *NAS-Port options definition*, which includes some or all of the following components:

- NAS-Port-Type value—Specifies the type of physical port that the network access server (NAS) uses to authenticate the subscriber.

- **NAS-Port extended format**—Configures the number of bits (bit width) for each field in the NAS-Port attribute, including: slot, adapter, port, VLAN, and S-VLAN. Optionally, you can also use the **stacked** option as part of the **nas-port-extended-format** statement to include S-VLAN IDs, in addition to VLAN IDs, in the extended format. If you do not configure the **stacked** option, stacked VLAN IDs are not included in the extended format.
- **VLAN ranges or S-VLAN ranges**—Defines the VLAN range of subscribers or stacked VLAN range of subscribers to which each NAS-Port options definition applies.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Guidelines for Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 76](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 77](#)

Guidelines for Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN

The following guidelines apply when you configure the NAS-Port-Type attribute and the extended format for the NAS-Port attribute on a per-VLAN, per-stacked VLAN, or per-physical interface basis:

- You can create a maximum of 16 NAS-Port options definitions per physical interface. Each definition can include either a maximum of 32 VLAN ranges or a maximum of 32 stacked VLAN ranges, but cannot include a combination of VLAN ranges and stacked VLAN ranges.
- Configuring the NAS-Port-Type attribute and NAS-Port extended format on a per-VLAN, per-stacked VLAN, or per-physical interface basis overrides the global settings for these attributes configured in an access profile.
- If the NAS-Port-Type attribute and the NAS-Port extended format are not configured on a per-VLAN basis (in a 1:1 access model) or on a per-stacked VLAN basis (in an N:1 access model), the router uses the global settings configured for these attributes in an access profile for all RADIUS request messages.

**Related
Documentation**

- [RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN Overview on page 74](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 77](#)

Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN

On MX Series routers with MPC/MIC interfaces, you can configure the NAS-Port-Type (61) RADIUS IETF attribute, and an extended format for the NAS-Port (5) RADIUS IETF attribute, on a per-physical interface, per-VLAN, or per-stacked VLAN (S-VLAN) basis. The router passes the NAS-Port-Type and NAS-Port attributes to the RADIUS server during the authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA) process.

To configure the NAS-Port-Type and NAS-Port extended format on a per-physical interface, per-VLAN, or per-stacked VLAN basis, you must create a NAS-Port options definition, which includes the following components:

- NAS-Port-Type value—Specifies the type of physical port that the network access server (NAS) uses to authenticate the subscriber.
- NAS-Port extended format—Configures the number of bits (bit width) for each field in the NAS-Port attribute, which specifies the physical port number of the NAS that is authenticating the subscriber. Fields in the NAS-Port attribute include: slot, adapter, port, VLAN, and S-VLAN. Optionally, you can also use the **stacked** option as part of the **nas-port-extended-format** statement to include S-VLAN IDs, in addition to VLAN IDs, in the extended format. If you do not configure the **stacked** option, stacked VLAN IDs are not included in the extended format.
- VLAN ranges or S-VLAN ranges—Defines the VLAN range of subscribers or stacked VLAN range of subscribers to which each NAS-Port options definition applies.



NOTE: You can create a maximum of 16 NAS-Port options definitions per physical interface. Each definition can include a maximum of 32 VLAN ranges or 32 stacked VLAN ranges, but *cannot* include a combination of VLAN ranges and stacked VLAN ranges.

To configure the NAS-Port-Type and NAS-Port extended format on a per-physical interface, per-VLAN, or per-stacked VLAN basis:

1. Specify the physical interface you want to configure.
2. Enable VLAN tagging, stacked VLAN tagging, or flexible VLAN tagging on the interface.
 - For VLAN tagging, see *Enabling VLAN Tagging*.
 - For stacked VLAN tagging, see *Configuring Stacked VLAN Tagging*
 - For flexible VLAN tagging, also referred to as mixed tagging, see *Enabling VLAN Tagging*.
3. Specify that you want to configure RADIUS options for a physical interface, VLAN, or S-VLAN.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name]
user@host> edit radius-options
```

4. Create a named NAS-Port options definition.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name radius-options]  
user@host# edit nas-port-options nas-port-options-name
```

5. Configure the NAS-Port-Type, and the VLAN ranges or stacked VLAN ranges to which the named NAS-Port options definition applies.
 - For per-physical interface configurations, see [“Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port-Type per Physical Interface” on page 80.](#)
 - For per-VLAN configurations, see [“Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port-Type per VLAN” on page 82.](#)
 - For per-stacked VLAN configurations, see [“Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port-Type per Stacked VLAN” on page 83.](#)
6. Configure the NAS-Port extended format, and the VLAN ranges or stacked VLAN ranges to which the named NAS-Port options definition applies.
 - For per-physical interface configurations, see [“Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port Extended Format per Physical Interface” on page 85.](#)
 - For per-VLAN configurations, see [“Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port Extended Format per VLAN” on page 87.](#)
 - For per-stacked VLAN configurations, see [“Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port Extended Format per Stacked VLAN” on page 88.](#)

Related Documentation

- [RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN Overview on page 74](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 76](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port-Type per Physical Interface on page 80](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port-Type per VLAN on page 82](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port-Type per Stacked VLAN on page 83](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port Extended Format per Physical Interface on page 85](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port Extended Format per VLAN on page 87](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port Extended Format per Stacked VLAN on page 88](#)

Manual Configuration of the NAS-Port-Type RADIUS Attribute

Subscriber management uses the NAS-Port-Type (RADIUS attribute 61) to identify the type of physical port that is used to authenticate subscribers. By default, subscriber management uses a NAS-Port-Type of **ethernet**.

You can optionally configure access profiles to provide the value for the NAS-Port-Type attribute, which enables you to explicitly specify the NAS port type that is used for a given

connection. For example, you might configure an access profile that specifies that a NAS port type of **wireless** is used for all Ethernet connections that are managed by that access profile.



NOTE: The **ethernet-port-type-virtual** configuration statement takes precedence over the **nas-port-type** statement when you include both statements in the same access profile. When you include the **ethernet-port-type-virtual** statement, subscriber management uses the RADIUS attribute value of 5, which specifies a NAS port type of **virtual**.

Table 11 on page 79 shows the supported port type values for RADIUS attribute 61 (NAS-Port-Type) that you can include in an access profile.

Table 11: RADIUS NAS-Port-Type Values

| Statement Option | NAS-Port-Type Value | Description |
|--------------------|---------------------|---|
| <i>value</i> | 0–65535 | Number that indicates either the IANA-assigned value for the RADIUS port type or a custom number-to-port type defined by the user |
| adsl-cap | 12 | Asymmetric DSL, carrierless amplitude phase (CAP) modulation |
| adsl-dmt | 13 | Asymmetric DSL, discrete multitone (DMT) |
| async | 0 | Asynchronous |
| cable | 17 | Cable |
| ethernet | 15 | Ethernet |
| fdi | 21 | Fiber Distributed Data Interface |
| g3-fax | 10 | G.3 Fax |
| hdlc-clear-channel | 7 | HDLC Clear Channel |
| iapp | 25 | Inter-Access Point Protocol (IAPP) |
| idsl | 14 | ISDN DSL |
| isdn-sync | 2 | ISDN Synchronous |
| isdn-v110 | 4 | ISDN Async V.110 |
| isdn-v120 | 3 | ISDN Async V.120 |

Table 11: RADIUS NAS-Port-Type Values (*continued*)

| Statement Option | NAS-Port-Type Value | Description |
|--------------------|---------------------|---|
| piafs | 6 | Personal Handyphone System (PHS) Internet Access Forum Standard |
| sdsl | 11 | Symmetric DSL |
| sync | 1 | Synchronous |
| token-ring | 20 | Token Ring |
| virtual | 5 | Virtual |
| wireless | 18 | Other wireless |
| wireless-1x-ev | 24 | Wireless 1xEV |
| wireless-cdma2000 | 22 | Wireless code division multiple access (CDMA) 2000 |
| wireless-ieee80211 | 19 | Wireless 802.11 |
| wireless-umts | 23 | Wireless universal mobile telecommunications system (UMTS) |
| x25 | 8 | X.25 |
| x75 | 9 | X.75 |
| xdsl | 16 | DSL of unknown type |

Related Documentation

- [Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141](#)

Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port-Type per Physical Interface

As an alternative to globally configuring the NAS-Port-Type (61) RADIUS attribute in an access profile, you can configure the NAS-Port-Type on a per-physical interface basis as part of a NAS-Port options definition. The NAS-Port-Type specifies the type of physical port that the network access server (NAS) uses to authenticate the subscriber.

Configuring NAS-Port options definitions on a per-physical interface basis is useful in network configurations that use a 1:1 access model or an N:1 access model.

To configure the NAS-Port-Type RADIUS attribute per physical interface:

1. Specify the interface you want to configure.

[edit]


```
user@host# edit interfaces interface-name
```

2. Enable VLAN tagging on the interface.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name]
user@host# set vlan-tagging
```

Setting VLAN tagging enables the reception and transmission of 802.1Q VLAN-tagged frames on the interface. You must enable VLAN tagging before you can configure the VLAN ranges to which the NAS-Port options definition applies.

3. Specify that you want to configure RADIUS options for a physical interface.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name]
user@host# edit radius-options
```

4. Create a named NAS-Port options definition.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name radius-options]
user@host# edit nas-port-options nas-port-options-name
```

5. Configure the NAS-Port-Type.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name radius-options nas-port-options nas-port-options-name]
user@host# set nas-port-type port-type
```

6. Configure the VLAN range or ranges to which the NAS-Port options definition applies.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name radius-options nas-port-options nas-port-options-name]
user@host# set vlan-ranges (any | low-tag-high-tag)
```

Per-physical interface configurations typically require you to create a VLAN range that consists of all VLAN IDs on the physical interface. To do so, use the **any** option with the **vlan-ranges** statement.

The following example shows a per-interface NAS-Port options definition named **subscribers-east** that configures the **wireless-umts** NAS-Port-Type for a VLAN range consisting of all VLAN IDs on Gigabit Ethernet physical interface **ge-1/0/0**.

```
[edit interfaces ge-1/0/0 radius-options]
nas-port-options subscribers-east {
  nas-port-type wireless-umts;
  vlan-ranges {
    any;
  }
}
```

Related Documentation

- [Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 77](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 76](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port-Type per VLAN on page 82](#)

- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port-Type per Stacked VLAN on page 83](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port Extended Format per Physical Interface on page 85](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port Extended Format per VLAN on page 87](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port Extended Format per Stacked VLAN on page 88](#)

Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port-Type per VLAN

As an alternative to globally configuring the NAS-Port-Type (61) RADIUS attribute in an access profile, you can configure the NAS-Port-Type on a per-VLAN basis as part of a NAS-Port options definition. The NAS-Port-Type specifies the type of physical port that the network access server (NAS) uses to authenticate the subscriber.

Configuring NAS-Port options definitions on a per-VLAN basis is useful in network configurations that use a 1:1 access model.

To configure the NAS-Port-Type RADIUS attribute per VLAN:

1. Specify the interface you want to configure.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces interface-name
```

2. Enable VLAN tagging on the interface.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name]
user@host# set vlan-tagging
```

Setting VLAN tagging enables the reception and transmission of 802.1Q VLAN-tagged frames on the interface. You must enable VLAN tagging before you can configure the VLAN ranges to which the NAS-Port options definition applies.

3. Specify that you want to configure RADIUS options for a VLAN interface.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name]
user@host# edit radius-options
```

4. Create a named NAS-Port options definition.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name radius-options]
user@host# edit nas-port-options nas-port-options-name
```

5. Configure the NAS-Port-Type.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name radius-options nas-port-options nas-port-options-name]
user@host# set nas-port-type port-type
```

6. Configure the VLAN range or ranges to which the NAS-Port options definition applies.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name radius-options nas-port-options nas-port-options-name]
user@host# set vlan-ranges (any | low-tag-high-tag)
```

Per-VLAN configurations typically require you to create a VLAN range that consists of a single VLAN ID on the physical interface. To do so, set the **low-tag** and **high-tag** options in the **vlan-ranges** statement to the same value, as shown in the following example.

The following example shows a per-VLAN NAS-Port options definition named **subscribers-west** that configures the **ethernet** NAS-Port-Type for VLAN ID 3 on Gigabit Ethernet physical interface **ge-1/1/0**.

```
[edit interfaces ge-1/1/0 radius-options]
nas-port-options subscribers-west {
  nas-port-type ethernet;
  vlan-ranges {
    3-3;
  }
}
```

Related Documentation

- [Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 77](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 76](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port-Type per Physical Interface on page 80](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port-Type per Stacked VLAN on page 83](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port Extended Format per Physical Interface on page 85](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port Extended Format per VLAN on page 87](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port Extended Format per Stacked VLAN on page 88](#)

Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port-Type per Stacked VLAN

As an alternative to globally configuring the NAS-Port-Type (61) RADIUS attribute in an access profile, you can configure the NAS-Port-Type on a per-stacked VLAN basis as part of a NAS-Port options definition. The NAS-Port-Type specifies the type of physical port that the network access server (NAS) uses to authenticate the subscriber.

Configuring NAS-Port options definitions on a per-stacked VLAN basis is useful in network configurations that use an N:1 access model.

To configure the NAS-Port-Type RADIUS attribute per stacked VLAN:

1. Specify the interface you want to configure.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces interface-name
```

2. Enable stacked VLAN tagging on the interface.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name]
user@host# set stacked-vlan-tagging
```

Setting stacked VLAN tagging enables you to configure dual VLAN tags for all logical interfaces on the physical interface. You must enable stacked VLAN tagging before you can configure the stacked VLAN ranges to which the NAS-Port options definition applies.

3. Specify that you want to configure RADIUS options for a stacked VLAN interface.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name]  
user@host# edit radius-options
```

4. Create a named NAS-Port options definition.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name radius-options]  
user@host# edit nas-port-options nas-port-options-name
```

5. Configure the NAS-Port-Type.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name radius-options nas-port-options nas-port-options-name]  
user@host# set nas-port-type port-type
```

6. Configure the stacked VLAN range or ranges to which the NAS-Port options definition applies.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name radius-options nas-port-options nas-port-options-name]  
user@host# set stacked-vlan-ranges (any | low-outer-tag-high-outer-tag),any
```

Per-stacked VLAN configurations require you to create a stacked VLAN range of subscribers to which the NAS-Port options definition applies. You must configure the low and high outer tags (VLAN IDs) in the range 1 through 4094, and the inner tag (S-VLAN ID) as **any** to represent all S-VLAN ID tags.

7. Repeat Steps 3 through 6 to configure additional NAS-Port options definitions on this interface.

The following example creates two NAS-Port options definitions, subscribers-north and subscribers-south, configured on a per-stacked VLAN basis on Gigabit Ethernet physical interface ge-1/1/0.

The subscribers-north definition configures a NAS-Port-Type user-defined value (4711) for a stacked VLAN range with outer VLAN ID 1 and all inner S-VLAN IDs. The subscribers-south definition configures a NAS-Port-Type user-defined value (4722) for a stacked VLAN range with outer VLAN IDs in the range 2 through 10, and all inner S-VLAN IDs.

```
[edit interfaces ge-2/0/1 radius-options]  
nas-port-options subscribers-north {  
  nas-port-type 4711;  
  stacked-vlan-ranges {  
    1-1,any;  
  }  
}  
nas-port-options subscribers-south {
```

```

nas-port-type 4722;
stacked-vlan-ranges {
    2-10,any;
}
}

```

Related Documentation

- [Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 77](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 76](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port-Type per Physical Interface on page 80](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port-Type per VLAN on page 82](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port Extended Format per Physical Interface on page 85](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port Extended Format per VLAN on page 87](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port Extended Format per Stacked VLAN on page 88](#)

Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port Extended Format per Physical Interface

As an alternative to globally configuring the extended format for the NAS-Port (5) RADIUS attribute in an access profile, you can configure the NAS-Port extended format on a per-physical interface basis as part of a NAS-Port options definition. The NAS-Port extended format configures the number of bits (bit width) in each field in the NAS-Port attribute, including: slot, adapter, port, VLAN, and S-VLAN.

Configuring NAS-Port options definitions on a per-physical interface basis is useful in network configurations that use a 1:1 access model or an N:1 access model.

To configure an extended format for the NAS-Port RADIUS attribute per physical interface:

1. Specify the interface you want to configure.

```

[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces interface-name

```

2. Enable VLAN tagging on the interface.

```

[edit interfaces interface-name]
user@host# set vlan-tagging

```

Setting VLAN tagging enables the reception and transmission of 802.1Q VLAN-tagged frames on the interface. You must enable VLAN tagging before you can configure the VLAN ranges to which the NAS-Port options definition applies.

3. Specify that you want to configure RADIUS options for a physical interface.

```

[edit interfaces interface-name]
user@host# edit radius-options

```

4. Create a named NAS-Port options definition.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name radius-options]
user@host# edit nas-port-options nas-port-options-name
```

5. Configure the NAS-Port extended format.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name radius-options nas-port-options nas-port-options-name]
user@host# set nas-port-extended-format slot-width width adapter-width width
port-width width vlan-width width
```

6. Configure the VLAN range or ranges to which the NAS-Port options definition applies.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name radius-options nas-port-options nas-port-options-name]
user@host# set vlan-ranges (any | low-tag-high-tag)
```

Per-physical interface configurations typically require you to create a VLAN range that consists of all VLAN IDs on the physical interface. To do so, use the **any** option with the **vlan-ranges** statement.

The following example shows a per-interface NAS-Port options definition named `boston-subscribers` that configures a NAS-Port extended format consisting of an 8-bit slot field, 8-bit adapter field, 8-bit port field, and 4-bit VLAN field. The `boston-subscribers` definition applies to a VLAN range consisting of all VLAN IDs on Gigabit Ethernet physical interface `ge-2/0/1`.

```
[edit interfaces ge-2/0/1 radius-options]
nas-port-options boston-subscribers {
  nas-port-extended-format {
    slot-width 8;
    adapter-width 8;
    port-width 8;
    vlan-width 4;
  }
  vlan-ranges {
    any;
  }
}
```

Related Documentation

- [Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 77](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 76](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port-Type per Physical Interface on page 80](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port-Type per VLAN on page 82](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port-Type per Stacked VLAN on page 83](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port Extended Format per VLAN on page 87](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port Extended Format per Stacked VLAN on page 88](#)

Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port Extended Format per VLAN

As an alternative to globally configuring the extended format for the NAS-Port (5) RADIUS attribute in an access profile, you can configure the NAS-Port extended format on a per-VLAN basis as part of a NAS-Port options definition. The NAS-Port extended format configures the number of bits (bit width) in each field in the NAS-Port attribute, including: slot, adapter, port, VLAN, and S-VLAN.

Configuring NAS-Port options definitions on a per-VLAN basis is useful in network configurations that use a 1:1 access model.

To configure an extended format for the NAS-Port RADIUS attribute per VLAN:

1. Specify the interface you want to configure.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces interface-name
```

2. Enable VLAN tagging on the interface.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name]
user@host# set vlan-tagging
```

Setting VLAN tagging enables the reception and transmission of 802.1Q VLAN-tagged frames on the interface. You must enable VLAN tagging before you can configure the VLAN ranges to which the NAS-Port options definition applies.

3. Specify that you want to configure RADIUS options for a VLAN interface.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name]
user@host# edit radius-options
```

4. Create a named NAS-Port options definition.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name radius-options]
user@host# edit nas-port-options nas-port-options-name
```

5. Configure the NAS-Port extended format.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name radius-options nas-port-options nas-port-options-name]
user@host# set nas-port-extended-format slot-width width adapter-width width
port-width width vlan-width width
```

6. Configure the VLAN range or ranges to which the NAS-Port options definition applies.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name radius-options nas-port-options nas-port-options-name]
user@host# set vlan-ranges (any | low-tag-high-tag)
```

Per-VLAN configurations typically require you to create a VLAN range that consists of a single VLAN ID on the physical interface. To do so, set the **low-tag** and **high-tag** options in the **vlan-ranges** statement to the same value, as shown in the following example.

The following example shows a per-VLAN NAS-Port options definition named `paris-subscribers` that configures a NAS-Port extended format consisting of a 4-bit slot field, 2-bit adapter field, 4-bit port field, and 2-bit VLAN field. The `paris-subscribers` definition applies to VLAN ID 1 on Gigabit Ethernet physical interface `ge-1/0/1`.

```
[edit interfaces ge-1/0/1 radius-options]
nas-port-options paris-subscribers {
  nas-port-extended-format {
    slot-width 4;
    adapter-width 2;
    port-width 4;
    vlan-width 2;
  }
  vlan-ranges {
    1-1;
  }
}
```

Related Documentation

- [Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 77](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 76](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port-Type per Physical Interface on page 80](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port-Type per VLAN on page 82](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port-Type per Stacked VLAN on page 83](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port Extended Format per Physical Interface on page 85](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port Extended Format per Stacked VLAN on page 88](#)

Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port Extended Format per Stacked VLAN

As an alternative to globally configuring the extended format for the NAS-Port (5) RADIUS attribute in an access profile, you can configure the NAS-Port extended format on a per-stacked VLAN basis as part of a NAS-Port options definition. The NAS-Port extended format configures the number of bits (bit width) in each field in the NAS-Port attribute, including: slot, adapter, port, VLAN, and S-VLAN.

Configuring NAS-Port options definitions on a per-stacked VLAN basis is useful in network configurations that use an N:1 access model.

To configure an extended format for the NAS-Port RADIUS attribute per stacked VLAN:

1. Specify the interface you want to configure.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces interface-name
```

2. Enable stacked VLAN tagging on the interface.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name]
```



```
user@host# set stacked-vlan-tagging
```

Setting stacked VLAN tagging enables you to configure dual VLAN tags for all logical interfaces on the physical interface. You must enable stacked VLAN tagging before you can configure the stacked VLAN ranges to which the NAS-Port options definition applies.

3. Specify that you want to configure RADIUS options for a stacked VLAN interface.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name]
user@host# edit radius-options
```

4. Create a named NAS-Port options definition.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name radius-options]
user@host# edit nas-port-options nas-port-options-name
```

5. Configure the NAS-Port extended format.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name radius-options nas-port-options nas-port-options-name]
user@host# set nas-port-extended-format slot-width width adapter-width width
port-width width vlan-width width stacked
```

To include S-VLAN IDs, in addition to VLAN IDs, in the NAS-Port extended format, include the **stacked** option in the **nas-port-extended-format** statement.

6. Configure the stacked VLAN range or ranges to which the NAS-Port options definition applies.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name radius-options nas-port-options nas-port-options-name]
user@host# set stacked-vlan-ranges (any | low-outer-tag-high-outer-tag),any
```

Per-stacked VLAN configurations require you to create a stacked VLAN range of subscribers to which the NAS-Port options definition applies. You must configure the low and high outer tags (VLAN IDs) in the range 1 through 4094, and the inner tag (S-VLAN ID) as **any** to represent all S-VLAN ID tags.

7. Repeat Steps 3 through 6 to configure additional NAS-Port options definitions on this interface.

The following example creates two NAS-Port options definitions, *chicago-subscribers* and *barcelona-subscribers*, configured on a per-stacked VLAN basis on Gigabit Ethernet physical interface *ge-3/2/1*.

The *chicago-subscribers* definition configures a NAS-Port extended format consisting of a 8-bit slot field, 8-bit adapter field, 8-bit port field, 4-bit stacked VLAN field, and 4-bit VLAN field. Because the **stacked** option is configured in this definition, S-VLAN IDs, in addition to VLAN IDs, are included in the extended format. The *chicago-subscribers* definition applies to a stacked VLAN range with outer VLAN ID 1, and all inner S-VLAN IDs.

The barcelona-subscribers definition configures a NAS-Port extended format consisting of a 8-bit slot field, 8-bit adapter field, 8-bit port field, 4-bit stacked VLAN field, and 4-bit VLAN field. Because the **stacked** option is *not* configured in this definition, S-VLAN IDs are not included in the extended format. The barcelona-subscribers definition applies to a stacked VLAN range with outer VLAN IDs in the range 2 through 10, and all inner S-VLAN IDs.

```
[edit interfaces ge-3/2/1 radius-options]
nas-port-options chicago-subscribers {
  nas-port-extended-format {
    slot-width 8;
    adapter-width 8;
    port-width 8;
    stacked-vlan-width 4;
    vlan-width 4;
    stacked;
  }
  stacked-vlan-ranges {
    1-1,any;
  }
}
nas-port-options barcelona-subscribers {
  nas-port-extended-format {
    slot-width 8;
    adapter-width 8;
    port-width 8;
    stacked-vlan-width 4;
    vlan-width 4;
  }
  stacked-vlan-ranges {
    2-10,any;
  }
}
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 77](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 76](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port-Type per Physical Interface on page 80](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port-Type per VLAN on page 82](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port-Type per Stacked VLAN on page 83](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port Extended Format per Physical Interface on page 85](#)
- [Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port Extended Format per VLAN on page 87](#)

Configuring the RADIUS NAS-Port Extended Format for ATM Interfaces

As an alternative to globally configuring an extended format for the NAS-Port (5) RADIUS attribute in an access profile, you can configure the NAS-Port extended format on a per-physical interface basis for both Ethernet subscribers and ATM subscribers as part of a NAS-Port options definition. The NAS-Port extended format configures the number of bits (bit width) in each field of the NAS-Port attribute, including: slot, adapter, port, ATM virtual path identifier (VPI), and ATM virtual circuit identifier (VCI).

To configure the NAS-Port extended format for an ATM interface, include one or both of the following options in the **nas-port-extended-format** statement along with the other options as appropriate for your needs:

- **vpi-width**—Number of bits in the ATM VPI field, in the range 1 through 32
- **vci-width**—Number of bits in the ATM VCI field, in the range 1 through 32



NOTE: For ATM subscribers, the combined total of the widths of all fields must not exceed 32 bits, or the configuration fails. The router may truncate the values of individual fields depending on the bit width you specify.

To configure an extended format for the NAS-Port RADIUS attribute for an ATM interface:

1. Specify the ATM interface you want to configure.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces interface-name
```

2. Specify that you want to configure RADIUS options for a physical interface.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name]
user@host# edit radius-options
```

3. Create a named NAS-Port options definition.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name radius-options]
user@host# edit nas-port-options nas-port-options-name
```

4. Configure the NAS-Port extended format.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name radius-options nas-port-options nas-port-options-name]
user@host# set nas-port-extended-format slot-width width adapter-width width
port-width width vpi-width width vci-width width
```

The following example shows a NAS-Port options definition named boston-subscribers for ATM interface at-1/0/4 that configures a NAS-Port extended format with an ATM slot width of 6 bits, ATM adapter width of 3 bits, ATM port width of 4 bits, ATM VPI width of 12 bits, and ATM VCI width of 24 bits.

```
[edit interfaces at-1/0/4 radius-options]
```

```
nas-port-options boston-subscribers {  
  nas-port-extended-format {  
    slot-width 6;  
    adapter-width 3;  
    port-width 4;  
    vpi-width 12;  
    vci-width 24;  
  }  
}
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 77](#)
- [RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 4](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141](#)

CHAPTER 4

Configuring RADIUS Authentication for Subscriber Access

- [Retaining Authentication and Accounting Information During Session Startup on page 93](#)
- [Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94](#)
- [Specifying the Authentication and Accounting Methods for Subscriber Access on page 94](#)
- [Specifying RADIUS Authentication and Accounting Servers for Subscriber Access on page 95](#)
- [Example: Configuring RADIUS-Based Subscriber Authentication and Accounting on page 96](#)
- [RADIUS Reauthentication As an Alternative to RADIUS CoA for DHCP Subscribers on page 99](#)
- [Configuring Reauthentication for DHCP Local Server on page 107](#)
- [DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 Forward-Only Action for Relay Traffic with Unknown DHCP Server Address on page 109](#)

Retaining Authentication and Accounting Information During Session Startup

At subscriber session startup, the Junos OS **authd** process sends an Acct-On message to the RADIUS server and the new session starts authentication and accounting operations. However, in some service provider environments, upon receipt of the Acct-On message, the RADIUS server cleans up the previous session state and removes accounting statistics. In this scenario, the RADIUS server's cleanup operation can inadvertently delete the new session's authentication and accounting information, which might include customer billing information.

To ensure that the new session's authentication and accounting information is not deleted, you can optionally use the **wait-for-acct-on-ack** statement to configure the **authd** process to wait for an Acct-On-Ack response message from the RADIUS accounting server, so the RADIUS cleanup can finish before **authd** sends any new authentication and accounting updates.

You configure this feature for an access profile for a logical system and routing instance context. All authentication requests fail until the router receives an Acct-On-Ack response

from a RADIUS accounting server that is configured in the access profile. If multiple RADIUS accounting servers are configured for the access profile, **authd** waits until the first response is received.

You can also configure the **authd** process to send accounting messages when the RADIUS server status changes for an access profile. This configuration enables you to monitor whether the access profile has an active RADIUS server. You use the **send-acct-status-on-config-change** statement to specify that **authd** send an Acct-On message when the first RADIUS server is added to an access profile, and to send an Acct-Off message when the last RADIUS server is deleted from the access profile.

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 122](#)

Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access

You use an access profile to configure authentication and accounting support for the subscriber access management feature. The access profile enables you to specify the type of methods used for authentication and accounting. You can also configure how subscriber access management collects and uses accounting statistics.

To configure authentication and accounting for subscriber access:

1. Specify the authentication and accounting methods to use.
[See “Specifying the Authentication and Accounting Methods for Subscriber Access” on page 94.](#)
2. Specify how accounting statistics are collected.
[See “Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting” on page 122.](#)

Related Documentation

- [AAA Service Framework Overview on page 3](#)
- [Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 137](#)
- [Example: Configuring RADIUS-Based Subscriber Authentication and Accounting on page 96](#)

Specifying the Authentication and Accounting Methods for Subscriber Access

You can specify the authentication and accounting methods that subscriber access management uses.

You can configure multiple authentication and accounting methods—the **authentication-order** and **accounting order** statements specify the order in which the subscriber access management feature uses the methods. For example, an authentication entry of **radius password** specifies that RADIUS authentication is performed first and, if it fails, local authentication (**password**) is done.

You can specify the following authentication methods:



NOTE: You must always specify the radius authentication method. Subscriber access management does not support the **password** keyword (the default), and authentication fails when no method is specified.

- **password**—Local authentication
- **radius**—RADIUS-based authentication

You can specify the following accounting methods:

- **radius**—RADIUS-based accounting

To configure the authentication and accounting methods for subscriber access management:

1. Specify the authentication methods and the order in which they are used. Only **radius** is supported.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic]
user@host# set authentication-order radius
```

2. Specify the accounting method.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic]
user@host# set accounting order radius
```

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 137](#)
- [Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94](#)
- [Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 122](#)
- [Example: Configuring RADIUS-Based Subscriber Authentication and Accounting on page 96](#)

Specifying RADIUS Authentication and Accounting Servers for Subscriber Access

You can specify one or more RADIUS authentication or accounting servers to use for subscriber access management.

To configure RADIUS authentication and accounting support:

1. Specify that you want to configure RADIUS support.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic]
user@host# edit radius
```

2. Specify the IP address of the RADIUS server used for authentication.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius]
user@host# set authentication-server 192.168.1.251
```

3. Specify the IP address of the RADIUS server used for accounting.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius]
user@host# set accounting-server 192.168.1.250
```

To configure multiple RADIUS authentication or accounting servers:

- Specify the IP addresses of all RADIUS servers used for authentication or accounting.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius]
user@host# set authentication-server 192.168.1.251 192.168.1.252
user@host# set accounting-server 192.168.1.250 192.168.1.251
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Attaching Access Profiles on page 148](#)
- [Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 137](#)
- [Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141](#)
- [Filtering RADIUS Attributes and VSAs from RADIUS Messages on page 48](#)
- [Example: Configuring RADIUS-Based Subscriber Authentication and Accounting on page 96](#)

Example: Configuring RADIUS-Based Subscriber Authentication and Accounting

This example shows a RADIUS-based authentication and accounting configuration.

```
[edit access]
radius-server {
  192.168.1.250 {
    port 1812;
    accounting-port 1813;
    accounting-retry 6;
    accounting-timeout 20;
    retry 3;
    secret $ABC123$ABC123;
    source-address 192.168.1.100;
    timeout 45;
  }
  192.168.1.251 {
    port 1812;
    accounting-port 1813;
    accounting-retry 6;
    accounting-timeout 20;
    retry 3;
    secret $ABC123;
    source-address 192.168.1.100;
```



```

        timeout 30;
    }
    2001:DB8:0f101::2{
        port 1812;
        accounting-port 1813;
        accounting-retry 6;
        accounting-timeout 20;
        retry 4;
        secret $ABC123$ABC123$ABC123-;
        source-address 2001:DB8:0f101::1;
        timeout 20;
    }
}
profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic {
    authentication-order radius;
    accounting {
        order radius;
        accounting-stop-on-access-deny;
        accounting-stop-on-failure;
        immediate-update;
        statistics time;
        update-interval 12;
        wait-for-acct-on-ack;
        send-acct-status-on-config-change;
    }
    radius {
        authentication-server 192.168.1.251 192.168.1.252;
        accounting-server 192.168.1.250 192.168.1.251;
        options {
            accounting-session-id-format decimal;
            client-accounting-algorithm round-robin;
            client-authentication-algorithm round-robin;
            nas-identifier 56;
            nas-port-id-delimiter %;
            nas-port-id-format {
                nas-identifier;
                interface-description;
            }
            nas-port-type {
                ethernet {
                    wireless-80211;
                }
            }
        }
    }
    attributes {
        ignore {
            framed-ip-netmask;
        }
        exclude {
            accounting-delay-time [accounting-start accounting-stop];
            accounting-session-id [access-request accounting-on accounting-off
            accounting-start accounting-stop];
            dhcp-gi-address [access-request accounting-start accounting-stop];
            dhcp-mac-address [access-request accounting-start accounting-stop];
            nas-identifier [access-request accounting-start accounting-stop];
            nas-port [accounting-start accounting-stop];
        }
    }
}

```

```
        nas-port-id [accounting-start accounting-stop];
        nas-port-type [access-request accounting-start accounting-stop];
    }
}
}
[edit logical-systems isp-bos-metro-12 routing-instances isp-cmbrg-12-32]
interfaces {
    lo0 {
        unit 0 {
            family inet {
                address 192.168.1.100/24;
            }
        }
    }
    ge-0/0/0 {
        vlan-tagging;
        unit 0 {
            vlan-id 200;
            family inet {
                unnumbered-address lo0.0;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 137](#)

RADIUS Reauthentication As an Alternative to RADIUS CoA for DHCP Subscribers

RADIUS Change of Authorization (CoA) messages, specified in RFC 5176, *Dynamic Authorization Extensions to Remote Authentication Dial In User Service (RADIUS)*, are used to activate or deactivate client services and to change certain client session characteristics without logging out the client, thus avoiding interruption to the subscriber. In some circumstances, it may be preferable to use *reauthentication* of the subscriber as the method to alter client session services and characteristics without interruption.

For example, the following customer deployment modes both require changes in attributes during the life of a session.

- Residential subscribers—Residential subscribers may change service plans throughout the life of a session by online service selection or direct calling to the provider. The change in service plan is propagated to the DHCP local server by changing the value of the DHCP client Agent Remote ID. The Agent Remote ID is conveyed in option 82, suboption 2, for DHCPv4 clients and in option 37 for DHCPv6 clients.

When reauthentication is configured, the change in service plan is detected, triggering reauthentication; the new service plan and any changed attributes are returned by the RADIUS server and implemented for the subscriber.

- Business subscribers—Business subscribers often need changes in attributes (particularly framed routes) during any given session. The desired change in attributes is not initiated by a change in service plans.

When reauthentication is configured, negotiation of the lease renewal triggers reauthentication. Any changes in attributes or services are provided in the Access-Accept message from the RADIUS server and implemented for the subscriber.

Two alternatives to using reauthentication can both change many more session characteristics than are possible with reauthentication. CoA requests change characteristics without disrupting the subscriber. Logging the subscriber out and then back in can change many more session characteristics but is obviously disruptive.

Benefits of Reauthentication

- Update or modify subscriber session attributes and service plans without using a CoA request.
- Simplify activation of services resulting from frequent subscriber-initiated changes.
- Enable reauthentication per family in dual-stack, single-session configurations.
- Control reauthentication through CLI configuration or a RADIUS VSA.

Functionality

Reauthentication is supported for both DHCPv4 and DHCPv6. It can be triggered when the DHCP local server receives a renew, rebind, discover, or solicit message from a DHCP client. The discover and solicit messages support reauthentication starting in Junos OS Release 18.1R1. Support for the discover and solicit messages means that if a CPE with a bound client reboots and the client sends one of those messages to bring the session

back up, reauthentication enables authd to obtain any updates that have been made for the subscriber.

Reauthentication behavior is determined as follows:

- The **reauthenticate lease-renewal** statement specifies reauthentication is triggered when any of the four supported messages is received.
- The **reauthenticate remote-id-mismatch** statement specifies reauthentication is triggered only when the received message includes a change in the value of the DHCP client's Agent Remote ID. The attribute value includes the name of the subscriber service plan, so a change in value signifies a change in service for the subscriber.
- The Juniper Networks **reauthentication-on-renew** VSA (26-206), when returned with a value of 1 in the Access-Accept message from the RADIUS server for the subscriber at login, triggers reauthentication on receipt of any of the four messages. A value of 0 disables reauthentication. The VSA value is stored in the session database whenever it is received. After this VSA has enabled reauthentication, it is checked at each reauthentication attempt. If the value has changed to 0—that is, if a subsequent Access-Accept returned the VSA with a value of 0—the reauthentication process stops for that subscriber.

The CLI configuration (**reauthenticate** statement) and Reauthenticate-On-Renew behavior is additive. Disabling reauthentication with the VSA has an effect only when the **reauthenticate** statement is not configured. When the **reauthenticate** statement is configured with either option, it overrides a VSA value of 0. In the absence of the CLI configuration, the VSA can enable reauthentication by itself.

The reauthentication process is almost identical to the original authentication process. When reauthentication is triggered, the `jdhcpd` process on the local server submits an authentication request to `authd`, which in turn submits an Access-Request message to the RADIUS server to request a second authentication.



NOTE: The reauthentication request fails for any authentication order other than `radius` or `none`. The `authd` process returns a negative acknowledgment (NAK) for any such request.

This Access-Request includes RADIUS state and class attributes that were returned in the original Access-Accept message. These attributes enable the RADIUS server to distinguish the reauthentication request from login (authentication) requests.

The RADIUS server returns an Access-Accept message to `authd` with new attributes for the subscriber. The `authd` process sends an acknowledgment (ACK) with the changes to `jdhcpd`, which sends a DHCP offer to the DHCP client with changed attributes. The DHCP negotiation continues as usual, as shown in [Figure 1 on page 104](#), and the subscriber session continues with the new attribute values. When the reauthentication includes a change in service plan, the RADIUS server returns the new plan with any other changed attributes, if it accepts the request, as shown in [Figure 2 on page 105](#). If the CPE hosting the DHCP client reboots during the process of changing a service plan, reauthentication with the new plan is supported with no disruption in service.

If the RADIUS server rejects a reauthentication request or times out, `authd` sends a NAK to `jdhcpd`, which reviews the included error code. If the error code indicates a timeout, `jdhcpd` sends an ACK to the DHCP client and the subscriber session is maintained with the original attributes and service. For any other error code, `jdhcpd` sends a DHCPv4 NAK or DHCPv6 REPLY (with the lifetime value set to 0) as a logical NAK, initiates subscriber logout, and deletes the subscriber from the session database.

Table 12 on page 101 describes how `authd` processes requests when a different request type is already in progress for the same subscriber.

Table 12: Processing Multiple Request Types

| Request in Progress | Additional Request Received for Same Subscriber | Action |
|---------------------|---|---|
| Reauthentication | CoA | <code>authd</code> responds to the CoA with a NAK. |
| CoA | Reauthentication | <code>authd</code> queues the reauthentication request until the CoA is processed, then processes the reauthentication request. |
| Reauthentication | Disconnect | <code>authd</code> responds to the disconnect with a NAK. |
| Disconnect | Reauthentication | <code>authd</code> responds to the reauthentication request with a NAK and continues logging out the subscriber. |



BEST PRACTICE: Because the network family does not terminate or reinitiate as part of reauthentication, the subscriber content is not reevaluated with regards to subscriber secure policy mirroring. Do not use as a trigger for subscriber secure policy mirroring any attribute that can change during reauthentication processing.

Dual-Stack Subscribers

In releases earlier than Junos OS Release 18.1R1, dual-stack DHCP subscribers are treated as independent client sessions. Each stack renews and obtains new services independently.

Starting in Junos OS Release 18.1R1, per-family authentication and reauthentication are supported for dual-stack, single-session subscribers. A dual-stack, single-session subscriber is typically a household with its own VLAN in a 1:1 access model. The household is represented as a single subscriber with a single session in the session database, but it has two separate DHCP bindings, one for each family, DHCPv4 and DHCPv6. Consequently, `authd` sends separate Access-Requests as each family in the session logs in or attempts to reauthenticate:

- Per-family authentication occurs when a discover or solicit message is received while a subscriber session is in the DHCP init state.

- Per-family reauthentication occurs when reauthentication and on-demand address allocation are both configured and a renew, rebind, discover, or solicit message is received for the family session while it is in the DHCP bound state.



NOTE: On-demand address allocation causes an address to be allocated separately for each family as it logs in. On-demand address allocation must be configured for dual-stack, single-session subscribers or per-family authentication and reauthentication cannot be enabled. For reauthentication, this is true whether it is configured in the CLI or with the Reauthenticate-On-Renew VSA (26-206).

Authentication and reauthentication are both processed per family. The first family to trigger the process is attended to before the other (second) family triggers authentication or reauthentication. Messages from the second family are ignored until the first family is bound. Then the second family request is processed.

If only one family of the dual-stack single session logs in, then only one authentication is processed. Reauthentications are processed for only the one client family.

The authd process classifies attributes as belonging to the DHCPv4 or DHCPv6 family and tags them accordingly. For both authentication and reauthentication, depending on which family initiates the request, authd includes either the DHCP-Options VSA (26-55) or the DHCPv6-Options VSA (26-65). Depending on its configuration, the RADIUS server might return information for only the family that initiated the request (the *requesting family*) or for both families.

When authd receives attributes in the Access-Accept message, the family tags enable authd to determine which attributes correspond to the requesting family or the other (*nonrequesting*) family. Only attributes for the requesting family are written to the session database.

For reauthentication requests, authd compares the returned attributes to the session database to determine whether any changes were made on the RADIUS server. Again, only changes that correspond to the requesting family are written to the session database, overwriting the old values.

Changes during reauthentication are processed as follows:

- Attribute (other than address)—When authd determines that one or more of these attributes has changed for the requesting family, it stores the new values in the session database. After authd notifies jdhcpd, it sends an ACK to the DHCP client with the new attribute values.
- Address or address pool—When authd detects a change for the requesting family, it notifies the DHCP local server, which in turn sends a NAK (DHCPv4) or logical NAK (DHCPv6) to the DHCP client.

If the requesting family is the only family that is bound, jdhcpd gracefully logs out the subscriber. If the nonrequesting family is also bound, jdhcpd deactivates the requesting family, but leaves the nonrequesting family binding intact, with no disruption in service.

to the nonrequesting family. The deactivation of the requesting family has no effect on a subsequent triggering of reauthentication by the nonrequesting family.

When the deactivated family subsequently sends a discover or solicit message to log back in, an Access-Request is sent for reauthentication as usual, and the new address received in the Access-Accept is applied to the subscriber.

If the RADIUS server responds to an authentication or reauthentication request with an Access-Reject message, authd notifies the DHCP local server, which in turns sends a NAK (DHCPv4) or logical NAK (DHCPv6) to the DHCP client. The requesting family is terminated gracefully; the family is deactivated and the subscriber is logged out. Then the nonrequesting family is deactivated and logged out, but the client is not notified about the termination.

If liveness detection is running on the nonrequesting family, the client detects loss of connection when the family is terminated, and subsequently sends a discover or solicit message to the DHCP local server. However, if liveness detection is not running, the client does not detect loss of connection until the rebinding time (T2, option 59) expires and service is lost. Depending on the duration of the lease, this could take a long time.



BEST PRACTICE: Configure liveness detection for both address families to reduce the time to detect loss of connection. See [DHCP Liveness Detection Overview](#) for information about configuring liveness detection.

Packet Flow

The following figure describes the sequence for initial negotiation of a subscriber session between a DHCP client, a DHCP server, and the RADIUS server. The client's service plan is specified in the second substring in the remote ID contained in DHCPv4 option 82, suboption 2, or DHCPv6 option 37.

Initial Negotiation

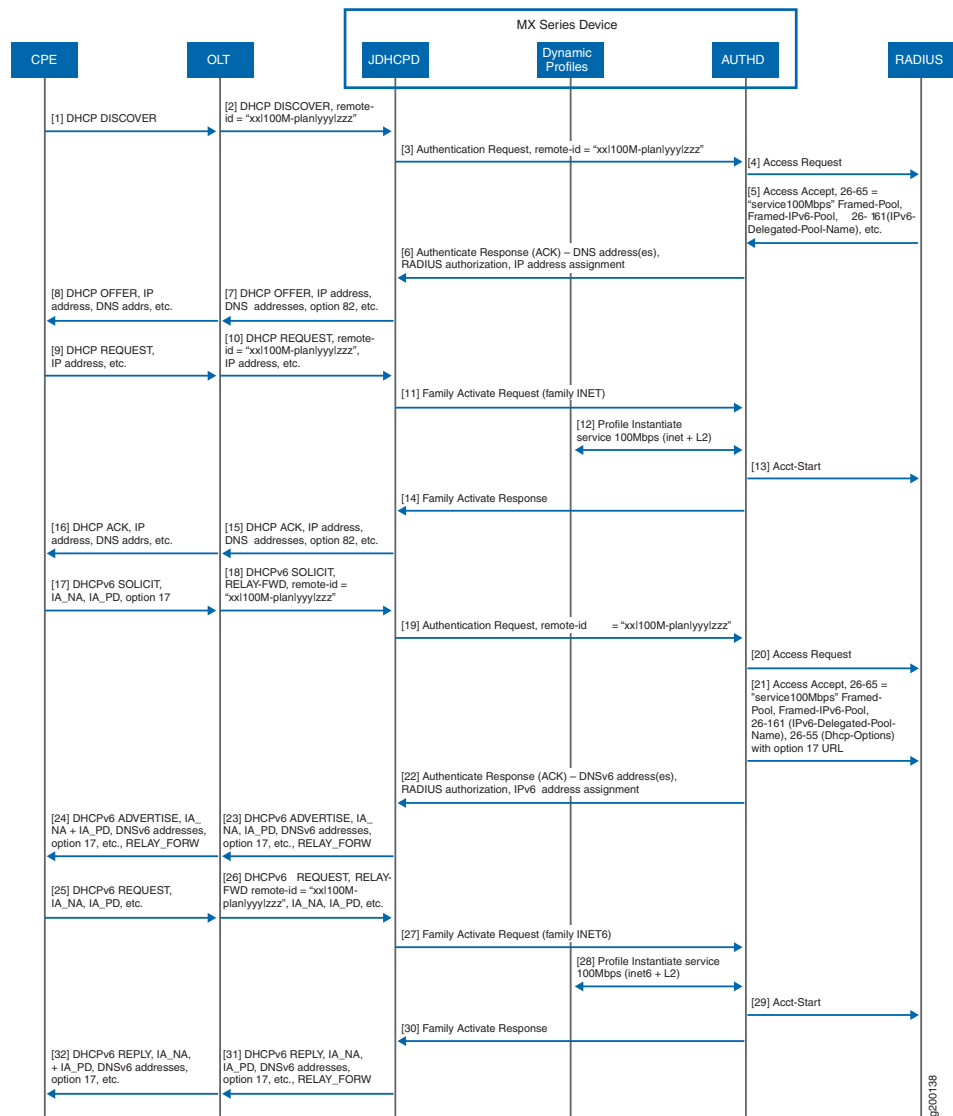
[Figure 1 on page 104](#) illustrates the sequence of steps in the initial negotiation between a DHCP client, a DHCP server, and the RADIUS server. The following terms are used in the figure:

CPE—Customer premises equipment (functions as the DHCP client or subscriber).

OLT—Optical line terminator—for example, a DSL access multiplexer (DSLAM) or other aggregation device.

MX Series device—Functions as the DHCP server.

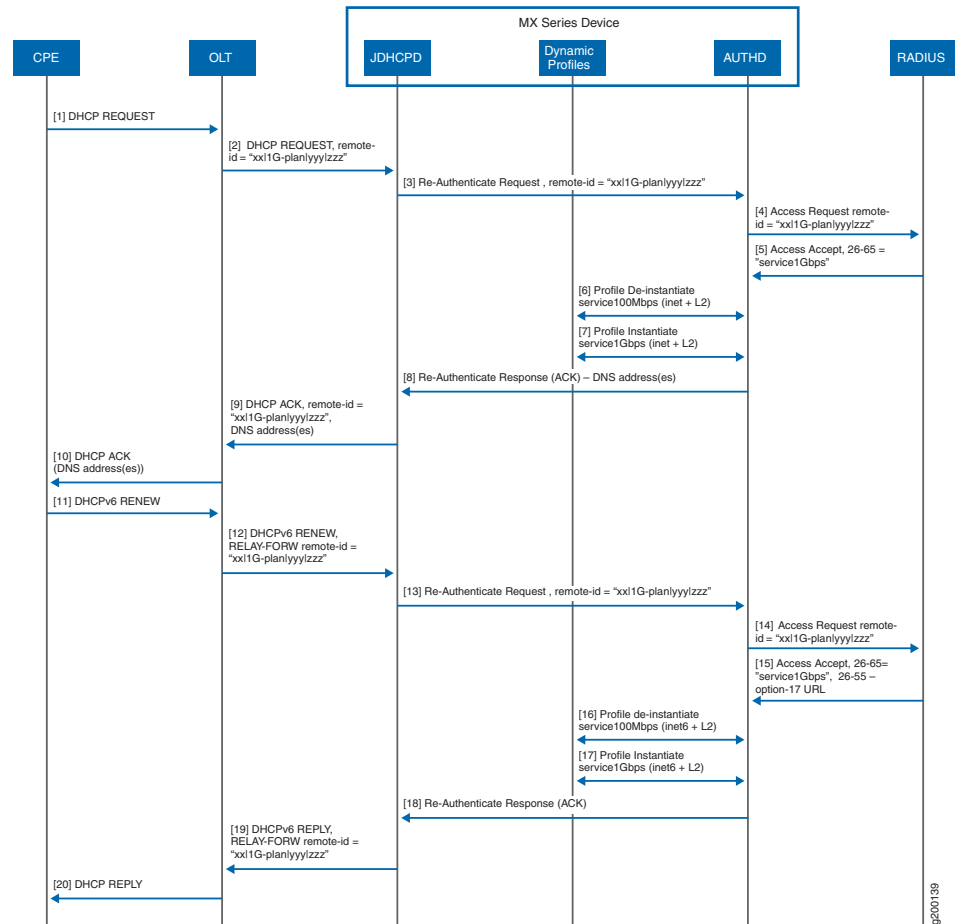
Figure 1: Initial Negotiation



Service Plan Change

Figure 2 on page 105 illustrates the sequence of steps in a change of service plans, from a 100 Mbps plan to a 1 Gbps plan.:

Figure 2: Service Plan



RADIUS Attributes Supported for Reauthentication

Table 13 on page 105 lists the RADIUS standard attributes and VSAs that can be processed during reauthentication when received in the RADIUS Access-Accept message, and describes how authd handle changes in attributes. Attribute processing is consistent with CoA request processing. The characteristics of the reauthenticating subscriber session change only if new values or new attributes are received in the Access-Accept message.

Table 13: RADIUS attributes supported by reauthentication

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Result of Processing |
|------------------|-------------------|--|
| 8 | Framed-IP-Address | A new value is stored in the subscriber session database; old data is overwritten. |
| 22 | Framed-Route | A new value is stored in the subscriber session database; old data is appended. |
| 24 | State | A new value is stored in the subscriber session database; old data is overwritten. |

Table 13: RADIUS attributes supported by reauthentication (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Result of Processing |
|------------------|--------------------------|---|
| 25 | Class | A new value is stored in the subscriber session database; old data is overwritten. |
| 26-4 | Primary-DNS | A new value is stored in the subscriber session database; old data is overwritten. |
| 26-5 | Secondary-DNS | A new value is stored in the subscriber session database; old data is overwritten. |
| 26-6 | Primary-WINS | A new value is stored in the subscriber session database; old data is overwritten. |
| 26-7 | Secondary-WINS | A new value is stored in the subscriber session database; old data is overwritten. |
| 26-55 | DHCP-Options | Value is sent to the DHCP local server for processing the changes to the subscriber's DHCP configuration. |
| 26-65 | Activate-Service | <p>The authd process compares the list of services in the VSA to the services that are already active for that subscriber session.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If the list on the VSA contains services not yet active, authd activates those services for the subscriber. • If any service already active for the subscriber session is not listed in the VSA, then authd deactivates that service. <p>For example, suppose services A and B are active on the session, but the VSA includes only services B and C. Service A is not on the VSA list and is deactivated. Service C is on the list but not currently active, so authd activates C. Service B is both already active and on the list, so it remains active.</p> |
| 26-161 | IPv6-Delegated-Pool-Name | A new value is stored in the subscriber session database; old data is overwritten. |
| 26-206 | Reauthenticate-On-Renew | <p>If the value is 1 (enable), authd adds the value to the subscriber session database if it is not already present.</p> <p>If the value is 0 (disable) and a value of 1 is already present in the database, authd sets the database value to 0.</p> <p>If the value in the message is missing or invalid, and a value is already present in the database, authd deletes the value from the database.</p> |
| 26-207 | DHCPv6-Options | Value is sent to the DHCPv6 local server for processing the changes to the subscriber's DHCP configuration. |
| 88 | Framed-Pool | A new value is stored in the subscriber session database; old data is overwritten. |
| 97 | Framed-IPv6-Prefix | A new value is stored in the subscriber session database; old data is overwritten. |
| 100 | Framed-IPv6-Pool | A new value is stored in the subscriber session database; old data is overwritten. |
| 123 | Delegated-IPv6-Prefix | A new value is stored in the subscriber session database; old data is overwritten. |
| 168 | Framed-IPv6-Address | A new value is stored in the subscriber session database; old data is overwritten. |

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|---------|---|
| 18.1R1 | The discover and solicit messages support reauthentication starting in Junos OS Release 18.1R1. |

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Reauthentication for DHCP Local Server on page 107](#)
- [Single-Session DHCP Local Server Dual-Stack Overview on page 460](#)
- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264](#)

Configuring Reauthentication for DHCP Local Server

You can configure reauthentication as an alternative to RADIUS CoA messages as a means to change characteristics of the subscriber session, such as activating or changing service plans or changing DHCP subscriber attributes. When configured, reauthentication is triggered when the DHCP local server receives a renew, rebind, discover, or solicit message from a DHCP client. The message triggers `dhcpcd` to request reauthentication from `authd`, which in turn reissues the RADIUS Access-Request for a second subscriber authentication. Reauthentication is available for DHCPv4, DHCPv6, and dual-stack subscribers.

Starting in Junos OS Release 18.1R1, reauthentication can be triggered by discover and solicit messages in addition to the previously supported renew and rebind messages. The release also introduces reauthentication support for dual-stack, single-session subscribers.

You can use the **reauthenticate** statement to configure reauthentication to occur in response to all DHCP renew, rebind, discover, or solicit messages or only in response to those messages when they include a different Agent Remote ID for the DHCP client. The Agent Remote ID carries information about the subscriber's service plan, so a change in ID value corresponds to a change in the subscriber service plan. The Agent Remote ID is conveyed in option 82, suboption 2 for DHCPv4 clients and in option 37 for DHCPv6 clients.

You can also use the Juniper Networks VSA, Reauthentication-On-Renew (26-206) as an alternative to the CLI configuration to enable reauthentication. The VSA is conveyed in the RADIUS Access-Accept message at subscriber login, and must be configured on your RADIUS server. The **reauthenticate** statement overrides the VSA when the VSA is present with a value of disable.

Configure reauthentication for non-dual-stack, single session DHCP subscribers:

- (Optional) Specify reauthentication is triggered by receipt of every renew, rebind, discover, and solicit message.

For DHCPv4 subscribers:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# set reauthenticate lease-renewal
```

For DHCPv6 subscribers:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]
user@host# set reauthenticate lease-renewal
```

- (Optional) Specify reauthentication is triggered only when the Agent Remote ID has changed in the received discover or solicit message.

For DHCPv4 subscribers:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# set reauthenticate remote-id-mismatch
```

For DHCPv6 subscribers:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]
user@host# set reauthenticate remote-id-mismatch
```

Configure reauthentication for dual-stack, single session DHCP subscribers:

1. Configure addresses to be allocated on demand for subscribers in the dual-stack group.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dual-stack-group name]
user@host# set on-demand-address-allocation
```

2. (Optional) Specify reauthentication is triggered for every subscriber in the dual-stack group by receipt of every renew, rebind, discover, and solicit message.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dual-stack-group name]
user@host# set reauthenticate lease-renewal
```

3. (Optional) Specify reauthentication is triggered for every subscriber in the dual-stack group only when the Agent Remote ID has changed in the received discover or solicit message.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dual-stack-group name]
user@host# set reauthenticate remote-id-mismatch
```

A change in the Agent Remote ID can also initiate a service change during renew and rebind operations when the `remote-id-mismatch` statement is configured. You cannot configure both the `remote-id-mismatch` statement and the `reauthenticate` statement at the global level, `[edit system services dhcp-local-server]`. However, DHCP precedence rules do permit you to configure both statements when they are at different levels. For example, you can configure `reauthenticate` at the global level and `remote-id-mismatch` for DHCPv6 at the `[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]` hierarchy level or for a specific group at the `[edit system services dhcp-local-server group name]` hierarchy level, and so on.

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|---------|---|
| 18.1R1 | Starting in Junos OS Release 18.1R1, reauthentication can be triggered by discover and solicit messages in addition to the previously supported renew and rebind messages. The release also introduces reauthentication support for dual-stack, single-session subscribers. |

Related Documentation

- [RADIUS Reauthentication As an Alternative to RADIUS CoA for DHCP Subscribers on page 99](#)
- [Single-Session DHCP Local Server Dual-Stack Overview on page 460](#)
- [DHCP-Initiated Service Change Based on Remote ID on page 375](#)
- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264](#)

DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 Forward-Only Action for Relay Traffic with Unknown DHCP Server Address

The DHCP relay agent entry, which can be created on a DHCPv4 or DHCPv6 server, is useful for authentication, authorization, accounting, applying filtering, ensuring quality of service (QoS) on the client, and processing of options specified in the packet. The creation of the relay agent or client entry involves participation of the `jdhcpd` process memory resources, session database resources, authentication procedure, accounting, dynamic profile instantiation, dynamic interface creation, firewall, class-of-service (CoS)-association, and more. Customer networks can contain non-customer controlled bindings for which they might not want these relay agent entry functionalities. When a customer's network has such traffic, creation of relay agent entries—which is related to client entry creation—unnecessarily utilizes resources and can also result in wrong association of profiles, because in the current network scenario, all the traffic received from a specific interface is forwarded, without processing any destination address.

Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, a **forward-only** configuration can be enabled on the broadband network gateway (BNG) device for non-customer traffic along with unknown DHCP server address. The configuration of the **forward-only** statement, along with the new DHCP options—**option-54** for DHCPv4 and **option-2** for DHCPv6, avoids the creation of the DHCP relay agent entry on the BNG and ensures that traffic is forwarded to the specified destination address.

With these configurations, administrators are able to determine to which servers the clients are bound; which of the clients need to have a relay client entry created and dynamic profile and policies applied, and so on; and for whom (non-customer) the **forward-only** configuration is enabled.

The two new configuration statements—**options-54** and **options-2**—are introduced for processing destination addresses.

Processing of DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 Destination Addresses

Administrators can configure the **forward-only** statement to avoid the creation of non-customer client entries. The `jdhcpd` process compares the server identifier (**option-54** for DHCPv4 and **option-2** for DHCPv6) with or without destination address in the incoming packet along with the configured server address. If the server identifier and configured server address match, the action is to only forward without creating the client entry.

On nonpassive relay, configuration of the **server-match** statement means implicit enabling of the **delay-authentication** statement for the clients for which the **server-match** statement is processed. You can also configure options 60 and 77 (for DHCPv4) or options 15 and 16 (for DHCPv6) optionally together with associated processing. Configuration of these options also includes the specification of the order in which they are processed. If these options are not configured, the default order is 60, 77 for DHCPv4 and 15, 16 for DHCPv6.



NOTE: DHCPv6 **option-16** data as defined in RFC 3315, *Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6)*, comprises a 4-byte enterprise number and the variable length vendor-class data. The enterprise number is a number registered by the vendor with IANA. As such, it is anticipated that configuring an ASCII match in conjunction with **option-16** relay-option match might not work because the enterprise number must coincide with the value of a printable ASCII character.

A similar restriction exists for DHCPv4 **option-77** statement because the **option-77** data might be subdivided to include suboptions and sublengths. Because of this, configuring an ASCII match with **option-77** relay-option match might not work.

On nonpassive relay, if a request packet is received in the *rebind* phase and the corresponding relay entry is not present, then you need to first configure the **bind-on-request** statement, following which the relay entry is created and the packet is forwarded. After an acknowledgment is received, the `jdhcpd` process verifies the source address (with or without option 54 for DHCPv4 and option 2 for DHCPv6) within the **server-match** configuration. If the verification results in a stateless entry, then the relay entry is deleted.

The administrator can specify the DHCP unique identifier (DUID) with or without the address of a server. The `jdhcpd` process first processes address statements and then the DUID statements. If the same server address is specified in address statements and the DUID statement, then it is the administrator's responsibility to specify the same action for both address and the DUID statements.

On both passive and nonpassive relays, if the received packet contains a relay forward header and the destination address is multicast or a link-local address, then the packet is forwarded without any further processing.



NOTE: For both DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 subscribers, the **relay-option** and **server-match** statements are at the same hierarchy and have the same priority.

Processing Order and Actions

Relay options and server match processing are mutually exclusive. Although they are at the same hierarchy and have the same priority, for implementation purpose, you process relay options followed by server match.

Following are the DHCPv4 relay option processing actions:

- **drop**—Discard when there is a match.
- **forward-only**—Forward without client services, when there is a match.
- **local-server-group**—Name of DHCP local server group when there is a match.
- **relay-server-group**—Name of DHCP relay server group when there is a match.

Following are the DHCPv6 relay option processing actions:

- **drop**—Discard when there is a match.
- **forward-only**—Forward without client services, when there is a match.
- **relay-server-group**—Name of DHCP relay server group when there is a match.



NOTE: The DHCPv6 server match for IPv6 address is available in passive relay only.

The default and configurable option orders are processed as shown in [Figure 3 on page 111](#). If you need the option order to be reversed (either DHCPv4 or DHCPv6), then configure **option-order 77,66** statement for DHCPv4 or **option-order 16,15** statement for DHCPv6 at the `[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option]` hierarchy level.

Figure 3: DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 Option Order

DHCPv4

Default order:

option-60 (equals → starts-with) → option-77 (equals → start-with) → option-60 (default-action) → option-77 (default-action) → not-present

When option-order is configured as 77,60 in CLI:

option-77 (equals → starts-with) → option-60 (equals → starts-with) → option-77 (default-action) → option-60 (default-action) → not-present

DHCPv6

Default order:

option-15 (equals → starts-with) → option-16 (equals → start-with) → option-15 (default-action) → option-16 (default-action) → not-present

When option-order is configured as 16,15 in CLI:

option-16 (equals → starts-with) → option-15 (equals → starts-with) → option-16 (default-action) → option-15 (default-action) → not-present

**Related
Documentation**

- [option-60 \(DHCP Relay Agent\) on page 1352](#)
- [option-77 \(DHCP Relay Agent\) on page 1354](#)
- [option-15 \(DHCP Relay Agent\) on page 1347](#)
- [option-16 \(DHCP Relay Agent\) on page 1349](#)
- [default-action \(DHCP Relay Agent Option\) on page 1081](#)
- [equals \(DHCP Relay Agent\) on page 1178](#)
- [starts-with \(DHCP Relay Agent Option\) on page 1523](#)
- [option-order \(DHCP Relay Agent\) on page 1345](#)
- [not-present \(DHCP Relay Agent\) on page 1336](#)

CHAPTER 5

Configuring RADIUS Accounting for Subscriber Access

- [RADIUS Accounting Statistics for Subscriber Access Overview on page 113](#)
- [Understanding RADIUS Accounting Duplicate Reporting on page 115](#)
- [Configuring Duplication Filters for RADIUS Accounting Duplicate Reporting on page 117](#)
- [Preservation of RADIUS Accounting Information During an Accounting Server Outage on page 118](#)
- [RADIUS Acct-On and Acct-Off Messages on page 121](#)
- [Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 122](#)
- [Configuring Per-Service Session Accounting on page 124](#)
- [Configuring Service Packet Counting on page 125](#)
- [Configuring Back-up Options for RADIUS Accounting on page 127](#)
- [Configuring Service Interim Accounting on page 128](#)
- [Suspending AAA Accounting and Baseline Accounting Statistics Overview on page 129](#)
- [Configuring AAA Accounting Suspension and Baseline Accounting Statistics on page 133](#)
- [Enabling the Reporting of Accurate Subscriber Accounting Statistics to the CLI on page 134](#)

RADIUS Accounting Statistics for Subscriber Access Overview

The AAA Service Framework enables you to configure how the router collects and uses accounting statistics for subscriber management.

For example, you can specify when statistics collection is terminated, the order in which different accounting methods are used, the types of statistics collected, and how often statistics are collected. You can also configure the router to request that the RADIUS server immediately update the accounting statistics when certain events occur, such as when a subscriber logs in or when a change of authorization (CoA) occurs.

Subscriber management provides two levels of subscriber accounting—subscriber session and service session. In subscriber session accounting, the router collects statistics for

the entire subscriber session. In service session accounting, the router collects statistics for specific service sessions for the subscriber.



NOTE: Subscriber management counts forwarded packets only. Dropped traffic (for example, as a result of a filter action) and control traffic are not included in the accounting statistics.

The router uses the RADIUS attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs listed in [Table 14 on page 114](#) to provide the accounting statistics for subscriber and service sessions. If the session has both IPv4 and IPv6 families enabled, the router reports statistics for both families.



NOTE:

RADIUS reports subscriber statistics as an aggregate of both IPv4 statistics and IPv6 statistics.

- For an IPv4-only configuration, the standard RADIUS attributes report the IPv4 statistics and the IPv6 VSA results are all reported as 0.
- For an IPv6-only configuration, the standard RADIUS attributes and the IPv6 VSA statistics are identical, both reporting the IPv6 statistics.
- When both IPv4 and IPv6 are configured, the standard RADIUS attributes report the combined IPv4 and IPv6 statistics. The IPv6 VSAs report IPv6 statistics.

Table 14: RADIUS Attributes and VSAs Used for Per-Subscriber Session Accounting

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Type of Statistics |
|------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| 26–151 | IPv6-Acct-Input-Octets | IPv6 |
| 26–152 | IPv6-Acct-Output-Octets | IPv6 |
| 26–153 | IPv6-Acct-Input-Packets | IPv6 |
| 26–154 | IPv6-Acct-Output-Packets | IPv6 |
| 26–155 | IPv6-Acct-Input-Gigawords | IPv6 |
| 26–156 | IPv6-Acct-Output-Gigawords | IPv6 |
| 47 | Acct-Input-Packets | IPv4 and IPv6 aggregation |
| 48 | Acct-Output-Packets | IPv4 and IPv6 aggregation |
| 52 | Acct-Input-Gigawords | IPv4 and IPv6 aggregation |

Table 14: RADIUS Attributes and VSAs Used for Per-Subscriber Session Accounting (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Type of Statistics |
|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| 53 | Acct-Output-Gigawords | IPv4 and IPv6 aggregation |

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 122](#)
- [Configuring Per-Service Session Accounting on page 124](#)
- [Example: Configuring RADIUS-Based Subscriber Authentication and Accounting on page 96](#)
- [Enabling the Reporting of Accurate Subscriber Accounting Statistics to the CLI on page 134](#)

Understanding RADIUS Accounting Duplicate Reporting

When you configure RADIUS accounting, by default the router sends the accounting reports to the accounting servers in the context in which the subscriber was last authenticated. You can configure RADIUS accounting to send duplicate accounting reports to other servers in the same context or in other contexts.

Layer 3 Wholesale Scenarios

In a Layer 3 wholesale network environment, the wholesaler and retailer might use different RADIUS accounting servers, and both might want to receive accounting reports. In this situation, you can configure RADIUS accounting duplicate reporting, which sends reports to both the wholesaler and the retailer accounting servers. The target to which the duplicate accounting records are sent must be in the default:default logical system:routing instance combination (LS:RI), also called the *default VRF*.

Table 15 on page 116 shows where subscriber management sends the accounting reports when you enable duplicate reporting. Subscriber management sends duplicate reports based on the access profile in which you configure the **duplication** statement at the **[edit access profile *profile-name* accounting]** hierarchy level, where the subscriber resides, and how the subscriber is authenticated.



NOTE: You can also enable accounting duplicate reporting based on the domain map configuration—you configure subscribers to authenticate with a nondefault routing instance and a target logical system:routing instance of default:default. The accounting reports are then sent to both the authentication context and the default:default context.

Table 15: Duplicate RADIUS Accounting Reporting

| Access Profile in Which Duplication Is Configured | Where Subscriber Is Authenticated | Subscriber's Target Logical System/Routing Instance | Accounting Servers Where Accounting Reports Are Sent |
|---|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| retailer A | wholesaler | retailer A | wholesaler and retailer A |
| retailer A | retailer A | retailer A | wholesaler (default/default context) NOTE: This is the domain map configuration described in the Note preceding this table. |
| wholesaler | wholesaler and retailer A | retailer A | wholesaler and retailer A |
| wholesaler and retailer B | wholesaler and retailer A | retailer B | wholesaler, retailer A, and retailer B |
| not configured (default) | any | any | single report sent to accounting servers in the context in which subscriber was last authenticated |

Other Scenarios

For scenarios that are not in a Layer 3 wholesale network environment, you might want to send duplicate accounting records to a different set of RADIUS servers that reside in either the same or a different routing context. Unlike the Layer 3 wholesale scenario, the target for the duplicate RADIUS accounting records does not have to be the default VRF. You can specify a single nondefault VRF—that is, other than the default:default LS:RI combination—as the target. Additionally, you can specify up to five access profiles in the target VRF that list the RADIUS accounting servers that receive the duplicate reports.

For example, you might have a lawful intercept scenario where the subscriber is authenticated in the default domain. An authorized law enforcement organization needs duplicate accounting records for the subscriber to be sent to a mediation device that resides in the organization's networking domain, which lies in a nondefault VRF.

Subscriber management sends duplicate reports to the VRF that you specify with the **vrf-name** statement at the **[edit access profile *profile-name* accounting duplication-vrf]** hierarchy level. Include the **access-profile-name** statement at the same level to designate the access profiles that in turn specify the RADIUS servers that receive the duplicate reports.

Filters for Duplicate Accounting Reports

Subscriber management provides a duplication filter feature that enables you to specify which accounting servers receive the RADIUS accounting interim reports when RADIUS accounting duplicate reporting is active. You configure the filters in the AAA access profile, and the router then applies the filters to subscribers associated with that profile.

Subscriber management supports the following filtering for RADIUS accounting duplicate reporting:

- Duplicated accounting interim messages— The router filters duplicate accounting messages. The accounting messages are sent only to RADIUS accounting servers in the subscriber's access profile.
- Original accounting interim messages—The router filters accounting messages destined for original RADIUS accounting servers, which are accounting servers in the subscriber's access profile. The accounting messages are sent only to duplication accounting servers (servers in a duplication access profile other than the subscriber's access profile).
- Excluded RADIUS attributes—The router filters the RADIUS attributes in the accounting messages based on the **exclude** statement configuration in the access profile under the duplication context. You can use the exclude filter alone, or with the duplicated or original accounting message filters.

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 122](#)
- [Configuring Duplication Filters for RADIUS Accounting Duplicate Reporting on page 117](#)

Configuring Duplication Filters for RADIUS Accounting Duplicate Reporting

You can use duplication filters to specify the RADIUS accounting servers that receive RADIUS accounting interim reports when accounting duplicate reporting is enabled. You configure the filters in a AAA access profile, and the router applies the filters to subscribers associated with that profile.

To configure duplication filters for accounting duplicate reporting:

1. At the **[edit access profile *profile-name*]** hierarchy level, specify that you want to configure accounting.

```
[edit access profile profile-name]  
user@host# edit accounting
```

2. Configure the duplication filter you want the router to use.

The following examples show the three types of filters and describe the results for each filter:

- Specify that the router does not send the accounting interim messages to duplicate RADIUS accounting servers.

Duplicate RADIUS accounting servers are those that are not in the subscriber's access profile. The router still sends the accounting interim messages to accounting servers that reside in the subscriber's access profile.

```
[edit access profile profile-name accounting]
user@host# set duplication-filter interim-duplicated
```

- Specify that the router does not send the accounting interim messages to original RADIUS accounting servers.

Original accounting servers are those that reside in the subscriber's AAA routing context. The router still sends the accounting interim messages to duplicate accounting servers, which are those servers that do not reside in a duplication context other than the subscriber's access profile.

```
[edit access profile profile-name accounting]
user@host# set duplication-filter interim-original
```

- Specify how the router uses the **exclude** statement configuration to filter RADIUS attributes from accounting interim messages.

The router uses the configuration for the **exclude** statement in the duplication access profile to determine which RADIUS attributes are not included in the accounting interim messages.

```
[edit access profile profile-name accounting]
user@host# set duplication-filter exclude-attributes
```

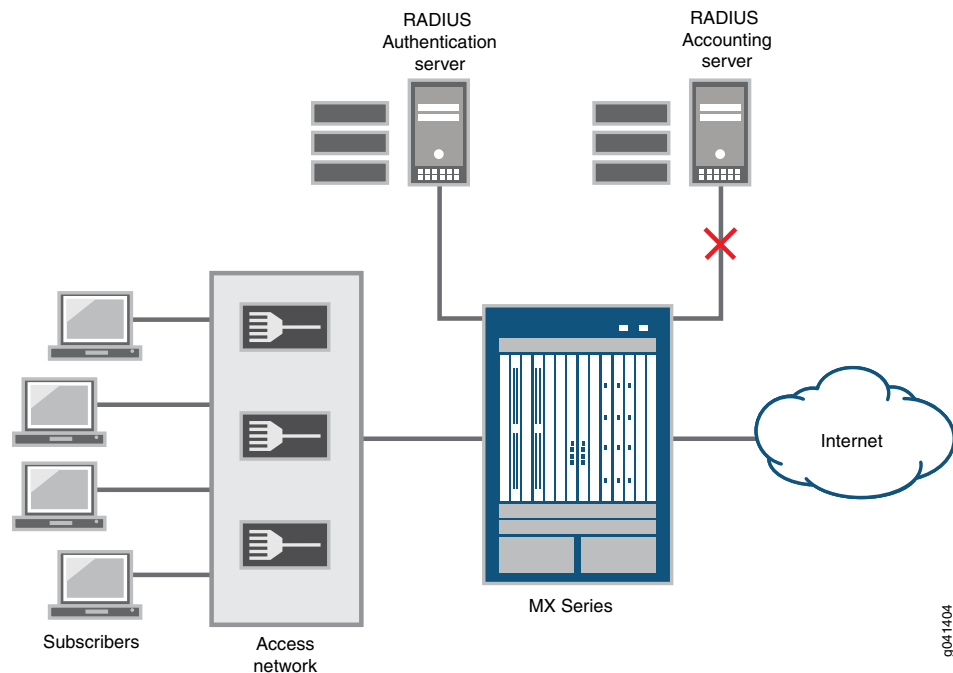
**Related
Documentation**

- [Understanding RADIUS Accounting Duplicate Reporting on page 115](#)
- [Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 122](#)

Preservation of RADIUS Accounting Information During an Accounting Server Outage

If the router loses contact with the RADIUS accounting server, as represented in [Figure 4 on page 119](#), whether due to a server outage or a problem in the network connecting to the server, you can lose all the billing information that would have been received by the server. RADIUS accounting backup preserves the accounting data that accumulates during the outage. If you have not configured RADIUS accounting backup, the accounting data is lost for the duration of the outage from the time when the router has exhausted its attempts to resume contact with the RADIUS server. The configurable retry value determines the number of times the router attempts to contact the server.

Figure 4: Topology with Loss of Access to Accounting Server



By default, the router must wait until the revert timer expires before it can attempt to contact the non-responsive server again. However, when you configure accounting backup, the revert timer is disabled and the router immediately retries its accounting requests as soon as the router fails to receive accounting acknowledgments. Accounting backup follows this sequence:

1. The router fails to receive accounting acknowledgments from the server.
2. The router immediately attempts to contact the accounting server and marks the server as offline if the router does not receive an acknowledgment before exhausting the number of retries.
3. The router next attempts to contact in turn each additional accounting server configured in the RADIUS profile.

If a server is reached, then the router resumes sending accounting requests to this server.

4. If none of the servers responds or if no other servers are in the profile, the router declares a timeout and begins backing up the accounting data. It withholds all accounting stop messages and does not forward new accounting requests to the server.
5. During the outage, the router sends a single pending accounting stop message to the servers at periodic intervals.
6. If one of the servers acknowledges receipt, then the router sends all the pending stop messages to that server in batches at the same interval until all the stored stop messages have been sent. However, any new accounting requests are sent immediately rather being held and sent periodically.

The router replays accounting stop messages to the server in the correct order because it preserves both the temporal order among subscribers and the causal order between service and session stop requests for each subscriber. Only accounting stop messages are backed up, because they include the start time and duration of sessions and all the accounting statistics. This makes it unnecessary to withhold the accounting start messages, which eventually time out. Interim updates are not backed up and time out as well; if the session remains active, then the next interim update after the server connection is restored provides the interim accounting information.

You can configure the number of accounting stop messages that the router can queue pending restoration of contact with the accounting server. To preserve current accounting data in preference to collecting new accounting data, subscriber logins fail as soon as the maximum number of messages has been withheld. Subscriber logins resume immediately when the pending queue drops below the queue limit.



NOTE: Service accounting stop messages are withheld for a maximum of ten services per subscriber. If a subscriber attempts to activate an eleventh service while that accounting server is offline, the activation fails.

The router can hold the pending accounting messages for up to 24 hours. When the configurable maximum holding period passes, all accounting stop messages still in the pending queue are flushed, even if the accounting server has come back online. A consequence of this is that subscriber logins resume immediately if they were failing because the maximum pending limit had been reached.

All pending messages are also flushed in either of the following circumstances:

- If you remove the last accounting server from the access profile, because then there is no place to send the messages.
- If you remove the accounting backup configuration.

While the router is withholding accounting stop messages, you can force the router to attempt contact with the accounting server immediately, rather than allowing it to wait until the periodic interval has expired. When you do so, the router first replays a batch of stop messages to the server, with one of the following outcomes:

- If the router receives an acknowledgment of receipt, then it marks the server as online and begins replaying all remaining pending stop messages in batches.
- If the router does not receive the acknowledgment, then it resumes sending a single pending accounting stop message at the periodic interval.

When a subscriber logs out while the accounting server is offline, the accounting stop requests for the subscriber and the session are queued and replayed to the server when it comes online. In this case, the subscriber session and service session information is retained, so that the router can send a correct accounting request when the server comes back online.

In the event of a graceful Routing Engine switchover while the accounting server is offline, the pending stop messages can be replayed from the active Routing Engine when the server is online again.



NOTE: When RADIUS accounting backup is configured, you must use different servers for RADIUS authentication and accounting. Subscriber authentication fails when the same server is configured for both authentication and accounting.

If the RADIUS server acts on behalf of other back-end RADIUS accounting or authentication servers and forwards requests to them, subscribers can be authenticated but accounting requests are not sent out.

Use the `show network-access aaa statistics` command to view backup accounting statistics.

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Back-up Options for RADIUS Accounting on page 127](#)
- [Forcing the Router to Contact the Accounting Server Immediately on page 139](#)

RADIUS Acct-On and Acct-Off Messages

Subscriber management supports RADIUS Acct-On and Acct-Off messages to indicate the current state of RADIUS accounting support.

RADIUS Acct-On messages indicate that accounting is being supported. Subscriber management issues Acct-On messages in the following situations:

- Accounting is enabled through configuration (for example, an accounting server is configured).
- A new access profile is configured and committed for a logical system/routing instance context. However, no Acct-On message is sent if the accounting server exists prior to the access profile and if it is simply modified.
- The router performs a cold reboot.
- The router performs a warm reboot and there are no subscribers currently logged in.
- The Authd process restarts and there are no active subscribers.

RADIUS Acct-Off messages indicate that accounting is not supported. Subscriber management issues Acct-Off messages in the following situations:

- The Authd process is terminated and there are no active subscribers.
- The router is shut down and accounting servers are currently configured (this action also logs out all current subscribers).
- The router is rebooted and redundancy is disabled.

- Related Documentation**
- [AAA Service Framework Overview on page 3](#)
 - [Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 122](#)
 - [AAA Accounting Messages and Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs for Junos OS on page 44](#)

Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting

To configure accounting for a subscriber session, you use an access profile, and specify how the subscriber access management feature collects and uses the accounting statistics. The router uses the RADIUS attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs discussed in [“RADIUS Accounting Statistics for Subscriber Access Overview” on page 113](#) to provide the accounting statistics for the subscriber session.

To configure accounting for a subscriber session:

1. At the **[edit access profile *profile-name*]** hierarchy level, specify that you want to configure accounting.

```
[edit access profile profile-name]  
user@host# edit accounting
```
2. (Optional) Configure AAA to issue an Acct-Stop message if the AAA server denies access to the subscriber.

```
[edit access profile profile-name accounting]  
user@host# set accounting-stop-on-access-deny
```
3. (Optional) Configure AAA to send an Acct-Stop message if the subscriber fails AAA but is granted access by the AAA server.

```
[edit access profile profile-name accounting]  
user@host# set accounting-stop-on-failure
```
4. (Optional) Configure the router or switch to send an Acct-Update message to the RADIUS accounting server when a CoA occurs.

```
[edit access profile profile-name accounting]  
user@host# set coa-immediate-update
```
5. (Optional) Configure subscriber management to send the RADIUS accounting report to both the wholesaler and the retailer accounting servers.

```
[edit access profile profile-name accounting]  
user@host# set duplication
```
6. (Optional) Configure the duplication filtering action you want the router to perform when the RADIUS duplication accounting operation is enabled.

```
[edit access profile profile-name accounting]  
user@host# set duplication-filter interim-duplicated exclude-attributes
```

7. (Optional) Configure the router to send the RADIUS accounting report to multiple accounting servers listed in access profiles in a nondefault VRF (LS:RI).

```
[edit access profile profile-name accounting duplication-vrf]
user@host# set vrf-name vrf-name
user@host# set access-profile-name profile-name
```

8. (Optional) Configure the router or switch to send an Acct-Update message to the RADIUS accounting server when the router or switch receives a response (for example, an ACK or timeout) to the Acct-Start message.

```
[edit access profile profile-name accounting]
user@host# set immediate-update
```

9. (Optional) Configure the order in which multiple accounting methods are used.

```
[edit access profile profile-name accounting]
user@host# set order [ accounting-order ]
```

10. (Optional) Configure the types of statistics to gather. You can specify that the router or switch collect both volume and time statistics or only time statistics for subscriber sessions. When you change the type of statistics being collected, current subscribers continue to use the previous collection specification. Subscribers who log in after the change use the new specification.

```
[edit access profile profile-name accounting]
user@host# set statistics (time | volume-time)
```

11. (Optional) Override the default behavior and specify that, after a CoA action that changes the RADIUS Class attribute, accounting reports for the subscriber's service sessions continue to use the original Class attribute that was assigned when the service sessions were created. The new Class attribute value is used in accounting reports for the subscriber session only. By default, the accounting reports for both the subscriber session and the subscriber's service sessions use the new Class attribute value.

```
[edit access profile profile-name accounting]
user@host# set coa-no-override service-class-attribute
```

12. (Optional) Configure the number of minutes between accounting updates. You can configure an interval from 10 through 1440 minutes. All values are rounded up to the next higher multiple of 10. For example, the values 811 through 819 are all accepted by the CLI, but are all rounded up to 820.

```
[edit access profile profile-name accounting]
user@host# set update-interval minutes
```

13. (Optional) Configure AAA to send an immediate interim accounting update to the RADIUS server when AAA receives a rate change notification from the ANCP agent on the router.

```
[edit access profile profile-name accounting]
```

```
user@host# set ancp-speed-change-immediate-update
```

14. (Optional) Configure the authd process to wait for an Acct-On-Ack response message from RADIUS before sending any new authentication and accounting updates to the RADIUS server. This configuration ensures that when a new subscriber session starts, the authentication and accounting information for the new session does not get deleted when RADIUS clears previously existing session state information.

```
[edit access profile profile-name accounting]  
user@host# set wait-for-acct-on-ack
```

15. (Optional) Configure the authd process to send an Acct-On message when the first RADIUS server is added to the access profile, and to send an Acct-Off message when the last RADIUS server is removed from the access profile. This configuration enables you to monitor whether the access profile has an active RADIUS server.

```
[edit access profile profile-name accounting]  
user@host# set send-acct-status-on-config-change
```

Related Documentation

- [RADIUS Accounting Statistics for Subscriber Access Overview on page 113](#)
- [Understanding RADIUS Accounting Duplicate Reporting on page 115](#)
- [Configuring Per-Service Session Accounting on page 124](#)
- [Retaining Authentication and Accounting Information During Session Startup on page 93](#)
- [Configuring Duplication Filters for RADIUS Accounting Duplicate Reporting on page 117](#)
- [Configuring Immediate Interim Accounting Updates to RADIUS in Response to ANCP Notifications on page 748](#)
- [Example: Configuring RADIUS-Based Subscriber Authentication and Accounting on page 96](#)

Configuring Per-Service Session Accounting

Subscriber management enables you to configure the router to collect statistics on a per-service session basis for subscribers. Per-service session accounting requires two operations. First, RADIUS must be configured to provide the name of the service, the accounting interval to use, and the type of statistics to collect (either time statistics or a combination of time and volume statistics). Second, if RADIUS VSA 26-69 is configured for time and volume statistics, you must also configure a firewall or fast update firewall filter that counts service packets—the service packet information provides the volume statistics.

The router uses the RADIUS attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs discussed in “[RADIUS Accounting Statistics for Subscriber Access Overview](#)” on page 113 to provide the accounting statistics for the subscriber session.



NOTE: The collection of time-only service statistics is supported for all service sessions. However, time and volume statistics are provided for only firewall and fast update firewall service sessions.

To configure the router to provide per-service accounting statistics:

1. Ensure that the required RADIUS VSAs are configured.
See [Table 16 on page 125](#) for the VSAs that the router uses for per-service accounting.
2. Configure the classic firewall filter or fast update filter to count the service packets.
See [“Configuring Service Packet Counting” on page 125](#).

Table 16: Juniper Networks VSAs Used for Per-Service Session Accounting

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description | Value |
|------------------|-------------------------------|--|---|
| 26-69 | Service-Statistics | Enable or disable statistics for the service | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 = disable • 1 = enable time statistics • 2 = enable time and volume statistics |
| 26-83 | Service-Session | Service string sent in accounting stop and start messages from the router to the RADIUS server | string: service-name, with parameter values that are sent from RADIUS server in attribute 26-65. |
| 26-140 | Service-Interim-Acct-Interval | Amount of time between interim accounting updates for this service | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • range = 600–86400 seconds • 0 = disabled <p>NOTE: Values are rounded up to the next higher multiple of 10 minutes. For example, a setting of 900 seconds (15 minutes) is rounded up to 20 minutes (1200 seconds).</p> |

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Service Packet Counting on page 125](#)
 - [RADIUS Accounting Statistics for Subscriber Access Overview on page 113](#)
 - [Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 122](#)
 - [Example: Configuring RADIUS-Based Subscriber Authentication and Accounting on page 96](#)

Configuring Service Packet Counting

Subscriber management uses service packet counting to report volume statistics for subscribers on a per-service session basis. To configure service packet counting, you specify the accounting action, and subscriber management then applies the results to a specific named counter (`_junos-dyn-service-counter`) for use by RADIUS.

The accounting action you configure specifies the counting mechanism that subscriber management uses when capturing statistics—either inline counters or deferred counters. Inline counters are captured when the event occurs, and do not include any additional packet processing that might occur after the event. Deferred counters (also called accurate accounting) are not incremented until the packet is queued for transmission, and therefore include the entire packet processing. Deferred counters provide a more accurate count of the packets than inline counters, and are more useful for subscriber accounting and billing.

You configure the accounting mechanism by specifying either the **service-accounting-deferred** action (for deferred counters) or the **service-accounting** action (for inline counters) at the **[edit firewall family *family-name* filter *filter-name* term *term-name* then]** hierarchy level.

The two accounting mechanisms are mutually exclusive, both on a per-term basis and a per-filter basis. Also, both accounting actions are mutually exclusive with the count action on a per-term basis.



NOTE: You can define deferred counters for the inet and inet6 families for classic filters only. Fast update filters do not support deferred counters.

To enable service packet counting:

1. Configure any match conditions that you want to count using the service accounting action. For example:

```
[edit firewall family inet filter filtername term term-name]  
user@host# set from source-address address
```

2. Specify the accounting action for the filter.

To use deferred counters:

```
[edit firewall family inet filter filtername term term-name]  
user@host# set then service-accounting-deferred
```

To use inline counters:

```
[edit firewall family inet filter filtername term term-name]  
user@host# set then service-accounting
```

When the match conditions for the filter are met, the packet is counted and applied to the well-known service counter (`_junos-dyn-service-counter`) for use by the RADIUS server. This counter provides the volume statistics for per-service accounting.



TIP: You cannot use the **service-accounting** action or the **service-accounting-deferred** action in the same term as a count action.

Related Documentation

- [Classic Filters Overview](#)
- [Defining Dynamic Filter Processing Order](#)
- [RADIUS Accounting Statistics for Subscriber Access Overview on page 113](#)
- [Configuring Per-Service Session Accounting on page 124](#)
- [Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 122](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Firewall Filters](#)
- [Guidelines for Applying Standard Firewall Filters](#)
- [Firewall Filter Terminating Actions](#)
- [Firewall Filter Nonterminating Actions](#)

Configuring Back-up Options for RADIUS Accounting

You can configure RADIUS accounting backup to preserve accounting data when the accounting server is unavailable because of a server or network outage. When backup is configured, RADIUS accounting stop messages are withheld and queued to be sent when connectivity is restored. You can specify the maximum number of stop messages that can be queued. When this maximum is reached, subsequent new subscriber logins fail because there is no remaining capacity to preserve accounting data for new sessions.

You can also configure how long the queued messages can be held. When this period expires, all pending accounting stops are flushed from the queue, even if the accounting server has come back online.



NOTE: Configuring accounting backup disables the revert timer. An error message is generated if you attempt to configure the `revert-interval` statement at the `[edit access profile profile-name options]` or `[edit access radius-options]` hierarchy levels.



CAUTION: Before you configure RADIUS accounting backup, ensure that RADIUS accounting and RADIUS authentication are configured on different servers. Subscriber authentication fails when the same server is configured for both authentication and accounting.

1. Enable accounting backup to use the default values.

```
[edit access ]
user@host# set accounting-backup-options
```

2. (Optional) Configure the number of accounting stops that the router can preserve while the accounting server is offline.

```
[edit access accounting-backup-options]
```

```
user@host# set max-pending-accounting-stops number
```

3. (Optional) Configure how long the router holds pending accounting stops before flushing them.

```
[edit access accounting-backup-options]  
user@host# set max-withhold-time hold-time
```

For example, the following statements configure the backup options for all subscriber accounting; these statements specify that the router holds no more than 32,000 pending accounting stops—at which point all subsequent subscriber logins fail—and holds them no longer than 6 hours—at which point all pending messages are flushed and subscriber logins resume if they were failing:

```
[edit access accounting-backup-options]  
user@host# set max-pending-accounting-stops 32000  
user@host# set max-withhold-time 360
```

Use the `show network-access aaa statistics` command to view backup accounting statistics.

Related Documentation

- [Preservation of RADIUS Accounting Information During an Accounting Server Outage on page 118](#)
- [Forcing the Router to Contact the Accounting Server Immediately on page 139](#)

Configuring Service Interim Accounting

By default, service accounting is disabled. If you configure service accounting using both RADIUS attributes and the CLI interface, the RADIUS setting takes precedence over the CLI setting.

To configure service accounting for an access profile for a subscriber:

1. At the `[edit access profile profile-name service]` hierarchy level, specify that you want to configure service accounting.

```
[edit access profile profile-name service]  
user@host# edit accounting
```

2. (Optional) Enable interim service accounting updates and configure the amount of time that the router or switch waits before sending a new service accounting update. You can configure an interval from 10 through 1440 minutes. All values are rounded up to the next higher multiple of 10. For example, the values 811 through 819 are all accepted by the CLI, but are all rounded up to 820.

```
[edit access profile profile-name service accounting]  
user@host# set update-interval minutes
```

3. (Optional) Configure the types of statistics to gather. You can specify that the router or switch collect both volume and time statistics or only time statistics for subscriber

sessions. When you change the type of statistics being collected, current subscribers continue to use the previous collection specification. Subscribers who log in after the change use the new specification.

```
[edit access profile profile-name accounting service]
user@host# set statistics (time | volume-time)
```

Related Documentation

- [Processing Cisco VSAs in RADIUS Messages for Service Provisioning on page 185](#)

Suspending AAA Accounting and Baselining Accounting Statistics Overview

In certain enterprise provider deployments, maintaining and preserving accounting records might be necessary during a control plane upgrade of a RADIUS accounting server, during an upgrade of the billing system for subscribers, or when RADIUS servers are brought down for maintenance. RADIUS accounting subscriber and service accounting are typically used in such customer topologies for volume-based usage of subscriber traffic and computation of costs. Subscribers might also be billed based on the service level and usage, rather than being charged a set rate regardless of usage.

Starting in Junos OS Release 15.1R4, you can temporarily suspend system-wide accounting until you manually resume accounting. During the suspension period, current subscribers remain logged in, but the subscribers can log out and new subscriber sessions can be initiated. RADIUS Acct-Start, Interim-Update, and Acct-Stop accounting request messages are not generated while accounting is suspended; the router does not send any accounting messages to the RADIUS server. For example, if a subscriber logs out during the suspension, no Acct-Stop request is sent to the server.

After accounting is suspended, all accounting requests are dropped, even if the router is configured to hold the pending accounting messages for up to 24 hours. When accounting resumes, new accounting requests might go into the pending queue, but the requests pending when accounting stopped are no longer available.



NOTE: We do not recommend that operators suspend accounting as a standard practice for system upgrades. However, some operators might find it useful in service provider environments when an upgrade of the server infrastructure is critical and needed immediately.

While accounting is suspended, statistics counters continue to update. You can optionally request a baseline operation to be performed for subscriber and service session time and volume counters. In this case, when accounting is resumed, statistics are reported relative to the baseline values. You can begin the baselining operation only after the suspension starts and before the upgrade begins. You can successfully issue the baseline request only once per suspension. The CLI reports an error if you issue the command again.



NOTE: Statistics are baselined only for subscribers that have interim accounting enabled.

The following RADIUS attributes might be affected for subscribers who are logged in when the baseline is requested and are still logged in when accounting resumes:

- Acct-Session-Time
- Acct-Input-Octets
- Acct-Output-Octets
- Acct-Input-Packets
- Acct-Output-Packets
- Acct-Input-Gigawords
- Acct-Output-Gigawords
- IPv6-Acct-Input-Octets
- IPv6-Acct-Output-Octets
- IPv6-Acct-Input-Packets
- IPv6-Acct-Output-Packets
- IPv6-Acct-Input-Gigawords
- IPv6-Acct-Output-Gigawords

Sequence of Events During the Suspension, Baselining, and Resumption of Accounting

The following sequence of events occur when you suspend accounting, generate a baseline, and restart accounting processes:

1. Issue the **request network-access aaa accounting suspend** command to suspend accounting.
 - a. A system logging message is generated to indicate that accounting has been suspended.
 - b. All accounting, including accounting-backup-options, is suspended for all accounting servers in all routing contexts.
2. Issue the **request network-access aaa accounting baseline** command to generate a baseline.
 - a. A system logging message is generated to indicate that baselining has started for accounting statistics.
 - b. Time and volume statistics for each subscriber are set to the baseline value. The amount of time that is taken to complete the baseline process is indeterminate, depending on the number of statistical details.
 - c. A system logging message is generated to indicate that baselining has completed.
3. Issue the **request network-access aaa accounting resume** command when baselining is complete to restart accounting processes.
 - a. A system logging message is generated to indicate that accounting has resumed.

- b. All previously configured accounting options are reenabled.

The baseline operation attempts to baseline the time and volume counters for each subscriber. Subscriber counters are set to baseline values only if interim accounting is enabled for the subscriber by using the **set update-interval *minutes*** statement at the **[edit access profile *profile-name* accounting]** hierarchy level. If interim accounting is not enabled for a subscriber, the counters of that corresponding subscriber are not mapped to baseline values.

After the baseline request is executed, an unspecified period of time elapses to baseline all subscriber records. During this interval, statistics for one subscriber can accumulate when the statistical information of another subscriber is being baselined. Sometimes, after baselining starts, counters for some services might be inaccurate and inconsistent due to traffic delivered to a subscriber while the counters of that subscriber are baselined. When the baseline command has been executed, accounting cannot be resumed until the baseline is complete. If you issue the command while accounting is not suspended or while baselining is in progress, the command fails. The command reports an error if the Accounting License is not installed.

Guidelines for Accounting Suspension and Baselining of Statistics

Keep the following points in mind when you suspend accounting and specify a baseline for statistics:

- Accounting suspension in an environment where thresholds (or quotas) are applicable is not supported. This includes environments where Gx-Plus and Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control (SRC) thresholds or RADIUS session volume quotas are effective for any subscriber. The accounting suspend request fails if any subscriber has thresholds or quotas.
- Activation for threshold (or quota) services is not allowed while accounting is suspended.
- Accounting baselining is not supported when accounting is not suspended.
- You cannot specify more than one baseline request during an accounting suspension.
- Baselining for subscribers that are not configured with interim accounting is not supported.
- The time it takes for the baseline operation to complete is indeterminate. It depends on the amount and depth of statistics being collected and is proportional to the number of subscriber and service sessions that are active at the time the baseline is started. The command fails if you attempt to resume accounting while baselining is still in progress.
- You cannot use the commands to suspend, baseline, or resume accounting during a unified ISSU process. If you attempt to perform a unified ISSU while the baseline is in process, when the chassis daemon state changes to the DAEMON_ISSU_PREPARE state, the authentication and Packet Forwarding Engine processes suspend baselining.

on a session boundary and resume after the Routing Engine switchover to the release to which the device is upgraded.

- If a graceful Routing Engine switchover (GRES) occurs while accounting is suspended or baselining is in progress, the state of suspension or baselining is preserved after the restart of the router. In such a scenario, accounting is suspended after the reboot of the router and the subscribers for which counters are remaining to be baselined are baselined after the router is online.

Sample Scenarios of Subscriber Accounting Suspension and Baselining

Consider the following scenario:

1. Interim accounting is configured for subscriber X. It is not configured for subscribers Y and Z.
2. The last interim accounting request sent before accounting is suspended includes statistics for subscriber X; 50,000 octets of traffic have so far been sent for this subscriber. Although 20,000 octets have been sent for subscriber Y and 10,000 octets for subscriber Z, that information has not yet been reported because they do not have interim accounting configured.
3. Accounting is suspended.
4. Baselining begins. The current count for subscriber X is 50,000 octets; this becomes the baseline value for the subscriber. No baseline value is established for subscribers X and Y, because they do not have interim accounting configured.
5. While baselining is in progress, traffic continues to be sent for the three subscribers: 150,000 octets for subscriber X, 80,000 octets for subscriber Y, and 20,000 octets for subscriber Z.
6. Subscriber Z logs out. No Acct-Stop request is sent because accounting is suspended. Consequently, the final accounting statistics are lost for this subscriber.
7. Baselining completes.
8. Accounting resumes.
9. Subscriber X logs out. Although 200,000 total octets were sent for subscriber X, the Acct-Stop record reports only 150,000 octets: 200,000 total octets minus the 50,000 octet baseline.
10. Subscriber Y logs out. Because 100,000 total octets were sent for subscriber Y and there is no baseline value, the Acct-Stop record reports the total of 100,000 octets.

Table 17 on page 132 summarizes this scenario.

Table 17: Summary of Accounting Suspension and Baselining Scenario

| Subscriber | Interim Accounting configured | Octets Before Suspension | Octets After Baselining Starts | Total Octets | Octets in Acct-Stop When Accounting Resumes |
|------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---|
| X | Yes | 50,000 | 150,000 | 200,000 | 150,000 |

Table 17: Summary of Accounting Suspension and Baselining Scenario (*continued*)

| Subscriber | Interim Accounting configured | Octets Before Suspension | Octets After Baselining Starts | Total Octets | Octets in Acct-Stop When Accounting Resumes |
|------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---|
| Y | No | 20,000 | 80,000 | 100,000 | 100,000 |
| Z | No | 10,000 | 20,000 | 30,000 | n/a |

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|---------|---|
| 15.1R4 | Starting in Junos OS Release 15.1R4, you can temporarily suspend system-wide accounting until you manually resume accounting. |

Related Documentation

- [Configuring AAA Accounting Suspension and Baselining Accounting Statistics on page 133](#)

Configuring AAA Accounting Suspension and Baselining Accounting Statistics

You can temporarily suspend system-wide accounting for the duration of a system upgrade or maintenance action, until you manually resume accounting. During the suspension period, current subscribers remain logged in, but the subscribers can log out and new subscriber sessions can be initiated. RADIUS Acct-Start, Interim-Update, and Acct-Stop messages are not generated while accounting is suspended; the router does not send any accounting messages to the RADIUS server. For example, if a subscriber logs out during the suspension, no Acct-Stop is sent to the server.



NOTE: We do not recommend that operators suspend accounting as a standard practice for system upgrades. However, some operators might find it useful in service provider environments when an upgrade of the server infrastructure is critical and needed immediately.

To configure the suspension of accounting processes, create a baseline of the statistics after accounting is halted, and resume accounting after the baselining process is completed:

1. Suspend subscriber accounting.

```
user@host> request network-access aaa accounting suspend
```

A syslog message is generated to indicate that accounting is suspended. All accounting (including accounting-backup-options) is suspended for all accounting servers and all routing contexts.

2. (Optional) Begin baselining accounting statistics for subscribers that have interim accounting configured.

```
user@host> request network-access aaa accounting baseline
```

The router implements the baseline by reading and storing the statistics when the baseline is set. The baseline values are subtracted when you retrieve baseline-relative statistics after accounting resumes. A syslog message is generated to indicate the start of baselining. Time and volume statistics for each subscriber are set to the baseline value. The amount of time that is taken to complete the baseline process might vary, depending on the number of statistical details. A syslog message is generated when the baselining of statistics completes.

3. Resume accounting after baselining completes.

```
user@host> request network-access aaa accounting resume
```

A syslog message is generated to indicate that accounting has resumed. All the previously configured accounting options are reenabled.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Suspending AAA Accounting and Baselining Accounting Statistics Overview on page 129](#)

Enabling the Reporting of Accurate Subscriber Accounting Statistics to the CLI

You can configure the router to display accurate statistics for subscriber sessions on dynamic interfaces. By default, aggregate statistics (byte and packet counts) for interfaces displayed by the **show interfaces extensive** command do not accurately reflect customer traffic. These counters include overhead bytes that represent the encapsulation overhead added to the actual subscriber data bytes. The aggregate counters also include dropped packets in the total, so the values represent transit statistics rather than the actual subscriber traffic on the interface.

Inclusion of the overhead bytes and dropped packets can have a significant effect on the final reported values. You can exclude dropped packets from the count by including the **interface-transmit-statistics** statement for an interface, but this has no effect on the overhead bytes.

To display accurate subscriber statistics, include the **actual-transmit-statistics** statement for the logical interface in the dynamic profile. This statement enables the **show subscribers** command to display aggregate byte and packet counts for a specified subscriber session or for all subscriber sessions on a specified interface. The displayed statistics match the values that are reported to RADIUS for the subscribers. The statistics are collected after traffic shaping is applied and they do not include overhead bytes, control packets, or dropped packets.



NOTE: Service accounting statistics are not included.

To configure the reporting of accurate subscriber session statistics:

- Enable actual transit statistics.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces $junos-interface-ifd-name unit
$junos-interface-unit]
user@host# set actual-transit-statistics
```

You can display the subscriber accounting statistics in two ways:

- Display subscriber statistics by session ID with the **show subscribers id *session-id* accounting-statistics** command.
- Display subscriber statistics by dynamic interface for all session IDs with the **show subscribers interfaces *interface-name* accounting-statistics** command.

**Related
Documentation**

- [RADIUS Accounting Statistics for Subscriber Access Overview on page 113](#)

CHAPTER 6

Configuring Routers and RADIUS Servers for Subscriber Access

- [Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 137](#)
- [Forcing the Router to Contact the Accounting Server Immediately on page 139](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 140](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS Options for Subscriber Access Globally on page 144](#)
- [Configuring a Timeout Grace Period to Specify When RADIUS Servers Are Considered Down or Unreachable on page 145](#)

Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers

You specify the RADIUS servers that the router or switch can use and you also configure how the router or switch interacts with the specified servers. You can configure the router or switch to connect to multiple RADIUS servers on IPv4 and IPv6 networks. You can configure the RADIUS server connectivity at the **[edit access]** hierarchy level or for a specific dynamic profile at the **[edit access profile]** hierarchy level.

To configure connectivity to a RADIUS server and to specify how the router or switch interacts with the server:

1. Specify the IP address of the RADIUS server.

The example in this step shows the configuration statement for two RADIUS servers, one with an IPv4 address and the other with an IPv6 address. All other examples in this topic show an IPv4 address. The configuration is similar for IPv6.

For an IPv4 RADIUS server:

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit radius-server 192.168.1.250
```

For an IPv6 RADIUS server:

```
user@host# edit radius-server 2001:DB8:0:f101::2
```

2. (Optional) Configure the RADIUS server accounting port number. The default accounting port number is 1813.

```
[edit access radius-server 192.168.1.250]
user@host# set accounting-port 1813
```

3. (Optional) Configure the port number the router or switch uses to contact the RADIUS server. The default port number is 1812.

```
[edit access radius-server 192.168.1.250]
user@host# set port 18914
```

4. Configure the required secret (password) that the local router or switch passes to the RADIUS client. Secrets enclosed in quotation marks can contain spaces.

```
[edit access radius-server 192.168.1.250]
user@host# set secret $ABC123$ABC123
```

5. (Optional) Configure the maximum number of outstanding requests that a RADIUS server can maintain. An outstanding request is a request to which the RADIUS server has not yet responded. You can limit the number from 0 through 2000 outstanding requests per RADIUS server. The default setting is 1000 outstanding requests per server.

```
[edit access radius-server 192.168.1.250]
user@host# set max-outstanding-requests 500
```

6. Configure the source address for the RADIUS server. Each RADIUS request sent to a RADIUS server uses the specified source address. The source address is a valid IPv4 or IPv6 address configured on one of the router or switch interfaces.

For an IPv4 source address:

```
[edit access radius-server 192.168.1.250]
user@host# set source-address 192.168.1.100
```

For an IPv6 source address:

```
[edit access radius-server 2001:DB8:0:f101::2]
user@host# set source-address 2001:DB8:0:f101::1
```

7. (Optional) Configure retry and timeout values for authentication and accounting messages.
 - a. Configure how many times the router or switch attempts to contact a RADIUS server when it has received no response. You can configure the router or switch to retry from 1 through 100 times. The default setting is 3 retry attempts.

```
[edit access radius-server 192.168.1.250]
user@host# set retry 4
```

- b. Configure how long the router or switch waits to receive a response from a RADIUS server before retrying the contact. By default, the router or switch waits 3 seconds. You can configure the timeout to be from 1 through 1000 seconds.

```
[edit access radius-server 192.168.1.250]
user@host# set timeout 20
```



NOTE: The maximum retry duration (the number of retries times the length of the timeout) cannot exceed 2700 seconds. An error message is displayed if you configure a longer duration.



NOTE: The retry and timeout settings apply to both authentication and accounting messages unless you configure both the `accounting-retry` statements and the `accounting-timeout` statement. In that case, the retry and timeout settings apply only to authentication messages.

8. (Optional) Configure retry and timeout values for accounting messages separate from the settings for authentication messages.



NOTE: You must configure both of these options. If you do not, then the value you configure is ignored in favor of the values configured with the `retry` and `timeout` statements.

- a. Configure how many times the router attempts to send accounting messages to the RADIUS accounting server when it has received no response. You can configure the router to retry from 0 through 100 times. The default setting is 0, meaning that this option is disabled.

```
[edit access radius-server 192.168.1.250]
user@host# set accounting-retry 6
```

- b. Configure how long the router waits to receive a response from a RADIUS accounting server before retrying the request. You can configure the timeout to be from 0 through 1000 seconds. The default setting is 0, meaning that this option is disabled.

```
[edit access radius-server 192.168.1.250]
user@host# set accounting-timeout 20
```

Related Documentation

- [AAA Service Framework Overview on page 3](#)
- [Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94](#)
- [Example: Configuring RADIUS-Based Subscriber Authentication and Accounting on page 96](#)

Forcing the Router to Contact the Accounting Server Immediately

In the event of an accounting server outage while RADIUS accounting backup is enabled, by default the router waits for a time interval to expire before contacting the offline server. Rather than waiting for that interval to pass, you can force the router to immediately

contact the server by issuing the **request network-access aaa replay pending-accounting-stops** command. The router sends a batch of pending accounting stop requests to the server. If the router receives an acknowledgment from the server, then the router continues to replay the pending messages to the server in batches at the periodic interval. If the router does not get that acknowledgment, then it resumes sending a single pending accounting stop message at the periodic interval.

To force the router to immediately contact the offline accounting server:

- Request the messages to be replayed.

```
user@host> request network-access aaa replay pending-accounting-stops
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Preservation of RADIUS Accounting Information During an Accounting Server Outage on page 118](#)

Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access

Include the **radius** statement at the **[edit access profile *profile-name*]** hierarchy level to specify the RADIUS parameters for the subscriber access manager feature. The following list provides an overview of the parameters you can configure:

- The IP addresses of one or more RADIUS authentication and accounting servers.
- Options for the RADIUS servers, such as the following:
 - Format (decimal or description) used for the accounting session
 - Method (round-robin or direct) the router or switch uses to communicate with the servers
 - NAS identifier to use for RADIUS requests
 - Revert time setting that specifies when the router or switch reverts to using the primary RADIUS server
 - Delimiter character and format for the NAS-Port-ID (RADIUS attribute 87) and Calling-Station-ID (RADIUS attribute 31)
- The RADIUS attributes to be ignored or excluded from RADIUS messages.

To configure RADIUS server parameters:

1. Specify that you want to configure RADIUS support.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic]  
user@host# edit radius
```

2. Specify the addresses of RADIUS authentication and accounting servers.

See [“Specifying RADIUS Authentication and Accounting Servers for Subscriber Access” on page 95](#).

3. Configure the RADIUS server options.

See [“Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access” on page 141](#).

4. Configure RADIUS attributes that are ignored or excluded from RADIUS messages.

See [“Filtering RADIUS Attributes and VSAs from RADIUS Messages” on page 48](#).

Related Documentation

- [Specifying RADIUS Authentication and Accounting Servers for Subscriber Access on page 95](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141](#)
- [Filtering RADIUS Attributes and VSAs from RADIUS Messages on page 48](#)

Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access

You can specify options that the router or switch uses when communicating with RADIUS authentication and accounting servers for subscriber access.

To configure RADIUS authentication and accounting server options:

1. Specify that you want to configure RADIUS.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic]  
user@host# edit radius
```

2. Specify that you want to configure RADIUS options.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius]  
user@host# edit options
```

3. (Optional) Configure the method the router or switch uses to access RADIUS accounting servers.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]  
user@host# set client-accounting-algorithm round-robin
```

4. (Optional) Configure the method the router or switch uses to access RADIUS authentication servers.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]  
user@host# set client-authentication-algorithm round-robin
```

5. (Optional) Configure the format the router or switch uses to identify the accounting session.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]  
user@host# set accounting-session-id-format decimal
```

6. (Optional) Specify that the Agent-Remote-Id and Agent-Circuit-Id are generated locally when these values are not present in the client database.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]
user@host# set access-loop-id-local
```

7. (Optional) Specify the information that is excluded from the interface description that the router or switch passes to RADIUS for inclusion in RADIUS attribute 87 (NAS-Port-ID).

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]
user@host# set interface-description-format (exclude-adapter | exclude-channel |
exclude-sub-interface)
```

8. (Optional) Configure the value for the client RADIUS attribute 32 (NAS-Identifier), which is used for authentication and accounting requests.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]
user@host# set nas-identifier 56
```

9. (Optional) Configure the RADIUS client to use the extended format for RADIUS attribute 5 (NAS-Port) and specify the width of the fields in the NAS-Port attribute. The total of the widths must not exceed 32 bits, or the configuration fails.

- For Ethernet subscribers:

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]
user@host# set nas-port-extended-format ae-width 10 slot-width 4 adapter-width
2 port-width 4 pw-width 12 stacked-vlan-width 10 vlan-width 2
```

The width value appears in the Cisco NAS-Port-Info AVP (100).

- For ATM subscribers:

```
[edit access profile retailer01 radius options]
user@host# set nas-port-extended-format atm slot-width 3 adapter-width 2
port-width 3 vpi-width 8 vci-width 16
```

10. (Optional) Configure the delimiter character that the router inserts between values in RADIUS attribute 87 (NAS-Port-Id).

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]
user@host# set nas-port-id-delimiter %
```

11. (Optional) Configure the information that the router includes in RADIUS attribute 87 (NAS-Port-Id).

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]
user@host# set nas-port-id-format agent-circuit-id agent-remote-id
```

12. (Optional) Configure the delimiter character that the router inserts between values in RADIUS attribute 31 (Calling-Station-Id).

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]
user@host# set calling-station-id-delimiter "%"
```

13. (Optional) Configure the information that the router includes in RADIUS attribute 31 (Calling-Station-Id).

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]
user@host# set calling-station-id-format agent-circuit-id agent-remote-id
```

14. (Optional) Configure the port type that is included in RADIUS attribute 61 (NAS-Port-Type). This specifies the port type the router uses to authenticate subscribers.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]
user@host# set nas-port-type ethernet wireless-ieee80211
```



NOTE: This statement is ignored if you configure the `ethernet-port-type-virtual` in the same access profile.

15. (Optional) Configure the router or switch to use a port type of `virtual` to authenticate clients.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]
user@host# set ethernet-port-type-virtual
```



NOTE: This statement takes precedence over the `nas-port-type` statement if you include both in the same access profile.

16. (Optional) Configure the number of seconds that the router or switch waits after a server has become unreachable.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]
user@host# set revert-interval 259200
```

17. (Optional) Specify that RADIUS attribute 5 (NAS-Port) includes the S-VLAN ID, in addition to the VLAN ID, for subscribers on Ethernet interfaces.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]
user@host# set vlan-nas-port-stacked-format
```

18. (Optional) Configure the router to use the optional behavior when processing CoA requests that include changes to client profile dynamic variables.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]
user@host# set coa-dynamic-variable-validation
```

19. (Optional) Configure the router to use the optional behavior that inserts the random challenge generated by the NAS into the Request Authenticator field of Access-Request packets, rather than sending the random challenge as the CHAP-Challenge attribute (RADIUS attribute 60) in Access-Request packets. This optional behavior requires that the value of the challenge must be 16 bytes; otherwise the statement is ignored and the challenge is sent as the CHAP-Challenge attribute.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]
```

```
user@host# set chap-challenge-in-request-authenticator
```

20. (Optional) Configure whether subscribers can successfully log in even when service activation failures related to configuration errors occur during family activation request processing by authd for a newly authenticated subscriber.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius options]  
user@host# set service-activation dynamic-profile optional-at-login
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Attaching Access Profiles on page 148](#)
- [RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 4](#)
- [Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 137](#)
- [Interface Text Descriptions for Inclusion in RADIUS Attributes on page 65](#)
- [Manual Configuration of the NAS-Port-Type RADIUS Attribute on page 78](#)
- [Configuring a NAS-Port-ID with Additional Options on page 66](#)
- [Configuring a Calling-Station-ID with Additional Options on page 69](#)
- [Subscriber Session Logins and Service Activation Failures Overview on page 149](#)
- [Example: Configuring RADIUS-Based Subscriber Authentication and Accounting on page 96](#)

Configuring RADIUS Options for Subscriber Access Globally

You can configure RADIUS options that apply to all RADIUS servers globally.

To configure RADIUS options globally:

1. Specify that you want to configure RADIUS options.

```
[edit access ]  
user@host# edit radius-options
```

2. (Optional) Configure the number of requests per second that the router can send to all the RADIUS servers collectively.

```
[edit access radius-options]  
user@host# set request-rate rate
```

3. (Optional) Configure the number of seconds that the router or switch waits after a server has become unreachable.

```
[edit access radius-options]  
user@host# set revert-interval interval
```

4. (Optional) Configure the number of seconds during which a failing authentication server is not marked as down or unreachable.

```
[edit access radius-options]
```



```
user@host# set timeout-grace seconds
```

5. (Optional) Configure a NAS-Port value that is unique across all MX series routers in the network.

```
[edit access radius-options]
user@host# set unique-nas-port chassis-id-width chassis-id-width
user@host# set unique-nas-port chassis-id chassis-id
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Global RADIUS Options for Subscriber Access on page 8](#)
 - [Configuring a Timeout Grace Period to Specify When RADIUS Servers Are Considered Down or Unreachable on page 145](#)

Configuring a Timeout Grace Period to Specify When RADIUS Servers Are Considered Down or Unreachable

When a RADIUS authentication server fails to respond to any of the attempts for a given authentication request and times out, authd notes the time for reference, but it does not immediately mark the server as down (if other servers are available) or unreachable (if it is the only configured server). Instead, a configurable grace period timer starts at the reference time. The grace period is cleared if the server responds to a subsequent request before the period expires.

During the grace period, the server is not marked as down or unreachable. Each time the server times out for subsequent requests to that server, authd checks whether the grace period has expired. When the check determines that the grace period has expired and the server has still not responded to a request, the server is marked as unreachable or down.

Using a short grace period enables you to more quickly abandon an unresponsive server and direct authentication requests to other available servers. A long grace period gives a server more opportunities to respond and may avoid needlessly abandoning a resource. You might specify a longer grace period when you have only one or a small number of configured servers.

To configure the grace period during which an unresponsive RADIUS server is not marked as unreachable or down:

- Specify the duration of the grace period.

```
[edit access radius-options]
user@host# set timeout-grace seconds
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring RADIUS Options for Subscriber Access Globally on page 144](#)
 - [Global RADIUS Options for Subscriber Access on page 8](#)

CHAPTER 7

Configuring Access Profiles for Subscriber Access

- [Configuring an Access Profile for Subscriber Management on page 147](#)
- [Attaching Access Profiles on page 148](#)

Configuring an Access Profile for Subscriber Management

Access profiles enable you to specify subscriber access authentication and accounting parameters.

To configure an access profile:

1. Specify an existing or new access profile name.
`[edit access]
user@host# edit profile profile-name`
2. Specify any desired subscriber access authentication and accounting parameters for the access profile.
3. After you create an access profile, you must attach it before it can take effect.
See [“Attaching Access Profiles” on page 148](#).

Related Documentation

- [Attaching Access Profiles on page 148](#)
- [Specifying RADIUS Authentication and Accounting Servers for Subscriber Access on page 95](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Authentication for VLAN Interfaces](#)

Attaching Access Profiles

After you have created the access profile that specifies the subscriber authentication and accounting parameters, you must specify where the profile is used. Authentication and accounting will not run unless you specify the profile. Subscriber management supports attaching access profiles at the following hierarchy levels:

- `[edit]`
- `[edit routing-instances routing-instance-name]`
- `[edit logical-systems logical-system-name routing-instances routing-instance-name]`
- `[edit interfaces interface-name auto-configure vlan-ranges]`
- `[edit interfaces interface-name auto-configure stacked-vlan-ranges]`

To attach an access profile:

1. Edit the desired hierarchy level.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit logical-systems LS1 routing-instances R11
```

2. Specify the name of the access profile that you want to attach. For example:

```
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name routing-instances routing-instance-name]
user@host# set access-profile vz-bos-metro-fios-basic
```

Related Documentation

- [Configuring an Access Profile for Subscriber Management on page 147](#)
- [AAA Service Framework Overview on page 3](#)

CHAPTER 8

Configuring the Effect of Service Activation Failures on Subscriber Login

- [Subscriber Session Logins and Service Activation Failures Overview on page 149](#)
- [Configuring How Service Activation Failures Affect Subscriber Login on page 154](#)

Subscriber Session Logins and Service Activation Failures Overview

When a subscriber attempts to log in and is authenticated by RADIUS, the Access-Accept message may include services in the RADIUS Activate-Service VSA (26-65) to be activated for a particular network family. Depending on the configuration and service type, failure to activate a service can result in denial of the subscriber login.

You can use the **service activation** statement at the [\[edit access profile *profile-name* radius options\]](#) hierarchy level to configure the behavior subsequent to an activation failure.

Use the following options to configure this behavior separately for two types of services:

- **dynamic-profile**—This service type is configured in the dynamic profile that is applied by the subscriber access profile.
- **extensible-service**—This service type is configured in an Extensible Subscriber Services Manager (ESSM) operation script. These services often configure new interfaces for business subscribers.

Use the following options to specify whether successful activation of these services is required or optional for subscriber login access:

- **required-at-login**—Activation is required. Failure for any reason causes the Network-Family-Activate-Request for that network family to fail. If no other network family is already active for the subscriber, then the client application logs out the subscriber. This is the default behavior for the **dynamic-profile** service type.
- **optional-at-login**—Activation is optional. Failure due to configuration errors does not prevent activation of the address family; it allows subscriber access. Failure for any other reason causes network family activation to fail. If no other network family is already active for the subscriber, then the client application logs out the subscriber. This is the default behavior for the **extensible-service** service type.



NOTE: Failures associated with the activation of subscriber secure policies (for mirroring traffic to a mediation device) have no effect on access by subscribers subject to the policy.

This configuration does not apply to services activated by means of RADIUS CoA requests, JSRC Push-Profile-Request (PPR) messages, or subscriber secure policies.

For the **dynamic-profile** service type, configuration errors include the following:

- Parsing errors of the dynamic profile and its attributes.
- Missing mandatory user variables.
- References to dynamic profiles that do not exist.
- Semantic check failures in the dynamic profile.

For the **extensible-service** service type, configuration errors include the following:

- Parsing errors of the operation script.
- Commit failures.

To activate a service, authd sends an activation request for the appropriate services to the subscriber management infrastructure (SMI). For example, if the request is for the IPv4 family, then it requests activation of only the IPv4 services. In turn, the SMI sends requests to the server daemons associated with the service, such as cosd or filterd. The results returned by the daemons determine whether the service activation is a success or a failure.

- When all server daemons report success, then SMI reports success to authd and the service is activated.
- If any server daemon reports a configuration error and no daemons report a nonconfiguration error, then SMI reports a configuration error to authd. The service is not activated, but depending on the configuration, the network family activation may succeed.
- If any server daemon reports a nonconfiguration error, then SMI reports failure to authd and the service is not activated.

Service and Network Family Activation Process

When a subscriber logs in, authd has to activate the corresponding address family after the subscriber is authenticated. The client application, such as DHCP or PPP, can request activation of a single network family, IPv4 or IPv6, or it can sequentially request both families to be activated. Successful network family activation is related to the activation of associated services. The following steps describe the process when authd is configured to use RADIUS for authentication:

1. A subscriber attempts to log in.
 - a. The client application requests authentication from authd.
 - b. authd sends an Access-Request message to the RADIUS server.
 - c. The RADIUS server sends an Access-Accept message to authd that includes the RADIUS Activate-Service VSA (26-65).
 - d. authd caches the service activation attributes and sends a grant to the client application.
2. The client application sends the first Network-Family-Activate request, for either the IPv4 or IPv6 address family. This request is sometimes referred to as the client-activate request.
3. authd reviews the cached service activation attributes and sends an activation request for the appropriate services to the subscriber management infrastructure (SMI). For example, if the request is for the IPv4 family, then it requests activation of only the IPv4 services. In turn, the SMI sends requests to the server daemons associated with the service, such as cosd or filterd.
4. What authd does next depends on whether the service activation request fails and whether the service is optional or required.
 - When the service activation fails due to a configuration error and the service is optional:
 - a. authd deletes the cached service activation attributes for the service.



NOTE: This deletion enables you to re-issue the service request by using a RADIUS change of authorization (CoA) request or a CLI command, without interference from the failed service.

- b. authd sends an ACK in response to the family activation request and the family is activated.
 - c. The subscriber login proceeds.
- When the service activation fails due to a configuration error and the service is required:
 - a. authd deletes the cached service activation attributes for the service.



NOTE: This deletion enables you to re-issue the service request by using a RADIUS change of authorization (CoA) request or a CLI command, without interference from the failed service.

- b. authd sends a NACK in response to the family activation, which causes the client application to terminate the subscriber's login.

- When the service activation fails due to a nonconfiguration error and the service is either optional or required:

- a. authd deletes the cached service activation attributes for the service.



NOTE: This deletion enables you to re-issue the service request by using a RADIUS change of authorization (CoA) request or a CLI command, without interference from the failed service.

- b. authd sends a NACK in response to the family activation, which causes the client application to terminate the subscriber's login.

- When the service activation succeeds:

- a. authd activates the service.

- b. authd sends an ACK in response to the family activation request and the family is activated.

- c. The subscriber login proceeds.

- 5. Unless service activation was required and failed, causing the family activation to fail in the first request, the client application may send a second request, but only for the family not requested the first time. If the first request was for IPv4, then the second request can only be for IPv6. If the first request was for IPv6, then the second request can only be for IPv4.

- 6. authd reviews the cached service activation attributes and requests activation for the services associated with the requested address family.

- 7. What authd does next depends on whether the service activation request fails and whether the service is optional or required.

- When the service activation fails due to a configuration error and the service is optional:

- a. authd deletes the cached service activation attributes for the service.



NOTE: This deletion enables you to re-issue the service request by using a RADIUS change of authorization (CoA) request or a CLI command, without interference from the failed service.

- b. authd sends an ACK in response to the family activation request and the family is activated.

- c. The subscriber login proceeds.

- When the service activation fails due to a configuration error and the service is required:

- a. authd deletes the cached service activation attributes for the service.



NOTE: This deletion enables you to re-issue the service request by using a RADIUS change of authorization (CoA) request or a CLI command, without interference from the failed service.

- b. authd sends a NACK in response to the family activation. Because this is the second family activation request, the result of the first family activation determines what happens next:

- If the first family activation was successful and that subscriber logged in, failure of the second request does not halt the current subscriber login. This event also does not cause authd to log out the previous (first request) subscriber.
- If the first family activation was unsuccessful, failure of the second request causes the client application to terminate the current subscriber login.

- When the service activation fails due to a nonconfiguration error and the service is either optional or required:

- a. authd deletes the cached service activation attributes for the service.



NOTE: This deletion enables you to re-issue the service request by using a RADIUS change of authorization (CoA) request or a CLI command, without interference from the failed service.

- b. authd sends a NACK in response to the family activation, which causes the client application to terminate the subscriber's login.
- When the service activation succeeds:
 - a. authd activates the service.
 - b. authd sends an ACK in response to the family activation request and the family is activated.
 - c. The subscriber login proceeds.

Related Documentation • [service-activation on page 1508](#)

Configuring How Service Activation Failures Affect Subscriber Login

You can configure how an activation failure of optional services during subscriber login affects the outcome of the login. These optional services are those referenced by the RADIUS Activate-Service VSA (26-65) that appears in the RADIUS Access-Accept message during the subscriber's initial login.

You can configure these two service-activation types to be required or optional.

- **dynamic-profile**—These services are configured in the dynamic profile that is applied by the subscriber access profile to provide subscriber access and services for broadband applications. By default, service activation is required for successful login. A configuration error during service activation prevents the network family from being activated and causes the subscriber login to fail.
- **extensible-service**—These services are applied by operation scripts handled by the Extensible Subscriber Services Manager (ESSM) daemon (essmd) for business subscribers. By default, service activation is optional for successful subscriber login.



NOTE: The service-activation statement configuration affects only activation failures due to configuration errors in the dynamic profile or the ESSM operation script. Failures due to nonconfiguration errors always result in denial of access for the subscriber and termination of the login attempt.

To configure the behavior for dynamic profile services, do one of the following:

- Specify that service activation is optional.

```
[edit access profile profile-name radius options service-activation]  
user@host# set dynamic-profile optional-at-login
```
- Specify that service activation is required (the default).

```
[edit access profile profile-name radius options service-activation]  
user@host# set dynamic-profile required-at-login
```

To configure the behavior for ESSM services, do one of the following:

- Specify that service activation is required.

```
[edit access profile profile-name radius options service-activation]  
user@host# set extensible-service required-at-login
```

- Specify that service activation is optional (the default).

```
[edit access profile profile-name radius options service-activation]  
user@host# set extensible-service optional-at-login
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Subscriber Session Logins and Service Activation Failures Overview on page 149](#)

CHAPTER 9

Configuring Session Options for Subscriber Access

- [Understanding Session Options for Subscriber Access on page 157](#)
- [Configuring Subscriber Session Timeout Options on page 162](#)
- [Removing Inactive Dynamic Subscriber VLANs on page 163](#)

Understanding Session Options for Subscriber Access

You can configure several characteristics of the sessions that are created for DHCP, L2TP, and terminated PPP subscribers. You can place limits on subscriber access based on how long the session has been up, how long the user has been inactive, or both. You can also set parameters that modify a subscriber's username at login based on the subscriber's access profile.

Subscriber Session Timeouts

You can limit subscriber access by configuring a session timeout or an idle timeout. Use a session timeout to specify a fixed period of time that the subscriber is permitted to have access. Use an idle timeout to specify a maximum period of time that the subscriber can be idle. You can use these timeouts separately or together. By default, neither timeout is present.



NOTE: For all subscriber types other than DHCP (such as L2TP-tunneled and PPP-terminated subscribers), the session timeout value limits the subscriber session. For DHCP subscribers, the session timeout value is used to limit the lease when no other lease time configuration is present. The lease expires when the timeout value expires. If this value is not supplied by either the CLI or RADIUS, the DHCP lease does not expire.

The idle timeout is based on accounting statistics for the subscriber. The router determines subscriber inactivity by monitoring data traffic, both upstream from the user (ingress) and downstream to the user (egress). Control traffic is ignored. The subscriber is not considered idle as long as data traffic is detected in either direction.

Optionally, you can specify that only subscriber ingress traffic is monitored; egress traffic is ignored. This configuration is useful in cases where the LNS sends traffic to the remote

peer even when the peer is not up, such as when the LNS does not have PPP keepalives enabled and therefore cannot detect that the peer is not up. In this situation, because by default the LAC monitors both ingress and egress traffic, it detects the egress traffic from the LNS and either does not log out the subscriber or delays detection of inactivity until the egress traffic ceases. When you specify that only ingress traffic is monitored, the LAC can detect that the peer is inactive and then initiate logout.

When either timeout period expires, the non-DHCP subscribers are gracefully logged out, similarly to a RADIUS-initiated disconnect or a CLI-initiated logout. DHCP subscribers are disconnected. The Acct-Terminate-Cause [RADIUS attribute 49] value includes a reason code of 5 for a session timeout and a code of 4 for an idle timeout.

You can configure these limitations to subscriber access on a per-subscriber basis by using the RADIUS attributes Session-Timeout [27] and Idle-Timeout [28]. RADIUS returns these attributes in Access-Accept messages in response to Access-Request messages from the access server.

Service providers often choose to apply the same limitations to large numbers of subscribers. You can reduce the RADIUS provisioning effort for this scenario by defining the limitations for subscribers in an access profile on a per-routing-instance basis. If you do so, RADIUS attributes subsequently returned for a particular subscriber logged in with the profile override the per-routing-instance values.



BEST PRACTICE: We recommend that you do not configure a session timeout for subscribers receiving voice services. Because the session timeout is based only on time and not user activity, it is likely to interrupt subscribers actively using a voice service and terminate their calls unexpectedly (from the subscriber viewpoint). This result is a particular concern for emergency services calls.



BEST PRACTICE: We recommend that you do not configure an idle timeout for DHCP subscribers. When the timeout expires with no activity and the connection is terminated, the protocol has no means to inform the client. Consequently, these subscribers are forced to reboot their CPE device the next time they attempt to access the Internet.

Contrast the behavior when an idle timeout is configured for PPP subscribers. In this case, timeout expiration causes PPP to terminate the link with the peer. Depending on the CPE device, this termination enables the peer to automatically retry the connection either on demand or immediately. In either case, no subscriber intervention is required.

The available range for setting a timeout is the same whether you configure it in the CLI or through the RADIUS attributes:

- Session timeouts can be set for 1 minute through 527,040 minutes in the CLI and the corresponding number of seconds (60 through 31,622,400) in the Session-Timeout attribute [27].
- Idle timeouts can be set for 10 minutes through 1440 minutes in the CLI and the corresponding number of seconds (600 through 86,400) in the Idle-Timeout attribute [28].

The router interprets the values in the attributes to conform to the supported ranges. For example, for Session-Timeout [27]:

- A value of zero is treated as no timeout.
- A value in the range 1 through 59 is raised to 60 seconds.
- A value that exceeds 31,622,400 is reduced to 31,622,400 seconds.

For Idle-Timeout [28]:

- A value of zero is treated as no timeout.
- A value in the range 1 through 599 is raised to 600 seconds.
- A value that exceeds 86,400 is reduced to 86,400 seconds.

In configurations using dynamically created subscriber VLANs, the idle timeout also deletes the inactive subscriber VLANs when the inactivity threshold has been reached. In addition to deleting inactive dynamic subscriber VLANs, the idle timeout also removes dynamic VLANs when no client sessions were ever created (for example, in the event no client sessions are created on the dynamic VLAN or following the occurrence of an error during session creation or client authentication where no client sessions are created on the dynamic VLAN).

Session and idle timeouts for deleting dynamic subscriber VLANs are useful only in very limited use cases; typically neither timeout is configured for this purpose.

A possible circumstance when they might be useful is when the dynamic VLANs have no upper layer protocol that helps determine when the VLAN is removed with the **remove-when-no-subscribers** statement; for example, when the VLAN is supporting IP over Ethernet without DHCP in a business access model with fixed addresses. However, business access is generally a higher-tier service than residential access and as such typically is not subject to timeouts due to inactivity as might be desired for residential subscribers.

An idle timeout might be appropriate in certain Layer 2 wholesale situations, where the connection can be regenerated when any packet is received from the CPE.

When using the idle timeout for dynamic VLAN removal, keep the following in mind:

- The idle timeout period begins after a dynamic subscriber VLAN interface is created or traffic activity stops on a dynamic subscriber VLAN interface.

- If a new client session is created or a client session is reactivated successfully, the client idle timeout resets.
- The removal of inactive subscriber VLANs functions only with VLANs that have been authenticated.


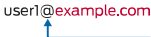
Subscriber Username Modification

For Layer 2 wholesale applications, some network service providers employ username modification to direct subscribers to the appropriate retail enterprise network. This modification is also called username *stripping*, because some of the characters in the username are stripped away and discarded. The remainder of the string becomes the new, modified username. The modified username is used by an external AAA server for session authentication and accounting. The modification parameters are applied according to a subscriber access profile that also determines the subscriber and session context; that is, the logical system:routing instance (LS:RI) used by the subscriber. Only the default (master) logical system is supported. Because the wholesaler differentiates between multiple retailers by placing each in a different LS:RI, the usernames are appropriately modified for each retailer.

You can select up to eight characters as delimiters to mark the boundary between the discarded and retained portions of the original username; there is no default delimiter. The portion of the name to the right of the selected delimiter is discarded along with the delimiter. By configuring multiple delimiters, a given username structure can result in different modified usernames. You can configure the direction in which the original name is parsed to determine which delimiter marks the boundary. By default, the parse direction is from left to right.



Consider the following examples:

- You specify one delimiter, @. The username is user1@example.com. In this case, the parse direction does not matter. In either case, the single delimiter is found and example.com is discarded. The modified username is user1.

| parse direction | identify delimiter | modified username |
|-----------------|--|-------------------|
| left-to-right |  | user1 |
| right-to-left |  | user1 |


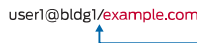
8043376

- You specify one delimiter, @. The username is user1@test@example.com. In this case, the parse direction results in different usernames.
 - Parse direction is left-to-right—The left-most @ is identified as the delimiter and test@example.com is discarded. The modified username is user1.
 - Parse direction is right-to-left—The right-most @ is identified as the delimiter and example.com is discarded. The modified username is user1@test.

| parse direction | identify delimiter | modified username |
|-----------------|--|-------------------|
| left-to-right |  user1@test@example.com | user1 |
| right-to-left |  user1@test@example.com | user1@test |

8043377

- You specify two delimiters, @ and /. The username is user1@bldg1/example.com. The parse direction results in different usernames.
 - Parse direction is left-to-right—The @ is identified as the delimiter and bldg1/example.com is discarded. The modified username is user1.
 - Parse direction is right-to-left—The / is identified as the delimiter and example.com is discarded. The modified username is user1@bldg1.

| parse direction | identify delimiter | modified username |
|-----------------|---|-------------------|
| left-to-right |  user1@bldg1/example.com | user1 |
| right-to-left |  user1@bldg1/example.com | user1@bldg1 |

8043378

You can configure a subscriber access profile so that a portion of each subscriber login string is stripped and subsequently used as a modified username by an external AAA server for session authentication and accounting. The modified username appears, for example, in RADIUS Access-Request, Acct-Start, and Acct-Stop messages, as well as RADIUS-initiated disconnect requests and change of authorization (CoA) requests.

Related Documentation

- [RADIUS IETF Attributes Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 14](#)
- [Configuring Subscriber Session Timeout Options on page 162](#)
- [Configuring Username Modification for Subscriber Sessions](#)
- [Removing Inactive Dynamic Subscriber VLANs on page 163](#)

Configuring Subscriber Session Timeout Options

Subscriber session timeout options enable you to place limits on subscriber access based on how long the session has been up, how long the user has been inactive, or both. The subscriber session options apply to both L2TP-tunneled and PPP-terminated subscriber sessions. For DHCP subscribers, the session timeout limits the DHCP lease time.



NOTE: To configure the timeout attributes in RADIUS, refer to the documentation for your RADIUS server.

To configure limitations on subscriber sessions, configure the session options in the client profile that applies to the subscriber:

- Terminate the subscriber when the configured session timeout expires, regardless of activity.

```
[edit access profile profile-name session-options]
user@host# set client-session-timeout minutes
```

- Terminate the subscriber when there is no ingress or egress data traffic for the duration of the configured idle timeout.

```
[edit access profile profile-name session-options]
user@host# set client-idle-timeout minutes
```

- Terminate the subscriber when there is no ingress data traffic for the duration of the configured idle timeout; ignore egress traffic.

```
[edit access profile profile-name session-options]
user@host# set client-idle-timeout minutes
user@host# set client-idle-timeout-ingress-only
```

For example, to configure session timeout options in the **acc-prof** client profile, specifying an idle timeout of 15 minutes, that only ingress traffic is monitored, and that the session times out after 120 minutes:

```
[edit]
access {
  profile {
    acc-prof {
      session-options {
        client-idle-timeout 15;
        client-idle-timeout-ingress-only;
        client-session-timeout 120;
      }
    }
  }
}
```

Related Documentation

- [Understanding Session Options for Subscriber Access on page 157](#)
- [Configuring Username Modification for Subscriber Sessions](#)

- [Removing Inactive Dynamic Subscriber VLANs on page 163](#)
- [Removing Inactive Dynamic Subscriber VLANs on page 163](#)

Removing Inactive Dynamic Subscriber VLANs

Subscriber session timeouts enable you to place limits on subscriber access based on how long the session has been up, how long the user has been inactive, or both. In configurations using dynamically created subscriber VLANs, the idle timeout also:

- Deletes the inactive subscriber VLANs when the inactivity threshold has been reached.
- Removes dynamic VLANs when no client sessions were ever created (for example, in the event no client sessions are created on the dynamic VLAN or following the occurrence of an error during session creation or client authentication where no client sessions are created on the dynamic VLAN).



NOTE: Session timeouts are typically not used for deleting dynamic subscriber VLANs. The timeout might be useful only in very limited use cases. One case might be when the dynamic VLANs have no upper layer protocol that helps determine when the VLAN is removed with the `remove-when-no-subscribers` statement; for example, when the VLAN is supporting IP over Ethernet without DHCP in a business access model with fixed addresses.



NOTE: To configure the idle timeout attribute in RADIUS, refer to the documentation for your RADIUS server.

To remove inactive dynamic subscriber VLANs:

1. Edit session options for the router access profile.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit access profile profile-name session-options
```

2. Configure the maximum period a subscriber session can remain idle.

```
[edit access profile profile-name session-options]
user@host# set client-idle-timeout minutes
```

Related Documentation

- [Understanding Session Options for Subscriber Access on page 157](#)
- [Configuring Subscriber Session Timeout Options on page 162](#)
- [client-idle-timeout on page 1071](#)

CHAPTER 10

Receiving DHCP Options From a RADIUS Server

- [Centrally Configured Opaque DHCP Options on page 166](#)
- [Exchange of DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 Parameters with the RADIUS Server Overview on page 171](#)
- [Dedicated Session Database and Vendor-Specific Attributes for DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 Subscribers on page 173](#)
- [Monitoring DHCP Options Configured on RADIUS Servers on page 175](#)

Centrally Configured Opaque DHCP Options

Subscriber management (on the routers) or DHCP management (on the switches) enables you to centrally configure DHCP options on a RADIUS server and then distribute the options on a per-subscriber or per DHCP-client basis. This method results in RADIUS-sourced DHCP options—the DHCP options originate at the RADIUS server and are sent to the subscriber (or DHCP client). This differs from the traditional client-sourced method (also called DHCP-sourced) of configuring DHCP options, in which the options originate at the client and are sent to the RADIUS server. The subscriber management (DHCP management) RADIUS-sourced DHCP options are also considered to be *opaque*, because DHCP local server performs minimal processing and error checking for the DHCP options string before passing the options to the subscriber (DHCP client).

Subscriber management (or DHCP management) uses Juniper Networks VSA 26-55 (DHCP-Options) to distribute the RADIUS-sourced DHCP options. The RADIUS server includes VSA 26-55 in the Access-Accept message that the server returns during subscriber authentication or DHCP client authentication. The RADIUS server sends the Access-Accept message to the RADIUS client, and then on to DHCP local server for return to the DHCP subscriber. The RADIUS server can include multiple instances of VSA 26-55 in a single Access-Accept message. The RADIUS client concatenates the multiple instances and uses the result as a single instance.

There is no CLI configuration required to enable subscriber management (DHCP management) to use the centrally configured DHCP options—the procedure is triggered by the presence of VSA 26-55 in the RADIUS Access-Accept message.

When building the offer packet for the DHCP client, DHCP local server uses the following sequence:

1. Processes any RADIUS-configured parameters that are passed as separate RADIUS attributes; for example, RADIUS attribute 27 (Session Timeout).
2. Processes any client-sourced parameters; for example, RADIUS attributes 53 (DHCP Message Type) and 54 (Server Identifier).
3. Appends (without performing any processing) the opaque DHCP options string contained in the VSA 26-55 received from the RADIUS server.

In addition to supporting central configuration of DHCP options directly on the RADIUS server (RADIUS-sourced options), subscriber management (DHCP management) also supports the traditional client-sourced options configuration, in which the router's (switch's) DHCP component sends the options to the RADIUS server. The client-sourced DHCP options method is supported for both DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent; however, the RADIUS-sourced central configuration method is supported on DHCP local server only. Both the RADIUS-sourced and client-sourced methods support DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 subscribers (clients).



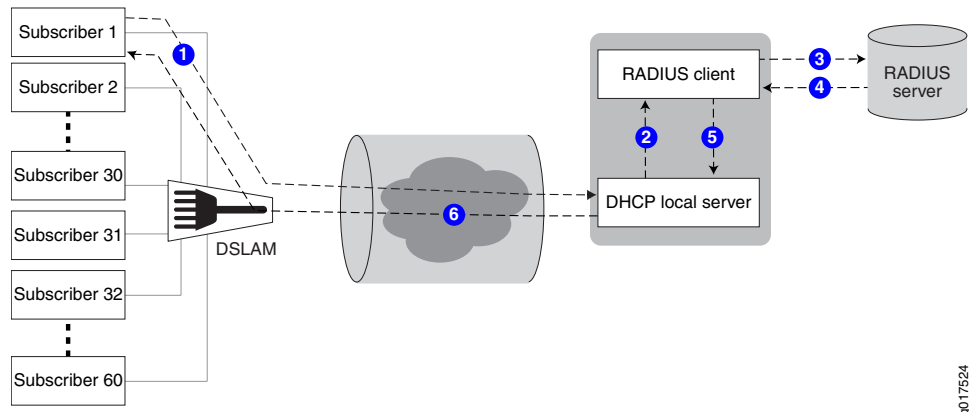
NOTE: You can use the RADIUS-sourced and client-sourced methods simultaneously on DHCP local server. However, you must ensure that the central configuration method does not include options that override client-sourced DHCP options, because this can create unpredictable results.

- [Data Flow for RADIUS-Sourced DHCP Options on page 168](#)
- [Multiple VSA 26-55 Instances Configuration on page 169](#)
- [DHCP Options That Cannot Be Centrally Configured on page 169](#)

Data Flow for RADIUS-Sourced DHCP Options

Figure 5 on page 168 shows the procedure subscriber management (DHCP management) uses when configuring DHCP options for subscribers (DHCP clients).

Figure 5: DHCP Options Data Flow



The following general sequence describes the data flow when subscriber management (DHCP management) uses RADIUS-sourced DHCP options and VSA 26-55 to configure a DHCP subscriber (client):

1. The subscriber (DHCP client) sends a DHCP discover message (or DHCPv6 solicit message) to the DHCP local server. The message includes client-sourced DHCP options.
2. The DHCP local server initiates authentication with the Junos OS RADIUS client.
3. The RADIUS client sends an Access-Request message on behalf of the subscriber (DHCP client) to the external RADIUS server. The message includes the subscriber's (DHCP client's) client-sourced DHCP options.
4. The external RADIUS server responds by sending an Access-Accept message to the RADIUS client. The Access-Accept message includes the RADIUS-sourced opaque DHCP options in VSA 26-55.
5. The RADIUS client sends the DHCP options string to DHCP local server. If there are multiple VSA 26-55 instances, the RADIUS client first assembles them into a single options string.
6. DHCP local server processes all options into the DHCP offer (or DHCPv6 reply) message, except for the RADIUS-sourced VSA 26-55 DHCP options. After processing

all other options, DHCP local server then appends the unmodified VSA 26-55 DHCP options to the message and sends the message to the subscriber (DHCP client).

7. The subscriber (DHCP client) is configured with the DHCP options.
8. The following operations occur after the subscriber (DHCP client) receives the DHCP options:
 - Accounting—The RADIUS client sends Acct-Start and Interim-Accounting requests to the RADIUS server, including the RADIUS-sourced DHCP options in VSA 26-55. By default, the DHCP options are included in accounting requests.
 - Renewal—When the subscriber (DHCP client) renews, the cached DHCP options value is returned in the DHCP renew (or DHCPv6 ACK) message. The originally assigned DHCP options cannot be modified during a renew cycle.
 - Logout—When the subscriber (DHCP client) logs out, the RADIUS client sends an Acct-Stop message to the RADIUS server, including the RADIUS-sourced VSA 26-55.

Multiple VSA 26-55 Instances Configuration

VSA 26-55 supports a maximum size of 247 bytes. If your RADIUS-sourced DHCP options field is greater than 247 bytes, you must break the field up and manually configure multiple instances of VSA 26-55 for the RADIUS server to return. When using multiple instances for an options field, you must place the instances in the packet in the order in which the fragments are to be reassembled by the RADIUS client. The fragments can be of any size of 247 bytes or less.



BEST PRACTICE: For ease of configuration and management of your DHCP options, you might want to have one DHCP option per VSA 26-55 instance, regardless of the size of the option field.

When the RADIUS client returns a reassembled opaque options field in an accounting request to the RADIUS server, the client uses 247-byte fragments. If you had originally created instances of fewer than 247 bytes, the returned fragments might not be the same as you originally configured on the RADIUS server.



NOTE: If you are configuring Steel-Belted Radius (SBR) to support multiple VSA 26-55 instances, ensure that you specify VSA 26-55 with the RO flags in the Subscriber Management RADIUS dictionary file. The R value indicates a multivalued reply attribute and the O value indicates an ordered attribute.

DHCP Options That Cannot Be Centrally Configured

Table 18 on page 170 shows the DHCP options that you must not centrally configure on the RADIUS server.

Table 18: Unsupported Opaque DHCP Options

| DHCP Option | Option Name | Comments |
|-------------|------------------------|---|
| Option 0 | Pad Option | Not supported. |
| Option 51 | IP Address Lease Time | Value is provided by RADIUS attribute 27 (Session-Timeout). |
| Option 52 | Option Overload | Not supported. |
| Option 53 | DHCP Message Type | Value is provided by DHCP local server. |
| Option 54 | Server Identifier | Value is provided by DHCP local server. |
| Option 55 | Parameter Request List | Value is provided by DHCP local server. |
| Option 255 | End | Value is provided by DHCP local server. |
| – | DHCP magic cookie | Not supported. |

**Related
Documentation**

- [Monitoring DHCP Options Configured on RADIUS Servers on page 175](#)

Exchange of DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 Parameters with the RADIUS Server Overview

The RADIUS server, which is configured independently of DHCPv4 and DHCPv6, authenticates clients and supplies the IPv4 or IPv6 prefix and client configuration parameters. To establish the client sessions on the network, the DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 parameters are sent from the client device through the DHCP (either DHCPv4 or DHCPv6) server to the RADIUS server and vice versa. Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, the exchange of parameters is enhanced with the introduction of several new vendor-specific attributes (VSAs) and changes to the existing DHCP-Options VSA (26-55).

An immediate interim accounting report is sent to the RADIUS server when configurable events occur, such as a change in family state, occur. When these events occur, the RADIUS server has no direct way of knowing the reason for the report. Starting from Junos OS Release 17.4R1, a new VSA sends the reason in the start accounting report as well as in the immediate interim accounting report.

The broadband network gateway (BNG) sends an interim accounting report to the RADIUS server whenever the second family (either IPv4 or IPv6) of a dual-stack session (DHCPv4, DHCPv6, or PPPoE) is activated or the first family (either IPv4 or IPv6) of a dual-stack session (DHCPv4, DHCPv6, or PPPoE) is deactivated. For the immediate interim accounting report to be sent, configure the **family-state-change-immediate-update** statement on the BNG at the `[edit access profile profile-name accounting]` hierarchy level.

The following VSA functionalities are used for exchanging the client parameters with the RADIUS server:

- DHCPv6-Options VSA (26-207):
 - The DHCPv6-Options VSA (26-207) is used to exchange DHCPv6 options with the RADIUS server. In releases earlier than Junos OS Release 17.4R1, the DHCPv6 options are included with DHCPv4 options in the DHCP-Options VSA (26-55).
 - The option values sent from the DHCPv6 client to the DHCPv6 server are saved in the session database separately from the values sent from the DHCPv6 server to the DHCPv6 client.
 - If the DHCPv6 options are too large to fit in one VSA, then they are split into multiple, sequential VSAs in the RADIUS packet. In this case, the options are split at the VSA size limit rather than at the type-length-value (TLV) boundary.
 - If multiple instances of the VSA are included in the RADIUS Access-Accept message, then they are concatenated into a single block and stored in the session database without checking the TLV for validity.
- DHCP-Options VSA (26-55):
 - With the introduction of VSA 26-207, VSA 26-55 includes only DHCPv4 options.
 - If the DHCPv4 options are too large to fit in one VSA, then they are split into multiple, sequential VSAs in the RADIUS packet. In this case, the options are split at the VSA size limit rather than at the TLV boundary.

- If multiple instances of the VSA are included in the RADIUS Access-Accept message, then they are concatenated into a single block and stored in the session database without checking the TLV for validity.
- DHCP-Header VSA (26-208):
 - The DHCP-Header VSA (26-208) conveys the DHCPv4 packet header to the RADIUS server. The header information is used for instantiating dynamic subscriber interfaces.
 - The VSA is allowed only in RADIUS Access-Request messages and is stored in the session database.
- DHCPv6-Header VSA (26-209):
 - The DHCPv6-Header VSA (26-209) conveys the DHCPv6 packet header to the RADIUS server. The header information is used for instantiating dynamic subscriber interfaces.
 - The VSA is allowed only in RADIUS Access-Request messages and is stored in the session database.
- Acct-Request-Reason VSA (26-210):
 - The Acct-Request-Reason VSA (26-210) conveys the reason for sending an accounting request. The VSA is included only in RADIUS Acct-Start and Interim-Update messages. The VSA is present only for subscriber accounting reports; it is not present for service session or Extensible Subscriber Services Manager (ESSM) reports.
 - The typical value for the VSA in Acct-Start messages is IP active (0x0004) or IPv6 active (0x0010), indicating that the IPv4 or IPv6 address family has been activated. For Layer 2 wholesale VLAN networks, the value is Session active (0x0040), because there is no IPv4 or IPv6 family. The value for MLPP is also Session active, because accounting messages are sent for the link session rather than the bundle session. ESSM sessions are child sessions of a parent subscriber session and are treated as ESSM service sessions. The VSA is sent only for the parent subscriber session.

Excluding the VSAs from RADIUS Messages

You can exclude any of these aforementioned VSAs from being sent, by using the **exclude** statement as shown in the following example.

```
[edit access profile profile-name radius attributes]
user@host# set exclude acct-request-reason [accounting-start | accounting-stop]
user@host# set exclude dhcp-header [access-request]
user@host# set exclude dhcpv6-header [access-request]
user@host# set exclude dhcpv6-options [access-request | accounting-start |
accounting-stop]
```

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|---------|--|
| 17.4R1 | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, the exchange of parameters is enhanced with the introduction of several new vendor-specific attributes (VSAs) and changes to the existing DHCP-Options VSA (26-55). |

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264](#)
- [Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 23](#)
- [AAA Access Messages and Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs for Junos OS on page 37](#)
- [AAA Accounting Messages and Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs for Junos OS on page 44](#)

Dedicated Session Database and Vendor-Specific Attributes for DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 Subscribers

The Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) server can serve as a DHCP local server, a DHCP client, or a DHCP relay agent, for both DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 subscribers.

Currently, some of the client parameters—for example, the DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 packet header—cannot be passed to and from the RADIUS server. From Junos OS Release 17.4 onward, enhancements are made to facilitate better communication between the DHCP servers (both DHCPv4 and DHCPv6) and the RADIUS server. The client parameters are saved in a session database and sent to the RADIUS server; and the RADIUS server, in turn, authenticates the client and also responds with the options to be sent back to that client.

Client Options

The client options can be configured in multiple locations such as DHCPv4 or DHCPv6 servers, or in the RADIUS server. If the client configuration is available in multiple locations, a conflict can arise regarding the source of the configuration details. In case of such conflicts, the following order of preference is considered:

- Options received from the RADIUS server through vendor-specific attributes (VSAs)
- Options received from the RADIUS server through the respective session databases
- Options from the DHCP local configuration, which are present on the DHCP server

As an example of the aforementioned preference, consider the case of DHCPv4 lease time. If the **AUTHD_ATTR_SESSION_TIMEOUT** option, which is a VSA stored in the RADIUS server, is returned from the RADIUS server, preference is given to it. If this option is not returned, preference is given to option 51 in respective session database for DHCPv4. If that option is also not returned, the option is sourced from DHCP local configuration.

Similarly, for DHCPv6 lease time, the first preference is given to the **AUTHD_ATTR_SESSION_TIMEOUT** VSA from the RADIUS server. If

AUTHD_ATTR_SESSION_TIMEOUT is not present, the RADIUS-sourced option **valid-lifetime** or **preferred-lifetime** takes the precedence. If that is also not available, then the option is sourced from the DHCPv6 local configuration.

Exchange of DHCPv4 Client, DHCPv4 Server, and RADIUS-Sourced Options

The following steps illustrate the process of exchange of configuration options between a DHCPv4 client, a DHCPv4 server, and the RADIUS server:

- A *discover* message from a DHCPv4 client is received by the DHCPv4 server.
- The DHCP option is saved to the respective session database.

In Junos OS releases before 17.4R1, the same attribute is used to store both DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 options. However, with the support for single-session DHCP dual-stack, there are separate session database attributes for DHCPv4 and DHCPv6.

- The DHCP header information is saved in the session database.

A new session database attribute is added to store the header information, and this information is sent to the RADIUS server for authentication.

- An *access request* message is sent from the DHCPv4 server to the RADIUS server, and when an *access accept* message is received from the RADIUS server, the DHCPv4 options are saved to the respective session database attributes and sent to the client.
- DHCPv4 server-specific options are added to the packet.



NOTE: The DHCPv4 server can source both solicited and unsolicited options from the local configuration. Thus, it is important to prevent duplication while the options are added.

- DHCPv4 lease information is extracted from the RADIUS-sourced DHCP option 51.

The respective session database attribute is used to check whether option 51 (lease time) is sourced by RADIUS. If it is, then the attribute value is extracted and saved in the client data structure. If it is not sourced by RADIUS, the attribute value is taken from the local pool configuration or the DHCPv4 attribute configuration, which is an existing functionality. A similar check is performed for option 58 (renewal time (T1)) and option 59 (rebinding time (T2)).

- An *offer message* is sent from the DHCPv4 server to DHCPv4 client.

Exchange of DHCPv6 Client, DHCPv6 Server, and RADIUS-Sourced Options

The following steps illustrate the process of exchange of configuration options between a DHCPv6 client, a DHCPv6 server, and the RADIUS server:

- A *solicit* message from a DHCP client is received by the DHCPv6 server.
- DHCPv6 options are saved in the session database of the DHCPv6 server.

In Junos OS releases before 17.4R1, DHCPv6 options are saved in the respective session database attribute. Because of the current single-session DHCP dual-stack support,

there is need to have separate session database attributes for saving DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 options. If the client is part of a single-session dual-stack configuration, the respective DHCPv6 options session database attribute is used. The DHCPv6 options are directly copied to the session database without any changes and then sent to the RADIUS server.



NOTE: DHCPv6 *auth-option* (option 11) is also part of these options.

- A DHCPv6 message header is saved to the session database.

A new session database attribute is added to copy the DHCPv6 message header.

- An *access request* message is sent from the DHCPv6 server, which in turn receives an *access accept* message from the RADIUS server. This message contains RADIUS-sourced DHCPv6 options that are stored in a new session database attribute.
- DHCPv6 lease information is extracted from the RADIUS-sourced DHCPv6 option.

In case of DHCPv6, the lease time is embedded within the options **OPTION_IA_NA** and **OPTION_IA_PD**. Client lease time starts with these values from the RADIUS Server. If the **IA_ADDRESS**, **IA_PREFIX**, **IA_NA**, or **IA_PD** option is not sourced from RADIUS, then these options are taken from the local pool and delegated pool configuration.

- DHCPv6 server-specific options are added to the packet.



NOTE: A DHCPv6 server can source both solicited and unsolicited options from the local configuration. Thus, it is important to prevent duplication while the options are added.

- An *advertise* message is sent from the DHCPv6 server to the DHCPv6 client.

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264](#)
- [Verifying and Managing DHCPv6 Local Server Configuration on page 612](#)
- [Example: Extended DHCPv6 Local Server Configuration on page 492](#)
- [show subscribers on page 1980](#)

Monitoring DHCP Options Configured on RADIUS Servers

Purpose View information for DHCP options that are centrally configured on a RADIUS server and that are distributed using Juniper Networks VSA 26-55 (DHCP-Options).

Action To display information for opaque DHCP options:

```
user@host> show subscribers detail
Type: DHCP
IP Address: 192.168.9.7
IP Netmask: 255.255.0.0
```

```
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: demux0.1073744127
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: dhcp-prof-23
MAC Address: 00:00:5E:00:53:98
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: jnpr :2304
Session Timeout (seconds): 3600
Idle Timeout (seconds): 600
Login Time: 2011-08-25 14:43:52 PDT
DHCP Options: len 52
35 01 01 39 02 02 40 3d 07 01 00 10 94 00 00 08 33 04 00 00
00 3c 0c 15 63 6c 69 65 6e 74 5f 50 6f 72 74 20 2f 2f 36 2f
33 2d 37 2d 30 37 05 01 06 0f 21 2c
```


Meaning DHCP Options: len 52
 35 01 01 39 02 02 40 3d 07 01 00 10 94 00 00 08 33 04 00 00
 00 3c 0c 15 63 6c 69 65 6e 74 5f 50 6f 72 74 20 2f 2f 36 2f
 33 2d 37 2d 30 37 05 01 06 0f 21 2c

The DHCP options output provides the following information:

- The **len** field is the total number of hex values in the message.
- The hex values specify the type, length, and value (TLV) of DHCP options, and are converted to decimal to identify the DHCP options, as defined in RFC 2132.

The number of hex values that make up a particular DHCP option varies, depending on the length of the option. For example, the first DHCP option specified in the output includes three sets of hex values (**35 01 01**). The first hex value (**35**) identifies the option type, the second value (**01**) indicates the length of the value entry, which in this case is one set of hex values. The third hex value (**01**) specifies the value for the DHCP option.

In the second DHCP option specification (**39 02 02 40**), the hex value **39** is the type, and the length of **02** specifies that two sets of hex entries make up the value for the option. Therefore, this option specification uses four sets of hex entries; one for the type (**39**), one to specify the length (**02**), and two for the option value (**02 40**).

The third DHCP option is specified by the hex values **3d 07 01 00 10 94 00 00 08**. The hex value **3d** is the type, followed by the length (**07**), which specifies that the next seven sets of hex entries make up the value for the option. Therefore, this option specification uses a total of nine sets of hex entries; one for the type (**3d**), one to specify the length (**07**), and seven for the value of the DHCP option (**01 00 10 94 00 00 08**).

Table 19 on page 177 describes the first two options in more detail.

Table 19: DHCP Options Description

| Option | Type | Length | Value |
|-------------|---|---|---|
| 35 01 01 | 35 = decimal 53 (Code 53 in RFC 2132 is the DHCP Message Type option) | 01 = the length of the option is one set of hex values (the next set in the list) | 01 = value of the message type that is described in RFC 2132. The code 01 specifies a message type of DHCPDISCOVER. |
| 39 02 02 40 | 39 = decimal 57 (Code 57 is the Maximum DHCP Message Size option) | 02 = the length of the option is two sets of hex values (the next two sets in the list) | 0240 = converted to a length of 576 octets |

- Related Documentation**
- [Centrally Configured Opaque DHCP Options on page 166](#)
 - [show subscribers on page 1980](#)

Configuring RADIUS Logical Line Identification

- [RADIUS Logical Line Identifier \(LLID\) Overview on page 179](#)
- [RADIUS Attributes for LLID Preauthentication Requests on page 180](#)
- [Configuring Logical Line Identification \(LLID\) Preauthentication on page 182](#)
- [Configuring a Port and Password for LLID Preauthentication Requests on page 183](#)

RADIUS Logical Line Identifier (LLID) Overview

The logical line identification (LLID) feature helps service providers maintain a reliable and up-to-date customer database for those subscribers who frequently move from one physical line to another. The LLID feature is based on a virtual port — the LLID — rather than the physical line used by the subscriber.

The LLID is an alphanumeric string that is based on the subscriber user name and circuit ID. The LLID logically identifies the subscriber line, and is mapped to the subscriber's physical line in the service provider customer database. When the subscriber moves to a different location and different physical line, the database is updated to map the LLID to the new physical line. Because the subscriber's LLID remains constant, it provides service providers with a secure and reliable means for tracking subscribers and maintaining an accurate customer database. Subscriber management supports the LLID feature for PPP subscribers over PPPoE, PPPoA, and LAC.

To assign an LLID to a subscriber, the router issues two RADIUS access requests. The first request is a preauthentication request, which obtains the LLID from a RADIUS preauthentication server. The second request is the standard authentication request sent to the RADIUS authentication server.

The following sequence of steps describes how subscriber management obtains and uses the LLID. The procedure assumes that preauthentication is enabled on the router and that the RADIUS preauthentication and authentication servers are configured.

1. The PPP subscriber sends an Authentication-Request message to the router.
2. The router sends an Access-Request message to the RADIUS preauthentication server to obtain an LLID for the subscriber.

3. The preauthentication server returns the LLID to the router in the Calling-Station-Id attribute (RADIUS attribute 31) in the Access-Accept message.



NOTE: This step includes a non-standard use of the Calling-Station-Id attribute. This attribute is typically present in RADIUS request messages, such as an Access-Request, not in response messages. Also, the router ignores all RADIUS attributes, other than the Calling-Station-Id, that are returned in the preauthentication Access-Accept message. In addition, any radius options that are configured on the router, such as **calling-station-id-format**, have no effect on the Calling-Station-Id attribute in the preauthentication request.

4. The router encodes the Calling-Station-Id (the LLID) in a second Access-Request message and sends the message to the RADIUS authentication server. This authentication request is the standard use of the Calling-Station-Id attribute.
5. The RADIUS authentication server returns an Access-Accept message to the router. The Access-Accept message includes attributes for the subscriber session.



NOTE: Once the preauthenticated subscriber has been successfully authenticated by the RADIUS authentication server, all subsequent RADIUS request messages, such as Accounting-Request messages, will include the LLID in the Calling-Station-Id attribute.



NOTE: For tunneled PPP subscribers, the router, acting as an L2TP access concentrator (LAC), encodes the LLID into Calling Number AVP (L2TP attribute 22) and sends the attribute to the L2TP network server (LNS) in an Incoming-Call-Request (ICRQ) packet. After a successful preauthentication request, the router always encodes the LLID in the L2TP Calling Number AVP.

Related Documentation

- [RADIUS Attributes for LLID Preauthentication Requests on page 180](#)
- [Configuring Logical Line Identification \(LLID\) Preauthentication on page 182](#)

RADIUS Attributes for LLID Preauthentication Requests

Table 20 on page 181 lists the RADIUS IETF attributes used in a preauthentication request to obtain a subscriber's LLID, and describes the information that is included in the attributes. In some cases, preauthentication uses an attribute for information that is different than the IETF description—the table indicates any non-standard use of RADIUS attributes.

Table 20: RADIUS Attributes for LLID Preauthentication Requests

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description |
|------------------|----------------|---|
| 1 | User-Name | <p>(Non-standard use of attribute.) Identifying information for the user associated with the LLID, in the following format.</p> <p><i>nas-port:nas-ip-address:nas-port-id</i></p> <p>Example: nas-port:198.51.100.117:ge-1/0/5:100</p> <p>NOTE: The router strips any dynamically generated information from the User-Name attribute during preauthentication.</p> |
| 2 | User-Password | <p>(Non-standard use of attribute.) Password of the user to be authenticated.</p> <p>Example: Always set to juniper</p> |
| 4 | NAS-IP-Address | <p>IP address of the network access server (NAS) that is requesting authentication of the user</p> <p>Example: 198.51.100.117</p> |
| 5 | NAS-Port | Physical port number of the NAS that is authenticating the user. Always interpreted as a bit field |
| 6 | Service-Type | <p>Type of service the user requested or the type of service to be provided.</p> <p>Example: gold-service</p> |
| 61 | NAS-Port-Type | Type of physical port the NAS is using to authenticate the user. You can use the ethernet-port-type-virtual statement to configure this to virtual (type 5). |
| 77 | Connect-Info | <p>(Non-standard use of attribute.) The user name.</p> <p>Example: jdoe@xyzcorp.example.com</p> |
| 87 | NAS-Port-Id | <p>Text string that identifies the physical interface of the NAS that is authenticating the user. Includes any dynamically generated information.</p> <p>Example: ge 1/0/5:100</p> |

Related Documentation

- [RADIUS Logical Line Identifier \(LLID\) Overview on page 179](#)
- [Configuring Logical Line Identification \(LLID\) Preauthentication on page 182](#)

Configuring Logical Line Identification (LLID) Preauthentication

The logical line identification (LLID) feature enables service providers to track subscribers on the basis of a virtual port — the LLID — rather than by the physical port used by the subscriber. The LLID is assigned by a RADIUS preauthentication server, which you configure in an access profile.

To configure the router to support preauthentication for the LLID feature:



NOTE: You cannot configure the preauthentication statements in this procedure if you have configured the radius attributes `exclude` statement to exclude the Calling-Station-ID attribute from RADIUS Access-Request messages.

1. Specify the access profile you want to use for the subscriber preauthentication support.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit access profile PreAuthLlid
```

2. Specify the order in which the router uses the supported preauthentication methods. **radius** is the only supported authentication method.

```
[edit access profile PreAuthLlid]
user@host# set preauthentication-order radius
```

3. Specify that you want to configure RADIUS support.

```
[edit access profile PreAuthLlid]
user@host# edit radius
```

4. Specify the IP address of the RADIUS server used for preauthentication.

```
[edit access profile PreAuthLlid radius]
user@host# set preauthentication-server 192.168.100.10
```



NOTE: The preauthentication feature uses the retry and timeout parameters that are configured for the RADIUS authentication server.

5. (Optional) Display AAA preauthentication statistics.

```
user@host> show network-access aaa statistics preauthentication
Preauthentication module statistics
Requests received: 2118
Multistack requests: 0
Accepts: 261
Rejects: 975
Challenges: 0
Requests timed out: 882
```

6. (Optional) Verify configuration of the RADIUS preauthentication server.

```
user@host1> show radius pre-authentication servers
```

| RADIUS Pre-Authentication Configuration | | | | | | |
|---|----------|-------------|---------|------------------|-----------|--------|
| IP Address | Udp Port | Retry Count | Timeout | Maximum Sessions | Dead Time | Secret |
| 203.0.113.168 | 1812 | 3 | 3 | 255 | 0 | radius |

- Related Documentation**
- [RADIUS Logical Line Identifier \(LLID\) Overview on page 179](#)
 - [RADIUS Attributes for LLID Preauthentication Requests on page 180](#)

Configuring a Port and Password for LLID Preauthentication Requests

You can configure a router that operates as the RADIUS client to contact a RADIUS server for authentication and preauthentication requests on two different UDP ports and using different secret passwords. Similar to configuring the port numbers for authentication and accounting requests, you can define a unique port number that the router uses to contact the RADIUS server for logical line identification (LLID) preauthentication requests. You can also define a unique password for preauthentication requests. If you do not configure a separate UDP port or secret for preauthentication purposes, the same UDP port and secret that you configure for authentication messages is used.

To configure a unique UDP port number to be used to contact the RADIUS server for preauthentication requests, include the **preauthentication-port *port-number*** statement at the **[edit access radius-server *server-address*]** or **[edit access profile *profile-name* radius-server *server-address*]** hierarchy level.

- To specify the UDP port for all of the access profiles:

```
[edit access]
radius-server server-address {
  preauthentication-port port-number;
}
```

- To specify the UDP port for a specific access profile:

```
[edit access]
profile profile-name {
  radius-server server-address {
    preauthentication-port port-number;
  }
}
```

To configure the password to be used to contact the RADIUS preauthentication server, include the **preauthentication-secret *password*** statement at the **[edit access radius-server *server-address*]** or **[edit access profile *profile-name* radius-server *server-address*]** hierarchy level.

- To specify the password for all of the access profiles:

```
[edit access]
radius-server server-address {
  preauthentication-secret password;
}
```

- To specify the password for a specific access profile:

```
[edit access]
profile profile-name {
  radius-server server-address {
    preauthentication-secret password;
  }
}
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [RADIUS Logical Line Identifier \(LLID\) Overview on page 179](#)
- [RADIUS Attributes for LLID Preauthentication Requests on page 180](#)

CHAPTER 12

Provisioning Subscriber Services Using Cisco VSAs

- [Processing Cisco VSAs in RADIUS Messages for Service Provisioning on page 185](#)
- [Configuring Service Interim Accounting on page 188](#)

Processing Cisco VSAs in RADIUS Messages for Service Provisioning

You can use Cisco VSAs in RADIUS messages to provision and manage services in a subscriber access network. In the topology for this deployment, the broadband network gateway (BNG) is connected to:

- A RADIUS server, such as the Steel-Belted Radius Carrier (SBRC), that is used to authentication and accounting.
- A Cisco BroadHop application that is used as the Policy Control and Charging Rules Function (PCRF) server for provisioning services using RADIUS change of authorization (CoA) messages

Cisco BroadHop does not support Juniper VSAs and it uses Cisco VSAs (Cisco Vendor ID 9) to activate and deactivate the services.

The following Cisco VSAs are used together to activate a service:

- Cisco-AVPair (26-1) with the value of the *subscriber:command=activate-service* parameter
- Cisco-AVPair(26-1) with the value the *subscriber:service-name=service-name* parameter

The following Cisco VSAs are used in together to deactivate a service:

- Cisco-AVPair (26-1) with the value of the *subscriber:command=deactivate-service* parameter
- Cisco-AVPair (26-1) with the value of *subscriber:service-name=service-name* parameter

In such a deployment, you can also enable and disable service accounting and specify service interim accounting interval using the CLI interface because Cisco Broadhop does not send attributes related to service accounting in RADIUS messages to the BNG.

You cannot modify any attributes in authentication, accounting, or CoA responses in the RADIUS messages that the BNG sends. Any Cisco VSAs other than the ones used to provision the services are considered as unsupported attributes.

[Table 21 on page 186](#) describes the service accounting type that becomes effective for different configuration combinations of the service accounting method or type using the local CLI settings and RADIUS attributes:

Table 21: Effective Service Accounting Method with CLI and RADIUS Configurations

| Service Accounting-Type Local Configuration | Service Accounting-Type RADIUS Configuration | Service Accounting-Type Applicable |
|---|--|---|
| Not configured | Not configured | No service accounting |
| Not configured | Method configured using RADIUS attributes | Service accounting configured using RADIUS |
| Method configured using the CLI | Not configured | Service accounting configured using the CLI |
| Method configured using the CLI | Method configured using RADIUS attributes | Service accounting configured using RADIUS |
| Method configured using the CLI | Explicitly disabled with a value of 0 | No service accounting |

[Table 22 on page 186](#) describes the service interim accounting interval that becomes effective for different configuration combinations of the service accounting method or type using the local CLI settings and RADIUS attributes:

Table 22: Effective Service Interim Accounting Interval with CLI and RADIUS Configurations

| Service Interim Accounting Interval Using Local Configuration | Service Interim Accounting Interval Using RADIUS Configuration | Service Interim Accounting Interval Applicable |
|---|--|---|
| Not configured | Not configured | No service interim accounting |
| Not configured | Interval configured using RADIUS attributes | Service interim accounting configured using RADIUS |
| Interval configured using the CLI | Not configured | Service interim accounting configured using the CLI |
| Interval configured using the CLI | Interval configured using RADIUS attributes | Service interim accounting configured using RADIUS |
| Interval configured using the CLI | Explicitly disabled with a value of 0 | No service interim accounting |

By default, service accounting is disabled. If you configure service accounting using both RADIUS attributes and the CLI interface, the RADIUS setting takes precedence over the CLI setting. To enable service accounting using the CLI, include the **accounting** statement at the **[edit access profile *profile-name* service]** hierarchy level.

```
[edit access]
profile profile-name {
  service {
    accounting;
  }
}
```

To enable interim service accounting updates and configure the amount of time that the router waits before sending a new service accounting update, include the **update-interval *minutes*** statement at the **[edit access profile *profile-name* service accounting]** hierarchy level.

```
[edit access]
profile profile-name {
  service {
    accounting {
      update-interval minutes;
    }
  }
}
```

You can configure the router to collect time statistics, or both volume and time statistics, for the service accounting sessions being managed by AAA. To configure the collection of statistical details that are time-based only, include the **statistics time** statement at the **[edit access profile *profile-name* service accounting]** hierarchy level. To configure the collection of statistical details that are both volume-time-based only, include the **statistics volume-time** statement at the **[edit access profile *profile-name* service accounting]** hierarchy level.

```
[edit access]
profile profile-name {
  service {
    accounting {
      statistics (time | volume-time);
    }
  }
}
```

You can define the UDP port number to configure the port on which the router that functions as the RADIUS dynamic-request server must receive requests from RADIUS servers. By default, the router listens on UDP port 3799 for dynamic requests from remote RADIUS servers. You can configure the UDP port number to be used for dynamic requests for a specific access profile or for all of the access profiles on the router. To define the UDP port number, include the **dynamic-request-port *port-number*** statement at the **[edit access profile *profile-name* radius-server *server-address*]** or the **[edit access radius-server *server-address*]** hierarchy level.

To specify the UDP port for all of the access profiles:

```
[edit access]
radius-server server-address {
  dynamic-request-port port-number;
}
```

To specify the UDP port for a specific access profile:

```
[edit access]
profile profile-name {
  radius-server server-address {
    dynamic-request-port port-number;
  }
}
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring Service Interim Accounting on page 128](#)

Configuring Service Interim Accounting

By default, service accounting is disabled. If you configure service accounting using both RADIUS attributes and the CLI interface, the RADIUS setting takes precedence over the CLI setting.

To configure service accounting for an access profile for a subscriber:

1. At the **[edit access profile *profile-name* service]** hierarchy level, specify that you want to configure service accounting.

```
[edit access profile profile-name service]
user@host# edit accounting
```

2. (Optional) Enable interim service accounting updates and configure the amount of time that the router or switch waits before sending a new service accounting update. You can configure an interval from 10 through 1440 minutes. All values are rounded up to the next higher multiple of 10. For example, the values 811 through 819 are all accepted by the CLI, but are all rounded up to 820.

```
[edit access profile profile-name service accounting]
user@host# set update-interval minutes
```

3. (Optional) Configure the types of statistics to gather. You can specify that the router or switch collect both volume and time statistics or only time statistics for subscriber sessions. When you change the type of statistics being collected, current subscribers continue to use the previous collection specification. Subscribers who log in after the change use the new specification.

```
[edit access profile profile-name accounting service]
user@host# set statistics (time | volume-time)
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Processing Cisco VSAs in RADIUS Messages for Service Provisioning on page 185](#)

CHAPTER 13

Configuring Domain Maps for Subscriber Management

- [Domain Mapping Overview on page 190](#)
- [Understanding Domain Maps and Logical System/Routing Instance Contexts on page 193](#)
- [Configuring a Domain Map on page 194](#)
- [Configuring a Wildcard Domain Map on page 195](#)
- [Specifying an Access Profile in a Domain Map on page 197](#)
- [Specifying an Address Pool in a Domain Map on page 198](#)
- [Specifying a Dynamic Profile in a Domain Map on page 198](#)
- [Specifying an AAA Logical System/Routing Instance in a Domain Map on page 199](#)
- [Specifying a Target Logical System/Routing Instance in a Domain Map on page 200](#)
- [Configuring Domain and Realm Name Usage for Domain Maps on page 201](#)
- [Specifying Domain and Realm Name Delimiters on page 202](#)
- [Specifying the Parsing Order for Domain and Realm Names on page 203](#)
- [Specifying the Parsing Direction for Domain and Realm Names on page 203](#)
- [Enabling Domain Name Stripping on page 204](#)
- [Specifying a Tunnel Profile in a Domain Map on page 205](#)
- [Specifying a Tunnel Switch Profile in a Domain Map on page 205](#)
- [Configuring PADN Parameters for a Domain Map on page 206](#)

Domain Mapping Overview

Domain mapping enables you to configure a map that specifies access options and session-specific parameters. The map is based on the domain name of subscriber sessions — the router applies the mapped options and parameters to sessions for subscribers that have the specified domains. For example, you might configure a domain map that is based on the domain name **example.com**. The options and parameters in that domain map are then applied when subscribers with the specified domain name (for example, **bob@example.com**, **raj@example.com**, and **juan@example.com**) request an AAA service.



NOTE: A subscriber's username is typically made up of two parts — the user's name followed by the user's domain name, which are separated by a delimiter character. The domain name is always to the right of the domain delimiter. For example, in the username, **juan@example.com**, the user's name, **juan** is followed by the domain name **example.com**, and the two are separated by the **@** delimiter character.

However, some systems use a username format in which the domain name *precedes* the user's name. To avoid confusion with the typical domain name usage, this type of preceding domain name is referred to as a realm name, and the realm name is to the left of the realm delimiter. For example, in the username, **top321-example.com/mary**, the **top321-example.com** part is the realm name, **mary** is the user's name, and the **/** character is the delimiter character.

The domain map provides efficiency, and enables you to make changes for a large number of subscribers in one operation. For example, if an address assignment pool becomes exhausted due to the number of subscribers obtaining addresses from the pool, you can create a domain map that specifies that subscribers in a particular domain obtain addresses from a different pool. In another use of the domain map, you might create a new dynamic profile and then configure the domain map to specify which subscribers (by their domain) use that dynamic profile.



NOTE: Subscriber management is supported in the default logical system only. The documentation for the subscriber management domain mapping feature describes using the **aaa-logical-system** and **target-logical-system** statements to configure mapping to a non-default logical system. These statements are for future extensions of subscriber management.

Table 23 on page 191 describes the access options and parameters you can configure in the domain map.

Table 23: Domain Map Options and Parameters

| Option | Description |
|--|---|
| AAA logical system/routing instance | <p>Logical system/routing instance in which AAA sends authentication and accounting requests for the subscriber sessions.</p> <p>Subscriber management is supported in the default logical system only.</p> |
| Access profile | Access profile applied to subscriber sessions. |
| Address pool | Address pool used to allocate addresses to subscribers. |
| Domain and realm name rules | Rules for domain and realm name usage, including domain name stripping, supported delimiters, and parse direction (delimiters and the parse direction are configured globally). |
| Dynamic profile | Dynamic profile applied to subscriber sessions. |
| PADN parameters | PPPoE route information for subscriber sessions. |
| Target logical system/routing instance | <p>Logical system/routing instance to which the subscriber interface is attached.</p> <p>Subscriber management is supported in the default logical system only.</p> |
| Tunnel profile | Tunnel profile applied to subscriber sessions. |

Types of Domain Maps and Their Order of Precedence

Starting in Junos OS Release 16.1, subscriber management uses a specific order when searching for a domain map that matches the subscriber domain name. The following list shows that order:

- Exact match domain map—The subscriber domain name is an exact match to a configured domain map.
- Wildcard domain map—The subscriber domain name is a partial match to a wildcard domain map.
- **default** domain map—The subscriber domain name is neither an exact match nor a partial wildcard match to a domain map.



NOTE: If the subscriber username does not have a domain name, then no search is performed and the subscriber is associated with the none domain map, if configured.

Wildcard Domain Map

Starting in Junos OS Release 16.1, the wildcard domain map feature enables you to specify a domain name that is used by subscribers when there is no exact match to the subscriber's domain name. For example, if you create a wildcard domain map with the name **xyz*example.com**, subscribers with the domain names **xyz.example.com**, **xyz-1234.example.com**, **xyz-eastern.example.com**, and **xyz-northern.example.com** are all mapped to that wildcard domain if there was no exact match for the subscribers' domain names. You can insert the asterisk wildcard character anywhere within the domain map to create the desired matching specification. Wildcard domain mapping is also used in cases where subscriber names are derived from the DHCPv4 Agent Remote ID (option 82 suboption 2) or the DHCPv6 Remote-ID (option 37).

Default Domain Map

You can configure a default domain map that the router uses for subscribers whose domain or realm name does not explicitly match any existing domain map, and also is not a partial match to a wildcard domain map. Specify the name **default** as the **domain map domain-map-name**.

For example, you might configure the default domain map to provide limited feature support for guest subscribers, such as a specific address pool used for guests or the routing instance that provides AAA services. When the router is unable to provide an exact or wildcard match for the guest subscriber, the router then uses the rules specified in the default domain map configuration to handle the guest subscriber's request.

Domain Map for Subscriber Usernames With No Domain or Realm Name

In some cases a subscriber username might not include a domain name or realm name—you can configure a specific domain map that the router uses for these subscribers. Specify the name **none** as the **domain map domain-map-name**.

Benefits of Using Domain Maps

Domains maps simplify managing subscribers at scale by enabling you to make changes for a large number of subscribers in one operation. Domain maps provide granularity in applying changes to specific groups of subscribers based on your map definitions.

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|---------|---|
| 16.1 | Starting in Junos OS Release 16.1, subscriber management uses a specific order when searching for a domain map that matches the subscriber domain name. |
| 16.1 | Starting in Junos OS Release 16.1, the wildcard domain map feature enables you to specify a domain name that is used by subscribers when there is no exact match to the subscriber's domain name. |

Related Documentation

- [Configuring a Domain Map on page 194](#)

Understanding Domain Maps and Logical System/Routing Instance Contexts

You can use a domain map to manage the logical system/routing instance that subscriber management uses for AAA and subscriber contexts. Subscriber management is supported in the default logical system only, so you manage the contexts by configuring the routing instance. The following list describes the two types of contexts.

- **Subscriber context**—The logical system/routing instance in which the subscriber interface is placed. For most dynamic subscriber sessions, the initial subscriber session context is the default logical system and default routing instance. One exception is LNS, in which the initial context for a dynamic LNS session (PPP over L2TP) is the same as the peer interface (the LAC facing interface). Therefore, for LNS sessions, if the peer interface uses a non-default routing instance, then the initial context of the subscriber session also uses that non-default routing instance.
- **AAA context**—The logical system/routing instance that the subscriber session uses for RADIUS interactions, such as authentication and accounting requests. By default, the AAA context is the same as the initial subscriber context. Therefore, for all subscriber sessions other than dynamic LNS sessions, authentication and authorization is performed in the default logical system/routing instance context, unless the default routing instance is explicitly changed.

You can optionally configure a domain map to use a specific subscriber or AAA context. For example, if a dynamic LNS session is initially created in a non-default routing instance (because the initial subscriber context uses the non-default routing instance), you might use the **target-routing-instance** statement to configure the domain map to place the subscriber in the default routing instance. Or, for security reasons, you might want to have all RADIUS interactions in a particular context. In this case, you would use the **aaa-routing-instance** statement to configure the domain map to change the initial AAA context to the new routing instance.

Using domain maps to manage AAA and subscriber contexts is also useful in layer 3 wholesale environments. For example, you might want to place dynamic VLAN interfaces in different non-default routing instances, while maintaining all RADIUS interactions in the default routing instance. In this example, the initial AAA context is in the default routing instance, but RADIUS authorization places the subscriber VLAN session in a non-default routing instance. You can then include the **aaa-routing-instance** statement in the domain map, to specify that the AAA context uses the default routing instance for the dynamic VLAN session. The subscriber session is unchanged and remains in the non-default routing instance.

Related Documentation

- [Domain Mapping Overview on page 190](#)
- [Specifying a Target Logical System/Routing Instance in a Domain Map on page 200](#)

Configuring a Domain Map

To configure a domain map for subscriber management:

1. Create the domain map. For the map name, specify the domain name that you want the domain map to use. (Use **default** for the name of the default domain map.)

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit domain map domain-map-name
```

- For example, to create a domain map to be mapped to subscribers with the domain name **example.com**:

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit domain map example.com
```

- To create a wildcard domain map to be mapped to subscribers whose domain name is not an exact match, but is a partial match:

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit domain map premiumTier*
```

See [“Configuring a Wildcard Domain Map” on page 195](#).

- To create a default domain map to be mapped to subscribers with non-matching domain names:

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit domain map default
```

- To create a domain map to be mapped to subscribers without a domain or realm name:

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit domain map none
```

2. (Optional) Specify the access profile used to apply access rules for the domain map.

See [“Specifying an Access Profile in a Domain Map” on page 197](#).

3. (Optional) For dynamic profiles, clarify the provided dynamic configuration for the subscriber session.

See [“Specifying a Dynamic Profile in a Domain Map” on page 198](#).

4. (Optional) Specify the address pool used to allocate address for the domain map.

See [“Specifying an Address Pool in a Domain Map” on page 198](#).

5. (Optional) Configure the target logical system/routing instance for the subscriber context.

See [“Specifying an AAA Logical System/Routing Instance in a Domain Map” on page 199](#).

6. (Optional) Configure the target logical system/routing instance in which AAA requests are sent for the domain map.

See [“Specifying a Target Logical System/Routing Instance in a Domain Map”](#) on page 200.

7. (Optional) Configure rules for domain names; for example; delimiters, parsing direction, and domain stripping. Delimiters and parsing direction are configured globally for all domain maps. Domain stripping is enabled in the domain map.

See [“Configuring Domain and Realm Name Usage for Domain Maps”](#) on page 201.

8. (Optional) Configure rules to remove the domain portion from the username for authentication, accounting, and display purposes.

See [“Enabling Domain Name Stripping”](#) on page 204.

9. (Optional) Configure rules to strip the user portion of the username for authentication only. You can also use a directional option to configure a left-to-right (default) or right-to-left application.

See [strip-username](#).

10. (Optional) Specify a password to use for all subscriber authentications. This option affects only the username/password sent in the access-request to external policy/RADIUS servers.

See [override-password](#).

11. (Optional) Assign a tunnel profile that provides tunnel definitions for the domain map.

See [“Specifying a Tunnel Profile in a Domain Map”](#) on page 205.

12. (Optional) Assign a tunnel switch profile to be applied by the domain map.

See [“Specifying a Tunnel Switch Profile in a Domain Map”](#) on page 205.

13. (Optional) Configure the PADN parameters used for PPPoE route information for the domain map.

See [“Configuring PADN Parameters for a Domain Map”](#) on page 206.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Domain Mapping Overview on page 190](#)
- [Verifying and Managing Domain Map Configuration on page 260](#)

Configuring a Wildcard Domain Map

Subscriber management supports a wildcard domain map feature that enables you to configure a domain mapping that is based on a partial wildcard match. When there is no exact match between the subscriber domain name and a configured domain map,

subscriber management next looks for a partial match between the subscriber domain name and a wildcard domain map.

To create the wildcard domain map, you include the asterisk wildcard character when you configure the domain map name, such as, **domain map example***. You can insert the wildcard character anyplace within the domain map, and the wildcard can represent zero or any number of characters. The asterisk is the only supported wildcard character.

For example, the configuration statement **domain map example*northern.com** creates a wildcard domain map that is a partial match for all domain names beginning with **example** and ending with **northern.com**, such as **examplenorthern.com**, **example-northern.com**, and **example1234northern.com**. However if you move the wildcard character in the domain map name to **domain map example-northern*.com**, this creates a more restrictive match that requires the partial matching domain names to start with **example-northern**, such as **example-northern555.com** or **example-northern-alpha.com**.

Wildcard domain mapping is also useful when subscriber management derives subscriber usernames from the DHCPv4 Agent Remote ID (option 82 suboption 2) or the DHCPv6 Remote-ID (option 37). In these cases, the resultant username is in the format **subscriberID|service-plan|accountID|unused**; for example, **EricSmith|premiumTier1|314159265|0000** (where the | character is the delimiter). In this example, subscriber management parses the username left-to-right, and identifies the subscriber's domain as **premiumTier1|314159265|0000**. To create a wildcard domain map that is used for this subscriber, you might configure **domain map premiumTier1***.

The following example describes how four subscribers are mapped to different domains.

For this example, there are three domain maps configured; the **default** domain map, a domain map named **example3000.com**, and a wildcard domain map named **example***. The subscribers are mapped as shown in the following list:

- **eric@example3000.com**—There is an exact domain map match, so the subscriber is mapped to domain **example3000.com**.
- **jack@example1001.com**—There is no exact match, but there is a partial match to the wildcard domain, so the subscriber is mapped to the wildcard domain **example***.
- **ginger@example-western.com**—There is no exact match, but there is a partial match to the wildcard domain, so the subscriber is also mapped to the wildcard domain **example***.
- **sunshine@test.com**—There is no exact match, nor is there a partial match to the wildcard domain, so the subscriber is mapped to the **default** domain.

To configure a wildcard domain map:

1. Specify the domain map name, including the wildcard character.

[edit access]

user@host# **edit domain map premiumTier***

2. Specify the optional characteristics for the wildcard domain map.

See [“Configuring a Domain Map” on page 194](#).

- Related Documentation
- [Domain Mapping Overview on page 190](#)
 - [Configuring a Domain Map on page 194](#)

Specifying an Access Profile in a Domain Map

You use access profiles to specify the access rules and options (for example, the RADIUS authentication server and attributes) that the router applies to subscriber sessions. The domain map feature enables you to apply a specific access profile for subscribers in a particular domain.

Access profiles can be specified or modified in several different ways. If conflicts occur, the router applies the access profiles based on the precedence rules shown in [Table 24 on page 197](#).

Table 24: Precedence Rules for Applying Access Profiles

| Precedence (High to Low) | How the Access Profile Is Applied |
|--------------------------|--|
| 1 | Specified by the RADIUS Redirect-VRouter-Name attribute (VSA 26-25) |
| 2 | Specified in the domain map configuration stanza |
| 3 | Indirectly specified in the domain map configuration stanza by the AAA logical system/routing instance mapping |
| 4 | Specified in the client configuration stanza |
| 5 | Specified in the logical system/routing instance configuration stanza |

To include an access profile in a domain map:

1. Specify the domain map you want to configure.

```
[edit access]  
user@host# edit domain map domain-map-name
```
2. Specify the access profile you want to include in the domain map.

```
[edit access domain map domain-map-name]  
user@host# set access-profile profile-name
```

- Related Documentation
- [Domain Mapping Overview on page 190](#)
 - [Configuring a Domain Map on page 194](#)

Specifying an Address Pool in a Domain Map

You can use the domain map feature to specify the address pool that the router uses to allocate address for subscriber sessions. The address pool can include both IPv4 and IPv6 address ranges.

Address pools can be specified or modified in several different ways. If conflicts occur, the router applies the address pool based on the precedence rules shown in [Table 25 on page 198](#).

Table 25: Precedence Rules for Determining the Address Pool to Use

| Precedence (High to Low) | How the Address Pool Reference Is Provided |
|--------------------------|---|
| 1 | Specified by the RADIUS Framed-Pool attribute (RADIUS attribute 88) |
| 2 | Configured in the domain map configuration stanza |
| 3 | Specified in the client configuration stanza (by address match rules) |

To specify the address pool used for a domain map:

1. Specify the domain map you want to configure.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit domain map domain-map-name
```

2. Specify the address pool you want to use for the domain map.

```
[edit access domain map domain-map-name]
user@host# set address-pool pool-name
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Domain Mapping Overview on page 190](#)
 - [Configuring a Domain Map on page 194](#)

Specifying a Dynamic Profile in a Domain Map

A dynamic profile defines the set of characteristics that provide dynamic access and services for subscriber sessions (such as class-of-service, protocols, and interface support). The domain map feature enables you to apply a specific dynamic profile based on subscriber domains.

Dynamic profiles are configured at the **[edit dynamic-profiles]** hierarchy, and can be specified or modified in several different ways. If conflicts occur, the router applies the dynamic profiles based on the precedence rules shown in [Table 26 on page 199](#).

Table 26: Precedence Rules for Applying Dynamic Profiles

| Precedence (High to Low) | How the Dynamic Profile Is Applied |
|--------------------------|--|
| 1 | Specified by the RADIUS Virtual-Router attribute (VSA 26-1) or the Redirect-VRouter-Name attribute (VSA 26-25) |
| 2 | Specified in the domain map configuration stanza |
| 3 | Specified in the client configuration stanza |

To include a dynamic profile in a domain map:

1. Specify the domain map you want to configure.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit domain map domain-map-name
```

2. Specify the dynamic profile you want to include in the domain map.

```
[edit access domain map domain-map-name]
user@host# set dynamic-profile profile-name
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Domain Mapping Overview on page 190](#)
 - [Configuring a Domain Map on page 194](#)

Specifying an AAA Logical System/Routing Instance in a Domain Map

By default, a domain map uses the subscriber logical system/routing instance as the context in which the **authd** daemon sends AAA authentication and accounting requests. You can optionally configure the domain map to direct AAA requests to a particular context, based on the subscriber domain name. Specifying a non-default AAA context enables you to manage workflow and traffic load, and to efficiently make changes for a large number of subscribers. For example, after upgrading your RADIUS services, you might configure a domain map to specify that all subscribers in the domain **example.com** are now authenticated by a RADIUS server in a particular AAA context.



NOTE: Changing the AAA context does not change the subscriber context. You use the **target-logical-system** statement to explicitly configure the logical system/routing instance for subscribers.

To configure the logical system/routing instance context used for AAA requests:

1. Specify the domain map you want to configure.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit domain map domain-map-name
```

2. Specify the routing instance. If a non-default routing instance is currently configured, you can use the **default** option to specify that the domain map use the default routing instance. The AAA logical system is automatically set to the default.

```
[edit access domain map domain-map-name]  
user@host# set aaa-routing-instance (routing-instance-name | default)
```



NOTE: Subscriber management is supported in the default logical system only.

Related Documentation

- [Domain Mapping Overview on page 190](#)
- [Understanding Domain Maps and Logical System/Routing Instance Contexts on page 193](#)
- [Configuring a Domain Map on page 194](#)
- [Understanding Domain Maps and Logical System/Routing Instance Contexts on page 193](#)
- [Specifying a Target Logical System/Routing Instance in a Domain Map on page 200](#)

Specifying a Target Logical System/Routing Instance in a Domain Map

By default, the router places a subscriber in the logical system/routing instance context of the interface on which the subscriber negotiations start. You can later change the routing instance of the subscriber's context through the use of either a domain map or the RADIUS authentication server.

Subscriber management is supported in the default logical system only, however you can configure the domain map to use a non-default routing instance. Also, if a non-default routing instance is already configured, you can configure the domain map to use the default routing instance.

To configure the logical system/routing instance context used for a subscriber's interface :

1. Specify the domain map you want to configure.

```
[edit access]  
user@host# edit domain map domain-map-name
```

2. Specify the target routing instance (the default logical system is used by default). If a non-default routing instance is currently configured, you can use the **default** option to specify that the domain map use the default routing instance.

```
[edit access domain map domain-map-name]  
user@host# set target-routing-instance (routing-instance-name | default)
```




NOTE: Subscriber management is supported in the default logical system only.

Related Documentation

- [Domain Mapping Overview on page 190](#)
- [Understanding Domain Maps and Logical System/Routing Instance Contexts on page 193](#)
- [Configuring a Domain Map on page 194](#)
- [Understanding Domain Maps and Logical System/Routing Instance Contexts on page 193](#)

Configuring Domain and Realm Name Usage for Domain Maps

You can configure how the router determines the domain names that are used for the domain mapping feature. At the global level, you can specify rules that are used for domain maps. The global rules enable you to specify additional characters that the router can recognize as domain or realm name delimiters and to specify the direction the router uses to parse domain or realm names. The purpose of parsing a domain or realm name is to identify a single, unique name that the router uses as the subscriber's domain name, regardless of whether the source of the name is in the typical domain name format (joseph@example.com) or in the realm name format (example.com\marilyn). The router uses the resulting domain name for operations such as domain map lookup and processing. At the domain map level, you can also enable domain name stripping. Domain name stripping specifies that the router remove the parsed domain or realm name from the subscriber username prior to performing any additional processing for the domain map.

To configure domain name usage rules for domain maps:

1. (Optional) For domain or realm names, configure the parsing order, which specifies whether the router searches for the domain name or the realm name first.
See [“Specifying the Parsing Order for Domain and Realm Names” on page 203](#).
2. (Optional) For domain or realm names, configure the delimiters you want the router to recognize for domain maps.
See [“Specifying Domain and Realm Name Delimiters” on page 202](#).
3. (Optional) For domain or realm names, configure the parse direction you want the router to use when determining domain names for domain maps.
See [“Specifying the Parsing Direction for Domain and Realm Names” on page 203](#).
4. (Optional) For domain names, configure the router to remove the parsed domain or realm name from usernames in the domain map before using AAA services.
See [“Enabling Domain Name Stripping” on page 204](#).

- Related Documentation**
- [Domain Mapping Overview on page 190](#)
 - [Configuring a Domain Map on page 194](#)

Specifying Domain and Realm Name Delimiters

A delimiter is the character that separates a subscriber username from the domain or realm name. Delimiters are commonly used for domain or realm name parsing or domain name stripping. You can specify a maximum of eight delimiters that the router uses to recognize domain or realm names for a domain map. If you do not configure any delimiters, the router uses the @ character by default for domain names. There is no default delimiter for realm names.

For example, your network might include the subscribers **bob@test.com**, **pete!example.com**, and **test.net\maria**. In this case, you would configure the router to recognize the characters @ and ! as domain name delimiters, and the \ character as a realm name delimiter.

Keep the following guidelines in mind when specifying delimiters:

- You cannot use the semicolon (;) as a delimiter.
- If you configure optional domain name delimiters, you must also specify the @ character (the default delimiter) if you want to continue to use it as a delimiter.
- If you configure optional domain name delimiters and then unconfigure them, the router sets the domain map delimiter back to the default @ character.

To configure domain and realm name delimiters for domain maps:

1. Specify that you want to configure domain attributes.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit access domain
```

2. Specify the characters you want to use as domain name delimiters. Do not include spaces between the delimiters.

```
[edit access domain]
user@host# set delimiter @!
```

3. Specify the characters you want to use as realm name delimiters. Do not include spaces between the delimiters.

```
[edit access domain]
user@host# set realm-delimiter \
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Domain and Realm Name Usage for Domain Maps on page 201](#)

Specifying the Parsing Order for Domain and Realm Names

The router parses the username domain or realm name in order to identify a single, unique name that the router uses as the subscriber's domain name, regardless of whether the source of the name is in the typical domain name format (joseph@example.com) or in the realm name format (example.com\marilyn). You can specify whether the router first searches the subscriber username for a domain name or for a realm name. If the router does not find the specified name (for example, you specify **realm-first** and there is no realm name in the username), then the router searches for the second type of name (domain name, in this case). If the router does not find either a realm-name or a domain name, then there is no domain that can be used for domain mapping operations.

To configure the domain name parsing direction for domain maps:

1. Specify that you want to configure domain attributes.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit access domain
```

2. Specify the parsing order you want the router to use, either the domain name first or the realm name first.

```
[edit access domain]
user@host# set parse-order domain-first
```

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Domain and Realm Name Usage for Domain Maps on page 201](#)

Specifying the Parsing Direction for Domain and Realm Names

You can specify the direction in which the router performs the parsing operation it uses to identify subscriber domain or realm names for domain maps. During the parsing operation, the router searches the username until it recognizes a delimiter. It then considers anything to the right of the delimiter as the domain. By default, the router parses from right to left, starting at the right-most character in the username.

The router uses a subscriber's domain name to perform domain map lookup and processing operations. You can configure how the router identifies a unique domain name when the user's name is presented in a traditional domain name format or a realm name. In the traditional domain name format, the user's name is followed by the domain name; for example, joe@example.com. In the realm name format, the user's name is preceded by the domain name, referred to as the realm name; for example, example.com@joe. The purpose of parsing a domain or realm name is to identify a single name that the router uses as the subscriber's domain name, regardless if the source of the name is the user's original domain name or realm name. The router uses the resulting domain name for operations such as domain map lookup and processing. At the domain map level, you can also enable domain name stripping.

The domain parsing direction you use is important when there are nested domain names. For example, for the username **user1@test.com@example.com**, right-to-left parsing

produces a domain name of **example.com**. For the same username, left-to-right parsing produces a domain name of **test.com@example.com**.

To configure the domain name parsing direction for domain maps:

1. Specify that you want to configure domain attributes.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit access domain
```

2. Specify the parsing direction you want the router to use if the username uses the typical domain name format, in which the domain name follows the user's name.

```
[edit access domain]
user@host# set parse-direction left-to-right
```

3. Specify the parsing direction you want the router to use if the username uses the realm name format, in which the realm name precedes the user's name.

```
[edit access domain]
user@host# set realm-parse-direction right-to-left
```

Related Documentation • [Configuring Domain and Realm Name Usage for Domain Maps on page 201](#)

Enabling Domain Name Stripping

You can configure the router to strip the domain name from usernames before any AAA services are used. Domain name stripping is done for domain maps. The router uses the delimiters and parsing direction you globally configure to determine the domain name that is removed. For example, if the router uses the default delimiter and parsing direction **right-to-left**, the username **user1@example.com** is stripped to be **user1**.

To configure the router to strip the domain name from usernames in a domain map:

1. Specify the domain map for the stripping operation.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit access domain map domain-map-name
```

2. Enable domain name stripping.

```
[edit access domain map domain-map-name]
user@host# set strip-domain
```

Related Documentation • [Configuring Domain and Realm Name Usage for Domain Maps on page 201](#)

Specifying a Tunnel Profile in a Domain Map

Tunnel profiles specify tunnel definitions (for example, a set of L2TP tunnels and their attributes) that the router applies to subscriber sessions. The domain map feature enables you to apply a specific tunnel profile to subscribers in a particular domain.



NOTE: A tunnel profile specified by a RADIUS server in the Tunnel-Group attribute (VSA 26-64) takes precedence over the tunnel profile specified in the domain map.

To include a tunnel profile in a domain map:

1. Specify the domain map you want to configure.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit domain map domain-map-name
```

2. Specify the tunnel profile you want to include in the domain map.

```
[edit access domain map domain-map-name]
user@host# set tunnel-profile profile-name
```

Related Documentation

- [Domain Mapping Overview on page 190](#)
- [Configuring a Domain Map on page 194](#)
- [Configuring a Tunnel Profile for Subscriber Access](#)

Specifying a Tunnel Switch Profile in a Domain Map

Tunnel switch profiles determine whether packets in an L2TP subscriber session from a LAC are switched to another session that has a different destination LNS. The tunnel switch profile can also specify how certain L2TP AVPs are handled when the packets are switched to a second tunnel. The domain map feature enables you to apply a specific tunnel switch profile to subscribers in a particular domain.



NOTE: A tunnel switch profile specified by a RADIUS server in the Tunnel Switch-Profile VSA (26-91) takes precedence over the tunnel switch profile specified in the domain map. If the Tunnel-Group VSA (26-64) is received in addition to the Tunnel Switch-Profile VSA (26-91), the Tunnel Switch-Profile VSA (26-91) takes precedence over the Tunnel-Group VSA (26-64), ensuring that the subscribers are tunnel switched rather than LAC tunneled.

To include a tunnel switch profile in a domain map:

1. Specify the domain map you want to configure.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit domain map domain-map-name
```

2. Specify the tunnel switch profile you want to include in the domain map.

```
[edit access domain map domain-map-name]
user@host# set tunnel-switch-profile profile-name
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Domain Mapping Overview on page 190](#)
 - [Configuring a Domain Map on page 194](#)
 - [Configuring L2TP Tunnel Switching](#)

Configuring PADN Parameters for a Domain Map

You can configure PPPoE to receive PPPoE Active Discovery Network (PADN) messages when a subscriber connects to a PPPoE server. The PADN information associates the PPPoE session with a set of routes that the session can use. You can configure the route information in a domain map, which enables you to apply specific PADN information to subscribers in a particular domain. You can configure a maximum of 16 routes in a domain map.

To configure PADN parameters in a domain map:

1. Specify the domain map you want to configure.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit domain map domain-map-name
```

2. Specify the PADN route information you want to include in the domain map. For each route, include the destination IP address, subnet mask, and route metric.

```
[edit access domain map domain-map-name]
user@host# set padn destination-address mask destination-mask metric route-metric
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Domain Mapping Overview on page 190](#)
 - [Configuring a Domain Map on page 194](#)

Configuring Dynamic Service Activation for Subscriber Access

- [Using RADIUS Dynamic Requests for Subscriber Access Management on page 207](#)
- [Dynamic Service Activation During Login Overview on page 208](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Dynamic Request Support on page 208](#)
- [RADIUS-Initiated Change of Authorization \(CoA\) Overview on page 209](#)
- [Usage Thresholds for Subscriber Services on page 212](#)
- [RADIUS-Initiated Disconnect Overview on page 213](#)
- [Error-Cause Codes \(RADIUS Attribute 101\) for Dynamic Requests on page 214](#)

Using RADIUS Dynamic Requests for Subscriber Access Management

RADIUS dynamic requests provide an efficient way to centrally manage subscriber sessions. The AAA Service Framework's RADIUS dynamic request support allows RADIUS servers to initiate user-related operations, such as a termination operation, by sending unsolicited request messages to the router. Without the RADIUS dynamic request feature, the only way to disconnect a RADIUS user is from the router, which can be cumbersome and time-consuming in large networks.

In a typical client-server RADIUS environment, the router functions as the client and initiates requests sent to the remote RADIUS server. However, when using RADIUS dynamic requests, the roles are reversed. For example, during a disconnect operation, the remote RADIUS server performs as the client and initiates the request (the disconnect action) — the router functions as the server in the relationship.

You create an access profile to configure the router to support RADIUS dynamic requests. This configuration enables the router to receive and act on the following types of messages from remote RADIUS servers:

- Access-Accept messages—Dynamically activate services based on attributes in RADIUS Access-Accept messages received when a subscriber logs in.
- Change-of-Authorization (CoA) messages—Dynamically modify active sessions based on attributes in CoA messages. CoA messages can include service creation requests, deletion requests, RADIUS attributes, and Juniper Networks VSAs.
- Disconnect messages—Immediately terminate specific subscriber sessions.

Benefits of Radius Dynamic Requests

Enables simplified central management of subscriber sessions by sending unsolicited changes to subscriber sessions, including changes in attributes, service activation, service deactivation, and session termination.

Related Documentation

- [Dynamic Service Activation During Login Overview on page 208](#)
- [RADIUS-Initiated Change of Authorization \(CoA\) Overview on page 209](#)
- [RADIUS-Initiated Disconnect Overview on page 213](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Dynamic Request Support on page 208](#)
- [RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 13](#)
- [Error-Cause Codes \(RADIUS Attribute 101\) for Dynamic Requests on page 214](#)

Dynamic Service Activation During Login Overview

The AAA Service Framework enables the router to dynamically activate subscriber services as part of a subscriber login operation.

The framework sets up the subscriber session and then completes the service action specified by the Juniper Networks VSA 26–65 that is received in the Access-Accept message. If the service request is unsuccessful, the framework logs out the subscriber.

As part of dynamic service activation, you can also specify usage thresholds for the service—when the threshold is reached, the service is deactivated. You use Juniper Networks VSAs to set the thresholds for the maximum traffic volume for a service and for the length of time the service can be active.

Related Documentation

- [Using RADIUS Dynamic Requests for Subscriber Access Management on page 207](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Dynamic Request Support on page 208](#)
- [RADIUS-Initiated Disconnect Overview on page 213](#)
- [RADIUS-Initiated Change of Authorization \(CoA\) Overview on page 209](#)
- [Usage Thresholds for Subscriber Services on page 212](#)

Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Dynamic Request Support

The router uses the list of specified RADIUS authentication servers for both authentication and dynamic request operations. The router listens on UDP port 3799 for dynamic requests.

To configure RADIUS dynamic request support:

- Specify the IP address of the RADIUS server.


```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius]
user@host# set authentication-server 192.168.1.3
```

To configure the router to support dynamic requests from more than one RADIUS server:

- Specify the IP addresses of multiple RADIUS servers.

```
[edit access profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic radius]
user@host# set authentication-server 192.168.1.3 192.168.10.15
```

You can define the UDP port number to configure the port on which the router that functions as the RADIUS dynamic-request server must receive requests from RADIUS servers. By default, the router listens on UDP port 3799 for dynamic requests from remote RADIUS servers. You can configure the UDP port number to be used for dynamic requests for a specific access profile or for all of the access profiles on the router. To define the UDP port number, include the **dynamic-request-port *port-number*** statement at the **[edit access profile *profile-name* radius-server *server-address*]** or the **[edit access radius-server *server-address*]** hierarchy level.

To specify the UDP port for all of the access profiles:

```
[edit access]
radius-server server-address {
  dynamic-request-port port-number;
}
```

To specify the UDP port for a specific access profile:

```
[edit access]
profile profile-name {
  radius-server server-address {
    dynamic-request-port port-number;
  }
}
```

Related Documentation

- [Using RADIUS Dynamic Requests for Subscriber Access Management on page 207](#)
- [Dynamic Service Activation During Login Overview on page 208](#)
- [RADIUS-Initiated Change of Authorization \(CoA\) Overview on page 209](#)
- [RADIUS-Initiated Disconnect Overview on page 213](#)
- [RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 13](#)
- [Error-Cause Codes \(RADIUS Attribute 101\) for Dynamic Requests on page 214](#)

RADIUS-Initiated Change of Authorization (CoA) Overview

The AAA Service Framework uses CoA messages to dynamically modify active subscriber sessions. For example, RADIUS attributes in CoA messages might instruct the framework to create, modify, or terminate a subscriber service. You can also use CoA messages to set or modify usage thresholds for current subscriber services.

CoA Messages

Dynamic request support enables the router to receive and process unsolicited CoA messages from external RADIUS servers. RADIUS-initiated CoA messages use the following codes in request and response messages:

- CoA-Request (43)
- CoA-ACK (44)
- CoA-NAK (45)

Qualifications for Change of Authorization

To complete the change of authorization for a user, you specify identification attributes and session attributes. The identification attributes identify the subscriber. Session attributes specify the operation (activation or deactivation) to perform on the subscriber's session and also include any client attributes for the session (for example, QoS attributes). The AAA Service Framework handles the actual request.

Table 27 on page 210 shows the identification attributes for CoA operations.



NOTE: Using the Acct-Session-ID attribute to identify the subscriber session is more explicit than using the User-Name attribute. When you use the User-Name as the identifier, the CoA operation is applied to the first session that was logged in with the specified username. However, because a subscriber might have multiple sessions associated with the same username, the first session might not be the correct session for the CoA operation.

When you use the Acct-Session-ID attribute, it identifies the specific subscriber session, avoiding that potential error. Although the Acct-Session-ID attribute can include an interface specifier in addition to the session ID—when the attribute is in the description format—only the session ID is used for subscriber matching. For example, if the subscriber has a subscriber session ID of 54785, then the subscriber is matched when the Acct-Session-ID attribute is 54785 (decimal format), or `jnpr demux0.1073759682:54785` (description format), or indeed *any value*:54785 (description format).

Table 27: Identification Attributes

| Attribute | Description |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| User-Name [RADIUS attribute 1] | Subscriber username. |
| Acct-Session-ID [RADIUS attribute 44] | Specific subscriber session. |

Table 28 on page 211 shows the session attributes for CoA operations. Any additional client attributes that you include depend on your particular session requirements.

Table 28: Session Attributes

| Attribute | Description |
|--|--|
| Activate-Service [Juniper Networks VSA 26-65] | Service to activate for the subscriber. |
| Deactivate-Service [Juniper Networks VSA 26-66] | Service to deactivate for the subscriber. |
| Service-Volume [Juniper Networks VSA 26-67] | Amount of traffic, in MB, that can use the service; service is deactivated when the volume is exceeded. |
| Service-Timeout [Juniper Networks VSA 26-68] | Number of seconds that the service can be active; service is deactivated when the timeout expires. |
| Service-Volume-Gigawords [Juniper Networks VSA 26-179] | Amount of traffic, in 4GB units, that can use the service; service is deactivated when the volume is exceeded. |
| Update-Service [Juniper Networks VSA 26-180] | New values of service and time quotas for existing service. |

Message Exchange

The RADIUS server and the AAA Service Framework on the router exchange messages using UDP. The CoA-Request message sent by the RADIUS server has the same format as the Disconnect-Request packet that is sent for a disconnect operation.

The response is either a CoA-ACK or a CoA-NAK message:

- If the AAA Service Framework successfully changes the authorization, the response is a RADIUS-formatted packet with a CoA-ACK message, and the data filter is applied to the session.
- If AAA Service Framework is unsuccessful, the request is malformed, or attributes are missing, the response is a RADIUS-formatted packet with a CoA-NAK message.



NOTE: The AAA Service Framework processes one dynamic request at a time per subscriber. If the framework receives a second dynamic request (either another CoA or a Disconnect-Request) while processing a previous request for the same subscriber, the framework responds with a CoA-NAK message. Starting in Junos OS Release 15.1R5, CoA-Request retry messages are ignored and no CoA-NAK is sent in response to them.

Benefits of Radius-Initiated Change of Authorization

Enables changes in attribute values to be dynamically pushed to subscriber sessions, as well as dynamic activation and deactivation of subscriber services.

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|---------|---|
| 15.1R5 | Starting in Junos OS Release 15.1R5, CoA-Request retry messages are ignored and no CoA-NAK is sent in response to them. |

Related Documentation

- [Using RADIUS Dynamic Requests for Subscriber Access Management on page 207](#)
- [Dynamic Service Activation During Login Overview on page 208](#)
- [RADIUS-Initiated Disconnect Overview on page 213](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Dynamic Request Support on page 208](#)
- [Usage Thresholds for Subscriber Services on page 212](#)

Usage Thresholds for Subscriber Services

Starting in Junos OS Release 14.1, subscriber management enables you to manage subscriber services by establishing usage thresholds when a service is dynamically activated or when an existing service is modified by a RADIUS CoA action. The service is deactivated when the specified threshold is reached.

Subscriber management supports two types of usage thresholds—traffic volume and time. You use Juniper Networks VSAs to set the usage thresholds. The VSAs are transmitted in RADIUS Access-Accept messages for dynamically activated services, or in RADIUS-initiated CoA-Request messages for existing services. The volume threshold sets the maximum amount of the total input and output traffic that can use the service before the service is deactivated. A time threshold sets the maximum length of time that the service can be active. [Table 29 on page 212](#) shows the VSAs used for volume and time thresholds.

Table 29: Juniper Network VSAs Used for Service Thresholds

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description | Value |
|------------------|-------------------|---|--|
| 26-67 | Service-Volume | Amount of input and output traffic, in MB, that can use the service; service is deactivated when the volume is exceeded. Tagged VSA, which supports 8 tags (1-8). The router polls the traffic in 10 minute intervals. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • range = 0 through 16777215 MB • 0 = no limit |
| 26-68 | Service-Timeout | Number of seconds that the service can be active; service is deactivated when the timeout expires. Tagged VSA, which supports 8 tags (1-8). | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • range = 0 through 16777215 seconds • 0 = no timeout |
| 26-179 | Service-Volume-GB | Amount of input and output traffic, in 4GB units, that can use the service; service is deactivated when the volume is exceeded. Tagged VSA, which supports 8 tags (1-8). The router polls the traffic in 10 minute intervals. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • range = 0 through 16777215 4GB units • 0 = no limit |

Table 29: Juniper Network VSAs Used for Service Thresholds (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description | Value |
|------------------|----------------|---|-----------------------------|
| 26-180 | Update-Service | New values of service and time quotas for an existing service. Tagged VSA, which supports 8 tags (1-8). | string: <i>service-name</i> |

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|---------|---|
| 14.1 | Starting in Junos OS Release 14.1, subscriber management enables you to manage subscriber services by establishing usage thresholds when a service is dynamically activated or when an existing service is modified by a RADIUS CoA action. |

Related Documentation

- [Dynamic Service Activation During Login Overview on page 208](#)
- [RADIUS-Initiated Change of Authorization \(CoA\) Overview on page 209](#)

RADIUS-Initiated Disconnect Overview

This section describes the AAA Service Framework's support for RADIUS-initiated disconnect dynamic requests. The AAA Service Framework uses disconnect messages to dynamically terminate active subscriber sessions.

Disconnect Messages

To centrally control the disconnection of remote access subscribers, the RADIUS dynamic request feature on the router receives and processes unsolicited messages from RADIUS servers.

The dynamic request feature uses the existing format of RADIUS disconnect request and response messages. RADIUS-initiated disconnect uses the following codes in its RADIUS request and response messages:

- Disconnect-Request (40)
- Disconnect-ACK (41)
- Disconnect-NAK (42)

Qualifications for Disconnect

For the AAA Service Framework to disconnect a user, the Disconnect-Request message must contain an attribute with an accounting session ID. The Disconnect-Request message can contain an Acct-Session-Id (44) attribute or an Acct-Multi-Session-Id (50) attribute for the session ID or both. If both the Acct-Session-Id and Acct-Multi-Session-Id attributes are present in the request, the router uses both attributes. If the User-Name (1) attribute is also present in the request, the username and accounting session ID are

used to perform the disconnection. The AAA Service Framework handles the actual request.

Message Exchange

The RADIUS server and the AAA Service Framework exchange messages using UDP. The Disconnect-Request message sent by the RADIUS server has the same format as the CoA-Request packet that is sent for a change of authorization operation.

The disconnect response is either a Disconnect-ACK or a Disconnect-NAK message:

- If the AAA Service Framework successfully disconnects the user, the response is a RADIUS-formatted packet with a Disconnect-ACK message.
- If the AAA Service Framework cannot disconnect the user, the request is malformed, or attributes are missing from the request, the response is a RADIUS-formatted packet with a Disconnect-NAK message.



NOTE: The AAA Service Framework processes one dynamic request at a time per subscriber. If the framework receives a second dynamic request while processing a previous request (either a CoA or another Disconnect-Request) for the same subscriber, the framework responds with a Disconnect-NAK message.

Benefits of Radius-Initiated Disconnects

Enables a RADIUS server to dynamically terminate subscriber sessions. This centralized subscriber management feature simplifies handling large numbers of subscribers because operator termination would otherwise require action on the router.

Related Documentation

- [Using RADIUS Dynamic Requests for Subscriber Access Management on page 207](#)
- [Dynamic Service Activation During Login Overview on page 208](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Dynamic Request Support on page 208](#)

Error-Cause Codes (RADIUS Attribute 101) for Dynamic Requests

When a RADIUS-initiated CoA or disconnect operation is unsuccessful, the router includes an error-cause attribute (RADIUS attribute 101) in the CoA-NAK or Disconnect-NAK message that it sends back to the RADIUS server. If the detected error does not map to one of the supported error-cause attributes, the router sends the message without an error-cause attribute. [Table 30 on page 214](#) describes the error-cause codes.

Table 30: Error-Cause Codes (RADIUS Attribute 101)

| Code | Value | Description |
|------|-----------------------|---|
| 401 | Unsupported attribute | The request contains an attribute that is not supported (for example, a third-party attribute). |

Table 30: Error-Cause Codes (RADIUS Attribute 101) (*continued*)

| Code | Value | Description |
|------|-------------------------------|--|
| 402 | Missing attribute | A critical attribute (for example, the session identification attribute) is missing from a request. |
| 404 | Invalid request | Some other aspect of the request is invalid, such as if one or more attributes are not formatted properly. |
| 503 | Session context not found | The session context identified in the request does not exist on the router. |
| 504 | Session context not removable | The subscriber identified by attributes in the request is owned by a component that is not supported. |
| 506 | Resources unavailable | A request could not be honored due to lack of available NAS resources (such as memory). |

Related Documentation

- [RADIUS-Initiated Change of Authorization \(CoA\) Overview on page 209](#)
- [RADIUS-Initiated Disconnect Overview on page 213](#)

Configuring Termination Causes for Protocols

- [Understanding Session Termination Causes and RADIUS Termination Cause Codes on page 217](#)
- [Mapping Session Termination Causes to Custom Termination Cause Codes on page 219](#)
- [AAA Termination Causes and Code Values on page 220](#)
- [DHCP Termination Causes and Code Values on page 222](#)
- [L2TP Termination Causes and Code Values on page 223](#)
- [PPP Termination Causes and Code Values on page 243](#)
- [VLAN Termination Causes and Code Values on page 251](#)

Understanding Session Termination Causes and RADIUS Termination Cause Codes

When a RADIUS Acct-Stop message is issued as a result of the termination of a subscriber session or service session, the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute (49) reports the cause or reason for the termination. This attribute is included only in RADIUS Acct-Stop messages. The termination cause is conveyed as a code value in the attribute. *RFC 2866, RADIUS Accounting*, defines the standard mapping between 18 code values and termination causes.

Junos OS defines a set of internal termination cause codes that are mapped to the RFC-defined code values. Default mappings exist for AAA, DHCP, L2TP, PPP, and VLAN subscriber and service sessions. When a subscriber or service session is terminated, the router logs a message for the internal termination cause and logs another message for the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute.

You can use the logged information to help monitor and troubleshoot the events. For example, the AAA termination causes include session and service terminations as well as access denials. You might want to route the access failures to a team that monitors attempts to hack the network, the timeout failures to a AAA server team, and resource failures to a team that manages the routers.

Because there are many different Junos OS internal identifiers for termination causes and only 18 standard code values defined in the RFC, by default a given code value can map to multiple identifiers. Instead of using the default code values, you can optionally map any of the internally defined termination causes to any 32-bit number (1 through

4,294,967,295). The flexibility of customized mapping greatly increases the possibilities for fine-grained analytics and failure tracking.



NOTE: A single mapping for RADIUS account termination is shared by all clients.

Table 31 on page 218 lists the RFC-defined standard RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause codes and the corresponding causes.

Table 31: RFC-Defined Code Values and Termination Causes

| Code Value | Termination Cause | Description |
|------------|-------------------|--|
| 1 | User Request | User initiated the disconnect (logout). |
| 2 | Lost Carrier | DCD was dropped on the port. |
| 3 | Lost Service | Service can no longer be provided; for example, the user's connection to a host was interrupted. |
| 4 | Idle Timeout | Idle timer expired. |
| 5 | Session Timeout | Subscriber reached the maximum continuous time allowed for the service or session. |
| 6 | Admin Reset | System administrator reset the port or session. |
| 7 | Admin Reboot | System administrator terminated the session on the NAS; for example, prior to rebooting the NAS. |
| 8 | Port Error | NAS detected an error on the port that required ending the session. |
| 9 | NAS Error | NAS detected an error (other than on the port) that required ending the session. |
| 10 | NAS Request | NAS ended the session for a non-error reason. |
| 11 | NAS Reboot | NAS ended the session due to a non-administrative reboot. |
| 12 | Port Unneeded | NAS ended the session because the resource usage fell below the low threshold; for example, the bandwidth-on-demand algorithm determined that the port was no longer needed. |
| 13 | Port Preempted | NAS ended the session to allocate the port to a higher-priority use. |
| 14 | Port Suspended | NAS ended the session to suspend a virtual session. |

Table 31: RFC-Defined Code Values and Termination Causes (*continued*)

| Code Value | Termination Cause | Description |
|------------|---------------------|--|
| 15 | Service Unavailable | NAS was unable to provide the requested service. |
| 16 | Callback | NAS is terminating the current session in order to perform callback for a new session. |
| 17 | User Error | Error in the user input caused the session to be terminated. |
| 18 | Host Request | Login host terminated the session normally. |

Related Documentation

- [Mapping Session Termination Causes to Custom Termination Cause Codes on page 219](#)
- [AAA Termination Causes and Code Values on page 220](#)
- [DHCP Termination Causes and Code Values on page 222](#)
- [L2TP Termination Causes and Code Values on page 223](#)
- [PPP Termination Causes and Code Values on page 243](#)
- [VLAN Termination Causes and Code Values on page 251](#)

Mapping Session Termination Causes to Custom Termination Cause Codes

By default, Junos OS uses the RFC-defined termination cause codes for the internal identifiers that identify the causes of session termination and that are reported in the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute (49). Internal identifiers are available for AAA, DHCP, L2TP, PPP, and VLAN subscriber and service session failures. When a subscriber or service session is terminated or denied, the router logs a message for the internal termination cause and logs another message for the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute. The Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute is included in RADIUS Acct-Stop messages. You can use the logged information to help monitor and troubleshoot terminated sessions.

You can optionally create customized mappings between any of the internal termination cause identifiers for the protocol and termination cause codes. You can specify any 32-bit value for the code, enabling you to track and analyze particular termination events at a more fine-grained level.

To configure customized mappings between a termination cause and a RADIUS cause code:

1. Edit the **access** hierarchy.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit access
```

2. Edit the **terminate-code** statement.



NOTE: Termination cause codes do not appear as options on platforms where they are not supported.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit terminate-code
```

- Specify the protocol option (**aaa (deny | service-shutdown | shutdown) | dhcp | l2tp | ppp | vlan**) that you want to modify.

```
[edit access terminate-code]
user@host# edit protocol-option
```

- Specify an existing termination cause that you want to remap.

```
[edit access terminate-code protocol-option]
user@host# edit term-reason
```



NOTE: Attempts to remap a termination cause to its default code value are rejected by the CLI. You must delete a custom mapping to restore the default mapping.

- Specify the RADIUS termination cause code value (from 1 through 4,294,967,295) that you want to map to the termination cause.

```
[edit access terminate-code protocol-option term-reason]
user@host# set radius term-cause
```

Use the **show network-access aaa terminate-code** command to display the mapping between AAA termination causes and cause code values.

Related Documentation

- [Understanding Session Termination Causes and RADIUS Termination Cause Codes on page 217](#)
- [AAA Termination Causes and Code Values on page 220](#)
- [DHCP Termination Causes and Code Values on page 222](#)
- [L2TP Termination Causes and Code Values on page 223](#)
- [PPP Termination Causes and Code Values on page 243](#)
- [VLAN Termination Causes and Code Values on page 251](#)

AAA Termination Causes and Code Values

When a AAA event terminates a subscriber or service session, causing a RADIUS Acct-Stop message to be issued, the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute (49) reports the cause or reason for the termination. This attribute is included only in RADIUS Acct-Stop

messages. The termination cause is conveyed as a code value in the attribute. *RFC 2866, RADIUS Accounting*, defines the standard mapping between 18 code values and termination causes.

Junos OS defines a set of internal termination cause codes that are mapped to the RFC-defined code values. When a subscriber or service session is terminated, the router logs a message for the internal termination cause and logs another message for the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute. You can use the logged information to help monitor and troubleshoot terminated sessions.

Table 32 on page 221 lists the default mapping between the internal identifier for AAA termination causes and the code values that represent them in the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute (49).



NOTE: You can remap the internal identifiers to a custom code value in the range 1 through 4,294,967,295 by using the `terminate-code` statement at the `[edit access]` hierarchy level. You can view the current mapping by issuing the `show network-access terminate-code aaa detail` command.

Table 32: Default Mapping Between AAA Termination Causes and Code Values

| Internal AAA Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| deny-authentication-denied | 17 | Subscriber access denied due to authentication failure. |
| deny-no-resources | 10 | Subscriber access denied for reasons such as no RADIUS server exists. |
| deny-server-request-timeout | 17 | Subscriber access denied because the BNG retried the Access-Request to the authentication server for the configured number of retries without receiving a response. |
| service-shutdown-network-logout | 6 | Service session termination initiated by deactivation of a family (network), typically triggered by termination of the corresponding Layer 3 access protocol. |
| service-shutdown-remote-reset | 10 | Service session termination initiated by an external authority, such as a CoA service deactivation. |

Table 32: Default Mapping Between AAA Termination Causes and Code Values (*continued*)

| Internal AAA Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|------------------------------------|---|--|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| service-shutdown-subscriber-logout | Inherited from the parent subscriber session. | Overrides the default value. This code is displayed only when you map it to a custom value. |
| service-shutdown-time-limit | 5 | Service session termination initiated because the service time limit was reached. |
| service-shutdown-volume-limit | 10 | Service session termination initiated because the service traffic volume limit was reached. |
| shutdown-administrative-reset | 6 | Admin Reset |
| shutdown-idle-timeout | 4 | Idle Timeout |
| shutdown-remote-reset | 10 | NAS Request |
| shutdown-session-timeout | 5 | Session Timeout |

Related Documentation

- [Understanding Session Termination Causes and RADIUS Termination Cause Codes on page 217](#)
- [Mapping Session Termination Causes to Custom Termination Cause Codes on page 219](#)

DHCP Termination Causes and Code Values

When a DHCP event terminates a subscriber session, causing a RADIUS Acct-Stop message to be issued, the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute (49) reports the cause or reason for the termination. This attribute is included only in RADIUS Acct-Stop messages. The termination cause is conveyed as a code value in the attribute. *RFC 2866, RADIUS Accounting*, defines the standard mapping between 18 code values and termination causes.

Junos OS defines a set of internal termination cause codes that are mapped to the RFC-defined code values. When a subscriber session is terminated, the router logs a message for the internal termination cause and logs another message for the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute. You can use the logged information to help monitor and troubleshoot terminated sessions.

Table 33 on page 223 lists the default mapping between the internal identifier for DHCP termination causes and the code values that represent them in the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute (49).



NOTE: You can remap the internal identifiers to a custom code value in the range 1 through 4,294,967,295 by using the `terminate-code` statement at the [edit access] hierarchy level. You can view the current mapping by issuing the `show network-access terminate-code dhcp detail` command.

Table 33: Default Mapping Between DHCP Termination Causes and Code Values

| Internal DHCP Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| client request | 1 | User Request |
| lost-carrier | 2 | Lost Carrier |
| nak | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| nas logout | 10 | NAS Request |
| no offers | 4 | Idle Timeout |

Related Documentation

- [Understanding Session Termination Causes and RADIUS Termination Cause Codes on page 217](#)
- [Mapping Session Termination Causes to Custom Termination Cause Codes on page 219](#)

L2TP Termination Causes and Code Values

When an L2TP event terminates a subscriber session, causing a RADIUS Acct-Stop message to be issued, the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute (49) reports the cause or reason for the termination. This attribute is included only in RADIUS Acct-Stop messages. The termination cause is conveyed as a code value in the attribute. *RFC 2866, RADIUS Accounting*, defines the standard mapping between 18 code values and termination causes.

Junos OS defines a set of internal termination cause codes that are mapped to the RFC-defined code values. When a subscriber session is terminated, the router logs a message for the internal termination cause and logs another message for the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute. You can use the logged information to help monitor and troubleshoot terminated sessions.

Table 34 on page 224 lists the default mapping between the internal identifier for L2TP termination causes and the code values that represent them in the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute (49).



NOTE: You can remap the internal identifiers to a custom code value in the range 1 through 4,294,967,295 by using the `terminate-code` statement at the [edit access] hierarchy level. You can view the current mapping by issuing the `show network-access terminate-code l2tp detail` command.

Table 34: Default Mapping Between L2TP Termination Causes and Code Values

| Internal L2TP Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| issu in progress | 9 | NAS Error |
| session access interface down | 8 | Port Error |
| session admin close | 6 | Admin Reset |
| session admin drain | 6 | Admin Reset |
| session call down | 10 | NAS Request |
| session call failed | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| session create failed limit reached | 9 | NAS Error |
| session create failed no resources | 9 | NAS Error |
| session create failed single shot tunnel already fired | 9 | NAS Error |
| session create failed too busy | 9 | NAS Error |
| session failover protocol resync disconnect | 6 | Admin Reset |
| session hardware unavailable | 8 | Port Error |
| session no resources server port | 9 | NAS Error |
| session not ready | 9 | NAS Error |
| session rx cdn | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx cdn avp bad hidden | 10 | NAS Request |

Table 34: Default Mapping Between L2TP Termination Causes and Code Values (*continued*)

| Internal L2TP Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| session rx cdn avp bad value assigned session id | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx cdn avp duplicate value assigned session id | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx cdn avp malformed bad length | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx cdn avp malformed truncated | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx cdn avp missing mandatory assigned session id | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx cdn avp missing mandatory result code | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx cdn avp missing random vector | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx cdn avp missing secret | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx cdn avp unknown | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx cdn no resources | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx iccn avp bad hidden | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx iccn avp bad value framing type | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx iccn avp bad value proxy authen type | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx iccn avp bad value unsupported proxy authen type | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx iccn avp malformed bad length | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx iccn avp malformed truncated | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx iccn avp missing mandatory connect speed | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx iccn avp missing mandatory framing type | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx iccn avp missing mandatory proxy authen challenge | 10 | NAS Request |

Table 34: Default Mapping Between L2TP Termination Causes and Code Values (*continued*)

| Internal L2TP Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| session rx iccn avp missing mandatory proxy authen id | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx iccn avp missing mandatory proxy authen name | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx iccn avp missing mandatory proxy authen response | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx iccn avp missing random vector | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx iccn avp missing secret | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx iccn avp unknown | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx iccn no resources | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx iccn unexpected | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx icrp avp bad hidden | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx icrp avp bad value assigned session id | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx icrp avp duplicate value assigned session id | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx icrp avp malformed bad length | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx icrp avp malformed truncated | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx icrp avp missing mandatory assigned session id | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx icrp avp missing random vector | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx icrp avp missing secret | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx icrp avp unknown | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx icrp no resources | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx icrp unexpected | 10 | NAS Request |

Table 34: Default Mapping Between L2TP Termination Causes and Code Values (*continued*)

| Internal L2TP Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| session rx icrq admin close | 6 | Admin Reset |
| session rx icrq authenticate failed host | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx icrq avp bad hidden | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx icrq avp bad value assigned session id | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx icrq avp bad value bearer type | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx icrq avp bad value cisco nas port | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx icrq avp duplicate value assigned session id | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx icrq avp malformed bad length | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx icrq avp malformed truncated | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx icrq avp missing mandatory assigned session id | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx icrq avp missing mandatory call serial number | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx icrq avp missing random vector | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx icrq avp missing secret | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx icrq avp unknown | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx icrq no resources | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx icrq unexpected | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx occn avp bad hidden | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx occn avp bad value framing type | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx occn avp malformed bad length | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx occn avp malformed truncated | 10 | NAS Request |

Table 34: Default Mapping Between L2TP Termination Causes and Code Values (*continued*)

| Internal L2TP Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| session rx occn avp missing mandatory connect speed | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx occn avp missing mandatory framing type | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx occn avp missing random vector | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx occn avp missing secret | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx occn avp unknown | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx occn no resources | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx occn unexpected | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrp avp bad hidden | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrp avp bad value assigned session id | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrp avp duplicate value assigned session id | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrp avp malformed bad length | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrp avp malformed truncated | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrp avp missing mandatory assigned session id | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrp avp missing random vector | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrp avp missing secret | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrp avp unknown | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrp no resources | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrp unexpected | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrq admin close | 10 | Admin Reset |
| session rx ocrq authenticate failed host | 10 | NAS Request |

Table 34: Default Mapping Between L2TP Termination Causes and Code Values (*continued*)

| Internal L2TP Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| session rx ocrq avp bad hidden | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrq avp bad value assigned session id | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrq avp bad value bearer type | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrq avp bad value framing type | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrq avp duplicate value assigned session id | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrq avp malformed bad length | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrq avp malformed truncated | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrq avp missing mandatory assigned session id | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrq avp missing mandatory bearer type | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrq avp missing mandatory call serial number | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrq avp missing mandatory called number | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrq avp missing mandatory framing type | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrq avp missing mandatory maximum bps | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrq avp missing mandatory minimum bps | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrq avp missing random vector | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrq avp missing secret | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrq avp unknown | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrq no resources | 10 | NAS Request |

Table 34: Default Mapping Between L2TP Termination Causes and Code Values (*continued*)

| Internal L2TP Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| session rx ocrq unexpected | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx ocrq unsupported | 9 | NAS Error |
| session rx sli avp bad hidden | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx sli avp bad value accm | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx sli avp malformed bad length | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx sli avp malformed truncated | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx sli avp missing mandatory accm | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx sli avp missing random vector | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx sli avp missing secret | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx sli avp unknown | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx sli no resources | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx unexpected packet lac incoming | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx unexpected packet lac outgoing | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx unexpected packet lns incoming | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx unexpected packet lns outgoing | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx unknown session id | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx wen avp bad hidden | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx wen avp malformed bad length | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx wen avp malformed truncated | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx wen avp missing mandatory call errors | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx wen avp missing random vector | 10 | NAS Request |

Table 34: Default Mapping Between L2TP Termination Causes and Code Values (*continued*)

| Internal L2TP Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| session rx wen avp missing secret | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx wen avp unknown | 10 | NAS Request |
| session rx wen no resources | 10 | NAS Request |
| session timeout connection | 10 | NAS Request |
| session timeout inactivity | 4 | idle timeout |
| session timeout session | 5 | session timeout |
| session timeout upper create | 9 | NAS Error |
| session transmit speed unavailable | 9 | NAS error |
| session tunnel down | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| session tunnel failed | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| session tunnel switch profile deleted | 6 | Admin Reset |
| session tunneled interface down | 8 | Port Error |
| session unknown cause | 9 | NAS Error |
| session upper create failed | 9 | NAS Error |
| session upper removed | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| session warmstart not operational | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| session warmstart recovery error | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| session warmstart upper not restacked | 10 | NAS request |
| tunnel admin close | 6 | Admin Reset |
| tunnel admin drain | 6 | Admin Reset |
| tunnel control channel failed | 15 | Service Unavailable |

Table 34: Default Mapping Between L2TP Termination Causes and Code Values (*continued*)

| Internal L2TP Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| tunnel created no sessions | 1 | User Request |
| tunnel destination address changed | 6 | Admin Reset |
| tunnel destination down | 10 | NAS Request |
| tunnel failover protocol no resources for recovery tunnel | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel failover protocol no resources for session resync | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel failover protocol not supported | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel failover protocol not supported by peer | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel failover protocol recovery control channel failed | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel failover protocol recovery tunnel failed | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel failover protocol recovery tunnel finished | 1 | User Request |
| tunnel failover protocol recovery tunnel primary down | 1 | User Request |
| tunnel failover protocol session resync failed | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel host profile changed | 6 | Admin Reset |
| tunnel host profile deleted | 6 | Admin Reset |
| tunnel rx scccn authenticate failed challenge | 17 | User Error |
| tunnel rx scccn avp bad hidden | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx scccn avp bad value challenge response | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx scccn avp malformed bad length | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx scccn avp malformed truncated | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx scccn avp missing challenge response | 17 | User Error |

Table 34: Default Mapping Between L2TP Termination Causes and Code Values (*continued*)

| Internal L2TP Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| tunnel rx scccn avp missing random vector | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx scccn avp missing secret | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx scccn avp unexpected challenge response | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx scccn avp unknown | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx scccn no resources | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx scccn session id not null | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx scccn unexpected | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrp authenticate failed challenge | 17 | User Error |
| tunnel rx sccrp authenticate failed host | 17 | User Error |
| tunnel rx sccrp avp bad hidden | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrp avp bad value assigned tunnel id | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrp avp bad value bearer capabilities | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrp avp bad value challenge | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrp avp bad value challenge response | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrp avp bad value failover capability | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrp avp bad value framing capabilities | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrp avp bad value protocol version | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrp avp bad value receive window size | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrp avp duplicate value assigned tunnel id | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrp avp malformed bad length | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrp avp malformed truncated | 15 | Service Unavailable |

Table 34: Default Mapping Between L2TP Termination Causes and Code Values (*continued*)

| Internal L2TP Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| tunnel rx sccrp avp missing challenge response | 17 | User Error |
| tunnel rx sccrp avp missing mandatory assigned tunnel id | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrp avp missing mandatory framing capabilities | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrp avp missing mandatory host name | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrp avp missing mandatory protocol version | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrp avp missing random vector | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrp avp missing secret | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrp avp unexpected challenge response | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrp avp unexpected challenge without secret | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrp avp unknown | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrp no resources | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrp session id not null | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrp unexpected | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrq admin close | 6 | Admin Reset |
| tunnel rx sccrq authenticate failed host | 17 | User Error |
| tunnel rx sccrq avp bad hidden | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrq avp bad value assigned tunnel id | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrq avp bad value bearer capabilities | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrq avp bad value challenge | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrq avp bad value failover capability | 15 | Service Unavailable |

Table 34: Default Mapping Between L2TP Termination Causes and Code Values (*continued*)

| Internal L2TP Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| tunnel rx sccrq avp bad value framing capabilities | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrq avp bad value protocol version | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrq avp bad value receive window size | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrq avp duplicate value assigned tunnel id | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrq avp malformed bad length | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrq avp malformed truncated | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrq avp missing mandatory assigned tunnel id | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrq avp missing mandatory framing capabilities | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrq avp missing mandatory host name | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrq avp missing mandatory protocol version | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrq avp missing random vector | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrq avp missing secret | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrq avp unexpected challenge without secret | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrq avp unknown | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrq bad address | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrq no resources | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrq no resources max tunnels | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrq session id not null | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx sccrq unexpected | 15 | Service Unavailable |

Table 34: Default Mapping Between L2TP Termination Causes and Code Values (*continued*)

| Internal L2TP Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| tunnel rx stopccn | 1 | User Request |
| tunnel rx stopccn avp bad hidden | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx stopccn avp bad value assigned tunnel id | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx stopccn avp duplicate value assigned tunnel id | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx stopccn avp malformed bad length | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx stopccn avp malformed truncated | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx stopccn avp missing mandatory assigned tunnel id | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx stopccn avp missing mandatory result code | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx stopccn avp missing random vector | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx stopccn avp missing secret | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx stopccn avp unknown | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx stopccn no resources | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx stopccn session id not null | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx frs avp malformed truncated | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx frs avp missing mandatory failover session state | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx frs avp missing random vector | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx frs avp missing secret | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx frs avp unknown | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx frs no resources | 15 | Service Unavailable |

Table 34: Default Mapping Between L2TP Termination Causes and Code Values (*continued*)

| Internal L2TP Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| tunnel rx frs session id not null | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx fsq avp bad hidden | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx fsq avp malformed bad length | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx fsq avp malformed truncated | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx fsq avp missing mandatory failover session state | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx fsq avp missing random vector | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx fsq avp missing secret | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx fsq avp unknown | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx fsq no resources | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx fsq session id not null | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx fsr avp bad hidden | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx fsr avp malformed bad length | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx unexpected packet | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx unexpected packet for session | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx unknown packet message type indecipherable | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx unknown packet message type unrecognized | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccn authenticate failed challenge | 17 | User Error |
| tunnel rx recovery sccn avp bad hidden | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccn avp bad value challenge response | 15 | Service Unavailable |

Table 34: Default Mapping Between L2TP Termination Causes and Code Values (*continued*)

| Internal L2TP Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| tunnel rx recovery sccn avp malformed bad length | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccn avp malformed truncated | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccn avp missing challenge response | 17 | User Error |
| tunnel rx recovery sccn avp missing random vector | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccn avp missing secret | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccn avp unexpected challenge response | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccn avp unknown | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccn no resources | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccn session id not null | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrp authenticate failed challenge | 17 | User Error |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp bad hidden | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp bad value assigned tunnel id | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp bad value bearer capabilities | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp bad value challenge | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp bad value challenge response | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp bad value framing capabilities | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp bad value protocol version | 15 | Service Unavailable |

Table 34: Default Mapping Between L2TP Termination Causes and Code Values (*continued*)

| Internal L2TP Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp bad value receive window size | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp bad value suggested control sequence | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp duplicate value assigned tunnel id | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp malformed bad length | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp malformed truncated | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp mismatched host name | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp mismatched vendor name | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp missing challenge response | 17 | User Error |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp missing mandatory assigned tunnel id | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp missing mandatory framing capabilities | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp missing mandatory host name | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp missing mandatory protocol version | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp missing random vector | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp missing secret | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp unexpected challenge response | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp unexpected challenge without secret | 15 | Service Unavailable |

Table 34: Default Mapping Between L2TP Termination Causes and Code Values (*continued*)

| Internal L2TP Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrp avp unknown | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrp no resources | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrp session id not null | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrq admin close | 6 | Admin Reset |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp bad hidden | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp bad value assigned tunnel id | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp bad value bearer capabilities | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp bad value challenge | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp bad value framing capabilities | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp bad value protocol version | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp bad value receive window size | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp bad value tunnel recovery | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp duplicate value assigned tunnel id | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp duplicate value tie breaker | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp malformed bad length | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp malformed truncated | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp mismatched host name | 15 | Service Unavailable |

Table 34: Default Mapping Between L2TP Termination Causes and Code Values (*continued*)

| Internal L2TP Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp mismatched vendor name | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp missing mandatory assigned tunnel id | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp missing mandatory framing capabilities | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp missing mandatory host name | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp missing mandatory protocol version | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp missing mandatory tunnel recovery | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp missing random vector | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp missing secret | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp missing tie breaker | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp unexpected challenge without secret | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrq avp unknown | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrq no resources | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrq session id not null | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery sccrq tunnel id not null | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery stopccn avp bad hidden | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery stopccn avp bad value assigned tunnel id | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery stopccn avp duplicate value assigned tunnel id | 15 | Service Unavailable |

Table 34: Default Mapping Between L2TP Termination Causes and Code Values (*continued*)

| Internal L2TP Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| tunnel rx recovery stopccn avp malformed bad length | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery stopccn avp malformed truncated | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery stopccn avp missing mandatory assigned tunnel id | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery stopccn avp missing mandatory result code | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery stopccn avp missing random vector | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery stopccn avp missing secret | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery stopccn avp unknown | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery stopccn no resources | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery stopccn session id not null | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery unexpected packet | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery unknown packet message type indecipherable | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx recovery unknown packet message type unrecognized | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx session packet null sid invalid | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel rx session packet null sid without assigned session id | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel timeout connection | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel timeout connection recovery tunnel | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel timeout idle | 1 | User Request |
| tunnel unknown cause | 9 | NAS Error |

Table 34: Default Mapping Between L2TP Termination Causes and Code Values (*continued*)

| Internal L2TP Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| tunnel warmstart not operational | 15 | Service Unavailable |
| tunnel warmstart recovery error | 15 | Service Unavailable |

Related Documentation

- [Understanding Session Termination Causes and RADIUS Termination Cause Codes on page 217](#)
- [Mapping Session Termination Causes to Custom Termination Cause Codes on page 219](#)

PPP Termination Causes and Code Values

When a PPP event terminates a subscriber session, causing a RADIUS Acct-Stop message to be issued, the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute (49) reports the cause or reason for the termination. This attribute is included only in RADIUS Acct-Stop messages. The termination cause is conveyed as a code value in the attribute. *RFC 2866, RADIUS Accounting*, defines the standard mapping between 18 termination causes and code values.

Junos OS defines a set of internal termination cause codes that are mapped to the RFC-defined code values. When a subscriber session is terminated, the router logs a message for the internal termination cause and logs another message for the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute. You can use the logged information to help monitor and troubleshoot terminated sessions.

Table 35 on page 244 lists the default mapping between the internal identifier for PPP termination causes and the code values that represent them in the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute (49).



NOTE: You can remap the internal identifiers to a custom code value in the range 1 through 4,294,967,295 by using the `terminate-code` statement at the `[edit access]` hierarchy level. You can view the current mapping by issuing the `show network-access terminate-code ppp detail` command.

Table 35 on page 244 lists the default PPP terminate mappings. The table indicates the supported PPP terminate reasons and the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attributes they are mapped to by default.

Table 35: Default Mapping Between PPP Termination Causes and Code Values

| Internal PPP Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| admin logout | 10 | NAS Request |
| authenticate authenticator timeout | 17 | User Error |
| authenticate challenge timeout | 10 | NAS Request |
| authenticate chap no resources | 10 | NAS Request |
| authenticate chap peer authenticator timeout | 17 | User Error |
| authenticate deny by peer | 17 | User Error |
| authenticate inactivity timeout | 4 | Idle Timeout |
| authenticate max requests | 10 | NAS Request |
| authenticate no authenticator | 10 | NAS Request |
| authenticate pap peer authenticator timeout | 17 | User Error |
| authenticate pap request timeout | 10 | NAS Request |
| authenticate Session Timeout | 5 | Session Timeout |
| authenticate too many requests | 10 | NAS Request |
| authenticate tunnel fail immediate | 10 | NAS Request |
| authenticate tunnel unsupported tunnel type | 10 | NAS Request |
| bundle fail create | 10 | NAS Request |
| bundle fail engine add | 10 | NAS Request |
| bundle fail fragment size mismatch | 10 | NAS Request |
| bundle fail fragmentation location | 10 | NAS Request |
| bundle fail fragmentation mismatch | 10 | NAS Request |
| bundle fail join | 10 | NAS Request |

Table 35: Default Mapping Between PPP Termination Causes and Code Values (*continued*)

| Internal PPP Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| bundle fail link selection mismatch | 10 | NAS Request |
| bundle fail local mped not set yet | 10 | NAS Request |
| bundle fail local mrru mismatch | 10 | NAS Request |
| bundle fail local mru mismatch | 10 | NAS Request |
| bundle fail peer mrru mismatch | 10 | NAS Request |
| bundle fail reassembly location | 10 | NAS Request |
| bundle fail reassembly mismatch | 10 | NAS Request |
| bundle fail record network | 10 | NAS Request |
| bundle fail server location mismatch | 10 | NAS Request |
| bundle fail static link | 10 | NAS Request |
| failover during authentication | 6 | Admin Reset |
| interface admin disable | 6 | Admin Reset |
| interface down | 2 | Lost Carrier |
| interface no hardware | 8 | Port Error |
| ip admin disable | 10 | NAS Request |
| ip inhibited by authentication | 10 | NAS Request |
| ip link down | 10 | NAS Request |
| ip max configure exceeded | 10 | NAS Request |
| ip no local ip address | 10 | NAS Request |
| ip no local ip address mask | 10 | NAS Request |
| ip no local primary dns address | 10 | NAS Request |

Table 35: Default Mapping Between PPP Termination Causes and Code Values (*continued*)

| Internal PPP Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| ip no local primary nbns address | 10 | NAS Request |
| ip no local secondary dns address | 10 | NAS Request |
| ip no local secondary nbns address | 10 | NAS Request |
| ip no peer ip address | 10 | NAS Request |
| ip no peer ip address mask | 10 | NAS Request |
| ip no peer primary dns address | 10 | NAS Request |
| ip no peer primary nbns address | 10 | NAS Request |
| ip no peer secondary dns address | 10 | NAS Request |
| ip no peer secondary nbns address | 10 | NAS Request |
| ip no service | 10 | NAS Request |
| ip peer renegotiate rx conf ack | 10 | NAS Request |
| ip peer renegotiate rx conf nak | 10 | NAS Request |
| ip peer renegotiate rx conf rej | 10 | NAS Request |
| ip peer renegotiate rx conf req | 10 | NAS Request |
| ip peer terminate term ack | 10 | NAS Request |
| ip peer terminate code rej | 10 | NAS Request |
| ip peer terminate term req | 10 | NAS Request |
| ip service disable | 10 | NAS Request |
| ip stale stacking | 10 | NAS Request |
| ipv6 admin disable | 10 | NAS Request |
| ipv6 inhibited by authentication | 10 | NAS Request |

Table 35: Default Mapping Between PPP Termination Causes and Code Values (*continued*)

| Internal PPP Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| ipv6 link down | 10 | NAS Request |
| ipv6 local and peer interface ids identical | 10 | NAS Request |
| ipv6 max configure exceeded | 10 | NAS Request |
| ipv6 no local ipv6 interface id | 10 | NAS Request |
| ipv6 no peer ipv6 interface id | 10 | NAS Request |
| ipv6 no service | 10 | NAS Request |
| ipv6 peer renegotiate rx conf ack | 10 | NAS Request |
| ipv6 peer renegotiate rx conf nak | 10 | NAS Request |
| ipv6 peer renegotiate rx conf rej | 10 | NAS Request |
| ipv6 peer renegotiate rx conf req | 10 | NAS Request |
| ipv6 peer terminate code rej | 10 | NAS Request |
| ipv6 peer terminate term ack | 10 | NAS Request |
| ipv6 peer terminate term req | 10 | NAS Request |
| ipv6 service disable | 10 | NAS Request |
| ipv6 stale stacking | 10 | NAS Request |
| lcp authenticate terminate hold | 10 | NAS Request |
| lcp configured mrru too small | 10 | NAS Request |
| lcp configured mru invalid | 10 | NAS Request |
| lcp configured mru too small | 10 | NAS Request |
| lcp dynamic interface hold | 10 | NAS Request |
| lcp keepalive failure | 10 | NAS Request |

Table 35: Default Mapping Between PPP Termination Causes and Code Values (*continued*)

| Internal PPP Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| lcp loopback rx conf req | 10 | NAS Request |
| lcp loopback rx echo reply | 10 | NAS Request |
| lcp loopback rx echo req | 10 | NAS Request |
| lcp max configure exceeded | 10 | NAS Request |
| lcp mru changed | 10 | NAS Request |
| lcp negotiation timeout | 10 | NAS Request |
| lcp no localacm | 10 | NAS Request |
| lcp no localacfc | 10 | NAS Request |
| lcp no local authentication | 10 | NAS Request |
| lcp no local endpoint discriminator | 10 | NAS Request |
| lcp no local magic number | 10 | NAS Request |
| lcp no local mrru | 10 | NAS Request |
| lcp no local mru | 10 | NAS Request |
| lcp no localpfc | 10 | NAS Request |
| lcp no peer accm | 10 | NAS Request |
| lcp no peer authentication | 10 | NAS Request |
| lcp no peer endpoint discriminator | 10 | NAS Request |
| lcp no peer magicnumber | 10 | NAS Request |
| lcp no peer mrru | 10 | NAS Request |
| lcp no peer mru | 10 | NAS Request |
| lcp no peer pfc | 10 | NAS Request |

Table 35: Default Mapping Between PPP Termination Causes and Code Values (*continued*)

| Internal PPP Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| lcp peer terminate code rej | 1 | User Request |
| lcp peer terminate term ack | 1 | User Request |
| lcp peer terminate term req | 1 | User Request |
| lcp peer terminate protocol reject | 1 | User Request |
| lcp peer renegotiate rx conf ack | 1 | User Request |
| lcp peer renegotiate rx conf nak | 1 | User Request |
| lcp peer renegotiate rx conf rej | 1 | User Request |
| lcp peer renegotiate rx conf req | 1 | User Request |
| lcp tunnel disconnected | 10 | NAS Request |
| lcp tunnel failed | 10 | NAS Request |
| link interface no hardware | 8 | Port Error |
| lower interface attach failed | 2 | Lost Carrier |
| lower interface teardown | 2 | Lost Carrier |
| mpls admin disable | 10 | NAS Request |
| mpls link down | 10 | NAS Request |
| mpls max configure exceeded | 10 | NAS Request |
| mpls no service | 10 | NAS Request |
| mpls peer renegotiate rx conf ack | 10 | NAS Request |
| mpls peer renegotiate rx conf nak | 10 | NAS Request |
| mpls peer renegotiate rx conf rej | 10 | NAS Request |
| mpls peer renegotiate rx conf req | 10 | NAS Request |

Table 35: Default Mapping Between PPP Termination Causes and Code Values (*continued*)

| Internal PPP Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| mpls peer terminate code rej | 10 | NAS Request |
| mpls peer terminate term ack | 10 | NAS Request |
| mpls peer terminate term req | 10 | NAS Request |
| mpls service disable | 10 | NAS Request |
| mpls stale stacking | 10 | NAS Request |
| network interface admin disable | 6 | Admin Reset |
| no bundle | 10 | NAS Request |
| no interface | 8 | Port Error |
| no link interface | 8 | Port Error |
| no ncps available | 10 | NAS Request |
| no network interface | 10 | NAS Request |
| no upper interface | 9 | NAS Error |
| osi admin disable | 10 | NAS Request |
| osi link down | 10 | NAS Request |
| osi max configure exceeded | 10 | NAS Request |
| osi no local align npdu | 10 | NAS Request |
| osi no peer align npdu | 10 | NAS Request |
| osi no service | 10 | NAS Request |
| osi peer renegotiate rx conf ack | 10 | NAS Request |
| osi peer renegotiate rx conf nak | 10 | NAS Request |
| osi peer renegotiate rx conf rej | 10 | NAS Request |

Table 35: Default Mapping Between PPP Termination Causes and Code Values (*continued*)

| Internal PPP Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| osi peer renegotiate rx conf req | 10 | NAS Request |
| osi peer terminate code rej | 10 | NAS Request |
| osi peer terminate term ack | 10 | NAS Request |
| osi peer terminate term req | 10 | NAS Request |
| osi service disable | 10 | NAS Request |
| osi stale stacking | 10 | NAS Request |
| recovery active state cleanup | 9 | NAS Error |
| recovery configured state cleanup | 9 | NAS Error |
| recovery init state cleanup | 9 | NAS Error |
| recovery terminated state cleanup | 9 | NAS Error |
| recovery terminating state cleanup | 9 | NAS Error |
| session init failed | 9 | NAS Error |
| subscriber mgr activation failed | 9 | NAS Error |
| subscriber mgr get credentials failed | 9 | NAS Error |
| subscriber mgr link interface not found | 9 | NAS Error |
| subscriber mgr set state active failed | 9 | NAS Error |

Related Documentation

- [Understanding Session Termination Causes and RADIUS Termination Cause Codes on page 217](#)
- [Mapping Session Termination Causes to Custom Termination Cause Codes on page 219](#)

VLAN Termination Causes and Code Values

When a VLAN event terminates a subscriber session, causing a RADIUS Acct-Stop message to be issued, the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute (49) reports the

cause or reason for the termination. This attribute is included only in RADIUS Acct-Stop messages. The termination cause is conveyed as a code value in the attribute. *RFC 2866, RADIUS Accounting*, define the standard mapping between 18 code values and termination causes.

Junos OS defines a set of internal termination cause codes that are mapped to the RFC-defined code values. When a subscriber session is terminated, the router logs a message for the internal termination cause and logs another message for the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute. You can use the logged information to help monitor and troubleshoot terminated sessions.

Table 36 on page 252 lists the default mapping between the internal identifier for VLAN termination causes and the code values that represent them in the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute (49).



NOTE: You can remap the internal identifiers to a custom code value in the range 1 through 4,294,967,295 by using the `terminate-code` statement at the [edit access] hierarchy level. You can view the current mapping by issuing the `show network-access terminate-code vlan detail` command.

Table 36: Default Mapping Between VLAN Termination Causes and Code Values

| Internal VLAN Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| vlan admin-logout | 6 | VLAN session termination initiated by the subscriber being administratively logged out. |
| vlan admin-reconnect | 16 | VLAN session termination initiated by the subscriber being administratively reconnected. |
| vlan other | 9 | VLAN session termination initiated by an otherwise undefined cause. |
| vlan out-of-band-access-interface-down | 2 | VLAN out-of-band session termination initiated by the access-facing interface going down. |
| vlan out-of-band-admin-access-interface-down | 6 | VLAN out-of-band session termination initiated by the access-facing interface being brought down administratively. |

Table 36: Default Mapping Between VLAN Termination Causes and Code Values (*continued*)

| Internal VLAN Termination Cause | RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause Attribute | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| | Code Value | RADIUS Termination Cause |
| vlan out-of-band-admin-core-interface-down | 6 | VLAN out-of-band session termination initiated by the core-facing interface being brought down administratively. |
| vlan out-of-band-ancp-port-down | 1 | VLAN out-of-band session termination initiated by the receipt of an ANCP Port Down message. |
| vlan out-of-band-ancp-port-vlan-id-change | 1 | VLAN out-of-band session termination initiated by a change in the port VLAN ID, which is treated as a logical Port Down message. |
| vlan out-of-band-core-interface-down | 2 | VLAN out-of-band session termination initiated by the core-facing interface going down. |
| vlan out-of-band-l2-wholesale-no-free-vlans | 15 | VLAN out-of-band session termination initiated by the lack of any remaining available VLAN IDs. |
| vlan profile-request-error | 9 | VLAN session termination initiated by an error when requesting the dynamic profile associated with the VLAN range. |
| vlan sdb-error | 9 | VLAN session termination initiated by an error in the session database. |
| vlan subscriber-activate-error | 9 | VLAN session termination initiated by an error while attempting to activate the subscriber services for the session. |

Related Documentation

- [Understanding Session Termination Causes and RADIUS Termination Cause Codes on page 217](#)
- [Mapping Session Termination Causes to Custom Termination Cause Codes on page 219](#)

Configuring Extensible Subscriber Services Manager

- [Extensible Subscriber Services Manager Overview on page 255](#)
- [Understanding the Dictionary File on page 256](#)

Extensible Subscriber Services Manager Overview

Extensible Subscriber Services Manager (ESSM) is a background process that is part of the Intelligent Customer Extendable authentication, authorization, and accounting (ICE-AAA) framework, which supports customer extensible services for both business and residential subscribers. Services are classified as residential or business on the basis of the value specified for the RADIUS VSA (26-173) **ERX-Service-Activate-Type** that is received in the Access-Accept message.

Extensible Subscriber Services Manager uses the ICE-AAA framework, which comprises a dictionary, operation scripts, and RADIUS vendor-specific attributes (VSAs), to create business services for subscribers without modifying Junos OS. Extensible Subscriber Services Manager supports only the **ERX-Activate** service type.

Using the Extensible Subscriber Services Manager, you can create business services using the following sources:

- The dictionary that refers to or invokes the operation scripts.
- The operation scripts that you use to create subscriber-specific configuration
- The VSAs that the RADIUS server sends that contain configuration values for provisioning services

Related Documentation

- [Understanding the Dictionary File on page 256](#)
- [show subscribers on page 1980](#)
- [show subscribers summary on page 2010](#)
- *Configuring Flat-File Accounting for Extensible Subscriber Services Management*

Understanding the Dictionary File

The XML-based dictionary specifies the action to be taken by ESSMD when it receives a service request. The dictionary contains provisioning, deprovisioning, and operation scripts. ESSMD parses the dictionary file during initialization and stores the parsed information in the database. Extensible Subscriber Services Manager acts on the extensible-subscriber-service requests on the basis of the services configured in the dictionary file.

During a commit operation, essmd verifies the path and the filename of the dictionary file. If the path or the filename is invalid, the commit operation fails and the error is logged in a system log message. Restarting the daemon or performing a graceful Routing Engine switchover (GRES) operation forces essmd to use the new dictionary. Ensure that you always configure a valid dictionary for essmd.

When loading the dictionary file after a successful commit operation, essmd validates whether:

- There are errors in parsing the dictionary file.
- The operation scripts specified in the dictionary file are available on the router.
- Any active services are modified.

If the validation fails, an error is logged in a system log message, and essmd continues to use the existing version of the dictionary file. Use the [request services extensible-subscriber-services reload-dictionary](#) command to reload the dictionary file after resolving the errors.

Related Documentation

- [dictionary on page 1135](#)
- [show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary on page 1864](#)
- [show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary attributes on page 1868](#)
- [show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary services on page 1871](#)

Monitoring and Managing AAA Information for Subscriber Access

- [Verifying and Managing Subscriber AAA Information on page 257](#)
- [Monitoring Pending RADIUS Accounting Stop Messages on page 258](#)
- [Verifying and Managing the RADIUS Dynamic-Request Feature on page 259](#)
- [Verifying and Managing Domain Map Configuration on page 260](#)
- [Verifying and Managing LLID Preauthentication Configuration on page 260](#)

Verifying and Managing Subscriber AAA Information

Purpose View or clear subscriber access statistics and information.

Action • To display subscriber AAA statistics:

user@host> **show network-access aaa statistics**

user@host> **show network-access aaa statistics authentication**

• To display RADIUS server status and information:

user@host> **show network-access aaa radius-servers**

• To display subscriber access AAA information:

user@host> **show network-access aaa subscribers**

• To display subscriber session information:

user@host> **show network-access aaa subscribers session-id session-id**

• To clear subscriber access statistics and to log out specific subscribers:

user@host> **clear network-access aaa subscriber**

You can specify the subscriber with the **username *username*** option or the **session-id *identifier*** option. In either case, specify **reconnect** to attempt to reconnect the subscriber session after it is completely logged out.

• To clear AAA accounting statistics:

user@host> **clear network-access aaa statistics accounting**

• To clear AAA address-assignment statistics for a client:

```
user@host> clear network-access aaa statistics address-assignment client
```

- To clear AAA address-assignment pool statistics:

```
user@host> clear network-access aaa statistics address-assignment pool pool-name
```

- To clear AAA authentication statistics:

```
user@host> clear network-access aaa statistics authentication
```

Related
Documentation

- [CLI Explorer](#)

Monitoring Pending RADIUS Accounting Stop Messages

Purpose Display information about RADIUS accounting stop messages that are being withheld due to an inability to contact the RADIUS accounting server.

Action When you want to know whether the number of pending accounting-stop messages is nearing the maximum, you can display a simple count of pending requests:

```
user@host> show network-access aaa statistics pending-accounting-stops
Pending accounting stops: 10,000
```

You can use other commands to display more information about the accounting messages. The next example displays information for all services in the accounting session for the user, `vjshah29@example.com`. Although this example shows only one user, this command actually displays the information for all subscribers for whom accounting is being backed up.

```
user@host> show accounting pending-accounting-stops detail
Type: pppoe
Username: vjshah29@example.com
AAA Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Access-profile: ce-ppp-profile
Session ID: 84
Accounting Session ID: 84
IP Address: 192.168.0.25
IPv6 Prefix: 2001:db8:2010:9999:18::/48
Authentication State: AuthAcctStopAckWait
Accounting State: Acc-Stop-Stats-Pending
Service name: cos-service
  Service State: SvcInactive
  Session ID: 94
  Session uptime: 00:08:02
  Accounting status: on/time
  Service accounting session ID: 84:94-1352294677
  Service accounting state: Acc-Stop-Stats-Pending
  Accounting interim interval: 600
Service name: filter-service
  Service State: SvcInactive
  Session ID: 93
  Session uptime: 00:08:02
  Accounting status: on/volume+time
  Service accounting session ID: 84:93-1352294677
```

```

Service accounting state: Acc-Stop-Stats-Pending
Accounting interim interval: 600
Service name: filter-service6
Service State: SvcInactive
Session ID: 95
Session uptime: 00:08:02
Accounting status: on/volume+time
Service accounting session ID: 84:95-1352294677
Service accounting state: Acc-Stop-Stats-Pending
Accounting interim interval: 600

```

You can display summary information for all users with a particular access profile. In the following example, only a single user, `vjshah29@example.com`, has the specified access profile, `ce-ppp-profile`:

`user@host> show accounting pending-accounting-stops ce-ppp-profile`

| Type: | Username: | Session ID: | Service ID: | Service |
|-------|----------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|
| pppoe | vjshah29@example.com | 84 | | |
| pppoe | vjshah29@example.com | 84 | 94 | cos-service |
| pppoe | vjshah29@example.com | 84 | 93 | filter-service |
| pppoe | vjshah29@example.com | 84 | 95 | filter-service6 |

You can also display summary information for all subscribers that have accounting-stop messages pending, regardless of access profile. The next example displays information for two users. Because the subscriber `larry@example.com` is not shown in the previous example, he must have a different access profile than `vjshah29@example.com`, even though he has received the same services.

`user@host> show accounting pending-accounting-stops terse`

| Type: | Username: | Session ID: | Service ID: | Service |
|-------|----------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|
| pppoe | vjshah29@example.com | 84 | | |
| pppoe | vjshah29@example.com | 84 | 94 | cos-service |
| pppoe | vjshah29@example.com | 84 | 93 | filter-service |
| pppoe | vjshah29@example.com | 84 | 95 | filter-service6 |
| pppoe | larry@example.com | 85 | | |
| pppoe | larry@example.com | 85 | 94 | cos-service |
| pppoe | larry@example.com | 85 | 93 | filter-service |
| pppoe | larry@example.com | 85 | 95 | filter-service6 |

- Related Documentation**
- [Preservation of RADIUS Accounting Information During an Accounting Server Outage on page 118](#)
 - [Configuring Back-up Options for RADIUS Accounting on page 127](#)

Verifying and Managing the RADIUS Dynamic-Request Feature

Purpose Display RADIUS dynamic request statistics and information.

Action • To display RADIUS dynamic request statistics:

```
user@host>show network-access aaa statistics dynamic-requests
```

Related Documentation

- [CLI Explorer](#)

Verifying and Managing Domain Map Configuration

Purpose Display information related to a domain map.

- Action**
- To display statistics for the domain map:
user@host> [show network-access domain-map](#)
 - To display domain map information for a specific subscriber session:
user@host> [show network-access aaa subscribers session-id](#)

Related Documentation

- [Domain Mapping Overview on page 190](#)
- [Configuring a Domain Map on page 194](#)

Verifying and Managing LLID Preauthentication Configuration

Purpose Display statistics and configuration information related to logical line identification (LLID) preauthentication.

- Action**
- To display LLID preauthentication statistics:
user@host> [show network-access aaa statistics preauthentication](#)
 - To display information about preauthentication servers:
user@host> [show network-access aaa radius-servers](#)

Related Documentation

- [RADIUS Logical Line Identifier \(LLID\) Overview on page 179](#)
- [Configuring Logical Line Identification \(LLID\) Preauthentication on page 182](#)

PART 2

Configuring DHCP for Subscriber Management

- [Using DHCP Overview on page 263](#)
- [Configuring Default Services That are Activated at Subscriber Login on page 277](#)
- [Assigning IP Addresses on page 279](#)
- [Configuring Lease Times for IP Addresses on page 287](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Individual and Bulk Leasequery on page 295](#)
- [Requesting DHCP Client Configuration Information From an Address Pool on page 307](#)
- [Authenticating DHCP Clients Using An External AAA Authentication Service on page 311](#)
- [Grouping Interfaces and Applying a Common DHCP Configuration to the Group on page 317](#)
- [Configuring the Number of DHCP Clients Per Interface on page 327](#)
- [Maintaining Subscribers During Interface Delete Events on page 331](#)
- [Forcing Dynamic Reconfiguration of Clients From a DHCP Local Server on page 335](#)
- [Conserving IP Addresses Using DHCP Auto Logout on page 343](#)
- [Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 351](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Renegotiation While in Bound State on page 359](#)
- [Attaching Access Profiles to DHCP Interfaces on page 361](#)
- [Applying a Common DHCP Relay Agent Configuration to Groups of DHCP Servers on page 365](#)
- [Changing the Gateway IP Address \(giaddr\) Field and DHCP Relay Request and Release Packet Source Address on page 367](#)
- [Securing DHCP Messages Sent Between DHCP Clients and Servers in Different VRFs on page 369](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Relay Agent on page 375](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Relay Proxy Mode on page 401](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Local Server Authentication on page 403](#)
- [Configuring a Minimum DHCP Local Server Configuration on page 405](#)
- [Protecting the Routing Engine Using DHCP Firewall Filters on page 407](#)
- [Monitoring and Managing DHCP on page 413](#)

CHAPTER 18

Using DHCP Overview

- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264](#)
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)
- [DHCP Relay Proxy Overview on page 273](#)
- [DHCP Attributes Overview on page 274](#)

Extended DHCP Local Server Overview

Junos OS includes an extended DHCP local server that enhances traditional DHCP server operation by providing additional address assignment and client configuration functionality and flexibility in a subscriber-aware environment. The extended DHCP local server enables service providers to take advantage of external address-assignment pools and integrated RADIUS-based configuration capabilities in addition to the continued support of traditional local address pools. The address-assignment pools are considered external because they are external to the DHCP local server. The pools are managed independently of the DHCP local server, and can be shared by different client applications, such as DHCP or PPPoE access. [Table 37 on page 265](#) provides a comparison of the extended DHCP local server and a traditional DHCP local server.

The extended DHCP local server provides an IP address and other configuration information in response to a client request. The server supports the attachment of dynamic profiles and also interacts with the local AAA Service Framework to use back-end authentication servers, such as RADIUS, to provide DHCP client authentication. You can configure the dynamic profile and authentication support on a global basis or for a specific group of interfaces.

Table 37: Comparing the Extended DHCP Local Server to the Traditional DHCP Local Server

| Feature | Extended DHCP Local Server | Traditional DHCP Local Server |
|---|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Local address pools | X | X |
| External, centrally-managed address pools | X | — |
| Local configuration | X | X |
| External configuration using information from address-assignment pools or RADIUS servers | X | — |
| Dynamic-profile attachment | X | — |
| RADIUS-based subscriber authentication, and configuration using RADIUS attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs | X | — |
| IPv6 client support | X | — |
| Default minimum client configuration | X | X |

You can also configure the extended DHCP local server to support IPv6 clients. Both DHCP local server and DHCPv6 local server support the specific address request feature, which enables you to assign a particular address to a client.



NOTE: If you delete the DHCP server configuration, DHCP server bindings might still remain. To ensure that DHCP bindings are removed, issue the `clear dhcp server binding` command before you delete the DHCP server configuration.

This overview covers:

- [Interaction Among the DHCP Client, Extended DHCP Local Server, and Address-Assignment Pools on page 266](#)
- [Providing DHCP Client Configuration Information on page 267](#)
- [Minimal Configuration for Clients on page 268](#)
- [DHCP Local Server and Address-Assignment Pools on page 268](#)

Interaction Among the DHCP Client, Extended DHCP Local Server, and Address-Assignment Pools

The pattern of interaction between the DHCP local server, the DHCP client, and address-assignment pools is the same regardless of whether you are using a router or a switch. However, there are some differences in the details of usage.

- On routers—In a typical carrier edge network configuration, the DHCP client is on the subscriber's computer or customer premises equipment (CPE), and the DHCP local server is configured on the router.
- On switches—In a typical network configuration, the DHCP client is on an access device, such as a personal computer, and the DHCP local server is configured on the switch.

The following steps provide a high-level description of the interaction among the DHCP local server, DHCP client, and address-assignment pools:

1. The DHCP client sends a discover packet to one or more DHCP local servers in the network to obtain configuration parameters and an IP address for the subscriber (or DHCP client).
2. Each DHCP local server that receives the discover packet then searches its address-assignment pool for the client address and configuration options. Each local server creates an entry in its internal client table to keep track of the client state, then sends a DHCP offer packet to the client.
3. On receipt of the offer packet, the DHCP client selects the DHCP local server from which to obtain configuration information and sends a request packet indicating the DHCP local server selected to grant the address and configuration information.
4. The selected DHCP local server sends an acknowledgement packet to the client that contains the client address lease and configuration parameters. The server also installs the host route and ARP entry, and then monitors the lease state.

Providing DHCP Client Configuration Information

When the extended DHCP application receives a response from an external authentication server, the response might include information in addition to the IP address and subnet mask. The extended DHCP application uses the information from the authentication grant for the response the DHCP application sends to the DHCP client. The DHCP application can either send the information in its original form or the application might merge the information with local configuration specifications. For example, if the authentication grant includes an address pool name and a local configuration specifies DHCP attributes for that pool (such as, DNS server address), the extended DHCP application merges the authentication results and the attributes in the reply that the server sends to the client.

A local configuration is optional — a client can be fully configured by the external authentication service. However, if the external authentication service does not provide client configuration, you might need to configure the local address-assignment pool to provide the configuration information, such as DNS server, for the client. When a local configuration specifies options, the extended DHCP application adds the local configuration options to the offer PDU the server sends to the client. If the two sets of options overlap, the options in the authentication response from the external service take precedence.

When you use RADIUS to provide the authentication, the additional information might be in the form of RADIUS attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs. [Table 38 on page 267](#) lists the information that RADIUS might include in the authentication grant. See [“RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework” on page 13](#) for a complete list of RADIUS attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs that the extended DHCP applications supports for subscriber access management or DHCP management.

Table 38: Information in Authentication Grant

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description |
|---------------------------|-------------------|---|
| RADIUS attribute 8 | Framed-IP-Address | Client IP address |
| RADIUS attribute 9 | Framed-IP-Netmask | Subnet mask for client IP address (DHCP option 1) |
| Juniper Networks VSA 26-4 | Primary-DNS | Primary domain server (DHCP option 6) |
| Juniper Networks VSA 26-5 | Secondary-DNS | Secondary domain server (DHCP option 6) |
| Juniper Networks VSA 26-6 | Primary-WINS | Primary WINS server (DHCP option 44) |
| Juniper Networks VSA 26-7 | Secondary-WINS | Secondary WINS server (DHCP option 44) |

Table 38: Information in Authentication Grant (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| RADIUS attribute 27 | Session-Timeout | Lease time |
| RADIUS attribute 88 | Framed-Pool | Address assignment pool name |
| Juniper Networks VSA 26-109 | DHCP-Guided-Relay-Server | DHCP relay server |

Minimal Configuration for Clients

The extended DHCP local server provides a minimal configuration to the DHCP client if the client does not have DHCP option 55 configured. The server provides the subnet mask of the address-assignment pool that is selected for the client. In addition to the subnet mask, the server provides the following values to the client if the information is configured in the selected address-assignment pool:

- **router**—A router located on the client's subnet. This statement is the equivalent of DHCP option 3.
- **domain name**—The name of the domain in which the client searches for a DHCP server host. This is the default domain name that is appended to hostnames that are not fully qualified. This is equivalent to DHCP option 15.
- **domain name server**—A Domain Name System (DNS) name server that is available to the client to resolve hostname-to-client mappings. This is equivalent to DHCP option 6.

DHCP Local Server and Address-Assignment Pools

In the traditional DHCP server operation, the client address pool and client configuration information reside on the DHCP server. With the extended DHCP local server, the client address and configuration information reside in external address-assignment pools (external to the DHCP local server). The external address-assignment pools are managed by the **authd** process, independently of the DHCP local server, and can be shared by different client applications.

The extended DHCP local server also supports advanced pool matching and the use of named address ranges. You can also configure the local server to use DHCP option 82 information in the client PDU to determine which named address range to use for a particular client. The client configuration information, which is configured in the address-assignment pool, includes user-defined options, such as boot server, grace period, and lease time.

Configuring the DHCP environment that includes the extended DHCP local server requires two independent configuration operations, which you can complete in any order. In one operation, you configure the extended DHCP local server on the router and specify how the DHCP local server determines which address-assignment pool to use. In the other operation, you configure the address-assignment pools used by the DHCP local server.

The address-assignment pools contain the IP addresses, named address ranges, and configuration information for DHCP clients.



NOTE: The extended DHCP local server and the address-assignment pools used by the server must be configured in the same logical system and routing instance.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625](#)
- [Configuring How the Extended DHCP Local Server Determines Which Address-Assignment Pool to Use on page 282](#)
- [Dynamic Profile Attachment to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces Overview](#)
- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311](#)
- [Assign a Specific IP Address to a Client Using DHCP Option 50 and DHCPv6 IA_NA Option on page 283](#)
- [Graceful Routing Engine Switchover for DHCP](#)
- [High Availability Using Unified ISSU in the PPP Access Network](#)
- [Tracing Extended DHCP Operations on page 901](#)
- [Verifying and Managing DHCP Local Server Configuration on page 417](#)
- [Example: Minimum Extended DHCP Local Server Configuration on page 405](#)
- [Example: Extended DHCP Local Server Configuration with Optional Pool Matching on page 285](#)
- [Example: Configuring a DHCP Firewall Filter to Protect the Routing Engine on page 407](#)

Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview

You can configure extended DHCP relay options on the router or on the switch and enable the router (or switch) to function as a DHCP relay agent. A DHCP relay agent forwards DHCP request and reply packets between a DHCP client and a DHCP server.

DHCP relay supports the attachment of dynamic profiles and also interacts with the local AAA Service Framework to use back-end authentication servers, such as RADIUS, to provide subscriber authentication or DHCP client authentication. You can attach dynamic profiles and configure authentication support on a global basis or for a specific group of interfaces.



NOTE: The PTX Series Packet Transport Routers do not support authentication for DHCP relay agents.

On the routers, you can use DHCP relay in carrier edge applications such as video/IPTV to obtain configuration parameters, including an IP address, for your subscribers.

On the switches, you can use DHCP relay to obtain configuration parameters including an IP address for DHCP clients.



NOTE: The extended DHCP relay agent options configured with the `dhcp-relay` statement are incompatible with the DHCP/BOOTP relay agent options configured with the `bootp` statement. As a result, you cannot enable both the extended DHCP relay agent and the DHCP/BOOTP relay agent on the router at the same time.

For information about the DHCP/BOOTP relay agent, see *Configuring Routers, Switches, and Interfaces as DHCP and BOOTP Relay Agents*.

You can also configure the extended DHCP relay agent to support IPv6 clients. See “[DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview](#)” on page 495 for information about the DHCPv6 relay agent feature.

To configure the extended DHCP relay agent on the router (or switch), include the `dhcp-relay` statement at the `[edit forwarding-options]` hierarchy level.

You can also include the `dhcp-relay` statement at the following hierarchy levels:

- `[edit logical-systems logical-system-name forwarding-options]`
- `[edit logical-systems logical-system-name routing-instances routing-instance-name forwarding-options]`
- `[edit routing-instances routing-instance-name forwarding-options]`

This overview covers:

- [Interaction Among the DHCP Relay Agent, DHCP Client, and DHCP Servers on page 271](#)
- [DHCP Liveness Detection on page 272](#)

Interaction Among the DHCP Relay Agent, DHCP Client, and DHCP Servers

The pattern of interaction among the DHCP Relay agent, DHCP client, and DHCP servers is the same regardless of whether the software installation is on a router or a switch. However, there are some difference in the details of usage.

On routers—In a typical carrier edge network configuration, the DHCP client is on the subscriber's computer, and the DHCP relay agent is configured on the router between the DHCP client and one or more DHCP servers.

On switches—In a typical network configuration, the DHCP client is on an access device such as a personal computer and the DHCP relay agent is configured on the switch between the DHCP client and one or more DHCP servers.

The following steps describe, at a high level, how the DHCP client, DHCP relay agent, and DHCP server interact in a configuration that includes two DHCP servers.

1. The DHCP client sends a discover packet to find a DHCP server in the network from which to obtain configuration parameters for the subscriber (or DHCP client), including an IP address.
2. The DHCP relay agent receives the discover packet and forwards copies to each of the two DHCP servers. The DHCP relay agent then creates an entry in its internal client table to keep track of the client's state.
3. In response to receiving the discover packet, each DHCP server sends an offer packet to the client. The DHCP relay agent receives the offer packets and forwards them to the DHCP client.
4. On receipt of the offer packets, the DHCP client selects the DHCP server from which to obtain configuration information. Typically, the client selects the server that offers the longest lease time on the IP address.
5. The DHCP client sends a request packet that specifies the DHCP server from which to obtain configuration information.
6. The DHCP relay agent receives the request packet and forwards copies to each of the two DHCP servers.
7. The DHCP server requested by the client sends an acknowledgement (ACK) packet that contains the client's configuration parameters.
8. The DHCP relay agent receives the ACK packet and forwards it to the client.
9. The DHCP client receives the ACK packet and stores the configuration information.
10. If configured to do so, the DHCP relay agent installs a host route and Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) entry for this client.
11. After establishing the initial lease on the IP address, the DHCP client and the DHCP server use unicast transmission to negotiate lease renewal or release. The DHCP relay agent "snoops" on all of the packets unicast between the client and the server that

pass through the router (or switch) to determine when the lease for this client has expired or been released. This process is referred to as *lease shadowing* or *passive snooping*.

DHCP Liveness Detection

Liveness detection for DHCP subscriber or DHCP client IP sessions utilizes an active liveness detection protocol to institute liveness detection checks for relevant clients. Clients are expected to respond to liveness detection requests within a specified amount of time. If the responses are not received within that time for a given number of consecutive attempts, then the liveness detection check fails and a failure action is implemented.



NOTE: DHCP liveness detection either globally or per DHCP group.

Related Documentation

- [DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview on page 495](#)
- [Access and Access-Internal Routes for Subscriber Management](#)
- [Dynamic Profile Attachment to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces Overview](#)
- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311](#)
- [DHCP Relay Proxy Overview on page 273](#)
- [Graceful Routing Engine Switchover for DHCP](#)
- [High Availability Using Unified ISSU in the PPP Access Network](#)
- [Verifying and Managing DHCP Relay Configuration on page 417](#)
- [Tracing Extended DHCP Operations on page 901](#)
- [Example: Minimum DHCP Relay Agent Configuration on page 391](#)
- [Example: DHCP Relay Agent Configuration with Multiple Clients and Servers on page 396](#)
- [Example: Configuring DHCP Relay Agent Selective Traffic Processing Based on DHCP Option Strings on page 392](#)
- [Example: Configuring DHCP and DHCPv6 Relay Agent Group-Level Selective Traffic Processing on page 321](#)
- [Example: Configuring a DHCP Firewall Filter to Protect the Routing Engine on page 407](#)

DHCP Relay Proxy Overview

DHCP relay proxy mode is an enhancement to extended DHCP relay. DHCP relay proxy supports all DHCP relay features while providing additional features and benefits.

Normally, extended DHCP relay operates as a helper application for DHCP operations. Except for the ability to add DHCP relay agent options and the gateway address (giaddr) to DHCP packets, DHCP relay is transparent to DHCP clients and DHCP servers, and simply forwards messages between DHCP clients and servers.

When you configure DHCP relay to operate in proxy mode, the relay is no longer transparent. In proxy mode, DHCP relay conceals DHCP server details from DHCP clients, which interact with a DHCP relay in proxy mode as though it is the DHCP server. For DHCP servers there is no change, because proxy mode has no effect on how the DHCP server interacts with the DHCP relay.



NOTE: You cannot configure both DHCP relay proxy and extended DHCP local server on the same interface.

Interaction Among DHCP Relay Proxy, DHCP Client, and DHCP Servers

The DHCP relay agent is configured on the router (or switch), which operates between the DHCP client and one or more DHCP servers.

The following steps provide a high-level description of how DHCP relay proxy interacts with DHCP clients and DHCP servers.

1. The DHCP client sends a discover packet to locate a DHCP server in the network from which to obtain configuration parameters for the subscriber.
2. The DHCP relay proxy receives the discover packet from the DHCP client and forwards copies of the packet to each supporting DHCP server. The DHCP relay proxy then creates a client table entry to keep track of the client state.
3. In response to the discover packet, each DHCP server sends an offer packet to the client, which the DHCP relay proxy receives. The DHCP relay proxy does the following:
 - a. Selects the first offer received as the offer to sent to the client
 - b. Replaces the DHCP server address with the address of the DHCP relay proxy
 - c. Forwards the offer to the DHCP client.
4. The DHCP client receives the offer from the DHCP relay proxy.
5. The DHCP client sends a request packet that indicates the DHCP server from which to obtain configuration information—the request packet specifies the address of the DHCP relay proxy.
6. The DHCP relay proxy receives the request packet and forwards copies, which include the address of selected server, to all supporting DHCP servers.

7. The DHCP server requested by the client sends an acknowledgement (ACK) packet that contains the client configuration parameters.
8. The DHCP relay proxy receives the ACK packet, replaces the DHCP server address with its own address, and forwards the packet to the client.
9. The DHCP client receives the ACK packet and stores the configuration information.
10. If configured to do so, the DHCP relay proxy installs a host route and Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) entry for the DHCP client.
11. After the initial DHCP lease is established, the DHCP relay proxy receives all lease renewals and lease releases from the DHCP client and forwards them to the DHCP server.

Benefits of Using DHCP Relay Proxy

DHCP relay proxy provides the following benefits:

- DHCP server isolation and DoS protection—DHCP clients are unable to detect the DHCP servers, learn DHCP server addresses, or determine the number of servers that are providing DHCP support. Server isolation also provides denial-of-service (DoS) protection for the DHCP servers.
- Multiple lease offer selection—DHCP relay proxy receives lease offers from multiple DHCP servers and selects a single offer to send to the DHCP client, thereby reducing traffic in the network. Currently, the DHCP relay proxy selects the first offer received.
- Support for both numbered and unnumbered Ethernet interfaces—For DHCP clients connected through Ethernet interfaces, when the DHCP client obtains an address, the DHCP relay proxy adds an access internal host route specifying that interface as the outbound interface. The route is automatically removed when the lease time expires or when the client releases the address.
- Logical system support—DHCP relay proxy can be configured in a logical system, whereas a non-proxy mode DHCP relay cannot.

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)
- [Enabling DHCP Relay Proxy Mode on page 401](#)
- [*Configuring Detection of DHCP Relay or DHCP Relay Proxy Client Connectivity with BFD*](#)

DHCP Attributes Overview

You can configure features that are specific to the DHCP application that are applied to only certain DHCP clients or to all DHCP clients with DHCP attributes. DHCP uses the attributes to determine the scope of the client operation. For example, you can configure attributes that set the maximum lease time or preferred lifetime of the lease, the domain in which to search for DHCP servers, match criteria for which address range to use from within an address pool, and so on. You might specify that a client that matches certain prerequisite information is dynamically assigned an address from a particular named

address range. Based on which named range is used, DHCP specifies additional DHCP attributes.

You can configure DHCP attributes in the following ways:

- On the RADIUS server so that they are conveyed in the corresponding DHCP option when a subscriber is authenticated. Refer to your RADIUS server documentation for more information.
- For specific DHCPv4 or DHCPv6 clients that receive an address from the local address assignment pool with the **dhcp-attributes** statement at the **[edit access address-assignment pool *pool-name*]** hierarchy level.
- As a set of attributes that you can apply to DHCP clients outside of specific address pools. Define the attribute set with the **protocol-attributes** statement at the **[edit access]** hierarchy level. Then apply the set with a different **protocol-attributes** statement to any of the following:
 - For all DHCPv4 clients at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server overrides]** hierarchy level.
 - For a group of DHCPv4 clients at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* overrides]** hierarchy level.
 - For all DHCPv6 clients at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 overrides]** hierarchy level.
 - For a group of DHCPv6 clients at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group *group-name* overrides]** hierarchy level.

The DHCP local server processes attributes provided by different methods in the following hierarchy:

RADIUS > address pool > global > other

1. When the attribute is configured in RADIUS, the value in the corresponding option received by the DHCP local server is used.
2. When the attribute is configured for an address pool, that value is used for clients assigned addresses from that pool.
3. When the attribute is configured globally with the **protocol-attributes** statement, that value is used for all clients.
4. When none of the other criteria is met but the attribute is configured at the **[edit access]** hierarchy level, that value is used for all clients. If the attribute is configured at the **[edit access profile]** hierarchy level, that value is used for clients using the profile.

Benefits of Configuring DHCP Attributes

You can match desired attributes to specific clients based on matching criteria. You have the flexibility to assign attributes and values when an address is assigned from a pool, globally for clients not using address pools, or with RADIUS attributes at authentication.

**Related
Documentation**

- [DHCP Attributes for Address-Assignment Pools on page 279](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Attributes Outside Address Assignment Pools on page 357](#)

Configuring Default Services That are Activated at Subscriber Login

- [Default Subscriber Service Overview on page 277](#)
- [Configuring a Default Subscriber Service on page 278](#)

Default Subscriber Service Overview

Subscriber management enables you to specify a default subscriber service for DHCP subscribers. The default service (dynamic profile) is applied to subscribers when the subscriber logs in. By configuring a default service, you can apply a particular service (for example, a basic service) to subscribers who are not explicitly assigned a service.

When a subscriber logs in, the configured default service is always activated, even when remote service provisioning or RADIUS service activation is configured for the subscriber. The default service is deactivated only when the subscriber is successfully provisioned by the PCRF by means of the GX-Plus application. (Remote provisioning is configured by the **provisioning-order** statement at the **[edit access profile]** hierarchy level.)

In all other cases, the default service remains active. For example, if RADIUS authentication is configured but service activation is not, the default subscriber service remains activated. Likewise, if RADIUS authentication is not configured, the default subscriber service remains activated.

Default services can also be deactivated either with a RADIUS CoA deactivate request or with the **request network-access aaa subscriber delete session-id** command.

To create and assign a default subscriber service, you must complete the following operations:

- Create the service—Ensure that the service you want to use has been configured in a dynamic profile. The actual service is no different than any other service used for subscriber management.
- Specify the default service—Use the Junos OS CLI to specify the service that is used as the default service.
- Specify the interfaces on which the default service is assigned —Use the Junos OS CLI to specify that the default service is used globally, for a group of interfaces, or for a specific interface.

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring a Default Subscriber Service on page 278](#)
 - [CLI-Activated Subscriber Services on page 661](#)
 - [Activating and Deactivating Subscriber Services Locally with the CLI on page 662](#)
 - [Understanding Gx-Plus Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 791](#)

Configuring a Default Subscriber Service

Subscriber management enables you to specify a default subscriber service for DHCP (and DHCPv6) local server and DHCP relay agent. The default service is the service (dynamic profile) that is applied to subscribers when they log in.

Default services are subsequently deactivated in any of the following circumstances:

- A PCRF responds to AAA for the subscriber.
- A RADIUS CoA deactivation request is issued.
- You deactivate the service manually through the CLI.

To configure a default subscriber service:

1. Ensure that the service you want to use as the default has been configured in a dynamic profile.
2. Specify the default service.

The following example configures the default service for DHCP local server subscribers.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# set service-profile retailer1-subscriber
```

3. Attach the default service—you can attach the profile globally, for a group of interfaces, or for a specific interface.

The following example attaches the profile to a named group of interfaces for DHCP local server.

- Specify the group to which the default service is attached.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# set group subscriber-svl
```

- Specify the dynamic profile that defines the default service.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group subscriber-svl]
user@host# set dynamic-profile retailer1-subscriber
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Default Subscriber Service Overview on page 277](#)
 - [Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces or DHCP Client Interfaces](#)

CHAPTER 20

Assigning IP Addresses

- [DHCP Attributes for Address-Assignment Pools on page 279](#)
- [Configuring How the Extended DHCP Local Server Determines Which Address-Assignment Pool to Use on page 282](#)
- [Assign a Specific IP Address to a Client Using DHCP Option 50 and DHCPv6 IA_NA Option on page 283](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Client-Specific Attributes Applied When Clients Obtain an Address on page 284](#)
- [Specifying the Subnet for DHCP Client Address Assignment on page 285](#)
- [Example: Extended DHCP Local Server Configuration with Optional Pool Matching on page 285](#)
- [DNS Address Assignment Precedence on page 286](#)

DHCP Attributes for Address-Assignment Pools

This topic provides descriptions of DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 options.

[Table 39 on page 279](#) describes the DHCPv4 client attributes that you can configure.

Table 39: DHCP Attributes

| Attribute | Description | DHCP Option |
|------------------------------------|---|-------------|
| boot-file | Boot filename advertised to the client, and used by the client to complete configuration. | 67 |
| boot-server | Boot server containing the boot file. | 66 |
| domain-name | Domain in which clients search for a DHCP server host. | 15 |
| grace-period | Grace period offered with the lease. | — |
| maximum-lease-time | Maximum lease time allowed by the DHCP server. | 51 |
| name-server | IP address of DNS server to which clients can send DNS queries. | 6 |

Table 39: DHCP Attributes (*continued*)

| Attribute | Description | DHCP Option |
|--------------------------------|---|-------------|
| <code>netbios-node-type</code> | NetBIOS node type. | 46 |
| <code>option</code> | User-defined options. | – |
| <code>option-match</code> | Option 82 value is mapped to named address range. | – |
| <code>router</code> | IP address for routers on the subnetwork. | 3 |
| <code>server-identifier</code> | IP address used as the DHCP source address | 54 |
| <code>t1-percentage</code> | Percentage of the preferred-lifetime that the client (router) waits before sending renew messages to the DHCPv4 server that granted the original lease to extend the client's lease. | 58 |
| <code>t1-renewal-time</code> | Time that the client (router) waits before sending renew messages to extend the client's lease. The renew messages are sent to the DHCPv4 server that granted the original lease. This attribute is an alternative to t1-percentage . | 58 |
| <code>t2-percentage</code> | Percentage of the preferred-lifetime that the client (router) waits before sending rebind messages to any available DHCPv4 server to extend the client's lease. | 59 |
| <code>t2-rebinding-time</code> | Time that the client (router) waits before sending rebind messages to extend the client's lease. The rebind messages are sent to any available DHCPv4 server. This attribute is an alternative to t2-percentage . | 59 |
| <code>tftp-server</code> | Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) server that the client uses to obtain the client configuration file. | 150 |
| <code>wins-server</code> | IP address of the Windows NetBIOS name server. | 44 |

Table 40 on page 280 describes the DHCPv6 client attributes that you can configure.

Table 40: DHCPv6 Attributes

| Attribute | Description | DHCPv6 Option |
|---------------------------------|---|---------------|
| <code>dns-server</code> | IPv6 address of DNS server to which clients can send DNS queries. | 23 |
| <code>grace-period</code> | Grace period offered with the lease. | – |
| <code>maximum-lease-time</code> | Maximum lease time allowed by the DHCP server. | – |

Table 40: DHCPv6 Attributes (*continued*)

| Attribute | Description | DHCPv6 Option |
|--|---|---------------|
| option | User-defined options. | – |
| preferred-lifetime | Length of time that a valid address is in the preferred state. When the preferred lifetime expires, the address becomes deprecated. | – |
| sip-server-address | IPv6 address of SIP outbound proxy server. | 22 |
| sip-server-domain-name | Domain name of the SIP outbound proxy server. | 21 |
| t1-percentage | Percentage of the preferred-lifetime that the client (router) waits before sending renew messages to the DHCPv6 server that granted the original lease to extend the client's lease. | – |
| t1-renewal-time | Time that the client (router) waits before sending renew messages to extend the client's lease. The renew messages are sent to the DHCPv6 server that granted the original lease. This attribute is an alternative to t1-percentage . | – |
| t2-percentage | Percentage of the preferred-lifetime that the client (router) waits before sending rebind messages to any available DHCPv6 server to extend the client's lease. | – |
| t2-rebinding-time | Time that the client (router) waits before sending rebind messages to extend the client's lease. The rebind messages are sent to any available DHCPv6 server. This attribute is an alternative to t2-percentage . | – |
| valid-lifetime | Length of time that the address remains in the valid state. When the lifetime expires, the address becomes invalid. | – |

Related Documentation

- [DHCP Attributes Overview on page 274](#)
- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Client-Specific Attributes Applied When Clients Obtain an Address on page 284](#)

Configuring How the Extended DHCP Local Server Determines Which Address-Assignment Pool to Use

You can specify the match order in which the extended DHCP local server uses the client data to determine the address-assignment pool that provides the IP address and configuration for a DHCP client. You use the **pool-match-order** statement to specify the match order. If you do not specify the **pool-match-order**, the router (or switch) uses the default **ip-address-first** matching to select the address pool. After DHCP local server determines the address assignment pool to use, the server performs the matching based on the criteria you specified in the pool configuration.

In the default **ip-address-first** matching, the server selects the address-assignment pool to use by matching the IP address in the client DHCP request with the network address of the address-assignment pool. If the client request contains the gateway IP address (giaddr), the local server matches the giaddr to the address-assignment pool's address. If there is no giaddr in the request, then the DHCP local server matches the IP address of the receiving interface to the address of the address-assignment pool.

In **external-authority** matching, the DHCP local server receives the address assignment from an external authority, such as RADIUS or Diameter. If RADIUS is the external authority, the DHCP local server uses the Framed-IPv6-Pool attribute (RADIUS attribute 100) to select the pool. If Diameter is the external authority, the server uses the Diameter counterpart of the Framed-IPv6-Pool attribute to determine the pool.

For IPv4 address-assignment pools, you can optionally configure the extended DHCP local server to match the DHCP relay agent information option (option 82) in the client DHCP packets to a named range in the address-assignment pool used for the client. Named ranges are subsets within the overall address-assignment pool address range, which you can configure when you create the address-assignment pool.



NOTE: To use the DHCP local server option 82 matching feature with an IPv4 address-assignment pool, you must ensure that the **option-82** statement is included in the **dhcp-attributes** statement for the address-assignment pool.

To configure the matching order the extended DHCP local server uses to determine the address-assignment pool used for a client:

1. Access the **pool-match-order** configuration.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit pool-match-order
```

2. Specify the pool matching methods in the order in which the router (switch) performs the methods. You can specify the methods in any order. All methods are optional—the router (switch) uses the **ip-address-first** method by default.

- Configure the router (switch) to use an external addressing authority.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server pool-match-order]
```

```
user@host# set external-authority
```

- Configure the router (switch) to use the ip-address-first method.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server pool-match-order]
user@host# set ip-address-first
```

- (IPv4 address-assignment pools only) Specify the option 82 matching method.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server pool-match-order]
user@host# set option-82
```

Related Documentation

- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633](#)
- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264](#)
- [Example: Extended DHCP Local Server Configuration with Optional Pool Matching on page 285](#)

Assign a Specific IP Address to a Client Using DHCP Option 50 and DHCPv6 IA_NA Option

Subscriber management or DHCP management enables you to specify that DHCP local server assign a particular address to a client. For example, if a client is disconnected, you might use this capability to assign the same address that the client was using prior to being disconnected. If the requested address is available, DHCP assigns it to the client. If the address is unavailable, the DHCP local server offers another address, based on the address allocation process.

Both DHCP local server and DHCPv6 local server support the specific address request feature. DHCP local server uses DHCP option 50 in DHCP discover messages to request a particular address, while DHCPv6 local server uses the IA_NA option (Identity Association for Non-Temporary Addresses) in DHCPv6 solicit messages.



NOTE: Subscriber management (DHCP management) supports only one address for each of the DHCPv6 IA_NA or IA_PD address types. If the DHCPv6 client requests more than one address for a given type, the DHCPv6 local server uses only the first address and ignores the other addresses.

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264](#)
- [DHCPv6 Local Server Overview on page 488](#)

Configuring DHCP Client-Specific Attributes Applied When Clients Obtain an Address

You use the address-assignment pool feature to include application-specific attributes when clients obtain an address. The client application, such as DHCP, uses the attributes to determine how addresses are assigned, and to also provide optional application-specific characteristics to the client. For example, the DHCP application might specify that a client that matches certain prerequisite information is dynamically assigned an address from a particular named range. Based on which named range is used, DHCP specifies additional DHCP attributes such as the boot file that the client uses, the lease grace period, and the maximum lease time.

You use the `dhcp-attributes` statement to configure DHCP client-specific attributes for address-assignment pools. “[DHCP Attributes for Address-Assignment Pools](#)” on page 279 describes the supported attributes you can configure for IPv4 and IPv6 address-assignment pools.

To configure address-assignment pool attributes for DHCP clients:

1. Specify the name and IP family of the address-assignment pool.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit address-assignment pool pool-name family inet
```

2. Configure optional DHCP client attributes.

```
[edit access address-assignment pool isp_1 family inet]
user@host# set dhcp-attributes attribute1 value1 attribute 2 value2 attribute 3 value3
```

For example, the following configuration specifies values for the boot server, grace period, and maximum lease time for the isp1 pool for DHCPv4:

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit address-assignment pool isp_1 family inet
[edit access address-assignment pool isp_1 family inet]
user@host# set dhcp-attributes boot-server 192.168.200.100 grace-period 3600
maximum-lease-time 18000
```



NOTE: The DNS name server addresses that are configurable as DHCP attributes can also be configured globally at the routing instance level and in access profiles. For more information, see “[DNS Name Server Address Overview](#)” on page 651.

Related Documentation

- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview](#) on page 625
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools](#) on page 633
- [DHCP Attributes for Address-Assignment Pools](#) on page 279
- [Configuring DHCP Attributes Outside Address Assignment Pools](#) on page 357

Specifying the Subnet for DHCP Client Address Assignment

Subscriber management enables you to explicitly specify the subnet to which the DHCP local server matches the requested IP address. The server accepts and uses an active client's requested IP address for address assignment only when the requested address and the IP address of the DHCP server interface are in the same subnet. The server accepts and uses a passive client's requested IP address only when the requested address and the IP address of the relay interface are in the same subnet. The DHCPv6 local server supports the same process for DHCPv6 clients and addresses.

To specify the subnet used for client address assignment:

- For DHCP local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# set requested-ip-network-match 10
```

- For DHCPv6 local server:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]
user@host# set requested-ip-network-match 30
```

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264](#)
- [requested-ip-network-match on page 1479](#)

Example: Extended DHCP Local Server Configuration with Optional Pool Matching

This example shows an extended DHCP local server configuration that includes optional IPv4 address-assignment pool matching and interface groups. For pool matching, this configuration specifies that the DHCP local server first check the response from an external authentication authority (for example, RADIUS) and use the Framed-IPv6-Pool attribute to determine the address-assignment pool to use for the client address. If no external authority match is found, the DHCP local server then uses ip-address-first matching together with the option 82 information to match the named address range for client IPv4 address assignment. The option 82 matching must also be included in the address-assignment pool configuration.

```
[edit system services]
dhcp-local-server {
  group group_one {
    interface fe-0/0/2.0;
    interface fe-0/0/2.1;
  }
  group group_two {
    interface fe-0/0/3.0;
    interface fe-0/0/3.1;
  }
  pool-match-order {
    external-authority
    ip-address-first;
    option-82;
  }
}
```

```
}  
}
```



NOTE: The interface type in this topic is just an example. The fe- interface type is not supported by EX Series switches.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264](#)
- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625](#)

DNS Address Assignment Precedence

Subscriber management supports four methods for assigning addresses to DHCP clients. When multiple methods are configured, the router uses the following precedence to determine which address to assign to the client.

1. Address defined on the RADIUS server by Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA) vendor ID 4874 attributes 26-4 (Primary-DNS) and 26-5 (Secondary-DNS).
2. Address defined on the RADIUS server by IANA vendor ID 2636 attributes 26-31 (Primary-DNS) and 26-33 (Secondary-DNS).
3. Address defined on the RADIUS server by IANA vendor ID 311 attributes 26-28 (MS-Primary-DNS-Server) and 26-29 (MS-Secondary-DNS-Server).
4. Address defined in the local address pool on the router.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 23](#)
- [RADIUS Support for Microsoft Corporation VSAs for DNS Server Addresses on page 61](#)
- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625](#)

Configuring Lease Times for IP Addresses

- [Configuring a DHCP Lease-Time Threshold on page 287](#)
- [DHCP Lease-Time Validation Overview on page 289](#)
- [DHCP Lease Timers on page 290](#)
- [DHCP Asymmetric Leasing Overview on page 291](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Asymmetric Leasing on page 293](#)

Configuring a DHCP Lease-Time Threshold

Starting in Junos OS Release 14.1, subscriber management provides a lease-time validation feature that enables you to specify the minimum DHCP lease time allowed in your subscriber access environment. When you configure lease-time validation, you specify the lease-time threshold and the action the router performs when an offered lease time is less than the threshold (such as dropping the lease).

Lease-time validation ensures that leases that are offered by third-party DHCP servers or address assignment pools always meet the requirements of your network. For example, you want short leases to be rejected because they can result in excessive renewal traffic that can impact network performance.

You can configure lease-time validation on DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 local servers, and DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 relay agents, and for individual interfaces or interface groups. DHCP relay proxy also supports lease-time validation.

The following procedure describes the steps you use to configure lease-time validation. This example describes a configuration for DHCP relay agent. You use similar steps at the appropriate hierarchy levels for DHCP local server, DHCPv6 local server, and DHCPv6 relay agent.

To configure lease time validation for DHCP relay agent:

1. Specify that you want to configure DHCP relay agent support.

```
[edit forwarding-options]  
user@host# edit dhcp-relay
```

2. Specify that you want to configure the DHCP lease time validation feature.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
```

```
user@host# set lease-time-validation
```

3. Configure the threshold that specifies the minimum DHCP client lease time allowed in your network.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay lease-time-validation]
user@host# set lease-time-threshold 3600
```

4. Configure the action the router takes when a lease time violation occurs.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay lease-time-validation]
user@host# set violation-action drop
```



NOTE: DHCP relay agent and DHCP local server support different violation actions. See the [violation-action](#) statement for descriptions of the actions.

If you do not specify a violation action, DHCP binds the client using the third-party lease but marks the binding as lease-time violating.

5. (Optional) Configure how often you want the router to consolidate and log syslog warning messages.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service]
user@host# set ltv-syslog-interval 3600
```

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|---------|--|
| 14.1 | Starting in Junos OS Release 14.1, subscriber management provides a lease-time validation feature that enables you to specify the minimum DHCP lease time allowed in your subscriber access environment. |

Related Documentation

- [DHCP Lease-Time Validation Overview on page 289](#)
- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264](#)
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)

DHCP Lease-Time Validation Overview

In a subscriber access environment, a DHCP server obtains an address lease from either local configuration or from an external DHCP server, and assigns the lease to the DHCP client address.

Obtaining leases from external sources can present issues when the external source is owned or managed by a third party—the third party might configure the external source to provide address leases that are unsuitable for the subscriber access environment. For example, extremely short lease times can create unnecessary traffic that results in reduced performance in the network.

To avoid potential issues caused by short DHCP lease times, subscriber management provides a lease-time validation feature. Lease-time validation enables you to explicitly configure a threshold for the minimum lease time allowed in your subscriber access environment, and to specify a violation action (such as dropping the lease offer) the router takes when a short lease time is offered by a third party. You can specify the following violation actions:

- **drop**—(DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 relay agent) The third-party lease offer is dropped and the client binding fails.
- **override-lease**—(DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 local server) The third-party lease time is overridden by the specified threshold value.
- **strict**—(DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 local server) The third-party lease is ignored and the client binding fails.
- **no action**—If you do not specify a violation action, DHCP binds the client using the third-party lease but marks the binding as lease-time violating.

A lease-time violation can occur during the initial lease grant or during a rebinding or renewal operation. To reduce excessive and redundant log messages, the router consolidates lease-time violation reporting, as shown in [Table 41 on page 289](#).

Table 41: Lease-Time Violation Event Logging

| Event | syslog | Extended DHCP Traceoptions |
|---|---------|----------------------------|
| Initial lease-time violation for the specific DHCP server | warning | warning |
| Number of lease-time violations return to zero for the specific DHCP server | warning | warning |
| Status of lease-time violations caused by specific DHCP server, reported in the interval configured in ltv-syslog-interval command | warning | — |
| Violation action of drop occurred, or the DHCP packet was not generated | — | warning |

Table 41: Lease-Time Violation Event Logging (*continued*)

| Event | syslog | Extended DHCP Traceoptions |
|---|--------|----------------------------|
| Violation action of override-lease occurred (DHCP local server only) | – | warning |
| Lease-time violation | – | warning |

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring a DHCP Lease-Time Threshold on page 287](#)
 - [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264](#)
 - [DHCPv6 Local Server Overview on page 488](#)
 - [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)
 - [DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview on page 495](#)

DHCP Lease Timers

Subscriber management supports configurable timers that you can use to manage the DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 address leases provided by address-assignment pools. In addition to the maximum-lease-time timer, which sets the maximum time for which the DHCP local server can grant a lease, you can use DHCP client-specific attributes to configure timers that govern the lifetimes of existing leases that have been obtained from an address-assignment pool. Starting in Junos OS Release 17.2R1, this feature is supported for both DHCPv4 and DHCPv6; in earlier releases, only DHCPv6 is supported.

The following list describes the configurable timers for DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 address-assignment pools:

- **preferred-lifetime**—Length of time that a valid address is in the preferred state and can be used without any restrictions. When the preferred-lifetime expires, the address becomes deprecated. A deprecated address should not be used for new communications, but might continue to be used for existing communications in certain cases.

If the valid-lifetime is also configured, the preferred-lifetime must be less than the valid-lifetime. The preferred-lifetime and the maximum-lease-time are mutually exclusive and cannot both be configured.

- **valid-lifetime**—Length of time that an address remains in the valid state, during which the address can be used for new or existing communications. When the valid-lifetime expires, the address becomes invalid, and can no longer be used.

If the preferred-lifetime is also configured, the valid-lifetime must be greater than the preferred-lifetime. The valid-lifetime and the maximum-lease-time are mutually exclusive and cannot both be configured.

- **t1 percentage**—Percentage of the **preferred-lifetime** that the client waits before contacting the DHCP local server that originally granted the lease to request that the address lease be extended. T1 is also called the renewal time.
- **t1-renewal-time**—Time in seconds that the client waits before contacting the DHCP local server that originally granted the lease to request that the address lease be extended. T1 is also called the renewal time.
- **t2 percentage**—Percentage of the **preferred-lifetime** that the client waits before sending a request to any available DHCP local server to extend the address lease. T2 is also called the rebind time.
- **t2-rebinding-time**—Time in seconds that the client waits before broadcasting a request to all available DHCP local servers to request that the address lease be extended. T2 is also called the rebind time.

Benefits of Configuring DHCP Timers in Address Pools

Using address pools to configure values for these timers gives you fine-grained control over which clients get specific values.

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|---------|---|
| 17.2R1 | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.2R1, this feature is supported for both DHCPv4 and DHCPv6; in earlier releases, only DHCPv6 is supported. |

Related Documentation

- [Configuring DHCP Client-Specific Attributes Applied When Clients Obtain an Address on page 284](#)
- [DHCP Attributes for Address-Assignment Pools on page 279](#)

DHCP Asymmetric Leasing Overview

Starting in Junos OS Release 17.1R1, *asymmetric leasing* provides a way to send a DHCP client a lease that is shorter than the actual lease granted by the DHCP local server. In some networks, you might need to change an existing DHCP address assignment before the granted lease time has expired, or learn as soon as possible that a client is no longer using an address. The shorter lease is called the *asymmetric lease* or the *short lease*. The originally granted lease is called the *long lease* or simply, the lease.

You can configure asymmetric leasing on either the DHCP relay agent or the DHCP local server. In a typical configuration, you configure it on the relay agent. When the DHCP local server receives a discover packet from a DHCP client, it returns an offer packet to the client. The client selects a local server and requests an address assignment. The DHCP local server sends an acknowledgment packet containing the address, lease duration and other information to the client. Rather than forwarding this packet, the relay agent saves the lease information and then generates a new acknowledgment packet with a short lease and forwards that to the client.

When the DHCP client makes a subsequent request for lease renewal, the relay agent does not pass the request to the local server. Instead, the relay agent recreates the short lease from the saved information and returns it to the client in an acknowledgment packet. The relay agent continues to renew the short leases for the client until the long lease renew time expires. By default, the long lease renew time is equal to one-half the duration of the long lease.

When the long lease renew time expires, the asymmetric lease is no longer valid. Subsequent renewal requests from the client are forwarded by the relay agent to the local server. If the local server acknowledges the request, it renews the long lease and the process begins again, with the relay agent generating a short lease for the client instead of sending the long lease. Otherwise, the lease is not renewed.

With asymmetric leasing, there is also a renew time for the short lease. The client sends renewal requests to the relay agent at intervals equal to the short lease renew time. By default, this period is equal to one-half the short lease duration. If the DHCP client does not request renewal of the lease before the short lease time expires, the relay agent notifies the local server that the lease is no longer in use and the address can be reassigned.

Benefits of Asymmetric DHCP Lease Timing

- Allows the early renewal of DHCP client leases without requiring device support for a forced renewal. Because the lease can be administratively rescinded on the DHCP local server or DHCP relay agent, the next short-duration lease refresh cycle can trigger a full renegotiation of the client lease. This capability reduces the number of devices that must be managed to trigger a new address allocation cycle.
- Enables early detection of inactive client leases. The asymmetric lease includes an upstream notification from the DHCP client back to the lease grantor, effectively providing a liveness detection that enables unused addresses to be reclaimed sooner. Because this mechanism is all within DHCP, the service provider does not have to rely on the set of devices involved in address allocation to be configured with other protocols that support some kind of liveness detection, such as bidirectional forwarding detection (BFD).

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|---------|---|
| 17.1 | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.1R1, <i>asymmetric leasing</i> provides a way to send a DHCP client a lease that is shorter than the actual lease granted by the DHCP local server. |

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)
- [DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview on page 495](#)
- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264](#)
- [DHCPv6 Local Server Overview on page 488](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Asymmetric Leasing on page 293](#)

Configuring DHCP Asymmetric Leasing

You can configure asymmetric leasing to provide a DHCP or DHCPv6 client with a lease that is shorter than the lease granted by the DHCP local server. The shorter lease duration means that the client must renew the lease more frequently. When it does not renew the lease, the address is freed up sooner than when the client uses the original long lease. You configure asymmetric leasing by overriding the DHCP configuration at the global level, for a named group of interfaces, or for a specific interface within a named group.



NOTE: For simplicity, the procedures in this topic show only the global-level configuration. For information about overriding the DHCP configuration at other levels, see [“Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings” on page 354](#) and [“Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings” on page 351](#).

You can configure asymmetric leasing on either the DHCP relay agent or the DHCP local server. For most networks, the relay agent configuration is more useful.

To configure asymmetric leasing for DHCP relay agent for DHCPv4:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Configure the duration of the short (asymmetric) lease.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay overrides]
user@host# set asymmetric-lease-time seconds
```

To configure asymmetric leasing for DHCP relay agent for DHCPv6:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Configure the duration of the short (asymmetric) lease for DHCPv4 clients and separately for DHCPv6 clients.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 overrides]
user@host# set asymmetric-lease-time seconds
user@host# set asymmetric-prefix-lease-time seconds
```

To configure asymmetric leasing for DHCP local server for DHCPv4:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Configure the duration of the short (asymmetric) lease.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server overrides]  
user@host# set asymmetric-lease-time seconds
```

To configure asymmetric leasing for DHCP local server for DHCPv6:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]  
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Configure the duration of the short (asymmetric) lease for DHCPv4 clients and separately for DHCPv6 clients.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 overrides]  
user@host# set asymmetric-lease-time seconds  
user@host# set asymmetric-prefix-lease-time seconds
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 354](#)
- [Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 351](#)
- [DHCP Asymmetric Leasing Overview on page 291](#)

CHAPTER 22

Configuring DHCP Individual and Bulk Leasequery

- [DHCP Leasequery and Bulk Leasequery on page 295](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Support for Leasequery and Bulk Leasequery Operations on page 296](#)
- [Configuring and Using DHCP Individual Leasequery on page 297](#)
- [Configuring and Using DHCP Bulk Leasequery on page 300](#)
- [Initiating DHCP Leasequery to Update the DHCP Relay Agent Lease Database on page 303](#)
- [Verifying and Managing DHCP Leasequery and Bulk Leasequery Configuration on page 304](#)

DHCP Leasequery and Bulk Leasequery

In a subscriber access network, a DHCP server maintains a significant amount of information related to the IP addresses or DHCPv6 delegated prefixes that the server has leased to DHCP clients. When DHCP clients are connected to the DHCP server by way of a DHCP relay, the DHCP relay also maintains the same lease and route information as the DHCP server, and uses that information when providing subscriber services for the clients.

Starting in Junos OS Release 16.1, subscriber management supports the leasequery feature to enable the DHCP relay to quickly and efficiently obtain the current lease information from a DHCP server. DHCP relay typically uses leasequery to restore the relay's lease information database when the information has been lost; such as after the DHCP relay has been rebooted or replaced. Subscriber management supports two types of leasequery operations—the traditional individual leasequery, which updates lease information related to a specific client, and a more powerful bulk leasequery.

Bulk leasequery enables the DHCP relay agent to retrieve bulk lease information for a group of subscribers from a configured DHCP server in a programmed manner that is more resource-efficient than the individual leasequery method. Bulk leasequery uses a TCP connection between the DHCP relay agent and a configured DHCP server in the same logical system/routing instance. The TCP connection is more reliable and consumes less resources than the UDP connection used for the individual leasequery process. Bulk leasequery also extends the individual leasequery by providing additional query options

and functionality, as opposed to the individual leasequery, which queries the individual binding for a known target only.

To configure either type of leasequery operation, you enable support on both the DHCP relay agent and the DHCP server, and you specify the query options you want the query operation to use. Once the options are configured, you invoke the appropriate CLI **request** command to initiate the bulk or individual leasequery operation.

For a DHCPv6 bulk leasequery, you can optionally configure the DHCPv6 relay agent to automatically initiate the bulk leasequery operation whenever the **jdhcpd** process starts a connection with the session database (SDB) and there are no bound subscribers in the database. For example, the automatic process would ensure that the bulk leasequery always updates the DHCP relay information after a reboot, GRES, or ISSU operation, and if there are no bound subscribers.

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|---------|---|
| 16.1 | Starting in Junos OS Release 16.1, subscriber management supports the leasequery feature to enable the DHCP relay to quickly and efficiently obtain the current lease information from a DHCP server. |

Related Documentation

- [Guidelines for Configuring Support for Leasequery and Bulk Leasequery Operations on page 296](#)
- [Configuring and Using DHCP Individual Leasequery on page 297](#)
- [Configuring and Using DHCP Bulk Leasequery on page 300](#)

Guidelines for Configuring Support for Leasequery and Bulk Leasequery Operations

When configuring individual or bulk leasequery support, consider the following guidelines:

- The router supports simultaneous configuration of both leasequery and bulk leasequery, and simultaneous dual-stack configuration for both DHCPv4 and DHCPv6. However, for dual stack environments, you must trigger the DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 leasequery (or bulk leasequery) operations separately.
- DHCP relay agent supports leasequery or bulk leasequery over static and dynamic interfaces.
- DHCP local server supports bulk leasequery on static relay-facing interfaces only.
- DHCP local server listens for bulk leasequery requests from the DHCP relay agent on TCP port 547 for DHCPv6, and on TCP port 67 for DHCPv4.
- Bulk leasequery is not supported for DHCP over PPP/PPPoE.
- If the network includes integrated routing and bridging (IRB) interfaces, you must configure DHCP relay agent to include the layer 2 interface name along with IRB name in the circuit ID of option 82. DHCP relay agent uses the layer 2 interface name when using leasequery or bulk leasequery to restore the lease database.

- Related Documentation**
- [DHCP Leasequery and Bulk Leasequery on page 295](#)
 - [Configuring and Using DHCP Individual Leasequery on page 297](#)
 - [Configuring and Using DHCP Bulk Leasequery on page 300](#)

Configuring and Using DHCP Individual Leasequery

The individual leasequery operation updates a DHCP relay agent's lease database with information related to a single, specified subscriber. You identify DHCPv4 subscribers by IPv4 address, MAC address, or client ID. You identify DHCPv6 subscribers by IPv6 address or client ID.

You use the following steps to configure and use the individual leasequery operation.

1. Ensure that the following required support is configured on the DHCP relay agent.
 - (DHCPv4 only) DHCP relay agent inserts option 82 suboption 1 (Agent Circuit ID), in the DHCP packets that the relay forwards to DHCP servers. See ["Using DHCP Relay Agent Option 82 Information" on page 379](#).

If the network includes integrated routing and bridging (IRB) interfaces, you must also include the **include-irb-and-l2** statement, as shown in the following example. This statement configures DHCP relay agent to include the layer 2 interface name along with IRB name in the circuit ID of option 82. DHCP relay agent uses the layer 2 interface name when restoring the lease database using leasequery or bulk leasequery.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# set relay-option-82 circuit-id include-irb-and-l2
```

- (DHCPv4 only) DHCP relay agent always includes the new option 82 information in the DHCP packets that the relay forwards to DHCP servers. See [Overriding Option 82 Information](#).

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# set overrides always-write-option-82
```

- (DHCPv6 only) DHCP relay agent inserts the DHCPv6 Interface-ID (option 18) in the packets that the relay forwards to DHCPv6 servers. See ["Inserting DHCPv6 Interface-ID Option \(Option 18\) In DHCPv6 Packets" on page 498](#).

If your network includes integrated routing and bridging (IRB) interfaces, you must also include the **include-irb-and-l2** statement, as shown in the following example. This statement configures DHCPv6 relay agent to include the layer 2 interface name along with IRB name in the circuit ID of option 82. DHCP relay agent uses the layer 2 interface name when using leasequery or bulk leasequery to restore the lease database.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# set relay-agent-interface-id include-irb-and-l2
```

2. Configure DHCP relay agent to support leasequery:

Configure the leasequery parameters the DHCP relay agent uses when querying the DHCP local servers. The following steps describe the configuration for DHCPv4. For DHCPv6, use the procedure at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]** hierarchy level.

- Specify that you want to configure leasequery options for the DHCP relay agent.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit leasequery
```

- Specify the number of seconds DHCP relay waits before resending leasequery messages to the configured DHCP servers in the same logical system/routing instance.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay leasequery]
user@host# set timeout 8
```

- Specify the number of times DHCP relay resends leasequery messages. DHCP relay resends the messages when the configured timeout value expires. The messages are resent if the DHCP relay has not received confirmed lease information for a client.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay leasequery]
user@host# set attempts 3
```

3. Configure DHCP local server to support leasequery:

Configure the leasequery parameters the DHCP local server uses when responding to leasequery messages from a DHCP relay. The following steps describe the configuration for DHCPv4. For DHCPv6, use the procedure at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]** hierarchy level.

- Enable leasequery support for the DHCP local server.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit allow-leasequery
```

- (Optional) Specify that the DHCP local server responds to a leasequery by sending the binding information only to restricted requestors. For DHCPv4, restricted requestors are those whose giaddr matches the giaddr of the client. For DHCPv6, the client ID of the request must match the relay ID of the client. This step provides additional security by ensuring that the requestor is the originator of the binding request.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server allow-leasequery]
user@host# set restricted-requestor
```

4. Initiate the leasequery operation on the DHCP relay agent.

See [“Initiating DHCP Leasequery to Update the DHCP Relay Agent Lease Database” on page 303](#). DHCP relay agent uses the specified options when sending the leasequery messages to all configured DHCP local servers in the same logical system/routing instance.

5. (Optional) Display and manage statistics and information for the leasequery operation.

Use the supported **show** and **clear** commands to manage and display information about the leasequery operation for the DHCP relay agent and the DHCP local server. See [“Verifying and Managing DHCP Leasequery and Bulk Leasequery Configuration” on page 304](#).

**Related
Documentation**

- [DHCP Leasequery and Bulk Leasequery on page 295](#)
- [Configuring and Using DHCP Bulk Leasequery on page 300](#)
- [Initiating DHCP Leasequery to Update the DHCP Relay Agent Lease Database on page 303](#)
- [Verifying and Managing DHCP Leasequery and Bulk Leasequery Configuration on page 304](#)

Configuring and Using DHCP Bulk Leasequery

The bulk leasequery operation updates a DHCP relay agent's lease database with information for multiple subscribers, as opposed to the individual leasequery, which queries individual bindings for known targets only. Bulk leasequery also extends the individual leasequery by providing additional query options and functionality.

You use the following steps to configure and use bulk leasequery.

1. Ensure that the following required support is configured on the DHCP relay agent.

- (DHCPv4 only) DHCP relay agent inserts option 82 suboption 1 (Agent Circuit ID), in the DHCP packets that the relay forwards to DHCP servers. See [“Using DHCP Relay Agent Option 82 Information” on page 379](#).

If the network includes integrated routing and bridging (IRB) interfaces, you must also include the **include-irb-and-l2** statement, as shown in the following example. This statement configures DHCPv6 relay agent to include the layer 2 interface name along with IRB name in the circuit ID of option 82. DHCP relay agent uses the layer 2 interface name when using leasequery or bulk leasequery to restore the lease database.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# set relay-option-82 circuit-id include-irb-and-l2
```

- (DHCPv4 only) DHCP relay agent always includes the new option 82 information in the DHCP packets that the relay forwards to DHCP servers. See [Overriding Option 82 Information](#).

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# set overrides always-write-option-82
```

- (DHCPv6 only) DHCP relay agent inserts the DHCPv6 Interface-ID (option 18) in packets forwarded to DHCPv6 servers. See [“Inserting DHCPv6 Interface-ID Option \(Option 18\) In DHCPv6 Packets” on page 498](#).

If your network includes integrated routing and bridging (IRB) interfaces, you must also include the **include-irb-and-l2** statement, as shown in the following example. This statement configures DHCPv6 relay agent to include the layer 2 interface name along with IRB name in the circuit ID of option 82. DHCP relay agent uses the layer 2 interface name when using leasequery or bulk leasequery to restore the lease database.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# set relay-agent-interface-id include-irb-and-l2
```

2. Configure the number of connections that the router can use for bulk leasequery.

Specify the maximum number of TCP connections the DHCP local server can simultaneously accept for bulk leasequery operations, and the number of simultaneous connections that the DHCP relay agent can request for bulk leasequery. This is a chassis-wide configuration and includes all logical systems/routing instances, and all address families.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service]
```

```
user@host# set accept-max-tcp-connections 6
user@host# set request-max-tcp-connections 7
```

3. Configure DHCP relay agent to support bulk leasequery:

Configure the bulk leasequery parameters the DHCP relay agent uses when querying the DHCP local servers. The following steps describe the configuration for DHCPv4. For DHCPv6, use the procedure at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]** hierarchy level.

- Specify that you want to configure bulk leasequery options for the DHCP relay agent.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit bulk-leasequery
```

- Specify the number of seconds DHCP relay waits before retrying the TCP connection to send bulk leasequery messages to the configured DHCP servers in the same logical system/routing instance.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay bulk-leasequery]
user@host# set timeout 5
```

- Specify the number of times DHCP relay attempts the TCP connection with the server to send bulk leasequery messages. DHCP relay resends the messages when the configured timeout value expires. The TCP connection is reestablished only to DHCP servers to which the connection failed or was abruptly closed.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay bulk-leasequery]
user@host# set attempts 6
```

- (Optional, DHCPv6 only) Specify the optional automatic trigger. The automatic trigger configures DHCPv6 relay agent to automatically initiate bulk leasequery whenever the `jdhcp` daemon starts (for example, after a reboot, a graceful Routing Engine switchover, or unified ISSU) and there are no bound subscribers in the session database. When the automatic trigger support is configured, you can still use the CLI command to manually trigger bulk leasequery.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay bulk-leasequery]
user@host# set trigger automatic
```

4. Configure DHCP local server to support bulk-leasequery:

Configure the parameters the DHCP local server uses when responding to bulk leasequery messages from a DHCP relay. The following steps describe the configuration for DHCPv4. For DHCPv6, use the procedure at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]** hierarchy level.

- Enable bulk leasequery support for the DHCP local server.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit allow-bulk-leasequery
```

- (Optional) Specify the maximum number of concurrent TCP connections allowed in the DHCP local server's logical system/routing instance:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server allow-bulk-leasequery]  
user@host# set max-connections 5
```

- (Optional) Specify the maximum number of empty replies that the DHCP local server sends to a specific requestor. When the maximum number of replies is reached, the DHCP server closes the connection.

An empty reply is a response that contains no bindings or has an option status code error. Empty replies are often a response to an unauthorized requestor that has sent an invalid or incorrect query. By limiting the number of empty replies that the DHCP local server sends, you prevent the connection from being consumed by unauthorized or malicious requesters.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server allow-bulk-leasequery]  
user@host# set max-empty-replies 4
```

- (Optional) Specify that the DHCP local server sends the binding information to restricted requestors only. This step ensures that the requestor is the originator of the binding request,

For DHCPv4 leasequery and bulk leasequery requests, the giaddr of the requestor must match the giaddr of the client. For DHCPv6 bulk leasequery requests, the requestor's client ID in the bulk leasequery message must match the relay ID that was sent during binding creation.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server allow-bulk-leasequery]  
user@host# set restricted-requestor
```

- (Optional) Specify the number of seconds that a connection on the TCP socket is idle before the DHCP local server closes the connection.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server allow-bulk-leasequery]  
user@host# set timeout 90
```

5. Initiate the bulk leasequery operation on the DHCP relay agent.

DHCP relay agent uses the specified options when sending the bulk leasequery messages to all configured DHCP local servers in the same logical system/routing instance.

- Automatically initiating bulk leasequery—When the automatic trigger feature is configured, DHCP relay agent initiates the bulk leasequery whenever the jdhcp process starts and there are no bound subscribers in the session database.

- Manually initiating bulk leasequery—Use the appropriate CLI command to manually initiate bulk leasequery. See [“Initiating DHCP Leasequery to Update the DHCP Relay Agent Lease Database”](#) on page 303.
6. Display and manage statistics and information for the bulk leasequery operation.

Use the supported **show** and **clear** commands to manage and display information about the bulk leasequery operation for the DHCP relay agent and the DHCP local server. See [“Verifying and Managing DHCP Leasequery and Bulk Leasequery Configuration”](#) on page 304.

Related Documentation

- [DHCP Leasequery and Bulk Leasequery on page 295](#)
- [Configuring and Using DHCP Individual Leasequery on page 297](#)
- [Initiating DHCP Leasequery to Update the DHCP Relay Agent Lease Database on page 303](#)
- [Verifying and Managing DHCP Leasequery and Bulk Leasequery Configuration on page 304](#)

Initiating DHCP Leasequery to Update the DHCP Relay Agent Lease Database

You can manually request that DHCP relay agent initiate an individual leasequery or bulk leasequery operation, which requests current lease information from DHCP local servers.

A leasequery updates the DHCP relay agent's lease database with information for an individual client—for DHCPv4, you can specify clients by IP address, MAC address or client ID. For DHCPv6, you can identify clients by IPv6 prefix or client ID.

A bulk leasequery updates the relay agent's lease database for a group of clients—for DHCPv4, you can specify clients by IPv4 address, MAC address or client ID. For DHCPv6, you can identify clients by IPv6 prefix, client ID, Relay-ID option, Relay Agent Remote-ID option, or IPv6 link address.

When you initiate a leasequery or bulk leasequery, you can optionally specify a particular DHCP server (by address), server group, routing instance, or logical system to be queried.

To initiate a DHCPv4 individual leasequery to update binding information:

- For a DHCPv4 client, based on the client's IP address:
user@host> **request dhcp relay leasequery** 192.168.10.34
- For a DHCPv4 client, based on the client's MAC address:
user@host> **request dhcp relay leasequery** 00:00:5E:00:53:cd
- For a DHCPv4 client, based on the client identifier option (option 61):
user@host> **request dhcp relay leasequery** 4/1224

To initiate a DHCPv6 individual leasequery to update binding information:

- For a DHCPv6 client, based on the client's IPv6 address:
user@host> **request dhcpv6 relay leasequery** 2001:db8:1001::1
- For a DHCPv6 client, based on the client ID option (option 1):
user@host> **request dhcpv6 relay leasequery** 4/1224

To initiate a DHCPv4 bulk leasequery to update binding information:

- For a DHCPv4 client, based on the client identifier option (option 61):
user@host> **request dhcp relay leasequery** 4/1224
- For a DHCPv4 client, based on the client's MAC address:
user@host> **request dhcp relay bulk-leasequery** 00:00:5E:00:53:cd

To initiate a DHCPv6 bulk leasequery to update binding information:

- For a DHCPv6 client, based on the client ID option (option 1):
user@host> **request dhcpv6 relay bulk-leasequery** 4/1223
- For DHCPv6 clients, based on IPv6 prefix:
user@host> **request dhcpv6 relay bulk-leasequery** 2001:db8:1001::1
- For DHCPv6 clients associated with the DHCPv6 relay identified in the specified Relay-ID option:
user@host> **request dhcpv6 relay bulk-leasequery relay-id** 4/2121
- For DHCPv6 clients associated with the specified IPv6 link address:
user@host> **request dhcpv6 relay bulk-leasequery link-address** 2001:db8:1001:1::1
- For DHCPv6 clients associated with the specified Relay Agent Remote-ID option:
user@host> **request dhcpv6 relay bulk-leasequery remote-id** host:ge-1/0/0:100



NOTE: If you use the **bulk-leasequery** command without specifying a remote ID, by default the DHCPv6 relay queries its one relay ID.

Related Documentation

- [Configuring and Using DHCP Individual Leasequery on page 297](#)
- [Configuring and Using DHCP Bulk Leasequery on page 300](#)

Verifying and Managing DHCP Leasequery and Bulk Leasequery Configuration

Purpose View or clear information about DHCP leasequery and bulk leasequery operations.

Use the supported **show** and **clear** commands to manage and display information about the leasequery and bulk leasequery operations; for the DHCP relay agent and the DHCP local server.

- Action**
- To display leasequery and bulk leasequery information for DHCPv4 or DHCPv6 relay agent:

```
user@host> show dhcp relay statistics (leasequery | bulk-leasequery-connections)
```

```
user@host> show dhcpv6 relay statistics (leasequery | bulk-leasequery-connections)
```
 - To clear leasequery and bulk leasequery information for DHCPv4 or DHCPv6 relay agent:

```
user@host> clear dhcp relay statistics (leasequery | bulk-leasequery-connections)
```

```
user@host> clear dhcpv6 relay statistics (leasequery | bulk-leasequery-connections)
```
 - To display leasequery and bulk leasequery information for DHCPv4 or DHCPv6 local server:

```
user@host> show dhcp server statistics bulk-leasequery-connections
```

```
user@host> show dhcpv6 server statistics bulk-leasequery-connections
```
 - To clear leasequery and bulk leasequery information for DHCPv4 or DHCPv6 local server:

```
user@host> clear dhcp server statistics bulk-leasequery-connections
```

```
user@host> clear dhcpv6 server statistics bulk-leasequery-connections
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring and Using DHCP Individual Leasequery on page 297](#)
 - [Configuring and Using DHCP Bulk Leasequery on page 300](#)

Requesting DHCP Client Configuration Information From an Address Pool

- [DHCP Local Server Handling of Client Information Request Messages on page 307](#)
- [Enabling Processing of Client Information Requests on page 308](#)

DHCP Local Server Handling of Client Information Request Messages

DHCP clients that already have externally provided addresses may solicit further configuration information from a DHCP server by sending a DHCP information request that indicates what information is desired. By default, DHCP local server and DHCPv6 local server ignore any DHCP information requests that they receive. You can override this default behavior to enable processing of these messages.

If you enable processing of information requests, DHCP local server responds to the client with a DHCP acknowledgment message that includes the requested information—if it is available. DHCPv6 local server responds in the same manner but uses a DHCP reply message. No subscriber management or DHCP-management is applied as a result of the DHCP information request message.

By default, DHCP relay and DHCP relay proxy automatically forward DHCP information request messages without modification if the messages are received on an interface configured for a DHCP server group. DHCP relay and relay proxy drop information request messages received on any other interfaces. You cannot disable this default DHCP relay and relay proxy behavior.

The information requested by these clients has typically been configured with the **dhcp-attributes** statement for an address pool defined by the **address-assignment pool** *pool-name* statement at the **[edit access]** hierarchy level.

When you enable processing of DHCP information requests, you can optionally specify the name of the pool from which the local server retrieves the requested configuration information for the client. If you do not specify a local pool, then the local server requests that AAA selects and returns only the name of the relevant pool.



NOTE: PPP interfaces are not supported on EX Series switches.

When DHCPv6 is configured over PPP interfaces, the PPP RADIUS authentication data can be used to select the pool from which the response information is taken. Additionally other RADIUS attributes can also be inserted into the DHCPv6 reply message. If an overlap exists between RADIUS attributes and local pool attributes, the RADIUS values are used instead of the local configuration data. If no RADIUS information is received from the underlying PPP interface, then the behavior is the same as described previously for non-PPP interfaces.

- Related Documentation**
- [Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 351](#)
 - [Enabling Processing of Client Information Requests on page 308](#)

Enabling Processing of Client Information Requests

By default, DHCP local server and DHCPv6 local server do not respond to information request messages from the client. You can enable DHCP local server and DHCPv6 local server to process these messages and respond to them with an acknowledgment (ack or reply message, respectively) and the requested information.

DHCP relay agent automatically forwards the information request messages without modification to the configured server group by means of the interfaces configured for the respective server group. The messages are dropped if they are received on an unconfigured interface. DHCP relay proxy also supports forwarding these messages. You cannot disable forwarding of the information request messages.

Configure one or more local address pools if you want to use a local pool rather than one provided by AAA. See [“Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool Name and Addresses” on page 635](#). For processing information request messages, the address configuration is not necessary. For DHCP local server, you must specify the IPv4 family; for DHCPv6 local server, you must specify the IPv6 family.

See [“Configuring DHCP Client-Specific Attributes Applied When Clients Obtain an Address” on page 284](#) for details about how to configure the information sought by clients that send information request messages.

To enable processing of DHCP client information request messages:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.
 - For DHCP local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server overrides]
user@host# set process-inform
```
 - For DHCPv6 local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 overrides]
user@host# set process-inform
```
2. (Optional) Specify a pool name from which DHCP information is returned to the client.
 - For DHCP local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server overrides process-inform]
```

```
user@host# set pool pool-name
```

- For DHCPv6 local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 overrides process-inform]
```

```
user@host# set pool pool-name
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 351](#)
- [Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings on page 357](#)
- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264](#)
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)

Authenticating DHCP Clients Using An External AAA Authentication Service

- Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311
- Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 312
- Configuring Passwords for Usernames on page 315

Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP

The extended DHCP local server, including DHCPv6 local server, and the extended DHCP relay agent, including DHCPv6 relay agent, support the use of external AAA authentication services, such as RADIUS, to authenticate DHCP clients. When the extended DHCP local server or relay agent receives a discover PDU from a client, the extended DHCP application contacts the AAA server to authenticate the DHCP client. The extended DHCP application can obtain client addresses and DHCP configuration options from the external AAA authentication server.



NOTE: This section uses the term *extended DHCP application* to refer to both the extended DHCP local server and the extended DHCP relay agent.

The external authentication feature also supports AAA directed logout. If the external AAA service supports a user logout directive, the extended DHCP application honors the logout and responds as though it were requested by a CLI management command. All of the client state information and allocated resources are deleted at logout. The extended DHCP application supports directed logout using the list of configured authentication servers you specify with the **authentication-server** statement at the **[edit access profile profile-name]** hierarchy level.

You can configure either global authentication support or group-specific support.

You must configure the **username-include** statement to enable the use of authentication. The **password** statement is not required and does not cause DHCP to use authentication if the **username-include** statement is not included.

To configure DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent authentication support:

1. Specify that you want to configure authentication options.

- For DHCP local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit authentication
```

- For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit authentication
```

- For DHCPv6 local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]
user@host# edit authentication
```

- For DHCPv6 relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# edit authentication
```

2. (Optional) Configure a password that authenticates the username to the external authentication service.

See [“Configuring Passwords for Usernames” on page 315](#).

3. (Optional) Configure optional features to create a unique username.

See [“Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients” on page 312](#).

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264](#)
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)
- [DHCPv6 Local Server Overview on page 488](#)
- [DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview on page 495](#)

Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients

You can configure the extended DHCP application to include additional information in the username that is passed to the external AAA authentication service when the DHCP client logs in. This additional information enables you to construct usernames that uniquely identify subscribers (DHCP clients).



NOTE: If you do not include a username in the authentication configuration, the router (or switch) does not perform authentication; however, the IP address is provided by the local pool if it is configured.

When you use the DHCPv6 local server, you must configure authentication and the client username; otherwise client login fails.

The following list describes the optional information that you can include as part of the username:

- **circuit-type**—The circuit type used by the DHCP client, for example **enet**.
- **client-id**—The client identifier option (option 1). (DHCPv6 local server DHCPv6 relay agent only)
- **delimiter**—The delimiter character that separates components that make up the concatenated username. The default delimiter is a period (.). The semicolon (;) is not supported as a delimiter character.
- **domain-name**—The client domain name as a string. The router adds the @ delimiter to the username.
- **interface-description**—The description of the device (physical) interface or the logical interface.
- **interface-name**—The interface name, including the interface device and associated VLAN IDs.
- **logical-system-name**—The name of the logical system, if the receiving interface is in a logical system.
- **mac-address**—The client MAC address, in a string of the format **xxxx.xxxx.xxxx**.

For DHCPv6 clients, because the DHCPv6 packet format has no specific field for the client MAC address, the MAC address is derived from among several sources with the following priority:

- Client DUID Type 1 or Type 3.
- Option 79 (client link-layer address), if present.
- The packet source address if the client is directly connected.
- The link local address.
- **option-60**—The portion of the option 60 payload that follows the length field. (Not supported for DHCPv6 local server)
- **option-82 <circuit-id> <remote-id>**—The specified contents of the option 82 payload. (Not supported for DHCPv6 local server)
 - **circuit-id**—The payload of the Agent Circuit ID suboption.
 - **remote-id**—The payload of the Agent Remote ID suboption.
 - Both **circuit-id** and **remote-id**—The payloads of both suboptions, in the format: **circuit-id[delimiter]remote-id**.
 - Neither **circuit-id** or **remote-id**—The raw payload of the option 82 from the PDU is concatenated to the username.



NOTE: For DHCP relay agent, the option 82 value used in creating the username is based on the option 82 value that is encoded in the outgoing (relayed) PDU.

- **relay-agent-interface-id**—The Interface-ID option (option 18). (DHCPv6 local server or DHCPv6 relay agent only)
- **relay-agent-remote-id**—The DHCPv6 Relay Agent Remote-ID option (option 37). (DHCPv6 local server or DHCPv6 relay agent only)
- **relay-agent-subscriber-id**—(On routers only) The DHCPv6 Relay Agent Subscriber-ID option (option 38). (DHCPv6 local server or DHCPv6 relay agent only)
- **routing-instance-name**—The name of the routing instance, if the receiving interface is in a routing instance.
- **user-prefix**—A string indicating the user prefix.

The router (switch) creates the unique username by including the specified additional information in the following order, with the fields separated by a delimiter.

For DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent:

```
user-prefix[delimiter]mac-address[delimiter]logical-system-name[delimiter]
routing-instance-name[delimiter]circuit-type[delimiter]interface-name[delimiter]option-82[delimiter]
option-60@domain-name
```

For DHCPv6 local server:

```
user-prefix[delimiter]mac-address[delimiter]logical-system-name[delimiter]routing-instance-name[delimiter]
circuit-type[delimiter]interface-name[delimiter]relay-agent-remote-id[delimiter]
relay-agent-subscriber-id[delimiter]relay-agent-interface-id[delimiter]client-id@domain-name
```

To configure a unique username:

1. Specify that you want to configure authentication.

- For DHCP local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit authentication
```

- For DHCPv6 local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]
user@host# edit authentication
```

- For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit authentication
```

- For DHCPv6 relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# edit authentication
```



NOTE: You can also configure authentication and usernames for groups at additional hierarchy levels. See [authentication \(DHCP Local Server\)](#) and [authentication \(DHCP Relay Agent\)](#).

2. Specify that you want to include optional information in the username. (DHCP local server, DHCPv6 local server, DHCP relay agent, and DHCPv6 relay agent all support the **username-include** statement.)

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server authentication]
user@host# set username-include
```

3. (Optional) Specify the optional information you want to include in the username, for example:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server authentication username-include]
user@host# set username-include circuit-type
user@host# set username-include domain-name example.com
user@host# set username-include mac-address
user@host# set username-include user-prefix wallybrown
```

The previous **username-include** configuration produces this unique username:

wallybrown.0090.1a01.1234.enet@example.com

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264](#)
- [DHCPv6 Local Server Overview on page 488](#)
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)
- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311](#)

Configuring Passwords for Usernames

You can configure an optional password that the extended DHCP application presents to the external AAA authentication service to authenticate the specified username.

To configure a password that authenticates the username:

1. Specify that you want to configure authentication options.

- For DHCP local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit authentication
```

- For DHCPv6 local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]
user@host# edit authentication
```

- For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit authentication
```

2. Configure the password. (DHCP local server, DHCPv6 local server, and DHCP relay agent all support the **password** statement.)

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server authentication]
user@host# set password $ABC123
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264](#)
- [DHCPv6 Local Server Overview on page 488](#)
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)
- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311](#)
- *Special Requirements for Junos OS Plain-Text Passwords*

CHAPTER 25

Grouping Interfaces and Applying a Common DHCP Configuration to the Group

- [Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations on page 317](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Interface Ranges for Groups of DHCP Interfaces on page 318](#)
- [Configuring Group-Specific DHCP Local Server Options on page 319](#)
- [Configuring Group-Specific DHCP Relay Options on page 320](#)
- [Example: Configuring DHCP and DHCPv6 Relay Agent Group-Level Selective Traffic Processing on page 321](#)

Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations

You use the group feature to group a set of interfaces and then apply a common DHCP configuration to the named interface group. The extended DHCP local server, DHCPv6 local server, DHCP relay agent, and DHCPv6 relay agent all support interface groups.

The following steps create a DHCP local server group; the steps are similar for the DHCPv6 local server, DHCP relay agent, and DHCPv6 relay agent.

To configure a DHCP local server interface group:

1. Specify that you want to configure DHCP local server.

```
[edit system services]  
user@host# edit dhcp-local-server
```

2. Create the group and assign a name.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]  
user@host# edit group boston
```

3. Specify the names of one or more interfaces on which the extended DHCP application is enabled. You can repeat the `interface interface-name` statement to specify multiple interfaces within the group, but you cannot use the same interface in more than one group.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group boston]
```

```
user@host# set interface fe-1/0/1.1
user@host# set interface fe-1/0/1.2
```

4. (Optional) You can use the **upto** option to specify a range of interfaces for a group.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group boston]
user@host# set interface fe-1/0/1.3 upto fe-1/0/1.9
```

5. (Optional) You can use the **exclude** option to exclude a specific interface or a specified range of interfaces from the group. For example:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group boston]
user@host# set interface fe-1/0/1.1 upto fe-1/0/1.102
user@host# set interface fe-1/0/1.6 exclude
user@host# set interface fe-1/0/1.70 upto fe-1/0/1.80 exclude
```

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264](#)
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)
- [DHCPv6 Local Server Overview on page 488](#)
- [DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview on page 495](#)
- [Configuring Group-Specific DHCP Local Server Options on page 319](#)
- [Configuring Group-Specific DHCP Relay Options on page 320](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Interface Ranges for Groups of DHCP Interfaces on page 318](#)

Guidelines for Configuring Interface Ranges for Groups of DHCP Interfaces

This topic describes guidelines to consider when configuring interface ranges for named interface groups for DHCP local server and DHCP relay. The guidelines refer to the following configuration statement:

```
user@host# set interface interface-name upto upto-interface-name
```

- The start subunit, **interface *interface-name***, serves as the key for the stanza. The remaining configuration settings are considered attributes.
- If the subunit is not included, an implicit **.0** subunit is enforced. The implicit subunit is applied to all interfaces when autoconfiguration is enabled. For example, **interface ge-2/2/2** is treated as **interface ge-2/2/2.0**.
- Ranged entries contain the **upto** option, and the configuration applies to all interfaces within the specified range. The start of a ranged entry must be less than the end of the range. Discrete entries apply to a single interface, except in the case of autoconfiguration, in which a **0** (zero) subunit acts as a wildcard.
- Interface stanzas defined within the same router or switch context are dependent and can constrain each other—both DHCP local server and DHCP relay are considered. Interface stanzas defined across different router (switch) contexts are independent and do not constrain one another.

- Each interface stanza, whether discrete or ranged, has a unique start subunit across a given router context. For example, the following configuration is not allowed within the same group because `ge-1/0/0.10` is the start subunit for both.

```
interface ge-1/0/0.10 upto ge-1/0/0.30
interface ge-1/0/0.10
```

- Two groups cannot share interface space. For example, the following configuration is not allowed because the three stanzas share the same space and interfere with one another—interface `ge-1/0/0.26` is common to all three.

```
dhcp-relay group diamond interface ge-1/0/0.10 upto ge-1/0/0.30
dhcp-local-server group ruby interface ge-1/0/0.26
dhcp-relay group sapphire interface ge-1/0/0.25 upto ge-1/0/0.35
```

- Two ranges cannot overlap, either within a group or across groups. Overlapping occurs when two interface ranges share common subunit space but neither range is a proper subset of the other. The following ranges overlap:

```
interface ge-1/0/0.10 upto ge-1/0/0.30
interface ge-1/0/0.20 upto ge-1/0/0.40
```

- A range can contain multiple nested ranges. A nested range is a proper subset of another range. When ranges are nested, the smallest matching range applies.

In the following example, the three ranges nest properly:

```
interface ge-1/0/0.10 upto ge-1/0/0.30
interface ge-1/0/0.12 upto ge-1/0/0.15 exclude
interface ge-1/0/0.25 upto ge-1/0/0.29 exclude
```

- Discrete interfaces take precedence over ranges. In the following example, interface `ge-1/0/0.20` takes precedence and enforces an interface client limit of 5.

```
interface ge-1/0/0.10 upto ge-1/0/0.30
interface ge-1/0/0.15 upto ge-1/0/0.25 exclude
interface ge-1/0/0.20 overrides interface-client-limit 5
```

Related Documentation

- [Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations on page 317](#)

Configuring Group-Specific DHCP Local Server Options

You can include the following statements at the `[edit system services dhcp-local-server group group-name]` hierarchy level to set group-specific DHCP local server configuration options. Statements configured at the `[edit system services dhcp-local-server group group-name]` hierarchy level apply only to the named group of interfaces, and override any global DHCP local server settings configured with the same statements at the `[edit system services dhcp-local-server]` hierarchy level.

DHCPv6 local server supports the same set of statements with the exception of the `dynamic-profile` statement.

- authentication**—Configure the parameters the router sends to the external AAA server.
- dynamic-profile**—Specify the dynamic profile that is attached to a group of interfaces.

- **interface**—Specify one or more interfaces, or a range of interfaces, that are within the specified group.
- **liveness-detection**—Configure bidirectional failure detection timers and authentication criteria for static routes, or Layer 2 liveness detection using ARP and Neighbor Discovery packets. For more information, see *DHCP Liveness Detection Overview*.
- **overrides**—Override the default configuration settings for the extended DHCP local server. For information, see “[Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings](#)” on page 351.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations on page 317](#)

Configuring Group-Specific DHCP Relay Options

You can include the following statements at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group group-name]** hierarchy level to set group-specific DHCP relay agent configuration options. Group-specific statements apply only to the named group of interfaces, and override any global DHCP relay agent settings for the same statement.

Include the statements at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group group-name]** hierarchy level to configure group-specific options for DHCPv6 relay agent.

- **active-server-group**—Configure an active server group to apply a common DHCP relay agent configuration to a named group of DHCP server addresses. For information, see “[Configuring Active Server Groups to Apply a Common DHCP Relay Agent Configuration to Named Server Groups](#)” on page 365.
- **authentication**—Configure the parameters the router (or switch) sends to the external AAA server.
- **dynamic-profile**—Specify the dynamic profile that is attached to a group of interfaces.
- **interface**—Specify one or more interfaces, or a range of interfaces, that are within the specified group.
- **liveness-detection**—Configure bidirectional failure detection timers and authentication criteria for static routes, or Layer 2 liveness detection using ARP and Neighbor Discovery packets. For more information, see *DHCP Liveness Detection Overview*.
- **overrides**—Override the default configuration settings for the extended DHCP relay agent. For information, see “[Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings](#)” on page 354.
- **relay-agent-interface-id**—(DHCPv6 only) Insert the DHCPv6 Relay Agent Interface-ID option (option 18) in DHCPv6 packets destined for the DHCPv6 server.
- **relay-agent-remote-id**—(DHCPv6 only) Insert the DHCPv6 Relay Agent Remote-ID option (option 37) in DHCPv6 packets destined for the DHCPv6 server.
- **relay-option**—Configure selective processing, which uses DHCP options in client packets to identify and filter client traffic, and to specify the action DHCP relay agent takes

with the traffic. For more information, see [“Using DHCP Option Information to Selectively Process DHCP Client Traffic” on page 387](#).

- **relay-option-82**—(DHCPv4 only) Enable or disable the insertion of option 82 information in packets destined for a DHCP server. For information, see [“Using DHCP Relay Agent Option 82 Information” on page 379](#).
- **service-profile**—Specify the default subscriber service, (or default profile) which is activated when the subscriber (or DHCP client) logs in and no other service is activated by a RADIUS server or a provisioning server. For more information, see [“Default Subscriber Service Overview” on page 277](#).

Related Documentation

- [Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations on page 317](#)

Example: Configuring DHCP and DHCPv6 Relay Agent Group-Level Selective Traffic Processing

This example shows how to configure named interface group-based support for DHCPv6 relay agent selective processing, which uses DHCP option strings to identify, filter, and process client traffic.

This example describes DHCPv6 relay agent configuration—you can configure the related procedure for DHCP relay agent groups at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy level. DHCPv6 selective processing supports DHCPv6 options 15 and 16. DHCP selective processing supports option 60 (MX Series routers only) and option 77.

- [Requirements on page 321](#)
- [Overview on page 322](#)
- [Configuration on page 322](#)
- [Verification on page 324](#)

Requirements

This example uses the following hardware and software components:

- MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers or PTX Series Packet Transport Routers

Before you configure DHCPv6 relay agent selective processing support, be sure you:

- Configure DHCPv6 relay agent.

See [“Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview” on page 270](#) and [“DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview” on page 495](#).

- Configure the DHCPv6 named interface groups used for the configuration.

See [“Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations” on page 317](#).

- Configure the DHCPv6 server groups used for the processing actions.

See [“Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations” on page 317](#).

Overview

In this example, you configure group-level DHCPv6 relay agent named interface support for selective processing of client packets based on DHCPv6 option strings. To configure selective processing, you perform the following procedures:

1. Identify the client traffic—Specify the DHCPv6 option that DHCPv6 relay agent uses to identify the client traffic you want to process. The DHCPv6 option you specify matches the option in the client traffic.
2. Configure the default action—Specify the default processing action, which DHCPv6 relay uses for identified client traffic that does not satisfy any configured match criteria.
3. Create match filters and associate an action with each filter—Specify match criteria that filters the client traffic. The criteria can be an exact match or a partial match with the DHCPv6 option string in the client traffic. Associate a processing action with each match criteria.

Configuration

To configure group-level DHCPv6 relay agent selective processing based on DHCPv6 option information, perform these tasks:

- [Configuring a DHCPv6 Relay Agent Named Interface Group To Selectively Process Client Traffic Based on DHCPv6 Option Strings on page 322](#)
- [Results on page 323](#)

CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them in a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the command into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level. The quick configuration assumes that the named interface group and the DHCP server groups have been previously configured.

```
set forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group groupv6-east-27
set forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-option option-number 15
set forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-option equals ascii triple-gold
  relay-server-group relayserver-triple-8
set forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-option equals ascii triple-silver
  relay-server-group relayserver-triple-23
set forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-option starts-with ascii single
  relay-server-group relayserver-1-aa
set forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-option default-action drop
```

[Configuring a DHCPv6 Relay Agent Named Interface Group To Selectively Process Client Traffic Based on DHCPv6 Option Strings](#)

Step-by-Step Procedure

This procedure assumes that you have previously created the named interface group and the DHCPv6 server groups. To configure DHCPv6 relay group-level selective processing:

1. Specify that you want to configure DHCPv6 relay agent support.

```
[edit forwarding-options]
user@host# edit dhcp-relay dhcpv6
```

2. Specify that you want to configure group-level DHCPv6 relay agent support.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# edit group groupv6-east-27
```

3. Specify the DHCPv6 option number that DHCPv6 relay agent uses to identify incoming client traffic.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group groupv6-east-27]
user@host# set relay-option option-number 15
```

4. Configure the default action, which DHCPv6 relay agent uses when the incoming client traffic does not satisfy any configured match criteria.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group groupv6-east-27]
user@host# set relay-option default-action relay-server-group relayserver-def-4
```

5. Configure an exact match condition and associated action that DHCPv6 relay uses to process the identified client traffic.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group groupv6-east-27]
user@host# set relay-option equals ascii triple-gold relay-server-group
relayserver-triple-8
```

6. Configure a second exact match condition and associated action that DHCPv6 relay uses to process client traffic.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group groupv6-east-27]
user@host# set relay-option equals ascii triple-silver relay-server-group
relayserver-triple-23
```

7. Configure a partial match criteria and associated action that DHCPv6 relay uses to process client traffic.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group groupv6-east-27]
user@host# set relay-option starts-with ascii single relay-server-group
relayserver-1-aa
```

Results

From configuration mode, confirm the results of your configuration by issuing the **show** statement at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp]** hierarchy level. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```
dhcpv6 {
  group test-1 {
    relay-option {
      option-number 15;
    }
  }
}
```

```
equals {
  ascii triple-gold {
    relay-server-group relayserver-triple-8;
  }
  ascii triple-silver {
    relay-server-group relayserver-triple-23;
  }
}
default-action {
  relay-server-group relayserver-def-4;
}
starts-with {
  ascii single {
    relay-server-group relayserver-1-aa;
  }
}
}
interface ge-1/0/0.0 upto ge-1/1/0.0;
}
server-group {
  relayserver-1-aa;
  relayserver-triple-8;
  relayserver-triple-23;
  relayserver-def-4;
}
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Verification

To verify the status of DHCPv6 relay agent selective traffic processing, perform this task:

- [Verifying the Status of DHCPv6 Relay Agent Selective Traffic Processing on page 324](#)

Verifying the Status of DHCPv6 Relay Agent Selective Traffic Processing

Purpose Verify the DHCPv6 relay agent selective traffic processing status.

Action Display statistics for DHCPv6 relay agent.

```
user@host> show dhcpv6 relay statistics
```

```
DHCPv6 Packets dropped:
```

```
Total 0
```

```
Messages received:
```

```
DHCPV6_DECLINE 0
DHCPV6_SOLICIT 10
DHCPV6_INFORMATION_REQUEST 0
DHCPV6_RELEASE 0
DHCPV6_REQUEST 10
DHCPV6_CONFIRM 0
DHCPV6_RENEW 0
DHCPV6_REBIND 0
DHCPV6_RELAY_REPL 0
```

```
Messages sent:
```

```
DHCPV6_ADVERTISE 0
DHCPV6_REPLY 0
DHCPV6_RECONFIGURE 0
DHCPV6_RELAY_FORW 0
```

```
Packets forwarded:
```

```
Total 4
FWD REQUEST 2
FWD REPLY 2
```

Meaning The **Packets forwarded** field in the **show dhcpv6 relay statistics** command output displays the number of client packets that have been forwarded as a result of the selective traffic processing configuration. In this example, the output indicates the total number of packets that DHCPv6 relay agent has forwarded, as well as a breakdown for the number of **FWD REQUEST** and **FWD REPLY** packets forwarded.

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)
- [DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview on page 495](#)
- [*DHCP Options and Selective Traffic Processing Overview*](#)
- [Using DHCP Option Information to Selectively Process DHCP Client Traffic on page 387](#)
- [Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations on page 317](#)
- [Displaying a Count of DHCP Packets That Are Dropped or Forwarded During Selective Processing That Is Based on DHCP Option Strings on page 416](#)
- [Example: Configuring DHCP Relay Agent Selective Traffic Processing Based on DHCP Option Strings on page 392](#)

Configuring the Number of DHCP Clients Per Interface

- [Specifying the Maximum Number of DHCP Clients Per Interface on page 327](#)
- [Allowing Only One DHCP Client Per Interface on page 328](#)

Specifying the Maximum Number of DHCP Clients Per Interface

By default, there is no limit to the number of DHCP local server or DHCP relay clients allowed on an interface. However, you can override the default setting and specify the maximum number of clients allowed per interface, in the range 1 through 500,000. When the number of clients on the interface reaches the specified limit, no additional DHCP Discover PDUs or DHCPv6 Solicit PDUs are accepted. When the number of clients subsequently drops below the limit, new clients are again accepted.



NOTE: The maximum number of DHCP (and DHCPv6) local server clients or DHCP (and DHCPv6) relay clients can also be specified by Juniper Networks VSA 26-143 during client login. The VSA-specified value always takes precedence if the `interface-client-limit` statement specifies a different number.

If the VSA-specified value differs with each client login, DHCP uses the largest limit set by the VSA until there are no clients on the interface.

To configure the maximum number of DHCP clients allowed per interface:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.
 - For DHCP local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit overrides
```
 - For DHCPv6 local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]
user@host# edit overrides
```
 - For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
```

user@host# edit **overrides**

- For DHCPv6 relay agent:

[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]

user@host# edit **overrides**

2. Configure the maximum number of clients allowed per interface. (DHCP local server, DHCPv6 local server, DHCP relay agent and DHCPv6 relay agent all support the **interface-client-limit** statement.)

[edit system services dhcp-local-server overrides]

user@host# set **interface-client-limit** *number*



NOTE: For DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent, you can use either the **interface-client-limit** statement or the **client-discover-match incoming-interface** statement to set a limit of one client per interface. The **interface-client-limit** statement with a value of 1 retains the existing client and rejects any new client connections. The **client-discover-match incoming-interface** statement deletes the existing client and allows a new client to connect.

Related Documentation

- [Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 351](#)
- [Allowing Only One DHCP Client Per Interface on page 328](#)
- [Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings on page 357](#)
- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264](#)
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)

Allowing Only One DHCP Client Per Interface

Subscriber management provides two methods that you can use to configure DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent to allow only one DHCP client per interface. The two methods differ on which client is allowed on the interface—the new client or the existing client. The two methods are supported by both DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent, and can be configured globally, for a group of interfaces, or for a specific interface.

- **Accept new client**—Delete the existing client binding and allow the new client to connect. To configure this action, use the ... **overrides client-discover-match incoming-interface** statement.
- **Keep existing client**—Retain the existing client binding on the interface and reject any requests from new DHCP clients. To configure this action, use the ... **overrides interface-client-limit 1** statement to specify a maximum of one client.

To configure the router to delete the existing client binding on the interface and allow the new client to connect:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

- For DHCP local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit overrides
```

- For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Configure the router to view all client connections on the interface as coming from the same client, which allows a new client to replace the existing client. This example shows the DHCP local server configuration. The DHCP relay agent configuration is similar.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server overrides]
user@host# set client-discover-match incoming-interface
```

To configure the router to keep the existing client binding on the interface and refuse connections from new clients:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

- For DHCP local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit overrides
```

- For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Set the maximum number of clients allowed per interface to one. This example shows the DHCP local server configuration. The DHCP relay agent configuration is similar.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server overrides]
user@host# set interface-client-limit 1
```

Related Documentation

- [DHCP Auto Logout Overview on page 343](#)
- [Automatically Logging Out DHCP Clients on page 345](#)

Maintaining Subscribers During Interface Delete Events

- [Subscriber Binding Retention During Interface Delete Events on page 331](#)
- [Configuring the Router to Maintain DHCP Subscribers During Interface Delete Events on page 332](#)
- [Verifying and Managing the DHCP Maintain Subscribers Feature on page 332](#)

Subscriber Binding Retention During Interface Delete Events

You can configure the router to maintain DHCP subscribers when an event occurs that normally results in the router deleting the subscriber. For example, by default, the router logs out DHCP subscribers when an interface delete event occurs, such as a line card reboot or failure. However, if you configure the router to maintain subscribers, the router identifies each subscriber that was on the deleted interface, and resumes normal packet processing for the subscriber when the interface is restored. This procedure does not maintain subscribers that are deleted during router reboots or failures.



NOTE: Subscribers are logged off as usual when their lease expires, even if the router is configured to maintain subscribers and the subscriber is on a deleted interface that has not yet been restored.

You configure the router to maintain subscribers on a global basis—the configuration applies to DHCP local server, DHCPv6 local server, and DHCP relay clients in all logical routers and routing instances. When you enable the maintain subscribers feature, the router applies the feature to existing subscribers as well as subscribers who later connect.

If the maintain subscribers feature is enabled on the router, you can explicitly delete a subscriber binding and log out the subscriber by either specifying a lease expiration timeout or using one of the following commands, as appropriate:

- `clear dhcp server binding`
- `clear dhcpv6 server binding`
- `clear dhcp relay binding`

Benefits of Subscriber Binding Retention

Reduces the time to restore the subscriber session and minimizes loss of subscriber service.

Related Documentation

- [Configuring the Router to Maintain DHCP Subscribers During Interface Delete Events on page 332](#)
- [Verifying and Managing the DHCP Maintain Subscribers Feature on page 332](#)

Configuring the Router to Maintain DHCP Subscribers During Interface Delete Events

You can specify a configuration in which the router does not log out a subscriber when the subscriber's interface is deleted.



NOTE: This procedure does not maintain subscribers during router reboots or failures.

To configure the router to maintain DHCP subscribers when the subscriber interface is deleted:

1. Specify that you want to configure subscriber management.

```
[edit system services]  
user@host# edit subscriber-management
```

2. Configure the router to support the maintain-subscriber feature.

```
[edit system services subscriber-management]  
user@host# edit maintain-subscriber
```

3. Configure the router to enable the maintain-subscriber feature when an interface-delete event occurs.

```
[edit system services subscriber-management maintain-subscriber]  
user@host# set interface-delete
```

Related Documentation

- [Subscriber Binding Retention During Interface Delete Events on page 331](#)
- [Verifying and Managing the DHCP Maintain Subscribers Feature on page 332](#)

Verifying and Managing the DHCP Maintain Subscribers Feature

Purpose Display information related to the DHCP maintain-subscribers feature and explicitly log out maintained clients.

- Action**
- To display DHCP local server binding information for the DHCP maintain subscribers feature:
`user@host>show dhcp server binding detail`
 - To display DHCPv6 local server binding information for the DHCP maintain subscribers feature:
`user@host>show dhcpv6 server binding detail`
 - To display DHCP relay binding information for the DHCP maintain subscribers feature:
`user@host>show dhcp relay binding detail`
 - To explicitly log out a DHCP local server subscriber when the maintain subscriber feature is enabled:
`user@host>clear dhcp server binding binding-type`
 - To explicitly log out a DHCPv6 local server subscriber when the maintain subscriber feature is enabled:
`user@host>clear dhcpv6 server binding binding-type`
 - To explicitly log out a DHCP relay subscriber when the maintain subscriber feature is enabled:
`user@host>clear dhcp relay binding binding-type`

- Related Documentation**
- [Subscriber Binding Retention During Interface Delete Events on page 331](#)
 - [Configuring the Router to Maintain DHCP Subscribers During Interface Delete Events on page 332](#)

CHAPTER 28

Forcing Dynamic Reconfiguration of Clients From a DHCP Local Server

- [Understanding Dynamic Reconfiguration of Extended DHCP Local Server Clients on page 335](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Client Reconfiguration of Extended Local Server Clients on page 338](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Reconfiguration Attempts for DHCP Clients on page 340](#)
- [Configuring Deletion of the Client When Dynamic Reconfiguration Fails on page 341](#)
- [Configuring Reconfiguration of the Client on Receipt of RADIUS-Initiated Disconnect on page 341](#)

Understanding Dynamic Reconfiguration of Extended DHCP Local Server Clients

Dynamic reconfiguration of clients enables the extended DHCP local server to initiate a client update without waiting for the client to initiate a request.

Default Client/Server Interaction

Typically the DHCP client initiates all of the basic DHCP client/server interactions. The DHCP server sends information to a client only in response to a request from that client. This behavior does not enable a client to be quickly updated with its network address and configuration in the event of server changes:



NOTE: Technically, the DHCP client/server interactions are the same on routers and switches. However, the primary usage of this technology on the routers is for subscriber management. The switches are not used for subscriber management. Therefore, this topic provides two sample scenarios. The actions are the same, but the implementation details are different.

- On routers—Suppose a service provider restructures its addressing scheme or changes the server IP addresses that it provided to clients. Without dynamic reconfiguration, the service provider typically clears the DHCP server binding table, but cannot inform the DHCP clients that their bindings have been cleared. Consequently, the DHCP client operates as though its IP address is still valid, but it is now unable to communicate over the access network, resulting in an outage. The DHCP local server needs to wait for the client to send a message to renew its lease or rebind to the server. In response,

the server sends a NAK message to the client to force it to begin the DHCP connection process again. Alternatively, the provider can wait for customers to make a service call about the network failures and then instruct them to power cycle their customer premises equipment to reinitiate the connection. Neither of these actions is timely or convenient for customers.

- On switches—Suppose you restructure the addressing scheme or change the server IP addresses that the DHCP server provides to clients. Without dynamic reconfiguration, the network typically clears the DHCP server binding table, but cannot inform the DHCP clients that their bindings have been cleared. Consequently, the DHCP client operates as though its IP address is still valid, but it is now unable to communicate over the access network, resulting in an outage. The DHCP local server needs to wait for the client to send a message to renew its lease or rebind to the server. In response, the server sends a NAK message to the client to force it to begin the DHCP connection process again. Alternatively, you can wait for users to notify you of the network failures and then instruct them to power cycle their equipment to reinitiate the connection. Neither of these actions is timely or convenient for users.

Dynamic Client/Server Interaction for DHCPv4

Dynamic reconfiguration for DHCPv4 is available through a partial implementation of RFC 3203, *DHCP Reconfigure Extension* for DHCPv4. It enables the DHCPv4 local server to send a message to the client to force reconfiguration.

The server sends a `forcerenew` message to a DHCPv4 client, initiating a message exchange. In response, DHCPv4 clients that support the `forcerenew` message then send a lease renewal message to the server. The server rejects the lease renewal request and sends a NAK to the client, causing the client to reinitiate the DHCP connection. A successful reconnection results in the reconfiguration of the DHCP client. Only the exchange of `forcerenew`, `renew`, and NAK messages is supported from RFC 3202. DHCP relay and DHCP relay proxy do not participate in the client reconfiguration or react to `forcerenew` messages other than to forward them to the client.

When the local server state machine starts the reconfiguration process on a bound client, the client transitions to the reconfiguring state and the local server sends a `forcerenew` message to the client. Because the client was in the bound state before entering the reconfiguring state, all subscriber services or DHCP-managed services, such as forwarding and statistics, continue to work. Client statistics are not maintained in the interval between a successful reconfiguration and the subsequent client binding. When the server responds to the client renewal request with a NAK, the client entry is removed from the binding table and final statistics are reported. New statistics are collected when the client sends a discover message to establish a new session.

Dynamic Client/Server Interaction for DHCPv6

Dynamic reconfiguration for DHCPv6 is available through a partial implementation of RFC 3315, *Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6)*. It enables the DHCPv6 local server to send a message to the client to force reconfiguration.

DHCPv6 servers send reconfigure messages to DHCPv6 clients, initiating a message exchange. In response, DHCPv6 clients that support the reconfigure message transition

to the renewing state and send a renew message to the server. The server returns a reply message with a lifetime of zero (0). The client transitions to the init state and sends a solicit message. The server sends an advertise message to indicate that it is available for service. The client sends a request for configuration parameters, which the server then includes in its reply. DHCP relay and DHCP relay proxy do not participate in the client reconfiguration or react to reconfigure messages other than to forward them to the client.

When a DHCPv6 server is triggered to initiate reconfiguration on a bound DHCPv6 client, the client transitions to the reconfigure state. All subscriber services, such as forwarding and statistics, continue to work. The server then sends the reconfigure message to the client. If the DHCPv6 client is already in the reconfigure state, the DHCPv6 server ignores the reconfiguration trigger. For clients in any state other than bound or reconfigure, the server clears the binding state of the client, as if the **clear dhcpv6 server binding** command had been issued.

Manually Forcing the Local Server to Initiate the Reconfiguration Process

You can force the local server to initiate the reconfiguration process for clients by issuing the **request dhcp server reconfigure** command for DHCPv4 clients, and the **request dhcpv6 server reconfigure** command for DHCPv6 clients. Command options determine whether reconfiguration is then attempted for all clients or specified clients.

Action Taken for Events That Occur During a Reconfiguration

Events that take place while a reconfiguration is in process take precedence over the reconfiguration. [Table 42 on page 337](#) lists the actions taken in response to several different events.

Table 42: Action Taken for Events That Occur During a Reconfiguration

| Event | Action |
|---|--|
| Server receives a discover (DHCPv4) or solicit (DHCPv6) message from the client. | Server drops packet and deletes client. |
| Server receives a request, renew, rebind, or init-reboot message from the client. | DHCPv4—Server sends NAK message and deletes client. DHCPv6—Server drops packet and deletes client. Server replies to renew message with lease time of zero (0). |
| Server receives a release or decline message from the client. | Server deletes client. |
| The client lease times out. | Server deletes client. |
| The clear dhcp server binding command is issued. | Server deletes client. |
| The request dhcp server reconfigure (DHCPv4) or request dhcpv6 server reconfigure (DHCPv6) command is issued. | Command is ignored. |

Table 42: Action Taken for Events That Occur During a Reconfiguration (*continued*)

| Event | Action |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| GRES or DHCP restart occurs. | Reconfiguration process is halted. |

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Dynamic Client Reconfiguration of Extended Local Server Clients on page 338](#)
- [Requesting DHCP Local Server to Initiate Reconfiguration of Client Bindings on page 413](#)

Configuring Dynamic Client Reconfiguration of Extended Local Server Clients

The DHCP local server can initiate reconfiguration of its clients to avoid extended outages because of server configuration changes. You can enable dynamic reconfiguration for all DHCP clients or only the DHCP clients serviced by a specified group of interfaces, and you can modify the behavior accordingly.

Starting in Junos OS Release 14.1, you can modify the behavior of the process in which the DHCP local server initiates reconfiguration of its clients by including the appropriate configuration statements. You can provide the statements at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server reconfigure]** hierarchy level for all DHCPv4 clients, and at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 reconfigure]** hierarchy level for all DHCPv6 clients. To override this global configuration for only the DHCP clients serviced by a specified group of interfaces, you can include the statements with different values at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server group group-name reconfigure]** hierarchy level for DHCPv4 clients, and at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group group-name reconfigure]** hierarchy level for DHCPv6 clients.

To configure dynamic reconfiguration of DHCP clients:

1. Enable dynamic reconfiguration with default values for all clients.

For DHCPv4:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# set reconfigure
```

For DHCPv6:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]
user@host# set reconfigure
```

2. (Optional) Enable dynamic reconfiguration for only the clients serviced by a group of interfaces.

For DHCPv4:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group-name]
user@host# set reconfigure
```

For DHCPv6:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group group-name]
user@host# set reconfigure
```

3. (Optional) Configure how the server attempts reconfiguration.
See [“Configuring Dynamic Reconfiguration Attempts for DHCP Clients” on page 340](#).
4. (Optional) Configure the response to a failed reconfiguration.
See [“Configuring Deletion of the Client When Dynamic Reconfiguration Fails” on page 341](#).
5. (Optional) Configure the behavior in response to a RADIUS-initiated disconnect.
See [“Configuring Reconfiguration of the Client on Receipt of RADIUS-Initiated Disconnect” on page 341](#).
6. (Optional) Configure a token for rudimentary server authentication.
See [“Configuring a Token for DHCP Local Server Authentication” on page 403](#).
7. (Optional) Prevent DHCPv6 clients from binding if they do not support reconfigure messages.
See [“Preventing Binding of Clients That Do Not Support Reconfigure Messages” on page 490](#).

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|---------|--|
| 14.1 | Starting in Junos OS Release 14.1, you can modify the behavior of the process in which the DHCP local server initiates reconfiguration of its clients by including the appropriate configuration statements. |

Related Documentation

- [Understanding Dynamic Reconfiguration of Extended DHCP Local Server Clients on page 335](#)
- [Requesting DHCP Local Server to Initiate Reconfiguration of Client Bindings on page 413](#)

Configuring Dynamic Reconfiguration Attempts for DHCP Clients

You can configure how many attempts the local server makes to initiate reconfiguration of the DHCP client by sending `forcerenew` or `reconfigure` messages. You can also specify how long the server waits between attempts. By default, eight attempts are made and the initial interval is two seconds.

Each successive attempt doubles the interval between attempts. For example, if the first value is 2, the first retry is attempted 2 seconds after the first attempt fails. The second retry is attempted 4 seconds after the first retry fails. The third retry is attempted 8 seconds after the second retry fails, and so on. A group configuration takes precedence over a DHCP local server configuration.

(Optional) To configure DHCP local server reconfiguration behavior for all DHCP clients:

1. Specify the number of reconfiguration attempts.

For DHCPv4:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server reconfigure]
user@host# set attempts 5
```

For DHCPv6:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 reconfigure]
user@host# set attempts 5
```

2. Specify the interval between reconfiguration attempts.

For DHCPv4:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server reconfigure]
user@host# set timeout 8
```

For DHCPv6:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 reconfigure]
user@host# set timeout 8
```

To override the global configuration for a particular group of clients, include the statements at the `[edit system services dhcp-local-server group group-name reconfigure]` hierarchy level or the `[edit system services dhcpv6 dhcp-local-server group group-name reconfigure]` hierarchy level.

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Dynamic Client Reconfiguration of Extended Local Server Clients on page 338](#)

Configuring Deletion of the Client When Dynamic Reconfiguration Fails

You can configure the local server to delete the client when the maximum number of reconfiguration attempts has been made without success. By default, the client's original configuration is restored.

(Optional) To configure the DHCP local server to delete the client when reconfiguration is not successful, for all clients:

- Specify the client deletion.

For DHCPv4:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server reconfigure]
user@host# set clear-on-abort
```

For DHCPv6:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 reconfigure]
user@host# set clear-on-abort
```

To override the global configuration for a particular group of clients, include the statement at the `[edit system services dhcp-local-server group group-name reconfigure]` hierarchy level or the `[edit system services dhcpv6 dhcp-local-server group group-name reconfigure]` hierarchy level.

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Dynamic Client Reconfiguration of Extended Local Server Clients on page 338](#)
- [clear-on-abort on page 1063](#)

Configuring Reconfiguration of the Client on Receipt of RADIUS-Initiated Disconnect

You can configure the local server to reconfigure the client when the client receives a RADIUS-initiated disconnect. By default, the client is deleted when a RADIUS-initiated disconnect is received.

(Optional) To configure the DHCP local server to reconfigure the client instead of deleting the client when a RADIUS-initiated disconnect is received, for all clients:

- Specify the RADIUS-initiated disconnect trigger.

For DHCPv4:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server reconfigure trigger]
user@host# set radius-disconnect
```

For DHCPv6:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 reconfigure trigger]
user@host# set radius-disconnect
```

To override the global configuration for a particular group of clients, include the statement at the `[edit system services dhcp-local-server group group-name reconfigure trigger]`

hierarchy level or the `[edit system services dhcpv6 dhcp-local-server group group-name reconfigure trigger]` hierarchy level.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring Dynamic Client Reconfiguration of Extended Local Server Clients on page 338](#)
- [radius-disconnect on page 1433](#)
- [trigger on page 1576](#)

CHAPTER 29

Conserving IP Addresses Using DHCP Auto Logout

- [DHCP Auto Logout Overview on page 343](#)
- [Automatically Logging Out DHCP Clients on page 345](#)
- [How DHCP Relay Agent Uses Option 82 for Auto Logout on page 346](#)
- [DHCPv6 Match Criteria for Identifying DHCPv6 Subscribers on page 347](#)
- [Automatically Logging Out DHCPv6 Clients on page 348](#)

DHCP Auto Logout Overview

This topic provides an introduction to the DHCP auto logout feature and includes the following sections:

- [Auto Logout Overview on page 343](#)
- [How DHCP Identifies and Releases Clients on page 344](#)
- [Option 60 and Option 82 Requirements on page 345](#)

Auto Logout Overview

Auto logout is supported for DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent. It improves the efficiency of DHCP IP address assignment by allowing IP addresses to be immediately released and returned to the address pool when DHCP clients are no longer using the addresses. DHCP can then assign the addresses to other clients. Without auto logout, an IP address is blocked for the entire lease period, and DHCP must wait until the address lease time expires before reusing the address.

Auto logout is particularly useful when DHCP uses long lease times for IP address assignments and to help avoid allocating duplicate IP addresses for a single client.

For example, you might have an environment that includes set-top boxes (STB) that are often upgraded or replaced. Each time a STB is changed, the new STB repeats the DHCP discover process to obtain client configuration information and an IP address. DHCP views the new STB as a completely new client and assigns a new IP address—the previous IP address assigned to the client (the old STB) remains blocked and unavailable until the lease expires. If auto logout is configured in this situation, DHCP recognizes that the new STB is actually the same client and then immediately releases the original IP address.

DHCP relay agent acts as a proxy client for auto logout and sends a DHCP release message to the DHCP server.

How DHCP Identifies and Releases Clients

The auto logout feature requires that DHCP explicitly identify clients. By default, DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent identify clients based on MAC address or Client Identifier, and subnet. However, in some cases this type of identification might not be sufficient. For example, in the previous STB example, each STB has a different MAC address, so DHCP incorrectly assumes that an upgraded or replacement STB is a new client.

In order to explicitly identify clients, auto logout uses a secondary identification method when the primary identification method is unsuccessful—the primary method is considered unsuccessful if the MAC address or Client Identifier does not match that of an existing client. Subscriber management supports two secondary identification methods that you can configure.

- Incoming interface method—DHCP views a new client connection on the interface as if it comes from the same client. DHCP deletes the existing client binding before creating a binding for the newly connected device. This method allows only one client device to connect on the interface.



NOTE: The incoming interface method differs from the `overrides interface-client-limit 1` statement, which retains the existing binding and rejects the newly connected client.

- Option 60 and option 82 method—DHCP considers two clients as different if they have the same option 60 and option 82 information, but different subnets.

DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent perform the following operations when auto logout is enabled and the secondary identification method identifies a duplicate client (that is, the Discover packet is from an existing client).

- DHCP local server immediately releases the existing address.
- DHCP relay agent immediately releases the existing client and then sends a DHCP release packet to the DHCP server. Sending the release packet ensures that DHCP relay and the DHCP server are synchronized.

If the DHCP relay receives a Discover message from an existing client, the DHCP relay forwards the Discover message to the DHCP server. The DHCP relay preserves the binding if the client's existing IP address is returned by the DHCP server. This behavior is not applicable if the proxy-mode override or client-discover-match functionality are enabled.



NOTE: If the DHCP relay agent is in snoop mode, DHCP relay releases the client but does not send a release packet to the DHCP server if the discover packet is for a passive client (a client added as a result of snooped packets) or if the discover packet is a snooped packet.

Option 60 and Option 82 Requirements

DHCP local server requires that the received discover packet include both DHCP option 60 and option 82. If either option is missing, DHCP local server cannot perform the secondary identification method and auto logout is not used.

DHCP relay agent requires that the received discover packet contain DHCP option 60. DHCP relay determines the option 82 value based on the guidelines provided in [Table 43 on page 346](#).

Related Documentation

- [Automatically Logging Out DHCP Clients on page 345](#)
- [How DHCP Relay Agent Uses Option 82 for Auto Logout on page 346](#)
- [Allowing Only One DHCP Client Per Interface on page 328](#)
- [Clearing DHCP Bindings for Subscriber Access on page 414](#)

Automatically Logging Out DHCP Clients

You can configure the extended DHCP local server and extended DHCP relay to automatically log out DHCP clients. Auto logout immediately releases an existing client when DHCP receives a discover packet from a client whose identity matches an existing client. DHCP then releases the existing client IP address without waiting for the normal lease expiration.



NOTE: When the existing client is released, the new client undergoes the normal authentication process. The new client might not receive the same IP address as the original client.

To configure DHCP client auto logout:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.
 - For DHCP local server:


```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit overrides
```
 - For DHCP relay agent:


```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit overrides
```
2. Enable auto logout and specify the secondary identification method you want to use when the primary identification method is unsuccessful.
 - For example, to configure DHCP local server to use the incoming interface method:


```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server overrides]
user@host# set client-discover-match incoming-interface
```

- For example, to configure DHCP relay agent to use the option 60 and option 82 method:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay overrides]
```

```
user@host# set client-discover-match option60-and-option82
```



NOTE: If you change the auto logout configuration, existing clients continue to use the auto logout setting that was configured when they logged in. New clients use the new setting.

Related Documentation

- [DHCP Auto Logout Overview on page 343](#)
- [How DHCP Relay Agent Uses Option 82 for Auto Logout on page 346](#)
- [Allowing Only One DHCP Client Per Interface on page 328](#)
- [Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings on page 357](#)
- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264](#)
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)

How DHCP Relay Agent Uses Option 82 for Auto Logout

Table 43 on page 346 indicates how the DHCP relay agent determines the option 82 value used for the client auto logout feature. Depending on the configuration settings, DHCP relay agent takes the action indicated in the right column.

Table 43: DHCP Relay Agent Option 82 Value for Auto Logout

| DHCP Relay Agent Configuration Settings | | | | giaddr in non-snooped packet | Action Taken |
|---|------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| DHCP Relay Configured with Option 82 | Discover Packet Contains Option 82 | Override "trust-option-82" | Override "always-write-option-82" | | |
| No | No | — | — | — | No secondary search performed |
| No | Yes | Yes | — | — | Use option 82 from packet |
| No | Yes | No | — | Zero | Drop packet |
| No | Yes | No | — | Non-zero | Use option 82 from packet |
| Yes | No | — | — | — | Use configured option 82 |

Table 43: DHCP Relay Agent Option 82 Value for Auto Logout (*continued*)

| DHCP Relay Agent Configuration Settings | | | | giaddr in non-snooped packet | Action Taken |
|---|------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| DHCP Relay Configured with Option 82 | Discover Packet Contains Option 82 | Override "trust-option-82" | Override "always-write-option-82" | | |
| Yes | Yes | No | — | Zero | Drop packet |
| Yes | Yes | No | No | Non-zero | Use option 82 from packet |
| Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Non-zero | Overwrite the configured option 82 |
| Yes | Yes | Yes | No | — | Use option 82 from packet |
| Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | — | Overwrite the configured option 82 |

- Related Documentation**
- [DHCP Auto Logout Overview on page 343](#)
 - [Automatically Logging Out DHCP Clients on page 345](#)

DHCPv6 Match Criteria for Identifying DHCPv6 Subscribers

By default, the DHCPv6 local server and the DHCPv6 relay agent identify clients on the basis of the client identifier. The DHCPv6 local server and the DHCPv6 relay agent can also identify a DHCPv6 client by the incoming interface. You use the **incoming-interface** option with the **client-negotiation-match** statement so that only one client device connects on the interface. If the client device changes, the router deletes the existing client binding and creates a binding for the newly connected device.

For example, consider an environment that includes a set-top box (STB) or any other such customer premises equipment (CPE) device configured to get configuration information from the DHCPv6 server. In the network configuration, one CPE device is supported over an interface. The DHCPv6 server is configured to provide the CPE devices with long lease timers. If the CPE device is disconnected for repair or upgraded, the new CPE device goes through the DHCPv6 Solicit process to receive the configuration information from the DHCPv6 server. Because the client identifier is different from that of the previous device, the DHCPv6 local server or the DHCPv6 relay agent treats the DHCPv6 Solicit message as a new client and adds the new binding. Because the old device might not gracefully log out, the old IP address is not released until the lease expires.

If the **client-negotiation-match incoming-interface** statement is configured, on receiving a DHCPv6 Solicit message, the DHCPv6 clients are searched on the basis of their client identifiers and the incoming interface option. If an existing DHCPv6 client binding is found based on the match criteria, the binding is removed and the new client is processed. If the old CPE device is disconnected and a DHCPv6 Solicit message is received for the new CPE device, the feature uses the incoming interface to identify the client and remove the binding of the old CPE device, which allows for the release of the old IP address. The binding of the new CPE device replaces the old binding.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Automatically Logging Out DHCPv6 Clients on page 348](#)
- [Clearing DHCP Bindings for Subscriber Access on page 414](#)
- [Automatically Logging Out DHCP Clients on page 345](#)

Automatically Logging Out DHCPv6 Clients

You can configure the extended DHCPv6 local server and extended DHCPv6 relay agent to automatically log out DHCPv6 clients based on DHCPv6 subscriber-match criteria. The automatic logout feature immediately releases an existing client when DHCPv6 receives a Solicit packet from a client whose incoming interface matches that of an existing client. DHCPv6 then releases the existing client IP address without waiting for the normal lease expiration.



NOTE: When the existing client is released, the new client undergoes the normal authentication process. The new client might not receive the same IP address as the original client.

To configure automatic logout of DHCPv6 clients:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options to override the default configuration settings.
 - For the DHCPv6 local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]  
user@host# edit overrides
```
 - For the DHCPv6 relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]  
user@host# edit overrides
```
2. Enable automatic logout and specify the incoming interface as the secondary identification method you want to use.
 - For the DHCPv6 local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 overrides]  
user@host# set client-negotiation-match incoming-interface
```
 - For the DHCPv6 relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 overrides]  
user@host# set client-negotiation-match incoming-interface
```



NOTE: If you change the automatic logout configuration, existing clients continue to use the automatic logout setting that was configured when they logged in. New clients use the new setting.

**Related
Documentation**

- [DHCPv6 Match Criteria for Identifying DHCPv6 Subscribers on page 347](#)
- [Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 351](#)
- [Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 354](#)

Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings

- [Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 351](#)
- [Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 354](#)
- [Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings on page 357](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Attributes Outside Address Assignment Pools on page 357](#)

Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings

Subscriber management enables you to override certain default DHCP local server configuration settings. You can override the configuration settings at the global level, for a named group of interfaces, or for a specific interface within a named group.

- To override global default DHCP local server configuration options, include the **overrides** statement and its subordinate statements at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server]** hierarchy level.
- To override DHCP local server configuration options for a named group of interfaces, include the statements at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server group group-name]** hierarchy level.
- To override DHCP local server configuration options for a specific interface within a named group of interfaces, include the statements at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server group group-name interface interface-name]** hierarchy level.
- To configure overrides for DHCPv6 local server at the global level, group level, or per-interface, use the corresponding statements at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]** hierarchy level.

To override default DHCP local server configuration settings:

1. (DHCPv4 and DHCPv6) Specify that you want to configure override options.

- DHCPv4 overrides.

Global override:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit overrides
```

Grouplevel override:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit group group-name overrides
```

Per-interface override:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit group group-name overrides interface interface-name
```

DHCPv6 overrides.

Global override:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]
user@host# edit overrides
```

Group level override:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]
user@host# edit group group-name overrides
```

Per-interface override:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]
user@host# edit group group-name overrides interface interface-name
```

2. (Optional) Override the maximum number of DHCP clients allowed per interface.

See [“Specifying the Maximum Number of DHCP Clients Per Interface” on page 327](#).

3. (Optional) Configure DHCP client auto logout.

See [“Automatically Logging Out DHCP Clients” on page 345](#).

4. (Optional) Enable processing of information requests from clients.

See [“Enabling Processing of Client Information Requests” on page 308](#).

5. (Optional) Specify that DHCP NAK and FORCERENEW messages support option 82 information.

See [“Configuring DHCP Message Exchange Between DHCP Server and Clients in Different Virtual Routing Instances” on page 371](#).

6. (Optional, DHCPv6 only) Specify a delegated pool name to use for DHCPv6 multiple address assignment.

See [“Specifying the Delegated Address-Assignment Pool to Be Used for DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation” on page 532.](#)

7. (Optional, DHCPv6 only) Enable DHCPv6 rapid commit support.

See [“Enabling DHCPv6 Rapid Commit Support” on page 489.](#)

8. (Optional, DHCPv6 only) Specify that DHCPv6 local server return DNS server addresses as IA_NA or IA_PD suboptions rather than as a global DHCPv6 option.

See [“Overriding How the DNS Server Address Is Returned in a DHCPv6 Multiple Address Environment” on page 655.](#)

9. (Optional, DHCPv6 only) Automatically log out existing client when new client solicits on same interface.

See [“Automatically Logging Out DHCPv6 Clients” on page 348.](#)

10. (Optional) Specify that when the DHCP or DHCPv6 local server receives a Discover or Solicit message that has a client ID that matches the existing client entry, the local server deletes the existing client entry.

See [“DHCP Behavior When Renegotiating While in Bound State” on page 359.](#)

11. (Optional, DHCPv4 and DHCPv6) Specify that a short lease be sent to the client.

See [“Configuring DHCP Asymmetric Leasing” on page 293.](#)

12. (Optional, DHCPv4 and DHCPv6) Specify DHCP attributes globally or for groups.

See [“Configuring DHCP Attributes Outside Address Assignment Pools” on page 357.](#)

13. (Optional) Delete DHCP override settings.

See [“Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings” on page 357.](#)

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring Group-Specific DHCP Local Server Options on page 319](#)
- [Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings on page 357](#)

Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings

You can override the default DHCP relay configuration settings at the global level, for a named group of interfaces, or for a specific interface within a named group.

- To override global default DHCP relay agent configuration options, include the **overrides** statement and its subordinate statements at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy level.
- To override DHCP relay configuration options for a named group of interfaces, include the statements at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *group-name*]** hierarchy level.
- To override DHCP relay configuration options for a specific interface within a named group of interfaces, include the statements at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *group-name* interface *interface-name*]** hierarchy level.
- To configure overrides for DHCPv6 relay at the global level, group level, or per-interface, use the corresponding statements at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]** hierarchy level.

To override default DHCP relay agent configuration settings:

1. (DHCPv4 and DHCPv6) Specify that you want to configure override options.

- DHCPv4 overrides.

Global override:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit overrides
```

Group-level override:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit group group-name overrides
```

Per-interface override:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit group group-name interface interface-name overrides
```

- DHCPv6 overrides.

Global override:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# edit overrides
```

Group-level override:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# edit group group-name overrides
```

Per-interface override:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# edit group group-name interface interface-name overrides
```

2. (DHCPv4 only) Enable DHCP relay proxy mode.

See [“Enabling DHCP Relay Proxy Mode” on page 401](#).

3. (DHCPv4 only) Overwrite the giaddr in DHCP packets that the DHCP relay agent forwards.

See [“Changing the Gateway IP Address \(giaddr\) Field to the giaddr of the DHCP Relay Agent” on page 367](#).

4. (DHCPv4 only) Replace the IP source address in DHCP relay request and release packets with the gateway IP address (giaddr).

See [“Replacing the DHCP Relay Request and Release Packet Source Address” on page 367](#).

5. (DHCPv4 only) Override the DHCP relay agent information option (option 82) in DHCP packets.

See [Overriding Option 82 Information](#).

6. (DHCPv4 only) Override the setting of the broadcast bit in DHCP request packets and use the Layer 2 unicast transmission method.
See [“Using Layer 2 Unicast Transmission for DHCP Packets” on page 376](#).
7. (DHCPv4 only) Trust DHCP client packets that have a giaddr of 0 and that contain option 82 information.
See [“Trusting Option 82 Information” on page 377](#).
8. (DHCPv4 and DHCPv6) Override the maximum number of DHCP clients allowed per interface.
See [“Specifying the Maximum Number of DHCP Clients Per Interface” on page 327](#).
9. (DHCPv4 only) Configure client auto logout.
See [“DHCP Auto Logout Overview” on page 343](#).
10. (DHCPv4 and DHCPv6) Enable or disable support for DHCP snooped clients on interfaces.
See *Enabling and Disabling DHCP Snooped Packets Support for DHCP Relay Agent*.
11. (DHCPv4 and DHCPv6) Delay authentication of subscribers until the DHCP client sends a Request packet.
See the [delay-authentication](#).
12. (DHCPv4 and DHCPv6) Send release messages to the DHCP server when clients are deleted.
See [“Sending Release Messages When Clients Are Deleted” on page 377](#).
13. (Optional) Specify that when the DHCP or DHCPv6 relay agent receives a Discover or Solicit message that has a client ID that matches the existing client entry, the relay agent deletes the existing client entry.
See [“DHCP Behavior When Renegotiating While in Bound State” on page 359](#).
14. (DHCPv6 only) Automatically log out existing client when new client solicits on same interface.
See [“Automatically Logging Out DHCPv6 Clients” on page 348](#).
15. (DHCPv4 only) Disable the DHCP relay agent on specific interfaces.
See [“Disabling DHCP Relay” on page 399](#).
16. (DHCPv4 and DHCPv6) Disable automatic binding of stray DHCP requests.

See [“Disabling Automatic Binding of Stray DHCP Requests” on page 378](#).

17. (DHCPv4 and DHCPv6) Assign a single-session DHCP dual-stack group to a specified group of subscribers. You must assign the group to both legs of the DHCP dual stack.

See [“Configuring Single-Session DHCP Dual-Stack Support” on page 462](#).

18. (Optional, DHCPv4 and DHCPv6l) Specify that a short lease be sent to the client.

See [“Configuring DHCP Asymmetric Leasing” on page 293](#).

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Group-Specific DHCP Relay Options on page 320](#)
- [Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings on page 357](#)

Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings

You can delete override settings for DHCP local server and DHCP relay globally, for a named group, or for a specific interface within a named group. You can delete a specific override setting or all overrides.

- To delete a specific DHCP override setting at a particular hierarchy level, include the **overrides** statement with the appropriate subordinate statements. For example, to delete the DHCP local server override **interface-client-limit** setting for a group named **marin20**:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# delete group marin20 overrides interface-client-limit
```

- To delete all DHCP override settings at a hierarchy level, include the **overrides** statement without any subordinate statements. For example, to delete all DHCP relay overrides for interface **fxp0.0**, which is in group **marin20**:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# delete group marin20 interface fxp0.0 overrides
```

Related Documentation

- [Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 351](#)
- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264](#)
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)

Configuring DHCP Attributes Outside Address Assignment Pools

You can configure DHCP client attributes to determine the scope of the client operation. For example, you can configure attributes that set the maximum lease time or preferred lifetime of the lease, the domain in which to search for DHCP servers, the match criteria that determine the address range to use from within an address pool, and so on. DHCP attributes are often configured to apply only to clients that receive addresses from a specific address assignment pool. You can also configure these attributes to apply to DHCP clients globally or to clients that belong to a group.

To specify the pool to be used for prefix delegation:

1. Create a DHCP attribute set that you want to apply for DHCPv4 or DHCPv6 local server.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit protocol-attributes attribute-set-name
```

2. Specify the attributes to include in the attribute set.

```
[edit access protocol-attributes attribute-set-name]
user@host# set attribute
```

3. Apply the attribute set to the desired DHCP clients.

- To all DHCPv4 clients:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server overrides]
user@host# set protocol-attributes attribute-set-name
```

- To a group of DHCPv4 clients:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group group-name overrides]
user@host# set protocol-attributes attribute-set-name
```

- To all DHCPv6 clients:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 overrides]
user@host# set protocol-attributes attribute-set-name
```

- To a group of DHCPv6 clients:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group group-name overrides]
user@host# set protocol-attributes attribute-set-name
```

For example, the following configuration creates an attribute set named attr-v4-1 and applies the set to all DHCPv4 clients.

```
[edit]
user@host# set access protocol-attributes attr-v4-1 maximum-lease-time seconds
user@host# set access protocol-attributes attr-v4-1 t1-renewal-time 120000
user@host# set system services dhcp-local-server overrides protocol-attributes attr-v4-1
```

Related Documentation

- [DHCP Attributes Overview on page 274](#)
- [DHCP Attributes for Address-Assignment Pools on page 279](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Client-Specific Attributes Applied When Clients Obtain an Address on page 284](#)

Configuring DHCP Renegotiation While in Bound State

- [DHCP Behavior When Renegotiating While in Bound State on page 359](#)

DHCP Behavior When Renegotiating While in Bound State

All DHCP models (DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 local server and relay agent) use the same default behavior when receiving a DHCPv4 Discover or DHCPv6 Solicit message while in a bound state. In the default behavior, DHCP maintains the existing client entry when receiving a new Discover or Solicit message that has a client ID that matches the existing client.

You can use the **delete-binding-on-renegotiation** statement to configure DHCP local server and relay agent to override the default behavior. You can configure the override on a global or group basis. In the override configuration, when DHCP is in a bound state and receives a Discover or Solicit message with a matching client entry, DHCP tears down the existing entry and sends (DHCP local server) or forwards (relay agent) a new Offer (DHCPv4) or Advertise (DHCPv6) message.



NOTE: In Junos OS releases prior to 15.1, DHCPv6 local server uses the opposite default behavior, and tears down the existing client entry when receiving a Solicit message while in a bound state.

For example, to configure DHCPv4 local server to override the default renegotiation behavior globally:

1. Specify that you want to configure a DHCP local server.

```
[edit system services]  
user@host# edit dhcp-local-server
```

2. Specify that you want to configure an override action.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]  
user@host# edit overrides
```

3. Specify that you want DHCP local server to override the default renegotiation behavior.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server overrides]
user@host# set delete-binding-on-renegotiation
```

For example, to configure DHCPv6 relay agent to override the default renegotiation behavior for an interface group:

1. Specify that you want to configure DHCPv6 relay agent.

```
[edit forwarding-options]
user@host# edit dhcp-relay dhcpv6
```

2. Specify that the configuration is for an interface group.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# edit group boston
```

3. Specify that you want to configure an override action.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group]
user@host# edit overrides
```

4. Specify that you want DHCPv6 relay agent to override the default renegotiation behavior.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group overrides]
user@host# set delete-binding-on-renegotiation
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 351](#)
- [Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 354](#)

CHAPTER 32

Attaching Access Profiles to DHCP Interfaces

- [Access Profiles for the DHCP Relay Agent and DHCP Local Server Overview on page 361](#)
- [Attaching Access Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces or DHCP Client Interfaces on page 362](#)

Access Profiles for the DHCP Relay Agent and DHCP Local Server Overview

Starting in Junos OS Release 14.2, access profiles enable you to specify subscriber access authentication and accounting parameters. After access profiles are created, you can attach them at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server]** hierarchy level on a DHCP local server for DHCP or DHCPv6 subscribers and at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy level on a DHCP relay agent for DHCP or DHCPv6 subscribers, group of subscribers, or group of interfaces.

If you configured a global access profile at the **[edit access profile profile-name]** hierarchy level for all DHCP or DHCPv6 clients on a router that functions as a DHCP local server or a DHCP relay agent, the access profile configured at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server]** hierarchy level on a DHCP local server for DHCP or DHCPv6 subscribers and at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy level on a DHCP relay agent for DHCP or DHCPv6 subscribers take precedence over the global access profile.

Configuring an access profile for DHCP subscribers at the DHCP relay agent level or the DHCP local server level provide you with the flexibility and effectiveness of enabling DHCP authentication and accounting for specific subscribers instead of enabling them at a global level. If no access profile is configured at the DHCP relay agent level or the DHCP local server level, the global access profile becomes effective.

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|---------|--|
| 14.2 | Starting in Junos OS Release 14.2, access profiles enable you to specify subscriber access authentication and accounting parameters. |

Related Documentation

- [Attaching Access Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces or DHCP Client Interfaces on page 362](#)

Attaching Access Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces or DHCP Client Interfaces

Starting in Junos OS Release 14.2, you can attach an access profile to a DHCP subscriber interface, to a DHCP client interface, to a group of subscriber interfaces, and to a specific subscriber or groups of subscribers. When a DHCP subscriber or DHCP client logs in, the specified access profile is instantiated and the services defined in the profile are applied to the interface, subscriber, or the group of interfaces or subscribers.

This topic contains the following sections:

- [Attaching an Access Profile to All DHCP Subscriber or All DHCP Client Interfaces on page 362](#)
- [Attaching an Access Profile to a Group of DHCP Subscribers or a Group of DHCP Clients on page 362](#)
- [Attaching an Access Profile to a Group of DHCP Subscriber Interfaces or a Group of DHCP Client Interfaces on page 363](#)

Attaching an Access Profile to All DHCP Subscriber or All DHCP Client Interfaces

To attach an access profile to all DHCP subscribers or all DHCP client interfaces:

- For DHCP local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]  
user@host# set access-profile profile-name
```
- For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]  
user@host# set access-profile profile-name
```

Attaching an Access Profile to a Group of DHCP Subscribers or a Group of DHCP Clients

You use the group feature to group together a set of subscriber access profiles and then apply a common DHCP configuration to the named subscriber profile group. The extended DHCP local server, DHCPv6 local server, DHCP relay agent, and DHCPv6 relay agent all support groups.

Before you begin:

- Configure the group by entering the **group group-name** statement at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server]** or the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy level. For DHCPv6 subscriber profiles, use the **dhcpv6** option at this hierarchy level.

To attach an access profile to a group of subscribers:

- At the DHCP configuration hierarchy, specify the name of the group and the access profile to attach to the group.
 - For DHCP local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]  
user@host# set group boston access-profile profile-name
```

- For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# set group quebec access-profile profile-name
```

- For DHCPv6 local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]
user@host# set group boston access-profile profile-name
```

- For DHCPv6 relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# set group quebec access-profile profile-name
```

See Also • [Attaching Access Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces or DHCP Client Interfaces on page 362](#)

Attaching an Access Profile to a Group of DHCP Subscriber Interfaces or a Group of DHCP Client Interfaces

Before you begin:

- Configure the interface group.

See [“Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations” on page 317](#).

To attach an access profile to a group of interfaces:

- At the DHCP configuration hierarchy, specify the name of the interface group and the access profile to attach to the group.

- For DHCP local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# set group boston interface interface-name access-profile profile-name
```

- For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# set group quebec interface interface-name access-profile profile-name
```

- For DHCPv6 local server:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]
user@host# set group boston interface interface-name access-profile profile-name
```

- For DHCPv6 relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
```

```
user@host# set group quebec interface interface-nameaccess-profile profile-name
```

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|---------|---|
| 14.2 | Starting in Junos OS Release 14.2, you can attach an access profile to a DHCP subscriber interface, to a DHCP client interface, to a group of subscriber interfaces, and to a specific subscriber or groups of subscribers. |

**Related
Documentation**

- [Access Profiles for the DHCP Relay Agent and DHCP Local Server Overview on page 361](#)

Applying a Common DHCP Relay Agent Configuration to Groups of DHCP Servers

- [Configuring Named Server Groups on page 365](#)
- [Configuring Active Server Groups to Apply a Common DHCP Relay Agent Configuration to Named Server Groups on page 365](#)

Configuring Named Server Groups

You can configure a named group of DHCP servers for use by the extended DHCP relay agent on the router or switch.

You specify the name of the DHCP server group and the IP addresses of one or more DHCP servers that belong to this group. You can configure a maximum of five IP addresses per named server group.

To configure a named server group:

1. Specify the name of the server group.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]  
user@host# set server-group myServerGroup
```

2. Add the IP addresses of the DHCP servers belonging to the group.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay server-group myServerGroup]  
user@host# set 192.168.100.50  
user@host# set 192.168.100.75
```

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)

Configuring Active Server Groups to Apply a Common DHCP Relay Agent Configuration to Named Server Groups

You can configure an active server group. Using an active server group enables you to apply a common DHCP relay agent configuration to a named group of DHCP server addresses.

Use the statement at the **[edit ... dhcpv6]** hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.

To configure an active server group:

- Specify the name of the active server group.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]  
user@host# set active-server-group myServerGroup
```

To create an active server group as a global DHCP relay agent configuration option, include the **active-server-group** statement at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy level. To have the group apply only to a named group of interfaces, include the **active-server-group** statement at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *group-name*]** hierarchy level.

Including the **active-server-group** statement at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *group-name*]** hierarchy level (as a group-specific option) overrides the effect of including the **active-server-group** statement at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy level as a global option.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)
- [Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations on page 317](#)

CHAPTER 34

Changing the Gateway IP Address (giaddr) Field and DHCP Relay Request and Release Packet Source Address

- [Changing the Gateway IP Address \(giaddr\) Field to the giaddr of the DHCP Relay Agent on page 367](#)
- [Replacing the DHCP Relay Request and Release Packet Source Address on page 367](#)

Changing the Gateway IP Address (giaddr) Field to the giaddr of the DHCP Relay Agent

You can configure the DHCP relay agent to change the gateway IP address (giaddr) field in packets that it forwards between a DHCP client and a DHCP server.

To overwrite the giaddr of every DHCP packet with the giaddr of the DHCP relay agent before forwarding the packet to the DHCP server:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]  
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Specify that the giaddr of DHCP packets is overwritten.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay overrides]  
user@host# set always-write-giaddr
```

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)
- [Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 354](#)

Replacing the DHCP Relay Request and Release Packet Source Address

You can configure the DHCP relay agent to replace request and release packets with the gateway IP address (giaddr) before forwarding the packet to the DHCP server.

To replace the source address with giaddr:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]  
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Specify that you want to replace the IP source address in DHCP relay request and release packets with the gateway IP address (giaddr).

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay overrides]  
user@host# set replace-ip-source-with giaddr
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)
 - [Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 354](#)

Securing DHCP Messages Sent Between DHCP Clients and Servers in Different VRFs

- [DHCP Message Exchange Between DHCP Clients and DHCP Server in Different VRFs on page 369](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Message Exchange Between DHCP Server and Clients in Different Virtual Routing Instances on page 371](#)

DHCP Message Exchange Between DHCP Clients and DHCP Server in Different VRFs

In some service provider networks, the service network in which the DHCP server resides is isolated from the actual subscriber network. This separation of the service and subscriber networks can sometimes introduce potential security issues, such as route leaking. Starting in Junos OS Release 14.2, you can use the DHCP relay agent to provide additional security when exchanging DHCP messages between different VRFs. The DHCP relay agent can ensure that there is no direct routing between the client virtual routing and forwarding instance (VRF) and the DHCP server VRF, and that only acceptable DHCP packets are relayed across the two VRFs. Subscriber management supports the cross-VRF message exchange for both DHCP and DHCPv6 packets.

To exchange DHCP messages between different VRFs, you must enable both the server side and the client side of the DHCP relay agent to recognize and forward acceptable traffic based on DHCP option information in the packets. The message exchange uses the Agent Circuit ID (DHCP option 82 suboption 1) for DHCPv4 packets and the Relay Agent Interface-ID (DHCPv6 option 18) for DHCPv6 packets to identify traffic to be relayed.

Statistics for DHCP packets using the cross-VRF message exchange are counted in the client VRF.

The following list describe how DHCP relay agent exchanges messages between the DHCP clients and DHCP server in different VRFs:

- Packets from DHCP client to DHCP server—DHCP relay agent receives the DHCP packet from the client in the client VRF, and then inserts the appropriate DHCP option 82

suboption 1 or DHCPv6 option 18 attribute into the packet. The relay agent then forwards the packet to the DHCP server in the server's VRF.

- Packets from DHCP server to DHCP client—DHCP relay agent receives the DHCP reply message from the DHCP server in the server VRF. The relay agent derives the client's interface, including VRF, from the DHCP option 82 suboption 1 or DHCPv6 option 18 attribute in the packet in the DHCP server VRF. The relay agent then forwards the reply message to the DHCP client in the client's VRF.

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|---------|--|
| 14.2 | Starting in Junos OS Release 14.2, you can use the DHCP relay agent to provide additional security when exchanging DHCP messages between different VRFs. |

Related Documentation

- [Configuring DHCP Message Exchange Between DHCP Server and Clients in Different Virtual Routing Instances on page 371](#)
- [Using DHCP Option Information to Selectively Process DHCP Client Traffic on page 387](#)

Configuring DHCP Message Exchange Between DHCP Server and Clients in Different Virtual Routing Instances

Starting in Junos OS Release 14.2, you can configure DHCP relay agent to provide additional security when exchanging DHCP messages between a DHCP server and DHCP clients that reside in different virtual routing and forwarding instances (VRFs).

You can configure DHCP relay agent to provide additional security when exchanging DHCP messages between a DHCP server and DHCP clients that reside in different virtual routing instances. This type of configuration is for a *stateless* DHCP relay connection between a DHCP server and a DHCP client, when the DHCP server resides in a network that must be isolated from the client network.

A stateless DHCP relay agent does not maintain dynamic state information about the DHCP clients and does not maintain a static route for the traffic to flow between the client and server routing instances.

To enable the DHCP message exchange between the two VRFs, you configure each side of the DHCP relay to recognize and forward acceptable traffic based on the DHCP option information in the packets. The acceptable traffic is identified by either the Agent Circuit ID (DHCP option 82 suboption 1) for DHCPv4 packets or the Relay Agent Interface-ID (DHCPv6 option 18) for DHCPv6 packets.

The following list provides an overview of the tasks required to create the DHCP message exchange between the different VRFs:

- Client-side support—Configure the DHCP relay agent **forward-only** statement to specify the VRF location of the DHCP server, to which the DHCP relay agent forwards the client packets with the appropriate DHCP option information. The **forward-only** statement ensures that DHCP relay agent does not create a new session or perform any other subscriber management operations (such as creating dynamic interfaces or maintaining leases).

You can optionally configure a specific logical system and routing instance for the server VRF. If you do not specify a logical system or routing instance, then DHCP uses the local logical system and routing instance from which the configuration is added.

- Server-side support—Configure the DHCP relay agent **forward-only-replies** statement so the DHCP relay agent forwards the reply packets that have the appropriate DHCP option information. This statement also ensures that DHCP relay agent does not create a new session or perform any other subscriber management operations.



NOTE: You do not need to configure the **forward-only-replies** statement if the DHCP client and DHCP server reside in the same logical system/routing instance.

- DHCP local server support—Configure the DHCP local server to support option 82 information in DHCP NAK and forcerenew messages. By default, the two message types do not support option 82.
- Additional support—Ensure that the following required support is configured:
 - Proxy ARP support must be enabled on the server-facing interface in the DHCP server VRF so that the DHCP relay agent can receive and respond to the ARP requests for clients and the client-facing interface in the DHCP server VRF.
 - Routes must be available to receive the DHCP packets from the DHCP server in the server VRF for the clients reachable in the client VRF.

The following procedures describe the configuration tasks for creating the DHCP message exchange between the DHCP server and clients in different VRFs.

Client-side Support—To configure support on the client side of the DHCP relay agent:

1. Enable DHCP relay agent configuration.

```
[edit forwarding-options]
user@host# edit dhcp-relay
```

2. Specify the DHCP server VRF to which the DHCP relay agent forwards the packets from the DHCP client. DHCP relay agent forwards the acceptable packets that have the appropriate DHCP option information, but does not perform any additional subscriber management operations. You can configure the **forward-only** statement globally or for a named group of interfaces, and for DHCPv4 or DHCPv6. You can specify the current, default, or a specific logical system or routing instance for the server VRF.

The following example configures the **forward-only** statement globally for DHCPv4, and specifies the default logical system and routing instance:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# set forward-only logical-system default routing-instance default
```



NOTE: For local DHCPv4 clients, the DHCP relay agent adds the Agent Circuit ID option. However, if the Agent Circuit ID option is already present in the packet, you must ensure that the DHCP server supports the option 82 Vendor-Specific Information suboption (suboption 9).

If the **forward-only** statement is configured at the [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option] hierarchy level, then that relay-option action takes precedence over the configuration of the **forward-only** statement for the DHCP cross-VRF message exchange.

Server-side Support—To configure the cross-VRF message exchange support on the server side of the DHCP relay:



NOTE: You do not need to configure the **forward-only-replies** statement if the DHCP client and DHCP server reside in the same logical system/routing instance.

1. Enable DHCP relay agent configuration.

```
[edit forwarding-options]
user@host# edit dhcp-relay
```

2. Configure the DHCP relay agent to forward the DHCP packets from the DHCP server VRF to the client. DHCP relay agent only forwards the packets, and does not perform any additional subscriber management operations. You can configure the **forward-only-replies** statement globally for DHCPv4 and DHCPv6.

The following example configures the **forward-only-replies** statement globally for DHCPv4.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# set forward-only-replies
```

DHCP Local Server Support—To configure the DHCP local server to support option 82 information in NAK and forcerenew messages; the cross-VRF message exchange feature uses the option 82 or DHCPv6 option 18 information to determine the client VRF:

1. Enable DHCP local server configuration.

```
[edit system services]
user@host# edit dhcp-local-server
```

2. Specify that you want to configure an override option.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit overrides
```

3. Configure DHCP local server to override the default behavior and support option 82 information in DHCP NAK and forcerenew messages. You can configure the override action globally, for a group of interfaces, or for a specific interface.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server overrides]
user@host# edit include-option-82 forcerenew nak
```

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|---------|---|
| 14.2 | Starting in Junos OS Release 14.2, you can configure DHCP relay agent to provide additional security when exchanging DHCP messages between a DHCP server and DHCP clients that reside in different virtual routing and forwarding instances (VRFs). |

**Related
Documentation**

- [DHCP Message Exchange Between DHCP Clients and DHCP Server in Different VRFs on page 369](#)
- [Using DHCP Option Information to Selectively Process DHCP Client Traffic on page 387](#)

CHAPTER 36

Configuring DHCP Relay Agent

- [DHCP-Initiated Service Change Based on Remote ID on page 375](#)
- [Using Layer 2 Unicast Transmission for DHCP Packets on page 376](#)
- [Trusting Option 82 Information on page 377](#)
- [Sending Release Messages When Clients Are Deleted on page 377](#)
- [Disabling Automatic Binding of Stray DHCP Requests on page 378](#)
- [Using DHCP Relay Agent Option 82 Information on page 379](#)
- [Using DHCP Option Information to Selectively Process DHCP Client Traffic on page 387](#)
- [Extracting an Option 82 or Option 37 Substring to Create an Interface Set on page 389](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Relay Agent Source Address on page 391](#)
- [Example: Minimum DHCP Relay Agent Configuration on page 391](#)
- [Example: Configuring DHCP Relay Agent Selective Traffic Processing Based on DHCP Option Strings on page 392](#)
- [Example: DHCP Relay Agent Configuration with Multiple Clients and Servers on page 396](#)
- [Configuring DHCP-Initiated Service Change Based on Remote ID on page 397](#)
- [Disabling DHCP Relay on page 399](#)

DHCP-Initiated Service Change Based on Remote ID

Subscriber management enables you to update a DHCP client's current service through the use of the client's remote ID (Agent Remote ID). The remote ID can be in option 82, suboption 2 for DHCPv4 clients, or option 37 for DHCPv6 clients.

When a DHCP client is initially established, DHCP preserves the client's incoming remote ID in the DHCP client database. When receiving a rebind or renew message for that client, DHCP compares the client's initial remote ID to the remote ID in the DHCP renew or rebind message. If the two remote IDs do not match, DHCP local server tears down the existing binding and sends a NAK message (or logical NAK for DHCPv6), which causes the client to initiate a reconnect sequence. When the client reconnects, the DHCP local server activates the new service, which is encoded within the new Agent Remote ID string.

You can configure the router to support the remote ID service change feature globally or for a specific group, and you can configure the support on DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent.

In a dual-stack environment, the DHCP-initiated service change feature requires that a client's DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 sessions reside over the same VLAN (1:1 mapping) and that the Agent Remote ID strings for the two sessions are identical. The dual-stack support also requires that the same dynamic client profile is applied to both the DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 networks, to ensure remote ID consistency between the two networks. When DHCP detects a remote ID mismatch in one session of the dual stack, DHCP tears down that session. The incoming remote ID is then compared to the other session of the dual stack, and if there is a mismatch, that other session is torn down gracefully.

During the graceful teardown process, if the other session is currently in the bound state, that session then transitions to the deferred delete state. The deferred delete state allows the session that detected the change to be reestablished immediately with the new service plan, while enabling the router to gracefully tear down the other session by sending NAK messages in response to the subsequent renew and rebind messages.

As part of the DHCP-initiated service change feature, AAA can set a session's client profile. AAA obtains the client profile from the remote-ID, and writes the profile into the session database. A client profile that AAA writes into the database always takes precedence over any local DHCP configuration.

A change in the Agent Remote ID can also initiate a service change during reauthentication. You cannot configure both the **remote-id-mismatch** statement and the **reauthenticate** statement at the global level, **[edit system services dhcp-local-server]**. However, DHCP precedence rules do permit you to configure both statements when they are at different levels. For example, you can configure **reauthenticate** at the global level and **remote-id-mismatch** for DHCPv6 at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]** hierarchy level or for a specific group at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server group name]** hierarchy level, and so on.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring DHCP-Initiated Service Change Based on Remote ID on page 397](#)
- [RADIUS Reauthentication As an Alternative to RADIUS CoA for DHCP Subscribers on page 99](#)

Using Layer 2 Unicast Transmission for DHCP Packets

You can configure the DHCP relay agent to override the setting of the broadcast bit in DHCP request packets. DHCP relay agent then instead uses the Layer 2 unicast transmission method to send DHCP Offer reply packets and DHCP ACK reply packets from the DHCP server to DHCP clients during the discovery process.

To override the default setting of the broadcast bit in DHCP request packets:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]  
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Specify that the DHCP relay agent uses the Layer 2 unicast transmission method.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay overrides]
```



```
user@host# set layer2-unicast-replies
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)
- [Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 354](#)

Trusting Option 82 Information

By default, the DHCP relay agent treats client packets with a giaddr of 0 (zero) and option 82 information as if the packets originated at an untrusted source, and drops them without further processing. You can override this behavior and specify that the DHCP relay agent process DHCP client packets that have a giaddr of 0 (zero) and contain option 82 information.

To configure DHCP relay agent to trust option 82 information:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Specify that the DHCP relay agent process DHCP client packets with a giaddr of 0 and that contain option 82 information.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay overrides]
user@host# set trust-option-82
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)
- [Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 354](#)

Sending Release Messages When Clients Are Deleted

By default, when DHCP relay and relay proxy delete a client, they do not send a release message to the DHCP server. You can override the default behavior and configure DHCP relay and relay proxy to send a release message whenever they delete a client. The release message sent by DHCP relay and relay proxy includes option 82 information.



NOTE: You must include the `send-release-on-delete` statement to configure DHCP relay and relay proxy to send the release message when the `client-discover-match` statement is included.

You can use the `[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]` hierarchy level to override the default behavior for DHCPv6 relay agent.

To send a release message:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

- For DHCP relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit overrides
```

- For DHCPv6 relay agent:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Specify that you want DHCP relay and relay proxy (or DHCPv6 relay agent) to send a release message when clients are deleted.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay overrides]
user@host# set send-release-on-delete
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)
- [Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 354](#)

Disabling Automatic Binding of Stray DHCP Requests

DHCP requests that are received but have no entry in the database are known as stray requests. By default, DHCP relay, DHCP relay proxy, and DHCPv6 relay agent attempt to bind the requesting client by creating a database entry and forwarding the request to the DHCP server. If the server responds with an ACK, the client is bound and the ACK is forwarded to the client. If the server responds with a NAK, the database entry is deleted and the NAK is forwarded to the client. This behavior occurs regardless of whether authentication is configured.

You can override the default configuration at the global level, for a named group of interfaces, or for a specific interface within a named group. Overriding the default causes DHCP relay, DHCP relay proxy, and DHCPv6 relay agent to drop all stray requests instead of attempting to bind the clients.



NOTE: Automatic binding of stray requests is enabled by default.

- To disable automatic binding behavior, include the **no-bind-on-request** statement when you configure DHCP overrides at the global, group, or interface level.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay overrides]
user@host# set no-bind-on-request
```

- To override the default behavior for DHCPv6 relay agent, configure the override at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]** hierarchy level.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 overrides]
user@host# set no-bind-on-request
```

The following two examples show a configuration that disables automatic binding of stray requests for a group of interfaces and a configuration that disables automatic binding on a specific interface.

To disable automatic binding of stray requests on a group of interfaces:

1. Specify the named group.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit group boston
```

2. Specify that you want to configure overrides.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group boston]
user@host# edit overrides
```

3. Disable automatic binding for the group.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group boston overrides]
user@host# set no-bind-on-request
```

To disable automatic binding of stray requests on a specific interface:

1. Specify the named group of which the interface is a member.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit group boston
```

2. Specify the interface on which you want to disable automatic binding.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group boston]
user@host# edit interface fe-1/0/1.2
```

3. Specify that you want to configure overrides.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group boston interface fe-1/0/1.2]
user@host# edit overrides
```

4. Disable automatic binding on the interface.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group boston interface fe-1/0/1.2 overrides]
user@host# set no-bind-on-request
```

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)
- [Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 354](#)

Using DHCP Relay Agent Option 82 Information

Subscriber management enables you to configure the DHCP relay agent to include additional option 82 information in the DHCP packets that the relay agent receives from clients and forwards to a DHCP server. The DHCP server uses the additional information to determine the IP address to assign to the client. The server might also use the information for other purposes—for example, to determine which services to grant the client, or to provide additional security against threats such as address spoofing. The

DHCP server sends its reply back to the DHCP relay agent, and the agent removes the option 82 information from the message and forwards the packet to the client.

To configure support for the DHCP relay agent information option 82, you use the **relay-option-82** statement. You can configure the DHCP relay agent to include the following suboptions in the packet the relay agent sends to the DHCP server:

- Agent Circuit ID (suboption 1)—An ASCII string that identifies the interface on which the client DHCP packet is received.
- Agent Remote ID (suboption 2)—An ASCII string assigned by the DHCP relay agent that securely identifies the client.

You can configure the option 82 support globally or for a named group of interfaces.

To restore the default behavior, in which option 82 information is not inserted into DHCP packets, you use the **delete relay-option-82** statement.



NOTE: The DHCPv6 relay agent provides similar Agent Circuit ID and Agent Remote ID support for DHCPv6 clients. For DHCPv6, subscriber management uses DHCPv6 option 18 to include the circuit ID in the packets that the relay agent sends to a DHCPv6 server, and option 37 to include the remote ID in the packets. See [“DHCPv6 Relay Agent Options” on page 496](#).

The following sections describe the option 82 operations you can configure:

- [Configuring Option 82 Information on page 380](#)
- [Including a Prefix in DHCP Options on page 382](#)
- [Including a Textual Description in DHCP Options on page 385](#)

Configuring Option 82 Information

You use the **relay-option-82** statement to configure the DHCP relay agent to insert option 82 information in DHCP packets that the relay agent receives from clients and forwards to a DHCP server. When you configure option 82, you can include one of the suboption statements to specify the type of information you want to include in the DHCP packets. If you configure option 82 without including one of the suboption statements, the Agent Circuit ID option is included by default. Use the **circuit-id** statement to include the Agent Circuit ID (suboption 1) in the packets, or the **remote-id** statement to include the Agent Remote ID (suboption 2).

You can optionally configure DHCP relay agent to include a prefix or the interface description as part of the suboption information. If you specify the **circuit-id** or **remote-id** statement without including any of the optional **prefix**, **use-interface-description**, **use-vlan-id**, **include-irb-and-l2**, or **no-vlan-interface-name** statements, the format of the Agent Circuit ID or Agent Remote ID information for Fast Ethernet (fe), Gigabit Ethernet (ge), and integrated routing and bridging (irb) interfaces is one of the following, depending on your network configuration:

- For Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces that do not use VLANs, stacked VLANs (S-VLANs), or bridge domains:

(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port.subunit



NOTE: For remote systems, the *subunit* is required and is used to differentiate an interface.

- For Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces that use VLANs:

(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port:vlan-id

- For Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces that use S-VLANs:

(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port:svlan-id-vlan-id



NOTE: Integrated routing and bridging (IRB) provides simultaneous support for Layer 2 bridging and Layer 3 IP routing on the same interface. IRB enables you to route local packets to another routed interface or to another bridging domain that has a Layer 3 protocol configured.

The interface to bridge domain relationship might be implicit (the interface is mapped to the bridge domain by the system based on the VLAN tag) or explicit (the interface is mapped to the bridge domain by configuring it in the bridge domain definition). For the explicit case, tagging might not be relevant for the mapping.

In the case of an IRB interface, the format displays the Layer 2 interface instead of the IRB interface along with the bridge domain name. For IRB interfaces (or other pseudo devices) the default format is as follows:

- IRB interfaces that use bridge domains but do not use VLANs or S-VLANs:

(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port.subunit:bridge-domain-name

- IRB interfaces that use VLANs:

(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port.subunit:vlan-name

To include the IRB interface name with the Layer 2 interface name, configure the **include-irb-and-l2** statement. The format is as follows:

- IRB interfaces that use bridge domains but do not use VLANs or S-VLANs:

(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port:bridge-domain-name+irb.subunit

- IRB interfaces that use VLANs:

(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port:vlan-name+irb.subunit

To include only the IRB interface name without the Layer 2 interface and bridge domain or VLAN, configure the **no-vlan-interface-name** statement. The format is as follows:

irb.subunit

To enable insertion of option 82 information:

1. Specify that you want to configure option 82 support.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit relay-option-82
```

2. Configure the DHCP relay agent to insert the Agent Circuit ID suboption, the Agent Remote ID suboption, or both.

- To insert the Agent Circuit ID:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82]
user@host# set circuit-id
```

- To insert the Agent Remote ID:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82]
user@host# set remote-id
```

- To insert both, configure both set commands.

3. (Optional) Configure a prefix that is used in the option 82 information in the DHCP packets.

See [“Including a Prefix in DHCP Options” on page 382](#).

4. (Optional) Configure the DHCP relay agent to include the interface’s textual description instead of the interface identifier in the option 82 information.

See [“Including a Textual Description in DHCP Options” on page 385](#).

- See Also**
- [Including a Prefix in DHCP Options on page 382](#)
 - [Including a Textual Description in DHCP Options on page 385](#)
 - [Extracting an Option 82 or Option 37 Substring to Create an Interface Set on page 389](#)

Including a Prefix in DHCP Options

When you configure the DHCP relay agent to include DHCP options in the packets that the relay agent sends to a DHCP server, you can specify that the relay agent add a prefix to the DHCP option. You can add a prefix to the following DHCP options:

- DHCPv4 option 82 Agent Circuit ID (suboption 1)
- DHCPv4 option 82 Agent Remote ID (suboption 2)
- DHCPv6 option 18 Relay Agent Interface-ID
- DHCPv6 option 37 Relay Agent Remote-ID

The prefix is separated from the DHCP option information by a colon (:), and it can include any combination of the **host-name**, **logical-system-name**, and **routing-instance-name** options. The DHCP relay agent obtains the values for the **host-name**, **logical-system-name**, and **routing-instance-name** as follows:

- If you include the **host-name** option, the DHCP relay agent uses the hostname of the device configured with the **host-name** statement at the **[edit system]** hierarchy level.
- If you include the **logical-system-name** option, the DHCP relay agent uses the logical system name configured with the **logical-system** statement at the **[edit logical-system]** hierarchy level.
- If you include the **routing-instance-name** option, the DHCP relay agent uses the routing instance name configured with the **routing-instance** statement at the **[edit routing-instances]** hierarchy level or at the **[edit logical-system logical-system-name routing-instances]** hierarchy level.

If you include the hostname and either or both of the logical system name and the routing instance name in the prefix, the hostname is followed by a forward slash (/). If you include both the logical system name and the routing instance name in the prefix, these values are separated by a semicolon (;).

The following examples show several possible formats for the DHCP option information when you specify the **prefix** statement for Fast Ethernet (fe) or Gigabit Ethernet (ge) interfaces with S-VLANs.

- If you include only the hostname in the prefix for Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces with S-VLANs:
`hostname:(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port:svlan-id-vlan-id`
- If you include only the logical system name in the prefix for Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces with S-VLANs:
`logical-system-name:(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port:svlan-id-vlan-id`
- If you include only the routing instance name in the prefix for Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces with S-VLANs:
`routing-instance-name:(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port:svlan-id-vlan-id`
- If you include both the hostname and the logical system name in the prefix for Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces with S-VLANs:
`host-name/logical-system-name:(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port:svlan-id-vlan-id`
- If you include both the logical system name and the routing instance name in the prefix for Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces with S-VLANs:
`logical-system-name;routing-instance-name:(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port:svlan-id-vlan-id`

- If you include the hostname, logical system name, and routing instance name in the prefix for Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces with S-VLANs:

```
host-name/logical-system-name;routing-instance-name:(fe |  
ge)-fpc/pic/port:svlan-id-vlan-id
```

For Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces that use VLANs but not S-VLANs, only the **vlan-id** value appears in the DHCP option format.

(DHCPv4) To configure a prefix with the option 82 information:

1. Specify that you want to configure option 82 support.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]  
user@host# edit relay-option-82
```

2. Configure DHCP relay agent to insert the Agent Circuit ID, the Agent Remote ID, or both.

- To configure the Agent Circuit ID:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82]  
user@host# edit circuit-id
```

- To configure the Agent Remote ID:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82]  
user@host# edit remote-id
```

3. Specify that the prefix be included in the option 82 information. In this example, the prefix includes the hostname and logical system name.

- To include the prefix with the Agent Circuit ID:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82 circuit-id]  
user@host# set prefix host-name logical-system-name
```

- To include the prefix with the Agent Remote ID:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82 remote-id]  
user@host# set prefix host-name logical-system-name
```

(DHCPv6) To use a prefix with the DHCPv6 option 18 or option 37 information:

1. Specify that you want to configure DHCPv6 relay agent support.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]  
user@host# edit dhcpv6
```

2. Configure DHCPv6 relay agent to insert option 18 (Relay Agent Interface-ID), option 37 (Relay Agent Remote-ID), or both.

- To configure option 18:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]  
user@host# edit relay-agent-interface-id
```

- To configure option 37:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
```



```
user@host# edit relay-agent-remote-id
```

3. Specify that the prefix is included in the option information. In this example, the prefix includes the hostname and logical system name

- To include the prefix with option 18:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-agent-interface-id]
user@host# set prefix host-name logical-system-name
```

- To include the prefix with option 37:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-agent-remote-id]
user@host# set prefix host-name logical-system-name
```

- See Also**
- [Configuring Option 82 Information on page 380](#)
 - [Configuring DHCPv6 Relay Agent Options on page 496](#)
 - [Including a Textual Description in DHCP Options on page 385](#)

Including a Textual Description in DHCP Options

By default, when DHCP relay agent inserts option information in the packets sent to a DHCP server, the options include the interface identifier. However, you can configure the DHCP relay agent to include the textual description that is configured for the interface instead of the interface identifier. You can use the textual description for either the logical interface or the device interface.

You can include the textual interface description in the following DHCP options:

- DHCPv4 option 82 Agent Circuit ID (suboption 1)
- DHCPv4 option 82 Agent Remote ID (suboption 2)
- DHCPv6 option 18 Relay Agent Interface-ID
- DHCPv6 option 37 Relay Agent Remote-ID

The textual description is configured separately, using the **description** statement at the **[edit interfaces *interface-name*]** hierarchy level. If you specify that the textual description is used and no description is configured for the interface, DHCP relay defaults to using the Layer 2 interface name.

In the case of integrated routing and bridging (IRB) interfaces, the textual description of the Layer 2 interface is used instead of the textual description of the IRB interface. If there is no description configured, the Layer 2 logical interface name is used.



NOTE: For IRB interfaces, the option 82 field must be able to uniquely identify the incoming interface based on either the Agent Circuit ID or Agent Remote ID. You can modify the information in the textual interface description to match the raw IFD (physical interface without a subunit) name and configure the option 82 field to use the interface description.

You can use the textual description with the following DHCP options:

- DHCPv4 Option 82 Agent Circuit ID (suboption 1)
- DHCPv4 Option 82 Agent Remote ID (suboption 2)
- DHCPv6 Relay Agent Interface-ID (option 18)
- DHCPv6 Relay Agent Remote-ID (option 37)

(DHCPv4) To configure the DHCP relay option 82 suboption to include the textual interface description:

1. Specify that you want to configure option 82 support.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit relay-option-82
```

2. Configure DHCP relay agent to insert the Agent Circuit ID, Agent Remote ID, or both.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82]
user@host# edit circuit-id
```

3. Specify that the textual description is included in the option 82 information. In this example, the option 82 information includes the description used for the device interface.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82 circuit-id]
user@host# set use-interface-description device
```

(DHCPv6) To configure the DHCPv6 option 18 or option 37 to include the textual interface description:

1. Specify that you want to configure DHCPv6 relay agent support.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit dhcpv6
```

2. Configure DHCPv6 relay agent to insert option 18 (Relay Agent Interface-ID), option 37 (Relay Agent Remote-ID), or both.

- To configure option 18:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# edit relay-agent-interface-id
```

- To configure option 37:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# edit relay-agent-remote-id
```

3. Specify that the textual description is included in the option information. In the following example, the option information includes the description used for the device interface.

- To include the textual description in option 18:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-agent-interface-id]
user@host# set use-interface-description device
```

- To include the textual description in option 37:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-agent-remote-id]
user@host# set use-interface-description device
```

- See Also**
- [Configuring Option 82 Information on page 380](#)
 - [Configuring DHCPv6 Relay Agent Options on page 496](#)
 - [Including a Prefix in DHCP Options on page 382](#)
 - [Configuring Interface Description](#)

Using DHCP Option Information to Selectively Process DHCP Client Traffic

Starting in Junos OS Release 15.1, you can configure the DHCP relay agent to selectively process client traffic. Selective processing uses DHCP or DHCPv6 option information to identify, filter, and process client traffic. To configure DHCPv6 support you use the procedure at the `[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]` hierarchy level.

To configure DHCP relay agent to use option information to selectively process DHCP client traffic:

1. Specify that you want to configure DHCP relay agent support.

```
[edit forwarding-options]
user@host# edit dhcp-relay
```

2. Specify that you want to use the DHCP option feature to selectively process incoming DHCP traffic.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit relay-option
```

3. Specify the DHCP or DHCPv6 option number DHCP relay uses to identify and process the client traffic. You can specify options 60 and 77 for DHCP relay agent, and options 15 and 16 for DHCPv6 relay agent.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option]
user@host# set option-number option-number
```

For example, to identify traffic that has DHCP option 60 information:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option]
user@host# set option-number 60
```

4. (Optional) Configure the default action that DHCP relay uses when the incoming client traffic does not satisfy any configured match or partial match criteria.

For example, to configure DHCP relay to drop traffic by default:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option]
```

```
user@host# set default-action drop
```

5. (Optional) Configure an exact match condition that filters the client traffic and specifies the associated action for DHCP relay agent to take.

For example, to select traffic that has an option 60 ASCII string of **video25**, and then forward that traffic to a named local server group:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option]
user@host# set equals ascii video25 local-server-group servergroup-east-video
```

6. (Optional) Configure a partial match condition that filters the client traffic and specifies the associated action.

For example, to select traffic that has an option 60 hexadecimal string that starts with **766964656F** (left to right), and then forward that traffic without creating a new session:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option]
user@host# edit starts-with hexadecimal 766964656F forward-only
```

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|---------|--|
| 15.1 | Starting in Junos OS Release 15.1, you can configure the DHCP relay agent to selectively process client traffic. |

Related Documentation

- *DHCP Options and Selective Traffic Processing Overview*
- [Example: Configuring DHCP Relay Agent Selective Traffic Processing Based on DHCP Option Strings on page 392](#)
- [Example: Configuring DHCP and DHCPv6 Relay Agent Group-Level Selective Traffic Processing on page 321](#)

Extracting an Option 82 or Option 37 Substring to Create an Interface Set

Starting in Junos OS Release 17.2R1, you can create an interface set based on a specific, delimited substring of the agent remote ID (ARI) string received in DHCP packets. Specify the predefined variable `$junos-pon-id-interface-set-name` in a dynamic profile to extract the substring from DHCPv4 (Option 82, suboption 2) or DHCPv6 (Option 37). This substring is inserted by the optical line terminal (OLT) in a passive optical network (PON) and is unique for that PON. The extracted substring is used as the name of the interface set.

The OLT must format the ARI string with a pipe symbol (|) as the delimiter between substrings. The substring extracted for the interface set name consists of the characters following the last delimiter in the ARI string. You determine the format and contents of the substring, and configure your OLT to insert the information. Typically, the substring may include the name and port of the OLT accessed by the CPE optical network terminal (ONT).

For example, the ARI format might be something like the following:

circuit-id|plan-name|ONT-serial-number|OLT-info

The following sample ARI strings follow that format:

```
ari-1001|100M|AAAA01234|ot101.xyz101-202
ari-9505|100M|AAAA01234|ot101.xyz101-202
ari-1238|100M|AAAA01234|ot101.xyz101-111
```

The first two ARIs share the same substring after the last delimiter, `ot101.xyz101-202`. The third ARI has a different last substring, `ot101.xyz101-111`. The predefined variable extracts both of these substrings. Two interface sets are created, named `ot101.xyz101-202` and `ot101.xyz101-111`.

The two customer circuits identified by `ot101.xyz101-202` are aggregated into that interface set. The single circuit identified by `ot101.xyz101-111` is associated with the other set. The interface sets can subsequently be used to apply CoS and services to their associated subscriber circuits.

Before you begin:

- Configure your OLTs to provide an agent remote ID string in the required format.
- Configure your DHCPv4 or DHCPv6 relay agents to insert the agent remote ID received from the OLT for forwarding to the DHCP local server.
- Create the dynamic profile.

This procedure shows only the configuration required for specifying the predefined variable.

1. Access the desired dynamic profile.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles profile-name
```

2. Specify the predefined variable to create the interface set.

[edit [dynamic-profiles profile-name](#)]

user@host# set interfaces interface-set \$junos-pon-id-interface-set-name

3. Complete the dynamic profile configuration.

You can use the show subscribers extensive command to display the interface set name and the complete ARI string.

show subscribers extensive (Passive Optical Network Circuit Interface Set)

```
user@host> show subscribers client-type dhcp extensive
Type: DHCP
...
Interface Set: ot101.xyz101-202
...
Agent Remote ID: ABCD01234|100M|AAAA01234|ot101.xyz101-202
...
```

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|------------------------|---|
| 17.2R1 | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.2R1, you can create an interface set based on a specific, delimited substring of the agent remote ID (ARI) string received in DHCP packets. |

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Option 82 Information on page 380](#)
- [Configuring DHCPv6 Relay Agent Options on page 496](#)
- [Inserting DHCPv6 Remote-ID Option \(Option 37\) In DHCPv6 Packets on page 499](#)
- [Junos OS Predefined Variables](#)
- [Configuring Predefined Dynamic Variables in Dynamic Profiles](#)
- [Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile](#)

Configuring DHCP Relay Agent Source Address

In network configurations where a firewall on the broadband network gateway (BNG) is between the DHCP relay agent and the DHCP server, only the BNG loopback address passes through the firewall. In that case, DHCP unicast packets are discarded. To enable DHCP unicast packets to pass through the BNG firewall, configure the source address in DHCP packets and DHCP messages to be the configured loopback address.

In addition to configuring the IP source address, on the DHCPv4 relay server, configure Link Selection (suboption 5) in option 82 information to cause the DHCP server to locate the correct address pool for the DHCP client when the server receives a forwarded packet, and Server ID Override (suboption 11) in option 82 information to set the server ID option in the DHCP packet.

To configure DHCPv4 relay agent to use the loopback address as the source address:

1. Configure the DHCPv4 relay agent to set the IP source address of DHCP packets to the configured loopback address.

```
[edit forwarding options dhcp-relay overrides]
user@host# set relay-source lo0
```

2. Configure the DHCPv4 relay agent to add Server ID and Link Selection suboptions to option 82 information:

```
[edit forwarding options dhcp-relay relay-option-82]
user@host# set server-id-override
```

To configure DHCPv6 relay agent to use the loopback address as the source address:

1. Configure the DHCPv6 relay agent to set the IP source address of DHCP packets to the configured loopback address.

```
[edit forwarding options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 overrides]
user@host# set relay-source lo0
```

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Option 82 Information on page 380](#)

Example: Minimum DHCP Relay Agent Configuration

This example shows the minimum configuration you need to use the extended DHCP relay agent on the router or switch:

```
[edit forwarding-options]
dhcp-relay {
  server-group {
    test 203.0.113.21;
  }
  active-server-group test;
  group all {
```

```
interface fe-0/0/2.0;  
}  
}
```



NOTE: The interface type in this topic is just an example. The **fe-** interface type is not supported by EX Series switches.

This example creates a server group and an active server group named **test** with IP address 203.0.113.21. The DHCP relay agent configuration is applied to a group named **all**. Within this group, the DHCP relay agent is enabled on interface fe-0/0/2.0.

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)

Example: Configuring DHCP Relay Agent Selective Traffic Processing Based on DHCP Option Strings

This example shows how to configure DHCP relay agent to use DHCP option strings to selectively identify, filter, and process client traffic.

- [Requirements on page 392](#)
- [Overview on page 392](#)
- [Configuration on page 393](#)
- [Verification on page 395](#)

Requirements

This example uses the following hardware and software components:

- MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers or EX Series Switches

Before you configure DHCP relay agent selective processing support, be sure you:

- Configure DHCP relay agent.

See [“Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview” on page 270](#).

- (Optional) Configure a named DHCP local server group if you want to forward client traffic to a server group.

See [“Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations” on page 317](#).

Overview

In this example, you configure DHCP relay agent to use DHCP option strings in client packets to selectively identify, filter, and process client traffic. To configure selective processing, you perform the following procedures:

1. Identify the client traffic—Specify the DHCP option that DHCP relay agent uses to identify the client traffic you want to process. The option you specify matches the option in the client traffic.

2. Configure a default action—Specify the default processing action, which DHCP relay uses for identified client traffic that does not satisfy any configured match criteria.
3. Create match filters and associate an action with each filter—Specify match criteria that filter the client traffic. The criteria can be an exact match or a partial match with the option string in the client traffic. Associate a processing action with each match criterion.

Configuration

To configure DHCP relay agent selective processing based on DHCP option information, perform these tasks:

- [Configuring DHCP Relay Agent To Selectively Process Client Traffic Based on DHCP Option Strings on page 393](#)
- [Results on page 394](#)

CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them in a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the command into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```
set forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-number 60
set forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option equals ascii video-gold forward-only
set forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option equals ascii video-bronze local-server-group
  servergroup-15
set forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option starts-with hexadecimal ffff
  local-server-group servergroup-east
set forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option default-action drop
```

Configuring DHCP Relay Agent To Selectively Process Client Traffic Based on DHCP Option Strings

Step-by-Step Procedure

To configure DHCP relay selective processing:

1. Specify that you want to configure DHCP relay agent support.

```
[edit forwarding-options]
user@host# edit dhcp-relay
```
2. Specify the DHCP option that DHCP relay agent uses to identify incoming client traffic.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# set relay-option option-number 60
```
3. Configure a default action, which DHCP relay agent uses when the incoming client traffic does not satisfy any configured match criteria.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# set relay-option default-action drop
```

4. Configure an exact match condition and associated action that DHCP relay uses to process the identified client traffic.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# set relay-option equals ascii video-gold forward-only
```

5. Configure a second exact match condition and associated action that DHCP relay uses to process client traffic.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# set relay-option equals ascii video-bronze local-server-group
servergroup-15
```

6. Configure a partial match criteria and associated action that DHCP relay uses to process client traffic.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# set relay-option starts-with hexadecimal ffff local-server-group
servergroup-east
```

Results

From configuration mode, confirm the results of your configuration by issuing the **show** statement at the **[edit forwarding-options]** hierarchy level. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```
[edit forwarding-options]
user@host# show
dhcp-relay {
  relay-option {
    option-number 60;
    equals {
      ascii video-gold {
        forward-only;
      }
    }
    equals {
      ascii video-bronze {
        local-server-group servergroup-15;
      }
    }
    default-action {
      drop;
    }
    starts-with {
      hexadecimal ffff {
        local-server-group servergroup-east;
      }
    }
  }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Verification

To verify the status of DHCP relay agent selective traffic processing, perform this task:

- [Verifying the Status of DHCP Relay Agent Selective Traffic Processing on page 395](#)

Verifying the Status of DHCP Relay Agent Selective Traffic Processing

Purpose Verify the DHCP relay agent selective traffic processing status.

Action Display statistics for DHCP relay agent.

```
user@host> show dhcp relay statistics
Packets dropped:
    Total                               30
    Bad hardware address                 1
    Bad opcode                           1
    Bad options                          3
    Invalid server address               5
    No available addresses                1
    No interface match                   2
    No routing instance match            9
    No valid local address                4
    Packet too short                     2
    Read error                           1
    Send error                           1
    Option 60                            1
    Option 82                            2

Messages received:
    BOOTREQUEST                         116
    DHCPDECLINE                          0
    DHCPDISCOVER                         11
    DHCPINFORM                           0
    DHCPRELEASE                           0
    DHCPREQUEST                         105

Messages sent:
    BOOTREPLY                            0
    DHCPOFFER                             2
    DHCPACK                               1
    DHCPNAK                               0
    DHCPFORCERENEW                       0

Packets forwarded:
    Total                                 4
    BOOTREQUEST                           2
    BOOTREPLY                             2
```

Meaning The **Packets forwarded** field in the **show dhcp relay statistics** command output displays the number of client packets that have been forwarded as a result of the selective traffic processing configuration. In this example, the output indicates the total number of packets

that DHCP relay agent has forwarded, as well as a breakdown for the number of **BOOTREQUEST** and **BOOTREPLY** packets forwarded.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)
- [DHCP Options and Selective Traffic Processing Overview](#)
- [Using DHCP Option Information to Selectively Process DHCP Client Traffic on page 387](#)
- [Displaying a Count of DHCP Packets That Are Dropped or Forwarded During Selective Processing That Is Based on DHCP Option Strings on page 416](#)
- [Example: Configuring DHCP and DHCPv6 Relay Agent Group-Level Selective Traffic Processing on page 321](#)

Example: DHCP Relay Agent Configuration with Multiple Clients and Servers

This example shows an extended DHCP relay agent configuration for a network that includes multiple DHCP clients and DHCP servers. Additional details follow the example.

```
[edit forwarding-options]
dhcp-relay {
  server-group {
    sp-1 {
      203.0.113.21;
      203.0.113.22;
    }
    sp-2 {
      203.0.113.31;
      203.0.113.32;
      203.0.113.33;
    }
  }
  active-server-group sp-1;
  overrides layer2-unicast-replies;
  group clients_a {
    relay-option-82 circuit-id;
    interface fe-1/0/1.1;
    interface fe-1/0/1.2;
    interface fe-1/0/1.3;
  }
  group clients_b {
    relay-option-82 {
      circuit-id {
        prefix routing-instance-name;
      }
    }
    interface fe-1/0/1.4;
    interface fe-1/0/1.5;
    interface fe-1/0/1.6;
  }
  group eth_dslam_relay {
    active-server-group sp-2;
    overrides {
```

```

        trust-option-82;
        layer2-unicast-replies;
    }
    interface fe-1/0/1.7;
    interface fe-1/0/1.8;
    interface fe-1/0/1.9;
}
}

```

This example creates two server-groups: **sp-1**, which includes DHCP server addresses 203.0.113.21 and 203.0.113.22, and **sp-2**, which includes DHCP server addresses 203.0.113.31, 203.0.113.32, and 203.0.113.33. The active server group to which the DHCP relay agent configuration applies is **sp-1**. A global override is set that causes the DHCP relay agent to use Layer 2 unicast transmission to send DHCP reply packets from the DHCP server to DHCP clients during the discovery process.

The example also creates three groups of subscribers and their associated Fast Ethernet interfaces: **clients_a**, **clients_b**, and **eth_dslam_relay**. These groups are configured to meet different needs, as follows:

- The **clients_a** and **clients_b** groups consist of basic subscribers. The service provider for these groups inserts option 82 information in the DHCP packets that are destined for the DHCP server.
- The subscribers in **eth_dslam_relay** are connected to an Ethernet digital subscriber line access multiplexer (DSLAM) that functions as a Layer 2 DHCP relay agent. The active server group for **eth_dslam_relay** is **sp-2**. Overrides are set for the **eth_dslam_relay** group that enable the DHCP relay agent to trust option 82 information and to use Layer 2 unicast transmission to send DHCP reply packets to DHCP clients during discovery.

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)

Configuring DHCP-Initiated Service Change Based on Remote ID

This topic describes how to configure support for DHCP-initiated service change on the DHCP local server and the DHCP relay agent.

Configuring DHCP local server

You can configure support for DHCP-initiated service change for DHCP local server and DHCPv6 local server globally, or for a named group of interfaces.

To configure DHCP local server to support DHCP-initiated service change for a named group:

1. Before starting the configuration for the DHCP-initiated service change feature, ensure that the DHCP or DHCPv6 relay agent is configured to override the default behavior and send a release message to the DHCP server when a remote ID mismatch occurs. This configuration is required because the relay agent cannot directly tear down client bindings; the release packet signals the DHCP server to tear down the original binding.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# set overrides send-release-on-delete
```

2. Specify that you want to configure DHCP local server.

```
[edit system services]
user@host# edit dhcp-local-server
```

3. Specify the named group that you want to configure.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# edit group northwest-321
```

4. Specify that, for the named group, DHCP local server matches the initial and new client remote IDs, and then performs the **disconnect** action when a mismatch occurs.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group northwest-321]
user@host# set remote-id-mismatch disconnect
```

When a mismatch occurs, DHCP local server tears down the existing binding and sends a NAK message to the client, which initiates the client reconnect sequence. The new service, which is encoded in the Agent Remote ID string, is then activated when the client reconnects.

Configuring DHCP relay agent

You can configure support for DHCP-initiated service change for DHCP relay agent and DHCPv6 relay agent globally, or for a named group of interfaces.

The following example shows the steps to configure DHCPv6 relay agent to support DHCP-initiated service change on a global basis.

1. Before starting the configuration for the DHCP-initiated service change feature, ensure that the DHCPv6 relay agent is configured to override the default behavior and send a release message to the DHCP server when a remote ID mismatch occurs. This configuration is required because the relay agent cannot directly tear down client bindings; the release packet signals the DHCP server to tear down the original binding.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# set dhcp-relay overrides send-release-on-delete
```

2. Specify that you want to configure DHCP relay agent.

```
[edit forwarding-options]
user@host# edit dhcp-relay
```

3. Specify that you want to configure DHCPv6 relay agent.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit dhcpv6
```

4. Specify that DHCPv6 relay agent matches the initial and new client remote IDs, and then performs the **disconnect** action when a mismatch occurs.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group northwest-321]  
user@host# set remote-id-mismatch disconnect
```

When a mismatch occurs, DHCPv6 relay agent sends the release message to the DHCPv6 local server and a logical NAK message (a reply packet with a 0 lifetime) to the client. The server then tears down the existing binding, and the client initiates the reconnect sequence. The new service, which is encoded in the Agent Remote ID string, is activated when the client reconnects.

- Related Documentation**
- [DHCP-Initiated Service Change Based on Remote ID on page 375](#)
 - [Sending Release Messages When Clients Are Deleted on page 377](#)

Disabling DHCP Relay

You can disable DHCP relay on all interfaces or a group of interfaces.

To disable DHCP relay agent:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]  
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Disable the DHCP relay agent.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay overrides]  
user@host# set disable-relay
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)
 - [Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings on page 357](#)

Configuring DHCP Relay Proxy Mode

- [Enabling DHCP Relay Proxy Mode on page 401](#)

Enabling DHCP Relay Proxy Mode

You can enable DHCP relay proxy mode on all interfaces or a group of interfaces.

To enable DHCP relay proxy mode:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]  
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Enable DHCP relay proxy mode.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay overrides]  
user@host# set proxy-mode
```

Related Documentation

- [DHCP Relay Proxy Overview on page 273](#)
- [Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 354](#)

Configuring DHCP Local Server Authentication

- [Configuring a Token for DHCP Local Server Authentication on page 403](#)

Configuring a Token for DHCP Local Server Authentication

You can configure an authentication token to provide rudimentary protection against inadvertently instantiated DHCP servers. You can configure the local server to include a constant, unencoded token in the DHCP forcere new message as part of the authentication option it sends to clients. If the service provider has previously configured the DHCP client with a token, then the client can compare that token against the newly received token. If the tokens do not match, the DHCP client discards the forcere new message. This functionality corresponds to RFC 3118, *Authentication for DHCP Messages*, section 4.

(Optional) To configure the DHCP local server to include a token in the forcere new message sent to the client, for all clients:

- Specify the token.

For DHCPv4:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server reconfigure]  
user@host# set token token-value
```

For DHCPv6:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 reconfigure]  
user@host# set token token-value
```

(Optional) For only a particular group of clients:

- Specify the token.

For DHCPv4:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group group-name reconfigure]  
user@host# set token token-value
```

For DHCPv6:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group group-name reconfigure]  
user@host# set token token-value
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Dynamic Client Reconfiguration of Extended Local Server Clients on page 338](#)
 - [Understanding Dynamic Reconfiguration of Extended DHCP Local Server Clients on page 335](#)

Configuring a Minimum DHCP Local Server Configuration

- [Example: Minimum Extended DHCP Local Server Configuration on page 405](#)

Example: Minimum Extended DHCP Local Server Configuration

This example shows the minimum configuration you need to use for the extended DHCP local server on the router or switch:

```
[edit system services]
dhcp-local-server {
  group group_one {
    interface fe-0/0/2.0;
  }
}
```



NOTE: The interface type in this topic is just an example. The **fe-** interface type is not supported by EX Series switches.

This example creates the server group named **group_one**, and specifies that the DHCP local server is enabled on interface **fe-0/0/2.0** within the group. The DHCP local server uses the default pool match configuration of **ip-address-first**.



NOTE: If you delete the DHCP server configuration, DHCP server bindings might still remain. To ensure that DHCP bindings are removed, issue the **clear dhcp server binding** command before you delete the DHCP server configuration.

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264](#)

CHAPTER 40

Protecting the Routing Engine Using DHCP Firewall Filters

- [Example: Configuring a DHCP Firewall Filter to Protect the Routing Engine on page 407](#)
- [Port Number Requirements for DHCP Firewall Filters on page 411](#)

Example: Configuring a DHCP Firewall Filter to Protect the Routing Engine

This example shows how to configure a firewall filter to ensure that proper DHCP packets can reach the Routing Engine on MX Series routers.

- [Requirements on page 407](#)
- [Overview on page 407](#)
- [Configuration on page 408](#)
- [Verification on page 410](#)

Requirements

This configuration example applies only to routers where DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent services are provided by the `jdhcpd` process rather than the legacy `dhcpd` process or `fud` (UDP forwarding) process. MX Series routers, M120 routers, and M320 routers use `jdhcpd`. For DHCP relay, that means the configuration is required only at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy level and not at the **[edit forwarding-options helpers bootp]** hierarchy level.

No special configuration beyond device initialization is required before you can configure this feature.

Overview

Firewall filters that perform some action on DHCP packets at the Routing Engine, such as a filter to protect the Routing Engine by allowing only proper DHCP packets, require that both port 67 (bootps) and port 68 (bootpc) are configured as both source and destination ports.

DHCP packets received on the line cards are encapsulated by `jdhcpd` with a new UDP header where their source and destination addresses are set to port 68 before being forwarded to the Routing Engine. For DHCP relay and DHCP proxy, packets sent to the

DHCP server from the router have both the source and destination UDP ports set to 67. The DHCP server responds using the same ports. However, when the line card receives these DHCP response packets, it changes both port numbers from 67 to 68 before passing the packets to the Routing Engine. Consequently the filter needs to accept port 67 for packets relayed from the client to the server, and port 68 for packets relayed from the server to the client.

In this example, you configure two filter terms, **dhcp-client-accept** and **dhcp-server-accept**. The match conditions for **dhcp-client-accept** specify a source address and destination address for broadcast packets, the UDP protocol used for DHCP packets, and the bootpc (68) source port and bootps (67) destination port. Packets that match these conditions are counted and accepted.

The match conditions for **dhcp-server-accept** specify the UDP protocol used for DHCP packets, and both port 67 and 68 for both source port and destination port. Packets that match these conditions are counted and accepted.



NOTE: This example does not show all possible configuration choices, nor does it show how the filter is applied in your configuration. This example applies to both static application of the filter as well as dynamic application with a dynamic profile.

Configuration

CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure the sample Routing Engine DHCP filter, copy the following commands, paste them in a text file, remove any line breaks, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI.

```
[edit]
edit firewall family inet filter RE-protect
edit term dhcp-client-accept
set from source-address 0.0.0.0/32
set from destination-address 255.255.255.255/32
set from protocol udp
set from source-port 68
set from destination-port 67
set then count dhcp-client-accept
set then accept
up
edit term dhcp-server-accept
set from protocol udp
set from source-port 67
set from source-port 68
set from destination-port 67
set from destination-port 68
set then count dhcp-server-accept
set then accept
top
```


Step-by-Step Procedure The following example requires you to navigate various levels in the configuration hierarchy. For instructions on how to do that, see *Using the CLI Editor in Configuration Mode*.

To configure a DHCP firewall filter to protect the Routing Engine:

1. Create or specify a firewall filter.

```
[edit firewall]
user@host# edit family inet filter RE-protect
```

2. Create a filter term for the client.

```
[edit firewall family inet filter RE-protect]
user@host# edit term dhcp-client-accept
```

3. Specify the match conditions for DHCP packets.

```
[edit firewall family inet filter RE-protect term dhcp-client-accept]
user@host# set from source-address 0.0.0.0/32
user@host# set from destination-address 255.255.255.255/32
user@host# set from protocol udp
user@host# set from source-port 68
user@host# set from destination-port 67
```

4. Specify the action to take for matched packets.

```
[edit firewall family inet filter RE-protect term dhcp-client-accept]
user@host# set then count dhcp-client-accept
user@host# set then accept
```

5. Create a filter term for the server.

```
[edit firewall family inet filter RE-protect]
user@host# edit term dhcp-server-accept
```

6. Specify the match conditions for DHCP packets.

```
[edit firewall family inet filter RE-protect term dhcp-server-accept]
user@host# set from protocol udp
user@host# set from source-port [67 68]
user@host# set from destination-port [67 68]
```

7. Specify the action to take for matched packets.

```
[edit firewall family inet filter RE-protect term dhcp-server-accept]
user@host# set then count dhcp-client-accept
user@host# set then accept
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show firewall** command. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```
[edit]
user@host# show firewall
family inet {
  filter RE-protect {
    term dhcp-client-accept {
      from {
        source-address {
          0.0.0.0/32;
        }
        destination-address {
          255.255.255.255/32;
        }
        protocol udp;
        source-port 68;
        destination-port 67;
      }
      then {
        count dhcp-client-accept;
        accept;
      }
    }
    term dhcp-server-accept {
      from {
        protocol udp;
        source-port [ 67 68 ];
        destination-port [ 67 68 ];
      }
      then {
        count dhcp-server-accept;
        accept;
      }
    }
  }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Verification

To confirm that the Routing Engine DHCP protection filter is properly passing DHCP packets, perform these tasks:

- [Verifying the DHCP Filter Operation on page 410](#)

Verifying the DHCP Filter Operation

Purpose Verify that both counters increment as DHCP traffic passes to the Routing Engine.

Action From operational mode, enter the **show firewall family inet filter RE-protect** command.

```
user@host> show firewall family inet filter RE-protect
Filter: RE-protect
Counters:
Name                                     Bytes          Packets
```

```

dhcp-client-accept          328          1
dhcp-server-accept          574          1

user@host> show firewall family inet filter RE-protect
Filter: RE-protect
Counters:
Name                        Bytes      Packets
dhcp-client-accept          660        2
dhcp-server-accept          1152       2

```

Meaning The output lists both configured counters, dhcp-client-accept and dhcp-server-accept. By issuing the command more than once, you can see that the byte and packet fields both show that traffic is being accepted and counted.

- Related Documentation**
- [Port Number Requirements for DHCP Firewall Filters on page 411](#)
 - [Understanding Dynamic Firewall Filters](#)
 - [Understanding Dynamic Firewall Filters](#)
 - [Routing Policies, Firewall Filters, and Traffic Policers Feature Guide](#)
 - [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264](#)
 - [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)

Port Number Requirements for DHCP Firewall Filters

When you configure a firewall filter to perform some action on DHCP packets at the Routing Engine, such as protecting the Routing Engine by allowing only proper DHCP packets, you must specify both port 67 (bootps) and port 68 (bootpc) for both the source and destination. The firewall filter acts at both the line cards and the Routing Engine.

This requirement applies to both DHCP local server and DHCP relay, but it applies only when DHCP is provided by the `jdhcpd` process. MX Series routers use `jdhcpd`. For DHCP relay, that means the configuration is required only at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy level and not at the **[edit forwarding-options helpers bootp]** hierarchy level.

DHCP packets received on the line cards are encapsulated by `jdhcpd` with a new UDP header where their source and destination addresses are set to port 68 before being forwarded to the Routing Engine.

For DHCP relay and DHCP proxy, packets sent to the DHCP server from the router have both the source and destination UDP ports set to 67. The DHCP server responds using the same ports. However, when the line card receives these DHCP response packets, it changes both port numbers from 67 to 68 before passing the packets to the Routing Engine. Consequently the filter needs to accept port 67 for packets relayed from the client to the server, and port 68 for packets relayed from the server to the client.

Failure to include both port 67 and port 68 as described here results in most DHCP packets not being accepted.

For complete information about configuring firewall filters in general, see *Routing Policies, Firewall Filters, and Traffic Policers Feature Guide*.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Example: Configuring a DHCP Firewall Filter to Protect the Routing Engine on page 407](#)
- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264](#)
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)
- *Understanding Dynamic Firewall Filters*

CHAPTER 41

Monitoring and Managing DHCP

- [Requesting DHCP Local Server to Initiate Reconfiguration of Client Bindings on page 413](#)
- [Clearing DHCP Bindings for Subscriber Access on page 414](#)
- [Displaying a Count of DHCP Packets That Are Dropped or Forwarded During Selective Processing That Is Based on DHCP Option Strings on page 416](#)
- [Monitoring DHCP Relay Server Responsiveness on page 416](#)
- [Verifying and Managing DHCP Local Server Configuration on page 417](#)
- [Verifying and Managing DHCP Relay Configuration on page 417](#)

Requesting DHCP Local Server to Initiate Reconfiguration of Client Bindings

You can request that the DHCP local server initiate reconfiguration of all of clients or only specified clients.

To request reconfiguration of all clients:

- Specify the **all** option.

For DHCPv4:

```
user@host> request dhcp server reconfigure all
```

For DHCPv6:

```
user@host> request dhcpv6 server reconfigure all
```

You can use any of the following methods to request reconfiguration of specific clients:

- Specify the IP address of the DHCP client.

For DHCPv4:

```
user@host> request dhcp server reconfigure 192.168.27.3
```

For DHCPv6:

```
user@host> request dhcpv6 server reconfigure 2001:db8:1111:2222::
```

- Specify the client ID of a DHCPv6 client.

```
user@host> request dhcpv6 server reconfigure  
LL_TIME0x1-0x2e159c0-00:10:94:00:00:02
```

- Specify the session ID of a DHCPv6 client.

```
user@host> request dhcpv6 server reconfigure 5
```

- Specify the MAC address of a DHCPv4 client.

```
user@host> request dhcp server reconfigure 00:00:5E:00:53:67
```

- Specify an interface; reconfiguration is attempted for all clients on this interface.

```
user@host> request dhcp server reconfigure interface fe-0/0/0.100
```

- Specify a logical system; reconfiguration is attempted for all clients or the specified clients in this logical system.

```
user@host> request dhcp server reconfigure all logical-system ls-bldg5
```

- Specify a routing instance; reconfiguration is attempted for all clients or the specified clients in this routing instance.

```
user@host> request dhcp server reconfigure all routing-instance ri-boston
```

Related Documentation

- [Understanding Dynamic Reconfiguration of Extended DHCP Local Server Clients on page 335](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic Client Reconfiguration of Extended Local Server Clients on page 338](#)

Clearing DHCP Bindings for Subscriber Access

This topic provides the procedure you use to display current DHCP bindings, clear selected bindings, and verify that the specified bindings are successfully cleared.

Subscriber management enables you to clear DHCP bindings at several different levels for DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent. For example, you can clear the DHCP bindings on all interfaces, a group of interfaces, or a specific interface. You can also clear DHCP bindings based on IP address, MAC address, session-ID, DHCPv6 prefix, DHCPv6 Client ID, FPC, PIC, port, VLAN, or stacked VLAN (S-VLAN).

This topic includes examples to show several variations of the clear DHCP binding feature. The examples use DHCP local server commands; however, the procedure and commands are similar for DHCP relay agent, DHCPv6 local server, and DHCPv6 relay agent.

To clear bindings and verify the results for a specific IP address:

1. Display current bindings. Issue the appropriate variation of the **show dhcp server binding** command.

```
user@host> show dhcp server binding
2 clients, (2 bound, 0 selecting, 0 renewing, 0 rebinding)
```

| IP address | Hardware address | Type | Lease expires at |
|--------------|-------------------|--------|-------------------------|
| 192.168.32.1 | 00:00:5E:00:53:01 | active | 2011-10-17 11:38:47 PST |
| 192.168.32.3 | 00:00:5E:00:53:02 | active | 2011-00-17 11:38:41 PST |

2. Clear the binding you want to remove.

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding 192.168.32.1
```

3. Verify that the binding has been cleared.

```
user@host> show dhcp server binding
1 clients, (1 bound, 0 selecting, 0 renewing, 0 rebinding)

IP address      Hardware address  Type    Lease expires at
192.168.32.3    00:00:5E:00:53:01 active    2011-00-17 11:38:41 PST
```

The following examples show variations of the clear DHCP binding feature. The examples use the DHCP local server version of the commands.



NOTE: IP demux interfaces are not supported by the show and clear DHCP bindings commands for DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent.

To clear all bindings:

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding all
```

To clear bindings on a specific interface:

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding interface fe-0/0/2
```

To clear all bindings over an interface. This example uses the wildcard option.

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding ge-1/0/0. *
```

To clear bindings on top of a specific VLAN. This example clears all bindings on top of VLAN 100.

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding ge-1/0/0:100
```

To clear bindings for a specific S-VLAN. This example clears bindings on S-VLAN 100-200.

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding ge-1/0/0:100-200
```

To clear all bindings on top of all demux VLANs:

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding demux0
```

To clear all bindings on top of an underlying interface. This example clears the bindings on all demux VLANs on top of interface ae0:

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding ae0
```

To clear PPP bindings. This example uses the wildcard feature and clears the PPP bindings over interface pp0.100 and pp0.200.

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding pp0.*
```

To clear all bindings on an FPC. This example uses the wildcard feature and clears all DHCP bindings on FPC 1.

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding ge-1/*
```

To clear all bindings on a PIC. This example uses the wildcard feature and clears all DHCP bindings on FPC 1, PIC 0.

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding ge-1/0/*
```

To clear all bindings on a port. This example uses the wildcard feature and clears all DHCP bindings on FPC 1, PIC 0, port 0.

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding ge-1/0/0.*
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [DHCP Auto Logout Overview on page 343](#)
- [Automatically Logging Out DHCP Clients on page 345](#)

Displaying a Count of DHCP Packets That Are Dropped or Forwarded During Selective Processing That Is Based on DHCP Option Strings

To display the number of DHCP or DHCPv6 client packets that are dropped or forwarded during selective processing, use the following operational commands:

- [show dhcp relay statistics](#)
- [show dhcpv6 relay statistics](#)

**Related
Documentation**

- [DHCP Options and Selective Traffic Processing Overview](#)
- [Using DHCP Option Information to Selectively Process DHCP Client Traffic on page 387](#)
- [Example: Configuring DHCP Relay Agent Selective Traffic Processing Based on DHCP Option Strings on page 392](#)

Monitoring DHCP Relay Server Responsiveness

You can configure DHCP relay agent and DHCPv6 relay agent to enable the router to monitor DHCP server responsiveness. To monitor DHCP server responsiveness, you specify the length of time during which the router tracks how DHCP servers respond to relayed packets. If a configured DHCP server within the routing instance fails to respond to all relayed packets during the specified time period, the router generates the `DH_SVC_EXTERN_SERVER_STATE_CHG` system log message. When the DHCP server begins responding successfully, the router generates the log message again to indicate that responsiveness is restored. You can also use **show dhcp relay statistics** and **show dhcpv6 relay statistics** commands to display DHCP server responsiveness statistics.

The following procedure describes how to configure DHCP relay agent to enable the router to monitor DHCP server responsiveness. To configure DHCPv6 server responsiveness, include the **server-response-time** statement at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy level.

To monitor DHCP server responsiveness:

1. Specify that you want to configure DHCP relay agent.


```
[edit forwarding-options]
user@host# edit dhcp-relay
```

2.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# set server-response-time 86,400
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)
 - [show dhcp relay statistics on page 1782](#)
 - [show dhcpv6 relay statistics on page 1805](#)

Verifying and Managing DHCP Local Server Configuration

Purpose View or clear information about client address bindings and statistics for the extended DHCP local server.



NOTE: If you delete the DHCP server configuration, DHCP server bindings might still remain. To ensure that DHCP bindings are removed, issue the `clear dhcp server binding` command before you delete the DHCP server configuration.

- Action**
- To display the address bindings in the client table on the extended DHCP local server:

```
user@host> show dhcp server binding routing-instance customer routing instance
```
 - To display extended DHCP local server statistics:

```
user@host> show dhcp server statistics routing-instance customer routing instance
```
 - To clear the binding state of a DHCP client from the client table on the extended DHCP local server:

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding routing-instance customer routing instance
```
 - To clear all extended DHCP local server statistics:

```
user@host> clear dhcp server statistics routing-instance customer routing instance
```

- Related Documentation**
- [CLI Explorer](#)

Verifying and Managing DHCP Relay Configuration

Purpose View or clear address bindings or statistics for extended DHCP relay agent clients:

- Action**
- To display the address bindings for extended DHCP relay agent clients:

```
user@host> show dhcp relay binding routing-instance customer routing instance
```

- To display extended DHCP relay agent statistics:
user@host> **show dhcp relay statistics** routing-instance *customer routing instance*
- To clear the binding state of DHCP relay agent clients:
user@host> **clear dhcp relay binding** routing-instance *customer routing instance*
- To clear all extended DHCP relay agent statistics:
user@host> **clear dhcp relay statistics** routing-instance *customer routing instance*

Related Documentation

- [CLI Explorer](#)

PART 3

Configuring IPv6 for Subscriber Management

- [Migrating to IPv6 Using IPv4 and IPv6 Dual Stack on page 421](#)
- [Introduction to IPv6 Addresses on page 427](#)
- [Using NDRA to Provide IPv6 WAN Link Addressing on page 431](#)
- [Using DHCPv6 IA_NA to Provide IPv6 WAN Link Addressing on page 435](#)
- [Using DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation to Provide Subscriber LAN Addressing on page 437](#)
- [Using Both DHCPv6 IA_NA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation to Provide IPv6 WAN Link and Subscriber LAN Addressing on page 441](#)
- [Using DHCPv6 Prefix Exclude on page 445](#)
- [Designs for IPv6 Addressing in a Subscriber Access Network on page 449](#)
- [Dual-Stack Access Models in a DHCP Network on page 455](#)
- [Dual-Stack Access Models in a PPPoE Network on page 467](#)
- [Configuring DHCPv6 Local Server on page 487](#)
- [Configuring DHCPv6 Relay Agent on page 495](#)
- [Conserving IPv4 Addresses for Dual-Stack PPP Subscribers Using On-Demand IPv4 Address Allocation on page 501](#)
- [Best Practices for Configuring IPv4 and IPv6 Dual Stack in a PPPoE Access Network on page 513](#)
- [Configuring Dual Stack for PPPoE Access Networks in Which DHCP Is Used on page 519](#)
- [Configuring Dual Stack for PPPoE Access Networks in Which NDRA Is Used on page 523](#)
- [Configuring Address Assignment Pools for DHCPv6 on page 531](#)
- [Configuring the Dynamic Router Advertisement Protocol on page 535](#)
- [Examples: IPv4 and IPv6 Dual-Stack Designs on page 537](#)
- [Monitoring and Managing Dual Stack Subscribers on page 603](#)
- [Monitoring and Managing DHCPv6 on page 611](#)

Migrating to IPv6 Using IPv4 and IPv6 Dual Stack

- [Why Use IPv4/IPv6 Dual Stack? on page 421](#)
- [Basic Architecture of a Subscriber Access Dual-Stack Network on page 421](#)
- [Terms Used in IPv6 Subscriber Management Documentation on page 422](#)
- [IPv6 Addressing Requirements for a Subscriber Access Network on page 424](#)

Why Use IPv4/IPv6 Dual Stack?

As a service provider, you can use the Junos OS IPv4/IPv6 dual-stack feature to begin your migration from IPv4 to IPv6 by implementing IPv6 alongside IPv4 in your existing subscriber networks. The feature allows you to implement IPv6 so that you can provide the same subscriber services over IPv6—video, voice, high-quality data—that you currently provide in your IPv4 networks. You can then perform incremental upgrades to IPv6 and avoid service disruptions while migrating from IPv4 to IPv6.

Related Documentation

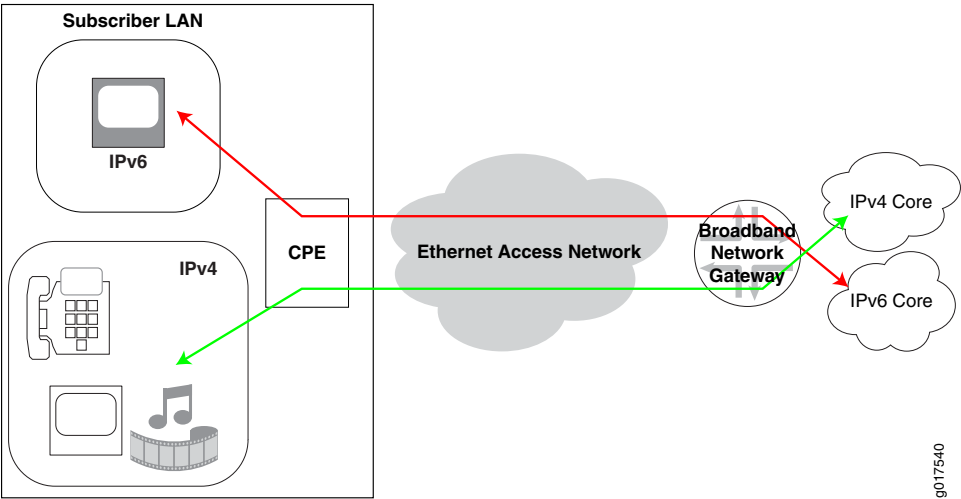
- [Basic Architecture of a Subscriber Access Dual-Stack Network on page 421](#)
- [Terms Used in IPv6 Subscriber Management Documentation on page 422](#)

Basic Architecture of a Subscriber Access Dual-Stack Network

This Juniper Networks dual-stack architecture is designed for either DHCP-based or PPP/PPPoE-based subscriber access networks. In addition, this design allows you to layer DHCPv6 over PPPoE-based networks.

[Figure 6 on page 422](#) shows the components of a basic subscriber access network in which the subscriber LAN is running both IPv4 and IPv6 and is connected to the IPv4 and IPv6 core using a broadband network gateway (BNG) configured for dual stack. Using IPv4/IPv6 dual stack, the BNG can provide both IPv4 and IPv6 services over the access network to the subscriber LAN. A single interface can operate simultaneously in IPv4 and IPv6 modes.

Figure 6: IPv4 and IPv6 Dual-Stack Architecture in a Subscriber Access Network



- Related Documentation
- [Why Use IPv4/IPv6 Dual Stack? on page 421](#)
 - [Terms Used in IPv6 Subscriber Management Documentation on page 422](#)

Terms Used in IPv6 Subscriber Management Documentation

Table 44 on page 422 defines terms used in the IPv6 subscriber management documentation.

Table 44: IPv6 Subscriber Management Terms

| Term | Definition |
|----------------------|---|
| BNG | Broadband network gateway. An IP edge router in which bandwidth and QoS policies may be applied. The BNG may encompass any or all of the functionality of B-RAS. |
| CPE | Customer premises equipment on the subscriber network that connects the subscriber network to the BNG. |
| Delegated addressing | Method of address assignment in which a host uses IPv6 prefixes to delegate IPv6 global addresses. In a dual-stack network, the CPE uses IPv6 prefixes that it receives to delegate global IPv6 addresses to individual subscriber equipment. |
| Delegating router | Role of the BNG when it delegates IPv6 prefixes to the requesting router (the CPE). |
| DHCPv6 IA | Identity association. A collection of addresses assigned to a client. Each IA contains one type of address. For example, IA_NA carries assigned addresses that are nontemporary addresses; IA_PD carries a prefix. |

Table 44: IPv6 Subscriber Management Terms (*continued*)

| Term | Definition |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| DHCPv6 IA_PD | <p>IA for prefix delegation. An IA that carries a prefix that is assigned to the requesting router. Instead of assigning a single address, IA_PD assigns a prefix or a complete subnet.</p> <p>Referred to as DHCPv6 prefix delegation.</p> |
| DHCPv6 IA_NA | <p>IA for nontemporary addresses. An IA that carries assigned addresses that are not temporary addresses.</p> <p>DHCPv6 IA_NA is used to assign global IPv6 addresses.</p> |
| Global IPv6 address | Unique IPv6 address that identifies a single interface and allows the interface to access the IPv6 internet. |
| IPv6 address prefix/prefix length | <p>Combination of an IPv6 prefix (address) and a prefix length.</p> <p>The prefix takes the form <i>ipv6-prefix/prefix-length</i> and represents a block of address space (or a network).</p> <p>The <i>/prefix-length</i> indicates the number of contiguous, higher-order bits of the address that make up the network portion of the address.</p> <p>For example, 2001:DB8::/32 is an IPv6 prefix.</p> |
| IPCP | IPv4 Control Protocol. A PPP protocol that establishes the IPv4 link between the BNG and the CPE if you are using PPPoE in your access network. |
| IPv6CP | IPv6 Control Protocol. A PPP protocol that establishes the IPv6 link between the BNG and the CPE if you are using PPPoE in your access network. |
| Link-local address | <p>Locally derived address that is designed to be used for addressing on a single link for purposes such as automatic address configuration, Neighbor Discovery, or when no routers are present. It is indicated by the prefix FE80::/10.</p> <p>In your dual-stack network, you can use a link-local address on the interface that connects the CPE and the BNG.</p> |
| NDRA | Neighbor Discovery Router Advertisement. An IPv6 protocol that is used in the dual-stack network to allow automatic addressing on the CPE WAN link. |
| Neighbor discovery | Protocol in the IPv6 protocol suite that allows nodes on the same link to advertise their existence to their neighbors, and to learn about the existence of their neighbors. |
| Prefix list | Table that contains IPv6 prefixes. |
| Requesting router | Role of the CPE when it requests IPv6 prefixes from the delegating router (the BNG). |
| Router Advertisement (RA) | <p>Message that the BNG periodically sends to hosts or sends in response to Router Solicitation (RS) requests from another host. The message includes IPv6 prefixes and other autoconfiguration information.</p> <p>In a dual-stack network, the router sends RAs to CPE devices on its access network.</p> |

Table 44: IPv6 Subscriber Management Terms (*continued*)

| Term | Definition |
|--------------------------|--|
| Router Solicitation (RS) | Message that hosts send to discover the presence of on-link routers. In a dual-stack network, CPE devices send RS messages to the BNG. |
| Unnumbered address | Address that can be used on the router's PPPoE loopback interface that connects to the CPE. |

- Related Documentation**
- [Why Use IPv4/IPv6 Dual Stack? on page 421](#)
 - [Basic Architecture of a Subscriber Access Dual-Stack Network on page 421](#)

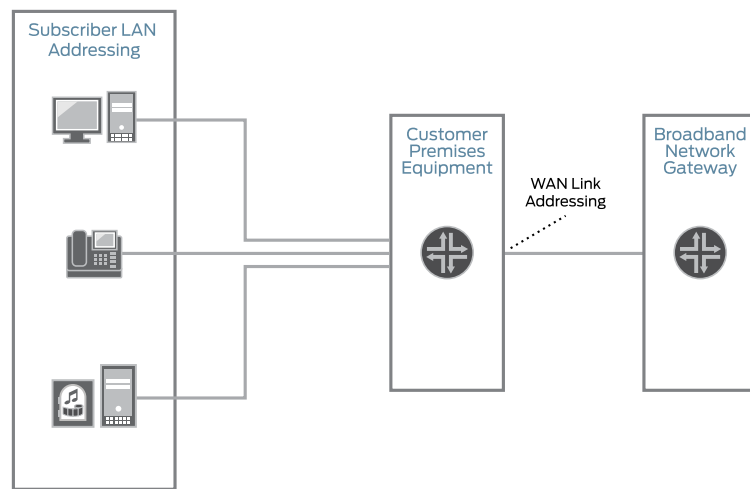
IPv6 Addressing Requirements for a Subscriber Access Network

You need to implement two types of addressing for IPv6 in a subscriber access network:

- WAN link addressing—For the WAN interface on the CPE (CPE upstream interface).
- Subscriber LAN addressing—For devices connected to the CPE on the subscriber LAN (CPE downstream interfaces).

[Figure 7 on page 424](#) shows where WAN link addressing and subscriber addressing are assigned in a dual-stack network.

Figure 7: IPv6 Address Requirements in a Subscriber Access Network



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You can use the following methods for assigning IPv6 addresses:

- For WAN link addressing, you can use Neighbor Discovery Router Advertisement (NDRA) or DHCPv6 Identity association for nontemporary addresses (IA_NA) to provision a global IPv6 address.
- For subscriber LAN addressing, you can use DHCPv6 prefix delegation to provision global IPv6 addresses to subscribers on the LAN.

Alternatives to Using a Global IPv6 Address on the CPE WAN Link

If the CPE is supplied by or recommended by the service provider, you do not need to provision a unique global IPv6 address on the CPE. In this case, the broadband network gateway (BNG) can use the loopback interface to manage the CPE. You can use one of the following methods to provision an address on the loopback interface:

- Link-local IPv6 address—Can be used on PPPoE access networks. The link-local address is provisioned by appending the interface identifier negotiated by IPv6CP with the IPv6 link-local prefix (FE80::/10).
- Address derived from DHCPv6 prefix delegation—Can be used on PPPoE access networks or on DHCP access networks. If you use DHCPv6 prefix delegation for subscriber addressing, the CPE can use the prefix it receives from the BNG to assign an IPv6 address on the loopback interface between the CPE and the BNG. This address can be used to manage the CPE, and the CPE uses it as a source address when it communicates with the BNG.

Related Documentation

- [Using NDRA to Provide IPv6 WAN Link Addressing Overview on page 431](#)
- [Using DHCPv6 IA_NA to Provide IPv6 WAN Link Addressing Overview on page 435](#)
- [Using DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation Overview on page 437](#)
- [Using DHCPv6 IA_NA with DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation Overview on page 441](#)

CHAPTER 43

Introduction to IPv6 Addresses

- [IPv6 Addressing Overview on page 427](#)
- [IPv6 Notation on page 427](#)
- [IPv6 Prefixes on page 428](#)
- [IPv6 Address Types on page 428](#)

IPv6 Addressing Overview

IPv6 uses a 128-bit addressing model compared with the 32-bit addresses used for IPv4. In addition to being larger, IPv6 addresses differ from IPv4 addresses in several ways:

- Notation
- Prefixes
- Address types

These differences give IPv6 addressing greater simplicity and scalability than IPv4 addressing gives.

Related Documentation

- [IPv6 Addressing Requirements for a Subscriber Access Network on page 424](#)
- [IPv6 Notation on page 427](#)
- [IPv6 Prefixes on page 428](#)
- [IPv6 Address Types on page 428](#)

IPv6 Notation

IPv6 addresses are 128 bits long (expressed as 32 hexadecimal numbers) and consist of eight colon-delimited sections. Each section contains 2 bytes, and each byte is expressed as a hexadecimal number from 0 through FF.

An IPv6 address looks like this:

```
2001:0db8:0000:0000:0000:0800:200c:7334
```

By omitting the leading zeroes from each section or substituting contiguous sections that contain zeroes with a double colon, you can write the example address as:

2001:db8:0:0:0:800:200c:7334 or 2001:db8::800:200c:7334

You can use the double-colon delimiter only once within a single IPv6 address. For example, you cannot express the IPv6 address 2001:db8:0000:0000:ea34:0000:71ff:fe01 as 2001:db8::ea34::71ff:fe01.

**Related
Documentation**

- [IPv6 Addressing Overview on page 427](#)
- [IPv6 Prefixes on page 428](#)
- [IPv6 Address Types on page 428](#)
- [IPv6 Addressing Requirements for a Subscriber Access Network on page 424](#)

IPv6 Prefixes

An IPv6 address prefix represents a block of address space or a network. The prefix is a combination of an IPv6 prefix (address) and a prefix length. It takes the form *ipv6-prefix/prefix-length*.

IPv6 addresses can be broken into prefixes of varying length. The prefix length is a decimal value that specifies the number of the leftmost bits in the address that make up the prefix. The prefix length follows a forward slash and, in most cases, identifies the portion of the address owned by an organization. All remaining bits (up to the right-most bit) represent individual nodes or interfaces.

For example, 2001:db8:0000:0000:250:af:34ff:fe26/64 has a prefix length of 64.

The first 64 bits of this address (2001:db8:0000:0000) are the prefix. The rest (250:af:34ff:fe26) identify the interface.

**Related
Documentation**

- [IPv6 Addressing Overview on page 427](#)
- [IPv6 Notation on page 427](#)
- [IPv6 Address Types on page 428](#)
- [IPv6 Addressing Requirements for a Subscriber Access Network on page 424](#)

IPv6 Address Types

There are three major categories of IPv6 addresses:

- Unicast—For a single interface.
- Multicast—For a set of interfaces on the same physical medium. A packet is sent to all interfaces associated with the address.
- Anycast—For a set of interfaces on different physical media. A packet is sent to only one of the interfaces associated with this address, not to all the interfaces.

Unicast Addresses

A unicast address identifies a single interface. When a network device sends a packet to a unicast address, the packet goes only to the specific interface identified by that address. Unicast addresses support a global address scope and two types of local address scopes.

A unicast address consists of n bits for the prefix, and $128 - n$ bits for the interface ID.

In the IPv6 implementation for a subscriber access network, the following types of unicast addresses can be used:

- Global unicast address—A unique IPv6 address assigned to a host interface. These addresses have a global scope and essentially the same purposes as IPv4 public addresses. Global unicast addresses are routable on the Internet.
- Link-local IPv6 address—An IPv6 address that allows communication between neighboring hosts that reside on the same link. Link-local addresses have a local scope, and cannot be used outside the link. They always have the prefix FE80::/10.
- Loopback IPv6 address—An IPv6 address used on a loopback interfaces. The IPv6 loopback address is 0:0:0:0:0:0:0:1, which can be notated as ::1/128.
- Unspecified address—An IPv6 unspecified address is 0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0, which can be notated as ::/128.

Multicast Addresses

A multicast address identifies a set of interfaces that typically belong to different nodes. When a network device sends a packet to a multicast address, the device broadcasts the packet to all interfaces identified by that address. IPv6 does not support broadcast addresses, but instead uses multicast addresses in this role.

Multicast addresses support 16 different types of address scope, including node, link, site, organization, and global scope. A 4-bit field in the prefix identifies the address scope.

The following types of multicast addresses can be used in an IPv6 subscriber access network:

- Solicited-node multicast address—Neighbor Solicitation (NS) messages are sent to this address.
- All-nodes multicast address—Router Advertisement (RA) messages are sent to this address.
- All-routers multicast address—Router Solicitation (RS) messages are sent to this address.

Multicast addresses use the prefix FF00::/8.

Anycast Addresses

An anycast address identifies a set of interfaces that typically belong to different nodes. Anycast addresses are similar to multicast addresses, except that packets are sent only to one interface, not to all interfaces. The routing protocol used in the network usually

determines which interface is physically closest within the set of anycast addresses and routes the packet along the shortest path to its destination.

There is no difference between anycast addresses and unicast addresses except for the subnet-router address. For an anycast subnet-router address, the low-order bits, typically 64 or more, are zero. Anycast addresses are taken from the unicast address space.

For more information about anycast addresses, see RFC 2526, *Reserved IPv6 Subnet Anycast Addresses*.

**Related
Documentation**

- [IPv6 Addressing Overview on page 427](#)
- [IPv6 Notation on page 427](#)
- [IPv6 Prefixes on page 428](#)
- [IPv6 Addressing Requirements for a Subscriber Access Network on page 424](#)

CHAPTER 44

Using NDRA to Provide IPv6 WAN Link Addressing

- [Using NDRA to Provide IPv6 WAN Link Addressing Overview on page 431](#)
- [IPv6 Neighbor Discovery Protocol Overview on page 431](#)
- [How NDRA Works in a Subscriber Access Network on page 432](#)
- [Methods for Obtaining IPv6 Prefixes for NDRA on page 433](#)
- [Duplicate Prefix Protection for NDRA on page 434](#)

Using NDRA to Provide IPv6 WAN Link Addressing Overview

In a dual-stack network, NDRA provides a lightweight address assignment method for autoconfiguration of the global IPv6 address on the CPE WAN link. The CPE device can construct its own IPv6 global address by combining the interface ID that is negotiated by IPv6CP and the prefix obtained through NDRA.

Related Documentation

- [IPv6 Addressing Requirements for a Subscriber Access Network on page 424](#)
- [IPv6 Neighbor Discovery Protocol Overview on page 431](#)
- [How NDRA Works in a Subscriber Access Network on page 432](#)
- [Design 2: IPv6 Addressing with NDRA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation on page 452](#)
- [Design 3: IPv6 Addressing with NDRA on page 453](#)
- [Configuring a PPPoE Dynamic Profile for Use with NDRA in a Dual-Stack Network on page 523](#)

IPv6 Neighbor Discovery Protocol Overview

Neighbor Discovery is a protocol in the IPv6 protocol suite that allows nodes on the same link to advertise their existence to their neighbors and to learn about the existence of their neighbors. Neighbor Discovery is built on top of Internet Control Message Protocol version 6 (ICMPv6). It replaces the following IPv4 protocols: Router Discovery (RDISC), Address Resolution Protocol (ARP), and ICMPv4 redirect.

Neighbor Discovery uses router advertisement messages to detect neighbors, advertise IPv6 prefixes, assist in address provisioning, and share link parameters such as MTU, hop limit, advertisement intervals, and lifetime.

Neighbor Discovery Messages

Neighbor Discovery uses the following message types:

- Router advertisement (RA)—Messages sent to announce the presence of the router, advertise prefixes, assist in address configuration, and share other link information such as MTU size and hop limit. The IPv6 nodes on the link can use this information to configure themselves with an IPv6 address and routing information such as the default gateway.
- Router solicitation (RS)—Messages sent by IPv6 nodes when they come online to solicit immediate router advertisements from the router. Starting in Junos OS Release 18.1R1, the well-known IPv6 all-routers multicast address, FF02::2, is supported in nondefault routing instances. Without this support, IPv6 router solicitation packets are dropped in nondefault routing instances.
- Neighbor solicitation (NS)—Messages used for duplicate address detection and to test reachability of neighbors.

A host can verify that its address is unique by sending a neighbor solicitation message destined to the new address. If the host receives a neighbor advertisement in reply, the address is a duplicate.

- Neighbor advertisement (NA)—Messages used for duplicate address detection and to test reachability of neighbors. Neighbor advertisements are sent in response to neighbor solicitation messages.

You can specify the information that is sent in router advertisements.

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|---------|--|
| 18.1R1 | Starting in Junos OS Release 18.1R1, the well-known IPv6 all-routers multicast address, FF02::2, is supported in nondefault routing instances. Without this support, IPv6 router solicitation packets are dropped in nondefault routing instances. |

Related Documentation

- [Using NDRA to Provide IPv6 WAN Link Addressing Overview on page 431](#)
- [How NDRA Works in a Subscriber Access Network on page 432](#)

How NDRA Works in a Subscriber Access Network

Before NDRA can provide IPv6 address information to the CPE, you need to first obtain a link-local address for the CPE WAN link. NDRA provides address assignment in two phases:

1. Link-local address assignment for local connectivity to the BNG

2. Global address assignment for global connectivity

The process is as follows:

1. During IPv6CP negotiation to establish the PPPoE link between the BNG and the CPE, an interface identifier is negotiated for the CPE.
2. The CPE creates a link-local address by appending the interface identifier with the IPv6 link-local prefix (FE80::/10).



NOTE: When the interface ID is 0, such as for Windows 7 clients, PPP uses the subscriber's session ID in place of the interface ID.

The CPE now has IPv6 connectivity to the BNG, and it can use NDRA to obtain its global IPv6 address.

3. The CPE sends a router solicitation message to the BNG.
4. The BNG responds with a router advertisement message that includes an IPv6 prefix with a length of /64.

This prefix can come directly from a local NDRA address pool configured on the BNG. If you are using AAA, a RADIUS server can specify the prefix in the *Framed-Ipv6-Prefix* attribute, or it can specify an NDRA pool on the BNG from which the prefix is assigned in the *Framed-Ipv6-Pool* attribute.
5. When the CPE receives the 64-bit prefix, it appends its interface ID to the supplied prefix to form a globally routable 128-bit address.
6. The CPE verifies that the global address is unique by sending a neighbor solicitation message destined to the new address. If there is a reply, the address is a duplicate. The process stops and requires operator intervention.

Related Documentation

- [Using NDRA to Provide IPv6 WAN Link Addressing Overview on page 431](#)
- [IPv6 Neighbor Discovery Protocol Overview on page 431](#)
- [Methods for Obtaining IPv6 Prefixes for NDRA on page 433](#)

Methods for Obtaining IPv6 Prefixes for NDRA

You can set up the BNG to select IPv6 prefixes used for NDRA through one of the following methods:

- An external source such as a AAA RADIUS server.

- Dynamic assignment from a local pool of NDRA prefixes that is configured on the BNG

Using AAA RADIUS Server to Obtain IPv6 Prefixes for NDRA

When the BNG needs to obtain a prefix for NDRA, it uses the values in one of the following RADIUS attributes that it receives in Access-Accept messages from the RADIUS server:

- *Framed-IPv6-Prefix*—The attribute contains an IPv6 prefix that the BNG can send to the CPE in router advertisement messages.
- *Framed-IPv6-Pool*—The attribute contains the name of an NDRA pool configured on the BNG from which the BNG can select a prefix to include in router advertisements.

Related Documentation

- [Using NDRA to Provide IPv6 WAN Link Addressing Overview on page 431](#)
- [How NDRA Works in a Subscriber Access Network on page 432](#)
- [Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool Used for Router Advertisements on page 527](#)

Duplicate Prefix Protection for NDRA

If you are using AAA to supply IPv6 prefixes for NDRA, you can enable duplicate prefix protection for NDRA. If enabled, the BNG checks the following attributes received from external servers:

- *Framed-IPv6-Prefix*
- *Framed-IPv6-Pool*

The router then takes one of the following actions:

- If a prefix overlaps with a prefix in an address pool, the prefix is taken from the pool if it is available.
- If the prefix is already in use, it is rejected as unavailable.
- If the prefix length requested from the external server does not match the pool's prefix length exactly, the authentication request is denied. If configured, the Acct-Stop message includes a termination cause.

Related Documentation

- [Methods for Obtaining IPv6 Prefixes for NDRA on page 433](#)
- [Configuring Duplicate IPv6 Prefix Protection for Router Advertisement on page 528](#)

Using DHCPv6 IA_NA to Provide IPv6 WAN Link Addressing

- [Using DHCPv6 IA_NA to Provide IPv6 WAN Link Addressing Overview on page 435](#)
- [Methods for Obtaining IPv6 Global Addresses for DHCPv6 IA_NA on page 435](#)

Using DHCPv6 IA_NA to Provide IPv6 WAN Link Addressing Overview

You can use DHCPv6 IA_NA to assign a global IPv6 address to the CPE WAN link. If the CPE sends a Solicit message that contains the IA_NA option to the BNG, the BNG acts as a DHCPv6 server and assigns a single IPv6/128 address to the WAN interface of the CPE.

Related Documentation

- [IPv6 Addressing Requirements for a Subscriber Access Network on page 424](#)
- [Design 1: IPv6 Addressing with DHCPv6 IA_NA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation on page 451](#)
- [Methods for Obtaining IPv6 Global Addresses for DHCPv6 IA_NA on page 435](#)
- [Selecting the Method of Provisioning a Global IPv6 Address for the WAN Link on page 449](#)
- [Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool for Use by DHCPv6 IA_NA on page 532](#)

Methods for Obtaining IPv6 Global Addresses for DHCPv6 IA_NA

You can set up the BNG to select global IPv6 addresses to be delegated to the requesting router in one the following ways:

- An external source such as a AAA RADIUS server or a DHCP server using the DHCPv6 relay agent.
- Dynamic assignment from a local pool of addresses that is configured on the BNG

Using a AAA RADIUS Server to Obtain IPv6 Addresses for DHCPv6 IA_NA

When the BNG needs to obtain a global IPv6 for the CPE WAN link and optionally a DHCPv6 prefix, it uses the values in one of the following RADIUS attributes:

- *Framed-IPv6-Prefix*—The attribute contains a global IPv6 address with a prefix length of 128.

- *Framed-IPv6-Pool*—The attribute contains the name of an address-assignment pool configured on the BNG from which the BNG can select a global IPv6 address to send to the CPE.

Both attributes are sent from the RADIUS server to the BNG in RADIUS Access-Accept messages.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Using DHCPv6 IA_NA to Provide IPv6 WAN Link Addressing Overview on page 435](#)
- [Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool for Use by DHCPv6 IA_NA on page 532](#)

CHAPTER 46

Using DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation to Provide Subscriber LAN Addressing

- [Using DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation Overview on page 437](#)
- [Using a Delegated Prefix on the CPE Loopback Interface on page 439](#)
- [DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation over PPPoE on page 439](#)
- [Methods for Obtaining IPv6 Prefixes for DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation on page 440](#)

Using DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation Overview

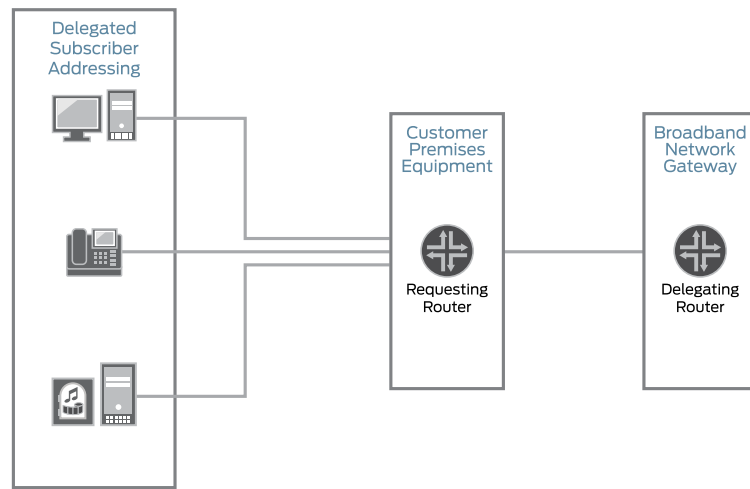
You can use DHCPv6 prefix delegation to automate the delegation of IPv6 prefixes to the CPE. With prefix delegation, a delegating router (the BNG) delegates IPv6 prefixes to a requesting router (the CPE). The requesting router then uses the prefixes to assign global IP addresses to the devices on the subscriber LAN. The requesting router can also assign subnet addresses to subnets on the LAN.

DHCPv6 prefix delegation is useful when the delegating router does not have information about the topology of the networks in which the requesting router is located. In such cases, the delegating router requires only the identity of the requesting router to choose a prefix for delegation.

DHCPv6 prefix delegation replaces the need for NAT in an IPv6 network.

[Figure 8 on page 438](#) shows how DHCPv6 prefix delegation is used in a dual-stack network.

Figure 8: Delegated Addressing in a Dual-Stack Network Using DHCPv6



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DHCPv6 prefix delegation operates as follows:

1. A delegating router is provided with IPv6 prefixes to be delegated to requesting routers. These prefixes can come from a local address-assignment pool or an external AAA server.
Each prefix has an associated valid and preferred lifetime, which can be extended.
2. A requesting router requests one or more prefixes from the delegating router.
3. The delegating router chooses prefixes for delegation, and responds with prefixes to the requesting router.
4. The requesting router is then responsible for the delegated prefixes.

The address allocation mechanism in the subscriber network can be performed with ICMPv6 Neighbor Discovery in router advertisements, DHCPv6, or a combination of these two methods.

Related Documentation

- [IPv6 Addressing Requirements for a Subscriber Access Network on page 424](#)
- [Design 1: IPv6 Addressing with DHCPv6 IA_NA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation on page 451](#)
- [Design 2: IPv6 Addressing with NDRA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation on page 452](#)
- [Design 4: IPv6 Addressing with DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation and No NDRA Prefix on page 454](#)
- [Methods for Obtaining IPv6 Prefixes for DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation on page 440](#)
- [Selecting the Method of Assigning Global IPv6 Addresses to Subscribers on page 450](#)

Using a Delegated Prefix on the CPE Loopback Interface

For networks in which the service provider directly controls the CPE, a delegated prefix can be used to create an IPv6 address on the loopback interface between the CPE and the BNG. This address can be used to manage the CPE, and the CPE uses it as a source address when it communicates with the BNG.

- Related Documentation**
- [Using DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation Overview on page 437](#)
 - [Selecting the Type of Addressing Used on the CPE on page 449](#)

DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation over PPPoE

The process of DHCPv6 prefix delegation when DHCPv6 is running over a PPPoE access network is as follows:

1. The CPE obtains a link-local address by appending the interface ID that it receives through IPv6CP negotiation to the IPv6 link-local prefix (FE80::/10). The link-local address provides an initial path for protocol communication between the BNG and CPE
2. The CPE sends a DHCPv6 Solicit message that includes an IA_PD option.
3. The BNG chooses a prefix for the CPE with information from an external AAA server or from a local prefix pool.
4. The BNG sends an Advertise message to the CPE. The message includes the delegated prefix, an IA_PD option, and an IA_PD prefix option. The prefix length in the IA_PD prefix option is 48. The message can also contain other configuration information, such as a maximum lease time.
5. The CPE sends a Request message to the BNG. The message requests the prefix that was advertised.
6. The BNG returns the delegated prefix to the CPE in a Reply message. This message also contains the delegated prefix, an IA_PD option, and an IA_PD prefix option. The prefix length in the IA_PD prefix option is 48. The message can also contain other configuration information, such as a maximum lease time.
7. The CPE uses the delegated prefix to allocate global IPv6 addresses to host devices on the subscriber network. It can use router advertisements, DHCPv6, or a combination of these two methods to allocate addresses on the subscriber LAN.

- Related Documentation**
- [Using DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation Overview on page 437](#)

- [Example: Configuring a Dual Stack That Uses ND/RA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation Over PPPoE on page 560](#)

Methods for Obtaining IPv6 Prefixes for DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation

You can set up the BNG to select IPv6 prefixes to be delegated to the requesting router in one the following ways:

- An external source such as a AAA RADIUS server or a DHCP server using the DHCPv6 relay agent.
- Dynamic assignment from a local pool of prefixes that is configured on the BNG

You can specify the name of a delegated pool to use for prefix delegation, which means that you do not need to use AAA to obtain the pool name. In this configuration, if you have also specified a pool match order, the specified delegated pool takes precedence.

Using a AAA RADIUS Server to Obtain IPv6 Prefixes for Prefix Delegation

When the BNG needs to obtain a prefix for DHCPv6 prefix delegation, it uses the values in one of the following RADIUS attributes:

- *Delegated-IPv6-Prefix*—The attribute (123) contains an IPv6 prefix that the BNG can send to the CPE.
- *Inpr-IPv6-Delegated-Pool-Name*—The attribute (VSA 26-161) contains the name of an address-assignment pool configured on the BNG from which the BNG can select a prefix to send to the CPE.

Both attributes are sent from the RADIUS server to the BNG in RADIUS Access-Accept messages.

Related Documentation

- [Using DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation Overview on page 437](#)
- [Selecting the Method of Obtaining IPv6 Prefixes on page 450](#)
- [Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool for Use by DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation on page 531](#)

CHAPTER 47

Using Both DHCPv6 IA_NA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation to Provide IPv6 WAN Link and Subscriber LAN Addressing

- [Using DHCPv6 IA_NA with DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation Overview on page 441](#)
- [DHCPv6 Options in a DHCPv6 Multiple Address Environment on page 442](#)
- [Methods for Obtaining Addresses for Both DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation and DHCPv6 IA_NA on page 442](#)
- [Multiple DHCPv6 IA_NA and IA_PD Requests per Client Interface on page 444](#)

Using DHCPv6 IA_NA with DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation Overview

You can use DHCPv6 IA_NA to assign a global IPv6 address to the CPE WAN link and DHCPv6 prefix delegation to provide prefixes for use on the subscriber LAN. DHCPv6 IA_NA and DHCPv6 prefix delegation are done in a single DHCPv6 session. If the CPE sends both the IA_NA and IA_PD options in the same DHCPv6 Solicit message, the BNG returns both a single IPv6/128 address and an IPv6 prefix.

When at least one address is successfully allocated, the router creates a subscriber entry and binds the entry to the assigned address. If both addresses are successfully allocated, the router creates a single subscriber entry and binds both addresses to that entry.

Lease Times and Session Timeouts for DHCPv6 IA_NA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation

When you use DHCPv6 IA_NA together with DHCPv6 prefix delegation, note the following about session timeouts and lease times:

- A session timeout from AAA has the highest precedence and overrides local pool lease times.
- For DHCPv6 local server, the minimum lease time associated with an address pool takes precedence over pools with longer lease times. For example, if a CPE obtains an IA_NA address from a pool with a lease time of 3600, and a prefix from a pool with a lease time of 7200, the lease time returned in the Reply message from the BNG is 3600.
- If AAA does not return a session timeout and the address pool does not have a configured lease time, the default setting of 86,400 (one day) is used.

- Related Documentation**
- [Using DHCPv6 IA_NA to Provide IPv6 WAN Link Addressing Overview on page 435](#)
 - [Using DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation Overview on page 437](#)
 - [Design 1: IPv6 Addressing with DHCPv6 IA_NA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation on page 451](#)
 - [Example: Configuring a Dual Stack That Uses DHCPv6 IA_NA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation over PPPoE on page 537](#)

DHCPv6 Options in a DHCPv6 Multiple Address Environment

In a DHCPv6 environment, DHCPv6 clients can use a single DHCPv6 Solicit message to request multiple addresses (for example, IA_NA address, IA_PD address, or both), as well as the DNS server address (DHCPv6 attribute 23). When a client requests multiple addresses, DHCPv6 uses the following guidelines to determine how options are returned to the client.

- **DNS server address**—Whenever a client requests an IA_PD address (either alone or with an IA_NA address) and also requests a DNS server address, DHCPv6 returns a DNS address only when one is specified in the IA_PD pool. If the IA_PD pool does not include a DNS address, DHCPv6 ignores any DNS address configured in the IA_NA pool.

If the client requests an IA_NA address (but not an IA_PD address) and also a DNS server address, DHCPv6 returns a DNS address if one is configured in the IA_NA pool.
- **Lease time**—DHCPv6 returns the shortest value of the lease times configured in the IA_NA pool, the IA_PD pool, and **authd**. DHCPv6 uses this value to set the lifetimes and the Renew and Rebind timers.



NOTE: By default, DHCPv6 local server returns the DNS server address as a global DHCPv6 option. You can override the current default behavior if you want DHCPv6 to return the DNS server address at the suboption level.

- Related Documentation**
- [Using DHCPv6 IA_NA with DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation Overview on page 441](#)
 - [Methods for Obtaining Addresses for Both DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation and DHCPv6 IA_NA on page 442](#)
 - [Overriding How the DNS Server Address Is Returned in a DHCPv6 Multiple Address Environment on page 655](#)

Methods for Obtaining Addresses for Both DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation and DHCPv6 IA_NA

You can set up the BNG to select global IPv6 addresses to be delegated to the requesting router in one the following ways:

- An external source such as a AAA RADIUS server or a DHCP server using the DHCPv6 relay agent.

- Dynamic assignment from a local pool of prefixes or global IPv6 addresses that is configured on the BNG

Address assignment for prefix delegation and IA_NA are independent. For example, you can use AAA RADIUS for DHCPv6 IA_NA, and use a local pool for prefix delegation.

Address Pools for DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation and DHCPv6 IA_NA

You need two separate address pools for prefix delegation and IA_NA. The pool used for IA_NA contains /128 addresses, and the pool for prefix delegation contains /56 or /48 addresses.

You can specify the name of a delegated pool to use for prefix delegation, which means that you do not need to use AAA to obtain the pool name. In this configuration, if you have also specified a pool match order, the specified delegated pool takes precedence.

You can configure pool attributes so that the IA_NA pool and the prefix delegation pool can specify different SIP servers for DNS addresses. DHCPv6 options that the BNG returns to the CPE are based on the pool from which the addresses were allocated. These options that are returned are based on the DHCPv6 Option Request option (ORO), which can be configured globally or within the IA_NA and IA_PD request.

Using a AAA RADIUS Server to Obtain IPv6 Addresses and Prefixes

When the BNG needs to obtain a global IPv6 address for the CPE WAN link and a DHCPv6 prefix, it uses the values in one of the following RADIUS attributes:

- *Framed-IPv6-Prefix*—The attribute contains a global IPv6 address and a prefix. A prefix length of 128 is associated with the global IPv6 address. Prefix lengths less than 128 are associated with prefixes.
- *Framed-IPv6-Pool*—The attribute contains the name of an address-assignment pool configured on the BNG, from which the BNG can select a global IPv6 address or an IPv6 prefix to send to the CPE.

Both attributes are sent from the RADIUS server to the BNG in RADIUS Access-Accept messages.

Junos OS Predefined Variable for Multiple DHCPv6 Address Assignment

To configure dynamic DHCPv6 address assignment for both DHCPv6 IA_NA and DHCPv6 prefix delegation, use the **\$junos-subscriber-ipv6-multi-address** predefined variable in your dynamic profile. You use this variable in place of the **\$junos-subscriber-ipv6-address** variable, which supports a single IPv6 address or prefix. The **\$junos-subscriber-ipv6-multi-address** variable is applied as a demultiplexing source address, and is expanded to include both the host and prefix addresses.

You include the **\$junos-subscriber-ipv6-multi-address** variable at the **[edit dynamic-profile profile-name interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number family inet6 demux-source]** hierarchy level.

- Related Documentation**
- [Using DHCPv6 IA_NA with DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation Overview on page 441](#)
 - [DHCPv6 Options in a DHCPv6 Multiple Address Environment on page 442](#)
 - [Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool for Use by DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation on page 531](#)
 - [Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool for Use by DHCPv6 IA_NA on page 532](#)

Multiple DHCPv6 IA_NA and IA_PD Requests per Client Interface

DHCPv6 relay agent supports multiple IA_NA and IA_PD requests within a single DHCPv6 Solicit message. The requests can be any combination of IA_NA and IA_PD addresses, up to a maximum of eight requests. As part of the multiple IA request support, each address lease is assigned its own lease time expiration, independent of the other leases. The use of independent lease timers ensures that when one lease is torn down, the other active leases are maintained. You can use the **show dhcpv6 relay binding** and **show dhcpv6 relay binding detail** commands to display the status of the individual lease times.

The DHCPv6 support for multiple IA requests enables you to use prefix delegation to designate blocks of addresses, as described in RFC 3633, *IPv6 Prefix Options for DHCPv6*. For example, you might want to delegate multiple address blocks to a customer premises equipment (CPE) router as a means to simplify flow classification and service monetization in your IPv6 environment.

- Related Documentation**
- [show dhcpv6 relay binding on page 1797](#)

Using DHCPv6 Prefix Exclude

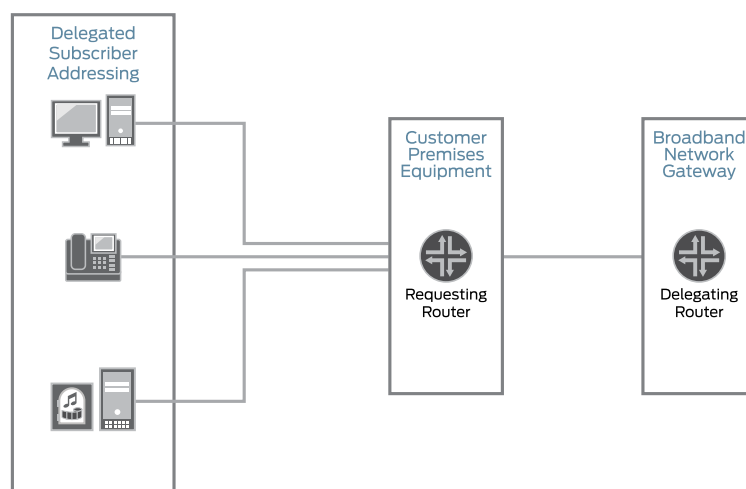
- [Understanding Support for DHCPv6 Prefix Exclude Option on page 445](#)

Understanding Support for DHCPv6 Prefix Exclude Option

You can use the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol v6 (DHCPv6) prefix delegation to automate the delegation of IPv6 prefixes to the customer premises equipment (CPE) devices. With prefix delegation, a delegating router - the broadband network gateway (BNG) router, delegates IPv6 prefixes to a requesting router such as a CPE device. The requesting router then uses the prefixes to assign global IP addresses to the devices on the subscriber LAN. The requesting router can also assign subnet addresses to subnets on the LAN. DHCPv6 prefix delegation is useful when the delegating router does not have information about the topology of the networks in which the requesting router is located. In such cases, the delegating router requires only the identity of the requesting router to choose a prefix for delegation. DHCPv6 prefix delegation replaces the need for NAT in an IPv6 network.

[Figure 8 on page 438](#) shows how DHCPv6 prefix delegation is used in a dual-stack network.

Figure 9: Delegated Addressing in a Dual-Stack Network Using DHCPv6



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DHCPv6 prefix delegation operates as follows:

1. A delegating router is provided with IPv6 prefixes to be delegated to requesting routers. These prefixes can come from a local address-assignment pool or an external AAA server.
Each prefix has an associated valid and preferred lifetime, which can be extended.
2. A requesting router requests one or more prefixes from the delegating router.
3. The delegating router chooses prefixes for delegation, and responds with prefixes to the requesting router.
4. The requesting router is then responsible for the delegated prefixes.

The address allocation mechanism in the subscriber network can be performed with ICMPv6 Neighbor Discovery Protocol (NDP) in router advertisements, DHCPv6, or a combination of these two methods.

The requesting router cannot use a sub-prefix of the delegated prefix assigned to it by the delegating router to the link between the delegating router and the requesting router. Because of this limitation, there are usually two routes to the CPE device. One is the delegated prefix, for the customer site behind the CPE device and the other for the link between the requesting router and the delegating router. To overcome this, Junos OS allows the exclusion of one specific prefix from a delegated prefix set while using DHCPv6 based prefix delegation as described in RFC 6603. This excluded prefix is used as the link between the delegating router and the requesting router. This prefix link is intended for use in networks where each requesting router is in its own Layer 2 domain.

To support prefix exclude delegation, the requesting router includes the Option Request option (ORO) with the PD_Exclude option in the solicit, request, renew, or rebind message to inform the delegating router about the support for the prefix delegation. When the Juniper Networks router acting as the DHCP server receives these message and finds the exclude prefix option (option 67) in ORO, it decides the prefix to be excluded. (The length of the prefix to be excluded is bigger than the delegated prefix length.) The excluded prefix is then added in the IA_Prefix options. The DHCP server acting as relay forwards the requested option to the server and relays the excluded prefix, assigned by the server, back to the client.

To exclude a prefix length in a DHCP server, configure the **exclude-prefix-len** statement at the **[edit access address-assignment pool *pool-name* family dhcpv6 dhcp-attributes]** hierarchy level. The length of the prefix can range from 1 through 128.

If the DHCP server supporting the exclude prefix wants the client to request for a prefix exclude after reconfiguration, then you can configure the **support-option-pd-exclude** statement either at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]** hierarchy level or at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group *group-name*]** hierarchy level.

Configuring DHCPv6 Prefix Exclude Option

To configure DHCPv6 prefix exclude:

1. Configure the prefix length to be excluded from a delegated prefix set pool. This prefix is used as the link between the delegating router and the requesting router. The exclude prefix length is bigger than the given prefix length.

```
[edit access address-assignment pool pool-name family inet6 dhcp-attributes]
user@host# set exclude-prefix-len prefix-length
```

For example, for prefix delegated in 2001:db8::/32 , configure the exclude prefix as 2001:db8:ffff:ffff::/72 for delegated pool *prefix_delegate_pool*.

```
[edit access address-assignment pool prefix_delegate_pool family inet6 dhcp-attributes]
user@host# set exclude-prefix-len 72
```

2. Configure PD_Exclude option support in the reconfigure message. In case the server wants the client to request for the prefix to be excluded after reconfiguration then the exclude prefix options are added in the Option Request option (ORO) in the reconfigure message.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 reconfigure]
user@host# set support-option-pd-exclude
```

3. Configure PD_Exclude option support in the reconfigure message for a given group.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group group-name reconfigure]
user@host# set support-option-pd-exclude
```

- Related Documentation
- [dhcp-attributes on page 1100](#)
 - [reconfigure on page 1446](#)

CHAPTER 49

Designs for IPv6 Addressing in a Subscriber Access Network

- [Selecting the Type of Addressing Used on the CPE on page 449](#)
- [Selecting the Method of Provisioning a Global IPv6 Address for the WAN Link on page 449](#)
- [Selecting the Method of Assigning Global IPv6 Addresses to Subscribers on page 450](#)
- [Selecting the Method of Obtaining IPv6 Prefixes on page 450](#)
- [Design 1: IPv6 Addressing with DHCPv6 IA_NA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation on page 451](#)
- [Design 2: IPv6 Addressing with NDRA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation on page 452](#)
- [Design 3: IPv6 Addressing with NDRA on page 453](#)
- [Design 4: IPv6 Addressing with DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation and No NDRA Prefix on page 454](#)

Selecting the Type of Addressing Used on the CPE

In some networks, you do not need to assign a global IPv6 address on the CPE WAN link. Your decision depends on the type of CPE being used:

- If the CPE is purchased by the subscriber, and is not a device specifically recommended by the service provider, you need to assign a global IPv6 address that can be routed on the Internet.
- If the CPE is supplied by or recommended by the service provider, you can use the loopback interface to manage the CPE.

In this case, you can use a link-local address or you can use an address that is derived from DHCPv6 prefix delegation.

Related Documentation

- [IPv6 Addressing Requirements for a Subscriber Access Network on page 424](#)

Selecting the Method of Provisioning a Global IPv6 Address for the WAN Link

To assign a global IPv6 address to the WAN link of the CPE device, you can choose one of the methods described in [Table 45 on page 450](#).

Table 45: Choosing the Global IPv6 Address Provisioning Method for the WAN Link

| NDRA Features | DHCPv6 IA_NA Features |
|---|--|
| Provides address autoconfiguration of the WAN link by means of router advertisements. | Provides a single IPv6/128 address to the WAN interface of the CPE by the BNG acting as a DHCPv6 server. |
| Supported on PPPoE access networks. | Supported on PPPoE and DHCP access networks. |
| Provides duplicate prefix prevention. | Provides the ability to use one DHCPv6 message to solicit both a global IPv6 address for the WAN link, and a prefix used to provision addresses on the subscriber LAN. |
| Use if the CPE does not support DHCP. | -- |

Related Documentation

- [IPv6 Addressing Requirements for a Subscriber Access Network on page 424](#)
- [Using NDRA to Provide IPv6 WAN Link Addressing Overview on page 431](#)
- [Using DHCPv6 IA_NA to Provide IPv6 WAN Link Addressing Overview on page 435](#)

Selecting the Method of Assigning Global IPv6 Addresses to Subscribers



BEST PRACTICE: For addressing on the subscriber LAN, we recommend that you provision a global IP address for each device on the LAN. IPv6 was designed to allow every IP-capable device on a subscriber LAN to obtain a globally unique address, which avoids the use of NAT between the subscriber LAN and the service provider.

DHCPv6 prefix delegation automates the delegation of IPv6 prefixes to the CPE. The CPE can then use these prefixes to assign global IPv6 addresses for use in a subscriber LAN. DHCPv6 prefix delegation is useful when the delegating router (the BNG) does not have information about the topology of the networks in which the requesting router (the CPE) is located. In such cases, the delegating router requires only the identity of the requesting router to choose a prefix for delegation.

Related Documentation

- [Using DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation Overview on page 437](#)
- [Using DHCPv6 IA_NA with DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation Overview on page 441](#)

Selecting the Method of Obtaining IPv6 Prefixes

You can set up the BNG to select IPv6 prefixes through one of the following methods:

- An external source such as a AAA RADIUS server or a DHCP server using the DHCPv6 relay agent.

- Dynamic assignment from a local pool of global IPv6 addresses or prefixes that is configured on the BNG

Using a AAA RADIUS Server to Obtain Global IPv6 Addresses and IPv6 Prefixes

Table 46 on page 451 describes the RADIUS attributes used in a dual-stack network. These attributes are sent from the RADIUS server to the BNG in RADIUS Access-Accept messages.

Table 46: RADIUS Attributes Used to Obtain Global IPv6 Addresses and IPv6 Prefixes

| RADIUS Attribute | Address Assignment Type | Attribute Description |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Framed-IPv6-Prefix | NDRA | IPv6 prefix with a prefix length less than 128. |
| | DHCPv6 IA_NA | IPv6 prefix with a length of 128. |
| Framed-IPv6-Pool | NDRA | Name of an NDRA pool configured on the BNG from which the BNG selects a prefix. |
| | DHCPv6 IA_NA | Name of an address-assignment pool configured on the BNG from which the BNG selects a global IPv6 address. |
| Delegated-IPv6-Prefix | DHCPv6 prefix delegation | IPv6 prefix. |
| Jnpr-IPv6-Delegated-Pool-Name | DHCPv6 prefix delegation | Name of an address-assignment pool configured on the BNG from which the BNG delegates a prefix. |

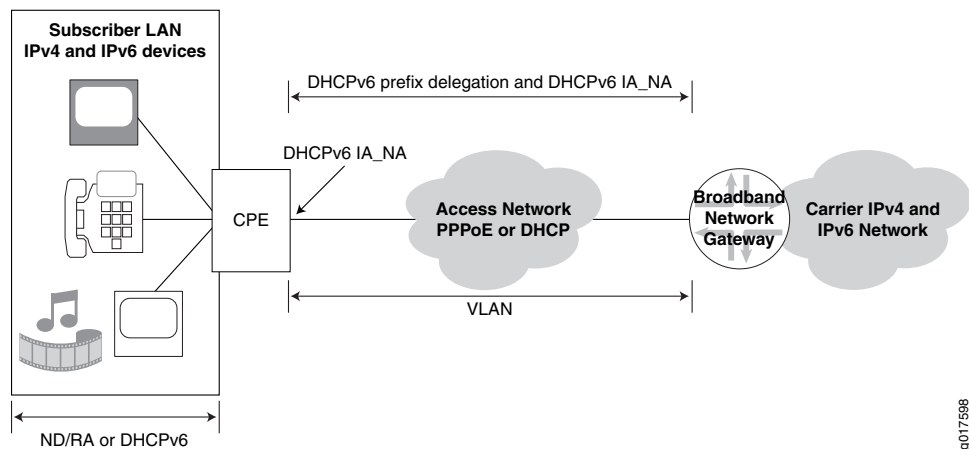
- Related Documentation**
- [IPv6 Addressing Requirements for a Subscriber Access Network on page 424](#)
 - [Using DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation Overview on page 437](#)

Design 1: IPv6 Addressing with DHCPv6 IA_NA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation

This design (Figure 10 on page 452) uses DHCPv6 IA_NA and DHCPv6 prefix delegation in your subscriber access network as follows:

- DHCPv6 IA_NA is used to assign a global IPv6 address on the WAN link. The address can come from a local pool or AAA RADIUS.
- DHCPv6 prefix delegation is used for host device addressing. The delegated prefix can come from a local pool or from AAA RADIUS. The CPE uses the delegated prefix for subscriber addressing. The CPE can use NDRA or DHCPv6 to allocate IPv6 addresses on the LAN.

Figure 10: Subscriber Access Network with DHCPv6 IA_NA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation



Related Documentation

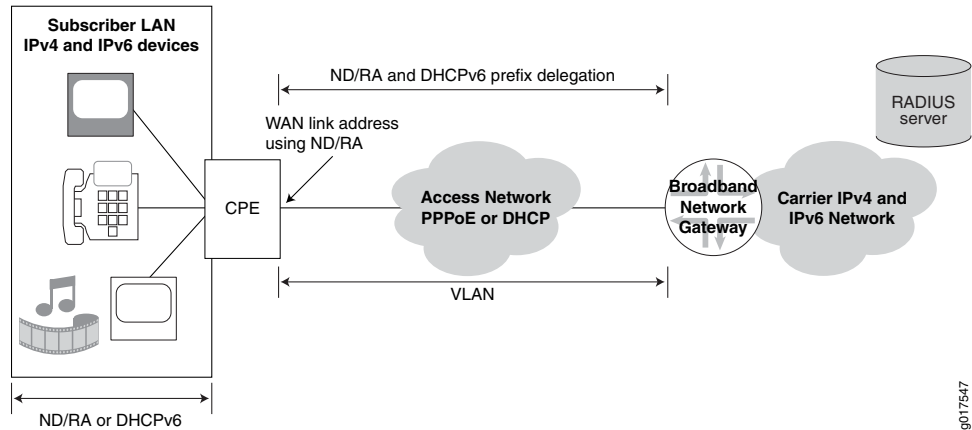
- [Example: Configuring a Dual Stack That Uses DHCPv6 IA_NA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation over PPPoE on page 537](#)
- [Using DHCPv6 IA_NA with DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation Overview on page 441](#)

Design 2: IPv6 Addressing with NDRA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation

This design ([Figure 11 on page 453](#)) uses NDRA and DHCPv6 prefix delegation in your subscriber access network as follows:

- NDRA addressing is used to provision a global IPv6 address on the WAN link. IPv6 prefixes for NDRA come from a local pool or AAA RADIUS.
- DHCPv6 prefix delegation is used for host device addressing. The delegated prefix can come from a local pool or from AAA RADIUS. The CPE uses the delegated prefix for subscriber addressing. The CPE can use NDRA or DHCPv6 to allocate IPv6 addresses on the LAN.

Figure 11: Subscriber Access Network with NDRA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation



If you have a network with a combination of subscriber LANs and single PCs, you can use a combination of design 2 and design 3.

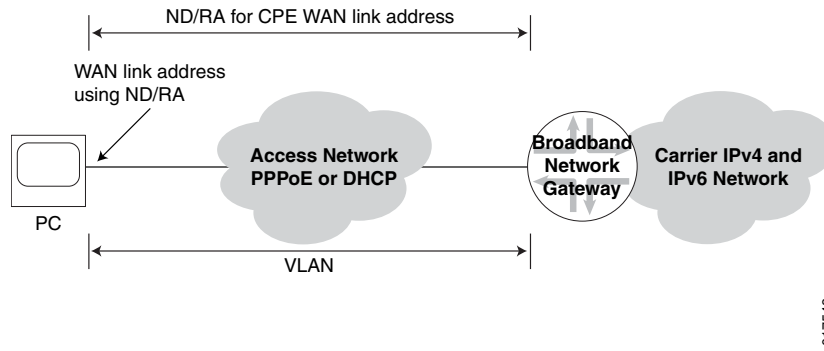
Related Documentation

- [Example: Configuring a Dual Stack That Uses ND/RA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation Over PPPoE on page 560](#)
- [How NDRA Works in a Subscriber Access Network on page 432](#)
- [Using DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation Overview on page 437](#)

Design 3: IPv6 Addressing with NDRA

In this design ([Figure 12 on page 453](#)), NDRA is used for addressing a global IPv6 on the WAN link with prefixes from a local pool or AAA RADIUS. The PC does not need a delegated prefix.

Figure 12: Subscriber Access Network with NDRA



If you have a network with a combination of subscriber LANs and single PCs, you can use a combination of Design 2 and Design 3.

Related Documentation

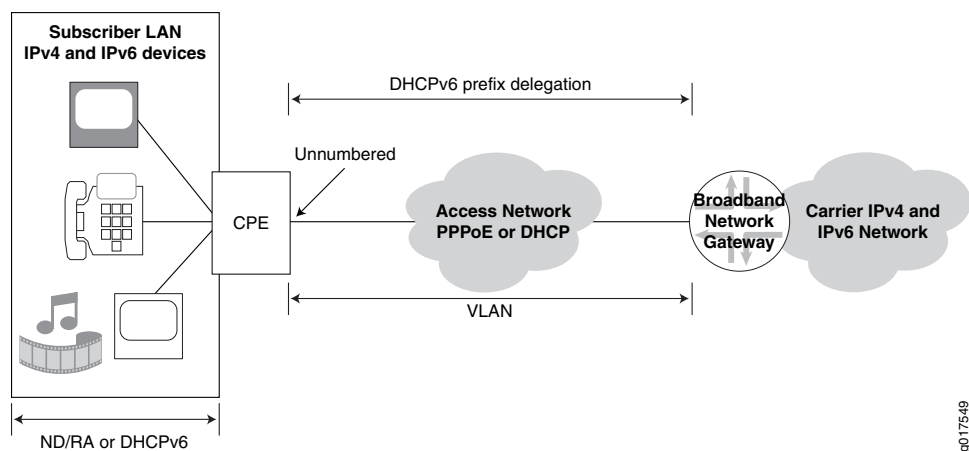
- [Example: Configuring a Dual Stack That Uses ND/RA Over PPPoE on page 584](#)

- [How NDRA Works in a Subscriber Access Network on page 432](#)

Design 4: IPv6 Addressing with DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation and No NDRA Prefix

In this design ([Figure 13 on page 454](#)), the CPE is a model that is sold by or specified by the service provider. The CPE uses an unnumbered WAN interface. The BNG delegates an IPv6 prefix to the CPE with DHCPv6 prefix delegation. The CPE uses the delegated prefix for subscriber addressing. It can use NDRA or DHCPv6 to allocate the IPv6 addresses on the LAN.

Figure 13: Subscriber Access Network with DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation



Related Documentation

- [Using DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation Overview on page 437](#)

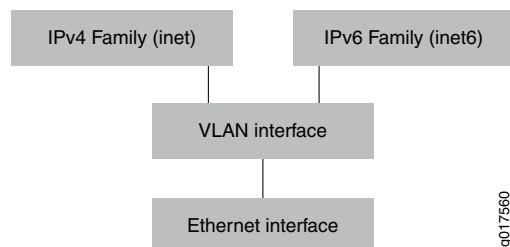
Dual-Stack Access Models in a DHCP Network

- [IPv4 and IPv6 Dual Stack in a DHCP Access Network on page 455](#)
- [AAA Service Framework in a Dual Stack over a DHCP Access Network on page 456](#)
- [Dual-Stack Interface Stack in a DHCP Wholesale Network on page 457](#)
- [Single-Session DHCP Dual-Stack Overview on page 458](#)
- [Single-Session DHCP Local Server Dual-Stack Overview on page 460](#)
- [Configuring Single-Session DHCP Dual-Stack Support on page 462](#)
- [Verifying and Managing DHCP Dual-Stack Configuration on page 464](#)

IPv4 and IPv6 Dual Stack in a DHCP Access Network

Figure 14 on page 455 shows a dual-stack interface stack in a DHCP access network. The IPv4 family (inet) and the IPv6 family (inet6) can reside on the same VLAN interface.

Figure 14: Dual-Stack Interface Stack over a DHCP Access Network



NOTE: When you are using IPv4 and IPv6 dual stack on the same DHCP interface, you must configure one dynamic profile for both the IPv4 and IPv6 subscribers. You cannot run IPv4 and IPv6 subscriber sessions over the same interface if you configure separate dynamic profiles for IPv4 and IPv6.

Support for Demultiplexing Interfaces

IPv4 and IPv6 dual stack is supported on VLAN demultiplexing (demux) interfaces. Dual stack is not supported on IP demux interfaces.

- Related Documentation**
- [Basic Architecture of a Subscriber Access Dual-Stack Network on page 421](#)
 - [AAA Service Framework in a Dual Stack over a DHCP Access Network on page 456](#)
 - [Dual-Stack Interface Stack in a DHCP Wholesale Network on page 457](#)

AAA Service Framework in a Dual Stack over a DHCP Access Network

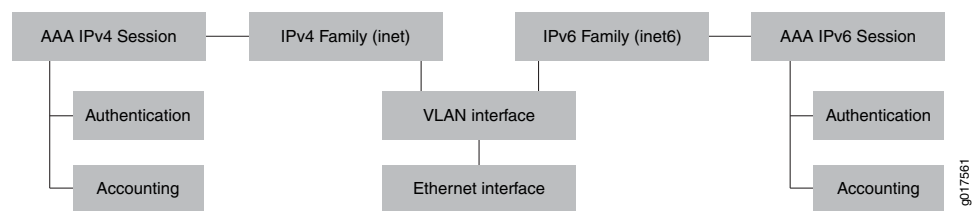
You can use the AAA Service Framework for all authentication, authorization, accounting, address assignment, and dynamic request services that the BNG uses for network access. The framework supports authentication and authorization through external RADIUS servers. It also supports accounting and dynamic-request change of authorization (CoA) and disconnect operations through external servers, and address assignment through a combination of local address-assignment pools and RADIUS servers.

The BNG interacts with external servers to determine how individual subscribers access the broadband network. The BNG can also obtain information from external servers for the following:

- How subscribers are authenticated.
- How accounting statistics are collected and used.
- How dynamic requests, such as CoA, are handled.

As shown in [Figure 15 on page 456](#), an implementation of dual stack over a DHCP access network, there are separate AAA sessions for IPv4 and IPv6 authentication and accounting.

Figure 15: AAA Service Framework in a Dual Stack over a DHCP Access Network



Collection of Accounting Statistics in a DHCP Access Network

AAA provides support for IPv4 and IPv6 statistics in separate accounting sessions.

The following RADIUS attributes are included by default (when available) in Acct-Start, Interim, and Acct-Stop messages:

- Framed-IPv6-Prefix
- Framed-IPv6-Pool
- Delegated-Ipv6-Prefix
- Framed-IPv4-Route
- Framed-IPv6-Route

You can configure the BNG to exclude these attributes in accounting Acct-Start and Acct-Stop messages.

Change of Authorization (CoA)

RADIUS servers can initiate dynamic requests to the BNG. Dynamic requests include CoA requests, which specify VSA modifications and service changes.

In your access profile configuration, you specify the IP addresses of RADIUS authentication servers that can initiate dynamic requests to the router. The list of authentication servers also provides RADIUS-based dynamic service activation and deactivation during subscriber login.

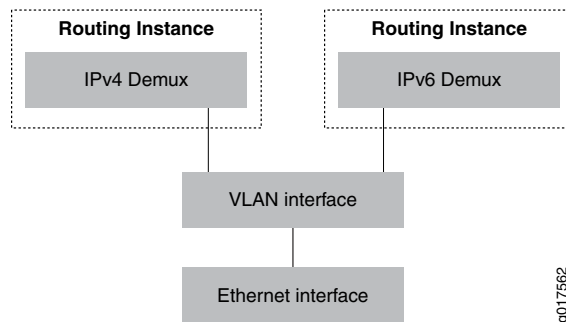
Related Documentation

- [IPv4 and IPv6 Dual Stack in a DHCP Access Network on page 455](#)

Dual-Stack Interface Stack in a DHCP Wholesale Network

Figure 16 on page 457 shows a dual-stack interface stack in a DHCP wholesale network. In this scenario, the IPv4 and IPv6 demux interfaces are configured on the same VLAN interface. The demux interfaces are configured in a separate logical system: routing instance.

Figure 16: Dual-Stack Interface Stack in a DHCP Wholesale Network



Related Documentation

- [IPv4 and IPv6 Dual Stack in a DHCP Access Network on page 455](#)
- [AAA Service Framework in a Dual Stack over a DHCP Access Network on page 456](#)

Single-Session DHCP Dual-Stack Overview

Junos OS supports a single-session DHCP dual-stack, which simplifies management of dual-stack subscribers, and improves performance and session requirements when compared to the traditional dual-stack support.

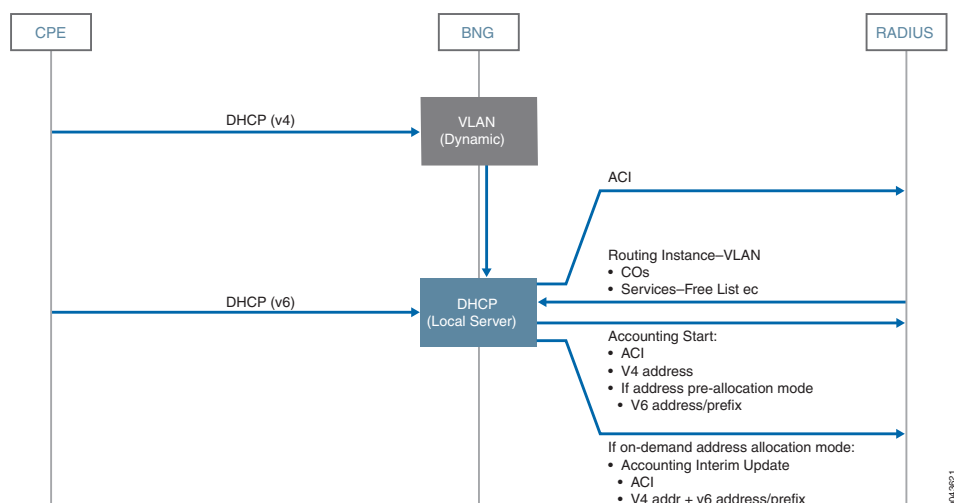
In a DHCP dual-stack environment, a DHCP server supports both DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 subscribers. The DHCP server provides services, such as authentication and accounting, for both the DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 legs of the dual-stack. In a traditional implementation, the two legs of the dual-stack legs are viewed as being independent. The presence of separate legs for DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 creates inefficiencies, since separate, and multiple, sessions can be required to provide similar support for each leg of the dual-stack. For example, to provide authentication for a traditional dual-stack over a dynamic VLAN requires three separate sessions, one for DHCPv4, one for DHCPv6, and one for the authenticated dynamic VLAN. Similarly, multiple sessions might be required as well, for dual-stack accounting operations.

In the dual-stack over a dynamic VLAN, the single-session dual-stack requires only a single session for authentication, as opposed to the three sessions required for the traditional dual-stack configuration. Accounting support for the dual-stack also uses a single session. In addition to reducing the number of sessions required, the single-session feature also simplifies router configuration, reduces RADIUS message load, and improves accounting session performance for households with dual-stack environments.

In the single-session dual-stack environment, the first DHCP session that negotiates will trigger the dynamic VLAN creation (if required) and is authorized at the DHCP application. The second leg of the dual-stack is held off until the authorization point is complete. When the second leg of the dual stack is established, the DHCP client inherits all common subscriber database values, such as circuit-id, remote-id, username, and interface name from the first leg.

In [Figure 17 on page 459](#), single subscriber session is established for dual-stack user.

Figure 17: DHCP Dual Stack Single-Session Subscriber Deployment Model



To configure single-session dual-stack subscriber settings, you use the **dual-stack-group** statement at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy level to create a named group that specifies the values for dual stack subscribers. Then, you use the **dual-stack** statement at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay ... overrides]** hierarchy level to specify the name of the dual stack group and assign the group to subscribers at the global, group, or interface level.

You can configure the following common DHCP settings for the single-session dual-stack model. In most cases, these settings are similar to those used for separate DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 legs in a traditional dual-stack configuration.

- **access-profile**—Access profile that provides authentication and accounting parameters for the dual-stack group that take precedence over those configured in a global access profile or in a profile configured for the DHCP relay agent.
- **authentication**—Authentication-related parameters (such as password and username) the router sends to the external AAA server.

The **dual-stack authentication** stanza is identical to the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]** stanza, with the added benefit that when the **username-include** configuration syntax is used for the DHCPv4 leg of the dual-stack, the **relay-agent-interface-id** is equivalent to the DHCPv4 **option-82 circuit-id** statement, and the **relay-agent-remote-id** is equivalent to the DHCPv4 **option-82 remote-id** statement. You do not have to configure the two DHCPv4 options separately.

- **dynamic-profile**—Dynamic profile that is attached to all interfaces, to a named group of interfaces, or to a specific interface.
- **relay-agent-interface-id**—Includes Relay Agent Interface-ID (option 18) in DHCPv6 packets destined for the DHCPv6 server.

For the DHCPv4 leg of the dual-stack, this statement includes the DHCPv4 **option-82 circuit-id** in packets destined for the DHCPv4 server.

- **relay-agent-remote-id**—Includes Relay Agent Remote-ID (option 37) in DHCPv6 packets destined for a DHCPv6 server.

For the DHCPv4 leg of the dual-stack, this statement includes the DHCPv4 **option-82 remote-id** in packets destined for the DHCPv4 server.

- **service-profile**—Dynamic profile for the default subscriber service (or the default DHCP client management service), which is activated when the subscriber (or client) logs in.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring Single-Session DHCP Dual-Stack Support on page 462](#)

Single-Session DHCP Local Server Dual-Stack Overview

Junos OS supports a single-session DHCP local server dual-stack, which simplifies management of dual-stack subscribers, and improves performance and session requirements when compared to the traditional dual-stack support.

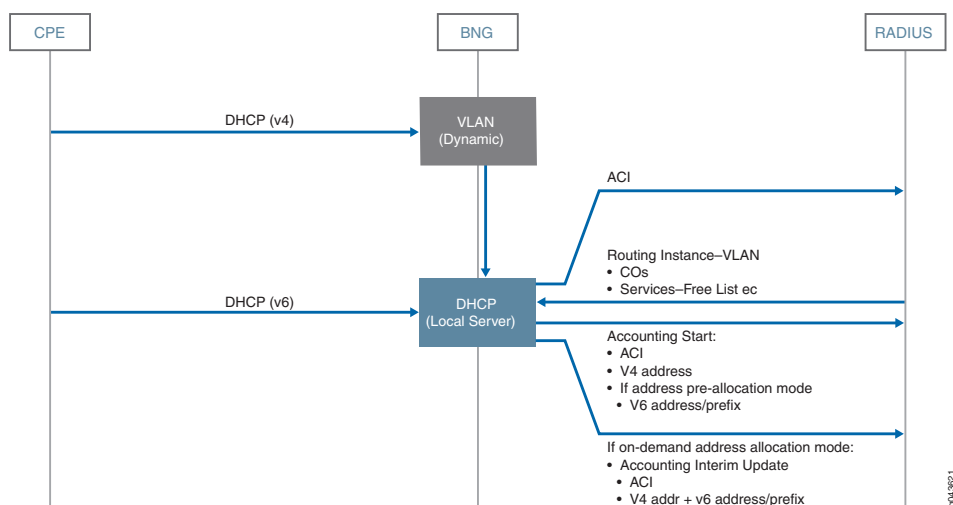
In a DHCP dual-stack environment, a DHCP server supports both DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 subscribers. The DHCP server provides services, such as authentication and accounting, for both the DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 legs of the dual-stack. In a traditional implementation, the two legs of the dual-stack legs are viewed as being independent. The presence of separate legs for DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 creates inefficiencies, since separate, and multiple, sessions can be required to provide similar support for each leg of the dual-stack. For example, to provide authentication for a traditional dual-stack over a dynamic VLAN requires three separate sessions, one for DHCPv4, one for DHCPv6, and one for the authenticated dynamic VLAN. Similarly, multiple sessions might be required as well, for dual-stack accounting operations.

In the dual-stack over a dynamic VLAN, the single-session dual-stack requires only a single session for authentication, as opposed to the three sessions required for the traditional dual-stack configuration. Accounting support for the dual-stack also uses a single session. In addition to reducing the number of sessions required, the single-session feature also simplifies router configuration, reduces RADIUS message load, and improves accounting session performance for households with dual-stack environments.

In the single-session dual-stack environment, the first DHCP session that negotiates will trigger the dynamic VLAN creation (if required) and is authorized at the DHCP application. The second leg of the dual-stack is held off until the authorization point is complete. When the second leg of the dual stack is established, the DHCP client inherits all common subscriber database values, such as circuit-id, remote-id, username, and interface name from the first leg.

In [Figure 17 on page 459](#), single subscriber session is established for dual-stack user.

Figure 18: DHCP Dual Stack Single-Session Subscriber Deployment Model



To configure single-session dual-stack subscriber settings, you use the **dual-stack-group** statement at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server]** hierarchy level to create a named group that specifies the values for dual stack subscribers. Then, you use the **dual-stack** statement at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server ... overrides]** hierarchy level to specify the name of the dual stack group and assign the group to subscribers at the global, group, or interface level.

You can configure the following common DHCP settings for the single-session dual-stack model. In most cases, these settings are similar to those used for separate DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 legs in a traditional dual-stack configuration.

- **access-profile**—Access profile that provides authentication and accounting parameters for the dual-stack group that take precedence over those configured in a global access profile or in a profile configured for the DHCP local server.
- **authentication**—Authentication-related parameters (such as password and username) the router sends to the external RADIUS server.
- **classification-key**—Classification key defines mechanism to be used to identify a dual stack household.
- **dual-stack-interface-client-limit**—Limits the number of dual stack subscribers login per interface.
- **dynamic-profile**—Dynamic profile that is attached to all interfaces, to a named group of interfaces, or to a specific interface.
- **on-demand-address-allocation**—Designates whether or not on-demand address allocation mode is forced for a dual-stack subscriber.

If this configuration is not present, all IP addresses and prefixes for IPv4 and IPv6 families of a dual stack subscriber will be pre-allocated when the first leg of a dual stack subscriber initially logs in.

If this configuration is present when the first leg of a dual-stack subscriber initially logs in, RADIUS authentication is performed (if configured) and the IP address and prefix of this first family only will be allocated. The IP address and prefix for the other family will not be allocated unless the other family leg subsequently initially logs in.



NOTE: The IP address allocation for the second family is informed by the RADIUS authentication previously performed at the time of the first family login.

- **protocol-master**—Protocol-master configuration designates either a IPv4 or IPv6 family for a dual stack subscriber. The secondary family client binding login-in will be rejected until a valid client binding is in place for the protocol-master family.



CAUTION: If the secondary family binding is logged out for any reason, then only the secondary family binding will be torn down.

If the protocol-master family binding is logged out for any reason, then the corresponding bindings for both the protocol-master and secondary families will be torn down.

- **service-profile**—Dynamic profile for the default subscriber service (or the default DHCP client management service), which is activated when the subscriber (or client) logs in.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring Reauthentication for DHCP Local Server on page 107](#)
- [RADIUS Reauthentication As an Alternative to RADIUS CoA for DHCP Subscribers on page 99](#)

Configuring Single-Session DHCP Dual-Stack Support

Configuring single-session dual-stack support is a two-step process. You first create the dual-stack group that specifies the configuration parameters that are shared between the DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 legs of the DHCP dual stack. Then, you attach the dual-stack group to DHCP subscriber interfaces by overriding the default DHCP configurations for the DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 subscribers. You must reference the dual-stack group for both legs of the dual stack. If you attach the group to one leg only, the router rejects the other leg. You can attach the dual-stack group globally, for a specified DHCP group of interfaces, or for a specific interface.

To configure single-session dual-stack group support.

1. Specify that you want to configure DHCP relay agent.

```
[edit forwarding-options]  
user@host# edit dhcp-relay
```

2. Create and name the dual-stack group.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name
```

3. Attach an access profile to the dual-stack group to override the corresponding authentication and accounting properties configured in a global access profile or DHCP relay agent access profile.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name]
user@host# set access-profile profile-name
```

See [“Attaching Access Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces or DHCP Client Interfaces”](#) on page 362.

4. Configure the authentication username values and password for the dual-stack group.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name]
user@host# edit authentication
```

See [“Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP”](#) on page 311.

- Configure the unique username.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name
authentication]
user@host# set username-include <username-include-configuration>
```

See [“Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients”](#) on page 312.

- Configure the password that authenticates the username to the external authentication service.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name
authentication]
user@host# set password password-string
```

See [“Configuring Passwords for Usernames”](#) on page 315.

5. Specify the dynamic profile associated with the dual-stack group.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name]
user@host# set dynamic-profile <dynamic-profile configuration>
```

See [Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces or DHCP Client Interfaces](#).

6. Specify the service profile associated with the dual-stack group.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name]
user@host# set service-profile dynamic-profile-name
```

See [Defining Various Levels of Services for DHCP Subscribers](#).

7. Specify the relay-agent-interface-id for the dual-stack group.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name]
user@host# set relay-agent-interface-id <relay-agent-interface-id configuration>
```

See [“Inserting DHCPv6 Interface-ID Option \(Option 18\) In DHCPv6 Packets”](#) on page 498.



NOTE: For the DHCPv4 leg of the dual-stack, this step specifies the Option 82 Agent Circuit ID (suboption 1) for DHCPv4 clients. See [“Using DHCP Relay Agent Option 82 Information” on page 379](#).

8. Specify the relay-agent-remote-id for the dual-stack group.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name]
user@host# set relay-agent-remote-id <relay-agent-remote-id-configuration>
```

See [“Inserting DHCPv6 Remote-ID Option \(Option 37\) In DHCPv6 Packets” on page 499](#).



NOTE: For the DHCPv4 leg of the dual-stack, this step specifies the Option 82 Agent Remote ID (suboption 2) for DHCPv4 clients. See [“Using DHCP Relay Agent Option 82 Information” on page 379](#).

9. Use the override feature to override the default DHCP relay behavior and assign the dual-stack group to DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 clients. You must perform separate steps for each leg of the dual stack.

- To assign the dual-stack group to DHCPv4 clients:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# set overrides dual-stack dual-stack-group-name
```

See [“Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings” on page 354](#).

- To assign the dual-stack group to DHCPv6 clients:

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# set overrides dual-stack dual-stack-group-name
```

See [“Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings” on page 354](#).

10. (Optional) Verify your dual-stack group configuration for DHCPv4 and DHCPv6.

See [“Verifying and Managing DHCP Dual-Stack Configuration” on page 464](#).

```
user@host> show dhcp relay binding
user@host> show dhcpv6 relay binding
user@host> show subscribers
```

Related Documentation

- [Single-Session DHCP Dual-Stack Overview on page 458](#)

Verifying and Managing DHCP Dual-Stack Configuration

Purpose Display information related to the DHCP single-session dual-stack configuration.

Action • To display DHCP relay agent binding information for dual-stack clients:

```
user@host> show dhcp relay binding detail
```


- To display DHCPv6 relay agent binding information for dual-stack clients:

```
user@host> show dhcpv6 relay binding detail
```

- To display assigned IP4 and IPv6 addresses for DHCP dual-stack clients:

```
user@host> show subscribers
```

- To show IPv4 and IPv6 addresses for a specific session:

```
user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers session-id session-id session-id detail
```

- To all clear DHCPv4 relay bindings and associated DHCPv6 bindings for the dual-stack in the default routing instance. This command does not effect DHCPv6-only stacks that are not associated with the dual-stack.

```
user@host> clear dhcp relay binding dual-stack all
```

Alternatively, you can limit clearing to an address, VLAN interface, logical system, or routing instance.

- To clear all DHCPv6 relay bindings and associated DHCPv4 bindings for the dual-stack in the default routing instance. This command does not effect DHCPv4-only stacks that are not associated with the dual-stack.

```
user@host> clear dhcpv6 relay binding dual-stack all
```

Alternatively, you can limit clearing to an address, VLAN interface, logical system, or routing instance.

Related Documentation

- [Single-Session DHCP Dual-Stack Overview on page 458](#)
- [Configuring Single-Session DHCP Dual-Stack Support on page 462](#)

Dual-Stack Access Models in a PPPoE Network

- [IPv4 and IPv6 Dual Stack in a PPPoE Access Network on page 467](#)
- [Shared IPv4 and IPv6 Service Sessions on PPP Access Networks on page 470](#)
- [AAA Service Framework in a Dual Stack over a PPPoE Access Network on page 470](#)
- [RADIUS Accounting Messages for Dual-Stack PPPoE Subscribers on page 472](#)
- [Accounting Messages for PPPoE Using NDRA Prefixes on page 473](#)
- [Accounting Messages for PPPoE Subscribers That Use DHCPv6 IA_NA Prefixes on page 478](#)
- [Suppressing Accounting Information That Comes from AAA on page 484](#)
- [Avoiding Negotiation of IPv6CP in the Absence of an Authorized Address on page 484](#)

IPv4 and IPv6 Dual Stack in a PPPoE Access Network

In a dual-stack architecture with a PPPoE access network that connects the CPE to the BNG, IPv4 and IPv6 connectivity are provided over a single PPP logical link. The PPP IPv4 control protocol (IPCP) and the IPv6 control protocol (IPv6CP) provide independent IPv4 and IPv6 connectivity over the logical link.

The BNG and the CPE handle both IPCP and IPv6CP identically and simultaneously over a single PPP connection. The BNG or the CPE can open and close any Network Control Protocol (NCP) session without affecting the other sessions. This capability allows for a dynamic setup where IPv4 (family inet) and IPv6 (family inet6) sessions can be brought up and down individually. As long as one family is active, the subscriber remains active.

[Figure 19 on page 468](#) shows a dual-stack interface stack in a PPPoE access network. The IPv4 family (inet) and the IPv6 family (inet6) can reside on the same PPPoE logical interfaces. The family inet and family inet6 parts of dynamic profiles are applied, and services are activated when each individual family is negotiated.

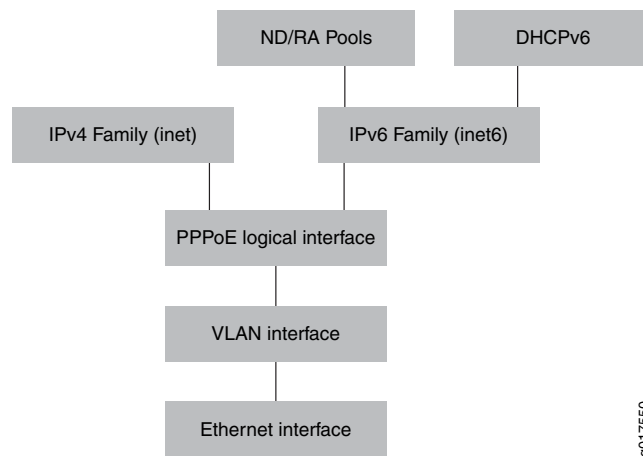
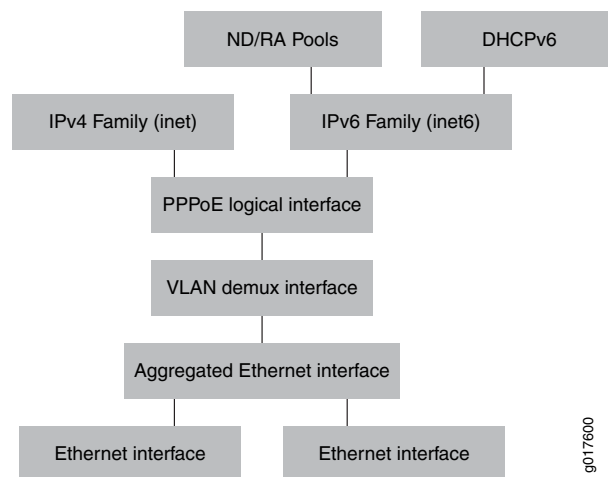
Figure 19: Dual-Stack Interface Stack over a PPPoE Access Network

Figure 20 on page 468 shows a dual-stack interface stack over aggregated Ethernet in a PPPoE access network.

Figure 20: Dual-Stack Aggregated Ethernet Stack over a PPPoE Access Network

Support for Demultiplexing Interfaces

IPv4 and IPv6 dual stack is supported on VLAN demultiplexing (demux) interfaces. Dual stack is not supported on IP demux interfaces.

Determining the Status of CPE in a PPPoE Access Network

In a PPPoE access network, you can enable keepalives to determine the status of the CPE.

IPv6 Address Provisioning in the PPPoE Access Network

IPv6CP negotiates the interface identifier, which can be used to provision link-local addresses that are used for direct connectivity between the BNG and the CPE. Because

PPPoE negotiates only interface IDs and does not negotiate IPv6 addresses, PPPoE relies on other protocols for addressing. The protocols you can use are DHCPv6 and NDRA.

Authentication in a PPPoE Access Network

In a PPPoE network, you can use PAP and CHAP to identify and authenticate the CPE and subscriber sessions.

You can also use AAA for authentication and authorization through external RADIUS servers.

Negotiation of Network Control Protocols When Authorized Addresses Are Unavailable

NCP negotiation is initiated for subscriber sessions by default, even when authorized addresses are not available. An example of this situation is when the DHCPv6 local server is configured with an override so that the jpppd process never receives an IPv6 address or prefix from AAA, although the DHCPv6 local server receives a prefix from a delegated pool. In this situation, the client attempts to negotiate IPv6CP with the jpppd process.

By default, when IPCP negotiation is attempted for an IPv4-only PPPoE subscriber session on a dynamic interface, the jpppd process issues a Protocol-Reject message if AAA does not provide an IPv4 address. However, negotiation is allowed to proceed when the **on-demand-ip-address** statement is included at the **[edit protocols ppp-service]** or **[edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* interfaces pp0 unit \$junos-interface-unit ppp-options]** hierarchy level.

IPCP negotiation is enabled by default for an IP destination address defined on a static interface.

In contrast, IPv6CP negotiation is enabled to proceed by default for an IPv6-only session when AAA has not provided an appropriate IPv6 address or prefix. To prevent endless client negotiation of IPv6CP, you can alter the behavior by including the **reject-unauthorized-ipv6cp** statement at the **[edit protocols ppp-service]** hierarchy level. This statement enables the jpppd process to reject the negotiation attempt.

When IPv6CP rejection is enabled, jpppd also issues a Protocol-Reject message when router advertisement is not enabled in the dynamic profile that instantiates the interface but only a Framed-IPv6-Prefix attribute is received.

Related Documentation

- [AAA Service Framework in a Dual Stack over a PPPoE Access Network on page 470](#)
- [Basic Architecture of a Subscriber Access Dual-Stack Network on page 421](#)
- [Configuring a PPPoE Dynamic Profile for Use with DHCP Addressing in a Dual-Stack Network on page 520](#)
- [Configuring a PPPoE Dynamic Profile for Use with NDRA in a Dual-Stack Network on page 523](#)
- [Avoiding Negotiation of IPv6CP in the Absence of an Authorized Address on page 484](#)
- [Conserving IPv4 Addresses for Dual-Stack PPP Subscribers Using On-Demand IPv4 Address Allocation on page 501](#)

Shared IPv4 and IPv6 Service Sessions on PPP Access Networks

You can configure one dynamic service profile that supports IPv4, IPv6, or both IPv4 and IPv6. It allows subscribers to share the same service session using IPv4 and IPv6 address families. If you define IPv4 and IPv6 in the dynamic service profile, one address family or both address families can be activated for the service. When the service is activated, matched packets are tagged with the same traffic class and treated the same way for both IPv4 and IPv6 traffic.

Accounting for Shared IPv4 and IPv6 Service Sessions

When service sessions are shared for both IPv4 and IPv6 subscribers, only one Accounting-Start message is sent for each service session regardless of the number of address families that are active. Statistics for each address family of a service session are cumulative across service activations and deactivations of the service.

Deactivating Shared IPv4 and IPv6 Service Sessions

If both IPv4 and IPv6 service sessions are active, and a deactivation message is received for one of the address families (IPv4 or IPv6), all active services for that address family are deactivated. If one address family remains active on the service, the service session remains in the ACTIVE state. If the address family that is deactivated is the only family currently running on the service session, the service returns to the INIT state.

Related Documentation

- [IPv4 and IPv6 Dual Stack in a PPPoE Access Network on page 467](#)
- [Configuring a PPPoE Dynamic Profile for Use with DHCP Addressing in a Dual-Stack Network on page 520](#)
- [Configuring a PPPoE Dynamic Profile for Use with NDRA in a Dual-Stack Network on page 523](#)

AAA Service Framework in a Dual Stack over a PPPoE Access Network

You can use the AAA Service Framework for all authentication, authorization, accounting, address assignment, and dynamic request services that the BNG uses for network access. The framework supports authentication and authorization through external RADIUS servers. It also supports accounting and dynamic-request change of authorization (CoA) and disconnect operations through external servers, and address assignment through a combination of local address-assignment pools and RADIUS servers.

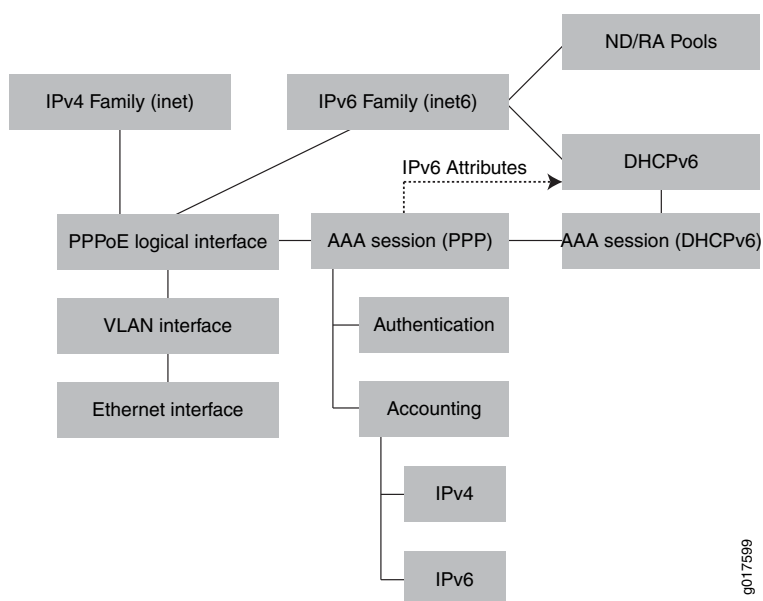
The BNG interacts with external servers to determine how individual subscribers access the broadband network. The BNG can also obtain information from external servers for the following:

- How subscribers are authenticated.
- How accounting statistics are collected and used.
- How dynamic requests, such as CoA, are handled.

As shown in [Figure 21 on page 471](#), implementing a dual stack over a PPPoE access network that uses AAA can have the following characteristics:

- DHCPv6—If used, it runs over the IPv6 family session, and it inherits attributes from the underlying PPPoE session.
- NDRA—If used, it runs over the IPv6 family session.
- IPv4 and IPv6 accounting—One accounting session handles both IPv4 and IPv6 accounting information.

Figure 21: AAA Service Framework in a Dual Stack over a PPPoE Access Network



Collection of Accounting Statistics in a PPPoE Access Network

AAA provides support for both IPv4 and IPv6 statistics in one accounting session. On MX Series 3D Universal Edge routers AAA also provides support for separate IPv4 and IPv6 accounting statistics.

The following RADIUS attributes are included by default (when available) in Acct-Start, Interim, and Acct-Stop messages:

- Framed-IPv6-Prefix
- Framed-IPv6-Pool
- Delegated-Ipv6-Prefix
- Framed-IPv4-Route
- Framed-IPv6-Route

You can configure the BNG to exclude these attributes in Acct-Start and Acct-Stop messages.

Change of Authorization (CoA)

RADIUS servers can initiate dynamic requests to the BNG. Dynamic requests include CoA requests, which specify vendor-specific attribute (VSA) modifications and service changes.

In your access profile configuration, you specify the IP addresses of RADIUS authentication servers that can initiate dynamic requests to the router. The list of authentication servers also provides RADIUS-based dynamic service activation and deactivation during subscriber login.

Related Documentation

- [IPv4 and IPv6 Dual Stack in a PPPoE Access Network on page 467](#)

RADIUS Accounting Messages for Dual-Stack PPPoE Subscribers

Acct-Start messages sent to the RADIUS server contain all the learned and allocated addresses. Subsequent negotiation or allocation of addresses results in optionally sending immediate Acct-Interim-Update messages that contain all the negotiated and allocated addresses. For the dual-stack PPPoE subscriber, the following types of addresses are provided:

- IP address—negotiated during the IPCP (NCP) phase of PPP
- Interface identifier—negotiated during the IPv6CP (NCP) phase of PPP
- NDRA prefix—sent during router advertisement after IPv6CP
- DHCPv6 IA_NA address—negotiated by the DHCPv6 Solicit, Advertise, Request, Reply (SARR) phase after IPv6CP
- DHCPv6 IA_PD prefix—negotiated by the DHCPv6 SARR phase after IPv6CP

The BNG identifies addresses by the following methods:

- Addresses or prefixes returned from an external authority, such as RADIUS
- Addresses allocated locally using the pool names specified by external authority
- Addresses allocated from a local pool not specified for PPP authorization
- Addresses allocated by an external server outside of the BNG or RADIUS, such as a DHCPv6 external server (DHCPv6 relay or relay proxy)

IPCP and IPv6CP negotiation occur at the PPP NCP phase and can occur in any order. However, DHCPv6 PD or DHCPv6 IA_NA allocation and negotiation occur only after IPv6CP.

The following table lists the RADIUS attributes and their mapping:

| Number | RADIUS Attribute | Address Type |
|--------|-------------------|-----------------|
| 1 | Framed-IP-Address | IP Address |
| 2 | Framed-Pool | IP Address Pool |

| Number | RADIUS Attribute | Address Type |
|--------|---|--|
| 3 | Framed-IPv6-Prefix | NDRA_Prefix (prefix < 128) IA_NA (prefix = 128) |
| 4 | Framed-IPv6-Pool | NDRA Prefix pool IA_NA pool |
| 5 | Framed-Interface-Id | IPv6 Interface Identifier |
| 6 | Delegated-IPv6-Prefix | IA_PD Prefix |
| 7 | Jnpr-Delegated-IPv6-Pool (VSA 26-161) | IA_PD Pool |
| 8 | Jnpr-IPv6-Ndra-Pool-Name (VSA 26-157) NOTE. Not supported: Use Framed-IPv6-Pool to specify the NDRA pool. Alternatively, configure it locally by using the neighbor-discovery-router-advertisement pool statement. | NDRA Pool |

- Related Documentation**
- [Accounting Messages for PPPoE Using NDRA Prefixes on page 473](#)
 - [Accounting Messages for PPPoE Subscribers That Use DHCPv6 IA_NA Prefixes on page 478](#)
 - [Suppressing Accounting Information That Comes from AAA on page 484](#)

Accounting Messages for PPPoE Using NDRA Prefixes

In the following tables, you can compare PPPoE dual-stack address allocation using Stateless Address Autoconfiguration (SLAAC) NDRA.

The following table lists SLAAC (NDRA) prefixes from RADIUS:

| Number | RADIUS Attributes | IPv6 Address Negotiation Type | RADIUS Accounting Messages |
|--------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Framed-IPv6-Prefix (used for NDRA Prefix) Framed-Interface-Id Delegated-IPv6-Prefix (used for DHCPv6 IA_PD) | IPv6NCP | Because the required attributes are learned prior to the Acct-Start messages, these attributes are sent in Acct-Start messages and no immediate Acct-Interim-Update message is sent. |

| Number | RADIUS Attributes | IPv6 Address Negotiation Type | RADIUS Accounting Messages |
|--------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| 2 | Framed-IPv6-Prefix (used for NDRA Prefix) Framed-Interface-Id Delegated-IPv6-Prefix (used for DHCPv6 IA_PD) | IPv6NCP + DHCPv6 | Because the required attributes are learned prior to the Acct-Start messages, these attributes are sent in Acct-Start messages and no immediate Acct-Interim-Update message is sent. No immediate Acct-Interim-Update message is sent after DHCPv6. |
| 3 | Framed-IPv6-Prefix (used for NDRA Prefix) Framed-Interface-Id not sent Delegated-IPv6-Prefix (used for DHCPv6 IA_PD) | IPv6NCP | Acct-Start message contains only iFramed-IPv6-Prefix and Delegated-IPv6-Prefix. No immediate Acct-Interim-Update message is sent. Next periodic Acct-Interim-Update message (based on interval) contains Framed-Interface-Id in addition to Framed-IPv6-Prefix and Delegated-IPv6-Prefix. |
| 4 | Framed-IPv6-Prefix (used for NDRA Prefix) Framed-Interface-Id not sent Delegated-IPv6-Prefix (used for DHCPv6 IA_PD) | IPv6NCP + DHCPv6 | Acct-Start message contains Framed-IPv6-Prefix and Delegated-IPv6-Prefix. No immediate Acct-Interim-Update message is sent upon IPv6NCP. No immediate Acct-Interim-Update message is sent upon DHCPv6. Next periodic Acct-Interim-Update message (based on interval) contains Framed-Interface-Id in addition to Framed-IPv6-Prefix and Delegated-IPv6-Prefix. |

The following table lists prefixes from RADIUS selected pools:

| Number | RADIUS Attributes | IPv6 Address Negotiation Type | RADIUS Accounting Messages |
|--------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| 1 | <p>Framed-IPv6-Pool (used for NDRA Prefix)</p> <p>NOTE: If RADIUS does not return Framed-IPv6-Pool, you can configure this locally using the neighbor-discovery-router-advertisement pool statement, which is used for allocating an NDRA prefix from the local pool.</p> <p>Framed-Interface-Id</p> <p>Jnpr-Delegated-IPv6-pool (used for DHCPv6 IA_PD)</p> | IPv6NCP | <p>Acct-Start message contains Framed-IPv6-Prefix, Framed-IPv6-Pool, Delegated-IPv6-Prefix, and Framed-Interface-Id.</p> <p>Framed-IPv6-Prefix is based on the configuration present in the dynamic profile IPv6 prefix that was allocated and sent in Acct-Start message.</p> <p>Framed-IPv6-Pool is learned from RADIUS.</p> <p>Delegated-IPv6-Prefix is pre-allocated.</p> <p>Framed-Interface-Id is sent in Acct-Start message because it is learned from RADIUS.</p> <p>No Acct-Interim-Update message is sent.</p> |
| 2 | <p>Framed-IPv6-Pool (used for NDRA Prefix)</p> <p>NOTE: If RADIUS does not return Framed-IPv6-Pool, you can configure this locally using the neighbor-discovery-router-advertisement pool statement, which is used for allocating an NDRA prefix from the local pool.</p> <p>Framed-Interface-Id</p> <p>Jnpr-Delegated-IPv6-Pool (used for DHCPv6 IA_PD)</p> | IPv6NCP + DHCPv6 | <p>Acct-Start message contains Framed-IPv6-Prefix, Framed-IPv6-Pool, Delegated-IPv6-Prefix, and Framed-Interface-Id.</p> <p>Framed-IPv6-Prefix and Framed-IPv6-Pool are based on the configuration present in dynamic profile IPv6 prefix and is allocated prior and sent in Acct-Start message.</p> <p>Delegated-IPv6-Prefix is pre-allocated.</p> <p>Framed-Interface-Id is sent in Acct-Start message because it is learned from RADIUS.</p> <p>No immediate Acct-Interim-Update message is sent upon IPv6NCP.</p> <p>No immediate Acct-Interim-Update message is sent upon DHCPv6.</p> |

| Number | RADIUS Attributes | IPv6 Address Negotiation Type | RADIUS Accounting Messages |
|--------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| 3 | <p>Framed-IPv6-Pool (used for NDRA Prefix)</p> <p>NOTE: If RADIUS does not return Framed-IPv6-Pool, you can configure this locally using the neighbor-discovery-router-advertisement pool statement, which is used for allocating an NDRA prefix from the local pool.</p> <p>Framed-Interface-Id not sent</p> <p>Jnpr-Delegated-IPv6-Pool (used for DHCPv6 IA_PD)</p> | IPv6NCP | <p>Acct-Start message contains Framed-IPv6-Prefix, Framed-IPv6-Pool, and Delegated-IPv6-Prefix.</p> <p>Delegated-IPv6-Prefix is pre-allocated.</p> <p>No immediate Acct-Interim-Update message is sent.</p> <p>Next periodic Acct-Interim-Update (based on interval) contains Framed-Interface-Id in addition to Framed-IPv6-Prefix, Framed-IPv6-Pool, and Delegated-IPv6-Prefix. (This value is learned during IPv6NCP negotiation with the peer.)</p> |
| 4 | <p>Framed-IPv6-Pool (used for NDRA Prefix)</p> <p>NOTE: If RADIUS does not return Framed-IPv6-Pool, you can configure this locally using the neighbor-discovery-router-advertisement pool statement, which is used for allocating an NDRA prefix from the local pool.</p> <p>Framed-Interface-Id not sent</p> <p>Jnpr-Delegated-IPv6-Pool (used for DHCPv6 IA_PD)</p> | IPv6NCP + DHCPv6 | <p>Acct-Start message contains Framed-IPv6-Prefix, Framed-IPv6-Pool, and Delegated-IPv6-Prefix.</p> <p>Delegated-IPv6-Prefix is pre-allocated.</p> <p>No immediate Acct-Interim-Update message is sent upon IPv6NCP.</p> <p>No immediate Acct-Interim-Update message is sent upon DHCPv6.</p> <p>Next periodic Acct-Interim-Update (based on interval) contains Framed-Interface-Id in addition to Framed-IPv6-Prefix, Framed-IPv6-Pool, and Delegated-IPv6-Prefix. (This value is learned during IPv6NCP negotiation with the peer.)</p> |

The following table lists prefixes from a local pool or an external server:

| Number | RADIUS Attributes | IPv6 Address Negotiation Type | RADIUS Accounting Messages |
|--------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| 1 | <p>Framed-IPv6-Pool (used for NDRA Prefix)</p> <p>NOTE: If RADIUS does not return Framed-IPv6-Pool, you can configure this locally using the neighbor-discovery-router-advertisement pool statement, which is used for allocating an NDRA prefix from the local pool.</p> <p>Framed-Interface-Id not sent</p> <p>Jnpr-Delegated-IPv6-Pool not sent</p> | IPv6NCP | <p>Acct-Start message contains Framed-IPv6-Prefix and Framed-IPv6-Pool.</p> <p>No immediate Acct-Interim-Update message is sent.</p> <p>Next periodic Acct-Interim-Update (based on interval) contains Framed-Interface-Id in addition to Framed-IPv6-Prefix and Framed-IPv6-Pool.</p> |
| 2 | <p>Framed-IPv6-Pool (used for NDRA Prefix)</p> <p>NOTE: If RADIUS does not return Framed-IPv6-Pool, you can configure this locally using the neighbor-discovery-router-advertisement pool statement, which is used for allocating an NDRA prefix from the local pool.</p> <p>Framed-Interface-Id not sent</p> <p>Jnpr-Delegated-IPv6-Pool not sent</p> <p>[IA_PD prefix is learned from DHCPv6 External Server (DHCPv6 Relay / Relay Proxy model) or reservation from a local pool by DHCPv6]</p> | IPv6NCP + DHCPv6 | <p>Acct-Start message contains Framed-IPv6-Prefix and Framed-IPv6-Pool.</p> <p>No immediate Acct-Interim-Update message is sent upon DHCPv6.</p> <p>Upon DHCPv6, immediate Acct-Interim-Update is sent which contains Framed-IPv6-Pool, Framed-IPv6-Prefix, Framed-Interface-Id, and DHCPv6 IA_PD Prefix.</p> <p>Framed-Interface-Id value is learned during IPv6NCP negotiation with the peer.</p> <p>DHCPv6 IA_PD is learned by DHCPv6 either by DHCPv6 external server or reservation from a local pool during DHCPv6 SARR phase.</p> <p>Any periodic Acct-Interim-Update before DHCPv6 completion contains Framed-Interface-Id in addition to the attributes of the Acct-Start message. (This can occur if DHCPv6 occurs after periodic interval.)</p> |

Related Documentation

- [RADIUS Accounting Messages for Dual-Stack PPPoE Subscribers on page 472](#)
- [Accounting Messages for PPPoE Subscribers That Use DHCPv6 IA_NA Prefixes on page 478](#)
- [Suppressing Accounting Information That Comes from AAA on page 484](#)

Accounting Messages for PPPoE Subscribers That Use DHCPv6 IA_NA Prefixes

In the following tables, you can compare PPPoE dual-stack address allocation using DHCPv6 IA_NA prefixes.

The following table lists DHCPv6 IA_NA prefixes from RADIUS:

| Number | RADIUS Attributes | IPv6 Address Negotiation Type | RADIUS Accounting Messages |
|--------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Framed-IPv6-Prefix (used for IA_NA prefix) Framed-Interface-Id Delegated-IPv6-Prefix (used for DHCPv6 IA_PD) | IPv6NCP | Because the required attributes are learned prior to Acct-Start message, these attributes are sent in Acct-Start message and no immediate Acct-Interim-Update message is sent. |
| 2 | Framed-IPv6-Prefix (used for IA_NA Prefix) Framed-Interface-Id Delegated-IPv6-Prefix (used for DHCPv6 IA_PD) | IPv6NCP + DHCPv6 | Because the required attributes are learned prior to Acct-Start message, these attributes are sent in Acct-Start message and no immediate Acct-Interim-Update message is sent. There is no immediate Acct-Interim-Update message sent after DHCPv6. |
| 3 | Framed-IPv6-Prefix (used for IA_NA Prefix) Framed-Interface-Id not sent Delegated-IPv6-Prefix (used for DHCPv6 IA_PD) | IPv6NCP | Acct-Start message message contains Framed-IPv6-Prefix and Delegated-IPv6-Prefix. No immediate Acct-Interim-Update message is sent. Next periodic Acct-Interim-Update (based on interval) contains Framed-Interface-Id in addition to Framed-IPv6-Prefix and Delegated-IPv6-Prefix. |
| 4 | Framed-IPv6-Prefix (used for IA_NA Prefix) Framed-Interface-Id not sent Delegated-IPv6-Prefix (used for DHCPv6 IA_PD) | IPv6NCP + DHCPv6 | Acct-Start message message contains iFramed-IPv6-Prefix and Delegated-IPv6-Prefix. No immediate Acct-Interim-Update message is sent upon IPv6NCP. No immediate Acct-Interim-Update message is sent upon DHCPv6. Next periodic Acct-Interim-Update (based on interval) contains Framed-Interface-Id in addition to Framed-IPv6-Prefix and Delegated-IPv6-Prefix. |

The following table lists prefixes from RADIUS selected pools:

| Number | RADIUS Attributes | IPv6 Address Negotiation Type | RADIUS Accounting Messages |
|--------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Framed-IPv6-Pool (used for IA_NA Prefix) Framed-Interface-Id Jnpr-Delegated-IPv6-Pool (used for DHCPv6 IA_PD) | IPv6NCP | Acct-Start message contains Framed-IPv6-Prefix, Framed-IPv6-Pool, Delegated-IPv6-Prefix, and Framed-Interface-Id . Framed-IPv6 Prefix is pre-allocated. Framed-IPv6-Pool is learned from RADIUS. Delegated-IPv6-Prefix is pre-allocated . Framed-Interface-Id is sent in Acct-Start message because it is learned from RADIUS. No Acct-Interim-Update message is sent. |
| 2 | Framed-IPv6-Pool (used for IA_NAPrefix) Framed-Interface-Id Jnpr-Delegated-IPv6-Pool (used for DHCPv6 IA_PD) | IPv6NCP + DHCPv6 | Acct-Start message contains Framed-IPv6-Prefix, Framed-IPv6-Pool, Delegated-IPv6-Prefix, and Framed-Interface-Id. Framed-IPv6 is pre-allocated. Framed-IPv6-Pool is learned from RADIUS. Delegated-IPv6-Prefix is pre-allocated. Framed-Interface-Id is sent in Acct-Start message because it is learned from RADIUS. No immediate Acct-Interim-Update message is sent upon IPv6NCP. No immediate Acct-Interim-Update message is sent upon DHCPv6. |

| Number | RADIUS Attributes | IPv6 Address Negotiation Type | RADIUS Accounting Messages |
|--------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| 3 | <p>Framed-IPv6-Pool (used for IA_NA Prefix)</p> <p>Framed-Interface-Id not sent</p> <p>Jnpr-Delegated-IPv6-Pool (used for DHCPv6 IA_PD)</p> | IPv6NCP | <p>Acct-Start message contains Framed-IPv6-Prefix, Framed-IPv6-Pool, and Delegated-IPv6-Prefix.</p> <p>Framed-IPv6-Prefix is pre-allocated.</p> <p>Framed-IPv6-Pool is learned from RADIUS.</p> <p>Delegated-IPv6-Prefix is pre-allocated.</p> <p>No immediate Acct-Interim-Update message is sent.</p> <p>Next periodic Acct-Interim-Update (based on interval) contains Framed-Interface-Id in addition to Framed-IPv6-Prefix, Framed-IPv6-Pool, and Delegated-IPv6-Prefix. (This value is learned during IPv6NCP negotiation with the peer.)</p> |
| 4 | <p>Framed-IPv6-Pool (used for IA_NA Prefix)</p> <p>Framed-Interface-Id not sent</p> <p>Jnpr-Delegated-IPv6-Pool (used for DHCPv6 IA_PD)</p> | IPv6NCP + DHCPv6 | <p>Acct-Start message contains Framed-IPv6-Prefix, Framed-IPv6-Pool, and Delegated-IPv6-Prefix.</p> <p>Framed-IPv6-Prefix is pre-allocated.</p> <p>Framed-IPv6-Pool is learned from RADIUS.</p> <p>Delegated-IPv6-Prefix is pre-allocated.</p> <p>No immediate Acct-Interim-Update message is sent upon IPv6NCP.</p> <p>No immediate Acct-Interim-Update message is sent upon DHCPv6.</p> <p>Next periodic Acct-Interim-Update (based on interval) contains Framed-Interface-Id in addition to Framed-IPv6-Prefix, Framed-IPv6-Pool, and Delegated-IPv6-Prefix. (This value is learned during IPv6NCP negotiation with the peer.)</p> |

The following table lists prefixes from a local pool or an external server:

| Number | RADIUS Attributes | IPv6 Address Negotiation Type | RADIUS Accounting Messages |
|--------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| 1 | <p>Framed-IPv6-Pool (used for IA_NA Prefix)</p> <p>Framed-Interface-Id not sent</p> <p>Jnpr-Delegated-IPv6-Pool not sent</p> | IPv6NCP | <p>Acct-Start message contains Framed-IPv6-Prefix and Framed-IPv6-Pool.</p> <p>Framed-IPv6-Prefix is pre-allocated.</p> <p>Framed-IPv6-Pool is learned from RADIUS.</p> <p>No immediate Acct-Interim-Update message is sent.</p> <p>Next periodic Acct-Interim-Update (based on interval) contains Framed-Interface-Id in addition to Framed-IPv6-Prefix and Framed-IPv6-Pool. (This value is learned during IPv6NCP negotiation with the peer.)</p> |
| 2 | <p>Framed-IPv6-Pool (used for IA_NA Prefix)</p> <p>Framed-Interface-Id not sent</p> <p>Jnpr-Delegated-IPv6-Pool not sent</p> <p>[IA_PD prefix is learned from DHCPv6 External Server (DHCPv6 Relay / Relay Proxy model) or reservation from a local pool by DHCPv6]</p> | IPv6NCP + DHCPv6 | <p>Acct-Start message contains Framed-IPv6-Prefix and Framed-IPv6-Pool.</p> <p>Framed-IPv6-Prefix is pre-allocated.</p> <p>Framed-IPv6-Pool is learned from RADIUS.</p> <p>No immediate Acct-Interim-Update message is sent upon DHCPv6.</p> <p>Upon DHCPv6, an immediate Acct-Interim-Update is sent that contains Framed-IPv6-Pool, Framed-IPv6-Prefix, Framed-Interface-Id, and DHCPv6 IA_PD Prefix.</p> <p>Framed-Interface-Id value is learned during IPv6NCP negotiation with the peer.</p> <p>DHCPv6 IA_PD is learned by DHCPv6 either by DHCPv6 External Server or reservation from a local pool during DHCPv6 SARR phase.</p> <p>Any periodic Acct-Interim-Update before DHCPv6 completion contains Framed-Interface-Id in addition to the attributes of Acct-Start message. (This can occur if DHCPv6 occurs after periodic interval.)</p> |

| Number | RADIUS Attributes | IPv6 Address Negotiation Type | RADIUS Accounting Messages |
|--------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| 3 | <p>Framed-IPv6-Pool not sent</p> <p>[IA_NA Prefix is learned from DHCPv6 External Server (DHCPv6 Relay / Relay Proxy model) or reservation from a local pool by DHCPv6]</p> <p>Framed-Interface-Id not sent</p> <p>Jnpr-Delegated-IPv6-Pool not sent</p> <p>[IA_PD prefix is learned from DHCPv6 External Server (DHCPv6 Relay / Relay Proxy model) or reservation from a local pool by DHCPv6]</p> | IPv6NCP | <p>Acct-Start message does not contain any of the IPv6-related prefixes and addresses or pool names.</p> <p>No immediate Acct-Interim-Update message is sent upon IPv6NCP.</p> <p>Next periodic Acct-Interim-Update (based on interval) contains Framed-Interface-Id. (This value is learned during IPv6NCP negotiation with the peer.)</p> |

| Number | RADIUS Attributes | IPv6 Address Negotiation Type | RADIUS Accounting Messages |
|--------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| 4 | <p>Framed-IPv6-Pool not sent</p> <p>[IA_NA Prefix is learned from DHCPv6 External Server (DHCPv6 Relay / Relay Proxy model) or reservation from a local pool by DHCPv6]</p> <p>Framed-Interface-Id not sent</p> <p>Jnpr-Delegated-IPv6-Pool not sent</p> <p>[IA_PD prefix is learned from DHCPv6 External Server (DHCPv6 Relay / Relay Proxy model) or reservation from a local pool by DHCPv6]</p> | IPv6NCP+DHCPv6 | <p>Acct-Start message does not contain any of the IPv6-related prefixes and addresses or pool names.</p> <p>No immediate Acct-Interim-Update message is sent upon IPv6NCP.</p> <p>Next periodic Acct-Interim-Update (based on interval) contains Framed-Interface-Id. (This value is learned during IPv6NCP negotiation with the peer.)</p> <p>Upon DHCPv6, immediate Acct-Interim-Update is sent which contains Framed-IPv6-Prefix, Framed-IPv6-Pool, Framed-Interface-Id, and DHCPv6 IA_PD.</p> <p>Framed-IPv6-Prefix is the IA_NA prefix learned by DHCPv6 (either by external server or reservation from a local pool).</p> <p>Framed-IPv6-Pool is sent only if there is a reservation of an IA_NA prefix from local pool by DHCPv6.</p> <p>Framed-Interface-Id value is learned during IPv6NCP negotiation with the peer.</p> <p>DHCPv6 IA_PD prefix is learned by DHCPv6 either by DHCPv6 external server or reservation from a local pool during DHCPv6 SARR phase.</p> <p>Any periodic Acct-Interim-Update before DHCPv6 completion contains Framed-Interface-Id only. (This can occur if DHCPv6 occurs after periodic interval.)</p> |

- Related Documentation**
- [RADIUS Accounting Messages for Dual-Stack PPPoE Subscribers on page 472](#)
 - [Accounting Messages for PPPoE Using NDRA Prefixes on page 473](#)
 - [Suppressing Accounting Information That Comes from AAA on page 484](#)

Suppressing Accounting Information That Comes from AAA

The following standard and vendor-specific IPv6 RADIUS attributes are included by default (when available) in Acct-Start and Acct-Stop messages:

- Framed-IPv6-Prefix
- Framed-IPv6-Pool
- Delegated-Ipv6-Prefix
- Framed-IPv4-Route
- Framed-IPv6-Route

You can configure the software to exclude these attributes from Acct-Start or Acct-Stop messages. To do so, configure the access profile:

1. Access the access profile.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit access profile dual-stack radius attributes
```

2. The following examples show how to use the **exclude** statement to exclude attributes from messages.

```
[edit access profile dual-stack radius attributes]
user@host# set exclude delegated-ipv6-prefix accounting-start
```

```
[edit access profile dual-stack radius attributes]
user@host# set exclude framed-ipv6-pool [accounting-start accounting-stop]
```

```
[edit access profile dual-stack radius attributes]
user@host# set exclude framed-ipv6-prefix accounting-start framed-ipv6-route
accounting-start
```

```
[edit access profile dual-stack radius attributes]
user@host# set exclude framed-ipv6-prefix accounting-start framed-ipv6-route
accounting-start
```

Related Documentation

- [RADIUS Accounting Messages for Dual-Stack PPPoE Subscribers on page 472](#)
- [Accounting Messages for PPPoE Using NDRA Prefixes on page 473](#)
- [Accounting Messages for PPPoE Subscribers That Use DHCPv6 IA_NA Prefixes on page 478](#)

Avoiding Negotiation of IPv6CP in the Absence of an Authorized Address

You can control the behavior of the router in a situation where IPv6CP negotiation is initiated for subscriber sessions when no authorized addresses are available.

By default, IPv6CP negotiation is enabled to proceed for an IPv6-only session when AAA has not provided an appropriate IPv6 address or prefix. In the absence of the address,

the negotiation cannot successfully complete. To prevent endless client negotiation of IPv6CP, include the **reject-unauthorized-ipv6cp** statement at the **[edit protocols ppp-service]** hierarchy level, which enables the jpppd process to reject the negotiation attempt.

To configure the router to reject IPv6CP negotiation messages when no IPv6 address is available for a dynamic interface:

- Enable rejection of unauthorized IPv6CP negotiation messages.

```
[edit protocols ppp-service]
user@host# set reject-unauthorized-ipv6cp
```



NOTE: The **reject-unauthorized-ipv6cp** statement does not prevent IPv6CP negotiation for static interfaces, because the jpppd process cannot determine whether router advertisement of DHCPv6 is configured to run above the PPP interface.

**Related
Documentation**

- [IPv4 and IPv6 Dual Stack in a PPPoE Access Network on page 467](#)

CHAPTER 52

Configuring DHCPv6 Local Server

- [DHCPv6 Local Server Overview on page 488](#)
- [Enabling DHCPv6 Rapid Commit Support on page 489](#)
- [Preventing Binding of Clients That Do Not Support Reconfigure Messages on page 490](#)
- [Configuring the DUID Type Supported by DHCPv6 Servers on page 491](#)
- [Example: Extended DHCPv6 Local Server Configuration on page 492](#)

DHCPv6 Local Server Overview

The DHCPv6 local server is compatible with the DHCP local server and the DHCP relay agent, and can be enabled on the same interface as either the extended DHCP local server or DHCP relay agent.

The DHCPv6 local server provides many of the same features as the DHCP local server, including:

- Configuration for a specific interface or for a group of interfaces
- Site-specific usernames and passwords
- Numbered Ethernet interfaces
- Statically configured CoS and filters
- AAA directed login
- Use of the IA_NA option to assign a specific address to a client

When a DHCPv6 client logs in, the DHCPv6 local server can optionally use the AAA service framework to interact with the RADIUS server. The RADIUS server, which is configured independently of DHCP, authenticates the client and supplies the IPv6 prefix and client configuration parameters.

The client username, which uniquely identifies a subscriber or a DHCP client, must be present in the configuration in order for DHCPv6 local server to use RADIUS authentication.

You can configure DHCPv6 local server to communicate the following attributes to the AAA service framework and RADIUS at login time:

- Client username
- Client password

Based on the attributes that the DHCPv6 local server provides, RADIUS returns the information listed in [Table 47 on page 488](#) to configure the client:

Table 47: RADIUS Attributes and VSAs for DHCPv6 Local Server

| Attribute Number | Attribute Name | Description |
|------------------|---------------------------|--|
| 27 | Session-Timeout | Lease time, in seconds. If not supplied, the lease does not expire |
| 123 | Delegated-IPv6-Prefix | Prefix that is delegated to the client |
| 26-143 | Max-Clients-Per-Interface | Maximum number of clients allowed per interface |

To configure the extended DHCPv6 local server on the router (or switch), you include the **dhcpv6** statement at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server]** hierarchy level.

You can also include the **dhcpv6** statement at the following hierarchy levels:

- [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server]
- [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server]
- [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server]

Related Documentation

- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264](#)
- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311](#)
- [Assign a Specific IP Address to a Client Using DHCP Option 50 and DHCPv6 IA_NA Option on page 283](#)
- [Configuring the DUID Type Supported by DHCPv6 Servers on page 491](#)
- [Verifying and Managing DHCPv6 Local Server Configuration on page 612](#)
- [Example: Extended DHCPv6 Local Server Configuration on page 492](#)

Enabling DHCPv6 Rapid Commit Support

You can configure the DHCPv6 local server to support the DHCPv6 Rapid Commit option (DHCPv6 option 14). When rapid commit is enabled, the server recognizes the Rapid Commit option in Solicit messages sent from the DHCPv6 client. (DHCPv6 clients are configured separately to include the DHCPv6 Rapid Commit option in the Solicit messages.) The server and client then use a two-message exchange (Solicit and Reply) to configure clients, rather than the default four-message exchange (Solicit, Advertise, Request, and Reply). The two-message exchange provides faster client configuration, and is beneficial in environments in which networks are under a heavy load.

You can configure the DHCPv6 local server to support the Rapid Commit option globally, for a specific group, or for a specific interface. By default, rapid commit support is disabled on the DHCPv6 local server.

To configure the DHCPv6 local server to support the DHCPv6 Rapid Commit option:

1. Specify that you want to configure the **overrides** options:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Enable rapid commit support:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 overrides]
user@host# set rapid-commit
```

Related Documentation

- [Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 351](#)
- [Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings on page 357](#)
- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264](#)

Preventing Binding of Clients That Do Not Support Reconfigure Messages

The DHCPv6 client and server negotiate the use of reconfigure messages. When the client can accept reconfigure messages from the server, then the client includes the Reconfigure Accept option in both solicit and request messages sent to the server.

By default, the DHCPv6 server accepts solicit messages from clients regardless of whether they support reconfiguration. You can specify that the server require clients to accept reconfigure messages. In this case, the DHCPv6 server includes the Reconfigure Accept option in both advertise and reply messages when reconfiguration is configured for the client interface. Solicit messages from nonsupporting clients are discarded and the clients are not allowed to bind.

To configure the DHCPv6 local server to bind only clients that support client-initiated reconfiguration:

- Specify strict reconfiguration.

For all DHCPv6 clients:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 reconfigure]
user@host# set strict
```

For only a particular group of DHCPv6 clients:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group group-name reconfigure]
user@host# set strict
```

The **show dhcpv6 server statistics** command displays a count of solicit messages that the server has discarded.

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Dynamic Client Reconfiguration of Extended Local Server Clients on page 338](#)
- [Understanding Dynamic Reconfiguration of Extended DHCP Local Server Clients on page 335](#)

Configuring the DUID Type Supported by DHCPv6 Servers

Every DHCPv6 client and server has a DHCP unique identifier (DUID). Each DUID is globally unique across all DHCPv6 clients and servers in an administrative domain. Messages between clients and servers can carry the client DUID in the Client-Identifier option and the server DUID in the Server-Identifier option. Clients and servers may require that some message types that include different messages may be accepted or discarded based on whether they include one or both of these DUIDs. A server or client may discard some message types when the DUID option value does not match the server's DUID or the client's DUID, respectively.

The DUIDs facilitate communication between client/server pairs by providing a means for each to determine whether it is the intended recipient of a message and also identifying where to forward a response. For example, a server uses the server DUID received in a message from a client to determine whether the message is intended for it. Then it can compare the client DUID it has received against its database. When it finds a match, the server sends the associated configuration information to the client. The server also uses the client DUID to select clients for an Identity Association.

The server DUID conveyed to the client enables the client to distinguish between servers. To target a single server, it may include that DUID when it sends multicast messages; only the server identified by the DUID responds.

RFC, 3315, Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6) defines three types of DUIDs, but we support only the DUID-EN and DUID-LL types:

- DUID-EN—(Supported) A device vendor assigns a DUID of this type when the device is manufactured. The value consists of the vendor's IANA enterprise number followed by a unique number. This is the default type.
- DUID-LL—(Supported) This type of DUID includes a hardware type code recognized by IANA, followed by the link-layer address of any network interface permanently connected to the device. DUID-LL is supported only for DHCPv6 servers.
- DUID-LLT—(Not supported). This type is similar to the DUID-LL type, but additionally includes the time that the DUID is generated relative to a specific date and time.

The DUID type is specified per routing instance.

To configure the router to use the DUID-LL type:

- Specify the type.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]
user@host# set server-duid-type duid-ll
```

Remove this configuration to return to supporting the DUID-EN type.

Related Documentation

- [DHCPv6 Local Server Overview on page 488](#)

Example: Extended DHCPv6 Local Server Configuration

This example shows a sample extended DHCPv6 local server configuration. The second part of the example shows a sample RADIUS authentication configuration—authentication must be configured for DHCPv6 local server operations.

```
[edit system services]
dhcp-local-server {
  dhcpv6 {
    authentication {
      password $ABC123;
      username-include {
        user-prefix wallybrown;
        domain-name example.com;
      }
    }
    group group_two {
      authentication {
        password $ABC123$ABC123;
        username-include {
          user-prefix south5;
          domain-name example.com;
        }
      }
    }
    interface ge-1/0/3.0;
  }
}
```

The following is a sample RADIUS authentication configuration.

```
[edit access]
radius-server {
  192.168.1.250 {
    port 1812;
    secret $ABC123;
  }
}
profile isp-bos-metro-fiber-basic {
  accounting-order radius;
  authentication-order radius;
  radius {
    authentication-server 192.168.1.250;
    accounting-server 192.168.1.250;
  }
  accounting {
    order radius;
    accounting-stop-on-failure;
    accounting-stop-on-access-deny;
    update-interval 10;
    statistics time;
  }
}
```

Related Documentation

- [DHCPv6 Local Server Overview on page 488](#)

Configuring DHCPv6 Relay Agent

- [DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview on page 495](#)
- [DHCPv6 Relay Agent Options on page 496](#)
- [Configuring DHCPv6 Relay Agent Options on page 496](#)
- [Inserting DHCPv6 Interface-ID Option \(Option 18\) In DHCPv6 Packets on page 498](#)
- [Inserting DHCPv6 Remote-ID Option \(Option 37\) In DHCPv6 Packets on page 499](#)

DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview

The DHCPv6 relay agent enhances the DHCP relay agent by providing support in an IPv6 network. The DHCPv6 relay agent passes messages between the DHCPv6 client and the DHCPv6 server, similar to the way DHCP relay agent supports an IPv4 network.

When a DHCPv6 client logs in, the DHCPv6 relay agent uses the AAA service framework to interact with the RADIUS server to provide authentication and accounting. The RADIUS server, which is configured independently of DHCP, authenticates the client and supplies the IPv6 prefix and client configuration parameters, such as session timeout and the maximum number of clients allowed per interface.



NOTE: The PTX Series Packet Transport Routers do not support authentication for DHCPv6 relay agents.

The DHCPv6 relay agent is compatible with the DHCP local server and the DHCP relay agent, and can be enabled on the same interface as either the DHCP local server or DHCP relay agent.

To configure the DHCPv6 relay agent on the router (or switch), you include the **dhcpv6** statement at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy level.

You can also include the **dhcpv6** statement at the following hierarchy levels:

- **[edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay]**
- **[edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay]**
- **[edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay]**

**Related
Documentation**

- [Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations on page 317](#)
- [Configuring Group-Specific DHCP Relay Options on page 320](#)
- [Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 354](#)
- [Configuring Passwords for Usernames on page 315](#)
- [Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 312](#)
- [Example: Extended DHCPv6 Local Server Configuration on page 492](#)

DHCPv6 Relay Agent Options

You can configure DHCPv6 relay agent to include additional information in the client-originated DHCP packets that the relay agent forwards to a DHCPv6 server. This support is equivalent to the option 82 support provided by the DHCPv4 relay agent. The DHCPv6 server uses the additional information in the packets to determine the IPv6 address to assign to the client. The server might also use the information for other purposes; for example, to determine which services to grant the client, or to provide additional security against threats such as address spoofing. The DHCPv6 server sends its reply back to the DHCPv6 relay agent, and the agent removes the option information from the message, and then forwards the packet to the client.

You can configure the DHCPv6 relay agent to include the following options in the packet the relay agent sends to the DHCPv6 server:

- Relay Agent Interface-ID (option 18)—An ASCII string that identifies the interface on which the client DHCPv6 packet is received. This is the equivalent of the DHCPv4 relay agent option 82 Agent Circuit ID suboption (suboption 1).
- Relay Agent Remote-ID (option 37)—An ASCII string assigned by the DHCPv6 relay agent that securely identifies the client. This is the equivalent of the DHCPv4 relay agent option 82 Agent Remote ID suboption (suboption 2).

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring DHCPv6 Relay Agent Options on page 496](#)
- [Inserting DHCPv6 Interface-ID Option \(Option 18\) In DHCPv6 Packets on page 498](#)
- [Inserting DHCPv6 Remote-ID Option \(Option 37\) In DHCPv6 Packets on page 499](#)

Configuring DHCPv6 Relay Agent Options

You can configure DHCPv6 relay agent to insert optional information in the DHCPv6 packets that the relay receives from clients and forwards to a DHCPv6 server. To configure the optional information, you specify the type of information you want to include in the packets. You use the **relay-agent-interface-id** statement to include Relay Agent Interface-ID (option 18) in the packets, or the **relay-agent-remote-id** statement to include Relay Agent Remote-ID (option 37).

When you enable the DHCPv6 options support, you can optionally configure DHCPv6 relay agent to include a prefix or the interface description as part of the option information. For dual-stack environments, you can also specify that the DHCPv6 relay agent use the DHCPv4 option 82 information to populate DHCPv6 option 18 or option 37.

To enable insertion of DHCPv6 options:

1. Specify that you want to configure DHCPv6 relay agent support.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]
user@host# edit dhcpv6
```

2. Configure DHCPv6 relay agent to insert the Relay Agent Interface-ID option, the Relay Agent Remote-ID option, or both.

- To insert Relay Agent Interface-ID (option 18):

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# set relay-agent-interface-id
```

- To insert Relay Agent Remote-ID (option 37):

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# set relay-agent-remote-id
```

3. (Optional) Specify additional information that you want to include in option 18 or option 37. The **relay-agent-interface-id** and **relay-agent-remote-id** statements both support inclusion of a prefix, interface description, or the DHCPv4 option 82 information. For example:

- To prepend prefix information—This example prepends a prefix that consists of the hostname and logical system name to option 18. You use the **relay-agent-remote-id** statement to add the prefix to option 37.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# set relay-agent-interface-id prefix host-name logical-system-name
```

- To include the textual interface description—This example uses the description for the device interface instead of the interface identifier in option 18. You use the **relay-agent-remote-id** statement to add the interface description to option 37.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# set relay-agent-interface-id use-interface-description device
```

- To use the DHCPv4 option-82 value—This example uses the DHCPv4 option-82 (suboption 2) value for the DHCPv6 option 37 value. You use the **relay-agent-interface-id** statement to use DHCPv4 option 82 (suboption 1) in DHCPv6 option 18.

This example also includes the optional **strict** keyword to specify that the router drops Solicit packets if the packets do not include an option 82 value. If you do not include the **strict** keyword, the router sends the RELAY-FORW message without adding option 37. The **strict** keyword is not supported for the **relay-agent-interface-id** statement.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# set relay-agent-remote-id use-option-82 strict
```

Related Documentation

- [Inserting DHCPv6 Interface-ID Option \(Option 18\) In DHCPv6 Packets on page 498](#)
- [Inserting DHCPv6 Remote-ID Option \(Option 37\) In DHCPv6 Packets on page 499](#)
- [Including a Prefix in DHCP Options on page 382](#)
- [Including a Textual Description in DHCP Options on page 385](#)

Inserting DHCPv6 Interface-ID Option (Option 18) In DHCPv6 Packets

You can configure DHCPv6 relay agent to insert the DHCPv6 Interface-ID (option 18) in the packets that the relay sends to a DHCPv6 server. You can configure the option 18 support at either the DHCPv6 global or group level.

When you configure option 18 support, you can optionally include the following additional information:

- Prefix—Specify the **prefix** option to add a prefix to the interface identifier. The prefix can be any combination of hostname, logical system name, and routing instance name.
- Interface description—Specify the **use-interface-description** option to include the textual interface description instead of the interface identifier. You can include either the device interface description or the logical interface description.
- Option 82 Agent Circuit ID suboption (suboption 1)—Specify the **use-option-82** option to include the DHCPv4 Option 82 Agent Circuit ID suboption (suboption 1). This configuration is useful in a dual-stack environment, which has both DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 subscribers that reside over the same underlying logical interface. The router checks for the option 82 suboption 1 value and inserts it into the outgoing packets. If no DHCPv4 binding exists or if the binding does not have an option 82 suboption 1 value, the router sends the packets without adding an option 18.



NOTE: If you specify one of the optional configurations, and the specified information does not exist (for example, there is no interface description), DHCPv6 relay ignores the optional configuration and inserts the default interface identifier in the packets.

To insert the DHCPv6 Interface-ID option (option 18) in DHCPv6 packets:

1. Configure the DHCPv6 relay to include option 18.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]  
user@host# edit relay-agent-interface-id
```

2. (Optional) Specify the prefix to include in option 18.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-agent-interface-id]  
user@host# set prefix prefix
```

3. (Optional) Specify that option 18 include the textual description of the interface. You can specify either the **logical** interface description or the **device** interface description.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-agent-interface-id]
user@host# set use-interface-description (logical | device)
```

4. (Optional) Specify that option 18 use the DHCPv4 Option 82 Agent Circuit ID suboption (suboption 1) value.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-agent-interface-id]
user@host# set use-option-82
```

Related Documentation

- [DHCPv6 Relay Agent Options on page 496](#)
- [Configuring DHCPv6 Relay Agent Options on page 496](#)
- [Including a Prefix in DHCP Options on page 382](#)
- [Including a Textual Description in DHCP Options on page 385](#)

Inserting DHCPv6 Remote-ID Option (Option 37) In DHCPv6 Packets

Starting in Junos OS Release 14.1, you can configure DHCPv6 relay agent to insert DHCPv6 Remote-ID (option 37) in the packets that the relay sends to a DHCPv6 server. You can configure option 37 support at either the DHCPv6 global or group level.

When you configure option 37 support, you can optionally include the following information:

- Prefix—Specify the **prefix** option to add a prefix to the interface identifier. The prefix can be any combination of hostname, logical system name, and routing instance name.
- Interface description—Specify the **use-interface-description** option to include the textual interface description instead of the interface identifier. You can include either the device interface description or the logical interface description.
- Option 82 Agent Remote-ID suboption (suboption 2)—Specify the **use-option-82** option to use the value of the DHCPv4 option 82 Remote-ID suboption (suboption 2). This configuration is useful in a dual-stack environment, which has both DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 subscribers that reside over the same underlying logical interface. The router checks for the option 82 suboption 2 value and inserts it into the outgoing packets.



NOTE: If you specify one of the optional configurations, and the specified information does not exist (for example, there is no interface description), DHCPv6 relay ignores the optional configuration and inserts the default interface identifier in the packets.

To insert the DHCPv6 Remote-ID option (option 37) in DHCPv6 packets:

1. Configure the DHCPv6 relay to include option 37.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6]
user@host# edit relay-agent-remote-id
```

2. (Optional) Specify the prefix to include with the option 37 information.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-agent-remote-id]
user@host# set prefix prefix
```

3. (Optional) Specify that option 37 include the textual description of the interface. You can specify either the **logical** interface description or the **device** interface description.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-agent-remote-id]
user@host# set use-interface-description (logical | device)
```

4. (Optional) Specify that option 37 use the DHCPv4 option 82 Remote-ID suboption (suboption 2) value.

If no DHCPv4 binding exists, or if the binding does not include an option 82 suboption 2 value, by default the router sends the packets without adding option 37. However, you can use the optional **strict** keyword to specify that the router drop packets that do not have a suboption 2 value.

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-agent-remote-id]
user@host# set use-option-82 strict
```

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|---------|--|
| 14.1 | Starting in Junos OS Release 14.1, you can configure DHCPv6 relay agent to insert DHCPv6 Remote-ID (option 37) in the packets that the relay sends to a DHCPv6 server. |

Related Documentation

- [DHCPv6 Relay Agent Options on page 496](#)
- [Configuring DHCPv6 Relay Agent Options on page 496](#)
- [Extracting an Option 82 or Option 37 Substring to Create an Interface Set on page 389](#)

Conserving IPv4 Addresses for Dual-Stack PPP Subscribers Using On-Demand IPv4 Address Allocation

- [Conserving IPv4 Addresses for Dual-Stack PPP Subscribers Using On-Demand IPv4 Address Allocation on page 501](#)
- [On-Demand IPv4 Address Negotiation and Release for Static PPP Subscribers Overview on page 502](#)
- [On-Demand IPv4 Address Negotiation and Release for Dynamic PPP Subscribers Overview on page 505](#)
- [IPCP Negotiation with Optional Peer IP Address on page 508](#)
- [How RADIUS Attributes Are Used During Authentication When On-Demand Address Allocation is Enabled on page 508](#)
- [Configuring Static On-Demand IPv4 Address Allocation for Dual-Stack PPP Subscribers on page 509](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic On-Demand IPv4 Address Allocation for Dual-Stack PPP Subscribers on page 510](#)
- [Configuring Global On-Demand IPv4 Address Allocation for Dual-Stack PPP Subscribers on page 510](#)
- [Enabling Immediate Interim Accounting Messages for On-Demand IPv4 Address Changes on page 511](#)
- [Enabling IPv4 Release Control VSA \(26–164\) in RADIUS Messages on page 511](#)

Conserving IPv4 Addresses for Dual-Stack PPP Subscribers Using On-Demand IPv4 Address Allocation

In a dual stack over PPP access network scenario, the dual-stack session remains running as long as either the IPv4 or IPv6 session is active. By default, when a subscriber terminates the IPv4 session, the BNG retains the IPv4 address that was allocated by AAA at login. The address is not released while the dual-stack PPP session is running. If the IPv4 session is renegotiated while the session is running, the same IPv4 address is assigned to the subscriber's IPv4 session. This functionality results in inefficient use of IPv4 addresses.

You can conserve IPv4 addresses by configuring the router to release the IPv4 address if a subscriber is no longer using an IPv4 service. This feature provides on-demand IP address allocation or de-allocation after the initial PPP authentication and IPv6 address or prefix allocation.

The on-demand configuration does not take effect when the destination (peer) IP address is statically configured in the inet family of the PPP interface.

**Related
Documentation**

- [On-Demand IPv4 Address Negotiation and Release for Static PPP Subscribers Overview on page 502](#)
- [On-Demand IPv4 Address Negotiation and Release for Dynamic PPP Subscribers Overview on page 505](#)
- [How RADIUS Attributes Are Used During Authentication When On-Demand Address Allocation is Enabled on page 508](#)
- [Configuring Static On-Demand IPv4 Address Allocation for Dual-Stack PPP Subscribers on page 509](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic On-Demand IPv4 Address Allocation for Dual-Stack PPP Subscribers on page 510](#)
- [Configuring Global On-Demand IPv4 Address Allocation for Dual-Stack PPP Subscribers on page 510](#)

[On-Demand IPv4 Address Negotiation and Release for Static PPP Subscribers Overview](#)

This topic describes how on-demand IPv4 address allocation and de-allocation works for static dual-stack PPP subscribers.

- [IPv4 Address Negotiation for Static PPP Subscribers on page 502](#)
- [IPv4 Address Release for Static PPP Subscribers on page 504](#)

[IPv4 Address Negotiation for Static PPP Subscribers](#)

The process for IPv4 address negotiation for a static inet family and address over a static PPP interface is as follows:

1. PPP Link Control Protocol (LCP) is established and an IPv6 control protocol is successfully negotiated.
2. The broadband network gateway (BNG) receives an Internet Protocol Control Protocol (IPCP) Configure Request with a 0.0.0.0 IPv4 address option from the customer premises equipment (CPE).
3. The BNG sends an IPCP Configure Request with a local IPv4 address option to the CPE.
4. The BNG sends an Access-Request message with the IPv4-Release-Control VSA (26-164) (if configured) to the RADIUS server.

5. The BNG receives an IPCP Configure ACK from the CPE.

6. The BNG receives an Access-Accept message from the RADIUS server.

- If a Framed-IP-Address attribute is received, the BNG performs a duplicate address check (if configured). If a duplicate address check is completed successfully, PPP continues IPCP negotiation with the CPE. Otherwise, the entire PPP session is brought down by sending an LCP terminate request to the CPE.
- If a Framed-Pool attribute is received, then the IPv4 address is allocated from the specified local address pool configured in the BNG. If the IP pool is not configured in the BNG and there is no other IP pool available, the BNG sends an LCP Protocol-Reject message to the CPE.
- If neither a Framed-IP-Address attribute nor a Framed-Pool attribute is received, then the BNG allocates an IPv4 address from one of the configured local address pools. If the BNG cannot allocate an IPv4 address, the BNG sends an LCP Protocol-Reject message to the CPE.
- If ADFv4 filters are present in the Access-Accept message, they need to be reinstalled for that subscriber in the BNG.
- If both IPv4 primary and secondary DNS addresses are present in the Access-Accept message, then both need to be updated for that subscriber in the BNG. If either an IPv4 primary DNS address or an IPv4 secondary DNS address is present in the Access-Accept message, then only the corresponding DNS address needs to be updated for that subscriber.

If an IPv4 address is not available, and the BNG receives an Access-Reject message from the RADIUS server, the following occurs:

- If the Access-Reject message includes the IPv4-Release-Control VSA (26-164), the BNG sends an IPCP terminate request to the CPE. The CPE is then allowed to renegotiate IP NCP.
- If the Access-Reject message does not include the IPv4-Release-Control VSA (26-164), the BNG sends an LCP Protocol-Reject message to the CPE. The CPE must renegotiate the LCP link before it is allowed to renegotiate IP NCP.

If the RADIUS Access-Reject message includes the IPCP Terminate-Request field, the text of Reply Message attribute (18) is appended to the information in the Terminate-Request field, and will be shown in PPP data.

If there is no response from the RADIUS server, then IPCP is terminated.

7. The BNG sends an IPCP Configure NACK with the new IPv4 address option to the CPE.

8. The subscriber secure policy service (if present for inet family) is activated.

The BNG sends an immediate Interim-Accounting message (if configured) with the IPv4-Release-Control VSA (26-164) (if configured) and the Framed-IP-Address attribute to the RADIUS server.

9. The BNG receives an IPCP Configure Request with new IPv4 address option from the CPE.
10. The BNG receives an Interim-Accounting response from the RADIUS server.
11. The BNG sends an IPCP Configure ACK to the CPE.

IPv4 Address Release for Static PPP Subscribers

The process for IPv4 address release for static inet family and address over static PPP interface is as follows:

1. The BNG receives an IPCP terminate request from the CPE.
2. The BNG sends an IPCP terminate ACK to the CPE.
3. The following actions occur:
 - The subscriber secure policy service (if present for inet family) is de-instantiated.
 - If an IPv4 address was allocated from local address pool, the address then becomes available.
 - The IPv4 address entry is cleared from the subscriber record.
 - The BNG sends an immediate Interim-Accounting message (if configured) with the IPv4-Release-Control VSA (26-164) (if configured) to the RADIUS server and the Framed-IP-Address attribute is not included.
 - User Session Statistics are retained for the entire PPP session and are not cleared when the IPv4 address is released.
4. The BNG receives an Interim-Accounting response from the RADIUS server.

No action is taken in the BNG whether or not it receives a response from the RADIUS server.

Related Documentation

- [Conserving IPv4 Addresses for Dual-Stack PPP Subscribers Using On-Demand IPv4 Address Allocation on page 501](#)
- [On-Demand IPv4 Address Negotiation and Release for Dynamic PPP Subscribers Overview on page 505](#)

On-Demand IPv4 Address Negotiation and Release for Dynamic PPP Subscribers Overview

This topic describes how on-demand IPv4 address allocation and de-allocation works for static dual-stack PPP subscribers.

- [IPv4 Address Negotiation for Dynamic PPP Subscribers on page 505](#)
- [IPv4 Address Release for Dynamic PPP Subscribers on page 507](#)

IPv4 Address Negotiation for Dynamic PPP Subscribers

The process for IPv4 address negotiation for a dynamic inet family and address over a static PPP interface is as follows:

1. PPP Link Control Protocol (LCP) is established and IPv6 control protocol is successfully negotiated.
2. The broadband network gateway (BNG) receives an Internet protocol Control Protocol (IPCP) Configure Request with a 0.0.0.0 IPv4 address option from the CPE.
3. The BNG sends an Access-Request message with the IPv4-Release-Control VSA (26-164) (if configured) to the RADIUS server.
4. The BNG receives an Access-Accept message from the RADIUS server.
 - If a Framed-IP-Address attribute is received, then a duplicate address check (if configured) is performed on the BNG. If a duplicate address check is completed successfully, then PPP continues IPCP negotiation with the CPE. Otherwise, the entire PPP session is brought down by sending an LCP terminate request to the CPE.
 - If Framed-Pool attribute is received, then the IPv4 address is allocated from the specified local address pool configured in the BNG. If the pool is not configured in the BNG and there is no other IP pool available, then an IPCP protocol reject is sent to the CPE.
 - If neither a Framed-IP-Address attribute nor a Framed-Pool attribute is received, then the BNG allocates an IPv4 address from one of the configured local address pools. If the BNG cannot allocate an IPv4 address, then an IPCP protocol reject is sent to the CPE.
 - If ADFv4 filters are present in the Access-Accept message, then they need to be reinstalled for that subscriber in the BNG.
 - If both IPv4 primary and secondary DNS addresses are present in the Access-Accept message, then both of them need to be updated for that subscriber in the BNG. If either an IPv4 primary DNS address or an IPv4 secondary DNS address is present in the Access-Accept message, then only the corresponding DNS address needs to be updated for that subscriber.

If an IPv4 address is not available, and the BNG receives an Access-Reject message from the RADIUS server, the following occurs:

- If the Access-Reject message includes the IPv4-Release-Control VSA (26-164), the BNG sends an IPCP terminate request to the CPE. The CPE is then allowed to renegotiate IP NCP.
- If the Access-Reject message does not include the IPv4-Release-Control VSA (26-164), the BNG sends an LCP Protocol-Reject message to the CPE. The CPE must renegotiate the LCP link before it is allowed to renegotiate IP NCP.

If the RADIUS Access-Reject message includes the IPCP Terminate-Request field, the text of Reply Message attribute #18 is appended to the information in the Terminate-Request field, and will be shown in PPP data.

If an Access-Challenge message is received instead of an Access-Accept, then the IPCP protocol reject is sent to the CPE.

If there is no response from the RADIUS server, then IPCP is terminated.

5. The BNG sends an IPCP Configure NACK with the new IPv4 address option to the CPE.

6. The dynamic inet family and local address are added and all IPv4 (family inet) services for the dynamic client profile are instantiated.

The BNG sends an IPCP Configure Request with a local IPv4 address option to the CPE.

7. The BNG sends an immediate Interim-Accounting message (if configured) with the IPv4-Release-Control VSA (26-164) (if configured) and a Framed-IP-Address attribute to the RADIUS server.

8. All IPv4 services, such as ascend data filters (ADF) and firewall filters, for the dynamic service profile and the lawful intercept service (if present for inet family) are instantiated and the Service Accounting-Start messages (if service accounting is configured and IPv4 service is not part of a multi-family service profile) are sent to the RADIUS server. If service instantiation fails, then IPCP is terminated and an IPv4 address release process is initiated.

9. The BNG receives an IPCP Configure Request with a new IPv4 address option from the CPE.

10. The BNG sends an IPCP Configure ACK to the CPE.

11. The BNG receives a Service Accounting-Start response from the RADIUS server.

12. The BNG receives an Interim-Accounting response from the RADIUS server.

13. The BNG receives an IPCP Configure ACK from the CPE.

IPv4 Address Release for Dynamic PPP Subscribers

The process for IPv4 address release for dynamic inet family and address over static PPP interface is as follows:

1. The BNG receives an IPCP terminate request from the CPE.
2. The BNG sends an IPCP terminate ACK to the CPE.
3. The following actions occur:
 - All IPv4 (family inet) services for the dynamic client profile are de-instantiated and the dynamic inet family and local address are removed.
 - All IPv4 services, such as ascend data filters (ADF) and firewall filters, for a dynamic service profile and the lawful intercept service (if present for inet family) are de-instantiated. The Service Accounting-Stop messages (if service accounting is configured and IPv4 service is not part of a multi-family service profile) is sent to the RADIUS server.
 - If an IPv4 address was allocated from a local address pool, then it is available.
 - The IPv4 address entry is cleared from the subscriber record
4. The BNG sends an immediate Interim-Accounting message (if configured) with the IPv4-Release-Control VSA (26-164) (if configured) to the RADIUS server and the Framed-IP-Address attribute must not be included.

User Session Statistics and service session statistics for multi-family service are retained for the entire PPP session and is not cleared when the IPv4 address is released.

5. The BNG receives an Interim-Accounting response from the RADIUS server.

No action taken in the BNG whether or not it receives a response from the RADIUS server.

Related Documentation

- [Conserving IPv4 Addresses for Dual-Stack PPP Subscribers Using On-Demand IPv4 Address Allocation on page 501](#)
- [On-Demand IPv4 Address Negotiation and Release for Static PPP Subscribers Overview on page 502](#)

IPCP Negotiation with Optional Peer IP Address

During normal operation for an Internet Protocol Control Protocol (IPCP) negotiation, if the Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) client does not request a specific IP address, the MX Series server sends an IP address obtained from RADIUS or from the local address pool.

If the PPP client seeks a specific IP address, on receiving a NAK from the server, it sends a confReq message without specifying the IP address option. In this case, even though the server sends an IPCP confAck message, the server terminates the client because the server requires an IP address from the client.

You can configure the **peer-ip-address-optional** statement to enable the IPCP negotiation to succeed even though the peer does not include the IP address option in an IPCP configuration request for static and dynamic, and terminated and tunneled, Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) subscribers. By default, this statement is disabled. This feature also supports high availability (HA) and unified in-service software upgrade (unified ISSU).

If the client does not include the IP address option in an IPCP configuration request and the IPCP negotiation succeeds by configuring the **peer-ip-address-optional** statement, then the server does not have the client IP address.



NOTE: If the client does include the IP address option in an IPCP configuration request, it does not matter whether the **peer-ip-address-optional** statement is configured because the subscriber is always available and the server has the client IP address.

An IP address from RADIUS or from the local pool is allocated to the client and the route towards this is added on the server even though the client is not assigned with this address. IPCP is successful and the subscriber becomes available. If you want the server to have the route to the client-requested IP address, use the Framed-Route RADIUS attribute or configure static routes. The client adds or configures static routes towards the server for proper forwarding.

- Related Documentation**
- [peer-ip-address-optional on page 1393](#)
 - *Dynamic Profiles Overview*

How RADIUS Attributes Are Used During Authentication When On-Demand Address Allocation is Enabled

The following describes the behavior of the border network gateway (BNG) during authentication when on-demand IP address allocation is enabled:

- If the RADIUS server returns a Framed-IP-Address attribute, the BNG does not go to the RADIUS server for address allocation on the first Internet Protocol Control Protocol (IPCP) negotiation. It uses the Framed-IP-Address attribute returned in the initial

Access-Accept message. Accounting-Start and periodic Interim-Accounting messages include the Framed-IP-Address attribute. Immediate Interim Accounting messages are not sent to RADIUS server. Address allocation is similar to the process described for a static or dynamic subscriber.

When a Framed-IP-Address is returned from the RADIUS server during authentication and the customer premises equipment (CPE) does not negotiate IPCP, the IPv4 address is not released whether or not the on-demand IP address allocation is enabled.

- If the RADIUS server returns a Framed-Pool attribute, the BNG does not go to the RADIUS server for address allocation upon first IPCP negotiation and it allocates an IPv4 address from the specified local address pool. Accounting-Start and periodic Interim-Accounting messages do not include the Framed-IP-Address attribute until IPCP negotiation. Immediate Interim Accounting messages (if configured) are sent to the RADIUS server. Address allocation is similar to the process described for a static or dynamic subscriber.
- If the RADIUS server does not return either the Framed-IP-Address attribute or the Framed-Pool attribute, address allocation is similar to the process described for a static or dynamic subscriber. Because IPCP is the only Network Control Protocol (NCP) active for these subscribers, the entire PPP session is terminated upon an IPCP terminate request and an Accounting-stop message is sent to the RADIUS server. Immediate Interim-Accounting messages to release the IPv4 address are not sent in this case.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Conserving IPv4 Addresses for Dual-Stack PPP Subscribers Using On-Demand IPv4 Address Allocation on page 501](#)

Configuring Static On-Demand IPv4 Address Allocation for Dual-Stack PPP Subscribers

To configure static on-demand IPv4 address allocation for dual-stack PPP subscribers:

1. Specify the name and logical unit number of the interface.

```
[edit]  
user@host# edit interfaces pp0 unit 1000
```

2. Enable on-demand IP address allocation.

```
[edit interfaces pp0 unit 1000]  
user@host# set ppp-options on-demand-ip-address
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Conserving IPv4 Addresses for Dual-Stack PPP Subscribers Using On-Demand IPv4 Address Allocation on page 501](#)

Configuring Dynamic On-Demand IPv4 Address Allocation for Dual-Stack PPP Subscribers

To configure dynamic on-demand IPv4 address allocation for dual-stack PPP subscribers:

1. Access the dynamic profile.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic profiles ppp-dyn-ipv4
```

2. Specify the name and logical unit number of the interface.

```
[edit dynamic profiles ppp-dyn-ipv4]
user@host# edit interfaces ppp unit 1000
```

3. Enable on-demand IP address allocation.

```
[edit dynamic profiles ppp-dyn-ipv4 interfaces pp0 unit 1000]
user@host# set ppp-options on-demand-ip-address
```

Related Documentation

- [Conserving IPv4 Addresses for Dual-Stack PPP Subscribers Using On-Demand IPv4 Address Allocation on page 501](#)

Configuring Global On-Demand IPv4 Address Allocation for Dual-Stack PPP Subscribers

To configure static on-demand IP address IPv4 address allocation for dual-stack PPP subscribers at the system level:

1. Specify the protocol.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit protocols
```

2. Specify the ppp-service option.

```
[edit protocols]
user@host# edit ppp-service
```

3. Enable on-demand IP address allocation.

```
[edit protocols ppp-service]
user@host# set on-demand-ip-address
```

Related Documentation

- [Conserving IPv4 Addresses for Dual-Stack PPP Subscribers Using On-Demand IPv4 Address Allocation on page 501](#)

Enabling Immediate Interim Accounting Messages for On-Demand IPv4 Address Changes

To enable the BNG to send an interim accounting messages an immediate interim accounting message:

1. Create a profile and assign a name to it.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit profile profile1
```

2. Under accounting, specify the address-change-immediate-update option.

```
[edit access profile profile1]
user@host# edit accounting
user@host# set address-change-immediate-update
```

Related Documentation

- [Conserving IPv4 Addresses for Dual-Stack PPP Subscribers Using On-Demand IPv4 Address Allocation on page 501](#)

Enabling IPv4 Release Control VSA (26–164) in RADIUS Messages

This procedure shows how to enable the IPv4-Release-Control VSA (26-164) in RADIUS messages:

To configure a RADIUS message:

1. Create a profile and assign a name to it.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit profile profile1
```

2. Specify that you want to configure RADIUS.

```
[edit access profile profile1]
user@host# edit radius
```

3. (Optional) Configure the message RADIUS message.

```
user@host# set ip-address-change-notify message
```

Related Documentation

- [Conserving IPv4 Addresses for Dual-Stack PPP Subscribers Using On-Demand IPv4 Address Allocation on page 501](#)

Best Practices for Configuring IPv4 and IPv6 Dual Stack in a PPPoE Access Network

- [Best Practice: Static PPPoE Interfaces with NDRA on page 513](#)
- [Best Practice: DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation over a PPPoE Access Network on page 514](#)
- [Best Practice: IPv6 Addressing for Logical Interfaces in PPPoE Dynamic Profiles with NDRA on page 514](#)
- [Best Practice: IPv6 Addressing for Logical Interfaces in PPPoE Dynamic Profiles with DHCPv6 on page 515](#)
- [Best Practice: IPv4 Addressing for Logical Interfaces in PPPoE Dynamic Profiles on page 516](#)
- [Best Practice: Configuring Authentication for DHCP Subscribers on a PPPoE Access Network on page 517](#)

Best Practice: Static PPPoE Interfaces with NDRA

When you use static PPPoE interfaces with NDRA, the prefix configured for router advertisement must match the source address specified under family inet6 in the logical pp0 interface configuration. If these values do not match, the prefix is not advertised correctly.

For example:

```
[edit protocols router-advertisement]
interface pp0.2004 {
  prefix 2001:db8:2040:2004::/64;
}

[edit interface pp0]
unit 2004 {
  family inet6 {
    address 2001:db8:2040:2004::1.1.1/64;
  }
}
```

To view the prefix in the ICMPv6 packet, use the **monitor traffic interface pp0.xxx extensive** command. If the prefix is missing, make sure that there is not a mismatch between the

family inet6 address configured for the interface and the prefix configured for the interface in the router advertisement configuration.

Related Documentation • [Configuring a Static PPPoE Logical Interface for NDRA on page 526](#)

Best Practice: DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation over a PPPoE Access Network

When you use DHCPv6 prefix delegation over a PPPoE access network, you need to enable unnumbered addressing in the family inet6 configuration.

For dynamic PPPoE interfaces, enable unnumbered addressing in the dynamic profile. For example:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles]
PPPoE-dyn-ipv4v6-dhcp {
  interfaces {
    pp0 {
      unit "$junos-interface-unit" {
        ...
        family inet6 {
          unnumbered-address lo0.0;
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

For static PPPoE interfaces, enable unnumbered addressing in the interface configuration. For example:

```
[edit interface pp0]
unit 2004 {
  family inet6 {
    unnumbered-address lo0.0;
  }
}
```

Related Documentation • [Configuring a PPPoE Dynamic Profile for Use with DHCP Addressing in a Dual-Stack Network on page 520](#)

Best Practice: IPv6 Addressing for Logical Interfaces in PPPoE Dynamic Profiles with NDRA

When you use NDRA, always set the IPv6 internet address in dynamic profiles to the `$junos-ipv6-address` predefined variable. This variable is replaced with the IPv6 address of the interface used for router advertisements.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles]
dyn-v4v6-ndra {
  interfaces {
    pp0 {
      unit "$junos-interface-unit" {
        family inet6 {
```

```

        address "$junos-ipv6-address ";
    }
}
}
}

```

Related Documentation • [Configuring a PPPoE Dynamic Profile for Use with NDRA in a Dual-Stack Network on page 523](#)

Best Practice: IPv6 Addressing for Logical Interfaces in PPPoE Dynamic Profiles with DHCPv6

The IPv6 address configuration for logical interfaces in PPPoE dynamic profiles when you are using DHCPv6 depends on whether or not you are using routing instances.

If you are using routing instances, use the `$junos-loopback-interface` predefined variable for the IPv6 address. For example:

```

[edit dynamic-profiles]
dyn-v4v6-ri {
  routing-instances {
    "$junos-routing-instance" {
      interface "$junos-interface-name";
    }
  }
  interfaces {
    pp0 {
      unit "$junos-interface-unit" {
        family inet6 {
          unnumbered-address "$junos-loopback-interface";
        }
      }
    }
  }
}

```

If you are not using routing instances, use the unnumbered address for the IPv6 address. The unnumbered address enables the local address to be derived from the specified interface and allows IP processing on the interface without assigning an explicit IP address to the interface. For example:

```

[edit dynamic-profiles]
dyn-v4v6-ndra {
  interfaces {
    pp0 {
      unit "$junos-interface-unit" {
        pppoe-options {
          underlying-interface "$junos-underlying-interface";
          server;
        }
        family inet6 {
          unnumbered-address lo0.0;
        }
      }
    }
  }
}

```

```
    }  
  }  
}  
}
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring a PPPoE Dynamic Profile for Use with DHCP Addressing in a Dual-Stack Network on page 520](#)

Best Practice: IPv4 Addressing for Logical Interfaces in PPPoE Dynamic Profiles

The IPv4 address configuration for logical interfaces in PPPoE dynamic profiles depends on whether or not you are using routing instances.

If you are using routing instances, use the `$junos-loopback-interface` variable for the IPv6 address.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles]  
dyn-v4v6-ri {  
  routing-instances {  
    "$junos-routing-instance" {  
      interface "$junos-interface-name";  
    }  
  }  
  interfaces {  
    pp0 {  
      unit "$junos-interface-unit" {  
        family inet {  
          unnumbered-address "$junos-loopback-interface";  
        }  
      }  
    }  
  }  
}
```

If you are not using routing instances, use the unnumbered address for the IPv6 address. The unnumbered address enables the local address to be derived from the specified interface and allows IP processing on the interface without assigning an explicit IP address to the interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles]  
dyn-v4v6-ndra {  
  interfaces {  
    pp0 {  
      unit "$junos-interface-unit" {  
        pppoe-options {  
          underlying-interface "$junos-underlying-interface";  
          server;  
        }  
        family inet {  
          unnumbered-address lo0.0;  
        }  
      }  
    }  
  }  
}
```

```
}  
}
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring a PPPoE Dynamic Profile for Use with DHCP Addressing in a Dual-Stack Network on page 520](#)
- [Configuring a PPPoE Dynamic Profile for Use with NDRA in a Dual-Stack Network on page 523](#)

Best Practice: Configuring Authentication for DHCP Subscribers on a PPPoE Access Network

In most cases PPPoE is used to authenticate subscribers in a PPPoE access network. However, if you wish to use DHCP to perform the authentication, do not configure subscriber authentication at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server]** or the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]** hierarchy levels. Instead configure subscriber authentication at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group]** hierarchy level. For example:

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]  
group v6-dhcp-client {  
  authentication {  
    password $ABC123;  
    username-include {  
      user-prefix StaticUser;  
    }  
  }  
}
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring a DHCPv6 Local Server for DHCPv6 over PPPoE on page 519](#)

Configuring Dual Stack for PPPoE Access Networks in Which DHCP Is Used

- [Configuring a DHCPv6 Local Server for DHCPv6 over PPPoE on page 519](#)
- [Configuring a PPPoE Dynamic Profile for Use with DHCP Addressing in a Dual-Stack Network on page 520](#)

Configuring a DHCPv6 Local Server for DHCPv6 over PPPoE

To layer DHCPv6 above the PPPoE IPv6 family (inet6), create a DHCPv6 local server and associate DHCPv6 with the PPPoE interfaces by adding the PPPoE interfaces to the DHCPv6 local server configuration. Specify static and dynamic PPPoE interfaces as follows:

- Dynamic—Use the pp0.0 (PPPoE) logical interface as a wildcard to indicate that a DHCPv6 binding can be made on top of a PPPoE interface.
- Static—Use unit numbers to explicitly specify static interfaces; for example, pp0.2000.

To configure a DHCPv6 local server:

1. Access the DHCPv6 local server configuration.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]
```

2. Create a group for dynamic PPPoE interfaces and assign a name.

The group feature groups a set of interfaces and then applies a common DHCP configuration to the named interface group.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]
user@host# edit group group-pppoe
```

3. For dynamic PPPoE logical interfaces, add an interface.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group group-pppoe]
user@host# set interface pp0.0
```

4. For static PPPoE, add a range of interfaces.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group group-pppoe]
user@host# set interface pp0.2000 upto pp0.2999
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [IPv4 and IPv6 Dual Stack in a PPPoE Access Network on page 467](#)
- [Best Practice: Configuring Authentication for DHCP Subscribers on a PPPoE Access Network on page 517](#)

Configuring a PPPoE Dynamic Profile for Use with DHCP Addressing in a Dual-Stack Network

Configure a dynamic profile for IPv4 and IPv6 subscribers that access the network. The dynamic profile defines the attributes of the dynamic PPPoE logical subscriber interface.

To configure a PPPoE dynamic profile for both IPv4 and IPv6 subscribers:

1. Create and name the dynamic profile.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic profiles PPPOE-dyn-ipv4v6
```

2. If you are using routing instances, add a routing instance to the profile, and add an interface to the routing instance.

- Specify the **\$junos-routing-instance** variable for the routing instance. The routing instance variable is dynamically replaced with the routing instance the accessing subscriber uses when connecting to the BNG.
- Specify the **\$junos-interface-name** variable for the interface. The interface variable is dynamically replaced with the interface that the accessing subscriber uses when connecting to the BNG.

```
[edit dynamic profiles PPPOE-dyn-ipv4v6]
user@host# set routing-instances $junos-routing-instance interface
$junos-interface-name
```

3. Add a PPPoE logical interface (pp0) to the profile, and specify **\$junos-interface-unit** as the predefined variable to represent the logical unit number for the interface. The variable is dynamically replaced with the actual unit number supplied by the network when the subscriber logs in.

```
[edit dynamic profiles PPPOE-dyn-ipv4v6]
user@host# edit interfaces pp0 unit $junos-interface-unit
```

4. Configure the IPv4 family for the pp0 interface as follows:

- If you are not using routing instances, assign an unnumbered address. The unnumbered address enables the local address to be derived from the specified

interface and allows IP processing on the interface without an explicit IP address assigned to the interface.

For example:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles PPPOE-dyn-ipv4v6 interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set family inet unnumbered-address lo0.0
```

- If you are using routing instances, assign the predefined variable **\$junos-loopback-interface**.

For example:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles PPPOE-dyn-ipv4v6 interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set family inet unnumbered-address $junos-loopback-interface
```

5. Configure the IPv6 family for the pp0 interface as follows:

- If you are not using routing instances, assign an unnumbered address that specifies the loopback interface. The unnumbered address enables the local address to be derived from the loopback interface and allows IP processing on the interface without an explicit IP address assigned to the interface.

For example:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles PPPOE-dyn-ipv4v6 interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set family inet6 unnumbered-address lo0.0
```

- If you are using routing instances, assign the predefined variable **\$junos-loopback-interface**.

For example:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles PPPOE-dyn-ipv4v6 interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set family inet6 unnumbered-address $junos-loopback-interface
```

6. Specify **\$junos-underlying-interface** as the predefined variable to represent the name of the underlying Ethernet interface on which the router creates the dynamic PPPoE logical interface. The variable is dynamically replaced with the actual name of the underlying interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles PPPOE-dyn-ipv4v6 interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set pppoe-options underlying-interface $junos-underlying-interface
```

7. Define the router to act as a PPPoE server when a PPPoE logical interface is dynamically created.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles PPPOE-dyn-ipv4v6 interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set pppoe-options server
```

8. (Optional) Configure the PPP authentication protocol for the pp0 interface. Specify either **chap** or **pap** (or both).

```
[edit dynamic-profiles PPPOE-dyn-ipv4v6 interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set ppp-options chap
user@host# set ppp-options pap
```

9. (Optional) Enable keepalives and set an interval for keepalives. We recommend an interval of 30 seconds. For example:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles PPPOE-dyn-ipv4v6 interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set keepalives interval 30
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Best Practice: IPv6 Addressing for Logical Interfaces in PPPoE Dynamic Profiles with DHCPv6 on page 515](#)

Configuring Dual Stack for PPPoE Access Networks in Which NDRA Is Used

- [Configuring a PPPoE Dynamic Profile for Use with NDRA in a Dual-Stack Network on page 523](#)
- [Configuring a Static PPPoE Logical Interface for NDRA on page 526](#)
- [Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool Used for Router Advertisements on page 527](#)
- [Configuring Duplicate IPv6 Prefix Protection for Router Advertisement on page 528](#)
- [Configuring the IPv6 Link-Local Address for Dynamic Demux Interfaces over Static Demux VLAN Interfaces on page 528](#)

Configuring a PPPoE Dynamic Profile for Use with NDRA in a Dual-Stack Network

Configure a dynamic profile for IPv4 and IPv6 PPPoE subscribers that access the network. The dynamic profile defines the attributes of the dynamic PPPoE logical subscriber interface.

This dynamic profile is for configurations that use NDRA to assign a global IP address to the CPE WAN link.

To configure a PPPoE dynamic profile for NDRA:

1. Create and name the dynamic profile.

```
[edit]  
user@host# edit dynamic profiles PPPOE-dyn-ipv4v6-ndra
```

2. If you are using routing instances, add a routing instance to the profile and add an interface to the routing instance.
 - Specify the **\$junos-routing-instance** variable for the routing instance. The routing instance variable is dynamically replaced with the routing instance the accessing subscriber uses when connecting to the BNG.
 - Specify the **\$junos-interface-name** variable for the interface. The interface variable is dynamically replaced with the interface that the accessing subscriber uses when connecting to the BNG.

```
[edit dynamic profiles PPPOE-dyn-ipv4v6-ndra]
```

```
user@host# set routing-instances $junos-routing-instance interface
$junos-interface-name
```

3. Add a PPPoE logical interface (pp0) to the profile, and specify **\$junos-interface-unit** as the predefined variable to represent the logical unit number for the interface. The variable is dynamically replaced with the actual unit number supplied by the network when the subscriber logs in.

```
[edit dynamic profiles PPPOE-dyn-ipv4v6-ndra]
user@host# edit interfaces pp0 unit $junos-interface-unit
```

4. Configure the IPv4 family for the pp0 interface as follows:

- If you are not using routing instances, assign an unnumbered address. The unnumbered address enables the local address to be derived from the specified interface and allows IP processing on the interface without assigning an explicit IP address to the interface.

For example:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles PPPOE-dyn-ipv4v6-ndra interfaces pp0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set family inet unnumbered-address lo0.0
```

- If you are using routing instances, assign the predefined variable **\$junos-loopback-interface**.

For example:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles PPPOE-dyn-ipv4v6-ndra interfaces pp0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set family inet unnumbered-address $junos-loopback-interface
```

5. Configure the IPv6 family for the pp0 interface, and assign **\$junos-ipv6-address** as the predefined variable. Use this variable when you are using router advertisement with or without routing instances. This variable is replaced with the IPv6 address of the interface used for router advertisements.

```
[edit dynamic profiles PPPOE-dyn-ipv4v6-ndra interfaces pp0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set family inet6 address $junos-ipv6-address
```

6. Specify **\$junos-underlying-interface** as the predefined variable to represent the name of the underlying Ethernet interface on which the router creates the dynamic PPPoE logical interface. The variable is dynamically replaced with the actual name of the underlying interface.

```
[edit dynamic profiles PPPOE-dyn-ipv4v6-ndra pp0 interfaces pp0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set pppoe-options underlying-interface $junos-underlying-interface
```

7. Define the router to act as a PPPoE server when a PPPoE logical interface is dynamically created.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles PPPOE-dyn-ipv4v6-ndra interfaces pp0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set pppoe-options server
```

8. (Optional) Configure the PPP authentication protocol that is used to identify and authenticate the CPE. Specify either **chap** or **pap** (or both).

```
[edit dynamic-profiles PPPOE-dyn-ipv4v6-ndra interfaces pp0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set ppp-options chap
user@host# set ppp-options pap
```

9. (Optional) Enable keepalives and set an interval for keepalives. We recommend an interval of 30 seconds. For example:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles PPPOE-dyn-ipv4v6-ndra interfaces pp0 unit
"$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set keepalives interval 30
```

10. Configure the router advertisement protocol.

- a. Access the router advertisement configuration.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles PPPOE-dyn-ipv4v6-ndra]
user@host# edit protocols router-advertisement
```

- b. Specify the interface on which the NDRA configuration is applied. Assign **\$junos-interface-name** as the predefined variable. The variable is replaced with the actual name of the interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles PPPOE-dyn-ipv4v6-ndra protocols router-advertisement]
user@host# edit interface $junos-interface-name
```

- c. Specify a prefix value contained in router advertisement messages sent to the CPE on interfaces created with this dynamic profile.

If you specify the **\$junos-ipv6-ndra-prefix** predefined variable, the actual value is obtained from a local pool or through AAA.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles PPPOE-dyn-ipv4v6-ndra protocols router-advertisement]
user@host# set prefix $junos-ipv6-ndra-prefix
```

Related Documentation

- [Best Practice: IPv6 Addressing for Logical Interfaces in PPPoE Dynamic Profiles with NDRA on page 514](#)
- [IPv4 and IPv6 Dual Stack in a PPPoE Access Network on page 467](#)

Configuring a Static PPPoE Logical Interface for NDRA

To configure a static PPPoE logical interface for static NDRA configurations:

1. Specify the name and logical unit number of the interface.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces pp0 unit 1000
```

2. Configure a description for the interface.

```
[edit interfaces pp0 unit 1000]
user@host# set description "static IPv4v6 dual stack, NDRA"
```

3. Specify the family inet6 source address.

```
[edit interfaces pp0 unit 1000]
user@host# set family inet6 address 2001:db8:2040:2004::1.1.1/64
```

4. Configure an unnumbered address for family inet.

```
[edit interfaces pp0 unit 1000]
user@host# set family inet unnumbered-address lo0.0
```

5. Specify the underlying Ethernet interface.

```
[edit interfaces pp0 unit 1000]
user@host# set pppoe-options underlying-interface ge-1/0/0.1000
```

6. Define the router to act as a PPPoE server when the PPPoE logical interface is created.

```
[edit interfaces pp0 unit 1000]
user@host# set pppoe-options server
```

7. Access the router advertisement configuration, and specify the prefixes that the BNG sends in router advertisements for the static interface. Make sure that the prefixes match the source address configured for the static PPPoE logical interface configured in Step 3.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit protocols router-advertisement
user@host# set interface pp0.1000 prefix 2001:db8:2040:2004::/64
```

Related Documentation

- [Best Practice: Static PPPoE Interfaces with NDRA on page 513](#)

Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool Used for Router Advertisements

If you are using local address-assignment pools to be used for router advertisement, create a pool and add IPv6 prefixes to the pool.

You must configure separate pools for DHCPv6 prefix delegation, DHCPv6 IA_NA, and router advertisement.

To configure an NDRA address-assignment pool.

1. Create a pool for IPv6 prefixes used by NDRA.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit access address-assignment pool ndra-2010 family inet6
```

2. Add IPv6 network prefixes to the pool.

```
[edit access address-assignment pool ndra-2010 family inet6]
user@host# set prefix 2001:db8::/64
```

3. Configure the name of the IPv6 address range and define the range. For NDRA pools, specify the range by setting a prefix length of 64.

```
[edit access address-assignment pool ndra-2010 family inet6]
user@host# set range ndra-range prefix-length 64
```

4. Specify that the address-assignment pool is used for NDRA.

```
[edit access address-assignment]
user@host# set neighbor-discovery-router-advertisement ndra-2010
```

Related Documentation

- [How NDRA Works in a Subscriber Access Network on page 432](#)
- [Methods for Obtaining IPv6 Prefixes for NDRA on page 433](#)

Configuring Duplicate IPv6 Prefix Protection for Router Advertisement

If you are using AAA to supply IPv6 prefixes for router advertisement, you can enable duplicate prefix protection to prevent prefixes from being used more than once. If enabled, the following attributes received from external servers are checked:

- *Framed-IPv6-Prefix*
- *Framed-IPv6-Pool*

If a prefix matches a prefix in an address pool, the prefix is taken from the pool if it is available. If the prefix is already in use, it is rejected as unavailable. If the prefix length requested from the external server does not match the pool's prefix length exactly, the authentication request is denied. If configured, the Acct-Stop message will include a termination cause.

To configure duplicate prefix protection:

1. Enter the **access** configuration.

```
[edit]  
user@host# edit access
```

2. Enable duplicate prefix protection.

```
[edit access]  
user@host# address-protection
```

Related Documentation

- [How NDRA Works in a Subscriber Access Network on page 432](#)
- [Duplicate Prefix Protection for NDRA on page 434](#)

Configuring the IPv6 Link-Local Address for Dynamic Demux Interfaces over Static Demux VLAN Interfaces

When you are using Router Advertisement for IPv6 subscribers on dynamic demux interfaces that run over underlying static demux interfaces, both interfaces should use the same link-local address.

The link local address should be assigned using a unique 64-Bit IPv6 interface identifier (EUI-64), which is obtained based on the MAC address of the underlying interface.

To cause the system to implement the link-local address based on the MAC address of the underlying interface and to comply with the 64-bit Extended Unique Identifier (EUI-64):

1. Access the hierarchy that configures all static demux interfaces on the router.

```
[edit]  
edit system demux-options
```


2. Configure the system to use the MAC address of the underlying static interface as the basis for the link-local address of the demux interface.

```
[edit system demux-options]  
set use-underlying-interface-mac
```


CHAPTER 58

Configuring Address Assignment Pools for DHCPv6

- [Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool for Use by DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation on page 531](#)
- [Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool for Use by DHCPv6 IA_NA on page 532](#)
- [Specifying the Delegated Address-Assignment Pool to Be Used for DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation on page 532](#)

Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool for Use by DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation

This procedure shows how to configure IPv6 local addresspools to allocate IPv6 prefixes for use by DHCPv6 prefix delegation.

You must configure separate pools for DHCPv6 prefix delegation, DHCPv6 IA_NA, and NDRA.

To configure the pool to be used for prefix delegation:

1. Create a pool and assign a name to it.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit address-assignment pool v6-prefix-pool-2001
```

2. Under family inet6, add IPv6 prefixes to the pool.

```
[edit access address-assignment pool v6-prefix-pool-2001]
user@host# edit family inet6
user@host# set prefix 2001:db8:0000:0000:0000::/64
```

3. Configure the name of the IPv6 prefix range, and define the range by setting a prefix length of 64.

```
[edit access address-assignment pool v6-prefix-pool-2001 family inet6]
user@host# edit range prefix-range
user@host# set prefix-length 64
```

Related Documentation

- [Using DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation Overview on page 437](#)

- [Methods for Obtaining IPv6 Prefixes for DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation on page 440](#)

Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool for Use by DHCPv6 IA_NA

This procedure shows how to configure IPv6 local address pools to allocate global IPv6 addresses to the CPE WAN link.

You must configure separate pools for DHCPv6 prefix delegation, DHCPv6 IA_NA, and NDRA.

To configure the pool to be used for DHCPv6 IA_NA:

1. Create a pool and assign a name to it.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit address-assignment pool v6-ia-na-pool
```

2. Under family inet6, add IPv6 network prefixes to the pool.

```
[edit access address-assignment pool v6-ia-na-pool]
user@host# edit family inet6
user@host# set prefix 2001:db8:0000::/64
```

3. Configure the name of the IPv6 address range, and define the range by setting a low and high range of /128 addresses.

```
[edit access address-assignment pool v6-ia-na-pool family inet6]
user@host# edit range v6-range
user@host# set low 2001:db8::1/128
user@host# set high 2001:db8::ffff:ffff/128
```

Related Documentation

- [Using DHCPv6 IA_NA to Provide IPv6 WAN Link Addressing Overview on page 435](#)
- [Methods for Obtaining IPv6 Global Addresses for DHCPv6 IA_NA on page 435](#)

Specifying the Delegated Address-Assignment Pool to Be Used for DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation

You can explicitly specify which address pool the BNG uses to assign IPv6 prefixes for use by DHCPv6 prefix delegation. This feature enables you to identify the address pool without using RADIUS or a network match.



NOTE: You can also use by Juniper Networks VSA 26-161 to specify the delegated address pool. The VSA-specified value takes precedence over the **delegated-address** statement.

To specify the pool to be used for prefix delegation:

1. Specify that you want to configure override options for DHCPv6 local server.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]  
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Specify the name of the delegated address pool.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server overrides]  
user@host# set delegated-pool paris-cable-12
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Using DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation Overview on page 437](#)
- [Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool for Use by DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation on page 531](#)

Configuring the Dynamic Router Advertisement Protocol

- [Dynamic Router Advertisement Configuration Overview on page 535](#)

Dynamic Router Advertisement Configuration Overview

In a network deployment where router interfaces are configured statically, you might need to configure the Router Advertisement Protocol on only a small number of interfaces on which it might run. However, in a subscriber access network, static configuration of the Router Advertisement Protocol becomes impractical because the number of interfaces that potentially need the Router Advertisement Protocol increases substantially. In addition, deploying services in a dynamic environment requires dynamic modifications to interfaces as they are created.

Subscriber access supports the configuration of the Router Advertisement Protocol at the **[edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* protocols]** hierarchy level. By specifying Router Advertisement Protocol statements within a dynamic profile, you can dynamically apply a Router Advertisement configuration when a subscriber connects to an interface using a particular access technology (for example, DHCP), enabling the subscriber to access a carrier (multicast) network.

To minimally configure the Router Advertisement Protocol requires that you include the **router-advertisement** statement at the **[edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* protocols]** hierarchy level and the **interface** statement along with the *\$junos-interface-name* dynamic variable. All other statements are optional.



NOTE: Statements used for Router Advertisement Protocol configuration at the **[edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* protocols]** hierarchy level are identical in function to those same statements used for static Router Advertisement Protocol configuration, with the exception of the **interface** and **prefix** statements, which use dynamic variables.

Related Documentation

- [Dynamic Profiles Overview](#)
- [Configuring Dynamic DHCP Client Access to a Multicast Network](#)

- [Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool Used for Router Advertisements on page 527](#)

CHAPTER 60

Examples: IPv4 and IPv6 Dual-Stack Designs

- [Example: Configuring a Dual Stack That Uses DHCPv6 IA_NA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation over PPPoE on page 537](#)
- [Example: Configuring a Dual Stack That Uses ND/RA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation Over PPPoE on page 560](#)
- [Example: Configuring a Dual Stack That Uses ND/RA Over PPPoE on page 584](#)

Example: Configuring a Dual Stack That Uses DHCPv6 IA_NA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation over PPPoE

- [Requirements on page 537](#)
- [Overview on page 537](#)
- [Configuration on page 540](#)
- [Verification on page 556](#)

Requirements

This example uses the following hardware and software components:

- MX Series 3D Universal Edge Router
- Junos OS Release 11.4 or later

Overview

This design uses DHCPv6 IA_NA and DHCPv6 prefix delegation in your subscriber access network as follows:

- The access network is PPPoE.
- DHCPv6 IA_NA is used to assign a global IPv6 address on the WAN link. The address comes from a local pool that is specified using AAA RADIUS.
- DHCPv6 prefix delegation is used for subscriber LAN addressing. It used a delegated prefix from a local pool that is specified using AAA RADIUS.

- DHCPv4 is used for subscriber LAN addressing.
- DHCPv6 subscriber sessions are layered over an underlying PPPoE subscriber session.

Topology

Figure 22: PPPoE Subscriber Access Network with DHCPv6 IA_NA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation

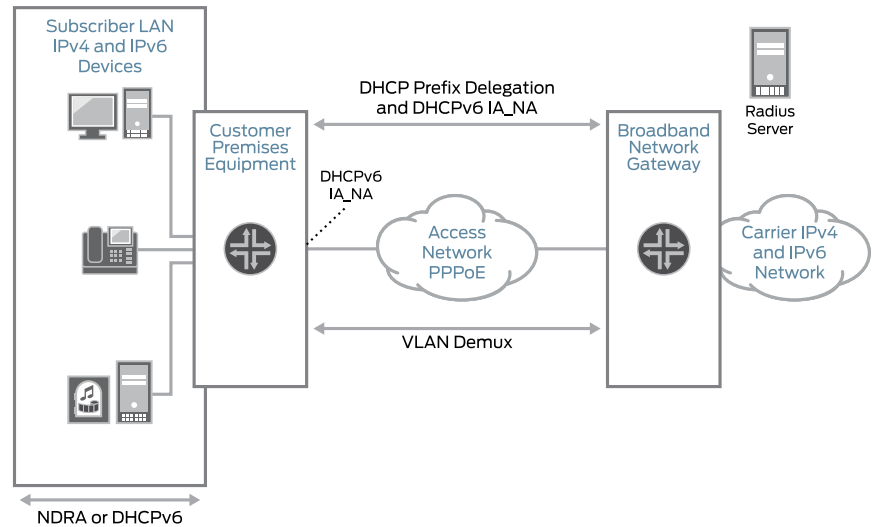


Table 48 on page 538 describes the configuration components used in this example.

Table 48: Configuration Components Used in Dual Stack with DHCPv6 IA_NA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation

| Configuration Component | Component Name | Purpose |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| Dynamic Profile | pppoe-subscriber-profile | Profile that creates a PPPoE logical interface when the subscriber logs in. |
| Interfaces | ge-0/2/5 | Interface used for communication with the RADIUS server. |
| | ge-0/3/0 | Underlying Ethernet interface. |
| | demux0 | VLAN demux interface that runs over the underlying Ethernet interface. |
| | lo0 | Loopback interface for use in the access network. The loopback interface is automatically used for unnumbered interfaces. |

Table 48: Configuration Components Used in Dual Stack with DHCPv6 IA_NA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation (*continued*)

| Configuration Component | Component Name | Purpose |
|--------------------------|--------------------|---|
| Address-Assignment Pools | pool v4-pool | Pool that provides IPv4 addresses for the subscriber LAN. |
| | pool v6-ia-na-pool | Pool that provides a global IPv6 address to the CPE WAN link. |
| | pool v6-pd-pool | Pool that provides a pool of prefixes that are delegated to the CPE and used for assigning IPv6 global addresses on the subscriber LAN. |

Configuration

- [Configuring a DHCPv6 Local Server for DHCPv6 over PPPoE on page 543](#)
- [Configuring a Dynamic Profile for the PPPoE Logical Interface on page 544](#)
- [Configuring a Loopback Interface on page 546](#)
- [Configuring a VLAN Demux Interface over an Ethernet Underlying Interface on page 548](#)
- [Configuring an Interface for Communication with RADIUS Server on page 550](#)
- [Specifying the BNG IP Address on page 550](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS Server Access on page 551](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS Server Access Profile on page 552](#)
- [Configuring Local Address-Assignment Pools on page 553](#)

CLI Quick Configuration

The following is the complete configuration for this example:

```
dynamic-profiles {
  pppoe-subscriber-profile {
    routing-instances {
      "$junos-routing-instance" {
        interface "$junos-interface-name";
      }
    }
  }
  interfaces {
    pp0 {
      unit "$junos-interface-unit" {
        ppp-options {
          chap;
          pap;
        }
        pppoe-options {
          underlying-interface "$junos-underlying-interface";
          server;
        }
        keepalives interval 30;
        family inet {
          unnumbered-address "$junos-loopback-interface";
        }
        family inet6 {
          unnumbered-address "$junos-loopback-interface";
        }
      }
    }
  }
}

system {
  services {
    dhcp-local-server {
      dhcpv6 {
        group v6-ppp-subscriber {
          interface pp0.0;
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

```

    }
  }
}
interfaces {
  ge-0/2/5 {
    gigether-options {
      no-auto-negotiation;
    }
    unit 0 {
      family inet {
        address 203.0.113.99/32;
      }
    }
  }
  ge-0/3/0 {
    hierarchical-scheduler maximum-hierarchy-levels 2;
    flexible-vlan-tagging;
    encapsulation flexible-ethernet-services;
    unit 1;
  }
  demux0 {
    unit 1 {
      proxy-arp;
      vlan-tags outer 1 inner 1;
      demux-options {
        underlying-interface ge-0/3/0;
      }
      family pppoe {
        duplicate-protection;
        dynamic-profile pppoe-subscriber-profile;
      }
    }
  }
  lo0 {
    unit 0 {
      family inet {
        address 203.0.113.1/32 {
          primary;
          preferred;
        }
      }
      family inet6 {
        address 2001:db8:0::1/128 {
          primary;
          preferred;
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
routing-options {
  router-id 203.0.113.0;
}
access {
  radius-server {

```

```
203.0.113.99 {
    secret "$ABC123$ABC123$ABC123"; ## SECRET-DATA
    timeout 45;
    retry 4;
    source-address 203.0.113.1;
}
}
profile Access-Profile {
    authentication-order radius;
    radius {
        authentication-server 203.0.113.99;
        accounting-server 203.0.113.99;
    }
    accounting {
        order [ radius none ];
        update-interval 120;
        statistics volume-time;
    }
}
address-assignment {
    pool v4-pool {
        family inet {
            network 203.0.113.161/32;
            range v4-range-0 {
                low 203.0.113.161;
                high 203.0.113.255;
            }
            dhcp-attributes {
                maximum-lease-time 99999;
            }
        }
    }
    pool v6-ia-na-pool {
        family inet6 {
            prefix 2001:db8:1000:0000::/64;
            range v6-range-0 {
                low 2001:db8:1000::1/128;
                high 2001:db8:1000::ffff:ffff/128;
            }
        }
    }
    pool v6-pd-pool {
        family inet6 {
            prefix 2001:db8:2012::/48;
            range v6-pd prefix-length 64;
        }
    }
}
address-protection;
}
```

Configuring a DHCPv6 Local Server for DHCPv6 over PPPoE

CLI Quick Configuration To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```
edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6
edit group v6-ppp-subscriber
set interface pp0.0
```

Step-by-Step Procedure To layer DHCPv6 above the PPPoE IPv6 family (inet6), associate DHCPv6 with the PPPoE interfaces by adding the PPPoE interfaces to the DHCPv6 local server configuration. Because this example uses a dynamic PPPoE interface, we are using the pp0.0 (PPPoE) logical interface as a wildcard to indicate that a DHCPv6 binding can be made on top of a PPPoE interface.

To configure a DHCPv6 local server:

1. Access the DHCPv6 local server configuration.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6
```

2. Create a group for dynamic PPPoE interfaces and assign a name.

The group feature groups a set of interfaces and then applies a common DHCP configuration to the named interface group.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]
user@host# edit group v6-ppp-subscriber
```

3. Add an interface for dynamic PPPoE logical interfaces.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group v6-ppp-subscriber]
user@host# set interface pp0.0
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show** command.

```
[edit]
user@host# show
system {
  services {
    dhcp-local-server {
      dhcpv6 {
        group v6-ppp-subscriber {
          interface pp0.0;
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Configuring a Dynamic Profile for the PPPoE Logical Interface

CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```
edit dynamic-profiles pppoe-subscriber-profile
edit routing-instances $junos-routing-instance
set interface $junos-interface-name
exit
edit interfaces pp0 unit $junos-interface-unit
set family inet unnumbered-address "$junos-loopback-interface"
set family inet6 unnumbered-address "$junos-loopback-interface"
set pppoe-options underlying-interface "$junos-underlying-interface"
set pppoe-options server
set ppp-options pap
set ppp-options chap
set keepalives interval 30
```

Step-by-Step Procedure

Create a dynamic profile for the PPPoE logical interface. This dynamic profile supports both IPv4 and IPv6 sessions on the same logical interface.

To configure the dynamic profile:

1. Create and name the dynamic profile.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles pppoe-subscriber-profile
```

2. Add a routing instance to the profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles pppoe-subscriber-profile]
user@host# edit routing-instances $junos-routing-instance
user@host# set interface $junos-interface-name
```

3. Configure a PPPoE logical interface (pp0) that is used to create logical PPPoE interfaces for the IPv4 and IPv6 subscribers.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles pppoe-subscriber-profile]
user@host# edit interfaces pp0
```

4. Specify **\$junos-interface-unit** as the predefined variable to represent the logical unit number for the **pp0** interface. The variable is dynamically replaced with the actual unit number supplied by the network when the subscriber logs in.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles pppoe-subscriber-profile interfaces pp0]
user@host# edit unit $junos-interface-unit
```


5. Specify **\$junos-underlying-interface** as the predefined variable to represent the name of the underlying Ethernet interface on which the router creates the dynamic PPPoE logical interface. The variable is dynamically replaced with the actual name of the underlying interface supplied by the network when the subscriber logs in.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles pppoe-subscriber-profile interfaces pp0 unit
 "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set pppoe-options underlying-interface $junos-underlying-interface
```

6. Configure the router to act as a PPPoE server when a PPPoE logical interface is dynamically created.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles pppoe-subscriber-profile interfaces pp0 unit
 "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set pppoe-options server
```

7. Configure the IPv4 family for the pp0 interface. Specify the unnumbered address to dynamically create loopback interfaces. Because the example uses routing instances, assign the predefined variable **\$junos-loopback-interface**.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles pppoe-subscriber-profile interfaces pp0 unit
 "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set family inet unnumbered-address $junos-loopback-interface
```

8. Configure the IPv6 family for the pp0 interface. Specify the unnumbered address to dynamically create loopback interfaces. Because the example uses routing instances without router advertisement, assign the predefined variable **\$junos-loopback-interface**.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles pppoe-subscriber-profile interfaces pp0 unit
 "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set family inet6 unnumbered-address $junos-loopback-interface
```

9. Configure one or more PPP authentication protocols for the pp0 interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles pppoe-subscriber-profile interfaces pp0 unit
 "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set ppp-options chap
user@host# set ppp-options pap
```

10. Enable keepalives and set an interval for keepalives. We recommend an interval of 30 seconds.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles pppoe-subscriber-profile interfaces pp0 unit
 "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set keepalives interval 30
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show** command.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles pppoe-subscriber-profile]
user@host# show
routing-instances {
```

```
"$junos-routing-instance" {
  interface "$junos-interface-name";
}
}
interfaces {
  pp0 {
    unit "$junos-interface-unit" {
      ppp-options {
        chap;
        pap;
      }
      pppoe-options {
        underlying-interface "$junos-underlying-interface";
        server;
      }
      keepalives interval 30;
      family inet {
        unnumbered-address "$junos-loopback-interface";
      }
      family inet6 {
        unnumbered-address "$junos-loopback-interface";
      }
    }
  }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Configuring a Loopback Interface

CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```
edit interfaces lo0
set unit 0 family inet address 203.0.113.1/32 primary
set unit 0 family inet address 203.0.113.1/32 preferred
set unit 0 family inet6 address 2001:db8:0::1/128 primary
set unit 0 family inet6 address 2001:db8:0::1/128 preferred
```

Step-by-Step Procedure

To configure a loopback interface:

1. Create the loopback interface and specify a unit number.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces lo0 unit 0
```

2. Configure the interface for IPv4.

```
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0]
user@host# set family inet address 203.0.113.1/32 primary preferred
```

3. Configure the interface for IPv6.

```
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0]
user@host# set family inet6 address 2001:db8:0::1/128 primary preferred
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show** command.

```
[edit interfaces lo0]
user@host# show
unit 0 {
  family inet {
    address 203.0.113.1/32 {
      primary;
      preferred;
    }
  }
  family inet6 {
    address 2001:db8:0::1/128 {
      primary;
      preferred;
    }
  }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Configuring a VLAN Demux Interface over an Ethernet Underlying Interface

CLI Quick Configuration To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```
edit interfaces
set ge-0/3/0 hierarchical-scheduler maximum-hierarchy-levels 2
set ge-0/3/0 flexible-vlan-tagging
set ge-0/3/0 encapsulation flexible-ethernet-services
exit
edit interfaces demux0 unit 1
set vlan-tags outer 1
set vlan-tags inner 1
set demux-options underlying-interface ge-0/3/0
set family pppoe dynamic-profile pppoe-subscriber-profile
set family pppoe duplicate-protection
set proxy-arp
```

Step-by-Step Procedure To configure a VLAN demux interface over an Ethernet underlying interface:

1. Configure the underlying Ethernet interface.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces ge-0/3/0
user@host# set flexible-vlan-tagging
user@host# set encapsulation flexible-ethernet-services
user@host# set hierarchical-scheduler maximum-hierarchy-levels 2
```
2. Create the VLAN demux interface, and specify a unit number.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces demux0 unit 1
```
3. Configure the VLAN tags.

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit 1]
user@host# set vlan-tags outer 1 inner 1
```
4. Specify the underlying Ethernet interface.

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit 1]
user@host# set demux-options underlying-interface ge-0/3/0
```
5. Specify the dynamic profile.

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit 1]
user@host# set family pppoe dynamic-profile pppoe-subscriber-profile
```
6. Prevent multiple PPPoE sessions from being created for the same PPPoE subscriber on the same VLAN interface.

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit 1]
user@host# set family pppoe duplicate-protection
```

7. (Optional) Specify that you want the demux interface to use Proxy ARP.

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit 1]
user@host# set proxy-arp
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show** command.

```
[edit interfaces]
user@host# show
ge-0/3/0 {
  hierarchical-scheduler maximum-hierarchy-levels 2;
  flexible-vlan-tagging;
  encapsulation flexible-ethernet-services;
}
demux0 {
  unit 1 {
    proxy-arp;
    vlan-tags outer 1 inner 1;
    demux-options {
      underlying-interface ge-0/3/0;
    }
    family pppoe {
      duplicate-protection;
      dynamic-profile pppoe-subscriber-profile;
    }
  }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Configuring an Interface for Communication with RADIUS Server

CLI Quick Configuration To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```
edit interfaces ge-0/2/5
set unit 0 family inet address 203.0.113.99
set gigether-options no-auto-negotiation
```

Step-by-Step Procedure To configure the interface:

1. Create the interface, specify a unit number, and configure the address.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces ge-0/2/5
```

2. Configure the interface for IPv4 and specify the address.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/2/5]
user@host# set unit 0 family inet address 203.0.113.99
```

3. Specify that Gigabit Ethernet options are not automatically negotiated.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/2/5]
user@host# set gigether-options no-auto-negotiation
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show** command.

```
[edit interfaces ge-0/2/5]
user@host# show
gigether-options {
  no-auto-negotiation;
}
unit 0 {
  family inet {
    address 203.0.113.99/32;
  }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Specifying the BNG IP Address

CLI Quick Configuration To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```
edit routing-options
```

```
set router-id 203.0.113.0
```



BEST PRACTICE: We strongly recommend that you configure the BNG IP address, thereby avoiding unpredictable behavior if the interface address on a loopback interface changes.

Step-by-Step Procedure

To configure the IP address of the BNG:

1. Access the routing-options configuration.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit routing-options
```

2. Specify the IP address or the BNG.

```
[edit routing-options]
user@host# set router-id 203.0.113.0
```

Results

From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show** command.

```
[edit routing-options]
user@host# show
router-id 203.0.113.0;
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Configuring RADIUS Server Access

CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```
edit access radius-server 203.0.113.99
set secret "$ABC123$ABC123$ABC123"
set timeout 45
set retry 4
set source-address 203.0.113.1
```

Step-by-Step Procedure

To configure RADIUS servers:

1. Create a RADIUS server configuration, and specify the address of the server.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit access radius-server 203.0.113.99
```

2. Configure the required secret (password) for the server. Secrets enclosed in quotation marks can contain spaces.

```
[edit access radius-server 203.0.113.99]
user@host# set secret "$ABC123$ABC123$ABC123"
```

3. Configure the source address that the BNG uses when it sends RADIUS requests to the RADIUS server.

```
[edit access radius-server 203.0.113.99]
user@host# set source address 203.0.113.1
```

4. (Optional) Configure the number of times that the router attempts to contact a RADIUS accounting server. You can configure the router to retry from 1 through 16 times. The default setting is 3 retry attempts.

```
[edit access radius-server 203.0.113.99]
user@host# set retry 4
```

5. (Optional) Configure the length of time that the local router or switch waits to receive a response from a RADIUS server. By default, the router or switch waits 3 seconds. You can configure the timeout to be from 1 through 90 seconds.

```
[edit access radius-server 203.0.113.99]
user@host# set timeout 45
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show** command.

```
[edit access]
user@host# show
radius-server {
  203.0.113.99 {
    secret "$ABC123$ABC123$ABC123"; ## SECRET-DATA
    timeout 45;
    retry 4;
    source-address 203.0.113.1;
  }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Configuring RADIUS Server Access Profile

CLI Quick Configuration To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```
edit access profile Access-Profile
set authentication-order radius
set radius authentication-server 203.0.113.99
set radius accounting-server 203.0.113.99
set accounting order radius
set accounting order none
set accounting update-interval 120
```


set accounting statistics volume-time**Step-by-Step Procedure**

To configure a RADIUS server access profile:

1. Create a RADIUS server access profile.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit access profile Access-Profile
```
2. Specify the order in which authentication methods are used.

```
[edit access profile Access-Profile]
user@host# set authentication-order radius
```
3. Specify the address of the RADIUS server used for authentication and the server used for accounting.

```
[edit access profile Access-Profile]
user@host# set radius authentication-server 203.0.113.99
user@host# set radius accounting-server 203.0.113.99
```
4. Configure RADIUS accounting values for the access profile.

```
[edit access profile Access-Profile]
user@host# set accounting order [ radius none ]
user@host# set accounting update-interval 120
user@host# set accounting statistics volume-time
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show** command.

```
[edit access]
user@host# show
profile Access-Profile {
  authentication-order radius;
  radius {
    authentication-server 203.0.113.99;
    accounting-server 203.0.113.99;
  }
  accounting {
    order [ radius none ];
    update-interval 120;
    statistics volume-time;
  }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Configuring Local Address-Assignment Pools

CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network

configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```
edit access address-assignment
set pool v4-pool family inet network 203.0.113.161/32
set pool v4-pool family inet range v4-range-0 low 203.0.113.161
set pool v4-pool family inet range v4-range-0 high 203.0.113.255
set pool v4-pool family inet dhcp-attributes maximum-lease-time 99999
set pool v6-ia-na-pool family inet6 prefix 2001:db8:1000:0000::/64
set pool v6-ia-na-pool family inet6 range v6-range-0 low 2001:db8:1000::1/128
set pool v6-ia-na-pool family inet6 range v6-range-0 high 2001:db8:1000::ffff:ffff/128
set pool v6-pd-pool family inet6 prefix 2001:db8:2012::/48
set pool v6-pd-pool family inet6 range v6-pd prefix-length 64
```

Step-by-Step Procedure Configure three address-assignment pools for DHCPv4, DHCPv6 IA_NA, and DHCPv6 prefix delegation.

To configure the address-assignment pools:

1. Configure the address-assignment pool for DHCPv4.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit access address-assignment pool v4-pool
user@host# edit family inet
user@host# set network 203.0.113.161
user@host# set range v4-range-0 low 203.0.113.161
user@host# set range v4-range-0 high 203.0.113.255
user@host# set dhcp-attributes maximum-lease-time 99999
```

2. Configure the address-assignment pool for DHCPv6 IA_NA.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit access address-assignment pool v6-ia-na-pool
user@host# edit family inet6
user@host# set prefix 2001:db8:1000:0000::/64
user@host# set range v6-range-0 low 2001:db8:1000::1/128
user@host# set range v6-range-0 high 2001:db8:1000::ffff:ffff/128
```

3. Configure the address-assignment pool for DHCPv6 prefix delegation.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit access address-assignment pool v6-pd-pool
user@host# edit family inet6
user@host# set prefix 2001:db8:2012::/48
user@host# set range v6-pd prefix-length 64
```

4. (Optional) Enable duplicate prefix protection.

```
[edit access]
user@host# set address-protection
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show** command.

```
[edit access]
user@host# show
address-assignment {
  pool v4-pool {
    family inet {
      network 203.0.113.161/32;
      range v4-range-0 {
        low 203.0.113.161;
        high 203.0.113.255;
      }
      dhcp-attributes {
        maximum-lease-time 99999;
      }
    }
  }
  pool v6-ia-na-pool {
    family inet6 {
      prefix prefix 2001:db8:1000:0000::/64 ;
      range v6-range-0 {
        low 2001:db8:1000::1/128;
        high 2001:db8:1000::ffff:ffff/128;
      }
    }
  }
  pool v6-pd-pool {
    family inet6 {
      prefix 2001:db8:2012::/48;
      range v6-pd prefix-length 64;
    }
  }
  address-protection;
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Verification

Confirm that the configuration is working properly.

- [Verifying Active Subscriber Sessions on page 556](#)
- [Verifying Both IPv4 and IPv6 Address in Correct Routing Instance on page 556](#)
- [Verifying Dynamic Subscriber Sessions on page 557](#)
- [Verifying DHCPv6 Address Pools Used for DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation on page 558](#)
- [Verifying DHCPv6 Address Bindings on page 559](#)
- [Verifying PPP Options Negotiated with the Remote Peer on page 560](#)

Verifying Active Subscriber Sessions

Purpose Verify active subscriber sessions.

Action From operational mode, enter the **show subscribers summary** command.

```
user@host>show subscribers summary
```

```
Subscribers by State
```

```
Active: 2
```

```
Total: 2
```

```
Subscribers by Client Type
```

```
DHCP: 1
```

```
PPPoE: 1
```

```
Total: 2
```

Meaning The fields under **Subscribers by State** show the number of active subscribers.

The fields under **Subscribers by Client Type** show the number of active DHCP and PPPoE subscriber sessions.

Verifying Both IPv4 and IPv6 Address in Correct Routing Instance

Purpose Verify that the subscriber has both an IPv4 and IPv6 address and is placed in the correct routing instance.

Action From operational mode, enter the **show subscribers** command.

```
user@host>show subscribers
```

| Interface | IP Address/VLAN ID | User Name | LS:RI |
|----------------|--------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| pp0.1073741825 | 203.0.113.162 | SBRSTATICUSER | default:default |
| pp0.1073741825 | 2001:db8:1000::1 | | default:default |

Meaning The **Interface** field shows that two subscriber sessions are running on the same interface. The **IP Address** field shows that one session is assigned an IPv4 address, and the second session is assigned an IPv6 address by DHCPv6 IA_NA.

The **LS:RI** field shows that the subscriber is placed in the correct routing instance and that traffic can be sent and received.

Verifying Dynamic Subscriber Sessions

Purpose Verify dynamic PPPoE and DHCPv6 subscriber sessions. In this example configuration the DHCPv6 subscriber session should be layered over the underlying PPPoE subscriber session.

Action From operational mode, enter the **show subscribers detail** command.

```
user@host>show subscribers detail
Type: PPPoE
User Name: SBRSTATICUSER
IP Address: 203.0.113.162
IP Netmask: 255.0.0.0
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: pp0.1073741825
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: pppoe-subscriber-profile
MAC Address: 00:00:5E:00:53:01
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 2
Session ID: 2
Login Time: 2011-12-08 09:11:41 PST

Type: DHCP
IPv6 Address: 2001:db8:1000::1
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: pp0.1073741825
Interface type: Static
MAC Address: 00:00:5E:00:53:31
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 3
Session ID: 3
Underlying Session ID: 2
Login Time: 2011-12-08 09:12:11 PST
DHCP Options: len 42
00 08 00 02 0b b8 00 01 00 0a 00 03 00 01 00 01 02 00 00 01
00 06 00 02 00 03 00 03 00 0c 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00 00
```

Meaning When a subscriber has logged in and started both an IPv4 and an IPv6 session, the output shows the active underlying PPPoE session and the active DHCPv6 session.

The **Session ID** field for the PPPoE session is 2. The **Underlying Session ID** for the DHCP session is 2, which shows that the PPPoE session is the underlying session.

Verifying DHCPv6 Address Pools Used for DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation

Purpose Verify the delegated address pool used for DHCPv6 prefix delegation and the length of the IPv6 prefix that was delegated to the CPE.

Action From operational mode, enter the **show subscribers extensive** command.

```
user@host>show subscribers extensive
Type: PPPoE
User Name: SBRSTATICUSER
IP Address: 203.0.113.162
IP Netmask: 255.0.0.0
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: pp0.1073741825
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: pppoe-subscriber-profile
MAC Address: 00:00:5E:00:53:31
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 2
Session ID: 2
Login Time: 2011-12-08 09:11:41 PST
IPv6 Delegated Address Pool: v6-na-pool

Type: DHCP
IPv6 Address: 2001:db8:1000::1
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: pp0.1073741825
Interface type: Static
MAC Address: 00:00:5E:00:53:31
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 3
Session ID: 3
Underlying Session ID: 2
Login Time: 2011-12-08 09:12:11 PST
DHCP Options: len 42
00 08 00 02 0b b8 00 01 00 0a 00 03 00 01 00 01 02 00 00 01
00 06 00 02 00 03 00 03 00 0c 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00 00
IPv6 Delegated Address Pool: v6-na-pool
IPv6 Delegated Network Prefix Length: 64
```

Meaning The **IPv6 Delegated Address Pool** field shows the name of the pool that DHCPv6 used to assign the IPv6 address for this subscriber session.

Verifying DHCPv6 Address Bindings

Purpose Display the address bindings in the client table on the DHCPv6 local server.

Action From operational mode, enter the **show dhcpv6 server binding detail** command.

```
user@host>show dhcpv6 server binding detail
Session Id: 580547
  Client IPv6 Address:      2001:db8:1000::4/128
  Client DUID:              LL0x1-00:01:02:00:00:01
  State:                    BOUND(DHCPV6_LOCAL_SERVER_STATE_BOUN
D)
  Lease Expires:            2012-01-05 07:06:04 PST
  Lease Expires in:         82943 seconds
  Lease Start:              2012-01-04 07:06:04 PST
  Last Packet Received:     2012-01-04 07:06:04 PST
  Incoming Client Interface: pp0.1073926645
  Server Ip Address:        0.0.0.0
  Client Pool Name:         v6-na-pool-0
  Client Id Length:         10
  Client Id:                /0x00030001/0x00010200/0x0001
```

Meaning The **Client IPv6 Address** field shows the /128 address that was assigned to the CPE WAN link using DHCPv6 IA_NA.

The **Client Pool Name** field shows the name of the address pool that was used to assign the **Client IPv6 Address**.

Verifying PPP Options Negotiated with the Remote Peer

Purpose Verify PPP options negotiated with the remote peer.

Action From operational mode, enter the **show ppp interface *interface* extensive** command.

```
user@host>show ppp interface pp0.1073741825 extensive
Session pp0.1073926645, Type: PPP, Phase: Network
LCP
  State: Opened
  Last started: 2012-01-04 07:05:33 PST
  Last completed: 2012-01-04 07:05:33 PST
  Negotiated options:
    Authentication protocol: pap, Magic number: 191301485, Local MRU: 1492,
    Peer MRU: 65531
Authentication: PAP
  State: Grant
  Last started: 2012-01-04 07:05:33 PST
  Last completed: 2012-01-04 07:05:33 PST
IPCP
  State: Opened
  Last started: 2012-01-04 07:05:34 PST
  Last completed: 2012-01-04 07:05:34 PST
  Negotiated options:
    Local address: 203.0.113.1, Remote address: 203.0.113.162
IPV6CP
  State: Opened
  Last started: 2012-01-04 07:05:34 PST
  Last completed: 2012-01-04 07:05:34 PST
  Negotiated options:
    Local interface identifier: 2a0:a50f:fc71:e049,
    Remote interface identifier: 201:2ff:fe00:1
```

Meaning The output shows the PPP options that were negotiated with the remote peer.

Under IPCP, the **Negotiated options** field shows the IPv4 local and remote addresses that were negotiated by IPCP.

Under IPV6CP, the **Negotiated options** field shows the IPv6 local and remote interface identifier that were negotiated by IPV6CP.

- Related Documentation**
- [Using DHCPv6 IA_NA with DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation Overview on page 441](#)
 - [Design 1: IPv6 Addressing with DHCPv6 IA_NA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation on page 451](#)

Example: Configuring a Dual Stack That Uses ND/RA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation Over PPPoE

- [Requirements on page 561](#)
- [Overview on page 561](#)

- [Configuration on page 563](#)
- [Verification on page 578](#)

Requirements

This example uses the following hardware and software components:

- MX Series 3D Universal Edge Router
- Junos OS Release 11.4 or later

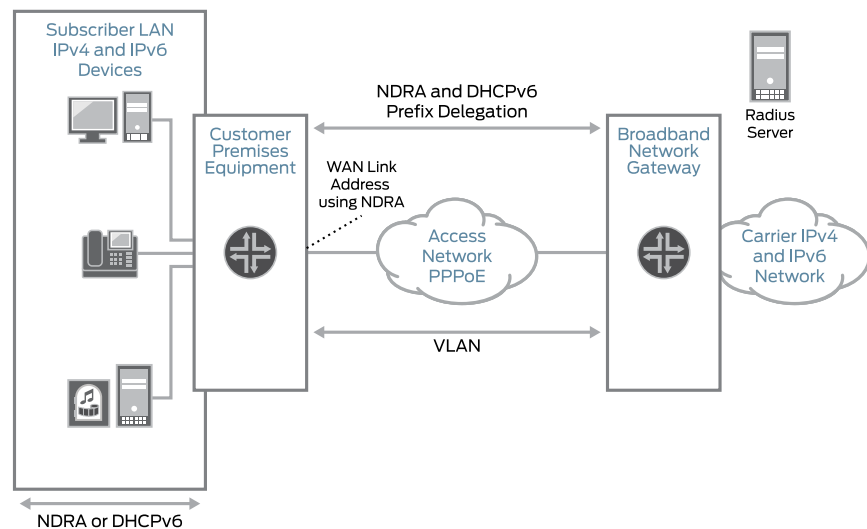
Overview

This design uses ND/RA and DHCPv6 prefix delegation in your subscriber access network as follows:

- The access network is PPPoE.
- ND/RA is used to assign a global IPv6 address on the WAN link. The prefixes used in router advertisements come from a local pool that is specified using AAA RADIUS.
- DHCPv6 prefix delegation is used for subscriber LAN addressing. It used a delegated prefix from a local pool that is specified using AAA RADIUS.
- DHCPv4 is used for subscriber LAN addressing.
- DHCPv6 subscriber sessions are layered over an underlying PPPoE subscriber session.

Topology

Figure 23: PPPoE Subscriber Access Network with ND/RA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation



[Table 49 on page 562](#) describes the configuration components used in this example.

Table 49: Configuration Components Used in Dual Stack with ND/RA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation

| Configuration Component | Component Name | Purpose |
|--------------------------|---------------------|---|
| Dynamic Profiles | DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ndra | Profile that creates a PPPoE logical interface when the subscriber logs in. |
| Interfaces | ge-3/3/0 | Underlying Ethernet interface. |
| | lo0 | Loopback interface for use in the access network. The loopback interface is automatically used for unnumbered interfaces. |
| Address-Assignment Pools | default-ipv4-pool-2 | Pool that provides IPv4 addresses for the subscriber LAN. |
| | ndra-2010 | Pool that provides IPv6 prefixes used in router advertisements. These prefixes are used to create a global IPv6 address that is assigned to the CPE WAN link. |
| | delegated-pool | Pool that provides a pool of prefixes that are delegated to the CPE and are used for assigning IPv6 global addresses on the subscriber LAN. |

Configuration

- [Configuring a DHCPv6 Local Server for DHCPv6 over PPPoE on page 565](#)
- [Configuring a Dynamic Profile for the PPPoE Logical Interface on page 566](#)
- [Configuring a Loopback Interface on page 569](#)
- [Configuring a Static Underlying Ethernet Interface for Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces on page 570](#)
- [Specifying the BNG IP Address on page 571](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS Server Access on page 572](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS Server Access Profile on page 573](#)
- [Specifying the RADIUS Server Access Profile to Use on page 574](#)
- [Configuring Local Address-Assignment Pools on page 575](#)
- [Specifying the Address-Assignment Pool to Be Used for DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation on page 576](#)

CLI Quick Configuration

The following is the complete configuration for this example:

```
dynamic-profiles {
  DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra {
    interfaces {
      pp0 {
        unit "$junos-interface-unit" {
          ppp-options {
            chap;
            pap;
          }
          pppoe-options {
            underlying-interface "$junos-underlying-interface";
            server;
          }
          keepalives interval 30;
          family inet {
            unnumbered-address lo0.0;
          }
          family inet6 {
            address $junos-ipv6-address;
          }
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
protocols {
  router-advertisement {
    interface "$junos-interface-name" {
      prefix $junos-ipv6-ndra-prefix;
    }
  }
}
}
system {
```

```
services {
  dhcp-local-server {
    dhcpv6 {
      overrides {
        delegated-pool dhcpv6-pd-pool;
      }
      group DHCPv6-over-pppoe {
        interface pp0.0;
      }
    }
  }
}
access-profile Access-Profile;
interfaces {
  ge-3/3/0 {
    unit 1109 {
      description "dynamic ipv4v6 dual stack, ndra, dhcpv6 pd";
      encapsulation ppp-over-ether;
      vlan-id 1109;
      pppoe-underlying-options {
        duplicate-protection;
        dynamic-profile DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra;
      }
    }
  }
  lo0 {
    description "dynamic ipv4v6 dual stack, ndra, dhcpv6 pd";
    unit 0 {
      family inet {
        address 192.0.2.77/32 {
          primary;
        }
      }
      family inet6 {
        address 2001:db8:2030:0:0::1/64 {
          primary;
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
routing-options {
  router-id 203.0.113.0;
}
access {
  radius-server {
    203.0.113.99 {
      secret "$ABC123$ABC123ABC123"; ## SECRET-DATA
      timeout 45;
      retry 4;
      source-address 203.0.113.1;
    }
  }
  profile Access-Profile {
    authentication-order radius;
  }
}
```

```

radius {
    authentication-server 203.0.113.99;
    accounting-server 203.0.113.99;
}
accounting {
    order [ radius none ];
    update-interval 120;
    statistics volume-time;
}
}
address-assignment {
    pool default-ipv4-pool-2 {
        family inet {
            network 203.0.113.10/16;
            range r5 {
                low 203.0.113.11;
                high 203.0.113.150;
            }
        }
    }
    pool delegated-pool {
        family inet6 {
            prefix 2001:db8:2040:2000::/48;
            range r1 prefix-length 64;
        }
    }
    pool ndra-2010 {
        family inet6 {
            prefix 2001:db8:2010:0:0:0::/48;
            range L prefix-length 64;
        }
    }
}
address-protection;
}

```

Configuring a DHCPv6 Local Server for DHCPv6 over PPPoE

CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```

edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6
edit group DHCPv6-over-pppoe
set interface pp0.0

```

Step-by-Step Procedure To layer DHCPv6 above the PPPoE IPv6 family (inet6), associate DHCPv6 with the PPPoE interfaces by adding the PPPoE interfaces to the DHCPv6 local server configuration. Because this example uses a dynamic PPPoE interface, we are using the pp0.0 (PPPoE) logical interface as a wildcard to indicate that a DHCPv6 binding can be made on top of a PPPoE interface.

To configure a DHCPv6 local server:

1. Access the DHCPv6 local server configuration.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6
```

2. Create a group for dynamic PPPoE interfaces and assign a name.

The group feature groups a set of interfaces and then applies a common DHCP configuration to the named interface group.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]
user@host# edit group DHCPv6-over-pppoe
```

3. Add an interface for dynamic PPPoE logical interfaces.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group DHCPv6-over-pppoe]
user@host# set interface pp0.0
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show** command.

```
[edit]
user@host# show
system {
  services {
    dhcp-local-server {
      dhcpv6 {
        group DHCPv6-over-pppoe {
          interface pp0.0;
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Configuring a Dynamic Profile for the PPPoE Logical Interface

CLI Quick Configuration To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```
edit dynamic-profiles DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra
edit interfaces pp0 unit $junos-interface-unit
```

```

set family inet unnumbered-address lo0.0
set family inet6 address $junos-ipv6-address
set pppoe-options underlying-interface "$junos-underlying-interface"
set pppoe-options server
set ppp-options pap
set ppp-options chap
set keepalives interval 30
up 3
edit protocols router-advertisement
edit interface $junos-interface-name
set prefix $junos-ipv6-ndra-prefix

```

Step-by-Step Procedure Create a dynamic profile for the PPPoE logical interface. This dynamic profile supports both IPv4 and IPv6 sessions on the same logical interface.

To configure the dynamic profile:

1. Create and name the dynamic profile.

```

[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra

```

2. Configure a PPPoE logical interface (pp0) that is used to create logical PPPoE interfaces for the IPv4 and IPv6 subscribers.

```

[edit dynamic-profiles DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra]
user@host# edit interfaces pp0

```

3. Specify **\$junos-interface-unit** as the predefined variable to represent the logical unit number for the **pp0** interface. The variable is dynamically replaced with the actual unit number supplied by the network when the subscriber logs in.

```

[edit dynamic-profiles DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra interfaces pp0]
user@host# edit unit $junos-interface-unit

```

4. Specify **\$junos-underlying-interface** as the predefined variable to represent the name of the underlying Ethernet interface on which the router creates the dynamic PPPoE logical interface. The variable is dynamically replaced with the actual name of the underlying interface supplied by the network when the subscriber logs in.

```

[edit dynamic-profiles DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set pppoe-options underlying-interface $junos-underlying-interface

```

5. Configure the router to act as a PPPoE server when a PPPoE logical interface is dynamically created.

```

[edit dynamic-profiles DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set pppoe-options server

```

6. Configure the IPv4 family for the pp0 interface. Specify the unnumbered address to dynamically create loopback interfaces.

```

[edit dynamic-profiles DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]

```

```
user@host# set family inet unnumbered-address lo0.0
```

7. Configure the IPv6 family for the pp0 interface. Because the example uses router advertisement, assign the predefined variable `$junos-ipv6-address`.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set family inet6 unnumbered-address $junos-ipv6-address
```

8. Configure one or more PPP authentication protocols for the pp0 interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set ppp-options chap
user@host# set ppp-options pap
```

9. Enable keepalives and set an interval for keepalives. We recommend an interval of 30 seconds.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set keepalives interval 30
```

10. Access the router advertisement configuration.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra]
user@host# edit protocols router-advertisement
```

11. Specify the interface on which the ND/RA configuration is applied.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra protocols router-advertisement]
user@host# edit interface $junos-interface-name
```

12. Specify a prefix value contained in router advertisement messages sent to the CPE on interfaces created with this dynamic profile. If you specify the `$junos-ipv6-ndra-prefix` predefined variable, the actual value is obtained from a local pool or through AAA.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra protocols router-advertisement interface
"$junos-interface-name"]
user@host# set prefix $junos-ipv6-ndra-prefix
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show** command.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra]
user@host# show
interfaces {
  pp0 {
    unit "$junos-interface-unit" {
      ppp-options {
        chap;
        pap;
      }
      pppoe-options {
        underlying-interface "$junos-underlying-interface";
      }
    }
  }
}
```



```

        server;
    }
    keepalives interval 30;
    family inet {
        unnumbered-address lo0.0;
    }
    family inet6 {
        address $junos-ipv6-address;
    }
}
}
}
protocols {
    router-advertisement {
        interface "$junos-interface-name" {
            prefix $junos-ipv6-ndra-prefix;
        }
    }
}
}

```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Configuring a Loopback Interface

CLI Quick Configuration To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```

edit interfaces lo0 unit 0
set family inet address 192.0.2.77/32 primary
set family inet6 address 2001:db8:2030:0:0::1/64 primary

```

Step-by-Step Procedure To configure a loopback interface:

1. Create the loopback interface and specify a unit number.

```

[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces lo0 unit 0

```

2. Configure the interface for IPv4.

```

[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0]
user@host# set family inet address 192.0.2.77/32 primary

```

3. Configure the interface for IPv6.

```

[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0]
user@host# set family inet6 address 2001:db8:2030:0:0::1/64 primary

```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show** command.

```

[edit interfaces lo0]

```

```
user@host# show
unit 0 {
  family inet {
    address 192.0.2.77/32 {
      primary;
    }
  }
  family inet6 {
    address 2001:db8:2030:0:0::1/64 {
      primary;
    }
  }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Configuring a Static Underlying Ethernet Interface for Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces

CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```
edit interfaces ge-3/3/0 unit 1109
set description "dynamic ipv4v6 dual stack, ndra, dhcpv6 pd"
set encapsulation ppp-over-ether
set vlan-id 1109
set pppoe-underlying-options duplicate-protection
set pppoe-underlying-options dynamic-profile DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra
```

Step-by-Step Procedure

To configure the underlying Ethernet interface:

1. Specify the name and logical unit number of the static underlying Ethernet interface to which you want to attach the IPv4 and IPv6 dynamic profile.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces ge-3/3/0 unit 1109
```

2. Configure a description for the interface.

```
[edit interfaces ge-3/3/0 unit 1109]
user@host# set description "dynamic ipv4v6 dual stack, ndra, dhcpv6 pd"
```

3. Configure PPPoE encapsulation on the underlying interface.

```
[edit interfaces ge-3/3/0 unit 1109]
user@host# set encapsulation ppp-over-ether
```

4. Configure the VLAN Id.

```
[edit interfaces ge-3/3/0 unit 1109]
user@host# set vlan-id 1109
```

5. Attach the dynamic profile to the underlying interface.

```
[edit interfaces ge-3/3/0 unit 1109]
user@host# set pppoe-underlying-options dynamic-profile DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra
```

6. (Optional) Prevent multiple PPPoE sessions from being created for the same PPPoE subscriber on the same VLAN interface.

```
[edit interfaces ge-3/3/0 unit 1109]
user@host# set pppoe-underlying-options duplicate-protection
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show** command.

```
[edit interfaces]
user@host# show
ge-3/3/0 {
  unit 1109 {
    description "dynamic ipv4v6 dual stack, ndra, dhcpv6 pd";
    encapsulation ppp-over-ether;
    vlan-id 1109;
    pppoe-underlying-options {
      duplicate-protection;
      dynamic-profile DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra;
    }
  }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Specifying the BNG IP Address

CLI Quick Configuration To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```
edit routing-options
set router-id 203.0.113.0
```



BEST PRACTICE: We strongly recommend that you configure the BNG IP address to avoid unpredictable behavior if the interface address on a loopback interface changes.

Step-by-Step Procedure To configure the IP address of the BNG:

1. Access the routing-options configuration.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit routing-options
```

2. Specify the IP address or the BNG.

```
[edit routing-options]  
user@host# set router-id 203.0.113.0
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show** command.

```
[edit routing-options]  
user@host# show  
router-id 203.0.113.0;
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Configuring RADIUS Server Access

CLI Quick Configuration To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```
edit access radius-server 203.0.113.99  
set secret "$ABC123$ABC123ABC123"  
set timeout 45  
set retry 4  
set source-address 203.0.113.1
```

Step-by-Step Procedure To configure RADIUS servers:

Step-by-Step Procedure To configure RADIUS servers:

1. Create a RADIUS server configuration, and specify the address of the server.

```
[edit]  
user@host# edit access radius-server 203.0.113.99
```

2. Configure the required secret (password) for the server. Secrets enclosed in quotation marks can contain spaces.

```
[edit access radius-server 203.0.113.99]  
user@host# set secret "$ABC123$ABC123ABC123"
```

3. Configure the source address that the BNG uses when it sends RADIUS requests to the RADIUS server.

```
[edit access radius-server 203.0.113.99]  
user@host# set source address 203.0.113.1
```

4. (Optional) Configure the number of times that the router attempts to contact a RADIUS accounting server. You can configure the router to retry from 1 through 16 times. The default setting is 3 retry attempts.

```
[edit access radius-server 203.0.113.99]
user@host# set retry 4
```

5. (Optional) Configure the length of time that the local router or switch waits to receive a response from a RADIUS server. By default, the router or switch waits 3 seconds. You can configure the timeout to be from 1 through 90 seconds.

```
[edit access radius-server 203.0.113.99]
user@host# set timeout 45
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show** command.

```
[edit access]
user@host# show
radius-server {
  203.0.113.99 {
    secret "$ABC123$ABC123ABC123"; ## SECRET-DATA
    timeout 45;
    retry 4;
    source-address 203.0.113.1;
  }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Configuring RADIUS Server Access Profile

CLI Quick Configuration To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```
edit access profile Access-Profile
set authentication-order radius
set radius authentication-server 203.0.113.99
set radius accounting-server 203.0.113.99
set accounting order radius
set accounting order none
set accounting update-interval 120
set accounting statistics volume-time
top
set access-profile Access-Profile
```

Step-by-Step Procedure To configure a RADIUS server access profile:

1. Create a RADIUS server access profile.


```
[edit]
user@host# edit access profile Access-Profile
```
2. Specify the order in which authentication methods are used.

```
[edit access profile Access-Profile]
user@host# set authentication-order radius
```

3. Specify the address of the RADIUS server used for authentication and the server used for accounting.

```
[edit access profile Access-Profile]
user@host# set radius authentication-server 203.0.113.99
user@host# set radius accounting-server 203.0.113.99
```

4. Configure RADIUS accounting values for the access profile.

```
[edit access profile Access-Profile]
user@host# set accounting order [ radius none ]
user@host# set accounting update-interval 120
user@host# set accounting statistics volume-time
```

5. At the top of the configuration hierarchy, enter the following command to enable the access profile.

```
[edit]
user@host# set access-profile Access-Profile
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show** command.

```
[edit access]
user@host# show
profile Access-Profile {
  authentication-order radius;
  radius {
    authentication-server 203.0.113.99;
    accounting-server 203.0.113.99;
  }
  accounting {
    order [ radius none ];
    update-interval 120;
    statistics volume-time;
  }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Specifying the RADIUS Server Access Profile to Use

CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure this example, copy the following command and paste it into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```
set access-profile Access-Profile
```

Step-by-Step Procedure

To specify the RADIUS server access profile to use for authentication:

1. Specify the access profile.

```
[edit]
user@host# set access-profile Access-Profile
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show** command.

```
[edit]
user@host# show
...
access-profile Access-Profile;
...
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Configuring Local Address-Assignment Pools

CLI Quick Configuration To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```
edit access
set address-assignment pool default-ipv4-pool-2 family inet network 203.0.113.10/16
set address-assignment pool default-ipv4-pool-2 family inet range r5 low 203.0.113.11
set address-assignment pool default-ipv4-pool-2 family inet range r5 high 203.0.113.150
set address-assignment pool delegated-pool family inet6 prefix
2001:db8:2040:2000:2000::/48
set address-assignment pool delegated-pool family inet6 range r1 prefix-length 64
set address-assignment pool ndra-2010 family inet6 prefix 2001:db8:2010:0:0:0::/48
set address-assignment pool ndra-2010 family inet6 range L prefix-length 64
set address-protection
```

Step-by-Step Procedure Configure three address-assignment pools for DHCPv4, DHCPv6 prefix delegation, and ND/RA.

To configure the address-assignment pools:

1. Configure the address-assignment pool for DHCPv4.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit access address-assignment pool default-ipv4-pool-2
user@host# edit family inet
user@host# set network 203.0.113.10/16
user@host# set range r5 low 203.0.113.11
user@host# set range r5 high 203.0.113.150
```

2. Configure the address-assignment pool for DHCPv6 prefix delegation

```
[edit]
user@host# edit access address-assignment pool delegated-pool
user@host# edit family inet6
user@host# set prefix 2001:db8:2040:2000:2000::/48
user@host# set range r1 prefix-length 64
```

3. Configure the address-assignment pool for ND/RA.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit access address-assignment pool ndra-2010
user@host# edit family inet6
user@host# set prefix 2001:db8:2010:0:0:0::/48
user@host# set range L prefix-length 64
```

4. (Optional) Enable duplicate prefix protection.

```
[edit access]
user@host# set address-protection
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show** command.

```
[edit access]
user@host# show
address-assignment {
  pool default-ipv4-pool-2 {
    family inet {
      network 203.0.113.10/16;
      range r5 {
        low 203.0.113.11;
        high 203.0.113.150;
      }
    }
  }
  pool delegated-pool {
    family inet6 {
      prefix 2001:db8:2040:2000:2000::/48;
      range r1 prefix-length 64;
    }
  }
  pool ndra-2010 {
    family inet6 {
      prefix 2001:db8:2010:0:0:0::/48;
      range L prefix-length 64;
    }
  }
}
address-protection;
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Specifying the Address-Assignment Pool to Be Used for DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation

CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```
edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6
set overrides delegated-pool dhcpv6-pd-pool
```


Step-by-Step Procedure To specify that the dhcp-pd-pool is used for DHCPv6 prefix delegation:

1. Access the DHCPv6 local server configuration.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6
```

2. Specify the address pool that assigns the delegated prefix.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]
user@host# set overrides delegated-pool dhcpv6-pd-pool
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show** command.

```
[edit system]
user@host# show
services {
  dhcp-local-server {
    dhcpv6 {
      overrides {
        delegated-pool dhcpv6-pd-pool;
      }
    }
  }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Verification

Confirm that the configuration is working properly.

- [Verifying Active Subscriber Sessions on page 578](#)
- [Verifying Both IPv4 and IPv6 Address in Correct Routing Instance on page 578](#)
- [Verifying Dynamic Subscriber Sessions on page 579](#)
- [Verifying DHCPv6 Address Pools Used for NDRA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation on page 581](#)
- [Verifying DHCPv6 Address Bindings on page 582](#)
- [Verifying Router Advertisements on page 582](#)
- [Verifying the Status of the PPPoE Logical Interface on page 583](#)

Verifying Active Subscriber Sessions

Purpose Verify active subscriber sessions.

Action From operational mode, enter the **show subscribers summary** command.

```
user@host>show subscribers summary
Subscribers by State
  Active: 2
  Total: 2

Subscribers by Client Type
  DHCP: 1
  PPPoE: 1
  Total: 2
```

Meaning The fields under **Subscribers by State** show the number of active subscribers.

The fields under **Subscribers by Client Type** show the number of active DHCP and DHCPoE subscriber sessions.

Verifying Both IPv4 and IPv6 Address in Correct Routing Instance

Purpose Verify that the subscriber has both an IPv4 and IPv6 address and is placed in the correct routing instance.

Action From operational mode, enter the **show subscribers** command.

```
user@host>show subscribers
Interface      IP Address/VLAN ID  User Name      LS:RI
pp0.1073741864 203.0.113.5         dual-stack-v4v6-pd default:default
*              2001:db8:2010:0:0:8::/64
pp0.1073741864 2001:db8:2040:2000:2000:5::/64
default:default
```

Meaning The **Interface** field shows that there are two subscriber sessions running on the same interface. The **IP Address** field shows that one session is assigned an IPv4 address, and one session is assigned on IPv6 address.

The **LS:RI** field shows that the subscriber is placed in the correct routing instance and that traffic can be sent and received.

Verifying Dynamic Subscriber Sessions

Purpose Verify dynamic PPPoE and DHCPv6 subscriber sessions. In this example configuration the DHCPv6 subscriber session should be layered over the underlying PPPoE subscriber session.

Action From operational mode, enter the **show subscribers detail** command.

```
user@host>show subscribers detail
Type: PPPoE
User Name: dual-stack-v4v6-pd
IP Address: 203.0.113.5
IP Netmask: 255.255.0.0
IPv6 User Prefix: 2001:db8:2010:0:0:8::/64
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: pp0.1073741864
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra
MAC Address: 00:00:5E:00:53:02
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 87
Session ID: 87
Login Time: 2012-01-17 14:45:30 PST

Type: DHCP
IPv6 Prefix: 2001:db8:2040:2000:2000:5::/64
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: pp0.1073741864
Interface type: Static
MAC Address: 00:00:5E:00:53:02
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 88
Session ID: 88
Underlying Session ID: 87
Login Time: 2012-01-17 14:46:00 PST
DHCP Options: len 42
00 08 00 02 0b b8 00 01 00 0a 00 03 00 01 00 07 64 11 07 02
00 06 00 02 00 19 00 19 00 0c 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00 00
```

Meaning When a subscriber has logged in and started both an IPv4 and an IPv6 session, the output shows the active underlying PPPoE session and the active DHCPv6 session.

The **Session ID** field for the PPPoE session is 87. The **Underlying Session ID** for the DHCP session is 87, which shows that the PPPoE session is the underlying session.

Verifying DHCPv6 Address Pools Used for NDRA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation

Purpose Verify the pool used for ND/RA, the delegated address pool used for DHCPv6 prefix delegation and the length of the IPv6 prefixes that were delegated to the CPE.

Action From operational mode, enter the **show subscribers extensive** command.

```
user@host>show subscribers extensive
Type: PPPoE
User Name: dual-stack-v4v6-pd
IP Address: 203.0.113.5
IP Netmask: 255.255.0.0
IPv6 User Prefix: 2001:db8:2010:0:0:8::/64
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: pp0.1073741864
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra
MAC Address: 00:00:5E:00:53:02
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 87
Session ID: 87
Login Time: 2012-01-17 14:45:30 PST
IPv6 Delegated Address Pool: delegated-pool
IPv6 Delegated Address Pool: ndra-2010
IPv6 Delegated Network Prefix Length: 48
IPv6 Interface Address: 2010:0:0:8::1/64

Type: DHCP
IPv6 Prefix: 2001:db8:2040:2000:2000:5::/64
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: pp0.1073741864
Interface type: Static
MAC Address: 00:00:5E:00:53:02
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 88
Session ID: 88
Underlying Session ID: 87
Login Time: 2012-01-17 14:46:00 PST
DHCP Options: len 42
00 08 00 02 0b b8 00 01 00 0a 00 03 00 01 00 07 64 11 07 02
00 06 00 02 00 19 00 19 00 0c 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00 00
IPv6 Delegated Address Pool: delegated-pool
IPv6 Delegated Network Prefix Length: 64
IPv6 Delegated Network Prefix Length: 48
```

Meaning Under the PPPoE session, the **IPv6 Delegated Address Pool** fields show the names of the pools used for DHCPv6 prefix delegation and for ND/RA prefixes. The **IPv6 Delegated Network Prefix Length** field shows the length of the prefix used to assign the IPv6 address for this subscriber session. The **IPv6 Interface Address** field shows the IPv6 address assigned to the CPE interface from the ND/RA pool.

Under the DHCP session, the **IPv6 Delegated Address Pool** fields show the name of the pool used for DHCPv6 prefix delegation. The **IPv6 Delegated Network Prefix Length** fields shows the length of the prefix used in DHCPv6 prefix delegation.

Verifying DHCPv6 Address Bindings

Purpose Display the address bindings in the client table on the DHCPv6 local server.

Action From operational mode, enter the **show dhcpv6 server binding** command.

```
user@host>show dhcpv6 server binding
Prefix                Session Id Expires State Interface Client DUID
2001:db8:2040:2000:2000:5::/64 88 86189 BOUND pp0.1073741864
LL0x1-00:07:64:11:07:02
```

If you have many active subscriber sessions, you can display the server binding for a specific interface.

```
user@host>show dhcpv6 server binding interface pp0.1073741864
Prefix                Session Id Expires State Interface Client DUID
2001:db8:2040:2000:2000:5::/64 88 86182 BOUND pp0.1073741864
LL0x1-00:07:64:11:07:02
```

Meaning The **Prefix** field shows the DHCPv6 prefix assigned to the subscriber session from the pool used for DHCPv6 prefix delegation.

Verifying Router Advertisements

Purpose Verify that router advertisements are being sent, and router solicits are being received.

Action From operational mode, enter the **show ipv6 router-advertisement** command.

```
user@host>show ipv6 router-advertisement
Interface: pp0.1073741864
  Advertisements sent: 3, last sent 00:03:29 ago
  Solicits received: 0
  Advertisements received: 0
```

If you have a large number of subscriber interfaces, you can display router advertisements for a specific interface.

```
user@host>show ipv6 router-advertisement interface pp0.1073741864
Interface: pp0.1073741864
  Advertisements sent: 3, last sent 00:03:34 ago
  Solicits received: 0
  Advertisements received: 0
```

Meaning The display shows the number of advertisements that the router sent, the number of solicits and advertisements that the router received.

Verifying the Status of the PPPoE Logical Interface

Purpose Display status information about the PPPoE logical interface (pp0).

Action From operational mode, enter the **show interfaces pp0.logical** command.

```
user@host>show interfaces pp0.1073741864
  Logical interface pp0.1073741864 (Index 388) (SNMP ifIndex 681)
    Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPPoE
    PPPoE:
      State: SessionUp, Session ID: 10,
      Session AC name: almach, Remote MAC address: 00:00:5E:00:53:02,
      Underlying interface: ge-3/3/0.1109 (Index 367)
      Bandwidth: 1000mbps
      Input packets : 22
      Output packets: 50
      Keepalive settings: Interval 30 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
      LCP state: Opened
      NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Opened, iso: Not-configured, mpls: Not-configured

      CHAP state: Closed
      PAP state: Success
      Protocol inet, MTU: 65531
        Flags: Sendbcst-pkt-to-re
        Addresses, Flags: Is-Primary
        Local: 192.0.2.77
      Protocol inet6, MTU: 65531
        Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
        Destination: 2001:db8:2010:0:8::/64, Local: 2001:db8:2010:0:8::1
        Local: fe80::2a0:a50f:fc63:a842
```

Meaning The **Underlying interface** field shows the underlying Ethernet interface configured in the example.

The **Destination** field under **Protocol inet6** shows the IPv6 address obtained through ND/RA. This is the value of the *\$junos-ipv6-ndra-prefix* variable configured in the dynamic profile.

The **Local** field under **Protocol inet6** shows the value of the *\$junos-ipv6-address* variable configured for family inet6 in the pp0 configuration of the dynamic profile.

Related Documentation

- [Design 2: IPv6 Addressing with NDRA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation on page 452](#)
- [How NDRA Works in a Subscriber Access Network on page 432](#)
- [DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation over PPPoE on page 439](#)

Example: Configuring a Dual Stack That Uses ND/RA Over PPPoE

This example shows a dual stack configuration for a residential subscriber with a single PC. It uses ND/RA to provide a prefix used to obtain a global IPv6 address for the PC.

- [Requirements on page 584](#)
- [Overview on page 584](#)
- [Configuration on page 586](#)
- [Verification on page 599](#)

Requirements

This example uses the following hardware and software components:

- MX Series 3D Universal Edge Router
- Junos OS Release 11.4 or later

Overview

This design uses ND/RA in your subscriber access network as follows:

- The access network is PPPoE.
- ND/RA is used to assign a global IPv6 address on the WAN link. The prefixes used in router advertisements come from a local pool that is specified using AAA RADIUS.

Topology

Figure 24: PPPoE Subscriber Access Network with NDRA

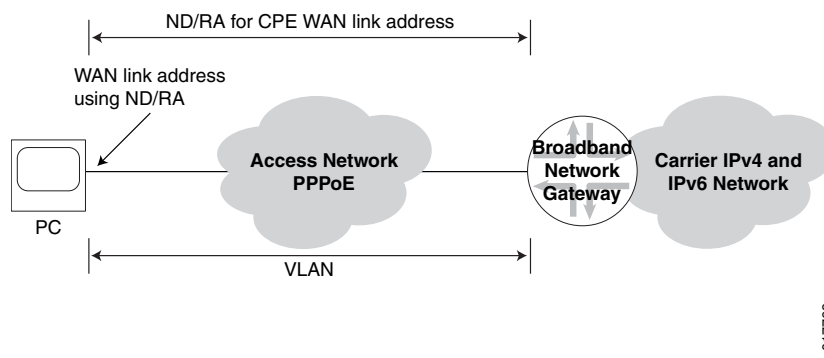


Table 50 on page 585 describes the configuration components used in this example.

Table 50: Configuration Components Used in Dual Stack with ND/RA and DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation

| Configuration Component | Component Name | Purpose |
|--------------------------|---------------------|---|
| Dynamic Profiles | DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ndra | Profile that creates a PPPoE logical interface when the subscriber logs in. |
| Interfaces | ge-3/3/0 | Underlying Ethernet interface. |
| | lo0 | Loopback interface for use in the access network. The loopback interface is automatically used for unnumbered interfaces. |
| Address-Assignment Pools | default-ipv4-pool-2 | Pool that provides IPv4 addresses for the subscriber LAN. |
| | ndra-2010 | Pool that provides IPv6 prefixes used in router advertisements. These prefixes are used to create a global IPv6 address that is assigned to the CPE WAN link. |

Configuration

To configure this example, perform these tasks:

- [Configuring a Dynamic Profile for the PPPoE Logical Interface on page 588](#)
- [Configuring a Loopback Interface on page 591](#)
- [Configuring a Static Underlying Ethernet Interface for Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces on page 592](#)
- [Specifying the BNG IP Address on page 593](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS Server Access on page 594](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS Server Access Profile on page 595](#)
- [Specifying the RADIUS Server Access Profile to Use on page 596](#)
- [Configuring Local Address-Assignment Pools on page 596](#)

CLI Quick Configuration

The following is the complete configuration for this example:

```
dynamic-profiles {
  DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra {
    interfaces {
      pp0 {
        unit "$junos-interface-unit" {
          ppp-options {
            chap;
            pap;
          }
          pppoe-options {
            underlying-interface "$junos-underlying-interface";
            server;
          }
          keepalives interval 30;
          family inet {
            unnumbered-address lo0.0;
          }
          family inet6 {
            address $junos-ipv6-address;
          }
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
protocols {
  router-advertisement {
    interface "$junos-interface-name" {
      prefix $junos-ipv6-ndra-prefix;
    }
  }
}
system {
  services {
    dhcp-local-server {
```

```

        dhcpv6 {
            group DHCPv6-over-pppoe {
                interface pp0.0;
            }
        }
    }
}
access-profile Access-Profile;
interfaces {
    ge-3/3/0 {
        unit 1004 {
            description "dynamic ipv4v6 dual stack, ndra, dhcpv6 pd";
            encapsulation ppp-over-ether;
            vlan-id 1004;
            pppoe-underlying-options {
                duplicate-protection;
                dynamic-profile DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra;
            }
        }
    }
    lo0 {
        description "dynamic ipv4v6 dual stack, ndra, dhcpv6 pd";
        unit 0 {
            family inet {
                address 192.0.2.77/32 {
                    primary;
                }
            }
            family inet6 {
                address 2001:db8:2030:0:0:0::1/64 {
                    primary;
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
routing-options {
    router-id 203.0.113.0;
}
access {
    radius-server {
        203.0.113.99 {
            secret "$ABC123$ABC123ABC123"; ## SECRET-DATA
            timeout 45;
            retry 4;
            source-address 203.0.113.1;
        }
    }
}
profile Access-Profile {
    authentication-order radius;
    radius {
        authentication-server 203.0.113.99;
        accounting-server 203.0.113.99;
    }
    accounting {

```

```
        order [ radius none ];
        update-interval 120;
        statistics volume-time;
    }
}
address-assignment {
    neighbor-discovery-router-advertisement ndra-2010;
    pool default-ipv4-pool-2 {
        family inet {
            network 203.0.113.10/16;
            range r5 {
                low 203.0.113.11;
                high 203.0.113.150;
            }
        }
    }
    pool ndra-2010 {
        family inet6 {
            prefix 2001:db8:2010:0:0:0::/48;
            range L prefix-length 64;
        }
    }
}
address-protection;
}
```

Configuring a Dynamic Profile for the PPPoE Logical Interface

CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```
edit dynamic-profiles DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra
edit interfaces pp0 unit $junos-interface-unit
set family inet unnumbered-address lo0.0
set family inet6 address $junos-ipv6-address
set pppoe-options underlying-interface "$junos-underlying-interface"
set pppoe-options server
set ppp-options pap
set ppp-options chap
set keepalives interval 30
up 3
edit protocols router-advertisement
edit interface $junos-interface-name
set prefix $junos-ipv6-ndra-prefix
```

Step-by-Step Procedure

Create a dynamic profile for the PPPoE logical interface. This dynamic profile supports both IPv4 and IPv6 sessions on the same logical interface.

To configure the dynamic profile:

1. Create and name the dynamic profile.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit dynamic-profiles DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra
```

2. Configure a PPPoE logical interface (pp0) that is used to create logical PPPoE interfaces for the IPv4 and IPv6 subscribers.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra]
user@host# edit interfaces pp0
```

3. Specify **\$junos-interface-unit** as the predefined variable to represent the logical unit number for the pp0 interface. The variable is dynamically replaced with the actual unit number supplied by the network when the subscriber logs in.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra interfaces pp0]
user@host# edit unit $junos-interface-unit
```

4. Specify **\$junos-underlying-interface** as the predefined variable to represent the name of the underlying Ethernet interface on which the router creates the dynamic PPPoE logical interface. The variable is dynamically replaced with the actual name of the underlying interface supplied by the network when the subscriber logs in.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set pppoe-options underlying-interface $junos-underlying-interface
```

5. Configure the router to act as a PPPoE server when a PPPoE logical interface is dynamically created.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set pppoe-options server
```

6. Configure the IPv4 family for the pp0 interface. Specify the unnumbered address to dynamically create loopback interfaces.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set family inet unnumbered-address lo0.0
```

7. Configure the IPv6 family for the pp0 interface. Because the example uses router advertisement, assign the predefined variable **\$junos-ipv6-address**.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set family inet6 unnumbered-address $junos-ipv6-address
```

8. Configure one or more PPP authentication protocols for the pp0 interface.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set ppp-options chap
user@host# set ppp-options pap
```

9. Enable keepalives and set an interval for keepalives. We recommend an interval of 30 seconds.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
```

```
user@host# set keepalives interval 30
```

10. Access the router advertisement configuration.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra]  
user@host# edit protocols router-advertisement
```

11. Specify the interface on which the ND/RA configuration is applied.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra protocols router-advertisement]  
user@host# edit interface $junos-interface-name
```

12. Specify a prefix value contained in router advertisement messages sent to the CPE on interfaces created with this dynamic profile. If you specify the \$junos-ipv6-ndra-prefix predefined variable, the actual value is obtained from a local pool or through AAA.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra protocols router-advertisement interface  
"$junos-interface-name"]  
user@host# set prefix $junos-ipv6-ndra-prefix
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show** command.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra]  
user@host# show  
interfaces {  
  pp0 {  
    unit "$junos-interface-unit" {  
      ppp-options {  
        chap;  
        pap;  
      }  
      pppoe-options {  
        underlying-interface "$junos-underlying-interface";  
        server;  
      }  
      keepalives interval 30;  
      family inet {  
        unnumbered-address lo0.0;  
      }  
      family inet6 {  
        address $junos-ipv6-address;  
      }  
    }  
  }  
}  
protocols {  
  router-advertisement {  
    interface "$junos-interface-name" {  
      prefix $junos-ipv6-ndra-prefix;  
    }  
  }  
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Configuring a Loopback Interface

CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```
edit interfaces lo0 unit 0
set family inet address 192.0.2.77/32 primary
set family inet6 address 2001:db8:2030:0:0::1/64 primary
```

Step-by-Step Procedure

To configure a loopback interface:

1. Create the loopback interface and specify a unit number.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces lo0 unit 0
```

2. Configure the interface for IPv4.

```
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0]
user@host# set family inet address 192.0.2.77/32 primary
```

3. Configure the interface for IPv6.

```
[edit interfaces lo0 unit 0]
user@host# set family inet6 address 2001:db8:2030:0:0::1/64 primary
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show** command.

```
[edit interfaces lo0]
user@host# show
unit 0 {
  family inet {
    address 192.0.2.77/32 {
      primary;
    }
  }
  family inet6 {
    address 2001:db8:2030:0:0::1/64 {
      primary;
    }
  }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Configuring a Static Underlying Ethernet Interface for Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces

CLI Quick Configuration To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```
edit interfaces ge-3/3/0 unit 1004
set description "dynamic ipv4v6 dual stack, ndra, dhcpv6 pd"
set encapsulation ppp-over-ether
set vlan-id 1004
set pppoe-underlying-options duplicate-protection
set pppoe-underlying-options dynamic-profile DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra
```

Step-by-Step Procedure To configure the underlying Ethernet interface:

1. Specify the name and logical unit number of the static underlying Ethernet interface to which you want to attach the IPv4 and IPv6 dynamic profile.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit interfaces ge-3/3/0 unit 1004
```

2. Configure a description for the interface.

```
[edit interfaces ge-3/3/0 unit 1004]
user@host# set description "dynamic ipv4v6 dual stack, ndra, dhcpv6 pd"
```

3. Configure PPPoE encapsulation on the underlying interface.

```
[edit interfaces ge-3/3/0 unit 1004]
user@host# set encapsulation ppp-over-ether
```

4. Configure the VLAN Id.

```
[edit interfaces ge-3/3/0 unit 1004]
user@host# set vlan-id 1004
```

5. Attach the dynamic profile to the underlying interface.

```
[edit interfaces ge-3/3/0 unit 1004]
user@host# set pppoe-underlying-options dynamic-profile DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra
```

6. (Optional) Prevent multiple PPPoE sessions from being created for the same PPPoE subscriber on the same VLAN interface.

```
[edit interfaces ge-3/3/0 unit 1004]
user@host# set pppoe-underlying-options duplicate-protection
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show** command.


```
[edit interfaces]
user@host# show
ge-3/3/0 {
  unit 1004 {
    description "dynamic ipv4v6 dual stack, ndra, dhcpv6 pd";
    encapsulation ppp-over-ether;
    vlan-id 1004;
    pppoe-underlying-options {
      duplicate-protection;
      dynamic-profile DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra;
    }
  }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Specifying the BNG IP Address

CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```
edit routing-options
set router-id 203.0.113.0
```



BEST PRACTICE: We strongly recommend that you configure the BNG IP address to avoid unpredictable behavior if the interface address on a loopback interface changes.

Step-by-Step Procedure

To configure the IP address of the BNG:

1. Access the routing-options configuration.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit routing-options
```

2. Specify the IP address or the BNG.

```
[edit routing-options]
user@host# set router-id 203.0.113.0
```

Results

From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show** command.

```
[edit routing-options]
user@host# show
router-id 203.0.113.0;
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Configuring RADIUS Server Access

CLI Quick Configuration To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```
edit access radius-server 203.0.113.99
set secret "$ABC123$ABC123ABC123"
set timeout 45
set retry 4
set source-address 203.0.113.1
```

Step-by-Step Procedure To configure RADIUS servers:

Step-by-Step Procedure To configure RADIUS servers:

1. Create a RADIUS server configuration, and specify the address of the server.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit access radius-server 203.0.113.99
```

2. Configure the required secret (password) for the server. Secrets enclosed in quotation marks can contain spaces.

```
[edit access radius-server 203.0.113.99]
user@host# set secret "$ABC123$ABC123ABC123"
```

3. Configure the source address that the BNG uses when it sends RADIUS requests to the RADIUS server.

```
[edit access radius-server 203.0.113.99]
user@host# set source address 203.0.113.1
```

4. (Optional) Configure the number of times that the router attempts to contact a RADIUS accounting server. You can configure the router to retry from 1 through 16 times. The default setting is 3 retry attempts.

```
[edit access radius-server 203.0.113.99]
user@host# set retry 4
```

5. (Optional) Configure the length of time that the local router or switch waits to receive a response from a RADIUS server. By default, the router or switch waits 3 seconds. You can configure the timeout to be from 1 through 90 seconds.

```
[edit access radius-server 203.0.113.99]
user@host# set timeout 45
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show** command.

```
[edit access]
user@host# show
radius-server {
  203.0.113.99 {
    secret "$ABC123$ABC123ABC123"; ## SECRET-DATA
    timeout 45;
    retry 4;
    source-address 203.0.113.1;
  }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Configuring RADIUS Server Access Profile

CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```
edit access profile Access-Profile
set authentication-order radius
set radius authentication-server 203.0.113.99
set radius accounting-server 203.0.113.99
set accounting order radius
set accounting order none
set accounting update-interval 120
set accounting statistics volume-time
```

Step-by-Step Procedure

To configure a RADIUS server access profile:

1. Create a RADIUS server access profile.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit access profile Access-Profile
```
2. Specify the order in which authentication methods are used.

```
[edit access profile Access-Profile]
user@host# set authentication-order radius
```
3. Specify the address of the RADIUS server used for authentication and the server used for accounting.

```
[edit access profile Access-Profile]
user@host# set radius authentication-server 203.0.113.99
user@host# set radius accounting-server 203.0.113.99
```
4. Configure RADIUS accounting values for the access profile.

```
[edit access profile Access-Profile]
user@host# set accounting order [ radius none ]
user@host# set accounting update-interval 120
user@host# set accounting statistics volume-time
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show** command.

```
[edit access]
user@host# show
profile Access-Profile {
  authentication-order radius;
  radius {
    authentication-server 203.0.113.99;
    accounting-server 203.0.113.99;
  }
  accounting {
    order [ radius none ];
    update-interval 120;
    statistics volume-time;
  }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Specifying the RADIUS Server Access Profile to Use

CLI Quick Configuration To quickly configure this example, copy the following command and paste it into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```
set access-profile Access-Profile
```

Step-by-Step Procedure To specify the RADIUS server access profile to use for authentication:

1. Specify the access profile.

```
[edit]
user@host# set access-profile Access-Profile
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show** command.

```
[edit]
user@host# show
...
access-profile Access-Profile;
...
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Configuring Local Address-Assignment Pools

CLI Quick Configuration To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level.

```
edit access
set address-assignment pool default-ipv4-pool-2 family inet network 203.0.113.10/16
```

```

set address-assignment pool default-ipv4-pool-2 family inet range r5 low 203.0.113.11
set address-assignment pool default-ipv4-pool-2 family inet range r5 high 203.0.113.150
set address-assignment pool ndra-2010 family inet6 prefix 2001:db8:2010:0:0:0::/48
set address-assignment pool ndra-2010 family inet6 range L prefix-length 64
set address-assignment neighbor-discovery-router-advertisement ndra-2010
set address-protection

```

Step-by-Step Procedure Configure three address-assignment pools for DHCPv4, DHCPv6 prefix delegation, and ND/RA.

To configure the address-assignment pools:

1. Configure the address-assignment pool for DHCPv4.

```

[edit]
user@host# edit access address-assignment pool default-ipv4-pool-2
user@host# edit family inet
user@host# set network 203.0.113.10/16
user@host# set range r5 low 203.0.113.11
user@host# set range r5 high 203.0.113.150

```

2. Configure the address-assignment pool for ND/RA.

```

[edit]
user@host# edit access address-assignment pool ndra-2010
user@host# edit family inet6
user@host# set prefix 2001:db8:2010:0:0:0::/48
user@host# set range L prefix-length 64

```

3. Specify that the address-assignment pool is used for NDRA.

```

[edit]
user@host# edit access address-assignment
user@host# set neighbor-discovery-router-advertisement ndra-2010

```

4. (Optional) Enable duplicate prefix protection.

```

[edit access]
user@host# set address-protection

```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show** command.

```

[edit access]
user@host# show
address-assignment {
  neighbor-discovery-router-advertisement ndra-2010;
  pool default-ipv4-pool-2 {
    family inet {
      network 203.0.113.10/16;
      range r5 {
        low 203.0.113.11;
        high 203.0.113.150;
      }
    }
  }
}

```

```
    }  
  }  
  pool ndra-2010 {  
    family inet6 {  
      prefix 2001:db8:2010:0:0:0::/48;  
      range L prefix-length 64;  
    }  
  }  
  }  
  address-protection;
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Verification

Confirm that the configuration is working properly.

- [Verifying Active Subscriber Sessions on page 599](#)
- [Verifying Both IPv4 and IPv6 Address in Correct Routing Instance on page 599](#)
- [Verifying Dynamic Subscriber Sessions on page 600](#)
- [Verifying the ND/RA Prefix Pool and Prefix Length on page 600](#)
- [Verifying the Status of the PPPoE Logical Interface on page 601](#)
- [Verifying Router Advertisements on page 602](#)

Verifying Active Subscriber Sessions

Purpose Verify active subscriber sessions.

Action From operational mode, enter the **show subscribers summary** command.

```
user@host>show subscribers summary
Subscribers by State
  Active: 2
  Total: 2

Subscribers by Client Type
  DHCP: 1
  PPPoE: 1
  Total: 2
```

Meaning The fields under **Subscribers by State** show the number of active subscribers.

The fields under **Subscribers by Client Type** show the number of active DHCP and DHCPoE subscriber sessions.

Verifying Both IPv4 and IPv6 Address in Correct Routing Instance

Purpose Verify that the subscriber has both an IPv4 and IPv6 address and is placed in the correct routing instance.

Action From operational mode, enter the **show subscribers** command.

```
user@host>show subscribers
Interface      IP Address/VLAN ID  User Name      LS:RI
pp0.1073741864 192.0.2.5           dual-stack-v4v6-pd default:default
*              2001:db8:2010:0:0:8::/64
pp0.1073741864 2001:db8:2040:2000:2000:5::/64
default:default
```

Meaning The **Interface** field shows that there are two subscriber sessions running on the same interface. The **IP Address** field shows that one session is assigned an IPv4 address, and one session is assigned on IPv6 address.

The **LS:RI** field shows that the subscriber is placed in the correct routing instance and that traffic can be sent and received.

Verifying Dynamic Subscriber Sessions

Purpose Verify that the dynamic subscriber session is active, and the IPv6 prefix obtained from the ND/RA pool.

Action From operational mode, enter the **show subscribers detail** command.

```
user@host>show subscribers detail
Type: PPPoE
User Name: dual-stack-v4v6-nas
IP Address: 192.0.2.4
IP Netmask: 255.255.0.0
IPv6 User Prefix: 2001:db8:2010:0:0:6::/64
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: pp0.1073741859
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra
MAC Address: 00:00:5E:00:53:02
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 81
Session ID: 81
Login Time: 2012-01-17 14:19:41 PST
```

Meaning The **IPv6 User Prefix** field shows the prefix that was obtained from the ND/RA pool. The **State** field shows that the session is active.

Verifying the ND/RA Prefix Pool and Prefix Length

Purpose Verify the pool used for ND/RA and the prefix length used with the pool

Action From operational mode, enter the **show subscribers extensive** command.

```
user@host>show subscribers extensive
Type: PPPoE
User Name: dual-stack-v4v6-nas
IP Address: 192.0.2.4
IP Netmask: 255.255.0.0
IPv6 User Prefix: 2001:db8:2010:0:0:6::/64
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: pp0.1073741859
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra
MAC Address: 00:00:5E:00:53:02
```



```

State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 81
Session ID: 81
Login Time: 2012-01-17 14:19:41 PST
IPv6 Delegated Address Pool: ndra-2010
IPv6 Delegated Network Prefix Length: 48
IPv6 Interface Address: 2001:db8:2010:0:0:6::1/64

```

Meaning Under the PPPoE session, the **IPv6 Delegated Address Pool** field shows the name of the pool used for ND/RA prefixes. The **IPv6 Delegated Network Prefix Length** field shows the length of the prefix used to assign the IPv6 address for this subscriber session. The **IPv6 Interface Address** field shows the IPv6 address assigned to the CPE interface from the ND/RA pool.

Verifying the Status of the PPPoE Logical Interface

Purpose Display status information about the PPPoE logical interface (pp0).

Action From operational mode, enter the **show interfaces pp0.logical** command.

```

user@host>show interfaces pp0.1073741859
Logical interface pp0.1073741859 (Index 388) (SNMP ifIndex 674)
  Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPPoE
  PPPoE:
    State: SessionUp, Session ID: 10,
    Session AC name: almach, Remote MAC address: 00:00:5E:00:53:02,
    Underlying interface: ge-3/3/0.1004 (Index 354)
    Bandwidth: 1000mbps
    Input packets : 15
    Output packets: 44
  Keepalive settings: Interval 30 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
  LCP state: Opened
  NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Opened, iso: Not-configured, mpls: Not-configured

  CHAP state: Closed
  PAP state: Success
  Protocol inet, MTU: 65531
    Flags: Sendbroadcast-pkt-to-re
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Primary
      Local: 192.0.2.77
  Protocol inet6, MTU: 65531
    Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
      Destination: 2001:db8:2010:0:0:6::/64, Local: 2001:db8:2010:0:0:6::1
      Local: fe80::2a0:a50f:fc63:a842

```

Meaning The **Local** field under **Protocol inet** shows the IPv4 address of the pp0 interface. This is the IPv4 address configured for the loopback interface.

The **Destination** field under **Protocol inet6** shows the IPv6 address obtained through ND/RA. This is the value of the *\$junos-ipv6-ndra-prefix* variable configured in the dynamic profile.

The **Local** field under **Protocol inet6** shows the value of the *\$junos-ipv6-address* variable configured for family inet6 in the pp0 configuration of the dynamic profile.

Verifying Router Advertisements

Purpose Verify that router advertisements are being sent, and router solicits are being received.

Action From operational mode, enter the **show ipv6 router-advertisement** command.

```
user@host>show ipv6 router-advertisement
Interface: pp0.1073741859
  Advertisements sent: 3, last sent 00:09:53 ago
  Solicits received: 0
  Advertisements received: 0
```

If you have a large number of subscriber interfaces, you can display router advertisements for a specific interface.

```
user@host>show ipv6 router-advertisement interface pp0.1073741859
Interface: pp0.1073741859
  Advertisements sent: 3, last sent 00:10:31 ago
  Solicits received: 0
  Advertisements received: 0
```

Meaning The display shows the number of advertisements that the router sent, the number of solicits and advertisements that the router received.

Related Documentation

- [How NDRA Works in a Subscriber Access Network on page 432](#)
- [Design 3: IPv6 Addressing with NDRA on page 453](#)
- [Best Practice: IPv6 Addressing for Logical Interfaces in PPPoE Dynamic Profiles with NDRA on page 514](#)

CHAPTER 61

Monitoring and Managing Dual Stack Subscribers

- [Monitoring Active Subscriber Sessions on page 603](#)
- [Monitoring Both IPv4 and IPv6 Address in Correct Routing Instance on page 604](#)
- [Monitoring Dynamic Subscriber Sessions on page 604](#)
- [Monitoring Address Pools Used for Subscribers on page 605](#)
- [Monitoring Specific Subscriber Sessions on page 606](#)
- [Monitoring the Status of the PPPoE Logical Interface on page 607](#)
- [Monitoring Service Sessions for Subscribers on page 608](#)
- [Monitoring PPP Options Negotiated with the Remote Peer on page 608](#)
- [Monitoring the RADIUS Attribute Used for NDRA on page 609](#)

Monitoring Active Subscriber Sessions

Purpose View a summary of active subscriber sessions.

Action From operational mode, enter the **show subscribers summary** command.

```
user@host>show subscribers summary
```

```
Subscribers by State
```

```
Active: 2
```

```
Total: 2
```

```
Subscribers by Client Type
```

```
DHCP: 1
```

```
PPPoE: 1
```

```
Total: 2
```

Meaning The output under **Subscribers by State** shows the number of active subscriber sessions.

The output under **Subscribers by Client Type** shows the number of active sessions by type. The two subscriber sessions above represent a DHCPv6 subscriber on a PPPoE access network. When DHCPv6 is layered over PPPoE, two separate subscriber sessions are created for a subscriber.

Related Documentation • [show subscribers summary on page 2010](#)

Monitoring Both IPv4 and IPv6 Address in Correct Routing Instance

Purpose Verify that the subscriber has both an IPv4 and an IPv6 address and is placed in the correct routing-instance.

Action From operational mode, enter the **show subscribers** command.

```
user@host>show subscribers
Interface      IP Address/VLAN ID  User Name      LS:RI
pp0.1073741825 203.0.113.162      ipv4-v6-subscriber default:default
pp0.1073741825 2001:DB8::1        default:default
```

Meaning The **Interface** field shows that there are two subscriber sessions running on the same interface. The **IP Address** field shows that one session is assigned an IPv4 address, and one session is assigned on IPv6 address.

The **LS:RI** field shows that the subscriber is placed in the correct routing instance and that traffic can be sent and received.

Related Documentation • [show subscribers on page 1980](#)

Monitoring Dynamic Subscriber Sessions

Purpose Display dynamic PPPoE and DHCPv6 subscriber sessions.

Action From operational mode, enter the **show subscribers detail** command.

```
user@host>show subscribers detail
Type: PPPoE
User Name: SBRSTATICUSER
IP Address: 203.0.113.162
IP Netmask: 255.0.0.0
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: pp0.1073741825
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: pppoe-subscriber-profile
MAC Address: 00:00:5E:00:53:01
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 2
Session ID: 2
Login Time: 2011-12-08 09:11:41 PST

Type: DHCP
IPv6 Address: 2001:DB8::1
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
```

```

Interface: pp0.1073741825
Interface type: Static
MAC Address: 00:00:5E:00:53:01
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 3
Session ID: 3
Underlying Session ID: 2
Login Time: 2011-12-08 09:12:11 PST
DHCP Options: len 42
00 08 00 02 0b b8 00 01 00 0a 00 03 00 01 00 01 02 00 00 01
00 06 00 02 00 03 00 03 00 0c 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00 00

```

Meaning If you are using DHCPv6 over a PPPoE access network, the output shows the relationship of the DHCPv6 subscriber session with its underlying PPPoE subscriber session. In the output for the PPPoE session, the **Session ID** is 2. The output of the DHCP session shows that the **Underlying Session ID** is 2.

Related Documentation

- [show subscribers on page 1980](#)

Monitoring Address Pools Used for Subscribers

Purpose Verify the pool used for NDRA, the delegated address pool used for DHCPv6 prefix delegation, and the length of the IPv6 prefixes that were delegated to the CPE.

Action From operational mode, enter the **show subscribers extensive** command.

```

user@host>show subscribers extensive
Type: PPPoE
User Name: dual-stack-v4v6-pd
IP Address: 2.2.0.5
IP Netmask: 255.255.0.0
IPv6 User Prefix: 2001:db8:2010:0:0:8::/64
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: pp0.1073741864
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra
MAC Address: 00:00:5E:00:53:02
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 87
Session ID: 87
Login Time: 2012-01-17 14:45:30 PST
IPv6 Delegated Address Pool: dhcpv6-pd-pool
IPv6 Delegated Address Pool: ndra-2010
IPv6 Delegated Network Prefix Length: 48
IPv6 Interface Address: 2001:db8:2010:0:0:8::1/64

Type: DHCP
IPv6 Prefix: 2001:db8:2040:2000:2000:5::/64
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: pp0.1073741864

```

```
Interface type: Static
MAC Address: 00:00:5E:00:53:02
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 88
Session ID: 88
Underlying Session ID: 87
Login Time: 2012-01-17 14:46:00 PST
DHCP Options: len 42
00 08 00 02 0b b8 00 01 00 0a 00 03 00 01 00 07 64 11 07 02
00 06 00 02 00 19 00 19 00 0c 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00 00
IPv6 Delegated Address Pool: dhcpv6-pd-pool
IPv6 Delegated Network Prefix Length: 64
IPv6 Delegated Network Prefix Length: 48
```

Meaning Under the PPPoE session, the **IPv6 Delegated Address Pool** fields show the names of the pools used for DHCPv6 prefix delegation and for NDRA prefixes. The **IPv6 Delegated Network Prefix Length** field shows the length of the prefix used to assign the IPv6 address for this subscriber session. The **IPv6 Interface Address** field shows the IPv6 address assigned to the CPE interface from the NDRA pool.

Under the DHCP session, the **IPv6 Delegated Address Pool** fields show the name of the pool used for DHCPv6 prefix delegation. The **IPv6 Delegated Network Prefix Length** fields shows the length of the prefix used in DHCPv6 prefix delegation.

Related Documentation • [show subscribers on page 1980](#)

Monitoring Specific Subscriber Sessions

Purpose Display information about specific subscriber sessions. If you have many subscriber sessions running, you can use this command to display specific sessions.

Action From operational mode, enter the **show subscribers extensive id** command.

```
user@host>show subscribers extensive id 2
Type: PPPoE
User Name: SBRSTATICUSER
IP Address: 203.0.113.162
IP Netmask: 255.0.0.0
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: pp0.1073741825
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: pppoe-subscriber-profile
MAC Address: 00:00:5E:00:53:01
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 2
Session ID: 2
Login Time: 2011-12-08 09:11:41 PST

user@host> show subscribers extensive id 3
Type: DHCP
```

```

IPv6 Address: 2001:DB8::1
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: pp0.1073741825
Interface type: Static
MAC Address: 00:00:5E:00:53:01
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 3
Session ID: 3
Underlying Session ID: 2
Login Time: 2011-12-08 09:12:11 PST
DHCP Options: len 42
00 08 00 02 0b b8 00 01 00 0a 00 03 00 01 00 01 02 00 00 01
00 06 00 02 00 03 00 03 00 0c 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00 00

```

Meaning The output shows details about specific subscriber sessions.

Related Documentation • [show subscribers on page 1980](#)

Monitoring the Status of the PPPoE Logical Interface

Purpose Display status information about the PPPoE logical interface.

```

Action user@host> show interfaces pp0.1073741888
Logical interface pp0.1073741888 (Index 123) (SNMP ifIndex 707)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPPoE
PPPoE:
  State: SessionUp, Session ID: 16,
  Session AC name: centaurus, Remote MAC address: 00:00:5E:00:53:02,
  Underlying interface: ge-1/0/0.1104 (Index 95)
Input packets : 8
Output packets: 51816
LCP state: Opened
NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Opened, iso: Not-configured, mpls:
Not-configured
CHAP state: Closed
PAP state: Success
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
  Flags: Sendbroadcast-pkt-to-re
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Primary
  Local: 192.0.2.77
Protocol inet6, MTU: 1500
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred Is-Primary
  Destination: 2001:DB8:0:21::/64, Local: 2001:DB8:0:21::1
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Preferred
  Destination: fe80::/64, Local: fe80::2a0:a50f:fc61:6d0

```

Meaning Displays session information about the ppp0 interface.

Related Documentation • [show interfaces \(PPPoE\)](#)

Monitoring Service Sessions for Subscribers

Purpose Display a details about dual-stack subscriber session.

Action `user@host> show subscribers interface pp0.1073741888 extensive`

```
Type: PPPoE
User Name: dual-stack-v4v6-2svc-good
IP Address: 203.0.113.140
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: pp0.1073741888
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: DS-dyn-ipv4v6-ra
MAC Address: 00:00:5E:00:53:02
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 155
Session ID: 155
Login Time: 2011-01-30 20:36:53 PST
Service Sessions: 2

Service Session ID: 174
Service Session Name: l3-v4-service
State: Active
IPv4 Input Filter Name: upstrm-filter-ge-1/0/0.1104-in
IPv4 Output Filter Name: dwnstrm-filter-ge-1/0/0.1104-out

Service Session ID: 175
Service Session Name: l3-v6-service
State: Active
IPv6 Input Filter Name: v6-up-filter-ge-1/0/0.1104-in
IPv6 Output Filter Name: v6-dn-filter-ge-1/0/0.1104-out
```

Meaning The highlighted output includes details about a subscriber's service sessions.

Related Documentation • [show subscribers on page 1980](#)

Monitoring PPP Options Negotiated with the Remote Peer

Purpose Display the PPP options that were negotiated with the CPE. You can also view the IPv4 address that was negotiated with the remote peer. This address matches the address returned from AAA. You can also see this address by using the **show subscribers** command.

Note that this is the only command that will provide the details about the negotiated interface IDs.

Action user@host> **show ppp interface pp0.1073741888 extensive**
 Session pp0.1073741888, Type: PPP, Phase: Network
 LCP
 State: Opened
 Last started: 2011-01-30 20:36:53 PST
 Last completed: 2011-01-30 20:36:53 PST
 Negotiated options:
 Authentication protocol: pap, Magic number: 1174596353, MRU: 1492
 Authentication: PAP
 State: Grant
 Last started: 2011-01-30 20:36:53 PST
 Last completed: 2011-01-30 20:36:53 PST
 IPCP
 State: Opened
 Last started: 2011-01-30 20:36:54 PST
 Last completed: 2011-01-30 20:36:54 PST
 Negotiated options:
 Local address: 192.0.2.77, Remote address: 192.0.2.140
 IPV6CP
 State: Opened
 Last started: 2011-01-30 20:36:54 PST
 Last completed: 2011-01-30 20:36:54 PST
 Negotiated options:
 Local interface identifier: 2a0:a50f:fc61:6d0,
 Remote interface identifier: 200:64ff:fe01:602

Related Documentation • [show ppp interface](#)

Monitoring the RADIUS Attribute Used for NDRA

Purpose Display the RADIUS attribute used for IPv6 NDRA.

Action To display the RADIUS attribute used for IPv6 Neighbor Discovery router advertisements:

```
host1#show aaa ipv6-nd-ra-prefix
```

```
IPv6 ND RA Prefix      : IPv6-NdRa-Prefix (Juniper VSA)
```

Related Documentation • [Configuring a PPPoE Dynamic Profile for Use with NDRA in a Dual-Stack Network on page 523](#)

Monitoring and Managing DHCPv6

- [Monitoring Address Bindings on the DHCPv6 Local Server on page 611](#)
- [Verifying and Managing DHCPv6 Local Server Configuration on page 612](#)
- [Verifying and Managing DHCPv6 Relay Configuration on page 612](#)

Monitoring Address Bindings on the DHCPv6 Local Server

Purpose Display address bindings in the client table on the DHCPv6 local server.

Action To display address bindings in the client table on the DHCPv6 local server:

```

user@host>show dhcpv6 server binding detail
user@host> show dhcpv6 server binding detail
Session Id: 6
  Client IPv6 Prefix:          2001:db8:1111:2222::/64
  Client DUID:                 LL_TIME0x1-0x2e159c0-00:10:94:00:00:01

  State:
BOUND(LOCAL_SERVER_STATE_BOUND_ON_INTF_DELETE)
  Lease Expires:              2009-07-21 10:41:15 PDT
  Lease Expires in:           86308 seconds
  Lease Start:                2009-07-20 10:41:15 PDT
  Incoming Client Interface:   ge-1/0/0.0
  Server Ip Address:           0.0.0.0
  Server Interface:            none
  Client Id Length:            14
  Client Id:
/0x00010001/0x02e159c0/0x00109400/0x0001

Session Id: 7
  Client IPv6 Prefix:          2001:db8:1111:2222::/64
  Client DUID:                 LL_TIME0x1-0x2e159c0-00:10:94:00:00:02

  State:
BOUND(LOCAL_SERVER_STATE_BOUND_ON_INTF_DELETE)
  Lease Expires:              2009-07-21 10:41:15 PDT
  Lease Expires in:           86308 seconds
  Lease Start:                2009-07-20 10:41:15 PDT
  Incoming Client Interface:   ge-1/0/0.0
  Server Ip Address:           0.0.0.0
  Server Interface:            none
  Client Id Length:            14

```

Client Id:
/0x00010001/0x02e159c0/0x00109400/0x0002

Related Documentation • [show dhcpv6 server binding on page 1809](#)

Verifying and Managing DHCPv6 Local Server Configuration

Purpose View or clear information about client address bindings and statistics for the DHCPv6 local server.

Action • To display the address bindings in the client table on the DHCPv6 local server:

user@host> [show dhcpv6 server binding](#)

• To display DHCPv6 local server statistics:

user@host> [show dhcpv6 server statistics](#)

• To clear all DHCPv6 local server statistics:

user@host> [clear dhcpv6 server binding](#)

• To clear all DHCPv6 local server statistics:

user@host> [clear dhcpv6 server statistics](#)

Related Documentation • [CLI Explorer](#)

Verifying and Managing DHCPv6 Relay Configuration

Purpose View or clear address bindings or statistics for extended DHCPv6 relay agent clients:

Action • To display the address bindings for extended DHCPv6 relay agent clients:

user@host> [show dhcpv6 relay binding](#)

• To display extended DHCPv6 relay agent statistics:

user@host> [show dhcpv6 relay statistics](#)

• To clear the binding state of DHCPv6 relay agent clients:

user@host> [clear dhcpv6 relay binding](#)

• To clear all extended DHCPv6 relay agent statistics:

user@host> [clear dhcpv6 relay statistics](#)

Related Documentation • [CLI Explorer](#)

PART 4

Configuring Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management

- [Configuring Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management on page 615](#)

CHAPTER 63

Configuring Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management

- [Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management Overview on page 615](#)
- [Configuring Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management on page 617](#)
- [Verifying and Managing Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management on page 620](#)

Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management Overview

Junos OS enhanced subscriber management is a next-generation broadband edge software architecture for wireline subscriber management. Enhanced subscriber management enables you to take advantage of increased scaling and performance for configuring and managing dynamic interfaces and services for subscriber management.

Enhanced subscriber management delivers optimized scaling and performance for the existing dynamic subscriber management feature set. Enhanced subscriber management provides feature parity with the legacy Junos OS subscriber management feature set, with certain exceptions. For a list of these feature exceptions, see the latest *Junos OS Release Notes for MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers* for your Junos OS software.

In order to use dynamic profiles to create and manage dynamic subscriber interfaces and services, you *must* explicitly configure and enable enhanced subscriber management. When enhanced subscriber management is enabled, it handles all subscriber-management control protocol traffic (DHCP, PPP, PPPoE, L2TP, and dynamic VLAN creation) to direct the creation of subscriber sessions and their associated dynamic interfaces.

If you are using only static network configurations and static services in a business edge environment, you do not need to enable enhanced subscriber management to configure these static topologies. When enhanced subscriber management is *not* enabled, the following client applications do not support the use of dynamic profiles, the creation of dynamic interfaces, or dynamic authentication services:

- Dynamic VLANs
- PPPoE
- PPP

- L2TP
- DHCP

From an operational perspective, enhanced subscriber management introduces only minimal changes to existing subscriber management configuration and verification procedures. For example, enhanced subscriber management consolidates several subscriber management components previously distributed across multiple processes into a single process. As a result, enhanced subscriber management can display consolidated information for subscriber management in a single **show** command.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management on page 617](#)
- [Verifying and Managing Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management on page 620](#)

Configuring Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management

Junos OS enhanced subscriber management is a next-generation broadband edge software architecture for wireline subscriber management. With enhanced subscriber management, you can take advantage of optimized scaling and performance for configuration and management of dynamic interfaces and services for subscriber management. It must be enabled to use dynamic profiles for creating and managing dynamic subscriber interfaces and services.

Enhanced subscriber management is supported on all MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers with Modular Port Concentrators (MPCs) installed. It is not supported for MS-DPCs. If the router has both MPC and MS-DPCs, a conflict between the MS-DPC and Enhanced Subscriber Management services can occur during ISSU that can result in an unscheduled shutdown of the device. To prevent this, do not run ISSU if the system has MS-DPCs installed, or only enable Enhanced Subscriber Management on device where no MS-DPCs are present.

Before you begin:

- Download and install Junos OS Release 15.1R3 or later.

See *Migration, Upgrade, and Downgrade Instructions* in the *Junos OS Release 15.1R3 Release Notes*. You must reboot the router after the upgrade is validated and installed.



CAUTION: Because unified in-service software upgrade (unified ISSU) is not supported for subscriber management when you upgrade from a release that does not support enhanced subscriber management (Junos OS Release 14.2 or earlier) to a release that does support enhanced subscriber management (15.1R4 and later), all subscriber sessions and subscriber state are lost after the upgrade.



NOTE: Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, when enhanced IP network services and enhanced subscriber management are enabled and a Routing Engine in the system has at least 32 GB of RAM, subscriber management daemons on that Routing Engine run in 64-bit mode. For consistent operation, all Routing Engines in the system must have the same amount of memory.

To configure Junos OS enhanced subscriber management for the first time:

1. Configure enhanced IP network services on the router.

- a. Specify that you want to configure chassis properties for the router.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit chassis
```

- b. Configure enhanced IP network services.

```
[edit chassis]
user@host# set network-services enhanced-ip
```

2. Enable enhanced subscriber management.

- a. Specify that you want to configure global services for the router.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit system services
```

- b. Enable enhanced subscriber management.

```
[edit system services]
user@host# set subscriber-management enable
```

3. Increase the amount of system shared memory available for enhanced subscriber management by limiting the maximum size of the configuration database.

JUNOS OS processes map shared memory into their process space. For example, on MX240 through MX10003 routers, processes can map up to 1GB of shared memory. Enhanced subscriber management processes contend for shared memory with the JUNOS OS configuration database. By default, the configuration database tries to reserve 80 percent of the shared memory map, leaving insufficient space for subscriber management to function. The majority of configurations require much less than 300MB of mapped space. To allow subscriber management to operate and scale, adjust the JUNOS OS configuration database shared memory allocation as follows to increase the amount of shared memory available to subscriber management:

- No more than 300 MB for MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2008, MX2010, MX2020, and MX10003 routers.
- No more than 100 MB for MX5, MX10, MX40, MX80, and MX104 routers.

```
user@host# set system configuration-database max-db-size 300M
```

4. (Optional) Enable traffic-accounting and rate-monitoring for the given interface:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host# set actual-transit-statistics
```

5. (Optional) Enable graceful Routing Engine switchover (GRES) and nonstop active routing (NSR).



NOTE: For MX Series routers using enhanced subscriber management, the new backup Routing Engine (the former master Routing Engine) will reboot when a graceful Routing Engine switchover is performed. This cold restart resynchronizes the backup Routing Engine state with that of the new master Routing Engine, preventing discrepancies in state that might have occurred during the switchover.

- a. Enable GRES.

```
[edit chassis redundancy]
user@host# set graceful-switchover
```



NOTE: When GRES is enabled, you can either configure NSR or graceful restart. If you configure both, then committing the configuration fails.

- b. Enable NSR (recommended if you enable GRES).

```
[edit routing-options]
user@host# set nonstop-routing
```



NOTE: To enable graceful restart:

```
[edit routing-options]
user@host# set graceful-restart
```

- c. Configure **commit** operations to automatically synchronize the configuration between the master Routing Engine and the standby Routing Engine.

```
[edit system]
user@host# set commit synchronize
```

6. Commit the configuration.

After you commit the configuration, the software prompts you to initiate a system reboot.

7. Reboot the router software to enable enhanced subscriber management.

- a. Access operational mode.

```
[edit system]
user@host# exit
```

- b. Reboot the software.

```
user@host> request system reboot
```

Example The following example shows a typical configuration to enable enhanced subscriber management.

```
[edit]
chassis {
```

```

network-services {
    enhanced-ip;
}
redundancy {
    graceful-switchover;
}
routing-options {
    nonstop-routing;
}
system {
    commit synchronize;
    configuration-database {
        max-db-size 300M;
    }
    services {
        subscriber-management {
            enable;
        }
    }
}

```



NOTE: If you have configured **graceful-restart**, then the following statement will be displayed in the example instead of **nonstop-routing**:

```

routing-options {
    graceful-restart;
}

```

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|---------|--|
| 17.4R1 | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, when enhanced IP network services and enhanced subscriber management are enabled and a Routing Engine in the system has at least 32 GB of RAM, subscriber management daemons on that Routing Engine run in 64-bit mode. |

Related Documentation

- [Verifying and Managing Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management on page 620](#)
- [Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management Overview on page 615](#)

Verifying and Managing Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management

Purpose View information about class of service (CoS), routing tables, active subscribers, and the subscriber database for Junos OS enhanced subscriber management.

Action • To display dynamic subscriber interface associations for CoS classifiers, rewrite rules, and scheduler maps:

```
user@host> show class-of-service interface interface-name
```

- To display CoS associations for a dynamic interface set:

```
user@host> show class-of-service interface-set interface-set-name
```

- To display the mapping of CoS schedulers to forwarding classes:

```
user@host> show class-of-service scheduler-map
```

- To display CoS traffic shaping and scheduling profiles:

```
user@host> show class-of-service traffic-control-profile
```

- To display the active entries in the routing table:

```
user@host> show route
```

- To display detailed information about active subscribers whose IP address matches the specified address:

```
user@host> show subscribers address address detail
```

- To display information about how routes are mapped to specific enhanced subscriber management interfaces:

```
user@host> show system subscriber-management route
```

- To display summary information for the subscriber management database:

```
user@host> show system subscriber-management summary
```

- To verify whether subscriber management daemons are running in 32-bit mode or 64-bit mode:

```
user@host> show system processes | grep libexec[36]
```

Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4 R1, when enhanced IP network services and enhanced subscriber management are enabled and a Routing Engine in the system has at least 32 GB of RAM, subscriber management daemons on that Routing Engine run in 64-bit mode. For consistent operation, all Routing Engines in the system must have the same amount of memory.

- 64-bit mode:

```
user@host> show system processes | grep libexec[36]
  PID TT  STAT    TIME  COMMAND
 21149 -   S      0:01.37 /usr/libexec64/pfed -N
 21195 -   S      0:00.46 /usr/libexec64/smid -N
 21214 -   S      0:05.04 /usr/libexec64/bbe-smgd -b -N
 21270 -   S      0:04.26 /usr/libexec64/authd -N
 21498 -   S      0:02.37 /usr/libexec64/rpd -N
 21504 -   S      0:00.84 /usr/libexec64/cosd
 21539 -   S      0:00.37 /usr/libexec64/dfwd -N
 21740 -   S      0:00.95 /usr/libexec64/jpppd -N
```

- 32-bit mode:

```

user@host> show system processes | grep libexec[36]
  PID TT  STAT    TIME  COMMAND
21149 -  S      0:01.37 /usr/libexec32/pfed -N
21195 -  S      0:00.46 /usr/libexec32/smid -N
21214 -  S      0:05.04 /usr/libexec32/bbe-smgd -b -N
21270 -  S      0:04.26 /usr/libexec32/authd -N
21498 -  S      0:02.37 /usr/libexec32/rpd -N
21504 -  S      0:00.84 /usr/libexec32/cosd
21539 -  S      0:00.37 /usr/libexec32/dfwd -N
21740 -  S      0:00.95 /usr/libexec32/jpppd -N

```

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|---------|---|
| 17.4R1 | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4 R1, when enhanced IP network services and enhanced subscriber management are enabled and a Routing Engine in the system has at least 32 GB of RAM, subscriber management daemons on that Routing Engine run in 64-bit mode. |

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management on page 617](#)
- [Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management Overview on page 615](#)

PART 5

Configuring Address-Assignment Pools for Subscriber Management

- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools for Dynamic and Static Addresses on page 625](#)

CHAPTER 64

Configuring Address-Assignment Pools for Dynamic and Static Addresses

- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625](#)
- [Address Allocation from Linked Address Pools on page 627](#)
- [Address-Assignment Pools Licensing Requirements on page 632](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633](#)
- [Example: Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool on page 634](#)
- [Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool Name and Addresses on page 635](#)
- [Configuring a Named Address Range for Dynamic Address Assignment on page 636](#)
- [Preventing Addresses from Being Allocated from an Address Pool on page 637](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pool Usage Threshold Traps on page 638](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pool Linking on page 640](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pool Hold-Down on page 641](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Local Address Pool Rapid Drain on page 643](#)
- [Configuring Static Address Assignment on page 646](#)
- [Configuring Duplicate IPv4 Address Protection for AAA on page 647](#)

Address-Assignment Pools Overview

The address-assignment pool feature supports subscriber management and DHCP management functionality by enabling you to create centralized IPv4 and IPv6 address pools independently of the client applications that use the pools. The authd process manages the pools and the address allocation, whether the addresses come from local pools or from a RADIUS server. For example, multiple client applications, such as DHCP, can use the same address-assignment pool to provide addresses for their particular clients. Client applications can acquire addresses for either authenticated or unauthenticated clients. The pool selected for a subscriber, based on the RADIUS server or network matching or other rule, is called the matching pool for the subscriber.

Address-assignment pools support both dynamic and static address assignment. In dynamic address assignment, a client is automatically assigned an address from the address-assignment pool. In static address assignment, which is supported for IPv4 pools only, you reserve an address that is then always used by a particular client. Addresses

that are reserved for static assignment are removed from the dynamic address pool and cannot be assigned to other clients.

You can configure named address ranges within an address-assignment pool. A named range is a subset of the overall address range. A client application can use named ranges to manage address assignment based on client-specific criteria. For example, for IPv4 address-assignment pools, you might create a named range that is based on a specific DHCP option 82 value. Then, when a DHCP client request matches the specified option 82 value, an address from the specified range is assigned to the client.

Starting in Junos OS Release 18.1R1, you can exclude a specified address or range of consecutive addresses to prevent them from being allocated from an address pool. For example, you might want to reserve certain addresses or ranges to be used only for static subscribers. When you configure an address or range to be excluded, and the address or an address within the range, has already been allocated, that subscriber is logged out, the address is deallocated, and the address is marked for exclusion.

You can link address-assignment pools together to provide backup pools for address assignment. When no addresses are found to be available in the primary or matching address pool, the router or switch automatically proceeds to the linked (secondary) address pool to search for an available address to allocate.

Although the first pool in a chain of linked pools is generally considered the primary pool, a matching pool is not necessarily the first pool in the chain. For example, in a chain of three pools, A, B, and C, where A is the primary pool, pool B might be matched for certain subscribers based on information returned by the RADIUS server. The search for an available address for those subscribers begins in pool B.

Starting in Junos OS Release 18.1R1, the behavior changes for how the search for an available address proceeds through a chain of linked pools. By default, the matching pool is searched first, then the search moves to the first pool in the chain and proceeds through the chain until an available address is found and allocated, or until the search determines no addresses are free. In each pool, all address ranges are fully searched for an address. This behavior enables addresses to be assigned contiguously.

Alternatively, you can configure the **linked-pool-aggregation** statement to search first within a block of addresses in each range in the matching pool and then successively through the linked pools. The search then moves back to the first pool in the chain and searches all addresses in all ranges in each pool through the last pool in the chain.

The address-assignment pool hold-down feature enables you to specify that no additional address are allocated from an existing active address-assignment pool. This configuration gracefully transforms the active pool to an inactive state as the previously allocated addresses are returned to the pool. When the pool is inactive, you can safely perform maintenance on the pool without affecting any active subscribers.

You can also explicitly identify that an address-assignment pool is used for ND/RA.

Benefits of Address Assignment Pools

- You can create centralized pools of addresses independent of client applications.
- You can specify blocks of addresses, named ranges, so that a given address pool can be used to supply different addresses for different client applications or for subscribers that match different sets of criteria.
- You can link pools together to ensure that pools are searched for free addresses in a specific manner, contiguously or noncontiguously.
- You can gracefully transition an address pool from active to inactive by specifying that no further addresses are allocated from the pool.

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|---------|---|
| 18.1R1 | Starting in Junos OS Release 18.1R1, you can exclude a specified address or range of consecutive addresses to prevent them from being allocated from an address pool. |
| 18.1R1 | Starting in Junos OS Release 18.1R1, the behavior changes for how the search for an available address proceeds through a chain of linked pools. |

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pool Linking on page 640](#)
- [Preventing Addresses from Being Allocated from an Address Pool on page 637](#)
- [Address-Assignment Pools Licensing Requirements on page 632](#)
- [Example: Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool on page 634](#)

Address Allocation from Linked Address Pools

You can link address-assignment pools together into a chain to provide backup pools for address assignment. The pool selected for a subscriber, based on the RADIUS server or network matching or some other rule, is called the matching or matched pool for the subscriber. The matching pool might not be the first (primary) pool in the chain. When no addresses are available for allocation from the matching or primary address pool, the router or switch automatically proceeds to another address pool to search for an available address to allocate. When the search discovers no available addresses anywhere, the search stops and no address is allocated for the subscriber.

The search behavior determines not only how the search progresses along a chain of linked pools, but which address ranges within each pool are searched. Depending on where the search starts, your configuration, and whether previously allocated addresses have been freed, the search may continue in the next linked address pool in the chain, or move back to the first pool in the chain.

The search for an available address starts in the pool that matches the subscriber. In many cases, the matching pool is also the first pool in the chain. For some subscribers, the matching pool is farther down the chain. For example, you might configure the RADIUS server to specify the second pool of a chain rather than the first based on some criteria that it matches during authentication. For another example, you might specify different address ranges for different subscriber groups; whether a particular pool matches a subscriber then depends on which pools are configured for the different address ranges.

The following terms are used to explain the details of the search behavior:

- **lowAddress**—The lowest address in a given range within an address pool.
- **highAddress**—The highest address in a given range within an address pool.
- **nextAddress**—The next address after the last address allocated in a given range within an address pool. This is the address expected to be allocated next. This address, as well as the last range used, is saved as a starting point for searches.

For example, suppose Pool A has a single range that includes the following addresses: 192.0.2.1, 192.0.2.2, 192.0.2.3, 192.0.2.4. In this case, 192.0.2.1 is the **lowAddress** and 192.0.2.4 is the **highAddress**. If 192.0.2.2 was the last address allocated from this pool, then **nextAddress** is 192.0.2.3.

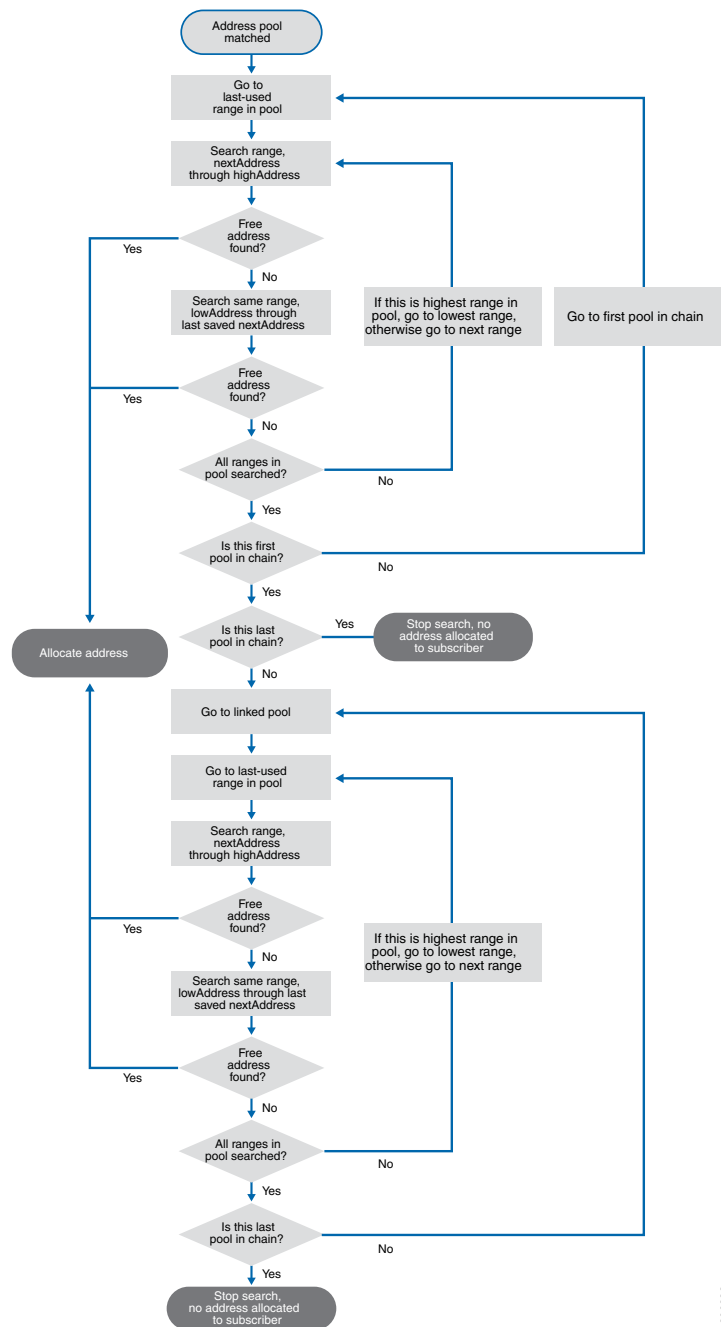
Starting in Junos OS Release 18.1R1, you can configure linked pools to be searched in one of two ways:

- **Contiguous address allocation**—This is the default behavior. All addresses in each range of a pool are searched. The search starts in the matched pool, then moves to the first pool in the chain and, if necessary, continues through each linked pool successively to the last pool in the chain. In each pool, all addresses in all ranges are searched for a free address. This method enables addresses to be assigned contiguously; each pool has to be full before another pool is searched.
- **Noncontiguous (aggregated) address allocation**—Behavior when the **linked-pool-aggregation** statement is configured. Initially, only certain addresses (from **nextAddress** to **highAddress**) are searched in each range of the matched pool. The same search is performed in the linked pool and, if necessary, continues through each linked pool successively to the last pool in the chain.

The search then restarts at the first pool in the chain (not necessarily the matched pool). This time, all addresses in all ranges are searched, in all pools through the end of the chain.

That is the basic functionality, but the details of both searches are fairly complex. [Figure 25 on page 629](#) shows the default search behavior.

Figure 25: Default Address Assignment from Linked Address Pools



For example, suppose the following conditions exist:

- Linked address pools A, B, C, and D. Pool C is matched.
- Each pool has three address ranges, r1, r2, r3. The last used range was r2 in each pool.

If no free address is found, the search proceeds like this: C > A > B > C > D, then stops.

1. Pool C is searched, nextAddress through highAddress in range r2.
2. Pool C is searched, lowAddress through nextAddress in range r2.
3. Pool C is searched, nextAddress through highAddress in range r3.
4. Pool C is searched, lowAddress through nextAddress in range r3.
5. Pool C is searched, nextAddress through highAddress in range r1.
6. Pool C is searched, lowAddress through nextAddress in range r1.

All ranges and addresses in pool C have been searched, so the search moves to the first pool in the chain, A.

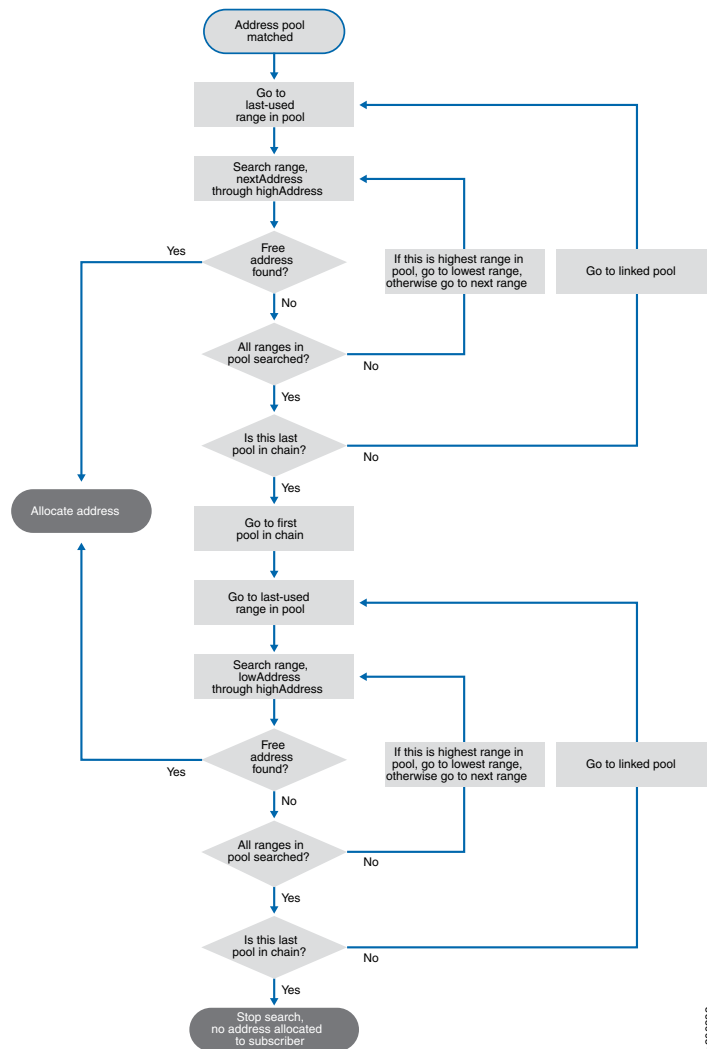
7. Pool A is searched, nextAddress through highAddress in range r2.
8. Pool A is searched, lowAddress through nextAddress in range r2.
9. Pool A is searched, nextAddress through highAddress in range r3.
10. Pool A is searched, lowAddress through nextAddress in range r3.
11. Pool A is searched, nextAddress through highAddress in range r1.
12. Pool A is searched, lowAddress through nextAddress in range r1.

All ranges and addresses in pool A have been searched, so the search moves to the next linked pool in the chain, B.

This process continues until all addresses in all ranges in all pools have been searched. The pool search order is C > A > B > C > D, then stops. Depending on where and whether an address is found, the matching pool might be searched twice. This is true unless the matching pool is the first pool in the chain. For example, if pool A is the matching pool in this set of conditions, then the complete search (assuming no address is found) would be A > B > C > D.

[Figure 26 on page 631](#) shows the search behavior when you include the **linked-pool-aggregation** statement.

Figure 26: Aggregated Address Assignment from Linked Address Pools



For example, consider the same conditions exist as for the default example:

- Linked address pools A, B, C, and D. Pool C is matched.
- Each pool has three address ranges, r1, r2, r3. The last used range was r2 in each pool.

If no free address is found, the search proceeds like this: C > D > A > B > C > D, then stops.

1. Pool C is searched, nextAddress through highAddress in range r2.
2. Pool C is searched, nextAddress through highAddress in range r3.
3. Pool C is searched, nextAddress through highAddress in range r1.

All ranges in pool C have been searched from nextAddress to highAddress, so the search moves to the next linked pool in the chain, D.

4. Pool D is searched, nextAddress through highAddress in range r2.
5. Pool D is searched, nextAddress through highAddress in range r3.
6. Pool D is searched, nextAddress through highAddress in range r1.

All ranges in pool D have been searched from nextAddress to highAddress. Pool D is the last pool in the chain, so the search moves to the first pool in the chain, A.

7. Pool A is searched, lowAddress through highAddress in range r2.
8. Pool A is searched, lowAddress through highAddress in range r3.
9. Pool A is searched, lowAddress through highAddress in range r1.

All ranges and addresses in pool A have been searched, so the search moves to the next linked pool in the chain, B.

10. Pool B is searched, lowAddress through highAddress in range r2.
11. Pool B is searched, lowAddress through highAddress in range r3.
12. Pool B is searched, lowAddress through highAddress in range r1.

All ranges and addresses in pool B have been searched, so the search moves to the next linked pool in the chain, C.

This process continues until all addresses in all ranges in all pools have been searched. The pool search order is C > D > A > B > C > D, then stops. Depending on where and whether an address is found, all pools might be searched twice, even when the matching pool is the first pool in the chain. For example, if pool A is the matching pool in this set of conditions, then the complete search (assuming no address is found) would be A > B > C > D > A > B > C > D.

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pool Linking on page 640](#)
 - [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625](#)

Address-Assignment Pools Licensing Requirements

The address-assignment pool feature is part of the Junos OS Subscriber Management Feature Pack license. You must install and properly configure the license to meet the requirements for using the address-assignment pool feature.

- Related Documentation**
- [*Junos OS Feature Licenses*](#)

Configuring Address-Assignment Pools

The address-assignment pool feature supports subscriber management functionality by enabling you to create address pools that can be shared by different client applications. An address-assignment pool can support either IPv4 address or IPv6 addresses. You cannot use the same pool for both types of address.



NOTE: Address-assignment pools are completely separate from services PIC-based L2TP LNS address pools, which you create with the `address-pool` statement at the `[edit access]` hierarchy level, and NAT pools, which you create with the `pool` statement at the `[edit services nat]` hierarchy level.

To configure an address-assignment pool:

1. Configure the address-assignment pool name and specify the addresses for the pool.
See [“Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool Name and Addresses” on page 635](#).
2. (Optional) Configure named ranges (subsets) of addresses.
See [“Configuring a Named Address Range for Dynamic Address Assignment” on page 636](#).
3. (Optional) Exclude addresses or a range of addresses in address pools from being allocated.
See [“Preventing Addresses from Being Allocated from an Address Pool” on page 637](#).
4. (Optional) Configure address-assignment pool linking and specify the secondary pool to use when the primary pool is fully allocated.
See [“Configuring Address-Assignment Pool Linking” on page 640](#).
5. (Optional) Create static address bindings (IPv4 only).
See [“Configuring Static Address Assignment” on page 646](#).
6. (Optional) Configure address-assignment pool hold-down, so that no additional addresses are allocated from the identified pool. This is also known as passive drain.
See [“Configuring Address-Assignment Pool Hold-Down” on page 641](#).
7. (Optional) Configure address-assignment pool rapid drain, also known as active drain, to gracefully prevent additional address allocation from the pool and prevent existing clients from renewing leases for addresses from the pool.

See [“Configuring DHCP Local Address Pool Rapid Drain”](#) on page 643.

8. (Optional) Configure attributes for DHCP clients.

See [“Configuring DHCP Client-Specific Attributes Applied When Clients Obtain an Address”](#) on page 284.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview](#) on page 625
- [Address-Assignment Pools Licensing Requirements](#) on page 632
- [Example: Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool](#) on page 634
- [DHCP Attributes Overview](#) on page 274

Example: Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool

This example shows an address-assignment pool configuration that creates two pools, one for IPv4 DHCP clients (**isp_1**), and a second pool (**chi-fiber-ra**) that is used for router advertisement.

```
[edit access]
address-assignment {
  network-discovery-router-advertisement chi-fiber-ra;
  pool isp_1 {
    family inet {
      network 192.168.0.0/16;
      range southeast {
        low 192.168.102.2 high 192.168.102.254;
      }
      range northeast {
        low 192.168.119.2 high 192.168.119.250;
      }
    }
    host svale6.boston.example.net {
      hardware-address 00:00:5E:00:53:90;
      ip-address 192.168.44.12;
    }
    dhcp-attributes {
      option-match {
        option-82 {
          circuit-id fiber range northeast;
        }
        option-82 {
          circuit-id cable_net range southeast;
        }
      }
      boot-file boot.client;
      boot-server 192.168.200.100;
      grace-period 3600;
      maximum-lease-time 18000;
      netbios-node-type p-node;
      router 192.168.44.44 192.168.44.45;
    }
  }
}
```

```

    }
  }
  pool chi-fiber-ra {
    family inet6 {
      prefix 2001:db8:2008:2009:2010::/48;
      range fiber3 {
        low 2001:db8:2008:2009:2010::1/64;
        high 2001:db8:2008:2009:2010::5/64;
      }
    }
  }
}

```

This example creates an IPv4 address-assignment pool named **isp-1**, which contains two named address ranges, **southeast** and **northeast**. The address-assignment pool also contains a static binding for client **host sval6.boston.example.net**. The **ISP_1** pool configuration also includes the **dhcp-attributes** statement, indicating that the pool is used for DHCP clients. If the option 82 **circuit-id** entry matches the string **fiber**, then DHCP assigns the client an address from the **northeast** range. If the option 82 **circuit-id** matches the string **cable_net**, DHCP assigns an address from the **southeast** range.

The second address-assignment pool created in this example is **chi-fiber-ra**. The **neighbor-discovery-router-advertisement** statement at the beginning of the syntax specifies that this named address-assignment pool is used for router advertisement. The syntax at the end of the example configures the address-assignment pool named **chi-fiber-ra**.

Related Documentation

- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633](#)

Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool Name and Addresses

To configure an address-assignment pool, you must specify the name of the pool and configure the addresses for the pool.

To configure an IPv4 address-assignment pool:

1. Configure the name of the pool and specify the IPv4 family.

```

[edit access]
user@host# edit address-assignment pool isp_1 family inet

```

2. Configure the network address and the prefix length of the addresses in the pool.

```

[edit access address-assignment pool isp_1 family inet]
user@host# set network 192.168.0.0/16

```

To configure an IPv6 address-assignment pool:

1. Configure the name of the pool and specify the IPv6 family.

```

[edit access]
user@host# edit address-assignment pool isp_2 family inet6

```

2. Configure the IPv6 network prefix for the address pool. The prefix specification is required when you configure an IPv6 address-assignment pool.

```
[edit access address-assignment pool isp_2 family inet6]  
user@host# set prefix 2001:db8:2008:2009::/32
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633](#)

Configuring a Named Address Range for Dynamic Address Assignment

You can optionally configure multiple named ranges, or subsets, of addresses within an address-assignment pool. During dynamic address assignment, a client can be assigned an address from a specific named range. To create a named range, you specify a name for the range and define the address range.

To create a named range within an IPv4 address-assignment pool:

1. Specify the name of the address-assignment pool and the IPv4 family.

```
[edit access]  
user@host# edit address-assignment pool isp_1 family inet
```

2. Configure the name of the range and the lower and upper boundaries of the addresses in the range.

```
[edit access address-assignment pool isp_1 family inet]  
user@host# set range southeast low 192.168.102.2 high 192.168.102.254
```

To create a named range within an IPv6 address-assignment pool:

1. Specify the name of the address-assignment pool and the IPv6 family.

```
[edit access]  
user@host# edit address-assignment pool isp_2 family inet6
```

2. Configure the name of the range and define the range. You can define the range based on the lower and upper boundaries of the prefixes in the range, or based on the length of the prefixes in the range.

```
[edit access address-assignment pool isp_2 family inet6]  
user@host# set range dsl-range low 2001:db8:2008:2010:2011:0100::/64 high  
2001:db8:2008:2010:2011:ffff::/64  
user@host# set range fiber-east prefix-length 48
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633](#)

Preventing Addresses from Being Allocated from an Address Pool

You can exclude specified addresses or address ranges to prevent them from being allocated from an address pool. For example, you might want to reserve certain addresses or ranges to be used only for static subscribers. When you configure an address or range of addresses to be excluded, and the address or an address within the range has already been allocated, that the subscriber allocated that address is logged out, the address is deallocated, and the address is marked for exclusion.

To exclude an address or range of addresses in an address pool from being allocated:

- Specify an individual address.

```
[edit access address-assignment pool-name family (inet | inet6)]
user@host# set excluded-address ip-address
```

- Specify and name a range of consecutive addresses.

```
[edit access address-assignment pool-name family (inet | inet6)]
user@host# set excluded-range name low minimum-value high maximum-value
```

For example, the following partial configuration for an IPv4 address pool defines a range, *r1*, of addresses to allocate, from 192.168.0.10 through 192.168.128.250. It excludes a single address, 192.168.110.10. It further defines two ranges, *exclude1* and *exclude2*, that specify two sets of consecutive addresses that cannot be allocated from the pool.

```
pool v4-pool {
  family inet {
    network 192.168.0.0/16;
    range r1 {
      low 192.168.0.10;
      high 192.168.128.250;
    }
    excluded-address 192.168.110.10
    excluded-range exclude1 {
      low 192.168.12.0
      high 192.168.12.255
    }
    excluded-range exclude2 {
      low 192.168.98.10
      high 192.168.98.200
    }
  }
}
```

Similarly, the configuration for pool *v6-pool* defines a range of addresses to allocate and a range of addresses that are excluded from allocation.

```
pool v6-pool {
  family inet6 {
    prefix 2016::/64;
    range r2 {
      low 2016::1;
      high 2016::80:ffff;
    }
  }
}
```

```
        excluded-range exclude3 {  
            low 2016::7c:a  
            high 2016::7c:ff  
        }  
    }  
}
```

To view information about excluded addresses, you can use either of the following commands:

```
user@host> show network-access address-assignment pool pool-name  
IP address/prefix      Hardware address      Host/User      Type  
192.168.2.1            00:00:5e:00:53:01     user1          DHCP  
192.168.2.2            00:00:5e:00:53:02     user2          DHCP  
192.168.2.3            00:00:5e:00:53:03     user3          DHCP  
192.168.2.4            NA                     EXCLUDED       unknown  
  
user@host> show network-access aaa statistics address-assignment pool pool-name  
Address-assignment statistics  
...  
Addresses excluded: 1000  
...
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633](#)
 - [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625](#)

Configuring Address-Assignment Pool Usage Threshold Traps

You can receive advanced warning that an address pool or linked set of address pools is running short on available addresses by setting usage threshold traps. An address pool has SNMP thresholds associated with it that allow the local address server to signal SNMP traps when certain conditions exist. These thresholds include high utilization threshold and abated utilization threshold. If a pool's outstanding addresses exceed the high utilization threshold and the SNMP trap signaling is enabled, SNMP is notified. Likewise, when a pool's utilization drops below the abated threshold utilization threshold, SNMP is notified. When the system reaches the high utilization value, it sends warning messages. When memory usage falls to the abated utilization value, the system stops sending warning messages.

To set the usage for threshold traps:

- Specify the percentage after which the address pool usage is exceeded that an SNMP trap is generated.

```
[edit access]  
user@host# edit address-assignment high-utilization 95
```

To set the abated value for the trap:

- Specify the percentage below which the address pool usage is abated that an SNMP trap is generated.

```
[edit access]
```

```
user@host# edit address-assignment abated-utilization 80
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625](#)

Configuring Address-Assignment Pool Linking

Address-assignment pool linking enables you to specify a secondary address pool for the router to use when the matching or primary address-assignment pool is fully allocated. You can create a chain of multiple linked pools. For example, you can link Pool A to Pool B, and link Pool B to Pool C. You can link any number of pools serially in a chain, but you cannot create multiple links to or from the same pool. For example, you cannot create links from Pool A to both Pool B and Pool C. Similarly, Pool C cannot be linked from both Pool A and Pool B. An additional consideration is that all address pools in a chain must be of the same family type, IPv4 or IPv6.

When the address pool that matches the subscribers has no available addresses, the router automatically switches over to the linked pool and allocates addresses from that pool. The router uses a linked pool only when the matching address-assignment pool is fully allocated.

Starting in Junos OS Release 18.1, the behavior changes for how to find and allocate a free address in a chain of address pools. You can configure linked pools to be searched in one of two ways:

- **Contiguous address allocation**—Default behavior. All addresses in each range of a pool are searched. The search starts in the matched pool, then moves to the first pool in the chain and, if necessary, continues through each linked pool successively to the last pool in the chain. In each pool, all addresses in all ranges are searched for a free address. This method enables addresses to be assigned contiguously; each pool has to be full before another pool is searched.
- **Noncontiguous (aggregated) address allocation**—Behavior when **linked-pool-aggregation** is configured. Initially, only certain addresses (from `nextAddress` to `highAddress`) are searched in each range of the matched pool. The same search is performed in the linked pool, if necessary, and continues through each successive linked pool through the last pool in the chain.

The search then restarts at the first pool in the chain (not necessarily the matched pool). This time, all addresses in all ranges are searched, in all pools through the end of the chain.

Including the **linked-pool-aggregation** statement might be desirable if you configure your RADIUS server to use the IP address alone to identify subscribers. Typically, subscribers are identified by the RADIUS server using the subscriber session ID and other criteria. If you use only the IP address, you might encounter the following issue with the default behavior when the **linked-pool-aggregation** statement is not configured. A subscriber can disconnect and that address can be assigned to the next subscriber. The `Acct-Start` message for the second subscriber might be sent before the `Acct-Stop` message is sent for the disconnected subscriber. When the `Acct-Stop` is received, the new subscriber, identified only by the IP address, can be disconnected.

You can avoid this situation by either including the **linked-pool-aggregation** statement or configuring your RADIUS server to use the subscriber session ID (instead of the IP address) for identification.

Before you begin, configure your address pools. See [“Configuring Address-Assignment Pools” on page 633](#).

To link an address-assignment pool to a secondary pool:

1. Specify the names of the pools to be linked.

```
[edit access address-assignment pool-name]
user@host# set link secondary-pool-name
```

2. (Optional) Configure searching to allow for noncontiguous address allocation.

```
[edit access address-assignment pool-name]
user@host# set linked-pool-aggregation
```

For example, the following configuration links Pool_A to Pool_B and then links Pool_B to Pool_C.

```
[edit access]
user@host# set address-assignment pool Pool_A link Pool_B
user@host# set address-assignment pool Pool_B link Pool_C
```

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|---------|--|
| 18.1R1 | Starting in Junos OS Release 18.1, the behavior changes for how to find and allocate a free address in a chain of address pools. |

Related Documentation

- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625](#)
- [Address-Assignment Pools Licensing Requirements on page 632](#)

Configuring Address-Assignment Pool Hold-Down

The address-assignment pool hold-down feature—also known as passive drain—enables you to gracefully transition an active address pool to an inactive state. When the pool is in the inactive state, you can safely perform maintenance on the pool without affecting any current subscribers (such as adding, changing, or deleting addresses).

When an address-assignment pool is in the hold-down state, no additional addresses are allocated from that pool. However, the hold-down state does not affect any existing subscribers that are using addresses previously assigned from the pool. As the existing subscribers disconnect, their IP addresses are marked as free in the pool, but the addresses are not reallocated due to the pool's hold-down state. Eventually, when all subscribers have disconnected and their addresses are returned to the pool, the pool becomes inactive.

To place an active address-assignment pool in the hold-down state:

1. Specify the name of the address-assignment pool.

```
[edit access]
```

```
user@host# edit address-assignment pool isp_1
```

2. Specify that the pool is in the hold-down state so that no additional addresses can be allocated from the pool.

```
[edit access address-assignment pool isp_1]  
user@host# set hold-down
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633](#)
- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Local Address Pool Rapid Drain on page 643](#)
- [Address-Assignment Pools Licensing Requirements on page 632](#)
- [Example: Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool on page 634](#)

Configuring DHCP Local Address Pool Rapid Drain

You can force the DHCP local server to stop allocating addresses from a specific local address pool by configuring the pool to active-drain mode. This mode enables the server to gracefully terminate subscribers that are already using addresses assigned from that pool and transition them to another pool. When a DHCP subscriber attempts to renew (at the T1 renewal time) the lease on an IP address from a pool now configured for active-drain mode, the DHCP local server replies with a NAK to the subscriber's renewal request. This response forces the subscriber to renegotiate a lease. The server then allocates a new IP address from an alternative address pool that is not configured for active drain.

The active-drain mode provides a way to rapidly drain subscribers from an address pool. Consequently, the longer the configured lease time for subscribers, the more useful active-drain mode may be. If you do not configure active-drain mode for a pool, then to stop the allocation of its addresses, you must either configure passive-drain mode or delete the pool.

- Passive-drain mode places the address pool in a hold-down state. No more addresses are allocated from the pool, but subscribers currently using an assigned address from the pool are not affected. Existing subscribers are allowed to age out. When the subscriber disconnects (or is disconnected by an operator) the address is released, but cannot be reassigned. Eventually, all subscribers have released their addresses, and the pool is no longer active. Because leases for active subscribers are renewed on request, passive-drain mode can take much longer than active-drain mode to recover all addresses in the pool.
- Pool deletion disrupts the traffic for each current subscriber using a pool address for as long as it takes for the lease to expire and for the subscriber to renegotiate and obtain a new lease. The server removes all subscribers with an address from the deleted pool. The subscribers attempt to extend the lease but fail because the lease was deleted at the server. When the subscribers subsequently attempt to renegotiate a new lease, it may be granted with an address from a different pool or from RADIUS.

You can delete the active-drain configuration before the address pool is emptied. In this case, lease extensions may be granted for subscribers still having addresses from this pool. This recovery is best effort, because some subscribers are in the process of being logged out by the server when the configuration is deleted. These subscribers cannot be recovered to the pool and must renegotiate a lease. These subscribers might then be assigned an address either from this pool (because it is active again) or from an alternate pool.

If the DHCP client fails to receive notification that the address pool is being drained, it may continue to grant lease extensions to subscribers using this pool. This condition is indicated when the address remains bound to the client beyond the T1 time (up to the T2 time) when it should have been recovered by the pool. In this situation, delete the active-drain configuration, then reconfigure it for the pool to ensure the pool is drained in a timely manner.

In the event of an authd or jdhcpd restart, or of a graceful Routing Engine switchover, pool addresses might still be used by some subscribers for whom a NAK has not been sent to initiate the logout. When the restart or GRES completes, authd sends jdhcpd a

notification with a list of subscribers still having addresses from the pool that is configured for active drain. Pool draining can then continue.

To configure the DHCP local server to stop allocating addresses from an address pool:

1. Access the address pool configuration.

```
[edit access]
user@host# edit address-assignment pool pool-name
```

2. Specify active drain mode for the pool.

```
[edit access address-assignment pool pool-name]
user@host# set active-drain
```

You can use the **show network-access aaa statistics** command to confirm that active drain is configured for a pool.

```
user@host> show network-access aaa statistics address-assignment pool pool1
Address assignment statistics
Pool Name: pool1
Out of Memory: 0
Out of Addresses: 0
Address total: 33009
Addresses in use: 1
Address Usage (percent): 0
Pool drain configured: yes
```



NOTE: The active-drain feature takes precedence over preservation of the prefix address. Address preservation may ensure that the same delegated prefix is assigned to the subscriber based on the access circuit identifier (ACI). When a subscriber with a preserved prefix logs out, the ACI and prefix are stored in the address preservation table. When that subscriber tries to log in again, the address and ACI are looked up in the table.

Active drain mode affects this behavior. When the prefix is currently part of a pool set to active-drain mode, it is removed from the table and is not assigned to the subscriber when the subscriber tries to log in again.

If active drain is cancelled while the client is in the process of logging out, then the prefix and ACI string are preserved in the table. In this case, the prefix can be assigned to that ACI string when the subscriber logs in again. However, if active drain is cancelled after the client has already logged out and the table has been cleared of the prefix/ACI association, then the subscriber at a subsequent login gets a prefix from the pool that is reactivated and the prefix could be different.

Related Documentation

- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pool Hold-Down on page 641](#)

- [Configuring DHCP Client-Specific Attributes Applied When Clients Obtain an Address on page 284](#)
- [DHCP Attributes for Address-Assignment Pools on page 279](#)

Configuring Static Address Assignment

You can optionally create a static IPv4 address binding by reserving a specific address for a particular client. The address is removed from the address-assignment pool so that it is not assigned to another client. When you reserve an address, you identify the client host and create a binding between the client MAC address and the assigned IP address. IPv6 address-assignment pools do not support static address binding.

To configure a static binding for an IPv4 address:

1. Specify the name of the IPv4 address-assignment pool containing the IP address you want to reserve for the client.

[edit access]

```
user@host# edit address-assignment pool isp_1 family inet
```

2. Specify the name of the client for the static binding, the client MAC address, and the IP address to reserve for the client. This configuration specifies that the client with MAC address 00:00:5E:00:53:90 is always assigned IP address 192.168.44.12.

[edit access address-assignment pool isp_1 family inet]

```
user@host# set host svale6_boston_net hardware-address  
00:00:5E:00:53:90ip-address 192.168.44.12
```

Related Documentation

- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633](#)

Configuring Duplicate IPv4 Address Protection for AAA

Starting in Junos OS Release 14.1, if you are using AAA to supply IPv4 addresses, you can enable duplicate address protection to prevent addresses from being used more than once. If enabled, the following attributes received from external servers are checked:

- *Framed-IP-Address*
- *Framed-Pool*

The router then takes one of the following actions:

- If an address matches an address in an address pool, the address is taken from the pool, provided it is available.
- If the address is already in use, it is rejected as unavailable.

To configure duplicate address protection:

1. Enter the **access** configuration.

```
[edit]  
user@host# edit access
```
2. Enable duplicate address protection.

```
[edit access]  
user@host# address-protection
```

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|---------|--|
| 14.1 | Starting in Junos OS Release 14.1, if you are using AAA to supply IPv4 addresses, you can enable duplicate address protection to prevent addresses from being used more than once. |

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Duplicate IPv6 Prefix Protection for Router Advertisement on page 528](#)

PART 6

Configuring DNS Addresses for Subscriber Management

- [Configuring DNS Address Assignments and Session Options on page 651](#)

CHAPTER 65

Configuring DNS Address Assignments and Session Options

- [DNS Name Server Address Overview on page 651](#)
- [Configuring DNS Name Server Addresses for Subscriber Management on page 652](#)
- [Ensuring IPCP Negotiation for Primary and Secondary DNS Addresses on page 654](#)
- [Overriding How the DNS Server Address Is Returned in a DHCPv6 Multiple Address Environment on page 655](#)
- [DNS Resolver for IPv6 DNS Overview on page 656](#)
- [Configuring a DNS Server Address for IPv6 Hosts on page 656](#)

DNS Name Server Address Overview

When a client attempts to access a domain—for example, `www.example.com`—a request is sent to a Domain Name System (DNS) name server. The name server stores information that correlates domain names with IP addresses; the IP address is used to reach the requested domain. In response to the client request, the name server looks up the IP address for the domain—`192.0.2.10` for `www.example.com`—and returns it to the client.

In your network configuration, you must configure the address of one or more name servers locally on the router or on your RADIUS server. The local configuration supports the following subscriber types:

- DHCPv4 or DHCPv6
- IP over Ethernet (VLAN)
- Terminated PPPoE (IPv4 or IPv6)
- Tunneled PPPoE (IPv4 or IPv6)

You can configure the name server addresses globally (per routing instance), per access profile, or, for DHCP only, per address pool. You can configure more than one name server in a routing instance or access profile by repeating the statement for each address.

Because you can configure name server addresses at more than one level, the address returned to the client is determined by the order of preference among the levels. The preference depends on the client type.

- For DHCP subscribers, the preference in descending order is
RADIUS > DHCP address pool > access profile > global
- For non-DHCP subscribers, the preference in descending order is
RADIUS > access profile > global

According to the preference order, a name server address configured in RADIUS is preferred by all subscriber types over all other configuration levels. For all subscriber types, the global name server address is used only when no other name server addresses are configured. When a name server address is configured only in a DHCP address pool, then no address is available to non-DHCP subscribers.

When you configure multiple addresses for a name server, the order in which you configure them determines the preference within that configuration. The preference according to configuration level supersedes this ordering.

There is no restriction on the number of DNS name server addresses that you can configure. For DHCP subscribers, all the addresses are sent in DHCP messages. However, only two addresses—determined by preference order—are sent to PPP subscribers.

All changes in these locally configured DNS name servers affect only new subscribers that subsequently log in. Existing subscribers are not affected by the changes.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring DNS Name Server Addresses for Subscriber Management on page 652](#)
- [DHCP Attributes for Address-Assignment Pools on page 279](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Client-Specific Attributes Applied When Clients Obtain an Address on page 284](#)

Configuring DNS Name Server Addresses for Subscriber Management

This topic describes the procedure for configuring DNS name server addresses at the access profile and routing instance levels. For information about configuring addresses in DHCP address pools, see the DHCP topics referenced in the *Related Documentation* section. For information about configuring addresses on your RADIUS server, refer to your RADIUS software documentation. The order in which the name server configurations at different levels are preferred is described in “[DNS Name Server Address Overview](#)” on [page 651](#).



BEST PRACTICE: In practice, choose either the `domain-name-server` statement or the `domain-name-server-inet` statement for IPv4 addresses. They both have the same effect and there is no need to use both statements. If you do use both statements, addresses configured with `domain-name-server-inet` are preferred over addresses configured with `domain-name-server`.

For example, the following sample configuration specifies two IPv4 domain name servers. The server configured with the `domain-name-server-inet` statement, 192.0.2.23, is preferred over the server configured with the `domain-name-server` statement, 198.51.100.31.

```
[edit access]
user@host# set domain-name-server 198.51.100.31
user@host# set domain-name-server-inet 192.0.2.23
```

To configure DNS name server addresses globally:

1. Configure an IPv4 address.

```
[edit access]
user@host# set domain-name-server-inet dns-address
```

Alternatively, you can use a different statement to configure an IPv4 address.

```
[edit access]
user@host# set domain-name-server dns-address
```

2. Configure an IPv6 address.

```
[edit access]
user@host# set domain-name-server-inet6 dns-address
```

For example, to configure multiple addresses of each type:

```
[edit access]
user@host# set domain-name-server-inet 198.51.100.31
user@host# set domain-name-server-inet 198.51.100.100
user@host# set domain-name-server-inet6 2001:db8:85a3::8a2e:370:81ca
user@host# set domain-name-server-inet6 2001:db8:85a3::8a2e:370:7334
```

To configure DNS name server addresses in an access profile:

1. Configure an IPv4 address.

```
[edit access profile profile-name]
user@host# set domain-name-server-inet dns-address
```

Alternatively, you can use a different statement to configure an IPv4 address.

```
[edit access profile profile-name]
user@host# set domain-name-server dns-address
```

2. Configure an IPv6 address.

```
[edit access profile profile-name]
user@host# set domain-name-server-inet6 dns-address
```

For example, to configure multiple addresses of each type:

```
[edit access profile vrf-s-access]
user@host# set domain-name-server-inet 198.51.100.01
user@host# set domain-name-server-inet 198.51.100.100
user@host# set domain-name-server-inet6 2001:db8:85a3::8a2e:370:ac81
```

```
user@host# set domain-name-server-inet6 2001:db8:85a3::8a2e:370:71bfd
```

Related Documentation

- [DNS Name Server Address Overview on page 651](#)
- [DHCP Attributes for Address-Assignment Pools on page 279](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Client-Specific Attributes Applied When Clients Obtain an Address on page 284](#)

Ensuring IPCP Negotiation for Primary and Secondary DNS Addresses

Starting in Junos OS Release 15.1, you can configure a router to prompt any customer premises equipment (CPE) to send the IPv4 primary or secondary DNS address options in the next configuration request if the options are not included in an initial IPCP configuration request during IPCP negotiations or if the router rejects the request. This DNS option enables the router to control IPv4 DNS address provisioning for dynamic and static, terminated PPPoE and LNS subscribers. The router includes the address options in the IPCP configuration NAK message that it sends to the CPE. The CPE then negotiates both primary and secondary IPv4 DNS addresses. Using this option avoids a situation in which the CPE does not take advantage of the DNS addresses available at the router.

To configure the router to prompt the CPE to negotiate the DNS addresses for dynamic PPPoE subscribers:

- Specify the DNS negotiation option.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"
  ppp-options]
user@host# set ipcp-suggest-dns-option
```

To configure the router to prompt the CPE to negotiate the DNS addresses for static PPPoE subscribers:

- Specify the DNS negotiation option.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name ppp-options]
user@host# set ipcp-suggest-dns-option
```

To configure the router to prompt the CPE to negotiate the DNS addresses for dynamic LNS subscribers:

- Specify the DNS negotiation option.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces "$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit
  "$junos-interface-unit" ppp-options]
user@host# set ipcp-suggest-dns-option
```

To configure the router to prompt the CPE to negotiate the DNS addresses for static LNS subscribers:

- Specify the DNS negotiation option.

```
[edit interfaces si-slot/pic/port unit logical-unit-number ppp-options]
user@host# set ipcp-suggest-dns-option
```

To configure the router to prompt the CPE to negotiate the DNS addresses for tunneled PPP subscribers with an LNS user group profile:

- Specify the DNS negotiation option.

```
[edit access group-profile profile-name ppp-options]
user@host# set ipcp-suggest-dns-option
```

Release History Table

| Release | Description |
|---------|---|
| 15.1 | Starting in Junos OS Release 15.1, you can configure a router to prompt any customer premises equipment (CPE) to send the IPv4 primary or secondary DNS address options in the next configuration request if the options are not included in an initial IPCP configuration request during IPCP negotiations or if the router rejects the request. |

Related Documentation

- *Configuring the Group Profile for Defining L2TP Attributes*
- *Applying PPP Attributes to L2TP LNS Subscribers with a User Group Profile*
- *Dynamic Profiles Overview*
- *Configuring Dynamic Authentication for PPP Subscribers*
- *Applying PPP Attributes to L2TP LNS Subscribers per Inline Service Interface*

Overriding How the DNS Server Address Is Returned in a DHCPv6 Multiple Address Environment

In a DHCPv6 environment, DHCPv6 clients can use a single Solicit message to request multiple addresses (an IA_NA address, an IA_PD address, or both), as well as the DNS server address (DHCPv6 attribute 23). By default, the DHCPv6 local server returns the DNS server address as a global DHCPv6 option.

You can override the default behavior and specify that the DHCPv6 local server returns DNS server addresses as their respective IA_NA and IA_PD suboptions. You can configure the DHCPv6 local server to support the override globally, for a specific group, or for a specific interface.



CAUTION: Some customer premises equipment (CPE) cannot recognize the DNS server address when the address is returned as an IA_NA or IA_PD suboption, which can create interoperability issues.

To configure the DHCPv6 local server to return the DNS server address as an IA_NA or IA_PD suboption.

1. Specify that you want to configure DHCPv6 override options.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]
user@host# edit overrides
```

2. Override the default behavior. DHCPv6 local server now returns DNS server addresses as the respective IA_PD or IA_NA suboption.

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 overrides]
user@host# set multi-address-embedded-option-response
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Using DHCPv6 IA_NA with DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation Overview on page 441](#)
- [DHCPv6 Options in a DHCPv6 Multiple Address Environment on page 442](#)

DNS Resolver for IPv6 DNS Overview

In a network that uses Neighbor Discovery Router Advertisement (NDRA) to provide IPv6 addressing, the DNS server address can be provided in Router Advertisements sent to IPv6 hosts. The address is included in a field called Recursive DNS Server (RDNSS). This feature is useful in networks that are not running DHCPv6.

RADIUS can populate the RDNSS field dynamically when an IPv6 subscriber logs in. On the RADIUS server, you can configure a primary and secondary DNS address in the following VSAs, which are stored in the `$junos-ipv6-dns-server` variable:

- Unisphere-Ipv6-Primary-Dns
- Unisphere-Ipv6-Secondary-Dns

When a subscriber logs in, RADIUS provides the actual DNS server address in the Access-Accept message.

You can also configure a static IPv6 address for DNS servers.

After the subscriber session is established, the DNS address is stored in the session database. When the router sends IPv6 router advertisements, it uses this DNS address in the RDNSS field in the Router Advertisement option.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring a DNS Server Address for IPv6 Hosts on page 656](#)
- [Configuring DNS Name Server Addresses for Subscriber Management on page 652](#)

Configuring a DNS Server Address for IPv6 Hosts

To configure a dynamic DNS server address for IPv6 hosts:

1. Specify that the router receives the DNS server address in the `$junos-ipv6-dns-server-address` variable sent from RADIUS servers in the Access-Accept message when the subscriber logs in.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles dynamic-profile-name protocols router-advertisement interface
interface-name]
user@host# set dns-server-address $junos-ipv6-dns-server-address
```


2. Specify the time in seconds for which the DNS server address remains valid.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles dynamic-profile-name protocols router-advertisement interface
interface-name dns-server-address address]
user@host# set lifetime 2400
```

The default value of the lifetime is 1800 seconds.

To configure a static DNS server address for IPv6 hosts:

1. Specify the IPv6 address of the DNS server.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles dynamic-profile-name protocols router-advertisement interface
interface-name]
user@host# set dns-server-address ipv6-address
```

2. Specify the time in seconds for which the DNS server address remains valid.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles dynamic-profile-name protocols router-advertisement interface
interface-name dns-server-address address]
user@host# set lifetime 2400
```

The default value of the lifetime is 1800 seconds.

Related Documentation

- [DNS Resolver for IPv6 DNS Overview on page 656](#)

PART 7

Configuring CLI-Based Subscriber Services

- [Configuring CLI-Activated Subscriber Services on page 661](#)
- [Configuring Subscriber Services with Multiple Instances on page 669](#)
- [Monitoring and Managing Subscriber Services on page 677](#)

Configuring CLI-Activated Subscriber Services

- [CLI-Activated Subscriber Services on page 661](#)
- [Activating and Deactivating Subscriber Services Locally with the CLI on page 662](#)
- [Using the CLI to Modify Traffic-Control Profiles That Are Currently Applied to Subscribers on page 665](#)

CLI-Activated Subscriber Services

Subscriber management enables you to use the Junos OS CLI to locally activate and deactivate dynamic subscriber services. CLI-based activation and deactivation provides local control for dynamic subscriber services that is similar to subscriber management's change of authorization (CoA) feature. CoA is considered a remote activation method because the commands, or triggers, are received from a remote server, such as a RADIUS or provisioning server. Both the CoA and CLI-based methods enable you to manage services for subscribers who are currently logged in to the network—you can activate a new service for the subscriber or deactivate a current service.

The CLI-based feature activates the specified service—you cannot use it to modify a subscriber's dynamic profile instantiation or to modify user-defined variables in a dynamic profile. You can, however, include variables that are defined for the service in the dynamic profile.

Subscriber management does not support accounting for CLI-activated subscriber services. Accounting for any service is disabled by default. Therefore when you use the CLI to activate a service, it is activated with accounting disabled, and there is no way to explicitly enable accounting for the service. CLI deactivation of a service previously activated (such as by RADIUS) has no effect on accounting for that service.

CLI-based activation and deactivation is useful in service provider networks that do not use provisioning servers or RADIUS servers to activate and deactivate subscriber services. The local control provided by the CLI-based operations enables service providers to add and remove services for existing subscribers without requiring that the subscriber log out and then log in again to complete the change. For example, a service provider might allow subscribers to log in and initially use the default service, which provides basic features. After the default service is established, the provider might then use CLI-activation to upgrade qualified subscribers to an advanced service, in addition to retaining the initial

service. Later, the provider can use CLI-deactivation to terminate the subscriber's advanced service session. The subscriber retains the initial service until the service is deactivated.

CLI-based activation or deactivation of a subscriber service fails if any of the following conditions exist:

- A RADIUS CoA operation or a previous CLI-based activation or deactivation is currently in progress for the subscriber. Only one dynamic request can be active for the subscriber.
- A unified in-service software upgrade (unified ISSU) operation is active.
- The specified service could not be activated or deactivated.

A CLI-based activation or deactivation of a subscriber service also fails if a PCRF has successfully activated any services for the subscriber. You must override the PCRF provisioning to be able to activate or deactivate services for such a subscriber. For more information, see [“Disabling PCRF Control of a Subscriber Session” on page 957](#).

Related Documentation

- [Activating and Deactivating Subscriber Services Locally with the CLI on page 662](#)
- [Using the CLI to Modify Traffic-Control Profiles That Are Currently Applied to Subscribers on page 665](#)
- [Default Subscriber Service Overview on page 277](#)

Activating and Deactivating Subscriber Services Locally with the CLI

Subscriber management enables you to use the Junos OS CLI to locally activate or deactivate dynamic subscriber services for subscribers who are currently logged in to the network. You can activate an initial service for the subscriber, provide an additional service, or deactivate the subscriber's current service.



NOTE:

A CLI-based activation or deactivation of a subscriber service fails if any of the following conditions exist:

- A RADIUS CoA operation or a previous CLI-based activation or deactivation is active for the subscriber.
- A unified in-service software upgrade (unified ISSU) operation is active.
- The specified service could not be activated or deactivated.

A CLI-based activation or deactivation of a subscriber service also fails if a PCRF has successfully activated any services for the subscriber. You must override the PCRF provisioning to be able to activate or deactivate services for such a subscriber. For more information, see [“Disabling PCRF Control of a Subscriber Session” on page 957](#).

To use the CLI to activate a subscriber service:

1. (Optional) Verify the subscriber's ID, and ensure that provisioning is not enabled. To display the session IDs of all current subscribers, use the **show subscribers detail** or **show network-access aaa subscribers** command.

```
user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers session-id 55 detail
Type: dhcp
Username: user23@example.net
Stripped username: user23
AAA Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Target Logical system/Routing instance: default:retail-onlinecompany-ca
Access-profile:retailer-onlinecompany-sjc
Session ID: 55
Accounting Session ID: 55
Multi Accounting Session ID: 0
IP Address: 192.168.44.104
Authentication State: AuthStateActive
Accounting State: Acc-Start-Send
Provisioning-type: none
Service name: basic-service
Service State: SvcActive
Session ID: 56
Session uptime: 00:01:45
```

2. Activate the service for the subscriber.

```
user@host> request network-access aaa subscriber add session-id 55 service-profile
gold-service
```

3. (Optional) Verify that the new service is activated for the subscriber. (The initial **basic-service** is also listed because it has not been deactivated.)

```
user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers session-id 55 detail
Type: dhcp
Username: user23@example.net
Stripped username: user23
AAA Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Target Logical system/Routing instance: default:retail-onlinecompany-ca
Access-profile:retailer-onlinecompany-sjc
Session ID: 55
Accounting Session ID: 55
Multi Accounting Session ID: 0
IP Address: 192.168.44.104
Authentication State: AuthStateActive
Accounting State: Acc-Start-Send
Provisioning-type: none
Service name: basic-service
Service State: SvcActive
Session ID: 56
Session uptime: 00:02:15
Service name: gold-service
Service State: SvcActive
Session ID: 57
Session uptime: 00:00:30
```

To use the CLI to deactivate a subscriber service:

1. Display the active services for the specified subscriber. The following example shows that the **basic-service** and **gold-service** are active.

```
user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers session-id 55 detail
Type: dhcp
Username: user23@example.net
Stripped username: user23
AAA Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Target Logical system/Routing instance: default:retail-onlinecompany-ca
Access-profile:retailer-onlinecompany-sjc
Session ID: 55
Accounting Session ID: 55
Multi Accounting Session ID: 0
IP Address: 192.168.44.104
Authentication State: AuthStateActive
Accounting State: Acc-Start-Send
Provisioning-type: none
Service name: basic-service
Service State: SvcActive
Session ID: 56
Session uptime: 00:02:15
Service name: gold-service
Service State: SvcActive
Session ID: 57
Session uptime: 00:00:30
```

2. Deactivate the service for the subscriber. The following example deletes the subscriber's **basic-service** service.

```
user@host> request network-access aaa subscriber delete session-id 55 service-profile
basic-service
```

3. (Optional) Verify that the deleted service is no longer active for the subscriber. (The **gold-service** is still listed because it has not been deactivated.)

```
user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers session-id 55 detail
Type: dhcp
Username: user23@example.net
Stripped username: user23
AAA Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Target Logical system/Routing instance: default:retail-onlinecompany-ca
Access-profile:retailer-onlinecompany-sjc
Session ID: 55
Accounting Session ID: 55
Multi Accounting Session ID: 0
IP Address: 192.168.44.104
Authentication State: AuthStateActive
Accounting State: Acc-Start-Send
Provisioning-type: none
Service name: gold-service
Service State: SvcActive
Session ID: 57
Session uptime: 00:00:30
```


- Related Documentation**
- [CLI-Activated Subscriber Services on page 661](#)
 - [Using the CLI to Modify Traffic-Control Profiles That Are Currently Applied to Subscribers on page 665](#)
 - [Default Subscriber Service Overview on page 277](#)

Using the CLI to Modify Traffic-Control Profiles That Are Currently Applied to Subscribers

Subscriber management enables you to use the CLI to modify a traffic-control profile that is currently applied to existing subscribers. This feature allows you to update subscribers who are initially assigned the default traffic-control profile, which might have limited features.



TIP: You specify the default traffic-control profile with the **predefined-variable-defaults** statement and the **cos-traffic-control-profile** variable at the **[edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* class-of-service]** hierarchy level.

There are two methods you can use to modify an traffic-control profile that is in use—global and per-subscriber. The global method modifies the traffic-control profile for all subscribers currently using the traffic-control profile. The per-subscriber method modifies the traffic-control profile for a particular subscriber—all other subscribers currently using the traffic-control profile remain unaffected.

The global and per-subscriber methods share the following characteristics:

- They modify traffic-control profiles that are currently applied to active subscribers.
- Neither method creates new traffic-control profiles; they modify existing traffic-control profiles that have been previously created using the **traffic-control-profiles** statement at the **[edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* class-of-service]** hierarchy level.
- Modifications are transparent to the active subscribers who are using the modified profile. The modified traffic-control profile is assigned without requiring any action by the subscriber.
- Both methods are useful when updating subscribers who are initially assigned the default traffic-control profile, which might have limited features. You specify the default traffic-control profile with the **predefined-variable-defaults** statement and the **cos-traffic-control-profile** variable at the **[edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* class-of-service]** hierarchy level.



NOTE: To support CLI modification of traffic-control profiles in an IPv4/IPv6 dual-stack environment, you must have the `aggregate-clients replace` statement enabled at the `[edit system services dhcp-local-server group group-name dynamic-profile profile-name]` hierarchy

This topic includes the following tasks:

- [Using the CLI to Globally Modify a Traffic-Control Profile Currently Applied to Multiple Subscribers on page 666](#)
- [Using the CLI to Modify a Traffic-Control Profile for a Specific Current Subscriber on page 666](#)

Using the CLI to Globally Modify a Traffic-Control Profile Currently Applied to Multiple Subscribers

To make a global modification for all current subscribers assigned a particular traffic-control profile, you change one or more parameters for the traffic-control profile and **commit** the changes.

In this example, the statement changes the shaping rate for the existing traffic-control profile named **TCP-silver**. After the change, the new shaping rate applies to all subscribers currently using **TCP-silver**.

1. Access the traffic-control profile you want to modify.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-profile class-of-service]
user@host# edit traffic-control-profiles TCP-silver
```

2. Specify the parameters that you want to modify in the traffic-control profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles business-profile class-of-service traffic-control-profiles
TCP-silver]
user@host# set shaping-rate 20m
```

3. Commit the configuration change to update the traffic-control profile. All current subscribers using **TCP-silver** now have the new **shaping-rate**.

Using the CLI to Modify a Traffic-Control Profile for a Specific Current Subscriber

To make a per-subscriber modification for a specific subscriber that is currently assigned a traffic-control profile, you specify the name of the new traffic-control profile to use.

In this example, the command replaces the existing traffic-control profile with the profile named **TCP-gold**. The new traffic-control profile applies only to the subscriber identified by session ID **2551**.

- Request that the traffic-control profile named **TCP-gold** be applied to session ID 2551.

```
user@host> request network-access aaa subscriber modify session-id 2551
junos-cos-traffic-control-profile TCP-gold
```

The system then displays the status message, **Successful completion**, indicating that the modification is successful. The subscriber identified by session ID 2551 now uses the **TCP-gold** traffic-control profile.

See Also • *Guidelines for Configuring Dynamic CoS for Subscriber Access*

CHAPTER 67

Configuring Subscriber Services with Multiple Instances

- [Subscriber Services with Multiple Instances Overview on page 669](#)
- [Deactivating a Single Instance of a Subscriber Service with Multiple Instances on page 671](#)
- [Deactivating All Instances of a Subscriber Service with Multiple Instances on page 674](#)

Subscriber Services with Multiple Instances Overview

Services are activated for subscribers either at login, or by using Change of Authorization (CoA) RADIUS messages or command-line interface (CLI) requests. A subscriber can have multiple instances of the same named service, provided that each instance of the subscriber service has a different set of parameters. Support for multiple instances of a subscriber service enables you to use service parameters to customize the same service to meet different needs for a particular subscriber.

- [Subscriber Service Instances and Service Parameters on page 669](#)
- [CLI Deactivation of Subscriber Services with Multiple Instances on page 670](#)
- [Subscriber Services with Multiple Instances in RADIUS Accounting Messages on page 670](#)

Subscriber Service Instances and Service Parameters

In a subscriber access network, each subscriber has its own set of services. You can configure a specific *service instance* for a particular subscriber by specifying a *service name*, also referred to as a *service profile*, and unique service parameters for that service instance. *Service parameters* can include a combination of policy lists, filters, rate-limit profiles, class of service (CoS) profiles, and interface profiles.

For example, `filter-service(up-filter,down-filter)` and `filter-service(upstream-filter,downstream-filter)` are considered two different instances of the same service (`filter-service`) because their parameters, enclosed in parentheses after the service name, are different.

Each service instance is uniquely identified by the combination of its service name and service parameters. In CoA messages, the router identifies a subscriber service by its complete activation string, which consists of the service name and, if configured, one or more service parameters in the order specified.

CLI Deactivation of Subscriber Services with Multiple Instances

You can use the Junos OS CLI to deactivate subscriber services with multiple instances in either of the following ways:

- Deactivate a single instance of a subscriber service by specifying the name and parameters of the service to be deactivated.

With this feature, you can deactivate a particular instance of a subscriber service while other instances of that same service remain active. For example, assume that a subscriber identified by a particular session ID has two instances of filter-service activated: filter-service(up-filter,down-filter) and filter-service(upstream-filter,downstream-filter). If you specify “filter-service(up-filter,down-filter)” in the **request network-access aaa subscriber delete session-id** command, the router deactivates only filter-service(up-filter,down-filter); filter-service(upstream-filter,downstream-filter) remains active.

The ability to use both service names and service parameters to identify the particular service instance to be deactivated is analogous to the subscriber service deactivation feature in use on Juniper Networks E Series Broadband Services Routers that run JunosE Software.

- Deactivate all instances of a subscriber service by specifying only the name of the service to be deactivated, with no service parameters.

With this feature, you can deactivate all instances of the same subscriber service with a single operational command. Using the same subscriber service example, if you specify “filter-service” in the **request network-access aaa subscriber delete session-id** command, the router deactivates both filter-service(up-filter,down-filter) and filter-service(upstream-filter,downstream-filter).

Subscriber Services with Multiple Instances in RADIUS Accounting Messages

RADIUS Acct-Start, Interim-Acct, and Acct-Stop accounting messages include the subscriber service name and, if configured, service parameters. If RADIUS logging is enabled, the router logs all subscriber service attributes, including service names and parameters, in messages sent to and received from the RADIUS authentication server.

For example, assume that the router receives the following RADIUS Access-Accept message from the RADIUS server:

```
Jul 13 12:37:02 radius-access-accept: Activate-Service (Juniper-ERX-VSA) received:  
Tag (1) filter-service(up-filter,down-filter)
```

Table 51 on page 671 shows sample logged RADIUS Acct-Start, Interim-Acct, and Acct-Stop messages that the router sends to the RADIUS server in response to the Access-Accept message. In each of these accounting messages, the Activate-Service-Session-Name is the full activation string that includes both the service name (filter-service) and service parameters (up-filter,down-filter) to identify the service instance.

Table 51: Subscriber Services and Service Parameters in RADIUS Accounting Messages

| RADIUS Accounting Message Type | RADIUS Accounting Message Text |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Acct-Start | Jul 13 12:37:02 radius-acct-start: Activate-Service-Session-Name (Juniper-ERX-VSA) added: filter-service(up-filter,down-filter) |
| Interim-Acct | Jul 13 12:47:00 radius-acct-interim: Activate-Service-Session-Name (Juniper-ERX-VSA) added: filter-service(up-filter,down-filter) |
| Acct-Stop | Jul 13 12:53:59 radius-acct-stop: Activate-Service-Session-Name (Juniper-ERX-VSA) added: filter-service(up-filter,down-filter) |

Related Documentation

- [Deactivating a Single Instance of a Subscriber Service with Multiple Instances on page 671](#)
- [Deactivating All Instances of a Subscriber Service with Multiple Instances on page 674](#)
- [Verifying and Managing Subscriber Services with Multiple Instances on page 677](#)

Deactivating a Single Instance of a Subscriber Service with Multiple Instances

For subscriber services that have multiple instances, you can use the Junos OS CLI to deactivate a service in either of the following ways:

- Deactivate a single instance of a service by specifying the name and parameters of the service to be deactivated.
- Deactivate all instances of a service by specifying only the name of the service to be deactivated.

This topic describes how to deactivate a single instance of a subscriber service.

To use the Junos OS CLI to deactivate a single instance of a subscriber service with multiple instances:

1. Display the active services for the subscriber identified by the specified session ID.

```
user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers session-id subscriber-session-id detail
```

For example, the following command displays the active services for the DHCP subscriber identified by session ID 6. In this example, two instances of economy-service are active: **economy-service(up-filter,down-filter)** and **economy-service(upstrm-filter,dwnstrm-filter)**. A single instance of premium-service named **premium-service(up-filter,down-filter)** is also active.

```
user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers session-id 6 detail
```

```

Type: dhcp
Stripped username: fran2
AAA Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Target Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Access-profile: attr_test_profile1
Session ID: 6
Accounting Session ID: 6
Multi Accounting Session ID: 0
IP Address: 198.51.100.10
Authentication State: AuthStateActive
Accounting State: Acc-Interim-Sent
Provisioning Type: None
Service name: economy-service(up-filter,down-filter)
  Service State: SvcActive
  Service Family: inet
  Service Activation Source: Radius
  Session ID: 7
  Session uptime: 00:04:36
  Accounting status: on/volume+time
  Service accounting session ID: 6:7-1354811427
  Service accounting state: Acc-Start-Sent
  Accounting interim interval: 600
Service name: economy-service(upstrm-filter,dwnstrm-filter)
  Service State: SvcActive
  Service Family: inet
  Service Activation Source: Radius
  Session ID: 8
  Session uptime: 00:04:36
  Accounting status: on/volume+time
  Service accounting session ID: 6:8-1354811427
  Service accounting state: Acc-Start-Sent
  Accounting interim interval: 600
Service name: premium-service(up-filter,down-filter)
  Service State: SvcActive
  Service Family: inet
  Service Activation Source: Radius
  Session ID: 9
  Session uptime: 00:04:36
  Accounting status: on/volume+time
  Service accounting session ID: 6:9-1354811427
  Service accounting state: Acc-Start-Sent
  Accounting interim interval: 600

```

2. Deactivate the specified instance of a subscriber service by specifying its service name and parameters.

```

user@host> request network-access aaa subscriber delete session-id subscriber-session-id
service-profile "profile-name(parameters)"

```

For example, the following command deactivates only the instance of economy-service named economy-service(up-filter,down-filter).

```

user@host> request network-access aaa subscriber delete session-id 6 service-profile
"economy-service(up-filter,down-filter)"

```

3. (Optional) Verify that the deactivated service instance is no longer active for the subscriber.

```

user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers session-id subscriber-session-id detail

```


For example, the following command displays the services still active for the DHCP subscriber identified by session ID 6. In this example, **economy-service(up-filter,down-filter)** is no longer listed because it was deactivated, but **economy-service(upstrm-filter,dwnstrm-filter)** and **premium-service(up-filter,down-filter)** are still active.

```
user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers session-id 6 detail
Type: dhcp
Stripped username: fran2
AAA Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Target Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Access-profile: attr_test_profile1
Session ID: 6
Accounting Session ID: 6
Multi Accounting Session ID: 0
IP Address: 198.51.100.13.10
Authentication State: AuthStateActive
Accounting State: Acc-Interim-Sent
Provisioning Type: None
Service name: economy-service(upstrm-filter,dwnstrm-filter)
  Service State: SvcActive
  Service Family: inet
  Service Activation Source: Radius
  Session ID: 8
  Session uptime: 00:04:36
  Accounting status: on/volume+time
  Service accounting session ID: 6:8-1354811427
  Service accounting state: Acc-Start-Sent
  Accounting interim interval: 600
Service name: premium-service(up-filter,down-filter)
  Service State: SvcActive
  Service Family: inet
  Service Activation Source: Radius
  Session ID: 9
  Session uptime: 00:04:36
  Accounting status: on/volume+time
  Service accounting session ID: 6:9-1354811427
  Service accounting state: Acc-Start-Sent
  Accounting interim interval: 600
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Deactivating All Instances of a Subscriber Service with Multiple Instances on page 674](#)
 - [Verifying and Managing Subscriber Services with Multiple Instances on page 677](#)
 - [Subscriber Services with Multiple Instances Overview on page 669](#)

Deactivating All Instances of a Subscriber Service with Multiple Instances

For subscriber services that have multiple instances, you can use the Junos OS CLI to deactivate a service in either of the following ways:

- Deactivate a single instance of a service by specifying the name and parameters of the service to be deactivated.
- Deactivate all instances of a service by specifying only the name of the service to be deactivated.

This topic describes how to deactivate all instances of a subscriber service.

To use the Junos OS CLI to deactivate all instances of a subscriber service with multiple instances:

1. Display the active services for the subscriber identified by the specified session ID.

```
user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers session-id subscriber-session-id detail
```

For example, the following command displays the active services for the DHCP subscriber identified by session ID 6. In this example, two instances of economy-service are active: **economy-service(up-filter,down-filter)** and **economy-service(upstrm-filter,dwnstrm-filter)**. A single instance of premium-service named **premium-service(up-filter,down-filter)** is also active.

```
user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers session-id 6 detail
```

```
Type: dhcp
Stripped username: fran2
AAA Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Target Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Access-profile: attr_test_profile1
Session ID: 6
Accounting Session ID: 6
Multi Accounting Session ID: 0
IP Address: 198.51.100.10
Authentication State: AuthStateActive
Accounting State: Acc-Interim-Sent
Provisioning Type: None
Service name: economy-service(up-filter,down-filter)
  Service State: SvcActive
  Service Family: inet
  Service Activation Source: Radius
  Session ID: 7
  Session uptime: 00:04:36
  Accounting status: on/volume+time
  Service accounting session ID: 6:7-1354811427
  Service accounting state: Acc-Start-Sent
  Accounting interim interval: 600
Service name: economy-service(upstrm-filter,dwnstrm-filter)
  Service State: SvcActive
  Service Family: inet
  Service Activation Source: Radius
  Session ID: 8
  Session uptime: 00:04:36
  Accounting status: on/volume+time
```

```

Service accounting session ID: 6:8-1354811427
Service accounting state: Acc-Start-Sent
Accounting interim interval: 600
Service name: premium-service(up-filter,down-filter)
Service State: SvcActive
Service Family: inet
Service Activation Source: Radius
Session ID: 9
Session uptime: 00:04:36
Accounting status: on/volume+time
Service accounting session ID: 6:9-1354811427
Service accounting state: Acc-Start-Sent
Accounting interim interval: 600

```

2. Deactivate all instances of the specified service by specifying the service name without parameters.

```

user@host> request network-access aaa subscriber delete session-id subscriber-session-id
service-profile "profile-name"

```

For example, the following command deactivates both instances of economy-service.

```

user@host> request network-access aaa subscriber delete session-id 6 service-profile
"economy-service"

```

3. (Optional) Verify that all instances of the deactivated service are no longer active for the subscriber.

```

user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers session-id subscriber-session-id detail

```

In the following example, only **premium-service(up-filter,down-filter)** is still active. Neither **economy-service(up-filter,down-filter)** nor **economy-service(upstrm-filter,dwnstrm-filter)** is listed because all instances of economy-service were deactivated.

```

user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers session-id 6 detail
Type: dhcp
Stripped username: fran2
AAA Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Target Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Access-profile: attr_test_profile1
Session ID: 6
Accounting Session ID: 6
Multi Accounting Session ID: 0
IP Address: 198.51.100.10
Authentication State: AuthStateActive
Accounting State: Acc-Interim-Sent
Provisioning Type: None
Service name: premium-service(up-filter,down-filter)
Service State: SvcActive
Service Family: inet
Service Activation Source: Radius
Session ID: 9
Session uptime: 00:04:36
Accounting status: on/volume+time
Service accounting session ID: 6:9-1354811427
Service accounting state: Acc-Start-Sent
Accounting interim interval: 600

```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Deactivating a Single Instance of a Subscriber Service with Multiple Instances on page 671](#)
- [Verifying and Managing Subscriber Services with Multiple Instances on page 677](#)
- [Subscriber Services with Multiple Instances Overview on page 669](#)

Monitoring and Managing Subscriber Services

- [Verifying and Managing Subscriber Services with Multiple Instances on page 677](#)

Verifying and Managing Subscriber Services with Multiple Instances

Purpose Display information about the active services for a subscriber identified by the specified session ID.

Action The following example displays information about the active services for the DHCP subscriber identified by session ID 6.

```
user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers session-id 6 detail
Type: dhcp
Stripped username: fms2
AAA Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Target Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Access-profile: attr_test_profile1
Session ID: 6
Accounting Session ID: 6
Multi Accounting Session ID: 0
IP Address: 198.51.100.10
Authentication State: AuthStateActive
Accounting State: Acc-Interim-Sent
Provisioning Type: None
Service name: economy-service(up-filter,down-filter)
  Service State: SvcActive
  Service Family: inet
  Service Activation Source: Radius
  Session ID: 7
  Session uptime: 00:04:36
  Accounting status: on/volume+time
  Service accounting session ID: 6:7-1354811427
  Service accounting state: Acc-Start-Sent
  Accounting interim interval: 600
Service name: economy-service(upstrm-filter,dwnstrm-filter)
  Service State: SvcActive
  Service Family: inet
  Service Activation Source: Radius
  Session ID: 8
  Session uptime: 00:04:36
  Accounting status: on/volume+time
  Service accounting session ID: 6:8-1354811427
```

```
Service accounting state: Acc-Start-Sent
Accounting interim interval: 600
Service name: premium-service
Service State: SvcActive
Service Family: inet
Service Activation Source: Radius
Session ID: 9
Session uptime: 00:04:36
Accounting status: on/volume+time
Service accounting session ID: 6:9-1354811427
Service accounting state: Acc-Start-Sent
Accounting interim interval: 600
```

Meaning If parameters are configured when a subscriber service with multiple instances is activated, the **Service name** field in the **show network-access aaa subscribers session-id** command displays both the service name and, in parentheses following the service name, the service parameters. If parameters are not configured for a particular service, the **show network-access aaa subscribers session-id** command displays only the service name. The value **SvcActive** in the **Service State** field indicates that the service is active.

In this example, two instances of economy-service are active:
economy-service(up-filter,down-filter) and **economy-service(upstrm-filter,dwnstrm-filter)**.
For **premium-service**, which is also active, the command output displays only the service name, indicating that no parameters were configured for this service.

- Related Documentation**
- [Deactivating a Single Instance of a Subscriber Service with Multiple Instances on page 671](#)
 - [Deactivating All Instances of a Subscriber Service with Multiple Instances on page 674](#)

PART 8

Configuring ANCP and the ANCP Agent for Subscribers

- [Configuring ANCP Agent Neighbors and Operations on page 681](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent Traffic and CoS on page 729](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent and AAA on page 743](#)
- [Monitoring and Managing ANCP for Subscriber Access on page 751](#)

CHAPTER 69

Configuring ANCP Agent Neighbors and Operations

- [ANCP and the ANCP Agent Overview on page 681](#)
- [ANCP Operations in Different Network Configurations on page 690](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)
- [Configuring ANCP Neighbors on page 701](#)
- [Associating an Access Node with Subscribers for ANCP Agent Operations on page 703](#)
- [Specifying the Interval Between ANCP Adjacency Messages on page 704](#)
- [Specifying the Maximum Number of Discovery Table Entries on page 704](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent for Backward Compatibility on page 705](#)
- [Specifying How Long Processes Wait for the ANCP Agent Restart to Complete on page 706](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent to Learn ANCP Partition IDs on page 706](#)
- [Example: Configuring an ANCP Network with Interface Sets and N:1 Static Demux VLANs over Aggregated Ethernet on page 707](#)

ANCP and the ANCP Agent Overview

This topic describes the Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP) and the *ANCP agent*. The ANCP agent is the Junos OS process that manages subscriber access lines with ANCP. The agent monitors subscriber access lines, reports subscriber traffic rates on the access lines between the subscribers and the access nodes, and modifies the traffic rates, all in support of CoS traffic shaping.

- [Overview on page 682](#)
- [Topology Discovery on page 682](#)
- [Subscriber Services on page 683](#)
- [ANCP Interfaces and Access Loop Circuit Identifiers on page 684](#)
- [Mapping Access Lines to Interfaces and Interface Sets on page 684](#)
- [ANCP Neighbors on page 686](#)
- [Partitions on page 687](#)

- [Adjacency Update Messages on page 688](#)
- [Generic Response Messages and Result Codes on page 688](#)

Overview

ANCP acts as a control plane between a service-oriented Layer 3 edge device and a Layer 2 access node. The access nodes—ANCP *neighbors*—are network devices that terminate access loops from subscribers; for DSL access loops, the access node is a DSL access multiplexer (DSLAM). Queuing and scheduling mechanisms for subscriber traffic must avoid congestion within the access network while contending with multiple flows and distinct CoS requirements. These mechanisms require the edge device—a router acting as a broadband network gateway (BNG), often also called a network access server (NAS)—to provide information about the access network and subscriber traffic.

The ANCP agent can map an access line to an interface or interface set either statically or dynamically. The agent provides that information to both CoS and AAA. The agent passes on to both CoS and AAA the traffic shaping attributes for each subscriber access line that the access node sent to the ANCP agent. In addition, the agent sends to AAA all DSL Forum attributes that were sent by the access node. AAA can use these attributes during RADIUS accounting and authentication for both DHCP IP demux and PPPoE subscriber sessions. The traffic rates can also be used for shaping L2TP tunnel traffic.

You can monitor ANCP agent events and operations by including the **traceoptions** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level.

Junos OS supports Class of Service (CoS) traffic shaping on the following interface types for ANCP:

- Static VLAN interfaces, except those created by Extensible Subscriber Services Manager (ESSM)
- Static VLAN demux interfaces, except those created by ESSM
- Static interface sets, including those created by ESSM
- Dynamic interface sets
- Dynamic VLAN-tagged interface sets
- Dynamic agent circuit identifier (ACI) interface sets, also known as ACI sets or ACI VLANs
- Dynamic PPPoE and DHCP IP demux subscriber interfaces
- Dynamic VLAN demux interfaces with Ethernet-VPLS encapsulation

ANCP was developed as an extension of *RFC 3292, General Switch Management Protocol (GSMP) V3*, but is now defined in *RFC 6320, Protocol for Access Node Control Mechanism in Broadband Networks*.

Topology Discovery

The router uses topology discovery to collect information from the access node. The information includes the following:

- Topology of the access network
- DSL line state
- Actual upstream and downstream net data rates of a synchronized DSL link
- Maximum attainable upstream and downstream net data rates
- Interleaving delay

Subscriber Services

The router receives the service profile for the subscribers from a RADIUS server. Most of the services are enforced by the router itself. The router shapes the aggregate egress traffic to subscribers based on the local loop throughput reported by the DSLAM. This traffic shaping optimizes traffic flow while avoiding traffic drops in the access node.

Some service attributes, such as interleaving delay and multicast channel information, are enforced at the access node. The ANCP agent provides the line configuration mechanism that the edge device can use to pass the line configuration to the access nodes. Typically, multiple profiles are provisioned on the access node. The router instructs the access node which profile to use for a given subscriber.

Subscribers typically receive some combination of voice, data, and video services. Each service can be provisioned on a VLAN. A subscriber might receive only a single service over a single VLAN configured on a logical interface. A group of VLANs carrying services to a subscriber is an *interface set*.

Subscribers have operational states, but they do not have administrative states because they cannot be configured in the CLI.

Subscribers have one of the following operational states which represent the DSL line state as it is reported in the ANCP Port Up and Port Down messages sent by an access node:

- Idle—Ports are not configured and the subscriber cannot log in.
- Silent—Ports are configured and the subscriber is connected, but the DSL modem is not ready to transfer data.
- Showtime—Ports are configured, the subscriber is connected, and the DSL modem is online and ready to transfer data.



NOTE: For information about ANCP for business subscribers and services, see *Layer 2 Wholesale with ANCP-Triggered VLANs Overview*.

ANCP Interfaces and Access Loop Circuit Identifiers

The access loop or access line in an ANCP topology consists of the physical elements between the subscriber device (CPE) and the access node. An identifier associated with the access loop serves to identify the subscriber as well. This identifier is an alphanumeric string that actually identifies the interface on the DSLAM from which subscriber requests originate. It can be referred to by various names.

- In ANCP messages, a TLV carries the access loop circuit ID, also referred to as the access line identifier, access loop circuit identifier, or access identifier.
- DHCP discovery packets can identify the line with the Agent Circuit ID suboption in the Option 82 field.
- PPPoE discovery packets can identify the line with the Agent-Circuit-ID subattribute in the DSL Forum vendor-specific tag.

Each of these identifiers is abbreviated as ACI. When the ANCP agent receives a port management message from an access node, it uses the access loop circuit identifier contained in the message to determine which logical interface or interface set corresponds to the subscriber.

You can associate an identifier with an ANCP access line by static configuration. When you configure a logical interface by specifying the interface name at the **[edit protocols ancp interfaces]** hierarchy level, include the **access-identifier** statement to associate the access loop circuit identifier with the interface. When you configure an interface set by including the **interface-set** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp interfaces]** hierarchy level, associate the access loop circuit identifier with the interface set by including the **access-identifier** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp interfaces interface-set interface-set-name]** hierarchy level.

When the DHCP or PPPoE discovery packet includes an ACI, the ANCP agent can dynamically map the ACI to the subscriber interface or interface set. VLANs for the subscribers are created according to a dynamic profile; these are called agent circuit identifier-based or ACI-based dynamic VLANs.

ANCP agent support for RADIUS authentication and accounting requires that both static and dynamic ACIs must be unique across the network. No two interfaces across multiple neighbors (access nodes) can share the same identifier. The DHCP and PPPoE processes do not have information about the access node IP addresses and consequently cannot distinguish between duplicate identifiers. This situation prevents the AAA services framework from correlating a DHCP or PPPoE client session with an access line for RADIUS authentication and accounting.

Mapping Access Lines to Interfaces and Interface Sets

The ANCP agent maps the ACI for subscriber access lines to an interface or interface set to apply DSL attributes received from the access node to CoS traffic shaping for the access line. The access line mapping can be statically configured with the **access-identifier** statement, or dynamically derived during subscriber authentication. Static mapping always supersedes dynamic mapping.

The ANCP agent can remap an access line to a different interface or interface set than its original mapping. Remapping can also be static or dynamic. For example, an access line might be first dynamically mapped to a subscriber interface and then statically configured to an interface set.

You can statically configure mapping with the statement only for interface and interface set types that have configured or deterministic names:

- Static VLAN interfaces
- Static VLAN demux interfaces
- Static interface sets
- Dynamic interface sets
- Dynamic VLAN-tagged interface sets

Static configuration with the statement is required for mapping an access line to static interface sets, dynamic interface sets, and dynamic VLAN-tagged interface sets. This is true regardless of the presence of an ACI in the PPPoE or DHCP IP demux subscriber's discovery packet, because the use of the ACI is irrelevant to the creation of these types of interface sets.

You cannot statically configure mapping with the statement for the following interface and interface set types, because they have nondeterministic, automatically generated names:

- Dynamic VLAN demux interfaces
- Dynamic ACI interface sets (ACI VLANs)
- Dynamic PPPoE and DHCP IP demux subscriber interfaces

In the context of Layer 2 wholesale services, the ANCP agent can map access lines to dynamic VLAN demux interfaces that have Ethernet-VPLS encapsulation. The ANCP agent triggers the creation of these interfaces with the ANCP Port UP message, which always includes the ACI for the access line. The agent can then dynamically map the interface to an access line for CoS traffic shaping.

Dynamic mapping works as follows:

- If the subscriber interface is a member of an interface set, the ANCP agent maps the ACI for the access line to the interface set.
- If the subscriber interface is not a member of an interface set, the ANCP agent maps the ACI for the access line to the subscriber interface.

The ANCP agent does not support static or dynamic mapping for the following interface types, regardless of the presence of the access line's ACI in the subscriber's discovery packet:

- Static VLAN interfaces created by ESSM.
- Static VLAN demux interfaces created by ESSM.

- Dynamic VLAN interfaces.
- Dynamic VLAN demux interfaces that do not have Ethernet-VPLS encapsulation.

ANCP Neighbors

The ANCP agent can report traffic only for access nodes that are configured as ANCP neighbors (also referred to as ANCP peers). Neighbors can establish TCP connections with the router. Include the **neighbor** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level to configure an access node as an ANCP neighbor.

The ANCP agent exchanges adjacency messages with neighbors. If an adjacency message is not received from a neighbor within the expected period, then the neighbor is considered to be down and is disconnected. You can adjust how long the ANCP agent waits for adjacency messages from all neighbors by including the **adjacency-timer** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level. The interval between adjacency messages is negotiated between router and the neighbor during adjacency establishment. The larger of two timer values—either the value received in the ANCP SYN message or the configured value—is selected. Loss of synchronization between the router and a neighbor is declared when no valid messages are received for a period of time that exceeds three times the negotiated value.



NOTE:

The ANCP TCP connection is not established and consequently ANCP neighbors do not come up in either of the following circumstances:

- When the neighbor address (numbered or unnumbered) has a /32 mask.
- When the unnumbered local address for ANCP dynamic logical interfaces is configured to use a preferred source address.

ANCP neighbors have one of the following administrative states, which simply represent the configuration of the neighbor:

- **enabled**—The neighbor is configured in the CLI.
- **disabled**—The neighbor is not configured, meaning either that it has never been configured or that the configuration has been deleted.

ANCP neighbors in the enabled state have one of the following operational states, which represent the state of adjacency negotiations:

- **Configured**—The neighbor has been configured, but has never established an adjacency.
- **Establishing**—Adjacency negotiations are in progress.
- **Established**—Adjacency negotiations have succeeded and an ANCP session has been established.
- **Not Established**—The neighbor has lost a previously established adjacency, but is ready to begin negotiations.

You can also configure parameters for a specific neighbor that override global or default configurations by including any of the following statements at the **[edit protocols ancp neighbor ip-address]** hierarchy level:

- **adjacency-timer**—Adjust the interval between adjacency messages exchanged with this neighbor.
- **ietf-mode**—Prevent the ANCP agent from operating in a backward-compatible mode for this neighbor; for neighbors that use the current IETF implementation of ANCP.
- **maximum-discovery-table-entries**—Specify how many discovery table entries are accepted from this neighbor. Include this statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level to set the number of entries globally for all neighbors.
- **pre-ietf-mode**—Enable the ANCP agent to operate in a backward-compatible mode for this neighbor; for neighbors that use the original IETF implementation of ANCP (GSMPv2) rather than the current implementation. Include this statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level to operate in backward-compatible mode globally for all neighbors.

RFC 6320, Protocol for Access Node Control Mechanism in Broadband Networks, defines ANCP Version 1. ANCP was originally implemented based on General Switch Management Protocol (GSMP) version 3, sub-version 1. However, the Internet community has made so many extensions and modifications to GSMPv3 in the course of developing ANCP that ANCP is no longer interoperable with GSMPv3. Consequently, ANCP neighbors must be able to dynamically detect the version that each peer supports. A joint registry codifies the GSMP and ANCP version numbers.

When an ANCP neighbor opens adjacency negotiations, it indicates the highest version of ANCP that it supports, either 0x31 for GSMPv3 or 0x32 for ANCP Version 1. (Version 1 may also be called Version 50, referring to the decimal conversion from the hexadecimal value.) If the receiving neighbor supports that version of ANCP, it returns that value when it responds to the sending neighbors. If it does not support that version, the receiving neighbor simply drops the message.

The ANCP agent stores information about active ANCP subscribers in the Junos shared database, including DSL attributes for the access lines. This storage is persistent and is removed from the database only when you delete the interface or interface set for the access line or issue one of the following commands:

- **clear ancp neighbor**
- **clear ancp subscriber**

The persistence of the storage enables PPPoE and DHCP IP demux subscribers to be properly managed by RADIUS for authentication and accounting, with their DSL attributes, even when the ANCP connection has been temporarily terminated.

Partitions

ANCP supports the division of an access node into logical partitions. Each partition creates an adjacency with a router; each partition on an access node can form adjacencies with

different routers. Partition negotiation takes place during ANCP adjacency negotiation. ANCP messages carry the following fields relating to the partition negotiation:

- The partition type (PType) field indicates whether the access node is partitioned and how the partition identifier is negotiated. The field has one of the following values negotiated during the formation of the adjacency:
 - 0—The access node is not partitioned or does not support partitions.
 - 1—The number of partitions is fixed and the router requests the access node to use the identifier it places in the partition identifier field.
 - 2—The number of partitions is fixed and the access node has assigned the partition identifier.
- The partition ID field that indicates one of the following scenarios for ANCP agent support of the neighbor:
 - Zero partition ID—The ANCP agent supports each neighbor on an IP address over a single TCP session with a partition ID of zero. This is the default support case. This value is required when the partition type is zero.
 - Single nonzero partition ID—The ANCP agent supports each neighbor on an IP address over a single TCP session with a nonzero partition ID. This case requires partition ID learning to be enabled with the **gsmp-syn-wait** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level.
- The partition flag (PFlag) field indicates the type of partition request being made. A value of one specifies a new adjacency.

The following partitioning schemes are supported

- Each partition has an independent ANCP session and channel to an adjacent router. All partitions have a fixed partition ID of zero.
- Each partition has an independent ANCP session and channel to an adjacent router. Each partition has a dedicated, nonzero partition ID.

Adjacency Update Messages

After an adjacency has been established, the ANCP agent uses adjacency update messages to inform routers that control the same partition about each other. Once more than one router has established an adjacency to a given partition, the ANCP agent sends an adjacency update message to each of these routers to report how many established adjacencies the partition currently supports. When an adjacency is lost, an update message is sent to the remaining routers to report the change in status. You can use the **show ancp neighbor detail** command to display the number of adjacencies currently established on a particular partition.

Generic Response Messages and Result Codes

ANCP neighbors and the router can reply to messages either with a specific response message or a generic response message. A generic response message is typically sent when no information needs to be sent to the peer other than a success or failure result.

If the response is about a failure, then a result code is included that specifies the kind of failure; a limited amount of diagnostic data can also be included. A generic response message can also be sent independently of a request if the adjacency is being shut down because of the failure. In this case, the sender of the message zeros out the Transaction ID field in the message header and the Message Type field in the Status-Info TLV.

[Table 52 on page 689](#) describes the result codes that can be included in a generic response message.

Table 52: ANCP Failure Result Codes

| Code Value | Description | Detected By |
|------------|--|--|
| 0x02 | Although the request message is properly formed, it is invalid because it violates the protocol, either because of timing issues such as a race condition or the direction in which the message was transmitted. | ANCP agent |
| 0x06 | One or more of the specified ports is down because of a state mismatch between the router and an ANCP control application. | Control applications (none yet available) |
| 0x13 | ANCP is out of resources. This result code is sent only by the access node; the problem is probably not related to the access lines, but can be related to a specific request. | ANCP protocol layer or control applications (none yet available) |
| 0x51 | The type of request message is not implemented because of a mismatch in protocol versions or capability state between the peers, or possibly because the message type is optional for an ANCP capability. | ANCP agent |
| 0x53 | The message is malformed either because it was corrupted in transit or an implementation error occurred at one end of the connection. | ANCP agent |
| 0x54 | One or more mandatory TLVs is missing from the request. | ANCP agent |
| 0x55 | The contents of one or more TLVs in the request are invalid because they do not match the TLV specification. | ANCP agent |
| 0x500 | One or more of the ports specified in a request does not exist, possibly because of a configuration mismatch between the access node and the router or AAA. | Control applications (none yet available) |



NOTE: Although Junos OS supports both sending and receiving generic response messages, currently the ANCP agent only receives these messages. When one of these messages is received, the router generates a system log, increments the generic message counters, and increments the result code counters. When the ANCP agent receives an incorrect or unexpected generic response message from an ANCP neighbor, it immediately drops the packet, generates a system log notice message, and takes no further action.

Generic response messages usually include the Status-Info TLV, which includes supplemental information about a warning or error condition. The Status-Info TLV is required when the result code indicates any of the following: a port is down or does not exist, a mandatory TLV is missing, or a TLV is invalid. The Status-Info TLV can also be included in other ANCP message types.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Traffic Rate Reporting and Adjustment by the ANCP Agent on page 729](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)
- [Triggering ANCP OAM to Test the Local Loop on page 751](#)
- [Agent Circuit Identifier-Based Dynamic VLANs Overview](#)
- [Layer 2 Wholesale with ANCP-Triggered VLANs Overview](#)

ANCP Operations in Different Network Configurations

This topic describes different types of supported network configurations and the sequence of events for ANCP operations in representative sample network topologies.

You can configure the ANCP agent for any of the following interface types:

- Static VLAN interfaces, except those created by Extensible Subscriber Services Manager (ESSM)
- Static VLAN demux interfaces, except those created by ESSM
- Static interface sets, including those created by ESSM
- Dynamic interface sets
- Dynamic VLAN-tagged interface sets
- Dynamic agent circuit identifier (ACI) interface sets, also known as ACI sets or ACI VLANs
- Dynamic PPPoE and DHCP IP demux subscriber interfaces
- Dynamic VLAN demux interfaces with Ethernet-VPLS encapsulation

Subscriber sessions are dynamically created as needed for each of the devices in a household. Each household can include multiple CPE devices that access the Internet. In all cases, each household is identified by a unique ACI that is assigned by the access node. Additional identifiers are used in some configurations.

1:1 and N:1 Traffic Shaping Models

The 1:1 and N:1 traffic shaping models determine how VLANs are correlated with households. These models are also referred to as access models or configuration models. A network can include one or both of the models:

- **1:1 model**—A household has only one PPPoE or DHCP IP demux subscriber session. One or more such households can exist on a single VLAN or VLAN demux interface. In the case of a single household, either the subscriber interface or its underlying VLAN or VLAN demux interface can represent the household. In the case of multiple households, the corresponding subscriber interfaces represent the households. In either case, the interface representing a household must be mapped to the ACI for its access line.

[Table 53 on page 691](#) describes the types of interfaces supported for the ANCP 1:1 access model when interface sets are not involved, and whether the PPPoE or DHCP IP demux discovery packets must include the ACI for the subscriber access lines.

Table 53: ACI Mapping by Interface Type for the ANCP 1:1 Model

| Interface Type | Description | Presence of ACI in Discovery Packets |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|
| Dynamic PPPoE or DHCP IP demux interface | When ACI is present in discovery packets, the ANCP agent maps the ACI to the subscriber interface. The name of the interface is automatically generated and nondeterministic. | Required. |
| Static VLAN or VLAN demux interface | The name of the interface is statically configured. The ANCP agent configuration must include the access-identifier statement to statically map the ACI to the interface. | Not present. |

- **N:1 model**—A household can have more than one PPPoE or DHCP IP demux subscriber session. The household can have more than one VLAN or VLAN demux interface. In either case, all the interfaces must be grouped into an interface set. The interface set in turn must be mapped to the ACI for the household's access line.

An interface set groups the dynamic PPPoE or DHCP IP demux sessions for a household. The subscribers are placed into interface sets by one several methods.

[Table 54 on page 692](#) describes the types of interface sets supported in the ANCP N:1 access model, how they are created, and how the ACI is mapped to the interface set.

Table 54: ACI Mapping by Interface Set Type for the ANCP N:1 Access Model

| Type of Interface Set | Description | Interface Type | Presence of ACI in Discovery Packets |
|-------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|
| ACI-based VLAN interface sets | <p>When the router receives a DHCP or PPPoE discovery packet that includes an ACI embedded within the DSL Forum vendor-specific tag, it dynamically creates the VLAN and the interface set. The router generates a nondeterministic name for the interface set, such as aci-1003-ge-1/0/0.1073741832.</p> <p>The ANCP agent automatically maps the ACI from the discovery packet to the dynamically created interface set.</p> <p>All DHCP IP demux or PPPoE sessions that have the same ACI are mapped to the same interface set.</p> | Dynamic VLAN and VLAN demux interfaces. | Required. |
| Dynamic interface sets | <p>A dynamic profile dynamically creates the interface set and places interfaces in the set. The profile can either have the name of the interface set explicitly configured or a variable that represents the interface set name. If a variable is used, then the interface set name is provided by RADIUS when it returns an Access-Accept message for the subscriber.</p> <p>The ANCP agent configuration must include the access-identifier statement to statically map the ACI to the interface set.</p> <p>All DHCP IP demux and PPPoE sessions are mapped to an interface set according to the rules of the dynamic profile.</p> | DHCP IP demux subscriber interfaces, PPPoE subscriber interfaces, or VLAN interfaces. | Irrelevant. |
| Static interface sets | <p>The interface set and set name are statically configured and include multiple static interfaces.</p> <p>The ANCP agent configuration must include the access-identifier statement to statically map the ACI to the interface set.</p> | Static VLAN and VLAN demux interfaces. | Irrelevant. |
| VLAN-tagged interface sets | <p>When the router receives a DHCP or PPPoE discovery packet that includes a VLAN ID, it dynamically creates the VLAN and the interface set. The interface set is given a deterministic name consisting of the physical interface name and the VLAN tags, for example, ge-1/0/0-101.</p> <p>The ANCP agent configuration must include the access-identifier statement to statically map the ACI to the interface set.</p> <p>All DHCP IP demux or PPPoE sessions that have the same VLAN ID tag are mapped to the same interface set.</p> | Dynamic VLAN and VLAN demux interfaces. | Irrelevant. |

CoS traffic shaping is based on the subscriber downstream traffic rate that the ANCP agent receives from the access node and then passes to CoS. CoS can shape subscriber traffic at the level of the household or the session:

- Household shaping—Only aggregate traffic to the household is shaped. Household shaping results from applying a CoS traffic-control profile to the static VLAN or VLAN demux interface or to the interface set.

- Session shaping—The traffic rate to individual devices in the household is shaped. Session shaping results from specifying a CoS traffic-control profile in the dynamic PPPoE profile that creates the subscriber session. Depending on the network configuration, session shaping may employ shared priority queues to shape all sessions identically or individual priority queues to shape the sessions separately.

Business Services Traffic Shaping Model

In addition to the N:1 and 1:1 traffic shaping models, the ANCP agent also supports a business services traffic shaping model. In this model, the Extensible Subscriber Services Manager (ESSM) classifies a PPPoE session as either residential household or business subscriber. Classification occurs during RADIUS authentication and authorization. The ANCP agent applies CoS traffic shaping differently depending on the classification.

Before RADIUS authentication and authorization, the PPPoE session represents a residential household in the ANCP 1:1 model. The ANCP agent dynamically maps the household's access line to the corresponding subscriber interface and applies CoS traffic shaping to that interface. The household line's ACI is present in the PPPoE discovery packet.

When ESSMD subsequently classifies a PPPoE session as a business subscriber session during RADIUS authentication and authorization, it creates and groups multiple management and data plane static VLAN interfaces into a static interface set. then it statically maps the access line for the PPPoE session to this interface set according to the CLI configuration. The ANCP agent removes CoS traffic shaping from the subscriber interface and applies it to the static interface set. Removing the CoS traffic shaping means that the CoS application applies the next rate in its default or configured adjustment control profile to the interface or interface set. The new business subscriber interface set cannot contain a mix of static and dynamic interfaces. That prohibition is not limited to dynamic VLANs and the PPPoE session that triggered the creation of the interface set.



NOTE: An exception to the ANCP agent's general support for CoS traffic shaping and RADIUS authentication and accounting on static VLAN and VLAN Demux interfaces is that it does not support these interfaces if they are created by ESSM. These interfaces are different from the ESSM-created interface sets, which are supported by the ANCP agent.

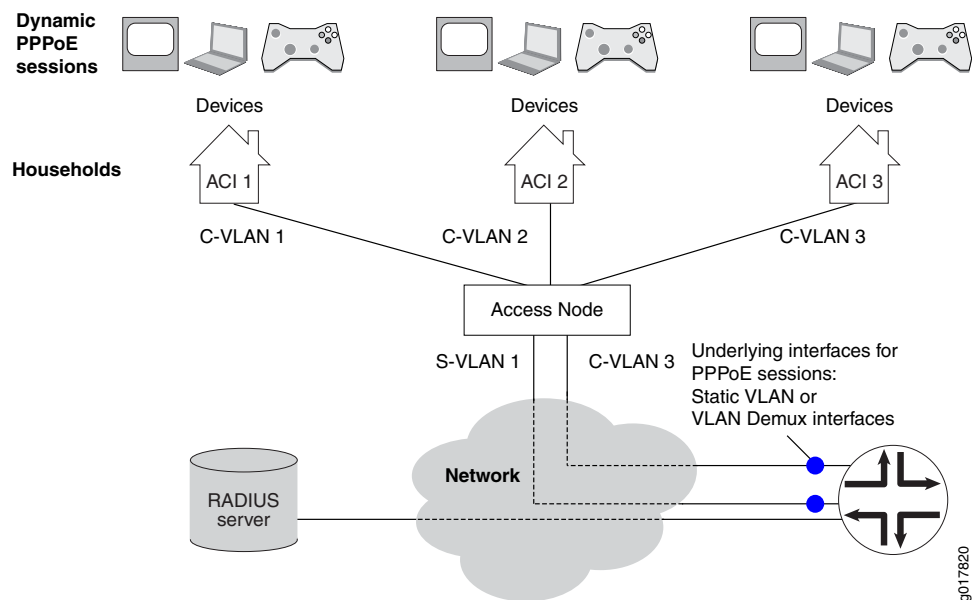
From the perspective of the ANCP agent, the business services model effectively overrides a dynamically derived access-line-to-interface mapping with a statically configured access-line-to-interface-set mapping. This action triggers the ANCP agent to reapply CoS traffic shaping accordingly.

The business services model is typically used in a Layer 2 wholesale network. For detailed information, see *Layer 2 Wholesale with ANCP-Triggered VLANs Overview*.

ANCP Network Using N:1 and 1:1 Configuration Models without Interface Sets

In this sample topology, two households are configured for one underlying static VLAN or VLAN demux interface (N:1; dual-tagged VLAN) and a single household is configured for another underlying interface (1:1; single-tagged VLAN) (Figure 27 on page 694). In addition to the unique ACI assigned by the access node, each household is further identified by the VLAN, which is mapped to the identifier in the ANCP agent configuration. CoS traffic shaping for sessions can employ only shared priority queues to shape all sessions identically; individual priority queues to shape the sessions separately are not supported.

Figure 27: Sample ANCP Topology Without Interface Sets (1:1 and N:1 Model)



Sequence of ANCP Events: Static VLAN or VLAN Demux Interfaces over Ethernet Without Interface Sets

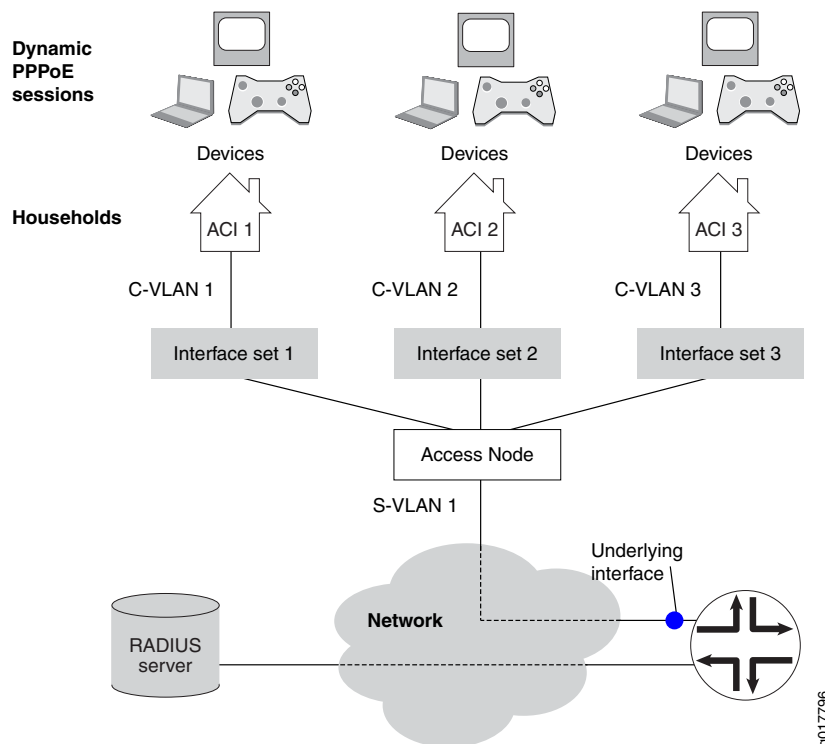
The following sequence of events is for the topology in [Figure 27 on page 694](#) with static VLAN interfaces over Ethernet without interface sets.

1. A network device in the household initiates PPPoE discovery.
2. PPPoE creates a dynamic PPPoE session on the underlying static VLAN or VLAN demux interface and applies the advisory options configured on the VLAN to the session.
3. The access node independently provides the ANCP agent with the ANCP DSL attributes for an access line identified by an ACI.
4. The ANCP agent sends CoS the adjusted downstream data rate for the static VLAN or demux VLAN mapped to the ACI. The ANCP agent stores all DSL attributes, including the adjusted upstream data rate, in the router's shared database.
5. AAA correlates the dynamic PPPoE session with the access line by matching the underlying interface of the session to the static VLAN or VLAN demux interface associated with the ACI in the ANCP agent configuration.
6. AAA retrieves the ANCP DSL attributes for the access line from the router's shared database and maps them to the Juniper Networks DSL VSAs in the RADIUS Access-Request and Accounting-Request messages. If the DSL attributes are unavailable, the session's advisory upstream and downstream data rates are mapped to the Upstream-Calculated-Qos-Rate VSA (26-142) and Downstream-Calculated-Qos-Rate (26-141) VSAs, respectively. These VSAs are then included in the RADIUS messages.

ANCP Network Using N:1 Configuration Model with Interface Sets

In this topology, multiple households are configured for each underlying static VLAN or VLAN demux interface (Figure 28 on page 696). The VLANs are dual-tagged. Each household includes several CPE devices that access the Internet. In addition to the unique ACI assigned by the access node, the household is further identified by the interface set. The interface set groups the dynamic PPPoE sessions for the individual subscriber devices. It is either explicitly configured in the dynamic PPPoE profile or specified in the RADIUS Access-Accept message during PPPoE session authentication. Session shaping can employ shared priority queues to shape all sessions identically or individual queues to shape the sessions separately.

Figure 28: Sample ANCP Topology with Interface Sets (N:1 Model)



In this N:1 model with interface sets, the access node must add the DSL Forum VSA to the PPPoE PADI and PADR discovery packets that it passes to the router during the establishment of dynamic PPPoE sessions. The VSA includes the ACI for the household. This inclusion enables AAA to correlate the PPPoE sessions with their respective subscriber access lines and DSL attributes during RADIUS authentication and accounting. If the ACI is not present, AAA cannot make the correlation and subsequently reports only the advisory upstream and downstream data rates to RADIUS Authentication and Accounting.

When the dynamic PPPoE profile is configured with the **\$junos-interface-set-name** predefined variable, the configuration of the access node, router, and RADIUS server must be synchronized with regard to the ACI and interface set:

- The RADIUS Access-Accept message must contain the Juniper Networks Qos-Interface-Set-Name VSA (26-130).
- The CoS Layer 2 configuration must explicitly identify the interface set that is named in the Qos-Interface-Set-Name VSA (26-130).
- The ANCP agent configuration must map an ACI to the interface set that is named in the Qos-Interface-Set-Name VSA (26-130).

Sequence of ANCP Events: Static VLAN Interfaces over Ethernet with Interface Sets

The following sequence of events is for the topology in [Figure 28 on page 696](#) with static VLAN interfaces over Ethernet with interface sets.

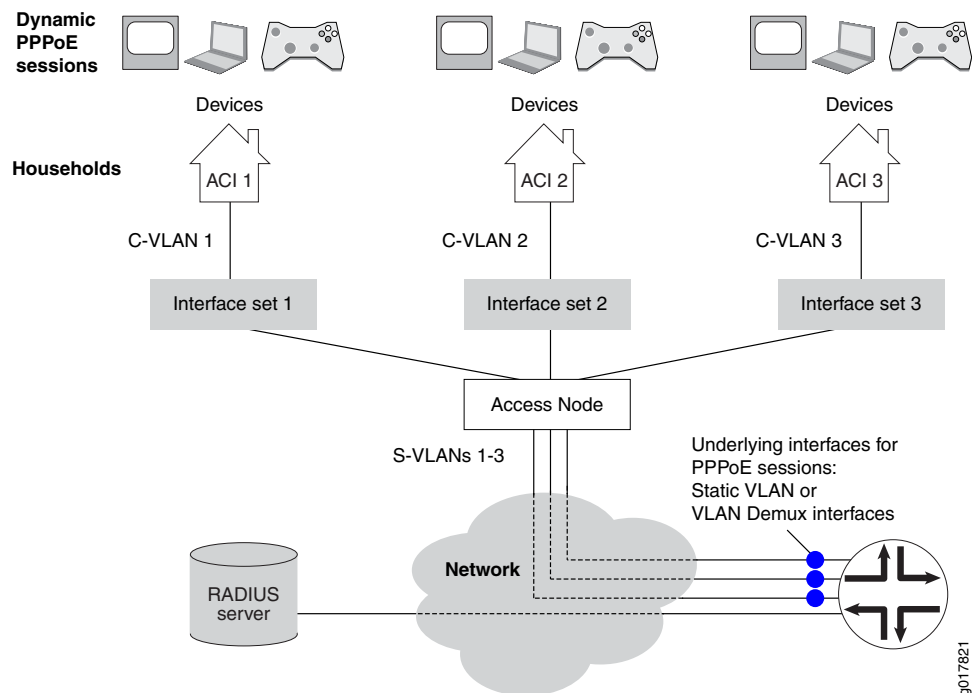
1. A network device in the household initiates PPPoE discovery.
2. The access node adds the DSL Forum VSA tag with the ACI for the household to the PPPoE PADI and PADR discovery packets. (The identifier is known to PPPoE as the agent circuit identifier.)
3. PPPoE creates a dynamic PPPoE session with the provided ACI on the underlying static VLAN and applies the advisory options configured on the VLAN to the session.
4. The access node independently provides the ANCP agent with the ANCP DSL attributes for an access line identified by an ACI.
5. The ANCP agent provides CoS with the adjusted downstream data rate for the interface set mapped to the ACI. The ANCP agent stores all ANCP DSL attributes, including the adjusted upstream and downstream data rates, in the router's shared database.
6. AAA correlates the dynamic PPPoE session with the access line by matching the session identifier received in the DSL Forum VSA to the ACI configured for the interface set in the ANCP agent configuration.
7. AAA retrieves the ANCP DSL attributes for the access line from the router's shared database and maps them to the Juniper Networks DSL VSAs in the RADIUS Access-Request and Accounting-Request messages. If the DSL attributes are unavailable, the session's advisory upstream and downstream data rates are mapped to the Upstream-Calculated-Qos-Rate VSA (26-142) and Downstream-Calculated-Qos-Rate (26-141) VSAs, respectively. These VSAs are then included in the RADIUS messages.
8. When authentication is completed, the dynamic PPPoE session is placed into the interface set configured in the dynamic PPPoE profile. The profile specifies a named

interface set or the `$junos-interface-set-name` predefined variable, which indicates that the interface set is named in the RADIUS Access-Accept message.

ANCP Network Using 1:1 Configuration Model with Interface Sets

In this topology, a single household is configured for each underlying static VLAN or VLAN demux interface (Figure 29 on page 698). The VLANs are dual-tagged. Each household includes several CPE devices that access the Internet. In addition to the unique ACI assigned by the access node, the household is further identified by the interface set. The interface set is either explicitly configured in the dynamic PPPoE profile or specified in the RADIUS Access-Accept message during PPPoE session authentication. Session shaping can employ shared priority queues to shape all sessions identically or individual queues to shape the sessions separately.

Figure 29: Sample ANCP Topology with Interface Sets (1:1 Model)



In this 1:1 model with interface sets, the ANCP agent configuration must map the underlying interface for the PPPoE sessions in an interface set to both the ACI and the interface set. This configuration enables AAA to correlate the PPPoE sessions with their respective subscriber access lines and DSL attributes during RADIUS authentication and accounting.

When the dynamic PPPoE profile is configured with the `$junos-interface-set-name` predefined variable, the configuration of the access node, router, and RADIUS server must be synchronized with regard to the ACI and interface set:

- The RADIUS Access-Accept message must contain the Juniper Networks Qos-Interface-Set-Name VSA (26-130).
- The CoS Layer 2 configuration must explicitly identify the interface set that is named in the Qos-Interface-Set-Name VSA (26-130).

- The ANCP agent configuration must map an ACI to the interface set that is named in the Qos-Interface-Set-Name VSA (26-130).

Sequence of ANCP Events: Static VLAN Demux Interfaces over Aggregated Ethernet with Interface Sets

The following sequence of events is for the topology in [Figure 29 on page 698](#) with static VLAN demux interfaces over aggregated Ethernet with interface sets.

1. A network device in the household initiates PPPoE discovery.
2. PPPoE creates a dynamic PPPoE session with the provided ACI on the underlying static VLAN demux interface and applies the advisory options configured on the VLAN to the session.
3. The access node independently provides the ANCP agent with the ANCP DSL attributes for an access line identified by an ACI.
4. The ANCP agent provides CoS with the adjusted downstream data rate for the interface set mapped to the ACI. The ANCP agent stores all ANCP DSL attributes, including the adjusted upstream and downstream data rates, in the router's shared database.
5. AAA correlates the dynamic PPPoE session with the access line by matching the underlying interface of the session to the underlying interface configured for the interface set in the ANCP agent configuration.
6. AAA retrieves the ANCP DSL attributes for the access line from the router's shared database and maps them to the Juniper Networks DSL VSAs in the RADIUS Access-Request and Accounting-Request messages. If the DSL attributes are unavailable, the session's advisory upstream and downstream data rates are mapped to the Upstream-Calculated-Qos-Rate VSA (26-142) and Downstream-Calculated-Qos-Rate (26-141) VSAs, respectively. These VSAs are then included in the RADIUS messages.
7. When authentication is completed, the dynamic PPPoE session is placed into the interface set configured in the dynamic PPPoE profile. The profile specifies a named interface set or the `$junos-interface-set-name` predefined variable, which indicates that the interface set is named in the RADIUS Access-Accept message.

Related Documentation

- [ANCP and the ANCP Agent Overview on page 681](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)
- [Example: Configuring an ANCP Network with Interface Sets and N:1 Static Demux VLANs over Aggregated Ethernet on page 707](#)

Configuring the ANCP Agent

You can configure the ANCP agent to enable a service-oriented Layer 3 edge device to discover information about the topology of a connected access network. The ANCP agent can also provide details about subscriber traffic and enable the adjustment of QoS traffic shaping for subscribers.

To configure the ANCP agent:

1. Specify each ANCP neighboring access node to be monitored and optionally configure neighbor parameters.

See [“Configuring ANCP Neighbors” on page 701](#).

2. Specify the subscribers reached by a VLAN or a set of VLANs through a particular access node.

See [“Associating an Access Node with Subscribers for ANCP Agent Operations” on page 703](#).

3. (Optional) Configure the adjacency timer.

See [“Specifying the Interval Between ANCP Adjacency Messages” on page 704](#).

4. (Optional) Specify the maximum number of discovery table entries that are accepted.

See [“Specifying the Maximum Number of Discovery Table Entries” on page 704](#).

5. (Optional) Configure the ANCP agent to work with an early IETF draft.

See [“Configuring the ANCP Agent for Backward Compatibility” on page 705](#).

6. (Optional) Configure the graceful restart timer.

See [“Specifying How Long Processes Wait for the ANCP Agent Restart to Complete” on page 706](#).

7. (Optional) Configure the ANCP agent to learn partition IDs from neighbors.

See [“Configuring the ANCP Agent to Learn ANCP Partition IDs” on page 706](#).

8. (Optional) Configure an adjustment factor per DSL line type for the downstream and upstream data rates that the ANCP agent reports to AAA.

See [“Setting a Global Adjustment Factor per DSL Subscriber Line for ANCP Agent-Reported Traffic Rates” on page 739](#).

9. (Optional) Configure the ANCP agent to report unadjusted downstream traffic rates to CoS.

See [“Configuring the ANCP Agent to Report Traffic Rates to CoS” on page 735.](#)

10. (Optional) Specify a recommended shaping rate to be applied by RADIUS to downstream or upstream traffic per ANCP interface.

See [“Setting a Recommended Shaping Rate for Traffic on ANCP Interfaces” on page 738.](#)

11. (Optional) Configure AAA to Include or Exclude Juniper Networks DSL VSAs in RADIUS authentication and accounting messages.

See [“Configuring AAA to Include Juniper Networks DSL VSAs in RADIUS Messages” on page 747.](#)

12. (Optional) Configure AAA to send an immediate interim accounting update to the RADIUS server when AAA receives a rate change notification from the ANCP agent on the router.

See [“Configuring Immediate Interim Accounting Updates to RADIUS in Response to ANCP Notifications” on page 748.](#)

13. (Optional) Configure the ANCP agent to associate a neighbor with an access-facing physical interface for the creation of autosensed dynamic VLANs on the interface.

See [Configuring the ANCP Agent for ANCP-Triggered, Autosensed Dynamic VLANs.](#)

14. (Optional) Configure the ANCP agent to dampen the effect of short-term adjacency losses for all neighbors.

See [Configuring the ANCP Agent to Dampen the Effects of Short-Term Adjacency Losses.](#)

15. (Optional) Configure trace options for troubleshooting the configuration.

See [“Tracing ANCP Agent Operations for Subscriber Access” on page 935.](#)

Related Documentation

- [ANCP and the ANCP Agent Overview on page 681](#)
- [Triggering ANCP OAM to Test the Local Loop on page 751](#)

Configuring ANCP Neighbors

You must configure each neighboring access node that you want the ANCP agent to monitor and potentially shape traffic for. Some neighbor settings override globally configured values.

To configure an ANCP neighbor:

1. Specify the IP address of the neighbor.

```
[edit protocols ancp]
user@host# set neighbor 203.0.113.234
```

2. (Optional) Configure the neighbor to operate in a backward-compatible mode when it does not support the current IETF standard and the backward-compatible mode is not configured globally.

```
[edit protocols ancp neighbor 203.0.113.234]  
user@host# set pre-ietf-mode
```

3. (Optional) Override the globally configured backward-compatible mode when the neighbor supports the current IETF standard.

```
[edit protocols ancp neighbor 203.0.113.234]  
user@host# set ietf-mode
```

4. (Optional) Configure the interval in seconds between ANCP adjacency messages exchanged with this neighbor.

```
[edit protocols ancp neighbor 203.0.113.234]  
user@host# set adjacency-timer 20
```

5. (Optional) Specify the maximum number of discovery table entries that are accepted from this neighbor.

```
[edit protocols ancp neighbor 203.0.113.234]  
user@host# set maximum-discovery-table-entries 10000
```

6. (Optional) Enable out-of-band ANCP triggering of autosensed, dynamic VLANs on the physical interface.

```
[edit protocols ancp neighbor 203.0.113.234]  
user@host# set auto-configure-trigger interface ge-1/0/0
```

7. (Optional) Configure how long the ANCP agent maintains a Layer 2 wholesale session when an adjacency loss occurs.

```
[edit protocols ancp neighbor 203.0.113.234]  
user@host# set adjacency-loss-hold-time 10
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent for Backward Compatibility on page 705](#)
- [Specifying the Interval Between ANCP Adjacency Messages on page 704](#)
- [Specifying the Maximum Number of Discovery Table Entries on page 704](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent to Dampen the Effects of Short-Term Adjacency Losses](#)

Associating an Access Node with Subscribers for ANCP Agent Operations

The ANCP agent on the router uses the access loop circuit identifier (ACI) to distinguish individual ANCP subscribers. Because the agent uses the ACI to associate (map) each subscriber to an interface or interface set, each ACI must be unique across all ANCP neighbors connected to the router.



BEST PRACTICE: We recommend that the ACIs be unique across your ANCP network.

Access lines can be statically or dynamically mapped to interfaces or interface set. When the subscriber's DHCP or PPPoE discovery packets contain the ACI, then the agent can dynamically map it to the interface or interface set. Otherwise, the ACI must be statically configured. A static configuration overrides dynamic mapping of ACIs—and therefore subscribers—to interfaces or sets.

You can use the **access-identifier** statement only for interface and interface set types that have configured or deterministic names: static VLAN interfaces, static VLAN demux interfaces, static interface sets, dynamic interface sets, and dynamic VLAN-tagged interface sets.

The **access-identifier** statement is required for mapping an access line to static interface sets, dynamic interface sets, and dynamic VLAN-tagged interface sets. This is true regardless of the presence of an ACI in the PPPoE or DHCP IP demux subscriber's discovery packet, because the use of the ACI is irrelevant to the creation of these types of interface sets.

You cannot use the **access-identifier** statement for the following interface and interface set types, because they have nondeterministic, automatically generated names: dynamic VLAN demux interfaces, dynamic ACI interface sets (ACI VLANs), and dynamic PPPoE and DHCP IP demux subscriber interfaces.

To associate an ACI with a set of VLAN interfaces for subscribers:

- Specify the name of the interface set and the unique ACI for the access node.

```
[edit protocols ancp interfaces]
user@host# set interface-set vlan5 access-identifier "dslam port 2/3"
```

To associate an ACI with a single VLAN:

- Specify the logical interface and the unique ACI for the access node.

```
[edit protocols ancp interfaces]
user@host# set ge-1/0/4.12 access-identifier "dslam port-2-10"
```

To associate an ACI with a static VLAN demux interface:

- Specify the logical interface and the unique ACI for the access node.

```
[edit protocols ancp interfaces]
```

```
user@host# set demux0.100 access-identifier aci_100_1_0
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)
 - [interfaces on page 1254](#)

Specifying the Interval Between ANCP Adjacency Messages

When the ANCP agent and a neighbor negotiate to establish an adjacency, each proposes a value for the interval between the adjacency messages that they exchange after it is established. The larger of the values proposed by the agent and the neighbor is selected for the interval between subsequent adjacency messages exchanged by the agent and the neighbor. You can specify the interval value that the ANCP agent proposes for either all neighbors or a specific neighbor.

To configure the proposed interval between ANCP adjacency messages for all neighbors:

- Specify the time in seconds.

```
[edit protocols ancp]  
user@host# set adjacency-timer 20
```

To configure the proposed interval between ANCP adjacency messages for a specific neighbor:

- Specify the time in seconds.

```
[edit protocols ancp neighbor 203.0.113.234]  
user@host# set adjacency-timer 20
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)
 - [Configuring ANCP Neighbors on page 701](#)

Specifying the Maximum Number of Discovery Table Entries

You can specify the maximum number of discovery table entries accepted from all neighbors or from a particular neighbor.

To configure the maximum number of entries for all neighbors:

- Specify the number of entries.

```
[edit protocols ancp]  
user@host# set maximum-discovery-table-entries 5000
```

To configure the maximum number of entries for a specific neighbor:

- Specify the number of entries.

```
[edit protocols ancp neighbor 203.0.113.234]  
user@host# set maximum-discovery-table-entries 5000
```


- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)
 - [Configuring ANCP Neighbors on page 701](#)

Configuring the ANCP Agent for Backward Compatibility

You can configure the ANCP agent to operate in a mode compatible with the protocol as it was initially proposed to operate. This backward-compatible or pre-IETF mode is compatible with Internet draft draft-wadhwa-gsmp-l2control-configuration-00.txt, *GSMP extensions for layer2 control (L2C)*. Setting this backward-compatible mode enables interoperability with devices that are not compatible with the later ANCP Internet drafts or RFC 6320, *Protocol for Access Node Control Mechanism in Broadband Networks*.

When this mode is configured globally for all neighbors, you can override it for a particular neighbor that supports the IETF draft or standard.

To configure the ANCP agent to operate in a backward-compatible mode for all neighbors:

- Specify the pre-IETF mode.

```
[edit protocols ancp]
user@host# set pre-ietf-mode
```

To configure the ANCP agent to operate in a backward-compatible mode for a specific neighbor:

- Specify the pre-IETF mode.

```
[edit protocols ancp neighbor 203.0.113.234]
user@host# set pre-ietf-mode
```

- To override the globally configured backward-compatible mode for a specific neighbor:

Specify the IETF mode.

```
[edit protocols ancp neighbor 203.0.113.234]
user@host# set ietf-mode
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)
 - [Configuring ANCP Neighbors on page 701](#)

Specifying How Long Processes Wait for the ANCP Agent Restart to Complete

You can specify how long other processes wait for the ANCP agent to restart. The ANCP agent sends a keepalive message to CoS at intervals equal to one-third the value of the maximum helper restart time. For example, when you configure the maximum restart time to 120 seconds, the ANCP agent sends a keepalive message every 40 seconds.

If CoS does not receive a keepalive message within the maximum helper restart time, it considers the ANCP agent to be down and immediately reverts any traffic shaping updates that were implemented as a result of ANCP agent monitoring to the configured values. Consequently, traffic to the subscribers is not effectively shaped, potentially resulting in traffic drops in the DSLAMs. The configured values are maintained until the ANCP agent comes back up and sends fresh traffic shaping updates to CoS.

To configure how long other processes wait for the ANCP agent to restart:

- Specify the time in seconds.

```
[edit protocols ancp]  
user@host# set maximum-helper-restart-time 150
```

Related Documentation

- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent to Report Traffic Rates to CoS on page 735](#)

Configuring the ANCP Agent to Learn ANCP Partition IDs

By default, the ANCP agent expects ANCP partition IDs to be zero, meaning that the access node is not divided into logical partitions that can each form adjacencies with routers. You can configure the ANCP agent to support nonzero partition IDs. When you do so, the agent waits a configurable period to receive a SYN message from a neighbor during adjacency initiation. When the agent receives such a message, it uses the partition information contained in the Partition ID, PType, and PFlag fields to generate in turn a SYN message that it sends to the neighbor to continue adjacency negotiation.

To configure the ANCP agent to learn partition ID information from neighbors:

1. Enable partition ID learning.

```
[edit protocols ancp]  
user@host# set gsmp-syn-wait
```
2. (Optional) Specify the maximum time the ANCP agent waits to receive a SYN message from a neighbor during the formation of an adjacency.

```
[edit protocols ancp]  
user@host# set gsmp-syn-timeout seconds
```

For example, to enable partition ID learning and force the ANCP agent to wait 45 seconds for a SYN message:

```
[edit protocols ancp]
user@host# set gsmp-syn-wait
user@host# set gsmp-syn-timeout 45
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)
 - [ANCP and the ANCP Agent Overview on page 681](#)

Example: Configuring an ANCP Network with Interface Sets and N:1 Static Demux VLANs over Aggregated Ethernet

This example describes how to configure an ANCP network topology that manages subscriber access for several households by grouping individual devices into interface sets, providing access and services through one dedicated C-VLAN per household, and shaping traffic on a per-household basis. In this N:1 configuration, dual-tagged VLANs are configured over a single, underlying, static VLAN demux interfaces over aggregated Ethernet.

- [Requirements on page 707](#)
- [Overview on page 707](#)
- [Configuration on page 712](#)
- [Verification on page 724](#)

Requirements

This example uses the following hardware and software components:

- MX Series 3D Universal Edge Router with only MPCs installed for VLAN demux support
- RADIUS server
- DSLAM access node

Before you begin configuring the example, be sure you have:

- Thoroughly read and understood the following topics:
 - [ANCP and the ANCP Agent Overview on page 681](#)
 - [ANCP Operations in Different Network Configurations on page 690](#)
- Configured your access node.
- Configured your RADIUS server.

Overview

ANCP provides a means to configure, maintain, and monitor local access lines between access nodes (DSLAMs) and subscribers. Associated CoS configurations shape the downstream subscriber traffic. ANCP can enable more accurate traffic shaping by adjusting net data rates to discount the packet overhead of the access lines and then providing these adjusted rates to CoS.

The network topology in this example includes a dual-tagged (C-VLAN/S-VLAN) VLAN configuration over a static VLAN demux interface that is in turn configured over aggregated Ethernet for redundancy. This topology is an N:1 configuration model because—although each C-VLAN corresponds to one subscriber household—all the C-VLANs are configured over the same underlying VLAN demux interface. Multiple end-user devices in each household—or rather the dynamic PPPoE sessions established by each device—are grouped by household into interface sets. The grouping is accomplished by a separate dynamic profile configured for each C-VLAN. The ANCP agent configuration maps the ACI for the household's access line to an interface set. CoS applies a traffic-control profile to each interface set to shape the subscriber-directed traffic on a per-household basis. The CoS shaping rate is dynamically updated based upon the DSL attributes provided by the access node for each household's access line.

Figure 30 on page 708 shows S-VLAN 103, configured on demux0, servicing the access node. C-VLANs 1, 2, and 3 each service a single household (subscriber). The respective households are identified by unique ACIs. The dynamic PPPoE sessions for devices in each household are grouped for monitoring and traffic shaping into interface sets 10301, 10302, and 10303.

Figure 30: N:1 ANCP Topology with Interface Sets and VLAN Demux Interface over Aggregated Ethernet

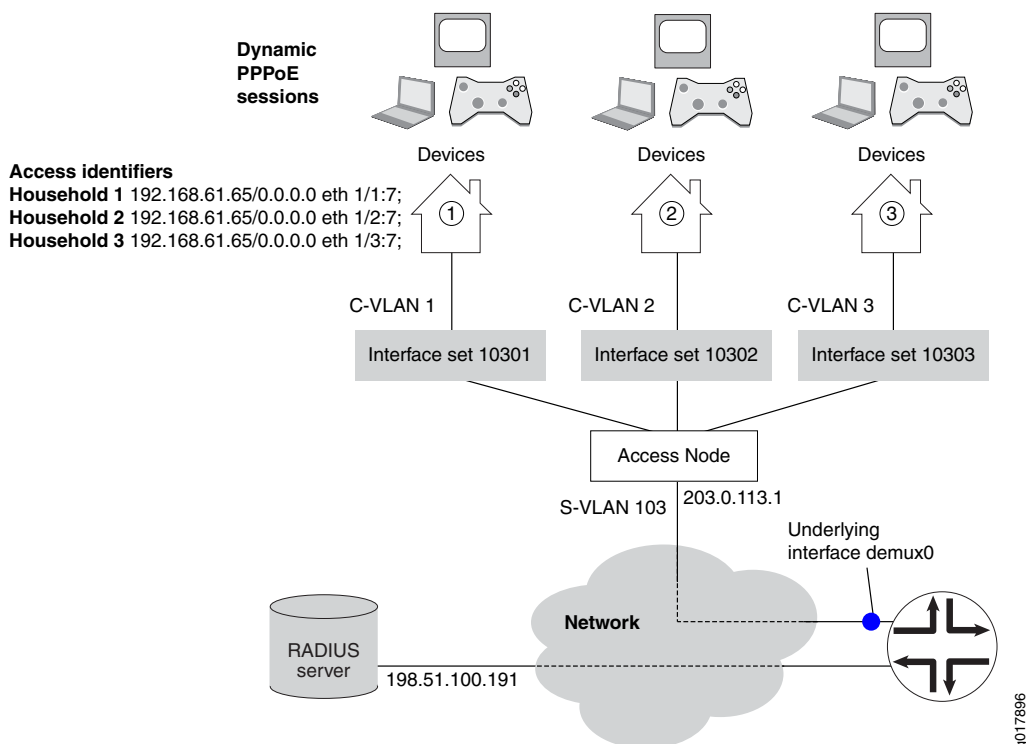


Table 55 on page 709 describes the configuration components used in this example.

Table 55: Configuration Components used in ANCP N:1 Topology Example with Interface Sets

| Configuration Component or Property | Component Name or Setting | Description |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| Dynamic profiles | ancp-10301 | <p>Each profile defines the dynamic PPPoE session created when any of the devices for a particular subscriber household accesses the network.</p> <p>Each profile specifies the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A set of interfaces in which the sessions are created. • Dynamic instantiation of both the logical interfaces for the sessions and the underlying PPPoE logical interfaces on which the subscribers log in. • CHAP and PAP authentication for the sessions. • The interval between successive PPP keepalive messages. • The loopback address for the dynamic PPPoE logical interfaces. |
| | ancp-10302 | |
| | ancp-10303 | |
| Predefined variables | \$junos-interface-unit | Instantiates the logical interface for each PPPoE session. |
| | \$junos-underlying-interface | Instantiates the logical underlying PPP interface on which each dynamic PPPoE logical interface is created when a subscriber logs in. |

Table 55: Configuration Components used in ANCP N:1 Topology Example with Interface Sets (*continued*)

| Configuration Component or Property | Component Name or Setting | Description |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Interfaces | ae0 | <p>Aggregated Ethernet interface that is the underlying interface for the VLAN demux interfaces.</p> <p>The interface includes the following configuration:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CoS hierarchical scheduling. • Stacked VLAN tagging for all logical interfaces on top of ae0. • Link protection. |
| | demux0 | VLAN demux interface that runs over the underlying aggregated Ethernet interface. |
| | demux0.10301 | <p>VLAN demux logical interfaces that correspond to the C-VLANs for individual subscriber households.</p> <p>Each logical interface includes the following configuration:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inner (C-VLAN) and outer VLAN (S-VLAN) tags. • The underlying physical interface, ae0. • The dynamic profile that creates PPPoE sessions on the C-VLAN. • Downstream and upstream advisory traffic rates. • Proxy ARP and protection against duplicate sessions on the interface. |
| | demux0.10302 | |
| | demux0.10303 | |
| | ge-1/0/1 | Primary member link in the aggregated Ethernet bundle. |
| | ge-1/0/2 | Backup member link in the aggregated Ethernet bundle. |
| | lo0.0 | Loopback interface for use in the access network. The loopback interface is automatically used for unnumbered interfaces. |
| | pp0 | PPP interface on which the PPPoE subscriber logical interfaces are created. |

Table 55: Configuration Components used in ANCP N:1 Topology Example with Interface Sets (*continued*)

| Configuration Component or Property | Component Name or Setting | Description |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Interface sets | 10301 | Set of interfaces in which the sessions for the devices in a particular household are created. Each interface set is specified in a dynamic profile for that household. ANCP associates each interface set with an ACI and a VLAN demux logical interface (C-VLAN). CoS applies a traffic-control profile to each interface set. |
| | 10302 | |
| | 10303 | |
| Advisory traffic rates | downstream-rate | Recommended rate for downstream traffic in the absence of traffic rate information from the access node. |
| | upstream-rate | Recommended rate for upstream traffic in the absence of traffic rate information from the access node. |
| Traffic-control profile | tcp1 | CoS profile that shapes the downstream subscriber traffic rate; in this example, shaping is adjusted for ATM packet overhead. The profile is applied to the interface sets. |
| IP addresses | 203.0.113.1 | Address of the ANCP access node that monitors the subscriber households. |
| | 127.0.50.1/28 | Address of the loopback interface, lo0. |
| | 198.51.100.191 | Address of the RADIUS accounting server and authentication server. |
| Access circuit loop identifiers | 192.168.61.65/0.0.0.0 eth 1/1:7; | Identifier for the local access circuit from the access node to the subscriber household. It identifies the household. ANCP associates each identifier with an interface set. |
| | 192.168.61.65/0.0.0.0 eth 1/2:7; | |
| | 192.168.61.65/0.0.0.0 eth 1/3:7; | |

The ANCP agent configuration includes the following elements:

- The IP address for the access node (DSLAM) is specified as 203.0.113.1. The interval between ANCP adjacency messages sent between neighbors is set to 5 seconds.
- The ANCP agent is enabled to report adjusted data rates to CoS to improve the accuracy of downstream traffic shaping. The ANCP agent adjusts the net data rates for ADSL lines by ninety percent and for ADSL2 lines by ninety-five percent.
- Each interface set is associated with both the ACI unique to the subscriber household and the relevant underlying VLAN demux interface.

The RADIUS configuration on the router includes the following elements:

- The IP address (198.51.100.191) for the authentication and accounting server, as well as the secret password for accessing the server.
- The subscriber access profile, radius-profile, specifies that RADIUS is used for authentication.
- Juniper Networks DSL VSAs are included in RADIUS request messages, but the DSL Forum VSA attributes are excluded from RADIUS messages
- Accounting sessions are configured to be recognized in decimal format.

Configuration

The following example requires you to navigate various levels in the configuration hierarchy. For instructions on how to do that, see *Using the CLI Editor in Configuration Mode*.

To configure an ANCP network with static N:1 demux VLANs to the subscriber households, perform these tasks:

- [Configuring the Dynamic PPPoE Profiles on page 714](#)
- [Configuring the Static VLAN Demux Interface over Aggregated Ethernet on page 716](#)
- [Configuring Class of Service on page 721](#)
- [Configuring ANCP on page 721](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS Authentication and Accounting on page 723](#)

CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure the ANCP network described in this example, copy the following commands, paste them in a text file, remove any line breaks, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI.

```
# Dynamic Profiles
edit dynamic-profiles ancp-10301
set interfaces interface-set 10301 interface pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"
edit interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"
set ppp-options chap
set ppp-options pap
set pppoe-options underlying-interface "$junos-underlying-interface"
set keepalives interval 30
set family inet unnumbered-address lo0.0
top
edit dynamic-profiles ancp-10302
set interfaces interface-set 10302 interface pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"
edit interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"
set ppp-options chap
set ppp-options pap
set pppoe-options underlying-interface "$junos-underlying-interface"
set keepalives interval 30
set family inet unnumbered-address lo0.0
top
edit dynamic-profiles ancp-10303
set interfaces interface-set 10303 interface pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"
```



```

edit interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"
set ppp-options chap
set ppp-options pap
set pppoe-options underlying-interface "$junos-underlying-interface"
set keepalives interval 30
set family inet unnumbered-address lo0.0
top
#
# Aggregated Ethernet Interfaces and VLAN Demux Interfaces
set interfaces ge-1/0/1 hierarchical-scheduler
set interfaces ge-1/0/1 gigether-options 802.3ad ae0
set interfaces ge-1/0/1 gigether-options 802.3ad primary
set interfaces ge-1/0/2 hierarchical-scheduler
set interfaces ge-1/0/2 gigether-options 802.3ad ae0
set interfaces ge-1/0/2 gigether-options 802.3ad backup
set interfaces ae0 hierarchical-scheduler
set interfaces ae0 stacked-vlan-tagging
set interfaces ae0 aggregated-ether-options link-protection
set interfaces demux0 unit 10301 proxy-arp
set interfaces demux0 unit 10301 vlan-tags outer 103
set interfaces demux0 unit 10301 vlan-tags inner 1
set interfaces demux0 unit 10301 demux-options underlying-interface ae0
set interfaces demux0 unit 10301 family pppoe duplicate-protection
set interfaces demux0 unit 10301 family pppoe dynamic-profile ancp-10301
set interfaces demux0 unit 10301 advisory-options downstream-rate 16m
set interfaces demux0 unit 10301 advisory-options upstream-rate 1m
set interfaces demux0 unit 10302 proxy-arp
set interfaces demux0 unit 10302 vlan-tags outer 103
set interfaces demux0 unit 10302 vlan-tags inner 2
set interfaces demux0 unit 10302 demux-options underlying-interface ae0
set interfaces demux0 unit 10302 family pppoe duplicate-protection
set interfaces demux0 unit 10302 family pppoe dynamic-profile ancp-10302
set interfaces demux0 unit 10302 advisory-options downstream-rate 16m
set interfaces demux0 unit 10302 advisory-options upstream-rate 1m
set interfaces demux0 unit 10303 proxy-arp
set interfaces demux0 unit 10303 vlan-tags outer 103
set interfaces demux0 unit 10303 vlan-tags inner 3
set interfaces demux0 unit 10303 demux-options underlying-interface ae0
set interfaces demux0 unit 10303 family pppoe duplicate-protection
set interfaces demux0 unit 10303 family pppoe dynamic-profile ancp-10303
set interfaces demux0 unit 10303 advisory-options downstream-rate 16m
set interfaces demux0 unit 10303 advisory-options upstream-rate 1m
set interfaces lo0 unit 0 family inet address 127.0.50.1/28
top
#
# Class of Service
edit class-of-service
set traffic-control-profiles tcp1 shaping-rate 16m
set traffic-control-profiles tcp1 overhead-accounting cell-mode
set interfaces interface-set 10301 output-traffic-control-profile tcp1
set interfaces interface-set 10302 output-traffic-control-profile tcp1
set interfaces interface-set 10303 output-traffic-control-profile tcp1
top
#
# ANCP
edit protocols ancp

```

```
set traceoptions file ancpd
set traceoptions file size 512m
set traceoptions flag config
set traceoptions flag cos
set qos-adjust
set adjacency-timer 5
set maximum-helper-restart-time 90
set qos-adjust-adsl 90
set qos-adjust-adsl2 95
set interfaces interface-set 10301 access-identifier "192.168.61.65/0.0.0.0 eth 1/1:7;"
set interfaces interface-set 10302 access-identifier "192.168.61.65/0.0.0.0 eth 1/2:7;"
set interfaces interface-set 10303 access-identifier "192.168.61.65/0.0.0.0 eth 1/3:7;"
set interfaces interface-set 10301 underlying-interface demux0.10301
set interfaces interface-set 10302 underlying-interface demux0.10302
set interfaces interface-set 10303 underlying-interface demux0.10303
set neighbor 203.0.113.1
top
#
# RADIUS
edit access
set radius-server 198.51.100.191 secret "$ABC123$ABC123$ABC123"
edit access profile radius-profile
set authentication-order radius
set radius authentication-server 198.51.100.191
set radius accounting-server 198.51.100.191
set radius options accounting-session-id-format decimal
set radius options juniper-dsl-attributes
set radius attributes exclude dsl-forum-attributes access-request
set radius attributes exclude dsl-forum-attributes accounting-start
set radius attributes exclude dsl-forum-attributes accounting-stop
top
```

Configuring the Dynamic PPPoE Profiles

Step-by-Step Procedure

In this procedure, you configure a dynamic profile for each C-VLAN: ancp-10301, ancp-10302, and ancp-10303.

1. Configure the interface set that the PPPoE sessions on this C-VLAN are placed in.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles ancp-10301]
user@host1# edit interfaces interface-set 10301
```
2. Configure the logical interfaces to be dynamically instantiated for the interface set.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles ancp-10301 interfaces interface-set 10301]
user@host1# set interface pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"
```
3. Configure CHAP and PAP authentication as properties of the dynamic PPPoE logical interfaces.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles ancp-10301 interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host1# set ppp-options chap
user@host1# set ppp-options pap
```

4. Configure the logical underlying interface on which the router creates the dynamic PPPoE logical interface; this is the interface on which the subscriber logs in.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles ancp-10301 interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host1# set pppoe-options underlying-interface "$junos-underlying-interface"
```

5. Specify the interval between successive keepalive requests.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles ancp-10301 interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host1# set keepalives interval 30
```

6. Configure the IPv4 protocol family and that the local (unnumbered) address can be derived from the loopback address for the dynamic PPPoE logical interfaces.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles ancp-10301 interfaces pp0 unit "$junos-interface-unit"]
user@host1# set family inet unnumbered-address lo0.0
```

7. Repeat Steps 1 through 6 for the second dynamic profile, ancp-10302, and the third dynamic profile, ancp-10303.

Results From configuration mode, confirm the dynamic profile configuration by entering the **show dynamic-profiles** command.

```
[edit]
user@host# show dynamic-profiles
ancp-10301 {
  interfaces {
    interface-set 10301 {
      interface pp0 {
        unit "$junos-interface-unit";
      }
    }
  }
  pp0 {
    unit "$junos-interface-unit" {
      ppp-options {
        chap;
        pap;
      }
      pppoe-options {
        underlying-interface "$junos-underlying-interface";
      }
      keepalives interval 30;
      family inet {
        unnumbered-address lo0.0;
      }
    }
  }
}
ancp-10302 {
  interfaces {
    interface-set 10302 {
      interface pp0 {
```

When you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Step-by-Step Procedure

- ```
[edit interfaces ge-1/0/1]
user@host1# set hierarchical-scheduler
```

```
[edit interfaces ge-1/0/1]
user@host1# set gigether-options 802.3ad ae0 primary
```

3. Enable hierarchical scheduling on a second interface.

```
[edit interfaces ge-1/0/2]
user@host1# set hierarchical-scheduler
```

4. Specify this interface as the backup member of the aggregated Ethernet bundle.

```
[edit interfaces ge-1/0/2]
user@host1# set gigether-options 802.3ad ae0 backup
```

5. Enable hierarchical scheduling on the aggregated Ethernet interface.

```
[edit interfaces ae0]
user@host1# set hierarchical-scheduler
```

6. Enable stacked VLAN tagging for all logical interfaces on the aggregated Ethernet interface.

```
[edit interfaces ae0]
user@host1# set stacked-vlan-tagging
```

7. Enable link protection as a property of the aggregated Ethernet interface.

```
[edit interfaces ae0]
user@host1# set aggregated-ether-options link-protection
```

8. Configure VLAN demux interface demux0.10301.

- a. Configure the router to respond to ARP requests on the interface.

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit 10301]
user@host1# set proxy-arp
```

- b. Configure the outer VLAN tag to identify the access node (S-VLAN) and the inner VLAN tag to identify the subscriber port on the access node (C-VLAN).

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit 10301]
user@host1# set vlan tags outer 103 inner 1
```

- c. Specify that the VLAN demux interface runs on the underlying aggregated Ethernet interface.

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit 10301]
user@host1# set demux-options underlying-interface ae0
```

- d. Prevent multiple PPPoE sessions from being created for the same PPPoE subscriber on this VLAN demux interface.

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit 10301]
user@host1# set family pppoe duplicate-protection
```

- e. Configure the dynamic profile that is instantiated on the VLAN demux interface.

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit 10301]
```

```
user@host1# set family pppoe dynamic-profile ancp-10301
```

- f. Configure the recommended upstream and downstream traffic rates.

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit 10301]
user@host1# set advisory-options upstream-rate 1m
user@host1# set advisory-options downstream-rate 16m
```

- 9. Configure VLAN demux interface demux0.10302.

- a. Configure the router to respond to ARP requests on the interface.

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit 10302]
user@host1# set proxy-arp
```

- b. Configure the outer VLAN tag to identify the access node (S-VLAN) and the inner VLAN tag to identify the subscriber port on the access node (C-VLAN).

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit 10302]
user@host1# set vlan tags outer 103 inner 2
```

- c. Specify that the VLAN demux interface runs on the underlying aggregated Ethernet interface.

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit 10302]
user@host1# set demux-options underlying-interface ae0
```

- d. Prevent multiple PPPoE sessions from being created for the same PPPoE subscriber on this VLAN demux interface.

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit 10302]
user@host1# set family pppoe duplicate-protection
```

- e. Configure the dynamic profile that is instantiated on the VLAN demux interface.

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit 10302]
user@host1# set family pppoe dynamic-profile ancp-10302
```

- f. Configure the recommended upstream and downstream traffic rates.

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit 10302]
user@host1# set advisory-options upstream-rate 1m
user@host1# set advisory-options downstream-rate 16m
```

- 10. Configure VLAN demux interface demux0.10303.

- a. Configure the router to respond to ARP requests on the interface.

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit 10303]
user@host1# set proxy-arp
```

- b. Configure the outer VLAN tag to identify the access node (S-VLAN) and the inner VLAN tag to identify the subscriber port on the access node (C-VLAN).

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit 10303]
user@host1# set vlan tags outer 103 inner 3
```

- c. Specify that the VLAN demux interface runs on the underlying aggregated Ethernet interface.

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit 10303]
user@host1# set demux-options underlying-interface ae0
```

- d. Prevent multiple PPPoE sessions from being created for the same PPPoE subscriber on this VLAN demux interface.

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit 10303]
user@host1# set family pppoe duplicate-protection
```

- e. Configure the dynamic profile that is instantiated on the VLAN demux interface.

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit 10303]
user@host1# set family pppoe dynamic-profile ancp-10303
```

- f. Configure the recommended upstream and downstream traffic rates.

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit 10303]
user@host1# set advisory-options upstream-rate 1m
user@host1# set advisory-options downstream-rate 16m
```

- 11. Configure the IPv4 protocol family and the address of the loopback interface.

```
[edit interfaces lo0]
user@host1# set unit 0 family inet address 127.0.50.1/28
```

**Results** From configuration mode, confirm the static VLAN demux configuration by entering the **show interfaces** command.

```
[edit]
user@host# show interfaces
ge-1/0/1 {
 hierarchical-scheduler;
 gigether-options {
 802.3ad {
 ae0;
 primary;
 }
 }
}
ge-1/0/2 {
 hierarchical-scheduler;
 gigether-options {
 802.3ad {
 ae0;
 backup;
 }
 }
}
ae0 {
 hierarchical-scheduler;
 stacked-vlan-tagging;
 aggregated-ether-options {
 link-protection;
 }
}
demux0 {
 unit 10301 {
 proxy-arp;
 vlan-tags outer 103 inner 1;
```

```
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface ae0;
 }
 family pppoe {
 duplicate-protection;
 dynamic-profile ancp-10301;
 }
 advisory-options {
 downstream-rate 16m;
 upstream-rate 1m;
 }
}
unit 10302 {
 proxy-arp;
 vlan-tags outer 103 inner 2;
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface ae0;
 }
 family pppoe {
 duplicate-protection;
 dynamic-profile ancp-10302;
 }
 advisory-options {
 downstream-rate 16m;
 upstream-rate 1m;
 }
}
unit 10303 {
 proxy-arp;
 vlan-tags outer 103 inner 3;
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface ae0;
 }
 family pppoe {
 duplicate-protection;
 dynamic-profile ancp-10303;
 }
 advisory-options {
 downstream-rate 16m;
 upstream-rate 1m;
 }
}
lo0 {
 unit 0 {
 family inet {
 address 127.0.50.1/28
 }
 }
}
}
```

When you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.



### Configuring Class of Service

- Step-by-Step Procedure**
1. Configure the traffic-control profile with the shaping rate and specify the overhead accounting mode to account for ATM cell encapsulation.
 

```
[edit class-of-service]
user@host1# set traffic-control-profiles tcp1 shaping-rate 16m
user@host1# set traffic-control-profiles tcp1 overhead-accounting cell-mode
```
  2. Apply the traffic-control profile to the interface sets.
 

```
[edit class-of-service]
user@host1# set interfaces interface-set 10301 output-traffic-control-profile tcp1
user@host1# set interfaces interface-set 10302 output-traffic-control-profile tcp1
user@host1# set interfaces interface-set 10303 output-traffic-control-profile tcp1
```

**Results** From configuration mode, confirm the class of service configuration by entering the **show class-of-service** command.

```
[edit]
user@host# show class-of-service
traffic-control-profiles {
 tcp1 {
 shaping-rate 16m;
 overhead-accounting cell-mode;
 }
}
interfaces {
 interface-set 10301 {
 output-traffic-control-profile tcp1;
 }
 interface-set 10302 {
 output-traffic-control-profile tcp1;
 }
 interface-set 10303 {
 output-traffic-control-profile tcp1;
 }
}
```

When you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

### Configuring ANCP

- Step-by-Step Procedure**
1. Configure the access node address.
 

```
[edit protocols ancp]
user@host1# set neighbor 203.0.113.1
```
  2. Configure the ANCP agent to report adjusted downstream traffic rates to CoS.
 

```
[edit protocols ancp]
user@host1# set qos-adjust
```

3. Specify an overhead adjustment of the traffic on ADSL and ADSL2 lines to 90 percent and 95 percent, respectively, of the net data rate.

```
[edit protocols ancp]
user@host1# set qos-adjust-adsl 90
user@host1# set qos-adjust-adsl2 95
```

4. Specify an interval of 5 seconds between adjacency messages sent to all ANCP neighbors.

```
[edit protocols ancp]
user@host1# set adjacency-timer 5
```

5. Associate the ACI with the interface sets for each C-VLAN.

```
[edit protocols ancp]
user@host1# set interfaces interface-set 10301 access-identifier
"192.168.61.65/0.0.0.0 eth 1/1:7;"
user@host1# set interfaces interface-set 10302 access-identifier
"192.168.61.65/0.0.0.0 eth 1/2:7;"
user@host1# set interfaces interface-set 10303 access-identifier
"192.168.61.65/0.0.0.0 eth 1/3:7;"
```

6. Specify the underlying interface for the interface sets.

```
[edit protocols ancp]
user@host1# set interfaces interface-set 10301 underlying-interface demux0.10301
user@host1# set interfaces interface-set 10302 underlying-interface demux0.10302
user@host1# set interfaces interface-set 10303 underlying-interface demux0.10303
```

7. Configure the size of the ANCP trace log files.

```
[edit protocols ancp traceoptions]
user@host1# set file ancpd size 512m
```

8. Configure flags for tracing ANCP configuration and CoS operations.

```
[edit protocols ancp traceoptions]
user@host1# set flag config
user@host1# set flag cos
```

**Results** From configuration mode, confirm the ANCP agent configuration by entering the **show ancp** command.

```
[edit]
user@host# show ancp
traceoptions {
 file ancpd size 512m;
 flag config;
 flag cos;
}
qos-adjust;
adjacency-timer 5;
```

```

qos-adjust-adsl 90;
qos-adjust-adsl2 95;
interfaces {
 interface-set {
 10301 {
 access-identifier "192.168.61.65/0.0.0.0 eth 1/1:7;";
 underlying-interface demux0.10301;
 }
 10302 {
 access-identifier "192.168.61.65/0.0.0.0 eth 1/2:7;";
 underlying-interface demux0.10302;
 }
 10303 {
 access-identifier "192.168.61.65/0.0.0.0 eth 1/3:7;";
 underlying-interface demux0.10303;
 }
 }
}
neighbor 203.0.113.1;

```

When you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

### Configuring RADIUS Authentication and Accounting

#### Step-by-Step Procedure

1. Configure the password for the RADIUS server.  

```

[edit access]
user@host1# set radius-server 198.51.100.191 secret "$ABC123$ABC123$ABC123"

```
2. Specify that RADIUS is used to authenticate subscribers.  

```

[edit access]
user@host1# set profile radius-profile authentication-order radius

```
3. Configure the RADIUS authentication and accounting server.  

```

[edit access]
user@host1# set profile radius-profile radius authentication-server 198.51.100.191
user@host1# set profile radius-profile radius accounting-server 198.51.100.191

```
4. Configure options for the RADIUS server: The format used to identify the accounting session and that Juniper Networks DSL VSAs are added to RADIUS request messages.  

```

[edit access]
user@host1# set profile radius-profile radius options accounting-session-id-format decimal
user@host1# set profile radius-profile radius options juniper-dsl-attributes

```
5. Exclude DSL Forum VSA attributes from being included in RADIUS messages.  

```

[edit access]
user@host1# set profile radius-profile radius attribute exclude dsl-forum-attributes access-request

```

```
user@host1# set profile radius-profile radius attribute exclude dsl-forum-attributes
accounting-start
user@host1# set profile radius-profile radius attribute exclude dsl-forum-attributes
accounting-stop
```

**Results** From configuration mode, confirm the RADIUS configuration by entering the **show access** command.

```
[edit]
user@host# show access
radius-server {
 198.51.100.191 secret "$ABC123$ABC123$ABC123"; ## SECRET-DATA
}
profile radius-profile {
 radius {
 authentication-server 198.51.100.191;
 accounting-server 198.51.100.191;
 options {
 accounting-session-id-format decimal;
 juniper-dsl-attributes;
 }
 attributes {
 exclude {
 dsl-forum-attributes [access-request accounting-start accounting-stop];
 }
 }
 }
}
```

When you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

## Verification

To confirm that the configuration is working properly, perform these tasks:

- [Verifying the Aggregated Ethernet Interface Configuration on page 724](#)
- [Verifying the Traffic Scheduling and Shaping Parameters for the Interface Set on page 725](#)
- [Verifying the demux0 Interface Configuration on page 725](#)
- [Verifying the pp0 Interface Configuration on page 726](#)
- [Verifying the ANCP Agent Configuration on page 727](#)

---

### Verifying the Aggregated Ethernet Interface Configuration

**Purpose** Verify that the interface values match your configuration, the link is up, and traffic is flowing.

**Action** From operational mode, enter the **show interfaces redundancy** command.

```
user@host> show interfaces redundancy
```

| Interface | State      | Last change | Primary  | Secondary | Current status |
|-----------|------------|-------------|----------|-----------|----------------|
| ae0       | On primary |             | ge-1/0/1 | ge-1/0/2  | both up        |

From operational mode, enter the **show interfaces ae0** command.

```

user@host> show interfaces ae0
Physical interface: ae0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
 Interface index: 128, SNMP ifIndex: 606
 Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1522, Speed: 1Gbps, BPDU Error: None,
 MAC-REWRITE Error: None, Loopback: Disabled, Source filtering: Disabled,
 Flow control: Disabled, Minimum links needed: 1, Minimum bandwidth needed: 0
 Device flags : Present Running
 Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
 Current address: 00:00:5E:00:53:c0, Hardware address: 00:00:5E:00:53:c0
 Last flapped : 2012-03-11 13:24:18 PST (2d 03:34 ago)
 Input rate : 1984 bps (2 pps)
 Output rate : 0 bps (0 pps)

Logical interface ae0.32767 (Index 69) (SNMP ifIndex 709)
 Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x4004000 VLAN-Tag [0x0000.0] Encapsulation: ENET2
 Statistics Packets pps Bytes bps
 Bundle:
 Input : 371259 2 46036116 1984
 Output: 0 0 0 0
 Protocol multiservice, MTU: Unlimited
 Flags: Is-Primary

```

**Meaning** The **show interfaces redundancy** output shows the redundant link configuration and that both link interfaces are up. The **show interfaces ae0** output shows that the aggregated Ethernet interface is up and that traffic is being received on the logical interface.

### Verifying the Traffic Scheduling and Shaping Parameters for the Interface Set

**Purpose** Verify that the traffic scheduling and shaping parameters are configured and applied properly.

**Action** user@host> **show class-of-service**

### Verifying the demux0 Interface Configuration

**Purpose** Verify that the VLAN demux interface displays the configured PPPoE family attributes and the member links in the aggregated Ethernet bundle.

**Action** From operational mode, enter the **show interfaces demux0** command for each VLAN.

```

user@host> show interfaces demux0.10301
Logical interface demux0.10301 (Index 76) (SNMP ifIndex 61160)
 Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x4000 VLAN-Tag [0x8100.100]
 Encapsulation: ENET2
 Demux:

```

```
Underlying interface: ae0 (Index 199)
Link:
 ge-1/0/1
 ge-1/0/2
Input packets : 2
Output packets: 18575
Protocol pppoe
 Dynamic Profile: ancp-10301,
 Service Name Table: None,
 Max Sessions: 16000, Duplicate Protection: On,
 AC Name: pppoe-server-1
```

Alternatively, you can enter **show pppoe underlying-interfaces detail** to display the state and PPPoE family configuration for all configured underlying interfaces.

**Meaning** The output shows the name of the underlying interface, the member links of the aggregated bundle, and the PPPoE family configuration. The output shows packet counts when traffic is present on the logical interface.

---

### Verifying the pp0 Interface Configuration

**Purpose** Verify that the interface values match your configuration.

**Action** From operational mode, enter the **show interfaces pp0** command.

```
user@host> show interfaces pp0.100
Logical interface pp0.100 (Index 71) (SNMP ifIndex 710)
Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 0x4000 Encapsulation: PPPoE
PPPoE:
 State: SessionUp, Session ID: 1,
 Session AC name: pppoe-server-1, Remote MAC address: 00:00:5E:00:53:34,
 Underlying interface: demux0.10301 (Index 70)
Link:
 ge-5/0/3.32767
 ge-5/1/2.32767
Input packets : 18572
Output packets: 18572
Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
Keepalive: Input: 0 (never), Output: 18566 (00:00:02 ago)
LCP state: Opened
NCP state: inet: Opened, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured, mpls:
Not-configured
CHAP state: Closed
PAP state: Success
Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
 Flags: Sendbroadcast-pkt-to-re
 Addresses, Flags: Is-Primary
 Local: 203.0.113.45
```

**Meaning** This output shows information about the PPPoE logical interface created on the underlying VLAN demux interface. The output includes the PPPoE family and aggregated Ethernet redundant link information, and shows input and output traffic for the PPPoE interface.

## Verifying the ANCP Agent Configuration

**Purpose** Verify that the ANCP values match your configuration and that traffic is flowing.

**Action** From operational mode, enter the **show ancp subscriber** command.

```
user@host> show ancp subscriber detail
Interface State Last change Primary Secondary Current status
ae0 On primary ge-1/0/1 ge-1/0/2 both up
```

From operational mode, enter the **show ancp cos** command.

```
user@host> show ancp cos

Qos Adjust Flag: TRUE
Keepalive Timer: 30 secs
Cos State: WRITE_READY
Connect Time: Mon Mar 19 15:03:01 2012
Session Time: Mon Mar 19 15:03:13 2012
Routing Instance Time: Mon Mar 19 15:03:14 2012
Keepalive Time: Not Set
Rate Update Time: Mon Mar 19 15:03:15 2012
```

| Type   | Name  | Index | Pending Update | Last Update |
|--------|-------|-------|----------------|-------------|
| iflset | 10301 | 1     | None           | 64 Kbps     |
| iflset | 10302 | 2     | None           | 64 Kbps     |
| iflset | 10303 | 71    | None           | 64 Kbps     |

**Meaning** The **show ancp subscriber** output shows subscriber line information such as state and the various traffic rates collected by the ANCP agent—displayed for each subscriber as identified by the ACI. The **show ancp cos** output shows that the ANCP agent is configured to send adjusted rate data to CoS, that keepalives are configured for a 30-second interval, and that the interface sets 10301, 10302, and 10303 are configured and their traffic rates are updating

- Related Documentation**
- [Dynamic Profiles Overview](#)
  - [Configuring Dynamic DHCP Client Access to a Multicast Network](#)
  - [Subscriber Interfaces and Demultiplexing Overview](#)
  - [ANCP Agent Interactions with AAA on page 743](#)
  - [ANCP DSL Attributes Mapped to Juniper Networks DSL Vendor-Specific Attributes on page 745](#)
  - [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)
  - [AAA Service Framework Overview on page 3](#)





# Configuring the ANCP Agent Traffic and CoS

- [Traffic Rate Reporting and Adjustment by the ANCP Agent on page 729](#)
- [Preservation of CoS Shaping Across ANCP Agent Restarts on page 734](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent to Report Traffic Rates to CoS on page 735](#)
- [Setting a Recommended Shaping Rate for Traffic on ANCP Interfaces on page 738](#)
- [Setting a Global Adjustment Factor per DSL Subscriber Line for ANCP Agent-Reported Traffic Rates on page 739](#)

## Traffic Rate Reporting and Adjustment by the ANCP Agent

The ANCP agent monitors the subscriber access lines and reports to AAA and CoS information about the lines that it receives from the access node. Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, the ANCP agent can use access line information that it receives in the PPPoE intermediate agent (PPPoE-IA) tags. This information is carried in the Vendor-Specific-Tags TLV in subattribute DSL-Type (0x0091) in PADI or PADO packets. In earlier releases, the ANCP agent can use only access line information that it receives in ANCP messages. The access line information for both carriers is logically sourced from the same data on the access node; it represents a current, accurate snapshot of the values at the moment that the subscriber connection is initiated.

It is theoretically possible for ANCP and PPPoE subscribers to specify different data rates in the Vendor-Specific-Tags TLV when the connection is first established. This is an unlikely occurrence, but when the dynamic profile is configured to accept these values, the most recently received value takes precedence. The rates announced on the PPPoE connection are expected to be used only when ANCP is either not used or does not include rates. However, network dynamics make it impossible to guarantee the source from which the information arrives first. If the values conflict, a subsequent Port Up message from the access node forces the resolution to the ANCP values.

- [Overview on page 730](#)
- [Traffic Rate Adjustment on page 731](#)
- [Recommended Traffic Shaping Rates on page 733](#)
- [ANCP Agent Keepalives for CoS on page 734](#)

## Overview

The ANCP agent reports two kinds of data rates:

- The *net data rate* is the portion of the total data rate that can be used to transmit user information. The net data rate is also called the *unadjusted* traffic rate.
- Because each DSL line type has a certain technology overhead, the actual rate for user data is less than the net data rate. The *adjusted* or *calculated* rate is the net data rate reduced by the amount of technology overhead incurred by each DSL line type. The result is a closer approximation of the actual rate of subscriber data traffic.

The ANCP agent reports traffic rates differently to AAA and CoS:

- The agent always reports unadjusted rates for both upstream and downstream traffic to AAA in response to a AAA request. When configured, the agent adjusts the traffic rates and reports the adjusted values in addition to the unadjusted rate.
- The ANCP agent reports traffic rates to CoS only when you include the **qos-adjust** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level. The agent reports only downstream traffic rates to CoS in support of CoS traffic shaping. It never reports upstream traffic rates to CoS because CoS does not shape upstream traffic. The agent also reports to CoS the overhead mode and bytes for the access line; CoS can use this information when it subsequently shapes the traffic.

When you remove a shaping rate configuration that the ANCP agent previously applied, the traffic shaping rate reverts to the CoS session shaping as determined by the CoS traffic-control profiles specified in the dynamic profile. However, if the ANCP agent remains running but loses a connection to a particular neighbor whose subscriber traffic has been adjusted as a result of ANCP agent action, the adjusted rate remains in effect. The rate currently in effect changes only when the ANCP agent restores the connection and sends fresh updates to CoS, or when you remove the **qos-adjust** statement.

Because CoS can perform traffic shaping only when a traffic-control profile has been applied to the interface or interface set, you might expect the ANCP agent to always influence traffic shaping when the ANCP subscriber interface or interface set has a traffic-control profile. This behavior does not always occur.

Consider a configuration where a subscriber logical interface is a member of an ACI-based VLAN (interface set); all members share the same ACI. The dynamic profile that instantiates the subscriber interface applies a traffic-control profile to the interface. The profile that instantiates the VLAN applies an interface-shared filter instead of a traffic-control profile.

The following sequence of events takes place when the subscriber logs in.

1. The first packet creates the auto-sensed, underlying VLAN.
2. The second packet creates the ACI-based subscriber VLAN
3. The third packet creates the subscriber logical interface.

Because the VLAN comes up first, the ANCP agent attaches to the VLAN and not to the interface. Consequently, the agent reports to CoS the downstream data rate only for the VLAN, not for the logical interface. CoS has no information to adjust the shaping rate for the interface, so it shapes traffic for the interface only according to the interface's traffic-control profile.

Although the agent does report the downstream rate for the VLAN, CoS cannot use that information to shape the VLAN traffic, because the VLAN does not have a traffic-control profile. Consequently, the VLAN rate does not affect the logical interface's rate even though the logical interface is a member of that interface set.

## Traffic Rate Adjustment

When a DSLAM determines the data rate on the subscriber local loop, it ignores the additional headers on the DSL line that are associated with the overhead of the access mode (ATM or Ethernet) and the technology of the DSL line type. When the ANCP agent subsequently reports a net data rate, by default it includes this overhead, reporting a slightly higher value than the actual subscriber data rate seen by the DSLAM.

You can configure the ANCP agent to additionally report an adjusted rate to account for the traffic overhead. The ANCP agent dynamically adjusts the net data rate by applying a fixed percentage value to the net data rate received from the DSLAM. The percentage adjustment factor applies globally for all subscribers of the particular DSL line type as follows:

- The agent can adjust the rates it reports to AAA for all DSL types.
- The agent can adjust the rates it reports to CoS for only frame-mode DSL types (SDSL, VDSL, VDSL2, and OTHER). It cannot adjust the rates reported to CoS for cell-mode DSL types (ADSL, ADSL2, and ADSL2+).

You can also configure the ANCP agent to adjust the number of overhead bytes that it reports to CoS per cell or frame. The agent can add or subtract the specified value from the actual number of overhead bytes for all DSL types. The agent does not report the number of overhead bytes (adjusted or unadjusted) to AAA.

[Table 56 on page 731](#) summarizes how adjusted rates and overheads are reported.

**Table 56: Traffic Adjustment Reporting by Access Line Type**

| DSL Access Line Type | Upstream and Downstream Adjusted Rate Reported to AAA | Downstream-Only Adjusted Rate Reported to CoS | Adjusted Overhead Byte Count Reported to CoS |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| ADSL                 | ✓                                                     | –                                             | ✓                                            |
| ADSL2                | ✓                                                     | –                                             | ✓                                            |
| ADSL2+               | ✓                                                     | –                                             | ✓                                            |
| OTHER                | ✓                                                     | ✓                                             | ✓                                            |
| SDSL                 | ✓                                                     | ✓                                             | ✓                                            |

Table 56: Traffic Adjustment Reporting by Access Line Type (*continued*)

| DSL Access Line Type | Upstream and Downstream Adjusted Rate Reported to AAA | Downstream-Only Adjusted Rate Reported to CoS | Adjusted Overhead Byte Count Reported to CoS |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| VDSL                 | ✓                                                     | ✓                                             | ✓                                            |
| VDSL2                | ✓                                                     | ✓                                             | ✓                                            |

The ANCP agent reports traffic rates to CoS only when you have included the **qos-adjust** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level. By default, these are unadjusted rates. CoS attempts to avoid traffic drops in the access node by itself adjusting the traffic shaping rate that it applies to downstream traffic for a particular VLAN or set of VLANs. The discrepancy between the actual user data rate and the agent-reported net data rate reduces the accuracy of CoS traffic shaping. You increase the accuracy of CoS traffic shaping by configuring the ANCP agent to report adjusted rate and byte values to CoS.

If you are running Junos OS Release 17.3 or earlier, use the CLI configuration statements in [Table 57 on page 732](#) to make traffic adjustments. The CoS statements are at the **[edit protocols ancp qos-adjust]** hierarchy level. The AAA statements are at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level.

Table 57: Statements for Adjusting Traffic Rate and Overhead by Access Line Type Through Junos OS Release 17.3

| Access Line Type | Adjust Net Downstream and Upstream Rates for AAA | Adjust Net Downstream Rates for CoS | Adjust Overhead Bytes for CoS |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| ADSL             | qos-adjust-adsl                                  | –                                   | adsl-bytes                    |
| ADSL2            | qos-adjust-adsl2                                 | –                                   | adsl2-bytes                   |
| ADSL2+           | qos-adjust-adsl2-plus                            | –                                   | adsl2-plus-bytes              |
| OTHER            | qos-adjust-other                                 | other-overhead-adjust               | other-bytes                   |
| SDSL             | qos-adjust-sdsl                                  | sdsl-overhead-adjust                | sdsl-bytes                    |
| VDSL             | qos-adjust-vdsl                                  | vdsl-overhead-adjust                | vdsl-bytes                    |
| VDSL2            | qos-adjust-vdsl2                                 | vdsl2-overhead-adjust               | vdsl2-bytes                   |

If you are running Junos OS Release 17.4R1 or later, use the **access-line** configuration statement options in [Table 58 on page 733](#) to make traffic adjustments for CoS and AAA options. The **access-line** statement is at the **[edit system]** hierarchy level.

**Table 58: Statements for Adjusting Traffic Rate and Overhead by Access Line Type Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1**

| Access Line Type | Adjust Net Downstream and Upstream Rates for AAA | Adjust Net Downstream Rates for CoS | Adjust Overhead Bytes for CoS |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| ADSL             | adsl-total-adjust                                | –                                   | adsl-overhead-bytes           |
| ADSL2            | adsl2-total-adjust                               | –                                   | adsl2-overhead-bytes          |
| ADSL2+           | adsl2-plus-total-adjust                          | –                                   | adsl2-plus-overhead-bytes     |
| OTHER            | other-total-adjust                               | other-overhead-adjust               | other-overhead-bytes          |
| SDSL             | sdsl-total-adjust                                | sdsl-overhead-adjust                | sdsl-overhead-bytes           |
| VDSL             | vdsl-total-adjust                                | vdsl-overhead-adjust                | vdsl-overhead-bytes           |
| VDSL2            | vdsl-total-adjust                                | vdsl2-overhead-adjust               | vdsl2-overhead-bytes          |

## Recommended Traffic Shaping Rates

To handle a situation where the router does not receive information from the access node about the downstream and upstream calculated traffic rates for an interface, you can specify recommended *advisory* values for shaping the traffic sent to the interface so that it matches the subscriber local loop speed.

The transmit speed is the recommended traffic value in bits per second used for downstream traffic for an ANCP interface, and is conveyed in the Juniper Networks VSA, Downstream-Calculated-Qos-Rate (IANA 4874, 26-141). The receive speed is the recommended traffic value in bits per second used for upstream traffic for an ANCP interface, and is conveyed in the Juniper Networks VSA, Upstream-Calculated-Qos-Rate VSA (IANA 4874, 26-142).

To set the recommended shaping rates that are used as the default values for these VSAs in static configurations, include the **downstream-rate** and **upstream-rate** statements at the **[edit interfaces *interface-name* unit *logical-unit-number* advisory-options]** hierarchy level.

To configure the recommended rates on dynamically created VLAN interfaces, include the **upstream-rate** or **downstream-rate** statements at the **[edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* interfaces *\$junos-interface-ifd-name* unit *\$junos-interface-unit* advisory-options]** hierarchy level.

To configure the recommended rates on dynamically created ACI interface sets, include the **upstream-rate** or **downstream-rate** statements at the **[edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* interface-set *\$junos-interface-set-name* interfaces *\$junos-interface-ifd-name* advisory-options]** hierarchy level.

## ANCP Agent Keepalives for CoS

The ANCP agent sends a keepalive message to CoS at specific intervals. If CoS does not receive a keepalive in the expected time, it reverts the shaping rate changes it made in response to the ANCP agent. You can adjust how long CoS waits for a keepalive message by including the **maximum-helper-restart-time** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level. The interval between keepalive messages is automatically set to one-third the value of the maximum helper restart time. For example, if you set the maximum helper restart time to 120 seconds, then the ANCP agent sends keepalive messages every 40 seconds. In this example, if CoS does not receive a keepalive message within 120 seconds, then it reverts any policy changes derived from the ANCP agent.

### Release History Table

| Release | Description                                                                                                                                           |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 17.4R1  | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, the ANCP agent can use access line information that it receives in the PPPoE intermediate agent (PPPoE-IA) tags. |

### Related Documentation

- [ANCP and the ANCP Agent Overview on page 681](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)
- [Shaping Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops Overview](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops](#)
- [ANCP DSL Attributes Mapped to Juniper Networks DSL Vendor-Specific Attributes on page 745](#)
- [Preservation of CoS Shaping Across ANCP Agent Restarts on page 734](#)

## Preservation of CoS Shaping Across ANCP Agent Restarts

When the ANCP agent stops due to a process or GRES, CoS enforces the ANCP downstream shaping-rates until the CoS keepalive timer expires. When the timer expires, CoS reverts to the CoS shaping-rate configured for the interfaces.

You configure the CoS keepalive timer by including the **maximum-helper-restart-time seconds** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level. It specifies how much time other daemons such as CoS wait for the ANCP agent to restart and is used to configure the CoS rate update keepalive timer.

The ANCP agent does not maintain TCP sessions from neighbors across the restart or GRES. When it restarts, it must re-establish sessions with neighbors and subscriber sessions before the timer expires. For all the re-established sessions, the ANCP agent updates CoS with the updated downstream shaping rates and provides DSL line attributes to the session database for AAA.

If CoS stops or restarts while ANCP is up, the ANCP agent retransmits all known subscriber downstream rates to CoS. Any existing adjusted shaping rates that have not been updated revert to the configured CoS shaping rates when the CoS restart timer expires.

- Related Documentation**
- [ANCP and the ANCP Agent Overview on page 681](#)
  - [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)
  - [Specifying How Long Processes Wait for the ANCP Agent Restart to Complete on page 706](#)

## Configuring the ANCP Agent to Report Traffic Rates to CoS

By default, the ANCP agent does not report the traffic rate on subscriber access lines to CoS. You must include the **qos-adjust** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level to configure the ANCP agent to report downstream data rates received in ANCP Port Up messages to CoS for all subscribers in the network. This information enables CoS to subsequently shape the traffic on these access lines—but only if a shaping rate is configured in a CoS traffic-control profile for the access lines.

When a DSLAM calculates the data rate on the subscriber local loop, it ignores the additional headers on the DSL line that are associated with the overhead of the access mode (ATM or Ethernet). The unadjusted downstream data rate includes these headers in its calculation and reports a slightly higher value than that calculated by the DSLAM. The ANCP agent also reports to CoS the traffic mode and the traffic rate overhead.



**NOTE:** The ANCP agent never reports upstream traffic rates to CoS.

You can also configure the ANCP agent to adjust the actual (net) downstream data rates for individual DSL types as follows:

- For frame-mode DSL types (SDSL, VDSL, VDSL2, and OTHER), you can configure an adjustment in the number of overhead bytes to account for encapsulation differences. You can also specify a percentage value that is applied to the actual, unadjusted data rate received in ANCP Port Up messages.
- For cell-mode DSL types (ADSL, ADSL2, and ADSL2+), you can configure only an adjustment in the number of overhead bytes for the traffic to account for encapsulation differences.

The ANCP agent adjusts the rate by the specified percentage. It adjusts the cell or frame overhead by adding or subtracting the specified number of bytes. By default the adjustment is 100 percent and 0 bytes, meaning that the agent does not adjust the net values before it reports them to CoS.

If CoS does not receive a keepalive message within the maximum helper restart time, it considers the ANCP agent to be down and immediately reverts to the configured values for any traffic shaping updates that were modified as a result of traffic reports from the

ANCP agent. The configured values are maintained until the ANCP agent comes back up and sends fresh traffic updates to CoS.

If the ANCP agent remains running but loses the connection to a neighbor, CoS does not revert to its configured values. In this case, CoS changes the shaping rate for the subscriber traffic only if the ANCP agent restores the connection to that neighbor and reports new traffic rates to CoS or if you remove the **qos-adjust** statement.



**NOTE:** Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, the previously supported rate- and byte-adjustment statements at the [edit protocols ancp] and [edit protocols ancp qos-adjust] hierarchy levels are deprecated. They are replaced by the access-line statement and its many options at the [edit system] hierarchy level. The ANCP agent ignores the deprecated statements if they are present. This means that when you upgrade from Junos OS Release 17.3 or earlier with an existing rate or byte adjustment configuration, you must reconfigure your adjustment with the access-line statement.

The exception to this change is that the **qos-adjust** statement remains supported, but no longer has any subordinate statements. Always configure the **qos-adjust** statement for normal ANCP operations. You may want to disable it for debugging purposes.

To configure the ANCP agent to report traffic rates to CoS:

1. Enable rate reporting to CoS.

```
[edit protocols ancp]
user@host# set qos-adjust
```

2. (Optional) Specify the number of bytes to add or subtract per cell or frame for one or more line types.

- In Junos OS Release 17.3 or earlier:

```
[edit protocols ancp qos-adjust]
user@host# set adsl-bytes bytes
user@host# set adsl2-bytes bytes
user@host# set adsl2-plus-bytes bytes
user@host# set sdsl-bytes bytes
user@host# set vdsl-bytes bytes
user@host# set vdsl2-bytes bytes
user@host# set other-bytes bytes
```

- In Junos OS Release 17.4R1 or later:

```
[edit system access-line]
user@host# set adsl-overhead-bytes bytes
user@host# set adsl2-overhead-bytes bytes
user@host# set adsl2-plus-overhead-bytes bytes
user@host# set other-overhead-bytes bytes
user@host# set sdsl-overhead-bytes bytes
user@host# set vdsl-overhead-bytes bytes
user@host# set vdsl2-overhead-bytes bytes
```



3. (Optional) Specify a percentage rate adjustment for one or more frame-mode DSL line types.

- In Junos OS Release 17.3 or earlier:

```
[edit protocols ancp qos-adjust]
user@host# set other-overhead-adjust percentage;
user@host# set sdsl-overhead-adjust percentage
user@host# set vdsl-overhead-adjust percentage
user@host# set vdsl2-overhead-adjust percentage;
```

- In Junos OS Release 17.4R1 or later:

```
[edit system access-line]
user@host# set other-overhead-adjust percentage
user@host# set sdsl-overhead-adjust percentage
user@host# set vdsl-overhead-adjust percentage
user@host# set vdsl2-overhead-adjust percentage
```

Release History Table

| Release | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 17.4R1  | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, the previously supported rate- and byte-adjustment statements at the <b>[edit protocols ancp]</b> and <b>[edit protocols ancp qos-adjust]</b> hierarchy levels are deprecated. They are replaced by the <b>access-line</b> statement and its many options at the <b>[edit system]</b> hierarchy level. |

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Traffic Rate Reporting and Adjustment by the ANCP Agent on page 729](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)
- [ANCP and the ANCP Agent Overview on page 681](#)
- *Shaping Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops Overview*
- *Guidelines for Configuring Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops*
- *Enabling Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops*
- *Disabling Shaping-Rate Adjustments for Subscriber Local Loops*
- [Specifying How Long Processes Wait for the ANCP Agent Restart to Complete on page 706](#)
- [maximum-helper-restart-time on page 1306](#)

## Setting a Recommended Shaping Rate for Traffic on ANCP Interfaces

---

When the access node sends information about the downstream and upstream calculated traffic rates for an interface, those values are used to shape the traffic sent to the interface so that it matches the subscriber local loop speed. You can specify recommended values that are used when the router does not receive this information from the access node. In this event, these recommended values are used as the default values for the following Juniper VSAs:

- Downstream-Calculated-Qos-Rate (IANA 4871, 26–141)—Conveys the transmit speed, which is the recommended traffic value in bits per second used for downstream traffic for an ANCP interface.
- Upstream-Calculated-Qos-Rate (IANA 4874, 26–142)—Conveys the receive speed, which is the recommended traffic value in bits per second used for upstream traffic for an ANCP interface.

You can configure the recommended rates either on static VLAN and VLAN demux interfaces, or you can specify them in a dynamic profile for dynamic VLAN and VLAN demux interfaces or interface sets.

To configure recommended traffic shaping values for a static interface:

1. Set the rate in bits per second for downstream traffic for the interface.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number advisory-options]
user@host# set downstream-rate rate
```

2. Set the rate in bits per second for upstream traffic for the interface.

```
[edit interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number advisory-options]
user@host# set upstream-rate rate
```

For example, to set the recommended downstream rate to 16 Mbps and the recommended upstream rate to 1 Mbps on VLAN demux interface demux0.10301:

```
[edit interfaces demux0 unit 10301 advisory-options]
user@host# set downstream-rate 16M
user@host# set upstream-rate 1M
```

To configure recommended traffic shaping values for a dynamic interface:

1. Set the rate in bits per second for downstream traffic in the dynamic profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces $junos-interface-ifd-name unit
$junos-interface-unit advisory-options]
user@host# set downstream-rate rate
```

2. Set the rate in bits per second for upstream traffic in the dynamic profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces $junos-interface-ifd-name unit
$junos-interface-unit advisory-options]
user@host# set upstream-rate rate
```

For example, to configure the dynamic profile `ancp-dyn-vlan2` to set the recommended downstream rate to 10 Mbps and the recommended upstream rate to 1 Mbps on all interfaces in the dynamically created interface set:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles ancp-dyn-vlan2 interfaces $junos-interface-ifd-name unit
 $junos-interface-unit advisory-options]
user@host# set downstream-rate 10M
user@host# set upstream-rate 1M
```

To configure recommended traffic shaping values for a dynamic interface set:

1. Set the rate in bits per second for downstream traffic in the dynamic profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces interface-set $junos-interface-set-name
 interface $junos-interface-ifd-name advisory-options]
user@host# set downstream-rate rate
```

2. Set the rate in bits per second for upstream traffic in the dynamic profile.

```
[edit dynamic-profiles profile-name interfaces interface-set $junos-interface-set-name
 interface $junos-interface-ifd-name advisory-options]
user@host# set upstream-rate rate
```

For example, to configure the dynamic profile `ancp-dyn-vlan1` to set the recommended downstream rate to 12 Mbps and the recommended upstream rate to 2 Mbps on all interfaces in the dynamically created interface set:

```
[edit dynamic-profiles ancp-dyn-vlan1 interfaces interface-set $junos-interface-set-name
 interface $junos-interface-ifd-name advisory-options]
user@host# set downstream-rate 12M
user@host# set upstream-rate 2M
```

#### Related Documentation

- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)
- [Configuring AAA to Include Juniper Networks DSL VSAs in RADIUS Messages on page 747](#)
- [Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 23](#)
- [ANCP and the ANCP Agent Overview on page 681](#)

## Setting a Global Adjustment Factor per DSL Subscriber Line for ANCP Agent-Reported Traffic Rates

The ANCP agent always reports both upstream and downstream rates to AAA. When a DSLAM calculates the data rate on the subscriber local loop, it ignores the additional headers on the DSL line that are associated with the overhead of the access mode (ATM or Ethernet). When the ANCP agent reports the net upstream data rate or the net downstream data rate, it includes the headers in its calculation and reports a slightly higher value than that calculated by the DSLAM; this is the unadjusted data rate.

The ANCP agent can optionally report adjusted data rates to AAA. Configure the agent to adjust the traffic rate to account for the header overhead by specifying an adjustment factor for one or more DSL line types. The adjustment factor is a percentage that is

applied to the total downstream and upstream data rates reported by the ANCP agent. The adjustment factor applies globally for all subscribers of that DSL line type. By default, the ANCP agent applies an adjustment factor of 100 percent to all DSL lines, meaning that no adjustment is made. The ANCP agent simply passes on the DSL line rates that include the header information.



**NOTE:** These adjustment factors affect only the rates reported to AAA. The ANCP agent reports downstream data rates to CoS only when you include the `qos-adjust` statement at the `[edit protocols ancp]` hierarchy level.



**NOTE:** Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, the previously supported `qos-adjust-line-type` rate adjustment statements at the `[edit protocols ancp]` hierarchy level are deprecated. They are replaced by the `line-type-total-adjust` options for the `access-line` statement at the `[edit system]` hierarchy level. The ANCP agent ignores the deprecated statements if they are present. This means that when you upgrade from Junos OS Release 17.3 or earlier with an existing rate adjustment configuration, you must reconfigure your adjustment with the `access-line` statement.

To apply a global adjustment factor for DSL subscriber lines to be reported to AAA:

- Specify the adjustment factor percentage for the desired subscriber line.
  - In Junos OS Release 17.3 or earlier:

```
[edit protocols ancp]
user@host# set qos-adjust-adsl percentage
user@host# set qos-adjust-adsl2 percentage
user@host# set qos-adjust-adsl2-plus percentage
user@host# set qos-adjust-other percentage
user@host# set qos-adjust-sdsl percentage
user@host# set qos-adjust-vdsl percentage
user@host# set qos-adjust-vdsl2 percentage
```

- In Junos OS Release 17.4 or later:

```
[edit system access-line]
user@host# set adsl-total-adjust percentage
user@host# set adsl2-total-adjust percentage
user@host# set adsl2-plus-total-adjust percentage
user@host# set other-total-adjust percentage
user@host# set sdsl-total-adjust percentage
user@host# set vdsl-total-adjust percentage
```

```
user@host# set vdsl2-total-adjust percentage
```

**Release History Table**

| Release | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 17.4R1  | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, the previously supported <b>qos-adjust-line-type</b> rate adjustment statements at the <b>[edit protocols ancp]</b> hierarchy level are deprecated. They are replaced by the <b>line-type-total-adjust</b> options for the <b>access-line</b> statement at the <b>[edit system]</b> hierarchy level. |

**Related Documentation**

- [Traffic Rate Reporting and Adjustment by the ANCP Agent on page 729](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)
- [ANCP and the ANCP Agent Overview on page 681](#)



# Configuring the ANCP Agent and AAA

- [ANCP Agent Interactions with AAA on page 743](#)
- [ANCP DSL Attributes Mapped to Juniper Networks DSL Vendor-Specific Attributes on page 745](#)
- [Configuring AAA to Include Juniper Networks DSL VSAs in RADIUS Messages on page 747](#)
- [Configuring Immediate Interim Accounting Updates to RADIUS in Response to ANCP Notifications on page 748](#)

## ANCP Agent Interactions with AAA

---

The ANCP agent reports both unadjusted (net) data rates and adjusted data rates for subscriber traffic to AAA for RADIUS authentication and accounting of subscriber sessions. The adjusted data rate enables RADIUS to allocate the appropriate services (including class of service) to PPPoE sessions during authentication. The rate reports also enable RADIUS accounting to track the class of service actually provided for the PPPoE sessions, which in turn enables accurate billing for subscriber services.

The access nodes send ANCP DSL attributes in ANCP messages to the router, where they are stored in the shared database. AAA maps the ANCP DSL attributes to both the Juniper Networks DSL VSAs (used by RADIUS) and the DSL Forum VSA subattributes (also called the DSL Forum VSAs). RADIUS uses these attributes during authentication and accounting for PPPoE sessions on the subscriber access line. The attributes persist even when the ANCP session to a given node has ended, enabling RADIUS to later apply these attributes to new sessions on that subscriber access line. To remove the attributes, you must delete the interface or interface set for the access line from the ANCP agent configuration.

The RADIUS profile must be configured to include the **juniper-dsl-attributes** option, or AAA does not report the attributes to RADIUS. If the ANCP DSL attributes are unavailable, AAA maps the session's advisory upstream and downstream data rates (as configured on the session's underlying interface) to the Juniper Networks VSAs, Upstream-Calculated-Qos-Rate [26-142] and Downstream-Calculated-Qos-Rate [26-141], respectively. AAA subsequently provides only these VSAs to RADIUS.

For successful authentication and accounting by RADIUS, AAA has to correlate PPPoE and DHCP IP demux sessions with their access lines and their associated DSL attributes.

Some access nodes provide the ACI in PADI/PADR packets for the PPPoE sessions or in the DHCP discovery packets for DHCP IP demux sessions.

When the ACI is not provided in a 1:1 VLAN model with interface sets, you must associate the underlying interface for the sessions with the identifier and the interface set. If you do not configure this association, then only the advisory traffic rates are provided to RADIUS. This configuration has no effect when the identifier is provided by the access node.

For the N:1 VLAN model with interface sets, the access node must provide the ACI. If you configure the underlying interface for this model when the access node does not provide the identifier, the subscriber sessions can be incorrectly correlated with access lines.

AAA reports values to RADIUS for the Juniper Networks VSAs 26-141 and 26-142 according to the following scheme:

1. When the PPPoE or DHCP IP demux subscriber session can be correlated with an access line, then the ANCP agent adjusts the downstream and upstream traffic rates reported by the access node according to the ANCP agent CoS configuration. The agent then maps the adjusted rates to Upstream-Calculated-Qos-Rate [26-142] and Downstream-Calculated-Qos-Rate [26-141].
2. If the session cannot be correlated with an access line, but the PPPoE or DHCP discovery packet includes the DSL Forum VSA and the Access-Loop-Encapsulation subattribute includes a value for the AAL5 data link, then the ANCP agent adjusts the Actual-Data-Rate-Downstream and Actual-Data-Rate-Upstream subattributes to account for the ATM 48/53 cell tax. The adjusted rates mapped to Upstream-Calculated-Qos-Rate [26-142] and Downstream-Calculated-Qos-Rate [26-141].
3. If neither of the preceding sets of conditions is satisfied, then the ANCP agent simply maps the recommended downstream and upstream data rates to Upstream-Calculated-Qos-Rate [26-142] and Downstream-Calculated-Qos-Rate [26-141]. The recommended rates are either configured statically for the VLAN or VLAN demux interfaces or are in the dynamic profile that creates the interfaces.

To map an ACI to a static VLAN demux interface, include the **access-identifier *identifier*** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp interfaces demux0.logical-unit-number]** hierarchy level.

To configure advisory upstream and downstream data rates on a static VLAN demux interface, include the **upstream-rate *rate*** or **downstream-rate *rate*** statements at the **[edit interfaces demux0 unit *logical-unit-number*]** hierarchy level.

To configure an underlying interface for the PPPoE sessions in an interface set, include the **underlying-interface *interface-name*** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp interfaces interface-set *interface-set-name*]** hierarchy level.

When an ACI, and therefore a subscriber access line, has been mapped to an interface or interface set, the ACI can be re-mapped to a different interface or set. When this happens, traffic shaping is adjusted accordingly for the interfaces or interface sets involved. This capability is useful for the Business Services model, where a PPPoE session



that is initially classified as a residential household can be reclassified as a business subscriber during RADIUS authentication by using a Junos OS ICE AAA framework Op-Script application.

In the Business Services Model, the PPPoE session initially represents a residential household until RADIUS authentication and authorization takes place. The ANCP agent dynamically maps the household's access line to the appropriate subscriber interface and applies CoS traffic shaping to the interface. During authentication and authorization, the Op-Script application may classify the PPPoE session as a business subscriber rather than a residential subscriber. If this occurs, the application creates multiple static VLANs and groups them into an interface set. Based on the ANCP agent configuration, the application then statically maps the subscriber's access line to this static interface set. This interface set can include only static interfaces.

The ANCP agent reverts CoS traffic shaping from the interface previously used by the subscriber and instead applies the shaping to the interface set. This reversion means that the CoS process applies to the interface the next shaping rate in its adjustment control profile.

#### Related Documentation

- [ANCP and the ANCP Agent Overview on page 681](#)
- [ANCP DSL Attributes Mapped to Juniper Networks DSL Vendor-Specific Attributes on page 745](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)
- [Configuring AAA to Include Juniper Networks DSL VSAs in RADIUS Messages on page 747](#)

## ANCP DSL Attributes Mapped to Juniper Networks DSL Vendor-Specific Attributes

Digital Subscriber Line (DSL) attributes are RADIUS vendor-specific attributes (VSAs) that are defined by the DSL Forum in RFC 4679, *DSL Forum Vendor-Specific RADIUS Attributes*. The attributes transport DSL information that is not supported by standard RADIUS attributes and which conveys details about the associated DSL subscriber line and traffic. These attributes are contained as subattributes in the single DSL Forum VSA (IANA vendor ID 3561). An ANCP access node can provide this information to the router in a PPPoE PADI message during PPPoE subscriber discovery.

The access node can also report the same information about the DSL subscriber line and traffic information by means of the ANCP DSL TLVs or attributes carried in ANCP messages to the router. The ANCP attributes are defined in RFC 6320, *Protocol for Access Node Control Mechanism in Broadband Networks*. These ANCP DSL attributes correspond to Juniper Networks (IANA vendor ID 4874) DSL VSAs and to DSL Forum VSAs.

The router simply passes the DSL line and traffic information that it receives from the access node to the RADIUS server, without performing any parsing or manipulation. A RADIUS authentication or accounting message can contain any combination of the DSL Forum VSAs and the Juniper Networks DSL VSAs. You can configure the RADIUS access profile to exclude one or more individual attributes, or all DSL Forum attributes, from being included in RADIUS messages.

The DSL Forum attribute and subattributes received by the router during PPPoE and DHCP client discovery are not updated after discovery, whereas the equivalent ANCP DSL attributes are updated whenever there is a change to the access line.

Table 59 on page 746 shows the relationship between the ANCP DSL attributes, Juniper Networks DSL VSAs, and DSL Forum VSAs.

**Table 59: Mapping ANCP DSL Attributes to Juniper Networks DSL VSAs and DSL Forum VSAs**

| ANCP DSL Attribute<br>Name [Type Number]      | Juniper Networks VSA<br>(Vendor ID 4874)<br>Name [RADIUS Attribute Number]                                                                                                                                                  | DSL Forum VSA<br>(Vendor ID 3561)<br>Name [RADIUS Attribute Number] |
|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Access-Aggregation-Circuit-ID-ASCII [0x0003]  | Acc-Aggr-Cir-Id-Asc [26-112]                                                                                                                                                                                                | -                                                                   |
| Access-Aggregation-Circuit-ID-Binary [0x0006] | Acc-Aggr-Cir-Id-Bin [26-111]                                                                                                                                                                                                | -                                                                   |
| Access-Loop-Circuit-ID [0x0001]               | Acc-Loop-Cir-Id [26-110]                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Agent-Circuit-Id [26-1]                                             |
| Access-Loop-Encapsulation [0x0090]            | Acc-Loop-Encap [26-183]                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Access-Loop-Encapsulation [26-144]                                  |
| Access-Loop-Remote-ID [0x0002]                | Acc-Loop-Remote-Id [26-182]                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Agent-Remote-Id [26-2]                                              |
| Actual-Interleaving-Delay-Downstream [0x008E] | Act-Interlv-Delay-Dn [26-126]                                                                                                                                                                                               | Actual-Interleaving-Delay-Downstream [26-142]                       |
| Actual-Interleaving-Delay-Upstream [0x008C]   | Act-Interlv-Delay-Up [26-124]                                                                                                                                                                                               | Actual-Interleaving-Delay-Upstream [26-140]                         |
| Actual-Net-Data-Rate-Downstream [0x0082]      | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>L2C-Down-Stream-Data [26-93]—Unadjusted rate</li> <li>Act-Data-Rate-Dn [26-114]—Unadjusted rate</li> <li>Downstream-Calculated-Qos-Rate [26-141]—Rate as adjusted by ANCP</li> </ul> | Actual-Data-Rate-Downstream [26-130]                                |
| Actual-Net-Data-Rate-Upstream [0x0081]        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>L2C-Up-Stream-Data [26-92]—Unadjusted rate</li> <li>Act-Data-Rate-Up [26-113]—Unadjusted rate</li> <li>Upstream-Calculated-Qos-Rate [26-142]—Rate as adjusted by ANCP</li> </ul>     | Actual-Data-Rate-Upstream [26-129]                                  |
| Attainable-Net-Data-Rate-Downstream [0x0086]  | Att-Data-Rate-Dn [26-118]                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Attainable-Data-Rate-Downstream [26-134]                            |
| Attainable-Net-Data-Rate-Upstream [0x0085]    | Att-Data-Rate-Up [26-117]                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Attainable-Data-Rate-Upstream [26-133]                              |
| DSL-Line-State [0x008F]                       | DSL-Line-State [26-127]                                                                                                                                                                                                     | -                                                                   |
| DSL-Type [0x0091]                             | DSL-Type [26-128]                                                                                                                                                                                                           | -                                                                   |
| Maximum-Net-Data-Rate-Downstream [0x0088]     | Max-Data-Rate-Dn [26-120]                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Maximum-Data-Rate-Downstream [26-136]                               |

**Table 59: Mapping ANCP DSL Attributes to Juniper Networks DSL VSAs and DSL Forum VSAs (*continued*)**

|                                                     |                               |                                                 |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| Maximum-Net-Data-Rate-Upstream [0x0087]             | Max-Data-Rate-Up [26-119]     | Maximum-Data-Rate-Upstream [26-135]             |
| Maximum-Interleaving-Delay-Downstream [0x008C]      | Max-Interlv-Delay-Dn [26-125] | Maximum-Interleaving-Delay-Downstream [26-141]  |
| Maximum-Interleaving-Delay-Upstream [0x008B]        | Max-Interlv-Delay-Up [26-123] | Maximum-Interleaving-Delay-Upstream [26-139]    |
| Minimum-Net-Low-Power-Data-Rate-Downstream [0x008A] | Min-LP-Data-Rate-Dn [26-122]  | Minimum-Data-Rate-Downstream-Low-Power [26-138] |
| Minimum-Net-Low-Power-Data-Rate-Upstream [0x0089]   | Min-LP-Data-Rate-Up [26-121]  | Minimum-Data-Rate-Upstream-Low-Power [26-137]   |
| Minimum-Net-Data-Rate-Downstream [0x0084]           | Min-Data-Rate-Dn [26-116]     | Minimum-Data-Rate-Downstream [26-132]           |
| Minimum-Net-Data-Rate-Upstream [0x0083]             | Min-Data-Rate-Up [26-115]     | Minimum-Data-Rate-Upstream [26-131]             |

- Related Documentation**
- [Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 23](#)
  - [Configuring AAA to Include Juniper Networks DSL VSAs in RADIUS Messages on page 747](#)

## Configuring AAA to Include Juniper Networks DSL VSAs in RADIUS Messages

You can include the **juniper-dsl-attributes** statement to configure AAA to add the set of Juniper Networks DSL VSAs to the RADIUS authentication and accounting request messages for subscribers. By default, these VSAs are not added to any RADIUS message. See “[ANCP DSL Attributes Mapped to Juniper Networks DSL Vendor-Specific Attributes](#)” on page 745 for a table of the Juniper Networks DSL VSAs.

After you have configured the inclusion of the Juniper Networks VSAs, you can subsequently exclude one or more of the VSAs from being transmitted. To do so, include the **exclude** statement at the **[edit access profile *profile-name* radius attributes]** hierarchy level, and specify which VSAs to exclude.

In contrast to the Juniper Networks DSL VSAs (vendor ID 4874), the DSL Forum VSA (vendor ID 3561) is added to all RADIUS messages by default. The DSL Forum VSA conveys individual DSL Forum attributes. See “[DSL Forum Vendor-Specific Attributes](#)” on page 58 for a table of these VSAs. You can use the **exclude** statement at the **[edit access profile *profile-name* radius attributes]** hierarchy level to prevent this VSA from being included in any RADIUS message.

To add the Juniper Networks DSL VSAs to RADIUS messages:

- Configure the inclusion trigger.
 

```
[edit access profile profile-name radius options]
user@host# set juniper-dsl-attributes
```

To exclude specific Juniper Networks DSL VSAs from RADIUS messages:

- Configure the exclusion trigger.

```
[edit access profile profile-name radius attributes]
user@host# set exclude vsa-option
```

For example, to exclude the interleaving delay VSAs, configure the following statements:

```
[edit access profile profile-name radius attributes]
user@host# set exclude max-interlv-delay-dn
user@host# set exclude max-interlv-delay-up
```

To exclude the DSL Forum (RFC 4679) VSA from RADIUS messages:

- Configure the exclusion trigger.

```
[edit access profile profile-name radius attributes]
user@host# set exclude dsl-forum-attributes
```

#### Related Documentation

- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)
- [Setting a Recommended Shaping Rate for Traffic on ANCP Interfaces on page 738](#)
- [Juniper Networks VSAs Supported by the AAA Service Framework on page 23](#)
- [ANCP DSL Attributes Mapped to Juniper Networks DSL Vendor-Specific Attributes on page 745](#)
- [ANCP and the ANCP Agent Overview on page 681](#)

---

## Configuring Immediate Interim Accounting Updates to RADIUS in Response to ANCP Notifications

---

When an ANCP neighbor reports a change in the upstream traffic rate or downstream traffic rate of an access line, the ANCP agent immediately passes the information to AAA. By default, AAA does not pass this information on to the RADIUS server until the next accounting update. However, you can configure AAA to report the rate change immediately.

When you include the **ancp-speed-change-immediate-update** statement in the subscriber session access profile, receipt of the notification from the ANCP agent triggers AAA to send an interim update Accounting-Request message to the RADIUS server for the PPPoE and DHCP IP demux subscribers associated with that access line. The interim update request includes the new access line parameters and the adjusted upstream and downstream traffic rates.

To configure AAA to immediately send rate change information from the ANCP agent to the RADIUS server with interim accounting updates:

- Specify the immediate update.

```
[edit access profile profile-name accounting]
user@host# set ancp-speed-change-immediate-update
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)
  - [Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 122](#)



# Monitoring and Managing ANCP for Subscriber Access

- [Triggering ANCP OAM to Test the Local Loop on page 751](#)
- [Verifying and Monitoring ANCP Neighbors on page 752](#)
- [Clearing ANCP Neighbors on page 753](#)
- [Verifying and Monitoring ANCP Subscribers on page 753](#)
- [Clearing ANCP Subscribers on page 754](#)
- [Verifying and Monitoring CoS for ANCP Subscribers on page 754](#)
- [Clearing and Verifying ANCP Statistics on page 755](#)

## Triggering ANCP OAM to Test the Local Loop

---

You can trigger ANCP OAM to perform a loopback test on the local loop between the access node and the CPE to help isolate simple faults. On an ATM-based local loop, the ANCP operation triggers the access node to generate ATM (F4/F5) loopback cells on the local loop. On an Ethernet-based local loop, the ANCP operation triggers the access node to generate an Ethernet loopback message on the local loop. When the test completes, the access node sends a message to the router with the results.

Issue the **request ancp oam neighbor** command from CLI operational mode to initiate testing of a local loop identified by the IP address or system name of the ANCP neighbor and the ACI for a subscriber on that access node.

Issue the **request ancp oam interface** command from CLI operational mode to initiate testing of a local loop identified by the ANCP interface or interface set associated with a subscriber and the ACI for a subscriber on that access node.

With both commands, you can also specify how many times the test must be run and how long the router waits for a response to the OAM request.

To initiate ANCP local loop testing:

- Identify the loop by the subscriber identifier and the neighbor's IP address; optionally specify how many times the test runs and the timeout period.

```
user@host> request ancp oam neighbor ip-address 192.168.32.5 subscriber "dslam
port-2-10" count 5 timeout 600
```

- Identify the loop by the subscriber identifier and the neighbor's system name; optionally specify how many times the test runs and the timeout period.

```
user@host> request ancp oam neighbor system-name 00:00:5E:00:53:ba subscriber
"dslam port-2-10" count 10 timeout 600
```

- Identify the loop by the subscriber identifier and the interface associated with the subscriber; optionally specify how many times the test runs and the timeout period.

```
user@host> request ancp oam interface ge-1/0/2.12 identifier-string timeout 15
```

- Identify the loop by the subscriber identifier and the set of interfaces associated with the subscriber; optionally specify how many times the test runs and the timeout period.

```
user@host> request ancp oam interface interface-set vlan5 identifier-string count 3
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [ANCP and the ANCP Agent Overview on page 681](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)

---

## Verifying and Monitoring ANCP Neighbors

---

**Purpose** View ANCP neighbor information:

- Action**
- To display summary information about all ANCP neighbors:

```
user@host> show ancp neighbor
```

- To display information about a specific ANCP neighbor, add the IP address or MAC address to the command:

```
user@host> show ancp neighbor ip-address 203.0.113.64
user@host> show ancp neighbor system-name 00:00:5E:00:53:ba
```

- To display detailed information, add **detail** to the command:

```
user@host> show ancp neighbor detail
user@host> show ancp neighbor system-name 00:00:5E:00:53:ba detail
```

- To display a count of ANCP neighbors in various states and the total number of neighbors, or a count of DSL lines in various states for all subscribers for a particular neighbor:

```
user@host> show ancp summary neighbor
user@host> show ancp summary neighbor 203.0.113.64
```

- To display total and state-wise counts of both ANCP neighbors and subscribers:

```
user@host> show ancp summary
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [CLI Explorer](#)



## Clearing ANCP Neighbors

**Purpose** Clear ANCP neighbor information.

- Action**
- To clear connections with all ANCP neighbors:  

```
user@host> clear ancp neighbor
```
  - To clear the connection with a specific ANCP neighbor, add the IP address or MAC address to the command:  

```
user@host> clear ancp neighbor ip-address 203.0.113.64
```

```
user@host> clear ancp neighbor system-name 00:00:5E:00:53:ba
```
  - To verify that the connection has been cleared:  

```
user@host> show ancp neighbor
```

```
user@host> show ancp neighbor 203.0.113.64
```

```
user@host> show ancp neighbor 00:00:5E:00:53:ba
```

**Related Documentation**

- [CLI Explorer](#)

## Verifying and Monitoring ANCP Subscribers

**Purpose** View ANCP subscriber (local access loop) information:

- Action**
- To display summary information about all ANCP subscribers:  

```
user@host> show ancp subscriber
```
  - To display information about all ANCP subscribers connected through a particular ANCP neighbor:  

```
user@host> show ancp subscriber neighbor 203.0.113.64
```
  - To display information about an ANCP subscriber specified by the ACI:  

```
user@host> show ancp subscriber "port-2-11"
```
  - To display detailed information, add **detail** to the command:  

```
user@host> show ancp subscriber detail
```

```
user@host> show ancp subscriber neighbor 203.0.113.64 detail
```
  - To display a count of subscribers in various states and the total number of subscribers:  

```
user@host> show ancp summary subscriber
```
  - To display total and state-wise counts of both ANCP neighbors and subscribers:  

```
user@host> show ancp summary
```

**Related Documentation**

- [CLI Explorer](#)

---

## Clearing ANCP Subscribers

---

**Purpose** Clear ANCP subscriber information.

- Action**
- To clear connections with all ANCP subscribers that are not mapped:  
user@host> [clear ancp subscriber](#)
  - To clear connections with all ANCP subscribers that are mapped:  
user@host> [clear ancp neighbor](#)
  - To clear the connection with an ANCP subscriber identified by a particular ACI on all neighbors, add the identifier to the command:  
user@host> [clear ancp subscriber identifier port-2-10](#)
  - To clear the connection with an ANCP subscriber identified by a particular ACI on a specific neighbor, add the identifier and either the IP address or MAC address to the command:  
user@host> [clear ancp subscriber identifier port-2-10 ip-address 203.0.113.64](#)  
user@host> [clear ancp subscriber identifier port-2-10 system-name 00:00:5E:00:53:ba](#)
  - To verify that the connection has been cleared:  
user@host> [show ancp subscriber](#)

**Related Documentation**

- [CLI Explorer](#)

---

## Verifying and Monitoring CoS for ANCP Subscribers

---

**Purpose** View ANCP CoS state information:

- Action**
- To display summary information about the CoS state for all ANCP subscribers:  
user@host> [show ancp cos](#)
  - To display information about the CoS state for an ANCP subscriber specified by the ACI:  
user@host> [show ancp cos "port-2-11"](#)
  - To display the most recently updated CoS information:  
user@host> [show ancp cos last-update](#)
  - To display the CoS information that is pending (will be used to update the fields):  
user@host> [show ancp cos pending-update](#)

**Related Documentation** • [CLI Explorer](#)

## Clearing and Verifying ANCP Statistics

---

**Purpose** Clear ANCP statistics.

- Action**
- To clear all ANCP statistics:  
user@host> [clear ancp statistics](#)
  - To clear statistics for a specific ANCP neighbor, add the IP address or MAC address to the command:  
user@host> [clear ancp statistics ip-address 203.0.113.64](#)  
user@host> [clear ancp statistics system-name 00:00:5E:00:53:ba](#)
  - To verify that the statistics have been cleared:  
user@host> [show ancp statistics](#)

**Related Documentation** • [ANCP and the ANCP Agent Overview on page 681](#)



## PART 9

# Configuring the Diameter Base Protocol and its Applications

- [Configuring the Diameter Base Protocol on page 759](#)
- [Configuring Gx-Plus for Provisioning Subscribers on page 789](#)
- [Configuring 3GPP Policy and Charging Control on page 805](#)
- [Configuring NASREQ for Authentication and Authorization on page 845](#)
- [Configuring JSRC in Subscriber Access Networks on page 849](#)
- [Excluding Diameter AVPs from JSRC Messages on page 863](#)
- [Configuring Service Accounting with JSRC on page 865](#)
- [Configuring Subscribers on Static Interfaces on page 869](#)
- [Configuring the Static Subscribers Global Profile on page 877](#)
- [Configuring the Static Subscribers Group Profile on page 881](#)
- [Monitoring and Managing Diameter Information for Subscriber Access on page 887](#)
- [Monitoring and Managing Subscriber Information on Static Interfaces on page 891](#)



## CHAPTER 73

# Configuring the Diameter Base Protocol

- [Diameter Base Protocol Overview on page 759](#)
- [Messages Used by Diameter Applications on page 762](#)
- [Diameter AVPs and Diameter Applications on page 768](#)
- [Configuring Diameter on page 782](#)
- [Configuring the Origin Attributes of the Diameter Instance on page 783](#)
- [Configuring Diameter Peers on page 783](#)
- [Configuring the Diameter Transport on page 785](#)
- [Configuring Diameter Network Elements on page 786](#)
- [Gy File Backup Overview on page 787](#)

### Diameter Base Protocol Overview

---

The Diameter protocol is defined in *RFC 3588, Diameter Base Protocol*, and provides an alternative to RADIUS that is more flexible and extensible. The Diameter base protocol provides basic services to one or more applications (also called functions) that each runs in a different Diameter instance. The individual application provides the extended AAA functionality. Applications that use Diameter include Gx-Plus, JSRC, NASREQ, and PTSP. Starting in Junos OS Release 13.1R1, the packet-triggered subscribers and policy control (PTSP) feature is no longer supported.

Diameter peers communicate over a reliable TCP transport layer connection by exchanging Diameter messages that convey status, requests, and acknowledgments by means of standard Diameter AVPs and application-specific AVPs. The Diameter transport layer configuration is based on Diameter network elements (DNEs); multiple DNEs per Diameter instance are supported. Currently only the predefined *master* Diameter instance is supported, but you can configure alternative values for many of the master Diameter instance values.

Each DNE consists of a prioritized list of peers and a set of routes that define how traffic is forwarded. Each route associates a destination with a function, a function partition, and a metric. When an application sends a message to a routed destination, all routes within the Diameter instance are examined for a match. When the best route to the destination has been selected, the message is forwarded by means of the DNE that includes that route.

Multiple routes to the same destination can exist within a given DNE and in different DNEs. In the case of multiple routes that match a request for forwarding, the best route is selected as follows:

1. The route with the lowest metric is selected.
2. In the event of a tie, the route with the highest specification score is selected.
3. In the event of another tie, then the names of the DNEs are compared in lexicographical order. The route in the DNE with the lowest value is selected. For example, dne-austin has a lower value than dne-boston.
4. If the routes are tied within the same DNE, then the route names are compared in lexicographical order. The route with the lowest value is selected.

The specification score of a route is 0 by default. Points are added to the score as follows:

- If the destination realm matches the request, add 1.
- If the destination host matches the request, add 2.
- If the function matches the request, add 3.
- If the function partition matches the request, add 4.

Multiple routes to the same destination can exist within a given DNE and in different DNEs. In the case of multiple routes that match a request for forwarding, Diameter selects the best route as follows:

1. Diameter compares the metric of the routes and selects the route with the lowest metric.
2. If multiple routes have the same lowest metric, then Diameter selects the most-qualified route. Diameter evaluates multiple attributes of the route to determine a score that reflects how specifically each route matches the request. By default, the score of a route is 0. Points are added to the score as follows:
  - If the destination realm matches the request, add 1.
  - If the destination host matches the request, add 2.
  - If the function matches the request, add 3.
  - If the function partition matches the request, add 4.
3. If multiple routes are equally qualified, then Diameter compares the names of the DNEs in lexicographical order and selects the route in the DNE that has the lowest value. For example, dne-austin has a lower value than dne-boston.
4. If the routes are tied within the same DNE, then Diameter compares the route names in lexicographical order and selects the route with the lowest value.



When the state of any DNE changes, the route lookup for all destinations is reevaluated. All outstanding messages to routed destinations are rerouted as needed, or discarded.

To configure a Diameter network element, include the **network-element** statement at the **[edit diameter]** hierarchy level, then include the **route** statement at the **[edit diameter network-element *element-name* forwarding]** hierarchy level.

To configure a route for the DNE, include the **destination** (optional), **function** (optional), and **metric** statements at the **[edit diameter network-element *element-name* forwarding route *dne-route-name*]** hierarchy level.

Specify the Diameter peers associated with the DNE by including one or more **peer** statements at the **[edit diameter network-element *element-name*]** hierarchy level.

Specify the Diameter peers associated with the DNE by including one or more **peer** statements at the **[edit diameter network-element *element-name*]** hierarchy level.

Set the priority for each peer with the **priority** statement at the **[edit diameter network-element *element-name* peer *peer-name*]** hierarchy level.

Diameter requires you to configure information about the origin node; this is the endpoint node that originates Diameter for the Diameter instance. Include the **host** and **realm** statements at the **[edit diameter]** hierarchy level to configure the Diameter origin.

You can optionally configure one or more *transports* to specify the source (local) address of the transport layer connection. To configure a Diameter transport, include the **transport** statement at the **[edit diameter]** hierarchy level. Then include the **address** statement at the **[edit diameter transport *transport-name*]** hierarchy level.

You can optionally specify a logical system and routing instance for the connection by including the **logical-system** and **routing-instance** statements at the **[edit diameter transport *transport-name*]** hierarchy level. By default, Diameter uses the *default* logical system and *master* routing instance. The logical system and routing instance for the transport connection must match that for the peer, or a configuration error is reported.

Each Diameter peer is specified by a name. Peer attributes include address and the destination TCP port used by active connections to this peer. To configure a Diameter peer, include the **peer** statement at the **[edit diameter]** hierarchy level, and then include the **address** and **connect-actively** statements at the **[edit diameter peer *peer-name*]** hierarchy level.

To configure the active connection, include the **port** and **transport** statements at the **[edit diameter peer *peer-name* connect-actively]** hierarchy level. The assigned transport identifies the transport layer source address used to establish active connections to the peers. **transport** statements.

## Benefits of Using Diameter

Diameter is an enhanced AAA protocol that compared to RADIUS offers reliable transport, error handling, capability negotiation, and extensibility. Diameter has a peer-to-peer architecture compared to the RADIUS client-server design. Diameter enables dynamic peer discovery rather than requiring manual configuration of servers and supports secure,

scalable roaming. Diameter applications can be defined for specific needs that operate on top of the Diameter base protocol. Diameter applications have authentication and authorization messages and corresponding attributes appropriate to the functionality of the application. Diameter supports authorization without authentication.

**Release History Table**

| Release | Description                                                                                                                     |
|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 13.1R1  | Starting in Junos OS Release 13.1R1, the packet-triggered subscribers and policy control (PTSP) feature is no longer supported. |

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Diameter on page 782](#)
- [Messages Used by Diameter Applications on page 762](#)
- [Diameter AVPs and Diameter Applications on page 768](#)
- [Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control \(SRC\) and JSRC Overview on page 849](#)
- [Gx-Plus for Provisioning Subscribers Overview on page 789](#)

## Messages Used by Diameter Applications

Junos OS supports the following Diameter applications:

- JSRC—A Juniper Networks Diameter application registered with the IANA (<http://www.iana.org>) as Juniper Policy-Control-JSRC, with an ID of 16777244. It communicates with the SAE (remote SRC peer).
- PTSP—A Juniper Networks Diameter application registered with the IANA (<http://www.iana.org>) as Juniper JGx, with an ID of 16777273. It communicates with the SAE (remote SRC peer). Starting in Junos OS Release 13.1R1, the packet-triggered subscribers and policy control (PTSP) feature is no longer supported.
- Gx-Plus—An application that extends the 3GPP Gx interface for wireline use cases. 3GPP Gx is registered with the IANA (<http://www.iana.org>). It communicates with a PCRF.

If data for a particular AVP included in a message is not available to the router, Gx-Plus simply omits the AVP from the message it sends to the PCRF. If the PCRF determines it has insufficient information to make a determination, it may deny the request. The Diameter answer messages include the Result-Code AVP (AVP 268); the values of this AVP convey success, failure, or errors to the requestor.

- NASREQ—A Diameter-based authentication, authorization, and accounting protocol defined in RFC 7155. Junos OS supports authentication and authorization only.

Juniper Networks has also registered the Juniper-Session-Recovery application (16777296) and two new command codes (8388628 for Juniper-Session-Events and 8388629 for Juniper-Session-Discovery) with the IANA (<http://www.iana.org>).

[Table 60 on page 763](#) describes Diameter messages the applications use.

Table 60: Diameter Messages and Diameter Applications

| Diameter Message            | Code | Application        | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-----------------------------|------|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| AA-Request (AAR)            | 265  | JSRC, NASREQ, PTSP | Request from the application to the SAE at new subscriber login or during SAE-application synchronization. The request can be one of three types: address-authorization, provisioning-request, or synchronization.                              |
| AA-Answer (AAA)             | 265  | JSRC, NASREQ, PTSP | Response from the SAE to the application's AA-Request message.                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Abort-Session-Request (ASR) | 274  | JSRC, NASREQ, PTSP | Request from the SAE to the application to log out a provisioned subscriber.                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Abort-Session-Answer (ASA)  | 274  | JSRC, NASREQ, PTSP | Response from the application to the SAE's ASR message. If the application sends the logout request to AAA, the ASA message includes a success notification (ACK). If the logout failed, the ASA message includes a failure notification (NAK). |
| Accounting-Request (ACR)    | 271  | JSRC, PTSP         | Request from the SAE to the application or from the application to the SAE for statistics.                                                                                                                                                      |
| Accounting-Answer (ACA)     | 271  | JSRC, PTSP         | Response to the ACR message to provide statistics for each installed policy (service).                                                                                                                                                          |

**Table 60: Diameter Messages and Diameter Applications (*continued*)**

| Diameter Message             | Code | Application | Description |
|------------------------------|------|-------------|-------------|
| Credit-Control-Request (CCR) | 272  | Gx-Plus     |             |

Table 60: Diameter Messages and Diameter Applications (*continued*)

| Diameter Message | Code | Application | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|------------------|------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                  |      |             | Request from Gx-Plus to the PCRF at subscriber login, logout, or update.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|                  |      |             | An initial request (CCR-I) is sent when a subscriber logs in and AAA is requested to activate the subscriber's session. Gx-Plus retries the CCR-I message if a CCA-I message is not received from the PCRF within 10 seconds. The CCR-I message is retried up to 3 times.                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|                  |      |             | The CCR-I message includes the Diameter AVP Subscription-Id attribute (443) with the Subscription-Id-Type Diameter AVP sub-attribute (450) set to 4 (END_USER_PRIVATE) and the Subscription-Id-Data Diameter AVP sub-attribute (444) set to <b>reserved</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|                  |      |             | If no CCA-I is received after the 4 CCR-I messages have been sent—the first message plus 3 retries—then Gx-Plus starts sending CCR-N messages. CCR-N messages are retried forever until a success or failure response is received from the PCRF. CCR-N messages include the Juniper-Provisioning-Source AVP (AVP code 2101) set to local to notify the PCRF that the router has the authority to make a local decision regarding subscriber service activation. |
|                  |      |             | An update request (CCR-U) message is sent when a usage threshold is reached. The CCR-U reports the actual usage for all statistics. The PCRF may return a CCA-U message that includes new monitoring thresholds, service activations, service deactivations.                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                  |      |             | If the PCRF times out on the CCR-U report, the router sets the threshold default to 10 minutes. When the change in threshold values is less than the minimum, the values are adjusted to the minimums. For example, the minimum increase for duration is 10 minutes.                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                  |      |             | A CCR-U is also sent to report the status of service activation or deactivation. When a monitored service is deactivated separate from a subscriber logout, the CCR-U indicates that the service is no longer active and includes the service's usage data.                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|                  |      |             | A CCR-U is sent to the PCRF after the                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

Table 60: Diameter Messages and Diameter Applications (*continued*)

| Diameter Message                         | Code    | Application | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|------------------------------------------|---------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                          |         |             | <p>router sends an RAA message in response to an RAR message that requests service activations or deactivations.</p> <p>A termination request (CCR-T) is sent at subscriber logout to inform the PCRF that a provisioned subscriber session is being terminated. CCR-T messages are retried forever until a success response is received from the PCRF.</p> <p>When a monitored service is deactivated as part of the subscriber logout, the CCR-T message includes monitored usage data for the service, such as bytes used.</p>                                                                                              |
| Credit-Control-Answer (CCA)              | 272     | Gx-Plus     | <p>Reply from the PCRF to a CCR message.</p> <p>In response to a CCR-I, the PCRF returns a CCA-I message that indicates success (DIAMETER_SUCCESS) or failure (DIAMETER_AUTHORIZATION_REJECTED) depending on whether the subscriber has sufficient credit for the requested services. All other responses are ignored and the CCR-I is retried.</p> <p>In response to a CCR-T, the PCRF returns a CCA-T message that indicates a successful termination with a value of 2001 (DIAMETER_SUCCESS) in the Result-Code AVP. All other responses are ignored and the CCR-T is retried.</p> <p>A CCA-N is a response to a CCR-N.</p> |
| Juniper-Session-Discovery-Request (JSDR) | 8388629 | Gx-Plus     | Discovery request from the PCRF to Gx-Plus to discover subscriber sessions on the router.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Juniper-Session-Discovery-Answer (JSDA)  | 8388629 | Gx-Plus     | <p>Reply from router to a JSDR message; describes session information. The Result-Code AVP includes one of the following values, or an error value:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2001—DIAMETER_SUCCESS; the end of the database was reached, meaning all information has been sent.</li> <li>2002—DIAMETER_LIMITED_SUCCESS; some of the session information was sent, but more remains to be sent.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

Table 60: Diameter Messages and Diameter Applications (*continued*)

| Diameter Message                     | Code    | Application | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------------------------------------|---------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Juniper-Session-Event-Request (JSER) | 8388628 | Gx-Plus     | Request from router to PCRF regarding events that take place on the router. Notifies the PCRF of certain events on the router by including the Juniper-Event-Type AVP (AVP code 2103). Events reported include cold or warm boots, explicit discovery requests, substantial configuration changes, non-response or error response from PCRF, and exhaustion of fault-tolerant resources.                    |
| Juniper-Session-Event-Answer (JSEA)  | 8388628 | Gx-Plus     | Reply from PCRF to a JSER message.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Push-Profile-Request (PPR)           | 288     | JSRC, PTSP  | Request from the SAE to the router to activate or deactivate services for a subscriber.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Push-Profile-Answer (PPA)            | 288     | JSRC, PTSP  | Response from the router to the SAE's PPR message. Includes success or failure notification for each of the service activation or deactivation commands in the request.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Re-Auth-Request (RAR)                | 258     | Gx-Plus     | <p>Audit request from the PCRF to router to determine whether a specific subscriber is still present.</p> <p>The router updates the monitoring key and threshold values when they are received in the RAR.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Re-Auth-Answer (RAA)                 | 258     | Gx-Plus     | <p>Reply from router to a RAR message; indicates whether the subscriber is active. The Result-Code AVP includes one of the following values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2001—DIAMETER_SUCCESS; subscriber entry was found.</li> <li>• 5002—DIAMETER_UNKNOWN_SESSION_ID; subscriber entry was not found.</li> <li>• 3002—DIAMETER_UNABLE_TO_DELIVER; Gx-Plus is not configured.</li> </ul> |
| Session-Resource-Query (SRQ)         | 277     | JSRC, PTSP  | Request from the router to the SAE or from the SAE to the router to initiate synchronization between router and the SAE.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Session-Resource-Reply (SRR)         | 277     | JSRC, PTSP  | Response to the SRQ message to begin synchronization.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

Table 60: Diameter Messages and Diameter Applications (*continued*)

| Diameter Message                  | Code | Application        | Description                                                                                  |
|-----------------------------------|------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Session-Termination-Request (STR) | 275  | JSRC, NASREQ, PTSP | Notification from the router to the SAE that a provisioned subscriber has logged out.        |
| Session-Termination-Answer (STA)  | 275  | JSRC, NASREQ, PTSP | Response from the SAE to the router's STR message. Includes success or failure notification. |

**Release History Table**

| Release | Description                                                                                                                     |
|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 13.1R1  | Starting in Junos OS Release 13.1R1, the packet-triggered subscribers and policy control (PTSP) feature is no longer supported. |

**Related Documentation**

- [Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control \(SRC\) and JSRC Overview on page 849](#)
- [Understanding JSRC-SAE Interactions on page 851](#)
- [JSRC Provisioning for Dual-Stack Subscribers on page 853](#)
- [Gx-Plus for Provisioning Subscribers Overview on page 789](#)
- [Understanding Gx-Plus Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 791](#)

## Diameter AVPs and Diameter Applications

Diameter conveys information by including various attribute-value pairs (AVPs) in Diameter messages, in the same way that RADIUS conveys information in both standard IETF RADIUS attributes and vendor-specific attributes (VSAs). [Table 61 on page 768](#) lists the standard Diameter AVPs used in interactions with the supported Diameter applications. Diameter reserves AVP attribute numbers 0 through 255 for RADIUS attributes that are implemented in Diameter; the Diameter attribute numbers are the same as for the corresponding standard RADIUS attributes. Attributes numbered higher than 255 have no corresponding standard RADIUS attribute. Starting in Junos OS Release 13.1R1, the packet-triggered subscribers and policy control (PTSP) feature is no longer supported.

Table 61: Standard Diameter AVPs

| Attribute Number | Diameter AVP | Application           | Description                                                                                                                                                                                               | Type       |
|------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| 1                | User-Name    | Gx-Plus, JSRC, NASREQ | Specifies the username. For a subscriber managed by AAA, the value is the subscriber's login name. For a static interface, the value is the interface name, which is used as the subscriber's login name. | UTF8String |



Table 61: Standard Diameter AVPs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Diameter AVP      | Application                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Type        |
|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| 2                | User-Password     | NASREQ                      | Specifies the password of the user to be authenticated or the user's input in a multi-round authentication exchange.                                                                                                                              | OctetString |
| 4                | NAS-IP-Address    | NASREQ                      | Specifies the IP address of the NAS that is authenticating the user.                                                                                                                                                                              | IPAddress   |
| 6                | Service-Type      | NASREQ                      | Specifies the type of service the user has requested or the type of service to be provided. One such AVP may be present in an authentication or authorization request or response. A NAS is not required to implement all of these service types. | Enumerated  |
| 8                | Framed-IP-Address | Gx-Plus, JSRC, NASREQ, PTSP | Identifies the IPv4 address configured for the subscriber. This is the same value as for RADIUS Framed-IP-Address attribute [8].                                                                                                                  | OctetString |
| 9                | Framed-IP-Netmask | NASREQ                      | Identifies the four octets of the IPv4 netmask.                                                                                                                                                                                                   | OctetString |
| 11               | Filter-ID         | NASREQ                      | Specifies the name of the filter list for a user. It is intended to be human readable. Zero or more Filter-Id AVPs may be sent in an authorization answer message.                                                                                | UTF8String  |
| 12               | Framed-MTU        | NASREQ                      | Specifies the maximum transmission unit (MTU) to be configured for the user, when it is not negotiated by some other means (such as PPP).                                                                                                         | Unsigned32  |
| 22               | Framed-Route      | NASREQ                      | Specifies the 7-bit US-ASCII routing information.                                                                                                                                                                                                 | UTF8String  |
| 25               | Class             | NASREQ                      | Returns state information from a Diameter server to the access device.                                                                                                                                                                            | OctetString |
| 27               | Session-Timeout   | NASREQ                      | Specifies the maximum number of seconds of service provided to the user before termination of the session.                                                                                                                                        | Unsigned32  |
| 28               | Idle-Timeout      | NASREQ                      | Specifies the maximum number of consecutive seconds of idle connection allowable to the user before termination of the session or before a prompt is issued.                                                                                      | Unsigned32  |
| 32               | NAS-Identifier    | NASREQ                      | Specifies the identity of the NAS that provides service to the user.                                                                                                                                                                              | DiamIdent   |

Table 61: Standard Diameter AVPs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Diameter AVP          | Application                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Type        |
|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| 44               | Acct-Session-ID       | NASREQ                      | Specifies the contents of the RADIUS Acct-Session-Id attribute.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | OctetString |
| 50               | Acct-Multi-Session-ID | NASREQ                      | Links multiple related accounting sessions, where each session has a unique Session-Id but the same Acct-Multi-Session-Id AVP.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | UTF8String  |
| 55               | Event-Timestamp       | Gx-Plus, JSRC, PTSP         | Specifies the time of the event that triggered the message in which this AVP is included. Time is indicated in seconds since January 1, 1900, 00:00 UTC.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Time        |
| 60               | CHAP-Challenge        | NASREQ                      | Specifies the PPP Challenge-Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) challenge sent by the NAS to the CHAP peer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | OctetString |
| 61               | NAS-Port-Type         | NASREQ                      | Specifies the type of the port on which the NAS is authenticating the user.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Enumerated  |
| 62               | Port-Limit            | NASREQ                      | Specifies the maximum number of ports the NAS provides to the user.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Unsigned32  |
| 78               | Configuration-Token   | NASREQ                      | Indicates the type of user profile used.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | OctetString |
| 85               | Acct-Interim-Interval | JSRC, PTSP                  | <p>Specifies the number of seconds between each interim accounting update for this session.</p> <p>The router uses the following guidelines for interim accounting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Attribute value is within the acceptable range (600 through 86,400 seconds)—Accounting is updated at the specified interval.</li> <li>Attribute value is less than the minimum acceptable value—Accounting is updated at the minimum interval (600 seconds).</li> <li>Attribute value is greater than the maximum acceptable value—Accounting is updated at the maximum interval (86,400 seconds).</li> </ul> | Unsigned32  |
| 87               | NAS-Port-Id           | Gx-Plus, JSRC, NASREQ, PTSP | Identifies the port of the NAS that authenticates the user. This is the same value as for RADIUS NAS-Port-Id attribute [87].                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | UTF8String  |

Table 61: Standard Diameter AVPs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Diameter AVP        | Application                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Type        |
|------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| 88               | Framed-Pool         | NASREQ                      | Specifies the name of an assigned address pool to use to assign an address for the user. If a NAS does not support multiple address pools, the NAS disregards this AVP. Address pools are usually used for IP addresses but can be used for other protocols if the NAS supports pools for those protocols. | OctetString |
| 97               | Framed-IPv6-Prefix  | NASREQ                      | Specifies the IPv6 prefix configured for the user.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | OctetString |
| 99               | Framed-IPv6-Route   | NASREQ                      | Specifies the US-ASCII routing information configured for the user on the NAS.                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | UTF8String  |
| 100              | Framed-IPv6-Pool    | NASREQ                      | Specifies the name of an assigned pool to use to assign an IPv6 prefix for the user. If the access device does not support multiple prefix pools, it must disregard this AVP.                                                                                                                              | OctetString |
| 258              | Auth-Application-ID | NASREQ                      | Specifies support of the Authentication and Authorization portion of an application.                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Unsigned32  |
| 263              | Session-ID          | Gx-Plus, JSRC, NASREQ, PTSP | Specifies the subscriber session identifier. The router assigns the value to uniquely identify a subscriber session.                                                                                                                                                                                       | UTF8String  |
| 264              | Origin-Host         | NASREQ                      | Specifies the host that originates a Diameter message.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | DiamIdent   |

Table 61: Standard Diameter AVPs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Diameter AVP | Application                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Type       |
|------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| 268              | Result-Code  | Gx-Plus, JSRC, NASREQ, PTSP | <p>Indicates whether a request completed successfully. Provides an error code if the request failed.</p> <p>The following classes are recognized by Diameter:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1xxx—Informational</li> <li>• 2xxx—Success</li> <li>• 3xxx—Protocol errors</li> <li>• 4xxx—Transient errors</li> <li>• 5xxx—Permanent failures</li> </ul> <p>Unrecognized classes, which begin with numerals 6–9 or 0, are handled as permanent failures.</p> <p>JSRC and PTSP support the following values; all non-success values are treated as permanent failures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1001—DIAMETER MULTI ROUND AUTH</li> <li>• 2001—DIAMETER SUCCESS</li> <li>• 5002—DIAMETER UNKNOWN SESSION ID</li> <li>• 5012—DIAMETER UNABLE TO COMPLY</li> </ul> <p>JSRC also supports the following value, which is treated as a permanent failure:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 3004—DIAMETER TOO BUSY; this is a transient condition, typically when the router already has a request in process for a specified subscriber.</li> </ul> <p>Gx-Plus supports the following values for errors in a PCRF response; when these values are received or the response is malformed or unrecognizable, the request is retried.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 3001—DIAMETER COMMAND NOT SUPPORTED; the application is not running or the command is not recognized.</li> <li>• 3004—DIAMETER TOO BUSY; the received message is above either the quota of downstream transactions or the outstanding message memory limit for messages from the network.</li> <li>• 5012—DIAMETER UNABLE TO COMPLY; the received message is greater than the local limit.</li> </ul> | Unsigned32 |

Table 61: Standard Diameter AVPs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Diameter AVP       | Application        | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Type       |
|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| 277              | Auth-Session-State | JSRC, NASREQ, PTSP | Indicates whether AAA session state is maintained. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0—STATE MAINTAINED</li> <li>1—NO STATE MAINTAINED</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Enumerated |
| 279              | Failed-AVP         | NASREQ             | Specifies debugging information in cases where a request is rejected or not fully processed due to erroneous information in a specific AVP. The value of the Result-Code AVP provides information on the reason for the Failed-AVP AVP.                                                                                                                                                    | Grouped    |
| 281              | Error-Message      | NASREQ             | Specifies a human-readable error message that may accompany a Result-Code AVP. The Error-Message AVP is not intended to be useful in real-time; do not expect network entities to parse the message.                                                                                                                                                                                       | UTF8String |
| 283              | Destination-Realm  | NASREQ             | Specifies the Diameter realm to which the Diameter message is routed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | DiamIdent  |
| 293              | Destination-Host   | NASREQ             | Specifies the host to which a Diameter message is routed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | DiamIdent  |
| 295              | Termination-Cause  | JSRC, NASREQ, PTSP | Indicates the reason why a session was terminated on the access device. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1—DIAMETER LOGOUT</li> <li>2—DIAMETER SERVICE NOT PROVIDED</li> <li>3—DIAMETER BAD ANSWER</li> <li>4—DIAMETER ADMINISTRATIVE</li> <li>5—DIAMETER LINK BROKEN</li> <li>6—DIAMETER AUTH EXPIRED</li> <li>7—DIAMETER USER MOVED</li> <li>8—DIAMETER SESSION TIMEOUT</li> </ul> | Enumerated |
| 296              | Origin-Realm       | NASREQ             | Identifies the Diameter realm of the originator of a Diameter message.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | DiamIdent  |
| 402              | CHAP-Auth          | NASREQ             | Specifies the information necessary to authenticate a user using CHAP.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Grouped    |
| 415              | CC-Request-Number  | Gx-Plus            | Identifies a request within a session. The combination of Session-Id and CC-Request-Type is globally unique. The number is incremented for each request during the course of a session. The number is reset when a router high availability event takes place.                                                                                                                             | Unsigned32 |

Table 61: Standard Diameter AVPs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Diameter AVP         | Application | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Type       |
|------------------|----------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| 416              | CC-Request-Type      | Gx-Plus     | Specifies the type of credit control request: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>INITIAL REQUEST (1)</li> <li>UPDATE REQUEST (2)</li> <li>TERMINATION_REQUEST (3)</li> <li>EVENT REQUEST (4)</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Enumerated |
| 431              | Granted-Service-Unit | Gx-Plus     | Contains the amount that can be provided of one or more of the following requested units specified by the client: CC-Input-Octets, CC-Output-Octets, CC-Time, or CC-Total-Octets. Included in CCA-I messages, and may be included in CCA-U messages.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Grouped    |
| 443              | Subscription-Id      | Gx-Plus     | Contains the following sub-attributes that do not appear alone: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Subscription-Id-Type—(450) This subattribute has one of the following integer values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 = END_USER_E164</li> <li>1 = END_USER_IMSI</li> <li>2 = END_USER_SIP_URI</li> <li>3 = END_USER_NAI</li> <li>4 = END_USER_PRIVATE</li> </ul> </li> <li>Subscription-Id-Data—(444) This sub-attribute has a value of <b>reserved</b>.</li> </ul> | Grouped    |
| 446              | Used-Service-Unit    | Gx-Plus     | Contains the amount of the requested units that have been actually used; measured from 4 when the service is activated. The units are one or more of the following requested units specified by the client: CC-Input-Octets, CC-Output-Octets, CC-Time, or CC-Total-Octets. Included in CCR-U messages.                                                                                                                                                                              | Grouped    |

Table 61: Standard Diameter AVPs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Diameter AVP                 | Application     | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Type        |
|------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| 480              | Accounting-Record-Type       | JSRC, PTSP      | <p>Specifies the type of account record for service accounting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>INTERIM_RECORD</b>—Accounting record sent between the start and stop records, at intervals specified by the Acct-Interim-Interval AVP (AVP code 85). It contains cumulative accounting data for the existing accounting session.</li> <li>• <b>START_RECORD</b>—Accounting record sent when the service is activated to initiate the accounting session. It contains accounting data relevant to the initiation of that session.</li> <li>• <b>STOP_RECORD</b>—Accounting record sent when the service is deactivated to terminate the accounting session. It contains cumulative data relevant to that session.</li> </ul> | Enumerated  |
| 1001             | Charging-Rule-Install        | Gx-Plus, NASREQ | Requests the installation of the rule (activation of the service) designated by the included Charging-Rule-Name AVP (1005). This AVP has a vendor ID of 10415 (3GPP).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Grouped     |
| 1002             | Charging-Rule-Remove         | Gx-Plus         | Requests the removal of the rule (deactivation of the service) designated by the included Charging-Rule-Name AVP (1005). This AVP has a vendor ID of 10415 (3GPP).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Grouped     |
| 1005             | Charging-Rule-Name           | Gx-Plus, NASREQ | Specifies the name of a specific rule that has been installed, modified, or removed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | OctetString |
| 1066             | Monitoring-Key               | Gx-Plus         | Specifies which of the monitoring structures to use. Included in Charging-Rule-Install AVP (1001). The MX router does not support aggregation of statistics across services, so the value of this AVP must be different for each service. This AVP has a vendor ID of 10415 (3GPP).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | OctetString |
| 1067             | Usage-Monitoring-Information | Gx-Plus         | Sets monitoring thresholds. When service statistics match at least one of the granted service values, the router sends a CCR-U report with the current statistics to the PCRF. Includes the Monitoring-Key AVP (1066) and the Granted-Service-Unit AVP (431). This AVP has a vendor ID of 10415 (3GPP).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Grouped     |

Juniper Networks AVPs are used in addition to the standard Diameter AVPs. These AVPs have an enterprise number of 2636, and are similar in concept to RADIUS vendor-specific attributes (VSAs). [Table 62 on page 776](#) lists the Juniper Networks AVPs that the supported Diameter applications use.

**Table 62: Juniper Networks Diameter AVPs**

| Attribute Number | Diameter AVP               | Application | Description                                                                                                         | Type        |
|------------------|----------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| 2004             | Juniper-Service-Bundle     | JSRC        | Specifies the name of the service bundle.                                                                           | OctetString |
| 2010             | Juniper-DHCP-Options       | JSRC        | Specifies the client's DHCP options.                                                                                | OctetString |
| 2011             | Juniper-DHCP-GI-Address    | JSRC        | Specifies the DHCP relay agent's IP address.                                                                        | OctetString |
| 2020             | Juniper-Policy-Install     | JSRC, PTSP  | Specifies policies to be activated for the subscriber. Includes Juniper-Policy-Name and Juniper-Policy-Definition   | Grouped     |
| 2021             | Juniper-Policy-Name        | JSRC, PTSP  | Defines the name of a policy decision.                                                                              | OctetString |
| 2022             | Juniper-Policy-Definition  | JSRC, PTSP  | Defines a policy decision. Includes Juniper-Policy-Name, Juniper-Template-Name, and Juniper-Substitution.           | Grouped     |
| 2023             | Juniper-Template-Name      | JSRC, PTSP  | Specifies the profile name defined by the router. PTSP supports only the <code>__svc_rule__</code> policy template. | UTF8String  |
| 2024             | Juniper-Substitution       | JSRC, PTSP  | Defines the substitution attributes. Includes Juniper-Substitution-Name and Juniper-Substitution-Value.             | OctetString |
| 2025             | Juniper-Substitution-Name  | JSRC, PTSP  | Defines the name of the variable to be replaced.                                                                    | OctetString |
| 2026             | Juniper-Substitution-Value | JSRC, PTSP  | Defines the value of the variable to be replaced.                                                                   | OctetString |
| 2027             | Juniper-Policy-Remove      | JSRC, PTSP  | Specifies policies to be deactivated for the subscriber. Includes Juniper-Policy-Name.                              | Grouped     |
| 2035             | Juniper-Policy-Failed      | JSRC, PTSP  | Specifies the name of the policy activation or deactivation that failed.                                            | OctetString |
| 2038             | Juniper-Policy-Success     | JSRC, PTSP  | Specifies the name of the policy activation or deactivation that succeeded.                                         | OctetString |
| 2046             | Juniper-Logical-System     | JSRC, PTSP  | Specifies the logical system.                                                                                       | UTF8String  |
| 2047             | Juniper-Routing-Instance   | JSRC, PTSP  | Specifies the routing instance.                                                                                     | UTF8String  |



Table 62: Juniper Networks Diameter AVPs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Diameter AVP                 | Application | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Type       |
|------------------|------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| 2048             | Juniper-Jsrc-Partition       | JSRC, PTSP  | Specifies the logical system and routing instance for the subscriber or request. Includes Juniper-Logical-System and Juniper-Routing-Instance                                                                                                                             | Grouped    |
| 2050             | Juniper-Request-Type         | JSRC, PTSP  | Describes the type of request: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1—ADDRESS_AUTHORIZATION</li> <li>2—PROVISIONING_REQUEST</li> <li>3—SYNCHRONIZATION</li> <li>4—NETWORK_FAMILY_ACTIVATE<br/>JSRC only.</li> <li>5—NETWORK_FAMILY_DEACTIVATE<br/>JSRC only.</li> </ul> | Enumerated |
| 2051             | Juniper-Synchronization-Type | JSRC, PTSP  | Describes the type of synchronization: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1—FULL-SYNC</li> <li>2—FAST-SYNC</li> <li>3—NO-STATE-TO-SYNC</li> </ul>                                                                                                                     | Enumerated |
| 2052             | Juniper-Synchronization      | JSRC, PTSP  | Describes the state of synchronization: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1—NO-SYNC; this is the default state</li> <li>2—SYNC-IN-PROGRESS</li> <li>3—SYNC-COMPLETE</li> </ul>                                                                                       | Enumerated |
| 2053             | Juniper-Acct-Record          | JSRC, PTSP  | Specifies the statistics data for each policy installed for this subscriber. Includes Juniper-Policy-Name.                                                                                                                                                                | Grouped    |
| 2054             | Juniper-Acct-Collect         | JSRC, PTSP  | Specifies whether to collect accounting data for the installed policy (service) when included in the Juniper-Policy-Install AVP: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1—COLLECT_ACCT</li> <li>2—NOT_COLLECT_ACCT</li> </ul>                                             | Enumerated |

Table 62: Juniper Networks Diameter AVPs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Diameter AVP                    | Application   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Type       |
|------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| 2058             | Juniper-State-ID                | JSRC, PTSP    | <p>Specifies the value assigned to each synchronization cycle for the purpose of identifying which messages to discard. All solicited requests containing the same <b>Juniper-State-ID</b> belong to the same Session-Resource-Query (SRQ) synchronization cycle. Messages from a previous synchronization cycle are discarded. When a new cycle begins, the value of the <b>Juniper-State-ID</b> AVP is increased by 1.</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> For solicited synchronization requests, the SRQ message contains the incremented <b>Juniper-State-ID</b> value. For unsolicited synchronization requests, the Session-Resource-Reply (SRR) message contains the incremented <b>Juniper-State-ID</b> value.</p> | Unsigned32 |
| 2100             | Juniper-Virtual-Router          | Gx-Plus, JSRC | Specifies the name of the virtual router associated with the session.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | UTF8String |
| 2101             | Juniper-Provisioning-Source     | Gx-Plus       | <p>Specifies the provisioning source for the session in CCR-N and JSDA messages:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1—Local</li> <li>2—Remote</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Enumerated |
| 2102             | Juniper-Provisioning-Descriptor | Gx-Plus       | Defines the group used in JSDA messages that includes the session ID, and optionally Juniper-Provisioning-Source and subscriber data.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Grouped    |
| 2103             | Juniper-Event-Type              | Gx-Plus       | <p>Communicates the event type in JSER messages:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1—Cold boot; all sessions are lost</li> <li>2—Warm boot; sessions are preserved</li> <li>3—Discovery requested by the operator</li> <li>4—<i>Are you there?</i> (AYT); application level ping sent when the notification is due to no response or an erroneous response from the PCRF, or due to a configuration change.</li> <li>5—AWD; application-level watchdog sent by the router when there has been no other activity for 15 seconds. The watchdog is sent every 5 seconds unless preempted by higher-priority synchronization event.</li> </ul>                                                         | Enumerated |

Table 62: Juniper Networks Diameter AVPs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Diameter AVP                 | Application | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Type       |
|------------------|------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| 2104             | Juniper-Discovery-Descriptor | Gx-Plus     | Defines the group used in JSDB and JSDBA messages that includes parameters of a discovery request: discovery type, request string, verbosity, max results.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Grouped    |
| 2105             | Juniper-Discovery-Type       | Gx-Plus     | Specifies the discovery subcommand for JSDB and JSDBA messages: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1—Exact: look up the data for the specified session.</li> <li>2—Bulk: Provide get-bulk kinds of information after the specified string.</li> <li>3—Done: Stop retries for all sessions up to the specified session.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                | Enumerated |
| 2106             | Juniper-Verbosity-Level      | Gx-Plus     | Specifies the verbosity level for JSDB and JSDBA messages: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1—Summary; include only the Session-Id AVP.</li> <li>2—Brief; include the Session-Id, Juniper-Virtual-Router, and Framed-IP-Address AVPs.</li> <li>3—Detail; include the Session-Id, Juniper-Provisioning-Source, Juniper-Virtual-Router, Framed-IP-Address, and Event-Timestamp AVPs.</li> <li>4—Extensive; include all available session information.</li> </ul> | Enumerated |
| 2107             | Juniper-String-A             | Gx-Plus     | Specifies a generic string that is interpreted according to the context.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | UTF8String |
| 2108             | Juniper-String-B             | Gx-Plus     | Specifies a generic string that is interpreted according to the context.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | UTF8String |
| 2109             | Juniper-String-C             | Gx-Plus     | Specifies a generic string that is interpreted according to the context.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | UTF8String |
| 2110             | Juniper-Unsigned32-A         | Gx-Plus     | Specifies a generic, unsigned 32-bit integer that is interpreted according to the context.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Unsigned32 |
| 2111             | Juniper-Unsigned32-B         | Gx-Plus     | Specifies a generic, unsigned 32-bit integer that is interpreted according to the context.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Unsigned32 |
| 2112             | Juniper-Unsigned32-C         | Gx-Plus     | Specifies a generic, unsigned 32-bit integer that is interpreted according to the context.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Unsigned32 |

Table 62: Juniper Networks Diameter AVPs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Diameter AVP                    | Application | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Type        |
|------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| 2200             | Juniper-IPv6-Ndra-Prefix        | JSRC        | <p>If available in the subscriber's session database IPv6Prefix entry, this AVP is included in AAR provisioning request messages sent to the SAE.</p> <p>This AVP is used only when you enable JSRC dual-stack support.</p>                                                    | IPv6Prefix  |
| 2201             | Juniper-Framed-IPv6-Netmask     | JSRC        | <p>If available in the subscriber's session database IPv6Address entry, this AVP is included in AAR provisioning request messages sent to the SAE.</p> <p>This AVP is used only when you enable JSRC dual-stack support.</p>                                                   | IPv6Address |
| 2202             | Juniper-Agent-Circuit-Id        | JSRC        | <p>Identifies the subscriber by access node and subscriber line. If available in the subscriber's session database entry, this AVP is included in AAR provisioning request messages sent to the SAE.</p> <p>This AVP is used only when you enable JSRC dual-stack support.</p> | OctetString |
| 2203             | Juniper-Agent-Remote-Id         | JSRC        | <p>Identifies the subscriber on the access node. If available in the subscriber's session database entry, this AVP is included in AAR provisioning request messages sent to the SAE.</p> <p>This AVP is used only when you enable JSRC dual-stack support.</p>                 | OctetString |
| 2204             | Juniper-Acct-IPv6-Input-Octets  | JSRC        | <p>Number of IPv6 octets received on the interface. This AVP is included in ACR accounting request messages sent to the SAE, even when the value is zero.</p> <p>This AVP is used only when you enable JSRC dual-stack support.</p>                                            | Unsigned64  |
| 2205             | Juniper-Acct-IPv6-Output-Octets | JSRC        | <p>Number of IPv6 octets sent on the interface. This AVP is included in ACR accounting request messages sent to the SAE, even when the value is zero.</p> <p>This AVP is used only when you enable JSRC dual-stack support.</p>                                                | Unsigned64  |

Table 62: Juniper Networks Diameter AVPs (*continued*)

| Attribute Number | Diameter AVP                  | Application | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Type       |
|------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| 2206             | Juniper-Acct-IPv6-Input-Pkts  | JSRC        | Number of IPv6 packets received on the interface. This AVP is included in ACR accounting request messages sent to the SAE, even when the value is zero.<br><br>This AVP is used only when you enable JSRC dual-stack support. | Unsigned64 |
| 2207             | Juniper-Acct-IPv6-Output-Pkts | JSRC        | Number of IPv6 packets sent on the interface. This AVP is included in ACR accounting request messages sent to the SAE, even when the value is zero.<br><br>This AVP is used only when you enable JSRC dual-stack support.     | Unsigned64 |

Tekelec AVPs are used only for Gx-Plus. These AVPs have an enterprise number of 21274. [Table 63 on page 781](#) lists the Tekelec AVPs. These four variables are used to provide substitution values for user-defined CoS service variables.

Table 63: Tekelec Diameter AVPs

| Attribute Number | Diameter AVP                         | Application | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Type        |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| 5555             | Tekelec-Charging-Rule-Argument-Name  | Gx-Plus     | Defines the name of the service variable to be replaced.                                                                                                                                                                                                | OctetString |
| 5556             | Tekelec-Charging-Rule-Argument-Value | Gx-Plus     | Defines the value of the service variable to be replaced.                                                                                                                                                                                               | OctetString |
| 5557             | Tekelec-Charging-Rule-Argument       | Gx-Plus     | Defines the substitution attributes used to replace service variables. Includes Tekelec-Charging-Rule-Argument-Name AVP (5555) and Tekelec-Charging-Rule-Argument-Value AVP (5556).                                                                     | Grouped     |
| 5558             | Tekelec-Charging-Rule-With-Arguments | Gx-Plus     | Requests the installation of the rule (activation of the service) designated by the included Charging-Rule-Name AVP (1005). Requested service variable substitutions are provided by the optionally included Tekelec-Charging-Rule-Argument AVP (5557). | Grouped     |

**Release History Table**

| Release | Description                                                                                                                     |
|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 13.1R1  | Starting in Junos OS Release 13.1R1, the packet-triggered subscribers and policy control (PTSP) feature is no longer supported. |

**Related Documentation**

- [Understanding JSRC-SAE Interactions on page 851](#)
- [Understanding Gx-Plus Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 791](#)
- [Diameter Base Protocol Overview on page 759](#)
- [Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control \(SRC\) and JSRC Overview on page 849](#)
- [Gx-Plus for Provisioning Subscribers Overview on page 789](#)
- [JSRC Provisioning for Dual-Stack Subscribers on page 853](#)

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## Configuring Diameter

You configure Diameter by specifying the endpoint origin, the remote peers, the transport layer connection, and network elements that associate routes with peers. Only the master Diameter instance is currently supported. You can configure alternative values for the master instance only in the context of the master routing instance

To configure Diameter base protocol:

1. Configure the origin realm and origin host of the Diameter master instance.  
See [“Configuring the Origin Attributes of the Diameter Instance” on page 783](#)
2. Configure the Diameter peers.  
See [“Configuring Diameter Peers” on page 783](#)
3. (Optional) Configure the Diameter transport layer elements.  
See [“Configuring the Diameter Transport” on page 785](#)
4. (Optional) Configure the Diameter network elements.  
See [“Configuring Diameter Network Elements” on page 786](#)
5. (Optional) Configure trace options for troubleshooting the configuration.  
See [“Tracing Diameter Base Protocol Processes for Subscriber Access” on page 925](#).

**Related Documentation**

- [Diameter Base Protocol Overview on page 759](#)

## Configuring the Origin Attributes of the Diameter Instance

You can configure the identifying characteristics of the endpoint node that originates Diameter messages for the Diameter instance. The hostname is supplied as the value for the Origin-Host AVP by the Diameter instance. The realm is supplied as the value for the Origin-Realm AVP by the Diameter instance.

To configure the origin attributes for a Diameter instance:

1. Specify the name of the host that originates the Diameter message.

```
[edit diameter origin]
user@host# set host host14
```

2. Specify the realm of the host that originates the Diameter message.

```
[edit diameter origin]
user@host# set realm example.com
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Diameter on page 782](#)
  - [origin on page 1365](#)

## Configuring Diameter Peers

You can configure the peers to which Diameter sends messages. By default, logical system *default* and routing instance *master* are used. Port 3868 is used for active connections to peers by default.

To configure a remote peer for a Diameter instance:

1. Specify the name of the Diameter peer.

```
[edit diameter]
user@host# edit peer peer-name
```

2. Specify the IP address of the Diameter peer. Starting in Junos OS Release 17.3R1, both IPv4 and IPv6 addresses are supported.



**NOTE:** You must configure the same address family type for the peer and the corresponding local Diameter transport connection.

```
[edit diameter peer peer-name]
user@host# set address ip-address
```

3. (Optional) Specify a routing instance, a logical system, or a logical system and routing instance for the Diameter peer.

```
[edit diameter peer peer-name]
```

```
user@host# set routing-instance routing-instance-name
[edit diameter peer peer-name]
user@host# set logical-system logical-system-name
[edit diameter peer peer-name]
user@host# set logical-system logical-system-name routing-instance
routing-instance-name
```

4. (Optional) Specify the port that Diameter uses for active connections to the peer.

```
[edit diameter peer peer-name]
user@host# set connect-actively port port-number
```

5. (Optional) Specify the transport that Diameter uses for active connections to the peer.

```
[edit diameter peer peer-name]
user@host# set connect-actively transport transport-name
```

6. (Optional) Specify the name of the peer host and the name of the peer realm.



NOTE: You must specify both the host and realm for the peer origin.

```
[edit diameter peer peer-name]
user@host# set peer-origin host hostname realm realm-name
```

7. (Optional) Include the Origin-State attribute-value pair (AVP) for the Diameter peer in Diameter base protocol-level messages to enable monitoring of changes in the AVP value.

```
[edit diameter peer peer-name]
user@host# set send-origin-state-id
```

For example, the following configuration for peer p3 specifies an IPv4 address, the routing instance ri8, destination port 49152, transport t6, an origin of host l in example.com, and includes the Origin-State AVP in messages.

```
[edit diameter]
user@host# edit peer p3
[edit diameter peer p3]
user@host# set address 192.168.23.10
user@host# set routing-instance ri8
user@host# set connect-actively port 49152
user@host# set connect-actively transport t6
user@host# set peer-origin host hostl realm example.com
user@host# set send-origin-state-id
```



## Release History Table

| Release | Description                                                                      |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 17.3R1  | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.3R1, both IPv4 and IPv6 addresses are supported. |

Related  
Documentation

- [Configuring Diameter on page 782](#)

## Configuring the Diameter Transport

You can configure one or more transports for a Diameter instance to set the IPv4 or IPv6 address for the local connection, and optionally configure a logical system or routing instance context. By default, the logical system *default* and the routing instance *master* are used. The logical system and routing instance for the transport connection must match that for the peer, or a configuration error is reported. Multiple peers can share the same transport.

To configure a transport for a Diameter instance:

1. Configure the transport name.

```
[edit diameter]
user@host# edit transport transport-name
```

2. Configure the local IP address for the Diameter local transport connection. Starting in Junos OS Release 17.3R1, both IPv4 and IPv6 addresses are supported.



**NOTE:** The address family must match that for the remote Diameter peer.

```
[edit diameter transport t1]
user@host# set address ip-address
```

3. (Optional) Configure a logical system and optionally a routing instance for the transport.

```
[edit diameter transport t1]
user@host# set logical-system logical-system-name
```

4. (Optional) Configure a routing instance for the transport.

```
[edit diameter transport t1]
user@host# set routing-instance routing-instance-name
```

For example, the following configuration for transport t1 specifies an IPv6 address, logical system ls5, and routing instance ri10.

```
[edit diameter]
user@host# edit transport t1
[edit diameter transport t1]
```

```

user@host# set address 2001:db8::113:200
user@host# set logical-system ls5
user@host# set routing-instance ri10

```

Release History Table

| Release | Description                                                                      |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 17.3R1  | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.3R1, both IPv4 and IPv6 addresses are supported. |

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Diameter on page 782](#)

## Configuring Diameter Network Elements

A Diameter network element (DNE) consists of associated functions, a list of prioritized peers, and a set of forwarding rules. The forwarding rules define individual routes through a set of associated destinations, functions, and metrics. At least one DNE must be configured per chassis to start the Diameter process (jdiameterd).

Before you configure Diameter network elements, perform the following task:

- Define the Diameter peers. See [“Configuring Diameter Peers” on page 783](#).

To configure a Diameter network element:

1. Specify the name of the network element.

```

[edit diameter]
user@host# set network-element dne25

```

2. (Optional) Associate one or more functions with the network element. All functions are associated by default.

```

[edit diameter network-element dne25]
user@host# set function jsrsc

```

3. Associate a Diameter peer with the network element and set the priority for the peer.

```

[edit diameter network-element dne25]
user@host# set peer peer1 priority 1

```

4. Specify a route that is reachable through the network element based on the forwarding rules that you define.

```

[edit diameter network-element dne25]
user@host# set forwarding route dne-route2

```

5. Specify a metric for the route.

```

[edit diameter network-element dne25 forwarding route dne-route2]
user@host# set metric 15

```

6. (Optional) Associate the route with a destination host and realm.

```
[edit diameter network-element dne25 forwarding route dne-route2]
user@host# set destination host host5 realm example.com
```

7. (Optional) Specify a function (application) associated with the route.

```
[edit diameter network-element dne25 forwarding route dne-route2]
user@host# set function jsrsc
```

8. (Optional) Specify the realm of the network element origin and optionally also specify the name of the element host.



NOTE: Only the realm name is required.

```
[edit diameter peer p3]
user@host# set dne-origin realm realm-name <host hostname>
```

Related Documentation • [Configuring Diameter on page 782](#)

## Gy File Backup Overview

The Gy protocol, also known as OCS, is based on incremental usage reporting while retaining the intermediate data. Therefore, the OCS server includes multiple failure protection mechanisms such as diameter transport redundancy, alternative path to OCS, and file backup. Starting in Junos OS Release 18.1R1, broadband PCEF provides the file backup when neither primary nor alternative paths are available. The CCR-GY-T frames are stored in the files on remote location.

The OCS backup comes into effect when the OCS final-response-timeout expires. The data is queued for backup process and subscriber logout proceeds to pcrf session termination. In all cases, the backup operations are controlled by the following configuration parameters:

- **backup-limit**—limit on the total number of backup entries. After the limit is reached, new subscribers login fails or oldest backup entries are dropped depending upon backup-overflow settings.
- **backup-timeout**—timeout for backup operation.
- **backup-overflow**—controls action when number of backup entries exceeds backup-limit.

## OCS SFTP-Backup

The stfp-backup is the first backup mechanism implemented. The operations are controlled by the following parameters:

- accumulation-timeout – The files are written after the file accumulation time of the first CCR-GY-T submission.
- accumulation-count – The files are written after the number of requests are fulfilled for the file-account-count.
- accumulation-size – The files are written after its size is reaches the accumulation size limit.
- retry-interval – Every failed write operation is retried after this interval until backup-timeout is accumulated.
- response-timeout – The timeout on individual sftp command response.



.....

**NOTE:** The OCS SFTP-Backup server is configured by its address, login, password, directory and file-prefix. A target directory exists by default, if not, the directory is created. If a target file with the same name already exists it will be overwritten.

.....

### Benefits of Gy File Backup:

- Provides yet another way to deal with instability of internal network.

#### Related Documentation

- [Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820](#)

## CHAPTER 74

# Configuring Gx-Plus for Provisioning Subscribers

- [Gx-Plus for Provisioning Subscribers Overview on page 789](#)
- [Understanding Gx-Plus Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 791](#)
- [Configuring Gx-Plus on page 800](#)
- [Configuring the Gx-Plus Partition on page 801](#)
- [Configuring Gx-Plus Global Attributes on page 802](#)
- [Provisioning Subscribers with Gx-Plus on page 803](#)

### Gx-Plus for Provisioning Subscribers Overview

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Gx-Plus is a Diameter-based application that extends the capability of the Gx interface. The 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) defined Gx as the online policy interface between the Policy Control and Charging Rules Function (PCRF) and the Policy and Charging Enforcement Function (PCEF), to provide control over policy and flow-based charges for subscribers. The PCRF is a centralized policy decision point that deploys business policy rules to allocate broadband network resources and manages flow-based charges for subscribers and services. The router functions as the PCEF in this environment.

Gx-Plus provides provisioning, activation, and deactivation of services; threshold triggers for service statistics processing; service accounting; subscriber session termination; fault recovery; and event (subscriber login and logout) notifications. The terminology typically used for PCRFs varies slightly from standard Junos OS terminology. The terms listed in [Table 64 on page 789](#) are interchangeable.

**Table 64: Differences Between Gx-Plus and Junos OS Terminology**

| Gx-Plus                      | Junos OS                            |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| policy                       | service                             |
| rule                         | service                             |
| rule install or installation | service activation or instantiation |
| rule uninstall               | service deactivation                |

Table 64: Differences Between Gx-Plus and Junos OS Terminology (*continued*)

| Gx-Plus                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Junos OS           |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| usage monitoring                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | service accounting |
| <p>Gx-Plus enables the router acting as a PCEF to exchange Diameter Credit-Control Application (DCCA) messages with a PCRF residing on a server to request credit authorization and service provisioning for authenticated subscribers. When an application requests AAA to activate a subscriber's session, the router sends a Credit-Control-Request (CCR) message to determine whether the subscriber has credit for the desired services and to request provisioning of those services from the PCRF policy manager.</p> <p>The PCRF responds with a Credit-Control-Answer (CCA) message that indicates success or failure for credit authorization. If the subscriber has sufficient credit for the requested services, credit is authorized. If the subscriber has insufficient credit for the services, credit authorization fails.</p> <p>The CCA can include services to be activated for the subscriber. If the response times out, the subscriber is logged in but only default services—if present—are activated for the subscriber. The router interprets the omission of the Result-Code AVP from the CCA as a provisioning authorization failure and does not allow the subscriber to log in.</p> <p>When a subscriber client application, such as DHCP, sends a subscriber logout notice to AAA, the router in turn sends a CCR message to the PCRF to request subscriber termination. The PCRF acknowledges the logout with a CCA message.</p> <p>Different Diameter message types exchanged by the router and the PCRF contain different sets of attribute-value pairs (AVPs). If data for an AVP is not available for a request to the PCRF, that AVP is omitted from the message. If the PCRF subsequently has insufficient information to decide on the request, it may deny the request.</p> <p>Gx-Plus establishes sessions that correspond to IPv4 DHCP sessions on dual-stack IPv6/IPv4 or IPv4-only subscriber interfaces, depending on the access profile. By default, IPv6 information is not communicated to the PCRF. You must explicitly configure Gx-Plus to include IPv6 information. When you do so, Gx-Plus can establish sessions that correspond to DHCPv6 sessions on IPv6-enabled subscriber interfaces and on dual-stack IPv6/IPv4-enabled interfaces.</p> <p>For dual-stack DHCP subscribers (DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 on the same VLAN), each DHCP session is treated as a separate Gx-Plus session. However, only a single Gx-Plus session exists for dual-stack PPP sessions.</p> <p>Gx-Plus includes the following fault tolerance and recovery capabilities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Unlimited retries of unacknowledged provisioning requests</li> <li>• Unlimited retries of logout requests</li> <li>• Router event notification</li> <li>• Router discovery</li> </ul> |                    |



**NOTE:** More than one Diameter-based application (function), such as Gx-Plus or JSRC, can run on a router simultaneously.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Messages Used by Diameter Applications on page 762](#)
- [Diameter AVPs and Diameter Applications on page 768](#)
- [Understanding Gx-Plus Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 791](#)
- [Configuring Gx-Plus on page 800](#)

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## Understanding Gx-Plus Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF

This topic describes the sequences of Diameter messages exchanged by means of Gx-Plus between the Policy Control and Rules Charging Function (PCRF) and the router acting as a Policy and Charging Enforcement Function (PCEF) as they interact to perform the following tasks for subscriber access:

- Subscriber login
- Fault tolerance and event notification
- Subscriber usage thresholds and monitoring
- Subscriber audit
- Subscriber logout

### Subscriber Login

Gx-Plus provisioning is enabled for subscribers when you include the **provisioning-order gx-plus** statement at the **[edit access profile *profile-name*]** hierarchy level. When an application requests AAA to activate the subscriber's session, the router sends a CCR-I message to the PCRF to request provisioning for the subscriber session. The CCR-I message must include the Juniper-Virtual-Router, Framed-IP-Address, and NAS-Port-ID AVPs. The request is not generated when no IPv4 address has been assigned to the subscriber, when IPv6 is enabled and an IPv6 address has been assigned, or when the NAS-Port-ID is unknown. Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, the CCR-I message includes the Subscription-Id AVP (AVP code 443) with the Subscription-Id-Type AVP set to 4 and Subscription-Id-Data AVP set to **reserved**.

The PCRF returns a CCA-I message that includes the Result-Code AVP (AVP code 268). The router considers a CCA-I that does not include the Result-Code AVP as a failed response. The CCA-I can return the Charging-Rule-Install AVP (AVP code 1001), which identifies services to be activated.

If the Result-Code value is DIAMETER\_SUCCESS (2001), the router communicates to AAA that the requested service is activated. If the Result-Code value is DIAMETER\_AUTHORIZATION\_REJECTED, the router communicates to AAA that the

service activation is not permitted. If the Result-Code AVP has any other value, or is missing, the request is retried. A total of three CCR-I messages can be sent.

If the PCRF does not indicate success or failure, then by default the router continues to send requests, but the retry requests are CCR-N messages (no-response notifications) that include the Juniper-Provisioning-Source AVP (AVP code 2101). This AVP indicates that the router has local decision-making authority to provision services in the absence of a PCRF response to the CCR-I. This AVP is not present in the CCR-I message.

A subscriber login initiates the following sequence of events:

1. A client application—such as DHCP, PPP, or static subscriber sessions—requests AAA to authenticate the subscriber.
2. Authentication begins if the subscriber access profile specifies RADIUS authentication. Login continues when the authentication is successful. Login fails when the **authentication-order** statement in the profile does not specify RADIUS authentication or no authentication. Login fails unless the **authentication-order** statement in the profile specifies RADIUS authentication or no authentication. Login also fails when authentication fails.
3. Default services are activated for the subscriber. Any services that the authentication server includes in the authentication grant are activated. Additionally, a default service may have been configured for the client application.
4. If the subscriber access profile specifies Gx-Plus provisioning, the router initiates the Gx-Plus message exchange by sending a CCR-I message to the PCRF. The router waits for the PCRF to respond with a CCA-I message within a non-configurable timeout period.

When the PCRF responds within the timeout period and includes the Charging-Rule-Install AVP in the CCA-I message, subscriber login is delayed while the router deactivates any default services and attempts to activate the specified services.

- If all the specified services are activated, then the login completes.
- If any of the services cannot be activated, the router sends the PCRF a CCR-U message with the status of the services (a rule report). The PCRF responds to this message with a CCA-U that can contain a new set of services for activation.
- The router ignores any default services, even if the CCA-I message does not include any services. In this circumstance, no services are activated.

If the PCRF does not return a CCA-I within the timeout period, subscriber login completes.

- The router searches first for services returned from the authentication server and activates any it finds. If no such services are found, then the router activates any locally configured default services. Subscriber login completes when default service activation is successful, but fails when any default service fails to activate. Because default services are not required to be present, login also completes when no default services are found.



- If login completes (with or without a default service), the router periodically resends the CCR-I message to the PCRF. If the PCRF subsequently returns a CCA-I, the router deactivates the default service, if any, and then activates any services included in the CCA-I. If the message does not include any services, then no service is activated, not even a default service.
  - If any of the services contained in the CCA-I cannot be activated, the router sends the PCRF a CCR-U message with the status of the services (a rule report). The PCRF responds to this message with a CCA-U that can contain a new set of services for activation.
5. The router begins to monitor session accounting statistics if the CCA-I message includes any threshold triggers for usage monitoring. The Usage-Monitoring-Information AVP (AVP code 1067) contains the threshold triggers in the Granted-Service-Unit AVP (AVP code 431). The triggers are the values granted by the PCRF for the following statistics: duration of the session, input octets count, output octets count, and total octets count.
- a. If the service statistics meet or exceed any of these trigger thresholds during the session, the router sends a CCR-U message to the PCRF with accounting information in the Usage-Monitoring-Information AVP (AVP code 1067). The AVP now contains the Used-Service-Unit AVP (AVP code 446) to report the current values for all four statistics.
  - b. In response, the PCRF may return a CCA-U message with the Usage-Monitoring-Information AVP, which can include any of the following: the Granted-Service-Unit AVP with new threshold triggers (absolute values rather than increments to the previous thresholds), the Charging-Rule-Install AVP (AVP code 1001) for service activations, or the Charging-Rule-Remove AVP (AVP code 1002) for service deactivations.



**NOTE:** The router does not aggregate statistics across services.

6. When the subscriber logs out, the router sends a CCR-T message (termination notice) to the PCRF, which responds with a CCA-T message.

## Fault Tolerance and Event Notification

Although the probability is low, the PCRF and the router can have different values for the number of subscribers. This error can arise from the following scenarios:

- CCA-I loss: if no CCA-I is delivered to the router, then the PCRF considers a subscriber as provisioned whereas the router considers it not provisioned.
- CCR-T loss: if no CCR-T is delivered to the PCRF, then the PCRF considers a subscriber to be provisioned whereas the router considers the subscriber not provisioned (logged out).

Loss of messages can be greater during cold boots and high availability events. Unacknowledged CCR-I and CCR-T requests are retransmitted forever until a satisfactory response is received to reduce the incidence of failure, and significant events are reported

to Gx-Plus. By default, the number of outstanding requests is limited to 40 to avoid overloading the PCRF. This limit reduces the possibility of losing requests. You can modify this number by including the **max-outstanding-requests** statement at the **[edit access-gx-plus global]** hierarchy level.

Gx-Plus does not rely on the connection state between devices to detect router or PCRF outages, because some events do not affect the connection state and others are not detected when there is a Diameter relay or proxy between the devices. Event notifications (JSER messages) are sent when certain events take place on the router. The Juniper-Event-Type AVP (AVP code 2103) in the message describes the event.

Event notifications are retried until Gx-Plus returns a JSEA message with a Result-Code value of DIAMETER\_SUCCESS (2001) to acknowledge receipt of the event notification. When retrying notifications, one notification is sent for each outstanding event. No other request are sent as long as there is any outstanding event other than an application watch dog (AWD).

Table 65 on page 794 lists router events and the subsequent router and PCRF actions.

**Table 65: Router Events, Router Actions, and PCRF Actions**

| Router Event                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Router Action            | PCRF Action                                           |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| The router receives no response from the PCRF or an error response.                                                                                                                                                     | Send event notification. | Respond to event notification.                        |
| The configuration changes.<br><br>Significant changes such as the origin host or realm and the Gx-Plus partition destination host or realm also increment the value of the Origin-State-Id AVP.                         | Send event notification. | Respond to event notification and perform discovery.  |
| The router receives an explicit discovery request from the PCRF.                                                                                                                                                        | Send event notification. | Respond to event notification.                        |
| The router undergoes a cold boot and all sessions are lost. This can result from a catastrophic failure or power cycle.                                                                                                 | Send event notification. | Respond to event notification and clear the database. |
| The router undergoes a warm boot.                                                                                                                                                                                       | Send event notification. | Respond to event notification and clear the database. |
| Recovery resources that are needed to continuously retry unacknowledged requests (CCR-N and CCR-T messages) are exhausted. The value of the Origin-State-Id AVP is incremented.<br><br>This event is unlikely to occur. | Send event notification. | Respond to event notification and perform discovery.  |

An important aspect of Gx-Plus fault tolerance is that subscriber login and termination requests are retried (replayed) forever until a satisfactory response is received from the PCRF. In rare circumstances, this can result in a stack of pending requests being replayed over and over.

You can issue the **clear network-access gx-plus replay** command to clear all pending requests. This command causes Gx-Plus to send a JSER message to PCRF that includes the Juniper-Event-Type AVP (AVP code 2103) with a value of 3 indicating a discovery request. The PCRF then returns a JDER message to initiate discovery of all subscribers. When this discovery completes, all pending subscriber requests are cleared.

### PCRF-Generated Discovery

The PCRF runs a discovery process in response to data loss, exhaustion of router resources, operator request, or router request. The JSER message specifies the level of verbosity desired in the reply from Gx-Plus. The message also specifies whether the request is for data about a particular session or information similar to an SNMP Get-Bulk for all sessions. Gx-Plus returns a JSDA message that indicates complete success, limited success, or an error. In the event of success, the requested data is also returned.

### Subscriber Accounting

When the PCRF returns a CCA-I message to the router, the message may contain thresholds for any of several usage statistics for a subscriber session or service session: Duration, input data, output data, or total data for the session. Upon receipt of a threshold, the router begins monitoring the subscriber's service session activity for that statistic. When the usage statistic reaches the threshold, it triggers the router to send a Gx-Plus usage notification message (CCR-U) to the PCRF. In response, the PCRF may send a CCA-U message to specify a new threshold, activate new services, or deactivate current services.

The PCRF can also send a CCR-U message that explicitly requests usage monitoring for statistics at different levels. The router can monitor usage at the subscriber level or at the service level. The Granted-Service-Unit AVP in the message specifies one or more of the following the statistics:

- CC-Input-Octets
- CC-Output-Octets
- CC-Total-Octets
- CC-Time

If any other statistics are specified, the router sends the PCRF a CCA message indicating that incorrect statistics were requested. When the specified threshold for a monitored statistic is reached, the router sends a CCR-U that contains the usage report for the statistics. In response, the PCRF sends another CCA-R with new thresholds or a request to activate or deactivate services.

### Subscriber Usage Thresholds

Gx-Plus threshold monitoring enables the tracking of session statistics including the duration of session and the number of input bytes, output bytes, and total bytes allowed (granted) and used. Threshold monitoring involves the use of numerous AVPs.

- Rule-Install AVP—a grouped AVP that can consist of the following two AVPs:

- Rule-Install-Name AVP—The name of the dynamic-profile to activate, corresponding to a service.
- Monitoring-Key AVP—(Optional) The name of the monitoring definition, which is part of the CCR/RAR messages, and indicates that Gx-Plus thresholds are enabled. The Monitoring-Key AVP must be unique within the context of the subscriber, but more than one of these keys can be included in the Rule-Install AVP, one per subscriber. For every Monitoring-Key AVP referenced in the Rule-Install AVP, there must be a corresponding Monitoring AVP.
- Monitoring AVP—The monitoring definition, consisting of the Monitoring-Key AVP and either the Granted-Service-Unit AVP or the Used-Service-Unit AVP:
  - Monitoring-Key AVP—The name of the monitoring definition.
  - Granted-Service-Unit AVP—A grouped AVP that includes the following session threshold values:
    - Duration AVP—Period of time in seconds allotted to the subscriber before having to ask for an extension.
    - Input-Bytes AVP—Number of input bytes allotted to the subscriber before having to ask for an extension. A value of zero indicates the threshold is turned off.
    - Output-Bytes AVP—Number of output bytes allotted to the subscriber before having to ask for an extension. A value of zero indicates the threshold is turned off.
    - Total-Bytes AVP—Number of input and output bytes in total allotted to the subscriber before having to ask for an extension.

The Granted-Service-Unit threshold values are somewhat analogous to a lease. In this case, if no threshold values are supplied, then the granted values or “lease” is effectively infinite. The absence of thresholds means no limits are placed on the values.

- Used-Service-Unit AVP—A grouped AVP that includes the following session threshold values, which are analogous to a kind of lease:
  - Duration AVP—Period of time in seconds that the service has been used.
  - Input-Bytes AVP—Number of input bytes used by the subscriber in this session.
  - Output-Bytes AVP—Number of output bytes used by the subscriber in this session.
  - Total-Bytes AVP—Number of input and output bytes in total used by the subscriber in this session.

No thresholds are enabled if the router acting as a PCEF receives a CCA or RAR message that contains one or more Rule-Install-AVPs, but no Monitoring-Key AVPs.

Consider the following example. The PCEF receives the listed AVPs in a CCA-I message. When the PCEF activates the svc-21-g service, the set of monitored thresholds, thresh-459 becomes active for the service. The instantiated service is granted 600 seconds, 1 billion input bytes, 1 billion output bytes, and a total of 2 billion bytes combined.

- Rule-Install AVP

- Rule-Install-Name AVP = svc-21-g
- Monitoring-Key AVP = thresh-459
- Monitoring AVP
  - Monitoring-Key AVP = thresh-459
  - Granted-Service-Unit AVP
    - Duration AVP = 600s
    - Input-Bytes AVP = 1,000,000,000
    - Output-Bytes AVP = 1,000,000,000
    - Total-Bytes AVP = 2,000,000,000

If the CCA-I includes the following AVPs and values, everything is the same as above except that no limits are placed on either input bytes or output bytes, just a limit on the total number of bytes. Omitting the Input-Bytes and Output-Bytes AVPs from the Granted-Service-Unit AVP has the same effect.

- Rule-Install AVP
  - Rule-Install-Name AVP = svc-21-g
  - Monitoring-Key AVP = thresh-459
- Monitoring AVP
  - Monitoring-Key AVP = thresh-459
  - Granted-Service-Unit AVP
    - Duration AVP = 600s
    - Input-Bytes AVP = 0
    - Output-Bytes AVP = 0
    - Total-Bytes AVP = 2,000,000,000

It does not matter which threshold is met first; the PCEF behaves the same.

1. It disables the complete set of monitored thresholds for the service. In the examples above, thresh-459 is disabled for service svc-21-g.
2. Authd sends a threshold report (CCR-U) to the PCRF that includes the Monitoring AVP with the current values for the thresholds; these make up the Used-Service-Unit AVP:
  - Monitoring AVP
    - Monitoring-Key AVP = thresh-459
    - Used-Service-Unit AVP

- Duration AVP = 600s
  - Input-Bytes AVP = 22,110,000
  - Output-Bytes AVP = 21,161,004
  - Total-Bytes AVP = 43,271,004
3. authd expects the PCRF to respond to the CCR-U with the Monitoring AVP, supplying new values for the thresholds. To use the lease analogy, the reply should extend the “lease” for the session; for example:.
- Monitoring AVP
    - Monitoring-Key AVP = thresh-459
    - Granted-Service-Unit AVP
      - Duration AVP = 3600s
      - Input-Bytes AVP = 1,500,000,000
      - Output-Bytes AVP = 2,000,000,000
      - Total-Bytes AVP = 3,500,000,000

If the new Duration AVP supplied by the PCRF is low, it could result in a tight cycle of threshold hits, reports, and updates. Consequently the PCEF ensures that the threshold is of a reasonable duration by adding the new value from the PCRF to the current reported value; this becomes the new duration grant. Using the example above, the (current value + new value) = 600 + 3600 = 4200 seconds.

What happens if the PCRF fails to respond to the CCR-U? Rather than leave the thresholds disabled, the PCEF supplies the Monitoring AVP with a single new value, the duration:

- Monitoring AVP
  - Monitoring-Key AVP = thresh-459
  - Granted-Service-Unit AVP
    - Duration AVP = *current value + minimum-duration*

The router has default minimum values for all the threshold AVPs:

- Input-Bytes minimum - 1,000,000
- Output-Bytes minimum - 1,000,000
- Total-Bytes minimum - 1,000,000
- Duration minimum - 600

Using the example of 600 seconds for the current duration value, if the PCRF does not respond to the CCR-U, the new duration value becomes 600 + 600 = 1200 seconds. There are no thresholds for the byte counts. When the new duration threshold is met, the PCEF generates another CCR-U threshold report for the PCRF.

## Subscriber Audit

The PCRF can send a reauthorization request (RAR message) to Gx-Plus at any time to determine whether a particular subscriber is still logged in. You can also manually trigger the PCRF to do so by issuing the **clear network-access aaa gx-plus replay** command.

The Session-Id AVP identifies the subscriber session. Gx-Plus returns an RAA message to provide status on the subscriber session. When the session is still up (found in the session database) the Result-Code AVP value in the RAA message is DIAMETER\_SUCCESS (2001). When the session is not found, the Result-Code value is DIAMETER\_UNKNOWN\_SESSION\_ID (5002). A Result-Code value of DIAMETER\_UNABLE\_TO\_DELIVER (3002) indicates that Gx-Plus is not configured.

Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, the router updates monitored statistics when they are received in the RAR from the PCRF. When Gx-Plus sends an RAA message after receiving an RAR message requesting service activation or deactivation, it also sends a CCR-U message to the PCRF with updated statistics.

## Subscriber Logout

When the client application sends a subscriber logout notice to AAA, Gx-Plus sends a CCR-T message to notify the PCRF that the provisioned subscriber session is being terminated. The PCRF returns a CCA-T message that includes the Result-Code AVP. If the Result-Code value is DIAMETER\_SUCCESS, Gx-Plus notifies AAA, and AAA notifies the application that the logout is complete. If Gx-Plus does not receive a CCA-T message, or if the Result-Code AVP has any other value or is missing, then the termination request is retried until the CCA-T message is returned with DIAMETER\_SUCCESS.

Release History Table

| Release | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 17.4R1  | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, the CCR-I message includes the Subscription-Id AVP (AVP code 443) with the Subscription-Id-Type AVP set to 4 and Subscription-Id-Data AVP set to <b>reserved</b> .                                                                                                          |
| 17.4R1  | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, the router updates monitored statistics when they are received in the RAR from the PCRF. When Gx-Plus sends an RAA message after receiving an RAR message requesting service activation or deactivation, it also sends a CCR-U message to the PCRF with updated statistics. |

### Related Documentation

- [Gx-Plus for Provisioning Subscribers Overview on page 789](#)
- [Messages Used by Diameter Applications on page 762](#)
- [Diameter AVPs and Diameter Applications on page 768](#)
- [Configuring Gx-Plus on page 800](#)
- [Default Subscriber Service Overview on page 277](#)
- [Configuring a Default Subscriber Service on page 278](#)

## Configuring Gx-Plus

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You can configure the Gx-Plus client application to work with a PCRF policy manager residing on a server. The PCRF is a centralized policy decision point that deploys business rules to allocate broadband network resources and manage subscribers and services. AAA on the router (acting as the PCEF) uses Gx-Plus to request service provisioning from the PCRF.



**NOTE:** Contact the Juniper Networks Technical Assistance Center (JTAC) for information on supported PCRFs.

To configure Gx-Plus:

1. Configure the Gx-Plus partition.  
See [“Configuring the Gx-Plus Partition” on page 801](#).
2. Configure Gx-Plus global attributes: the number of outstanding requests permitted and the inclusion of IPv6 subscribers.  
See [“Configuring Gx-Plus Global Attributes” on page 802](#).
3. Configure Gx-Plus provisioning for subscribers.  
See [“Provisioning Subscribers with Gx-Plus” on page 803](#).
4. (Optional) Override PCRF control of a subscriber session to correct services or troubleshoot a problem.  
See [“Disabling PCRF Control of a Subscriber Session” on page 957](#).
5. (Optional) Configure Gx-Plus event tracing as part of general authentication service tracing operations.  
See [“Tracing General Authentication Service Processes” on page 941](#).

### Related Documentation

- [Gx-Plus for Provisioning Subscribers Overview on page 789](#)



## Configuring the Gx-Plus Partition

Gx-Plus works within a specific logical system: routing instance context, called a partition.



**NOTE:** Currently, only a single partition is supported; you must configure it within the default logical system: routing instance context.

Before you configure the Gx-Plus partition, perform the following task:

- Configure the Diameter instance at the **[edit diameter]** hierarchy level. See “Configuring Diameter” on page 782.

Configuration for the Gx-Plus partition consists of naming the partition and then associating a Diameter instance, the PCRF hostname, and the PCRF realm with the partition.

To configure the Gx-Plus partition:

1. Create the partition or specify the name of an existing partition.

```
[edit access gx-plus]
user@host# set partition partition-name
```

2. Specify the Diameter instance for the Gx-Plus partition.



**NOTE:** Currently, only the default Diameter instance, *master*, is supported.

```
[edit access gx-plus partition partition-name]
user@host# set diameter-instance instance-name
```

3. (Optional) Configure the destination host for the Gx-Plus partition.

```
[edit access gx-plus partition partition-name]
user@host# set destination-host hostname
```

4. Configure the destination realm for the Gx-Plus partition.

```
[edit access gx-plus partition partition-name]
user@host# set destination-realm realm
```

The following example shows a Gx-Plus partition configuration.

```
gx-plus {
 partition partition1 {
 diameter-instance master;
 destination-host pcrf1;
 destination-realm generic.example.com;
 }
}
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Gx-Plus on page 800](#)
  - [Gx-Plus for Provisioning Subscribers Overview on page 789](#)

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## Configuring Gx-Plus Global Attributes

You can configure attributes that apply to all Gx-Plus partitions globally.

When a request from Gx-Plus to the PCRF is not answered or is improperly answered, Gx-Plus keeps retrying the request until it receives an appropriate answer. If the number of requests grows too large, the PCRF can become overloaded and messages can be lost. To reduce this risk, you can set a limit on the number of outstanding requests to the PCRF that Gx-Plus can retry.

By default, Gx-Plus does not include IPv6 subscribers in Gx-Plus provisioning requests to the PCRF. Instead, Gx-Plus only establishes sessions that correspond to IPv4 DHCP sessions on dual-stack IPv6/IPv4 or IPv4-only subscriber interfaces. You must explicitly configure Gx-Plus to include IPv6 information. When you do so, Gx-Plus can establish sessions that correspond to DHCPv6 sessions on IPv6-enabled subscriber interfaces and on dual-stack IPv6/IPv4-enabled interfaces.

To configure Gx-Plus global attributes:

1. (Optional) Set a limit on the number of outstanding requests.

```
[edit access gx-plus global]
user@host# set max-outstanding-requests number
```

2. (Optional) Include IPv6 subscribers in provisioning requests.

```
[edit access gx-plus global]
user@host# set include-ipv6
```

For example to limit the number of outstanding requests to 30 and to include IPv6 subscribers:

```
[edit access gx-plus global]
user@host# set max-outstanding-requests 30
user@host# set include-ipv6
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Gx-Plus on page 800](#)
  - [Gx-Plus for Provisioning Subscribers Overview on page 789](#)

## Provisioning Subscribers with Gx-Plus

---

You can configure AAA to use Gx-Plus to request provisioning from a PCRF to instantiate services for an authenticated subscriber.

Before you configure Gx-Plus provisioning for subscribers, perform the following task:

- Create the subscriber access profile at the **[edit access profile]** hierarchy level. See [“Configuring an Access Profile for Subscriber Management” on page 147](#).

To configure Gx-Plus provisioning:

- Specify **gx-plus** as the provisioning method in the profile.

```
[edit access profile profile-name]
user@host# set provisioning-order gx-plus
```

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring Gx-Plus on page 800](#)
- [Gx-Plus for Provisioning Subscribers Overview on page 789](#)



## CHAPTER 75

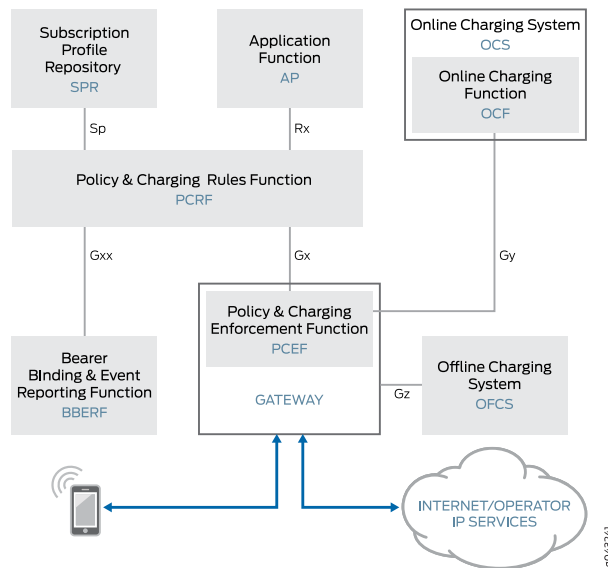
# Configuring 3GPP Policy and Charging Control

- [3GPP Policy and Charging Control Overview for Wireline Provisioning and Accounting on page 805](#)
- [Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808](#)
- [Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812](#)
- [Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820](#)
- [Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825](#)
- [Understanding Upstream and Downstream Messages for the PCRF on page 831](#)
- [Configuring the OCS Partition on page 834](#)
- [Configuring the PCRF Partition on page 840](#)
- [Configuring OCS Global Parameters on page 843](#)

### 3GPP Policy and Charging Control Overview for Wireline Provisioning and Accounting

The 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) Policy and Charging Control (PCC) provides the unification of wireline provisioning and accounting for customers. [Figure 31 on page 806](#) shows the components of an overall 3GPP PCC architecture.

Figure 31: 3GPP PCC Architecture Overview



The four major components of the PCC architecture are:

- **Policy and Charging Rules Function (PCRF)**—A centralized policy decision point that deploys business policy and charging rules to allocate broadband network resources and manages flow-based charges for subscribers and services. PCRF pushes the rules down to the Policy and Charging Enforcement Function (PCEF) using the 3GPP Gx protocol and online policy interface.
- **Policy and Charging Enforcement Function (PCEF)**—A function that provides user traffic handling and QoS at the gateway, provides service data flow detection, and applies the rules received from the PCRF. PCEF optionally interacts with the Online Charging Function (OCF) within the Online Charging System (OCS) using the 3GPP Gy protocol to retrieve policy and charging authorization for quotas and credit control.
- **Online Charging System (OCS)**—The component responsible for interacting with the PCEF. The PCEF optionally reports usage and receives additional authorizations from the OCS using the 3GPP Gy protocol. Broadband PCEF (BPCEF) interactions with the OCS use online session charging with centralized unit determination and centralized rating.
- **Offline Charging System (OFCS)**—A process where charging information for network resource usage is collected concurrently with that resource usage. If credit-based authorization is not required, the PCEF applies policies and report usage to the OFCS using the 3GPP Gz protocol. You can also use the OCS as the primary accounting destination and use the OFCS as a backup.

Table 66 on page 807 lists the functionality differences between PCRF and PCEF.

Table 66: Functionality Comparison Between PCRF and PCEF

| Functionality                            | PCRF                                                                                                                            | PCEF                                                           |
|------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Charging policing implementation         | Involved at different levels; aggregates information inside the hosting network and is considered part of the PCC architecture. | Involved at different levels; located at the gateway.          |
| Functions included                       | Includes mainly policy control decision and flow-based control functions.                                                       | Includes policy enforcement and flow-based charging functions. |
| Predefined PCC rules                     | Activation or deactivation of predefined PCC rules can only be done by the PCRF.                                                | Preconfigured by the PCEF.                                     |
| Online and offline charging interactions | Not supported                                                                                                                   | Supported                                                      |

The three other components that make up the PCC architecture in [Figure 31 on page 806](#) are:

- **Application Function (AF)**—The Application Function interacts with applications or services that require dynamic PCC. The Application Function extracts session information from the application signalling and provides application session-related information to the PCRF using the Rx protocol.
- **Subscription Profile Repository (SPR)**—SPR contains subscriber and subscription information on a per-packet data network (PDN) basis. The Sp protocol enables the PCRF to request subscription information related to a subscriber's service or session.
- **Bearer Binding and Event Reporting Function (BBERF)**—The PCC rule needs to be mapped to a particular IP bearer to ensure the packets receive the appropriate QoS treatment. The association between a PCC rule and a bearer is referred to as *bearer binding*. The BBERF location depends on the access technology. For 3GPP, the BBERF is located in the serving gateway and uses the Gxx protocol.

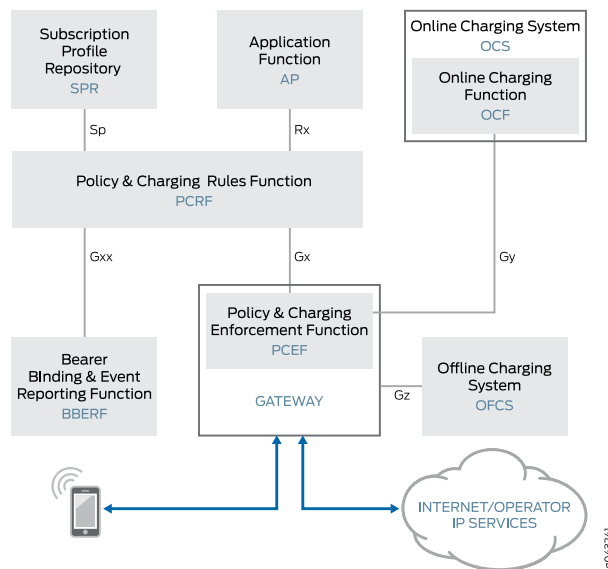
#### Related Documentation

- [Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808](#)
- [Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812](#)
- [Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820](#)
- [Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825](#)

## Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers

The Policy and Charging Enforcement Function (PCEF) is one of four major components of the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) Policy and Charging Control (PCC) architecture in [Figure 32 on page 808](#).

**Figure 32: 3GPP PCC Architecture Overview**



PCEF provides user traffic handling and quality of service (QoS) at the gateway, provides service data flow detection, and applies the rules received from the Policy Control and Charging Rules Function (PCRF). 3GPP defines Gx as the online policy protocol between the PCRF and the PCEF to provide control over policy and flow-based charges for subscribers. The PCRF is a centralized policy decision point that deploys business policy rules to allocate broadband network resources and manages flow-based charges for subscribers and services. Optionally, the PCEF interacts with the Online Charging System (OCS) using the 3GPP Gy protocol to retrieve policy and charging authorization for quotas and credit control.

PCEF provides support for the following environments:

- [Wireline Access Environment on page 808](#)
- [Junos OS Environment on page 810](#)

### Wireline Access Environment

For mobile subscribers, the user equipment requests services; for broadband wireline subscribers, the PCRF requests services. In the wireline environment, PCRF functions as the service requester, and the PCEF functions as the service receiver and enforcer.



Adapting the PCC model in a wireline environment provides these benefits:

- Convenience
- Advanced technology
- Already implemented by the wireless branch of the carrier that often provides a much bigger business than the wireline branch

The PCRF controls the PCEF by pushing charging rules. Charging rules are reused as service (policy) rules to push policies. Charging rules may also have an associated rating group, or charging key. As a result, the PCEF configuration must define charging rules and mapping between credit control services (cc-services) and rating groups.

In many instances, both OCS and Offline Charging System (OFCS) 3GPP accounting services require Mobile Station International Subscriber Directory Number (MSISDN) be used for subscriber identification. The MSISDN is passed as the subscription ID. While each mobile user equipment device has an associated MSISDN, this information is not available for wireline subscribers. To enable the PCRF to dynamically pass subscription-ID parameters, and support a variety of authentication, authorization, and provisioning configuration, the Juniper attribute-value pairs (AVPs) in [Table 67 on page 809](#) have been allocated from the Juniper Vendor-ID space (2636) vendor-specific attribute (VSA).



**NOTE:** If no dynamic-subscription ID is received, then neither OCS or OFCS communications are initiated.

**Table 67: Allocated Juniper AVPs**

| AVP Name                           | Vendor-ID | AVP Type | Diameter Type | Diameter Flag |
|------------------------------------|-----------|----------|---------------|---------------|
| Juniper-Dyn-Subscription-Indicator | 2636      | 10001    | Enum          | V             |
| Juniper-Dyn-Subscription-Id        | 2636      | 10002    | Grouped       | VM            |
| Juniper-Dyn-Subscription-Id-Type   | 2636      | 10003    | Integer32     | VM            |
| Juniper-Dyn-Subscription-Id-Data   | 2636      | 10004    | UTF8String    | VM            |

The client system (router) sends the Juniper-Dyn-Subscription-Id-Indicator AVP to indicate support of the dynamic assignment of the subscription ID. The Juniper-Dyn-Subscription-Id-Indicator attribute has two values:

- DYN\_SUBSCRIPTION\_NOT\_SUPPORTED (0)
- DYN\_SUBSCRIPTION\_SUPPORTED (1)

The server then sends the Juniper-Dyn-Subscription-Id AVP to the client that indicated support. This is a grouped AVP that contains the values to be sent as Subscription-Id-Type and Subscription-Id-Data.

**NOTE:**

- The PCRF server may use standard Subscription-Id AVP to communicate the dynamic-subscription ID to the router.
- If both Juniper-Dyn-Subscription-Id and Subscription-Id are sent by the PCRF, the Subscription-Id value is used.

In many cases, wireline subscribers support only one IP family, which is required information for both AAA service and PCRF. To indicate this information, the Juniper-Network-Family-Indicator AVP has been allocated from the Juniper Vendor-ID space (2636) VSA in [Table 68 on page 810](#).

**Table 68: Family Indicator AVP**

| AVP Name                         | Vendor-ID | AVP Type | Diameter Type | Diameter Flag |
|----------------------------------|-----------|----------|---------------|---------------|
| Juniper-Network-Family-Indicator | 2636      | 10010    | Enum          | V             |

The client system (router) sends the Juniper-Network-Family-Indicator AVP to indicate which network families are associated with the service request and supported by the subscriber. When you configure the Juniper-Network-Family-Indicator AVP to indicate the associated network family, the system sends the information to the PCRF. The Juniper-Network-Family-Indicator attribute has four values:

- UNSPECIFIED (0)
- IPV4\_FAMILY (1)
- IPV6\_FAMILY (2)
- IPV4\_IPV6\_FAMILY (3)

Wireline customers often control user services solely through the PCRF and use the OCS as a convenient real-time usage monitoring mechanism rather than as an enforcement unit. To decrease the number of possible erroneous OCS configurations, include the [force-continue](#) statement at the **[edit access ocs partition *partition-name*]** hierarchy level to force the broadband PCEF (BPCEF) to limit the impact of negative responses from the OCS and quota expirations, and to prevent sending OCS notifications for affected rating-groups. Whenever the PCEF receives a negative response to any reported group, it stops reporting this group to the OCS.

## Junos OS Environment

There are three categories of dynamic-profiles within the Junos OS environment:

- client-dynamic-profiles
- cos-service-dynamic-profiles
- firewall-service-dynamic-profiles

Client-dynamic-profiles and cos-service-dynamic-profiles define bandwidth and other characteristics of the services provided to a subscriber; the firewall-service-profiles perform filtering and usage counting. For all of the dynamic-profiles' categories, the service-dynamic-profile name is used as the value of a Charging-Rule-Name AVP.

When the service-dynamic-profile has no variables, or when defaults provided in service-dynamic-profile definition are requested, no additional elements are required. To provide custom values for a service-dynamic-profile, use the Charging-Rule-Definition AVP with additional VSAs.

The PCRF uses existing Juniper-Substitution VSAs (Vendor-ID 2636 and Type 2024) to supply attributes as a name-value pairs. The PCRF may also include parameters as positional notation for part of the rule name. The Redirect-Information AVP (Vendor-ID 10415 and Type 1085) supplies a value for the Redirect-URL parameter.

For every possible service-dynamic-profile parameter name requested by customers, a new Juniper-Parameter VSA is defined. [Table 69 on page 811](#) describes the initial set of fixed Juniper-Parameter VSAs.

**Table 69: Initial Set of Fixed Juniper-Parameter VSAs**

| Parameter                 | VSA Name                                | Vendor-ID | Type  | Diameter Type |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------|-------|---------------|
| Cos-Tcp                   | Juniper-Param-Cos-Tcp                   | 2636      | 10005 | UTF8String    |
| V4-Firewall-Input-Filter  | Juniper-Param-V4-Firewall-Input-Filter  | 2636      | 10006 | UTF8String    |
| V4-Firewall-Output-Filter | Juniper-Param-V4-Firewall-Output-Filter | 2636      | 10007 | UTF8String    |
| V6-Firewall-Input-Filter  | Juniper-Param-V6-Firewall-Input-Filter  | 2636      | 10008 | UTF8String    |
| V6-Firewall-Output-Filter | Juniper-Param-V6-Firewall-Output-Filter | 2636      | 10009 | UTF8String    |

If parameters or the Service-Identifier and Rating-Group are required to be indicated by the PCRF, the Charging-Rule-Definition AVP is used; otherwise, the Charging-Rule-Name AVP is used.

```
Charging-Rule-Definition ::= < AVP Header: 1003 >
{ Charging-Rule-Name }
[Service-Identifier]
[Rating-Group]
[Online]
[Precedence]
[Juniper-Param-VSA]
[AVPs] - standard AVPs used as parameters
```

For instances when there is a Service-Identifier and Rating-Group combination, or when only the Service-Identifier or only the Rating-Group is specified, the combination must be unique among the rules installed for a subscriber. You configure the service-context-id on the router.

- Related Documentation**
- [3GPP Policy and Charging Control Overview for Wireline Provisioning and Accounting on page 805](#)
  - [Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812](#)
  - [Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820](#)
  - [Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825](#)

---

## Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF

The sequences of Diameter messages are exchanged by means of the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) Gx protocol between the Policy Control and Rules Charging Function (PCRF) and the router acting as a Policy and Charging Enforcement Function (PCEF).

Starting in Junos OS Release 17.3R1, support for additional OCS and PCRF features are added using Gy and Gx protocols. The new statements:

- **accept-sdr** is added for PCRF partition at the hierarchy level **[edit access pcrf partition *partition-name*]**.
- **alternative-partition-name** is added for OCS partition at the hierarchy level **[edit access ocs partition *partition-name*]**.

They interact to perform the following subscriber access tasks:

- [Subscriber Login on page 812](#)
- [Subscriber Update on page 816](#)
- [Subscriber Logout on page 817](#)
- [Subscriber Disconnect on page 818](#)
- [Connectivity Fault Recovery on page 819](#)

### Subscriber Login

The router sends a Diameter CCR request containing a fixed set of required information to a policy manager (PCRF) and receives a CCA response containing policies and other information. Gx provisioning is enabled for subscribers when you include the **provisioning-order pcrf** statement at the **[edit access profile *profile-name*]** hierarchy level. When an application requests AAA to activate the subscriber's session, the router sends a CCR-GX-I (where I represents INITIAL\_REQUEST) message to the PCRF to request a fix set of provisioning information for the subscriber session, and receives a CCA-GX-I response message containing policies and other information, including the Result-Code AVP (AVP code 268).

When you configure the **provisioning-order** statement in the access profile, the broadband PCEF (BPCEF) module sends a provisioning request to the PCRF during the client activation. The following examples show a CCR-GX-I and CCA-GX-I packet exchange:

## CCR-GX-I Packet Example

```

CCR-GX-I ::= <Diameter Header: 272, REQ, PXY 16777238>
{ <Session-Id> }
{ Auth-Application-Id: 16777238 }
{ Origin-Host: <configurable-string> }
{ Origin-Realm: <configurable-string> }
{ Destination-Realm: <configurable-string> }
{ CC-Request-Type: INITIAL_REQUEST(1) }
{ CC-Request-Number: 0 }
{ Subscription-Id:
 { Subscription-Id-Type: <configurable-integer> }
 { Subscription-Id-Data: <configurable-string> }
}
}
[Destination-Host: <configurable-string>] -- if configured
[Origin-State-Id: <u32>] -- if configured to send
[Framed-IP-Address: <ipv4-address-in-radius-encoding>] -- if available
[Framed-IPv6-Prefix: <ipv6-prefix-in-radius-encoding>] -- if available
{ IP-CAN-Type: <configurable-integer> }
{ Online: ENABLE_ONLINE (1) }
[User-Name: <string>]
[NAS-Port-Id: <string>] -- if included by config
[Juniper-Virtual-Router: <virtual-router-name>] -- if included by config
[Event-Timestamp: <timestamp>] -- login timestamp, if included by config
{ Juniper-Dyn-Subscription-Indicator: DYN_SUBSCRIPTION_SUPPORTED(1) }
{ Juniper-Network-Family-Indicator: <subscriber-family> }

```



**NOTE:** The T (potentially retransmitted message) bit recalculates when the CCR-GX-I is resent. This flag is set after a link failover procedure to remove duplicate requests.

## CCA-GX-I Packet Example

```

CCA-GX-I ::= <Diameter Header: 272, PXY, 16777238>
{ <Session-Id> }
{ Result-Code: <integer> }
{ Auth-Application-Id: 16777238 }
{ Origin-Host: <string> } -- should match destination-host if configured
{ Origin-Realm: <string> } -- should match destination-realm
{ Result-Code: <integer> }
{ CC-Request-Type: INITIAL_REQUEST(1) }
{ CC-Request-Number: 0 }
[Juniper-Dyn-Subscription-Id:
 {Juniper-Dyn-Subscription-Id-Type: <value-to-be-used-for-ocs-interactions>
 }
 {Juniper-Dyn-Subscription-Id-Data: <value-to-be-used-for-ocs-interactions>
 }
]
*[Supported-Features] -- ignored
[Origin-State-Id: <u32>] -- Indicates restart PCRF side
*[Downstream data units]

```



**NOTE:** If no rule-install AVP is defined in the CCA-GX-I, then the default rule is installed.

All event triggers, including those not yet defined, are acceptable. However, only a few event triggers actually generate events when implemented.

The PCRF returns a CCA-GX-I message that includes the Result-Code AVP (AVP code 268) that maps to the result categories listed in [Table 70 on page 814](#).

**Table 70: Result-Code-AVP Categories**

| Result-Code-AVP Value                                                                                                                                                                    | Result Category   |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| SUCCESS(2001), LIMITED_SUCCSS(2002), and valid message                                                                                                                                   | Grant             |
| AUTHENTICATION_REJECTED(4001), UNKNOWN_SESSION_ID(5002), AUTHORIZATION_REJECTED(5003), and USER_UNKNOWN(5030)                                                                            | Deny              |
| UNABLE_TO_DELIVER(3002), REALM_NOT_SERVED(3003), TOO_BUSY(3004), LOOP_DETECTED(3005), and REDIRECT_INDICATION(3006)                                                                      | Failure           |
| All other Diameter Permanent-failure Result-Code AVPs greater than and equal to 5000, and all Diameter protocol error Result-Code AVPs greater than and equal to 3000 and less than 4000 | Permanent-failure |
| Other Result-Code AVPs for invalid message or no-response                                                                                                                                | Failure           |

As shown in [Table 71 on page 814](#), the CCA-GX-I response processing depends on three factors:

- Whether the local decision timeout has expired
- The setting of the local decision
- The result category

[Table 71 on page 814](#) also contains PCRF local decision timeout expiration actions.

**Table 71: CCA-GX-I Response Processing**

| PCRF Local Decision Timeout | PCRF Local Decision | Result Category | Action                                                                                                                                              |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Not-expired                 | –                   | Grant           | Clear the local decision timer, apply rules from the CCA-GX-I, notify the Online Charging System (OCS), and then acknowledge subscriber activation. |
| Not-expired                 | –                   | Deny            | Clear the local decision timer and fail subscriber activation.                                                                                      |
| Not-expired                 | –                   | Failure         | Retry the CCA-GX-I until the local decision time outs.                                                                                              |

Table 71: CCA-GX-I Response Processing (*continued*)

| PCRF Local Decision Timeout | PCRF Local Decision | Result Category   | Action                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Not-expired                 | Grant               | Permanent-failure | Clear the local decision timer, apply the default rule, acknowledge subscriber activation, and then keep retrying the CCA-GX-I.                         |
| Not-expired                 | Deny                | Permanent-failure | Fail the subscriber activation and initiate the subscriber logout process.                                                                              |
| On-expiration               | Grant               | —                 | Apply the default rule, keep retrying the CCA-GX-I indefinitely, and acknowledge subscriber activation.                                                 |
| On-expiration               | Deny                | —                 | Fail the subscriber activation and initiate the subscriber logout process.                                                                              |
| Expired                     | Grant               | Grant             | If the CCA-GX-I contains rules, remove the default rules and install the received rules, and then notify the OCS and acknowledge subscriber activation. |
| Expired                     | Grant               | Deny              | Log out the client.                                                                                                                                     |
| Expired                     | Grant               | Failure           | Keep retrying the CCA-GX-I indefinitely.                                                                                                                |
| Expired                     | Grant               | Permanent-failure | Take a long pause and then restart retrying the CCA-GX-I.                                                                                               |
| Expired                     | Deny                | Deny              | If subscriber still logging out, ignore subscriber; otherwise, no action required.                                                                      |

A subscriber login initiates the following sequence of events:

1. A client application—such as DHCP, PPP, or static subscriber sessions—requests AAA to authenticate the subscriber.
2. Authentication begins if the subscriber access profile specifies RADIUS authentication. Login continues when the authentication is successful. Login fails when the **authentication-order** statement in the profile does not specify RADIUS authentication or no authentication. Login also fails when authentication fails.
3. Default services are activated for the subscriber. Any services that the authentication server includes in the authentication grant are activated. Additionally, a default service may have been configured for the client application.
4. If the subscriber access profile specifies Gx provisioning, the router initiates the Gx message exchange by sending a CCR-GX-I message to the PCRF. The router waits for the PCRF to respond with a CCA-GX-I message within a non-configurable timeout period.

When the PCRF responds within the timeout period and includes the Charging-Rule-Install AVP in the CCA-GX-I message, subscriber login is delayed while the router deactivates any default services and attempts to activate the specified services.

- If all the specified services are activated, then the login completes.
- If any of the services cannot be activated, the router sends the PCRF a CCR-GX-U (where U represents UPDATE\_REQUEST) message with the status of the services (a rule report). The PCRF responds to this message with a CCA-GX-U that can contain a new set of services for activation.
- The router ignores any default services, even if the CCA-GX-I message does not include any services. In this circumstance, no services are activated.

If the PCRF does not return a CCA-GX-I within the timeout period, subscriber login completes.

- The router searches first for services returned from the authentication server and activates any it finds. If no such services are found, then the router activates any locally configured default services. Subscriber login completes when default service activation is successful, but fails when any default service fails to activate. Because default services are not required to be present, login also completes when no default services are found.
- If login completes (with or without a default service), the router periodically resends the CCR-GX-I message to the PCRF. If the PCRF subsequently returns a CCA-GX-I, the router deactivates the default service, if any, and then activates any services included in the CCA-GX-I. If the message does not include any services, then no services are activated, not even a default service.
- If any of the services contained in the CCA-GX-I cannot be activated, the router sends the PCRF a CCR-GX-U message with the status of the services (a rule report). The PCRF responds to this message with a CCA-GX-U that can contain a new set of services for activation.

## Subscriber Update

Whenever a trigger event occurs on the router, an update request is sent to the PCRF. The following examples show a CCR-GX-U (where U represents UPDATE\_REQUEST) and CCA-GX-U packet exchange:

### CCR-GX-U Packet Example

```
CCR-GX-U ::= <Diameter Header: 272, REQ, PXY 16777238>
{ <Session-Id> }
{ Auth-Application-Id: 16777238 }
{ Origin-Host: <configurable-string> }
{ Origin-Realm: <configurable-string> }
{ Destination-Realm: <configurable-string> }
{ CC-Request-Type: UPDATE_REQUEST(2) }
{ CC-Request-Number: <u32> }
[Destination-Host: <configurable-string>] -- if configured
[Origin-State-Id: <u32>] -- if configured to send
*[Upstream data units]
```





**NOTE:** The T bit recalculates when the CCR-GX-U is resent.

### CCA-GX-U Packet Example

```
CCA-GX-U ::= <Diameter Header: 272, PXY, 16777238>
{ <Session-Id> }
{ Auth-Application-Id: 16777238 }
{ Origin-Host: <string> } -- should match destination-host if configured
{ Origin-Realm: <string> } -- should match destination-realm
{ Result-Code: <integer> }
{ CC-Request-Type: UPDATE_REQUEST(2) }
{ CC-Request-Number: <u32> }
[Origin-State-Id: <u32>] -- Indicates PCRF restart
*[Downstream data units]
```

The PCRF returns a CCA-GX-U message that includes the Result-Code AVP (AVP code 268) that maps to the result categories listed in [Table 72 on page 817](#).

**Table 72: Result-Code-AVP Categories**

| Result-Code-AVP Value                                                                                                                                                                    | Result Category |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| SUCCESS(2001), LIMITED_SUCCSS(2002), and valid message                                                                                                                                   | Success         |
| UNABLE_TO_DELIVER(3002), REALM_NOT_SERVED(3003), TOO_BUSY(3004), LOOP_DETECTED(3005), and REDIRECT_INDICATION(3006)                                                                      | Failure         |
| All other Diameter Permanent-failure Result-Code AVPs greater than and equal to 5000, and all Diameter protocol error Result-Code AVPs greater than and equal to 3000 and less than 4000 | Success         |
| Other Result-Code AVPs for invalid message or no-response                                                                                                                                | Failure         |

### Subscriber Logout

When the client application sends a subscriber logout notice to AAA, Gx sends a CCR-GX-T (where T represents TERMINATION\_REQUEST) message to notify the PCRF that the provisioned subscriber session is being terminated.

Whenever a trigger event occurs on the router, a terminate request is sent to the PCRF. The following examples show a CCR-GX-T and CCA-GX-T packet exchange:

### CCR-GX-T Packet Example

```
CCR-GX-T ::= <Diameter Header: 272, REQ, PXY 16777238>
{ <Session-Id> }
{ Auth-Application-Id: 16777238 }
{ Origin-Host: <configurable-string> }
{ Origin-Realm: <configurable-string> }
{ Destination-Realm: <configurable-string> }
{ CC-Request-Type: TERMINATION_REQUEST(3) }
{ CC-Request-Number: <u32> }
[Destination-Host: <configurable-string>] -- if configured
```

```
{ Termination-Cause: DIAMETER_LOGOUT(1) }
[Origin-State-Id: <u32>] -- if configured to send
*[Upstream data units]
```



**NOTE:** The T bit recalculates when the CCR-GX-T is resent.

### CCA-GX-T Packet Example

```
CCA-GX-T ::= <Diameter Header: 272, PXY, 16777238>
{ <Session-Id> }
{ Auth-Application-Id: 16777238 }
{ Origin-Host: <string> } -- should match destination-host if configured
{ Origin-Realm: <string> } -- should match destination-realm
{ Result-Code: <integer> }
{ CC-Request-Type: TERMINATION_REQUEST(3) }
{ CC-Request-Number: <u32> }
[Origin-State-Id: <u32>] -- Indicates PCRF restart
*[Downstream data units]
```

The PCRF returns a CCA-GX-T message that includes the Result-Code AVP (AVP code 268) that maps to the result categories listed in [Table 73 on page 818](#).

**Table 73: Result-Code-AVP Categories**

| Result-Code-AVP Value                                                                                                                                                                    | Result Category |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| SUCCESS(2001), LIMITED_SUCCSS(2002), and valid message                                                                                                                                   | Success         |
| UNABLE_TO_DELIVER(3002), REALM_NOT_SERVED(3003), TOO_BUSY(3004), LOOP_DETECTED(3005), and REDIRECT_INDICATION(3006)                                                                      | Failure         |
| All other Diameter Permanent-failure Result-Code AVPs greater than and equal to 5000, and all Diameter protocol error Result-Code AVPs greater than and equal to 3000 and less than 4000 | Success         |
| Other Result-Code AVPs for invalid message or no-response                                                                                                                                | Failure         |

If the Result-Code value is Success, Gx notifies AAA, and AAA notifies the application that the logout is complete. If Gx does not receive a CCA-GX-T message, or if the Result-Code AVP has any other value or is missing, then the termination request is retried until the CCA-GX-T message is returned with Success. The router notifies the PCRF about subscriber logouts by sending another CCR request to be acknowledged by a CCA response. The PCRF may also use RAR requests to force subscriber logout or to change applied services.

If the Result-Code value is Failure, then the request is retried.

### Subscriber Disconnect

To perform subscriber disconnects, the PCRF sends a RAR-GX-D (where D represents DISCONNECT) and the BPCEF responds with a RAA-GX-D message.

The following examples show a RAR-GX-D and RAA-GX-D packet exchange:

#### RAR-GX-D Packet Example

```
RAR-GX-D ::= <Diameter Header: 258, PXY, 16777238>
{ <Session-Id> }
{ Auth-Application-Id: 16777238 }
{ Origin-Host: <string> } -- should match destination-host if configured
{ Origin-Realm: <string> } -- should match destination-realm
{ Destination-Realm: <string> } -- should match origin-realm
{ Destination-Host: <string> } -- should match origin-host
{ Re-Auth-Request-Type: AUTHORIZE_ONLY(0) }
[Origin-State-Id: <u32>] -- Indicates PCRF restart
{ Session-Release-Cause: <enum> }
*[Downstream data units] -- ignored
```

#### RAA-GX-D Packet Example

```
RAA-GX-D ::= <Diameter Header: 272, REQ, PXY, 16777238>
{ <Session-Id> }
{ Auth-Application-Id: 16777238 }
{ Origin-Host: <configurable-string> }
{ Origin-Realm: <configurable-string> }
{ Result-Code: <integer> }
[Origin-State-Id: <u32>]
*[Upstream data units]
```

The PCRF returns a RAA-GX-T message that includes the Result-Code AVP (AVP code 268) that maps to the result categories listed in [Table 74 on page 819](#).

**Table 74: Result-Code-AVP Categories**

| Result-Code-AVP Value           | Result Category                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DIAMETER_SUCCESS(2001)          | Subscriber disconnect is in progress or the subscriber is not found |
| DIAMETER_UNABLE_TO_COMPLY(5012) | Subscriber is not removable                                         |
| DIAMETER_TOO_BUSY(3004)         | Too many outstanding disconnect requests                            |



**NOTE:** The BPCEF contains buffering space for at least 512 RAR-GX-D or RAA-GX-D messages.

#### Connectivity Fault Recovery

Gx does not rely on the connection state between devices to detect router or PCRF outages, because some events do not affect the connection state and others are not detected when there is a Diameter relay or proxy between the devices.

To mitigate connectivity faults with the PCRF, the router uses the following fault recovery procedures:

- If the PCRF is not available, and if you installed and configured a default service, the subscriber login proceeds accordingly.
- Unacknowledged provisioning requests replay indefinitely or until the subscriber logs out.
- Logout requests wait for the final OCS interrogation to complete, and then any unacknowledged logout requests replay for 24 hours.
- The router uses standard Diameter transport redundancy to communicate with redundant PCRFs.

An important aspect of Gx fault tolerance is that subscriber login and termination requests are retried (replayed) 24 hours until a satisfactory response is received from the PCRF. You can issue the **clear network-access pcrf subscribers** command to clear all PCRF subscribers.

**Related Documentation**

- [3GPP Policy and Charging Control Overview for Wireline Provisioning and Accounting on page 805](#)
- [Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808](#)
- [Understanding Upstream and Downstream Messages for the PCRF on page 831](#)
- [Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825](#)

---

## Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS

---

Information or interrogations are exchanged by means of the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) Gy protocol between the Online Charging System (OCS), and the router acting as a Policy and Charging Enforcement Function (PCEF). Broadband PCEF (BPCEF) interactions with the OCS use online session charging with centralized unit determination and centralized rating. PCEF optionally reports usage and receives additional authorizations from the OCS using the Gy protocol.

Starting in Junos OS Release 17.3R1, support for additional OCS and PCRF features are added using Gy and Gx protocols. The new statements:

- **accept-sdr** is added for PCRF partition at the hierarchy level **[edit access pcrf partition *partition-name*]**.
- **alternative-partition-name** is added for OCS partition at the hierarchy level **[edit access ocs partition *partition-name*]**.

Starting in Junos OS Release 18.1R1, broadband PCEF provides the file backup for OCS data when both primary and alternative paths to the OCS are not available. The CCR-GY-T frames are stored in the files on remote location. The backup is supported at the hierarchy **[edit access ocs partition *partition-name*]**.

After subscriber provisioning has been completed between the Policy Control and Rules Charging Function (PCRF) and PCEF, the router begins sending the following interrogations between the OCS and PCEF:

- [First Interrogation to the OCS on page 821](#)
- [Intermediate Interrogation to the OCS on page 823](#)
- [Final Interrogation to the OCS on page 824](#)
- [Connectivity Fault Recovery on page 825](#)
- [Abort Session Requests on page 825](#)

## First Interrogation to the OCS

During the first interrogation, the router sends a Diameter CCR request containing a fixed set of required information to the OCS charging server. The OCS charging server then replies with validity-time, rating groups, and usage-quotas.



**NOTE:** For this implementation phase, the router allows subscriber access without waiting for the OCS to respond, and the OCS always grants necessary quotas.

To configure a list of charging services to communicate information with the OCS over the Gy protocol, configure the [charging-service-list ocs](#) statement at the **[edit access profile profile-name]** hierarchy level. The following examples show a CCR-GY-I and CCA-GY-I packet exchange:



**NOTE:** The T (potentially retransmitted message) bit recalculates when the CCR-GY-I is resent. This flag is set after a link failover procedure to aid the removal of duplicate requests.

### CCR-GY-I Packet Example

```
CCR-GY-I ::= <Diameter Header: 272, REQ, PXY 16777238>
{ <Session-Id> }
{ Origin-Host: <configurable-string> }
{ Origin-Realm: <configurable-string> }
{ Destination-Realm: <configurable-string> }
{ Auth-Application-Id: 4 }
{ Service-Context-Id: 98924@customer.com }
{ CC-Request-Type: INITIAL_REQUEST(1) }
{ CC-Request-Number: 0 }
[Destination-Host: <configurable-string>] -- if configured
[User-Name: <string>]
[Origin-State-Id: <u32>] -- if configured to send
[Event-Timestamp: <timestamp>] -- login timestamp, if included by config
{ Subscription-Id:
 { Subscription-Id-Type: <received-from-pcrf> }
 { Subscription-Id-Data: <received-from-pcrf> }
}
{ Multiple-Services-Indicator: MULTIPLE_SERVICES_SUPPORTED(1) }
 { Multiple-Services-CC:
```

```

 { Service-Identifier: 7 }
 { Rating-group: 292 }
 }
 { Multiple-Services-CC:
 { Service-Identifier: 7 }
 { Rating-group: 293 }
 }
 { Multiple-Services-CC:
 { Service-Identifier: 7 }
 { Rating-group: 292 }
 }
 { Multiple-Services-CC:
 { Service-Identifier: 1 }
 { Rating-group: 17 }
 }
}

```

### CCA-GY-I Packet Example

```

CCA-GY-I ::= <Diameter Header: 272, REQ, PXY 16777238>
{ <Session-Id> }
{ Result-Code: DIAMETER_SUCCESS(2001) }
{ Origin-Host: <string> } -- should match dest-host if configured
{ Origin-Realm: <string> } -- should match dest-realm
{ Auth-Application-Id: 4 }
{ CC-Request-Type: INITIAL_REQUEST(1) }
{ CC-Request-Number: 0 }
{ CC-Session-Failover: FAILOVER_NOT_SUPPORTED(0) } -- ignored
}
{ Multiple-Services-CC:
 { Granted-Service-Unit:
 { CC-Time: 123456 }
 { CC-Total-Octets: 123455999000 }
 }
 { Service-Identifier: 7 }
 { Rating-group: 292 }
 { Validity-Time: 7200 }
 { Result-Code: DIAMETER_SUCCESS(2001) }
}
{ Multiple-Services-CC:
 { Service-Identifier: 7 }
 { Rating-group: 293 }
 { Result-Code: DIAMETER_CREDIT_CONTROL_NOT_APPLICABLE(4011) }
}
{ Multiple-Services-CC:
 { Service-Identifier: 7 }
 { Rating-group: 292 }
 { Result-Code: DIAMETER_CREDIT_CONTROL_NOT_APPLICABLE(4011) }
}
{ Multiple-Services-CC:
 { Granted-Service-Unit:
 { CC-Time: 123456 }
 { CC-Total-Octets: 123455999000 }
 }
 { Service-Identifier: 1 }
 { Rating-group: 17 }
 { Result-Code: DIAMETER_SUCCESS(2001) }
}
{ CC-Failure-Handling: TERMINATE(0) }

```

## Intermediate Interrogation to the OCS

After the router has sent a fixed set of required information to the OCS charging server, the OCS charging server replies with validity-time, rating groups, and usage-quotas. Validity-time and quota expirations trigger intermediate interrogation events.

Whenever a trigger event occurs on the router, an update request is sent to the OCS. The following examples show a CCR-GY-U (where U represents UPDATE\_REQUEST) and CCA-GY-U packet exchange:

### CCR-GY-U Packet Example

```
CCR-GY-U ::= <Diameter Header: 272, REQ, PXY 16777238>
{ <Session-Id> }
{ Origin-Host: <configurable-string> }
{ Origin-Realm: <configurable-string> }
{ Destination-Realm: <configurable-string> }
{ Auth-Application-Id: 4 }
{ Service-Context-Id: 98924@customer.com }
{ CC-Request-Type: UPDATE_REQUEST(2) }
{ CC-Request-Number: <integer> }
[Destination-Host: <configurable-string>] -- if configured
[User-Name: <string>]
[Origin-State-Id: <u32>] -- if configured to send
[Event-Timestamp: <timestamp>] -- change timestamp, if included by config
{ Multiple-Services-Indicator: MULTIPLE_SERVICES_SUPPORTED(1) }
{ Multiple-Services-CC:
 { Used-Service-Unit:
 { Reporting-Reason: VALIDITY_TIME(4) }
 { CC-Time: 7200 }
 { CC-Total-Octets: 12345 }
 { CC-Input-Octets: 10000 }
 { CC-Output-Octets: 2345 }
 }
 { Service-Identifier: 7 }
 { Rating-group: 292 }
}
{ Multiple-Services-CC:
 { Used-Service-Unit:
 { Reporting-Reason: FINAL(2) }
 { CC-Time: 334556 }
 { CC-Total-Octets: 12345 }
 { CC-Input-Octets: 10000 }
 { CC-Output-Octets: 2345 }
 }
 { Service-Identifier: 1 }
 { Rating-group: 17 }
}
*[More Multiple-Services-CC]
```

### CCA-GY-U Packet Example

```
CCA-GY-U ::= <Diameter Header: 272, REQ, PXY 16777238>
{ <Session-Id> }
{ Result-Code: DIAMETER_SUCCESS(2001) }
{ Origin-Host: <string> } -- should match dest-host if configured
{ Origin-Realm: <string> } -- should match dest-realm
{ Auth-Application-Id: 4 }
{ CC-Request-Type: UPDATE_REQUEST(1) }
```

```
{ CC-Request-Number: <integer> }
{ Multiple-Services-CC:
 { Granted-Service-Unit:
 { CC-Time: 123456 }
 { CC-Total-Octets: 123455999000 }
 }
 { Service-Identifier: 7 }
 { Rating-group: 292 }
 { Validity-Time: 7200 }
 { Result-Code: DIAMETER_SUCCESS(2001) }
}
*[More Multiple-Services-CC]
```

## Final Interrogation to the OCS

When the client application sends a subscriber logout notice to AAA, Gy sends a CCR-GY-T (where T represents TERMINATION\_REQUEST) message to notify the OCS that the provisioned subscriber is being terminated.

Whenever a trigger event occurs on the router, a terminate request is sent to the OCS. The following examples show a CCR-GY-T and CCA-GY-T packet exchange:

### CCR-GY-T Packet Example

```
CCR-GY-T ::= <Diameter Header: 272, REQ, PXY 16777238>
{ <Session-Id> }
{ Origin-Host: <configurable-string> }
{ Origin-Realm: <configurable-string> }
{ Destination-Realm: <configurable-string> }
{ Auth-Application-Id: 4 }
{ Service-Context-Id: 98924@customer.com }
{ CC-Request-Type: TERMINATE_REQUEST(2) }
{ CC-Request-Number: <integer> }
[Destination-Host: <configurable-string>] -- if configured
[User-Name: <string>]
[Origin-State-Id: <u32>] -- if configured to send
[Event-Timestamp: <timestamp>] -- logout timestamp, if included by config
{ Termination-Cause: DIAMETER_LOGOUT(1) }
{ Multiple-Services-CC:
 { Used-Service-Unit:
 { Reporting-Reason: FINAL(2) }
 { CC-Total-Octets: 12345 }
 { CC-Input-Octets: 10000 }
 { CC-Output-Octets: 2345 }
 }
 { Service-Identifier: 7 }
 { Rating-group: 292 }
}
*[More Multiple-Services-CC]
```

### CCA-GY-T Packet Example

```
CCA-GY-T ::= <Diameter Header: 272, REQ, PXY 16777238>
{ <Session-Id> }
{ Result-Code: DIAMETER_SUCCESS(2001) }
{ Origin-Host: <string> } -- should match dest-host if configured
{ Origin-Realm: <string> } -- should match dest-realm
{ Auth-Application-Id: 4 }
```



```
{ CC-Request-Type: TERMINATE_REQUEST(1) }
{ CC-Request-Number: <integer> }
```

## Connectivity Fault Recovery

Gy does not rely on the connection state between devices to detect router or OCS outages, because some events do not affect the connection state and others are not detected when there is a Diameter relay or proxy between the devices.

To mitigate connectivity faults with the OCS, the router uses the following fault recovery procedures:

- If the OCS is not available, you can configure to allow subscriber traffic by setting the **force-continue** statement at the **[edit access ocs partition *partition-name*]** hierarchy level.



**NOTE:** The **force-continue** statement is a required configuration statement.

- Unacknowledged first and intermediate interrogations replay indefinitely or until the subscriber logs out.
- Unacknowledged final interrogations replay for up to 24 hours.
- The router uses standard Diameter transport redundancy to communicate with redundant OCSs.
- You can configure transport redundancy events to trigger failures in application traffic.

An important aspect of Gy fault tolerance is that subscriber login and termination requests are retried (replayed) 24 hours until a satisfactory response is received from the OCS. You can issue the **clear network-access ocs statistics** command to clear all OCS statistics.

## About Session Requests

The OCS may issue an ASR (Abort-Session-Request) when the receiving MX Series router collects final data and posts the final interrogation. After the MX Series router receives the response, it stops updating the OCS for the session involved.

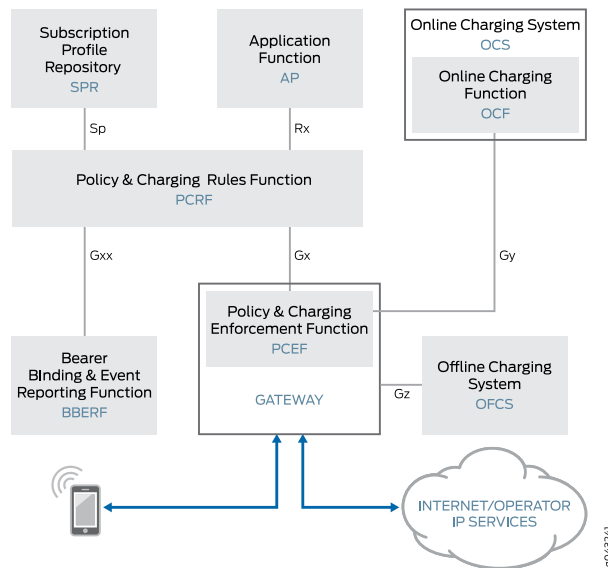
### Related Documentation

- [3GPP Policy and Charging Control Overview for Wireline Provisioning and Accounting on page 805](#)
- [Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808](#)
- [Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825](#)

## Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS

[Figure 33 on page 826](#) shows the components of an overall 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) Policy and Charging Control (PCC) architecture.

Figure 33: 3GPP PCC Architecture Overview



The Policy and Charging Rules Function (PCRF) pushes the rules down to the Policy and Charging Enforcement Function (PCEF) using the 3GPP Gx protocol and online policy interface. The PCEF provides service data flow detection, and applies the rules received from the PCRF. Optionally, the PCEF interacts with the Online Charging System (OCS) using the 3GPP Gy protocol to retrieve policy and charging authorization for quotas and credit control. Broadband PCEF (BPCEF) interactions with the OCS use online session charging with centralized unit determination and centralized rating.

The behavior and rule interactions among the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS prohibit you from adding or modifying rules with a rating group, and require you to set the **force-continue** statement at the **[edit access ocs partition *partition-name*] hierarchy level**. Two loosely coupled finite state machines (FSMs), one for PCRF/Gx interactions and the other for OCS/Gy interactions, control the functionality.

The PCRF, PCEF, and OCS provide the following interactions:

- [Login Interactions on page 827](#)
- [Update Interactions on page 827](#)
- [Quota Expiration and Validity-Time Interactions on page 828](#)
- [Connection and Monitoring Interactions on page 828](#)
- [Logout Interactions on page 829](#)

## Login Interactions

This login sequence of events is triggered by a CCA-GX-I message received between the PCRF and PCEF.

1. The PCRF installs the requested services.
2. The PCRF acknowledges subscriber activation and allows subscriber traffic to flow.
3. The PCRF sends a notification to the OCS.
4. The PCRF sends the first interrogation to the OCS using a CCR-GY-I message, and the OCS sends applicable reports to the PCRF using a CCR-GX-U message.
  - If the service-dynamic-profile instantiation fails, and the Resource-Allocation-Notification (ENABLE\_NOTIFICATION) is set for the charging rule, then the OCS sends a report. The router acknowledges the subscriber activation, allows subscriber traffic to flow, and continues to repeat the process.
  - If the service-dynamic-profile instantiation succeeds, and the Resource-Allocation-Notification (ENABLE\_NOTIFICATION) is set for the charging rule, and the SUCCESSFUL\_RESOURCE\_ALLOCATION event trigger is set in the request, then the OCS sends a report.
  - Otherwise, the system considers the response a no operation and takes no further action.

## Update Interactions

This update sequence of events is triggered by an RAR-GX-U message received between the PCRF and PCEF.

1. If the update request contains any installation or modification of rules with rating groups, then the PCRF rejects the message request; otherwise, it acknowledges the message request.
2. The PCRF starts the service removal and installation process.
3. The PCRF waits for the service removal and installation process to complete, and if applicable, the OCS starts the final data collection process.
  - If the service being removed has a rating group, the service notifies the OCS that is part of the existing service removal process.
  - The OCS determines whether final data for this service is required to be reported, and then starts final data collection as necessary.
  - If data collection was started successfully, then the service moves into wait state.
4. The OCS waits for the final data collection process to complete. After final data collection completes or times out, the service notifies the OCS again. The OCS saves

data in the subscriber's private directory and allows service to proceed with its existing service removal process.

5. The OCS sends applicable reports to the PCRF using a CCR-GX-U message.
  - If the service-dynamic-profile instantiation fails, and the Resource-Allocation-Notification (ENABLE\_NOTIFICATION) is set for the charging rule, then the OCS sends a report. The router acknowledges the subscriber activation, allows subscriber traffic to flow, and continues to repeat the process.
  - If the service-dynamic-profile instantiation succeeds, and the Resource-Allocation-Notification (ENABLE\_NOTIFICATION) is set for the charging rule, and the SUCCESSFUL\_RESOURCE\_ALLOCATION event trigger is set in the request, then the OCS sends a report.
  - Otherwise, the system considers the response a no operation and takes no further action.
6. The PCRF sends the intermediate interrogation to the OCS using a CCR-GY-U message.

## Quota Expiration and Validity-Time Interactions

For quota expirations and validity-time interactions, the router sends an intermediate interrogation to the OCS using a CCR-GY-U message and processes the OCS response.

## Connection and Monitoring Interactions

When establishing a connection with the PCRF, OCS, or Diameter Relay/Proxy server, the Diameter daemon performs a standard Capability Exchange Request (CER)/Capability Exchange Answer (CEA) transaction. You use existing Junos OS Diameter infrastructure to configure an appropriate topology with the necessary redundancy features. Additionally, you can use the same Diameter connection for both PCRF and OCS communications, and other applications.

The following examples show two different communication connection scenarios:

### CER Example with a Dedicated Connection Used to Communicate with the PCRF

```
CER ::= <Diameter Header: 257, REQ>
{ Origin-Realm: CSim.PCRF.net }
{ Origin-Host: MX-GWR3 }
{ Host-IP-Address: 10.8.52.91 }
{ Vendor-Id: 2636 }
{ Product-Name: JUNOS }
[Origin-State-Id: 7777] -- if configured
{ Supported-Vendor-Id: 10415 }
{ Supported-Vendor-Id: 2636 } -- have Juniper VSAs
{ Auth-Application-Id: 16777238 }
{ Vendor-Specific-Application-Id {
 { Vendor-Id: 10415 }
 { Auth-Application-Id: 16777238 }
 { Acct-Application-Id: 16777238 }
}
```



**NOTE:** If you set the `send-origin-state-id` statement for the router at either the `[edit access pcrf partition partition-name]` or `[edit access ocs partition partition-name]` hierarchy level, then the Origin-State-Id is included in Diameter level messages such as: CER, Device Watchdog Request (DWR)/Device Watchdog Answer (DWA), and Disconnect Peer Request (DPR)/Disconnect Peer Answer (DPA).

### CER Example with a Dedicated Connection Used to Communicate with Both PCRF and OCS

```
CER ::= <Diameter Header: 257, REQ>
{ Origin-Realm: CSim.PCRF.net }
{ Origin-Host: MX-GWR3 }
{ Host-IP-Address: 10.8.52.91 }
{ Vendor-Id: 2636 }
{ Product-Name: JUNOS }
[Origin-State-Id: 7777] -- if configured
{ Supported-Vendor-Id: 10415 }
{ Supported-Vendor-Id: 2636 } -- have Juniper VSAs
{ Auth-Application-Id: 4 } -- this is the difference with previous
{ Auth-Application-Id: 16777238 }
{ Vendor-Specific-Application-Id {
 { Vendor-Id: 10415 }
 { Auth-Application-Id: 16777238 }
 { Acct-Application-Id: 16777238 }
}
```



**NOTE:** The Auth-Application-Id: 4 field and value is the authentication application ID for the OCS. This is the difference between the first and second examples.

You monitor and manage connections using standard DWR/DWA and DPR/DPA messages.

### Logout Interactions

This logout sequence of events is triggered by a CCR-GX-T message to the PCRF that includes data for all unacknowledged rule-reports, and also sends a final interrogation to the OCS using a CCR-GY-T message that includes data for all unacknowledged final quota reports.

1. The system infrastructure notifies the OCS that the subscriber logout has started.
2. If applicable, the OCS starts the final data collection process.
  - If the service being removed has a rating group, the service notifies the OCS that is part of the existing service removal process.
  - The OCS determines whether final data for this service is required to be reported, and then starts final data collection as necessary.
  - If data collection was started successfully, then the service moves into wait state.

3. The OCS waits for the final data collection process to complete. After final data collection completes or times out, the service notifies the OCS again. The OCS saves data in the subscriber's private directory and allows service to proceed with its existing service removal process.
4. The OCS allows the service deletion to proceed.
5. The OCS starts the final interrogation process.
6. Both the PCRF and the OCF wait for the final interrogation process to complete.
7. The OCF notifies the PCRF.
8. The PCRF starts a termination request, and then waits for the termination request to complete.
9. The PCRF allows the subscriber logout process to proceed.

**Related Documentation**

- [Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808](#)
- [Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812](#)
- [Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820](#)

## Understanding Upstream and Downstream Messages for the PCRF

The MX Series router implements a number of measures to protect against data overload for both downstream and upstream transactions. Downstream transactions are protected by throttling input from the network under overload conditions. The upstream transactions are protected by limiting both the number of outstanding requests and using slow retries of the first unacknowledged message for a reliable recovery.

Built-in features of the Policy and Charging Enforcement Function (PCEF) environment provide protection from overload resulting from an excessive subscriber login rate. If there are too many rule changes and disconnect operations due to Reauthorization Request (RAR-GX) messages, the router sends a Reauthorization Answer (RAA-GX) response with the result-code: DIAMETER\_TOO\_BUSY (3004).

Within the router's AAA component, a session represents a subscriber (client) session entry in the Session Database (SDB).



**NOTE:** This is a representation of subscriber session only; it is not a connection-independent permanent identifier similar to a phone number. A subscriber can disconnect and reconnect, and it receives a different Session-Id.

There is a one-to-one correspondence between a session and the Session-Id. The Session-Id is globally and eternally unique because it is bound to the unique router identity and used to identify a user session without any reference to other information. The same subscriber could be mapped to several sessions, such as one from a disconnect and reconnect event. However, the session is always associated with a single subscriber.

The Session-Id (AVP Code 263) is of type UTF8String.

```
Session-Id AVP ::= <DiameterIdentity>;
 <upper 32 bits of the AAA COMPONENT session-id>;
 <lower 32 bits of the AAA COMPONENT session-id>;
```

The *DiameterIdentity* field is the value you configure for the Diameter origin-host. Internal Session-Ids are 64-bit integers assigned in ascending order. Both numeric parts of the Session-Id string are generated using %010u format, which guarantees that Session-Id AVP values are in the same order lexicographically as internal 64-bit sessions.

The Policy and Charging Rules Function (PCRF) pushes rules and messages down to the PCEF using the 3GPP Gx protocol and online policy interface. The PCRF and Gx protocol include the following messages:

- [Common Upstream Messages on page 832](#)
- [Common Downstream Messages on page 833](#)

## Common Upstream Messages

The upstream messages for Credit Control Response for Initiation, Update, and Termination (CCR-GX-I, CCR-GX-U, and CCR-GX-T) and RAA-GX may include the following rules, parameters and data:

- [Event-Timestamp AVP on page 832](#)
- [Charging Rules Installation Notifications on page 832](#)
- [Event Trigger Commands on page 833](#)

### Event-Timestamp AVP

The following shows an AVP for CCR-GX-I, CCR-GX-U, and CCR-GX-T, and RAA-GX messages between the PCRF and Gx:

```
{ Event-Timestamp: <timestamp> }
```

If you configure the Event-Timestamp AVP, it is included in the downstream message. The message definition in [Table 75 on page 832](#) varies depending on the transaction.

**Table 75: Event-Timestamp AVP Message Definition**

| Message  | Definition                 |
|----------|----------------------------|
| CCR-GX-I | Subscriber login timestamp |

### Charging Rules Installation Notifications

The following notifications show a failed installation example and a successful installation example of charging rules installation for CCR-GX-U messages between the PCRF and Gx:



**NOTE:** If unacknowledged reports are still pending at the time of the client logout, these charging rules are included in CCR-GX-T messages.

#### Notification Reporting a Rule Installation Failure

```
{ Charging-Rule-Report
 { Charging-Rule-Name: <string> }
 { Charging-Rule-Name: <string> }
 { PCC-Rule-Status: INACTIVE(1) }
 { Rule-Failure-Code: UNKNOWN_RULE_NAME(1) }
}
```

#### Notification Reporting a Rule Installation Success

```
{ Charging-Rule-Report
 { Charging-Rule-Name: <string> }
 { Charging-Rule-Name: <string> }
 { PCC-Rule-Status: ACTIVE(0) }
}
```



## Event Trigger Commands

The following shows a predefined event trigger command for CCR-GX and RAA-GX messages between the PCRF and Gx:

```
{ Event-Trigger: SUCCESSFUL_RESOURCE_ALLOCATION(22) }
```

## Common Downstream Messages

The downstream messages for Credit Control Answer for Initiation and Update (CCA-GX-I and CCA-GX-U) and RAR-GX may include the following predefined rules with parameters and data:



**NOTE:** The CCA-GX-T (Termination) message is not included as a downstream message.

- [Charging Rule Installation Commands on page 833](#)
- [Charging Rule Removal Commands on page 833](#)
- [Event Trigger Commands on page 834](#)

## Charging Rule Installation Commands

The following example shows predefined rule installation commands for CCA-GX and RAR-GX messages between the PCRF and Gx:

```
{ Charging-Rule-Install
 { Charging-Rule-Name: "fixed-cos" }
 { Charging-Rule-Definition:
 { Charging-Rule-Name: "firewall" }
 { Service-Identifier: 10 }
 { Rating-Group: 292 }
 { Juniper-Param-V4-Input-Filter: "my_input_filter" }
 { Juniper-Param-V4-Output-Filter: "my_output_filter" }
 }
 [Resource-Allocation-Notification: ENABLE_NOTIFICATION(0)]
}
```



**NOTE:** Some PCRFs may be unable to generate a Resource-Allocation-Notification AVP. As a result, the [report-resource-allocation](#) statement at the [edit access pcrf partition *partition-name*] hierarchy level provides generated reports by default.

## Charging Rule Removal Commands

The following example shows predefined rule removal commands for CCA-GX and RAR-GX messages between the PCRF and Gx:

```
{ Charging-Rule-Remove
 { Charging-Rule-Name: "predefined-ftp" }
```

```
{ Charging-Rule-Name: "firewall" }
}
```

The router processes all rule removal operations before any rule installation operations enabling you to simultaneously request both removal of an existing rule and installation of a rule having the same base name in a single transaction.

### Event Trigger Commands

---

The following shows a predefined event trigger command for CCA-GX and RAR-GX messages between the PCRF and Gx:

```
{ Event-Trigger: SUCCESSFUL_RESOURCE_ALLOCATION(22) }
```

If the SUCCESSFUL\_RESOURCE\_ALLOCATION (22) trigger value exists in the downstream data, the Broadband PCEF reports successful installations of rules marked with Resource-Allocation-Notification AVP in the Charging-Rule-Install AVP.



**NOTE:** Some PCRFs may be unable to generate this event trigger. As a result, the [report-successful-resource-allocation](#) statement at the [edit access pcrf partition *partition-name*] hierarchy level provides generated reports by default.

#### Related Documentation

- [Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812](#)
- [Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825](#)
- [Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808](#)

## Configuring the OCS Partition

---

The Online Charging System (OCS) works within a specific logical system: routing instance context, called a partition.



**NOTE:** Currently, only a single partition is supported; you must configure it within the default logical system: routing instance context.

Before you configure the OCS partition, perform the following task:

- Configure the Diameter instance at the [edit diameter] hierarchy level. See [“Configuring Diameter” on page 782](#).

Configuration for the OCS partition consists of naming the partition and then defining or associating a numerous parameters to define the characteristics of the partition.

To configure the OCS partition:

1. Create the partition or specify the name of an existing partition.

```
[edit access ocs]
user@host# set partition partition-name
```

- Specify the Diameter instance for the OCS partition.



**NOTE:** Currently, only the default Diameter instance, *master*, is supported.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set diameter-instance instance-name
```

- (Optional) Configure the Called-Station-ID AVP used in all CCR-Gy packets for the partition.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set called-station-id station-name
```

- (Optional) Configure the 3GPP-Charging-Id AVP used in all CCR-Gy packets for the partition.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set charging-id number
```

- (Optional) Configure the Destination-Host AVP value used in the CCR-GY-I message.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set destination-host ocs-hostname
```

- (Optional) Configure the Destination-Realm AVP value used in all CCR-GY messages

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set destination-realm ocs-realm-name
```

- (Optional) Configure the OCS partition to the draining state to make substantial configuration changes quickly.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set draining
```

- (Optional) Configure the amount of time in seconds before the OCS partition responds and begins to drain after it has been placed in the draining state.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set draining-response-timeout seconds
```

- (Optional) Configure the amount of time in seconds before the OCS partition stops attempting to send the final interrogation during the subscriber logout process.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set final-response-timeout seconds
```

10. Configure the OCS partition so that subscriber traffic is allowed before the first OCS interrogation and services are not removed by the PCEF when it receives negative responses from the OCS.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set force-continue
```

11. (Optional) Configure the GGSN-Address AVP value used in all CCR-GY messages.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set ggsn-address address
```

12. (Optional) Configure the 3GPP-GGSN-MCC-MNC AVP value used in all CCR-GY messages.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set ggsn-mcc-mnc ggsn-mcc-mnc
```

13. (Optional) Configure the number of outstanding requests from the OCS to the OCS server that can be retried when the requests are improperly answered.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set max-outstanding-requests number
```

14. (Optional) Specify that the Origin-State-ID AVP is included in Diameter base protocol level messages for the partition, and synchronized with the latest value sent to aid in monitoring changes in value.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set send-origin-state-id
```

15. (Optional) Configure the information concatenated as a string in usernames that the OCS partition sends to the PCEF to identify the subscribers.

- a. (Optional) Include the underlying or physical interface name.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set user-name-include base-interface-name
```

- b. (Optional) Use the specified character to separate the components of the username.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set user-name-include delimiter delimiter-character
```

- c. (Optional) Include the specified domain name.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set user-name-include domain-name domain-name
```

- d. (Optional) Include the interface name.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
```

```
user@host# set user-name-include interface-name
```

- e. (Optional) Include the client hardware MAC address from the incoming packet.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set user-name-include mac-address
```

- f. (Optional) Include the NAS-Port-ID (RADIUS attribute 87) that identifies the physical interface that subscriber is using.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set user-name-include nas-port-id
```

- g. (Optional) Include the name of the host that originates the Diameter message.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set user-name-include origin-host
```

- h. (Optional) Include the name of the realm that originates the Diameter message.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set user-name-include origin-realm
```

- i. Include the username.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set user-name-include user-name
```

- j. (Optional) Include the specified prefix.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set user-name-include user-prefix prefix
```

- 16. (Optional) Configure the information required for providing file backup for OCS data.

- a. (Optional) Include the limit on the total number of backup entries for the OCS data.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set backup limit
```

- b. (Optional) Include the timeout for backup operation.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set backup timeout
```

- c. (Optional) include action when number of backup entries exceeds limit.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
```

```
user@host# set backup overflow
```

17. (Optional) Configure the information required for providing the stfp-backup mechanism implemented for OCS data.

- a. (Optional) Configure the length of time to write the file after the first CCR-GY-T was submitted.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set sftp-backup accumulation-timeout
```

- b. (Optional) Configure the accumulation-count statement to set a specific value.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set sftp-backup accumulation-count
```

- c. (Optional) Configure the accumulation-size statement to set a specific value.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set sftp-backup accumulation-size
```

- d. (Optional) Configure the logical-system statement to set a specific value.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set sftp-backup logical-system
```

- e. (Optional) Configure the retry-interval statement to set a specific value.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set sftp-backup retry-interval
```

- f. (Optional) Configure the response-timeout statement to set a specific value.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set sftp-backup response-timeout
```

- g. (Optional) Configure the routing-instance statement to set a specific value.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set sftp-backup routing-instance
```

- h. (Optional) Configure the address statement to set a specific value.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set sftp-backup address
```

- i. (Optional) Configure the port statement to set a specific value.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set sftp-backup port
```

- j. (Optional) Configure the directory statement to set a specific value.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set sftp-backup directory
```

- k. (Optional) Configure the file-name-prefix statement to set a specific value.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set sftp-backup file-prefix
```

- l. (Optional) Configure the node-ipv4-address statement to set a specific value.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set sftp-backup node-ipv4-address
```

- m. (Optional) Configure the node-ipv6-address statement to set a specific value.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set sftp-backup node-ipv6-address
```

- n. (Optional) Configure the ssh-login statement to set a specific value.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set sftp-backup ssh-login
```

- o. (Optional) Configure the ssh-connection-linger statement to set a specific value.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set sftp-backup ssh-connection-linger
```

- p. (Optional) Configure the ssh-log-verbose statement to set a specific value.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set sftp-backup ssh-log-verbose
```

- q. (Optional) Configure the ssh-passphrase statement to set a specific value.

```
[edit access ocs partition partition-name]
user@host# set sftp-backup ssh-passphrase
```

#### Related Documentation

- [Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812](#)
- [Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820](#)

## Configuring the PCRF Partition

The Policy Control and Rules Charging Function (PCRF) works within a specific logical system:routing instance context, called a partition.



**NOTE:** Currently, only a single partition is supported; you must configure it within the default logical system:routing instance context.

Before you configure the PCRF partition, perform the following task:

- Configure the Diameter instance at the **[edit diameter]** hierarchy level. See [“Configuring Diameter” on page 782](#).

Configuration for the PCRF partition consists of naming the partition and then defining or associating numerous parameters to define the characteristics of the partition.

To configure the PCRF partition:

1. Create the partition or specify the name of an existing partition.

```
[edit access pcrf]
user@host# set partition partition-name
```

2. Specify the Diameter instance for the PCRF partition.



**NOTE:** Currently, only the default Diameter instance, *master*, is supported.

```
[edit access pcrf partition partition-name]
user@host# set diameter-instance instance-name
```

3. (Optional) Configure the Destination-Host AVP value used in the CCR-GX-I message.

```
[edit access pcrf partition partition-name]
user@host# set destination-host pcrf-hostname
```

4. (Optional) Configure the Destination-Realm AVP value used in all CCR-GX messages

```
[edit access pcrf partition partition-name]
user@host# set destination-realm pcrf-realm-name
```

5. (Optional) Configure the PCRF to the draining state to make substantial configuration changes quickly.

```
[edit access pcrf partition partition-name]
user@host# set draining
```

6. (Optional) Configure the amount of time in seconds before the PCRF responds and begins to drain after it has been placed in the draining state.



```
[edit access pcrf partition partition-name]
user@host# set draining-response-timeout seconds
```

7. Configure the an IP connectivity access network (IP-CAN) that best fits your operating environment and access network.

```
[edit access pcrf partition partition-name]
user@host# set ip-can-type number seconds
```

8. Configure the PCRF partition so that the subscriber login proceeds even if the PCRF is unavailable or the PCRF does not respond within the corresponding logout response timeout period.

```
[edit access pcrf partition partition-name]
user@host# set local-decision
```

9. (Optional) Configure the amount of time in seconds before the PCRF stops attempting to send a subscriber logout message.

```
[edit access pcrf partition partition-name]
user@host# set logout-response-timeout seconds
```

10. (Optional) Configure the number of outstanding requests from the PCRF to the PCRF server that can be retried when the requests are improperly answered..

```
[edit access pcrf partition partition-name]
user@host# set max-outstanding-requests number
```

11. (Optional) Specify that the PCRF sends local report downstream messages by default.

```
[edit access pcrf partition partition-name]
user@host# set report-local-rule
```

12. (Optional) Specify that .the PCRF reports by default when installation fails for rules marked with the Resource-Allocation-Notification AVP in the Charging-Rule.

```
[edit access pcrf partition partition-name]
user@host# set report-resource-allocation
```

13. (Optional) Specify that the PCRF reports by default when installation either fails or succeeds for rules marked with the Resource-Allocation-Notification AVP in the Charging-Rule.

```
[edit access pcrf partition partition-name]
user@host# set report-successful-resource-allocation
```

14. (Optional) Specify that the Juniper-Dyn-Subscription-Id-Indicator AVP is included to indicate support for dynamic assignment of the subscription ID.

```
[edit access pcrf partition partition-name]
user@host# set send-dyn-subscription-indicator
```

15. (Optional) Specify that the Juniper-Network-Family-Indicator AVP is included to indicate the network families that are associated with the service request and supported by the subscriber.

```
[edit access pcrf partition partition-name]
user@host# set send-network-family-indicator
```

16. (Optional) Specify that the

```
[edit access pcrf partition partition-name]
user@host# set send-origin-state-id
```

17. (Optional) Specify that the Origin-State-ID AVP is included in Diameter base protocol level messages for the partition, and synchronized with the latest value sent to aid in monitoring changes in value.

```
[edit access pcrf partition partition-name]
user@host# set send-origin-state-id
```

18. (Optional) Configure the subscriber data to use in the PCRF partition messages to identify subscribers.

- a. (Optional) Include the underlying or physical interface name.

```
[edit access pcrf partition partition-name]
user@host# set subscription-id-data-include base-interface-name
```

- b. (Optional) Use the specified character to separate the components of the subscription identifier.

```
[edit access pcrf partition partition-name]
user@host# set subscription-id-data-include delimiter delimiter-character
```

- c. (Optional) Include the specified domain name.

```
[edit access pcrf partition partition-name]
user@host# set subscription-id-data-include domain-name domain-name
```

- d. (Optional) Include the interface name.

```
[edit access pcrf partition partition-name]
user@host# set subscription-id-data-include interface-name
```

- e. (Optional) Include the client hardware MAC address from the incoming packet.

```
[edit access pcrf partition partition-name]
user@host# set subscription-id-data-include mac-address
```

- f. (Optional) Include the NAS-Port-ID (RADIUS attribute 87) that identifies the physical interface that subscriber is using.

```
[edit access pcrf partition partition-name]
user@host# set subscription-id-data-include nas-port-id
```

- g. (Optional) Include the name of the host that originates the Diameter message.

```
[edit access pcrf partition partition-name]
user@host# set subscription-id-data-include origin-host
```

- h. (Optional) Include the name of the realm that originates the Diameter message.

```
[edit access pcrf partition partition-name]
user@host# set subscription-id-data-include origin-realm
```

- i. Include the username.

```
[edit access pcrf partition partition-name]
user@host# set subscription-id-data-include user-name
```

- j. (Optional) Include the specified prefix.

```
[edit access pcrf partition partition-name]
user@host# set subscription-id-data-include user-prefix prefix
```

19. (Optional) Identify the subscriber with a custom or predefined type value during the login session in CCR-GX-I and CCA-GX-I messages.

```
[edit access pcrf partition partition-name]
user@host# set subscription-id-type number
```

20. (Optional) Configure the amount of time in seconds before a PCRF partition stops attempting to send an updated rule report response using a CCR-GX-U message.

```
[edit access pcrf partition partition-name]
user@host# set update-response-timeout seconds
```

#### Related Documentation

- [Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812](#)
- [Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820](#)

## Configuring OCS Global Parameters

You can configure global attributes of the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) Diameter credit control service charging system for the Online Charging System (OCS), which interacts with the Policy and Charging Enforcement Function (PCEF).

Currently, the only configurable global attribute is the service context identifier allocated by the service provider or operator. This value corresponds to the Service-Context-Id AVP, which together with the Service-Identifier-AVP uniquely and globally identifies the Diameter credit control service.

To configure the OCS global parameters:

- Configure the service context identifier.

```
[edit access ocs global]
```

```
user@host# set service-context-id service-context
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812](#)
  - [Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820](#)

# Configuring NASREQ for Authentication and Authorization

- [Diameter Network Access Server Application \(NASREQ\) on page 845](#)
- [Configuring the Diameter Network Access Server Application \(NASREQ\) on page 847](#)

## Diameter Network Access Server Application (NASREQ)

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The Diameter Network Access Server Requirements (NASREQ) protocol is a Diameter-based authentication, authorization, and accounting protocol defined in RFC 7155, *Diameter Network Access Server Application*. It is an alternative to using RADIUS AAA in a Diameter environment. Junos OS supports the authentication and authorization functions, but not accounting. Authentication is used for the initial subscriber login to verify the subscriber identity. Similarly, authorization is used at login to set up the initial conditions or services or both that may be needed for the subscriber. The NASREQ protocol is not used for re-authentication or re-authorization of subscribers.

Junos OS supports the following NASREQ protocol exchanges:

- AA-Request/Answer—The authentication/authorization request at login.
- Session-Termination-Request/Answer—Notification that the subscriber's session has been terminated.
- Abort-Session-Request/Answer—Request to terminate the subscriber's session from a NASREQ server.



**NOTE:** The Auth-Application-Id AVP must be set to a value of 1 in AA-Request, Session-Termination-Request, and Abort-Session-Request messages.

The NASREQ client has two queues, the transmit queue and response queue. The transmit queue stores outbound packets until they are sent to Diameter, and includes requests and responses. The response queue stores packets until Diameter responds to the request, and includes only requests waiting for a response.

The following configuration variables control transmission flow and use of the queues:

- *outstanding-requests*—The maximum number of requests (includes AAR and STR) that are sent to Diameter for wireline transmissions—effectively this is the maximum count of requests on the response-queue (the maximum number of in-flight requests for which there has not been a response or timeout); it does not include sent responses.
- *request-retry*—The number of times to re-send a given request to Diameter after it times out for its initial request. This value applies only to requests in the response queue.
- *timeout*—The number of seconds that an outbound packet remains in the transmit queue before it is declared timed out. Packets that exceed the timeout value are not transmitted. Diameter manages packets that time out after transmission. The timeout value applies to all packets in the transmit queue, including both requests and responses to be sent.

The exchange flow takes place as follows:

1. A subscriber attempts to log in and authd, acting as the NASREQ client, sends the NASREQ server a Diameter AA-Request (AAR) message that includes information about the subscriber and authentication information.
  - If the number of outstanding requests is less than the configured maximum outstanding request value, then authd sends the request to the NASREQ server for transmission and places the request on the response queue.
  - If the number of outstanding requests is greater than or equal to the configured maximum outstanding request value, then authd stores the request on the transmit queue.
2. When a response is received from the NASREQ server in the form of a Diameter AA-Answer (AAA) message, authd checks the response queue for a matching request (AAR).
  - If a matching request is found, the request is pulled from the queue and used to process the response.
  - If no matching request is found, the response is ignored and dropped.

When Diameter notifies the NASREQ client that a request has timed out, one of the following actions occurs:

- If the request is not on the response queue, the timeout is ignored.
- If the retry counter for this request is less than the configured **request-retry** value, authd sends the request again and increments the retry counter for that request.
- If the retry counter for this request is greater than or equal to the configured value, authd processes the request timeout and sends the next request that is on the transmit queue to the NASREQ server.

When the configured timeout period expires, authd removes any expired outbound packets from the transmit queue and processes them as having timed out.

## Benefits of Using the Diameter NASREQ Protocol

Enables the use of an external NASREQ server to provide authentication and authorization for subscribers, rather than using a RADIUS server. Some customer models might not employ a RADIUS server, or want to stop using a RADIUS server when they move to a Diameter subscriber provisioning model.

### Related Documentation

- [Diameter Base Protocol Overview on page 759](#)
- [Configuring the Diameter Network Access Server Application \(NASREQ\) on page 847](#)
- [Diameter AVPs and Diameter Applications on page 768](#)

## Configuring the Diameter Network Access Server Application (NASREQ)

You configure the NASREQ client as an alternative to RADIUS for subscriber authentication and authorization when the subscribers log in.

To configure NASREQ for authentication and authorization:

1. Specify NASREQ as a Diameter application (function) associated with a network element.

```
[edit diameter network-element network-element-name]
user@host# set function nasreq
```

2. Specify NASREQ as the Diameter network element forwarding function and partition.

```
[edit diameter network-element network-element-name forwarding route route]
user@host# set function nasreq
```

3. Specify NASREQ for subscriber authentication and authorization.

```
[edit access profile profile-name]
user@host# set authentication-order nasreq
```

4. Specify NASREQ for subscriber authorization only (no authentication).

```
[edit access profile profile-name]
user@host# set authorization-order nasreq
```



**NOTE:** When you configure both **authentication-order** and **authorization-order**, the behavior depends on the subscriber type. For DHCP subscribers, **authorization-order** has precedence over **authentication-order**. For all other subscriber types, **authentication-order** has precedence over **authorization-order**.

5. Specify the destination identity of the NASREQ partition.

```
[edit access nasreq partition partition-name]
```

```
user@host# set diameter-instance master destination-realm realm-name
destination-host hostname
```

6. Specify the maximum number of requests to send to the Diameter engine for transmission. This is also the maximum number of requests in the response queue.

```
[edit access nasreq]
```

```
user@host# set max-outstanding-requests number
```

7. Specify the number of times to retry sending a request to the Diameter engine if a timeout is received from Diameter for the request.

```
[edit access [edit access nasreq]
```

```
user@host# set request-retry retries
```

8. Specify the number of seconds an outbound packet remains in the transmit queue before it is declared timed out.

```
[edit access [edit access nasreq]
```

```
user@host# set timeout seconds
```

#### Related Documentation

- [Diameter Network Access Server Application \(NASREQ\) on page 845](#)
- [Diameter Base Protocol Overview on page 759](#)
- [Diameter AVPs and Diameter Applications on page 768](#)



## CHAPTER 77

# Configuring JSRC in Subscriber Access Networks

- [Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control \(SRC\) and JSRC Overview on page 849](#)
- [Understanding JSRC-SAE Interactions on page 851](#)
- [JSRC Provisioning for Dual-Stack Subscribers on page 853](#)
- [Configuring JSRC on page 857](#)
- [Configuring the JSRC Partition on page 858](#)
- [Assigning a Partition to JSRC on page 859](#)
- [Authorizing Subscribers with JSRC on page 859](#)
- [Provisioning Subscribers with JSRC on page 860](#)
- [Configuring JSRC for Dual-Stack Subscribers on page 861](#)

### Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control (SRC) and JSRC Overview

The Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control (SRC) environment provides a central administrative point for managing subscribers and their services. The SRC software runs on Juniper Networks C Series Controllers. The SRC software uses the Diameter protocol for communications between the local SRC peer on a Juniper Networks routing platform and the remote SRC peer on a C Series Controller. The local SRC peer is known as JSRC and is part of the AAA application. The remote SRC peer is the service activation engine (SAE); the SAE acts as the controlling agent in the SRC environment. JSRC and the SAE jointly provide the remote control enforcement functionality (RCEF).

JSRC has the following responsibilities:

- Request address authorization from the SAE.
- Request service activations from the SAE.
- Activate and deactivate services as specified by the SAE. JSRC can activate multiple policies with the same service (dynamic profile) name.
- Optionally report volume statistics for service accounting.
- Log out subscribers as specified by the SAE.
- Update the SAE with status of new service activations and deactivations.

- Synchronize subscriber state and service information with the SAE.
- Notify the SAE when subscribers log out.

The SRC software enables the SAE to activate and deactivate subscriber services (described by SRC policies) and log out subscribers. The SAE can control only those resources that have been provisioned through SAE. Therefore, the SAE receives information about only those subscribers for whom JSRC has requested provisioning from the SAE. For example, when a subscriber logs in, but the configuration did not require the session activation path to include SAE provisioning, the SAE does not receive information about this subscriber and cannot control the subscriber session.

Similarly, the SAE can control only the subscriber services that it has activated. When a service is not activated from the SAE—a RADIUS-activated service, for example—the SAE receives no information about the service and has no control over it.

The SAE can also direct JSRC to collect accounting statistics per service session.



**NOTE:** More than one Diameter-based application (function) can run on a router simultaneously.

---

## Benefits of Using JSRC

- Enables the use of MX Series routers to act as the local peer in a Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control (SRC) environment for centralized management of subscribers and their services.

## Hardware Requirements for JSRC for Subscriber Access

JSRC is supported on Juniper Networks MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers. JSRC currently supports subscriber sessions on static and dynamic interfaces.

### Related Documentation

- [Understanding JSRC-SAE Interactions on page 851](#)
- [Messages Used by Diameter Applications on page 762](#)
- [Diameter AVPs and Diameter Applications on page 768](#)
- [JSRC Provisioning for Dual-Stack Subscribers on page 853](#)
- [Configuring JSRC on page 857](#)

## Understanding JSRC-SAE Interactions

This topic describes the sequences of Diameter messages exchanged between JSRC (the local SRC peer) and the SAE (the remote SRC peer) as they interact to perform the following tasks for subscriber access:

- Subscriber login
- Service activation
- Service deactivation
- Resynchronization
- SAE-initiated subscriber logout
- Statistics collection and reporting
- Subscriber-initiated logout

### Subscriber Login

JSRC authorization works as follows for different subscriber types:

- When you configure both **authorization-order jsrc** and **authentication-order** in the access profile, the authorization order applies only to DHCP subscribers affected by the profile and the authentication order applies only to non-DHCP subscribers.
- When you configure only **authorization-order jsrc** in the access profile, the authorization order applies to all subscribers affected by the profile.

When a subscriber attempts to log in, the protocol daemon sends an authentication request to AAA. In turn, JSRC sends a Diameter AA-Request message to the SAE. SAE returns a Diameter AA-Answer message that can include the Framed-IP-Address attribute and the Juniper-DHCP-Options AVP (AVP code 2010). JSRC ignores any other optional AVPs included in this AA-Answer message.

JSRC provisioning is enabled for DHCP (and SSC) subscribers when you include the **provisioning-order** statement at the **[edit access profile *profile-name*]** hierarchy level. When the application requests AAA to activate the subscriber's session, JSRC sends an AA-Request message that includes the Juniper-Request-Type AVP (AVP code 2050) with a value that indicates service provisioning is requested from the SAE.

The SAE returns a AA-Answer message that contains an ACK if the request is accepted or a NAK if the request is denied. If the request is accepted, the AA-Answer message includes the Juniper-Policy-Install AVP (AVP code 2020), which is used to specify the service to attach to the subscriber's interface. When this AVP is included, the SAE sets the Result-Code AVP to 1001 (DIAMETER\_MULTI\_ROUND\_AUTH). This code means that the JSRC must send another AA-Request message to the SAE to report the success or failure of the policy instantiation (service activation) by AAA. JSRC ignores any other optional AVPs included in this AA-Answer message. The SAE returns an AA-Answer message to acknowledge this second AA-Request message.

## Subscriber Service Activation and Deactivation

SAE policies provision subscriber services. After a subscriber is logged in, the SAE can send a PPR message to JSRC to activate or deactivate services. A given PPR can include the Juniper-Policy-Install AVP (AVP code 2020) to activate a service, the Juniper-Policy-Remove AVP (AVP code 2027) to deactivate a service, or both (for different services). A PPR can include no more than three of these AVPs (install, remove, or mixed).

JSRC sends a PPA message to the SAE when it has completed the tasks requested in the PPR. The PPA indicates the success or failure of the actions requested in the PPR.



**NOTE:** If you use RADIUS or the CLI to deactivate a service that the SAE, the SAE becomes unsynchronized with the state of subscribers on the routing engine.

---

## Subscriber Resynchronization

During resynchronization, JSRC informs the SAE about the services that are active for the provisioned subscribers. Either JSRC or the SAE initiates the resynchronization.

- The SAE initiates resynchronization at startup or when a backup SAE takes over session control due to resource limits or conditions on the primary SAE. The SAE clears its database of all entries in preparation for the synchronization.
- JSRC initiates resynchronization at JSRC startup, such as when AAA starts or restarts.

JSRC can also initiate resynchronization in another circumstance. When an SAE in a multi-SAE environment becomes active, it must send an SRQ to JSRC as its first message. JSRC then locks the Origin-Host AVP of the active SAE. JSRC subsequently triggers resynchronization if it receives a message from any other SAE as indicated by the Origin-Host AVP. Such an incident can occur if communication between the active SAE and a standby SAE is interrupted.

Both entities initiate a resynchronization by sending an SRQ message. The recipient responds with an SRR message. After the SRR is sent, regardless of whether the SAE or JSRC initiates the synchronization, JSRC sends an AA-Request message to the SAE for each provisioned subscriber present in the session database. The AA-Request message includes a Juniper-Policy-Install AVP for the active services. The SAE returns an AA-Answer message with an ACK to acknowledge receipt.

## Subscriber Session Terminated by the SAE

When the SAE terminates a subscriber session, it sends an ASR message to JSRC. JSRC causes AAA to send a logout request to the DHCP (or SSC) client application. When the DHCP client application accepts the logout request, JSRC includes an ACK in the ASR message it sends to the SAE to signify success. If the DHCP client application does not accept the request, then JSRC includes a NAK in the ASR to signify failure. The DHCP client application is responsible for initiating the actual logout sequence with AAA.

## Statistics Collection and Reporting per Service Rule

Statistics information can be sent from the router to the SAE or from the SAE to the router. Both the Diameter Accounting-Request (ACR) and Accounting-Answer (ACA) messages include the Juniper-Acct-Record AVP (AVP code 2053), which identifies the policy (service) for which accounting information is requested.

## Subscriber Logout

When the DHCP (or SSC) client application sends a subscriber logout notice to AAA, JSRC sends an STR message to notify the SAE that the provisioned subscriber session is being terminated. The SAE returns an STA message to JSRC, and JSRC notifies DHCP that the logout is complete.

### Related Documentation

- [Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control \(SRC\) and JSRC Overview on page 849](#)
- [Messages Used by Diameter Applications on page 762](#)
- [Diameter AVPs and Diameter Applications on page 768](#)
- [JSRC Provisioning for Dual-Stack Subscribers on page 853](#)
- [Configuring JSRC on page 857](#)

## JSRC Provisioning for Dual-Stack Subscribers

Starting in Junos OS Release 18.1R1, you can include the **dualstack-support** statement at the **[edit jsrc]** hierarchy level to configure JSRC provisioning for dual-stack subscribers so that it reports information about the separate stacks for a given subscriber, using a single JSRC session. In earlier releases, the DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 stacks are treated as a single subscriber; the remote SRC peer (SAE) is not informed about whether only one family or both families are active. The statistics are reported as an aggregate of both families rather than separated by family. The default behavior starting in Junos OS Release 18.1R1 is the same as the behavior in earlier releases.

This dual-stack provisioning behavior is not backward compatible with other releases. [Table 76 on page 853](#) on page 2 lists some of the differences in behavior when dual-stack support is configured and when it is not configured (the default).

**Table 76: Differences Between JSRC Dual-Stack Behavior by Release**

| Dual-Stack Support Configured                                                                                                                    | Dual-Stack Support Not Configured                                                                                      |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| When the first network family is activated, sends the addresses for only that family in the initial request to the provisioning server.          | When the first network family is activated, requests provisioning from the provisioning server (SAE; remote SRC peer). |
| When the second network family is activated, sends a special family-activate packet to inform the provisioning server that the family is active. | When the second network family is activated, reports nothing to the provisioning server.                               |

Table 76: Differences Between JSRC Dual-Stack Behavior by Release (*continued*)

| Dual-Stack Support Configured                                                                                                                                        | Dual-Stack Support Not Configured                                                                           |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| When the next-to-last network family is deactivated, sends a special family-deactivate packet to inform the provisioning server that the family is no longer active. | When the next-to-last network family is deactivated, reports nothing to the provisioning server.            |
| Reports IPv4 and IPv6 statistics separately.                                                                                                                         | Reports subscriber and services statistics as an aggregate of statistics for both IPv4 and IPv6 statistics. |

### Benefits of JSRC Dual-Stack Provisioning

- Enables SAE to be aware of which network families are currently active for a subscriber.
- Enables collection of accurate accounting statistics per address family, rather than an aggregated count that includes statistics for both families without distinction.

### AA-Request Messages When Dual-Stack Support Configured

When **dualstack-support** is configured, Diameter AA-Request (AAR) provisioning messages sent to the SAE include the following:

- IPv4 or IPv6 addresses of the currently active network families as well as the families that are in the process of being activated. When either address type is not included in the AAR message, it means that the corresponding network family is not active and is not being activated when the request is sent.
- For IPv4 addressing, the following Diameter AVPs when they are available in the subscriber's session database entry:
  - Framed-IP-Address (AVP 8)
  - Framed-IP-Netmask (AVP 9)
- For IPv6 addressing, the following Diameter AVPs and Juniper Networks Diameter AVPs when they are available in the subscriber's session database entry:
  - Framed-IPv6-Address (AVP 168)
  - Framed-IPv6-Prefix (AVP 97)
  - Delegated-IPv6-Prefix (AVP 123)
  - Juniper-IPv6-Ndra-Prefix (AVP 2200)
  - Juniper-Framed-IPv6-Netmask (AVP 2201)
- The following Juniper Networks Diameter AVPs when they are available in the subscriber's session database entry:
  - Juniper-Agent-Circuit-Id (AVP 2202)
  - Juniper-Remote-Circuit-Id (AVP 2203)

- One of the following new values in the Juniper-Request-Type AVP (2636:2050) to notify the SAE when an inactive network family activates or an existing network family deactivates:
  - 4—NETWORK\_FAMILY\_ACTIVATE
  - 5—NETWORK\_FAMILY\_DEACTIVATE

Only the addressing of the family being activated or deactivated is included in the notification.



**NOTE:** An activation notification is not sent for the first network family that activates. A deactivation notice is not sent for the last family that deactivates.

- When the AAR message is used for synchronization and recovery, only the addressing for the currently active address families for that subscriber. The AAR message does not include addressing for deactivated families.

## Accounting-Request Messages When Dual-Stack Support Configured

When **dualstack-support** is configured, the Diameter Accounting-Request (ACR) messages always include both IPv4 and IPv6 statistics, even when the value is zero.

Statistics are reported for the life of the subscriber session and not merely for the life of the network family session. When one of the network families is inactive, JSRC continues to report the last statistics value for the inactive family with the current statistics of the active network family. If the deactivated family becomes active again, the new family statistics are added to the existing values.

The following Juniper Networks Diameter AVPs (IANA enterprise number 2636) are used to report IPv6 statistics:

- Accounting-IPv6-Input-Octets attribute (2204)
- Accounting-IPv6-Output-Octets attribute (2205)
- Accounting-IPv6-Input-Pkts attribute (2206)
- Accounting-IPv6-Output-Pkts attribute (2207)

These IPv6 AVPs are not used when **dualstack-support** is not configured. In that case the IPv6 statistics are aggregated with the IPv4 statistics in the corresponding IPv4 AVPs.

## Network Family Activation and Deactivation Notification When Dual-Stack Support Configured

The following sequence describes client and authd process (daemon) behavior when a network family is activated:

1. A subscriber initiates login.
2. The client application on the router, such as PPP or DHCP, sends an authentication and authorization (AA) request to authd.

3. The authd process sends the AA request as configured and returns the response to the client application, which then returns a response to the subscriber.
4. The client application builds and configures the subscriber's interface on the router with information from the client dynamic profile.
5. The client application sends the first network family activation request to authd.
6. The authd process sends a provisioning request to the SAE that contains the addresses of the family that is being activated. Because authd sends a provisioning request for the first family activation, there is no reason to also send a family-activation notification.
7. The SAE returns policies (services) for authd to activate for the subscriber.
8. The authd process activates those services and sends a family-activation ACK response to the client application.
9. The client application might send a family activation request for the other network family.
  - a. The authd process activates any services for that specific network family and then sends a family-activation ACK response to the client application.
  - b. The authd process then sends a family-activation notification to the SAE with the addresses of the second family. The AAR message includes the Juniper-Request-Type AVP (2636:2050) with a value of 4 (NETWORK\_FAMILY\_ACTIVATE). The notification includes only addresses for this family.

For deactivations, the client application sends a family deactivation request only when both network families are active. The authd process deactivates the network family (and any associated services) as requested and sends the SAE a family deactivation notification with the addresses for that family. The AAR message includes the Juniper-Request-Type AVP (2636:2050) with a value of 5 (NETWORK\_FAMILY\_DEACTIVATE). The notification includes only addresses for this family.

However, when the last network family deactivates, the client sends a termination request, which causes authd to send the JSRC-Acct-Stop message to the SAE. Consequently there is no need for authd to send a family deactivation notification.

Release History Table

| Release | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 18.1R1  | Starting in Junos OS Release 18.1R1, you can include the <b>dualstack-support</b> statement at the <b>[edit jsrc]</b> hierarchy level to configure JSRC provisioning for dual-stack subscribers so that it reports information about the separate stacks for a given subscriber, using a single JSRC session. |

#### Related Documentation

- [Configuring JSRC for Dual-Stack Subscribers on page 861](#)
- [Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control \(SRC\) and JSRC Overview on page 849](#)
- [Messages Used by Diameter Applications on page 762](#)



- [Diameter AVPs and Diameter Applications on page 768](#)
- [Configuring JSRC on page 857](#)

## Configuring JSRC

---

You can configure the JSRC client application to work with Session and Resource Control (SRC) to centrally manage subscribers and services. JSRC requests address and service authorizations from the remote SRC peer (the SAE), activates and deactivates services as specified by the SAE, logs out subscribers as specified by the SAE, and synchronizes subscriber state and service information with the SAE.

To configure JSRC:

1. Configure the JSRC partition.  
[See “Configuring the JSRC Partition” on page 858.](#)
2. Assign the JSRC partition.  
[See “Assigning a Partition to JSRC” on page 859.](#)
3. Configure JSRC authorization for subscribers.  
[See “Authorizing Subscribers with JSRC” on page 859.](#)
4. Configure JSRC provisioning for subscribers.  
[See “Provisioning Subscribers with JSRC” on page 860.](#)
5. (Optional) Configure JSRC to exclude an AVP from Messages Sent to SAE.  
[See “Excluding AVPs from Diameter Messages for JSRC” on page 863.](#)
6. Configure service accounting by JSRC.  
[See “Configuring Service Accounting with JSRC” on page 866.](#)
7. Configure JSRC support for dual-stack subscribers.  
[See “Configuring JSRC for Dual-Stack Subscribers” on page 861.](#)
8. Configure JSRC event tracing as part of general authentication service tracing operations.  
[See “Tracing General Authentication Service Processes” on page 941.](#)

### Related Documentation

- [Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control \(SRC\) and JSRC Overview on page 849](#)

## Configuring the JSRC Partition

---

JSRC works within a specific logical system: routing instance context, called a partition.



**NOTE:** Currently, only a single partition is supported; you must configure it within the default logical system: routing instance context.

Before you configure the JSRC partition, perform the following task:

- Configure the Diameter instance at the **[edit diameter]** hierarchy level. See “[Configuring Diameter](#)” on page 782.

Configuration for the JSRC partition consists of naming the partition and then associating a Diameter instance, the SAE hostname, and the SAE realm with the partition.

To configure the JSRC partition:

1. Create the partition.

```
[edit jsrc]
user@host# set partition partition1
```

2. Specify the Diameter instance for the JSRC partition.



**NOTE:** Currently, only the default Diameter instance, *master*, is supported.

```
[edit jsrc partition partition1]
user@host# set diameter-instance master
```

3. Configure the destination host for the JSRC partition.

```
[edit jsrc partition partition1]
user@host# set destination-host sae1
```

4. Configure the destination realm for the JSRC partition.

```
[edit jsrc partition partition1]
user@host# set destination-realm generic.example.com
```

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring JSRC on page 857](#)

## Assigning a Partition to JSRC

You must associate a configured JSRC partition with the JSRC instance that you are configuring.

Before you assign a partition to JSRC, perform the following task:

- Configure the JSRC partition. See [“Configuring the JSRC Partition” on page 858](#)

To assign the JSRC partition:

- Specify the partition name.

```
[edit jsrc]
user@host# set jsrc-partition partition1
```

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring JSRC on page 857](#)

## Authorizing Subscribers with JSRC

You can configure AAA to use JSRC in an SRC environment to request authorization from the SAE when AAA is verifying whether a DHCP subscriber can access the router. When JSRC authorization is configured, AAA ignores any configured authentication order settings.

Before you configure JSRC authorization, perform the following tasks:

- Create the subscriber access profile at the **[edit access profile]** hierarchy level.
- Define the subscriber username with the **username-include** statement in the authentication configuration for DHCP local server or DHCP relay.

To configure JSRC authorization:

- Specify **jsrc** as the authorization method in the profile.

```
[edit access profile dhcpsub1]
user@host# set authorization-order jsrc
```

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring JSRC on page 857](#)
- [Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 312](#)
- [profile on page 1409](#)

## Provisioning Subscribers with JSRC

---

You can configure AAA to use JSRC in an SRC environment to request provisioning from the SAE to instantiate services for an authenticated subscriber.

Before you configure JSRC provisioning for subscribers, perform the following task:

- Create the subscriber access profile at the **[edit access profile]** hierarchy level.

To configure JSRC provisioning:

- Specify **jsrc** as the provisioning method in the profile.

```
[edit access profile dhcpsub1]
user@host# set provisioning-order jsrc
```

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring JSRC on page 857](#)

## Configuring JSRC for Dual-Stack Subscribers

By default, JSRC provisioning for dual-stack subscribers treats the DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 stacks as a single subscriber. The remote SRC peer (SAE) is not informed about whether only one family or both families are active. The statistics are reported as an aggregate of both families rather than separated by family.

Starting in Junos OS Release 18.1R1, you can configure dual-stack support so that JSRC reports information about the separate stacks for a given subscriber, using a single JSRC session.

When you configure dual-stack support for JSRC, Diameter AA-Request (AAR) provisioning messages sent to the SAE include Diameter AVPs (IANA enterprise number 2636) to convey the IPv4 and IPv6 addressing information that is available in the session database.

For IPv4, that includes the following AVPs:

- Framed-IP-Address (AVP 8)
- Framed-IP-Netmask (AVP 9)

For IPv6, that includes the following AVPs:

- Framed-IPv6-Address (AVP 168)
- Framed-IPv6-Prefix (AVP 97)
- Delegated-IPv6-Prefix (AVP 123)
- Juniper-IPv6-Ndra-Prefix (AVP 2200)
- Juniper-Framed-IPv6-Netmask (AVP 2201)

JSRC also includes information about the access line if it is available in the session database, by means of Juniper-Agent-Circuit-Id (AVP 2202) and Juniper-Remote-Circuit-Id (AVP 2203).

When the first network family is activated, JSRC sends the addresses for only that family in the initial request to the provisioning server. When the second network family is activated, the AAR message includes the Juniper-Request-Type AVP (2050) with a value of 4 to signify family activation. When the next-to-last family is deactivated, the same AVP is sent with a value of 5 to signify the deactivation.

To configure JSRC provisioning to report dual-stack subscriber information by family:

- Enable dual-stack support.  

```
[edit jsrc]
user@host# set dualstack-support
```

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring JSRC on page 857](#)
- [JSRC Provisioning for Dual-Stack Subscribers on page 853](#)

- [Understanding JSRC-SAE Interactions on page 851](#)
- [Messages Used by Diameter Applications on page 762](#)
- [Diameter AVPs and Diameter Applications on page 768](#)
- [Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control \(SRC\) and JSRC Overview on page 849](#)

# Excluding Diameter AVPs from JSRC Messages

- [Excluding AVPs from Diameter Messages for JSRC on page 863](#)

## Excluding AVPs from Diameter Messages for JSRC

---

Starting in Junos OS Release 14.2, you can configure the router to exclude AVPs from Diameter messages that are sent to the SAE from JSRC.



**NOTE:** Currently, only the user-name (1) AVP is supported.

To configure JSRC to exclude an AVP in Diameter messages:

1. Specify that you want to configure JSRC settings in the access profile.

```
[edit access profile profilewestern55]
user@host# edit jsrc
```

2. Specify that you want to configure Diameter attribute usage.

```
[edit access profile profilewestern55 jsrc]
user@host# edit attributes
```

3. Configure the router to exclude the specified AVP from the specified messages. The following example excludes the user-name AVP from authorization and provisioning AAR messages.

```
[edit access profile profilewestern55 jsrc attributes]
user@host# set exclude user-name authorization-request
user@host# set exclude user-name provisioning-request
```

**Release History Table**

| Release | Description                                                                                                                                |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 14.2    | Starting in Junos OS Release 14.2, you can configure the router to exclude AVPs from Diameter messages that are sent to the SAE from JSRC. |

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Understanding JSRC-SAE Interactions on page 851](#)



# Configuring Service Accounting with JSRC

- [Service Accounting with JSRC on page 865](#)
- [Configuring Service Accounting with JSRC on page 866](#)

## Service Accounting with JSRC

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A service session represents a service for a specific subscriber. Service sessions exist in the context of a subscriber session. JSRC activates and deactivates services as specified by the SAE (remote SRC peer). JSRC can collect and report service accounting data by volume. JSRC accounting requires that either classic firewall filters or fast update firewall filters be configured to count service packets—the service packet information provides the volume statistics.



**NOTE:** JSRC supports only volume statistics accounting for service sessions. Time statistics and subscriber accounting are not supported.

JSRC service accounting supports both accounting based on service activation/deactivation and interim accounting.

- **Service activation/deactivation accounting**—When accounting is enabled, JSRC sends an accounting start message to the SAE when it activates a service and an accounting stop message when it deactivates the service. The start message initiates the accounting session and provides initial information about the service session. The stop message terminates the accounting session and reports the final (cumulative) accounting data.
- **Interim accounting**—When interim accounting is enabled for a service session, JSRC sends interim accounting messages to the SAE at a specified interval to report the cumulative accounting information available at that time. Interim accounting is ignored when accounting is not enabled for the corresponding service session.

JSRC accounting for a service begins when the service is activated, and remains in effect while the service is active. The SAE specifies the service (policy) to be activated for the subscriber with the Juniper-Policy-Install AVP (AVP code 2020). When this AVP includes the Juniper-Acct-Collect AVP (AVP code 2054), JSRC initiates service activation/deactivation accounting for the service.

JSRC initiates interim accounting when the Juniper-Policy-Install AVP includes the Acct-Interim-Interval AVP (AVP code 85). In this case, JSRC updates the accounting values at the interval specified in the AVP— in the range 600 through 86,400 seconds. Aggregate counters are reported for the dual stack case.

JSRC and the SAE exchange Diameter Accounting-Request (ACR) and Accounting-Answer (ACA) messages to communicate accounting data. Both messages include the Juniper-Acct-Record AVP (AVP code 2053) to identify the service for which accounting information is requested.

JSRC sends ACR messages to report accounting data to the SAE. The ACR message includes the Accounting-Record-Type AVP (AVP code 480) to specify the kind of accounting record that it is sending. When a service is activated, this AVP has a value of START\_RECORD. When a service is deactivated, it has a value of STOP\_RECORD. For interim accounting, ACR messages are sent at the specified accounting interval and the AVP has a value of INTERIM\_RECORD.

In addition to specifying the accounting record type, the ACR messages include standard RADIUS attributes to specify the desired statistics: Acct-Input-Octets [42], Acct-Output-Octets [43], Acct-Input-Packets [47], Acct-Output-Packets [48], and Acct-Session-Time [46].

The SAE returns ACA messages to the JSRC to acknowledge receipt of the ACR messages.

An access profile specifies subscriber access authentication and accounting parameters. When a service is activated through JSRC, the accounting reports can be sent either to the SAE or to RADIUS. The default configuration sends the reports to the SAE; you can also configure this by including the **service accounting-order activation-protocol** statement in the access profile. To send the reports instead to the RADIUS server, include the **service accounting-order radius** statement in the access profile.

When a service is activated through RADIUS rather than through JSRC, the accounting reports of the service session are sent to the RADIUS server.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring Service Packet Counting on page 125](#)
- [Messages Used by Diameter Applications on page 762](#)
- [Diameter AVPs and Diameter Applications on page 768](#)

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## Configuring Service Accounting with JSRC

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You can configure JSRC to report accounting statistics for service sessions.

In addition to the configuration shown here, the network context for JSRC service accounting includes the configuration of firewall filters to count the statistics, Diameter, JSRC, the subscriber services, RADIUS, and the SRC.

To configure service accounting by JSRC:

1. Configure JSRC to provision subscriber services.

```
[edit access profile profile-name]
user@host# set provisioning-order jsrc
```

2. Configure service accounting to be provided by the application that provisions the service—JSRC.

```
[edit access profile profile-name service]
user@host# set accounting-order activation-protocol
```

**Related Documentation**

- [Service Accounting with JSRC on page 865](#)



# Configuring Subscribers on Static Interfaces

- [Subscribers on Static Interfaces Overview on page 869](#)
- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872](#)
- [Example: Configuring Static Subscribers for Subscriber Access on page 874](#)

## Subscribers on Static Interfaces Overview

---

You can associate subscribers with statically configured interfaces and provide dynamic service activation and activation for these subscribers. When the static interface comes up, the event is treated as a subscriber login. When the interface goes down, it is treated as a subscriber logout. After the subscribers are present in the session database (SDB), JSRC can report the subscribers to the SAE so that the SRC software can subsequently manage the subscribers.

Alternatively, you can configure the static subscribers to be authenticated and authorized by means of RADIUS. In this case, RADIUS can then activate and deactivate services with change of authorization (CoA) messages. However, this configuration does not prevent the interface from coming up and forwarding traffic. Further, authorization parameters are not imposed on the subscriber interface.

Currently, only Ethernet interfaces support static subscribers. Only one static subscriber can exist over a given interface. An interface cannot appear in more than one group. Static subscribers cannot be created over dynamic interfaces.

Static subscribers are intended to work with JSRC. Include the **provisioning-order jsrc** statement at the **[edit access profile *profile-name*]** hierarchy level to enable JSRC to handle the subscribers at the direction of the SRC software.

If the authentication request fails for a static subscriber, a 60-minute, nonconfigurable timer begins counting down. The request is reissued when the timer expires. This action repeats for as long as the interface is operationally up.

You can force a logout of the static subscriber by issuing the **request services static-subscribers logout interface *interface-name*** command. A static subscriber can also be logged out by AAA or an external policy manager. In both cases, no subsequent logins can take place on the underlying interface until you reset the state by issuing the **request**

**services static-subscribers login interface *interface-name*** command or the router or process reboots.

You can log out an interface group by issuing the **request services static-subscriber logout group *group-name*** command. You can subsequently log in a group of interfaces by issuing the **request services static-subscriber login group *group-name*** command.

No new CLI statements are required to configure the dynamic profile for static subscribers. The dynamic profile can be very simple; it is activated at login and deactivated at logout. If you do not configure a profile, then the *junos-default-profile* is automatically activated.

During a graceful Routing Engine switchover (GRES) event, active static subscribers are recovered, inactive subscribers are cleaned up, and logout continues for subscribers that were in the process of logging out.

Include the **static-subscribers** statement at the **[edit system services]** hierarchy level to configure static subscribers. Include the **traceoptions** statement at the **[edit system processes static-subscribers]** hierarchy level to configure tracing operations for static subscribers.

You can configure the access profile, dynamic profile, service profile, and authentication parameters for all static subscribers or for a particular group of static subscribers:

- To configure the access profile that triggers AAA services for the static subscriber for all static subscribers, include the **access-profile** statement at the **[edit system services static-subscribers]** hierarchy level. Alternatively, include this statement at the **[edit system services static-subscribers group *group-name*]** hierarchy level to apply the profile to a specific group and override a top-level configuration.
- To configure the dynamic profile that is instantiated when the static subscriber logs in for all static subscribers, include the **dynamic-profile** statement at the **[edit system services static-subscribers]** hierarchy level. Alternatively, include this statement at the **[edit system services static-subscribers group *group-name*]** hierarchy level to apply the profile to a specific group and override a top-level configuration. Do not specify a dynamic profile that creates a dynamic interface.
- To configure the service profile for all static subscribers at the global level and at the group level, include the **service-profile** statement at the **[edit system services static-subscribers group *group-name*]** hierarchy level.
- To configure the authentication parameters that trigger an Access-Request message to AAA for all static subscribers, include the **authentication** statement at the **[edit system services static-subscribers]** hierarchy level. Alternatively, include the statement at the **[edit system services static-subscribers group *group-name*]** hierarchy level to configure authentication for a specific group and override a top-level configuration. If you do not configure authentication, then by default the interface name is modified and used as the default username for the subscriber session and the authentication request.

The configurable authentication parameters include the password and details of how the username is formed. Include the **password** statement at the **[edit system services static-subscribers authentication]** hierarchy level to configure the authentication password

for all static subscribers. Alternatively, include the statement at the **[edit system services static-subscribers group group-name authentication]** hierarchy level to configure authentication for a specific group and override a top-level configuration.

The username that is sent to AAA for authentication must include at least one of the following attributes:

- Domain name
- User prefix
- Interface name
- Logical system name
- Routing instance name

To configure how the username is formed for all static subscribers, include the desired statements at the **[edit system services static-subscribers authentication]** hierarchy level: **domain-name**, **user-prefix**, **logical-system-name**, or **routing-instance-name**. Alternatively, include the desired statements at the **[edit system services static-subscribers group group-name authentication]** hierarchy level to configure the username for a specific group and override a top-level configuration.

If you change the authentication configuration for an existing group or for static subscribers globally, the change has no effect on existing static subscribers. The changes are applied only to any new logins that are attempted after you commit the changes.

A group configuration must specify all the interfaces that you expect to support static subscribers. Include the **interface** statement at the **[edit system services static-subscribers group group-name]** hierarchy level to specify the interfaces. This statement enables you to specify a single interface or a range of interfaces.

You must also statically configure these interfaces before any static subscribers can be supported on them. You must configure the static interfaces in the same logical system and routing instance as the group that includes the interfaces.

If you change the interfaces that are included in an existing interface group, existing static subscribers are automatically logged out and then back in when you commit the changes. However, changes made to the configuration of the interface itself have no effect on the login or logout state of the static subscriber associated with that interface.

By default, multiple subscribers are not supported on top of the same VLAN logical interface. If you want to support this behavior, then you can manage multiple subscribers on a single logical interface in one of two ways. You can either merge attributes such as firewall filters and CoS attributes for the multiple subscribers, or you can replace the current attributes with those of a new subscriber whenever a new subscriber logs into the underlying VLAN logical interface.

- To enable attribute merging for all static interfaces, include the **aggregate-clients merge** statement at the **[edit system services static-subscribers]** hierarchy level. Alternatively, include this statement at the **[edit system services static-subscribers group group-name]**

hierarchy level to enable attribute merging for a specific group of static interfaces and override a top-level configuration.

- To enable attribute replacement for all static interfaces, include the **aggregate-clients replace** statement at the **[edit system services static-subscribers]** hierarchy level. Alternatively, include this statement at the **[edit system services static-subscribers group group-name]** hierarchy level to enable attribute replacement for a specific group of static interfaces and override a top-level configuration.

## Benefits of subscribers on static interfaces

Subscribers on Static Interfaces provides the following benefits:

- Offers static-subscribers the ability to configure service-profile.
- Provides dynamic service activation for the associated subscribers with statically configured interfaces.
- Provides competitive advantage with RFC compliancy.

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872](#)
- [Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control \(SRC\) and JSRC Overview on page 849](#)
- [Understanding JSRC-SAE Interactions on page 851](#)

---

## Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces

This topic describes the procedure for configuring subscribers over static interfaces (static subscribers).

Before you configure subscribers over static interfaces, perform the following tasks:

- Configure the static interfaces on which you want to create and manage subscribers.
- Create an access profile to trigger AAA services for static subscribers.
- Create a dynamic profile that is instantiated when static subscribers log in.

To configure static subscribers:

1. Specify the global access profile that triggers AAA services for static subscribers.  
See [“Specifying the Static Subscriber Global Access Profile” on page 877](#).
2. Specify the global dynamic profile that is instantiated when static subscribers log in.  
See [“Specifying the Static Subscriber Global Dynamic Profile” on page 877](#).
3. Configure global method to handle multiple subscribers on a VLAN Logical Interface.  
See [“Enabling Multiple Subscribers on a VLAN Logical Interface for All Static Subscribers” on page 878](#)



4. Configure the global authentication password for static subscribers.  
See [“Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Authentication Password” on page 879](#).
5. Configure the global username for static subscribers.  
See [“Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Username” on page 879](#).
6. Configure a group of subscribers to share values different from the global configuration.  
See [“Creating a Static Subscriber Group” on page 881](#).
7. Specify the access profile for the static subscriber group.  
See [“Specifying the Static Subscriber Group Access Profile” on page 882](#).
8. Specify the dynamic profile for the static subscriber group.  
See [“Specifying the Static Subscriber Group Dynamic Profile” on page 882](#).
9. Specify the service profile for the static subscriber group.  
See [“Specifying the Static Subscriber Group Service Profile” on page 883](#).
10. Configure method to handle multiple subscribers on a VLAN Logical Interface for a static subscriber group.  
See [“Enabling Multiple Subscribers on a VLAN Logical Interface for a Static Subscriber Group” on page 883](#).
11. Configure the authentication password for the static subscriber group.  
See [“Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Authentication Password” on page 884](#).
12. Configure the username for the static subscriber group.  
See [“Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Username” on page 884](#).
13. (Optional) Force a static subscriber to be logged out from an interface.  
See [“Forcing a Static Subscriber to Be Logged Out” on page 891](#).
14. (Optional) Enable an interface to accept static subscriber logins.  
See [“Resetting the State of an Interface for Static Subscriber Login” on page 891](#).
15. (Optional) Force static subscribers to be logged out from a group of interfaces.  
See [“Forcing a Group of Static Subscribers to Be Logged Out” on page 892](#).
16. (Optional) Enable a group of interfaces to accept static subscriber logins.

See [“Resetting the State of an Interface Group for Static Subscriber Login”](#) on page 892.

17. Configure trace options for troubleshooting the configuration.

See [“Tracing Static Subscriber Operations”](#) on page 953.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Subscribers on Static Interfaces Overview](#) on page 869

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## Example: Configuring Static Subscribers for Subscriber Access

---

This example shows a static subscriber configuration.

1. Configure the access profile to be used for static subscribers.

```
access {
 profile access5 {
 provisioning-order jsr;
 accounting {
 order radius;
 }
 authentication {
 order radius;
 }
 }
}
```

2. Configure the dynamic profile to be used for static subscribers.

If you do not configure this profile, the default profile, junos-default-profile, is used.

3. Configure the static interfaces on which to layer the static subscribers.

4. Configure the parameters that apply globally to all static subscribers in the configuration context.

```
static-subscribers {
 access-profile access5;
 dynamic-profile dyn-profile-1;
 authentication {
 password $ABC123;
 username-include {
 user-prefix Building5;
 interface;
 logical-system-name;
 routing-instance-name;
 domain-name example.com;
 }
 }
}
```

5. If you want to override the global parameters for certain static subscribers, create a group of static interfaces for those subscribers and configure parameters to apply to that group. Repeat this step for as many groups as you need.

```
static-subscribers {
 group boston {
 interface ge-1/0/1.1 upto ge-1/0/1.102
 interface ge-1/0/1.6 exclude
 interface ge-1/0/1.70 upto ge-1/0/1.80 exclude
 access-profile boston-acs;
 dynamic-profile dyn-profile-2;
 authentication {
 password $ABC123;
 username-include {
 user-prefix 2ndFloor;
 interface;
 logical-system-name;
 routing-instance-name;
 domain-name example.net;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

6. Configure tracing options for static subscriber events.

```
static-subscribers {
 traceoptions {
 file filename <files number> <match regular-expression> <size maximum-file-size>
 <world-readable | no-world-readable>;
 flag flag;
 level (all | error | info | notice | verbose | warning);
 no-remote-trace;
 }
}
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Subscribers on Static Interfaces Overview on page 869](#)
  - [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872](#)



## CHAPTER 81

# Configuring the Static Subscribers Global Profile

- [Specifying the Static Subscriber Global Access Profile on page 877](#)
- [Specifying the Static Subscriber Global Dynamic Profile on page 877](#)
- [Enabling Multiple Subscribers on a VLAN Logical Interface for All Static Subscribers on page 878](#)
- [Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Authentication Password on page 879](#)
- [Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Username on page 879](#)

### Specifying the Static Subscriber Global Access Profile

You specify a previously created access profile that triggers AAA services for all static subscribers. This value can be overridden for a group of static subscribers when a different profile is configured for that group.

To specify the access profile used for all static subscribers:

- Specify the profile name.  

```
[edit system services static-subscribers]
user@host# set access-profile access5
```

#### **Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872](#)
- [Specifying the Static Subscriber Group Access Profile on page 882](#)
- [profile on page 1409](#)

### Specifying the Static Subscriber Global Dynamic Profile

You specify a previously created dynamic profile that is instantiated when a static subscriber logs in. This profile is used for all static subscribers. This value can be overridden for a group of static subscribers when a different profile is configured for that group.

To specify the dynamic profile used for all static subscribers:

- Specify the profile name.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers]
user@host# set dynamic-profile dyn-profile-1
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872](#)
- [Specifying the Static Subscriber Group Dynamic Profile on page 882](#)
- [dynamic-profiles on page 1168](#)

## Enabling Multiple Subscribers on a VLAN Logical Interface for All Static Subscribers

For a given interface, only a single static subscriber (or group) is logged in. Although we do not recommend this practice, you might have other kinds of subscribers configured on the same interface, such as a DHCP subscriber managed by the DHCP application. You can use the **aggregate-clients** statement to extend the dynamic profile for all static subscribers to enable multiple subscribers to share the same VLAN logical interface.

You can specify that attributes (such as CoS or firewall) for the multiple subscribers are merged for the logical interface. That is, the profiles for multiple subscribers of different types are instantiated on the interface, but the profile attributes of each are merged together. Alternatively, you can specify that the instantiated profile for the current subscriber is replaced by the profile of a new subscriber that logs in using the same logical interface. This configuration can be overridden for a group of static subscribers when a different configuration is applied for that group.

To enable multiple subscribers to share the same VLAN logical interface for all static subscribers, do one of the following:

- Specify that the multiple subscriber attributes are merged for the logical interface.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers dynamic-profile dyn-profile-1]
user@host# set aggregate-clients merge
```

- Specify that the entire logical interface is replaced when a new subscriber logs into the network using the same VLAN logical interface.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers dynamic-profile dyn-profile-3]
user@host# set aggregate-clients replace
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872](#)
- [Specifying the Static Subscriber Group Dynamic Profile on page 882](#)
- [dynamic-profile on page 1167](#)

## Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Authentication Password

You configure a password that is included in the Access-Request message sent to AAA to authenticate all static subscribers. This value can be overridden for a group of static subscribers when a different password is configured for that group.

To specify the authentication password used for all static subscribers:

- Specify the password.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers authentication]
user@host# set password $ABC123
```

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872](#)
- [Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Authentication Password on page 884](#)
- [authentication on page 1041](#)

## Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Username

You configure how the username is formed. The username serves as the username for all static subscribers that are created and is included in the Access-Request message sent to AAA to authenticate all static subscribers. This value can be overridden for a group of static subscribers when a different username is configured for that group.

The username must include at least one of the five possible elements. The value of each element is concatenated in a specific order; the resulting string is the username. If you specify their inclusion, the interface name, logical system name, and routing instance name are derived from the configuration context. The elements are ordered as follows:

***user-prefix.interface.logical-system-name.routing-instance-name@domain-name***

To configure the username for all static subscribers:

1. (Optional) Specify a prefix for the username.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers authentication username-include]
user@host# set user-prefix Building5
```

2. (Optional) Specify that the interface name is included in the username.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers authentication username-include]
user@host# set interface
```

3. (Optional) Specify that the logical system name is included in the username.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers authentication username-include]
user@host# set logical-system-name
```

4. Specify that the routing instance name is included in the username.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers authentication username-include]
user@host# set routing-instance-name
```

5. Specify the domain name included in the username.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers authentication username-include]
user@host# set domain-name campus.example.com
```

Configured in the default logical system and master routing instance for interface ge-0/1/1.100, this sample configuration generates the following username:

**Building5.ge-0-1-1-100.default.master.campus.example.com**

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872](#)
- [Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Username on page 884](#)
- [username-include on page 1606](#)



## CHAPTER 82

# Configuring the Static Subscribers Group Profile

- [Creating a Static Subscriber Group on page 881](#)
- [Specifying the Static Subscriber Group Access Profile on page 882](#)
- [Specifying the Static Subscriber Group Dynamic Profile on page 882](#)
- [Specifying the Static Subscriber Group Service Profile on page 883](#)
- [Enabling Multiple Subscribers on a VLAN Logical Interface for a Static Subscriber Group on page 883](#)
- [Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Authentication Password on page 884](#)
- [Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Username on page 884](#)

### Creating a Static Subscriber Group

---

You can override the configuration that is applied globally to static subscribers by creating a static subscriber group that consists of a set of statically configured interfaces. You can then apply a common configuration for the group with values different from the global values for access and dynamic profiles, password, and username.

To configure an interface group for static subscribers:

1. Access the **[edit system services static-subscribers]** hierarchy level.

2. Create the group and assign the name.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers]
user@host# edit group boston
```

3. Specify the names of one or more interfaces on which static subscribers can be created. You can repeat the **interface interface-name** statement to specify multiple interfaces within the group, but you cannot use the same interface in more than one group.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers group boston]
user@host# set interface ge-1/0/1.1
user@host# set interface ge-1/0/1.2
```

4. (Optional) You can use the **upto** *upto-interface-name* option to specify a range of interfaces for a group.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers group boston]
user@host# set interface ge-1/0/1.3 upto ge-1/0/1.9
```

5. (Optional) You can use the **exclude** option to exclude a specific interface or a specified range of interfaces from the group. For example:

```
[edit system services static-subscribers group boston]
user@host# set interface ge-1/0/1.1 upto ge-1/0/1.102
user@host# set interface ge-1/0/1.6 exclude
user@host# set interface ge-1/0/1.70 upto ge-1/0/1.80 exclude
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872](#)
- [Specifying the Static Subscriber Group Access Profile on page 882](#)
- [Specifying the Static Subscriber Group Dynamic Profile on page 882](#)
- [Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Authentication Password on page 884](#)
- [Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Username on page 884](#)

---

## Specifying the Static Subscriber Group Access Profile

You can override the configured global access profile by specifying a different profile for a group of static subscribers. The access profile triggers AAA services for that group of static subscribers.

To specify the access profile used for a group of static subscribers:

- Specify the profile name.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers group boston]
user@host# set access-profile boston-acs
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872](#)
- [profile on page 1409](#)

---

## Specifying the Static Subscriber Group Dynamic Profile

You can override the configured global dynamic profile by specifying a different profile for a group of static subscribers. The dynamic profile is instantiated when any static subscriber in the group logs in.

To specify the dynamic profile used for a group of static subscribers:

- Specify the profile name.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers group boston]
user@host# set dynamic-profile dyn-profile-2
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872](#)
  - [Specifying the Static Subscriber Global Dynamic Profile on page 877](#)
  - [dynamic-profiles on page 1168](#)

## Specifying the Static Subscriber Group Service Profile

When external policy server is unavailable, you can assign a default service profile to be applied to a static subscriber session by specifying the service profile from Junos OS Release 17.4R1 onwards. The service profile can be specified at the group level and at the global level. Specify **service-profile** statement at the **[edit system services static-subscribers group group-name]** hierarchy level

To specify the service profile used for a group of static subscribers:

- Specify the service profile name.
- ```
[edit system services static-subscribers group group-name]
user@host# set service-profile service-profile-name
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872](#)

Enabling Multiple Subscribers on a VLAN Logical Interface for a Static Subscriber Group

For a given interface, only a single static subscriber group (or static subscriber) is logged in. Although we do not recommend this practice, you might have other kinds of subscribers configured on the same interface, such as a DHCP subscriber managed by the DHCP application. You can use the **aggregate-clients** statement to extend the dynamic profile for a static subscriber group to enable multiple subscribers to share the same VLAN logical interface.

You can specify that attributes (such as CoS or firewall) for the multiple subscribers are merged for the logical interface. That is, the profiles for multiple subscribers of different types are instantiated on the interface, but the profile attributes of each are merged together. Alternatively, you can specify that the instantiated profile for the current subscriber group is replaced by the profile of a new subscriber that logs in using the same logical interface. This configuration overrides the configuration applied to all static subscribers that are not members of the group.

To enable multiple subscribers to share the same VLAN logical interface for a static subscriber group, do one of the following:

- Specify that the multiple subscriber attributes are merged for the logical interface.
- ```
[edit system services static-subscribers group boston dynamic-profile dyn-profile-2]
user@host# set aggregate-clients merge
```
- Specify that the entire logical interface is replaced when a new subscriber logs into the network using the same VLAN logical interface.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers group boston dynamic-profile dyn-profile-4]
user@host# set aggregate-clients replace
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872](#)
- [Specifying the Static Subscriber Group Dynamic Profile on page 882](#)
- [dynamic-profile on page 1167](#)

---

## Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Authentication Password

You can override the configured global authentication password by specifying a different password for a group of static subscribers. This password is included in the Access-Request message sent to AAA to authenticate all static subscribers in the group.

To specify the authentication password used for a group of static subscribers:

- Specify the password.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers group boston authentication]
user@host# set password $ABC123
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872](#)
- [Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Authentication Password on page 879](#)
- [authentication on page 1041](#)

---

## Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Username

You can override the configured global username by specifying a different username for a group of static subscribers. The username serves as the username for a group of static subscribers that is created and is included in the Access-Request message sent to AAA to authenticate that group.

The username must include at least one of the five possible elements. The value of each element is concatenated in a specific order; the resulting string is the username. If you specify their inclusion, the interface name, logical system name, and routing instance name are derived from the configuration context. The elements are ordered as follows:

*user-prefix.interface.logical-system-name.routing-instance-name@domain-name*

To configure the username for a group of static subscribers:

1. (Optional) Specify a prefix for the username.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers group boston authentication username-include]
user@host# set user-prefix 2ndFloor
```

2. (Optional) Specify that the interface name is included in the username.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers group boston authentication username-include]
```

```
user@host# set interface
```

3. (Optional) Specify that the logical system name is included in the username.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers group boston authentication username-include]
user@host# set logical-system-name
```

4. Specify that the routing instance name is included in the username.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers group boston authentication username-include]
user@host# set routing-instance-name
```

5. Specify the domain name included in the username.

```
[edit system services static-subscribers group boston authentication username-include]
user@host# set domain-name building5.example.com
```

Configured in the default logical system and master routing instance for interface ge-0/1/2.50, this sample configuration generates the following username:

```
2ndfloor.ge-0-1-2-50.default.master.building5.example.com
```

#### Related Documentation

- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872](#)
- [Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Username on page 879](#)
- [username-include on page 1606](#)



## CHAPTER 83

# Monitoring and Managing Diameter Information for Subscriber Access

- [Verifying Diameter Node, Instance, and Route Information on page 887](#)
- [Verifying and Managing Diameter Function Information on page 888](#)
- [Verifying and Managing Diameter Peer Information on page 889](#)
- [Verifying Diameter Network Element Information on page 890](#)

### Verifying Diameter Node, Instance, and Route Information

**Purpose** View Diameter node information:

- Action**
- To display summary information about all Diameter nodes:  
`user@host> show diameter`
  - To display summary information about all Diameter nodes and add information about Diameter functions, instances, network elements, and peers:  
`user@host> show diameter brief`
  - To display brief information about all Diameter nodes and add information about Diameter routes:  
`user@host> show diameter detail`
  - To display summary information about all Diameter instances:  
`user@host> show diameter instance`
  - To display detailed information about all Diameter instances:  
`user@host> show diameter instance detail`
  - To display information about a specific Diameter instance, add the instance name to the command:  
`user@host> show diameter instance master`  
`user@host> show diameter instance detail master`
  - To display summary information about all Diameter routes:  
`user@host> show diameter route`

- To display detailed information about all Diameter routes:  
`user@host> show diameter route detail`
- To display information about a specific Diameter route, add the route name to the command:  
`user@host> show diameter route dne-route2`  
`user@host> show diameter route detail dne-route2`

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Diameter on page 782](#)
  - [Configuring Gx-Plus on page 800](#)
  - [CLI Explorer](#)

---

## Verifying and Managing Diameter Function Information

---

**Purpose** View or clear Diameter function information:

- Action**
- To display summary information about all functions associated with Diameter:  
`user@host> show diameter function`
  - To display detailed information about all functions associated with Diameter:  
`user@host> show diameter function detail`
  - To display information about a specific function associated with Diameter, add the function name to the command:  
`user@host> show diameter function jsr`  
`user@host> show diameter function detail gx-plus`
  - To display summary statistics about all functions associated with Diameter:  
`user@host> show diameter function statistics`
  - To display detailed statistics about all functions associated with Diameter:  
`user@host> show diameter function statistics detail`
  - To display statistics about a specific function associated with Diameter, add the function name to the command:  
`user@host> show diameter function statistics gx-plus`  
`user@host> show diameter function statistics detail jsr`
  - To delete current statistics for all functions associated with Diameter:  
`user@host>clear diameter function statistics`
  - To delete current statistics for a specific function associated with Diameter:  
`user@host>clear diameter function gx-plus statistics`



- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Diameter on page 782](#)
  - [Configuring Gx-Plus on page 800](#)
  - [CLI Explorer](#)

## Verifying and Managing Diameter Peer Information

**Purpose** View or clear Diameter peer information:

- Action**
- To display summary information about all Diameter peers:  
`user@host> show diameter peer`
  - To display detailed information about all Diameter peers:  
`user@host> show diameter peer detail`
  - To display information about a specific Diameter peer, add the peer name to the command:  
`user@host> show diameter peer peer235`  
`user@host> show diameter peer detail peer235`
  - To display summary information about Diameter peer-to-network-element mapping for all peers:  
`user@host> show diameter peer map`
  - To display detailed information about Diameter peer-to-network-element mapping for all peers:  
`user@host> show diameter peer map detail`
  - To display information about Diameter peer-to-network-element mapping for a specified peer, add the peer name to the command:  
`user@host> show diameter peer map peer235`  
`user@host> show diameter peer map detail peer235`
  - To display summary statistics about all Diameter peers:  
`user@host> show diameter peer statistics`
  - To display detailed statistics about all Diameter peers:  
`user@host> show diameter peer statistics detail`
  - To display summary statistics about a specified Diameter peer:  
`user@host> show diameter peer statistics peer235`
  - To display detailed statistics about a specified Diameter peer:  
`user@host> show diameter peer statistics detail peer235`
  - To delete the specified Diameter peer and all of its statistics.  
`user@host> clear diameter peer peer5 connection`

- To delete the specified Diameter peer and its current statistics:

```
user@host>clear diameter peer peer5 statistics
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Diameter on page 782](#)
  - [CLI Explorer](#)

---

## Verifying Diameter Network Element Information

---

**Purpose** View Diameter network element information:

- Action**
- To display summary information about Diameter network elements:

```
user@host> show diameter network-element
```

- To display detailed information about Diameter network elements:

```
user@host> show diameter network-element detail
```

- To display information about Diameter network elements for a specified network element, include the element name in the command:

```
user@host> show diameter network-element dne-1
```

```
user@host> show diameter network-element detail dne-1
```

- To display summary information about Diameter network-element-to-peer mapping for all network elements:

```
user@host> show diameter network-element map
```

- To display detailed information about Diameter network-element-to-peer mapping for all network elements:

```
user@host> show diameter network-element map detail
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Diameter on page 782](#)
  - [CLI Explorer](#)

# Monitoring and Managing Subscriber Information on Static Interfaces

- [Forcing a Static Subscriber to Be Logged Out on page 891](#)
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## Forcing a Static Subscriber to Be Logged Out

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You can force a static subscriber to be logged out on an interface. After you do so, no subscriber can subsequently log in on that interface until the interface state is reset either by a router reset or by entering the **request services static-subscribers login interface** command.

- To forcibly log out a static subscriber on a static interface:  
`user@host> request services static-subscribers logout interface ge-2/0/1.5`

### Related Documentation

- [Resetting the State of an Interface for Static Subscriber Login on page 891](#)

## Resetting the State of an Interface for Static Subscriber Login

---

When a static subscriber has been forcibly logged out on an interface with the **request services static-subscribers logout interface** command, you can reset the state of the interface. This action enables a static subscriber to log in on the interface. If you do not reset the state manually, then no static subscribers can log in on the interface until the state is reset by a router reset.

- To reset the state of a static interface:  
`user@host> request services static-subscribers login interface ge-2/0/1.5`

### Related Documentation

- [Forcing a Static Subscriber to Be Logged Out on page 891](#)

## Forcing a Group of Static Subscribers to Be Logged Out

---

You can force the static subscribers on all interfaces in a group to be logged out. After you do so, no subscriber can subsequently log in on an interface in that group until the interface state is reset either by a router reset or by entering the **request services static-subscribers login group** command.

- To forcibly log out all static subscribers on a static interface group:

```
user@host> request services static-subscribers logout group boston
```

### Related Documentation

- [Resetting the State of an Interface Group for Static Subscriber Login on page 892](#)

## Resetting the State of an Interface Group for Static Subscriber Login

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When static subscribers have been forcibly logged out on an interface group with the **request services static-subscribers logout group** command, you can reset the state of the group. This action enables static subscribers to log in on the interfaces in the group. If you do not reset the state manually, then no static subscribers can log in on any interface in the group until the state is reset by a router reset.

- To reset the state of a static interface group:

```
user@host> request services static-subscribers login group boston
```

### Related Documentation

- [Forcing a Group of Static Subscribers to Be Logged Out on page 892](#)

## Verifying Information about Subscriber Sessions on Static Interfaces

---

**Purpose** View information about subscriber sessions on static interfaces:

- Action**
- To display information about all static subscriber sessions:

```
user@host> show static-subscribers sessions
```

- To display information about the subscriber sessions for the specified group of static interfaces:

```
user@host> show static-subscribers sessions group boston
```

- To display information about the subscriber session for the specified interface:

```
user@host> show static-subscribers sessions interface ge-0/0/1.1
```

### Related Documentation

- For more information, see the [CLI Explorer](#)
- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872](#)
- [Subscribers on Static Interfaces Overview on page 869](#)

## PART 10

# Troubleshooting

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## CHAPTER 85

# Configuring AAA Testing and Troubleshooting

- [AAA Configuration Testing and Troubleshooting on page 895](#)
- [Testing a Subscriber AAA Configuration on page 895](#)

## AAA Configuration Testing and Troubleshooting

---

Subscriber management supports a test feature that enables you to check the AAA configuration of a subscriber. You might use the test feature to verify the subscriber's AAA settings and to help troubleshoot or isolate subscriber login problems. The AAA test process creates a pseudo session that authenticates the subscriber, allocates an address for the subscriber, and issues an accounting start packet. The process then issues an accounting stop request, releases the address, and terminates the pseudo session.

The AAA test results provide details about the attributes that subscriber management assigns to the subscriber during login. The attributes might be assigned by RADIUS, a dynamic profile, static interface configuration, or might be statically assigned. You can test the AAA configuration for DHCP, PPP, and authd-lite subscribers. For L2TP clients, the AAA test process displays all tunnel parameters but does not create an actual tunnel session.



**NOTE:** The `test` command does not support volume-time accounting. If volume-time accounting is configured for the test subscriber, the `test` command replaces the statistics with time-only accounting statistics.

### Related Documentation

- [Testing a Subscriber AAA Configuration on page 895](#)

## Testing a Subscriber AAA Configuration

---

**Purpose** Display the AAA attributes that subscriber management assigns to the subscriber during login.

The following example tests the AAA configuration for a PPP subscriber. You can use the `test aaa dhcp user` command to perform a similar test for DHCP subscribers and the `test aaa authd-lite user` command to test authd-lite subscribers.



.....

**NOTE:** The `test` command does not support volume-time accounting. If volume-time accounting is configured for the test subscriber, the `test` command replaces the statistics with time-only accounting statistics.

.....



Action user@host>test aaa ppp user user45@test.net password \$ABC123

Authentication Grant

\*\*\*\*\*User Attributes\*\*\*\*\*

|                                 |                                |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| User Name -                     | user45@test.net                |
| Client IP Address -             | 192.168.1.1                    |
| Client IP Netmask -             | 255.255.0.0                    |
| Virtual Router Name -           | default                        |
| Agent Remote Id -               | NULL                           |
| Reply Message -                 | NULL                           |
| Primary DNS IP Address -        | 0.0.0.0                        |
| Secondary DNS IP Address -      | 0.0.0.0                        |
| Primary WINS IP Address -       | 0.0.0.0                        |
| Secondary WINS IP Address -     | 0.0.0.0                        |
| Primary DNS IPv6 Address -      | ::                             |
| Secondary DNS IPv6 Address -    | ::                             |
| Framed Pool -                   | not set                        |
| Class Attribute -               | TEST                           |
| Service Type -                  | 0                              |
| Client IPv6 Address -           | ::                             |
| Client IPv6 Mask -              | null                           |
| Framed IPv6 Prefix -            | ::/0                           |
| Framed IPv6 Pool -              | not-set                        |
| NDRA IPv6 Prefix -              | not-set                        |
| Login IPv6 Host -               | ::                             |
| Framed Interface Id -           | 0:0:0:0                        |
| Delegated IPv6 Prefix -         | ::/0                           |
| Delegated IPv6 Pool -           | not-set                        |
| User Password -                 | \$ABC123                       |
| CHAP Password -                 | NULL                           |
| Mac Address -                   | 00:00:5E:00:53:ab              |
| Idle Timeout -                  | 600                            |
| Session Timeout -               | 6000                           |
| Service Name (1) -              | cos-service(video_sch, nc_sch) |
| Service Statistics (1) -        | 1                              |
| Service Acct Interim (1) -      | 600                            |
| Service Activation Type (1) -   | 1                              |
| Service Name (2) -              | filter-service(in_filter,      |
| out_filter)                     |                                |
| Service Statistics (2) -        | 2                              |
| Service Acct Interim (2) -      | 900                            |
| Service Activation Type (2) -   | 1                              |
| Cos shaping rate -              | 100m                           |
| Filter Id -                     | not set                        |
| Framed MTU -                    | (null)                         |
| Framed Route -                  | not set                        |
| Ingress Policy Name -           | not set                        |
| Egress Policy Name -            | not set                        |
| IGMP -                          | disabled                       |
| Redirect VR Name -              | default                        |
| Service Bundle -                | Null                           |
| Framed Ip Route Tag -           | not set                        |
| Ignore DF Bit -                 | disabled                       |
| IGMP Access Group Name -        | not set                        |
| IGMP Access Source Group Name - | not set                        |
| MLD Access Group Name -         | not set                        |
| MLD Access Source Group Name -  | not set                        |
| IGMP Version -                  | not set                        |
| MLD Version -                   | not set                        |
| IGMP Immediate Leave -          | disabled                       |

```

MLD Immediate Leave - disabled
IPv6 Ingress Policy Name - not set
IPv6 Egress Policy Name - not set
Acct Session ID - 1
Acct Interim Interval - 750
Acct Type - 1
Ingress Statistics - disabled
Egress Statistics - disabled
Chargeable user identity - 0
NAS Port Id - -0/0/0.0
NAS Port - 4095
NAS Port Type - 15
Framed Protocol - 1
IPv4 ADF Rule - 010100
IPv4 ADF Rule - 010101
IPv6 ADF Rule - 030100
IPv6 ADF Rule - 030101
****Pausing 10 seconds before disconnecting the test user*****
Logging out subscriber
 Terminate Id - not set
Test complete. Exiting

```

You can use the **agent-remote-id** *ari* option with the **test aaa dhcp user** and **test aaa ppp user** commands to verify DHCP and PPP subscriber authentication in those networks that support the DSL Forum Agent-Remote-Id (VSA 26-2).

If you specify the DSL Forum Agent-Remote-Id, the output includes the specified value. If you do not specify the VSA, then the Agent-Remote-Id value is shown as **NULL**.

```
user@host>test aaa ppp user thomastank agent-remote-id "(202)555-1212"
```

```

Authentication Grant
*****User Attributes*****
 User Name - thomastank
 Client IP Address - 192.168.1.1
 Client IP Netmask - 255.255.0.0
 ...
 NAS Ip Address - 0.0.0.0
 Agent Remote Id - (202)555-1212
 ...

```

The following example shows output when the authentication grant fails due to an invalid password:

```

user@host>test aaa ppp user user45@test.net password 55N33%%56
Authentication Deny
Reason : Access Denied
Received Attributes :
 User Name - user45@test.net
 Client IP Address - 0.0.0.0
 Client IP Netmask - 0.0.0.0
 Virtual Router Name - default
 Agent Remote Id - NULL
 Reply Message - NULL
 Primary DNS IP Address - 0.0.0.0
 Secondary DNS IP Address - 0.0.0.0
 Primary WINS IP Address - 0.0.0.0
 Secondary WINS IP Address - 0.0.0.0

```

```

Primary DNS IPv6 Address - ::
Secondary DNS IPv6 Address - ::
Framed Pool - not set
Class Attribute - not set
Service Type - 0
Client IPv6 Address - ::
Client IPv6 Mask - null
Framed IPv6 Prefix - ::/0
Framed IPv6 Pool - not-set
NDRA IPv6 Prefix - not-set
Login IPv6 Host - ::
Framed Interface Id - 0:0:0:0
Delegated IPv6 Prefix - ::/0
Delegated IPv6 Pool - not-set
User Password - 55N33%%56
CHAP Password - NULL
Mac Address - 00:00:5E:00:53:ab
Filter Id - not set
Framed MTU - (null)
Framed Route - not set
Ingress Policy Name - not set
Egress Policy Name - not set
IGMP - disabled
Redirect VR Name - default
Service Bundle - Null
Framed Ip Route Tag - not set
Ignore DF Bit - disabled
IGMP Access Group Name - not set
IGMP Access Source Group Name - not set
MLD Access Group Name - not set
MLD Access Source Group Name - not set
IGMP Version - not set
MLD Version - not set
IGMP Immediate Leave - disabled
MLD Immediate Leave - disabled
IPv6 Ingress Policy Name - not set
IPv6 Egress Policy Name - not set
Acct Session ID - 12
Acct Interim Interval - 0
Acct Type - 0
Ingress Statistics - disabled
Egress Statistics - disabled
Chargeable user identity - 0
NAS Port Id - -0/0/0.0
NAS Port - 4095
NAS Port Type - 15
Framed Protocol - 0
Test complete. Exiting

```

For some networks, such as a Layer 2 network with VLAN-OOB subscribers, RADIUS is configured to provide the subscriber address in a client profile with the Client-Profile-Name VSA (26-174). In the default configuration, the test fails when it does not receive a subscriber address directly from RADIUS. To successfully test these subscribers, you must include the **no-address-request** option. The command output displays the client profile name in the Dynamic Profile field and the name of the routing instance conveyed by the Virtual-Router VSA (26-1) in the Routing Instance field.

```
user@host>test aaa ppp user thomastank no-address-request
```

```
Authentication Grant
*****User Attributes*****
 User Name - thomastank
 Client IP Address - 0.0.0.0
 Client IP Netmask - 0.0.0.0
 ...
 IPv6 Egress Policy Name - not set
 Dynamic Profile- filter-service
 Routing Instance - VR27fin
 ...
```

**Related Documentation** • [AAA Configuration Testing and Troubleshooting on page 895](#)

# Tracing Extended DHCP Operations

- [Tracing Extended DHCP Operations on page 901](#)

## Tracing Extended DHCP Operations

---

Both the extended DHCP local server and the extended DHCP relay agent support tracing operations. DHCP tracing operations track extended DHCP operations and record them in a log file. The error descriptions captured in the log file provide detailed information to help you solve problems.

You can configure DHCP trace operations at the global level and at the interface level. Global DHCP tracing logs all DHCP-related events, whereas interface-level tracing logs only interface-specific DHCP events. If you configure interface-level trace operations, you can specify tracing for a range of interfaces or an individual interface. However, only a single interface-level log file is supported. That is, you cannot specify different interface-level log files for different interfaces or groups of interfaces.

By default, nothing is traced. When you enable the tracing operation, the default tracing behavior is as follows:

- Important events for both global and per-interface tracing are logged in a file located in the `/var/log` directory. By default, the router uses the filename, `jdhcpd`. You can specify a different filename, but you cannot change the directory in which trace files are located.
- When the trace log file *filename* reaches 128 kilobytes (KB), it is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. Subsequent events are logged in a new file called *filename*, until it reaches capacity again. At this point, *filename.0.gz* is renamed *filename.1.gz* and *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. This process repeats until the number of archived files reaches the maximum file number. Then the oldest trace file—the one with the highest number—is overwritten.

You can optionally specify the number of trace files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB). (For more information about how log files are created, see the [System Log Explorer](#).)

- By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access log files. You can optionally configure read-only access for all users.

To configure global DHCP tracing operations.

- Specify tracing operations for DHCP local server and DHCP relay:

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service]
user@host# edit traceoptions
```

The tracing configuration is applied globally to all DHCP applications in every LS:RI. Configuration of event tracing on a per-LS:RI basis is not supported. DHCP tracing is configurable only in the default LS:RI. However, DHCP applications (local server or relay) do not have to be configured in the default LS:RI.



**NOTE:** We recommend that you use configure tracing statements at the `[edit system processes dhcp-service]` hierarchy level.

Because you can configure DHCP tracing at three different hierarchy levels (one new and recommended, two old and deprecated), the following rules apply to manage the interaction:

- When you configure a filename or any other options for the trace log file, the configuration at the `[edit system processes dhcp-service]` hierarchy level has the highest precedence, followed by the configuration at the `[edit system services dhcp-local-server]` hierarchy level, and finally with the lowest precedence, the configuration at the `[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]` hierarchy level.
- The flag configurations for multiple hierarchy levels are merged and applied to all trace log events.
- The deprecated statements do not support filtering the generation of DHCP trace log events by severity level. If you use these statements, trace logging operates with an implicit severity of **all**, regardless of the severity level configured at the `[edit system processes dhcp-service]` hierarchy level.

For information about configuring per-interface tracing options, see [“Tracing Extended DHCP Operations for Specific Interfaces” on page 906](#).

The extended DHCP traceoptions operations are described in the following sections:

- [Configuring the Extended DHCP Log Filename on page 903](#)
- [Configuring the Number and Size of Extended DHCP Log Files on page 903](#)
- [Configuring Access to the Extended DHCP Log File on page 904](#)
- [Configuring a Regular Expression for Extended DHCP Messages to Be Logged on page 904](#)
- [Configuring the Extended DHCP Tracing Flags on page 905](#)
- [Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which Extended DHCP Messages Are Logged on page 905](#)
- [Tracing Extended DHCP Operations for Specific Interfaces on page 906](#)

## Configuring the Extended DHCP Log Filename

By default, the name of the file that records trace output is **jdhcpd**. You can specify a different name by including the **file** option. DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent both support the **file** option for the **traceoptions** statement and the **interface-traceoptions** statement.

To change the filename:

- Specify a filename for global tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file filename
```

- Specify a filename for per-interface tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service interface-traceoptions]
user@host# set file filename
```

**See Also** • [Tracing Extended DHCP Operations for Specific Interfaces on page 906](#)

## Configuring the Number and Size of Extended DHCP Log Files

You can optionally specify the number of compressed, archived trace log files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB); the default size is 128 kilobytes (KB).

The archived files are differentiated by a suffix in the format **.number.gz**. The newest archived file is **.0.gz** and the oldest archived file is **.(maximum number)-1.gz**. When the current trace log file reaches the maximum size, it is compressed and renamed, and any existing archived files are renamed. This process repeats until the maximum number of archived files is reached, at which point the oldest file is overwritten.

For example, you can set the maximum file size to 2 MB, and the maximum number of files to 20. When the file that receives the output of the tracing operation, **filename**, reaches 2 MB, **filename** is compressed and renamed **filename.0.gz**, and a new file called **filename** is created. When the new **filename** reaches 2 MB, **filename.0.gz** is renamed **filename.1.gz** and **filename** is compressed and renamed **filename.0.gz**. This process repeats until there are 20 trace files. Then the oldest file, **filename.19.gz**, is simply overwritten when the next oldest file, **filename.18.gz** is compressed and renamed to **filename.19.gz**.

DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent both support the **files** and **size** options for the **traceoptions** statement and the **interface-traceoptions** statement. To configure the number and size of trace files:

- Specify the name, number, and size of the file used for the trace output for global tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file filename files number size maximum-file-size
```

- Specify the name, number, and size of the file used for the trace output for per-interface tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service interface-traceoptions]
user@host# set file filename files number size maximum-file-size
```

- See Also**
- [Tracing Extended DHCP Operations on page 901](#)
  - [Tracing Extended DHCP Operations for Specific Interfaces on page 906](#)

## Configuring Access to the Extended DHCP Log File

By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access the log files. You can enable all users to read the log file and you can explicitly set the default behavior of the log file.

DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent both support the **world-readable** option and the **no-world-readable** option for the **traceoptions** statement and the **interface-traceoptions** statement. To specify that all users can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be world-readable for global tracing operations.  

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file filename world-readable
```
- Configure the log file to be world-readable for per-interface tracing operations.  

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service interface-traceoptions]
user@host# set file filename world-readable
```

To explicitly set the default behavior, in which the log file can only be read by the user who configured tracing:

- Configure the log file to be no-world-readable for global tracing operations.  

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file filename no-world-readable
```
- Configure the log file to be no-world-readable for per-interface tracing operations.  

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service interface-traceoptions]
user@host# set file filename no-world-readable
```

- See Also**
- [Tracing Extended DHCP Operations for Specific Interfaces on page 906](#)

## Configuring a Regular Expression for Extended DHCP Messages to Be Logged

By default, the trace operation output includes all messages relevant to the logged events. You can refine the output by including regular expressions to be matched.



DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent both support the **match** option for the **traceoptions** statement and the **interface-traceoptions** statement. To configure regular expressions to be matched:

- Specify the regular expression for global tracing operations.  

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file filename match regular-expression
```
- Specify the regular expression for per-interface tracing operations.  

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service interface-traceoptions]
user@host# set file filename match regular-expression
```

**See Also** • [Tracing Extended DHCP Operations for Specific Interfaces on page 906](#)

## Configuring the Extended DHCP Tracing Flags

By default, only important events are logged. You can specify which events and operations are logged by specifying one or more tracing flags.

DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent both support the **flag** option for the **traceoptions** statement and the **interface-traceoptions** statement. A smaller set of flags is supported for interface-level tracing than for global tracing. To configure the flags for the events to be logged:

- Specify the flags for global tracing operations.  

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service traceoptions]
user@host# set flag flag
```
- Specify the flags for per-interface tracing operations.  

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service interface-traceoptions]
user@host# set flag flag
```

**See Also** • [Tracing Extended DHCP Operations for Specific Interfaces on page 906](#)

## Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which Extended DHCP Messages Are Logged

The messages associated with a logged event are categorized according to severity level. You can use the severity level to determine which messages are logged for the event type. A low severity level is less restrictive—filters out fewer messages—than a higher level. When you configure a severity level, all messages at that level and all higher (more restrictive) levels are logged.

The following list presents severity levels in order from lowest (least restrictive) to highest (most restrictive). This order also represents the significance of the messages; for example, **error** messages are of greater concern than **info** messages.

- verbose**
- info**

- **notice**
- **warning**
- **error**

The severity level that you configure depends on the issue that you are trying to resolve. In some cases you might be interested in seeing all messages relevant to the logged event, so you specify **all**. You can also specify **verbose** with the same result, because **verbose** is the lowest (least restrictive) severity level; it has nothing to do with the terseness or verbosity of the messages. Either choice generates a large amount of output. You can specify a more restrictive severity level, such as **notice** or **info** to filter the messages. By default, the trace operation output includes only messages with a severity level of **error**.

DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent both support the **level** option for the **traceoptions** statement and the **interface-traceoptions** statement. To configure the flags for the events to be logged:

- Specify the severity level for global tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service traceoptions]
user@host# set level severity
```

- Specify the severity level for per-interface tracing operations.

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service interface-traceoptions]
user@host# set level severity
```

**See Also** • [Tracing Extended DHCP Operations for Specific Interfaces on page 906](#)

## Tracing Extended DHCP Operations for Specific Interfaces

In addition to the global DHCP tracing operations, subscriber management enables you to trace extended DHCP operations for a specific interface or for a range of interfaces.

Configuring per-interface tracing is a two-step procedure. In the first step, you specify the tracing options that you want to use, such as file information and flags. In the second step, you enable the tracing operation on the specific interfaces.

To configure per-interface tracing operations:

1. Specify the tracing options you want to use.



**NOTE:** Per-interface tracing uses the same default tracing behavior as the global extended DHCP tracing operation. The default behavior is described in [“Tracing Extended DHCP Operations” on page 901](#).

- a. Specify that you want to configure per-interface tracing options.
  - For DHCP local server, DHCPv6 local server, DHCP relay agent, and DHCPv6 relay agent:
 

```
[edit system processes dhcp-service]
user@host# edit interface-traceoptions
```
- b. (Optional) Specify the tracing file options.
  - Configure the name for the file used for the trace output.  
See [“Configuring the Extended DHCP Log Filename” on page 903](#).
  - Configure the number and size of the log files.  
See [“Configuring the Number and Size of Extended DHCP Log Files” on page 903](#).
  - Configure access to the log file.  
See [“Configuring Access to the Extended DHCP Log File” on page 904](#).
  - Configure a regular expression to filter logging events.  
See [“Configuring a Regular Expression for Extended DHCP Messages to Be Logged” on page 904](#).
- c. (Optional) Specify tracing flag options.  
See [“Configuring the Extended DHCP Tracing Flags” on page 905](#).
- d. (Optional) Configure a severity level for messages to specify which event messages are logged.  
See [“Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which Extended DHCP Messages Are Logged” on page 905](#).

## 2. Enable tracing on an interface or interface range.

The following examples show a DHCP local server configuration. You can also use the **trace** statement at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy level and at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]** hierarchy level.

- Enable tracing on a specific interface.
 

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# set group group-name interface interface-name trace
```
- Enable tracing on a range of interfaces.
 

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server]
user@host# set group group-name interface interface-name upto interface
interface-name trace
```

**See Also** • [Tracing Extended DHCP Operations on page 901](#)

## CHAPTER 87

# Configuring Subscriber Management Database Log Files

- [Configuring the Number and Size of Subscriber Management Database Log Files on page 909](#)
- [Configuring Access to the Subscriber Management Database Log File on page 910](#)
- [Configuring a Regular Expression for Subscriber Management Database Messages to Be Logged on page 910](#)

### Configuring the Number and Size of Subscriber Management Database Log Files

---

You can optionally specify the number of compressed, archived trace log files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB); the default size is 128 kilobytes (KB).

The archived files are differentiated by a suffix in the format *.number.gz*. The newest archived file is *.0.gz* and the oldest archived file is *.(maximum number)-1.gz*. When the current trace log file reaches the maximum size, it is compressed and renamed, and any existing archived files are renamed. This process repeats until the maximum number of archived files is reached, at which point the oldest file is overwritten.

For example, you can set the maximum file size to 2 MB, and the maximum number of files to 20. When the file that receives the output of the tracing operation, *filename*, reaches 2 MB, *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*, and a new file called *filename* is created. When the new *filename* reaches 2 MB, *filename.0.gz* is renamed *filename.1.gz* and *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. This process repeats until there are 20 trace files. Then the oldest file, *filename.19.gz*, is simply overwritten when the next oldest file, *filename.18.gz* is compressed and renamed to *filename.19.gz*.

To configure the number and size of trace files:

- Specify the name, number, and size of the file used for the trace output.

```
[edit system services subscriber-management traceoptions]
user@host# set file smi_1_logfile_1 files 20 size 2097152
```

#### Related Documentation

- [Tracing Subscriber Management Database Operations for Subscriber Access on page 911](#)

## Configuring Access to the Subscriber Management Database Log File

---

By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access the log files. You can enable all users to read the log file and you can explicitly set the default behavior of the log file.

To specify that all users can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be world-readable.

```
[edit system services subscriber-management traceoptions]
user@host# set file smi_1_logfile_1 world-readable
```

To explicitly set the default behavior, only the user who configured tracing can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be no-world-readable.

```
[edit system services subscriber-management traceoptions]
user@host# set file smi_1_logfile_1 no-world-readable
```

### Related Documentation

- [Tracing Subscriber Management Database Operations for Subscriber Access on page 911](#)

## Configuring a Regular Expression for Subscriber Management Database Messages to Be Logged

---

By default, the trace operation output includes all messages relevant to the logged events.

You can refine the output by including regular expressions to be matched.

To configure regular expressions to be matched:

- Configure the regular expression.

```
[edit system services subscriber-management traceoptions]
user@host# set file smi_1_logfile_1 match regex
```

### Related Documentation

- [Tracing Subscriber Management Database Operations for Subscriber Access on page 911](#)

## CHAPTER 88

# Configuring Subscriber Management Database Trace Flags and Operations

- [Tracing Subscriber Management Database Operations for Subscriber Access on page 911](#)
- [Configuring the Subscriber Management Database Trace Log Filename on page 912](#)
- [Configuring the Subscriber Management Database Tracing Flags on page 912](#)

### Tracing Subscriber Management Database Operations for Subscriber Access

The Junos OS trace feature tracks subscriber management database operations and records events in a log file. The error descriptions captured in the log file provide detailed information to help you solve problems. The operations and events are those associated with the `smid` process, which manages the subscriber management infrastructure.

By default, nothing is traced. When you enable the tracing operation, the default tracing behavior is as follows:

1. Important events are logged in a file located in the `/var/log` directory. By default, the router uses the filename `smid`. You can specify a different filename, but you cannot change the directory in which trace files are located.
2. When the trace log file *filename* reaches 128 kilobytes (KB), it is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. Subsequent events are logged in a new file called *filename*, until it reaches capacity again. At this point, *filename.0.gz* is renamed *filename.1.gz* and *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. This process repeats until the number of archived files reaches the maximum file number. Then the oldest trace file—the one with the highest number—is overwritten.

You can optionally specify the number of trace files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB). (For more information about how log files are created, see the [System Log Explorer](#).)

By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access log files. You can optionally configure read-only access for all users.

To configure all aspects of subscriber management database tracing operations:

1. Configure a trace log filename.

See [“Configuring the Subscriber Management Database Trace Log Filename”](#) on page 912.

2. Configure the number and size of trace logs.

See [“Configuring the Number and Size of Subscriber Management Database Log Files”](#) on page 909.

3. Configure user access to trace logs.

See [“Configuring Access to the Subscriber Management Database Log File”](#) on page 910.

4. Configure a regular expression to filter the information to be included in the trace log.

See [“Configuring a Regular Expression for Subscriber Management Database Messages to Be Logged”](#) on page 910.

5. Configure flags to specify which events are logged.

See [“Configuring the Subscriber Management Database Tracing Flags”](#) on page 912.

---

## Configuring the Subscriber Management Database Trace Log Filename

By default, the name of the file that records trace output for the subscriber management database is **smid**. You can specify a different name with the **file** option.

To configure the filename for subscriber management database tracing operations:

- Specify the name of the file used for the trace output.

```
[edit system services subscriber-management traceoptions]
user@host# set file smi_logfile_1
```

### Related Documentation

- [Tracing Subscriber Management Database Operations for Subscriber Access](#) on page 911

---

## Configuring the Subscriber Management Database Tracing Flags

By default, only important events are logged. You can specify which events and operations are logged by specifying one or more tracing flags.

To configure the flags for the events to be logged:

- Configure the flags.

```
[edit system services subscriber-management traceoptions]
user@host# set flag flag
```



- Related Documentation**
- [Tracing Subscriber Management Database Operations for Subscriber Access on page 911](#)



# Configuring Subscriber Management Session Database Log Files

- [Configuring the Number and Size of Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Log Files on page 915](#)
- [Configuring Access to the Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Log File on page 916](#)
- [Configuring a Regular Expression for Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Messages to Be Logged on page 916](#)

## Configuring the Number and Size of Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Log Files

---

You can optionally specify the number of compressed, archived trace log files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB); the default size is 128 kilobytes (KB).

The archived files are differentiated by a suffix in the format *.number.gz*. The newest archived file is *.0.gz* and the oldest archived file is *.(maximum number)-1.gz*. When the current trace log file reaches the maximum size, it is compressed and renamed, and any existing archived files are renamed. This process repeats until the maximum number of archived files is reached, at which point the oldest file is overwritten.

For example, you can set the maximum file size to 2 MB, and the maximum number of files to 20. When the file that receives the output of the tracing operation, *filename*, reaches 2 MB, *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*, and a new file called *filename* is created. When the new *filename* reaches 2 MB, *filename.0.gz* is renamed *filename.1.gz* and *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. This process repeats until there are 20 trace files. Then the oldest file, *filename.19.gz*, is simply overwritten when the next oldest file, *filename.18.gz* is compressed and renamed to *filename.19.gz*.

To configure the number and size of trace files:

- Specify the name, number, and size of the file used for the trace output.

```
[edit system services database-replication traceoptions]
user@host# set file bdbrep_1_logfile_1 files 20 size 2097152
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Tracing Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Operations for Subscriber Access on page 917](#)

## Configuring Access to the Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Log File

---

By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access the log files. You can enable all users to read the log file and you can explicitly set the default behavior of the log file.

To specify that all users can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be world-readable.  

```
[edit system services database-replication traceoptions]
user@host# set file bdbrep_1_logfile_1 world-readable
```

To explicitly set the default behavior, only the user who configured tracing can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be no-world-readable.  

```
[edit system services database-replication traceoptions]
user@host# set file bdbrep_1_logfile_1 no-world-readable
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Tracing Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Operations for Subscriber Access on page 917](#)

## Configuring a Regular Expression for Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Messages to Be Logged

---

By default, the trace operation output includes all messages relevant to the logged events.

You can refine the output by including regular expressions to be matched.

To configure regular expressions to be matched:

- Configure the regular expression.  

```
[edit system services database-replication traceoptions]
user@host# set file bdbrep_1_logfile_1 match regex
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Tracing Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Operations for Subscriber Access on page 917](#)

# Configuring Subscriber Management Session Database Trace Flags and Operations

- [Tracing Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Operations for Subscriber Access on page 917](#)
- [Configuring the Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Trace Log Filename on page 918](#)
- [Configuring the Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Tracing Flags on page 919](#)

## Tracing Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Operations for Subscriber Access

---

The Junos OS trace feature tracks subscriber management session database replication operations and records events in a log file. The error descriptions captured in the log file provide detailed information to help you solve problems. The operations and events are those associated with the `bdbrepd` process, which syncs the subscriber management database between the master and backup Routing Engines.

By default, nothing is traced. When you enable the tracing operation, the default tracing behavior is as follows:

1. Important events are logged in a file located in the `/var/log` directory. By default, the router uses the filename `bdbrepd`. You can specify a different filename, but you cannot change the directory in which trace files are located.
2. When the trace log file *filename* reaches 128 kilobytes (KB), it is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. Subsequent events are logged in a new file called *filename*, until it reaches capacity again. At this point, *filename.0.gz* is renamed *filename.1.gz* and *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. This process repeats until the number of archived files reaches the maximum file number. Then the oldest trace file—the one with the highest number—is overwritten.

You can optionally configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB). You can also specify the number of trace files to be from 2 through 1000. (For more information about how log files are created, see the [System Log Explorer](#).)

By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access log files. You can optionally configure read-only access for all users.

To configure all aspects of subscriber management database replication tracing operations:

1. Configure a trace log filename.

See [“Configuring the Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Trace Log Filename”](#) on page 918.

2. Configure the number and size of trace logs.

See [“Configuring the Number and Size of Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Log Files”](#) on page 915.

3. Configure user access to trace logs.

See [“Configuring Access to the Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Log File”](#) on page 916.

4. Configure a regular expression to filter the information to be included in the trace log.

See [“Configuring a Regular Expression for Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Messages to Be Logged”](#) on page 916.

5. Configure flags to specify which events are logged.

See [“Configuring the Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Tracing Flags”](#) on page 919.

## Configuring the Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Trace Log Filename

---

By default, the name of the file that records trace output for the subscriber management session database is **bdbrepd**. You can specify a different name with the **file** option.

To configure the filename for subscriber management database tracing operations:

- Specify the name of the file used for the trace output.

```
[edit system services database-replication traceoptions]
user@host# set file bdbrep_logfile_1
```

### Related Documentation

- [Tracing Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Operations for Subscriber Access](#) on page 917

## Configuring the Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Tracing Flags

By default, only important events are logged. You can specify which events and operations are logged by specifying one or more tracing flags.

To configure the flags for the events to be logged:

- Configure the flags.

```
[edit system services database-replication traceoptions]
user@host# set flag flag
```

- |                                  |                                                                                                                                                                           |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Related<br/>Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Tracing Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Operations for Subscriber Access on page 917</a></li></ul> |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|





# Configuring Diameter Base Protocol Log Files

- [Configuring the Number and Size of Diameter Base Protocol Log Files on page 921](#)
- [Configuring Access to the Diameter Base Protocol Log File on page 922](#)
- [Configuring a Regular Expression for Diameter Base Protocol Messages to Be Logged on page 922](#)
- [Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which Diameter Base Protocol Messages Are Logged on page 922](#)

## Configuring the Number and Size of Diameter Base Protocol Log Files

---

You can optionally specify the number of compressed, archived trace log files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB); the default size is 128 kilobytes (KB).

The archived files are differentiated by a suffix in the format *.number.gz*. The newest archived file is *.0.gz* and the oldest archived file is *.(maximum number)-1.gz*. When the current trace log file reaches the maximum size, it is compressed and renamed, and any existing archived files are renamed. This process repeats until the maximum number of archived files is reached, at which point the oldest file is overwritten.

For example, you can set the maximum file size to 2 MB, and the maximum number of files to 20. When the file that receives the output of the tracing operation, *filename*, reaches 2 MB, *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*, and a new file called *filename* is created. When the new *filename* reaches 2 MB, *filename.0.gz* is renamed *filename.1.gz* and *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. This process repeats until there are 20 trace files. Then the oldest file, *filename.19.gz*, is simply overwritten when the next oldest file, *filename.18.gz* is compressed and renamed to *filename.19.gz*.

To configure the number and size of trace files:

- Specify the name, number, and size of the file used for the trace output. (Diameter base protocol supports the **files** and **size** options for the **traceoptions** statement.)

```
[edit system processes diameter-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file diam_1_logfile_1 files 20 size 2097152
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Tracing Diameter Base Protocol Processes for Subscriber Access on page 925](#)

---

## Configuring Access to the Diameter Base Protocol Log File

By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access the log files. You can enable all users to read the log file and you can explicitly set the default behavior of the log file.

To specify that all users can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be world-readable.  

```
[edit system processes diameter-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file diam_1_logfile_1 world-readable
```

To explicitly set the default behavior, only the user who configured tracing can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be no-world-readable.  

```
[edit system processes diameter-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file diam_1_logfile_1 no-world-readable
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Tracing Diameter Base Protocol Processes for Subscriber Access on page 925](#)

---

## Configuring a Regular Expression for Diameter Base Protocol Messages to Be Logged

By default, the trace operation output includes all messages relevant to the logged events.

You can refine the output by including regular expressions to be matched.

To configure regular expressions to be matched:

- Configure the regular expression.  

```
[edit system processes diameter-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file diam_1_logfile_1 match regex
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Tracing Diameter Base Protocol Processes for Subscriber Access on page 925](#)

---

## Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which Diameter Base Protocol Messages Are Logged

The messages associated with a logged event are categorized according to severity level. You can use the severity level to determine which messages are logged for the event type. The severity level that you configure depends on the issue that you are trying to resolve. In some cases you might be interested in seeing all messages relevant to the logged event, so you specify **all** or **verbose**. Either choice generates a large amount of

output. You can specify a more restrictive severity level, such as **notice** or **info** to filter the messages. By default, the trace operation output includes only messages with a severity level of **error**.

To configure the type of messages to be logged:

- Configure the message severity level.

```
[edit system processes diameter-service traceoptions]
user@host# set level severity
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Tracing Diameter Base Protocol Processes for Subscriber Access on page 925](#)



# Configuring Diameter Base Protocol Trace Flags and Operations

- [Tracing Diameter Base Protocol Processes for Subscriber Access on page 925](#)
- [Configuring the Diameter Base Protocol Trace Log Filename on page 926](#)
- [Configuring the Diameter Base Protocol Tracing Flags on page 926](#)

## Tracing Diameter Base Protocol Processes for Subscriber Access

---

The Junos OS trace feature tracks Diameter base protocol operations and records events in a log file. The error descriptions captured in the log file provide detailed information to help you solve problems.

By default, nothing is traced. When you enable the tracing operation, the default tracing behavior is as follows:

1. Important events are logged in a file located in the `/var/log` directory. By default, the router uses the filename `jdiameterd`. You can specify a different filename, but you cannot change the directory in which trace files are located.
2. When the trace log file *filename* reaches 128 kilobytes (KB), it is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. Subsequent events are logged in a new file called *filename*, until it reaches capacity again. At this point, *filename.0.gz* is renamed *filename.1.gz* and *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. This process repeats until the number of archived files reaches the maximum file number. Then the oldest trace file—the one with the highest number—is overwritten.

You can optionally specify the number of trace files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB). For more information about how log files are created, see the [System Log Explorer](#).

By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access log files. You can optionally configure read-only access for all users.

To configure Diameter base protocol tracing operations:

1. (Optional) Configure a trace log filename.  
See [“Configuring the Diameter Base Protocol Trace Log Filename” on page 926](#).
2. (Optional) Configure the number and size of trace logs.  
See [“Configuring the Number and Size of Diameter Base Protocol Log Files” on page 921](#).
3. (Optional) Configure user access to trace logs.  
See [“Configuring Access to the Diameter Base Protocol Log File” on page 922](#).
4. (Optional) Configure a regular expression to filter the information to be included in the trace log.  
See [“Configuring a Regular Expression for Diameter Base Protocol Messages to Be Logged” on page 922](#).
5. (Optional) Configure flags to specify which events are logged.  
See [“Configuring the Diameter Base Protocol Tracing Flags” on page 926](#).
6. (Optional) Configure a severity level for messages to specify which event messages are logged.  
See [“Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which Diameter Base Protocol Messages Are Logged” on page 922](#).

---

## Configuring the Diameter Base Protocol Trace Log Filename

By default, the name of the file that records trace output for Diameter base protocol is **jdiameterd**. You can specify a different name with the **file** option.

To configure the filename for Diameter base protocol tracing operations:

- Specify the name of the file used for the trace output.  

```
[edit system processes diameter-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file diam_logfile_1
```

### Related Documentation

- [Tracing Diameter Base Protocol Processes for Subscriber Access on page 925](#)

---

## Configuring the Diameter Base Protocol Tracing Flags

By default, only important events are logged. You can specify which events and operations are logged by specifying one or more tracing flags.

To configure the flags for the events to be logged:

- Configure the flags.

```
[edit system processes diameter-service traceoptions]
user@host# set flag dne
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Tracing Diameter Base Protocol Processes for Subscriber Access on page 925](#)





# Troubleshooting Diameter Networks

- [Troubleshooting Diameter Network Configuration on page 929](#)
- [Troubleshooting Diameter Network Connectivity on page 930](#)

## Troubleshooting Diameter Network Configuration

---

**Problem**    **Description:** A misconfiguration of the network can prevent Diameter from functioning properly. Configuration options for the Diameter base protocol are simplifying the discovery of a misconfiguration.

**Symptoms:** The output of the **show diameter peer** command indicates a peer is in the no-activation state. In this case issue the **show diameter peer map** and **show diameter network-element map** commands to determine which network elements use the peer. The output of these commands can indicate why the peer is not activated. For example, all the associated network elements might have higher-priority peers in the open state. The failed-to-forward counters are increasing in the output of the **show diameter function statistics detail** command. this can indicate that the routes to the peer are incorrectly configured. Check the network connectivity, then use the **show diameter routes** command to determine whether application traffic is being correctly forwarded.

**Cause**    Typical misconfigurations appear in the routes, peers, and network element configurations.

**Solution**    Use the appropriate statements to correct the misconfiguration.

**Related Documentation**

- [show diameter function statistics on page 1828](#)
- [show diameter network-element map on page 1836](#)
- [show diameter peer on page 1839](#)
- [show diameter peer map on page 1844](#)
- [show diameter route on page 1851](#)

## Troubleshooting Diameter Network Connectivity

---

**Problem**    **Description:** In some circumstances, problems can arise with network connectivity to Diameter peers. The problem may originate with the peer or the peer host.

**Symptoms:** The output of the **show diameter peer** command indicates a peer is in the suspended, rejected, or bad-peer state.

**Cause**    The suspended state indicates that the peer is not responding or has some other malfunction, or the network path to the peer does not exist.

The rejected state indicates that the network connection has been rejected by the peer.

The bad-peer state indicates that the network connection has been rejected by the router on which the peer resides.

**Solution**    Determine how persistent the problem is by issuing the **show diameter peer statistics *peer-name* brief** command to check the connectivity statistics.

**Related Documentation**

- [show diameter peer on page 1839](#)
- [show diameter peer statistics on page 1847](#)

# Configuring ANCP Log Files

- [Configuring the Number and Size of ANCP Log Files on page 931](#)
- [Configuring Access to the ANCP Log File on page 932](#)
- [Configuring a Regular Expression for ANCP Messages to Be Logged on page 932](#)
- [Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which ANCP Messages Are Logged on page 932](#)

## Configuring the Number and Size of ANCP Log Files

---

You can optionally specify the number of compressed, archived trace log files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB); the default size is 128 kilobytes (KB).

The archived files are differentiated by a suffix in the format *.number.gz*. The newest archived file is *.0.gz* and the oldest archived file is *.(maximum number)-1.gz*. When the current trace log file reaches the maximum size, it is compressed and renamed, and any existing archived files are renamed. This process repeats until the maximum number of archived files is reached, at which point the oldest file is overwritten.

For example, you can set the maximum file size to 2 MB, and the maximum number of files to 20. When the file that receives the output of the tracing operation, *filename*, reaches 2 MB, *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*, and a new file called *filename* is created. When the new *filename* reaches 2 MB, *filename.0.gz* is renamed *filename.1.gz* and *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. This process repeats until there are 20 trace files. Then the oldest file, *filename.19.gz*, is simply overwritten when the next oldest file, *filename.18.gz* is compressed and renamed to *filename.19.gz*.

To configure the number and size of trace files:

- Specify the name, number, and size of the file used for the trace output.

```
[edit protocols ancp traceoptions]
user@host# set file ancp_1_logfile_1 files 20 size 2097152
```

### Related Documentation

- [Tracing ANCP Agent Operations for Subscriber Access on page 935](#)

## Configuring Access to the ANCP Log File

---

By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access the log files. You can enable all users to read the log file and you can explicitly set the default behavior of the log file.

To specify that all users can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be world-readable.

```
[edit protocols ancp traceoptions]
user@host# set file ancp_1_logfile_1 world-readable
```

To explicitly set the default behavior, only the user who configured tracing can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be no-world-readable.

```
[edit protocols ancp traceoptions]
user@host# set file ancp_1_logfile_1 no-world-readable
```

### Related Documentation

- [Tracing ANCP Agent Operations for Subscriber Access on page 935](#)

## Configuring a Regular Expression for ANCP Messages to Be Logged

---

By default, the trace operation output includes all messages relevant to the logged events.

You can refine the output by including regular expressions to be matched.

To configure regular expressions to be matched:

- Configure the regular expression.

```
[edit protocols ancp traceoptions]
user@host# set file ancp_1_logfile_1 match regex
```

### Related Documentation

- [Tracing ANCP Agent Operations for Subscriber Access on page 935](#)

## Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which ANCP Messages Are Logged

---

The messages associated with a logged event are categorized according to severity level. You can use the severity level to determine which messages are logged for the event type. The severity level that you configure depends on the issue that you are trying to resolve. In some cases you might be interested in seeing all messages relevant to the logged event, so you specify **all** or **verbose**. Either choice generates a large amount of output. You can specify a more restrictive severity level, such as **notice** or **info** to filter the messages. By default, the trace operation output includes only messages with a severity level of **error**.

To configure the type of messages to be logged:

- Configure the message severity level.

```
[edit protocols ancp traceoptions]
user@host# set level severity
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Tracing ANCP Agent Operations for Subscriber Access on page 935](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)
- [traceoptions on page 1555](#)



# Configuring ANCP Trace Flags and Operations

- [Tracing ANCP Agent Operations for Subscriber Access on page 935](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Trace Log Filename on page 936](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Tracing Flags on page 936](#)

## Tracing ANCP Agent Operations for Subscriber Access

---

The Junos OS trace feature tracks ANCP agent operations and records events in a log file. The error descriptions captured in the log file provide detailed information to help you solve problems.

By default, nothing is traced. When you enable the tracing operation, the default tracing behavior is as follows:

1. Important events are logged in a file located in the `/var/log` directory. By default, the router uses the filename **ancpd**. You can specify a different filename, but you cannot change the directory in which trace files are located.
2. When the trace log file **filename** reaches 128 kilobytes (KB), it is compressed and renamed **filename.0.gz**. Subsequent events are logged in a new file called **filename**, until it reaches capacity again. At this point, **filename.0.gz** is renamed **filename.1.gz** and **filename** is compressed and renamed **filename.0.gz**. This process repeats until the number of archived files reaches the maximum file number. Then the oldest trace file—the one with the highest number—is overwritten.

You can optionally specify the number of trace files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB). (For more information about how log files are created, see the [System Log Explorer](#).)

By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access log files. You can optionally configure read-only access for all users.

To configure ANCP agent tracing operations:

1. (Optional) Configure a trace log filename.  
See [“Configuring the ANCP Trace Log Filename” on page 936](#).
2. (Optional) Configure the number and size of trace logs.  
See [“Configuring the Number and Size of ANCP Log Files” on page 931](#).
3. (Optional) Configure user access to trace logs.  
See [“Configuring Access to the ANCP Log File” on page 932](#).
4. (Optional) Configure a regular expression to filter the information to be included in the trace log.  
See [“Configuring a Regular Expression for ANCP Messages to Be Logged” on page 932](#).
5. (Optional) Configure flags to specify which events are logged.  
See [“Configuring the ANCP Tracing Flags” on page 936](#).
6. (Optional) Configure a severity level for messages to specify which event messages are logged.  
See [“Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which ANCP Messages Are Logged” on page 932](#).

**Related Documentation** • [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)

---

## Configuring the ANCP Trace Log Filename

By default, the name of the file that records trace output for ANCP is **ancpd**. You can specify a different name with the **file** option.

To configure the filename for ANCP tracing operations:

- Specify the name of the file used for the trace output.  

```
[edit protocols ancp traceoptions]
user@host# set file ancp_1
```

**Related Documentation** • [Tracing ANCP Agent Operations for Subscriber Access on page 935](#)

---

## Configuring the ANCP Tracing Flags

By default, only important events are logged. You can specify which events and operations are logged by specifying one or more tracing flags.



To configure the flags for the events to be logged:

- Configure the flags.  
[edit protocols ancp [traceoptions](#)]  
user@host# set flag restart

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Tracing ANCP Agent Operations for Subscriber Access on page 935](#)



# Configuring General Authentication Service Log Files

- [Configuring the Number and Size of General Authentication Service Processes Log Files on page 939](#)
- [Configuring Access to the Log File on page 940](#)
- [Configuring a Regular Expression for Lines to Be Logged on page 940](#)

## Configuring the Number and Size of General Authentication Service Processes Log Files

---

You can optionally specify the number of compressed, archived trace log files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB); the default size is 128 kilobytes (KB).

The archived files are differentiated by a suffix in the format *.number.gz*. The newest archived file is *.0.gz* and the oldest archived file is *.(maximum number)-1.gz*. When the current trace log file reaches the maximum size, it is compressed and renamed, and any existing archived files are renamed. This process repeats until the maximum number of archived files is reached, at which point the oldest file is overwritten.

For example, you can set the maximum file size to 2 MB, and the maximum number of files to 20. When the file that receives the output of the tracing operation, *filename*, reaches 2 MB, *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*, and a new file called *filename* is created. When the new *filename* reaches 2 MB, *filename.0.gz* is renamed *filename.1.gz* and *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. This process repeats until there are 20 trace files. Then the oldest file, *filename.19.gz*, is simply overwritten when the next oldest file, *filename.18.gz* is compressed and renamed to *filename.19.gz*.

To configure the number and size of trace files:

- Specify the name, number, and size of the file used for the trace output, by including the **files** and **size** options with the **traceoptions** statement.

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file aap_logfile_1 files 20 size 2097152
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Tracing General Authentication Service Processes on page 941](#)

---

## Configuring Access to the Log File

By default, log files can be accessed only by the user who configures the tracing operation. You can allow all users to read the log file and you can explicitly set the default behavior of the log file.

To specify that all users can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be world-readable.  

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file aap_logfile_1 world-readable
```

To explicitly set the default behavior, in which the log file can only be read by the user who configured tracing:

- Configure the log file to be no-world-readable.  

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file aap_logfile_1 no-world-readable
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Tracing General Authentication Service Processes on page 941](#)

---

## Configuring a Regular Expression for Lines to Be Logged

By default, the trace operation output includes all lines relevant to the logged events. You can refine the output by including regular expressions (regex) that will be matched.

To configure regular expressions to match:

- Configure the regular expression.  

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file aap_logfile_1 match regular-expression
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Tracing General Authentication Service Processes on page 941](#)

# Configuring General Authentication Service Trace Flags and Operations

- [Tracing General Authentication Service Processes on page 941](#)
- [Configuring the General Authentication Service Processes Trace Log Filename on page 945](#)
- [Configuring the Trace Operation on page 946](#)
- [Configuring Subscriber Filtering for General Authentication Service Trace Operations on page 947](#)

## Tracing General Authentication Service Processes

---

The Junos OS trace operations feature tracks general authentication service operations and records events in a log file. By default, the tracing operation is inactive. To trace general authentication service processes, you specify flags in the **traceoptions** statement at the **[edit system processes general-authentication-service]** hierarchy level. The default tracing behavior is the following:

- Important events are logged in a file located in the **/var/log** directory. By default, the router uses the filename, **authd**. You can specify a different filename, but you cannot change the directory (**/var/log**) in which trace files are located.
- When the trace log file **filename** reaches 128 kilobytes (KB), it is compressed and renamed **filename.0.gz**. Subsequent events are logged in a new file called **filename**, until it reaches capacity again. At this point, **filename.0.gz** is renamed **filename.1.gz** and **filename** is compressed and renamed **filename.0.gz**. This process repeats until the number of archived files reaches the maximum file number. Then the oldest trace file—the one with the highest number—is overwritten.

You can optionally specify the number of trace files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB). For more information about how log files are created, see the [System Log Explorer](#).

- By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access log files. You can optionally configure read-only access for all users.

The general authentication service tracing operations are described in the following sections:

- [Configuring the General Authentication Service Processes Trace Log Filename on page 942](#)
- [Configuring the Number and Size of General Authentication Service Processes Log Files on page 942](#)
- [Configuring Access to the Log File on page 943](#)
- [Configuring a Regular Expression for Lines to Be Logged on page 943](#)
- [Configuring Subscriber Filtering for General Authentication Service Trace Operations on page 944](#)
- [Configuring the Trace Operation on page 945](#)

## Configuring the General Authentication Service Processes Trace Log Filename

By default, the name of the file that records trace output for general authentication service is **authd**. You can specify a different name by including the **file** statement at the **[edit system processes general-authentication-service]** hierarchy level:

To configure the filename for general authentication service tracing operations:

- Specify the name of the file used for the trace output.  

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file aap_logfile_1
```

- See Also**
- [Tracing General Authentication Service Processes on page 941](#)
  - [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633](#)

## Configuring the Number and Size of General Authentication Service Processes Log Files

You can optionally specify the number of compressed, archived trace log files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB); the default size is 128 kilobytes (KB).

The archived files are differentiated by a suffix in the format **.number.gz**. The newest archived file is **.0.gz** and the oldest archived file is **.(maximum number)-1.gz**. When the current trace log file reaches the maximum size, it is compressed and renamed, and any existing archived files are renamed. This process repeats until the maximum number of archived files is reached, at which point the oldest file is overwritten.

For example, you can set the maximum file size to 2 MB, and the maximum number of files to 20. When the file that receives the output of the tracing operation, **filename**, reaches 2 MB, **filename** is compressed and renamed **filename.0.gz**, and a new file called **filename** is created. When the new **filename** reaches 2 MB, **filename.0.gz** is renamed **filename.1.gz** and **filename** is compressed and renamed **filename.0.gz**. This process repeats

until there are 20 trace files. Then the oldest file, *filename.19.gz*, is simply overwritten when the next oldest file, *filename.18.gz* is compressed and renamed to *filename.19.gz*.

To configure the number and size of trace files:

- Specify the name, number, and size of the file used for the trace output, by including the **files** and **size** options with the **traceoptions** statement.

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file aap_logfile_1 files 20 size 2097152
```

**See Also** • [Tracing General Authentication Service Processes on page 941](#)

## Configuring Access to the Log File

By default, log files can be accessed only by the user who configures the tracing operation. You can allow all users to read the log file and you can explicitly set the default behavior of the log file.

To specify that all users can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be world-readable.

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file aap_logfile_1 world-readable
```

To explicitly set the default behavior, in which the log file can only be read by the user who configured tracing:

- Configure the log file to be no-world-readable.

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file aap_logfile_1 no-world-readable
```

**See Also** • [Tracing General Authentication Service Processes on page 941](#)

## Configuring a Regular Expression for Lines to Be Logged

By default, the trace operation output includes all lines relevant to the logged events. You can refine the output by including regular expressions (regex) that will be matched.

To configure regular expressions to match:

- Configure the regular expression.

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file aap_logfile_1 match regular-expression
```

**See Also** • [Tracing General Authentication Service Processes on page 941](#)

## Configuring Subscriber Filtering for General Authentication Service Trace Operations

Starting in Junos OS Release 14.1, you can apply filters to the general authentication service to limit tracing to particular subscribers or domains. Subscriber filtering simplifies troubleshooting in a scaled environment by enabling you to focus on a reduced set of trace results.

For subscriber usernames that have the expected form of **user@domain**, you can filter on the user, the domain, or both. You can use an asterisk (\*) as a wildcard to substitute for characters at the beginning or end of either term to match a greater number of subscribers.



**NOTE:** You cannot filter results using a wildcard in the middle of the user or domain terms. For example, the following uses of the wildcard are not supported: tom\*25@example.com, tom125@ex\*.com.

When you enable filtering by username, traces that have insufficient information to determine the username are automatically excluded.

To configure subscriber filtering:

- Specify the filter.

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]
user@host# set filter user user@domain
```

Consider the following examples of using the wildcard for filtering:

- Filter results for the specific subscriber with the username, tom@example.com.

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]
user@host# set filter user tom@example.com
```

- Filter results for all subscribers whose username begins with tom.

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]
user@host# set filter user tom*
```

- Filter results for all subscribers whose username ends with tom.

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]
user@host# set filter user *tom
```

- Filter results for subscribers with the username tom at all domains beginning with ex.

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]
user@host# set filter user tom@ex*
```

- Filter results for all subscribers at all domains that end with ample.com.

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]
user@host# set filter user *ample.com
```

- Filter results for all subscribers whose username begins with tom at domains that end with example.com.



```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]
user@host# set filter user tom*.*example.com
```

**See Also** • [Tracing General Authentication Service Processes on page 941](#)

## Configuring the Trace Operation

By default, only important events are logged. You can specify which trace operations are logged by including specific tracing flags. The following table describes the flags that you can include.

| Flag                 | Description                                                       |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| address-assignment   | Trace all address-assignment pool events                          |
| all                  | Trace all tracing operations                                      |
| configuration        | Trace configuration events                                        |
| framework            | Trace authentication framework events                             |
| gx-plus              | Trace Gx-Plus events                                              |
| jsrc                 | Trace JSRC events                                                 |
| ldap                 | Trace LDAP authentication events                                  |
| local-authentication | Trace local authentication events                                 |
| radius               | Trace RADIUS authentication events                                |
| user-access          | Trace user access events, such as login, logout, and authenticate |

To configure the flags for the event to be logged:

- Configure the flags.

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]
user@host# set flag address-assignment
```

**See Also** • [Tracing General Authentication Service Processes on page 941](#)

## Configuring the General Authentication Service Processes Trace Log Filename

By default, the name of the file that records trace output for general authentication service is **authd**. You can specify a different name by including the **file** statement at the **[edit system processes general-authentication-service]** hierarchy level:

To configure the filename for general authentication service tracing operations:

- Specify the name of the file used for the trace output.

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]
user@host# set file aap_logfile_1
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Tracing General Authentication Service Processes on page 941](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633](#)

---

## Configuring the Trace Operation

By default, only important events are logged. You can specify which trace operations are logged by including specific tracing flags. The following table describes the flags that you can include.

| Flag                 | Description                                                       |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| address-assignment   | Trace all address-assignment pool events                          |
| all                  | Trace all tracing operations                                      |
| configuration        | Trace configuration events                                        |
| framework            | Trace authentication framework events                             |
| gx-plus              | Trace Gx-Plus events                                              |
| jsrc                 | Trace JSRC events                                                 |
| ldap                 | Trace LDAP authentication events                                  |
| local-authentication | Trace local authentication events                                 |
| radius               | Trace RADIUS authentication events                                |
| user-access          | Trace user access events, such as login, logout, and authenticate |

To configure the flags for the event to be logged:

- Configure the flags.

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]
user@host# set flag address-assignment
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Tracing General Authentication Service Processes on page 941](#)

## Configuring Subscriber Filtering for General Authentication Service Trace Operations

Starting in Junos OS Release 14.1, you can apply filters to the general authentication service to limit tracing to particular subscribers or domains. Subscriber filtering simplifies troubleshooting in a scaled environment by enabling you to focus on a reduced set of trace results.

For subscriber usernames that have the expected form of *user@domain*, you can filter on the user, the domain, or both. You can use an asterisk (\*) as a wildcard to substitute for characters at the beginning or end of either term to match a greater number of subscribers.



**NOTE:** You cannot filter results using a wildcard in the middle of the user or domain terms. For example, the following uses of the wildcard are not supported: *tom\*25@example.com*, *tom125@ex\*.com*.

When you enable filtering by username, traces that have insufficient information to determine the username are automatically excluded.

To configure subscriber filtering:

- Specify the filter.

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]
user@host# set filter user user@domain
```

Consider the following examples of using the wildcard for filtering:

- Filter results for the specific subscriber with the username, *tom@example.com*.

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]
user@host# set filter user tom@example.com
```

- Filter results for all subscribers whose username begins with *tom*.

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]
user@host# set filter user tom*
```

- Filter results for all subscribers whose username ends with *tom*.

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]
user@host# set filter user *tom
```

- Filter results for subscribers with the username *tom* at all domains beginning with *ex*.

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]
user@host# set filter user tom@ex*
```

- Filter results for all subscribers at all domains that end with *ample.com*.

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]
user@host# set filter user *ample.com
```

- Filter results for all subscribers whose username begins with *tom* at domains that end with *example.com*.

```
[edit system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions]
user@host# set filter user tom*.*example.com
```

**Release History Table**

| Release | Description                                                                                                                                           |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 14.1    | Starting in Junos OS Release 14.1, you can apply filters to the general authentication service to limit tracing to particular subscribers or domains. |

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Tracing General Authentication Service Processes on page 941](#)

# Configuring Static Subscriber Interfaces Log Files

- [Configuring the Number and Size of Static Subscribers Log Files on page 949](#)
- [Configuring Access to the Static Subscribers Log File on page 950](#)
- [Configuring a Regular Expression for Static Subscriber Messages to Be Logged on page 950](#)
- [Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which Static Subscriber Messages Are Logged on page 950](#)

## Configuring the Number and Size of Static Subscribers Log Files

---

You can optionally specify the number of compressed, archived trace log files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB); the default size is 128 kilobytes (KB).

The archived files are differentiated by a suffix in the format *.number.gz*. The newest archived file is *.0.gz* and the oldest archived file is *.(maximum number)-1.gz*. When the current trace log file reaches the maximum size, it is compressed and renamed, and any existing archived files are renamed. This process repeats until the maximum number of archived files is reached, at which point the oldest file is overwritten.

For example, you can set the maximum file size to 2 MB, and the maximum number of files to 20. When the file that receives the output of the tracing operation, *filename*, reaches 2 MB, *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*, and a new file called *filename* is created. When the new *filename* reaches 2 MB, *filename.0.gz* is renamed *filename.1.gz* and *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. This process repeats until there are 20 trace files. Then the oldest file, *filename.19.gz*, is simply overwritten when the next oldest file, *filename.18.gz* is compressed and renamed to *filename.19.gz*.

To configure the number and size of trace files:

- Specify the name, number, and size of the file used for the trace output.

```
[edit system processes static-subscribers traceoptions]
user@host# set file stat-subs_1_logfile_1 files 20 size 2097152
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Tracing Static Subscriber Operations on page 953](#)

## Configuring Access to the Static Subscribers Log File

---

By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access the log files. You can enable all users to read the log file and you can explicitly set the default behavior of the log file.

To specify that all users can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be world-readable.  

```
[edit system processes static-subscribers traceoptions]
user@host# set file stat-subs_1 _logfile_1 world-readable
```

To explicitly set the default behavior, only the user who configured tracing can read the log file:

- Configure the log file to be no-world-readable.  

```
[edit system processes static-subscribers traceoptions]
user@host# set file stat-subs_1 _logfile_1 no-world-readable
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Tracing Static Subscriber Operations on page 953](#)

## Configuring a Regular Expression for Static Subscriber Messages to Be Logged

---

By default, the trace operation output includes all messages relevant to the logged events.

You can refine the output by including regular expressions to be matched.

To configure regular expressions to be matched:

- Configure the regular expression.  

```
[edit system processes static-subscribers traceoptions]
user@host# set file stat-subs_1 _logfile match regex
```

- Related Documentation**
- [Tracing Static Subscriber Operations on page 953](#)

## Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which Static Subscriber Messages Are Logged

---

The messages associated with a logged event are categorized according to severity level. You can use the severity level to determine which messages are logged for the event type. The severity level that you configure depends on the issue that you are trying to resolve. In some cases you might be interested in seeing all messages relevant to the logged event, so you specify **all** or **verbose**. Either choice generates a large amount of output. You can specify a more restrictive severity level, such as **notice** or **info** to filter the

messages . By default, the trace operation output includes only messages with a severity level of **error**.

To configure the type of messages to be logged:

- Configure the message severity level.

```
[edit system processes static-subscribers traceoptions]
user@host# set level severity
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Tracing Static Subscriber Operations on page 953](#)





# Configuring Static Subscriber Interfaces

## Trace Flags and Operations

- [Tracing Static Subscriber Operations on page 953](#)
- [Configuring the Static Subscribers Trace Log Filename on page 954](#)
- [Configuring the Static Subscribers Tracing Flags on page 954](#)

### Tracing Static Subscriber Operations

---

The Junos OS trace feature tracks static subscriber operations and records events in a log file. The error descriptions captured in the log file provide detailed information to help you solve problems.

By default, nothing is traced. When you enable the tracing operation, the default tracing behavior is as follows:

1. Important events are logged in a file located in the `/var/log` directory. By default, the router uses the filename `jsscd`. You can specify a different filename, but you cannot change the directory in which trace files are located.
2. When the trace log file *filename* reaches 128 kilobytes (KB), it is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. Subsequent events are logged in a new file called *filename*, until it reaches capacity again. At this point, *filename.0.gz* is renamed *filename.1.gz* and *filename* is compressed and renamed *filename.0.gz*. This process repeats until the number of archived files reaches the maximum file number. Then the oldest trace file—the one with the highest number—is overwritten.

You can optionally specify the number of trace files to be from 2 through 1000. You can also configure the maximum file size to be from 10 KB through 1 gigabyte (GB). (For more information about how log files are created, see the [System Log Explorer](#).)

By default, only the user who configures the tracing operation can access log files. You can optionally configure read-only access for all users.

To configure static subscriber tracing operations:

1. (Optional) Configure a trace log filename.  
See [“Configuring the Static Subscribers Trace Log Filename” on page 954.](#)
2. (Optional) Configure the number and size of trace logs.  
See [“Configuring the Number and Size of Static Subscribers Log Files” on page 949.](#)
3. (Optional) Configure user access to trace logs.  
See [“Configuring Access to the Static Subscribers Log File” on page 950.](#)
4. (Optional) Configure a regular expression to filter the information to be included in the trace log.  
See [“Configuring a Regular Expression for Static Subscriber Messages to Be Logged” on page 950.](#)
5. (Optional) Configure flags to specify which events are logged.  
See [“Configuring the Static Subscribers Tracing Flags” on page 954.](#)
6. (Optional) Configure a severity level for messages to specify which event messages are logged.  
See [“Configuring the Severity Level to Filter Which Static Subscriber Messages Are Logged” on page 950.](#)

---

## Configuring the Static Subscribers Trace Log Filename

By default, the name of the file that records trace output for static subscribers is `jsscd`. You can specify a different name with the `file` option.

To configure the filename for static subscribers tracing operations:

- Specify the name of the file used for the trace output.  
`[edit system processes static-subscribers traceoptions]  
user@host# set file stat-subs_1`

**Related Documentation**

- [Tracing Static Subscriber Operations on page 953](#)

---

## Configuring the Static Subscribers Tracing Flags

By default, only important events are logged. You can specify which events and operations are logged by specifying one or more tracing flags.

To configure the flags for the events to be logged:

- Configure the flags.

```
[edit system processes static-subscribers traceoptions]
user@host# set flag authentication
```

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Tracing Static Subscriber Operations on page 953](#)



# Overriding PCRF Session Control to Troubleshoot a Session or Services

- [Disabling PCRF Control of a Subscriber Session on page 957](#)

## Disabling PCRF Control of a Subscriber Session

---

When a subscriber has been provisioned with Gx-Plus, services for that subscriber can be activated and deactivated only by the PCRF. Accordingly, AAA rejects any RADIUS CoA requests for subscribers provisioned by Gx-Plus. Similarly, CLI-based service activation and deactivation do not work while a subscriber is remotely provisioned.

Network administrators without PCRF access or authority may need to override PCRF control on a particular subscriber session to troubleshoot the session or correct the subscriber services. You can disable PCRF control by issuing the **request network-access aaa subscriber set session-id** command. In response, the router sends a termination notice to the PCRF, but does not actually log out the subscriber.

When you have confirmed that provisioning is disabled, you can then activate or deactivate subscriber services for that session with the **request network-access aaa subscriber add session-id** and **request network-access aaa subscriber delete session-id** commands, respectively. These commands fail if provisioning is still enabled.

Another consequence of disabling provisioning for a subscriber session is that RADIUS change of authorization (CoA) messages can modify the session.

Before you begin, determine or verify the ID for the session by displaying the session IDs of all current subscribers with the **show subscribers detail** or **show network-access aaa subscribers** command.

To disable control by the PCRF over a subscriber session:

1. Disable provisioning for the specified subscriber session ID.

```
user@host> request network-access aaa subscriber set session-id subscriber-session-id
provisioning-state none
```

2. (Optional) Verify that provisioning is disabled for the session.

```
user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers session-id subscriber-session-id
detail
```

For example, to disable provisioning for subscriber larry:

```
user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers
Username Logical system/Routing instance Client type Session-ID
...
larry default:default dhcp 55
...

user@host> request network-access aaa subscriber set session-id 55 provisioning-state none
user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers session-id 55 detail
Type: dhcp
Username: user23@example.net
Stripped username: user23
AAA Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Target Logical system/Routing instance: default:retail-onlinecompany-ca
Access-profile:retailer-onlinecompany-sjc
Session ID: 55
Accounting Session ID: 55
Multi Accounting Session ID: 0
IP Address: 192.168.44.104
Authentication State: AuthStateActive
Accounting State: Acc-Start-Send
Provisioning-type: none
Service name: basic-service
Service State: SvcActive
Session ID: 56
Session uptime: 00:01:45
```

**Related Documentation**

- [Activating and Deactivating Subscriber Services Locally with the CLI on page 662](#)

# Contacting Juniper Technical Support

- [Collecting Subscriber Access Logs Before Contacting Juniper Networks Technical Support on page 959](#)
- [Compressing Troubleshooting Logs from /var/logs to Send to Juniper Networks Technical Support on page 961](#)

## Collecting Subscriber Access Logs Before Contacting Juniper Networks Technical Support

---

**Problem**    **Description:** When you experience a subscriber access problem in your network, we recommend that you collect certain logs before you contact Juniper Networks Technical Support. This topic shows you the most useful logs for a variety of network implementations. In addition to the relevant log information, you must also collect standard troubleshooting information and send it to Juniper Networks Technical Support in your request for assistance.

**Solution**    To collect standard troubleshooting information:

- Redirect the command output to a file.

```
user@host> request support information | save rsi-1
```

To configure logging to assist Juniper Networks Technical Support:

1. Review the following blocks of statements to determine which apply to your configuration.

```
[edit]
set system syslog archive size 100m files 25
set system auto-configuration traceoptions file filename
set system auto-configuration traceoptions file filename size 100m files 25
set protocols ppp-service traceoptions file filename size 100m files 25
set protocols ppp-service traceoptions level all
set protocols ppp-service traceoptions flag all
set protocols ppp traceoptions file filename size 100m files 25
set protocols ppp traceoptions level all
set protocols ppp traceoptions flag all
set protocols ppp monitor-session all
set interfaces pp0 traceoptions flag all
set demux traceoptions file filename size 100m files 25
set demux traceoptions level all
set demux traceoptions flag all
set system processes dhcp-service traceoptions file filename
set system processes dhcp-service traceoptions file size 100m
set system processes dhcp-service traceoptions file files 25
set system processes dhcp-service traceoptions flag all
set class-of-service traceoptions file filename
set class-of-service traceoptions file size 100m
set class-of-service traceoptions flag all
set class-of-service traceoptions file files 25
set routing-options traceoptions file filename
set routing-options traceoptions file size 100m
set routing-options traceoptions flag all
set routing-options traceoptions file files 25
set interfaces traceoptions file filename
set interfaces traceoptions file size 100m
set interfaces traceoptions flag all
set interfaces traceoptions file files 25
set system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions file filename
set system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions file size 100m
set system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions flag all
set system processes general-authentication-service traceoptions file files 25
```

2. Copy the relevant statements into a text file and modify the log filenames as you want.
3. Copy the statements from the text file and paste them into the CLI on your router to configure logging.
4. Commit the logging configuration to begin collecting information.



**NOTE:** The maximum file size for DHCP local server and DHCP relay log files is 1 GB. The maximum number of log files for DHCP local server and DHCP relay is 1000.

---





**BEST PRACTICE:** Enable these logs only to collect information when troubleshooting specific problems. Enabling these logs during normal operations can result in reduced system performance.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Compressing Troubleshooting Logs from /var/logs to Send to Juniper Networks Technical Support on page 961](#)

## Compressing Troubleshooting Logs from /var/logs to Send to Juniper Networks Technical Support

**Problem Description:** You have collected logs on your device and need to send them to Juniper Networks Technical Support. This topic shows you how to compress the logs into a single file for each Routing Engine to more conveniently send the logs.

**Solution** You can compress all the log files in the **/var/log** directories of the master and backup (if present) Routing Engines into a single **tgz** file for each Routing Engine, which enables you to send the logs to JTAC in a convenient package. You can use either the CLI or the command shell to perform these tasks; because of its ease of use, only the CLI version is shown here.

1. Access the device through the management IP address or console, typically on the master Routing Engine, RE0.

```
user@host>
```

2. Archive and compress all the log files on RE0 and put them in **/var/tmp**.

```
user@host> file archive compress source /var/log/* destination /var/tmp/re0.tgz
/usr/bin/tar: Removing leading '/' from member names
```

3. Confirm that the compressed archive file has been created.

```
user@host> file list /var/tmp
baseline-config.conf
gres-tp
idp_license_info
install
jinstall-12.2-20120328.0-domestic-signed.tgz
krt_gencfg_filter.txt
preinstall_boot_loader.conf
re0.tgz
rtsdb
sec-download
vi.recover
```

On devices with a single Routing Engine, skip to Step 10.

4. Log in to the backup Routing Engine, RE1, and access the CLI.



**NOTE:** 1 is appended to the hostname in the prompt to signify that you are on RE1.

```
user@host> request routing-engine login backup
% cli
user@host11>
```

5. Archive and compress all the log files on RE1 and put them in **/var/tmp**.

```
user@host1> file archive compress source /var/log/* destination /var/tmp/re1.tgz
/usr/bin/tar: Removing leading `/' from member names
```

6. Confirm that the compressed archive file has been created.

```
user@host1> file list /var/tmp
baseline-config.conf
gres-tp
idp_license_info
install
jinstall-12.2-20120328.0-domestic-signed.tgz
krt_gencfg_filter.txt
preinstall_boot_loader.conf
re1.tgz
rtsdb
sec-download
vi.recover
%
```

7. Exit the remote login to the backup Routing Engine to return to the master Routing Engine. Note that the previously appended 1 is removed from the hostname in the prompt to signify that you are back on RE0.

```
user@host1> exit
rlogin: connection closed

user@host1>
```

8. Copy the compressed archive file from RE1 to RE0.

```
user@host> file copy re1:/var/tmp/re1.tgz /var/tmp
```

9. Confirm the presence of the copied file.

```
user@host> file list /var/tmp
baseline-config.conf
gres-tp
idp_license_info
install
jinstall-12.2-20120328.0-domestic-signed.tgz
krt_gencfg_filter.txt
preinstall_boot_loader.conf
re0.tgz
```

```
rel.tgz
rtsdb
sec-download
vi.recover
%
```

10. Copy the files directly from the master Routing Engine to any local host using FTP, SCP, JWEB, or (on some devices) a mounted USB.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Collecting Subscriber Access Logs Before Contacting Juniper Networks Technical Support on page 959](#)



## PART 11

# Configuration Statements and Operational Commands

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## aaa-logical-system (Domain Map)

---

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                    |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <code>aaa-logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i> {<br/>    aaa-routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i>;<br/>}</code>                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | [edit access domain <code>map</code> <i>domain-map-name</i> ]                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Configure a non-default logical system in which the <b>authd</b> daemon sends AAA requests for the domain map.                                     |
| <div> <b>NOTE:</b> Subscriber management is supported in the default logical system only. The <code>aaa-logical-system</code> statement is for future extensions of subscriber management and is not supported in current Junos OS releases.</div> |                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Default</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Default logical system for the subscriber.                                                                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <i>logical-system-name</i> —Name of the logical system.<br><br>The remaining statement is explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> . |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Specifying an AAA Logical System/Routing Instance in a Domain Map on page 199</a></li></ul>    |

## aaa-routing-instance (Domain Map)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                          |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <code>aaa-routing-instance (routing-instance-name   default);</code>                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit access domain <code>map domain-map-name</code> ],<br>[edit access domain <code>map domain-map-name aaa-logical-system logical-system-name</code> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.<br><b>default</b> option added in Junos OS Release 13.3.                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>         | Configure the routing instance in which the <b>authd</b> daemon sends AAA requests for the domain map.                                                   |



**NOTE:** Subscriber management is supported in the default logical system only. The `aaa-logical-system` statement, which appears in the CLI, is not supported in current Junos OS releases.

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Default</b>                  | Routing instance used for the subscriber context.                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>routing-instance-name</b> —Name of the routing instance.<br><b>default</b> —The default (master) routing instance.                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>admin</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>admin-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Domain Maps and Logical System/Routing Instance Contexts on page 193</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Specifying an AAA Logical System/Routing Instance in a Domain Map on page 199</a></li> </ul> |

## abated-utilization (Address-Assignment Pools)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>abated-utilization <i>percentage</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">address-assignment</a> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> <a href="#">address-assignment</a> ]                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Generate SNMP traps for DHCP address pools or linked set of address pools. No SNMP traps are generated unless a value is configured.                                                                            |
| <b>Default</b>                  | Abated utilization is not set. Delete the abated-utilization value to unset.                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>percentage</i></b> —Threshold below which an SNMP trap clear is generated.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 98                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pool Usage Threshold Traps on page 638</a></li></ul> |



## abated-utilization-v6 (Address-Assignment Pools)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | abated-utilization-v6 <i>percentage</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">address-assignment</a> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> <a href="#">address-assignment</a> ]                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Generate SNMP traps for DHCPv6 address pools or linked set of address pools. No SNMP traps are generated unless a value is configured.                                                                             |
| <b>Default</b>                  | Abated utilization is not set. Delete the abated-utilization value to unset.                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>percentage</i></b> —Threshold below which an SNMP trap clear is generated.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 98                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pool Usage Threshold Traps on page 638</a></li> </ul> |

## accept-max-tcp-connections (System Process)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | accept-max-tcp-connections <i>max-tcp-connections</i> ;                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system processes <a href="#">dhcp-service</a> ]                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the number of simultaneous TCP connections that the DHCP server can use for bulk leasequery operations.                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>max-tcp-connections</i></b> —Number of connections.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 10<br><b>Default:</b> 5                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring and Using DHCP Individual Leasequery on page 297</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring and Using DHCP Bulk Leasequery on page 300</a></li></ul> |

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## accept-sdr (PCRF Partition)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | accept-sdr;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">pcrf partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the service discovery requests for the vendor. If <b>accept-sdr</b> is configured for PCRF partition, the application and the vendor ID is advertised in the diameter CER request.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the PCRF Partition on page 840</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Upstream and Downstream Messages for the PCRF on page 831</a></li></ul> |

## access-identifier

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>access-identifier <i>identifier-string</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols ancp <a href="#">interfaces</a> <i>interface-name</i> ],<br>[edit protocols ancp interfaces <a href="#">interface-set</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Associate an access-loop circuit identifier (ACI) with the VLAN or set of VLANs that carry traffic to the subscriber using that access loop; identify a particular subscriber. This statement requires that the name of the interface or interface set is statically configured or deterministic. This means that it can be used with dynamic or static interface sets, VLAN-tagged interface sets, or static VLAN/VLAN demux interfaces. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>identifier-string</i> —Unique identifier string for the access loop circuit; also configured on the access node.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Associating an Access Node with Subscribers for ANCP Agent Operations on page 703</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

## access-line (Access-Line Rate Adjustment)

**Syntax**    `access-line {`  
               `adsl-overhead-bytes bytes;`  
               `adsl-total-adjust percentage;`  
               `adsl2-overhead-bytes bytes;`  
               `adsl2-total-adjust percentage;`  
               `adsl2-plus-overhead-bytes bytes;`  
               `adsl2-plus-total-adjust percentage;`  
               `other-overhead-adjust percentage;`  
               `other-overhead-bytes bytes;`  
               `other-total-adjust percentage;`  
               `sdsl-overhead-adjust percentage;`  
               `sdsl-overhead-bytes bytes;`  
               `sdsl-total-adjust percentage;`  
               `vdsl-overhead-adjust percentage;`  
               `vdsl-overhead-bytes bytes;`  
               `vdsl-total-adjust percentage;`  
               `vdsl2-overhead-adjust percentage;`  
               `vdsl2-overhead-bytes bytes;`  
               `vdsl2-total-adjust percentage;`  
               `}`

**Hierarchy Level**    `[edit system]`

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.4R1.

**Description**    Configure values to adjust data rates by a percentage of the actual data rate, or adjust encapsulation overhead by adding to or subtracting from the total cell or frame bytes a specified number of bytes. Depending on the value, it may be reported to AAA, CoS, or both.

The actual (unadjusted) downstream and upstream data rates, DSL line type, and encapsulation mode are received from the access node by the ANCP agent in ANCP port messages, or by the PPPoE daemon from the PPPoE intermediate agent (PPPoE-IA) on PADI or PADO messages. The ANCP agent or PPPoE daemon subsequently adjusts rates and bytes based on the configuration.

Adjustments are applied to all subscribers using access lines of the specific DSL line type. Adjusted and unadjusted downstream and upstream rates are always reported to AAA in response to an AAA request. Adjusted and unadjusted downstream rates and overhead byte adjustments are reported to CoS, but only when you include the **qos-adjust** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level. Overhead byte adjustments are not reported to AAA.

**Options**    **adsl-overhead-bytes *bytes***—Number of bytes added to or subtracted from the actual downstream cell overhead for all subscribers on an ADSL access line to account for the traffic encapsulation overhead. The adjusted value is reported to CoS when you include the **qos-adjust** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level.



**NOTE:** This option replaces the [adsl-bytes](#) statement at the [edit protocols ancp qos-adjust] hierarchy level.

**Range:** -100 through 100 bytes

**Default:** 0 bytes

**adsl-total-adjust *percentage***—Adjustment factor applied globally to the downstream and upstream data rates for all subscribers on an ADSL access line. The adjusted rate is reported only to AAA.



**NOTE:** This option replaces the [qos-adjust-adsl](#) statement at the [edit protocols ancp] hierarchy level.

**Range:** 0 through 100 percent

**Default:** 100 percent

**adsl2-overhead-bytes *bytes***—Number of bytes added to or subtracted from the actual downstream cell overhead for all subscribers on an ADSL2 access line to account for the traffic encapsulation overhead. The adjusted value is reported to CoS when you include the **qos-adjust** statement at the [edit protocols ancp] hierarchy level.



**NOTE:** This option replaces the [adsl2-bytes](#) statement at the [edit protocols ancp qos-adjust] hierarchy level.

**Range:** -100 through 100 bytes

**Default:** 0 bytes

**adsl2-total-adjust *percentage***—Adjustment factor applied globally to the downstream and upstream data rates for all subscribers on an ADSL2 access line. The adjusted rate is reported only to AAA.



**NOTE:** This option replaces the [qos-adjust-adsl2](#) statement at the [edit protocols ancp] hierarchy level.

**Range:** 0 through 100 percent

**Default:** 100 percent

**adsl2-plus-overhead-bytes *bytes***—Number of bytes added to or subtracted from the actual downstream cell overhead for all subscribers on an ADSL2+ access line to account for the traffic encapsulation overhead. The adjusted value is reported to CoS when you include the **qos-adjust** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level.



**NOTE:** This option replaces the **adsl2-plus-bytes** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp qos-adjust]** hierarchy level.

**Range:** -100 through 100 bytes

**Default:** 0 bytes

**adsl2-plus-total-adjust *percentage***—Adjustment factor applied globally to the downstream and upstream data rates for all subscribers on an ADSL2+ access line. The adjusted rate is reported only to AAA.



**NOTE:** This option replaces the **qos-adjust-adsl2-plus** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level.

**Range:** 0 through 100 percent

**Default:** 100 percent

**other-overhead-adjust *percentage***—Adjust the actual downstream rate for an access line of DSL type OTHER by multiplying the rate by the specified percentage. The adjusted rate is reported to CoS when you include the **qos-adjust** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level.

The router reports some access technology types—such as Gigabit passive optical network (GPON) lines—as DSL type OTHER.



**NOTE:** This option replaces the **other-overhead-adjust** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp qos-adjust]** hierarchy level.

**Range:** 80 through 100 percent

**Default:** 100 percent

**other-overhead-bytes bytes**—Number of bytes added to or subtracted from the actual downstream frame overhead for all subscribers on an access line of DSL type OTHER to account for the traffic encapsulation overhead. The adjusted value is reported to CoS when you include the **qos-adjust** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level.

The router reports some access technology types—such as Gigabit passive optical network (GPON) lines—as DSL type OTHER.



**NOTE:** This option replaces the **other-bytes** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp qos-adjust]** hierarchy level.

**Range:** -100 through 100 bytes

**Default:** 0 bytes

**other-total-adjust percentage**—Adjustment factor applied globally to the downstream and upstream data rates for all subscribers on an access line of DSL type OTHER. The adjusted rate is reported only to AAA.

The router reports some access technology types—such as Gigabit passive optical network (GPON) lines—as DSL type OTHER.



**NOTE:** This option replaces the **qos-adjust-other** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level.

**Range:** 0 through 100 percent

**Default:** 100 percent

**sdsl-overhead-adjust percentage**—Adjust the actual downstream rate for an SDSL access line by multiplying the rate by the specified percentage. The adjusted rate is reported to CoS when you include the **qos-adjust** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level.



**NOTE:** This option replaces the **sdsl-overhead-adjust** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp qos-adjust]** hierarchy level.

**Range:** 80 through 100 percent

**Default:** 100 percent



**sdsl-overhead-bytes *bytes***—Number of bytes added to or subtracted from the actual downstream frame overhead for all subscribers on an SDSL access line to account for the traffic encapsulation overhead. The adjusted value is reported to CoS when you include the **qos-adjust** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level.



**NOTE:** This option replaces the **sdsl-bytes** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp qos-adjust]** hierarchy level.

**Range:** -100 through 100 bytes

**Default:** 0 bytes

**sdsl-total-adjust *percentage***—Adjustment factor applied globally to the downstream and upstream data rates for all subscribers on an SDSL access line. The adjusted rate is reported only to AAA.



**NOTE:** This option replaces the **qos-adjust-sdsl** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level.

**Range:** 0 through 100 percent

**Default:** 100 percent

**vdsl-overhead-adjust *percentage***—Adjust the actual downstream rate for a VDSL access line by multiplying the rate by the specified percentage. The adjusted rate is reported to CoS when you include the **qos-adjust** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level.



**NOTE:** This option replaces the **vdsl-overhead-adjust** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp qos-adjust]** hierarchy level.

**Range:** 80 through 100 percent

**Default:** 100 percent

**vdsl-overhead-bytes** *bytes*—Number of bytes added to or subtracted from the actual downstream frame overhead for all subscribers on a VDSL access line to account for the traffic encapsulation overhead. The adjusted value is reported to CoS when you include the **qos-adjust** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level.



**NOTE:** This option replaces the **vdsl-bytes** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp qos-adjust]** hierarchy level.

**Range:** -100 through 100 bytes

**Default:** 0 bytes

**vdsl-total-adjust** *percentage*—Adjustment factor applied globally to the downstream and upstream data rates for all subscribers on a VDSL access line. The adjusted rate is reported only to AAA.



**NOTE:** This option replaces the **qos-adjust-vdsl** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level.

**Range:** 0 through 100 percent

**Default:** 100 percent

**vdsl2-overhead-adjust** *percentage*—Adjust the actual downstream rate for a VDSL2 access line by multiplying the rate by the specified percentage. The adjusted rate is reported to CoS when you include the **qos-adjust** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level.



**NOTE:** This option replaces the **vdsl2-overhead-adjust** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp qos-adjust]** hierarchy level.

**Range:** 80 through 100 percent

**Default:** 100 percent

**vdsl2-overhead-bytes *bytes***—Number of bytes added to or subtracted from the actual downstream frame overhead for all subscribers on a VDSL2 access line to account for the traffic encapsulation overhead. The adjusted value is reported to CoS when you include the **qos-adjust** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level.

Number of bytes added to or subtracted from the actual downstream frame overhead.



**NOTE:** This option replaces the **vdsl2-bytes** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp qos-adjust]** hierarchy level.

**Range:** -100 through 100 bytes

**Default:** 0 bytes

**vdsl2-total-adjust *percentage***—Adjustment factor applied globally to the downstream and upstream data rates for all subscribers on a VDSL2 access line. The adjusted rate is reported only to AAA.



**NOTE:** This option replaces the **qos-adjust-vdsl2** statement at the **[edit protocols ancp]** hierarchy level.

**Range:** 0 through 100 percent

**Default:** 100 percent

**Required Privilege Level** routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent to Report Traffic Rates to CoS on page 735](#)
  - [Traffic Rate Reporting and Adjustment by the ANCP Agent on page 729](#)
  - [Setting a Global Adjustment Factor per DSL Subscriber Line for ANCP Agent-Reported Traffic Rates on page 739](#)
  - [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)

## access-loop-id-local

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | access-loop-id-local;                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius <a href="#">options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.1.                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the Agent-Remote-Id and Agent-Circuit-Id are generated locally when these values are not present in the client database.                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 140</a></li></ul> |

## access-profile

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>access-profile <i>profile-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a>]</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay dual-stack-group</a> <i>dual-stack-group-name</i>],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> group <i>group-name</i>]</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay dhcpv6</a>]</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay dhcpv6</a> group <i>group-name</i>]</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i>]</code><br><code>[edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> auto-configure vlan-ranges],</code><br><code>[edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> auto-configure stacked-vlan-ranges],</code><br><code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i>]</code><br><code>[edit system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a>]</code><br><code>[edit system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> group <i>group-name</i>]</code><br><code>[edit system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server dhcpv6</a>]</code><br><code>[edit system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server dhcpv6</a> group <i>group-name</i>]</code><br><code>[edit system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server dual-stack-group</a> <i>dual-stack-group-name</i>]</code> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3 for ACX Series routers.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>After you have created the access profile that specifies authentication and accounting parameters, you must specify where the profile is used. Authentication and accounting will not run unless you specify the profile. You can attach access profiles globally at the <b>[edit]</b> hierarchy level, or you can apply them to DHCP clients or subscribers, VLANs, or to a routing instance.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>profile-name</i></b>—Name of the access profile that you configured at the <b>[edit access profile name]</b> hierarchy level.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p><b>access</b>—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p><b>access-control</b>—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Attaching Access Profiles on page 148</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Attaching Access Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces or DHCP Client Interfaces on page 362</a></li> <li>• <i>Configuring Access Components for the DHCP Layer 3 Wholesale Network Solution</i></li> <li>• <i>Configuring Access Components for the PPPoE Wholesale Network Solution</i></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## access-profile (Extensible Subscriber Services Manager)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>access-profile <i>access-profile-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services extensible-subscriber-services]                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Define the access profile name for time accounting. In most cases, the information about the access profile on the RADIUS server is the same as the information about the access profile of a control session. This configuration is mandatory. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>access-profile-name</i> —Name of the access profile.                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                               |

## access-profile (Domain Map)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>access-profile <i>profile-name</i>;</code>                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access domain <b>map</b> <i>domain-map-name</i> ]                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Access profile that defines the AAA services and options for subscribers associated with the domain map.                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>profile-name</i> —Name of access profile.                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Specifying an Access Profile in a Domain Map on page 197</a></li></ul> |

## access-profile (Static Subscribers)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>access-profile <i>profile-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services <b>static-subscribers</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <b>static-subscribers</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services <b>static-subscribers</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit system services <b>static-subscribers</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the access profile that triggers AAA services for all static subscribers on interfaces configured at the <b>[edit system services static-subscribers interface]</b> hierarchy level or for the static subscribers in a specific group. The group version of this statement overrides the global configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>profile-name</i></b> —Name of the static subscriber access profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p><b>access</b>—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p><b>access-control</b>—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Specifying the Static Subscriber Global Access Profile on page 877</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Specifying the Static Subscriber Group Access Profile on page 882</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

## access-profile-name (Duplicate Accounting)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>access-profile-name [<i>profile-name</i>];</code>                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> accounting <a href="#">duplication-vrf</a> ]                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R3 and supported in later 12.3Rx releases. Statement supported in Junos OS Release 13.2 and later releases.                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify up to five access profiles, all in the same nondefault VRF (LS:RI combination), each of which lists one or more RADIUS accounting servers to which duplication accounting information is sent.                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>profile-name</i></b> —Name of an access profile that lists RADIUS accounting servers for duplicate reporting.                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Understanding RADIUS Accounting Duplicate Reporting on page 115</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94</a></li></ul> |



## accounting (Access Profile)

**Syntax**

```

accounting {
 accounting-stop-on-access-deny;
 accounting-stop-on-failure;
 address-change-immediate-update;
 ancp-speed-change-immediate-update;
 coa-immediate-update;
 coa-no-override service-class-attribute;
 duplication;
 duplication-filter;
 duplication-vrf {
 access-profile-name profile-name;
 vrf-name vrf-name;
 }
 immediate-update;
 order [accounting-method];
 send-acct-status-on-config-change
 statistics (time | volume-time);
 update-interval minutes;
 wait-for-acct-on-ack;
}

```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access *profile* *profile-name*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.  
Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.

**Description** Configure RADIUS accounting parameters and enable RADIUS accounting for an access profile.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94](#)
- [Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 122](#)
- [Understanding RADIUS Accounting Duplicate Reporting on page 115](#)

## accounting (Service Accounting)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | accounting {<br><b>statistics</b> (time   volume-time);<br><b>update-interval</b> <i>minutes</i> ;<br>}                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <b>profile</b> <i>profile-name</i> <b>service</b> ]                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.2R1 for MX Series routers.                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Define the service accounting configuration.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Service Interim Accounting on page 128</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Processing Cisco VSAs in RADIUS Messages for Service Provisioning on page 185</a></li></ul> |

## accounting-backup-options (Access Profile)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | accounting-backup-options {<br><b>max-pending-accounting-stops</b> <i>number</i> ;<br><b>max-withhold-time</b> <i>hold-time</i> ;<br>}                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access]                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.1.                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure options for backing up RADIUS accounting stop requests when all RADIUS accounting servers in the profile are offline.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> . |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | access—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>access-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Back-up Options for RADIUS Accounting on page 127</a></li></ul>                                                                                              |

## accounting-order (Service Accounting)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | accounting-order (activation-protocol   local   radius);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>service</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.<br><b>local</b> option added in Junos OS Release 17.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify the method that is used for reporting subscriber service accounting.</p> <p>When you specify the <b>activation-protocol</b> method, the service accounting statistics are reported differently depending on how the service is activated:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• When the service is activated by the RADIUS server, the statistics are reported to the RADIUS server.</li> <li>• When the service is activated by JSRC, the statistics are reported to JSRC.</li> <li>• When the service is activated by the CLI configuration or a command—for example, through DHCP—the statistics are reported as determined by the flat-file profile configured at the [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>local</b>] hierarchy level. In this case, statistics are not reported if no flat-file profile is configured.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Default</b>                  | activation-protocol                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>activation-protocol</b>—Send service accounting reports by means of the application that activates services, such as JSRC, RADIUS, or the CLI.</p> <p><b>local</b>—Send service accounting information to a flat file stored locally on the router. This method requires you to also configure the name of a flat-file profile at the [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>local</b>] hierarchy level. This profile determines which statistics and which nonstatistical parameters are collected for the service.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|                                 | <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> When you configure the <b>local</b> option, both volume and time statistics are collected for the service accounting sessions. In this case, you must not configure the <b>volume-time</b> option at the [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>service</b> accounting statistics] hierarchy level, or an error is generated when you commit the configuration.</p> </div>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|                                 | <b>radius</b> —Send service accounting reports to the RADIUS server by means of the RADIUS protocol.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p><b>admin</b>—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p><b>admin-control</b>—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Service Accounting with JSRC on page 866](#)
  - [Service Accounting with JSRC on page 865](#)
  - [Configuring Service Accounting in Local Flat Files](#)

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## accounting-port

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**Syntax**    `accounting-port port-number;`

**Hierarchy Level**    `[edit access radius-server server-address],`  
`[edit access profile profile-name radius-server server-address]`

**Release Information**    Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.  
Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2X50-D10 for EX Series switches with support for Enhanced Layer 2 software (ELS).  
Statement introduced on Junos OS without ELS in the following releases:

- Junos OS Release 12.3 for EX Series switches: Release 12.3R10.
- Junos OS Release 14.1X53 for EX Series switches: Release 14.1X53-D25.
- Junos OS Release 15.1 for EX Series switches: Release 15.1R4.

**Description**    Configure the port number on which to contact the RADIUS accounting server.



.....

**NOTE:** Specifying the accounting port is optional, and port 1813 is the default. However, we recommend that you configure it in order to avoid confusion, as some RADIUS servers might refer to an older default.

.....



**Options**    *port-number*—Port number on which to contact the RADIUS accounting server. Most RADIUS servers use port 1813, as specified in RFC 2866.

**Default:** 1813

**Required Privilege Level**    admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring RADIUS System Accounting](#)
  - [Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 137](#)
  - [Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94](#)
  - [Configuring RADIUS Authentication for L2TP](#)

## accounting-retry (RADIUS)

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <code>accounting-retry <i>number</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | [edit access <a href="#">radius-server</a> <i>server-address</i> ],<br>[edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">radius-server</a> <i>server-address</i> ]                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Configure the number of times the router retransmits RADIUS accounting messages when no response is received from the server. When you do not configure this statement, the number of retry attempts is determined by the <a href="#">retry</a> statement.                                                                          |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> To successfully set a retry limit for the accounting servers different from the authentication servers, you must configure both the <code>accounting-retry</code> and <code>accounting-timeout</code> statements. If you configure only one of these statements, then the value you configure is ignored in favor of the values configured with the <code>retry</code> and <code>timeout</code> statements.</p> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> The maximum retry duration (the number of retries times the length of the timeout) cannot exceed 2700 seconds. An error message is displayed if you configure a longer duration.</p> </div>                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <i>number</i> —Number of retry attempts.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 100<br><b>Default:</b> 0 (disabled)                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 137</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Authentication for L2TP</a></li> </ul> |

## accounting-server

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | accounting-server [ <i>ip-address</i> ];                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius]                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a list of the RADIUS accounting servers used for accounting for DHCP, L2TP, and PPP clients.                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ip-address</i> —IP version 4 (IPv4) address.                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94</a></li></ul> |

## accounting-session-id-format

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | accounting-session-id-format (decimal   description);                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius options]                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the format the router or switch uses to identify the accounting session.                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Default</b>                  | decimal                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>decimal</b> —Use the decimal format.<br><br><b>description</b> —Use the generic format, in the form: <b>jnpr interface-specifier:subscriber-session-id</b> .                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94</a></li></ul> |

## accounting-stop-on-access-deny

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | accounting-stop-on-access-deny;                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>accounting</b> ]                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure RADIUS accounting to send an Acct-Stop message when the AAA server refuses a client request for access.                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94</a></li></ul> |



## accounting-stop-on-failure

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | accounting-stop-on-failure;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>accounting</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure RADIUS accounting to send an Acct-Stop message when a subscriber session has been successfully authenticated and authorized, but then fails before an Acct-Start message is sent. By default, an Acct-Stop message is sent only if an Acct-Start message has been exchanged with the accounting server.</p> <p>Consider a situation where RADIUS address pools are used to assign IP/IPv6 addresses. After a subscriber session is successfully authenticated, the RADIUS server authorizes the session by assigning an IP address from the RADIUS address pool and conveying that address in the Framed-IP-Address attribute. If a negotiation failure occurs at this point, the session is terminated before activating. The Acct-Start message is never sent because it is initiated by session activation. By default, an Acct-Stop message cannot be sent because the Acct-Start is never sent. However, if the <b>acct-stop-on-failure</b> statement is configured, the negotiation failure causes the Acct-Stop message to be sent, which explicitly notifies the RADIUS server that the session is disconnected and that it can free the allocated IP address back to the pool.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |



## accounting-timeout (RADIUS)

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | <code>accounting-timeout seconds;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <code>[edit access radius-server server-address],</code><br><code>[edit access profile profile-name radius-server server-address]</code>                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Configure how long the local router waits to receive a response from a RADIUS accounting server before retransmitting the message. When you do not configure this statement, the length of the timeout is determined by the <code>timeout</code> statement.                                                                         |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> To successfully set a timeout value for the accounting servers different from the authentication servers, you must configure both the <code>accounting-retry</code> and <code>accounting-timeout</code> statements. If you configure only one of these statements, then the value you configure is ignored in favor of the values configured with the <code>retry</code> and <code>timeout</code> statements.</p> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> The maximum retry duration (the number of retries times the length of the timeout) cannot exceed 2700 seconds. An error message is displayed if you configure a longer duration.</p> </div>                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <p><b>seconds</b>—Duration of timeout period.</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 0 (disabled)</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 1000 seconds</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 137</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Authentication for L2TP</a></li> </ul> |

## active-drain (Address Assignment Pools)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | active-drain;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment <b>pool</b> <i>pool-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.2 on MX Series.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the DHCP local server to stop allocating addresses from this pool. When this is configured, the DHCP local server gracefully shifts clients from this address pool to an alternative pool for which active drain is not configured. When existing clients with an address from this pool submit a DHCPv4 request or DHCPv6 renew, they receive a NAK, forcing them to renegotiate. The server responds with a DHCPv4 offer or DHCPv6 advertise message with an address from a different pool. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring DHCP Local Address Pool Rapid Drain on page 643</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li><li>• <a href="#">DHCP Attributes for Address-Assignment Pools on page 279</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

## active-server-group

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>active-server-group <i>server-group-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <pre> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b>], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>dhcpv6</b>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay</b>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay dhcpv6</b>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>dhcpv6</b>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i>   forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay</b>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i>   forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay dhcpv6</b>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i>   forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i>   forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>dhcpv6</b>], [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay] [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay dhcpv6</b>], [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>group</b>   <i>group-name</i>], [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <b>group</b>   <i>group-name</i>] </pre> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.</p> <p>Support at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Apply a DHCP relay agent configuration to the named group of DHCP server addresses. Use the statement at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.</p> <p>A group-specific configuration overrides a global option.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>server-group-name</i></b> —Name of the group of DHCP or DHCPv6 server addresses to which the DHCP or DHCPv6 relay agent configuration applies.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Active Server Groups to Apply a Common DHCP Relay Agent Configuration to Named Server Groups on page 365</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Group-Specific DHCP Relay Options on page 320</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">dhcp-relay on page 1109</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

## actual-transit-statistics (Dynamic Profiles)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>actual-transit-statistics;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces \$junos-interface-ifd-name <b>unit</b> \$junos-interface-unit]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1R3 and 17.4R1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Enable <b>actual-transit-statistics</b> to enable the collection and reporting of accurate accounting statistics for subscribers. The accurate statistics provide packet-level and byte-level counts for all transmit and receive traffic forwarded across the specified interface. The counts do not include overhead bytes, filtered traffic, drops, discards, or control traffic. These accurate statistics match the accounting statistics used by RADIUS. You can display these statistics with the <b>show subscribers id <i>session-id</i> accounting-statistics</b> and <b>show subscribers interface <i>interface</i> accounting-statistics</b> commands. |
| <b>Default</b>                  | Disabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Enabling the Reporting of Accurate Subscriber Accounting Statistics to the CLI on page 134</a></li><li>• <i>show interfaces (M Series, MX Series, T Series Routers, and PTX Series Management and Internal Ethernet)</i></li><li>• <i>Dynamic Profiles Overview</i></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

## address (Diameter Peer)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>address ip-address;</code>                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit diameter <b>peer</b> <i>peer-name</i> ]                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.<br>Support for IPv6 addresses added in Junos OS Release 17.3R1.                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the IP address for a Diameter remote peer.                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ip-address</i> —IPv4 or IPv6 address of remote Diameter peer. The address family must match that for the local Diameter transport connection.                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 782</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Peers on page 783</a></li> </ul> |

## address (Diameter Transport)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>address ip-address;</code>                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit diameter <b>transport</b> <i>transport-name</i> ]                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.<br>Support for IPv6 addresses added in Junos OS Release 17.3R1.                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the source (local) IP address for the Diameter local transport connection.                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ip-address</i> —IPv4 or IPv6 address of remote Diameter peer. The address family must match that for the remote Diameter peer. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 782</a></li> </ul>                              |

## address-assignment (Address-Assignment Pools)

```
Syntax address-assignment {
 abated-utilization percentage;
 abated-utilization-v6 percentage;
 high-utilization percentage;
 high-utilization-v6 percentage;
 neighbor-discovery-router-advertisement ndra-pool-name;
 pool pool-name {
 active-drain;
 family family {
 dhcp-attributes {
 protocol-specific attributes;
 }
 excluded-address ip-address;
 excluded-range name low minimum-value high maximum-value;
 host hostname {
 hardware-address mac-address;
 ip-address ip-address;
 }
 network ip-prefix /<prefix-length>;
 prefix ipv6-prefix;
 range range-name {
 high upper-limit;
 low lower-limit;
 prefix-length prefix-length;
 }
 }
 hold-down;
 link pool-name;
 linked-pool-aggregation;
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.  
Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.

**Description** Configure address-assignment pools that can be used by different client applications.



**NOTE:** Support for subordinate statements is platform-specific. See individual statement topics for support information.

**Options** *pool-name*—Name assigned to an address-assignment pool.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633](#)
- [Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool for L2TP LNS with Inline Services](#)

## address-change-immediate-update

**Syntax** address-change-immediate-update;

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access profile *profile-name* **accounting**]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.1.

**Description** Configure the router to send an Interim-Accounting message to the RADIUS server immediately after on-demand IPv4 allocation and de-allocation.

Changes to this setting take effect for new subscriber logins. Existing subscribers are not impacted by this change except when the AAA daemon restarts.

**Default** This functionality is disabled by default.

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Enabling Immediate Interim Accounting Messages for On-Demand IPv4 Address Changes on page 511](#)
- [Conserving IPv4 Addresses for Dual-Stack PPP Subscribers Using On-Demand IPv4 Address Allocation on page 501](#)

## address-pool (Domain Map)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>address-pool <i>pool-name</i>;</code>                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access domain <b>map</b> <i>domain-map-name</i> ]                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the address pool used to assign addresses to subscribers associated with the domain map.                         |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>pool-name</i> —Name of address pool.                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Specifying an Address Pool in a Domain Map on page 198</a></li></ul> |



## address-protection

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | address-protection;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> access]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2X50-D10 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Prevent IPv4 addresses and IPv6 prefixes from being assigned to more than one subscriber session when you use AAA to supply IPv4 addresses.</p> <p>For IPv4:</p> <p>If enabled, the router checks the following attributes received from external servers:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Framed-IP-Address</i></li> <li>• <i>Framed-Pool</i></li> </ul> <p>The router then takes one of the following actions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If an address matches an address in an address pool, the address is taken from the pool, provided it is available.</li> <li>• If the address is already in use, it is rejected as unavailable.</li> </ul> <p>For IPv6:</p> <p>If enabled, the router checks the following attributes received from external servers:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Framed-IPv6-Prefix</i></li> <li>• <i>Framed-IPv6-Pool</i></li> </ul> <p>The router then takes one of the following actions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If a prefix matches a prefix in an address pool, the prefix is taken from the pool, provided it is available.</li> <li>• If the prefix is already in use, it is rejected as unavailable.</li> <li>• If the prefix length requested from the external server does not exactly match the pool's prefix length, the authentication request is denied. If configured, the Acct-Stop message includes the cause for termination.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Duplicate IPv6 Prefix Protection for Router Advertisement on page 528</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

- [Configuring Duplicate IPv4 Address Protection for AAA on page 647](#)

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## adjacency-timer

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>adjacency-timer <i>seconds</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols <a href="#">ancp</a> ],<br>[edit protocols ancp <a href="#">neighbor ip-address</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a value for the interval that the ANCP agent proposes during negotiation to establish an adjacency, for all neighbors or a specific neighbor. The larger of the values proposed by the agent and the neighbor is selected for the interval between subsequent adjacency messages exchanged by the agent and the neighbor. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>seconds</i></b> —Number of seconds between adjacency messages.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 25 seconds<br><b>Default:</b> 10 seconds                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Specifying the Interval Between ANCP Adjacency Messages on page 704</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring ANCP Neighbors on page 701</a></li></ul>                                                           |

## adsl-bytes

**Syntax** `adsl-bytes bytes;`

**Hierarchy Level** `[edit protocols ancp qos-adjust]`

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.2.  
Statement deprecated in Junos OS Release 17.4R1.

**Description** Adjust the number of cell overhead bytes by the specified number of bytes in the actual downstream rate reported in the ANCP Port Up message for an ADSL access line. The ANCP agent reports the adjusted value to CoS. The adjusted value accounts for the traffic encapsulation overhead.



**NOTE:** Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the `adsl-overhead-bytes` option of the `access-line` statement at the `[edit system]` hierarchy level. The ANCP agent ignores the `adsl-bytes` statement if it is present. This means that when you upgrade from Junos OS Release 17.3 or earlier with an existing configuration, you must reconfigure your adjustment with the `access-line` statement.

**Options** `bytes`—Number of bytes added to or subtracted from the actual downstream cell overhead.

**Range:** -100 through 100 bytes

**Default:** 0 bytes

**Required Privilege Level** routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

### Release History Table

| Release | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 17.4R1  | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the <code>adsl-overhead-bytes</code> option of the <code>access-line</code> statement at the <code>[edit system]</code> hierarchy level. |

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring the ANCP Agent to Report Traffic Rates to CoS on page 735](#)
- [Traffic Rate Reporting and Adjustment by the ANCP Agent on page 729](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)

## adsl2-bytes

**Syntax** `adsl2-bytes bytes;`

**Hierarchy Level** `[edit protocols ancp qos-adjust]`

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.2.  
Statement deprecated in Junos OS Release 17.4R1.

**Description** Adjust the number of cell overhead bytes by the specified number of bytes in the actual downstream rate reported in the ANCP Port Up message for an ADSL2 access line. The ANCP agent reports the adjusted value to CoS. The adjusted value accounts for the traffic encapsulation overhead.



**NOTE:** Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the `adsl2-overhead-bytes` option of the `access-line` statement at the `[edit system]` hierarchy level. The ANCP agent ignores the `adsl2-bytes` statement if it is present. This means that when you upgrade from Junos OS Release 17.3 or earlier with an existing configuration, you must reconfigure your adjustment with the `access-line` statement.

**Options** **bytes**—Number of bytes added to or subtracted from the actual downstream cell overhead.

**Range:** -100 through 100 bytes

**Default:** 0 bytes

**Required Privilege Level** routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

### Release History Table

| Release | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 17.4R1  | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the <code>adsl2-overhead-bytes</code> option of the <code>access-line</code> statement at the <code>[edit system]</code> hierarchy level. |

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring the ANCP Agent to Report Traffic Rates to CoS on page 735](#)
- [Traffic Rate Reporting and Adjustment by the ANCP Agent on page 729](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)

## adsl2-plus-bytes

**Syntax** `adsl2-plus-bytes bytes;`

**Hierarchy Level** `[edit protocols ancp qos-adjust]`

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.2.  
Statement deprecated in Junos OS Release 17.4R1.

**Description** Adjust the number of cell overhead bytes by the specified number of bytes in the actual downstream rate reported in the ANCP Port Up message for an ADSL2+ access line. The ANCP agent reports the adjusted value to CoS. The adjusted value accounts for the traffic encapsulation overhead.



**NOTE:** Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the `adsl2-plus-overhead-bytes` option of the `access-line` statement at the `[edit system]` hierarchy level. The ANCP agent ignores the `adsl2-plus-bytes` statement if it is present. This means that when you upgrade from Junos OS Release 17.3 or earlier with an existing configuration, you must reconfigure your adjustment with the `access-line` statement.

**Options** `bytes`—Number of bytes added to or subtracted from the actual downstream cell overhead.

**Range:** -100 through 100 bytes

**Default:** 0 bytes

**Required Privilege Level** routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

### Release History Table

| Release | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 17.4R1  | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the <code>adsl2-plus-overhead-bytes</code> option of the <code>access-line</code> statement at the <code>[edit system]</code> hierarchy level. |

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring the ANCP Agent to Report Traffic Rates to CoS on page 735](#)
- [Traffic Rate Reporting and Adjustment by the ANCP Agent on page 729](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)

## advisory-options (Traffic Shaping)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>advisory-options {<br/>    downstream-rate <i>rate</i>;<br/>    upstream-rate <i>rate</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces \$junos-interface-ifd-name <b>unit</b> \$junos-interface-unit],<br>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces interface-set \$junos-interface-set-name interface \$junos-interface-ifd-name],<br>[edit interfaces demux0 unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> ],<br>[edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.<br>Support at the [edit interfaces demux0 ...] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 12.2.<br>Support at the [edit dynamic-profiles ...] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 13.1.                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify a recommended shaping rate to be applied to downstream or upstream traffic on an interface.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Setting a Recommended Shaping Rate for Traffic on ANCP Interfaces on page 738</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Method to Derive the LAC Connection Speeds Sent to the LNS</a></li></ul>                                                                                    |

## aggregate-clients (DHCP Relay Agent)

**Syntax** aggregate-clients (merge | replace);

**Hierarchy Level**

```
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 dynamic-profile profile-name],
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dynamic-profile profile-name],
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group group-name dynamic-profile profile-name],
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name dynamic-profile
profile-name],
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group group-name dynamic-profile profile-name],
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6
dynamic-profile profile-name],
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dynamic-profile
profile-name],
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group
group-name dynamic-profile profile-name],
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group group-name
dynamic-profile profile-name],
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name routing-instances routing-instance-name
forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 dynamic-profile profile-name],
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name routing-instances routing-instance-name
forwarding-options dhcp-relay dynamic-profile profile-name],
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name routing-instances routing-instance-name
forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group group-name dynamic-profile profile-name],
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name routing-instances routing-instance-name
forwarding-options dhcp-relay group group-name dynamic-profile profile-name],
[edit routing-instances routing-instance-name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6
dynamic-profile profile-name],
[edit routing-instances routing-instance-name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dynamic-profile
profile-name],
[edit routing-instances routing-instance-name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group
group-name dynamic-profile profile-name],
[edit routing-instances routing-instance-name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group
group-name dynamic-profile profile-name]
```

**Release Information**

Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.

Options **merge** and **replace** introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.

Support at the **[edit ... dhcpv6]** hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.

Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.

Support at the **[edit ... dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name]** hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.

**Description**

Specify that the router merge (chain) client attributes such as firewall filters and CoS attributes or replace them when multiple client sessions exist on the same underlying VLAN. Use the statement at the **[edit ... dhcpv6]** hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.

M120 and M320 routers do not support DHCPv6.

Not supported for IP demux subscriber interfaces.

|                                 |                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>merge</b> —Aggregate multiple client attributes for the same subscriber (logical interface)                                          |
|                                 | <b>replace</b> —Replace the entire logical interface whenever a new client logs in to the network using the same VLAN logical interface |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.                                                                                     |
|                                 | system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | • <a href="#">dhcp-relay on page 1109</a>                                                                                               |
|                                 | • <i>Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces or DHCP Client Interfaces</i>                                             |
|                                 | • <a href="#">Configuring Group-Specific DHCP Relay Options on page 320</a>                                                             |



## aggregate-clients (Static Subscribers)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | aggregate-clients (merge   replace);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> <b>dynamic-profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify for all static subscribers or for a group of static subscribers that the router merge (chain) subscriber (client) attributes such as firewall filters and CoS attributes or replace them when multiple subscriber sessions exist on the same underlying VLAN. The group version of this statement overrides the global version.</p> <p>This statement is not supported for IP demux subscriber interfaces.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Default</b>                  | By default, multiple subscribers cannot be on the same logical interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>merge</b>—Aggregate the attributes of multiple subscribers for the logical interface.</p> <p><b>replace</b>—Replace the entire logical interface whenever a new client logs in to the network using the same VLAN logical interface.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Enabling Multiple Subscribers on a VLAN Logical Interface for All Static Subscribers on page 878</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## allow-bulk-leasequery (DHCP Local Server)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>allow-bulk-leasequery {<br/>    max-connections <i>number-of-connections</i>;<br/>    max-empty-replies <i>number-of-replies</i>;<br/>    restricted-requestor;<br/>    timeout <i>seconds</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <pre>[edit system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a>],<br/>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6</a>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system<br/>  services ...],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services ...],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services ...]</pre> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Enable DHCP local server to listen for, and respond to bulk leasequery requests received on TCP connections.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring and Using DHCP Bulk Leasequery on page 300</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## allow-leasequery (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | allow-leasequery {<br><a href="#">restricted-requestor</a> ;<br>}                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services ...],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services ...],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services ...] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Enable DHCP local server to listen on the UDP socket and to respond to leasequery requests received on UDP connections.<br><br>The remaining statement is explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring and Using DHCP Individual Leasequery on page 297</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring and Using DHCP Bulk Leasequery on page 300</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## alternative-partition-name (OCS Partition)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | alternative-partition-name;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <b>ocs partition</b> alternative-partition-name <i>alternative-partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure alternative partition name for OCS/GY. When configured, the specific partition name is used to forward diameter data along alternative data path in the specific cases.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the OCS Partition on page 834</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li></ul> |

## always-write-giaddr

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>always-write-giaddr;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/>         [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/>         [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/>         [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/>         [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Overwrite the gateway IP address (giaddr) of every DHCP packet with the giaddr of the DHCP relay agent before forwarding the packet to the DHCP server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">dhcp-relay on page 1109</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## always-write-option-82

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>always-write-option-82;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i></code><br><code><a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i></code><br><code>forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i></code><br><code>forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br><code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br><code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group</code><br><code><i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br><code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group</code><br><code><i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>]</code> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Override the DHCP relay agent information option (option 82) in DHCP packets destined for a DHCP server. The use of this option causes the DHCP relay agent to perform one of the following actions, depending on how it is configured:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• If the DHCP relay agent is configured to add option 82 information to DHCP packets, it clears the existing option 82 values from the DHCP packets and inserts the new values before forwarding the packets to the DHCP server.</li><li>• If the DHCP relay agent is not configured to add option 82 information to DHCP packets, it clears the existing option 82 values from the packets, but does not add any new values before forwarding the packets to the DHCP server.</li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## ancp

```

Syntax ancp {
 adjacency-loss-hold-time seconds;
 adjacency-timer seconds;
 gsmp-syn-timeout seconds;
 gsmp-syn-wait;
 interfaces {
 interface-set interface-set-name {
 access-identifier identifier-string;
 underlying-interface underlying-interface-name;
 }
 interface-name {
 access-identifier identifier-string;
 }
 }
 maximum-discovery-table-entries entry-number;
 maximum-helper-restart-time;
 neighbor ip-address {
 adjacency-loss-hold-time seconds;
 adjacency-timer;
 auto-configure-trigger interface interface-name;
 ietf-mode;
 maximum-discovery-table-entries entry-number;
 pre-ietf-mode;
 }
 pre-ietf-mode;
 qos-adjust {
 adsl-bytes bytes;
 adsl2-bytes bytes;
 adsl2-plus-bytes bytes;
 other-bytes bytes;
 other-overhead-adjust percentage;
 sdsl-bytes bytes;
 sdsl-overhead-adjust percentage;
 vdsl-bytes bytes;
 vdsl-overhead-adjust percentage;
 vdsl2-bytes bytes;
 vdsl2-overhead-adjust percentage;
 }
 qos-adjust-adsl adjustment-factor;
 qos-adjust-adsl2 adjustment-factor;
 qos-adjust-adsl2-plus adjustment-factor;
 qos-adjust-other adjustment-factor;
 qos-adjust-sdsl adjustment-factor;
 qos-adjust-vdsl adjustment-factor;
 qos-adjust-vdsl2 adjustment-factor;
 traceoptions {
 file filename <files number> <match regular-expression> <size maximum-file-size>
 <world-readable | no-world-readable>;
 flag flag;
 level (all | error | info | notice | verbose | warning);
 no-remote-trace;
 }
}

```

```
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit protocols]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.

**Description** Configure Junos OS ANCP agent features.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).



**NOTE:** When you deactivate the ANCP protocol, the router does not perform a commit check to determine whether any ANCP or L2-BSA subscribers are present (active or inactive). Any subscribers that are active at the time of deactivation remain active.

---

**Required Privilege Level** routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)

---

## ancp-speed-change-immediate-update (ANCP)

---

**Syntax** ancp-speed-change-immediate-update;

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access profile *profile-name* **accounting**]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.3.

**Description** Configure AAA to generate immediate interim accounting updates to the RADIUS server in response to ANCP agent notifications of rate changes on subscriber access lines.

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Immediate Interim Accounting Updates to RADIUS in Response to ANCP Notifications on page 748](#)
- [Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 122](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)



## asymmetric-lease-time (DHCP Overrides)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>asymmetric-lease-time seconds;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/>         [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/>         [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/>         [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/>         [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/>         [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay ...</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dhcpv6...</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay ...</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dhcpv6...</a>],<br/>         [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay ...</a>],<br/>         [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dhcpv6...</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Set an asymmetric lease time for an address that is sent to the DHCP client instead of the actual lease time granted by the DHCP local server. The asymmetric lease time is shorter than the granted lease. Asymmetric leases require the DHCP client to renew the lease more frequently, at shorter intervals. If the client does not renew the short lease before it expires, the address is released sooner than if the original lease had been sent to the client, conserving address resources. Although you can configure the asymmetric lease on either the DHCP relay agent or the DHCP local server, in most situations, configuring the asymmetric lease on the relay agent is more useful.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>seconds</b>—Length of the short lease duration for the DHCPv4 client.<br/> <b>Range:</b> 600 through 65,534</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br/>         interface-control—To add this statement in the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">DHCP Asymmetric Leasing Overview on page 291</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring DHCP Asymmetric Leasing on page 293</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## asymmetric-prefix-lease-time (DHCP Overrides)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>asymmetric-prefix-lease-time <i>seconds</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i></code><br><code>  <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dhcpv6...</a>],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i></code><br><code>  forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dhcpv6...</a>],</code><br><code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dhcpv6...</a>]</code> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Set an asymmetric lease time for an address that is sent to the DHCPv6 client instead of the actual lease time granted by the DHCP local server. The asymmetric lease time is shorter than the granted lease. Asymmetric leases require the DHCP client to renew the lease more frequently, at shorter intervals. If the client does not renew the short lease before it expires, the address is released sooner than if the original lease had been sent to the client, conserving address resources. Although you can configure the asymmetric lease on either the DHCP relay agent or the DHCP local server, in most situations, configuring the asymmetric lease on the relay agent is more useful.                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>seconds</i></b> —Length of the short lease duration for the DHCPv6 client.<br><b>Range:</b> 600 through 65,534                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>interface</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>interface-control</b> —To add this statement in the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">DHCP Asymmetric Leasing Overview on page 291</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring DHCP Asymmetric Leasing on page 293</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## attempts (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>attempts <i>attempt-count</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p> <p>Support at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6 ...]</a> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure how many attempts are made to reconfigure all DHCP clients or only the DHCP clients serviced by the specified group of interfaces before reconfiguration is considered to have failed. A group configuration takes precedence over a DHCP local server configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>attempt-count</i></b>—Maximum number of attempts.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1 through 10</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 8</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Client Reconfiguration of Extended Local Server Clients on page 338</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

- [Configuring Dynamic Reconfiguration Attempts for DHCP Clients on page 340](#)

## attempts (DHCP Relay Agent)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>attempts <i>number-of-attempts</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ( <a href="#">leasequery</a>   <a href="#">bulk-leasequery</a> )],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dhcpv6</a> ( <a href="#">leasequery</a>   <a href="#">bulk-leasequery</a> )],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> ...],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> ...],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> ...]               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the number of times the DHCP relay agent attempts to send DHCP leasequery or bulk leasequery messages to the configured DHCP servers in the logical system/routing instance. DHCP relay agent resends the query message if the configured <b>timeout</b> value is reached, and either a confirmed reply or a reply from all configured DHCP servers has not been received. DHCP relay agent sends the subsequent messages only to the DHCP servers that have not replied to previous queries. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>number-of-attempts</i></b>—Number of times DHCP relay agent attempts to send the leasequery or bulk leasequery message.</p> <p>For the DHCP bulk leasequery messages, DHCP leasequery messages, DHCPv6 leasequery messages:</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1 through 10</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 6</p> <p>For the DHCPv6 bulk leasequery messages:</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1 through 720</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 360</p>                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring and Using DHCP Individual Leasequery on page 297</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring and Using DHCP Bulk Leasequery on page 300</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

## attributes (RADIUS Attributes)

```
Syntax attributes {
 exclude {
 attribute-name packet-type;
 standard-attribute number {
 packet-type [access-request | accounting-off | accounting-on | accounting-start |
 accounting-stop];
 }
 vendor-id id-number {
 vendor-attribute vsa-number {
 packet-type [access-request | accounting-off | accounting-on | accounting-start |
 accounting-stop];
 }
 }
 }
 ignore {
 dynamic-iflset-name;
 framed-ip-netmask;
 idle-timeout;
 input-filter;
 logical-system-routing-instance;
 output-filter;
 session-timeout;
 standard-attribute number;
 vendor-id id-number {
 vendor-attribute vsa-number;
 }
 }
 }
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access profile *profile-name* **radius**]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.  
Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.

**Description** Specify how the router or switch processes RADIUS attributes.  
  
The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation** • [Filtering RADIUS Attributes and VSAs from RADIUS Messages on page 48](#)

## attributes (JSRC Attributes)

---

**Syntax**    `attributes {  
              exclude {  
                  user-name [ authorization-request | provisioning-request ];  
              }  
          }  
}`

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit access profile *profile-name* **jsrc**]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Releases 14.2.

**Description**    Specify how the router processes Diameter attributes.  
  
The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level**    admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                  admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Excluding AVPs from Diameter Messages for JSRC on page 863](#)
- [Understanding JSRC-SAE Interactions on page 851](#)

## authentication (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> authentication {   password <i>password-string</i>;   username-include {     circuit-type;     client-id;     delimiter <i>delimiter-character</i>;     domain-name <i>domain-name-string</i>;     interface-description (device-interface   logical-interface);     interface-name;     logical-system-name;     mac-address;     option-60;     option-82 &lt;circuit-id&gt; &lt;remote-id&gt;;     relay-agent-interface-id;     relay-agent-remote-id;     relay-agent-subscriber-id;     routing-instance-name;     user-prefix <i>user-prefix-string</i>;   } }</pre>                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <pre> [edit system services <i>dhcp-local-server</i>], [edit system services <i>dhcp-local-server dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name</i>], [edit system services dhcp-local-server <i>dhcpv6</i>], [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <i>group group-name</i>], [edit system services dhcp-local-server <i>group group-name</i>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system   services <i>dhcp-local-server ...</i>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <i>dhcp-local-server ...</i>], [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <i>dhcp-local-server ...</i>]</pre> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure the parameters the router sends to the external AAA server. A group configuration takes precedence over a global DHCP relay or DHCP local server configuration.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## authentication (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> authentication {   password <i>password-string</i>;   username-include {     circuit-type;     client-id;     delimiter <i>delimiter-character</i>;     domain-name <i>domain-name-string</i>;     interface-description (device-interface   logical-interface);     interface-name;     logical-system-name;     mac-address;     option-60;     option-82 &lt;circuit-id&gt; &lt;remote-id&gt;;     relay-agent-interface-id;     relay-agent-remote-id;     relay-agent-subscriber-id;     routing-instance-name;     user-prefix <i>user-prefix-string</i>;   } }</pre>                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <pre> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b>], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dual-stack-group</b> <i>dual-stack-group-name</i>], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i>   forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...], [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...]</pre> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p> <p>Support at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Support at the <b>[edit ... dual-stack-group <i>dual-stack-group-name</i>]</b> hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure the parameters the router sends to the external AAA server. A group configuration takes precedence over a global DHCP relay configuration. Use the statement at the <b>[edit...dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">dhcp-relay on page 1109</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |




## authentication (Static Subscribers)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> authentication {   password <i>password-string</i>;   username-include {     domain-name <i>domain-name</i>;     interface;     logical-system-name;     routing-instance-name;     user-prefix <i>user-prefix-string</i>;   } }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services <b>static-subscribers</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <b>static-subscribers</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services <b>static-subscribers</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit system services <b>static-subscribers</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify the authentication parameters that trigger the Access-Request message to AAA for all static subscribers on interfaces configured at the <b>[edit system services static-subscribers interface]</b> hierarchy level, or for the static subscribers in a specific group. The group version of this statement overrides the global configuration.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Authentication Password on page 879</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Authentication Password on page 884</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

## authentication-order

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|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | authentication-order [ <i>authentication-methods</i> ];                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Hierarchy Level                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | [edit access <a href="#">profile</a> <i>profile-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Release Information                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <p>Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches.</p> <p><b>none</b> option added in Junos OS Release 11.2.</p> <p><b>nasreq</b> option added in Junos OS Release 16.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <p>Set the order in which AAA tries different authentication methods when verifying that a client can access the router or switch. For each login attempt, AAA tries the authentication methods in order, from first to last.</p> <p>A given subscriber does not undergo both authentication and authorization as separate steps. When both <b>authentication-order</b> and <b>authorization-order</b> are specified, DHCP subscribers honor the configured authorization order, all other subscribers use the configured authentication-order.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Options                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <p><b>authentication-methods</b>—Ordered list of methods to use for authentication attempts. The list includes one or more of the following methods in any combination:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>nasreq</b>—Verify the client using NASREQ authentication services.</li><li>• <b>none</b>—No authentication is performed. Grants authentication without examining the client credentials. Can be used, for example, when the Diameter function Gx-Plus is employed for notification during subscriber provisioning.</li><li>• <b>password</b>—Verify the client using the information configured at the [edit access <a href="#">profile</a> <i>profile-name</i> client <i>client-name</i>] hierarchy level.</li><li>• <b>radius</b>—Verify the client using RADIUS authentication services.</li></ul> |
| <div><b>NOTE:</b> Subscriber access management does not support the password option, and authentication fails when no method (<b>none</b>) is specified.</div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Default: password                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Required Privilege Level                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Related Documentation                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>Example: Configuring CHAP Authentication with RADIUS</i></li><li>• <a href="#">Specifying the Authentication and Accounting Methods for Subscriber Access on page 94</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

- *Configuring Access Profiles for L2TP or PPP Parameters*

## authentication-server

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>authentication-server [ <i>ip-address</i> ];</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">profile</a> <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">radius</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a list of the RADIUS authentication servers used to authenticate DHCP, L2TP, and PPP clients. The servers in the list are also used as RADIUS dynamic-request servers, from which the router accepts and processes RADIUS disconnect requests, CoA requests, and dynamic service activations and deactivations. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ip-address</i> —IPv4 address.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 140</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                |

## authorization-order

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|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>authorization-order [ <i>authorization-methods</i> ];</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit access profile <i>profile-name</i>]</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2X50-D10 for EX Series switches.</p> <p><b>nasreq</b> option added in Junos OS Release 16.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Set the order in which AAA tries different methods to verify that a client is authorized access to the router or switch. For each login attempt, AAA tries the authorization methods in order, from first to last.</p> <p>A given subscriber does not undergo both authentication and authorization as separate steps. When both <b>authentication-order</b> and <b>authorization-order</b> are specified, DHCP subscribers honor the configured authorization order, all other subscribers use the configured authentication-order.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>authorization-methods</i></b>—Ordered list of methods to use for authorization attempts. The list includes one or more of the following methods in any combination:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>jsrc</b>—Use the JSRC application in an SRC environment to request authorization from the SAE when verifying that a subscriber can access the router or switch.</li><li>• When you configure both this option and <b>authentication-order</b>, AAA ignores the authentication order setting for DHCP subscribers. For non-DHCP subscribers, AAA ignores the authorization order and applies only the authentication order.</li><li>• When you configure only this option, AAA applies the authorization order to both DHCP and non-DHCP subscribers.</li><li>• <b>nasreq</b>—Use the NASREQ application to communicate with a NASREQ server for authorization of any subscriber type as an alternative to RADIUS authorization.</li><li>• <b>none</b>—No authorization is performed. Can be used, for example, when the Diameter function Gx-Plus is employed for notification during subscriber provisioning.</li></ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring JSRC on page 857</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Authorizing Subscribers with JSRC on page 859</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

## backup (OCS Partition)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> backup {     limit;     timeout <i>seconds</i>;     overflow { deny-login   drop-oldest }; } </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">ocs partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 18.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Provides file backup for OCS data when both primary and alternative paths to the OCS are down.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>limit</b>—The limit on the total number of backup entries. The login fails if the backup entries exceeds the prescribed limit.</p> <p><b>timeout <i>seconds</i></b>—The timeout for backup operation.</p> <p><b>overflow { deny-login   drop-oldest }</b>—Controls action on the number of backup entries over limit. The values deny-login denies andy logins until the number of backup entries drops under backup-limit), and the value discard-oldest discards the oldest backup entries.</p>                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the OCS Partition on page 834</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">3GPP Policy and Charging Control Overview for Wireline Provisioning and Accounting on page 805</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li> </ul> |

## autonomous (Dynamic Router Advertisement)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | (autonomous   no-autonomous);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols router-advertisement interface <i>interface-name</i> <i>prefix</i> <i>prefix</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify whether prefixes in the router advertisement messages are used for stateless address autoconfiguration:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>autonomous</b>—Use prefixes for address autoconfiguration.</li><li>• <b>no-autonomous</b>—Do not use prefixes for address autoconfiguration.</li></ul> |
| <b>Default</b>                  | autonomous                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>Example: Configuring IPv6 Interfaces and Enabling Neighbor Discovery</i></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## boot-file

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | boot-file <i>filename</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet <b>dhcp-attributes</b> ],<br>[edit access protocol-attributes <i>attribute-set-name</i> ]                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Set the boot file advertised to DHCP clients. After the client receives an IP address and the boot file location from the DHCP server, the client uses the boot image stored in the boot file to complete DHCP setup. This configuration is equivalent to DHCP Option 67. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>filename</i> —Location of the boot file on the boot server. The filename can include a pathname.                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">boot-server on page 1047</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li></ul>                                                                                                     |

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## boot-server

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>boot-server (address   hostname);</code>                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet <b>dhcp-attributes</b> ],<br>[edit access protocol-attributes <i>attribute-set-name</i> ]                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the name of the boot server advertised to DHCP clients. The client uses a boot file located on the boot server to complete DHCP setup. This configuration is equivalent to DHCP Option 66. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>address</b> —IPv4 address of a boot server.<br><br><b>hostname</b> —Fully qualified hostname of a boot server.                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>admin</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>admin-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">boot-file on page 1046</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li></ul>                                  |

## bulk-leasequery (DHCP Relay Agent)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>bulk-leasequery {<br/>    attempts <i>number-of-attempts</i>;<br/>    timeout <i>seconds</i>;<br/>    trigger automatic;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dhcpv6</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> ...],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> ...],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> ...] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure parameters that the DHCP relay agent uses when sending DHCP bulk leasequery messages to obtain lease information from the DHCP servers in the logical system/routing instance.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring and Using DHCP Bulk Leasequery on page 300</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |



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## called-station-id (OCS Partition)

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|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>called-station-id <i>station-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">ocs partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Include the Called-Station-Id AVP value in all CCR-GY packets.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>station-name</i></b> —Called station name defined for the Called-Station-Id AVP to include in all CCR-GY packets.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the OCS Partition on page 834</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li></ul> |

## calling-station-id-delimiter (Subscriber Management)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | calling-station-id-delimiter <i>delimiter-character</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius <a href="#">options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the character that the router uses as a separator between the concatenated values in the Calling-Station-ID (RADIUS IETF attribute 31) string. The router uses the delimiter when you configure more than one value in the <b>calling-station-id-format</b> statement. |
| <b>Default</b>                  | The hash (#) character.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>delimiter-character</i></b> —Character to use for the delimiter. You must enclose the delimiter character in quotation marks (" ").                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Calling-Station-ID with Additional Options on page 69</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                          |

## calling-station-id-format (Subscriber Management)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre>calling-station-id-format {     agent-circuit-id;     agent-remote-id;     interface-description;     interface-text-description;     mac-address;     nas-identifier;     stacked-vlan;     vlan; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius <a href="#">options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.1.<br><b>mac-address</b> , <b>interface-text-description</b> , <b>stacked-vlan</b> , and <b>vlan</b> options added in Junos OS Release 15.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>         | Specify the information that the router includes in the Calling-Station-ID (RADIUS IETF attribute 31) that is passed to the RADIUS server during authentication and accounting. You can include one or more optional values in any combination.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Default</b>             | The router displays the Calling-Station-ID set by the client.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b>agent-circuit-id</b>—Include the agent circuit identifier (ACI) string, which uniquely identifies the subscriber's access node and the digital subscriber line (DSL) on the access node. The ACI string is stored in either the DHCP option 82 field of DHCP messages (for DHCP traffic), or in the DSL Forum Agent-Circuit-ID VSA [26-1] of PPPoE PADI and PADR control packets (for PPPoE traffic).</p> <p><b>agent-remote-id</b>—Include the agent remote identifier (ARI) string, which identifies the subscriber on the digital subscriber line access multiplexer (DSLAM) interface that initiated the service request. The ARI string is stored in either the DHCP option 82 field of DHCP messages (for DHCP traffic), or in the DSL Forum Agent-Remote-ID VSA [26-2] of PPPoE PADI and PADR control packets (for PPPoE traffic).</p> <p><b>interface-description</b>—Include the interface description value.</p> <p><b>interface-text-description</b>—Include the interface text description.</p> <p><b>mac-address</b>—Include the MAC address of the source device for the subscriber.</p> <p><b>nas-identifier</b>—Include the NAS-identifier (RADIUS IETF attribute 32), which specifies the name of the NAS that originated the authentication or accounting request.</p> <p><b>stacked-vlan</b>—Include the stacked VLAN tag value.</p> <p><b>vlan</b>—Include the VLAN tag value.</p> |

**Required Privilege** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**Level** admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring a Calling-Station-ID with Additional Options on page 69](#)

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## chap-challenge-in-request-authenticator (Subscriber Management)

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**Syntax** chap-challenge-in-request-authenticator;

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access profile *profile-name* radius [options](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.

**Description** Configure the **authd** process to insert the random challenge generated by the NAS into the Request Authenticator field of Access-Request packets, if the challenge value is 16 bytes long.

If you enable the **chap-challenge-in-request-authenticator** statement and the random challenge is not 16 bytes long, **authd** ignores the statement and uses the default behavior, which inserts the random challenge as the CHAP-Challenge attribute (RADIUS attribute 60) in Access-Request packets.

**Required Privilege** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**Level** admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141](#)


## charging-id (OCS Partition)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>charging-id <i>number</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">ocs partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Include the 3GPP-Charging-Id AVP value in all CCR-GY messages.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>number</i> —3GPP-Charging-Id AVP value to include in all CCR-GY messages.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the OCS Partition on page 834</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li></ul> |

## charging-service-list

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|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | charging-service-list ocs;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | [edit access <a href="#">profile</a> <i>profile-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Configure the list of charging services with which to communicate for the broadband Policy and Charging Enforcement Function (PCEF).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <hr/>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <div> <b>NOTE:</b> Currently, if you configure this statement, you must also configure the <a href="#">provisioning-order</a> statement to pcrf.</div> <hr/> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <b>ocs</b> —Use Online Charging Services (OCS) as the list of charging services with which to communicate.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                               | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li></ul> |

## circuit-id (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre> circuit-id {     include-irb-and-l2;     keep-incoming-circuit-id;     no-vlan-interface-name;     prefix <i>prefix</i>;     use-interface-description (logical   device);     use-vlan-id; } </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | <pre> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <i>relay-option-82</i>], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <i>relay-option-82</i>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <i>relay-option-82</i>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <i>relay-option-82</i>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <i>relay-option-82</i>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <i>relay-option-82</i>], [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <i>relay-option-82</i>], [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <i>relay-option-82</i>] </pre> |
| <b>Release Information</b> | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3 for EX Series switches.</p> <p><b>include-irb-and-l2</b> , <b>no-vlan-interface-name</b>, and <b>use-vlan-id</b> options added in Junos OS Release 14.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>         | <p>Specify the Agent Circuit ID suboption (suboption 1) of the DHCP relay agent information option (option 82) to include in DHCP packets destined for a DHCP server. Optionally specify that the suboption includes a prefix, textual description, or VLAN tag.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |



**NOTE:** For Layer 3 interfaces, when you configure *relay-option-82* only, the Agent Circuit ID is the default. If no VLAN tags are configured, then the default is the logical interface device (IFL) name. For integrated routing and bridging (IRB) interfaces, the default is the Layer 2 IFL name and bridge domain name.

The interface to bridge domain relationship may be implicit (the interface is mapped to the bridge domain by the system based on VLAN tag) or explicit (the interface is mapped to the bridge domain by configuring it in the bridge domain definition). For the explicit case, tagging might not be relevant for the mapping.

The format of the Agent Circuit ID information for Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces that do not use virtual LANs (VLANs), stacked VLANs (S-VLANs), or bridge domains is as follows:

*(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port.subunit*



**NOTE:** For remote systems, the *subunit* is required and is used to differentiate an interface for remote systems.

The format of the Agent Circuit ID information for Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces that use VLANs is as follows:

*(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port:vlan-id*

The format of the Agent Circuit ID information for Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces that use S-VLANs is as follows:

*(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port:svlan-id-vlan-id*

In the case of an IRB interface, the format displays the Layer 2 interface instead of the IRB interface along with the bridge domain name. For IRB interfaces (or other pseudo devices) the default format is as follows:

- IRB interfaces that use bridge domains but do not use VLANs or S-VLANs:

*(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port.subunit:bridge-domain-name*

- IRB interfaces that use VLANs:

*(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port.subunit:vlan-name*

To include the IRB interface name with the Layer 2 interface name, configure the **include-irb-and-l2** statement. The format is as follows:

- IRB interfaces that use bridge domains but do not use VLANs or S-VLANs:

*(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port:bridge-domain-name+irb.subunit*

- IRB interfaces that use VLANs:

*(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port:vlan-name+irb.subunit*

To include only the IRB interface name without the Layer 2 interface and bridge domain or VLAN, configure the **no-vlan-interface-name** statement. The format is as follows:

*irb.subunit*

The remaining statements are explained separately.

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using DHCP Relay Agent Option 82 Information on page 379</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Option 82 Information on page 380</a></li> </ul> |



## circuit-id (Address-Assignment Pools)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>circuit-id <i>value</i> range <i>named-range</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet dhcp-attributes option-match <a href="#">option-82</a> ],<br>[edit access protocol-attributes <i>attribute-set-name</i> option-match <a href="#">option-82</a> ]             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the address-assignment pool <i>named-range</i> to use for a particular option 82 Agent Circuit ID value.                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>value</i></b> —String for the Agent Circuit ID suboption (suboption 1) of the DHCP relay agent information option (option 82) in DHCP packets.<br><br><b><i>range named-range</i></b> —Name of the address-assignment pool range to use. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                           |

## circuit-type (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | circuit-type;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server authentication username-include],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication username-include],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication username-include],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> authentication username-include],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server authentication username-include],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication username-include],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication username-include],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> authentication username-include],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server authentication username-include],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication username-include],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication username-include],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> authentication username-include],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server authentication username-include],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication username-include],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication username-include],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> authentication username-include],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server authentication username-include],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication username-include],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication username-include],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> authentication username-include]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the circuit type is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication or client authentication process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

- Related Documentation**
- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311](#)

## circuit-type (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | circuit-type;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>         [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>         [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>         [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dual-stack-group</a> <i>dual-stack-group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>         [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ...],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ...],<br/>         [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ...]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p> <p>Support at the [edit ... <a href="#">dhcpv6</a>] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Support at the [edit ... <a href="#">dual-stack-group</a> <i>dual-stack-group-name</i>] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the circuit type is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication or client authentication process. Use the statement at the [edit ... <a href="#">dhcpv6</a> ] hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 312</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

## classification-key (DHCP Local Server)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>classification-key {<br/>  circuit-id <i>circuit-id</i>;<br/>  mac-address <i>mac-address</i>;<br/>  remote-id <i>remote-id</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <pre>[edit logical-systems <i>name</i> routing-instances <i>name</i> system services dhcp-local-server<br/>  dual-stack-group <i>dual-stack-group-name</i> ],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dual-stack-group<br/>  <i>dual-stack-group-name</i> ],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dual-stack-group<br/>  <i>dual-stack-group-name</i> ],<br/>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dual-stack-group <i>dual-stack-group-name</i> ]</pre> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Different mechanisms to identify a single household.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>circuit-id</b>—Circuit-id as key.</p> <p><b>mac-address</b>—MAC address of client.</p> <p><b>remote-id</b>—Remote-id as key.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Single-Session DHCP Local Server Dual-Stack Overview on page 460</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Single-Session DHCP Dual-Stack Overview on page 458</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

## classification-key (DHCP Relay Agent)

**Syntax**    `classification-key {  
                  circuit-id circuit-id;  
                  mac-address mac-address;  
                  remote-id remote-id;  
                  }`

**Hierarchy Level**    `[edit bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group name  
                          dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name ],`  
`[edit bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dual-stack-group  
                          dual-stack-group-name ],`  
`[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group name dual-stack-group  
                          dual-stack-group-name ],`  
`[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name ],`  
`[edit logical-systems name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6  
                          group name dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name ],`  
`[edit logical-systems name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay  
                          dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name ],`  
`[edit logical-systems name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group name  
                          dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name ],`  
`[edit logical-systems name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dual-stack-group  
                          dual-stack-group-name ],`  
`[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options  
                          dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group name dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name ],`  
`[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options  
                          dhcp-relay dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name ],`  
`[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6  
                          group name dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name ],`  
`[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay  
                          dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name ],`  
`[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name system services dhcp-local-server  
                          dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name ],`  
`[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay  
                          dhcpv6 group name dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name ],`  
`[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay  
                          dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name ],`  
`[edit logical-systems name system services dhcp-local-server dual-stack-group  
                          dual-stack-group-name ],`  
`[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group name  
                          dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name ],`  
`[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dual-stack-group  
                          dual-stack-group-name ],`  
`[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6  
                          group name dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name ],`  
`[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay  
                          dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name ],`  
`[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group name  
                          dual-stack-group ],`  
`[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dual-stack-group  
                          dual-stack-group-name ],`  
`[edit routing-instances name system services dhcp-local-server dual-stack-group  
                          dual-stack-group-name ],`

```
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group name
 dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name],
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dual-stack-group
 dual-stack-group-name],
[edit system services dhcp dhcp-local-server dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group name dual-stack-group
 dual-stack-group-name],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name
]
```

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.3.

**Description** Different mechanisms to identify a single household.

**Options**

- circuit-id**—Circuit-id as key
- mac-address**—MAC address of client
- remote-id**—Remote-id as key

**Required Privilege Level**

- system—To view this statement in the configuration.
- system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Single-Session DHCP Local Server Dual-Stack Overview on page 460](#)
- [Single-Session DHCP Dual-Stack Overview on page 458](#)

## clear-on-abort (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | clear-on-abort;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p> <p>Support at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6 ...]</a> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Delete all DHCP clients or only the DHCP clients serviced by the specified group of interfaces when reconfiguration fails; that is, when the maximum number of retry attempts have been made without success. A group configuration takes precedence over a DHCP local server configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Default</b>                  | Restores the original client configuration when reconfiguration fails.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Client Reconfiguration of Extended Local Server Clients on page 338</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Deletion of the Client When Dynamic Reconfiguration Fails on page 341</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |


## client-accounting-algorithm

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | client-accounting-algorithm (direct   round-robin);                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius <a href="#">options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS for EX Series switches Release 13.2X50-D10.                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the access method the router uses to access RADIUS accounting servers.                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Default</b>                  | direct                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>direct</b> —Use the direct method.<br><b>round-robin</b> —Use the round-robin method.                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 140</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141</a></li></ul> |




## client-authentication-algorithm


|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | client-authentication-algorithm (direct   round-robin);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius <b>options</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2X50-D10 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure the method that the authenticator uses to access RADIUS authentication servers when there are multiple servers configured. Initially, a RADIUS client sends a request to a RADIUS authentication or accounting server. The router or switch, acting as the authenticator, waits for a response from the server before sending another request.</p> <p>When there are multiple RADIUS server connections configured for a client, the authenticator attempts to reach the different servers in the order that they are configured. If there is no response from the first RADIUS server, the authenticator attempts to reach the next RADIUS server. This process repeats until the client is either granted access or there are no more configured servers.</p> <p>If the <b>direct</b> method is configured, the authenticator always treats the first server in the list as the primary server. The authenticator moves on to the second server only if the attempt to reach the first server fails. If the <b>round-robin</b> method is configured, the server chosen first will be rotated based on which server was used last. The first server in the list is treated as a primary for the first authentication request, but for the second request, the second server configured is treated as primary, and so on. With this method, all of the configured servers receive roughly the same number of requests on average so that no single server has to handle all of the requests.</p> |
|                                 | <p> <b>NOTE:</b> The round-robin access method is not recommended for use with EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Default</b>                  | The <b>direct</b> option is the default.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>direct</b>—Use the direct access method. The authenticator contacts the first RADIUS server on the list for each request, the second server if the first one fails, and so on.</p> <p><b>round-robin</b>—Use the round-robin method. The authenticator contacts the first RADIUS server for the first request, the second server for the second request, and so on.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 140](#)
  - [Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141](#)

## client-discover-match (DHCP Local Server)

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | client-discover-match <option60-and-option82   incoming-interface>;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>]<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system<br/> services dhcp-local-server ... <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server ...<a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server ...<a href="#">overrides</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.<br/> Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.<br/> <b>incoming-interface</b> option added in Junos OS Release 13.3.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Configure the match criteria DHCP local server uses to uniquely identify DHCP subscribers or clients when primary identification fails. The options are mutually exclusive.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Default</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | By default, DHCP uses the <b>option60-and-option82</b> option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <p><b>incoming-interface</b>—(Optional) Allow only one client device to connect on the interface. If the client device changes, the router deletes the existing client binding and creates a binding for the newly connected device.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <div style="display: flex; align-items: flex-start;"> <div style="flex: 1; text-align: center; margin-right: 20px;">  </div> <div style="flex: 3;"> <p><b>NOTE:</b> The <b>overrides client-discover-match incoming-interface</b> configuration deletes and replaces the existing binding when a new device connects. This action differs from the <b>overrides interface-client-limit 1</b> statement, which retains the existing binding and rejects the newly connected client.</p> </div> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <p><b>option60-and-option82</b>—(Optional) Use option 60 and option 82 information to identify subscribers.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br/> system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 351</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">DHCP Auto Logout Overview on page 343</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Allowing Only One DHCP Client Per Interface on page 328</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

## client-discover-match (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | client-discover-match <option60-and-option82   incoming-interface>;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ... <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ... <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group ... <a href="#">overrides</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p> <p><b>incoming-interface</b> option added in Junos OS Release 13.3.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Configure the match criteria DHCP relay uses to uniquely identify DHCP subscribers or clients when primary identification fails. The options are mutually exclusive.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Default</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | By default, DHCP uses the <b>option60-and-option82</b> option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <p><b>incoming-interface</b>—(Optional) Allow only one client device to connect on the interface. If the client device changes, the router deletes the existing client binding and creates a binding for the newly connected device.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> The <b>overrides client-discover-match incoming-interface</b> configuration deletes and replaces the existing binding when a new device connects. This action differs from the <b>overrides interface-client-limit 1</b> statement, which retains the existing binding rejects the newly connected client.</p> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <p><b>option60-and-option82</b>—(Optional) Use option 60 and option 82 information to identify subscribers.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 354</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">DHCP Auto Logout Overview on page 343</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Allowing Only One DHCP Client Per Interface on page 328</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## client-id (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | client-id;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the DHCPv6 Client-ID option (option 1) in the client PDU name is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication or client authentication process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 312</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## client-id (DHCP Relay Agent)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | client-id;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay dhcpv6</a> ...],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay dhcpv6</a> ...],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay dhcpv6</a> ...] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the client ID is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication or client authentication process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 312</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

## client-idle-timeout

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <code>client-idle-timeout <i>minutes</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | <code>[edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>session-options</b>]</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.5.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>         | <p>Specify the grace period that begins after an authenticated user terminates all sessions and connections. Authentication is not required if a new connection is initiated during the grace period by the same user.</p> <p>During this period, the router determines whether the subscriber is inactive by monitoring data traffic, both upstream from the user (ingress) and downstream to the user (egress). Control traffic is ignored. The subscriber is not considered idle as long as data traffic is detected in either direction. When no traffic is detected for the duration of the idle time out, non-DHCP subscribers (such as L2TP or PPP) are gracefully logged out, similarly to a RADIUS-initiated disconnect or a CLI-initiated logout; DHCP subscribers are disconnected.</p> <p>When you additionally configure the related <code>client-idle-timeout-ingress-only</code> statement (MX Series only), the router monitors only ingress traffic to determine whether the subscriber is inactive; it does not monitor any egress traffic. The related <code>client-session-timeout</code> statement terminates the subscriber session when the session timeout expires regardless of user activity.</p> <p>Client idle timeouts are most often used for residential services rather than business services. The most practical use case for this timeout is in a PPP access model. It is not practical for DHCP or DHCPv6 subscribers.</p> <p>Although you can use the <code>client-idle-timeout</code> statement for dynamically configured subscriber VLANs, this configuration is useful only in limited circumstances (such as IP over Ethernet without DHCP and with fixed addresses) and is not typically used. If you do use the idle timeout for VLANs, the timeout period starts when the VLAN is instantiated. It resets when a client session is created or an existing session is reactivated. When no traffic is detected on an authenticated VLAN for the duration of the timeout, the VLAN is considered inactive and is deleted. If no client sessions are ever created on the VLAN, then the VLAN is removed when the timeout expires.</p> |
| <b>Default</b>             | The timeout is not configured.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b><i>minutes</i></b>—Number of minutes of idle time that elapse before the session is terminated. The value that you specify must be determined locally with consideration of the services and policies that you offer.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 10 through 1440 minutes</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

**Required Privilege Level** access—To view this statement in the configuration.  
access-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Understanding Session Options for Subscriber Access on page 157](#)
- [Configuring Subscriber Session Timeout Options on page 162](#)
- [Removing Inactive Dynamic Subscriber VLANs on page 163](#)

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## client-idle-timeout-ingress-only

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**Syntax** client-idle-timeout-ingress-only;

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access profile *profile-name* session-options]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.

**Description** Specify that only ingress traffic is monitored for subscriber idle timeout processing for the duration of the idle timeout period that you specify with the [client-idle-timeout](#) statement. If no ingress traffic is received for the duration of the timeout, then the subscriber is gracefully logged out (non-DHCP subscribers) or disconnected (DHCP subscribers).

If you configure [client-idle-timeout](#) alone, then both ingress and egress traffic are monitored during the idle timeout. Monitoring only ingress traffic is useful in cases where the LNS sends traffic to the remote peer even when the peer is not up, such as when the LNS does not have PPP keepalives enabled and therefore does not detect that the peer is not up. Because the LAC monitors both ingress and egress traffic by default, in this situation it receives the egress traffic from the LNS and either does not log out the subscriber or delays detection of inactivity until the egress traffic ceases. When you specify that only ingress traffic is monitored in this case, the LAC can detect that the peer is inactive and then initiate logout.

**Required Privilege Level** access—To view this statement in the configuration.  
access-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Understanding Session Options for Subscriber Access on page 157](#)
- [Configuring Subscriber Session Timeout Options on page 162](#)
- [Removing Inactive Dynamic Subscriber VLANs on page 163](#)



## client-negotiation-match (DHCPv6 Local Server)


|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | client-negotiation-match incoming-interface;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">overrides</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the match criteria the DHCPv6 local server uses to uniquely identify IPv6 subscribers or clients.                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>incoming-interface</b> —Allow only one client device to connect on the interface. If the client device changes, the router deletes the existing client binding and creates a binding for the newly connected device.                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Automatically Logging Out DHCPv6 Clients on page 348</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Allowing Only One DHCP Client Per Interface on page 328</a></li> </ul>                                   |

## client-negotiation-match (DHCPv6 Relay Agent)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | client-negotiation-match incoming-interface;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">overrides</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the match criteria the DHCPv6 relay agent uses to uniquely identify IPv6 subscribers or clients.                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>incoming-interface</b> —Allow only one client device to connect on the interface. If the client device changes, the router deletes the existing client binding and creates a binding for the newly connected device.                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Automatically Logging Out DHCPv6 Clients on page 348</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Allowing Only One DHCP Client Per Interface on page 328</a></li></ul>                            |

## client-session-timeout

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <code>client-session-timeout <i>minutes</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">session-options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.5.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>         | <p>Specify the amount of time after which user sessions are terminated, regardless of user activity (also known as a forced or hard authentication timeout).</p> <p>Alternatively, when you want subscribers to be identified as inactive before they are terminated, use the related statements, <a href="#">client-idle-timeout</a> and <a href="#">client-idle-timeout-ingress-only</a>. Use <a href="#">client-idle-timeout</a> alone to specify a period of time during which both ingress and egress subscriber data traffic is monitored; if no traffic is detected for the duration of the period, the subscriber is considered inactive and is terminated. Add the <a href="#">client-idle-timeout-ingress-only</a> statement to monitor only ingress traffic for the duration of the timeout set with the <a href="#">client-idle-timeout</a> statement.</p> <div>  <p><b>BEST PRACTICE:</b> We recommend that you do not configure a session timeout for subscribers receiving voice services. Because the session timeout is a simple time-based timeout, it is likely to interrupt subscribers actively using a voice service and terminate their calls unexpectedly (from the subscriber viewpoint). This result is a particular concern for emergency services calls.</p> </div> <p>Client session timeouts are most often used for residential services rather than business services. The most practical use case for this timeout is in a PPP access model when no voice services are offered. For DHCP or DHCPv6 subscribers, the session timeout is used as the DHCP lease timer if no other lease time configuration is present.</p> <p>Although you can use the <code>client-session-timeout</code> statement for dynamically configured subscriber VLANs, this configuration is useful only in limited circumstances (such as IP over Ethernet without DHCP and with fixed addresses) and is not typically used. If you do use the session timeout for VLANs, the timeout period starts when the VLAN is instantiated.</p> |
| <b>Default</b>             | The timeout is not configured.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b><i>minutes</i></b>—Number of minutes after which user sessions are terminated. The value that you specify must be determined locally with consideration of the services and policies that you offer.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1 through 527040 minutes</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

**Required Privilege Level**    access—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                         access-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Understanding Session Options for Subscriber Access on page 157](#)
- [Configuring Subscriber Session Timeout Options on page 162](#)

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## commit-interval

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**Syntax**    commit-interval *interval*;

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit system services extensible-subscriber-services]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.

**Description**    Specify the interval at which Extensible Subscriber Services Manager issues requests for committing op script configurations. Requests that are received and processed within the interval are committed in a batch at the end of the interval. Requests that are processed after the interval are committed at the end of the next commit interval. When no operation script is to be committed, no request for committing operation script configurations is issued.

**Options**    *interval*—Length of the interval.  
                 **Range:** 10 through 3600 seconds  
                 **Default:** 20 seconds

**Required Privilege Level**    system—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                         system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Op Script Overview](#)

## coa-dynamic-variable-validation

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | coa-dynamic-variable-validation;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius <a href="#">options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2X50-D10 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that when a CoA operation includes a change to a client profile dynamic variable that cannot be applied (such as an update to a non-existent filter), the router does not apply any changes to client profile dynamic variables in the request, and responds with a NACK message.                                  |
| <b>Default</b>                  | If you do not configure this statement, the router does not apply any incorrect variable updates, but does make any other changes to the client profile dynamic variables, and responds with an ACK message.                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 4</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 140</a></li> </ul> |

## coa-immediate-update

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | coa-immediate-update;                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">accounting</a> ]                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the router to send an Acct-Update message to the RADIUS accounting server immediately following a CoA operation.                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 140</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 122</a></li> </ul> |

## coa-no-override service-class-attribute

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | coa-no-override service-class-attribute;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>accounting</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that, after a CoA action that changes the RADIUS Class attribute, accounting reports for the subscriber's service sessions continue to use the original Class attribute that was assigned when the service sessions were created. The new Class attribute value is used in accounting reports for the subscriber session only. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 140</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 122</a></li></ul>                                                                                                           |

## configuration-database (Enhanced Subscriber Management)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | configuration-database {<br>max-db-size size;<br>}                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1R3 on MX Series routers with MPCs                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Enhanced subscriber management leverages system shared memory to improve performance and scaling. Since this memory is used by both the Junos configuration and enhanced subscriber management, you need to set an upper limit on the memory available to the Junos configuration, which in turn determines the allocation available for enhanced subscriber management. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management on page 617</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## concurrent-data-sessions

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>concurrent-data-sessions <i>max-session-number</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit services service-set <i>services-set-name</i> subscriber-profile <i>profile-name</i> enable <i>service-name</i>]</code>                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the maximum number of sessions that are concurrently enabled for the named service. The system randomly selects the number of sessions and enables the named service, whereas other sessions are not allotted the named service. This facilitates to increase the limit on the number of resources a service can use. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>max-session-number</i> —Maximum number of sessions concurrently enabled for the named service.                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

## connect-actively

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>connect-actively {<br/>    <code>port</code> <i>port-number</i>;<br/>    <code>transport</code> <i>transport-name</i>;<br/>}</code>                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit diameter <code>peer</code> <i>peer-name</i>]</code>                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Define the destination port and transport connection used to establish active connections to Diameter peer.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> . |
| <b>Default</b>                  | Port 3868 and an automatically assigned local address are used to establish active connections to a peer.                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 782</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Peers on page 783</a></li> </ul>                                   |

## current-hop-limit (Dynamic Router Advertisement)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>current-hop-limit <i>number</i>;</code>                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles protocols router-advertisement interface <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Default value placed in the hop count field of the IP header for outgoing packets.                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>number</i> —Hop limit. A value of 0 means the limit is unspecified by this router.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 255<br><b>Default:</b> 64 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>Example: Configuring IPv6 Interfaces and Enabling Neighbor Discovery</i></li></ul>              |

## database-replication (Subscriber Session Database)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>database-replication {<br/>  traceoptions {<br/>    file <i>filename</i> &lt;files <i>number</i>&gt; &lt;match <i>regular-expression</i> &gt; &lt;size <i>maximum-file-size</i>&gt;<br/>    &lt;world-readable   no-world-readable&gt;;<br/>    flag <i>flag</i>;<br/>  }<br/>}</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Define operations for subscriber management session database replication processes.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Tracing Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Operations for Subscriber Access on page 917</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                  |



## default-action (DHCP Relay Agent Option)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>default-action {   drop;   forward-only;   local-server-group local-server-group;   relay-server-group relay-server-group; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay relay-option</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-option</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">group group-name relay-option</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">group group-name relay-option</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay ...</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i><br/> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay ...</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay ...</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify the action DHCP relay agent takes when the option string in client traffic does not satisfy any match criteria or when no match criteria are configured.</p> <p>The <b>default-action</b> statement is optional. If the match criteria are not satisfied or not configured and no <b>default-action</b> is specified, DHCP relay processes the traffic in the normal manner.</p> <p>The <b>local-server-group</b> option is not supported for DHCPv6 relay agent.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using DHCP Option Information to Selectively Process DHCP Client Traffic on page 387</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 Forward-Only Action for Relay Traffic with Unknown DHCP Server Address on page 109</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

## default-lifetime (Dynamic Router Advertisement)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>default-lifetime <i>seconds</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols router-advertisement interface <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Lifetime associated with a default router.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>seconds</i></b> —Default lifetime. A value of 0 means this router is not the default router.<br><b>Range:</b> Maximum advertisement interval value through 9000 seconds<br><b>Default:</b> Three times the maximum advertisement interval value |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>max-advertisement-interval (Protocols IPv6 Neighbor Discovery)</i></li><li>• <i>Example: Configuring IPv6 Interfaces and Enabling Neighbor Discovery</i></li></ul>                                         |

## delay-advertise (DHCPv6)

```
Syntax delay-advertise {
 based-on {
 option 15 {
 equals {
 ascii <ascii-name>;
 hexadecimal <hex-name>;
 }
 not-equals {
 ascii <ascii-name>;
 hexadecimal <hex-name>;
 }
 starts-with {
 ascii <ascii-name>;
 hexadecimal <hex-name>;
 }
 }
 }
 option 16 {
 equals {
 ascii <ascii-name>;
 hexadecimal <hex-name>;
 }
 not-equals {
 ascii <ascii-name>;
 hexadecimal <hex-name>;
 }
 starts-with {
 ascii <ascii-name>;
 hexadecimal <hex-name>;
 }
 }
 option 18 {
 equals {
 ascii <ascii-name>;
 hexadecimal <hex-name>;
 }
 not-equals {
 ascii <ascii-name>;
 hexadecimal <hex-name>;
 }
 starts-with {
 ascii <ascii-name>;
 hexadecimal <hex-name>;
 }
 }
 option 37 {
 equals {
 ascii <ascii-name>;
 hexadecimal <hex-name>;
 }
 not-equals {
 ascii <ascii-name>;
 hexadecimal <hex-name>;
 }
 }
 }
```

```
 }
 starts-with {
 ascii <ascii-name>;
 hexadecimal <hex-name>;
 }
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 overrides]  
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <group-name> overrides]  
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <group-name> interface  
<interface-name> overrides]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.

**Description** Delay the DHCP-OFFER sent to the customers. Delay can be set between 1 to 30 seconds.

**Default** If no delay time is set, default delay time of 3 seconds will be used.

**Options** **delay-time <time in seconds>**—Time delay between solicit and advertise. Time delay can be set between 1 to 30 seconds.

**Required Privilege** system—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**Level** system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## delay-authentication (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | delay-authentication;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay ... <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 ... <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ... <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ... <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ... <a href="#">overrides</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Delay authentication of subscribers until the DHCP client sends a Request packet. This conserves managed resources by delaying the authorization process and the creation of an entry in the subscriber database until the DHCP request processing phase.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 354</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

## delay-offer (DHCPv4)

---

```
Syntax delay-offer {
 based-on {
 option 60 {
 equals {
 ascii <ascii-name>;
 hexadecimal <hex-name>;
 }
 not-equals {
 ascii <ascii-name>;
 hexadecimal <hex-name>;
 }
 starts-with {
 ascii <ascii-name>;
 hexadecimal <hex-name>;
 }
 }
 option 77 {
 equals {
 ascii <ascii-name>;
 hexadecimal <hex-name>;
 }
 not-equals {
 ascii <ascii-name>;
 hexadecimal <hex-name>;
 }
 starts-with {
 ascii <ascii-name>;
 hexadecimal <hex-name>;
 }
 }
 option 82 {
 equals {
 ascii <ascii-name>;
 hexadecimal <hex-name>;
 }
 not-equals {
 ascii <ascii-name>;
 hexadecimal <hex-name>;
 }
 starts-with {
 ascii <ascii-name>;
 hexadecimal <hex-name>;
 }
 }
 }
 }
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit system services dhcp-local-server overrides]  
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <group-name> overrides]  
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <group-name> interface <interface-name> overrides]

|                                 |                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Delay the DHCP-OFFER sent to the customers. Delay can be set between 1 to 30 seconds.                                            |
| <b>Default</b>                  | If no delay time is set, default delay time of 3 seconds will be used.                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>delay-time &lt;time in seconds&gt;</b> —Time delay between discover and offer. Time delay can be set between 1 to 30 seconds. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                |

### delegated-pool (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>delegated-pool pool-name;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6 overrides</a>],<br/>         [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group group-name overrides</a>],<br/>         [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group group-name interface interface-name overrides</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6</a> ...],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6</a> ...],<br/>         [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6</a> ...]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the address pool that assigns the IA_PD address. A pool specified by RADIUS VSA 26-161 takes precedence over the pool specified by this <b>delegated-pool</b> statement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>pool-name</b> —Name of the address-assignment pool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Specifying the Delegated Address-Assignment Pool to Be Used for DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation on page 532</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 351</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## delete-binding-on-renegotiation (DHCP Local Server and Relay Agent)

**Syntax** delete-binding-on-renegotiation;

**Hierarchy Level** [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay [overrides](#)],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 [overrides](#)],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *group-name* [overrides](#)],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group *group-name* [overrides](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* ...],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name*...],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* ...],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server [overrides](#)],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 [overrides](#)],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* [overrides](#)],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group *group-name* [overrides](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.

**Description** Configure the router to override the default behavior when the router receives a DHCPv4 Discover or DHCPv6 Solicit message while in a bound state. By default, DHCP maintains the existing client entry when DHCP receives a new Discover or Solicit message that has a client ID that matches the existing client. DHCP then processes the new message using the existing client entry.

You use the **delete-binding-on-renegotiation** statement to override the default action, and to specify that DHCP tear down the existing matching client entry and to process the message as a new client entry.



**NOTE:** In Junos OS releases prior to 15.1, the DHCPv6 local server and relay agent use the opposite default behavior, and tear down the existing client entry when receiving a Solicit message while in a bound state. Starting in Junos OS release 15.1, the DHCPv6 local server and DHCPv6 relay agent default behavior is the same as DHCPv4 local server and relay agent—in all models, the default behavior is to maintain the existing client entry.

**Required Privilege Level** system—To view this statement in the configuration.  
 system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [DHCP Behavior When Renegotiating While in Bound State on page 359](#)



## delimiter (DHCP Local Server)

**Syntax** `delimiter delimiter-character;`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services **dhcp-local-server authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services **dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services **dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group group-name authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services **dhcp-local-server group group-name authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services **dhcp-local-server authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services **dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services **dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group group-name authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services **dhcp-local-server group group-name authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services **dhcp-local-server authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services **dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services **dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group group-name authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services **dhcp-local-server group group-name authentication username-include**],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services **dhcp-local-server authentication username-include**],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services **dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication username-include**],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services **dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group group-name authentication username-include**],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services **dhcp-local-server group group-name authentication username-include**],  
 [edit system services **dhcp-local-server authentication username-include**],  
 [edit system services **dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication username-include**],  
 [edit system services **dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group group-name authentication username-include**],  
 [edit system services **dhcp-local-server group group-name authentication username-include**]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.  
 Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.

**Description** Specify the character used as the delimiter between the concatenated components of the username.

**Options** *delimiter-character*—Character that separates components that make up the concatenated username. You cannot use the semicolon (;) as a delimiter.

**Default:** . (period)



NOTE: When you include the [interface-description](#) in the username, the delimiter must not be a character that is part of the interface description. For example, if the text description is configured as “Backbone connection/PHL01”, you cannot use the forward slash (/) as the delimiter.

**Required Privilege Level**    system—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                         system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**    • [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311](#)

## delimiter (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <code>delimiter <i>delimiter-character</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dual-stack-group</a> <i>dual-stack-group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b> | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.<br/> Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.<br/> Support at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6]</a> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.<br/> Support at the <a href="#">[edit ... dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name]</a> hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>         | Specify the character used as the delimiter between the concatenated components of the username. Use the statement at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6]</a> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b><i>delimiter-character</i></b>—Character that separates components that make up the concatenated username. You cannot use the semicolon (;) as a delimiter.</p> <p><b>Default:</b> . (period)</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |



**NOTE:** When you include the [interface-description](#) in the username, the delimiter must not be a character that is part of the interface description. For example, if the text description is configured as “Backbone connection/PHL01”, you cannot use the forward slash (/) as the delimiter.

**Required Privilege Level** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311](#)
- [Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 312](#)

---

## delimiter (Domain Map)

---

**Syntax** `delimiter [delimiter-character];`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access [domain](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.

**Description** Specify the characters that the router uses to separate usernames from domain names.

**Default** The @ character.

**Options** *delimiter-character*—One or more characters used as delimiters. You can specify a maximum of eight delimiters. You cannot use the semicolon (;) as a delimiter. Do not include spaces between characters.

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Specifying Domain and Realm Name Delimiters on page 202](#)
- [Configuring Domain and Realm Name Usage for Domain Maps on page 201](#)

## demux-options (All Demux Interfaces)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>demux-options {   use-underlying-interface-mac {     uif-mac-lla;   } }</pre>                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system]                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.3R1.                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure demultiplexing (demux) interface options for all demux interfaces.</p> <p>The remaining statement is explained separately.</p>                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the IPv6 Link-Local Address for Dynamic Demux Interfaces over Static Demux VLAN Interfaces on page 528</a></li> </ul> |

## destination (Diameter Network Element)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | destination realm <i>realm-name</i> <host <i>hostname</i> >;                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">diameter network-element</a> <i>element-name</i> <a href="#">forwarding route</a> <i>dne-route-name</i> ]                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Associate the route with all hosts of the specified realm or with a specific host of the specified realm. Together with the function and metric, defines a route reachable through a Diameter network element. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>host <i>hostname</i></b>—(Optional) Name of the destination host associated with the route.</p> <p><b>realm <i>realm-name</i></b>—Name of the destination realm associated with the route.</p>           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 782</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Network Elements on page 786</a></li> </ul>                              |

## destination-host

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>destination-host <i>hostname</i></code>                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit jsrsrc <a href="#">partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the host on which the SAE application resides.                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>hostname</i> —Host on which the SAE is installed.                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring JSRC on page 857</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the JSRC Partition on page 858</a></li></ul> |

## destination-host (Gx-Plus)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>destination-host <i>hostname</i>;</code>                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access gx-plus <a href="#">partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2X50-D10 for EX Series switches.                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the host on which the PCRF application resides.                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>hostname</i> —Host on which the PCRF is installed.                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Gx-Plus on page 800</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Gx-Plus Partition on page 801</a></li></ul> |

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## destination-host (OCS Partition)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>destination-host <i>ocs-hostname</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">ocs partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the Destination-Host AVP value used in the CCR-GY-I message.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>ocs-hostname</i></b> —Value of the Destination-Host AVP to be used in the CCR-GY-I message.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the OCS Partition on page 834</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li></ul> |

## destination-host (PCRF Partition)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>destination-host <i>pcrf-hostname</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">pcrf partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the Destination-Host AVP value used in the CCR-GX-I message.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>pcrf-hostname</i> —(Optional) Value of the Destination-Host AVP to be used in the CCR-GX-I message.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the PCRF Partition on page 840</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Upstream and Downstream Messages for the PCRF on page 831</a></li></ul> |

## destination-realm (JSRC)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>destination-realm <i>realm</i></code>                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit jsrc <a href="#">partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the realm in which the SAE host resides.                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>realm</i> —Realm in which the SAE host resides.                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring JSRC on page 857</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the JSRC Partition on page 858</a></li></ul> |



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## destination-realm (Gx-Plus)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>destination-realm <i>realm</i>;</code>                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access gx-plus <b>partition</b> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2X50-D10 for EX Series switches.                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the realm in which the PCRF host resides.                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>realm</i> —Realm in which the PCRF host resides.                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Gx-Plus on page 800</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Gx-Plus Partition on page 801</a></li></ul> |

## destination-realm (OCS Partition)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>destination-realm <i>ocs-realm-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">ocs partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the Destination-Realm AVP value in all CCR-GY messages.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>ocs-realm-name</i></b> —Name of the Destination-Real AVP value to be used in all CCR-GY messages.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the OCS Partition on page 834</a></li><li>• <a href="#">3GPP Policy and Charging Control Overview for Wireline Provisioning and Accounting on page 805</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li></ul> |

## destination-realm (PCRF Partition)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>destination-realm <i>pcrf-realm-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">pcrf partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the Destination-Realm AVP value in all CCR-GX messages.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>pcrf-realmname</i> —Value of the Destination-Real AVP to be used in all CCR-GX messages.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the PCRF Partition on page 840</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Upstream and Downstream Messages for the PCRF on page 831</a></li></ul> |

## dhcp-attributes (Address-Assignment Pools)

**Syntax** `dhcp-attributes {`  
     `boot-file filename;`  
     `boot-server (address | hostname);`  
     `dns-server [ ipv6-address ];`  
     `domain-name domain-name;`  
     `exclude-prefix-len exclude-prefix-length;`  
     `grace-period seconds;`  
     `maximum-lease-time seconds;`  
     `name-server [ server-list ];`  
     `netbios-node-type node-type;`  
     `option {`  
         `[ (id-number option-type option-value)`  
         `(id-number array option-type option-value) ];`  
     `}`  
     `option-match {`  
         `option-82 {`  
             `circuit-id value range named-range;`  
             `remote-id value range named-range;`  
         `}`  
     `}`  
     `preferred-lifetime seconds;`  
     `router [ router-address ];`  
     `server-identifier ip4-address;`  
     `sip-server-address [ ipv6-address ];`  
     `sip-server-domain-name domain-name;`  
     `t1-percentage percentage;`  
     `t1-renewal-time;`  
     `t2-percentage percentage;`  
     `t2-rebinding-time;`  
     `tftp-server address;`  
     `valid-lifetime seconds;`  
     `wins-server [ servers ];`  
`}`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access address-assignment **pool** *pool-name* **family** *family*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.  
 Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3 for EX Series switches.  
**exclude-prefix-len** statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.3 for MX Series.

**Description** Configure DHCP attributes for the protocol family in a specific address pool. The attributes determine options and behaviors for the DHCP clients.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Options** **exclude-prefix-len** *exclude-prefix-length*—Specify the length of the IPv6 prefix to be excluded from the delegated prefix.  
**Range:** 1 through 128

**Required Privilege** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**Level** admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625](#)
- [DHCP Attributes for Address-Assignment Pools on page 279](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633](#)
- [Configuring DHCP Client-Specific Attributes Applied When Clients Obtain an Address on page 284](#)

## dhcp-local-server

```
Syntax dhcp-local-server {
 access-profile profile-name;
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {
 circuit-type;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 domain-name domain-name-string;
 interface-description (device-interface | logical-interface);
 interface-name;
 logical-system-name;
 mac-address;
 option-60;
 option-82 <circuit-id> <remote-id>;
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
 }
 dhcpv6 {
 access-profile profile-name;
 authentication {
 ...
 }
 duplicate-clients incoming-interface;
 group group-name {
 access-profile profile-name;
 authentication {
 ...
 }
 }
 interface interface-name {
 access-profile profile-name;
 exclude;
 overrides {
 asymmetric-lease-time seconds;
 asymmetric-prefix-lease-time seconds;
 interface-client-limit number;
 multi-address-embedded-option-response;
 process-inform {
 pool pool-name;
 }
 protocol-attributes attribute-set-name;
 rapid-commit;
 }
 service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
 trace;
 upto upto-interface-name;
 }
 liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
```

```

 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 session-mode (automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
 }
 layer2-liveness-detection {
 max-consecutive-retries number;
 transmit-interval interval;
 }
}
}
overrides {
 asymmetric-lease-time seconds;
 asymmetric-prefix-lease-time seconds;
 delegated-pool;
 interface-client-limit number;
 multi-address-embedded-option-response;
 process-inform {
 pool pool-name;
 }
 protocol-attributes attribute-set-name;
 rapid-commit;
}
route-suppression;
server-duid-type type;
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}
liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 session-mode (automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
 }
 layer2-liveness-detection {

```

```

 max-consecutive-retries number;
 transmit-interval interval;
 }
}
overrides {
 asymmetric-lease-time seconds;
 asymmetric-prefix-lease-time seconds;
 delegated-pool;
 include-option-82 {
 forcerenew;
 nak;
 }
 interface-client-limit number;
 multi-address-embedded-option-response;
 process-inform {
 pool pool-name;
 }
 protocol-attributes attribute-set-name;
 rapid-commit;
}
reconfigure {
 attempts attempt-count;
 clear-on-abort;
 strict;
 support-option-pd-exclude;
 timeout timeout-value;
 token token-value;
 trigger {
 radius-disconnect;
 }
}
reauthenticate (<lease-renewal> <remote-id-mismatch >);
requested-ip-network-match subnet-mask;
route-suppression;
server-duid-type type;
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}
dual-stack-group name {
 access-profile access-profile;
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {
 circuit-type;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 domain-name domain-name-string;
 interface-description (device-interface | logical-interface);
 interface-name;
 logical-system-name;
 mac-address;
 relay-agent-interface-id;
 relay-agent-remote-id;
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
 }
}

```



```

classification-key {
 circuit-id circuit-id;
 mac-address mac-address;
 remote-id remote-id;
}
dual-stack-interface-client-limit number;
dynamic-profile profile-name {
 aggregate-clients (merge | replace);
 use-primary primary-profile-name;
}
liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 layer2-liveness-detection {
 max-consecutive-retries number;
 transmit-interval interval;
 }
 }
}
on-demand-address-allocation;
protocol-master (inet | inet6);
reauthenticate (<lease-renewal> <remote-id-mismatch>);
service-profile service-profile;
}
duplicate-clients-in-subnet (incoming-interface | option-82);
dynamic-profile profile-name <aggregate-clients (merge | replace) | use-primary
 primary-profile-name>;
forward-snooped-clients (all-interfaces | configured-interfaces |
 non-configured-interfaces);
group group-name {
 authentication {
 ...
 }
 dynamic-profile profile-name <aggregate-clients (merge | replace) | use-primary
 primary-profile-name>;
 interface interface-name {
 exclude;
 overrides {
 asymmetric-lease-time seconds;
 client-discover-match (option60-and-option82 | incoming-interface);
 include-option-82 {
 forcerenew;
 nak;
 }
 interface-client-limit number;
 process-inform {
 pool pool-name;
 }
 protocol-attributes attribute-set-name;
 }
 service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
 trace;
 upto upto-interface-name;
 }
 liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 }
}

```

```

method {
 bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 session-mode (automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
 }
 layer2-liveness-detection {
 max-consecutive-retries number;
 transmit-interval interval;
 }
}
}
overrides {
 asymmetric-lease-time seconds;
 client-discover-match (option60-and-option82 | incoming-interface);
 include-option-82 {
 forcerenew;
 nak;
 }
 interface-client-limit number;
 process-inform {
 pool pool-name;
 }
 protocol-attributes attribute-set-name;
}
requested-ip-network-match subnet-mask
route-suppression;
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}
liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 }
 }
}

```

```

 session-mode (automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
 }
 layer2-liveness-detection {
 max-consecutive-retries number;
 transmit-interval interval;
 }
}
on-demand-address-allocation;
overrides {
 asymmetric-lease-time seconds;
 client-discover-match <option60-and-option82 | incoming-interface>;
 interface-client-limit number;
 process-inform {
 pool pool-name;
 }
 protocol-attributes attribute-set-name;
}
pool-match-order {
 external-authority;
 ip-address-first;
 option-82;
}
protocol-master;
reauthenticate (<lease-renewal> <remote-id-mismatch >);
reconfigure {
 attempts attempt-count;
 clear-on-abort;
 strict;
 timeout timeout-value;
 token token-value;
 trigger {
 radius-disconnect;
 }
}
requested-ip-network-match subnet-mask;
route-suppression;
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}

```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services],  
[edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services],  
[edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services],  
[edit system services]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.  
Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.  
Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2X51 for the QFX Series.  
Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1X53-D20 for the OCX Series.

**Description** Configure Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) local server options on the router or switch to enable the router or switch to function as an extended DHCP local server. The DHCP local server receives DHCP request and reply packets from DHCP clients and then responds with an IP address and other optional configuration information to the client.

The extended DHCP local server is incompatible with the DHCP server on J Series routers and, therefore, is not supported on J Series routers. Also, the DHCP local server and the DHCP/BOOTP relay server, which are configured under the **[edit forwarding-options helpers]** hierarchy level, cannot both be enabled on the router or switch at the same time. The extended DHCP local server is fully compatible with the extended DHCP relay feature.

The **dhcpv6** stanza configures the router or switch to support Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6). The DHCPv6 local server is fully compatible with the extended DHCP local server and the extended DHCP relay feature.



**NOTE:** When you configure the **dhcp-local-server** statement at the routing instance hierarchy level, you must use a routing instance type of **virtual-router**.

---

The remaining statements are explained separately. Search for a statement in [CLI Explorer](#) or click a linked statement in the Syntax section for details.

**Required Privilege Level** system—To view this statement in the configuration.  
system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264](#)
- [DHCPv6 Local Server Overview on page 488](#)

## dhcp-relay

```
Syntax dhcp-relay {
 access-profile profile-name;
 active-server-group server-group-name;
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {
 circuit-type;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 domain-name domain-name-string;
 interface-description (device-interface | logical-interface);
 interface-name;
 logical-system-name;
 mac-address;
 option-60;
 option-82 <circuit-id> <remote-id>;
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
 }
 bulk-leasequery {
 attempts number-of-attempts;
 timeout seconds;
 trigger automatic;
 }
 dhcpv6 {
 access-profile profile-name;
 active-server-group server-group-name;
 }
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {
 circuit-type;
 client-id;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 domain-name domain-name-string;
 interface-description (device-interface | logical-interface);
 interface-name interface-name;
 logical-system-name;
 mac-address mac-address;
 relay-agent-interface-id;
 relay-agent-remote-id;
 relay-agent-subscriber-id;
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
 }
 bulk-leasequery {
 attempts number-of-attempts;
 timeout seconds;
 trigger automatic;
 }
 duplicate-clients incoming-interface;
```

```

dynamic-profile profile-name {
 aggregate-clients (merge | replace);
 use-primary primary-profile-name;
}
forward-only {
 logical-system <current | default | logical-system-name>;
 routing-instance <current | default | routing-instance-name>;
}
forward-only-replies;
}
forward-snooped-clients (all-interfaces | configured-interfaces |
 non-configured-interfaces);
group group-name {
 access-profile profile-name;
 active-server-group server-group-name;
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {
 circuit-type;
 client-id;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 domain-name domain-name-string;
 interface-description (device-interface | logical-interface);
 interface-name interface-name;
 logical-system-name;
 mac-address mac-address;
 relay-agent-interface-id;
 relay-agent-remote-id;
 relay-agent-subscriber-id;
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
 }
}
dynamic-profile profile-name {
 aggregate-clients (merge | replace);
 use-primary primary-profile-name;
}
forward-only {
 logical-system <current | default | logical-system-name>;
 routing-instance <current | default | routing-instance-name>;
}
interface interface-name {
 access-profile profile-name;
 dynamic-profile profile-name {
 aggregate-clients (merge | replace);
 use-primary primary-profile-name;
 }
 exclude;
 overrides {
 allow-snooped-clients;
 asymmetric-lease-time seconds;
 asymmetric-prefix-lease-time seconds;
 client-negotiation-match incoming-interface;
 delay-authentication;
 delete-binding-on-renegotiation;
 dual-stack dual-stack-group-name;
 }
}

```

```

 interface-client-limit number;
 no-allow-snooped-clients;
 no-bind-on-request;
 relay-source interface-name;
 send-release-on-delete;
}
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
trace;
upto upto-interface-name;
}
}
lease-time-validation {
 lease-time-threshold seconds;
 violation-action action;
}
liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 session-mode (automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
 }
 layer2-liveness-detection {
 max-consecutive-retries number;
 transmit-interval interval;
 }
 }
}
overrides {
 allow-snooped-clients;
 asymmetric-lease-time seconds;
 asymmetric-prefix-lease-time seconds;
 client-negotiation-match incoming-interface;
 delay-authentication;
 delete-binding-on-renegotiation;
 dual-stack dual-stack-group-name;
 interface-client-limit number;
 no-allow-snooped-clients;
 no-bind-on-request;
 relay-source interface-name;
 send-release-on-delete;
}
relay-agent-interface-id {
 include-irb-and-l2;
}

```

```

 keep-incoming-interface-id;
 no-vlan-interface-name;
 prefix prefix;
 use-interface-description (logical | device);
 use-option-82;
}
relay-agent-remote-id {
 include-irb-and-l2;
 keep-incoming-interface-id;
 no-vlan-interface-name;
 prefix prefix;
 use-interface-description (logical | device);
 use-option-82 <strict>;
}
relay-option {
 option-number option-number;
 default-action {
 drop;
 forward-only;
 relay-server-group relay-server-group;
 }
 equals (ascii ascii-string | hexadecimal hexadecimal-string) {
 drop;
 forward-only;
 relay-server-group relay-server-group;
 }
 starts-with (ascii ascii-string | hexadecimal hexadecimal-string) {
 drop;
 forward-only;
 relay-server-group relay-server-group;
 }
}
remote-id-mismatch disconnect;
route-suppression;
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}
leasequery {
 attempts number-of-attempts;
 timeout seconds;
}
lease-time-validation {
 lease-time-threshold seconds;
 violation-action action;
}
liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 }
 }
}

```



```

 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 session-mode(automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
}
layer2-liveness-detection {
 max-consecutive-retries number;
 transmit-interval interval;
}
route-suppression;
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}
}
no-snoop;
overrides {
 allow-snooped-clients;
 asymmetric-lease-time seconds;
 asymmetric-prefix-lease-time seconds;
 client-negotiation-match incoming-interface;
 delay-authentication;
 delete-binding-on-renegotiation;
 dual-stack dual-stack-group-name;
 interface-client-limit number;
 no-allow-snooped-clients;
 no-bind-on-request;
 relay-source interface-name;
 send-release-on-delete;
}
relay-agent-interface-id {
 include-irb-and-l2;
 keep-incoming-interface-id;
 no-vlan-interface-name;
 prefix prefix;
 use-interface-description (logical | device);
 use-option-82;
}
relay-agent-remote-id {
 include-irb-and-l2;
 keep-incoming-interface-id;
 no-vlan-interface-name;
 prefix prefix;
 use-interface-description (logical | device);
 use-option-82 <strict>;
}
relay-option {
 option-number option-number;
 default-action {
 drop;
 forward-only;
 relay-server-group relay-server-group;
 }
 equals (ascii ascii-string | hexadecimal hexadecimal-string) {
 drop;
 forward-only;
 }
}

```

```

 relay-server-group relay-server-group;
 }
 starts-with (ascii ascii-string | hexadecimal hexadecimal-string) {
 drop;
 forward-only;
 relay-server-group relay-server-group;
 }
}
relay-option-vendor-specific {
 host-name;
 location;
 remote-id-mismatch disconnect;
 route-suppression;
 server-group {
 server-group-name {
 server-ip-address;
 }
 }
 server-response-time seconds;
 service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}
dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name {
 access-profile profile-name;
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {
 circuit-type;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 domain-name domain-name-string;
 interface-description (device-interface | logical-interface);
 interface-name;
 logical-system-name;
 mac-address;
 relay-agent-interface-id;
 relay-agent-remote-id;
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
 }
 classification-key {
 circuit-id circuit-id;
 mac-address mac-address;
 remote-id remote-id;
 }
 dual-stack-interface-client-limit number;
 dynamic-profile profile-name {
 aggregate-clients (merge | replace);
 use-primary primary-profile-name;
 }
 liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 layer2-liveness-detection {
 max-consecutive-retries number;
 transmit-interval interval;
 }
 }
 }
}

```

```

 }
 }
 protocol-master;
 relay-agent-interface-id {
 include-irb-and-l2;
 keep-incoming-interface-id;
 no-vlan-interface-name;
 prefix prefix;
 use-interface-description (logical | device);
 use-option-82;
 }
 relay-agent-remote-id {
 include-irb-and-l2;
 keep-incoming-interface-id;
 no-vlan-interface-name;
 prefix prefix;
 use-interface-description (logical | device);
 use-option-82 <strict>;
 }
 service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}
duplicate-clients-in-subnet (incoming-interface | option-82):
dynamic-profile profile-name {
 aggregate-clients (merge | replace);
 use-primary primary-profile-name;
}
forward-only {
 logical-system <current | default | logical-system-name>;
 routing-instance <current | default | routing-instance-name>;
}
forward-only-replies;
forward-snooped-clients (all-interfaces | configured-interfaces |
 non-configured-interfaces);
group group-name {
 access-profile profile-name;
 active-server-group server-group-name;
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {
 circuit-type;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 domain-name domain-name-string;
 interface-description (device-interface | logical-interface);
 interface-name interface-name;
 logical-system-name;
 mac-address;
 option-60;
 option-82 [circuit-id] [remote-id];
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
 }
}
dynamic-profile profile-name {
 aggregate-clients (merge | replace);
 use-primary primary-profile-name;
}

```

```

forward-only {
 logical-system <current | default | logical-system-name>;
 routing-instance <current | default | routing-instance-name>;
}
forward-only {
 logical-system <current | default | logical-system-name>;
 routing-instance <current | default | routing-instance-name>;
}
interface interface-name {
 access-profile profile-name;
 exclude;
 liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 session-mode (automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
 }
 }
 }
}
overrides {
 allow-no-end-option;
 allow-snooped-clients;
 always-write-giaddr;
 always-write-option-82;
 asymmetric-lease-time seconds;
 client-discover-match <option60-and-option82 | incoming-interface>;
 delay-authentication;
 delete-binding-on-renegotiation;
 disable-relay;
 dual-stack dual-stack-group-name;
 interface-client-limit number;
 layer2-unicast-replies;
 no-allow-snooped-clients;
 no-bind-on-request;
 proxy-mode;
 relay-source
 replace-ip-source-with;
 send-release-on-delete;
 trust-option-82;
}
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
trace;
upto upto-interface-name;

```

```

}
overrides {
 allow-no-end-option
 allow-snooped-clients;
 always-write-giaddr;
 always-write-option-82;
 asymmetric-lease-time seconds;
 asymmetric-prefix-lease-time seconds;
 client-discover-match (option60-and-option82 | incoming-interface);
 delay-authentication;
 delete-binding-on-renegotiation;
 disable-relay;
 dual-stack dual-stack-group-name;
 interface-client-limit number;
 layer2-unicast-replies;
 no-allow-snooped-clients;
 no-bind-on-request;
 proxy-mode;
 relay-source
 replace-ip-source-with;
 send-release-on-delete;
 trust-option-82;
}
relay-option {
 option-number option-number;
 default-action {
 drop;
 forward-only;
 relay-server-group group-name;
 }
 equals (ascii ascii-string | hexadecimal hexadecimal-string) {
 drop;
 forward-only;
 relay-server-group relay-server-group;
 }
 starts-with (ascii ascii-string | hexadecimal hexadecimal-string) {
 drop;
 forward-only;
 local-server-group local-server-group;
 relay-server-group relay-server-group;
 }
}
}
relay-option-82 {
 circuit-id {
 prefix prefix;
 use-interface-description (logical | device);
 }
 remote-id {
 prefix prefix;
 use-interface-description (logical | device);
 }
 server-id-override
}
remote-id-mismatch disconnect;
route-suppression:
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;

```

```
}
leasequery {
 attempts number-of-attempts;
 timeout seconds;
}
lease-time-validation {
 lease-time-threshold seconds;
 violation-action action;
}
liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 session-mode (automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
 }
 layer2-liveness-detection {
 max-consecutive-retries number;
 transmit-interval interval;
 }
 }
}
}
no-snoop;
overrides {
 allow-no-end-option
 allow-snooped-clients;
 always-write-giaddr;
 always-write-option-82;
 asymmetric-lease-time seconds;
 asymmetric-prefix-lease-time seconds;
 client-discover-match (option60-and-option82 | incoming-interface);
 delay-authentication;
 delete-binding-on-renegotiation;
 disable-relay;
 dual-stack dual-stack-group-name;
 interface-client-limit number;
 layer2-unicast-replies;
 no-allow-snooped-clients;
 no-bind-on-request;
 proxy-mode;
 relay-source
 replace-ip-source-with;
 send-release-on-delete;
 trust-option-82;
```

```

}
relay-option {
 option-number option-number;
 default-action {
 drop;
 forward-only;
 relay-server-group group-name;
 }
 equals (ascii ascii-string | hexadecimal hexadecimal-string) {
 drop;
 forward-only;
 relay-server-group relay-server-group;
 }
 starts-with (ascii ascii-string | hexadecimal hexadecimal-string) {
 drop;
 forward-only;
 local-server-group local-server-group;
 relay-server-group relay-server-group;
 }
}
}
relay-option-82 {
 circuit-id {
 prefix prefix;
 use-interface-description (logical | device);
 }
 remote-id {
 prefix prefix;
 use-interface-description (logical | device);
 }
 server-id-override
}
}
remote-id-mismatch disconnect;
route-suppression:
server-group {
 server-group-name {
 server-ip-address;
 }
}
server-response-time seconds;
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;

```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit forwarding-options],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* forwarding-options],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name*  
 forwarding-options],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.  
 Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.  
 Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2X51 for the QFX Series.  
 Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1X53-D20 for the OCX Series.

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure extended Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) relay and DHCPv6 relay options on the router or switch to enable the router (or switch) to function as a DHCP relay agent. A DHCP relay agent forwards DHCP request and reply packets between a DHCP client and a DHCP server.</p> <p>DHCP relay supports the attachment of dynamic profiles and also interacts with the local AAA Service Framework to use back-end authentication servers, such as RADIUS, to provide subscriber authentication or client authentication. You can attach dynamic profiles and configure authentication support on a global basis or for a specific group of interfaces.</p> <p>The extended DHCP and DHCPv6 relay agent options configured with the <b>dhcp-relay</b> and <b>dhcpv6</b> statements are incompatible with the DHCP/BOOTP relay agent options configured with the <b>bootp</b> statement. As a result, the extended DHCP or DHCPv6 relay agent and the DHCP/BOOTP relay agent cannot both be enabled on the router (or switch) at the same time.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. Search for a statement in <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> or click a linked statement in the Syntax section for details.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270</a></li><li>• <a href="#">DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview on page 495</a></li><li>• <a href="#">DHCP Relay Proxy Overview on page 273</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |



## dhcp-service

```
Syntax dhcp-service {
 accept-max-tcp-connections max-tcp-connections;
 dhcp-snooping-file(local_pathname | remote_URL) {
 write-interval interval;
 }
 interface-traceoptions {
 file filename <files number> <match regular-expression > <size maximum-file-size>
 <world-readable | no-world-readable>;
 flag flag;
 level (all | error | info | notice | verbose | warning);
 no-remote-trace;
 }
 ltv-syslog-interval seconds;
 request-max-tcp-connections max-tcp-connections;
 traceoptions {
 file filename <files number> <match regular-expression > <size maximum-file-size>
 <world-readable | no-world-readable>;
 flag flag;
 level (all | error | info | notice | verbose | warning);
 no-remote-trace;
 }
 }
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit system processes]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2X50-D10 for EX Series switches.  
Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2 for the QFX Series.  
Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1 for MX Series routers.

**Description** Enable DHCP services on the device. DHCP services automate network-parameter assignment to network devices. The DHCP service process is enabled by default. However, by default, IP-MAC bindings in the DHCP snooping database do not persist through device reboots. You can improve performance after rebooting by configuring the IP-MAC bindings to persist, by configuring a storage location for the DHCP database file. When specifying the location for the DHCP database, you must also specify how frequently the switch writes the database entries into the DHCP snooping database file.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- *Configuring Persistent Bindings in the DHCP or DHCPv6 Snooping Database to Improve Network Performance (CLI Procedure)*

## dhcpcv6 (DHCP Local Server)

```
Syntax dhcpcv6 {
 access-profile profile-name;
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {
 circuit-type;
 client-id;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 domain-name domain-name-string;
 interface-description (device-interface | logical-interface);
 logical-system-name;
 mac-address;
 relay-agent-interface-id;
 relay-agent-remote-id;
 relay-agent-subscriber-id;
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
 }
 duplicate-clients incoming-interface;
 group group-name {
 access-profile profile-name;
 authentication {
 ...
 }
 interface interface-name {
 access-profile profile-name;
 exclude;
 liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 }
 session-mode (automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
 }
 }
 }
 overrides {
 asymmetric-lease-time seconds;
 asymmetric-prefix-lease-time seconds;
 client-negotiation-match incoming-interface;
 }
}
```

```

 delete-binding-on-renegotiation;
 interface-client-limit number;
 multi-address-embedded-option-response;
 process-inform {
 pool pool-name;
 }
 protocol-attributes attribute-set-name;
 rapid-commit;
}
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
trace;
upto upto-interface-name;
}
liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 session-mode (automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
 }
 layer2-liveness-detection {
 max-consecutive-retries number;
 transmit-interval interval;
 }
 }
}
}
overrides {
 asymmetric-lease-time seconds;
 asymmetric-prefix-lease-time seconds;
 client-negotiation-match incoming-interface;
 delegated-pool;
 delete-binding-on-renegotiation;
 interface-client-limit number;
 multi-address-embedded-option-response;
 process-inform {
 pool pool-name;
 }
 protocol-attributes attribute-set-name;
 rapid-commit;
}
route-suppression;
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}
liveness-detection {

```

```

failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
method {
 bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 session-mode (automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
 }
 layer2-liveness-detection {
 max-consecutive-retries number;
 transmit-interval interval;
 }
}
}
overrides {
 asymmetric-lease-time seconds;
 asymmetric-prefix-lease-time seconds;
 client-negotiation-match incoming-interface;
 delegated-pool;
 delete-binding-on-renegotiation;
 interface-client-limit number;
 multi-address-embedded-option-response;
 process-inform {
 pool pool-name;
 }
 protocol-attributes attribute-set-name;
 rapid-commit;
 reconfigure {
 attempts attempt-count;
 clear-on-abort;
 strict;
 timeout timeout-value;
 token token-value;
 trigger {
 radius-disconnect;
 }
 }
}
}
reauthenticate (<lease-renewal> <remote-id-mismatch >);
reconfigure {
 attempts attempt-count;
 clear-on-abort;
 strict;
 support-option-pd-exclude;
 timeout timeout-value;
 token token-value;

```

```

trigger {
 radius-disconnect;
}
}
requested-ip-network-match subnet-mask;
route-suppression;
server-duid-type type;
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}

```

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services <b>dhcp-local-server</b>]</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure DHCPv6 local server options on the router or switch to enable the router or switch to function as a server for the DHCP protocol for IPv6. The DHCPv6 local server sends and receives packets using the IPv6 protocol and informs IPv6 of the routing requirements of router clients. The local server works together with the AAA service framework to control subscriber access (or DHCP client access) and accounting.</p> <p>The DHCPv6 local server is fully compatible with the extended DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. Search for a statement in <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> or click a linked statement in the Syntax section for details.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">DHCPv6 Local Server Overview on page 488</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## dhcpcv6 (DHCP Relay Agent)

---

```
Syntax dhcpcv6 {
 access-profile profile-name;
 active-server-group server-group-name;
}
authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {
 circuit-type;
 client-id;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 domain-name domain-name-string;
 interface-description (device-interface | logical-interface);
 interface-name interface-name;
 logical-system-name;
 mac-address mac-address;
 relay-agent-interface-id;
 relay-agent-remote-id;
 relay-agent-subscriber-id;
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
}
bulk-leasequery {
 attempts number-of-attempts;
 timeout seconds;
 trigger automatic;
}
duplicate-clients incoming-interface;
dynamic-profile profile-name {
 aggregate-clients (merge | replace);
 use-primary primary-profile-name;
}
forward-only {
 logical-system <current | default | logical-system-name>;
 routing-instance <current | default | routing-instance-name>;
}
forward-only-replies;
forward-snooped-clients (all-interfaces | configured-interfaces |
 non-configured-interfaces);
group group-name {
 access-profile profile-name;
 active-server-group server-group-name;
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {
 circuit-type;
 client-id;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 domain-name domain-name-string;
 interface-description (device-interface | logical-interface);
 interface-name;
```

```

 logical-system-name;
 mac-address;
 relay-agent-interface-id;
 relay-agent-remote-id;
 relay-agent-subscriber-id;
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
}
}
dynamic-profile profile-name {
 aggregate-clients (merge | replace);
 use-primary primary-profile-name;
}
forward-only {
 logical-system <current | default | logical-system-name>;
 routing-instance <current | default | routing-instance-name>;
}
interface interface-name {
 access-profile profile-name;
 dynamic-profile profile-name {
 aggregate-clients (merge | replace);
 use-primary primary-profile-name;
 }
 exclude;
 overrides {
 allow-snooped-clients;
 asymmetric-lease-time seconds;
 asymmetric-prefix-lease-time seconds;
 client-negotiation-match incoming-interface;
 delay-authentication;
 delete-binding-on-renegotiation;
 dual-stack dual-stack-group-name;
 interface-client-limit number;
 no-allow-snooped-clients;
 no-bind-on-request;
 relay-source interface-name;
 send-release-on-delete;
 }
 service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
 trace;
 upto upto-interface-name;
}
}
lease-time-validation {
 lease-time-threshold seconds;
 violation-action action;
}
liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;

```

```

 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 session-mode(automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
 }
 layer2-liveness-detection {
 max-consecutive-retries number;
 transmit-interval interval;
 }
}
overrides {
 allow-snooped-clients;
 asymmetric-lease-time seconds;
 asymmetric-prefix-lease-time seconds;
 client-negotiation-match incoming-interface;
 delay-authentication;
 delete-binding-on-renegotiation;
 dual-stack dual-stack-group-name;
 interface-client-limit number;
 no-allow-snooped-clients;
 no-bind-on-request;
 relay-source interface-name;
 send-release-on-delete;
}
relay-agent-interface-id {
 include-irb-and-l2;
 keep-incoming-interface-id;
 no-vlan-interface-name;
 prefix prefix;
 use-interface-description (logical | device);
 use-option-82;
}
relay-agent-remote-id {
 include-irb-and-l2;
 keep-incoming-interface-id;
 no-vlan-interface-name;
 prefix prefix;
 use-interface-description (logical | device);
 use-option-82 <strict>;
}
relay-option {
 option-number option-number;
 default-action {
 drop;
 forward-only;
 relay-server-group relay-server-group;
 }
}
equals (ascii ascii-string | hexadecimal hexadecimal-string) {
 drop;
 forward-only;
}

```



```

 relay-server-group relay-server-group;
 }
 starts-with (ascii ascii-string | hexadecimal hexadecimal-string) {
 drop;
 forward-only;
 relay-server-group relay-server-group;
 }
}
remote-id-mismatch disconnect;
route-suppression;
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}
leasequery {
 attempts number-of-attempts;
 timeout seconds;
}
lease-time-validation {
 lease-time-threshold seconds;
 violation-action action;
}
liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 session-mode (automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
 }
 layer2-liveness-detection {
 max-consecutive-retries number;
 transmit-interval interval;
 }
 route-suppression;
 service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
 }
}
no-snoop;
overrides {
 allow-snooped-clients;
 asymmetric-lease-time seconds;
 asymmetric-prefix-lease-time seconds;
 client-negotiation-match incoming-interface;
 delay-authentication;
 delete-binding-on-renegotiation;
 dual-stack dual-stack-group-name;
}

```

```
interface-client-limit number;
no-allow-snooped-clients;
no-bind-on-request;
relay-source interface-name;
send-release-on-delete;
}
relay-agent-interface-id {
 include-irb-and-l2;
 keep-incoming-interface-id;
 no-vlan-interface-name;
 prefix prefix;
 use-interface-description (logical | device);
 use-option-82;
}
relay-agent-remote-id {
 include-irb-and-l2;
 keep-incoming-interface-id;
 no-vlan-interface-name;
 prefix prefix;
 use-interface-description (logical | device);
 use-option-82 <strict>;
}
relay-option {
 option-number option-number;
 default-action {
 drop;
 forward-only;
 relay-server-group relay-server-group;
 }
 equals (ascii ascii-string | hexadecimal hexadecimal-string) {
 drop;
 forward-only;
 relay-server-group relay-server-group;
 }
 starts-with (ascii ascii-string | hexadecimal hexadecimal-string) {
 drop;
 forward-only;
 relay-server-group relay-server-group;
 }
}
relay-option-vendor-specific {
 host-name;
 location;
 remote-id-mismatch disconnect;
 route-suppression;
 server-group {
 server-group-name {
 server-ip-address;
 }
 }
}
server-response-time seconds;
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}
```

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a>]</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3 for EX Series switches.</p> <p>Support for <b>forward-snooped-clients</b> introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1X53-D56 for EX Series switches and Junos OS Release 17.1R1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure DHCPv6 relay options on the router or switch and enable the router or switch to function as a DHCPv6 relay agent. A DHCPv6 relay agent forwards DHCPv6 request and reply packets between a DHCPv6 client and a DHCPv6 server.</p> <p>The DHCPv6 relay agent server is fully compatible with the extended DHCP local server and DHCP relay agent. However, the options configured with the <b>dhcpv6</b> statement are incompatible with the DHCP/BOOTP relay agent options configured with the <b>bootp</b> statement. As a result, the DHCPv6 relay agent and the DHCP/BOOTP relay agent cannot be enabled on the router or switch at the same time.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. Search for a statement in <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> or click a linked statement in the Syntax section for details.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">dhcp-relay on page 1109</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview on page 495</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

## diameter

```
Syntax diameter {
 network-element element-name {
 dne-origin realm realm-name <host hostname>;
 forwarding {
 route dne-route-name {
 destination realm realm-name <host hostname>;
 function function-name <partition partition-name>;
 metric route-metric;
 }
 }
 function function-name;
 peer peer-name {
 priority priority-number;
 }
 }
 origin realm realm-name host hostname;
 peer peer-name {
 address ip-address;
 connect-actively {
 port port-number;
 transport transport-name;
 }
 logical-system logical-system-name <routing-instance routing-instance-name>;
 peer-origin realm realm-name host hostname;
 routing-instance routing-instance-name;
 }
 transport transport-name {
 address;
 logical-system logical-system-name <routing-instance routing-instance-name>;
 routing-instance routing-instance-name;
 }
 }
```

Hierarchy Level [edit]

Release Information Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.

Description Configure the Diameter base protocol for subscriber management.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

Required Privilege Level admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

Related Documentation

- [Configuring Diameter on page 782](#)

## diameter-instance (JSRC)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>diameter-instance <i>instance-name</i></code>                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit jsrc <a href="#">partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the Diameter instance associated with the JSRC partition.                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>instance-name</i> —Name of the Diameter instance. Currently, only <b>master</b> is supported.                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring JSRC on page 857</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the JSRC Partition on page 858</a></li></ul> |

## diameter-instance (Diameter Applications)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | diameter-instance <i>instance-name</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access gx-plus <a href="#">partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ]<br>[edit access <a href="#">ocs</a> <a href="#">partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ],<br>[edit access <a href="#">pcrf</a> <a href="#">partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2X50-D10 for EX Series switches.<br>Support at the [edit access <a href="#">ocs</a> <a href="#">partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ] and [edit access <a href="#">pcrf</a> <a href="#">partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the Diameter instance associated with the Gx-Plus, OCS, or PCRF partition.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>instance-name</i> —Name of the Diameter instance. Currently, only <b>master</b> is supported.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Gx-Plus on page 800</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Gx-Plus Partition on page 801</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the OCS Partition on page 834</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820</a></li></ul> |

## dictionary

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>dictionary <i>dictionary-path</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [ <code>edit system services extensible-subscriber-services</code> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure an XML-based dictionary file. The dictionary path is the complete path to the dictionary file and includes the dictionary filename. Extensible Subscriber Services Manager acts on the extensible-subscriber-service request on the basis of the services configured in the dictionary file. This configuration is mandatory.                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>dictionary-path</i> —Path to the dictionary file. The complete path including the filename must not be more than 127 characters.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary on page 1864</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary attributes on page 1868</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">request services extensible-subscriber-services reload-dictionary on page 1686</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary services on page 1871</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding the Dictionary File on page 256</a></li> </ul> |

## disable

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>disable <i>service-name</i>;</code>                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [ <code>edit services service-set <i>services-set-name</i> subscriber-profile <i>profile-name</i></code> ]      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Disable the service name of the subscriber profile.                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>service-name</i> —Name of the disabled service.                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## disable (Extensible Subscriber Services Manager)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | disable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system processes extensible-subscriber-services]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Disable the Extensible Subscriber Services Manager process when there is an extensible-subscriber-services configuration and the user wants to stop the process. The process is disabled by default when there is no configuration under the <b>[edit system services extensible-subscriber-services]</b> hierarchy level. |
| <b>Default</b>                  | The process is disabled by default.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">restart extensible-subscriber-services on page 1697</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                      |




## disable-relay

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | disable-relay;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Disable DHCP relay on specific interfaces in a group.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## dne-origin (Diameter Network Element)

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|                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                                                                                                                                                    | dne-origin realm <i>realm-name</i> <host <i>hostname</i> >;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Hierarchy Level                                                                                                                                           | [edit diameter <b>network-element</b> <i>element-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Release Information                                                                                                                                       | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Description                                                                                                                                               | Specify values of Origin-Realm-AVP and Origin-Host-AVP used in messages sent for the specified network element by the Diameter instance.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <div> <b>NOTE:</b> Only the realm is mandatory for the DNE origin.</div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Options                                                                                                                                                   | <p><b>host <i>hostname</i></b>—(Optional) Name of the message origin host that is supplied as the value of the Origin-Host AVP for Diameter messages associated with the network element.</p> <p><b>realm <i>realm-name</i></b>—Name of the message origin realm, that is supplied as the value of the Origin-Realm AVP for Diameter messages associated with the network element.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level                                                                                                                                  | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Related Documentation                                                                                                                                     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Network Elements on page 786</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 782</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

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## dns-server

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>dns-server <i>ipv6-address</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet6 <b>dhcp-attributes</b> ],<br>[edit access protocol-attributes <i>attribute-set-name</i> ]                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a DNS server to which clients can send DNS queries. This is equivalent to DHCPv6 option 23. To specify multiple DNS servers, add multiple <b>dns-server</b> statements in order of preference. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ipv6-address</i> —IPv6 address of a DNS server.                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li></ul>             |

## dns-server-address (Dynamic Profiles)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>dns-server-address [<i>dns-server-address</i>   \$junos-ipv6-dns-server-address] {<br/>lifetime <i>seconds</i>;<br/>}</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>dynamic-profile-name</i> protocols router-advertisement <a href="#">interface interface-name</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify the address of the DNS server that is used to resolve IPv6 DNS names. You can use RADIUS to provide the address dynamically in the \$junos-ipv6-dns-server variable within Access-Accept messages, or you can statically configure up to three IPv6 addresses.</p> <p>You can also specify the maximum time in seconds for which the DNS server address remains valid. The device can use the recursive DNS server address for DNS name resolution until the time specified expires.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>\$junos-ipv6-dns-server-address</b>—Dynamically receive the address of the DNS server from RADIUS in Access-Accept messages.</p> <p><b><i>dns-server-address</i></b>—IPv6 address of the DNS server. You can configure up to three DNS server addresses.</p> <p><b>lifetime <i>seconds</i></b>—Maximum time for which the recursive DNS server address remains valid.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 4,294,967,295 seconds</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 1800 seconds</p> <p><b>Values:</b> 0 indicates that the advertised recursive DNS server address is no longer valid and that this recursive DNS server address entry can be deleted. A value of 4,294,967,295 seconds indicates an infinite lifetime and a persistent entry in the device for this recursive DNS server address.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">DNS Resolver for IPv6 DNS Overview on page 656</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a DNS Server Address for IPv6 Hosts on page 656</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

## domain (Domain Map)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> domain {   delimiter [delimiter-character];   map domain-map-name {     aaa-logical-system logical-system-name {       aaa-routing-instance routing-instance-name;     }     aaa-routing-instance routing-instance-name;     access-profile profile-name;     address-pool pool-name;     dynamic-profile profile-name;     padn destination-address {       mask destination-mask;       metric route-metric;     }     strip-domain;     target-logical-system logical-system-name {       target-routing-instance routing-instance-name;     }     target-routing-instance routing-instance-name;     tunnel-profile profile-name;   }   parse-direction (left-to-right   right-to-left);   parse-order (domain-first   realm-first);   realm-delimiter [delimiter-character];   realm-parse-direction (left-to-right   right-to-left); } </pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure a domain map, which is used to map access options and session parameters for subscriber sessions.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Configuring a Domain Map on page 194</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## domain-name (DHCP Local Server)

**Syntax** `domain-name domain-name-string;`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services **dhcp-local-server authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server **dhcpv6 authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 **group group-name authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server **group group-name authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services **dhcp-local-server authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server **dhcpv6 authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 **group group-name authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server **group group-name authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services **dhcp-local-server authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server **dhcpv6 authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 **group group-name authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server **group group-name authentication username-include**],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services **dhcp-local-server authentication username-include**],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server **dhcpv6 authentication username-include**],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 **group group-name authentication username-include**],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server **group group-name authentication username-include**],  
 [edit system services dhcp],  
 [edit system services **dhcp-local-server authentication username-include**],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server **dhcpv6 authentication username-include**],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 **group group-name authentication username-include**],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server **group group-name authentication username-include**]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.  
 Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.

**Description** Specify the domain name that is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication or DHCP client authentication process.

**Options** *domain-name-string*—Domain name formatted string.

**Required Privilege** system—To view this statement in the configuration.

**Level** system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311](#)

## domain-name (DHCP Relay Agent)

**Syntax** `domain-name domain-name-string;`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication [username-include](#)],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication [username-include](#)],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group *group-name* authentication [username-include](#)],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay [dual-stack-group](#) *dual-stack-group-name* authentication [username-include](#)],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *group-name* authentication [username-include](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication [username-include](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication [username-include](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group *group-name* authentication [username-include](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *group-name* authentication [username-include](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication [username-include](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication [username-include](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group *group-name* authentication [username-include](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *group-name* authentication [username-include](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication [username-include](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication [username-include](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group *group-name* authentication [username-include](#)]  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *group-name* authentication [username-include](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.  
 Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.  
 Support at the [edit ... [dhcpv6](#)] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.  
 Support at the [edit ... [dual-stack-group](#) *dual-stack-group-name*] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.

**Description** Specify the domain name that is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication or client authentication process. Use the statement at the [edit ... [dhcpv6](#)] hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.

**Options** *domain-name-string*—Domain name formatted string.



|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 312</a></li></ul> |

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## domain-name (Address-Assignment Pools)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>domain-name <i>domain-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet <a href="#">dhcp-attributes</a> ],<br>[edit access protocol-attributes <i>attribute-set-name</i> ]                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the name of the domain in which clients search for a DHCP server host. This is the default domain name that is appended to hostnames that are not fully qualified. This is equivalent to DHCP option 15. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>domain-name</i> —Name of the domain.                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li></ul>                                                                                                 |

## domain-name (Static Subscribers)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | domain-name <i>domain-name</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the domain name that is included at the end of the username created for all static subscribers or for the static subscribers in a specified group. The group version of the statement takes precedence over the global version.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>domain-name</i></b>—Domain name that ends the username created for all static subscribers. The username is also sent to RADIUS in the Access-Request message. The string can include the following characters: a through z, A through Z, 0 through 9, “-”, or “.”.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Username on page 879</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Username on page 884</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

## domain-name-server (Routing Instances and Access Profiles)

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <code>domain-name-server <i>dns-address</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <code>[edit access];</code><br><code>[edit access <a href="#">profile</a>]</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2X50-D10 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Configure an IPv4 address for a DNS name server. You can configure an address globally for a routing instance at the <code>[edit access]</code> hierarchy level or for an access profile at the <code>[edit access <a href="#">profile</a> <i>profile-name</i>]</code> hierarchy level. You can configure more than one address by including the statement multiple times. |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> A DNS name server address configured with this statement is less preferred than one configured with the <a href="#">domain-name-server-inet</a> statement. That is, the server with the address configured with the <a href="#">domain-name-server-inet</a> takes precedence over a server configured with this statement.</p> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <i>dns-address</i> —IPv4 address of the DNS name server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | admin—To view this statement in the configuration<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring DNS Name Server Addresses for Subscriber Management on page 652</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">DNS Name Server Address Overview on page 651</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                    |

## domain-name-server-inet (Routing Instances and Access Profiles)

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|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | domain-name-server-inet <i>dns-address</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | [edit access],<br>[edit access <a href="#">profile</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2X50-D10 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Configure an IPv4 address for a DNS name server. You can configure an address globally for a routing instance at the <b>[edit access]</b> hierarchy level or for an access profile at the <b>[edit access profile <i>profile-name</i>]</b> hierarchy level. You can configure more than one address by including the statement multiple times. |
| <div> <b>NOTE:</b> A DNS name server address configured with this statement is higher in preference than one configured with the <a href="#">domain-name-server</a> statement. That is, the server with the address configured with the <a href="#">domain-name-server-inet</a> takes precedence over a server configured with the <a href="#">domain-name-server</a> statement.</div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <i>dns-address</i> —IPv4 address of the DNS name server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | admin—To view this statement in the configuration<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring DNS Name Server Addresses for Subscriber Management on page 652</a></li><li>• <a href="#">DNS Name Server Address Overview on page 651</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                           |

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## domain-name-server-inet6 (Routing Instances and Access Profiles)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>domain-name-server-inet6 <i>dns-address</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access],<br>[edit access <a href="#">profile</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2X50-D10 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure an IPv6 address for a DNS name server. You can configure an address globally for a routing instance at the <b>[edit access]</b> hierarchy level or for an access profile at the <b>[edit access profile <i>profile-name</i>]</b> hierarchy level. You can configure more than one address by including the statement multiple times. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>dns-address</i></b> —IPv6 address of the DNS name server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring DNS Name Server Addresses for Subscriber Management on page 652</a></li><li>• <a href="#">DNS Name Server Address Overview on page 651</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                           |

## downstream-rate (Traffic Shaping)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>downstream-rate rate;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces \$junos-interface-ifd-name unit \$junos-interface-unit <a href="#">advisory-options</a>],</code><br><code>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces interface-set \$junos-interface-set-name interface \$junos-interface-ifd-name <a href="#">advisory-options</a>],</code><br><code>[edit interfaces demux0 unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> <a href="#">advisory-options</a>],</code><br><code>[edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> <a href="#">advisory-options</a>]</code>             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.<br>Support at the <code>[edit interfaces demux0 ...]</code> hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 12.2.<br>Support at the <code>[edit dynamic-profiles ...]</code> hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 13.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify a recommended shaping rate to be applied to downstream traffic on an interface.</p> <p>For ANCP interfaces, this configured rate is used as the default value for the Juniper VSA Downstream-Calculated-Qos-Rate (26–141) when the router has not received and processed the attributes from the access node.</p> <p>For L2TP, the rate is configured on an underlying PPPoE logical interface for a subscriber on an MX Series router acting as a LAC. When the subscriber is tunneled, this rate, referred to as speed for L2TP, is sent to the LNS in the ICCN message as AVP 24.</p> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>rate</b>—Traffic rate in bits per second.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1000 through 4,294,967,295 bits per second</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p><b>interface</b>—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p><b>interface-control</b>—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Setting a Recommended Shaping Rate for Traffic on ANCP Interfaces on page 738</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Method to Derive the LAC Connection Speeds Sent to the LNS</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

## draining (Diameter Applications)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | draining;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">pcrf partition partition-name</a> ],<br>[edit access <a href="#">ocs partition partition-name</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure the Policy and Charging Rule Function (PCRF) or Online Charging System (OCS) partition to the draining state to make substantial configuration changes quickly. To log out all subscribers quickly and immediately, issue the <b>clear network-access pcrf subscribers</b> command.</p> <p>After you set draining for either of the PCRF or OCS partitions, any new subscriber logins are denied, and the time limit you set in the <a href="#">draining-response-timeout</a> statement is used instead of the <a href="#">logout-response-timeout</a> time limit.</p> <p>After the partition has drained, you must issue the <a href="#">clear network-access pcrf</a> or <a href="#">clear network-access ocs statistics</a> command to clear out the respective partition's subscribers and wait for all of the subscribers to log out before you can make configuration changes and resume normal operations.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the OCS Partition on page 834</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the PCRF Partition on page 840</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## draining-response-timeout (Diameter Applications)

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|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>draining-response-timeout <i>seconds</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit access <a href="#">pcrf partition <i>partition-name</i></a>],</code><br><code>[edit access <a href="#">ocs partition <i>partition-name</i></a>]</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure the amount of time in seconds before a PCRF or an Online Charging System OCS partition responds and begins to drain. Configuring this statement is optional if you set <a href="#">draining</a> statement for either of the Policy and Charging Rule Function (PCRF) or Online Charging System (OCS) partitions.</p> <p>After you set draining for either of the PCRF or OCS partitions, any new subscriber logins are denied, and the time limit you set in this statement is used instead of the <a href="#">logout-response-timeout</a> time limit.</p>                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>seconds</i></b>—Number of seconds to wait before the partition begins to drain.</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 400</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 86,400 seconds (24 hours)</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the OCS Partition on page 834</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the PCRF Partition on page 840</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li></ul> |



## drop (DHCP Relay Agent Option)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | drop;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option (<a href="#">default-action</a>   <a href="#">equals</a>   <a href="#">starts-with</a>)],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-option (<a href="#">default-action</a>   <a href="#">equals</a>   <a href="#">starts-with</a>)],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option (<a href="#">default-action</a>   <a href="#">equals</a>   <a href="#">starts-with</a>)],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> relay-option (<a href="#">default-action</a>   <a href="#">equals</a>   <a href="#">starts-with</a>)],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ...],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ...],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ...]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Drop (discard) specified DHCP client packets when you use DHCP relay agent selective processing. You can configure the drop operation globally or for a group of interfaces, and for either DHCP or DHCPv6 relay agent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using DHCP Option Information to Selectively Process DHCP Client Traffic on page 387</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## dual-stack (DHCP Relay Agent Overrides)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>dual-stack <i>dual-stack-group-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i></code><br><code>  <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ...],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i></code><br><code>  forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ...],</code><br><code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...]</code> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Assigns the specified dual-stack group to both legs (DHCP and DHCPv6) of the DHCP dual stack. The dual-stack group defines the common configuration settings for DHCP and DHCPv6 subscribers on both legs. These settings take precedence over all other configurations, such as those specified in global, group, or interface settings.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>dual-stack-group-name</i></b> —Name of the globally configured dual-stack group.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement in the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Single-Session DHCP Dual-Stack Overview on page 458</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Single-Session DHCP Dual-Stack Support on page 462</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## dual-stack-group (DHCP Local Server)

```
Syntax dual-stack-group name {
 access-profile access-profile;
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {
 circuit-type;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 domain-name domain-name-string;
 interface-description (device-interface | logical-interface);
 interface-name;
 logical-system-name;
 mac-address;
 relay-agent-interface-id;
 relay-agent-remote-id;
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
 }
 classification-key {
 circuit-id circuit-id;
 mac-address mac-address;
 remote-id remote-id;
 }
 dual-stack-interface-client-limit number;
 dynamic-profile profile-name {
 aggregate-clients (merge | replace);
 use-primary primary-profile-name;
 }
 liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 layer2-liveness-detection {
 max-consecutive-retries number;
 transmit-interval interval;
 }
 }
 }
 on-demand-address-allocation;
 protocol-master (inet | inet6);
 reauthenticate (<lease-renewal> <remote-id-mismatch >);
 service-profile service-profile;
 }
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* system services [dhcp-local-server](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* system services [dhcp-local-server](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *name* system services [dhcp-local-server](#)],  
 [edit system services [dhcp-local-server](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.3R1 on MX Series routers.

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specifies common configuration settings that are used for both legs (DHCP and DHCPv6) of the DHCP local server dual-stack, and names the dual-stack group.</p> <p>When applied, the dual-stack configuration takes precedence over all other configurations, such as those specified in global, group, or interface settings.</p>                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>name</i></b>—Name of the dual-stack group.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. Search for a statement in <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> or click a linked statement in the Syntax section for details.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement in the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Single-Session DHCP Local Server Dual-Stack Overview on page 460</a></li><li>• <a href="#">DHCP Liveness Detection Using ARP and Neighbor Discovery Packets</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Reauthentication for DHCP Local Server on page 107</a></li><li>• <a href="#">RADIUS Reauthentication As an Alternative to RADIUS CoA for DHCP Subscribers on page 99</a></li></ul> |

## dual-stack-group (DHCP Relay Agent)

```
Syntax dual-stack-group name {
 access-profile profile-name;
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {
 circuit-type;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 domain-name domain-name-string;
 interface-description (device-interface | logical-interface);
 interface-name;
 logical-system-name;
 mac-address;
 relay-agent-interface-id;
 relay-agent-remote-id;
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
 }
 classification-key {
 circuit-id circuit-id;
 mac-address mac-address;
 remote-id remote-id;
 }
 dual-stack-interface-client-limit number;
 dynamic-profile profile-name {
 aggregate-clients (merge | replace);
 use-primary primary-profile-name;
 }
 protocol-master;
 liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 layer2-liveness-detection {
 max-consecutive-retries number;
 transmit-interval interval;
 }
 }
 }
 relay-agent-interface-id {
 include-irb-and-l2;
 keep-incoming-interface-id;
 no-vlan-interface-name;
 prefix prefix;
 use-interface-description (logical | device);
 use-option-82;
 }
 relay-agent-remote-id {
 include-irb-and-l2;
 keep-incoming-interface-id;
 no-vlan-interface-name;
 prefix prefix;
 use-interface-description (logical | device);
 }
}
```

```
 use-option-82 <strict>;
 }
 service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit forwarding-options [dhcp-relay](#)],  
[edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* forwarding-options [dhcp-relay](#)],  
[edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name*  
forwarding-options [dhcp-relay](#)],  
[edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options [dhcp-relay](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.

**Description** Specifies common configuration settings that are used for both legs (DHCP and DHCPv6) of the DHCP dual stack, and names the dual stack group.

The group is assigned to each leg of the DHCP dual-stack with the [dual-stack](#) statement in the [overrides](#) stanza. When applied, the dual-stack configuration takes precedence over all other configurations, such as those specified in global, group, or interface settings.

**Options** *name*—Name of the dual-stack group.

The remaining statements are explained separately. Search for a statement in [CLI Explorer](#) or click a linked statement in the Syntax section for details.

**Required Privilege Level** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
interface-control—To add this statement in the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Single-Session DHCP Dual-Stack Overview on page 458](#)
- [Configuring Single-Session DHCP Dual-Stack Support on page 462](#)
- *DHCP Liveness Detection Using ARP and Neighbor Discovery Packets*

## dual-stack-interface-client-limit (DHCP Local Server and Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>dual-stack-interface-client-limit <i>number</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dual-stack-group</a> <i>dual-stack-group-name</i> ],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dual-stack-group</a> <i>dual-stack-group-name</i> ],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>name</i> routing-instances <i>name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dual-stack-group</a> <i>dual-stack-group-name</i> ],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>name</i> routing-instances <i>name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dual-stack-group</a> <i>dual-stack-group-name</i> ],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dual-stack-group</a> <i>dual-stack-group-name</i> ],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dual-stack-group</a> <i>dual-stack-group-name</i> ],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dual-stack-group</a> <i>dual-stack-group-name</i> ],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dual-stack-group</a> <i>dual-stack-group-name</i> ],</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.3R1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Limit the number of client allowed on an interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>number</i></b>—Maximum number of dual-stack subscribers that can log in per interface.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1 through 500,000</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Single-Session DHCP Local Server Dual-Stack Overview on page 460</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Single-Session DHCP Dual-Stack Overview on page 458</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

## dualstack-support (JSRC)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | dualstack-support;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit jsrc]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 18.1R1 on MX Series routers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure JSRC provisioning for dual-stack subscribers so that it reports information about the separate stacks for a given subscriber, using a single JSRC session. By default (and in all cases for releases earlier than Junos OS Release 18.1R1), the DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 stacks are treated as a single subscriber; the remote SRC peer (SAE) is not informed about whether only one family or both families are active. The statistics are reported as an aggregate of both families rather than separated by family.</p> <p>When you configure dual-stack support for JSRC, Diameter AA-Request (AAR) provisioning messages sent to the SAE include Diameter AVPs (IANA enterprise number 2636) to convey the IPv4 and IPv6 addressing information that is available in the session database. For IPv4, that includes Framed-IP-Address (AVP 8) and Framed-IP-Netmask (AVP 9). For IPv6, that includes Framed-IPv6-Address (AVP 168), Framed-IPv6-Prefix (AVP 97), Delegated-IPv6-Prefix (AVP 123), Juniper-IPv6-Ndra-Prefix (AVP 2200), and Juniper-Framed-IPv6-Netmask (AVP 2201). JSRC also includes information about the access line if it is available in the session database, by means of Juniper-Agent-Circuit-Id (AVP 2202) and Juniper-Remote-Circuit-Id (AVP 2203).</p> <p>When the first network family is activated, JSRC sends the addresses for only that family in the initial request to the provisioning server. When the second network family is activated, the AAR message includes the Juniper-Request-Type AVP (2050) with a value of 4 to signify family activation. When the next-to-last family is deactivated, the same AVP is sent with a value of 5 to signify the deactivation.</p> |
| <b>Default</b>                  | Disabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring JSRC on page 857</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |



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## duplication (Access Profile)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | duplication;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>accounting</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the router to send accounting reports to both the RADIUS accounting server configured in the access profile for the wholesaler and the RADIUS accounting server configured in the access profile for the retailer.                      |
| <b>Default</b>                  | The router sends accounting reports to the accounting servers that are in the context in which the subscriber is authenticated.                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding RADIUS Accounting Duplicate Reporting on page 115</a></li></ul> |

## duplication-filter (Access Profile)

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|                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                               | duplication-filter (interim-duplicated   interim-original) <exclude-attributes>;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                      | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>accounting</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                  | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                          | Configure which accounting servers receive accounting messages when RADIUS duplication accounting is configured in the access profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                              | <p><b>exclude-attributes</b>—(Optional) Filter RADIUS attributes from duplicated accounting interim messages based on the <b>exclude</b> statement configuration in the corresponding duplication access profile. You can configure <b>exclude-attributes</b> alone, or with <b>interim-duplicated</b> or <b>interim-original</b>.</p> <p><b>interim-duplicated</b>—Do not send accounting interim messages to RADIUS accounting servers that are in a duplication context other than the subscriber's access profile.</p> <p><b>interim-original</b>—Do not send accounting interim messages to RADIUS accounting servers that are in the subscriber's access profile.</p> |
| <hr/>                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <div> <b>NOTE:</b> The <b>interim-duplicated</b> and <b>interim-original</b> filters are mutually exclusive.</div> <hr/> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                             | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding RADIUS Accounting Duplicate Reporting on page 115</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Duplication Filters for RADIUS Accounting Duplicate Reporting on page 117</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 122</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

## duplication-vrf (Duplicate Accounting)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>duplication-vrf {   access-profile-name <i>profile-name</i>;   vrf-name <i>vrf-name</i>; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>accounting</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R3 and supported in later 12.3Rx releases. Statement supported in Junos OS Release 13.2 and later releases. (Not supported in Junos OS Release 13.1.)                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure the router to send duplicate accounting information to the RADIUS accounting servers defined in up to five access profiles all in the same nondefault VRF (LS:RI combination).</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding RADIUS Accounting Duplicate Reporting on page 115</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94</a></li> </ul>                                        |

## dynamic-profile (DHCP Local Server)

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|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <pre>dynamic-profile <i>profile-name</i> {<br/>    aggregate-clients (merge   replace);<br/>    use-primary <i>primary-profile-name</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Hierarchy Level          | <pre>[edit system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a>],<br/>[edit system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server dual-stack-group</a> <i>dual-stack-group-name</i>],<br/>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6</a>],<br/>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group</a> <i>group-name</i>],<br/>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group</a> <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>],<br/>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">group</a> <i>group-name</i>],<br/>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">group</a> <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system<br/>services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...]</pre> |
| Release Information      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p> <p>Options <b>aggregate-clients</b> and <b>use-primary</b> introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.</p> <p>Support at the <b>[edit ... interface]</b> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Description              | Specify the dynamic profile that is attached to all interfaces, a named group of interfaces, or a specific interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Options                  | <p><b>profile-name</b>—Name of the dynamic profile.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Required Privilege Level | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces or DHCP Client Interfaces</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Default Subscriber Service on page 278</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

## dynamic-profile (DHCP Relay Agent)


|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>dynamic-profile <i>profile-name</i> {     aggregate-clients (merge   replace);     use-primary <i>primary-profile-name</i>; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <pre>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay], [edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay dhcpv6</a>], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface interface-name</a>], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name</a>], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">group group-name</a>], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface interface-name</a>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay ...</a>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i>     forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay ...</a>], [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...]</pre> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.</p> <p>Support at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.</p> <p>Support at the <b>[edit ... dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name]</b> hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify the dynamic profile that is attached to all interfaces, to a named group of interfaces, or to a specific interface.</p> <p>M120 and M320 routers do not support DHCPv6.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>profile-name</i></b>—Name of the dynamic profile.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">dhcp-relay on page 1109</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces or DHCP Client Interfaces</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations on page 317</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Default Subscriber Service on page 278</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## dynamic-profile (Domain Map)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>dynamic-profile <i>profile-name</i>;</code>                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access domain <b>map</b> <i>domain-map-name</i> ]                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Dynamic profile that is used for subscriber sessions associated with the domain map.                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>profile-name</i> —Name of dynamic profile.                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Specifying a Dynamic Profile in a Domain Map on page 198</a></li></ul> |

## dynamic-profile (Static Subscribers)

|                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                           | <code>dynamic-profile <i>profile-name</i> {<br/>    <a href="#">aggregate-clients</a> (merge   replace);<br/>}</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                  | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services <a href="#">static-subscribers</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers <a href="#">group</a> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <a href="#">static-subscribers</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers <a href="#">group</a> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services <a href="#">static-subscribers</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers <a href="#">group</a> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit system services <a href="#">static-subscribers</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers <a href="#">group</a> <i>group-name</i>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                              | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                      | <p>Specify the dynamic client profile that is instantiated at login and de-instantiated at logout for all static subscribers on interfaces configured at the <b>[edit system services static-subscribers interface]</b> hierarchy level or for the static subscribers in a specific group. The group version of the statement takes precedence over the global version.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> Do not specify a dynamic profile that creates a dynamic interface.</p> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Default</b>                                                                                                                                                                          | By default, the <i>junos-default-profile</i> is used when you do not specify a global dynamic profile with this statement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                          | <p><b><i>profile-name</i></b>—Name of the dynamic client profile profile.</p> <p>The remaining statement is explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                         | <p>access—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>access-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Specifying the Static Subscriber Global Dynamic Profile on page 877</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Specifying the Static Subscriber Group Dynamic Profile on page 882</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

## dynamic-profiles

```
Syntax dynamic-profiles {
 profile-name {
 class-of-service {
 interfaces {
 interface-name ;
 }
 unit logical-unit-number {
 classifiers {
 type (classifier-name | default);
 }
 output-traffic-control-profile (profile-name | $junos-cos-traffic-control-profile);
 report-ingress-shaping-rate bps;
 rewrite-rules {
 dscp (rewrite-name | default);
 dscp-ipv6 (rewrite-name | default);
 ieee-802.1 (rewrite-name | default) vlan-tag (outer | outer-and-inner);
 inet-precedence (rewrite-name | default);
 }
 }
 }
 }
 scheduler-maps {
 map-name {
 forwarding-class class-name scheduler scheduler-name;
 }
 }
 schedulers {
 (scheduler-name) {
 buffer-size (seconds | percent percentage | remainder | temporal microseconds);
 drop-profile-map loss-priority (any | low | medium-low | medium-high | high)
 protocol (any | non-tcp | tcp) drop-profile profile-name;
 excess-priority (low | high | $junos-cos-scheduler-excess-priority);
 excess-rate (percent percentage | percent $junos-cos-scheduler-excess-rate);
 overhead-accounting (shaping-mode) <bytes (byte-value)>;
 priority priority-level;
 shaping-rate (rate | predefined-variable);
 transmit-rate (percent percentage | rate | remainder) <exact | rate-limit>;
 }
 }
 traffic-control-profiles profile-name {
 delay-buffer-rate (percent percentage | rate | $junos-cos-delay-buffer-rate);
 excess-rate (percent percentage | proportion value | percent $junos-cos-excess-rate);
 guaranteed-rate (percent percentage | rate | $junos-cos-guaranteed-rate);
 overhead-accounting (shaping-mode) <bytes (byte-value)>;
 scheduler-map map-name;
 shaping-rate (rate | predefined-variable);
 }
}
firewall {
 family family {
 fast-update-filter filter-name {
 interface-specific;
```



```

match-order [match-order];
term term-name {
 from {
 match-conditions;
 }
 then {
 action;
 action-modifiers;
 }
 only-at-create;
}
}
filter filter-name {
 enhanced-mode-override;
 fast-lookup-filter;
 instance-shared;
 interface-shared;
 interface-specific;
 term term-name {
 from {
 match-conditions;
 }
 then {
 action;
 action-modifiers;
 }
 only-at-create;
 }
}
filter filter-name {
 interface-specific;
 term term-name {
 from {
 match-conditions;
 }
 then {
 action;
 action-modifiers;
 }
 }
}
}
policer policer-name {
 filter-specific;
 if-exceeding {
 (bandwidth-limit bps | bandwidth-percent percentage);
 burst-size-limit bytes;
 }
 logical-bandwidth-policer;
 logical-interface-policer;
 physical-interface-policer;
 then {
 policer-action;
 }
}
}
hierarchical-policer uid {
 aggregate {
 if-exceeding {
 bandwidth-limit-limit bps;
 burst-size-limit bytes;

```

```
 }
 then {
 policer-action;
 }
}
premium {
 if-exceeding {
 bandwidth-limit bps;
 burst-size-limit bytes;
 }
 then {
 policer-action;
 }
}
}
policer uid {
 filter-specific;
 if-exceeding {
 (bandwidth-limit bps | bandwidth-percent percentage);
 burst-size-limit bytes;
 }
 logical-bandwidth-policer;
 logical-interface-policer;
 physical-interface-policer;
 then {
 policer-action;
 }
}
}
three-color-policer uid {
 action {
 loss-priority high then discard;
 }
 logical-interface-policer;
 single-rate {
 (color-aware | color-blind);
 committed-burst-size bytes;
 committed-information-rate bps;
 excess-burst-size bytes;
 }
 two-rate {
 (color-aware | color-blind);
 committed-burst-size bytes;
 committed-information-rate bps;
 peak-burst-size bytes;
 peak-information-rate bps;
 }
}
}
}
interfaces interface-name {
 interface-set interface-set-name {
 interface interface-name {
 unit logical unit number {
 advisory-options {
 downstream-rate rate;
 upstream-rate rate;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

```

 }
 }
}
unit logical-unit-number {
 actual-transit-statistics;
 auto-configure {
 agent-circuit-identifier {
 dynamic-profile profile-name;
 }
 line-identity {
 include {
 accept-no-ids;
 circuit-id;
 remote-id;
 }
 dynamic-profile profile-name;
 }
 }
}
encapsulation (atm-ccc-cell-relay | atm-ccc-vc-mux | atm-cisco-nlpid |
 atm-tcc-vc-mux | atm-mlppp-llc | atm-nlpid | atm-ppp-llc | atm-ppp-vc-mux |
 atm-snap | atm-tcc-snap | atm-vc-mux | ether-over-atm-llc |
 ether-vpls-over-atm-llc | ether-vpls-over-fr | ether-vpls-over-ppp | ethernet |
 frame-relay-ccc | frame-relay-ppp | frame-relay-tcc | frame-relay-ether-type |
 frame-relay-ether-type-tcc | multilink-frame-relay-end-to-end | multilink-ppp |
 ppp-over-ether | ppp-over-ether-over-atm-llc | vlan-bridge | vlan-ccc | vlan-vci-ccc
 | vlan-tcc | vlan-vpls);
family family {
 address address;
 filter {
 adf {
 counter;
 input-precedence precedence;
 not-mandatory;
 output-precedence precedence;
 rule rule-value;
 }
 input filter-name (
 precedence precedence;
 shared-name filter-shared-name;
)
 output filter-name {
 precedence precedence;
 shared-name filter-shared-name;
 }
 }
}
rpf-check {
 fail-filter filter-name;
 mode loose;
}
service {
 input {
 service-set service-set-name {
 service-filter filter-name;
 }
 }
 post-service-filter filter-name;
}

```

```

 }
 input-vlan-map {
 inner-tag-protocol-id tpid;
 inner-vlan-id number;
 (push | swap);
 tag-protocol-id tpid;
 vlan-id number;
 }
 output {
 service-set service-set-name {
 service-filter filter-name;
 }
 }
 output-vlan-map {
 inner-tag-protocol-id tpid;
 inner-vlan-id number;
 (pop | swap);
 tag-protocol-id tpid;
 vlan-id number;
 }
 pcef pcef-profile-name {
 activate rule-name | activate-all;
 }
}
unnumbered-address interface-name <preferred-source-address address>;
}
filter {
 input filter-name (
 shared-name filter-shared-name;
)
 output filter-name {
 shared-name filter-shared-name;
 }
}
host-prefix-only;
ppp-options {
 chap;
 pap;
}
vlan-id number;
vlan-tags outer [tpid].vlan-id [inner [tpid].vlan-id];
}
}
interfaces {
 demux0 {...}
}
interfaces {
 pp0 {...}
}
policy-options {
 prefix-list uid {
 ip-addresses;
 dynamic-db;
 }
}
}
predefined-variable-defaults predefined-variable <variable-option> default-value;

```

```

protocols {
 igmp {
 interface interface-name {
 accounting;
 disable;
 group-limit limit;
 group-policy;
 group-threshold value;
 immediate-leave;
 log-interval seconds;
 no-accounting;
 oif-map;
 passive;
 promiscuous-mode;
 ssm-map ssm-map-name;
 ssm-map-policy ssm-map-policy-name
 static {
 group group {
 source source;
 }
 }
 version version;
 }
 }
 mld {
 interface interface-name {
 (accounting | no-accounting);
 disable;
 group-limit limit;
 group-policy;
 group-threshold value;
 immediate-leave;
 log-interval seconds;
 oif-map;
 passive;
 ssm-map ssm-map-name;
 ssm-map-policy ssm-map-policy-name;
 static {
 group multicast-group-address {
 exclude;
 group-count number;
 group-increment increment;
 source ip-address {
 source-count number;
 source-increment increment;
 }
 }
 }
 version version;
 }
 }
 router-advertisement {
 interface interface-name {
 current-hop-limit number;
 default-lifetime seconds;
 (managed-configuration | no-managed-configuration);
 }
 }
}

```

```

 max-advertisement-interval seconds;
 min-advertisement-interval seconds;
 (other-stateful-configuration | no-other-stateful-configuration);
 prefix prefix;
 reachable-time milliseconds;
 retransmit-timer milliseconds;
 }
}
}
routing-instances routing-instance-name {
 interface interface-name;
 routing-options {
 access {
 route prefix {
 next-hop next-hop;
 metric route-cost;
 preference route-distance;
 tag route-tag;
 }
 }
 access-internal {
 route subscriber-ip-address {
 qualified-next-hop underlying-interface {
 mac-address address;
 }
 }
 }
 multicast {
 interface interface-name {
 no-qos-adjust;
 }
 }
 }
}
rib routing-table-name {
 access {
 route prefix {
 next-hop next-hop;
 metric route-cost;
 preference route-distance;
 tag route-tag;
 }
 }
 access-internal {
 route subscriber-ip-address {
 qualified-next-hop underlying-interface {
 mac-address address;
 }
 }
 }
}
}
routing-options {
 access {
 route prefix {
 next-hop next-hop;
 metric route-cost;

```

```

 preference route-distance;
 tag route-tag;
 }
}
access-internal {
 route subscriber-ip-address {
 qualified-next-hop underlying-interface {
 mac-address address;
 }
 }
}
multicast {
 interface interface-name {
 no-qos-adjust;
 }
}
}
services {
 captive-portal-content-delivery {
 rule name {
 match-direction (input | input-output | output);
 term name {
 from {
 applications application-name {
 application-protocol type;
 destination-port port-type;
 protocol ip-protocol-type;
 source-port port-type;
 }
 destination-address name <except>;
 destination-address-range low minimum-value high maximum-value <except>;
 destination-prefix-list name <except>;
 }
 then {
 accept;
 redirect url;
 rewrite destination-address address <destination-port port-number>;
 syslog;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
variables {
 variable-name {
 default-value default-value;
 equals expression;
 mandatory;
 uid;
 uid-reference;
 }
}
}
}

```

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.<br>Support at the <b>filter, policer, hierarchical-policer, three-color-policer, and policy options</b> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Create dynamic profiles for use with DHCP or PPP client access.                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>profile-name</i></b> —Name of the dynamic profile; string of up to 80 alphanumeric characters.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately. Search for a statement in <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> or click a linked statement in the Syntax section for details. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>Configuring a Basic Dynamic Profile</i></li><li>• <i>Configuring Dynamic VLANs Based on Agent Circuit Identifier Information</i></li><li>• <i>Dynamic Profiles Overview</i></li></ul>                                                     |

---

## enable

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>enable service-name {<br/>    concurrent-data-sessions <i>max-session-number</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services service-set <i>services-set-name</i> subscriber-profile <i>profile-name</i> ]                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Enable the service name for the subscriber profile.                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>service-name</i></b> —Name of the enabled service.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> . |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                       |



## **enable (Enhanced Subscriber Management)**

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | enable;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services <a href="#">subscriber-management</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1R3 on MX Series routers for enhanced subscriber management.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Enable the Junos OS enhanced subscriber management software architecture to support configuration of dynamic interfaces and services for subscriber management. To use dynamic profiles and authentication to create and manage dynamic subscriber interfaces and services, you must enable enhanced subscriber management and reboot the router. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management on page 617</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management Overview on page 615</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                          |

## equals (DHCP Relay Agent)

**Syntax** `equals {`  
     `ascii name {`  
         `drop drop;`  
         `forward-only forward-only;`  
         `local-server-group local-server-group;`  
     `}`  
     `hexadecimal name {`  
         `drop drop;`  
         `forward-only forward-only;`  
         `local-server-group local-server-group;`  
     `}`  
`}`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option option-60],  
 [edit bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option option-77],  
 [edit bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],  
 [edit bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-60],  
 [edit bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-77],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option option-60],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option option-77],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-60],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-77],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option option-60],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option option-77],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-60],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-77],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option option-60],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option option-77],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-60],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-77],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option option-60],

```

[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options
 dhcp-relay group name relay-option option-77],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options
 dhcp-relay relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options
 dhcp-relay relay-option option-60],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options
 dhcp-relay relay-option option-77],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group
 name relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group
 name relay-option option-60],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group
 name relay-option option-77],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
 relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
 relay-option option-60],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
 relay-option option-77],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
 group name relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
 group name relay-option option-60],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
 group name relay-option option-77],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
 relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
 relay-option option-60],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
 relay-option option-77],
[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name
 relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name
 relay-option option-60],
[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name
 relay-option option-77],
[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option
 option-60],
[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-77],
[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group
 name relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group
 name relay-option option-60],
[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group
 name relay-option option-77],
[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
 relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
 relay-option option-60],
[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
 relay-option option-77],
[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name relay-option],

```

```
[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name relay-option
option-60],
[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name relay-option
option-77],
[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-60],
[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-77],
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name
relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name
relay-option option-60],
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name
relay-option option-77],
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option
option-60],
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option
option-77],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name relay-option],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name relay-option option-60],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name relay-option option-77],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-60],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-77]
```

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3.  
Statement updated in Junos OS Release 17.4.

**Description** Configure the exact match criteria used with the DHCP relay agent selective processing feature. DHCP relay agent compares the configured match string with the option-specific string received in DHCP client packets. If there is an exact left-to-right match, DHCP performs the action you define for the match criteria.

You can configure an unlimited number of match strings. Match strings do not support wildcard attributes.

The **local-server-group** option is not supported for DHCPv6 relay agent.

**Options** *ascii-string*—ASCII string of 1 through 255 alphanumeric characters.  
*hexadecimal-string*—Hexadecimal string of 1 through 255 hexadecimal characters (0 through 9, a through f, A through F).


The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Using DHCP Option Information to Selectively Process DHCP Client Traffic on page 387](#)
- [DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 Forward-Only Action for Relay Traffic with Unknown DHCP Server Address on page 109](#)

## ethernet-port-type-virtual

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | ethernet-port-type-virtual;                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius <a href="#">options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Specify the physical port type the router or switch uses to authenticate clients. The router or switch passes a port type of <b>ethernet</b> in RADIUS attribute 61 (NAS-Port-Type) by default. This statement specifies a port type of <b>virtual</b> . |
| <div>  <b>NOTE:</b> This statement takes precedence over the <a href="#">nas-port-type</a> statement if you include both statements in the same access profile. </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 140</a></li> </ul>                |

## exceed-action

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | exceed-action {<br>drop;<br>syslog;<br>}                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services service-set <i>services-set-name</i> subscriber-profile <i>profile-name</i> max-data-sessions-per-subscriber]                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the action if the maximum data sessions per subscriber exceed the maximum limit. You must also specify the drop rate of the packets for <b>drop</b> and system log details for <b>syslog</b> . |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                        |

## exclude (JSRC Attributes)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>exclude {<br/>  user-name [ authorization-request   provisioning-request ];<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> jsrc <a href="#">attributes</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the router to exclude the specified attribute-value pair (AVP) from the specified Diameter message for JSRC.                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>user-name</b>—User-Name AVP (1). Diameter AVP name and number.</li><li>• <b>authorization-request</b>—address-authorization request in AAR message sent from JSRC to the SAE.</li><li>• <b>provisioning-request</b>—provisioning-request in AAR message sent from JSRC to the SAE.</li></ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Excluding AVPs from Diameter Messages for JSRC on page 863</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding JSRC-SAE Interactions on page 851</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                  |

## exclude (RADIUS Attributes)

```
Syntax exclude {
 acc-aggr-cir-id-asc [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 acc-aggr-cir-id-bin [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 acc-loop-cir-id [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 acc-loop-encap [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 acc-loop-remote-id [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 accounting-authentic [accounting-off | accounting-on | accounting-start | accounting-stop
]
 accounting-delay-time [accounting-off | accounting-on | accounting-start |
 accounting-stop];
 accounting-session-id access-request;
 accounting-terminate-cause accounting-off;
 acct-request-reason [accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 acct-tunnel-connection [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 act-data-rate-dn [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 act-data-rate-up [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 act-interlv-delay-dn [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 act-interlv-delay-up [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 att-data-rate-dn [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 att-data-rate-up [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 called-station-id [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 calling-station-id [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 chargeable-user-identity access-request;
 class [accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 cos-shaping-rate [accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 delegated-ipv6-prefix [accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 dhcp-gi-address [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 dhcp-header access-request;
 dhcp-mac-address [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 dhcp-options [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 dhcpv6-header access-request;
 dhcpv6-options [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 downstream-calculated-qos-rate [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop
];
 dsl-forum-attributes [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 dsl-line-state [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 dsl-type [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 dynamic-iflset-name [accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 event-timestamp [accounting-off | accounting-on | accounting-start | accounting-stop
];
 filter-id [accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 first-relay-ipv4-address [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 first-relay-ipv6-address [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 framed-interface-id [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 framed-ip-address [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 framed-ip-netmask [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 framed-ip-route [accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 framed-ipv6-address [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 framed-ipv6-pool [accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 framed-ipv6-prefix [accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 framed-ipv6-route [accounting-start | accounting-stop];
 framed-pool [accounting-start | accounting-stop]; input-ipv6-gigawords accounting-stop;
```

```

input-filter [accounting-start | accounting-stop];
input-gigapackets accounting-stop;
input-gigawords accounting-stop;
input-ipv6-octets accounting-stop;
input-ipv6-packets accounting-stop;
interface-description [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
l2c-downstream-data [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
l2c-upstream-data [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
l2tp-rx-connect-speed [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
l2tp-tx-connect-speed [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
max-data-rate-dn [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
max-data-rate-up [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
max-interlv-delay-dn [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
max-interlv-delay-up [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
min-data-rate-dn [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
min-data-rate-up [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
min-lp-data-rate-dn [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
min-lp-data-rate-up [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
nas-identifier [access-request | accounting-off | accounting-on | accounting-start |
 accounting-stop];
nas-port [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
nas-port-id [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
nas-port-type [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
output-filter [accounting-start | accounting-stop];
output-gigapackets accounting-stop;
output-gigawords accounting-stop;
output-ipv6-gigawords accounting-stop;
output-ipv6-octets accounting-stop;
output-ipv6-packets accounting-stop;
pppoe-description [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
standard-attribute number {
 packet-type [access-request | accounting-off | accounting-on | accounting-start |
 accounting-stop];
}
tunnel-assignment-id [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
tunnel-client-auth-id [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
tunnel-client-endpoint [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
tunnel-medium-type [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
tunnel-server-auth-id [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
tunnel-server-endpoint [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
tunnel-type [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
upstream-calculated-qos-rate [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
vendor-id id-number {
 vendor-attribute vsa-number {
 packet-type [access-request | accounting-off | accounting-on | accounting-start |
 accounting-stop];
 }
}
virtual-router [access-request | accounting-start | accounting-stop];
}

```

Hierarchy Level [edit access profile *profile-name* radius [attributes](#)]



**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.  
 Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.  
**downstream-calculated-qos-rate**, **dsl-forum-attributes**, and **upstream-calculated-qos-rate** options added in Junos OS Release 11.4.  
**cos-shaping-rate** and **filter-id** options added in Junos OS Release 13.2.  
**pppoe-description** option added in Junos OS Release 14.2.  
**virtual-router** option added in Junos OS Release 15.1.  
**first-relay-ipv4-address** and **first-relay-ipv6-address** options added in Junos OS Release 16.1.  
**acc-loop-encap** and **acc-loop-remote-id** options added in Junos OS Release 16.1R4.  
**access-request** option support for all tunnel attributes added in Junos OS Release 15.1R7, 16.1R5, 16.2R2, 17.1R2, 17.2R2, and 17.3R1 for MX Series.  
**packet-type**, **standard-attribute**, **vendor-attribute**, and **vendor-id** options added in Junos OS Release 18.1R1.

**Description** Configure the router or switch to exclude the specified attributes from being sent in the specified type of RADIUS message. Exclusion can be useful, for example, for attributes that do not change values over the lifetime of a subscriber. By not sending these attributes, you reduce the packet size without losing information. Contrast this behavior with that provided by the **ignore** statement.

Starting in Junos OS Release 18.1R1, you can specify standard RADIUS attributes with the attribute number. You can specify VSAs with the IANA-assigned vendor ID and the VSA number. With this flexible configuration method, you can configure any standard attribute and VSA supported by your platform to be excluded. The configuration has no effect if you configure unsupported attributes, vendors, and VSAs.

The legacy method allows you to configure only those attributes and VSAs for which the statement syntax includes a specific option. Consequently, you can use the legacy method to exclude only a subset of all attributes that can be received in Access-Accept messages.

Not all attributes are available in all types of RADIUS messages.



**NOTE:** If you exclude an attribute from Acct-Off messages, the attributes are then excluded from Interim-Acct messages.



**NOTE:** VSAs with dedicated option names include Juniper Networks (IANA vendor ID 4874) and DSL Forum (vendor ID 3561) VSAs.

**Options** RADIUS attribute—RADIUS standard attribute or VSA:

- **acc-aggr-cir-id-asc**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-112, Acc-Aggr-Cir-Id-Asc.
- **acc-aggr-cir-id-bin**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-111, Acc-Aggr-Cir-Id-Bin.
- **acc-loop-cir-id**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-110, Acc-Loop-Cir-Id.
- **acc-loop-encap**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-183, Acc-Loop-Encap.
- **acc-loop-remote-id**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-182, Acc-Loop-Remote-Id.
- **accounting-authentic**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 45, Acct-Authentic.
- **accounting-delay-time**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 41, Acct-Delay-Time.
- **accounting-session-id**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 44, Acct-Session-Id.
- **accounting-terminate-cause**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 49, Acct-Terminate-Cause.
- **acct-request-reason**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-210, Acct-Request-Reason.
- **acct-tunnel-connection**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 68, Acct-Tunnel-Connection.
- **act-data-rate-dn**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-114, Act-Data-Rate-Dn.
- **act-data-rate-up**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-113, Act-Data-Rate-Up.
- **act-interlv-delay-dn**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-126, Act-Interlv-Delay-Dn.
- **act-interlv-delay-up**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-124, Act-Interlv-Delay-Up.
- **att-data-rate-dn**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-118, Att-Data-Rate-Dn.
- **att-data-rate-up**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-117, Att-Data-Rate-Up.
- **called-station-id**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 30, Called-Station-Id.
- **calling-station-id**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 31, Calling-Station-Id.
- **chargeable-user-identity**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 89, Chargeable-User-Identity.
- **class**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 25, Class.
- **cos-shaping-rate**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-177, Cos-Shaping-Rate.
- **delegated-ipv6-prefix**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 123, Delegated-IPv6-Prefix.
- **dhcp-gi-address**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-57, DHCP-GI-Address.
- **dhcp-header**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-208, DHCP-Header.
- **dhcp-mac-address**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-56, DHCP-MAC-Address.
- **dhcp-options**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-55, DHCP-Options.
- **dhcpv6-header**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-209, DHCPv6-Header.
- **dhcpv6-options**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-207, DHCPv6-Options.
- **dynamic-iflset-name**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-130, Qos-Set-Name.
- **downstream-calculated-qos-rate**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-141.

- **dsl-forum-attributes**—Exclude DSL Forum VSA (vendor ID 3561) as described in RFC 4679, *DSL Forum Vendor-Specific RADIUS Attributes*.
- **dsl-line-state**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-127, DSL-Line-State.
- **dsl-type**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-128, DSL-Type.
- **event-timestamp**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 55, Event-Timestamp.
- **filter-id**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 11, Filter-Id.
- **first-relay-ipv4-address** —Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-189, DHCP-First-Relay-IPv4-Address.
- **first-relay-ipv6-address** —Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-190, DHCP-First-Relay-IPv6-Address.
- **framed-interface-id**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 96, Framed-Interface-ID.
- **framed-ip-address**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 8, Framed-IP-Address.
- **framed-ip-netmask**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 9, Framed-IP-Netmask.
- **framed-ip-route**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 22, Framed-Route.
- **framed-ipv6-address**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 168, Framed-IPv6-Address.
- **framed-ipv6-pool**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 100, Framed-IPv6-Pool.
- **framed-ipv6-prefix**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 97, Framed-IPv6-Prefix.
- **framed-ipv6-route**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 99, Framed-IPv6-Route.
- **framed-pool**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 88, Framed-Pool.
- **input-filter**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-10, Ingress-Policy-Name.
- **input-gigapackets**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-42, Acct-Input-Gigapackets.
- **input-gigawords**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 52, Acct-Input-Gigawords.
- **input-ipv6-gigawords**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-155, Acct-Input-IPv6-Gigawords.
- **input-ipv6-octets**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-151, Acct-Input-IPv6-Octets.
- **input-ipv6-packets**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-153, Acct-Input-IPv6-Packets.
- **interface-description**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-53, Interface-Desc.
- **l2c-downstream-data**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-93, L2C-Down-Stream-Data.
- **l2c-upstream-data**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-92, L2C-Up-Stream-Data.
- **l2tp-rx-connect-speed**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-163, Rx-Connect-Speed.
- **l2tp-tx-connect-speed**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-162, Tx-Connect-Speed.
- **max-data-rate-dn**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-120, Max-Data-Rate-Dn.
- **max-data-rate-up**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-119, Max-Data-Rate-Up.
- **max-interlv-delay-dn**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-125, Max-Interlv-Delay-Dn.

- **max-interlv-delay-up**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-123, Max-Interlv-Delay-Up.
- **min-data-rate-dn**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-116, Min-Data-Rate-Dn.
- **min-data-rate-up**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-115, Min-Data-Rate-Up.
- **min-lp-data-rate-dn**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-122, Min-Lp-Data-Rate-Dn.
- **min-lp-data-rate-up**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-121, Min-Lp-Data-Rate-Up.
- **nas-identifier**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 32, NAS-Identifier.
- **nas-port**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 5, NAS-Port.
- **nas-port-id**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 87, NAS-Port-Id.
- **nas-port-type**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 61, NAS-Port-Type.
- **output-filter**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-11, Egress-Policy-Name.
- **output-gigapackets**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-43, Acct-Output-Gigapackets.
- **output-gigawords**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 53, Acct-Output-Gigawords.
- **output-ipv6-gigawords**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-156, Acct-Output-IPv6-Gigawords.
- **output-ipv6-octets**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-152, Acct-Output-IPv6-Octets.
- **output-ipv6-packets**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-154, Acct-Output-IPv6-Packets.
- **packet-type**—Specify the RADIUS message type to exclude; term required when excluding a standard attribute or VSA by number rather than name. You can enclose multiple values in square brackets to specify a list of message types. Message types include Access-Request, Accounting-Off, Accounting-Off, Accounting-Start, and Accounting-Stop.
- **pppoe-description**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-24, PPPoE-Description.
- **standard-attribute *number***—RADIUS standard attribute number supported by your platform. If you configure an unsupported attribute, that configuration has no effect. When you use this option, you must use the **packet-type** term to specify the message from which the attribute is excluded.
- **tunnel-assignment-id**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 82, Tunnel-Assignment-ID.
- **tunnel-client-auth-id**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 90, Tunnel-Client-Auth-ID.
- **tunnel-client-endpoint**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 66, Tunnel-Client-Endpoint.
- **tunnel-medium-type**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 65, Tunnel-Medium-Type.
- **tunnel-server-auth-id**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 91, Tunnel-Server-Auth-ID.
- **tunnel-server-endpoint**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 67, Tunnel-Server-Endpoint.
- **tunnel-type**—Exclude RADIUS attribute 64, Tunnel-Type.
- **upstream-calculated-qos-rate**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-142

- **vendor-attribute *vsa-number***—Number identifying a VSA belonging to the specified vendor; both must be supported by your platform. If you configure an unsupported VSA, that configuration has no effect. When you use this option, you must use the **packet-type** term to specify the message from which the attribute is excluded.
- **vendor-id *id-number***—IANA vendor ID supported by your platform. If you configure an unsupported vendor ID, that configuration has no effect.
- **virtual-router**—Exclude Juniper Networks VSA 26-1.

RADIUS message type:

- **access-request**—RADIUS Access-Request messages.
- **accounting-off**—RADIUS Accounting-Off messages.
- **accounting-on**—RADIUS Accounting-On messages.
- **accounting-start**—RADIUS Accounting-Start messages.
- **accounting-stop**—RADIUS Accounting-Stop messages.

**Required Privilege Level**    admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                       admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

- Related Documentation**
- [Filtering RADIUS Attributes and VSAs from RADIUS Messages on page 48](#)
  - [Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 140](#)
  - [AAA Access Messages and Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs for Junos OS on page 37](#)
  - [AAA Accounting Messages and Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs for Junos OS on page 44](#)
  - [AAA Access Messages and Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs for Junos OS on page 37](#)
  - [AAA Accounting Messages and Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs for Junos OS on page 44](#)

## excluded-address (Address-Assignment Pools)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>excluded-address <i>ip-address</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit access address-assignment <i>pool name</i> <i>family</i> (inet   inet6)],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>name</i> access address-assignment <i>pool name</i> <i>family</i> (inet   inet6)],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>name</i> routing-instances <i>name</i> access address-assignment <i>pool name</i></code><br><code><i>family</i> (inet   inet6)],</code><br><code>[edit routing-instances <i>name</i> access address-assignment <i>pool name</i> <i>family</i> (inet   inet6)]</code> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 18.1R1 on MX Series routers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify an address to exclude from consideration when addresses are allocated from the corresponding address pool. If an address that you configure for exclusion has already been allocated, the subscriber that has that address is logged out. The address is then deallocated and marked for exclusion from future allocation.                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ip-address</i> —IPv4 or IPv6 address to exclude from the address pool for the specified family.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Preventing Addresses from Being Allocated from an Address Pool on page 637</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## excluded-range (Address-Assignment Pools)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>excluded-range <i>name</i> low <i>minimum-value</i> high <i>maximum-value</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit access address-assignment <b>pool</b> <i>name</i> <b>family</b> (inet   inet6)],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>name</i> access address-assignment <b>pool</b> <i>name</i> <b>family</b> (inet   inet6)],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>name</i> routing-instances <i>name</i> access address-assignment <b>pool</b> <i>name</i> <b>family</b> (inet   inet6)],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>name</i> access address-assignment <b>pool</b> <i>name</i> <b>family</b> (inet   inet6)]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 18.1R1 on MX Series routers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a range of consecutive addresses to exclude from consideration when addresses are allocated from the corresponding address pool. For example, you might want to reserve certain addresses or ranges to be used only for static subscribers. If a range you configure for exclusion includes an address that has already been allocated, the subscriber that has that address is logged out. The address is then deallocated and marked for exclusion from future allocation.                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>high</b>—Upper limit of excluded range of addresses.</p> <p><b>low</b>—Lower limit of range of addresses.</p> <p><b>name</b>—Name of a range of addresses to exclude from the address pool for the specified family.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Preventing Addresses from Being Allocated from an Address Pool on page 637</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## external-authority

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | external-authority;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">pool-match-order</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">pool-match-order</a> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">pool-match-order</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">pool-match-order</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify that an external authority (for example, RADIUS or Diameter) provides the address assignment.</p> <p>When RADIUS is the external authority, the router uses the Framed-IPv6-Pool attribute (RADIUS attribute 100) to select the pool. When Diameter is the external authority, the router uses the Diameter counterpart of RADIUS Framed-IPv6-Pool attribute.</p>                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring How the Extended DHCP Local Server Determines Which Address-Assignment Pool to Use on page 282</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                              |



## failover (System Process)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>failover (alternate-media   other-routing-engine);</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system processes <i>process-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the router to reboot if the software process fails four times within 30 seconds, and specify the software to use during the reboot.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>process-name</i></b>—Junos OS process name. Some of the processes that support the <b>failover</b> statement are <b>bootp</b>, <b>chassis-control</b>, <b>craft-control</b>, <b>ethernet-connectivity-fault-management</b>, <b>init</b>, <b>interface-control</b>, <b>neighbor-liveness</b>, <b>pfe</b>, <b>redundancy-interface-process</b>, <b>routing</b>, <b>smg-service</b>, and <b>vrrp</b>.</p> <p><b>alternate-media</b>—Use the Junos OS image on alternate media during the reboot.</p> <p><b>other-routing-engine</b>—On routers with dual Routing Engines, use the Junos OS image on the other Routing Engine during the reboot. That Routing Engine assumes mastership; in the usual configuration, the other Routing Engine is the designated backup Routing Engine.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p><b>system</b>—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p><b>system-control</b>—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>When a Software Process Fails</i></li> <li>• <i>processes</i></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## family (Address-Assignment Pools)

**Syntax**    `family family {`  
               `dhcp-attributes {`  
                   `[protocol-specific attributes]`  
               `}`  
               `excluded-address ip-address;`  
               `excluded-range name low minimum-value high maximum-value;`  
               `host hostname {`  
                   `hardware-address mac-address;`  
                   `ip-address ip-address;`  
               `}`  
               `network ip-prefix / <prefix-length>;`  
               `prefix ipv6-prefix;`  
               `range range-name {`  
                   `high upper-limit;`  
                   `low lower-limit;`  
                   `prefix-length prefix-length;`  
               `}`  
               `}`

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit access address-assignment **pool** *pool-name*]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.  
                               Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3 for EX Series switches.

**Description**    Configure the protocol family for the address-assignment pool.



**NOTE:** Subordinate statement support depends on the platform. See individual statement topics for more detailed support information.

**Options**    *family*—Protocol family:

- **inet**—Internet Protocol version 4 suite
- **inet6**—Internet Protocol version 6 suite

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level**    admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                   admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**    • [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625](#)  
                                   • [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633](#)


## family-state-change-immediate-update

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | family-state-change-immediate-update <i>family-state-change-immediate-update</i> ;                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> accounting]                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.4.                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Send an <b>Acct-Update</b> message to notify address family activation state change.                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Exchange of DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 Parameters with the RADIUS Server Overview on page 171</a></li></ul> |

## final-response-timeout (OCS Partition)


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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | final-response-timeout <i>seconds</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <b>ocs partition</b> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure the amount of time in seconds before an Online Charging System (OCS) partition stops attempting to send the final interrogation during the subscriber logout process. When a subscriber starts to logs out, the OCS sends a final interrogation. If there is no response within 24 hours, then the system continues and starts sending a logout message to the Policy and Charging Rule Function (PCRF). If there is no response within the next 24 hours, then the subscriber logout proceeds.</p>                                                         |
|                                 | <div> <b>NOTE:</b> Any configuration changes made to this statement apply to all subscribers currently waiting to log out within a 60 second period.</div>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>seconds</b>—Number of seconds to wait before an OCS partition stops sending the final interrogation using a CCR-GY-T message.</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 7200</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 86,400 seconds (24 hours)</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the OCS Partition on page 834</a></li><li>• <a href="#">3GPP Policy and Charging Control Overview for Wireline Provisioning and Accounting on page 805</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li></ul> |

## force-continue (OCS Partition)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | force-continue;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <b>ocs partition</b> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Enable subscriber traffic to flow before the first interrogation with the Online Charging System (OCS) occurs.</p> <p>Wireline customers often control user services solely through the Policy Control and Charging Rules Function (PCRF) and use the OCS as a convenient real-time usage monitoring mechanism rather than as an enforcement unit. To decrease the number of possible erroneous OCS configurations, include the <b>force-continue</b> statement to force the broadband Policy and Charging Enforcement Function (BPCEF) to limit the impact of negative responses from the OCS and quota expirations, and to prevent sending OCS notifications for affected rating groups. Whenever the PCEF receives a negative response to any reported group, it stops reporting this group to the OCS.</p> |
|                                 | <p> <b>NOTE:</b> The <b>force-continue</b> state is required; you must configure it in the OCS partition.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the OCS Partition on page 834</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">3GPP Policy and Charging Control Overview for Wireline Provisioning and Accounting on page 805</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## forward-only (DHCP Relay Agent Option)

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | forward-only;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option (<a href="#">default-action</a>   <a href="#">equals</a>   <a href="#">starts-with</a>)],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-option (<a href="#">default-action</a>   <a href="#">equals</a>   <a href="#">starts-with</a>)],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option (<a href="#">default-action</a>   <a href="#">equals</a>   <a href="#">starts-with</a>)],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> relay-option (<a href="#">default-action</a>   <a href="#">equals</a>   <a href="#">starts-with</a>)],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ...],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ...],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ...]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Forward specified DHCP client packets, without creating a new subscriber session, when you use DHCP relay selective processing feature. You can configure the forwarding operation globally or for a group of interfaces, and for either DHCP or DHCPv6 relay agent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> When you use the <a href="#">forward-only</a> action, the only configured <a href="#">overrides</a> operation supported is the <a href="#">trust-option-82</a> option. DHCP relay agent ignores all other configured <a href="#">overrides</a> options.</p> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using DHCP Option Information to Selectively Process DHCP Client Traffic on page 387</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## forward-only (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>forward-only {     logical-system &lt;current   default   <i>logical-system-name</i>&gt;;     routing-instance &lt;current   default   <i>routing-instance-name</i>&gt;; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay dhcpv6</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">group group-name</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">group group-name</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay ...</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i><br/> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay ...</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay ...</a>]</p>              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Releases 13.3R3, 14.1R2, and 14.2R1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the VRF location of the DHCP server when configuring secure DHCP traffic between the DHCP server and DHCP client when the two reside in different VRFs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Default</b>                  | Logical system and routing instance from where the configuration is applied.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>logical-system</b>—(Optional) Logical system in which the DHCP server resides.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>current</b>—Logical system from which the configuration is applied.</li> <li>• <b>default</b>—Root logical system.</li> <li>• <b><i>logical-system-name</i></b>—A specific logical system.</li> </ul> <p><b>routing-instance</b>—(Optional) Routing instance in which the DHCP server resides.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>current</b>—Routing instance from which the configuration is applied.</li> <li>• <b>default</b>—Root routing instance.</li> <li>• <b><i>logical-system-name</i></b>—A specific routing instance.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">DHCP Message Exchange Between DHCP Clients and DHCP Server in Different VRFs on page 369</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring DHCP Message Exchange Between DHCP Server and Clients in Different Virtual Routing Instances on page 371</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## forward-only-replies (DHCP Relay Agent)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | forward-only-replies;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay dhcpv6</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay ...</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay ...</a> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay ...</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Releases 13.3R3, 14.1R2, and 14.2R1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that reply packets are for the forward-only support that is configured in option 82 interface ID of the reply packet. You must configure this statement for forward-only support when the client and server are in different logical system/routing instances.                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">DHCP Message Exchange Between DHCP Clients and DHCP Server in Different VRFs on page 369</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring DHCP Message Exchange Between DHCP Server and Clients in Different Virtual Routing Instances on page 371</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                            |



## forwarding (Diameter Network Element)

**Syntax**

```
forwarding {
 route dne-route-name {
 destination realm realm-name <host hostname>;
 function function-name <partition partition-name>;
 metric route-metric;
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit diameter *network-element* *element-name*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.

**Description** Define the criteria that specify which destinations are reachable through the Diameter network element.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level**

|                                                           |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| admin—To view this statement in the configuration.        |
| admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Diameter on page 782](#)
- [Configuring Diameter Network Elements on page 786](#)

## function (Diameter Network Element)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>function [<i>function-name</i>];</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit diameter <b>network-element</b> <i>element-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.<br>Support for PTSP introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.<br>Support for Gx-Plus introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.<br>Support for PTSP discontinued in Junos OS Release 13.1.<br>Support for NASREQ added in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify one or more applications (function) associated with a Diameter network element.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Default</b>                  | By default, all functions are associated with (supported by) the network element.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>function-name</i></b>—Application (function) associated with the route. You can list multiple functions with the element.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>gx-plus</b>—Associate the Gx-Plus application with the network element.</li><li>• <b>jsrc</b>—Associate the JSRC application with the network element.</li><li>• <b>nasreq</b>—Associate the NASREQ application with the network element.</li><li>• <b>packet-triggered-subscribers</b>—Associate the packet-triggered subscribers application with the network element.</li></ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 782</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Network Elements on page 786</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

## function (Diameter Route)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>function <i>function-name</i> &lt;partition <i>partition-name</i>&gt;;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit diameter network-element <i>element-name</i> forwarding <b>route</b> <i>dne-route-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.</p> <p>Support for PTSP introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.</p> <p>Support for Gx-Plus introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.</p> <p>Support for PTSP discontinued in Junos OS Release 13.1.</p> <p>Support for NASREQ added in Junos OS Release 16.1.</p> |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the application (function) associated with a destination and metric. Together, these three elements define a route reachable through a Diameter network element.                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Default</b>                  | All functions are associated with the route.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>function-name</i></b>—Application (function) associated with the route. Gx-Plus, JSRC, NASREQ, and packet-triggered-subscribers are the applications currently supported.</p> <p><b><i>partition partition-name</i></b>—(Optional) Partition associated with the application (function).</p>      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 782</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Network Elements on page 786</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                          |

## ggsn-address (OCS Partition)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>ggsn-address <i>address</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">ocs partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Include the GGSN-Address AVP value in all CCR-GY messages.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>address</i></b> —Address of the GGSN-Address AVP value to include in all CCR-GY messages.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the OCS Partition on page 834</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li></ul> |

## ggsn-mcc-mnc (OCS Partition)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>ggsn-mcc-mnc <i>ggsn-mcc-mnc</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">ocs partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the value of the 3GPP-GGSN-MCC-MNC AVP value to include in all CCR-GY messages. The value is the mobile country code (MCC) and mobile network code (MNC) of the network that the GGSN belongs to. The combined MCC and MNC uniquely identify the mobile network operator.                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ggsn-mcc-mnc</i> —Value of the mobile network country and network codes to include in all CCR-GY messages.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the OCS Partition on page 834</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li> </ul> |

## global (Gx-Plus)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>global {<br/>    include-ipv6;<br/>    max-outstanding-requests <i>number</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">gx-plus</a> ]                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2X50-D10 for EX Series switches.                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure global attributes for the Gx-Plus application.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> . |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Gx-Plus on page 800</a></li></ul>                                                     |

## global (OCS)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>global {   service-context-id service-context ; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">ocs</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure global attributes and data elements of the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) Diameter credit control service charging system for the Online Charging System (OCS), which interacts with the Policy and Charging Enforcement Function (PCEF). The PCEF optionally reports usage and receives additional authorizations from the OCS using the 3GPP Gy protocol. Broadband PCEF (BPCEF) interactions with the OCS use online session charging with centralized unit determination and centralized rating.</p> <p>The remaining statement is explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring OCS Global Parameters on page 843</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">3GPP Policy and Charging Control Overview for Wireline Provisioning and Accounting on page 805</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li> </ul>                                         |

## global (PCRF)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>global {<br/>    rule-param avp-code;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">pcrf</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure global attributes and data elements of the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) Diameter credit control service charging system for the Online Charging System (OCS), which interacts with the Policy and Charging Enforcement Function (PCEF). The PCEF optionally reports usage and receives additional authorizations from the OCS using the 3GPP Gy protocol. Broadband PCEF (BPCEF) interactions with the OCS use online session charging with centralized unit determination and centralized rating.</p> <p>The remaining statement is explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">3GPP Policy and Charging Control Overview for Wireline Provisioning and Accounting on page 805</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                       |



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## grace-period

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>grace-period <i>seconds</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family (inet   inet6) <b>dhcp-attributes</b> ],<br>[edit access protocol-attributes <i>attribute-set-name</i> ]       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the amount of time that the client retains the address lease after the lease expires. The address cannot be reassigned to another client during the grace period. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>seconds</b> —Number of seconds the lease is retained.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 4,294,967,295 seconds<br><b>Default:</b> 0 (no grace period)                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>admin</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>admin-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li></ul>                                                          |

## group (DHCP Local Server)

```
Syntax group group-name {
 access-profile profile-name;
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {
 circuit-type;
 client-id;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 domain-name domain-name-string;
 interface-description (device-interface | logical-interface);
 logical-system-name;
 mac-address;
 option-60;
 option-82 <circuit-id> <remote-id>;
 relay-agent-interface-id
 relay-agent-remote-id;
 relay-agent-subscriber-id;
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
 }
 dynamic-profile profile-name <aggregate-clients (merge | replace) | use-primary
 primary-profile-name>;
 interface interface-name {
 access-profile profile-name;
 exclude;
 overrides {
 asymmetric-lease-time seconds;
 asymmetric-prefix-lease-time seconds;
 client-discover-match <option60-and-option82>;
 client-negotiation-match incoming-interface;
 interface-client-limit number;
 process-inform {
 pool pool-name;
 }
 rapid-commit;
 }
 service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
 trace;
 upto upto-interface-name;
 }
 liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
```

```

 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 session-mode(automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
}
layer2-liveness-detection {
 max-consecutive-retries number;
 transmit-interval interval;
}
}
}
overrides {
 asymmetric-lease-time seconds;
 asymmetric-prefix-lease-time seconds;
 client-discover-match <option60-and-option82>;
 client-negotiation-match incoming-interface;
 delegated-pool;
 delete-binding-on-renegotiation;
 interface-client-limit number;
 process-inform {
 pool pool-name;
 }
 protocol-attributes attribute-set-name;
 rapid-commit;
}
reconfigure {
 attempts attempt-count;
 clear-on-abort;
 strict;
 timeout timeout-value;
 token token-value;
 trigger {
 radius-disconnect;
 }
}
route-suppression;
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}

```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit system services [dhcp-local-server](#)],  
 [edit system services [dhcp-local-server dhcpv6](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services [dhcp-local-server](#) ...],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services [dhcp-local-server](#) ...],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services [dhcp-local-server](#) ...]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.  
 Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.

**Description** Configure a group of interfaces that have a common configuration, such as authentication parameters. A group must contain at least one interface.

**Options**    *group-name*—Name of the group.

The remaining statements are explained separately. Search for a statement in [CLI Explorer](#) or click a linked statement in the Syntax section for details.

**Required Privilege**    system—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**Level**    system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264](#)
- [Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations on page 317](#)
- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311](#)
- *Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces or DHCP Client Interfaces*
- *DHCP Liveness Detection Using ARP and Neighbor Discovery Packets*

## group (DHCP Relay Agent)

```
Syntax group group-name {
 access-profile profile-name;
 active-server-group server-group-name;
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {
 circuit-type;
 client-id;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 domain-name domain-name-string;
 interface-description (device-interface | logical-interface);
 interface-name interface-name;
 logical-system-name;
 mac-address mac-address;
 relay-agent-interface-id;
 relay-agent-remote-id;
 relay-agent-subscriber-id;
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
 }
 dynamic-profile profile-name {
 aggregate-clients (merge | replace);
 use-primary primary-profile-name;
 }
 forward-only {
 logical-system <current | default | logical-system-name>;
 routing-instance <current | default | routing-instance-name>;
 }
 interface interface-name {
 access-profile profile-name;
 exclude;
 liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 }
 session-mode (automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
 }
 }
 }
 }
```

```
}
overrides {
 allow-no-end-option;
 allow-snooped-clients;
 always-write-giaddr;
 always-write-option-82;
 asymmetric-lease-time seconds;
 asymmetric-prefix-lease-time seconds;
 client-discover-match <option60-and-option82 | incoming-interface>;
 client-negotiation-match incoming-interface;
 delay-authentication;
 delete-binding-on-renegotiation;
 disable-relay;
 dual-stack dual-stack-group-name;
 interface-client-limit number;
 layer2-unicast-replies;
 no-allow-snooped-clients;
 no-bind-on-request;
 proxy-mode;
 relay-source
 replace-ip-source-with;
 send-release-on-delete;
 trust-option-82;
}
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
trace;
upto upto-interface-name;
}
liveness-detection {
 failure-action (clear-binding | clear-binding-if-interface-up | log-only);
 method {
 bfd {
 version (0 | 1 | automatic);
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 minimum-receive-interval milliseconds;
 multiplier number;
 no-adaptation;
 transmit-interval {
 minimum-interval milliseconds;
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 detection-time {
 threshold milliseconds;
 }
 session-mode (automatic | multihop | singlehop);
 holddown-interval milliseconds;
 }
 layer2-liveness-detection {
 max-consecutive-retries number;
 transmit-interval interval;
 }
 }
}
}
overrides {
 allow-snooped-clients;
 always-write-giaddr;
```

```

always-write-option-82;
asymmetric-lease-time seconds;
asymmetric-prefix-lease-time seconds;
client-discover-match <option60-and-option82>;
client-negotiation-match incoming-interface;
disable-relay;
dual-stack dual-stack-group-name;
interface-client-limit number;
layer2-unicast-replies;
no-allow-snooped-clients;
no-bind-on-request;
proxy-mode;
relay-source
replace-ip-source-with;
send-release-on-delete;
trust-option-82;
}
relay-agent-interface-id {
 prefix prefix;
 use-interface-description (logical | device);
 use-option-82;
}
relay-agent-remote-id {
 prefix prefix;
 use-interface-description (logical | device);
 use-option-82 <strict>;
}
relay-option {
 option-number option-number;
 default-action {
 drop;
 forward-only;
 local-server-group local-server-group;
 relay-server-group relay-server-group;
 }
 equals (ascii ascii-string | hexadecimal hexadecimal-string) {
 drop;
 forward-only;
 local-server-group local-server-group;
 relay-server-group relay-server-group;
 }
 starts-with (ascii ascii-string | hexadecimal hexadecimal-string) {
 drop;
 forward-only;
 local-server-group local-server-group;
 relay-server-group relay-server-group;
 }
}
relay-option-82 {
 circuit-id {
 prefix prefix;
 use-interface-description (logical | device);
 use-option-82;
 }
 remote-id {
 prefix prefix;

```

```

 use-interface-description (logical | device);
 }
 server-id-override
}
remote-id-mismatch disconnect;
route-suppression;
service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
}

```

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Hierarchy Level          | <p>[edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dhcpv6</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ...],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ...],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...]</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Release Information      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.</p> <p>Support at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6]</a> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Description              | <p>Specify the name of a group of interfaces that have a common DHCP or DHCPv6 relay agent configuration. A group must contain at least one interface. Use the statement at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6]</a> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Options                  | <p><b>group-name</b>—Name of a group of interfaces that have a common DHCP or DHCPv6 relay agent configuration.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. Search for a statement in <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> or click a linked statement in the Syntax section for details.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Required Privilege Level | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270</a></li> <li>• <i>Understanding the Extended DHCP Relay Agent for EX Series Switches</i></li> <li>• <i>Configuring an Extended DHCP Relay Server on EX Series Switches (CLI Procedure)</i></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Group-Specific DHCP Relay Options on page 320</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations on page 317</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311</a></li> <li>• <i>Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces or DHCP Client Interfaces</i></li> <li>• <i>DHCP Liveness Detection Using ARP and Neighbor Discovery Packets</i></li> </ul> |



## group (Static Subscribers)

**Syntax**

```
group group-name {
 access-profile profile-name;
 dynamic-profile profile-name {
 aggregate-clients (merge | replace);
 }
 authentication {
 password password-string;
 username-include {
 domain-name domain-name;
 interface;
 logical-system-name;
 routing-instance-name;
 user-prefix user-prefix-string;
 }
 }
 interface interface-name <exclude> <upto upto-interface-name>;
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services [static-subscribers](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instances-name* system  
 services [static-subscribers](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instances-name* system services [static-subscribers](#)],  
 [edit system services [static-subscribers](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.

**Description** Configure a static subscriber group with values that override the values configured at the [\[edit system services static-subscribers\]](#) hierarchy level for subscribers outside the group. Includes the subscriber access and dynamic profiles, the authentication parameters that trigger the Access-Request message to AAA for static subscribers in the group, and the statically configured interfaces that form the group.



**NOTE:** The logical system and routing instance in which the group is configured must match the logical system and routing instance where the static interfaces are configured.

**Options** *group-name*—Name of a group that defines authentication parameters for static subscribers to override the global authentication configuration.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
 interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872](#)
  - [Creating a Static Subscriber Group on page 881](#)

---

## gsmp-syn-timeout (ANCP)

---

- Syntax** `gsmp-syn-timeout seconds;`
- Hierarchy Level** [edit protocols [ancp](#)]
- Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.3.
- Description** Configure the maximum period that the ANCP agent waits before sending a SYN message to an ANCP neighbor to negotiate the adjacency. If the neighbor sends a SYN message during this period, the ANCP agent uses the partition information in the neighbor's message when generating its own initial SYN message to the neighbor. The agent does not wait for the period to expire if it receives a SYN message from the neighbor.
- Options**
- seconds***—Number of seconds the ANCP agent waits.
  - Range:** 1 through 60 seconds
  - Default:** 60 seconds
- Required Privilege Level**
- routing—To view this statement in the configuration.
  - routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.
- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)
  - [Configuring the ANCP Agent to Learn ANCP Partition IDs on page 706](#)

---

## gsmp-syn-wait (ANCP)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | gsmp-syn-wait;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols <a href="#">ancp</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Enable the ANCP agent to learn partition ID information from neighbors, in support of nonzero ANCP partition IDs. This statement forces the ANCP agent to delay sending a SYN message during adjacency negotiation for a configurable period. When the neighbor sends a SYN message to the ANCP agent during that period, the agent learns the partition ID information from the neighbor and uses that information when it sends its own SYN message. If the agent does not receive the message during the period, then it sends a SYN message to the neighbor when the period times out. |
| <b>Default</b>                  | This statement is disabled. The ANCP agent does not wait before sending the initial SYN message and does not support nonzero partition IDs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the ANCP Agent to Learn ANCP Partition IDs on page 706</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

## gx-plus (Gx-Plus)

---

**Syntax**

```
gx-plus {
 global {
 include-ipv6;
 max-outstanding-requests number;
 }
 partition partition-name {
 diameter-instance instance-name;
 destination-host hostname;
 destination-realm realm;
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.  
Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2X50-D10 for EX Series switches.

**Description** Configure the Gx-Plus application to interact with a PCRF to authorize and provision subscribers.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Gx-Plus on page 800](#)

## hardware-address

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>hardware-address <i>mac-address</i>;</code>                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family (inet   inet6) <b>host</b> <i>hostname</i> ]            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the MAC address of the client. This is the hardware address that identifies the client on the network.       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>mac-address</i> —MAC address of the client.                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li> </ul> |

## high-utilization (Address-Assignment Pools)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>high-utilization <i>percentage</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <b>address-assignment</b> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> <b>address-assignment</b> ]                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Generate an SNMP trap when the DHCP address pool or linked set of address pools use surpasses the specified percentage.                                                                                            |
| <b>Default</b>                  | High utilization is not set. Delete the high-utilization value to unset.                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>percentage</i> —Percentage used to generate a trap.<br><b>Range:</b> 2 through 99                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pool Usage Threshold Traps on page 638</a></li> </ul> |

## high-utilization-v6 (Address-Assignment Pools)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | high-utilization-v6 <i>percentage</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">address-assignment</a> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> <a href="#">address-assignment</a> ]                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Generate an SNMP trap when the DHCPv6 address pool or linked set of address pools use surpasses the specified percentage.                                                                                       |
| <b>Default</b>                  | High utilization is not set. Delete the high-utilization value to unset.                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>percentage</i></b> —Percentage used to generate a trap.<br><b>Range:</b> 2 through 99                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pool Usage Threshold Traps on page 638</a></li></ul> |

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## hold-down (Address-Assignment Pools)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | hold-down;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment <b>pool</b> <i>pool-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure an address-assignment pool that is currently in use to be unavailable for further address allocation. When a pool is in the hold-down state, the pool is no longer used to allocate IP addresses for subscribers. Current subscribers who previously obtained an address from the pool are not affected; they can continue to renew their leases. As each of these users disconnects, their address is not reallocated. The pool becomes inactive when all subscribers have disconnected and their addresses are returned to the pool. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pool Hold-Down on page 641</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

## host (Address-Assignment Pools)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>host <i>hostname</i> {<br/>    <i>hardware-address</i> <i>mac-address</i>;<br/>    <i>ip-address</i> <i>ip-address</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment <i>pool pool-name</i> <i>family</i> (inet   inet6)]                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure a static binding for the specified client.                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>hostname</i>—Name of the client.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li></ul> |



---

## host-name (dhcp-relay)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | host-name <i>name</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay relay-option-82</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay group group-name relay-option-82</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Supports the addition of vendor-specific hostname in the option-82, suboption 9 field of DHCPv4 control messages on server-facing interfaces. The hostname can be a string of characters such as <b>Juniper-AB-1</b>.</p> <p>Junos OS automatically adds the remaining vendor-specific information as per RFC 4243. The enterprise ID is 2636. The hostname is option-data 1 (the location is option-data 2). The DHCPv4 relay strips the suboption data from replies from the server before it relays the packets out the client facing interface.</p> <p>This feature can be useful, in conjunction with operator-developed tools, for troubleshooting DHCP servers and providing service assurances. For example, a central DHCP server can log the information, and operators can query the hostname to track and troubleshoot subscriber IP information and network attachment points.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## host-name (dhcpv6)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | host-name <i>name</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-option-vendor-specific</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relaygroup group-name dhcpv6 relay-option-vendor-specific</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Supports the addition of vendor-specific hostname in the vendor-specific option (17) of DHCPv6 control messages on server-facing interfaces. The hostname can be a string of characters such as <b>Juniper-AB-1</b>.</p> <p>Junos automatically adds the remaining vendor-specific information as per RFC 4243. The Enterprise ID is 2636. The hostname is option-data 1 (the location is option-data 2). The DHCPv6 relay strips the sub-option data from replies from the server before it relays the packets out the client facing interface.</p> <p>This feature can be useful, in conjunction with operator-developed tools, for troubleshooting DHCP servers and providing service assurances. For example, a central DHCP server can log the information, and operators can query the hostname to track and troubleshoot subscriber IP information and network attachment points.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

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## ietf-mode

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | ietf-mode                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols ancp <a href="#">neighbor ip-address</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the ANCP agent to run in a mode that is not backward compatible with Internet draft-wadhwa-gsmp-l2control-configuration-00.txt, <i>GSMP extensions for layer2 control (L2C)</i> . Include this statement when pre-ietf mode has been configured globally for the ANCP agent, but you want one or more neighbors to run in the default mode. |
| <b>Default</b>                  | ANCP does not run in a backward-compatible mode.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring ANCP Neighbors on page 701</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                             |

## ignore (RADIUS Attributes)

---

**Syntax**

```
ignore {
 dynamic-iflset-name;
 framed-ip-netmask;
 idle-timeout;
 input-filter;
 logical-system-routing-instance;
 output-filter;
 session-timeout;
 standard-attribute number;
 vendor-id id-number {
 vendor-attribute vsa-number;
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access profile *profile-name* radius [attributes](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.  
Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.  
**idle-timeout**, **session-timeout**, **standard-attribute**, **vendor-attribute**, and **vendor-id** options added in Junos OS Release 18.1R1.

**Description** Configure the router or switch to ignore the specified attributes in RADIUS Access-Accept messages. Standard attributes and VSAs received in RADIUS messages take precedence over internally provisioned attribute values. Ignoring the attributes enables your internally provisioned values to be used instead. Contrast this behavior with that provided by the [exclude](#) statement.

Starting in Junos OS Release 18.1R1, you can specify RADIUS standard attributes with the attribute number. You can specify vendor-specific attributes (VSAs) with the IANA-assigned vendor ID and the VSA number. With this flexible configuration method, you can configure any standard attribute and VSA supported by your platform to be ignored. The configuration has no effect if you can configure unsupported attributes, vendors, and VSAs.

The legacy method allows you to configure only those attributes and VSAs for which the statement syntax includes a specific option. Consequently, you can use the legacy method to ignore only a subset of all attributes that can be received in Access-Accept messages.

**Options** **dynamic-iflset-name**—Ignore Juniper Networks VSA 26-130, Qos-Set-Name.

**framed-ip-netmask**—Ignore RADIUS attribute 9, Framed-IP-Netmask.

**idle-timeout**—Ignore RADIUS attribute 28, Idle-Timeout.

**input-filter**—Ignore Juniper Networks VSA 26-10, Ingress-Policy-Name.

**logical-system-routing-instance**—Ignore Juniper Networks VSA 26-1.

**output-filter**—Ignore Juniper Networks VSA 26-11, Egress-Policy-Name.

**session-timeout**—Ignore RADIUS attribute 27, Session-Timeout.

**standard-attribute *number***—RADIUS standard attribute number supported by your platform. You can enclose multiple values in square brackets to specify a list of attributes. If you configure an unsupported attribute, that configuration has no effect.

**Range:** 1 through 255

**vendor-attribute *vsa-number***—Number identifying a VSA belonging to the specified vendor; both must be supported by your platform. You can enclose multiple values in square brackets to specify a list of VSAs. If you configure an unsupported VSA, that configuration has no effect.

**Range:** 1 through 255

**vendor-id *id-number***—IANA vendor ID supported by your platform. If you configure an unsupported vendor ID, that configuration has no effect.

**Range:** 1 through 16777215

|                                 |                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.        |
|                                 | admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Filtering RADIUS Attributes and VSAs from RADIUS Messages on page 48</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 140</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">AAA Access Messages and Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs for Junos OS on page 37</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">AAA Accounting Messages and Supported RADIUS Attributes and Juniper Networks VSAs for Junos OS on page 44</a></li> </ul> |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## immediate-update

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | immediate-update;                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>accounting</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the router or switch to send an Acct-Update message to the RADIUS accounting server on receipt of a response (for example, an ACK or timeout) to the Acct-Start message.                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 140</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 122</a></li></ul> |

## include-ipv6 (Gx-Plus)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | include-ipv6;                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access gx-plus <b>global</b> ]                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2X50-D10 for EX Series switches.                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Include IPv6 subscribers in Gx-Plus provisioning requests.                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Default</b>                  | By default, IPv6 subscribers are not included.                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Gx-Plus Global Attributes on page 802</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Gx-Plus on page 800</a></li></ul> |

## include-irb-and-l2

**Syntax** include-irb-and-l2;

**Hierarchy Level** [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay **dhcpv6** (**relay-agent-interface-id** | **relay-agent-remote-id**)],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay **dhcpv6** group *group-name* (**relay-agent-interface-id** | **relay-agent-remote-id**)],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82 (**circuit-id** | **remote-id**)],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *group-name* relay-option-82 (**circuit-id** | **remote-id**)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* ... forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 (**relay-agent-interface-id** | **relay-agent-remote-id**)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* ... forwarding-options dhcp-relay ... relay-option-82 (**circuit-id** | **remote-id**)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 (**relay-agent-interface-id** | **relay-agent-remote-id**)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay ... relay-option-82 (**circuit-id** | **remote-id**)],  
 [edit vlans *vlan-name* forwarding-options dhcp-security dhcpv6-options option-18],  
 [edit vlans *vlan-name* forwarding-options dhcp-security dhcpv6-options option-37]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1.



**NOTE:** The EX Series switches that support the include-irb-and-l2 statement are the EX4300, EX4600, and EX9200 switches.

**Description** Include both the integrated routing and bridging (IRB) interface name and Layer 2 interface name in the **circuit-id** or **remote-id** value in the DHCP option 82 information. VLAN tags are global.

For leasequery and bulk leasequery operations that involve integrated routing and bridging (IRB) interfaces, you must configure DHCP relay agent to include the layer 2 interface name along with IRB name in the circuit ID of option 82. DHCP relay agent uses the layer 2 interface name when using leasequery or bulk leasequery to restore the lease database.

When you configure the **include-irb-and-l2** statement without including the **no-vlan-interface** statement, the format is as follows:

- Bridge domain:  
     (fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port.subunit:bridge-domain-name+irb.subunit
- VLAN:  
     (fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port.subunit:vlan-name+irb.subunit



**NOTE:** For remote systems, the *subunit* is required and is used to differentiate an interface.

When you configure both the **include-irb-and-l2** statement and the **use-vlan-id** statement, the format is as follows:

```
(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port.subunit:svlan-id-vlan-id+irb.subunit
```



**NOTE:** The *svlan-id-vlan-id* represents the VLANs associated with the bridge domain.

When you configure both the **include-irb-and-l2** and **no-vlan-interface-name** statements, the format is as follows:

```
(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port.subunit+irb.subunit
```

When you configure both the **include-irb-and-l2** and **use-interface-description** statements, the format displays the description for the Layer 2 interface:

```
l2_descr:vlan-name+irb.subunit
```

If you configure both the **include-irb-and-l2** and **use-interface-description** statements, and no description for the Layer 2 interface is found, the format displays the Layer 2 logical interface name:

```
(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port.subunit:vlan-name+irb.subunit
```

When you configure the **include-irb-and-l2** statement with both the **no-vlan-interface-name** and **use-interface-description** statements, the format displays as follows:

```
l2_descr+irb.subunit
```

If you configure the **include-irb-and-l2** statement with both the **no-vlan-interface-name** and **use-interface-description** statements, and no description is found for the Layer 2 interface, the format displays as follows:

```
(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port.subunit+irb.subunit
```

|                                 |                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.        |
|                                 | routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Including a Textual Description in DHCP Options on page 385</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Using DHCP Relay Agent Option 82 Information on page 379</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring DHCPv6 Relay Agent Options on page 496</a></li> </ul> |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|



## include-option-82 (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>include-option-82 {     forcerenew;     nak; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6 overrides</a>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server (dhcpv6) <a href="#">group group-name overrides</a>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server (dhcpv6) group <a href="#">group-name interface interface-name overrides</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server (dhcpv6) ...<a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server (dhcpv6) ...<a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server (dhcpv6) ...<a href="#">overrides</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Releases 13.3R3, 14.1R2, and 14.2R1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the DHCP server include option 82 information in NAK and forcerenew messages when you configure secure communications between the DHCP server and DHCP clients that are in different VRFs. You can configure support globally, for a group of interfaces, or for a specific interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>forcerenew</b>—Include option 82 in DHCP forcerenew messages.</p> <p><b>nak</b>—Include option 82 in DHCP NAK messages.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">DHCP Message Exchange Between DHCP Clients and DHCP Server in Different VRFs on page 369</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring DHCP Message Exchange Between DHCP Server and Clients in Different Virtual Routing Instances on page 371</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

## interface (DHCP Local Server)

**Syntax**

```
interface interface-name {
 access-profile profile-name;
 exclude;
 overrides {
 asymmetric-lease-time seconds;
 asymmetric-prefix-lease-time seconds;
 client-discover-match <option60-and-option82 | incoming-interface>;
 client-negotiation-match incoming-interface;
 interface-client-limit number;
 rapid-commit;
 }
 service-profile dynamic-profile-name;
 trace;
 upto upto-interface-name;
}
```

**Hierarchy Level**

```
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group group-name],
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group group-name],
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name routing-instances routing-instance-name system
 services dhcp-local-server ...],
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name system services dhcp-local-server ...],
[edit routing-instances routing-instance-name system services dhcp-local-server ...]
```

**Release Information**

Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.  
 Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.  
 Options **upto** and **exclude** introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.

**Description**

Specify one or more interfaces, or a range of interfaces, that are within a specified group on which the DHCP local server is enabled. You can repeat the **interface** *interface-name* statement to specify multiple interfaces within a group, but you cannot specify the same interface in more than one group. Also, you cannot use an interface that is being used by the DHCP relay agent.



**NOTE:** DHCP values are supported in integrated routing and bridging (IRB) configurations. When you configure an IRB interface in a network that is using DHCP, the DHCP information (for example, authentication, address assignment, and so on) is propagated in the associated bridge domain. This enables the DHCP server to configure client IP addresses residing within the bridge domain. IRB currently supports only static DHCP configurations.

**Options**

**exclude**—Exclude an interface or a range of interfaces from the group. This option and the **overrides** option are mutually exclusive.

**interface-name**—Name of the interface. You can repeat this option multiple times.

***upto-interface-name***—Upper end of the range of interfaces; the lower end of the range is the ***interface-name*** entry. The interface device name of the ***upto-interface-name*** must be the same as the device name of the ***interface-name***.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

|                           |                                                            |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.        |
| <b>Level</b>              | system-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations on page 317</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311</a></li></ul> |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## interface (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre> interface <i>dhcp-interface-name</i> {   <i>access-profile</i> <i>profile-name</i>;   exclude;   overrides {     allow-no-end-option     allow-snooped-clients;     always-write-giaddr;     always-write-option-82;     asymmetric-lease-time <i>seconds</i>;     asymmetric-prefix-lease-time <i>seconds</i>;     client-discover-match &lt;option60-and-option82   incoming-interface&gt;;     client-negotiation-match incoming-interface;     disable-relay;     dual-stack <i>dual-stack-group-name</i>;     interface-client-limit <i>number</i>;     layer2-unicast-replies;     no-allow-snooped-clients;     proxy-mode;     relay-source     replace-ip-source-with;     send-release-on-delete;     trust-option-82;   }   <i>service-profile</i> <i>dynamic-profile-name</i>;   trace;   upto <i>upto-interface-name</i>; } </pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | <pre> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <i>group</i> <i>group-name</i>], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <i>group</i> <i>group-name</i>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <i>dhcp-relay</i> ...], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i>  forwarding-options <i>dhcp-relay</i> ...], [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...] </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b> | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.</p> <p>Options <b>upto</b> and <b>exclude</b> introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Support at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>         | <p>Specify one or more interfaces, or a range of interfaces, that are within a specified group on which the DHCP or DHCPv6 relay agent is enabled. You can repeat the <b>interface <i>interface-name</i></b> statement to specify multiple interfaces within a group, but you cannot specify the same interface in more than one group. Also, you cannot use an interface that is being used by the DHCP local server. Use the statement at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.</p> <p>EX Series switches do not support DHCPv6.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |



**NOTE:** DHCP values are supported in integrated routing and bridging (IRB) configurations. When you configure an IRB interface in a network that is using DHCP, the DHCP information (for example, authentication, address assignment, and so on) is propagated in the associated bridge domain. This enables the DHCP server to configure client IP addresses residing within the bridge domain. IRB currently only supports static DHCP configurations. .

**Options** **exclude**—Exclude an interface or a range of interfaces from the group. This option and the **overrides** option are mutually exclusive.

**interface-name**—Name of the interface. You can repeat this option multiple times.

**overrides**—Override the specified default configuration settings for the interface. The **overrides** statement is described separately.

**upto-interface-name**—Upper end of the range of interfaces; the lower end of the range is the interface-name entry. The interface device name of the **upto-interface-name** must be the same as the device name of the **interface-name**.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)
- [Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations on page 317](#)
- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311](#)

## interface (Dynamic Router Advertisement)

**Syntax** `interface interface-name {  
     current-hop-limit number;  
     default-lifetime seconds;  
     dns-server-address  
     (managed-configuration | no-managed-configuration);  
     max-advertisement-interval seconds;  
     min-advertisement-interval seconds;  
     (other-stateful-configuration | no-other-stateful-configuration);  
     prefix prefix {  
         (autonomous | no-autonomous);  
         (on-link | no-on-link);  
         preferred-lifetime seconds;  
         valid-lifetime seconds;  
     }  
     reachable-time milliseconds;  
     retransmit-timer milliseconds;  
 }`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit dynamic-profiles protocols router-advertisement]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.

**Description** Dynamically configure router advertisement properties on an interface. To dynamically configure interface properties, include the *\$junos-interface-name* dynamic variable for the interface name.

**Options** *interface-name*—Name of an interface. Specify the *\$junos-interface-name* dynamic variable or the full, static interface name, including the physical and logical address components.



**NOTE:** Even though you can specify the static interface name when defining the interface, we recommend using dynamic variable when configuring this statement.


The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
 routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- *Example: Configuring IPv6 Interfaces and Enabling Neighbor Discovery*

## interface (Static Subscriber Group)

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <code>interface <i>interface-name</i> &lt;exclude&gt; &lt;upto <i>upto-interface-name</i>&gt;;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>]</p>                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.</p> <p>Support for IPv6 and IPv4 demux static interfaces introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Specify one or more interfaces, or a range of interfaces, that are within a specified group on which static subscribers are created. You can repeat the <b>interface <i>interface-name</i></b> statement to specify multiple interfaces within a group. You must configure each interface in only one group.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> The logical system and routing instance in which the static interfaces are configured must match the logical system and routing instance where the group is configured.</p> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <p><b>exclude</b>—(Optional) Exclude an interface or a range of interfaces from the group.</p> <p><b><i>interface-name</i></b>—Name of the interface on which static subscribers are created. If you do not specify a unit number for the interface, then .0 is assumed. For example, <b>ge-0/1/0</b> is interpreted as <b>ge-0/1/0.0</b>.</p> <p><b><i>upto-interface-name</i></b>—(Optional) The upper end of the range of interfaces; the lower end of the range is the <i>interface-name</i> entry. The interface device name of <i>upto-interface-name</i> must be the same as the device name of <i>interface-name</i>.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <p><b>interface</b>—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p><b>interface-control</b>—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Creating a Static Subscriber Group on page 881</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

## interface (Static Subscriber Username)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | interface;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that a modified version of the interface name is included as part of the username created for all static subscribers or for the static subscribers in a specified group. The group version of the statement takes precedence over the global version. The username is also sent to RADIUS in the Access-Request message. The interface name is modified by replacing the "/" character with the "-" character. For example, ge-0/1/2.50 is converted to ge-0-1-2.50.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Username on page 879</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Username on page 884</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |



## interface-client-limit (DHCP Local Server)

**Syntax** `interface-client-limit number;`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server [overrides](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server [dhcpv6 overrides](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 [group group-name overrides](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* [overrides](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server [overrides](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server [dhcpv6 overrides](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 [group group-name overrides](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* [overrides](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server [dhcpv6 overrides](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 [group group-name overrides](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server [overrides](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* [overrides](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server [overrides](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server [dhcpv6 overrides](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 [group group-name overrides](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* [overrides](#)],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server [overrides](#)],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server [dhcpv6 overrides](#)],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 [group group-name overrides](#)],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 [group](#) interface *interface-name* *group-name* [overrides](#)],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* [overrides](#)],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* interface *interface-name* [overrides](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.  
 Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.

**Description** Set the maximum number of DHCP subscribers or DHCP clients per interface allowed for a specific group or for all groups. A group specification takes precedence over a global specification for the members of that group.

**Default** No limit

**Options**    *number*—Maximum number of clients allowed.  
**Range:** 1 through 500,000

**Required Privilege Level**    system—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                         system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Specifying the Maximum Number of DHCP Clients Per Interface on page 327](#)
- [Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 351](#)

## interface-client-limit (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <code>interface-client-limit <i>number</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | <p> <code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br/> <code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br/> <code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br/> <code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br/> <code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br/> <code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br/> <code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br/> <code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br/> <code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br/> <code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br/> <code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br/> <code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br/> <code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br/> <code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br/> <code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br/> <code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</code><br/> <code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>]</code> </p> |
| <b>Release Information</b> | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.</p> <p>Support at the <code>[edit ... dhcpv6]</code> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>         | <p>Set the maximum number of DHCP (or DHCPv6) subscribers or clients per interface allowed for a specific group or for all groups. A group specification takes precedence over a global specification for the members of that group. Use the statement at the <code>[edit ... dhcpv6]</code> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.</p> <p>M120 and M320 routers do not support DHCPv6.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Default</b>             | No limit                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><i>number</i>—Maximum number of clients allowed.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1 through 500,000</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

**Required Privilege Level** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [dhcp-relay on page 1109](#)
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)
- [Configuring Group-Specific DHCP Relay Options on page 320](#)
- [Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 354](#)

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## interface-delete (Subscriber Management or DHCP Client Management)

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**Syntax** interface-delete;

**Hierarchy Level** [edit system services subscriber-management [maintain-subscriber](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.1.  
Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.

**Description** On router—Configure the router to maintain, rather than log out, subscribers when the subscriber interface is deleted. By default, the router logs out subscribers when the subscriber interface is deleted.


On switch—Configure the switch to maintain rather than log out DHCP clients when the client interface is deleted. By default, the switch logs out DHCP clients when the client interface is deleted.

**Required Privilege Level** system—To view this statement in the configuration.  
system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.


**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring the Router to Maintain DHCP Subscribers During Interface Delete Events on page 332](#)

## interface-description (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | interface-description (device-interface   logical-interface);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</a>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6 authentication username-include</a>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group group-name authentication username-include</a>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">group group-name authentication username-include</a>]<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify that the interface description for the device (physical) interface or the logical interface is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication or DHCP client authentication process. Use the statement at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.</p> <p>The interface description is configured using the <b>description</b> statement at the <b>[edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i>]</b> hierarchy level. The delimiter is configured with the <a href="#">delimiter</a> statement at the <b>[edit system services dhcp-local-server ... <a href="#">username-include</a>]</b> hierarchy level.</p>                                                                                                                                                              |
|                                 | <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> The username delimiter must not be a character that is part of the interface description. For example, if the description includes a forward slash (/), then the delimiter must not be a forward slash. The default delimiter is a period.</p> </div>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>device-interface</b>—Use the text description configured for the device (physical) interface.</p> <p><b>logical-interface</b>—Use the text description configured for the logical interface.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 312</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## interface-description (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | interface-description (device-interface   logical-interface);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dual-stack-group</a> <i>dual-stack-group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify that the interface description for the device (physical) interface or the logical interface is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication or DHCP client authentication process. Use the statement at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.</p> <p>The interface description is configured using the <b>description</b> statement at the <b>[edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i>]</b> hierarchy level. The delimiter is configured with the <a href="#">delimiter</a> statement at the <b>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay ... <a href="#">username-include</a>]</b> hierarchy level.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|                                 | <p> <b>NOTE:</b> The username delimiter must not be a character that is part of the interface description. For example, if the description includes a forward slash (/), then the delimiter must not be a forward slash. The default delimiter is a period.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>device-interface</b>—Description of the physical interface.</p> <p><b>logical-interface</b>—Description of the logical interface.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 312</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## interface-description-format

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre>interface-description-format {     exclude-adapter;     exclude-channel;     exclude-sub-interface; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius <a href="#">options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b> | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.</p> <p><b>exclude-adapter</b> and <b>exclude-sub-interface</b> options added in Junos OS Release 10.4.</p> <p><b>exclude-channel</b> option added in Junos OS Release 17.3R1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>         | <p>Specify the information that is excluded from the interface description that the device passes to RADIUS for inclusion in the RADIUS attributes such as NAS-Port-ID (87) or Calling-Station-ID (31).</p> <p>The default format for nonchannelized interfaces is as follows:</p> <p><b><i>interface-type-slot/adapter/port.subinterface[:svlan-vlan]</i></b></p> <p>For example, consider physical interface ge-1/2/0, with a subinterface of 100 and SVLAN identifier of 100. The interface description used in the NAS-Port-ID is ge-1/2/0.100:100. If you exclude the subinterface, the description becomes ge-1/2/0:100.</p> <p>The default format for channelized interfaces is as follows:</p> <p><b><i>interface-type-slot/adapter/channel.subinterface[:svlan-vlan]</i></b></p> <p>The channel information (logical port number) is determined by this formula:</p> <p>Logical port number = <math>100 + (\text{actual-port-number} \times 20) + \text{channel-number}</math>.</p> <p>For example, consider a channelized interface 3 on port 2 where the:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Physical interface is xe-0/1/2:3.</li> <li>Subinterface is 4.</li> <li>SVLAN is 5.</li> <li>VLAN is 6.</li> </ul> <p>Using the formula, the logical port number = <math>100 + (2 \times 20) + 3 = 143</math>. Consequently, the default interface description is xe-0/1/143.4-5.6. If you exclude the channel information, the description becomes xe-0/1/2.4-5.6.</p> |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b>exclude-adapter</b>—(Optional) Exclude the adapter from the interface description.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

**exclude-channel**—(Optional) Exclude the channel information from the interface description.

**exclude-sub-interface**—(Optional) Exclude the subinterface from the interface description.

**Required Privilege Level**    admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                      admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Interface Text Descriptions for Inclusion in RADIUS Attributes on page 65](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141](#)
- [RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 4](#)

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## interface-name (DHCP Local Server)

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**Syntax**    interface-name;

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services [dhcp-local-server](#) ...],  
                              [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services [dhcp-local-server](#) ...],  
                              [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services [dhcp-local-server](#) ...],  
                              [edit system services [dhcp-local-server authentication username-include](#)],  
                              [edit system services dhcp-local-server [dhcpv6 authentication username-include](#)],  
                              [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 [group group-name authentication username-include](#)],  
                              [edit system services dhcp-local-server [group group-name authentication username-include](#)]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.  
                                      Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.

**Description**    Specify that the interface name is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication or DHCP client authentication process. Use the statement at the **[edit ... dhcpv6]** hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.

**Required Privilege Level**    interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                      interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 312](#)



## interface-name (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | interface-name;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dual-stack-group</a> <i>dual-stack-group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4<br/> Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.<br/> Support at the <a href="#">[edit ... dual-stack-group <i>dual-stack-group-name</i>]</a> hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the interface name is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication or client authentication process. Use the statement at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6]</a> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br/> interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 312</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## interface-mib (Enhanced Subscriber Management)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | interface-mib;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> <b>interfaces</b> <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1R3 on MX Series routers for enhanced subscriber management.<br>Support for the <b>interface-mib-oids.sh</b> script added in 18.1R1.                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Enable representation of the Interfaces MIB for the specified dynamic interface.<br><br>To achieve maximum performance with enhanced subscriber management, we recommend that you <i>not</i> enable representation of the Interfaces MIB on all dynamic subscriber interfaces. |
| <b>Default</b>                  | If you do not include the <b>interface-mib</b> statement, representation of the Interfaces MIB on dynamic subscriber interfaces is disabled by default.                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management on page 617</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management Overview on page 615</a></li></ul>                                                       |

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## interface-set (ANCP)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>interface-set <i>interface-set-name</i> {<br/>    <i>access-identifier</i> <i>identifier-string</i>;<br/>    <i>underlying-interface</i> <i>underlying-interface-name</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols ancp <a href="#">interfaces</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Identify a group of VLANs on which traffic is sent to a subscriber identified by the access-loop circuit identifier.                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>interface-set-name</i>—Name of a group of VLANs that carry traffic to the subscriber identified by the access loop circuit identifier.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Associating an Access Node with Subscribers for ANCP Agent Operations on page 703</a></li></ul>                         |

## interface-traceoptions (DHCP)

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|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre>interface-traceoptions {<br/>    file <i>filename</i> &lt;files <i>number</i>&gt; &lt;match <i>regular-expression</i> &gt; &lt;size <i>maximum-file-size</i>&gt;<br/>    &lt;world-readable   no-world-readable&gt;;<br/>    flag <i>flag</i>;<br/>    level (all   error   info   notice   verbose   warning);<br/>    no-remote-trace;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit system processes dhcp-service]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>         | <p>Configure extended DHCP tracing operations that can be enabled on a specific interface or group of interfaces.</p> <p>Replaces deprecated <b>interface-traceoptions</b> statements at the [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay] and [edit system services dhcp-local-server] hierarchy levels.</p> <p>To enable the tracing operation on the specific interfaces, you use the <b>interface <i>interface-name</i> trace</b> statement.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b>file <i>filename</i></b>—Name of the file to receive the output of the tracing operation. Enclose the name within quotation marks. All files are placed in the directory <b>/var/log</b>.</p> <p><b>files <i>number</i></b>—(Optional) Maximum number of trace files to create before overwriting the oldest one. If you specify a maximum number of files, you also must specify a maximum file size with the <b>size</b> option.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 2 through 1000</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 3 files</p> <p><b>flag <i>flag</i></b>—Tracing operation to perform. To specify more than one tracing operation, include multiple <b>flag</b> statements</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>all</b>—Trace all events</li><li>• <b>packet</b>—Trace packet and option decoding operations</li><li>• <b>state</b>—Trace changes in state</li></ul> <p><b>level</b>—Level of tracing to perform; also known as severity level. The option you configure enables tracing of events at that level and all higher (more restrictive) levels. You can specify any of the following levels:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>all</b>—Match messages of all levels.</li><li>• <b>error</b>—Match error messages.</li><li>• <b>info</b>—Match informational messages.</li></ul> |

- **notice**—Match notice messages about conditions requiring special handling.
- **verbose**—Match verbose messages. This is the lowest (least restrictive) severity level; when you configure **verbose**, messages at all higher levels are traced. Therefore, the result is the same as when you configure **all**.
- **warning**—Match warning messages.

**Default:** error

**match *regular-expression***—(Optional) Refine the output to include lines that contain the regular expression.

**no-remote-trace**—Disable remote tracing.

**no-world-readable**—(Optional) Disable unrestricted file access.

**size *maximum-file-size***—(Optional) Maximum size of each trace file. By default, the number entered is treated as bytes. Alternatively, you can include a suffix to the number to indicate kilobytes (KB), megabytes (MB), or gigabytes (GB). If you specify a maximum file size, you also must specify a maximum number of trace files with the **files** option.

**Syntax:** *sizek* to specify KB, *sizem* to specify MB, or *sizeg* to specify GB

**Range:** 10240 through 1073741824

**world-readable**—(Optional) Enable unrestricted file access.

|                           |                                                           |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege</b> | trace—To view this statement in the configuration.        |
| <b>Level</b>              | trace-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

|                              |                                                                                                                                          |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Tracing Extended DHCP Operations for Specific Interfaces on page 906</a></li> </ul> |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## interfaces (ANCP)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>interfaces {<br/>  interface-set <i>interface-set-name</i> {<br/>    access-identifier <i>identifier-string</i>;<br/>    underlying-interface <i>underlying-interface-name</i>;<br/>  }<br/>  interface-name {<br/>    access-identifier <i>identifier-string</i><br/>  }<br/>}</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols <a href="#">ancp</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Identify the subscribers whose traffic is reported and shaped by the ANCP agent.                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>interface-name</i>—Name of a logical interface supporting a single VLAN that carries traffic to the subscriber identified by the access-loop circuit identifier.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Associating an Access Node with Subscribers for ANCP Agent Operations on page 703</a></li></ul>                                                                       |

## interfaces (Static and Dynamic Subscribers)

```
Syntax interfaces {
 interface-name {
 unit logical-unit-number {
 actual-transit-statistics;
 auto-configure {
 agent-circuit-identifier {
 dynamic-profile profile-name;
 }
 line-identity {
 include {
 accept-no-ids;
 circuit-id;
 remote-id;
 }
 dynamic-profile profile-name;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 family family {
 access-concentrator name;
 address address;
 direct-connect;
 duplicate-protection;
 dynamic-profile profile-name;
 filter {
 adf {
 counter;
 input-precedence precedence;
 not-mandatory;
 output-precedence precedence;
 rule rule-value;
 }
 input filter-name {
 precedence precedence;
 shared-name filter-shared-name;
 }
 output filter-name {
 precedence precedence;
 shared-name filter-shared-name;
 }
 }
 max-sessions number;
 max-sessions-vsa-ignore;
 rpf-check {
 mode loose;
 }
 service {
 input {
 service-set service-set-name {
 service-filter filter-name;
 }
 }
 post-service-filter filter-name;
 }
 }
 }
```

```

 output {
 service-set service-set-name {
 service-filter filter-name;
 }
 }
 }
 service-name-table table-name
 short-cycle-protection <lockout-time-min minimum-seconds lockout-time-max
 maximum-seconds>;
 unnumbered-address interface-name <preferred-source-address address>;
}
filter {
 input filter-name (
 precedence precedence;
 shared-name filter-shared-name;
)
 output filter-name {
 precedence precedence;
 shared-name filter-shared-name;
 }
}
host-prefix-only;
ppp-options {
 chap;
 pap;
}
proxy-arp;
service {
 pcef pcef-profile-name {
 activate rule-name | activate-all;
 }
}
vlan-id;
vlan-tags outer [tpid].vlan-id [inner [tpid].vlan-id];
}
vlan-tagging;
}
interface-set interface-set-name {
 interface interface-name {
 unit logical unit number {
 advisory-options {
 downstream-rate rate;
 upstream-rate rate;
 }
 }
 }
}
pppoe-underlying-options {
 max-sessions number;
}
}
demux0 {
 unit logical-unit-number {
 demux-options {
 underlying-interface interface-name
 }
 family family {

```



```

access-concentrator name;
address address;
direct-connect;
duplicate-protection;
dynamic-profile profile-name;
demux-source {
 source-prefix;
}
filter {
 input filter-name (
 precedence precedence;
 shared-name filter-shared-name;
)
 output filter-name {
 precedence precedence;
 shared-name filter-shared-name;
 }
}
mac-validate (loose | strict);
max-sessions number;
max-sessions-vsa-ignore;
rpf-check {
 fail-filter filter-name;
 mode loose;
}
service-name-table table-name
short-cycle-protection <lockout-time-min minimum-seconds lockout-time-max
 maximum-seconds>;
unnumbered-address interface-name <preferred-source-address address>;
}
filter {
 input filter-name;
 output filter-name;
}
vlan-id number;
vlan-tags outer [tpid].vlan-id [inner [tpid].vlan-id];
}
}
pp0 {
 unit logical-unit-number {
 keepalives interval seconds;
 no-keepalives;
 pppoe-options {
 underlying-interface interface-name;
 server;
 }
 ppp-options {
 aaa-options aaa-options-name;
 authentication [authentication-protocols];
 chap {
 challenge-length minimum minimum-length maximum maximum-length;
 }
 ignore-magic-number-mismatch;
 initiate-ncp (ip | ipv6 | dual-stack-passive)
 ipcp-suggest-dns-option;
 mru size;

```

```
mtu (size | use-lower-layer);
on-demand-ip-address;
pap;
peer-ip-address-optional;
}
family inet {
 unnumbered-address interface-name;
 address address;
 service {
 input {
 service-set service-set-name {
 service-filter filter-name;
 }
 post-service-filter filter-name;
 }
 output {
 service-set service-set-name {
 service-filter filter-name;
 }
 }
 }
}
filter {
 input filter-name {
 precedence precedence;
 shared-name filter-shared-name;
 }
 output filter-name {
 precedence precedence;
 shared-name filter-shared-name;
 }
}
}
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit [dynamic-profiles](#) *profile-name*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Define interfaces for dynamic profiles.

**Options** *interface-name*—The interface variable (*\$junos-interface-ifd-name*). The interface variable is dynamically replaced with the interface the DHCP client accesses when connecting to the router.



**NOTE:** Though we do not recommend it, you can also enter the specific name of the interface you want to assign to the dynamic profile.

The remaining statements are explained separately. Search for a statement in [CLI Explorer](#) or click a linked statement in the Syntax section for details.

**Required Privilege Level** routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- *Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Interfaces Using IP Demux Interfaces in Dynamic Profiles*
- *Configuring Dynamic PPPoE Subscriber Interfaces*
- *Configuring Dynamic VLANs Based on Agent Circuit Identifier Information*
- *DHCP Subscriber Interface Overview*
- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872](#)
- *Demultiplexing Interface Overview*

## ip-address

**Syntax** *ip-address ip-address;*

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access address-assignment pool *pool-name* family inet [host hostname](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.

**Description** Specify the reserved IP address assigned to the client.

**Options** *ip-address*—IP version 4 (IPv4) address.

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633](#)
- [Configuring Static Address Assignment on page 646](#)

## ip-address-change-notify

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>ip-address-change-notify {<br/>    message <i>message</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius <a href="#">options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>For on-demand address allocation for dual-stack PPP subscribers, specify that the BNG includes the IPv4-Release-Control VSA (26–164) in the Access-Request that is sent during on-demand IP address allocation and in the Interim-Accounting messages that are sent to report an address change.</p> <p>The configuration of this statement has no effect when on-demand IP address allocation or deallocation is not configured.</p> <p>Optionally, configure a message that is included in the VSA when it is sent to the RADIUS server.</p> |
| <b>Default</b>                  | This functionality is disabled by default.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>message</b>—VSA message.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> Up to 32 characters.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Conserving IPv4 Addresses for Dual-Stack PPP Subscribers Using On-Demand IPv4 Address Allocation on page 501</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Enabling Immediate Interim Accounting Messages for On-Demand IPv4 Address Changes on page 511</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Enabling IPv4 Release Control VSA (26–164) in RADIUS Messages on page 511</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                        |

## ip-address-first

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | ip-address-first;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">pool-match-order</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">pool-match-order</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">pool-match-order</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server pool-match-order</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure the extended DHCP local server to use the IP address method to determine which address-assignment pool to use. The local server uses the IP address in the gateway IP address if one is present in the DHCP client PDU. If no gateway IP address is present, the local server uses the IP address of the receiving interface to find the address-assignment pool. The DHCP local server uses this method by default when no method is explicitly specified.</p>                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring How the Extended DHCP Local Server Determines Which Address-Assignment Pool to Use on page 282</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## ip-can-type (PCRF Partition)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>ip-can-type <i>number</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">pcrf partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure an IP connectivity access network (IP-CAN) value according to what best fits your operating environment and access network. The Policy and Charging Rules Function (PCRF) partition requires that you configure this statement. The Policy Control and Charging (PCC) enables a centralized control to ensure that the service sessions (IP-CAN sessions) are provided with appropriate bandwidth and QoS.</p> <p>An IP-CAN bearer is the IP transmission path of defined capacity, delay, and bit error rate. An IP-CAN session incorporates one or more IP-CAN bearers. Support for multiple IP-CAN bearers per IP-CAN session is IP-CAN specific. An IP-CAN session exists as long as the related IPv4 address or IPv6 prefix is assigned and announced to the IP network.</p> <p>If an IP-CAN session is modified, the Policy and Charging Enforcement Function (PCEF) first uses the event trigger to determine whether to request the PCC rules for the modified IP-CAN session from the PCRF. Then upon reception of updated PCC rules from the PCRF, the PCEF activates, modifies, or removes the PCC rules as indicated by the PCRF.</p> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>number</i>—Identifier of the IP-CAN value used for your operating environment and access network.</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 77</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the PCRF Partition on page 840</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Upstream and Downstream Messages for the PCRF on page 831</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## ipcp-suggest-dns-option

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | ipcp-suggest-dns-option;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit access group-profile <i>group-profile-name</i> ppp ppp-options],</p> <p>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces pp0 unit "\$junos-interface-unit" ppp-options],</p> <p>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces "\$junos-interface-ifd-name" unit "\$junos-interface-unit" ppp-options],</p> <p>[edit interfaces pp0 unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> ppp-options],</p> <p>[edit interfaces <i>si-fpc/pic/port</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> ppp-options]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the router to prompt Customer Premises Equipment (CPE) to negotiate both primary and secondary DNS addresses during IPCP negotiation for terminated PPPoE and LNS subscribers. You can configure this for dynamic or static PPPoE subscribers, dynamic or static LNS subscribers, and in an LNS group profile.                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Ensuring IPCP Negotiation for Primary and Secondary DNS Addresses on page 654</a></li> <li>• <i>Configuring the Group Profile for Defining L2TP Attributes</i></li> <li>• <i>Applying PPP Attributes to L2TP LNS Subscribers with a User Group Profile</i></li> <li>• <i>Configuring Dynamic Authentication for PPP Subscribers</i></li> <li>• <i>Applying PPP Attributes to L2TP LNS Subscribers per Inline Service Interface</i></li> </ul>     |

## jsrc (JSRC)

---

**Syntax**

```
jsrc {
 dualstack-support;
 partition partition-name {
 diameter-instance instance-name;
 destination-host hostname;
 destination-realm realm-name;
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.

**Description** Configure JSRC to interact with an SAE in an SRC environment to authorize and provision subscribers.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring JSRC on page 857](#)



---

## jsrc (Access Profile)

---

**Syntax**

```
jsrc {
 attributes {
 exclude {
 user-name [authorization-request | provisioning-request];
 }
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access profile *profile-name*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.2.

**Description** Specify JSRC settings in an access profile.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring JSRC on page 857](#)
- [Authorizing Subscribers with JSRC on page 859](#)
- [Understanding JSRC-SAE Interactions on page 851](#)
- [Excluding AVPs from Diameter Messages for JSRC on page 863](#)

## jsrc-partition

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>jsrc-partition <i>partition-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit]                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the JSRC partition to use.                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>partition-name</i></b> —Name of the JSRC partition that you want JSRC to use. The name is defined with the <b>partition</b> statement at the [edit <b>jsrc</b> ] hierarchy level. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring JSRC on page 857</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the JSRC Partition on page 858</a></li></ul>                     |

## juniper-dsl-attributes

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | juniper-dsl-attributes;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius <a href="#">options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure AAA to add Juniper Networks DSL VSAs to the RADIUS authentication and accounting request messages for subscribers. If the router has not received and processed the corresponding ANCP attributes from the access node, then AAA provides only the following in these RADIUS messages:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Downstream-Calculated-QoS-Rate (IANA 4874, 26-141)—Default configured advisory transmit speed.</li> <li>Upstream-Calculated-QoS-Rate (IANA 4874, 26-142)—Default configured advisory receive speed.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Default</b>                  | The Juniper Networks DSL VSAs are not added to the RADIUS authentication and accounting request messages. However, the DSL Forum VSA—if available—is added to RADIUS messages by default.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Configuring AAA to Include Juniper Networks DSL VSAs in RADIUS Messages on page 747</a></li> <li><a href="#">Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## layer2-unicast-replies

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | layer2-unicast-replies;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Override the setting of the broadcast bit in DHCP request packets and instead use the Layer 2 unicast transmission method to transmit DHCP Offer reply packets and DHCP ACK reply packets from the DHCP server to DHCP clients during the discovery process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270</a></li><li>• <a href="#">dhcp-relay on page 1109</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

## keep-incoming-circuit-id (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | keep-incoming-circuit-id ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82 <a href="#">circuit-id</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82 <a href="#">circuit-id</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82 <a href="#">circuit-id</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82 <a href="#">circuit-id</a>]</p>                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify that the <b>jdhcpd</b> process keeps the incoming circuit ID and prepends the ID with the locally generated ID (in the format, <b>generated-id + incoming-id</b>) before sending the leasequery packet to the DHCP server.</p> <p>This configuration is required for leasequery and bulk leasequery operations when subscriber authentication is based on the circuit ID, and enables leasequery and bulk leasequery to restore the agent circuit identifier/agent remote identifier (ACI/ARI) pair and to use the circuit ID to authenticate subscribers.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using DHCP Relay Agent Option 82 Information on page 379</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## keep-incoming-interface-id (DHCP Relay Agent)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | keep-incoming-interface-id ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dhcpv6 relay-agent-interface-id</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dhcpv6 relay-agent-interface-id</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dhcpv6 relay-agent-interface-id</a> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dhcpv6 relay-agent-interface-id</a> ],                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify that the <b>jdhcpd</b> process keeps the incoming interface ID and prepends the ID with the locally generated ID (in the format, <b>generated-id + incoming-id</b>) before sending the leasequery packet to the DHCPv6 server.</p> <p>This configuration is required for leasequery and bulk leasequery operations when subscriber authentication is based on the interface ID, and enables leasequery and bulk leasequery to restore the agent circuit identifier/agent remote identifier (ACI/ARI) pair and to use the interface ID to authenticate subscribers.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Inserting DHCPv6 Interface-ID Option (Option 18) In DHCPv6 Packets on page 498</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

## keep-incoming-remote-id (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | keep-incoming-remote-id ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6 relay-agent-remote-id</b>],<br/>         [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82 <b>circuit-id</b>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6 relay-agent-remote-id</b>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82 XXX<b>circuit-id</b>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6 relay-agent-remote-id</b>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82 <b>circuit-id</b>],<br/>         [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6 relay-agent-remote-id</b>],<br/>         [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82 <b>circuit-id</b>],</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify that the <b>jdhcpd</b> process keeps the incoming remote ID and prepends the ID with the locally generated ID (in the format, <b>generated-id + incoming-id</b>) before sending the leasequery packet to the DHCPv6 server.</p> <p>This configuration is required for leasequery and bulk leasequery operations when subscriber authentication is based on the remote ID, and enables leasequery and bulk leasequery to restore the agent circuit identifier/agent remote identifier (ACI/ARI) pair and to use the remote ID to authenticate subscribers.</p> <p>Use the statement at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy level to configure DHCPv6 support.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using DHCP Relay Agent Option 82 Information on page 379</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Inserting DHCPv6 Interface-ID Option (Option 18) In DHCPv6 Packets on page 498</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

## leasequery (DHCP Relay Agent)

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|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>leasequery {<br/>    attempts <i>number-of-attempts</i>;<br/>    timeout <i>seconds</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dhcpv6</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> ...],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> ...],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> ...] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure parameters that DHCP relay agent uses when sending DHCP leasequery messages to obtain lease information from the DHCP servers in the logical system/routing instance.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring and Using DHCP Individual Leasequery on page 297</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |



## lease-time-threshold (DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>lease-time-threshold <i>seconds</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">lease-time-validation</a>],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">lease-time-validation</a>],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">lease-time-validation</a>],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">lease-time-validation</a>],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> ...],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i>...],</code><br><code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> ...],</code><br><code>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">lease-time-validation</a>],</code><br><code>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">lease-time-validation</a>],</code><br><code>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">lease-time-validation</a>],</code><br><code>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">lease-time-validation</a>]</code> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the minimum DHCP lease time allowed in your subscriber access network. If a third-party DHCP server or address pool provides a client lease that is less than the configured threshold, the router performs the action specified by the <b>violation-action</b> statement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>seconds</i></b> —Minimum client lease time allowed.<br><b>Range:</b> 60 through 2,147,483,647 seconds                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Configuring a DHCP Lease-Time Threshold on page 287</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

## lease-time-validation (DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Agent)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>lease-time-validation {<br/>    lease-time-threshold <i>seconds</i>;<br/>    violation-action <i>action</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <pre>[edit forwarding-options <i>dhcp-relay</i>],<br/>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <i>dhcpv6</i>],<br/>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <i>group group-name</i>],<br/>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <i>group group-name</i>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> ...],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i>...],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> ...],<br/>[edit system services <i>dhcp-local-server</i>],<br/>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <i>dhcpv6</i>],<br/>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <i>group group-name</i>],<br/>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <i>group group-name</i>]</pre> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Enable the lease-time validation feature on the router. You can then configure the lease-time threshold and an optional action to take when a lease-time violation occurs.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a DHCP Lease-Time Threshold on page 287</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## limit

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>limit <i>max-sub-sessions</i>;</pre>                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <pre>[edit services service-set <i>services-set-name</i> subscriber-profile <i>profile-name</i><br/>    max-data-sessions-per-subscriber]</pre> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the limit for the maximum number of subscriber sessions.                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>max-sub-sessions</i> —Maximum number of subscriber sessions.                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                      |

## link (Address-Assignment Pools)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | link <i>pool-name</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment <b>pool</b> <i>pool-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Designate a secondary address-assignment pool that is linked to the pool being configured. When the pool being configured has no addresses available for allocation, the secondary pool can be searched for a free address. You can configure a chain of linked pools, but you cannot directly link more than one pool to or from any other pool. Each linked pool in the chain serves as a backup pool for the pool immediately before it in the chain. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>pool-name</i> —Name assigned to the secondary address-assignment pool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pool Linking on page 640</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Address Allocation from Linked Address Pools on page 627</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li></ul>                                                                                          |

## linked-pool-aggregation (Address-Assignment Pools)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | linked-pool-aggregation;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment <b>pool</b> <i>pool-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 18.1R1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Change how the search for an available address is performed. When you include this statement, all ranges in the matching pool are searched, but only from the last-saved next address to the highest address in the range. The same search is performed as necessary in a linked pool, through the end of the chain of pools. Then the search begins again at the first pool in the chain; all ranges are searched in each pool, but this time the entire range is searched, from the lowest to the highest address in the range.</p> <p>This nondefault behavior enables addresses to be assigned non-contiguously, meaning that a free address can be allocated from farther down the chain of linked pools even when free addresses are available in the matching pool or the first pool in the chain. This may be desirable if you configure your RADIUS server to use the IP address alone to identify subscribers.</p> <p>For example, without this statement, a subscriber can disconnect and that address can be assigned to the next subscriber. The Acct-Start for the second subscriber is sent before the Acct-Stop is sent for the disconnected subscriber. When the Acct-Stop is received, the new subscriber, identified only by the IP address, may be disconnected.</p> <p>You can avoid this situation by either including the <b>linked-pool-aggregation</b> statement or configuring your RADIUS server to use the subscriber session ID (instead of the IP address) for identification.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pool Linking on page 640</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Address Allocation from Linked Address Pools on page 627</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## local (Flat-File Access Profile)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | local {<br>flat-file-profile <i>profile-name</i> ;<br>}                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">profile</a> <i>profile-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure local reporting of service accounting statistics according to the specified flat-file profile, which determines the accounting statistics and nonstatistical parameters that are collected and reported in the local flat file. This configuration collects the running total service statistics per interface family. Because the statistics are maintained in the Routing Engine in a statistics database, they are not affected by a line-card restart, a graceful Routing Engine switchover, or a unified in-service software upgrade (ISSU). The statistics counters are reset when the router reboots.</p> <p>Collecting service statistics into a local flat file is useful when you do not need to send the information to RADIUS, such as when you are using the information for internal monitoring and need an accurate record for analytics.</p> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>profile-name</i> —Name of the flat-file profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>Configuring Service Accounting in Local Flat Files</i></li> <li><i>Flat-File Accounting Overview</i></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## local-decision (PCRF Partition)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | local-decision (deny   grant) timeout <i>seconds</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">pcrf partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure a non-standard extension that allows the subscriber login to proceed even if the Policy and Charging Rule Function (PCRF) is not available or if the PCRF does not respond within the corresponding logout response timeout. This statement determines how long to wait before using the local decision to log in.                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>deny</b>—Prevent subscriber logins from occurring.</p> <p><b>grant</b>—Allow subscriber logins to occur when the PCRF is not available or not responding.<br/><b>Default:</b> deny</p> <p><b>seconds</b>—Number of seconds to wait before using the local decision to log in.<br/><b>Default:</b> 90<br/><b>Range:</b> 0 through 86,400 seconds (24 hours)</p>                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the PCRF Partition on page 840</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Upstream and Downstream Messages for the PCRF on page 831</a></li></ul> |

## local-server-group (DHCP Relay Agent Option)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>local-server-group <i>local-server-group</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option (<a href="#">default-action</a>   <a href="#">equals</a>   <a href="#">starts-with</a>)],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option (<a href="#">default-action</a>   <a href="#">equals</a>   <a href="#">starts-with</a>)],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ...],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ...],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ...]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Forward DHCP client packets to the specified group of DHCP local servers when you use the DHCP relay selective processing feature. You can configure the forwarding operation globally or for a group of interfaces.</p> <p>The <b>local-server-group</b> option is not supported for DHCPv6 relay agent.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>local-server-group</i></b> —Name of DHCP local server group.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using DHCP Option Information to Selectively Process DHCP Client Traffic on page 387</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

## location (dhcp-relay)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | location <i>name</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay</b> relay-option-82 <b>vendor-specific</b> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay</b> group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-82 <b>vendor-specific</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Supports the addition of a vendor-specific location in the option-82, suboption 9 field of DHCPv4 control messages on server-facing interfaces. The location should be specified as interface, vlan ID, and if applicable, svlan ID. For example, &lt;<b>ifd-name</b>&gt;:&lt;<b>vlan</b>&gt; (ae0:100) or &lt;<b>ifd-name</b>&gt;:&lt;<b>svlan</b>&gt; -&lt;<b>vlan</b>&gt; (ae0:100-10).</p> <p>Junos OS automatically adds the remaining vendor-specific information as per RFC 4243. The enterprise ID is 2636. The the location is option-data 2 (the hostname is option-data 1). The DHCPv4 relay strips the suboption data from replies from the server before it relays the packets out the client facing interface.</p> <p>This feature can be useful, in conjunction with operator-developed tools, for troubleshooting DHCP servers and providing service assurances. For example, a central DHCP server can log the information, and operators can query the hostname to track and troubleshoot subscriber IP information and network attachment points.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |



## location (dhcpv6)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>location <i>name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit forwarding-options <code>dhcp-relaydhcpv6 relay-option-vendor-specific</code> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options <code>dhcp-relaygroup group-name dhcpv6 relay-option-vendor-specific</code> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Supports the addition of a vendor-specific location in the vendor-specific option (17) of DHCPv6 control messages on server-facing interfaces. The location should be specified as interface, vlan ID, and if applicable, svlan ID. For example, <code>&lt;ifd-name&gt;:&lt;vlan&gt;</code> (ae0:100) or <code>&lt;ifd-name&gt;:&lt;svlan&gt; -&lt;vlan&gt;</code> (ae0:100-10).</p> <p>Junos automatically adds the remaining vendor-specific information as per RFC 4243. The Enterprise ID is 2636. The the location is option-data 2 (the hostname is option-data 1). The DHCPv6 relay strips the sub-option data from replies from the server before it relays the packets out the client facing interface.</p> <p>This feature can be useful, in conjunction with operator-developed tools, for troubleshooting DHCP servers and providing service assurances. For example, a central DHCP server can log the information, and operators can query the hostname to track and troubleshoot subscriber IP information and network attachment points.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## logical-interface-unit-range

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | logical-interface-unit-range (high   low)                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services extensible-subscriber-services]                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the unit number for the logical interface service that is created by Extensible Subscriber Services Manager by using an op script. Extensible Subscriber Services Manager assigns the first available unit number in the specified range.                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>high</b>—Use upper limit of the logical interface unit range.<br/><b>Range:</b> 1 through 16,385<br/><b>Default:</b> 1</p> <p><b>low</b>—Use lower limit of the logical interface unit range.<br/><b>Range:</b> 1 through 16,385<br/><b>Default:</b> 16,385</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                     |

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## logical-system (Diameter Peer)

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|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i> &lt;routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i> &gt; ;</code>                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit diameter <b>peer</b> <i>peer-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a logical system and optionally a routing instance for a Diameter peer. Alternatively, you can include the <b>routing-instance</b> statement at the [edit diameter <b>peer</b> <i>peer-name</i> ] hierarchy level to configure only a routing instance.   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>logical-system-name</i></b>— Name of the logical system.<br/><b>Default:</b> Default logical system</p> <p><b><i>routing-instance routing-instance-name</i></b>—(Optional) Name of the routing instance.<br/><b>Default:</b> Master routing instance</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 782</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Peers on page 783</a></li></ul>                                                                                               |

## logical-system (Diameter Transport)

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|                            |                                                                                                                |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <code>logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i> &lt;routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i> &gt;;</code> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit diameter <b>transport</b> <i>transport-name</i> ]                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>         | Specify a logical system and optionally a routing instance for the transport layer connection.                 |



**NOTE:** The logical system and routing instance must match that for the peer or a configuration error is reported.

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>logical-system-name</i> —Name of the logical system.<br><b>Default:</b> Default logical system<br><br><i>routing-instance routing-instance-name</i> —(Optional) Name of the routing instance.<br><b>Default:</b> Master routing instance |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 782</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Diameter Transport on page 785</a></li></ul>                                                                 |

## logical-system (Subscriber Secure Policy)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services <a href="#">radius-flow-tap</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1R3 for enhanced subscriber management on MX Series routers.                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the logical system that is used to send mirrored packets to a mediation device for subscriber secure policy traffic mirroring. When you specify a logical system, you must also specify a routing instance.                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>logical-system-name</i></b> —Name of the logical system.<br><b>Default:</b> Logical system <b>default</b>                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | flow-tap—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>flow-tap-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>Subscriber Secure Policy Overview</i></li><li>• <i>Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview</i></li><li>• <i>Configuring Support for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring</i></li></ul> |

## logical-system-name (Static Subscribers)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | logical-system-name;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the name of the logical system is included as part of the username created for all static subscribers or for the static subscribers in a specified group. The group version of the statement takes precedence over the global version. The username is also sent to RADIUS in the Access-Request message.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Username on page 879</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Username on page 884</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

## logical-system-name (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | logical-system-name;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6 authentication username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group group-name authentication username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">group group-name authentication username-include</a>]</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...]</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the logical system name be concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication or DHCP client process. No logical system name is concatenated if the configuration is in the default logical system.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |


## logical-system-name (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | logical-system-name;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dual-stack-group</a> <i>dual-stack-group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p> <p>Support at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6]</a> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Support at the <a href="#">[edit ... dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name]</a> hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the logical system name is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication or client authentication process. No logical system name is concatenated if the configuration is in the default logical system. Use the statement at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6]</a> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |



- Related Documentation**
- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311](#)
  - [Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 312](#)

## logout-response-timeout (PCRF Partition)

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | logout-response-timeout <i>seconds</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | [edit access <a href="#">pcrf partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | <p>Configure the amount of time in seconds before a Policy and Charging Rule Function (PCRF) partition stops attempting to send a subscriber logout.</p> <p>If you set <a href="#">draining</a> and the <a href="#">draining-response-timeout</a> statements for the PCRF partition, any new subscriber logins are denied, and the time limit you set in the <a href="#">draining-response-timeout</a> statement is used instead of the <a href="#">logout-response-timeout</a> time limit.</p>                                                           |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> Any configuration changes made to this statement apply to all subscribers currently waiting to log out within a 60 second period.</p> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <p><b><i>seconds</i></b>—Number of seconds to wait before a PCRF partition stops attempting to send a subscriber logout.</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 7200</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 86,400 seconds (24 hours)</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the PCRF Partition on page 840</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Upstream and Downstream Messages for the PCRF on page 831</a></li> </ul> |

## ltv-syslog-interval (System Process)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | ltv-syslog-interval <i>seconds</i> ;                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system processes <a href="#">dhcp-service</a> ]                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1.                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure how often the router logs consolidated syslog messages for DHCP lease-time violations.                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>seconds</i></b> —Time interval that specifies how often the router logs syslog messages.<br><b>Range:</b> 600 through 86,400 seconds       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a DHCP Lease-Time Threshold on page 287</a></li><li>• <i>processes</i></li></ul> |

## mac-address (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | mac-address;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p> <p>Support for DHCPv6 added in Junos OS Release 17.2 for MX Series Routers.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify that the MAC address from the client PDU be concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication or DHCP client authentication process.</p> <p>For DHCPv6 clients, because the DHCPv6 packet format has no specific field for the client MAC address, the MAC address is derived from among several sources with the following priority:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Client DUID Type 1 or Type 3.</li> <li>• Option 79 (client link-layer address), if present.</li> <li>• The packet source address if the client is directly connected.</li> <li>• The link local address.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

## mac-address (DHCP Relay Agent)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | mac-address;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p> <p>Support for DHCPv6 added in Junos OS Release 17.2 for MX Series Routers.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify that the MAC address from the client PDU be concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication or client authentication process.</p> <p>For DHCPv6 clients, because the DHCPv6 packet format has no specific field for the client MAC address, the MAC address is derived from among several sources with the following priority:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Client DUID Type 1 or Type 3.</li><li>• Option 79 (client link-layer address), if present.</li><li>• The packet source address if the client is directly connected.</li><li>• The link local address.</li></ul>                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## maintain-subscriber (Subscriber Management)

**Syntax**    `maintain-subscriber {  
                  interface-delete;  
                  }`

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit system services [subscriber-management](#)]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.1.

**Description**    Configure the router to maintain, rather than log out, DHCP relay and DHCP local server based subscribers when the specified type of event occurs.

For example, by default, the router logs out DHCP subscribers when an interface delete event occurs, such as a line card reboot or failure. You would specify the **interface-delete** option to ensure that the router maintains subscribers during line card reboots or failures. However, this option does not maintain subscribers during router reboots or failures.

This statement provides a global configuration for the router, which applies to all DHCP local server and DHCP relay clients in all routing instances.



**NOTE:** The `maintain-subscriber` statement and `remove-when-no-subscribers` statement are mutually exclusive. You cannot specify that dynamically configured VLAN interfaces are removed when no subscribers exist when the router is also configured to maintain subscribers.

The remaining statement is explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level**    system—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                          system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**    • [Subscriber Binding Retention During Interface Delete Events on page 331](#)  
                                          • [Configuring the Router to Maintain DHCP Subscribers During Interface Delete Events on page 332](#)

## managed-configuration (Dynamic Router Advertisement)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | (managed-configuration   no-managed-configuration);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles protocols router-advertisement interface (Protocols IPv6 Neighbor Discovery) <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify whether to enable the dynamic host to use a stateful autoconfiguration protocol for address autoconfiguration, along with any stateless autoconfiguration already configured:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>managed-configuration</b>—Enable host to use stateful autoconfiguration.</li><li>• <b>no-managed-configuration</b>—Disable host from using stateful autoconfiguration.</li></ul> |
| <b>Default</b>                  | The configured object is disabled unless explicitly enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>Example: Configuring IPv6 Interfaces and Enabling Neighbor Discovery</i></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## map (Domain Map)

**Syntax**

```
map domain-map-name {
 aaa-logical-system logical-system-name {
 aaa-routing-instance routing-instance-name;
 }
 aaa-routing-instance routing-instance-name;
 access-profile profile-name;
 address-pool pool-name;
 dynamic-profile profile-name;
 padn destination-address {
 mask destination-mask;
 metric route-metric;
 }
 strip-domain;
 strip-username (left-to-right | right-to-left);
 override-password password;
 target-logical-system logical-system-name {
 target-routing-instance routing-instance-name;
 }
 target-routing-instance routing-instance-name;
 tunnel-profile profile-name;
 tunnel-switch-profile profile-name;
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access **domain**]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.  
**override-password** and **strip-username** options introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.  
 wildcard character introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.

**Description** Specify the domain map to use to map options and parameters to subscriber sessions based on the subscriber domain.

- Options**
- domain-map-name**—Name of the domain map. The name is the same as the subscriber domain to which it will apply. For example, for the username **user1@example.com**, the domain map name is **example.com**.
  - \***—Use the asterisk wildcard character in the **domain-map-name** to specify a wildcard domain map, which enables mapping based on a partial match (for example, **xyz\*northern.example.com**). The router performs the wildcard lookup when there is no exact match for the subscriber domain name. The wildcard can appear anywhere within the domain name string, and can match zero or more characters. The asterisk is the only wildcard character, and only one wildcard is supported in a domain map name. If you include multiple asterisks, the first asterisk is treated as the wildcard character and the others are treated as non-wildcard characters.
  - default**—Use a domain map name of **default** to specify the domain map that the router uses when there is no exact or wildcard match for the domain or realm name in the subscriber username.

- **none**—Use a domain map name of **none** to specify the domain map the router uses when a subscriber username does not have a domain or realm name.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level**    admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                      admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**    • [Configuring a Domain Map on page 194](#)

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## mask (Domain Map)

---

**Syntax**    `mask destination-mask;`

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit access domain **map** *domain-map-name* **padn** *destination-address*]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.

**Description**    Configure the IP mask of the destination used in the PADN parameters for a domain map.

**Options**    ***destination-mask***—Subnet mask of the destination.

**Required Privilege Level**    admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                      admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**    • [Configuring PADN Parameters for a Domain Map on page 206](#)



## max-advertisement-interval (Dynamic Router Advertisement)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>max-advertisement-interval seconds;</code>                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles protocols router-advertisement interface (Protocols IPv6 Neighbor Discovery) <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Maximum interval between each router advertisement message.                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>seconds</b> —Maximum interval.<br><b>Range:</b> 4 through 1800 seconds<br><b>Default:</b> 600 seconds                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>min-advertisement-interval (Protocols IPv6 Neighbor Discovery)</i></li><li>• <i>Example: Configuring IPv6 Interfaces and Enabling Neighbor Discovery</i></li></ul> |

## max-connections (DHCP Local Server)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>max-connections <i>number-of-connections</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">allow-bulk-leasequery</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6 allow-bulk-leasequery</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the maximum number of concurrent TCP connections allowed in the logical system/routing instance. This setting helps you manage the resources that the <b>jdhcp</b> daemon uses for bulk leasequery operations in the logical system/routing instance. The number of connections you specify for a logical system/routing instances must be less than the number of connections you specify for the global <a href="#">accept-max-tcp-connections</a> statement.                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>number-of-connections</i></b> —Maximum number of concurrent TCP connections.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 10<br><b>Default:</b> 3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>system</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>system-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring and Using DHCP Bulk Leasequery on page 300</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

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## max-data-sessions-per-subscriber

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>max-data-sessions-per-subscriber {<br/>    limit <i>max-sub-sessions</i>;<br/>    exceed-action {<br/>        drop;<br/>        syslog;<br/>    }<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services service-set <i>services-set-name</i> subscriber-profile <i>profile-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the maximum number of sessions that are concurrently enabled for the named service. The system randomly selects a number of sessions and enables the named service for them. To limit the service's use of resources, other sessions cannot access these named services. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                  |

## max-db-size (Enhanced Subscriber Management)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | max-db-size <i>size</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system <a href="#">configuration-database</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1R3 for MX Series routers with MPCs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify the maximum amount of system shared memory that is available for the Junos OS configuration database.</p> <p>JUNOS OS processes map shared memory into their process space. For example, on MX240 through MX10003 routers, processes can map up to 1GB of shared memory. Enhanced subscriber management processes contend for shared memory with the JUNOS OS configuration database. Shared memory that is not assigned to the configuration database is automatically available to enhanced subscriber management. By default, the configuration database tries to reserve 80 percent of the shared memory map, leaving insufficient space for subscriber management to function.</p> <p>The majority of configurations require much less than 300MB of mapped space. To allow subscriber management to operate and scale, we recommend that you reduce the JUNOS OS configuration database shared memory allocation as follows to increase the amount of shared memory available to subscriber management:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• No more than 300 MB for MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2008, MX2010, MX2020, and MX10003 routers.</li><li>• No more than 100 MB for MX5, MX10, MX40, MX80, and MX104 routers.</li></ul> <div> <b>BEST PRACTICE:</b> You must reboot the device before a change in max-db-size value takes effect. By setting this value as part of your initial configuration, you can avoid multiple reboots.</div> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>size</b>— Specifies the portion of system shared memory, in megabytes (MB), that is allocated for the Junos configuration database.</p> <p><b>Syntax:</b> <i>size M</i> to specify MB</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 698,343,424 bytes, only when running Junos OS Release 17.4 R1, enhanced IP network services and enhanced subscriber management are enabled, and both Routing Engines in the chassis have at least 32 GB of RAM. Otherwise, there is no default value.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management on page 617](#)
  - [Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management Overview on page 615](#)

## max-empty-replies (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>max-empty-replies <i>number-of-replies</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">allow-bulk-leasequery</a>],<br/>         [edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6 allow-bulk-leasequery</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...],<br/>         [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...]</p>                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify the maximum number of empty replies that the DHCP local server sends to a specific requestor. When the maximum number is reached, the DHCP server closes the connection.</p> <p>An empty reply is a response sent from the DHCP local server that contains no bindings or has an option status code error. Empty replies are often the response to an unauthorized requestor that has sent an invalid or incorrect query that produces no binding information. By limiting the number of empty replies that the DHCP local server can send, you prevent the connection from being consumed by an unauthorized or malicious requestor, and free up the DHCP local server to support legitimate requestors.</p> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>number-of-replies</i></b>—Number of empty replies the DHCP local server sends before the connection is terminated.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1 through 100</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 5</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring and Using DHCP Bulk Leasequery on page 300</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

## max-outstanding-requests

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>max-outstanding-requests requests;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>radius-server</b> <i>server-address</i> ],<br>[edit access <b>radius-server</b> <i>server-address</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the maximum number of outstanding requests for this RADIUS server. An increase in this value is immediate while a decrease is more gradual if the current number of outstanding requests exceeds the new value.                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>requests</b> —Maximum number of outstanding requests for this RADIUS server.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 2000 outstanding requests per server<br><b>Default:</b> 1000 outstanding requests per server                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>system</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>system-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 137</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141</a></li><li>• <a href="#">show network-access aaa statistics on page 1889</a></li><li>• <a href="#">clear network-access aaa statistics on page 1654</a></li></ul> |

## max-outstanding-requests (Diameter Applications)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>max-outstanding-requests <i>number</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <code>gx-plus</code> <a href="#">global</a> ],<br>[edit access <code>ocs</code> <a href="#">partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ],<br>[edit access <code>pcrf</code> <a href="#">partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2X50-D10 for EX Series switches.<br>Support for OCS and PCRF partitions introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2 for MX Series routers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Limit the number of outstanding requests that the Diameter-based application (function) can retry to a remote server when the requests are improperly answered. Too many requests risks overloading the server and increases the chance of losing messages.</p> <p>The <b>gx-plus</b> statement limits retries from the Gx-Plus function to the Gx-Plus server using the Gx and JSRC protocols. The <b>ocs</b> statement limits retries from the OCS function to the OCS server using the Gy protocol. The <b>pcrf</b> statement limits retries from the PCRF function to the PCRF server using the Gx protocol.</p> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>number</i></b>—Number of outstanding requests from the function to the server that can exist at any time.</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 40</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 2 through 40</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Gx-Plus Global Attributes on page 802</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Gx-Plus on page 800</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the OCS Partition on page 834</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the PCRF Partition on page 840</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820</a></li> </ul>                                                                                    |

## max-pending-accounting-stops (Access Profile)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | max-pending-accounting-stops <i>number</i> ;                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">accounting-backup-options</a> ]                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.1.                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Set the maximum number of pending accounting stop requests that the router backs up while all the RADIUS accounting servers in the profile are offline. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>number</b> —Number of stops to hold.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 168,000<br><b>Default:</b> 168,000                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | access—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>access-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Back-up Options for RADIUS Accounting on page 127</a></li></ul>                         |

## max-withhold-time (Access Profile)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | max-withhold-time <i>hold-time</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">accounting-backup-options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.1.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Set the timer that determines how long the router holds pending accounting stop requests. Any remaining accounting stop messages are flushed when the timer expires, even if the accounting server is again online. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>hold-time</b> —Number of minutes.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 1440<br><b>Default:</b> 60                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | access—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>access-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Back-up Options for RADIUS Accounting on page 127</a></li></ul>                                                                                     |



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## maximum-discovery-table-entries

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | maximum-discovery-table-entries <i>entry-number</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols <a href="#">ancp</a> ],<br>[edit protocols ancp <a href="#">neighbor ip-address</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the maximum number of discovery table entries accepted from all ANCP neighbors or from a particular ANCP neighbor. The number of entries configured for an individual neighbor supersedes the global value. The neighbor can continue to update previously created entries when the maximum has been exceeded, but no new entries are accepted. |
| <b>Default</b>                  | No limit on the number of table entries                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>entry-number</i> —Maximum number of discovery table entries.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 100,000<br><b>Default:</b> 100,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring ANCP Neighbors on page 701</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                               |

## maximum-helper-restart-time

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | maximum-helper-restart-time <i>seconds</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols <a href="#">ancp</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify how long other router processes wait for the ANCP agent to restart before considering it to be down.                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>seconds</b> —Number of seconds other processes wait for ANCP to restart.<br><b>Range:</b> 45 through 600 seconds<br><b>Default:</b> 45 seconds                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Specifying How Long Processes Wait for the ANCP Agent Restart to Complete on page 706</a></li></ul> |

## maximum-lease-time

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>maximum-lease-time <i>seconds</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> <b>family</b> (inet   inet6) <b>dhcp-attributes</b> ],<br>[edit access protocol-attributes <i>attribute-set-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the maximum length of time, in seconds, that the lease is held for a client if the client does not renew the lease. This is equivalent to DHCP option 51. The <b>maximum-lease-time</b> is mutually exclusive with both the <b>preferred-lifetime</b> and the <b>valid-lifetime</b> , and cannot be configured with either timer.                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>seconds</b> —Maximum number of seconds the lease can be held.<br><b>Range:</b> 30 through 4,294,967,295 seconds<br><b>Default:</b> 86,400 (24 hours)                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">DHCP Attributes for Address-Assignment Pools on page 279</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">preferred-lifetime (Address-Assignment Pools) on page 1404</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">valid-lifetime (Address-Assignment Pools) on page 1608</a></li> </ul> |

## maximum-subscribers

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>maximum-subscribers <i>limit</i>;</code>                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services extensible-subscriber-services]                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the maximum number of subscriber sessions supported at a time.                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>limit</i> —Maximum number of subscribers.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 2000<br><b>Default:</b> 1000                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">show subscribers on page 1980</a></li><li>• <a href="#">show subscribers summary on page 2010</a></li></ul> |

## metric (Diameter Route)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>metric <i>route-metric</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit diameter network-statement <i>element-name</i> forwarding <a href="#">route</a> <i>dne-route-name</i> ]                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the metric associated with a destination and function. Together, these three elements define a route reachable through a Diameter network element. A lower metric makes a route more preferred. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>route-metric</i> —Metric assigned to the route.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 255                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 782</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Network Elements on page 786</a></li></ul>                          |

## metric (Domain Map)

|                                 |                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>metric route-metric;</code>                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access domain <code>map domain-map-name padn destination-address</code> ]                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the route metric PADN parameter for a domain map.                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>route-metric</i>—Value assigned to the route.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 255</p>                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring PADN Parameters for a Domain Map on page 206</a></li> </ul> |

## min-advertisement-interval (Dynamic Router Advertisement)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>min-advertisement-interval seconds;</code>                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles protocols router-advertisement interface <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Minimum interval between each router advertisement message.                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>seconds</i>—Minimum interval.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 3 seconds through three-quarter times the maximum advertisement interval value</p> <p><b>Default:</b> One-third the maximum advertisement interval value</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>max-advertisement-interval (Protocols IPv6 Neighbor Discovery)</i></li> <li>• <i>Example: Configuring IPv6 Interfaces and Enabling Neighbor Discovery</i></li> </ul>      |

## multi-address-embedded-option-response (DHCP Local Server)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | multi-address-embedded-option-response;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6 overrides</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group group-name overrides</a> ],<br>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group group-name</a> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6</a> ...],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6</a> ...],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6</a> ...] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R3 and supported in later 12.3Rx releases. Statement supported in Junos OS Release 13.3 and later releases. (Not supported in Junos OS Release 13.1 and Release 13.2.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure DHCPv6 local server to return the DNS server address (DHCPv6 attribute 23) as a suboption in the respective IA_NA or IA_PD headers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Default</b>                  | DHCPv6 local server returns the DNS server address as a global DHCPv6 option.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Overriding How the DNS Server Address Is Returned in a DHCPv6 Multiple Address Environment on page 655</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 351</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

## name-server

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>name-server [ <i>server-names</i> ];</code>                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet <b>dhcp-attributes</b> ],<br>[edit access protocol-attributes <i>attribute-set-name</i> ]      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure one or more Domain Name System (DNS) name servers available to the client to resolve hostname-to-client mappings. This is equivalent to DHCP option 6. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>server-names</i></b> —IP addresses of the domain name servers, listed in order of preference.                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li> </ul>                                             |

## nas-identifier

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>nas-identifier <i>identifier-value</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius <b>options</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1X49-D110 for SRX300, SRX320, SRX340, SRX345, and SRX550M Series devices. |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the value for the client RADIUS attribute 32 (NAS-Identifier). This attribute is used for authentication and accounting requests.                                                                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>identifier-value</i></b> —String to use for authentication and accounting requests.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 64 characters                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 140</a></li> </ul>      |

## **nas-ip-address (RADIUS options)**

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | nas-ip-address;                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius <b>options</b> override nas-ip-address tunnel-client-gateway-address].                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.3 R1.                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure on LNS, to enable subscribers to use L2TP tunnel LAC end point IP address for attribute <b>nas-ip-address</b> .                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 140</a></li></ul> |



## nas-port-extended-format

**Syntax**

```
nas-port-extended-format {
 adapter-width width;
 ae-width width;
 port-width width;
 pw-width width;
 slot-width width;
 stacked-vlan-width width;
 vlan-width width;
 atm {
 adapter-width width;
 port-width width;
 slot-width width;
 vci-width width;
 vpi-width width;
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access profile *profile-name* radius [options](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.  
 Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.  
**ae-width** option added in Junos OS Release 12.1.  
**atm** option added in Junos OS Release 12.3R3 and supported in later 12.3Rx releases.  
**atm** option supported in Junos OS Release 13.2 and later releases. (Not supported in Junos OS Release 13.1.)  
**pw-width** option added in Junos OS Release 15.1.

**Description** Configure the RADIUS client to use the extended format for RADIUS attribute 5 (NAS-Port) and specify the width of the fields in the NAS-Port attribute.

**Options**

- adapter-width *width***—Number of bits in the adapter field.
- ae-width *width***—Number of bits in the aggregated Ethernet identifier field.
- port-width *width***—Number of bits in the port field.
- pw-width *width***—Number of bits in the pseudowire field. Appears in the Cisco NAS-Port-Info AVP (100).
- slot-width *width***—Number of bits in the slot field.
- stacked-vlan-width *width***—Number of bits in the SVLAN ID field.
- vlan-width *width***—Number of bits in the VLAN ID field.



**NOTE:** The total of the widths must not exceed 32 bits, or the configuration will fail.

**Required Privilege** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**Level** admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 140](#)

## nas-port-extended-format (Interfaces)

**Syntax** `nas-port-extended-format {  
 adapter-width width;  
 ae-width width;  
 port-width width;  
 slot-width width;  
 stacked;  
 stacked-vlan-width width;  
 vci-width width;  
 vlan-width width;  
 vpi-width width;  
}`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit interfaces *interface-name* radius-options **nas-port-options** *nas-port-options-name*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3.  
 Options **vci-width** and **vpi-width** introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R3 and supported in later 12.3Rx releases.  
 Options **vci-width** and **vpi-width** supported in Junos OS Release 13.2 and later releases. (Not supported in Junos OS Release 13.1.)

**Description** Configure the RADIUS client to use the extended format for RADIUS attribute 5 (NAS-Port) and specify the width of the fields in the NAS-Port attribute.

**Options** **adapter-width *width***—Number of bits in the adapter field.  
**ae-width *width***—Number of bits in the aggregated Ethernet identifier field.  
**port-width *width***—Number of bits in the port field.  
**slot-width *width***—Number of bits in the slot field.  
**stacked**—Include stacked VLAN IDs, in addition to VLAN IDs, in the NAS-Port extended format.  
**stacked-vlan-width *width***—Number of bits in the SVLAN ID field.  
**vci-width *width***—Number of bits in the ATM virtual circuit identifier (VCI) field.  
**vlan-width *width***—Number of bits in the VLAN ID field.  
**vpi-width *width***—Number of bits in the ATM virtual path identifier (VPI) field.



**NOTE:** Each field can be 0 through 32 bits wide; however, the total of the widths of all fields must not exceed 32 bits, or the configuration fails.

The router may truncate the values of individual fields depending on the bit width you specify.

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 77</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 76</a></li></ul> |

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## nas-port-id-delimiter (Subscriber Management)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | nas-port-id-delimiter <i>delimiter-character</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius <a href="#">options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2X50-D10 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the character that the router uses as a separator between the concatenated values in the NAS-Port-ID string. The router uses the delimiter when you configure more than one value in the <b>nas-port-id-format</b> statement.                                                                                         |
| <b>Default</b>                  | The hash (#) character.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>delimiter-character</i> —Character used for the delimiter.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 140</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a NAS-Port-ID with Additional Options on page 66</a></li></ul> |

## nas-port-id-format (Subscriber Management)

**Syntax**

```
nas-port-id-format {
 agent-circuit-id;
 agent-remote-id;
 interface-description;
 interface-text-description;
 nas-identifier;
 order {
 agent-circuit-id;
 agent-remote-id;
 interface-description;
 interface-text-description;
 nas-identifier;
 postpend-vlan-tags;
 }
 postpend-vlan-tags;
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access profile *profile-name* radius [options](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.  
Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2X50-D10 for EX Series switches.  
Options **interface-text-description**, **order**, and **postpend-vlan-tags** introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.

**Description** Specify the optional information that the router includes in the NAS-Port-ID (RADIUS attribute 87) that is passed to the RADIUS server during authentication and accounting. You can include any combination of the optional values.

When you specify the values for the NAS-Port-ID, you can configure the values to appear in either the default order or a custom order of your choice.



**NOTE:** The default and custom order methods are mutually exclusive. The configuration fails if you attempt to configure a NAS-Port-ID that includes values in both types of orders.

To specify that the optional values appear in the default order in the NAS-Port-ID, configure the values directly under the **nas-port-id-format** statement. The default order is as follows, in which the **#** character is the delimiter:

```
nas-identifier # interface-description # interface-text-description # agent-circuit-id #
agent-remote-id # postpend-vlan-tags
```

To specify a custom order for the NAS-Port-ID string, you use the **order** option. Include the **order** option before each optional value you want to include in the string, in the order in which you want the options to appear. For example, the configuration, **order**

**interface-text-description order nas-identifier order agent-remote-id** produces the following NAS-Port-ID, in which the **#** character is the delimiter:

**interface-text-description # nas-identifier # agent-remote-id**

**Default** The router includes the interface description in the NAS-Port-ID when no optional values are specified.

**Options** **agent-circuit-id**—Include the agent circuit ID from either DHCP option 82 or the DSL forum VSAs.

**agent-remote-id**—Include the agent remote ID from either DHCP option 82 or the DSL forum VSAs.

**interface-description**—Include the interface description (interface identifier).

**interface-text-description**—Include the textual interface description (the text description that is statically configured in the CLI).

**nas-identifier**—Include the NAS identifier value (RADIUS attribute 32).

**order**—Specify the optional values you want to include in the NAS-Port-ID and the customized order in which you want the values to appear. You must include the **order** option before each optional value (for example, **order agent-circuit-id order interface-description**).

**postpend-vlan-tags**—Include the VLAN tags. The router includes the tags in the format **:<outer-tag>-<inner-tag>** for a double-tagged VLAN, or **:<outer-tag>** for a single-tagged VLAN.

**Required Privilege Level** **admin**—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**admin-control**—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141](#)
- [Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 140](#)
- [Configuring a NAS-Port-ID with Additional Options on page 66](#)

## nas-port-options (RADIUS Options)

**Syntax** `nas-port-options nas-port-options-name {  
     nas-port-extended-format {  
         adapter-width width;  
         ae-width width;  
         port-width width;  
         slot-width width;  
         stacked;  
         stacked-vlan-width width;  
         vci-width width;  
         vlan-width width;  
         vpi-width width;  
     }  
     nas-port-type port-type;  
     stacked-vlan-ranges (any | low-outer-tag–high-outer-tag),any;  
     vlan-ranges (any | low-tag–high-tag);  
 }`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit interfaces *interface-name* **radius-options**]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3.

**Description** Create a NAS-Port options definition to configure the NAS-Port-Type (61) RADIUS IETF attribute, and an extended format for the NAS-Port (5) RADIUS IETF attribute, on a per-physical interface, per-VLAN, or per-stacked VLAN (S-VLAN) basis. Each NAS-Port options definition includes the NAS-Port extended format, the NAS-Port-Type, and either the VLAN range of subscribers or the S-VLAN range of subscribers to which the definition applies.



**NOTE:** You can configure a maximum of 16 NAS-Port options definitions per physical interface. Each definition can include a maximum of 32 VLAN ranges or 32 S-VLAN ranges, but cannot include a combination of VLAN ranges and S-VLAN ranges.

**Options** *nas-port-options-name*—Name of the NAS-Port options definition.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
 interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 77](#)

- [Guidelines for Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 76](#)

## **nas-port-tunnel (RADIUS options)**

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | nas-port-tunnel;                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius <b>options</b> override nas-port tunnel-client-nas-port].                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.3R1.                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure to enable subscribers at LNS to use the LAC side <b>nas-port</b> .                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 140</a></li></ul> |



## nas-port-type (Subscriber Management)

**Syntax**

```
nas-port-type {
 ethernet {
 port-type;
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access profile *profile-name* radius [options](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.  
Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2X50-D10 for EX Series switches.

**Description** Specify the port type used to authenticate subscribers. The router includes the port type in RADIUS attribute 61 (NAS-Port-Type attribute).



**NOTE:** This statement is ignored if the [ethernet-port-type-virtual](#) statement is included in the same access profile.

**Default** The router uses a port type of **ethernet**.

**Options** *port-type*—One of the following port types:

- *value*—A value from 0-65535
- **adsl-cap**—Asymmetric DSL, carrierless amplitude phase (CAP) modulation
- **adsl-dmt**—Asymmetric DSL, discrete multitone (DMT)
- **async**—Asynchronous
- **cable**—Cable
- **ethernet**—Ethernet
- **fddi**—Fiber Distributed Data Interface
- **g3-fax**—G.3 Fax
- **hdlc-clear-channel**—HDLC Clear Channel
- **iapp**—Inter-Access Point Protocol (IAPP)
- **isdsl**—ISDN DSL
- **isdn-sync**—ISDN Synchronous
- **isdn-v110**—ISDN Async V.110
- **isdn-v120**—ISDN Async V.120
- **piafs**—Personal Handyphone System (PHS) Internet Access Forum Standard

- **sdsl**—Symmetric DSL
- **sync**—Synchronous
- **token-ring**—Token Ring
- **virtual**—Virtual
- **wireless**—Other wireless
- **wireless-1x-ev**—Wireless 1xEV
- **wireless-cdma2000**—Wireless code division multiple access (CDMA) 2000
- **wireless-ieee80211**—Wireless 802.11
- **wireless-umts**—Wireless universal mobile telecommunications system (UMTS)
- **x25**—X.25
- **x75**—X.75
- **xdsl**—DSL of unknown type

|                           |                                                           |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.        |
| <b>Level</b>              | admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 140</a></li></ul> |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## nas-port-type (RADIUS Options)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <code>nas-port-type <i>port-type</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> radius-options <b>nas-port-options</b> <i>nas-port-options-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>         | Specify the port type used to authenticate subscribers. The router includes the port type in the NAS-Port-Type (61) RADIUS IETF attribute.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Default</b>             | If you do not include the <b>nas-port-type</b> statement at the [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> radius-options <b>nas-port-options</b> <i>nas-port-options-name</i> ] hierarchy level, the global value configured for <b>nas-port-type</b> at the [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius options] hierarchy level takes effect.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b><i>port-type</i></b>—One of the following port types:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>value</i>—A value from 0 through 65535</li> <li>• <b>adsl-cap</b>—Asymmetric DSL, carrierless amplitude phase (CAP) modulation</li> <li>• <b>adsl-dmt</b>—Asymmetric DSL, discrete mutilating (DOT)</li> <li>• <b>async</b>—Asynchronous</li> <li>• <b>cable</b>—Cable</li> <li>• <b>ethernet</b>—Ethernet</li> <li>• <b>fddi</b>—Fiber Distributed Data Interface</li> <li>• <b>g3-fax</b>—G.3 Fax</li> <li>• <b>hdlc-clear-channel</b>—HDLC Clear Channel</li> <li>• <b>iapp</b>—Inter-Access Point Protocol (IAPP)</li> <li>• <b>isdsl</b>—ISDN DSL</li> <li>• <b>isdsl-sync</b>—ISDN Synchronous</li> <li>• <b>isdsl-v110</b>—ISDN Async V.110</li> <li>• <b>isdsl-v120</b>—ISDN Async V.120</li> <li>• <b>piafs</b>—Personal Handyphone System (PHS) Internet Access Forum Standard</li> <li>• <b>sdsl</b>—Symmetric DSL</li> <li>• <b>sync</b>—Synchronous</li> <li>• <b>token-ring</b>—Token Ring</li> <li>• <b>virtual</b>—Virtual</li> </ul> |

- **wireless**—Other wireless
- **wireless-1x-ev**—Wireless 1xEV
- **wireless-cdma2000**—Wireless code division multiple access (CDMA) 2000
- **wireless-ieee80211**—Wireless 802.11
- **wireless-umts**—Wireless universal mobile telecommunications system (UMTS)
- **x25**—X.25
- **x75**—X.75
- **xdsl**—DSL of unknown type

**Required Privilege Level**    admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                      admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 77](#)
  - [Guidelines for Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 76](#)

## nasreq (Diameter Application)

**Syntax** `nasreq`

```

max-outstanding-requests number;
partition partition-name {
 destination-host hostname;
 destination-realm realm-name;
 diameter-instance master;
}
request-retry retries;
timeout seconds;

```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.

**Description** Specify the destination and transmission parameters for the Diameter Network Access Server Requirements (NASREQ) protocol.

NASREQ is a Diameter-based authentication and authorization protocol. The NASREQ client has two queues, the transmit queue and response queue. The transmit queue stores outbound packets until sent to Diameter, and includes requests and responses. The response queue stores request packets until Diameter responds to the request, and includes only requests waiting for a response.

The following configuration options control transmission flow and use of the queues:

- **max-outstanding-requests** option specifies the maximum number of requests (includes AAR and STR) that the NASREQ client sends to Diameter for wireline transmissions. Effectively, this is the maximum count of requests on the response-queue (the maximum number of in-flight requests for which there has not been a response or timeout); it does not include sent responses.
- The **request-retry** option specifies how many times the NASREQ client retries transmitting a packet to the Diameter server when a timeout is received from the Diameter server for the request.
- The **timeout** option specifies the number of seconds that an outbound packet remains in the transmit queue before it is declared to have timed out. The NASREQ client does not transmit packets that have timed out. The timeout value applies to all packets in the transmit queue, including both requests and responses to be sent. Diameter manages packets that time out after transmission.

**Options** *number*—Maximum number of requests that the NASREQ client sends to Diameter.  
**Range:** 20 through 100

*retries*—Number of times to re-send a timeout request to Diameter after the initial request. This value applies only to requests in the response queue. A value of 0 indicates to try transmission once and then do not retry.

**Range:** 0 through 3

**seconds**—Number of seconds that an outbound packet remains in the transmit queue before it is declared to have timed out.

**Range:** 5 through 30

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

|                                 |                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Diameter Network Access Server Application (NASREQ) on page 845</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Diameter Network Access Server Application (NASREQ) on page 847</a></li></ul> |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

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## neighbor (Define ANCP)

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|               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b> | <pre>neighbor <i>ip-address</i> {<br/>    adjacency-loss-hold-time <i>seconds</i>;<br/>    adjacency-timer;<br/>    auto-configure-trigger interface <i>interface-name</i>;<br/>    ietf-mode;<br/>    maximum-discovery-table-entries <i>entry-number</i>;<br/>    pre-ietf-mode;<br/>}</pre> |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

|                        |                                        |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b> | [edit protocols <a href="#">ancp</a> ] |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------|

|                            |                                               |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4. |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|

|                    |                                                                                                                          |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Description</b> | Configure an ANCP neighbor with which the ANCP agent on the router forms an adjacency for reporting and shaping traffic. |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

|                |                                                     |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Options</b> | <i>ip-address</i> —IP address of the ANCP neighbor. |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------|

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

|                                 |                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                           |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring ANCP Neighbors on page 701</a></li></ul> |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## neighbor-discovery-router-advertisement (Address-Assignment Pools)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | neighbor-discovery-router-advertisement <i>ndra-pool-name</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">address-assignment</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the name of the address-assignment pool used to assign the router advertisement prefix.                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ndra-pool-name</i> —Name of the address-assignment pool.                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring an Address-Assignment Pool Used for Router Advertisements on page 527</a></li> </ul> |

## netbios-node-type

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | netbios-node-type <i>node-type</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet <a href="#">dhcp-attributes</a> ],<br>[edit access protocol-attributes <i>attribute-set-name</i> ]                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the NetBIOS node type. This is equivalent to DHCP option 46.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>node-type</i> —One of the following node types: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>b-node</b>—Broadcast node</li> <li>• <b>h-node</b>—Hybrid node</li> <li>• <b>m-node</b>—Mixed node</li> <li>• <b>p-node</b>—Peer-to-peer node</li> </ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                    |

## network

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|                                 |                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>network <i>ip-prefix</i> &lt;/<i>prefix-length</i>&gt;;</code>                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment <b>pool</b> <i>pool-name</i> <b>family</b> inet]                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure subnet information for an IPv4 address-assignment pool.                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>ip-prefix</i>—IP version 4 address or prefix value.</p> <p><i>prefix-length</i>—(Optional) Subnet mask.</p>          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p> |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li></ul>         |



## network-element (Diameter Base Protocol)

```
Syntax network-element element-name {
 dne-origin realm realm-name <host hostname>
 forwarding {
 route dne-route-name {
 destination realm realm-name <host hostname> ;
 function [function-name] <partition partition-name>;
 metric route-metric;
 }
 }
 function function-name;
 peer peer-name {
 priority priority-number;
 }
 }
```

Hierarchy Level [edit [diameter](#)]

Release Information Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.

**Description** Specify the transport layer Diameter configuration. The Diameter network element includes a list of routes reachable through the Diameter instance, associated functions, and prioritized Diameter peers.

**Options** *element-name*—Name of the network element.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Diameter on page 782](#)
- [Configuring Diameter Network Elements on page 786](#)

## network-services

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>network-services (ethernet   enhanced-ethernet   ip   enhanced-ip   lan);</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit chassis]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 8.5.<br><b>enhanced-ethernet</b> and <b>enhanced-ip</b> options introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.<br><b>limited-ifl-scaling</b> option introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1R3 for MX Series routers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Set the router's network services to a specific mode of operation. On MX240, MX480, and MX960 routers, MPC5E and MPC7E power on only if the network services mode configured is <b>enhanced-ip</b> or <b>enhanced-ethernet</b>.</p> <p>MX2010 and MX2020 support only <b>enhanced-ip</b> and <b>enhanced-ethernet</b> network services modes.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Default</b>                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• MX80, MX104, MX2010, MX2020—<b>enhanced-ip</b></li><li>• MX240, MX480, MX960—<b>ip</b></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>ethernet</b>—Set the router's network services to Ethernet and use standard, compiled firewall filter format.</p> <p><b>enhanced-ethernet</b>—Set the router's network services to enhanced Ethernet and use enhanced mode capabilities. Only Trio MPCs and MS-DPCs are powered on in the chassis.</p> <p><b>ip</b>—Set the router's network services to Internet Protocol and use standard, compiled firewall filter format.</p> <p><b>enhanced-ip</b>—Set the router's network services to enhanced Internet Protocol and use enhanced mode capabilities. Only Trio MPCs and MS-DPCs are powered on in the chassis. Non-service DPCs do not work with enhanced network services mode options. This feature is enabled by default on MX80, MX104, MX 2010, and 2020 3D Universal Edge Routers.</p> <p><b>lan</b>—Set the router's network services to LAN and use standard, compiled firewall filter format. Reboot the system after setting the router's network services to LAN.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>Network Services Mode Overview</i></li><li>• <i>Firewall Filters and Enhanced Network Services Mode Overview</i></li><li>• <i>Configuring Junos OS to Run a Specific Network Services Mode in MX Series Routers</i></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

- *Configuring Enhanced IP Network Services for a Virtual Chassis*

## no-bind-on-request (DHCP Relay Agent)

**Syntax** no-bind-on-request;

**Hierarchy Level** [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 [overrides](#)],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay [overrides](#)],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group *group-name* [overrides](#)],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *group-name* [overrides](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 [overrides](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay [overrides](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group *group-name* [overrides](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *group-name* [overrides](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 [overrides](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay [overrides](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group *group-name* [overrides](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *group-name* [overrides](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 [overrides](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay [overrides](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group *group-name* [overrides](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *group-name* [overrides](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *group-name* interface *interface-name* [overrides](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.  
 Support at the [edit ... **dhcpv6**] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.  
 Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3 for EX Series switches.

**Description** Explicitly disable automatic binding of received DHCP request messages that have no entry in the database (*stray* requests). Use the statement at the [edit ... **dhcpv6**] hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.

M120 and M320 routers do not support DHCPv6.



**NOTE:** Beginning with Junos OS Release 10.4, automatic binding of stray requests is enabled by default. In Junos OS Release 10.3 and earlier releases, automatic binding of stray requests is disabled by default.

**Required Privilege** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**Level** interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

- Related Documentation**
- [Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270](#)
  - [Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 354](#)
  - [Disabling Automatic Binding of Stray DHCP Requests on page 378](#)

## **`no-unsolicited-ra` (Enhanced Subscriber Management)**

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>no-unsolicited-ra;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services subscriber-management <a href="#">overrides</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1R3 on MX Series routers for enhanced subscriber management.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Disable the default transmission and periodic refresh of unsolicited Router Advertisement messages by the router when the subscriber interface is created, and at configured periodic intervals thereafter. When you include the <b><code>no-unsolicited-ra</code></b> statement, the router sends Router Advertisement messages and associated periodic refresh messages only when it receives a Router Solicitation message from the subscriber. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management on page 617</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

## no-vlan-interface-name

**Syntax** no-vlan-interface-name;

**Hierarchy Level** [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay **dhcpv6** (**relay-agent-interface-id** | **relay-agent-remote-id**)],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay **dhcpv6** group *group-name* (**relay-agent-interface-id** | **relay-agent-remote-id**)],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82 (**circuit-id** | **remote-id**)],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *group-name* relay-option-82 (**circuit-id** | **remote-id**)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* ... forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 (**relay-agent-interface-id** | **relay-agent-remote-id**)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* ... forwarding-options dhcp-relay ... relay-option-82 (**circuit-id** | **remote-id**)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 (**relay-agent-interface-id** | **relay-agent-remote-id**)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay ... relay-option-82 (**circuit-id** | **remote-id**)],  
 [edit vlans *vlan-name* forwarding-options dhcp-security dhcpv6-options option-18],  
 [edit vlans *vlan-name* forwarding-options dhcp-security dhcpv6-options option-37]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1.



**NOTE:** The EX Series switches that support the **no-vlan-interface-name** statement are the EX4300, EX4600, and EX9200 switches.

**Description** When you do not want bridge domain or VLAN tag information, do not include the VLAN ID nor the VLAN interface name (the default) in the circuit or remote ID value in the DHCP option 82 information.



**NOTE:** The **no-vlan-interface-name** statement is mutually exclusive with the **use-interface-description** and **use-vlan-id** statements.

When you configure the **no-vlan-interface-name** statement only, the format displays only the Layer 3 interface:

```
irb.subunit
```



**NOTE:** The *subunit* is required and used to differentiate the interface for remote systems.

When you configure the **no-vlan-interface-name** and **use-interface-description** statements, the format displays the IRB interface description:

*irb\_descr*

If you configure the **no-vlan-interface-name** and **use-interface-description** statements, and no description for the IRB interface is found, the format displays the IRB interface name:

*irb.subunit*

When you configure the **no-vlan-interface-name** and **include-irb-and-l2** statements, the format displays the Layer 2 logical interface name and the IRB interface name:

*(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port.subunit+irb.subunit*

When you configure the **no-vlan-interface-name**, **include-irb-and-l2** and **use-interface-name** statements, the format displays the Layer 2 interface description and the IRB interface name:

*l2\_descr+irb.subunit*

If you configure the **no-vlan-interface-name**, **include-irb-and-l2** and **use-interface-name** statements, and no description for the Layer 2 interface is found, the format displays the Layer 2 logical interface name and the IRB interface name:

*(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port.subunit+irb.subunit*

|                                 |                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Including a Textual Description in DHCP Options on page 385</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Using DHCP Relay Agent Option 82 Information on page 379</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring DHCPv6 Relay Agent Options on page 496</a></li> </ul> |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## not-present (DHCP Relay Agent)

**Syntax**    not-present {  
               drop *drop*;  
               forward-only *forward-only*;  
               local-server-group *local-server-group*;  
           }

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option],  
                           [edit bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option  
                           option-60],  
                           [edit bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option  
                           option-77],  
                           [edit bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],  
                           [edit bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-60],  
                           [edit bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-77],  
                           [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option],  
                           [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option option-60],  
                           [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option option-77],  
                           [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],  
                           [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-60],  
                           [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-77],  
                           [edit logical-systems *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group  
                           *name* relay-option],  
                           [edit logical-systems *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group  
                           *name* relay-option option-60],  
                           [edit logical-systems *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group  
                           *name* relay-option option-77],  
                           [edit logical-systems *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay  
                           relay-option],  
                           [edit logical-systems *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option  
                           option-60],  
                           [edit logical-systems *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option  
                           option-77],  
                           [edit logical-systems *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option],  
                           [edit logical-systems *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option  
                           option-60],  
                           [edit logical-systems *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option  
                           option-77],  
                           [edit logical-systems *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],  
                           [edit logical-systems *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-60],  
                           [edit logical-systems *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-77],  
                           [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options  
                           dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option],  
                           [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options  
                           dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option option-60],  
                           [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options  
                           dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option option-77],  
                           [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options  
                           dhcp-relay relay-option],  
                           [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options  
                           dhcp-relay relay-option option-60],  
                           [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options  
                           dhcp-relay relay-option option-77],



```

[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group
name relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group
name relay-option option-60],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group
name relay-option option-77],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
relay-option option-60],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
relay-option option-77],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
group name relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
group name relay-option option-60],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
group name relay-option option-77],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
relay-option option-60],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
relay-option option-77],
[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name
relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name
relay-option option-60],
[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name
relay-option option-77],
[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option
option-60],
[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-77],
[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group
name relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group
name relay-option option-60],
[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group
name relay-option option-77],
[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
relay-option option-60],
[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
relay-option option-77],
[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name relay-option
option-60],
[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name relay-option
option-77],
[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-60],
[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-77],
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name
relay-option],

```

```
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name
 relay-option option-60],
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name
 relay-option option-77],
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option
 option-60],
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option
 option-77],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name relay-option],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name relay-option option-60],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name relay-option option-77],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-60],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-77]
```

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.4.

**Description** Option not present action

**Required Privilege Level** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 Forward-Only Action for Relay Traffic with Unknown DHCP Server Address on page 109](#)

## ocs (Diameter Applications)

```
Syntax ocs {
 global {
 service-context-id service-context;
 }
 partition partition-name {
 called-station-id station-name;
 charging-id number;
 destination-host ocs-hostname;
 destination-realm ocs-realm-name;
 diameter-instance;
 draining;
 draining-response-timeout seconds;
 final-response-timeout seconds;
 force-continue;
 ggsn-address address;
 ggsn-mcc-mnc ggsn-mcc-mnc;
 max-outstanding-requests number;
 send-origin-state-id number;
 user-name-include {
 base-interface-name;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 domain-name my-domain;
 interface-name;
 mac-address;
 nas-port-id;
 origin-host;
 origin-realm;
 user-name;
 user-prefix pref;
 }
 backup {
 limit;
 timeout seconds;
 overflow { deny-login | drop-oldest };
 }
 sftp-backup {
 accumulation-timeout seconds;
 accumulation-count messages;
 accumulation-size bytes;
 logical-system;
 retry-interval seconds;
 response-timeout seconds;
 routing-instance;
 address ipv4 | ipv6;
 port number;
 directory filename;
 file-name-prefix filename-prefix;
 node-ipv4-address;
 node-ipv6-address;
 ssh-login;
 ssh-connection-linger;
 ssh-log-verbose;
 }
 }
}
```

```
 ssh-passphrase;
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.

**Description** Configure the Online Charging System (OCS) global attributes and partition. The OCS interacts with the Policy and Charging Enforcement Function (PCEF). The PCEF optionally reports usage and receives additional authorizations from the OCS using the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) Gy protocol. Broadband PCEF (BPCEF) interactions with the OCS use online session charging with centralized unit determination and centralized rating.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.


**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring the OCS Partition on page 834](#)
- [3GPP Policy and Charging Control Overview for Wireline Provisioning and Accounting on page 805](#)
- [Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808](#)
- [Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820](#)
- [Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825](#)

## on-demand-ip-address

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | on-demand-ip-address;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces pp0 unit "\$junos-interface-unit" ppp-options], [edit interfaces pp0 unit <i>unit-number</i> ppp-options], [edit protocols ppp-service]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>For IPv4 and IPv6 dual-stack PPP subscribers, enables on-demand allocation and de-allocation of an IPv4 address after initial PPP authentication for a subscriber who does not have an existing IPv4 address.</p> <p>Configuration changes take effect as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• When you change this setting for a dynamic PPP interface (at the [edit dynamic-profiles] hierarchy level), the change takes effect only for new subscriber logins.</li> <li>• When you change this setting for a static PPP interface (at the [edit interfaces pp0] hierarchy level), the subscribers on the interface are logged out.</li> <li>• When you change this setting globally (at the [edit protocols ppp-service] hierarchy level), the change takes effect only for new subscriber logins.</li> </ul> <p>If you enable on-demand allocation at both the interface and global levels, the global configuration takes precedence and changes take effect for new subscriber logins.</p> |
| <b>Default</b>                  | This functionality is disabled by default.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Conserving IPv4 Addresses for Dual-Stack PPP Subscribers Using On-Demand IPv4 Address Allocation on page 501</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Static On-Demand IPv4 Address Allocation for Dual-Stack PPP Subscribers on page 509</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic On-Demand IPv4 Address Allocation for Dual-Stack PPP Subscribers on page 510</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Global On-Demand IPv4 Address Allocation for Dual-Stack PPP Subscribers on page 510</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

## on-demand-address-allocation

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | on-demand-address-allocation;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>name</i> routing-instances <i>name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name</a>]</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.3R1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Enables an address or prefix to be allocated on demand when a dual-stack subscriber session is established. Starting in Junos OS Release 18.1R1, when reauthentication is configured, enables per-family address allocation as each family's DHCP session is established. In earlier released, applies only to the second family of the dual stack.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                                 | <p> <b>NOTE:</b> You must configure <code>on-demand-address-allocation</code> if you also configure reauthentication for dual-stack, single-session DHCP subscribers. This is true whether you enable reauthentication with the <a href="#">reauthenticate</a> statement or the Reauthenticate-On-Renew VSA (26-206).</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Reauthentication for DHCP Local Server on page 107</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">RADIUS Reauthentication As an Alternative to RADIUS CoA for DHCP Subscribers on page 99</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Attaching Access Profiles on page 148</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Attaching Access Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces or DHCP Client Interfaces on page 362</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Access Components for the DHCP Layer 3 Wholesale Network Solution</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Access Components for the PPPoE Wholesale Network Solution</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces or DHCP Client Interfaces</a></li> </ul> |

---

## on-link (Dynamic Router Advertisement)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | (on-link   no-on-link);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols router-advertisement interface <i>interface-name</i> <b>prefix</b> <i>prefix</i> ]                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify whether to enable prefixes to be used for onlink determination:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>no-on-link</b>—Disable prefixes from being used for onlink determination.</li><li>• <b>on-link</b>—Enable prefixes to be used for onlink determination.</li></ul> |
| <b>Default</b>                  | The configured object is enabled unless explicitly disabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>Example: Configuring IPv6 Interfaces and Enabling Neighbor Discovery</i></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                               |

## option

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>option {<br/>    [ (id-number option-type option-value)<br/>      (id-number array option-type option-value) ];<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family (inet   inet6) <a href="#">dhcp-attributes</a> ],<br>[edit access protocol-attributes <i>attribute-set-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.<br><b>hex-string</b> option type introduced in Junos OS Release 13.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify user-defined options that are added to client packets.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>array</b>—An option can include an array of option types.</p> <p><b>id-number</b>—Any whole number. The ID number is used to index the option and must be unique across a DHCP server.</p> <p><b>option-type</b>—Any of the following types: byte, byte-stream, flag, hex-string, integer, ip-address, short, string, unsigned-integer, or unsigned-short.</p> <p><b>option-value</b>—Value associated with an option. The option value must be compatible with the option type (for example, an On or Off value for a flag type).</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>admin</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>admin-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |



## option-order (DHCP Relay Agent)

**Syntax** `option-order name;`

**Hierarchy Level**

```
[edit bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name relay-option],
[edit bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name relay-option],
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group
name relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options
dhcp-relay group name relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options
dhcp-relay relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group
name relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
group name relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name
relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group
name relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name
relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name relay-option],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option]
```

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.4.

**Description** Options precedence order

**Options** **name**—Option number

**Values:**

- **60**—Option 60
- **77**—Option 77

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 Forward-Only Action for Relay Traffic with Unknown DHCP Server Address on page 109</a></li></ul> |

## option-15 (DHCP Relay Agent)

```
Syntax option-15 {
 default-action {
 drop drop;
 forward-only forward-only;
 }
 equals {
 ascii name {
 drop drop;
 forward-only forward-only;
 }
 hexadecimal name {
 drop drop;
 forward-only forward-only;
 }
 }
 not-present {
 drop drop;
 forward-only forward-only;
 }
 equals {
 ascii name {
 drop drop;
 forward-only forward-only;
 }
 hexadecimal name {
 drop drop;
 forward-only forward-only;
 }
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-option],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6  
 group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6  
 relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options  
 dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options  
 dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6  
 group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6  
 relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* vlans *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay  
 dhcpv6 group *name* relay-option],

```
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
 dhcpv6 relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group name
 relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6
 group name relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6
 relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group name relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group name
 relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-option],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group name relay-option],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-option]
```

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.4.                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the payload of the Option 15 (Vendor Class Identifier) from the client PDU is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication or client authentication process. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 Forward-Only Action for Relay Traffic with Unknown DHCP Server Address on page 109</a></li></ul>                           |

## option-16 (DHCP Relay Agent)

```
Syntax option-16 {
 default-action {
 drop drop;
 forward-only forward-only;
 }
 equals {
 ascii name {
 drop drop;
 forward-only forward-only;
 }
 hexadecimal name {
 drop drop;
 forward-only forward-only;
 }
 }
 not-present {
 drop drop;
 forward-only forward-only;
 }
 equals {
 ascii name {
 drop drop;
 forward-only forward-only;
 }
 hexadecimal name {
 drop drop;
 forward-only forward-only;
 }
 }
 }
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-option],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6  
 group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6  
 relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options  
 dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options  
 dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6  
 group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6  
 relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* vlans *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay  
 dhcpv6 group *name* relay-option],

```
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
 dhcpv6 relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group name
 relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6
 group name relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6
 relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group name relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group name
 relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-option],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group name relay-option],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-option]
```

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.4.                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the payload of the Option 16 (Vendor Class Identifier) from the client PDU is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication or client authentication process. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 Forward-Only Action for Relay Traffic with Unknown DHCP Server Address on page 109</a></li></ul>                           |

## option-60 (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | option-60;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the payload of Option 60 (Vendor Class Identifier) from the client PDU be concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication or DHCP client authentication process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## option-60 (DHCP Relay Agent)

```
Syntax option-60 {
 default-action {
 drop drop;
 forward-only forward-only;
 local-server-group local-server-group;
 }
 equals {
 ascii name {
 drop drop;
 forward-only forward-only;
 local-server-group local-server-group;
 }
 hexadecimal name {
 drop drop;
 forward-only forward-only;
 local-server-group local-server-group;
 }
 }
 not-present {
 drop drop;
 forward-only forward-only;
 local-server-group local-server-group;
 }
 equals {
 ascii name {
 drop drop;
 forward-only forward-only;
 local-server-group local-server-group;
 }
 hexadecimal name {
 drop drop;
 forward-only forward-only;
 local-server-group local-server-group;
 }
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],



```

[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group
name relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
group name relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name
relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group
name relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name
relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name relay-option],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option]

```

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p> <p>Statement updated in Junos OS Release 17.4R1 for MX Series.</p>                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the payload of the Option 60 (Vendor Class Identifier) from the client PDU is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication or client authentication process.                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 Forward-Only Action for Relay Traffic with Unknown DHCP Server Address on page 109</a></li> </ul> |

## option-77 (DHCP Relay Agent)

```
Syntax option-77 {
 default-action {
 drop drop;
 forward-only forward-only;
 local-server-group local-server-group;
 }
 equals {
 ascii name {
 drop drop;
 forward-only forward-only;
 local-server-group local-server-group;
 }
 hexadecimal name {
 drop drop;
 forward-only forward-only;
 local-server-group local-server-group;
 }
 }
 not-present {
 drop drop;
 forward-only forward-only;
 local-server-group local-server-group;
 }
 equals {
 ascii name {
 drop drop;
 forward-only forward-only;
 local-server-group local-server-group;
 }
 hexadecimal name {
 drop drop;
 forward-only forward-only;
 local-server-group local-server-group;
 }
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],


```

[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group
name relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
group name relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name
relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group
name relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name
relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name relay-option],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option]

```

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.4.                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the payload of the Option 77 (Vendor Class Identifier) from the client PDU is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication or client authentication process. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 Forward-Only Action for Relay Traffic with Unknown DHCP Server Address on page 109</a></li> </ul>                         |

## option-82 (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <code>option-82 &lt;circuit-id&gt; &lt;remote-id&gt;;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>         [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>         [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>         [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Specify the option 82 that is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication or client authentication process. You can specify either, both, or neither the Agent Circuit ID and the Agent Remote ID suboptions. If you specify both, the Agent Circuit ID is supplied first, followed by a delimiter, and then the Agent Remote ID. If neither suboption is supplied, the raw payload of option 82 is concatenated to the username.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> The option 82 value used in creating the username is based on the option 82 value that is encoded in the outgoing (relayed) PDU.</p> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <p><b>circuit-id</b>—(Optional) The string for the Agent Circuit ID suboption (suboption 1).</p> <p><b>remote-id</b>—(Optional) The string for the Agent Remote ID suboption (suboption 2).</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## option-82 (DHCP Local Server Authentication)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>option-82 &lt;circuit-id&gt; &lt;remote-id&gt;;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify the type of Option 82 information from the client PDU that is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication or DHCP client authentication process. You can specify either, both, or neither of the Agent Circuit ID and Agent Remote ID suboptions. If you specify both, the Agent Circuit ID is supplied first, followed by a delimiter, and then the Agent Remote ID. If you specify that neither suboption is supplied, the raw payload of Option 82 from the PDU is concatenated to the username.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>circuit-id</b>—(Optional) Agent Circuit ID suboption (suboption 1).</p> <p><b>remote-id</b>—(Optional) Agent Remote ID suboption (suboption 2).</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## option-82 (DHCP Local Server Pool Matching)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | option-82;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">pool-match-order</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">pool-match-order</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">pool-match-order</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">pool-match-order</a>]</p>                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure the extended DHCP local server to use the option 82 value in the DHCP client DHCP PDU together with the ip-address-first method to determine which address-assignment pool to use. You must configure the <b>ip-address-first</b> statement before configuring the <b>option-82</b> statement. The DHCP local server first determines which address-assignment pool to use based on the ip-address-first method. Then, the local server matches the option 82 value in the client PDU with the option 82 configuration in the address-assignment pool. This statement is supported for IPv4 address-assignment pools only.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring How the Extended DHCP Local Server Determines Which Address-Assignment Pool to Use on page 282</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

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## option-82 (Address-Assignment Pools)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>option-82 {<br/>  circuit-id <i>value range named-range</i>;<br/>  remote-id <i>value range named-range</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet dhcp-attributes <a href="#">option-match</a> ],<br>[edit access protocol-attributes <i>attribute-set-name</i> <a href="#">option-match</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify the list of option 82 suboption match criteria used to select the named address range used for the client. The server matches the option 82 value in the user PDU to the specified option 82 match criteria and uses the named address range associated with the string.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |


## option-match

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>option-match {<br/>  option-82 {<br/>    circuit-id value range named-range;<br/>    remote-id value range named-range;<br/>  }<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet <b>dhcp-attributes</b> ],<br>[edit access protocol-attributes <i>attribute-set-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify a list of match criteria used to determine which named address range in the address-assignment pool to use. The extended DHCP local server matches this information to the match criteria specified in the client PDUs. For example, for option 82 match criteria, the server matches the option 82 value in the user PDU to the specified option 82 string and uses the named range associated with the string.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |



## option-number (DHCP Relay Agent Option)

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <code>option-number <i>option-number</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <p>[edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay relay-option</a>],<br/>         [edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-option</a>],<br/>         [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">group group-name relay-option</a>],<br/>         [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">group group-name relay-option</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay ...</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i><br/>           forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay ...</a>],<br/>         [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay ...</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3.<br/>         Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | <p>Specify the DHCP option DHCP relay agent uses for selective processing of client traffic. You can configure support globally or for a named group of interfaces. You can also configure support for the extended DHCP relay agent on a per logical system and per routing instance basis.</p> <p>Use the [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6] hierarchy level to configure the DHCPv6 relay agent support.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <p><i>option-number</i>—The DHCP or DHCPv6 option in the incoming traffic.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> EX Series switches do not support the User Class Options.</p> </div>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 15 (DHCPv6 only)—Use DHCPv6 option 15 (User Class Option) in packets</li> <li>• 16 (DHCPv6 only)—(MX Series routers and EX Series switches only) Use DHCPv6 option 16 (Vendor Class Option) in packets</li> <li>• 60 (DHCPv4 only)—(MX Series routers and EX Series switches only) Use DHCP option 60 (Vendor Class Identifier) in DHCP packets</li> <li>• 77 (DHCPv4 only)—Use DHCP option 77 (User Class Identifier) in packets</li> </ul> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br/>         interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using DHCP Option Information to Selectively Process DHCP Client Traffic on page 387</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## options (Access Profile)

---

```
Syntax options {
 accounting-session-id-format (decimal | description);
 calling-station-id-delimiter delimiter-character;
 calling-station-id-format {
 agent-circuit-id;
 agent-remote-id;
 interface-description;
 nas-identifier;
 }
 chap-challenge-in-request-authenticator;
 client-accounting-algorithm (direct | round-robin);
 client-authentication-algorithm (direct | round-robin);
 coa-dynamic-variable-validation;
 ethernet-port-type-virtual;
 access-loop-id-local;
 interface-description-format {
 exclude-adapter;
 exclude-channel;
 exclude-sub-interface;
 }
 ip-address-change-notify message;
 juniper-dsl-attributes;
 nas-identifier identifier-value;
 nas-port-extended-format {
 adapter-width width;
 ae-width width;
 port-width width;
 slot-width width;
 stacked-vlan-width width;
 vlan-width width;
 atm {
 adapter-width width;
 port-width width;
 pw-width width;
 slot-width width;
 vci-width width;
 vpi-width width;
 }
 }
 nas-port-id-delimiter delimiter-character;
 nas-port-id-format {
 agent-circuit-id;
 agent-remote-id;
 interface-description;
 interface-text-description;
 nas-identifier;
 order {
 agent-circuit-id;
 agent-remote-id;
 interface-description;
 interface-text-description;
 nas-identifier;
 }
 }
}
```

```

 postpend-vlan-tags;
 }
 postpend-vlan-tags;
}
nas-port-type {
 ethernet {
 port-type;
 }
}
revert-interval interval;
service-activation {
 dynamic-profile (optional-at-login | required-at-login);
 extensible-service (optional-at-login | required-at-login);
}
vlan-nas-port-stacked-format;
}

```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access profile *profile-name* **radius**]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.  
Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.

**Description** Configure the options used by RADIUS authentication and accounting servers.  
  
The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**


- [Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141](#)
- [RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 4](#)

## order

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>order [ <i>accounting-method</i> ];</code>                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>accounting</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Set the order in which the Junos OS tries different accounting methods for client activity. When a client logs in, the software tries the accounting methods in the specified order.                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>accounting-method</i></b> —One or more accounting methods. When a client logs in, the software tries the accounting methods in the following order, from first to last. The only valid value is <b>radius</b> for RADIUS accounting. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94</a></li></ul>                                                                                    |

## origin (Diameter Base Protocol)

|                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                              | origin realm <i>realm-name</i> host <i>hostname</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                     | [edit <a href="#">diameter</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                 | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                         | Specify the hostname and realm of the endpoint node that originates Diameter messages for the Diameter instance. The Diameter instance supplies these values to be conveyed by the Origin-Realm-AVP and Origin-Host-AVP for all messages sent by the Diameter instance.                                                                                                     |
| <div>  <b>NOTE:</b> Both the host and realm are mandatory.         </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                             | <p><b>host <i>hostname</i></b>—Name of the message origin host that is supplied as the value of the Origin-Host AVP for all Diameter messages in the Diameter master instance.</p> <p><b>realm <i>realm-name</i></b>—Name of the message origin realm, that is supplied as the value of the Origin-Realm AVP for all Diameter messages in the Diameter master instance.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                            | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                               | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 782</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Origin Attributes of the Diameter Instance on page 783</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                      |

## other-bytes

**Syntax** `other-bytes bytes;`

**Hierarchy Level** `[edit protocols ancp qos-adjust]`

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.  
Statement deprecated in Junos OS Release 17.4R1.

**Description** Adjust the number of frame overhead bytes by the specified number of bytes in the actual downstream rate reported in the ANCP Port Up message for an access line of DSL type OTHER. The ANCP agent reports the adjusted value to CoS. The adjusted value accounts for the traffic encapsulation overhead.

The router reports some access technology types—such as Gigabit passive optical network (GPON) lines—as DSL type OTHER.



**NOTE:** Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the `other-overhead-bytes` option of the `access-line` statement at the `[edit system]` hierarchy level. The ANCP agent ignores the `other-bytes` statement if it is present. This means that when you upgrade from Junos OS Release 17.3 or earlier with an existing configuration, you must reconfigure your adjustment with the `access-line` statement.

**Options** `bytes`—Number of bytes added to or subtracted from the actual downstream frame overhead.  
**Range:** -100 through 100 bytes  
**Default:** 0 bytes

**Required Privilege Level** routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

### Release History Table

| Release | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 17.4R1  | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the <code>other-overhead-bytes</code> option of the <code>access-line</code> statement at the <code>[edit system]</code> hierarchy level. |

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring the ANCP Agent to Report Traffic Rates to CoS on page 735](#)
- [Traffic Rate Reporting and Adjustment by the ANCP Agent on page 729](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)

## other-overhead-adjust

**Syntax** `other-overhead-adjust percentage;`

**Hierarchy Level** `[edit protocols ancp qos-adjust]`

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.  
Statement deprecated in Junos OS Release 17.4R1.

**Description** Adjust the actual downstream rate for an access line of DSL type OTHER received in the ANCP Port Up message by multiplying the rate by the specified percentage. The ANCP agent reports the adjusted rate to CoS.

The router reports some access technology types—such as Gigabit passive optical network (GPON) lines—as DSL type OTHER.



**NOTE:** Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the `other-overhead-adjust` option of the `access-line` statement at the `[edit system]` hierarchy level. The ANCP agent ignores the `other-overhead-adjust` statement if it is present. This means that when you upgrade from Junos OS Release 17.3 or earlier with an existing configuration, you must reconfigure your adjustment with the `access-line` statement.

**Options** `percentage`—Percentage by which to multiply the rate.

**Range:** 80 through 100 percent

**Default:** 100 percent

**Required Privilege** routing—To view this statement in the configuration.

**Level** routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

### Release History Table

| Release | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 17.4R1  | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the <code>other-overhead-adjust</code> option of the <code>access-line</code> statement at the <code>[edit system]</code> hierarchy level. |

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring the ANCP Agent to Report Traffic Rates to CoS on page 735](#)
- [Traffic Rate Reporting and Adjustment by the ANCP Agent on page 729](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)


## other-stateful-configuration (Dynamic Router Advertisement)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | (other-stateful-configuration   no-other-stateful-configuration);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles protocols router-advertisement interface <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify whether to enable autoconfiguration of other nonaddress-related information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>no-other-stateful-configuration</b>—Disable autoconfiguration of other nonaddress-related information.</li><li>• <b>other-stateful-configuration</b>—Enable autoconfiguration of other nonaddress-related information.</li></ul> |
| <b>Default</b>                  | The configured object is disabled unless explicitly enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Using NDRA to Provide IPv6 WAN Link Addressing Overview on page 431</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |



## overhead-accounting (ANCP)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | overhead-accounting;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols ancp <b>interfaces</b> <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Prevent ANCP from performing an adjustment on the actual downstream data rate that ANCP receives from the DSLAM for the difference between the customer premise equipment (CPE) protocol overhead and the B-RAS protocol overhead. You include this statement when you want CoS to perform the adjustment on the data rate from the DSLAM according to the overhead accounting configuration in a CoS traffic control profile.</p> <p>When this statement is not configured (the default condition), ANCP makes the traffic rate adjustment according to the configuration of the <b>qos-adjust-line-type</b> statements and reports that rate to CoS. CoS then applies (if configured) the adjustment set by the <b>overhead-accounting</b> statement in the CoS traffic profile.</p> |
|                                 | <p> <b>NOTE:</b> ANCP reports a traffic rate to CoS only if the <b>qos-adjust</b> statement at the [edit protocols ancp] hierarchy level has been configured.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

## overrides (DHCP Local Server)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre> overrides {   allow-no-end-option;   asymmetric-lease-time <i>seconds</i>;   asymmetric-prefix-lease-time <i>seconds</i>;   client-discover-match &lt;option60-and-option82   incoming-interface&gt;;   client-negotiation-match incoming-interface;   delegated-pool;   delete-binding-on-renegotiation;   include-option-82 {     forcerenew;     nak;   }   interface-client-limit <i>number</i>;   multi-address-embedded-option-response;   process-inform {     pool <i>pool-name</i>;   }   protocol-attributes <i>attribute-set-name</i>;   rapid-commit; } </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | <pre> [edit system services <b>dhcp-local-server</b>], [edit system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6</b>], [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>], [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>interface</b> <i>interface-name</i>], [edit system services dhcp-local-server <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>], [edit system services dhcp-local-server <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>interface</b> <i>interface-name</i>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system   services <b>dhcp-local-server</b> ...], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server</b> ...], [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server</b> ...] </pre> |
| <b>Release Information</b> | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.</p> <p>Support for the <b>allow-no-end</b> option introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1X53-D15 for EX Series switches.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3X48-D10 for SRX Series devices.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>         | <p>Override the default configuration settings for the extended DHCP local server. Specifying the <b>overrides</b> statement with no subordinate statements removes all DHCP local server overrides at that hierarchy level.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To override global DHCP local server configuration options, include the <b>overrides</b> statement and its subordinate statements at the <b>[edit system services dhcp-local-server]</b> hierarchy level.</li> <li>To override configuration options for a named group of interfaces, include the statements at the <b>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i>]</b> hierarchy level.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                           |

- To override configuration options for a specific interface within a named group of interfaces, include the statements at the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* interface *interface-name*]** hierarchy level.
- Use the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]** hierarchy level to override DHCPv6 configuration options.



**NOTE:** By default, `jdhcp` does not process DHCPINFORM message. Only after you enable the overrides command using the `set system services dhcp-local-server overrides process-inform` statement, `jdhcp` starts processing the DHCPINFORM message.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

The `interface-client-limit` statement is not supported in the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]** hierarchy level.

The `asymmetric-prefix-lease-time`, `delegated-pool`, `multi-address-embedded-option-response`, and `rapid-commit` statements are supported in the **[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 ...]** hierarchy level only.

|                                 |                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 351</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings on page 357</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a DHCP Server on Switches (CLI Procedure)</a></li> </ul> |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## overrides (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre> overrides {   allow-no-end-option;   allow-snooped-clients;   always-write-giaddr;   always-write-option-82;   asymmetric-lease-time seconds;   asymmetric-prefix-lease-time seconds;   client-discover-match &lt;option60-and-option82   incoming-interface&gt;;   client-negotiation-match incoming-interface;   delay-authentication;   delete-binding-on-renegotiation;   disable-relay;   dual-stack dual-stack-group-name;   interface-client-limit number;   layer2-unicast-replies;   no-allow-snooped-clients;   no-bind-on-request;   proxy-mode;   relay-source   replace-ip-source-with;   send-release-on-delete;   trust-option-82; } </pre>                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | <pre> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group group-name], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group group-name interface interface-name], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group group-name], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group group-name interface interface-name], [edit logical-systems logical-system-name forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...], [edit logical-systems logical-system-name routing-instances routing-instance-name   forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...], [edit routing-instances routing-instance-name forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...] </pre> |
| <b>Release Information</b> | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.</p> <p>Support at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>         | <p>Override the default configuration settings for the extended DHCP relay agent. Specifying the <b>overrides</b> statement with no subordinate statements removes all DHCP relay agent overrides at that hierarchy level. Use the statement at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.</p> <p>M120 and M320 routers do not support DHCPv6.</p> <p>The following statements are supported at both the <b>[edit ... dhcp-relay]</b> and <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>allow-snooped-clients</b></li> </ul>                                                                          |

- `asymmetric-lease-time`
- `delete-binding-on-renegotiation`
- `dual-stack`
- `interface-client-limit`
- `no-allow-snooped-clients`
- `no-bind-on-request`
- `relay-source`
- `send-release-on-delete`

The following statements are supported at the `[edit ... dhcpv6]` hierarchy levels only.

- `asymmetric-prefix-lease-time`

All other statements are supported at the `[edit ... dhcp-relay]` hierarchy levels only.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

|                           |                                                               |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.        |
| <b>Level</b>              | interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 354</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Deleting DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Override Settings on page 357</a></li></ul> |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## overrides (Enhanced Subscriber Management)

---

**Syntax**

```
overrides {
 interfaces {
 family (inet | inet6) {
 layer2-liveness-detection;
 }
 }
 no-unsolicited-ra;
 shmlog {
 disable;
 file filename <files maximum-no-files> <size maximum-file-size>;
 filtering enable;
 log-name {
 all;
 logname {
 <brief | detail | extensive | none | terse>;
 <file-logging | no-file-logging>;
 }
 }
 log-type (debug | info | notice);
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit system services [subscriber-management](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1R3 on MX Series routers for enhanced subscriber management.

**Description** Override the default configuration settings for the Junos OS enhanced subscriber management software for subscriber management.

The remaining statements are explained separately. Search for a statement in [CLI Explorer](#) or click a linked statement in the Syntax section for details.

**Required Privilege Level** system—To view this statement in the configuration.  
system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management on page 617](#)
- *DHCP Liveness Detection Using ARP and Neighbor Discovery Packets*

## override-password (Domain Map)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>override-password <i>password</i></code>                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access domain <i>domain-name</i> <b>map</b> ]                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1.                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a password to be used as the authenticating password for all outgoing authentication requests for subscribers who match the domain map. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>password</i> —Name of the password.                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">strip-username on page 1531</a></li> </ul>                                                 |

## padn (Domain Map)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>padn <i>destination-address</i> {     <b>mask</b> <i>destination-mask</i>;     <b>metric</b> <i>route-metric</i>; }</pre>                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access domain <b>map</b> <i>domain-map-name</i> ]                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure PADN parameters for a domain map.                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>destination-address</i> —IP address of the destination.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> . |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring PADN Parameters for a Domain Map on page 206</a></li> </ul>                            |

## parse-direction (Domain Map)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | parse-direction (left-to-right   right-to-left);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">domain</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the direction in which the router searches for the domain name in a username.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Default</b>                  | left-to-right                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>left-to-right</b>—The router searches starting at the left-most character. When the router reaches a domain delimiter, it uses anything to the right of the delimiter as the domain name.</p> <p><b>right-to-left</b>—The router searches starting at the right-most character. When the router reaches a domain delimiter, it uses anything to the right of the delimiter as the domain name.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Specifying the Parsing Direction for Domain and Realm Names on page 203</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Domain and Realm Name Usage for Domain Maps on page 201</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                  |



## parse-order (Domain Map)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | parse-order (domain-first   realm-first);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">domain</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the order in which the router searches for a domain name, either the domain first, or the realm first.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Default</b>                  | domain-first                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>domain-first</b>—The router searches for a domain name first. When the router reaches a domain delimiter, it uses anything to the right of the delimiter as the domain name.. If no domain is found, then the router searches for a realm. If the router does not find either a domain or realm, then there is no domain.</p> <p><b>realm-first</b>—The router searches for a realm name first. When the router reaches a realm delimiter, it uses anything to the left of the delimiter as the domain name. If no realm is found, then the router searches for a domain. If the router does not find either a domain or realm, then there is no domain.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Specifying the Parsing Direction for Domain and Realm Names on page 203</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Domain and Realm Name Usage for Domain Maps on page 201</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## partition

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>partition <i>partition-name</i> {<br/>    <i>diameter-instance</i> <i>instance-name</i>;<br/>    <i>destination-host</i> <i>hostname</i>;<br/>    <i>destination-realm</i> <i>realm</i>;<br/>}</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">jsrc</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure a JSRC partition.                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>partition-name</i>—Name of the JSRC partition.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring JSRC on page 857</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the JSRC Partition on page 858</a></li></ul>                                       |

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## partition (Gx-Plus)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>partition <i>partition-name</i> {<br/>    <b>diameter-instance</b> <i>instance-name</i>;<br/>    <b>destination-host</b> <i>hostname</i>;<br/>    <b>destination-realm</b> <i>realm</i>;<br/>}</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">gx-plus</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2X50-D10 for EX Series switches.                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure a Gx-Plus partition.                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>partition-name</i></b>—Name of the Gx-Plus partition.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Gx-Plus on page 800</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Gx-Plus Partition on page 801</a></li></ul>                                 |

## partition (NASREQ Diameter Application)

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|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <pre>partition <i>partition-name</i> {<br/>    destination-host <i>hostname</i>;<br/>    destination-realm <i>realm-name</i>;<br/>    diameter-instance master;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit access <a href="#">nasreq</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Description              | Define the NASREQ partition by specifying the destination host and realm where the application resides. Only the master routing instance is supported for the application partition.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Options                  | <p><b>diameter-instance master</b>—Specifies that the master Diameter instance is used. <b>master</b> is the only supported value.</p> <p><b>hostname</b>—Name of the host where the NASREQ server application resides; generally, this value is not set unless needed.</p> <p><b>partition-name</b>—Name of the NASREQ partition.</p> <p><b>realm-name</b>—Name of the realm where the NASREQ server application resides.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Diameter Network Access Server Application (NASREQ) on page 845</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Diameter Network Access Server Application (NASREQ) on page 847</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## partition (OCS)

**Syntax** `partition partition-name {`  
     `called-station-id station-name;`  
     `charging-id number;`  
     `destination-host ocs-hostname;`  
     `destination-realm ocs-realm-name;`  
     `diameter-instance;`  
     `draining;`  
     `draining-response-timeout seconds;`  
     `final-response-timeout seconds;`  
     `force-continue;`  
     `ggsn-address address;`  
     `ggsn-mcc-mnc ggsn-mcc-mnc;`  
     `max-outstanding-requests number;`  
     `send-origin-state-id number;`  
     `user-name-include {`  
         `base-interface-name;`  
         `delimiter delimiter-character;`  
         `domain-name domain-name;`  
         `interface-name;`  
         `mac-address;`  
         `nas-port-id;`  
         `origin-host;`  
         `origin-realm;`  
         `user-name;`  
         `user-prefix prefix;`  
     `}`  
`}`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access [ocs](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.

**Description** Configure an Online Charging System (OCS) partition (a specific logical system: routing instance context) and its parameters to define user ID information, destination host and realm names, and number of outstanding requests to the OCS, and control subscriber traffic flow before the first interrogation with the OCS. The OCS that interacts with the Policy and Charging Enforcement Function (PCEF). Broadband PCEF (BPCEF) interactions with the OCS use online session charging with centralized unit determination and centralized rating.

**Options** *partition-name*—Name of the OCS partition. You can define only one partition for the OCS.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
     admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring the OCS Partition on page 834](#)
- [3GPP Policy and Charging Control Overview for Wireline Provisioning and Accounting on page 805](#)
- [Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808](#)
- [Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820](#)
- [Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825](#)

## partition (PCRF)

**Syntax**    `partition partition-name {`  
                   `destination-host pcrf-hostname;`  
                   `destination-realm pcrf-realm-name;`  
                   `diameter-instance;`  
                   `draining;`  
                   `draining-response-timeout seconds;`  
                   `ip-can-type number;`  
                   `local-decision (deny | grant) timeout seconds;`  
                   `logout-response-timeout seconds;`  
                   `max-outstanding-requests number;`  
                   `report-local-rule;`  
                   `report-resource-allocation;`  
                   `report-successful-resource-allocation;`  
                   `send-dyn-subscription-indicator;`  
                   `send-network-family-indicator;`  
                   `send-origin-state-id;`  
                   `subscription-id-data-include {`  
                       `base-interface-name;`  
                       `delimiter delimiter-character;`  
                       `domain-name name;`  
                       `interface-name;`  
                       `mac-address;`  
                       `nas-port-id;`  
                       `origin-host;`  
                       `origin-realm;`  
                       `user-name;`  
                       `user-prefix prefix;`  
                   `}`  
                   `subscription-id-type number;`  
                   `update-response-timeout seconds;`  
                   `}`

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit access [pcrf](#)]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.

**Description**    Configure a Policy and Charging Rules Function (PCRF) partition (a specific logical system:routing instance context) and its parameters to define subscription ID information, destination host and realm names, and reporting for rules and resources. The PCRF is a centralized policy decision point that deploys business policy rules to allocate broadband network resources and manages flow-based charges for subscribers and services.

**Options**    *partition-name*—Name of the PCRF partition. You can define only one partition for the PCRF.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level**    admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                         admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring the PCRF Partition on page 840](#)
- [Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808](#)
- [Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812](#)
- [Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825](#)
- [Understanding Upstream and Downstream Messages for the PCRF on page 831](#)



## password (Static Subscribers)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>password password-string;   username-include {     domain-name domain-name;     username-include;     logical-system-name;     routing-instance-name;     user-prefix user-prefix-string;   }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers <a href="#">authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers <a href="#">authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers <a href="#">authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication username-include], <a href="#">authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers <a href="#">authentication</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">authentication</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the password that is sent to AAA for user login for all static subscribers on interfaces configured at the <b>[edit system services static-subscribers interface]</b> hierarchy level, or for the subscribers in a specified group. The group version of the statement takes precedence over the global version.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>password-string</i></b>—String that defines the password.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system-level—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Authentication Password on page 879</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Authentication Password on page 884</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## password (DHCP Local Server)

**Syntax** `password password-string;`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services [dhcp-local-server authentication](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server [dhcpv6 authentication](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 [group group-name authentication](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server [group group-name authentication](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services [dhcp-local-server authentication](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server [dhcpv6 authentication](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 [group group-name authentication](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server [group group-name authentication](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services [dhcp-local-server authentication](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server [dhcpv6 authentication](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 [group group-name authentication](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server [group group-name authentication](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services [dhcp-local-server authentication](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server [dhcpv6 authentication](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 [group group-name authentication](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server [group group-name authentication](#)],  
 [edit system services [dhcp-local-server authentication](#)],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server [dhcpv6](#)],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 [group group-name authentication](#)],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server [group group-name authentication](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.  
 Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.

**Description** Configure the password that is sent to the external AAA authentication server for subscriber authentication or DHCP client authentication.

**Options** *password-string*—Authentication password.

**Required Privilege Level** system—To view this statement in the configuration.  
 system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

- Related Documentation**
- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311](#)

## password (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>password password-string;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name authentication</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">authentication</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">authentication</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p> <p>Support at the [edit ... <a href="#">dhcpv6</a>] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Support at the [edit ... <a href="#">dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name authentication</a>] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the password that is sent to the external AAA authentication server for subscriber authentication or client authentication. Use the statement at the [edit ... <a href="#">dhcpv6</a> ] hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>password-string</i> —Authentication password.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

- Related Documentation**
- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311](#)
  - [Configuring Passwords for Usernames on page 315](#)

## pcrf (Diameter Applications)

---

```
Syntax pcrf {
 global {
 rule-param avp-code;
 }
 partition partition-name {
 destination-host pcrf-hostname;
 destination-realm pcrf-realm-name;
 diameter-instance;
 draining;
 draining-response-timeout seconds;
 ip-can-type number;
 local-decision (deny | grant) timeout seconds;
 logout-response-timeout seconds;
 max-outstanding-requests number;
 report-local-rule;
 report-resource-allocation;
 report-successful-resource-allocation;
 send-dyn-subscription-indicator;
 send-network-family-indicator;
 send-origin-state-id;
 subscription-id-data-include {
 base-interface-name;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 domain-name name;
 interface-name;
 mac-address;
 nas-port-id;
 origin-host;
 origin-realm;
 user-name;
 user-prefix prefix;
 }
 subscription-id-type number;
 update-response-timeout seconds;
 }
 }
```

Hierarchy Level    [edit access]

Release Information    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.

**Description**    Configure the Policy and Charging Rules Function (PCRF) global attributes, rules, parameters, and partition to authorize and provision subscribers. PCRF is a centralized policy decision point that deploys business policy and charging rules to allocate broadband network resources and manages flow-based charges for subscribers and services. PCRF pushes the rules down to the Policy and Charging Enforcement Function (PCEF) using the 3GPP Gx protocol and online policy interface.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the PCRF Partition on page 840</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Upstream and Downstream Messages for the PCRF on page 831</a></li> </ul> |

## peer (Diameter Base Protocol)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>peer <i>peer-name</i> {     address <i>ip-address</i>;     connect-actively {         port <i>port-number</i>;         transport <i>transport-name</i>;     }     logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i> &lt;routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i>&gt;;     peer-origin realm <i>realm-name</i> host <i>hostname</i>;     routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i>;     send-origin-state-id; }</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit <a href="#">diameter</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure peer-specific Origin-Realm and Origin-Name AVP values to include in the CER, DWR, DWA, DPR, and DPA messages of this peer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>peer-name</i></b>—Name of the peer.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 782</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Peers on page 783</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |


## peer (Diameter Network Element)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>peer <i>peer-name</i> {<br/>    <i>priority</i> <i>priority-value</i>;<br/>}</code>                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit diameter <a href="#">network-element</a> <i>element-name</i> ]                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Assigns a peer to a Diameter network element and sets a priority value for that peer within the DNE.                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>peer-name</i>—Name of the peer.</p> <p>The remaining statement is explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 782</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Network Elements on page 786</a></li></ul> |




## peer-ip-address-optional

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>peer-ip-address-optional;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces pp0 unit "\$junos-interface-unit" ppp-options],<br>[edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> pp0 unit <i>unit-number</i> ppp-options],<br>[edit access group-profile <i>profile-name</i> ppp ppp-options]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Enable the Internet Protocol Control Protocol (IPCP) negotiation to succeed even though the peer does not include the IP address option in an IPCP configuration request for static and dynamic, and terminated and tunneled, Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) subscribers. By default, this statement is disabled.</p> <p>If the client's provisioned IP address on the customer premises equipment (CPE):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Matches the Framed-Route RADIUS attribute, then you must configure the access route at the [edit dynamic-profiles routing-options] hierarchy level.</li> <li>Matches the Framed-IP-Address RADIUS attribute, then no access route configuration is required.</li> </ul> |
|                                 | <p> <b>NOTE:</b> You must assign an IP address by configuring the Framed-IP-Address RADIUS attribute or the Framed-Pool RADIUS attribute, or by allocating an IP address from the local address pool without a RADIUS-specified pool name, with an <i>optional</i> Framed-Route RADIUS attribute returned from the RADIUS Server.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">IPCP Negotiation with Optional Peer IP Address on page 508</a></li> <li><a href="#">Dynamic Profiles Overview</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

## peer-origin (Diameter Peer)

---

|                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                                                                                                                                                               | peer-origin realm <i>realm-name</i> host <i>hostname</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Hierarchy Level                                                                                                                                                      | [edit diameter <b>peer</b> <i>peer-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Release Information                                                                                                                                                  | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Description                                                                                                                                                          | Specify values of Origin-Realm-AVP and Origin-Host-AVP used in messages sent for the specified peer by the Diameter instance.                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <div> <b>NOTE:</b> Both the host and realm are mandatory for the peer origin.</div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Options                                                                                                                                                              | <p><b>host <i>hostname</i></b>—Name of the message origin host that is supplied as the value of the Origin-Host AVP for Diameter messages to the peer.</p> <p><b>realm <i>realm-name</i></b>—Name of the message origin realm, that is supplied as the value of the Origin-Realm AVP for Diameter messages to the peer.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level                                                                                                                                             | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Related Documentation                                                                                                                                                | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Peers on page 783</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 782</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                         |

## pool (Address-Assignment Pools)

**Syntax** `pool pool-name {  
     active-drain;  
     family family {  
         dhcp-attributes {  
             [ protocol-specific attributes ]  
         }  
         excluded-address ip-address;  
         excluded-range name low minimum-value high maximum-value;  
         host hostname {  
             hardware-address mac-address;  
             ip-address ip-address;  
         }  
         network ip-prefix / <prefix-length>;  
         prefix ipv6-prefix;  
         range range-name {  
             high upper-limit;  
             low lower-limit;  
             prefix-length prefix-length;  
         }  
     }  
     hold-down;  
     link pool-name;  
     linked-pool-aggregation;  
}`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access [address-assignment](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.  
 Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.

**Description** Configure the name of an address-assignment pool.



**NOTE:** Subordinate statement support depends on the platform. See individual statement topics for more detailed support information.

**Options** `pool-name`—Name assigned to the address-assignment pool.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
 admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625](#)
- [Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633](#)

## pool (DHCP Local Server Overrides)

**Syntax** `pool pool-name;`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group *group-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group *group-name* interface *interface-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* interface *interface-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group *group-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group *group-name* interface *interface-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* interface *interface-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group *group-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group *group-name* interface *interface-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* interface *interface-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group *group-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group *group-name* interface *interface-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* overrides [process-inform](#)],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* interface *interface-name* overrides [process-inform](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.  
 Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure DHCP or DHCPv6 local server to reply to DHCP information request messages (DHCPINFORM for DHCPv4 and INFORMATION-REQUEST for DHCPv6) with information taken from the specified pool without interacting with AAA.           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>pool-name</i> —Name of the address pool, which must be configured within <b>family inet</b> for DHCP local server and within <b>family inet6</b> for DHCPv6 local server.                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Enabling Processing of Client Information Requests on page 308</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 351</a></li> </ul> |

## pool-match-order

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>pool-match-order {     external-authority;     ip-address-first;     option-82; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure the order in which the DHCP local server uses information in the DHCP client PDU to determine how to obtain an address for the client.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Default</b>                  | DHCP local server uses the <b>ip-address-first</b> method to determine which address pool to use.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring How the Extended DHCP Local Server Determines Which Address-Assignment Pool to Use on page 282</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## port

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>port <i>port-number</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">radius-server</a> <i>server-address</i> ],<br>[edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">radius-server</a> <i>server-address</i> ]                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the port number on which to contact the RADIUS server.                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>port-number</i></b> —Port number on which to contact the RADIUS server.<br><b>Default:</b> 1812 (as specified in RFC 2865)                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 137</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94</a></li></ul> |

## port (Diameter Peer)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>port <i>port-number</i>;</code>                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit diameter peer <i>peer-name</i> <a href="#">connect-actively</a> ]                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the destination TCP port used by the active connection to peer.                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>port-number</i></b> —Number of the TCP port.<br><b>Default:</b> 3868                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 782</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Peers on page 783</a></li></ul> |

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## pre-ietf-mode

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | pre-ietf-mode                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols <a href="#">ancp</a> ],<br>[edit protocols ancp <a href="#">neighbor ip-address</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the ANCP agent to run in a mode that is backward compatible with Internet draft draft-wadhwa-gsmp-l2control-configuration-00.txt, <i>GSMP extensions for layer2 control (L2C)</i> for all neighbors or for a specific neighbor.                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the ANCP Agent for Backward Compatibility on page 705</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring ANCP Neighbors on page 701</a></li></ul> |

## preauthentication-order (Access Profile)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>preauthentication-order [ <i>preauthentication-method</i> ];</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">profile</a> <i>profile-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Set the order in which the Junos OS uses preauthentication methods for the LLID service when multiple methods are configured. Junos OS supports only the <b>radius</b> method.<br><br><div> <b>NOTE:</b> You cannot configure this statement if the Calling-Station-ID attribute is excluded from RADIUS Access-Request messages by the <a href="#">exclude</a> statement.</div> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>preauthentication-method</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>radius</b>—Verify the client using RADIUS.</li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">RADIUS Logical Line Identifier (LLID) Overview on page 179</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Logical Line Identification (LLID) Preauthentication on page 182</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |



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## preauthentication-port

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>preauthentication-port <i>port-number</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">radius-server</a> <i>server-address</i> ],<br>[edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">radius-server</a> <i>server-address</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1 for MX Series routers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the port number on which to contact the RADIUS server for logical line identification (LLID) preauthentication requests. If you do not configure a separate UDP port for preauthentication purposes, the same UDP port that you configure for authentication messages by including the <code>port <i>port-number</i></code> statement is used. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>port-number</i> —Port number used for preauthentication requests to contact the RADIUS server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">RADIUS Logical Line Identifier (LLID) Overview on page 179</a></li><li>• <a href="#">RADIUS Attributes for LLID Preauthentication Requests on page 180</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                 |

## preauthentication-secret

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>preauthentication-secret <i>password</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>radius-server</b> <i>server-address</i> ],<br>[edit access <b>radius-server</b> <i>server-address</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1 for MX Series routers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the password to use with the RADIUS server for logical line identification (LLID) preauthentication requests. If you do not configure a separate UDP password for preauthentication purposes, the same password that you configure for authentication messages by including the <b>secret <i>password</i></b> statement is used. The secret password used by the local router must match that used by the server. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>password</i></b> —Password to use. To include spaces enclose the character string in quotation marks.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">RADIUS Logical Line Identifier (LLID) Overview on page 179</a></li><li>• <a href="#">RADIUS Attributes for LLID Preauthentication Requests on page 180</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## preauthentication-server (Access Profile)

**Syntax** `preauthentication-server ip-address;`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access [profile](#) *profile-name* [radius](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.3.

**Description** Specify the RADIUS preauthentication server, which is used for the LLID service.



**NOTE:** You cannot configure this statement if the Calling-Station-ID attribute is excluded from RADIUS Access-Request messages by the [exclude](#) statement.

**Options** *ip-address*—IPv4 address.

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [RADIUS Logical Line Identifier \(LLID\) Overview on page 179](#)
- [Configuring Logical Line Identification \(LLID\) Preauthentication on page 182](#)

## preferred-lifetime (Address-Assignment Pools)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>preferred-lifetime <i>seconds</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> <b>family</b> inet6 <b>dhcp-attributes</b> ],<br>[edit access protocol-attributes <i>attribute-set-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify the length of time, in seconds, that the DHCPv6 server keeps the IPv6 prefix active. When the lifetime expires, the address is deprecated.</p> <p>If the <b>valid-lifetime</b> is also configured, the <b>preferred-lifetime</b> must be less than the <b>valid-lifetime</b>. The <b>preferred-lifetime</b> and the <b>maximum-lease-time</b> are mutually exclusive and cannot both be configured.</p> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>seconds</b>—Number of seconds that the IPv6 prefix is active.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 30 through 4,294,967,295 seconds</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 86,400 (24 hours)</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li><li>• <a href="#">DHCP Attributes for Address-Assignment Pools on page 279</a></li><li>• <a href="#">maximum-lease-time on page 1307</a></li><li>• <a href="#">valid-lifetime (Address-Assignment Pools) on page 1608</a></li></ul>                                                                   |

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## preferred-lifetime (Dynamic Router Advertisement)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>preferred-lifetime <i>seconds</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols router-advertisement interface <i>interface-name</i> <code>prefix prefix</code> ]                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify how long the prefix generated by stateless autoconfiguration remains preferred.                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>seconds</i></b> —Preferred lifetime, in seconds. If you set the preferred lifetime to <code>0xffffffff</code> , the lifetime is infinite. The preferred lifetime is never greater than the valid lifetime.<br><b>Default:</b> 604,800 seconds |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>valid-lifetime</i></li><li>• <i>Example: Configuring IPv6 Interfaces and Enabling Neighbor Discovery</i></li></ul>                                                                                       |

## prefix (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>prefix <i>prefix</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> (<a href="#">relay-agent-interface-id</a>   <a href="#">relay-agent-remote-id</a>)],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> group <i>group-name</i> (<a href="#">relay-agent-interface-id</a>   <a href="#">relay-agent-remote-id</a>)],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82 (<a href="#">circuit-id</a>   <a href="#">remote-id</a>)],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> relay-option-82 (<a href="#">circuit-id</a>   <a href="#">remote-id</a>)],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> ... forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 (<a href="#">relay-agent-interface-id</a>   <a href="#">relay-agent-remote-id</a>)],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> ... forwarding-options dhcp-relay ... relay-option-82 (<a href="#">circuit-id</a>   <a href="#">remote-id</a>)],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 (<a href="#">relay-agent-interface-id</a>   <a href="#">relay-agent-remote-id</a>)],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ... relay-option-82 (<a href="#">circuit-id</a>   <a href="#">remote-id</a>)]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.</p> <p>Support at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3 for EX Series switches.</p> <p>Support at the <b>[edit ... relay-agent-remote-id]</b> and <b>[edit ... remote-id]</b> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Add a prefix to the DHCP base option 82 Agent Circuit ID (suboption 1) or Agent Remote ID (suboption 2) information, or to the DHCPv6 option 18 (Relay Agent Interface-ID) or option 37 (Relay Agent Remote-ID) information in DHCP packets that DHCP relay agent sends to a DHCP server. The prefix can consist of any combination of the hostname, logical system name, and routing instance name.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>prefix</i>—Any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>host-name</b>—Prepend the hostname of the router configured with the <b>host-name</b> statement at the <b>[edit system]</b> hierarchy level to the DHCP option information.</li> <li><b>logical-system-name</b>—Prepend the name of the logical system to the option information.</li> <li><b>routing-instance-name</b>—Prepend the name of the routing instance to the option information.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Including a Prefix in DHCP Options on page 382</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Using DHCP Relay Agent Option 82 Information on page 379</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring DHCPv6 Relay Agent Options on page 496</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

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## prefix (Address-Assignment Pools)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>prefix <i>ipv6-prefix</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment <b>pool</b> <i>pool-name</i> <b>family</b> inet6]                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3 for EX Series switches.                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the IPv6 prefix for the IPv6 address-assignment pool. This statement is mandatory for IPv6 address-assignment pools.                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ipv6-prefix</i> —The IPv6 prefix.                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li></ul> |

## prefix (Dynamic Router Advertisement)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>prefix <i>prefix</i> {<br/>    (<a href="#">autonomous</a>   <a href="#">no-autonomous</a>);<br/>    (<a href="#">on-link</a>   <a href="#">no-on-link</a>);<br/>    <a href="#">preferred-lifetime</a> <i>seconds</i>;<br/>    <a href="#">valid-lifetime</a> <i>seconds</i>;<br/>}</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles protocols router-advertisement <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the prefix name in router advertisement messages.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>prefix</b>—Prefix name. For dynamic configuration, specify the <i>\$junos-ipv6-ndra-prefix</i> dynamic variable.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>Example: Configuring IPv6 Interfaces and Enabling Neighbor Discovery</i></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                   |

## priority (Diameter Peer)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>priority <i>priority-value</i>;</pre>                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit diameter network-element <i>element-name</i> <a href="#">peer</a> <i>peer-name</i> ]                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Set the priority for a peer within a Diameter network element. A peer with a higher number has a higher priority.                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>priority-value</b>—Priority for the peer within the network element.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1 through 65535</p>                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 782</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Network Elements on page 786</a></li></ul> |



## profile (Access)

```

Syntax profile profile-name {
 accounting {
 address-change-immediate-update
 accounting-stop-on-access-deny;
 accounting-stop-on-failure;
 ancp-speed-change-immediate-update;
 coa-immediate-update;
 coa-no-override service-class-attribute;
 duplication;
 duplication-filter;
 duplication-vrf {
 access-profile-name profile-name;
 vrf-name vrf-name;
 }
 immediate-update;
 order [accounting-method];
 send-acct-status-on-config-change;
 statistics (time | volume-time);
 update-interval minutes;
 wait-for-acct-on-ack;
 }
 accounting-order (radius | [accounting-order-data-list]);
 authentication-order [authentication-methods];
 client client-name {
 chap-secret chap-secret;
 group-profile profile-name;
 ike {
 allowed-proxy-pair {
 remote remote-proxy-address local local-proxy-address;
 }
 pre-shared-key (ascii-text character-string | hexadecimal hexadecimal-digits);
 ike-policy policy-name;
 interface-id string-value;
 }
 l2tp {
 aaa-access-profile profile-name;
 interface-id interface-id;
 lcp-renegotiation;
 local-chap;
 maximum-sessions number;
 maximum-sessions-per-tunnel number;
 multilink {
 drop-timeout milliseconds;
 fragment-threshold bytes;
 }
 override-result-code session-out-of-resource;
 ppp-authentication (chap | pap);
 ppp-profile profile-name;
 service-profile profile-name(parameter)&profile-name;
 sessions-limit-group limit-group-name;
 shared-secret shared-secret;
 }
 }
 }

```

```

pap-password pap-password;
ppp {
 cell-overhead;
 encapsulation-overhead bytes;
 framed-ip-address ip-address;
 framed-pool framed-pool;
 idle-timeout seconds;
 interface-id interface-id;
 keepalive seconds;
 primary-dns primary-dns;
 primary-wins primary-wins;
 secondary-dns secondary-dns;
 secondary-wins secondary-wins;
}
user-group-profile profile-name;
}
domain-name-server;
domain-name-server-inet;
domain-name-server-inet6;
local {
 flat-file-profile profile-name;
}
preauthentication-order preauthentication-method;
provisioning-order (gx-plus | jsr | pcrf);
radius {
 accounting-server [ip-address];
 attributes {
 exclude {
 attribute-name packet-type;
 standard-attribute number {
 packet-type [access-request | accounting-off | accounting-on | accounting-start
 | accounting-stop];
 }
 vendor-id id-number {
 vendor-attribute vsa-number {
 packet-type [access-request | accounting-off | accounting-on | accounting-start
 | accounting-stop];
 }
 }
 }
 }
 ignore {
 dynamic-iflset-name;
 framed-ip-netmask;
 idle-timeout;
 input-filter;
 logical-system:routing-instance;
 output-filter;
 session-timeout;
 standard-attribute number;
 vendor-id id-number {
 vendor-attribute vsa-number;
 }
 }
}
authentication-server [ip-address];
options {

```

```

accounting-session-id-format (decimal | description);
calling-station-id-delimiter delimiter-character;
calling-station-id-format {
 agent-circuit-id;
 agent-remote-id;
 interface-description;
 interface-text-description;
 mac-address;
 nas-identifier;
 stacked-vlan;
 vlan;
}
chap-challenge-in-request-authenticator;
client-accounting-algorithm (direct | round-robin);
client-authentication-algorithm (direct | round-robin);
coa-dynamic-variable-validation;
ethernet-port-type-virtual;
interface-description-format {
 exclude-adapter;
 exclude-channel;
 exclude-sub-interface;
}
juniper-dsl-attributes;
nas-identifier identifier-value;
nas-port-extended-format {
 adapter-width width;
 ae-width width;
 port-width width;
 pw-width width;
 slot-width width;
 stacked-vlan-width width;
 vlan-width width;
 atm {
 adapter-width width;
 port-width width;
 slot-width width;
 vci-width width;
 vpi-width width;
 }
}
nas-port-id-delimiter delimiter-character;
nas-port-id-format {
 agent-circuit-id;
 agent-remote-id;
 interface-description;
 interface-text-description;
 nas-identifier;
 order {
 agent-circuit-id;
 agent-remote-id;
 interface-description;
 interface-text-description;
 nas-identifier;
 postpend-vlan-tags;
 }
 postpend-vlan-tags;
}

```

```
 }
 nas-port-type {
 ethernet {
 port-type;
 }
 }
 revert-interval interval;
 service-activation {
 dynamic-profile (optional-at-login | required-at-login);
 extensible-service (optional-at-login | required-at-login);
 }
 vlan-nas-port-stacked-format;
}
preauthentication-server ip-address;
}
radius-server server-address {
 accounting-port port-number;
 accounting-retry number;
 accounting-timeout seconds;
 dynamic-request-port
 port port-number;
 preauthentication-port port-number;
 preauthentication-secret password;
 retry attempts;
 routing-instance routing-instance-name;
 secret password;
 max-outstanding-requests value;
 source-address source-address;
 timeout seconds;
}
service {
 accounting {
 statistics (time | volume-time);
 update-interval minutes;
 }
 accounting-order (activation-protocol | local | radius);
}
session-options {
 client-idle-timeout minutes;
 client-idle-timeout-ingress-only;
 client-session-timeout minutes;
 strip-user-name {
 delimiter [delimiter];
 parse-direction (left-to-right | right-to-left);
 }
}
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access]

**Release Information** Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.

**Description** Configure PPP CHAP, or a profile and its subscriber access, L2TP, or PPP properties.

**Options** *profile-name*—Name of the profile.

For CHAP, the name serves as the mapping between peer identifiers and CHAP secret keys. This entity is queried for the secret key whenever a CHAP challenge or response is received.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**Level** admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

- Related Documentation**
- *Configuring the PPP Authentication Protocol*
  - *Configuring Access Profiles for L2TP or PPP Parameters*
  - *Configuring L2TP Properties for a Client-Specific Profile*
  - *Configuring an L2TP Access Profile on the LNS*
  - *Configuring an L2TP LNS with Inline Service Interfaces*
  - *Configuring PPP Properties for a Client-Specific Profile*
  - [Configuring Service Accounting with JSRC on page 866](#)
  - *Configuring Service Accounting in Local Flat Files*
  - [AAA Service Framework Overview on page 3](#)

## process-inform

**Syntax**    process-inform {  
                  pool *pool-name*;  
                  }

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server [overrides](#)],  
[edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 [overrides](#)],  
[edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group *group-name* [overrides](#)],  
[edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group *group-name* interface *interface-name* [overrides](#)],  
[edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* [overrides](#)],  
[edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* interface *interface-name* [overrides](#)],  
[edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server [overrides](#)],  
[edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 [overrides](#)],  
[edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group *group-name* [overrides](#)],  
[edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group *group-name* interface *interface-name* [overrides](#)],  
[edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* [overrides](#)],  
[edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* interface *interface-name* [overrides](#)],  
[edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server [overrides](#)],  
[edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 [overrides](#)],  
[edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group *group-name* [overrides](#)],  
[edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group *group-name* interface *interface-name* [overrides](#)],  
[edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* [overrides](#)],  
[edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* interface *interface-name* [overrides](#)],  
[edit system services dhcp-local-server [overrides](#)],  
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 [overrides](#)],  
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group *group-name* [overrides](#)],  
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group *group-name* interface *interface-name* [overrides](#)],  
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* [overrides](#)],  
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group *group-name* interface *interface-name* [overrides](#)]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.  
Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Description</b>              | Enable the processing of DHCP information request messages (DHCPINFORM for DHCPv4 and INFORMATION-REQUEST for DHCPv6) sent from the client to request DHCP options. For DHCP local servers, the messages are also passed to the configured server list.<br><br>The remaining statement is explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> . |
| <b>Default</b>                  | Information request messages are not processed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Enabling Processing of Client Information Requests on page 308</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 351</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                 |

## protocol-master

**Syntax** protocol-master (inet | inet6);

**Hierarchy Level** [edit bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay **dhcpcv6 group** *group-name* **dual-stack-group** *dual-stack-group-name* ],  
 [edit bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay **dual-stack-group** *dual-stack-group-name* ],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpcv6 group *name* **dual-stack-group** *dual-stack-group-name* ],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay **dual-stack-group** *dual-stack-group-name* ],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpcv6 group *name* **dual-stack-group** *dual-stack-group-name* ],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay **dual-stack-group** *dual-stack-group-name* ],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpcv6 group *name* **dual-stack-group** *dual-stack-group-name* ],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dual-stack-group ],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpcv6 group *name* **dual-stack-group** *dual-stack-group-name* ],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay **dual-stack-group** *dual-stack-group-name* ],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpcv6 group *name* **dual-stack-group** *dual-stack-group-name* ],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay **dual-stack-group** *dual-stack-group-name* ],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* system services dhcp-local-server **dual-stack-group** *dual-stack-group-name* ],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* vlans *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpcv6 group *name* **dual-stack-group** *dual-stack-group-name* ],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* vlans *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay **dual-stack-group** *dual-stack-group-name* ],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* system services dhcp-local-server **dual-stack-group** *dual-stack-group-name* ],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* vlans *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpcv6 group *name* **dual-stack-group** *dual-stack-group-name* ],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* vlans *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay **dual-stack-group** *dual-stack-group-name* ],  
 [edit routing-instances *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpcv6 group *name* **dual-stack-group** *dual-stack-group-name* ],  
 [edit routing-instances *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay **dual-stack-group** *dual-stack-group-name* ],  
 [edit routing-instances *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpcv6 group *name* **dual-stack-group** *dual-stack-group-name* ],  
 [edit routing-instances *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay **dual-stack-group** *dual-stack-group-name* ],  
 [edit routing-instances *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay **dual-stack-group** *dual-stack-group-name* ],  
 [edit routing-instances *name* system services dhcp-local-server **dual-stack-group** *dual-stack-group-name* ],  
 [edit routing-instances *name* vlans *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpcv6 group *name* **dual-stack-group** *dual-stack-group-name* ],  
 [edit routing-instances *name* vlans *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay **dual-stack-group** *dual-stack-group-name* ],  
 [edit system services **dhcp-local-server** **dual-stack-group** *dual-stack-group-name* ],



```
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group name dual-stack-group
 dual-stack-group-name],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name
]
```

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.3.

**Description** Select family as protocol master.

**Options** **inet**—INET family has protocol master behavior.

**inet6**—INET6 family has protocol master behavior.

**Required Privilege Level** system—To view this statement in the configuration.  
system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Attaching Access Profiles on page 148](#)
- [Attaching Access Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces or DHCP Client Interfaces on page 362](#)
- *Configuring Access Components for the DHCP Layer 3 Wholesale Network Solution*
- *Configuring Access Components for the PPPoE Wholesale Network Solution*
- *Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces or DHCP Client Interfaces*

## protocols (Dynamic Profiles)

```

Syntax protocols {
 igmp {
 interface interface-name {
 accounting;
 disable;
 group-limit limit;
 group-policy;
 group-threshold value;
 immediate-leave
 log-interval seconds;
 no-accounting;
 oif-map;
 passive;
 promiscuous-mode;
 ssm-map ssm-map-name;
 ssm-map-policy ssm-map-policy-name
 static {
 group group {
 source source;
 }
 }
 version version;
 }
 }
 mld {
 interface interface-name {
 (accounting | no-accounting);
 disable;
 group-limit limit;
 group-policy;
 group-threshold value;
 immediate-leave;
 log-interval seconds;
 oif-map;
 passive;
 ssm-map ssm-map-name;
 ssm-map-policy ssm-map-policy-name;
 static {
 group multicast-group-address {
 exclude;
 group-count number;
 group-increment increment;
 source ip-address {
 source-count number;
 source-increment increment;
 }
 }
 }
 version version;
 }
 }
 router-advertisement {

```

```

interface interface-name {
 current-hop-limit number;
 default-lifetime seconds;
 (managed-configuration | no-managed-configuration);
 max-advertisement-interval seconds;
 min-advertisement-interval seconds;
 (other-stateful-configuration | no-other-stateful-configuration);
 prefix prefix;
 reachable-time milliseconds;
 retransmit-timer milliseconds;
}
}
}

```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.  
Support at the [edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* protocols mld] and [edit dynamic-profiles *profile-name* protocols router-advertisement] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.

**Description** Enable IGMP on the router. IGMP must be enabled for the router to receive multicast packets.

**Default** IGMP is disabled on the router. IGMP is automatically enabled on all broadcast interfaces when you configure Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) or Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP).

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- *Configuring IGMP*
- *Examples: Configuring MLD*

## provisioning-order Diameter Applications)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | provisioning-order (gx-plus   jsrc   pcrf);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">profile</a> <i>profile-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.</p> <p>Support for Gx-Plus introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2X50-D10 for EX Series switches.</p> <p><b>pcrf</b> option added in Junos OS Release 16.2.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure AAA to use the specified application for subscriber service provisioning.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>gx-plus</b>—Specify Gx-Plus as the application used to communicate with a PCRF server for subscriber service provisioning. Sets the Subscription-Id-Type Diameter AVP sub-attribute (450) to 4 (END_USER_PRIVATE) and sets the Subscription-Id-Data Diameter AVP sub-attribute (444) to <b>reserved</b>. Both of these sub-attributes are conveyed in the Diameter AVP Subscription-ID (443) by a CCR-I message.</p> <p><b>jsrc</b>—Specify JSRC as the application used to communicate with the SAE for subscriber service provisioning. JSRC is used in an SRC environment to request services from the SAE for an authenticated subscriber. JSRC attempts to activate these services. If successful, JSRC returns an ACK message. If unsuccessful, the subscriber is denied access.</p> <p><b>pcrf</b>—Specify Policy Control and Charging Rules Function (PCRF) as the application used to request provisioning from the PCRF server over the Gx protocol. If you change this configuration, any existing subscriber sessions are unaffected.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring JSRC on page 857</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Provisioning Subscribers with JSRC on page 860</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Gx-Plus on page 800</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Provisioning Subscribers with Gx-Plus on page 803</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## proxy-mode

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | proxy-mode;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Enable DHCP relay proxy mode on the extended DHCP relay. Proxy mode supports all extended DHCP relay functionality.</p> <p>You cannot configure both the DHCP relay proxy and the extended DHCP local server on the same interface.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">DHCP Relay Proxy Overview on page 273</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Enabling DHCP Relay Proxy Mode on page 401</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## qos-adjust

---

|                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>List of Syntax</b>                                 | <a href="#">For Junos OS Release 17.3 and Earlier Releases on page 1422</a><br><a href="#">For Junos OS Release 17.4 and Later Releases on page 1422</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>For Junos OS Release 17.3 and Earlier Releases</b> | <pre>qos-adjust {<br/>  adsl-bytes <i>bytes</i>;<br/>  adsl2-bytes <i>bytes</i>;<br/>  adsl2-plus-bytes <i>bytes</i>;<br/>  other-bytes;<br/>  other-overhead-adjust;<br/>  sdsl-bytes <i>bytes</i>;<br/>  sdsl-overhead-adjust <i>percentage</i>;<br/>  vdsl-bytes <i>bytes</i>;<br/>  vdsl-overhead-adjust <i>percentage</i>;<br/>  vdsl2-bytes <i>bytes</i>;<br/>  vdsl2-overhead-adjust <i>percentage</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>For Junos OS Release 17.4 and Later Releases</b>   | <pre>qos-adjust;</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                | [edit protocols <a href="#">anccp</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>                            | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.<br>Subordinate statements deprecated in Junos OS Release 17.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>                                    | <p>Specify that the ANCP agent reports data rates for downstream traffic to CoS. When this statement is not configured, the ANCP agent does not report traffic rates to CoS.</p> <p>For Junos OS Release 17.3 and earlier releases, configure the values by which the actual downstream data rates are adjusted. The remaining statements are explained separately. Search for a statement in <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> or click a linked statement in the Syntax section for details.</p> <p>Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4, all of the previously supported subordinate statements are deprecated. The ANCP agent ignores them if they are present. This means that when you upgrade from Junos OS Release 17.3 or earlier with an existing configuration, you must reconfigure your adjustments with the <a href="#">access-line</a> statement at the [edit system] hierarchy level.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                       | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                          | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the ANCP Agent to Report Traffic Rates to CoS on page 735</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Traffic Rate Reporting and Adjustment by the ANCP Agent on page 729</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

qos-adjust-adsl

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax              | qos-adjust-adsl <i>adjustment-factor</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Hierarchy Level     | [edit protocols ancp]                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Release Information | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.<br>Statement deprecated in Junos OS Release 17.4R1.                                                                                                                      |
| Description         | Configure an adjustment factor that is applied globally to the downstream and upstream data rates reported by the ANCP agent for all subscribers on an ADSL line. The ANCP agent reports the adjusted rate only to AAA. |



**NOTE:** Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the `adsl-total-adjust` option of the `access-line` statement at the `[edit system]` hierarchy level. The ANCP agent ignores the `qos-adjust-adsl` statement if it is present. This means that when you upgrade from Junos OS Release 17.3 or earlier with an existing configuration, you must reconfigure your adjustment with the `access-line` statement.

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Options                  | <i>adjustment-factor</i> —Adjustment factor applied to upstream and downstream data rates for the DSL type.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 100 percent<br><b>Default:</b> 100 percent |
| Required Privilege Level | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                               |

| Release History Table | Release | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-----------------------|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                       | 17.4R1  | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the <b>adsl-total-adjust</b> option of the <code>access-line</code> statement at the <code>[edit system]</code> hierarchy level. |

|                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Setting a Global Adjustment Factor per DSL Subscriber Line for ANCP Agent-Reported Traffic Rates on page 739</li><li>Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700</li></ul> |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## qos-adjust-adsl2

**Syntax** `qos-adjust-adsl2 adjustment-factor;`

**Hierarchy Level** `[edit protocols ancp]`

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.  
Statement deprecated in Junos OS Release 17.4R1.

**Description** Configure an adjustment factor that is applied globally to the downstream and upstream data rates reported by the ANCP agent for all subscribers on an ADSL2 line. The ANCP agent reports the adjusted rate only to AAA.



**NOTE:** Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the `adsl2-total-adjust` option of the [access-line](#) statement at the `[edit system]` hierarchy level. The ANCP agent ignores the `qos-adjust-adsl2` statement if it is present. This means that when you upgrade from Junos OS Release 17.3 or earlier with an existing configuration, you must reconfigure your adjustment with the [access-line](#) statement.

**Options** *adjustment-factor*—Adjustment factor applied to upstream and downstream data rates for the DSL type.

**Range:** 0 through 100 percent

**Default:** 100 percent

**Required Privilege Level** routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

### Release History Table

| Release | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 17.4R1  | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the <b>adsl2-total-adjust</b> option of the <a href="#">access-line</a> statement at the <code>[edit system]</code> hierarchy level. |

- Related Documentation**
- [Setting a Global Adjustment Factor per DSL Subscriber Line for ANCP Agent-Reported Traffic Rates on page 739](#)
  - [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)



## qos-adjust-adsl2-plus

**Syntax** `qos-adjust-adsl2-plus adjustment-factor;`

**Hierarchy Level** `[edit protocols ancp]`

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.  
Statement deprecated in Junos OS Release 17.4R1.

**Description** Configure an adjustment factor that is applied globally to the downstream and upstream data rates reported by the ANCP agent for all subscribers on an ADSL2+ line. The ANCP agent reports the adjusted rate only to AAA.



**NOTE:** Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the `adsl2-plus-total-adjust` option of the `access-line` statement at the `[edit system]` hierarchy level. The ANCP agent ignores the `qos-adjust-adsl2-plus` statement if it is present. This means that when you upgrade from Junos OS Release 17.3 or earlier with an existing configuration, you must reconfigure your adjustment with the `access-line` statement.

**Options** *adjustment-factor*—Adjustment factor applied to upstream and downstream data rates for the DSL type.

**Range:** 0 through 100 percent

**Default:** 100 percent

**Required Privilege Level** routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

### Release History Table

| Release | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 17.4R1  | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the <code>adsl2-plus-total-adjust</code> option of the <code>access-line</code> statement at the <code>[edit system]</code> hierarchy level. |

- Related Documentation**
- [Setting a Global Adjustment Factor per DSL Subscriber Line for ANCP Agent-Reported Traffic Rates on page 739](#)
  - [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)

## qos-adjust-other

**Syntax** `qos-adjust-other adjustment-factor;`

**Hierarchy Level** `[edit protocols ancp]`

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.  
Statement deprecated in Junos OS Release 17.4R1.

**Description** Configure an adjustment factor that is applied globally to the downstream and upstream data rates reported by the ANCP agent for all subscribers on an access line of DSL type OTHER. The ANCP agent reports the adjusted rate only to AAA.

The router reports some access technology types—such as Gigabit passive optical network (GPON) lines—as DSL type OTHER.



**NOTE:** Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the `other-total-adjust` option of the `access-line` statement at the `[edit system]` hierarchy level. The ANCP agent ignores the `qos-adjust-other` statement if it is present. This means that when you upgrade from Junos OS Release 17.3 or earlier with an existing configuration, you must reconfigure your adjustment with the `access-line` statement.

**Options** `adjustment-factor`—Adjustment factor applied to upstream and downstream data rates for the DSL type.

**Range:** 0 through 100 percent

**Default:** 100 percent

**Required Privilege Level** routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

### Release History Table

| Release | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 17.4R1  | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the <b>other-total-adjust</b> option of the <code>access-line</code> statement at the <code>[edit system]</code> hierarchy level. |

- Related Documentation**
- [Setting a Global Adjustment Factor per DSL Subscriber Line for ANCP Agent-Reported Traffic Rates on page 739](#)
  - [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)

qos-adjust-sdsl

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax              | qos-adjust-sdsl <i>adjustment-factor</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Hierarchy Level     | [edit protocols ancp]                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Release Information | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.<br>Statement deprecated in Junos OS Release 17.4R1.                                                                                                                      |
| Description         | Configure an adjustment factor that is applied globally to the downstream and upstream data rates reported by the ANCP agent for all subscribers on an SDSL line. The ANCP agent reports the adjusted rate only to AAA. |



**NOTE:** Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the `sdsl-total-adjust` option of the [access-line](#) statement at the `[edit system]` hierarchy level. The ANCP agent ignores the `qos-adjust-sdsl` statement if it is present. This means that when you upgrade from Junos OS Release 17.3 or earlier with an existing configuration, you must reconfigure your adjustment with the [access-line](#) statement.

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Options                  | <i>adjustment-factor</i> —Adjustment factor applied to upstream and downstream data rates for the DSL type.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 100 percent<br><b>Default:</b> 100 percent |
| Required Privilege Level | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                               |

| Release History Table | <table><tr><th>Release</th><th>Description</th></tr><tr><td>17.4R1</td><td>Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the <b>sdsl-total-adjust</b> option of the <a href="#">access-line</a> statement at the <b>[edit system]</b> hierarchy level.</td></tr></table> | Release | Description | 17.4R1 | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the <b>sdsl-total-adjust</b> option of the <a href="#">access-line</a> statement at the <b>[edit system]</b> hierarchy level. |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|-------------|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Release               | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |         |             |        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 17.4R1                | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the <b>sdsl-total-adjust</b> option of the <a href="#">access-line</a> statement at the <b>[edit system]</b> hierarchy level.                                                                                              |         |             |        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

|                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Related Documentation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Setting a Global Adjustment Factor per DSL Subscriber Line for ANCP Agent-Reported Traffic Rates on page 739</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700</a></li></ul> |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## qos-adjust-vdsl

**Syntax** `qos-adjust-vdsl adjustment-factor;`

**Hierarchy Level** `[edit protocols ancp]`

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.  
Statement deprecated in Junos OS Release 17.4R1.

**Description** Configure an adjustment factor that is applied globally to the downstream and upstream data rates reported by the ANCP agent for all subscribers on a VDSL line. The ANCP agent reports the adjusted rate only to AAA.



**NOTE:** Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the `vdsl-total-adjust` option of the [access-line](#) statement at the `[edit system]` hierarchy level. The ANCP agent ignores the `qos-adjust-vdsl` statement if it is present. This means that when you upgrade from Junos OS Release 17.3 or earlier with an existing configuration, you must reconfigure your adjustment with the [access-line](#) statement.

**Options** *adjustment-factor*—Adjustment factor applied to upstream and downstream data rates for the DSL type.

**Range:** 0 through 100 percent

**Default:** 100 percent

**Required Privilege Level** routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

### Release History Table

| Release | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 17.4R1  | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the <b>vdsl-total-adjust</b> option of the <a href="#">access-line</a> statement at the <b>[edit system]</b> hierarchy level. |

- Related Documentation**
- [Setting a Global Adjustment Factor per DSL Subscriber Line for ANCP Agent-Reported Traffic Rates on page 739](#)
  - [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)

## qos-adjust-vdsl2

**Syntax** `qos-adjust-vdsl2 adjustment-factor;`

**Hierarchy Level** `[edit protocols ancp]`

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.  
Statement deprecated in Junos OS Release 17.4R1.

**Description** Configure an adjustment factor that is applied globally to the downstream and upstream data rates reported by the ANCP agent for all subscribers on a VDSL2 line. The ANCP agent reports the adjusted rate only to AAA.



**NOTE:** Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the `vdsl2-total-adjust` option of the [access-line](#) statement at the `[edit system]` hierarchy level. The ANCP agent ignores the `qos-adjust-vdsl2` statement if it is present. This means that when you upgrade from Junos OS Release 17.3 or earlier with an existing configuration, you must reconfigure your adjustment with the [access-line](#) statement.

**Options** *adjustment-factor*—Adjustment factor applied to upstream and downstream data rates for the DSL type.

**Range:** 0 through 100 percent

**Default:** 100 percent

**Required Privilege Level** routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

### Release History Table

| Release | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 17.4R1  | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the <b>vdsl2-total-adjust</b> option of the <a href="#">access-line</a> statement at the <b>[edit system]</b> hierarchy level. |

- Related Documentation**
- [Setting a Global Adjustment Factor per DSL Subscriber Line for ANCP Agent-Reported Traffic Rates on page 739](#)
  - [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)

## radius (Access Profile)

---

```
Syntax radius {
 accounting-server [ip-address];
 attributes {
 exclude
 attribute-name packet-type;
 standard-attribute number {
 packet-type [access-request | accounting-off | accounting-on | accounting-start |
 accounting-stop];
 }
 vendor-id id-number {
 vendor-attribute vsa-number {
 packet-type [access-request | accounting-off | accounting-on | accounting-start
 | accounting-stop];
 }
 }
 }
 ignore {
 dynamic-iflset-name;
 framed-ip-netmask;
 idle-timeout;
 input-filter;
 logical-system-routing-instance;
 output-filter;
 session-timeout;
 standard-attribute number;
 vendor-id id-number {
 vendor-attribute vsa-number;
 }
 }
}

authentication-server [ip-address];
options {
 accounting-session-id-format (decimal | description);
 calling-station-id-delimiter delimiter-character;
 calling-station-id-format {
 agent-circuit-id;
 agent-remote-id;
 interface-description;
 nas-identifier;
 }
 chap-challenge-in-request-authenticator;
 client-accounting-algorithm (direct | round-robin);
 client-authentication-algorithm (direct | round-robin);
 coa-dynamic-variable-validation;
 ethernet-port-type-virtual;
 interface-description-format {
 exclude-adapter;
 exclude-channel;
 exclude-sub-interface;
 }
 ip-address-change-notify message;
 juniper-dsl-attributes;
```

```

nas-identifier identifier-value;
nas-port-extended-format {
 adapter-width width;
 ae-width width;
 port-width width;
 slot-width width;
 stacked-vlan-width width;
 vlan-width width;
 atm {
 adapter-width width;
 port-width width;
 slot-width width;
 vci-width width;
 vpi-width width;
 }
}
nas-port-id-delimiter delimiter-character;
nas-port-id-format {
 agent-circuit-id;
 agent-remote-id;
 interface-description;
 interface-text-description;
 nas-identifier;
 order {
 agent-circuit-id;
 agent-remote-id;
 interface-description;
 interface-text-description;
 nas-identifier;
 postpend-vlan-tags;
 }
 postpend-vlan-tags;
}
nas-port-type {
 ethernet {
 port-type;
 }
}
revert-interval interval;
service-activation {
 dynamic-profile (optional-at-login | required-at-login);
 extensible-service (optional-at-login | required-at-login);
}
vlan-nas-port-stacked-format;
}
preauthentication-server ip-address;
}

```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access [profile](#) *profile-name*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.  
Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.

**Description** Configure the RADIUS parameters that the router uses for AAA authentication and accounting for subscribers.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 140](#)
- [RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 4](#)



## radius-disconnect (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | radius-disconnect;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> reconfigure <a href="#">trigger</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p> <p>Support at the [edit ... dhcpv6 ...] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure all DHCP clients or only the DHCP clients serviced by the specified group of interfaces to be reconfigured when a RADIUS-initiated disconnect is received by the DHCP client or group of clients. A group configuration takes precedence over a DHCP local server configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Default</b>                  | The client is deleted when a RADIUS-initiated disconnect is received.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Client Reconfiguration of Extended Local Server Clients on page 338</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

- [Configuring Reconfiguration of the Client on Receipt of RADIUS-Initiated Disconnect on page 341](#)

## radius-flow-tap

```

Syntax radius-flow-tap {
 forwarding-class class-name;
 interfaces interface-name;
 multicast-interception;
 policy policy-name {
 inet {
 drop-policy rule-name {
 from {
 apply-groups group-name;
 apply-groups-except group-name;
 destination-address address;
 destination-port port-number;
 dscp dscp-value;
 protocol protocol;
 source-address address;
 source-port port-number;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 inet6 {
 drop-policy rule-name {
 from {
 apply-groups group-name;
 apply-groups-except group-name;
 destination-address address;
 destination-port port-number;
 dscp dscp-value;
 protocol protocol;
 source-address address;
 source-port port-number;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 routing-instance routing-instance-name;
 source-ipv4-address ipv4-address;
)

```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit services]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.

**Description** Assign parameters that are used with the RADIUS flow-tap service for RADIUS-initiated or Dynamic Tasking Control Protocol (DTCP)-initiated subscriber secure policy mirroring.

The RADIUS flow-tap service and the flow-tap service (FlowTapLite) **[edit services flow-tap]** cannot run simultaneously on the same router. Consequently, you cannot run both subscriber secure policy mirroring and FlowTapLite at the same time on the same router in the earlier releases. However, starting in Junos OS Release 17.3R1, subscriber

secure policy mirroring and FlowTapLite are supported to run concurrently on the same router.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** flow-tap—To view this statement in the configuration.  
flow-tap-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Release History Table**

| Release | Description                                                                                                                                            |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 17.3R1  | However, starting in Junos OS Release 17.3R1, subscriber secure policy mirroring and FlowTapLite are supported to run concurrently on the same router. |

**Related Documentation**

- *Subscriber Secure Policy Overview*
- *Configuring Support for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring*
- *Disabling RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring*

## radius-options (Edit Access)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>radius-options {   request-rate <i>rate</i>;   revert-interval <i>seconds</i>;   timeout-grace <i>seconds</i>;   unique-nas-port     chassis-id <i>chassis-id</i>;     chassis-id-width <i>chassis-id-width</i>; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure RADIUS options.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>access—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>access-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Timeout Grace Period to Specify When RADIUS Servers Are Considered Down or Unreachable on page 145</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94</a></li> </ul> |

## radius-options (Interfaces)

---

**Syntax**    radius-options {  
              **nas-port-options** *nas-port-options-name* {  
                  **nas-port-extended-format** {  
                      adapter-width *width*;  
                      ae-width *width*;  
                      port-width *width*;  
                      slot-width *width*;  
                      stacked;  
                      stacked-vlan-width *width*;  
                      vci-width *width*;  
                      vlan-width *width*;  
                      vpi-width *width*;  
                  }  
                  **nas-port-type** *port-type*;  
                  **stacked-vlan-ranges** (*any* | *low-outer-tag-high-outer-tag*),any;  
                  **vlan-ranges** (*any* | *low-tag-high-tag*);  
              }  
          }

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit interfaces *interface-name*]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3.

**Description**    Configure RADIUS options to set the NAS-Port-Type (61) RADIUS IETF attribute, and an extended format for the NAS-Port (5) RADIUS IETF attribute, on a per-physical interface, per-VLAN, or per-stacked VLAN (S-VLAN) basis.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege**    interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**Level**    interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 77](#)
- [Guidelines for Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 76](#)

## radius-server

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <pre>radius-server server-address {     accounting-port port-number;     accounting-retry number;     accounting-timeout seconds;     dynamic-request-port     max-outstanding-requests value;     port port-number;     preauthentication-port port-number;     preauthentication-secret password;     retry attempts;     routing-instance routing-instance-name;     secret password;     source-address source-address;     timeout seconds; }</pre>       |
| Hierarchy Level          | <p>[edit access],</p> <p>[edit access <b>profile</b> <i>profile-name</i>]</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Release Information      | <p>Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches.</p> <p><b>dynamic-request-port</b> option added in Junos OS Release 14.2 for MX Series routers.</p> <p><b>preauthentication-port</b> and <b>preauthentication-secret</b> options added in Junos OS Release 15.1 for MX Series routers.</p> <p>Support for IPv6 <b>server-address</b> introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.</p> |
| Description              | <p>Configure RADIUS for subscriber access management, L2TP, or PPP.</p> <p>To configure multiple RADIUS servers, include multiple <b>radius-server</b> statements. The servers are tried in order and in a round-robin fashion until a valid response is received from one of the servers or until all the configured retry limits are reached.</p>                                                                                                            |
| Options                  | <p><b>server-address</b>—IPv4 or IPv6 address of the RADIUS server.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Required Privilege Level | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Configuring RADIUS Authentication for L2TP</i></li> <li>• <i>Configuring the PPP Authentication Protocol</i></li> <li>• <i>Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 137</i></li> <li>• <i>Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94</i></li> </ul>                                                                                         |

- [show network-access aaa statistics on page 1889](#)
- [clear network-access aaa statistics on page 1654](#)

---

## range (Address-Assignment Pools)

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|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <pre>range <i>range-name</i> {<br/>    high <i>upper-limit</i>;<br/>    low <i>lower-limit</i>;<br/>    prefix-length <i>prefix-length</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit access address-assignment <b>pool</b> <i>pool-name</i> <b>family</b> (inet   inet6)]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.<br>IPv6 support introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Description              | Configure a named range of IPv4 addresses or IPv6 prefixes, used within an address-assignment pool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Options                  | <p><b>high</b> <i>upper-limit</i>—Upper limit of an address range or IPv6 prefix range.</p> <p><b>low</b> <i>lower-limit</i>—Lower limit of an address range or IPv6 prefix range.</p> <p><b>prefix-length</b> <i>prefix-length</i>—Assigned length of the IPv6 prefix.</p> <p><b>range-name</b>—Name assigned to the range of IPv4 addresses or IPv6 prefixes.</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Named Address Range for Dynamic Address Assignment on page 636</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li></ul>                                                                   |



## rapid-commit (DHCPv6 Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | rapid-commit;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6 overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group group-name overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group group-name interface interface-name overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server dhcpv6</a> ...],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server dhcpv6</a> ...],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server dhcpv6</a> ...]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure DHCPv6 local server to recognize the Rapid Commit option (DHCPv6 option 14) in DHCPv6 solicit messages sent from the DHCPv6 client. When rapid commit is enabled for both DHCPv6 local server and the DHCPv6 client, a two-message handshake is used instead of the standard four-message handshake. You can enable rapid commit support on DHCPv6 local server globally, for a named group, or for a specific interface.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Default</b>                  | Rapid commit support is not enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Enabling DHCPv6 Rapid Commit Support on page 489</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Overriding Default DHCP Local Server Configuration Settings on page 351</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## reachable-time (Dynamic Router Advertisement)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>reachable-time <i>milliseconds</i>;</code>                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols router-advertisement interface <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Set the length of time that a node considers a neighbor reachable until another reachability confirmation is received from that neighbor. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>milliseconds</i> —Reachability time limit.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 3,600,000 milliseconds<br><b>Default:</b> 0 milliseconds         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring IPv6 Interfaces and Enabling Neighbor Discovery</a></li></ul>    |

## realm-delimiter (Domain Map)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>realm-delimiter [<i>delimiter-character</i>];</code>                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">domain</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the characters that the router uses to separate usernames from realm names.                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Default</b>                  | none                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>delimiter-character</i> —One or more characters used as delimiters. You can specify a maximum of eight delimiters. You cannot use the semicolon (;) as a delimiter. Do not include spaces between characters.        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Specifying Domain and Realm Name Delimiters on page 202</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Domain and Realm Name Usage for Domain Maps on page 201</a></li></ul> |

## realm-parse-direction (Domain Map)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | realm-parse-direction (left-to-right   right-to-left);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">domain</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the direction in which the router searches for the realm name in a username.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Default</b>                  | left-to-right                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>left-to-right</b>—The router searches starting at the left-most character. When the router reaches a realm delimiter, it uses anything to the left of the delimiter as the realm name.</p> <p><b>right-to-left</b>—The router searches starting at the right-most character. When the router reaches a realm delimiter, it uses anything to the left of the realm as the domain name.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Specifying the Parsing Direction for Domain and Realm Names on page 203</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Domain and Realm Name Usage for Domain Maps on page 201</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                         |

## reauthenticate (DHCP Local Server)

**Syntax**    `reauthenticate (<lease-renewal> <remote-id-mismatch>);`

**Hierarchy Level**    `[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name system services dhcp-local-server],`  
`[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name system services dhcp-local-server`  
`dhcpv6],`  
`[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name system services dhcp-local-server`  
`dual-stack-group name],`  
`[edit logical-systems name system services dhcp-local-server],`  
`[edit logical-systems name system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6],`  
`[edit logical-systems name system services dhcp-local-server dual-stack-group name],`  
`[edit routing-instances name system services dhcp-local-server ],`  
`[edit routing-instances name system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6],`  
`[edit routing-instances name system services dhcp-local-server`  
`dual-stack-group name],`  
`[edit system services dhcp-local-server],`  
`[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6],`  
`[edit system services dhcp-local-server dual-stack-group name]`

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.4R1 on MX Series routers.  
 Support at the `[edit ... system services dhcp-local-server dual-stack-group]` hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 18.1R1.

**Description**    Enable DHCP client reauthentication, that is, trigger `jdhcpd` to request reauthentication from `authd`, which in turn reissues the RADIUS Access-Request for subscriber authentication. The purpose of the reauthentication is to change characteristics of the subscriber session, such as activating subscriber services or changing attributes. You can use reauthentication as an alternative to a RADIUS CoA request.

Starting in Junos OS Release 18.1R1, reauthentication can be triggered by discover and solicit messages in addition to the previously supported renew and rebind messages. The release also introduces reauthentication support for dual-stack, single-session subscribers.

You can specify that reauthentication occurs in response to all DHCP renew, rebind, discover, or solicit messages or only in response to discover and solicit messages that include a new (different) Agent Remote ID for the DHCP client.

You can use the Juniper Networks VSA, Reauthentication-On-Renew (26-206) as an alternative to the CLI configuration to enable reauthentication. The **reauthenticate** statement overrides the VSA when the VSA is present with a value of `disable`.



**NOTE:** Reauthentication for dual-stack, single-session subscribers requires that the `on-demand-address-allocation` statement is configured for the dual-stack group. This is true whether you enable reauthentication with the **reauthenticate** statement or the Reauthenticate-On-Renew VSA (26-206).



**NOTE:** You cannot configure both the `reauthenticate` statement and the `remote-id-mismatch` statement at the global level, `[edit system services dhcp-local-server]`. However, DHCP precedence rules do permit you to configure both statements when they are at different levels. For example, you can configure `reauthenticate` at the global level and `remote-id-mismatch` for DHCPv6 at the `[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]` or for a specific group at the `[edit system services dhcp-local-server group name]` hierarchy level, and so on.



**NOTE:** Reauthentication does not support Extensible Services Subscriber Management (essmd) services. Activation or deactivation of any such service causes the request to fail.

**Options** **lease-renewal**—Reauthenticate when a renew, rebind, discover, or solicit message is received from the DHCP client.

**remote-id-mismatch**—Reauthenticate when a discover or solicit message is received from the DHCP client with a new value for the DHCP client's Agent Remote ID. The change in value corresponds to a change in subscriber service plan. The Agent Remote ID is conveyed in option 82, suboption 2 for DHCPv4 clients and in option 37 for DHCPv6 clients.

**Required Privilege Level** **interface**—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**interface-control**—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Reauthentication for DHCP Local Server on page 107](#)
- [RADIUS Reauthentication As an Alternative to RADIUS CoA for DHCP Subscribers on page 99](#)

## reconfigure (DHCP Local Server)

**Syntax**

```
reconfigure {
 attempts attempt-count;
 clear-on-abort;
 strict;
 support-option-pd-exclude;
 timeout timeout-value;
 token token-value;
 trigger {
 radius-disconnect;
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level**

```
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name routing-instances routing-instance-name system
services dhcp-local-server],
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name routing-instances routing-instance-name system
services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6],
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name routing-instances routing-instance-name system
services dhcp-local-server group group-name],
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name routing-instances routing-instance-name system
services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group group-name],
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name system services dhcp-local-server],
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6],
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name system services dhcp-local-server group
group-name],
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group
group-name],
[edit routing-instances routing-instance-name system services dhcp-local-server],
[edit routing-instances routing-instance-name system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6],
[edit routing-instances routing-instance-name system services dhcp-local-server group
group-name],
[edit routing-instances routing-instance-name system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6
group group-name],
[edit system services dhcp-local-server],
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6],
[edit system services dhcp-local-server group group-name],
[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group group-name]
```

**Release Information**

Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.

Support at the **[edit ... dhcpv6 ...]** hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.

Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.

**support-option-pd-exclude** statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.3 for the MX Series.

**Description**

Enable dynamic reconfiguration triggered by the DHCP local server of all DHCP clients or only the DHCP clients serviced by the specified group of interfaces. A group configuration takes precedence over a DHCP local server configuration. The **strict** statement is available only for DHCPv6.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>support-option-pd-exclude</b> —Request to exclude prefix option in the reconfigure message.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Client Reconfiguration of Extended Local Server Clients on page 338</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Support for DHCPv6 Prefix Exclude Option on page 445</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">dhcp-attributes on page 1100</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">reconfigure on page 1446</a></li> </ul> |

## relay-agent-interface-id (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | relay-agent-interface-id;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the DHCPv6 Relay Agent Interface-ID option (option 18) in the client PDU name is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication or DHCP client authentication process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 312</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## relay-agent-interface-id (DHCPv6 Relay Agent)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>relay-agent-interface-id {<br/>    include-irb-and-l2;<br/>    keep-incoming-interface-id;<br/>    no-vlan-interface-name;<br/>    prefix <i>prefix</i>;<br/>    use-interface-description (logical   device);<br/>    use-option-82;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <pre>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b>],<br/>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6 group</b> <i>group-name</i>],<br/>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dual-stack-group</b> <i>dual-stack-group-name</i>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay dhcpv6</b> ...],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i><br/>    forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> ...],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> ...]</pre> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3 for EX Series switches.</p> <p>Support at the <code>[edit ... <b>dual-stack-group</b> <i>dual-stack-group-name</i>]</code> hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Insert the DHCPv6 Relay Agent Interface-ID option (option 18) in DHCPv6 packets destined for the DHCPv6 server.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">dhcp-relay on page 1109</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270</a></li><li>• <a href="#">DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview on page 495</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Inserting DHCPv6 Interface-ID Option (Option 18) In DHCPv6 Packets on page 498</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |



## relay-agent-interface-id (DHCPv6 Relay Agent Username)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | relay-agent-interface-id;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the DHCPv6 Relay Agent Interface-ID option (option 18) in the client PDU name is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview on page 495</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 312</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

## relay-agent-remote-id (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | relay-agent-remote-id;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p> <p>For MX Series routers only, <b>enterprise-id</b> and <b>remote-id</b> options introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R3.</p> <p>For MX Series routers only, the <b>enterprise-id</b> and <b>remote-id</b> options are obsoleted starting in Junos OS Releases 12.3R7, 13.2R4, 13.3R2, and 14.1R1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the DHCPv6 Relay Agent Remote-ID option (option 37) in the client PDU name is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication or DHCP client authentication process. In order to generate an ASCII version of the username, the router concatenates only the remote-id portion of option 37 to the username, and ignores the enterprise number.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 312</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## relay-agent-remote-id (DHCPv6 Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> relay-agent-remote-id {   include-irb-and-l2;   keep-incoming-interface-id;   no-vlan-interface-name;   prefix <i>prefix</i>;   use-interface-description (logical   device);   use-option-82 &lt;strict&gt;; } </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <pre> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b>], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> <i>group</i> <i>group-name</i>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> ... ], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i>   forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> ... ], [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> ... ] </pre> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify that the DHCPv6 relay agent include Relay Agent Remote-ID (option 37) in DHCPv6 packets destined for a DHCPv6 server. Optionally specify that the option includes a prefix, the interface textual description, or both. In dual-stack environments, you can also specify that the DHCPv6 relay agent use the DHCPv4 option 82 value for DHCPv6 option 37.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview on page 495</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">DHCPv6 Relay Agent Options on page 496</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring DHCPv6 Relay Agent Options on page 496</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                               |

## relay-agent-remote-id (DHCPv6 Relay Agent Username)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | relay-agent-remote-id;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dual-stack-group</a> <i>dual-stack-group-name</i>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p> <p>For MX Series routers only, <b>enterprise-id</b> and <b>remote-id</b> options introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R3.</p> <p>For MX Series routers only, the <b>enterprise-id</b> and <b>remote-id</b> options are obsoleted starting in Junos OS Releases 12.3R7, 13.2R4, 13.3R2, and 14.1R1.</p> <p>Support at the [edit ... <a href="#">dual-stack-group</a> <i>dual-stack-group-name</i>] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the DHCPv6 Relay Agent Remote-ID option (option 37) in the client PDU name is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication or client authentication process. In order to generate an ASCII version of the username, the router concatenates only the remote-id portion of option 37 to the username, and ignores the enterprise number.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview on page 495</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 312</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## relay-agent-subscriber-id (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | relay-agent-subscriber-id;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the DHCPv6 Relay Agent Subscriber-ID option (option 38) in the client PDU name is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 312</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## relay-agent-subscriber-id (DHCPv6 Relay Agent)

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|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | relay-agent-subscriber-id;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the DHCPv6 Relay Agent Subscriber-ID option (option 38) in the client PDU name is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br/>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">DHCPv6 Relay Agent Overview on page 495</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 312</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## relay-option (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> relay-option {   option-number option-number;   default-action {     drop;     forward-only;     local-server-group local-server-group;     relay-server-group relay-server-group;   }   equals (ascii ascii-string   hexadecimal hexadecimal-string) {     drop;     forward-only;     local-server-group local-server-group;     relay-server-group relay-server-group;   }   starts-with (ascii ascii-string   hexadecimal hexadecimal-string) {     drop;     forward-only;     local-server-group local-server-group;     relay-server-group relay-server-group;   } } </pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <pre> [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group group-name], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group group-name], [edit logical-systems logical-system-name forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...], [edit logical-systems logical-system-name routing-instances routing-instance-name   forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...], [edit routing-instances routing-instance-name forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...] </pre>                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure the extended DHCP relay agent selective processing that is based on DHCP options in DHCP client packets and specify the action to perform on client traffic. You can configure support globally or for a named group of interfaces, and for either DHCP or DHCPv6 relay agent.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using DHCP Option Information to Selectively Process DHCP Client Traffic on page 387</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## relay-option-vendor-specific (dhcpv6)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>relay-option-vendor-specific {<br/>    host-name;<br/>    location;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay dhcpv6</a> ],                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Add vendor-specific information to the vendor-specific option (17) field of DHCPv6 control messages on server-facing interfaces. The vendor-specific information can be a hostname, a location (such as a unique connection identifier), or both. The hostname can be a string of characters such as <b>Juniper-AB-1</b>. The location should be specified as interface, VLAN ID, and if applicable, stacked VLAN ID. For example, <b>&lt;ifd-name&gt;:&lt;vlan&gt;</b> (ae0:100) or <b>&lt;ifd-name&gt;:&lt;svlan&gt; -&lt;vlan&gt;</b> (ae0:100-10).</p> <p>Junos OS automatically adds the remaining vendor-specific information as per RFC 4243. The enterprise ID is 2636. The hostname is option-data 1, and the location is option-data 2. The DHCPv6 relay strips the suboption data from replies from the server before it relays the packets out the client facing interface.</p> <p>This feature can be useful, in conjunction with operator-developed tools, for troubleshooting DHCP servers and providing service assurances. For example, a central DHCP server can log the information, and operators can query a single entity to track and troubleshoot subscriber IP information and network attachment points.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |



## relay-option-82

**Syntax**

```

relay-option-82 {
 circuit-id {
 include-irb-and-l2;
 keep-incoming-circuit-id;
 no-vlan-interface-name;
 prefix prefix;
 use-interface-description (logical | device);
 use-vlan-id;
 }
 remote-id {
 include-irb-and-l2;
 keep-incoming-remote-id;
 no-vlan-interface-name;
 prefix prefix;
 use-interface-description (logical | device);
 use-vlan-id;
 }
 server-id-override
 vendor-specific {
 host-name;
 location;
 }
}

```

**Hierarchy Level**

```

[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay],
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group group-name],
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name forwarding-options dhcp-relay],
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group group-name],
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name routing-instances routing-instance-name
 forwarding-options dhcp-relay],
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name routing-instances routing-instance-name
 forwarding-options dhcp-relay group group-name],
[edit routing-instances routing-instance-name forwarding-options dhcp-relay],
[edit routing-instances routing-instance-name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group
 group-name]

```

**Release Information**

Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.  
Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3 for EX Series switches.

**Description**

Enable or disable the insertion of the DHCP relay agent information option (option 82) in DHCP packets destined for a DHCP server.

To enable insertion of option 82 information in DHCP packets, you must specify at least one of the **circuit-id** or **remote-id** statements.

You can use the **relay-option-82** statement and its subordinate statements at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay]** hierarchy level to control insertion of option 82 information globally, or at the **[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group group-name]** hierarchy level to control insertion of option 82 information for a named group of interfaces.

To restore the default behavior (option 82 information is not inserted into DHCP packets), use the **delete relay-option-82** statement.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

**Required Privilege Level** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Using DHCP Relay Agent Option 82 Information on page 379](#)
- [dhcp-relay on page 1109](#)

---

## relay-server-group (DHCP Relay Agent Option)

---

**Syntax** `relay-server-group relay-server-group;`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option ([default-action](#) | [equals](#) | [starts-with](#)),  
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 relay-option ([default-action](#) | [equals](#) | [starts-with](#)),  
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *group-name* relay-option ([default-action](#) | [equals](#) | [starts-with](#)),  
[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group *group-name* relay-option ([default-action](#) | [equals](#) | [starts-with](#)),  
[edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* forwarding-options [dhcp-relay](#) ...],  
[edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options [dhcp-relay](#) ...],  
[edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options [dhcp-relay](#) ...]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3.  
Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.

**Description** Relay DHCP client packets to the specified group of DHCP servers when you use the DHCP relay selective processing feature. You can configure the relay operation globally or for a group of interfaces, and for either DHCP or DHCPv6 relay agent.

**Options** *relay-server-group*—Name of DHCP server group.

**Required Privilege Level** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Using DHCP Option Information to Selectively Process DHCP Client Traffic on page 387](#)

## relay-source

**Syntax** `relay-source interface-name;`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay [overrides](#)],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *group-name* [overrides](#)],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *group-name* interface *interface-name* [overrides](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay [overrides](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *group-name* [overrides](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *group-name* interface *interface-name* [overrides](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay [overrides](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *group-name* [overrides](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *group-name* interface *interface-name* [overrides](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay [overrides](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *group-name* [overrides](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *group-name* interface *interface-name* [overrides](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.

**Description** Configure DHCP relay server to use the configured loopback address as the source address in both the IP header and in DHCP messages relayed to the server.

In network configurations where a firewall on the broadband network gateway (BNG) is between the DHCP relay agent and the DHCP server, only the BNG loopback address passes through the BNG firewall. In that case, DHCP unicast packets do not pass through the firewall and are discarded. This configuration statement places the loopback address in IP headers and DHCP messages, which enables DHCP unicast packets to pass through the firewall to the DHCP server.

**Options** *interface-name*—Specify the loopback interface. The *interface-name* must be `lo0`.

**Required Privilege Level** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
 interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring DHCP Relay Agent Source Address on page 391](#)

## remote-id

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>remote-id <i>value</i> range <i>named-range</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet dhcp-attributes option-match <a href="#">option-82</a> ],<br>[edit access protocol-attributes <i>attribute-set-name</i> option-match <a href="#">option-82</a> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the address-assignment pool named range to use based on the particular option 82 Agent Remote ID value.                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>range <i>named-range</i></b> —Name of the address-assignment pool range to use.<br><br><b>value</b> —String for Agent Remote ID suboption (suboption 2) of the DHCP relay agent information option (option 82) in DHCP packets. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                 |

## remote-id (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre>remote-id {   include-irb-and-l2;   keep-incoming-remote-id;   no-vlan-interface-name;   prefix <i>prefix</i>;   use-interface-description (logical   device);   use-vlan-id; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | <pre>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">relay-option-82</a>], [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">relay-option-82</a>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ... <a href="#">relay-option-82</a>], [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i>  forwarding-options dhcp-relay ... <a href="#">relay-option-82</a>], [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...  <a href="#">relay-option-82</a>]</pre> |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>         | Specify the Agent Remote ID suboption (suboption 2) of the DHCP relay agent information option (option 82) to include in DHCP packets destined for a DHCP server. Optionally specify that the suboption includes a prefix, textual description, or VLAN tag.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |



**NOTE:** For Layer 3 interfaces, when you configure `relay-option-82` only, the Agent Remote ID is the default. If no VLAN tags are configured, then the default is the logical interface device (IFL) name. For integrated routing and bridging (IRB) interfaces, the default is the Layer 2 IFL name and bridge domain name.

The interface to bridge domain relationship may be implicit (the interface is mapped to the bridge domain by the system based on VLAN tag) or explicit (the interface is mapped to the bridge domain by configuring it in the bridge domain definition). For the explicit case, tagging might not be relevant for the mapping.

The format of the Agent Remote ID information for Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces that do not use virtual LANs (VLANs), stacked VLANs (S-VLANs), or bridge domains is as follows:

```
(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port.subunit
```



**NOTE:** For remote systems, the *subunit* is required and is used to differentiate an interface.

The format of the Agent Remote ID information for Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces that use VLANs is as follows:

*(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port:vlan-id*

The format of the Agent Remote ID information for Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces that use S-VLANs is as follows:

*(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port:svlan-id--vlan-id*

In the case of an IRB interface, the format displays the Layer 2 interface instead of the IRB interface along with the bridge domain name. For IRB interfaces (or other pseudo devices) the default format is as follows:

- IRB interfaces that use bridge domains but do not use VLANs or S-VLANs:

*(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port.subunit:bridge-domain-name*

- IRB interfaces that use VLANs:

*(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port.subunit:vlan-name*

To include the IRB interface name with the Layer 2 interface name, configure the **include-irb-and-l2** statement. The format is as follows:

- IRB interfaces that use bridge domains but do not use VLANs or S-VLANs:

*(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port:bridge-domain-name+irb.subunit*

- IRB interfaces that use VLANs:

*(fe | ge)-fpc/pic/port:vlan-name+irb.subunit*

To include only the IRB interface name without the Layer 2 interface and bridge domain or VLAN, configure the **no-vlan-interface-name** statement. The format is as follows:

*irb.subunit*

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

|                                 |                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.                     |
|                                 | interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | • <a href="#">Using DHCP Relay Agent Option 82 Information on page 379</a> |
|                                 | • <a href="#">Configuring Option 82 Information on page 380</a>            |

## remote-id-mismatch (DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Agent)

**Syntax** remote-id-mismatch disconnect;

**Hierarchy Level** [edit forwarding-options [dhcp-relay](#)],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay [dhcpv6](#)],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay [group group-name](#)],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 [group group-name](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* ...],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name*...],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* ...],  
 [edit system services [dhcp-local-server](#)],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server [dhcpv6](#)],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server [group group-name](#)],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 [group group-name](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.

**Description** Configure the DHCP local server or DHCP relay agent to detect a mismatch in the Agent Remote ID value to trigger a new connection request. Information about a subscriber's service plan is encoded in the Agent Remote ID, which is conveyed in option 82, suboption 2, for DHCPv4 clients and in option 37 for DHCPv6 clients. When a subscriber session is activated, the Agent Remote ID value for the authorized service plan is stored in the session database. When you configure **remote-id-mismatch**, the DHCP local server and relay agent inspect incoming renew and rebind messages and compare the Agent Remote ID in the message against the initial value that DHCP stored in the database. When DHCP local server discovers a mismatch between the stored value and the value in the message, DHCP local server sends a NAK to the client and tears down the client binding. If the client is a DHCPv6 client, because DHCPv6 does not support an explicit NAK message, the local server sends a reply packet with lifetime set to 0 to signify a logical NAK.

When DHCP relay agent discovers the mismatch, it sends a NAK or logical NAK (for DHCPv6) to the DHCP client. The relay agent cannot tear down the binding itself, so it sends a release message to the local server, causing the local server to tear down the binding. For this to happen, you must configure the [send-release-on-delete](#) statement on the DHCP relay agent; otherwise it will not send the release message to the local server. In that case, the local server retains the client entry in the database until it times out or the IP address is used for a different binding.



**NOTE:** **remote-id-mismatch** functionality overrides the default DHCP relay agent bind-on-request behavior. By default, when a stray DHCP request is received, that is, one for which there is an entry in the local server database but not in the relay agent database, a complete binding is automatically made with the relay agent and the local server.

The DHCP client initiates renegotiation when it receives the NAK. The changed Agent Remote ID value is conveyed as part of the request, enabling the new service plan to be submitted for authorization.

The **remote-id-mismatch** statement is typically used in an environment that uses local authorization instead of RADIUS authorization.



**NOTE:** You cannot configure both the **remote-id-mismatch** statement and the **reauthenticate** statement at the global level, [edit system services dhcp-local-server]. However, DHCP precedence rules do permit you to configure both statements when they are at different levels. For example, you can configure **reauthenticate** at the global level and **remote-id-mismatch** for DHCPv6 at the [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6] hierarchy level or for a specific group at the [edit system services dhcp-local-server group *name*] hierarchy level, and so on.

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

|                              |                                                                                                                                            |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring DHCP-Initiated Service Change Based on Remote ID on page 397</a></li></ul> |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|



## replace-ip-source-with

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | replace-ip-source-with giaddr;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Replace the IP source address in DHCP relay request and release packets with the gateway IP address (giaddr).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Replacing the DHCP Relay Request and Release Packet Source Address on page 367</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## report-interface-descriptions (Edit Access)

---

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | report-interface-descriptions;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit access]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Description              | Enable storing and reporting of interface descriptions through RADIUS. To disable storing and reporting of interface descriptions, configure the <b>[edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius attributes exclude]</b> statement to exclude the interface description attribute. The description can contain letters, numbers, and hyphens (-), and can be up to 64 characters long.                                      |
| Required Privilege Level | access—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>access-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">exclude on page 1183</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Subscriber Access Interface Description Storage and Reporting Through RADIUS Overview on page 8</a></li></ul> |

## report-local-rule (PCRF Partition)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | report-local-rule;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">pcrf partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure the Policy and Charging Rule Function (PCRF) partition to send local report downstream messages by default. If you configure this statement, this generates the same result as if you enabled the Resource-Allocation-Notification message trigger with the local rule definition.</p> <p>The following example shows predefined rule installation commands, including the Resource-Allocation-Notification command, for Credit Control Answer (CCA-GX) and Reauthorization Request (RAR-GX) messages between the PCRF and Gx:</p> <pre>{ Charging-Rule-Install { Charging-Rule-Name:  "fixed-cos" } { Charging-Rule-Definition: { Charging-Rule-Name:  "firewall" } { Service-Identifier:  10 } { Rating-Group:       292 } { Juniper-Param-V4-Input-Filter: "my_input_filter" } { Juniper-Param-V4-Output-Filter: "my_output_filter" } } [ Resource-Allocation-Notification: ENABLE_NOTIFICATION(0) ] }</pre> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the PCRF Partition on page 840</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Upstream and Downstream Messages for the PCRF on page 831</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## report-resource-allocation (PCRF Partition)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | report-resource-allocation;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit access <a href="#">pcrf partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>         | Configure the Policy and Charging Rule Function (PCRF) partition to generate reports for resource allocation failures by default. If you configure this statement, this generates the same result as if you enabled the Resource-Allocation-Notification message trigger with every rule received from the PCRF. |

The following example shows predefined rule installation commands, including the Resource-Allocation-Notification command, for Credit Control Answer (CCA-GX) and Reauthorization Request (RAR-GX) messages between the PCRF and Gx:

```
{ Charging-Rule-Install
{ Charging-Rule-Name: "fixed-cos" }
{ Charging-Rule-Definition:
{ Charging-Rule-Name: "firewall" }
{ Service-Identifier: 10 }
{ Rating-Group: 292 }
{ Juniper-Param-V4-Input-Filter: "my_input_filter" }
{ Juniper-Param-V4-Output-Filter: "my_output_filter" }
}
[Resource-Allocation-Notification: ENABLE_NOTIFICATION(0)]
}
```




**NOTE:** Some PCRFs may be unable to generate a Resource-Allocation-Notification AVP. As a result, the `report-resource-allocation` statement provides generated reports by default.

For login and update interactions between the PCRF and the Online Charging System (OCS), the OCS sends applicable reports to the PCRF using a CCR-GX-U message. If the service-dynamic-profile instantiation fails, and the Resource-Allocation-Notification (ENABLE\_NOTIFICATION) is set for the charging rule, then the OCS sends a report. The router acknowledges the subscriber activation, allows subscriber traffic to flow, and continues to repeat the process.

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the PCRF Partition on page 840</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li> </ul> |

- [Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812](#)
- [Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825](#)
- [Understanding Upstream and Downstream Messages for the PCRF on page 831](#)

## report-successful-resource-allocation (PCRF Partition)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | report-successful-resource-allocation;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">pcrf partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure the Policy and Charging Rule Function (PCRF) partition to generate reports for both resource allocation successes and failures by default. If you configure this statement, this generates the same result as if you enabled the Successful-Resource-Allocation-Notification message trigger with every CCA-GX-I, CCA-GX-U, and RAR-GX-A message.</p> <p>The following example shows a predefined event trigger command for CCA-GX and RAR-GX messages between the PCRF and Gx:</p> <pre>{ Event-Trigger: SUCCESSFUL_RESOURCE_ALLOCATION(22) }</pre> <p>If the SUCCESSFUL_RESOURCE_ALLOCATION (22) trigger value exists in the downstream data, the Broadband Policy and Charging Enforcement Function (PCEF) reports successful installations of rules marked with Resource-Allocation-Notification AVP in the Charging-Rule-Install AVP.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 10px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p> <b>NOTE:</b> Some PCRFs may be unable to generate this event trigger. As a result, the <code>report-successful-resource-allocation</code> statement provides generated reports by default.</p> </div> <p>For login and update interactions between the PCRF and the Online Charging System (OCS), the OCS sends applicable reports to the PCRF using a CCR-GX-U message. If the service-dynamic-profile instantiation succeeds, and the Resource-Allocation-Notification (ENABLE_NOTIFICATION) is set for the charging rule, and the SUCCESSFUL_RESOURCE_ALLOCATION event trigger is set in the request, then the OCS sends a report.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the PCRF Partition on page 840</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

- [Understanding Upstream and Downstream Messages for the PCRF on page 831](#)

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## request-max-tcp-connections (System Process)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>request-max-tcp-connections</code> <i>max-tcp-connections</i> ;                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system processes <a href="#">dhcp-service</a> ]                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the number of simultaneous TCP connections that the DHCP relay can request when sending bulk leasequery messages to DHCP servers.                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>max-tcp-connections</i> —Number of simultaneous connections.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 10<br><b>Default:</b> 3                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—to view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—to add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring and Using DHCP Individual Leasequery on page 297</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring and Using DHCP Bulk Leasequery on page 300</a></li></ul> |

## [request network-access aaa replay pending-accounting-stops](#)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | request network-access aaa replay pending-accounting-stops                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 13.1.                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Force the router to attempt contact with the accounting sever immediately, rather than allowing it to wait until the periodic interval has expired.                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | This command has no options.                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Forcing the Router to Contact the Accounting Server Immediately on page 139</a></li><li>• <a href="#">show accounting pending-accounting-stops on page 1699</a></li></ul> |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">request network-access aaa replay pending-accounting-stops on page 1472</a>                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.                                                                                                                                         |

### Sample Output

#### [request network-access aaa replay pending-accounting-stops](#)

```
user@host> request network-access aaa replay pending-accounting-stops
replay started
```



## request network-access aaa subscriber add session-id

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>request network-access aaa subscriber add session-id <i>subscriber-session-id</i> service-profile <i>profile-name</i></code>                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Locally activate a dynamic subscriber service for a subscriber who is currently logged in to the network.                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>profile-name</i></b>—Name of service-profile to activate.</p> <p><b><i>subscriber-session-id</i></b>—ID of the subscriber session for which the service will be added.</p>                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">CLI-Activated Subscriber Services on page 661</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Activating and Deactivating Subscriber Services Locally with the CLI on page 662</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">request network-access aaa subscriber delete session-id on page 1475</a></li> </ul> |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">request network-access aaa subscriber add session-id service-profile on page 1474</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request. <a href="#">Table 77 on page 1473</a> lists possible error messages that might be returned if the service activation fails.                                                                                                             |

**Table 77: Service Activation/Deactivation Error Messages**

| Message                                             | Description                                                                 | Corrective Action                                                                                   |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Command failed: <i>reason</i>                       | —                                                                           | —                                                                                                   |
| Error: AUTHD ISSU in progress                       | A unified ISSU operation is active.                                         | Wait until the unified ISSU operation completes and then retry the service activation/deactivation. |
| Provisioning is already active                      | Remote provisioning by a JSRC server or Gx-plus server is active.           | —                                                                                                   |
| Service activation/deactivation already in progress | Another service activation/deactivation operation is currently in progress. | Wait until the active operation completes and then retry the activation/deactivation operation.     |

Table 77: Service Activation/Deactivation Error Messages (*continued*)

| Message                                                   | Description                  | Corrective Action                                                                                      |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Session identifier is not for a subscriber session</b> | The session ID is incorrect. | Verify the correct session ID for the subscriber and then retry the activation/deactivation operation. |

---

## Sample Output

**request network-access aaa subscriber add session-id service-profile**

```
user@host> request network-access aaa subscriber add session-id 49 service-profile
service-bronze
Successful completion
```

## request network-access aaa subscriber delete session-id

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>request network-access aaa subscriber delete session-id <i>subscriber-session-id</i> service-profile <i>profile-name</i></code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Deactivate a dynamic subscriber service for a subscriber who is currently logged in to the network.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>profile-name</i></b>—Name of the service-profile to deactivate. To deactivate a single instance of a subscriber service that has multiple instances, you can specify the service-profile name and its service parameters.</p> <p><b><i>subscriber-session-id</i></b>—ID of the subscriber session for which the service will be deleted.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">CLI-Activated Subscriber Services on page 661</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Activating and Deactivating Subscriber Services Locally with the CLI on page 662</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Deactivating a Single Instance of a Subscriber Service with Multiple Instances on page 671</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Deactivating All Instances of a Subscriber Service with Multiple Instances on page 674</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">request network-access aaa subscriber add session-id on page 1473</a></li> </ul> |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <p><a href="#">request network-access aaa subscriber delete session-id service-profile on page 1476</a></p> <p><a href="#">request network-access aaa subscriber delete session-id service-profile (Deactivating a Single Server Instance) on page 1476</a></p> <p><a href="#">request network-access aaa subscriber delete session-id service-profile (Deactivating All Server Instances) on page 1476</a></p>                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request. <a href="#">Table 78 on page 1475</a> lists possible error messages that might be returned if the service deactivation fails.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

**Table 78: Service Activation/Deactivation Error Messages**

| Message                              | Description                                      | Corrective Action                                                                                   |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Command failed: <i>reason</i></b> | Error condition that caused the command to fail. | Correct the error condition.                                                                        |
| <b>Error: AUTHD ISSU in progress</b> | A unified ISSU operation is active.              | Wait until the unified ISSU operation completes and then retry the service activation/deactivation. |

Table 78: Service Activation/Deactivation Error Messages (*continued*)

| Message                                                    | Description                                                                 | Corrective Action                                                                                      |
|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Provisioning is already active</b>                      | Remote provisioning by a JSRC server or Gx-plus server is active.           | Disable provisioning.                                                                                  |
| <b>Service activation/deactivation already in progress</b> | Another service activation/deactivation operation is currently in progress. | Wait until the active operation completes and then retry the activation/deactivation operation.        |
| <b>Session identifier is not for a subscriber session</b>  | The session ID is incorrect.                                                | Verify the correct session ID for the subscriber and then retry the activation/deactivation operation. |

## Sample Output

### request network-access aaa subscriber delete session-id service-profile

```
user@host> request network-access aaa subscriber delete session-id 49 service-profile
service-silver
Successful completion
```

### request network-access aaa subscriber delete session-id service-profile (Deactivating a Single Server Instance)

```
user@host> request network-access aaa subscriber delete session-id 6 service-profile
economy-service(up-filter,down-filter)
Successful completion
```

### request network-access aaa subscriber delete session-id service-profile (Deactivating All Server Instances)

```
user@host> request network-access aaa subscriber delete session-id 6 service-profile
economy-service
Successful completion
```

## request network-access aaa subscriber modify session-id

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>request network-access aaa subscriber modify session-id <i>subscriber-session-id</i> <i>predefined-variable</i> <i>variable-option</i></code>                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Modify a predefined variable that is applied to a subscriber who is currently logged in to the network.                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>predefined-variable</i></b>—Name of the predefined variable that you want to modify.</p> <p><b><i>subscriber-session-id</i></b>—ID of the subscriber session.</p> <p><b><i>variable-option</i></b>—Name of the variable option that you want to apply to the predefined variable.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using the CLI to Modify Traffic-Control Profiles That Are Currently Applied to Subscribers on page 665</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">CLI-Activated Subscriber Services on page 661</a></li> </ul>                                            |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">request network-access aaa subscriber modify session-id on page 1477</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request. <a href="#">Table 79 on page 1477</a> lists possible messages that might be returned.                                                                                                                    |

**Table 79: Service Activation/Deactivation Error Messages**

| Message                       | Description                         | Corrective Action                                                                                   |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Successful completion         | Variable was successfully modified  | —                                                                                                   |
| Error: AUTHD ISSU in progress | A unified ISSU operation is active. | Wait until the unified ISSU operation completes and then retry the service activation/deactivation. |

## Sample Output

### request network-access aaa subscriber modify session-id

```
user@host> request network-access aaa subscriber modify session-id 49
junos-cos-traffic-control-profile TCP-gold
Successful completion
```

## request-rate


---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>request-rate rate;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">radius-options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the number of requests the router can send per second to all configured RADIUS servers collectively. By limiting the flow of requests from the router to the RADIUS servers, you can prevent the RADIUS servers from being flooded with requests.                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>rate</b> —Number of requests per second.<br><b>Range:</b> 100 through 4000 requests per second<br><b>Default:</b> 500 requests per second                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>admin</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>admin-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Global RADIUS Options for Subscriber Access on page 8</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Global RADIUS Options for Subscriber Access on page 8</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 137</a></li></ul> |

## requested-ip-network-match (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>requested-ip-network-match <i>subnet-mask</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a>]<br/>         [edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...],<br/>         [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...]</p>   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the subnet to which the DHCP local server matches the requested IP address (IPv6 address for DHCPv6 local server). The server accepts and uses the active client's requested address for address assignment only when the requested address and the IP address of the DHCP server interface (or IPv6 address of the DHCPv6 local server) are in the same subnet. The server accepts and uses the passive client's requested address for address assignment only when the requested address and the address of the relay interface are in the same subnet. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>subnet-mask</i></b>—Length of the subnet mask.</p> <p><b>Range:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>DHCP: 0 through 15</li> <li>DHCPv6: 0 through 127</li> </ul> <p><b>Default:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>DHCP: 8</li> <li>DHCPv6: 16</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Specifying the Subnet for DHCP Client Address Assignment on page 285</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## restricted-requestor (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | restricted-requestor;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">allow-bulk-leasequery</a>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">allow-leasequery</a>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6 allow-bulk-leasequery</a>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6 allow-leasequery</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify that the DHCP local server responds to a leasequery or bulk leasequery request by sending the binding information to restricted requestors only. This ensures that the requestor is the originator of the binding.</p> <p>Restricted requestors are determined as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For DHCPv4 leasequery and bulk leasequery requests, the giaddr of the requestor must match the giaddr of the client.</li> <li>• For DHCPv6 leasequery and bulk leasequery requests, the requestor's client ID in the bulk leasequery message must match the relay ID sent during binding creation.</li> </ul>                                                                                                      |
|                                 | <p> <b>NOTE:</b> The <code>restricted-requestor</code> statement is not supported for the DHCPv6 <code>allow-leasequery</code> statement.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring and Using DHCP Individual Leasequery on page 297</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring and Using DHCP Bulk Leasequery on page 300</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |





## retransmit-timer (Dynamic Router Advertisement)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | retransmit-timer <i>milliseconds</i> ;                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols router-advertisement interface <i>interface-name</i> ]                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Set the retransmission frequency of neighbor solicitation messages.                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>milliseconds</i> —Retransmission frequency.<br><b>Default:</b> 0 milliseconds                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>Example: Configuring IPv6 Interfaces and Enabling Neighbor Discovery</i></li></ul> |

## retry

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <code>retry attempts;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <code>[edit access <a href="#">radius-server</a> server-address];</code><br><code>[edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">radius-server</a> server-address]</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Specify the number of times that the router or switch is allowed to attempt to contact a RADIUS authentication or accounting server. You can override the retry limit for accounting servers with the <a href="#">accounting-retry</a> statement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> To successfully set a retry limit for the accounting servers different from the authentication servers, you must configure both the <a href="#">accounting-retry</a> and <a href="#">accounting-timeout</a> statements. If you configure only one of these statements, then the value you configure is ignored in favor of the values configured with the <a href="#">retry</a> and <a href="#">timeout</a> statements.</p> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> The maximum retry duration (the number of retries times the length of the timeout) cannot exceed 2700 seconds. An error message is displayed if you configure a longer duration.</p> </div>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <p><b>attempts</b>—Number of times that the router is allowed to attempt to contact a RADIUS server.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1 through 100</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 3</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 137</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring CHAP Authentication with RADIUS</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Authentication for L2TP</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">timeout on page 1547</a></li> </ul> |

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## revert-interval

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>revert-interval <i>interval</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius <a href="#">options</a> ];<br>[edit access radius-options]                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the amount of time the router or switch waits after a server has become unreachable. The router or switch rechecks the connection to the server when the specified interval expires. If the server is then reachable, it is used in accordance with the order of the server list. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>interval</i></b> —Amount of time to wait.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 604,800 seconds<br><b>Default:</b> 60 seconds                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94</a></li></ul>                                       |

## route (Diameter Network Element)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>route <i>dne-route-name</i> {<br/>    <b>destination</b> realm <i>realm-name</i> &lt;host <i>hostname</i>&gt;;<br/>    <b>function</b> <i>function-name</i> &lt;partition <i>partition-name</i>&gt;;<br/>    <b>metric</b> <i>route-metric</i>;<br/>}</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit diameter network-element <i>element-name</i> <b>forwarding</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Define a route reachable through the Diameter network element by associating a metric with a combination of destination and function partition.                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>dne-route-name</i></b>—Route name defined for the Diameter network element.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 782</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Network Elements on page 786</a></li></ul>                                                                                   |

## router (Address-Assignment Pools)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>router [ <i>router-address</i> ];</pre>                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet <b>dhcp-attributes</b> ],<br>[edit access protocol-attributes <i>attribute-set-name</i> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify one or more routers located on the client's subnet. This statement is the equivalent of DHCP option 3.                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>router-address</i></b>—IP address of one or more routers.</p>                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li></ul>                                          |

## router-advertisement (Dynamic Profiles)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | router-advertisement {...}                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles protocols]                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Enable router advertisement.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Example: Configuring IPv6 Interfaces and Enabling Neighbor Discovery</i></li> </ul> |

## routing-instance

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit access <a href="#">radius-server</a> <i>server-address</i>],</p> <p>[edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">radius-server</a> <i>server-address</i>]</p>                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the routing instance used to send RADIUS packets to the RADIUS server.                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>routing-instance-name</i> —Routing instance name.                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Configuring the PPP Authentication Protocol</i></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94</a></li> </ul> |

## routing-instance (Subscriber Secure Policy)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit services <a href="#">radius-flow-tap</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1R3 for enhanced subscriber management on MX Series routers.                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the routing instance that is used to send mirrored packets to a mediation device for subscriber secure policy traffic mirroring.                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>routing-instance-name</i></b> —Name of the routing instance.<br><b>Default:</b> Routing instance <b>default</b>                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>flow-tap</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>flow-tap-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>Subscriber Secure Policy Overview</i></li><li>• <i>Configuring RADIUS-Initiated Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring Overview</i></li><li>• <i>Configuring Support for Subscriber Secure Policy Mirroring</i></li></ul> |

## routing-instance (Diameter Peer)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i> ;</code>                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit diameter <a href="#">peer peer-name</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a routing instance for a Diameter peer. Alternatively, you can include the <b>logical-system</b> statement at the [edit diameter <b>peer peer-name</b> ] hierarchy level to configure a logical and routing instance. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>routing-instance-name</i></b> —Name of the routing instance.<br><b>Default:</b> Master routing instance                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>admin</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>admin-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 782</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Peers on page 783</a></li></ul>                                                           |

## routing-instance (Diameter Transport)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i> ;</code>                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit diameter <b>transport</b> <i>transport-name</i> ]                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a routing instance for the Diameter transport layer connection.                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>routing-instance-name</i> —Name of the routing instance.<br><b>Default:</b> Master routing instance           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Diameter Transport on page 785</a></li></ul> |

## routing-instance-name (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | routing-instance-name;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services <b>dhcp-local-server authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <b>dhcpv6 authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <b>group group-name authentication username-include</b>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the routing instance name be concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication or DHCP client authentication process. No routing instance name is concatenated if the configuration is in the default routing instance.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |



- Related Documentation**
- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311](#)

## routing-instance-name (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | routing-instance-name;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dual-stack-group</a> <i>dual-stack-group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p> <p>Support at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6]</a> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Support at the <a href="#">[edit ... dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name]</a> hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the routing instance name is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication or client authentication process. No routing instance name is concatenated if the configuration is in the default routing instance. Use the statement at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6]</a> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

- Related Documentation**
- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311](#)
  - [Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 312](#)

## routing-instance-name (Static Subscribers)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | routing-instance-name;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that the name of the routing instance is included as part of the username created for all static subscribers or for the static subscribers in the specified group. The group version of the statement takes precedence over the global version. The username is also sent to RADIUS in the Access-Request message.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Username on page 879</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Username on page 884</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## routing-services (Enhanced Subscriber Management)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | routing-services;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> <b>interfaces</b> <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1R3 on MX Series routers for enhanced subscriber management.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Enable configuration of all routing protocols except Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) and the Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) protocol on dynamically created enhanced subscriber management interfaces. IGMP and MLD are natively supported on enhanced subscriber management interfaces, and therefore do not require you to specify the <b>routing-services</b> statement in the dynamic profile.</p> <p>When a dynamic profile containing the <b>routing-services</b> statement is instantiated, the router creates an enhanced subscriber management logical interface, also referred to as a pseudo logical interface, in the form demux0.<i>nnnnnnnnnn</i> (for example, demux0.3221225472). Any associated subscriber routes or routes learned from a routing protocol running on the enhanced subscriber management interface use this pseudo interface as the next-hop interface.</p> |
| <b>Default</b>                  | If you do not include the <b>routing-services</b> statement in the dynamic profile, configuration of all routing protocols except IGMP and MLD on enhanced subscriber management interfaces is disabled by default.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management on page 617</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management Overview on page 615</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

## sdsl-bytes

**Syntax** `sdsl-bytes bytes;`

**Hierarchy Level** `[edit protocols ancp qos-adjust]`

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.2.  
Statement deprecated in Junos OS Release 17.4R1.

**Description** Adjust the number of frame overhead bytes by the specified number of bytes in the actual downstream rate reported in the ANCP Port Up message for an SDSL access line. The ANCP agent reports the adjusted value to CoS. The adjusted value accounts for the traffic encapsulation overhead.



**NOTE:** Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the `sdsl-overhead-bytes` option of the `access-line` statement at the `[edit system]` hierarchy level. The ANCP agent ignores the `sdsl-bytes` statement if it is present. This means that when you upgrade from Junos OS Release 17.3 or earlier with an existing configuration, you must reconfigure your adjustment with the `access-line` statement.

**Options** `bytes`—Number of bytes added to or subtracted from the actual downstream frame overhead.

**Range:** -100 through 100 bytes

**Default:** 0 bytes

**Required Privilege Level** routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

### Release History Table

| Release | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 17.4R1  | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the <code>sdsl-overhead-bytes</code> option of the <code>access-line</code> statement at the <code>[edit system]</code> hierarchy level. |

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring the ANCP Agent to Report Traffic Rates to CoS on page 735](#)
- [Traffic Rate Reporting and Adjustment by the ANCP Agent on page 729](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)

## sdsl-overhead-adjust

**Syntax** `sdsl-overhead-adjust percentage;`

**Hierarchy Level** `[edit protocols ancp qos-adjust]`

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.2.  
Statement deprecated in Junos OS Release 17.4R1.

**Description** Adjust the actual downstream rate for an SDSL access line reported in the ANCP Port Up message by multiplying the rate by the specified percentage. The ANCP agent reports the adjusted rate to CoS.



**NOTE:** Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the `sdsl-overhead-adjust` option of the `access-line` statement at the `[edit system]` hierarchy level. The ANCP agent ignores the `sdsl-overhead-adjust` statement if it is present. This means that when you upgrade from Junos OS Release 17.3 or earlier with an existing configuration, you must reconfigure your adjustment with the `access-line` statement.

**Options** *percentage*—Percentage by which to multiply the rate.  
**Range:** 80 through 100 percent  
**Default:** 100 percent

**Required Privilege Level** routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

### Release History Table

| Release | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 17.4R1  | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the <code>sdsl-overhead-adjust</code> option of the <code>access-line</code> statement at the <code>[edit system]</code> hierarchy level. |

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent to Report Traffic Rates to CoS on page 735](#)
  - [Traffic Rate Reporting and Adjustment by the ANCP Agent on page 729](#)
  - [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)

## secret

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>secret <i>password</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>radius-server</b> <i>server-address</i> ],<br>[edit access radius-disconnect <i>client-address</i> ],<br>[edit access <b>radius-server</b> <i>server-address</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the password to use with the RADIUS server. The secret password used by the local router or switch must match that used by the server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>password</i></b> —Password to use; it can include spaces if the character string is enclosed in quotation marks.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 137</a></li> <li>• <i>Example: Configuring CHAP Authentication with RADIUS</i></li> <li>• <i>Configuring RADIUS Authentication for L2TP</i></li> <li>• <i>Configuring the RADIUS Disconnect Server for L2TP</i></li> </ul> |

## send-acct-status-on-config-change (Access Profile)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | send-acct-status-on-config-change;                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>accounting</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.1.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2X50-D10 for EX Series switches.                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the router's authd process to send an Acct-On message when the first RADIUS server is added to an access profile, and to send an Acct-Off message when the last RADIUS server is removed from an access profile.   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 140</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 122</a></li></ul> |



send-dyn-subscription-indicator (PCRF Partition)

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax              | send-dyn-subscription-indicator;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Hierarchy Level     | [edit access <b>pcrf partition</b> <i>partition-name</i> ],                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Release Information | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Description         | Include the Juniper-Network-Family-Indicator AVP into its message requests. To enable the Policy Control and Charging Rules Function (PCRF) to dynamically pass subscription-ID parameters, and support a variety of authentication, authorization, and provisioning configuration, the Juniper attribute-value pairs (AVPs) in <a href="#">Table 80 on page 1497</a> have been allocated from the Juniper Vendor-ID space (2636) vendor-specific attribute (VSA). |



**NOTE:** If no dynamic-subscription ID is received, then neither Online Charging System (OCS) or Offline Charging System (OFCS) communications is initiated.

Table 80: Allocated Juniper AVPs

| AVP Name                           | Vendor-ID | AVP Type | Diameter Type | Diameter Flag |
|------------------------------------|-----------|----------|---------------|---------------|
| Juniper-Dyn-Subscription-Indicator | 2636      | 10001    | Enum          | V             |
| Juniper-Dyn-Subscription-Id        | 2636      | 10002    | Grouped       | VM            |
| Juniper-Dyn-Subscription-Id-Type   | 2636      | 10003    | Integer32     | VM            |
| Juniper-Dyn-Subscription-Id-Data   | 2636      | 10004    | UTF8String    | VM            |

The client system (router) sends the Juniper-Dyn-Subscription-Id-Indicator AVP to indicate support of the dynamic assignment of the subscription ID. The Juniper-Dyn-Subscription-Id-Indicator attribute has two values:

- DYN\_SUBSCRIPTION\_NOT\_SUPPORTED (0)
- DYN\_SUBSCRIPTION\_SUPPORTED (1)

The server then sends the Juniper-Dyn-Subscription-Id AVP to the client that indicated support. This is a grouped AVP that contains the values to be sent as Subscription-Id-Type and Subscription-Id-Data.

|                          |                                                                                                                 |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Required Privilege Level | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Configuring the PCRF Partition on page 840](#)
- [Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808](#)
- [Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812](#)
- [Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825](#)
- [Understanding Upstream and Downstream Messages for the PCRF on page 831](#)

send-network-family-indicator (PCRF Partition)

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax              | send-network-family-indicator;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Hierarchy Level     | [edit access <a href="#">pcrf partition</a> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Release Information | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Description         | Include the Juniper-Network-Family-Indicator AVP into its message requests. In many cases, wireline subscribers support only one IP family, which is required information for both AAA service and Policy Control and Charging Rules Function (PCRF). To indicate this information, the Juniper-Network-Family-Indicator AVP has been allocated from the Juniper Vendor-ID space (2636) VSA in <a href="#">Table 81 on page 1499</a> . |

Table 81: Network Family Indicator AVP

| AVP Name                         | Vendor-ID | AVP Type | Diameter Type | Diameter Flag |
|----------------------------------|-----------|----------|---------------|---------------|
| Juniper-Network-Family-Indicator | 2636      | 10010    | Enum          | V             |

The client system (router) sends the Juniper-Network-Family-Indicator AVP to indicate which network families are associated with the service request and supported by the subscriber. When you configure the Juniper-Network-Family-Indicator AVP to indicate the associated network family, the system sends the information to the PCRF. The Juniper-Network-Family-Indicator attribute has four values:

- UNSPECIFIED (0)
- IPV4\_FAMILY (1)
- IPV6\_FAMILY (2)
- IPV4\_IPV6\_FAMILY (3)

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Required Privilege Level | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the PCRF Partition on page 840</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Upstream and Downstream Messages for the PCRF on page 831</a></li></ul> |

## send-origin-state-id (Diameter Applications)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | send-origin-state-id;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">pcrf partition partition-name</a> ],<br>[edit access <a href="#">ocs partition partition-name</a> ],<br>[edit diameter <a href="#">peer peer-name</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Include the Origin-State AVP for the Diameter peer, OCS partition, or PCRF partition. The AVP is conveyed in Diameter-level or partition-level messages, respectively. The value of the AVP increases every time it changes, such as when the system reboots. Sending the Origin-State AVP in messages enables Diameter entities that receive the message to infer from a changed AVP value that sessions associated with a lower value are no longer active.</p> <p>If you include the <b>send-origin-state-id</b> statement for the OCS or PCRF partition, a new value is sent for the partition only when a cold boot occurs. The system daemon detects the cold boot and changes the Origin-State-Id when required.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the OCS Partition on page 834</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the PCRF Partition on page 840</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li></ul>                                                                                                       |

## send-release-on-delete (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | send-release-on-delete;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.</p> <p>Support at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Send a release message to the DHCP (or DHCPv6) server whenever DHCP relay or relay proxy deletes a client. Use the statement at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.</p> <p>M120 and M320 routers do not support DHCPv6.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 354</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Sending Release Messages When Clients Are Deleted on page 377</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

## server-duid-type (DHCP Local Server)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>server-duid-type type;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure the DHCP Unique Identifier (DUID) type that the DHCPv6 server supports. The server uses the DUID to identify clients for configuration and to group clients into identity associations.</p> <p>Use this statement to explicitly configure the DUID-LL type. DUID-LL uses a link-layer network interface address on the device as part of the unique identifier. Remove this configuration to return to the default type, DUID-EN. DUID-EN has a vendor-assigned value based on the vendor's enterprise number and an IANA-recognized hardware type code. DUID-EN is not explicitly configurable.</p> |
|                                 | <div> <b>NOTE:</b> The DUID-LLT type is not supported.</div>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>type</b> —DUID type to support. The only available option is <b>duid-ll</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">DHCPv6 Local Server Overview on page 488</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## server-group

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>server-group {     server-group-name {         server-ip-address;     } }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay],<br/>         [edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay dhcpv6</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay dhcpv6</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay dhcpv6</a>],<br/>         [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a>],<br/>         [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay dhcpv6</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.<br/>         Support at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.<br/>         Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify the name of a group of DHCP server addresses for use by the extended DHCP relay agent. Use the statement at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>server-group-name</b>—Name of the group of DHCP or DHCPv6 server addresses.</p> <p><b>server-ip-address</b>—IP address of the DHCP server belonging to this named server group. Use IPv6 addresses when configuring DHCPv6 support. You can configure a maximum of five IP addresses in each named server group.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br/>         interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">dhcp-relay on page 1109</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Extended DHCP Relay Agent Overview on page 270</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Named Server Groups on page 365</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## server-identifier (Address-Assignment Pools)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>server-identifier <i>ipv4-address</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet <b>dhcp-attributes</b> ],<br>[edit access protocol-attributes <i>attribute-set-name</i> ]                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the IP address that is used as the source address the DHCP server includes in IP packets when communicating with clients. The address is included in the DHCP packet in option 54. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ipv4-address</i> —IP address.                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li></ul>                                                                         |



## server-id-override

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | server-id-override;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">relay-option-82</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">group group-name relay-option-82</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay relay-option-82</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">group group-name relay-option-82</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">relay-option-82</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">group group-name relay-option-82</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay relay-option-82</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">group group-name relay-option-82</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Add the suboptions <b>link-selection</b> and <b>server-id override</b> to option-82 information for DHCP packets relayed to the server.</p> <p>In network configurations where a firewall on the broadband network gateway (BNG) is between the DHCPv4 relay agent and the DHCP server, only the BNG loopback address passes through the BNG firewall. In that case, DHCP unicast packets do not pass through the firewall and are discarded. To enable DHCP unicast packets to pass through the BNG firewall, use the <a href="#">relay-source</a> configuration statement to configure the DHCP relay agent to use the loopback address as the source address in IP headers and DHCP messages. In this case, this configuration statement adds the <b>link-selection</b> suboption to provide the DHCP server information to locate the correct address pool for the DHCP client and adds the <b>server-id override</b> suboption to set the server ID option.</p>                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Configuring DHCP Relay Agent Source Address on page 391</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

## server-response-time (DHCP Relay Agent)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>server-response-time seconds;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a>],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dhcpv6</a>],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ...],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i></code><br><code>forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ...],</code><br><code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ...]</code> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the timeframe during which the router monitors DHCP server responsiveness within the routing instance. The router generates a system log message when the DHCP server does not respond to relayed packets during the specified timeframe.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>seconds</b> —Number of seconds the DHCP server is monitored.<br><b>Range:</b> 30 through 4,294,967,295 seconds<br><b>Default:</b> 0 (no limit)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>interface</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>interface-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Monitoring DHCP Relay Server Responsiveness on page 416</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## service (Service Accounting)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> service {   accounting-order (activation-protocol   local   radius);   accounting {     statistics (time   volume-time);     update-interval minutes;   } } </pre>                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">profile</a> <i>profile-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2X50-D10 for EX Series switches.</p> <p><b>accounting</b>, <b>update-interval</b>, and <b>statistics</b> options added in Junos OS Release 14.2R1 for MX Series routers.</p> |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Define the subscriber service accounting configuration.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Service Accounting with JSRC on page 866</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Service Accounting with JSRC on page 865</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Service Accounting in Local Flat Files</a></li> </ul>        |

## service-activation (Access Profile)

**Syntax**    `service-activation {  
              dynamic-profile (optional-at-login | required-at-login);  
              extensible-service (optional-at-login | required-at-login);  
          }`

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit access profile *profile-name* radius [options](#)]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.

**Description**    Specify whether subscribers are allowed to log in even when service activation failures related to configuration errors occur during family activation request processing by authd for a newly authenticated subscriber. Configuration errors include missing or incorrect syntax, missing or incomplete references to dynamic profiles, and missing or incomplete variables.



**NOTE:** This configuration does not apply to services activated by means of RADIUS CoA requests, JSRC Push-Profile-Request (PPR) messages, or subscriber secure policies.

You can enable separate configurations for subscriber login services for two **service-activation** types: **dynamic-profile** and **extensible-service**. You configure the **dynamic-profile** type services in the dynamic profile at the [edit dynamic-profiles] hierarchy level; the profile is used to provide dynamic subscriber access and services for broadband applications. The **extensible-service** type is for business services configured in an operation script and provisioned by the Extensible Subscriber Services Manager daemon (essmd).

**Options**    **optional-at-login**—Service activation is optional. Failure due to configuration errors does not prevent activation of the address family; it allows subscriber access. Failure for any other reason causes network family activation to fail. If no other network family is already active for the subscriber, then the client application logs out the subscriber.

**required-at-login**—Service activation is required. Failure for any reason causes the Network-Family-Activate-Request for that network family to fail. If no other network family is already active for the subscriber, then the client application logs out the subscriber.

**Default:**


Default behavior depends on the service type:

- For **dynamic-profile** services: **required-at-login**.
- For **extensible-service** services: **optional-at-login**.

**Required Privilege** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**Level** admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation** • [Subscriber Session Logins and Service Activation Failures Overview on page 149](#)

## service-context-id (OCS)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>service-context-id service-context ;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">ocs global</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the service-context-id to globally and uniquely identify the Service-Context-Id AVP (cc-service-context) and the Service-Identifier AVP (cc-service-identifier), which is part of the Diameter Credit Control Service charging system. The service provider or operator allocates this identifier.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>service-context</b>—3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP)-specific values.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><code>service-context—32251</code></li> <li><code>customer-domain—3gpp.org</code></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|                                 | <p> <b>NOTE:</b> For every service used to support the packet-switching charging infrastructure, you must prepare the necessary documentation and define associated cc-service-context-id values.</p> <p>For mobile subscribers, the user equipment requests services; whereas for broadband wireline subscribers, the Policy Control and Charging Rules Function (PCRF) requests services. In the wireline environment, PCRF functions as the service requester, and the Policy and Charging Enforcement Function (PCEF) functions as the service receiver and enforcer.</p> <p>The PCRF controls the PCEF by pushing charging rules. Charging rules are reused as service (policy) rules to push policies. Charging rules may also have an associated rating group, or charging key. As a result, you must configure the PCEF to define a charging rules mapping between credit control services (cc-services) and rating groups.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Configuring OCS Global Parameters on page 843</a></li> <li><a href="#">3GPP Policy and Charging Control Overview for Wireline Provisioning and Accounting on page 805</a></li> <li><a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

- [Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820](#)
- [Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825](#)

## service-profile (Static Subscribers)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>service-profile <i>service-profile-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services <a href="#">static-subscribers</a> ],<br>[edit system services static-subscribers <a href="#">group</a> <i>group-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.4R1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the service profile to apply services for all static subscribers at the global level and at the group level. You can use <b>service-profile</b> to assign a default service profile to be applied to a <b>static-subscriber</b> session if the policy server is unavailable. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>service-profile-name</i> —Name of the service profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | access—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>access-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Specifying the Static Subscriber Global Access Profile on page 877</a></li> </ul>                                                         |

## service-profile (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>service-profile <i>dynamic-profile-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a>],<br/> [edit system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server dual-stack-group</a> <i>dual-stack-group-name</i>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6</a>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group</a> <i>group-name</i>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">group</a> <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">group</a> <i>group-name</i>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">group</a> <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...]</p>        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify the default subscriber service or DHCP client management service, which is activated when the subscriber or client logs in and no other service is activated by a RADIUS server or a provisioning server.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To specify the default service for all DHCP local server clients, include the <b>service-profile</b> statement at the <b>[edit system services dhcp-local-server]</b> hierarchy level.</li> <li>To specify the default service for a named group of interfaces, include the <b>service-profile</b> statement at the <b>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i>]</b> hierarchy level.</li> <li>To specify the default service for a particular interface within a named group of interfaces, include the <b>service-profile</b> statement at the <b>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i>]</b> hierarchy level.</li> <li>For DHCPv6 clients, use the <b>service-profile</b> statement at the <b>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy level.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>dynamic-profile-name</i> —Name of the dynamic profile that defines the service.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Extended DHCP Local Server Overview on page 264</a></li> <li><a href="#">Default Subscriber Service Overview on page 277</a></li> <li><a href="#">Configuring a Default Subscriber Service on page 278</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |



## service-profile (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>service-profile <i>dynamic-profile-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay],<br/>         [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b>],<br/>         [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dual-stack-group</b> <i>dual-stack-group-name</i>],<br/>         [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],<br/>         [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <b>interface</b> <i>interface-name</i>],<br/>         [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i>],<br/>         [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <b>interface</b> <i>interface-name</i>],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay</b> ...],<br/>         [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i><br/>             forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay</b> ...],<br/>         [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.<br/>         Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.<br/>         Support at the [edit ... <b>dhcpv6</b> ...] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.<br/>         Support at the [edit ... <b>dual-stack-group</b> <i>dual-stack-group-name</i>] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify the default subscriber service (or the default DHCP client management service), which is activated when the subscriber (or client) logs in and no other service is activated by a RADIUS server or a provisioning server.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To specify the default service for all DHCP relay agent clients, include the <b>service-profile</b> statement at the [edit forwarding-options <b>dhcp relay</b>] hierarchy level.</li> <li>To specify the default service for a named group of interfaces, include the <b>service-profile</b> statement at the [edit forwarding-options <b>dhcp relay group</b> <i>group-name</i>] hierarchy level.</li> <li>To specify the default service for a particular interface within a named group of interfaces, include the <b>service-profile</b> statement at the [edit forwarding-options <b>dhcp relay group</b> <i>group-name</i> <b>interface</b> <i>interface-name</i>] hierarchy level.</li> </ul>                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>dynamic-profile-name</i> —Name of the dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br/>         interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">dhcp-relay on page 1109</a></li> <li><a href="#">Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces or DHCP Client Interfaces</a></li> <li><a href="#">Grouping Interfaces with Common DHCP Configurations on page 317</a></li> <li><a href="#">Default Subscriber Service Overview on page 277</a></li> <li><a href="#">Configuring a Default Subscriber Service on page 278</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## session-options

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>session-options {<br/>  client-group [ <i>group-names</i> ];<br/>  client-idle-timeout <i>minutes</i>;<br/>  client-idle-timeout-ingress-only;<br/>  client-session-timeout <i>minutes</i>;<br/>  strip-user-name {<br/>    delimiter [ <i>delimiter</i> ];<br/>    parse-direction (left-to-right   right-to-left);<br/>  }<br/>}</pre>                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">profile</a> <i>profile-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.5.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>(MX Series and SRX Series devices) Define options to place limits on subscriber access based on how long the session has been up, how long the user has been inactive, or both.</p> <p>(MX Series) Define options to modify a subscriber username at login based on the subscriber's access profile.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>access—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>access-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Session Options for Subscriber Access on page 157</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Subscriber Session Timeout Options on page 162</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Username Modification for Subscriber Sessions</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Removing Inactive Dynamic Subscriber VLANs on page 163</a></li></ul>             |

## sftp-backup (OCS Partition)

**Syntax**

```
sftp-backup {
 accumulation-timeout seconds;
 accumulation-count messages;
 accumulation-size bytes;
 logical-system;
 retry-interval seconds;
 response-timeout seconds;
 routing-instance;
 address ipv4 | ipv6;
 port number;
 directory filename;
 file-name-prefix filename-prefix;
 node-ipv4-address;
 node-ipv6-address;
 ssh-login;
 ssh-connection-linger;
 ssh-log-verbose;
 ssh-passphrase;
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access [ocs partition](#) *partition-name*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 18.1.

**Description** The data backup for OCS using the SFTP protocol to store data on a remote server.

**Options**

- accumulation-timeout *seconds***—The file accumulation time since the first CCR-GY-T was submitted. The maximum time is 30 seconds.
- accumulation-count *messages***—The number of requests that are past file account count. The maximum accumulation count is 2000 messages.
- accumulation-size *bytes***—The file once its size has reached the accumulation size limit. The maximum accumulation size is 3000000 bytes.
- logical-system**—The logical system to be used by sftp.
- retry-interval *seconds***—Every failed write operation is retried after this interval until backup timeout is accumulated. The maximum retry interval is 1200 seconds.
- response-timeout *seconds***—The timeout on individual SFTP command response. The maximum response timeout is 60 seconds.
- routing-instance**—The SFTP service connection context for the routing instance.
- address**—The address of SFTP server
- port**—The port number. The default port number is 22.
- directory**—The directory name.

**file-prefix *prefix***—The prefix for the file.

**node-ipv4-address**—The IPv4 address of the sending node.

**node-ipv6-address**—The IPv6 address of the sending node.

**ssh-login**—The login name on SFTP server, may include %h and/or %r similar to directory.

**ssh-connection-linger**—The time to keep existing ssh connection idle state.

**ssh-log-verbose** —The verbose logs to be collected from ssh session.

**ssh-passphrase**—The password or later passphrase.

|                                 |                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring the OCS Partition on page 834](#)
- [3GPP Policy and Charging Control Overview for Wireline Provisioning and Accounting on page 805](#)
- [Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808](#)
- [Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820](#)
- [Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825](#)

## shmlog (Shared Memory Log)

**Syntax**    `shmlog {  
               disable;  
               file filename <files maximum-no-files> <size maximum-file-size>;  
               filtering enable;  
               log-name {  
                   all;  
                   logname {  
                       <brief | detail | extensive | none | terse>;  
                       <file-logging | no-file-logging>;  
                   }  
               }  
               log-type (debug | info | notice);  
           }`

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit system services subscriber-management [overrides](#)]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.

**Description**    Junos OS uses a shared memory space to store log entries for subscriber service daemons including jpppd, jdhcpd, jl2tpd, autoconfd, bbe-smgd, authd, cosd, and dfwd. Shared memory logging is enabled by default and occurs at the client level. You can view the shmlogs on a per subscriber basis, or use filters to retrieve logs according to a variety of different parameters such as interface name, IP address, session ID, subnet, and VLAN in addition to the Client Identifier or Client DUID. Filtering is disabled by default. To see a complete list of supported filters, use this command:

```
user@rdevice> show shmlog entries logname all ?
```

When viewing logs you can limit results on the basis of event flags that include interface events, routing process interaction events, l2tp tunneling events, and ldap authentication events. To see a complete list of supported flags, use this command:

```
user@rdevice> show shmlog entries logname all flag-name ?
```

**Options**    **disable**—Name of the command to override the default behavior. Use this option to disable shared memory logging; it is always enabled otherwise.

**file**— Name of the file containing the shmlogs. Use this option to redirect shmlogs to a file for file-based logging. Specify the file name, define the number of files (from 2 to 1000), and set the maximum file size (from 10240 to 1073741824 bytes). Data will be written to the `/var/log/shmlog/` directory. Files follow this naming convention: `<cfg-file-name>-<daemon>-<severity>.log`. The shmlog files are not human-readable, so to access the logs you must first run the following command to generate a file in the `/var/log/<file-name>/` directory with logs from all daemons:

```
user@rdevice> show shmlog entries filename /var/log/shmlog/<file-name>* logname
all
```

If you then want to view logs from a specific daemon, you need to run the following command to generate a file under the `/var/log/<file-name>/` directory with complete logs:

```
user@rdevice> show shmlog entries filename /var/log/shmlog/<filename> logname
authd*
```

**filtering**— Command to enable filtering. Filtering is subscriber centric and is useful for debugging and troubleshooting. It is disabled by default so you must use this option to enable it.

For example, if you want to quickly view the transmit packet logs for subscribers with interface-name `pp0.100`, you could use the following command to display only the relevant results:

```
user@rdevice> show shmlog entries logname jpppd* interface-name pp0.100 flag
transmit-packets
```

To debug sessions according to the interface name, use this command:

```
user@rdevice> show shmlog entries logname all interface-name pp0.100
```

To debug sessions that are logging in via VLAN 7 on physical-interface `ge-0/0/0`, use this command:

```
user@rdevice> show shmlog entries logname all vlan 7 physical-interface ge-0/0/0
```

**log-name**—Name of the file containing the log output. Use this option to override all logs or a specified log, and to set the verbosity level (brief, detail, extensive, none, or terse). For example, to configure **bbe-autoconf-info** for detailed file logging, you would use the following command:

```
user@rdevice> [edit system services subscriber-management overrides shmlog]
user@rdevice> set log-name bbe-autoconf-info detail file-logging
```

**log-type**— Severity level of the collected logs. Use this option to configure the severity level for captured logs (notice, info, or debug).

|                           |                                                            |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.        |
| <b>Level</b>              | system-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

**Related Documentation**

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## sip-server-address

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>sip-server-address <i>ipv6-address</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family <i>family</i> <b>dhcp-attributes</b> ],<br>[edit access protocol-attributes <i>attribute-set-name</i> ]                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a SIP outbound proxy server that DHCPv6 local server clients can use. This is equivalent to DHCPv6 option 22. To specify multiple <i>servipv6-addressers</i> , add multiple <b>sip-server-address</b> statements in order of preference. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ipv6-address</i> —IPv6 address of a SIP outbound proxy server.                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li> </ul>                                                    |

## sip-server-domain-name

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>sip-server-domain-name <i>domain-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family <i>family</i> <b>dhcp-attributes</b> ],<br>[edit access protocol-attributes <i>attribute-set-name</i> ]                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the domain name of the SIP outbound proxy server that DHCPv6 local server clients can use. This is equivalent to DHCPv6 option 21.                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>domain-name</i> —Name of the domain.                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Address-Assignment Pools Overview on page 625</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li> </ul> |

## smg-service (Enhanced Subscriber Management)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>smg-service {<br/>    failover other-routing-engine;<br/>    traceoptions {<br/>        file filename &lt;files number&gt; &lt;match regular-expression &gt; &lt;size maximum-file-size&gt;<br/>        &lt;world-readable   no-world-readable&gt;;<br/>        flag flag &lt;disable&gt;;<br/>        level level;<br/>        no-remote-trace<br/>    }<br/>}</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system processes]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1R3 on MX Series routers for enhanced subscriber management.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure system services, including tracing operations and Routing Engine failover, for the main enhanced subscriber management session management process, <b>smg-service</b>.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>trace—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management on page 617</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Subscriber Management Database Trace Log Filename on page 912</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                  |





## source-address

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>source-address <i>source-address</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit access <a href="#">radius-server</a> <i>server-address</i>];</code><br><code>[edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">radius-server</a> <i>server-address</i>]</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches.<br>Support for IPv6 <b>source-address</b> introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure a source address for each configured RADIUS server. Each RADIUS request sent to a RADIUS server uses the specified source address.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>source-address</b> —Valid IPv4 or IPv6 address configured on one of the router or switch interfaces. On M Series routers only, the source address can be an IPv6 address and the UDP source port is 514.                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 137</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94</a></li> <li>• <i>Example: Configuring CHAP Authentication with RADIUS</i></li> <li>• <i>Configuring RADIUS Authentication for L2TP</i></li> </ul> |

## stacked-vlan-ranges (RADIUS Options)

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | stacked-vlan-ranges (any   <i>low-outer-tag-high-outer-tag</i> ),any;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> radius-options <b>nas-port-options</b> <i>nas-port-options-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Configure the stacked VLAN (S-VLAN) range of subscribers to which the named NAS-Port options definition applies.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> You can configure a maximum of 16 NAS-Port options definitions per physical interface. Each definition can include a maximum of 32 VLAN ranges or 32 S-VLAN ranges, but cannot include a combination of VLAN ranges and S-VLAN ranges.</p> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <p><b>any</b>—Entire S-VLAN range representing all S-VLAN IDs. The inner tag (S-VLAN ID) of the S-VLAN range must be configured as <b>any</b> to represent all inner VLAN ID tags.</p> <p><b>low-outer-tag</b>—Outer VLAN ID tag representing the lower limit of the S-VLAN range.<br/> <b>Range:</b> 1 through 4094</p> <p><b>high-outer-tag</b>—Outer VLAN ID tag representing the upper limit of the S-VLAN range.<br/> <b>Range:</b> 1 through 4094</p> |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> To specify a single outer VLAN ID tag, set <b>low-outer-tag</b> and <b>high-outer-tag</b> to the same value.</p> </div>                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 77</li> <li>Guidelines for Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 76</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                             |

## starts-with (DHCP Relay Agent Option)

**Syntax** `equals {`  
     `ascii name {`  
         `drop drop;`  
         `forward-only forward-only;`  
         `local-server-group local-server-group;`  
     `}`  
     `hexadecimal name {`  
         `drop drop;`  
         `forward-only forward-only;`  
         `local-server-group local-server-group;`  
     `}`  
`}`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option option-60],  
 [edit bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option option-77],  
 [edit bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],  
 [edit bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-60],  
 [edit bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-77],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option option-60],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option option-77],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-60],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-77],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option option-60],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option option-77],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-60],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-77],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option option-60],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option option-77],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-60],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-77],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option],  
 [edit logical-systems *name* routing-instances *name* bridge-domains *name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *name* relay-option option-60],

```
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options
 dhcp-relay group name relay-option option-77],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options
 dhcp-relay relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options
 dhcp-relay relay-option option-60],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options
 dhcp-relay relay-option option-77],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group
 name relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group
 name relay-option option-60],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group
 name relay-option option-77],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
 relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
 relay-option option-60],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
 relay-option option-77],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
 group name relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
 group name relay-option option-60],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
 group name relay-option option-77],
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[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
 relay-option option-60],
[edit logical-systems name routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
 relay-option option-77],
[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name
 relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name
 relay-option option-60],
[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name
 relay-option option-77],
[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],
[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option
 option-60],
[edit logical-systems name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-77],
[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group
 name relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group
 name relay-option option-60],
[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group
 name relay-option option-77],
[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
 relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
 relay-option option-60],
[edit routing-instances name bridge-domains name forwarding-options dhcp-relay
 relay-option option-77],
[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name relay-option],
```

```
[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name relay-option
option-60],
[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name relay-option
option-77],
[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-60],
[edit routing-instances name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-77],
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name
relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name
relay-option option-60],
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name
relay-option option-77],
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option
option-60],
[edit routing-instances name vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option
option-77],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name relay-option],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name relay-option option-60],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay group name relay-option option-77],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-60],
[edit vlans name forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option option-77]
```

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3.  
Statement updated in Junos OS Release 17.4.

**Description** Configure a partial match criteria used with the DHCP relay agent selective processing feature. DHCP relay agent compares the configured partial match string with the option-specific string received in DHCP client packets. If there is an partial left-to-right match, DHCP performs the action you define for the match criteria.

The option-specific string in the DHCP client packets can contain a superset of the specified ASCII or hexadecimal match string, provided that the leftmost characters of the option-specific string entirely match the characters in the configured match string.

You can configure an unlimited number of match strings. If you have multiple partial match configurations, the longest match rule applies. For example, DHCP relay agent matches the string “test123” before it matches the string “test”. Match strings do not support wildcard attributes.

The **local-server-group** option is not supported for DHCPv6 relay agent.

**Options** *ascii-string*—ASCII string of 1 through 255 alphanumeric characters.

*hexadecimal-string*—Hexadecimal string of 1 through 255 hexadecimal characters (0 through 9, a through f, A through F).

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**Level** interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Using DHCP Option Information to Selectively Process DHCP Client Traffic on page 387](#)
- [DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 Forward-Only Action for Relay Traffic with Unknown DHCP Server Address on page 109](#)

## static-subscribers

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> static-subscribers {   access-profile <i>profile-name</i>;   authentication {     password <i>password-string</i>;     username-include {       domain-name <i>domain-name</i>;       interface;       logical-system-name;       routing-instance-name;       user-prefix <i>user-prefix-string</i>;     }   }   dynamic-profile <i>profile-name</i> {     aggregate-clients (merge   replace);   }   group <i>group-name</i> {     access-profile <i>profile-name</i>;     authentication {       password <i>password-string</i>;       username-include {         domain-name <i>domain-name</i>;         interface;         logical-system-name;         routing-instance-name;         user-prefix <i>user-prefix-string</i>;       }     }     dynamic-profile <i>profile-name</i> {       aggregate-clients (merge   replace);     }     interface <i>interface-name</i> &lt;exclude&gt; &lt;upto <i>upto-interface-name</i>&gt;;   }   service-profile <i>service-profile-name</i> } </pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services],<br/> [edit system services]</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure and associate subscribers with statically configured interfaces for dynamic service provisioning.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872](#)

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## statistics (Access Profile)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | statistics (time   volume-time);                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">accounting</a> ]                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.<br><b>volume-time</b> option added in Junos OS Release 9.4. |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the router or switch to collect time statistics, or both volume and time statistics, for the sessions being managed by AAA.                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>time</b> —Collect uptime statistics only.<br><br><b>volume-time</b> —Collect both volume and uptime statistics.                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | • <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94</a>                                                                           |



## statistics (Service Accounting)

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | statistics (time   volume-time);                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> service accounting]                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.2R1 for MX Series routers.                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Configure the router to collect time statistics, or both volume and time statistics, for the service accounting sessions being managed by AAA.                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <p><b>time</b>—Collect uptime statistics only.</p> <p><b>volume-time</b>—Collect both volume and uptime statistics.</p>                                                                                                         |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> You must not configure the volume-time option if the local option is configured at the [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> service accounting-order] hierarchy level, because the local configuration automatically determines that both volume and time statistics are collected for the service accounting sessions. If you configure the volume-time option in this case, an error is generated when you commit the configuration.</p> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Service Interim Accounting on page 128</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Processing Cisco VSAs in RADIUS Messages for Service Provisioning on page 185</a></li> </ul> |

## strict (DHCP Local Server)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | strict;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify whether the server denies a client to bind when the client does not indicate that it accepts reconfigure messages. This feature is available only for DHCPv6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Default</b>                  | Accept solicit messages from clients that do not support reconfiguration and permit them to bind.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Client Reconfiguration of Extended Local Server Clients on page 338</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Preventing Binding of Clients That Do Not Support Reconfigure Messages on page 490</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## strip-domain (Domain Map)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | strip-domain;                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access domain <b>map</b> <i>domain-map-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Remove the domain name from the username before continuing with any AAA services specified in a domain map.                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Enabling Domain Name Stripping on page 204</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Domain and Realm Name Usage for Domain Maps on page 201</a></li> </ul> |

## strip-username (Domain Map)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | strip-username ( <i>left-to-right</i>   <i>right-to-left</i> )                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access domain <i>domain</i> <b>map</b> ]                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1.                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Strip the user portion of the username for authentication to simplify off-chassis provisioning. Parsing direction can be left-to-right (default) or right-to-left.       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>left-to-right</b> —Strip the user portion of the username from left to right.<br><br><b>right-to-left</b> —Strip the user portion of the username from right to left. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">override-password on page 1375</a></li> </ul>                                                                       |

## subscriber-packet-idle-timeout

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|                                 |                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | subscriber-packet-idle-timeout <i>subscriber-packet-idle-timeout</i> ;                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services packet-triggered-subscribers]                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | The subscriber packet idle timeout for packet triggered subscribers.                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>subscriber-packet-idle-timeout</i> —Maximum idle time.<br><b>Range:</b> 15 through 1440 minutes.             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>Packet-Triggered Subscribers Services Overview</i></li></ul>         |

## subscriber-management (Subscriber Management)

```
Syntax subscriber-management {
 enable;
 enforce-strict-scale-limit-license;
 gres-route-flush-delay;
 }
 overrides {
 interfaces {
 family (inet | inet6) {
 layer2-liveness-detection;
 }
 }
 no-unsolicited-ra;
 shmlog {
 disable;
 file filename <files maximum-no-files> <size maximum-file-size>;
 filtering enable;
 log-name {
 all;
 logname {
 <brief | detail | extensive | none | terse>;
 <file-logging | no-file-logging>;
 }
 }
 log-type (debug | info | notice);
 }
 }
 traceoptions {
 file filename <files number> <match regular-expression> <size maximum-file-size>
 <world-readable | no-world-readable>;
 flag flag;
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit system services]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.1.

**Description** Configure global services for subscriber management, such as maintaining subscribers, tracing operations, and enabling enhanced subscriber management.

The remaining statements are explained separately. Search for a statement in [CLI Explorer](#) or click a linked statement in the Syntax section for details.

**Required Privilege Level** system—To view this statement in the configuration.  
system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- *Configuring the Router to Strictly Enforce the Subscriber Scaling License*

- [Delaying Removal of Access Routes and Access-Internal Routes After Graceful Routing Engine Switchover](#)
- [Configuring the Router to Maintain DHCP Subscribers During Interface Delete Events on page 332](#)
- [Tracing Subscriber Management Database Operations for Subscriber Access on page 911](#)
- [Configuring Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management on page 617](#)
- [DHCP Liveness Detection Using ARP and Neighbor Discovery Packets](#)

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## subscriber-profile

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**Syntax**    subscriber-profile *profile-name* {  
              enable *service-name* {  
                  concurrent-data-sessions *max-session-number*;  
              }  
              disable *service-name*;  
              max-data-sessions-per-subscriber {  
                  limit *max-sub-sessions*;  
                  exceed-action {  
                      drop;  
                      syslog;  
                  }  
              }  
          }

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit services service-set *services-set-name*]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.

**Description**    Specify the subscriber profile name. A subscriber profile specifies which services should be enabled and which services should be disabled for traffic belonging to a subscriber bound to a particular subscriber profile. A subscriber is bound to a minimum of one subscriber profile at any given time.

**Options**    *profile-name*—Name of the profile.

**Required Privilege Level**    admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                  admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## subscription-id-data-include (PCRF Partition)

**Syntax** subscription-id-data-include {  
     base-interface-name;  
     delimiter *delimiter-character*;  
     domain-name *name*;  
     interface-name;  
     mac-address;  
     nas-port-id;  
     origin-host;  
     origin-realm;  
     user-name;  
     user-prefix *prefix*;  
 }

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access [pcrf partition](#) *partition-name*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.

**Description** Configure the subscriber data to use in a Policy and Charging Rules Function (PCRF).

**Options** **base-interface-name**—Use the specified physical or underlying interface name. If both the underlying interface and the client application perform authentication, authorization, and provisioning, the identification attributes in the server requests enable the AAA or PCRF server to make an association between the two entities.

**delimiter** *delimiter-character*—Use the specified character used as the delimiter between the concatenated components of the subscription-id-data-include. You cannot use the semicolon (;) as a delimiter.

**Default:** @

**domain-name** *name*—Use the specified domain name that is concatenated with the subscription-id-data-include during the subscriber identification process.

**interface-name**—Use the specified interface name that is concatenated with the subscription-id-data-include during the subscriber identification process; for example, demux0.

**mac-address**—Use the specified client hardware address (chaddr) from the incoming packet that is concatenated with the subscription-id-data-include during the subscriber identification process.

**nas-port-id**—Use the specified NAS-Port-ID (RADIUS attribute 87), which identifies the physical interface that subscriber management uses to identify subscribers that is concatenated with the subscription-id-data-include during the subscriber identification process. By default, the NAS-Port-ID includes the interface-description value that describes the physical interface.

**origin-host**—Use the specified name of the host that originates the Diameter message that is concatenated with the subscription-id-data-include during the subscriber

identification process. Supplied as the value of Origin-Host AVP for all messages sent by the Diameter master instance.

**origin-realm**—Use the specified realm of the host that originates the Diameter message that is concatenated with the subscription-id-data-include during the subscriber identification process. Supplied as the value of Origin-Realm AVP for all messages sent by the Diameter master instance.

**user-name**—Use the specified subscriber username that is concatenated with the subscription-id-data-include during the subscriber identification process.


**user-prefix *prefix***—Use the specified user prefix that is concatenated with the subscription-id-data-include during the subscriber identification process.

|                                 |                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the PCRF Partition on page 840</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Upstream and Downstream Messages for the PCRF on page 831</a></li></ul> |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|



## subscription-id-type (PCRF Partition)

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | subscription-id-type <i>number</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | [edit access <b>pcrf partition</b> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Identify the subscriber. You can identify the subscriber using several IANA predefined values, or define your own. The Policy and Charging Rule Function (PCRF) uses the subscription-id-type during a subscriber login session using for CCR-GX-I and CCA-GX-I messages.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <div>  <b>BEST PRACTICE:</b> For wireline service, we recommend that you define your own customer-specific value. </div>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <p>If you do not define or include any data in the <b>subscription-id-data-include</b> statement, then the value defaults to reserved. For some applications, the PCRF may be configured to identify subscribers using another method, and instead use the subscription-id-type for protocol compliance. If the dynamic-subscription-id is provided by the AAA server, then the PCRF uses the dynamic-subscription-id as the identifier regardless of what you defined for the local configuration.</p> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <p><b>number</b>—Identifier for the type of subscriber for a PCRF partition.</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 4 (END_USER_PRIVATE)</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1 through 2147483647</p> <p><b>Values:</b> 1 (END_USER_IMSI)</p> <p>2 (END_USER_SIP_URI)</p> <p>3 (END_USER_NAI)</p> <p>4 (END_USER_PRIVATE)</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the PCRF Partition on page 840</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Upstream and Downstream Messages for the PCRF on page 831</a></li> </ul> |

## t1-percentage (Address-Assignment Pools)

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|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | t1-percentage <i>percentage</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet6 dhcp-attributes],<br>[edit access protocol-attributes <i>attribute-set-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.3.<br>DHCPv4 server support added in Junos OS Release 17.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Description              | <p>Specify a percentage of the <b>preferred-lifetime</b> value. After this percentage of the <b>preferred-lifetime</b> value elapses, the DHCPv4 or DHCPv6 client requests an extension on its lease from the originating DHCP local server. The <b>t1-percentage</b> is also referred to as the renewal time.</p> <p>The <b>t1-percentage</b> value must be less than the <b>t2-percentage</b> value.</p>                                                                                                                |
| Options                  | <p><b>percentage</b>—Percentage of the <b>preferred-lifetime</b> value.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 100</p> <p><b>Default:</b> If the <b>t1-percentage</b> value is not configured, the default is based on the <b>preferred-lifetime</b> value:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• If the <b>preferred-lifetime</b> value is finite, the default is 50 percent of the <b>preferred-lifetime</b> value.</li><li>• If the <b>preferred-lifetime</b> value is infinite, the default is also infinite.</li></ul> |
| Required Privilege Level | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">DHCP Lease Timers on page 290</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring DHCP Client-Specific Attributes Applied When Clients Obtain an Address on page 284</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring DHCP Attributes Outside Address Assignment Pools on page 357</a></li><li>• <a href="#">DHCP Attributes for Address-Assignment Pools on page 279</a></li></ul>                                                                                                            |

## t1-renewal-time (Address-Assignment Pools)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>t1-renewal-time <i>seconds</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> <i>family</i> [inet   inet6] <i>dhcp-attributes</i>],</code><br><code>[edit access protocol-attributes <i>attribute-set-name</i>]</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.2 on MX Series.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the time (T1) at which the DHCPv4 or DHCPv6 client requests an extension (renewal) of the existing lease. This time is expressed as the number of seconds since the beginning of the lease. Using this statement to configure a duration in seconds is an alternative to using the <b>t1-percentage</b> statement.                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>seconds</b>—Number of seconds</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 30 through 4,294,967,295 seconds</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 50 percent of the lease duration (<b>preferred-lifetime</b>).</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">DHCP Lease Timers on page 290</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring DHCP Client-Specific Attributes Applied When Clients Obtain an Address on page 284</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring DHCP Attributes Outside Address Assignment Pools on page 357</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">DHCP Attributes for Address-Assignment Pools on page 279</a></li> </ul> |

## t2-percentage (Address-Assignment Pools)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | t2-percentage <i>percentage</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> <i>family</i> [inet   inet6] <i>dhcp-attributes</i> ],<br>[edit access protocol-attributes <i>attribute-set-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.3.<br>DHCPv4 server support added in Junos OS Release 17.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify a percentage of the <b>preferred-lifetime</b> value. After this percentage of the <b>preferred-lifetime</b> value elapses, the DHCPv4 or DHCPv6 client requests an extension on its lease from any available DHCPv4 or DHCPv6 server. The <b>t2-percentage</b> is also referred to as the rebinding time.</p> <p>The <b>t2-percentage</b> value must be greater than the <b>t1-percentage</b> value.</p>                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>percentage</b>—Percentage of the <b>preferred-lifetime</b> value.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 100</p> <p><b>Default:</b> If the <b>t2-percentage</b> value is not configured, the default is based on the <b>preferred-lifetime</b> value:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• If the <b>preferred-lifetime</b> value is finite, the default is 80 percent. of the <b>preferred-lifetime</b> value.</li><li>• When the <b>preferred-lifetime</b> value is infinite, the default is also infinite.</li></ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">DHCP Lease Timers on page 290</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring DHCP Client-Specific Attributes Applied When Clients Obtain an Address on page 284</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring DHCP Attributes Outside Address Assignment Pools on page 357</a></li><li>• <a href="#">DHCP Attributes for Address-Assignment Pools on page 279</a></li></ul>                                                                                                               |

## t2-rebinding-time (Address-Assignment Pools)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | t2-rebinding-time <i>seconds</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet6 <b>dhcp-attributes</b> ],<br>[edit access protocol-attributes <i>attribute-set-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.2 on MX Series.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the time (T2) at which the DHCPv4 or DHCPv6 client attempts to contact any DHCP server to request an extension (rebinding) of the existing lease. This time is expressed as the number of seconds since the beginning of the lease. Using this statement to configure a duration in seconds is an alternative to using the <b>t2-percentage</b> statement.                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>seconds</b>—Number of seconds</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 30 through 4,294,967,295 seconds</p> <p><b>Default:</b> The default value depends on the client:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (DHCPv4 clients) 87.5 percent of the lease duration (<b>preferred-lifetime</b>).</li> <li>• (DHCPv6 clients) 80 percent of the lease duration (<b>preferred-lifetime</b>).</li> </ul>                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">DHCP Lease Timers on page 290</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring DHCP Client-Specific Attributes Applied When Clients Obtain an Address on page 284</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring DHCP Attributes Outside Address Assignment Pools on page 357</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">DHCP Attributes for Address-Assignment Pools on page 279</a></li> </ul> |

## target-logical-system (Domain Map)

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**Syntax**    `target-logical-system logical-system-name {  
                  target-routing-instance routing-instance-name;  
                  }`

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit access domain [map](#) *domain-map-name*]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.

**Description**    Configure a non-default logical system and optionally a non-default routing instance for the subscriber's interface in a domain map.

You use the [target-routing-instance](#) statement at the [edit access domain map *domain-map-name*] hierarchy level to configure a non-default routing instance for the default logical system.



**NOTE:** Subscriber management is supported in the default logical system only.

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**Default**    Default logical system for the subscriber..


**Options**    *logical-system-name*—Name of the logical system.

The remaining statement is explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level**    admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                  admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**    • [Specifying a Target Logical System/Routing Instance in a Domain Map on page 200](#)

## target-routing-instance (Domain Map)

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <code>target-routing-instance (routing-instance-name   default);</code>                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | [edit access domain <code>map domain-map-name</code> ],<br>[edit access domain <code>map domain-map-name target-logical-system logical-system-name</code> ]                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.<br><b>default</b> option added in Junos OS Release 13.3.                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Configure the routing instance of the subscriber context.                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> Subscriber management is supported in the default logical system only. The <code>target-logical-system</code> statement, which appears in the CLI, is not supported in current Junos OS releases.</p> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Default</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | For dynamic LNS sessions, the routing instance of the peer (LAC facing) interface. For all other sessions, the default logical system/routing instance context.                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <b>routing-instance-name</b> —Name of the routing instance.<br><b>default</b> —The default (master) routing instance.                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <b>admin</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>admin-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Domain Maps and Logical System/Routing Instance Contexts on page 193</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Specifying a Target Logical System/Routing Instance in a Domain Map on page 200</a></li> </ul> |

## terminate-code

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|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <code>terminate-code (aaa (deny   service-shutdown   shutdown)   dhcp   l2tp   ppp   vlan) <i>term-reason</i> radius <i>value</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit access]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.<br><b>vlan</b> option added in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>         | <p>Customize the mapping between a termination cause (the internal termination identifier) and a numerical code value for the cause that is reported in the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute (49).</p> <p>When a RADIUS Acct-Stop message is issued as a result of the termination of a subscriber or service session, the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute (49) reports the cause or reason for the termination. This attribute is included only in RADIUS Acct-Stop messages. The termination cause is conveyed as a code value in the attribute. <i>RFC 2866, RADIUS Accounting</i>, defines the standard mapping between 18 code values and termination causes.</p> <p>Junos OS defines a set of internal termination cause codes for AAA, DHCP, L2TP, PPP, and VLAN subscriber and service session failures. By default, these internal cause codes are mapped to the RFC-defined code values. When a subscriber or service session is terminated, the router logs a message for the internal termination cause and logs another message for the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute. You can use the logged information to help monitor and troubleshoot the events.</p> <p>Because there are many different Junos OS internal identifiers for termination causes and only 18 supported, RFC-defined standard code values, by default a given code value can map to multiple identifiers. Instead of using the default code values, you can use the <b>terminate-code</b> statement to map any of the internally defined termination causes to any 32-bit number (1 through 4,294,967,295). The flexibility of customized mapping greatly increases the possibilities for fine-grained analytics and failure tracking.</p> |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b>aaa</b>—Map internal identifiers for AAA-specific termination causes to a numerical value.</p> <p><b>deny</b>—Limit selection of termination causes to those associated with denial of subscriber access.</p> <p><b>dhcp</b>—Map internal identifiers for DHCP-specific termination causes to a numerical value.</p> <p><b>l2tp</b>—Map internal identifiers for L2TP-specific termination causes to a numerical value.</p> <p><b>ppp</b>—Map internal identifiers for PPP-specific termination causes to a numerical value.</p> <p><b>radius <i>value</i></b>—Number that represents the termination cause in the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute (49).<br/><b>Range:</b> 1 through 4,294,967,295</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |



**service-shutdown**—Limit selection of termination causes to those associated with established service sessions independent of the parent subscriber session.

**shutdown**—Limit selection of termination causes to those associated with established subscriber sessions.

**vlan**—Map internal identifiers for VLAN-specific termination causes to a numerical value.

**term-reason**—Internal identifier for the termination causes defined for the specified protocol type.

For protocol-specific termination causes, see the following topics:

- [AAA Termination Causes and Code Values on page 220](#)
- [DHCP Termination Causes and Code Values on page 222](#)
- [L2TP Termination Causes and Code Values on page 223](#)
- [PPP Termination Causes and Code Values on page 243](#)
- [VLAN Termination Causes and Code Values on page 251](#)

|                                 |                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.        |
|                                 | routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |



|                              |                                                                                                           |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | • <a href="#">Understanding Session Termination Causes and RADIUS Termination Cause Codes on page 217</a> |
|                              | • <a href="#">Mapping Session Termination Causes to Custom Termination Cause Codes on page 219</a>        |

## tftp-server

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>tftp-server <i>ip-address</i>;</code>                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet <a href="#">dhcp-attributes</a> ],<br>[edit access protocol-attributes <i>attribute-set-name</i> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) server that the client uses to obtain the client configuration file. This is equivalent to DHCP option 150.        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ip-address</i> —IP address of the TFTP server.                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li></ul>                                                   |

## timeout (RADIUS)

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <code>timeout seconds;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | [edit access <a href="#">radius-server</a> <i>server-address</i> ],<br>[edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <a href="#">radius-server</a> <i>server-address</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Configure the amount of time that the local router or switch waits to receive a response from RADIUS authentication and accounting servers. You can override the timeout value for accounting servers with the <a href="#">accounting-timeout</a> statement.                                                                                                                                                        |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> To successfully set a timeout value for the accounting servers different from the authentication servers, you must configure both the <a href="#">accounting-retry</a> and <a href="#">accounting-timeout</a> statements. If you configure only one of these statements, then the value you configure is ignored in favor of the values configured with the <a href="#">retry</a> and <a href="#">timeout</a> statements.</p> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> The maximum retry duration (the number of retries times the length of the timeout) cannot exceed 2700 seconds. An error message is displayed if you configure a longer duration.</p> </div>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <p><b>seconds</b>—Amount of time to wait.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1 through 1000 seconds</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 3 seconds</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Router or Switch Interaction with RADIUS Servers on page 137</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Example: Configuring CHAP Authentication with RADIUS</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Authentication for L2TP</a></li> </ul> |

## timeout (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>timeout <i>timeout-value</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p> <p>Support at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6 ...]</a> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the initial value in seconds between attempts to reconfigure all DHCP clients or only the DHCP clients serviced by the specified group of interfaces.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>timeout-value</i></b>—Initial retry timeout value.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1 through 10 seconds</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 2 seconds</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Client Reconfiguration of Extended Local Server Clients on page 338</a></li> <li><a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Reconfiguration Attempts for DHCP Clients on page 340</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## timeout (DHCP Local Server Leasequery)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>timeout <i>seconds</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">allow-bulk-leasequery</a>],<br/> [edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">dhcpv6 allow-bulk-leasequery</a>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...],<br/> [edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services <a href="#">dhcp-local-server</a> ...]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the number of seconds that a connection on the TCP socket is idle before the DHCP local server closes the connection. Closing inactive connections enables the DHCP local server to more efficiently apply resources in support of active TCP connections.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>seconds</i></b>—Number of seconds the connection can be idle.<br/> <b>Range:</b> 1 through 1000<br/> <b>Default:</b> 120</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br/> system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring and Using DHCP Bulk Leasequery on page 300</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## timeout (DHCP Relay Agent Leasequery)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | timeout <i>seconds</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit forwarding-options <a href="#">dhcp-relay</a> ( <a href="#">leasequery</a>   <a href="#">bulk-leasequery</a> )],<br>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dhcpv6</a> ( <a href="#">leasequery</a>   <a href="#">bulk-leasequery</a> )],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> ...],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> ...],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> ...] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the number of seconds that DHCP relay agent waits before resending a leasequery or bulk leasequery message to the DHCP servers when all servers have not responded to a previous message.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>seconds</i></b> —Number of seconds.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 10<br><b>Default:</b> 10                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring and Using DHCP Individual Leasequery on page 297</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring and Using DHCP Bulk Leasequery on page 300</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## timeout-grace (RADIUS Options)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | time-out grace <i>seconds</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">radius-options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure a grace period during which a RADIUS server that times out after failing to respond to an authentication request is not considered to be down (if other servers are available) or unreachable (if it is the only configured server). The server is marked as down or unreachable only when it does not successfully respond to an authentication request during the grace period and times out again after the period expires.</p> <p>You can use long grace periods to give unresponsive servers more opportunities to respond before abandoning them. You can use short grace periods to cause the router to declare unresponsive servers down and direct requests to available servers sooner.</p> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>seconds</i></b>—Duration of the server timeout grace period.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 30</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 10</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Timeout Grace Period to Specify When RADIUS Servers Are Considered Down or Unreachable on page 145</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Global RADIUS Options for Subscriber Access on page 8</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

## token (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>token <i>token-value</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p> <p>Support at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6 ...]</b> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure a plain-text token for all DHCP clients or only the DHCP clients serviced by the specified group of interfaces. The token enables rudimentary entity authentication to protect against inadvertently instantiated DHCP servers. A null token (empty string) indicates that the configuration token functionality is not enabled. A group configuration takes precedence over a DHCP local server configuration. For more information about tokens, see RFC 3118, <i>Authentication for DHCP Messages</i>, section 4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>token-value</i></b>—Plain-text alphanumeric string.</p> <p><b>Default:</b> null (empty string)</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |



- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Dynamic Client Reconfiguration of Extended Local Server Clients on page 338](#)
  - [Configuring a Token for DHCP Local Server Authentication on page 403](#)

## trace (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | trace;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Enable trace operations for a group of interfaces or for a specific interface within a group.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Tracing Extended DHCP Operations on page 901</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Tracing Extended DHCP Operations for Specific Interfaces on page 906</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## trace (DHCP Relay Agent)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | trace;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>],<br/>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">interface</a> <i>interface-name</i>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.</p> <p>Support at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Enable trace operations for a group of interfaces or for a specific interface within a group. Use the statement at the <b>[edit ... dhcpv6]</b> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.</p> <p>EX Series switches do not support DHCPv6.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring an Extended DHCP Relay Server on EX Series Switches (CLI Procedure)</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Tracing Extended DHCP Operations on page 901</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Tracing Extended DHCP Operations for Specific Interfaces on page 906</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

## traceoptions (ANCP)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre> traceoptions {     file <i>filename</i> &lt;files <i>number</i>&gt; &lt;match <i>regular-expression</i> &gt; &lt;size <i>maximum-file-size</i>&gt;         &lt;world-readable   no-world-readable&gt;;     flag <i>flag</i> &lt;disable&gt;;     level (all   error   info   notice   verbose   warning);     no-remote-trace; } </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit protocols <a href="#">ancp</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>         | Define tracing operations for ANCP agent processes.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b>file <i>filename</i></b>— Name of the file to receive the output of the tracing operation. Enclose the name within quotation marks. All files are placed in the directory <b>/var/log</b>.</p> <p><b>files <i>number</i></b>— (Optional) Maximum number of trace files to create before overwriting the oldest one. If you specify a maximum number of files, you also must specify a maximum file size with the <b>size</b> option.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 2 through 1000</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 3 files</p> <p><b>flag <i>flag</i></b>—Tracing operation to perform. To specify more than one tracing operation, include multiple <b>flag</b> statements. Include the <b>disable</b> option after a flag to disable tracing for that flag. You can include the following flags:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>all</b>—Trace all operations.</li> <li>• <b>config</b>—Trace configuration events.</li> <li>• <b>cos</b>—Trace class-of-service events.</li> <li>• <b>general</b>—Trace general flow.</li> <li>• <b>packet</b>—Trace ANCP packet transmit and receive operations.</li> <li>• <b>process</b>—Trace process internals.</li> <li>• <b>protocol</b>—Trace protocol events.</li> <li>• <b>restart</b>—Trace process restart flow</li> <li>• <b>routing-socket</b>—Trace routing socket events.</li> <li>• <b>session</b>—Trace connection events and flow.</li> <li>• <b>startup</b>—Trace ANCP startup events and flow.</li> <li>• <b>subscriber</b>—Trace subscriber events.</li> <li>• <b>timer</b>—Trace timer processing.</li> </ul> |

**level**—Level of tracing to perform. You can specify any of the following levels:

- **all**—Match all levels.
- **error**—Match error conditions.
- **info**—Match informational messages.
- **notice**—Match notice messages about conditions requiring special handling.
- **verbose**—Match verbose messages.
- **warning**—Match warning messages.

**Default:** error

**match *regular-expression***—(Optional) Refine the output to include lines that contain the regular expression.

**no-remote-trace**—Disable remote tracing.

**no-world-readable**—(Optional) Disable unrestricted file access.

**size *maximum-file-size***—(Optional) Maximum size of each trace file. By default, the number entered is treated as bytes. Alternatively, you can include a suffix to the number to indicate kilobytes (KB), megabytes (MB), or gigabytes (GB). If you specify a maximum file size, you also must specify a maximum number of trace files with the **files** option.

**Syntax:** *sizek* to specify KB, *sizem* to specify MB, or *sizeg* to specify GB

**Range:** 10240 through 1073741824

**Default:** 128 KB

**world-readable**—(Optional) Enable unrestricted file access.

|                                 |                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | trace—To view this statement in the configuration.        |
|                                 | trace-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

|                              |                                                                                                                                   |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Tracing ANCP Agent Operations for Subscriber Access on page 935</a></li></ul> |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## traceoptions (DHCP)

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|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre> traceoptions {     file <i>filename</i> &lt;files <i>number</i>&gt; &lt;match <i>regular-expression</i> &gt; &lt;size <i>maximum-file-size</i>&gt;         &lt;world-readable   no-world-readable&gt;;     flag <i>flag</i>;     level (all   error   info   notice   verbose   warning);     no-remote-trace; } </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit system processes dhcp-service]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b> | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>         | <p>Define global tracing operations for extended DHCP local server and extended DHCP relay agent processes.</p> <p>This statement replaces the deprecated <b>traceoptions</b> statements at the [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay] and [edit system services dhcp-local-server] hierarchy levels.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b>file <i>filename</i></b>—Name of the file to receive the output of the tracing operation. Enclose the name within quotation marks. All files are placed in the directory <b>/var/log</b>.</p> <p><b>files <i>number</i></b>—(Optional) Maximum number of trace files to create before overwriting the oldest one. If you specify a maximum number of files, you also must specify a maximum file size with the <b>size</b> option.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 2 through 1000</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 3 files</p> <p><b>flag <i>flag</i></b>—Tracing operation to perform. To specify more than one tracing operation, include multiple <b>flag</b> statements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>all</b>—Trace all events.</li> <li>• <b>auth</b>—Trace authentication events.</li> <li>• <b>database</b>—Trace database events.</li> <li>• <b>fwd</b>—Trace firewall process events.</li> <li>• <b>general</b>—Trace miscellaneous events.</li> <li>• <b>ha</b>—Trace high availability-related events.</li> <li>• <b>interface</b>—Trace interface operations.</li> <li>• <b>io</b>—Trace I/O operations.</li> <li>• <b>liveness-detection</b>—Trace liveness detection operations.</li> <li>• <b>packet</b>—Trace packet and option decoding operations.</li> </ul> |

- **performance**—Trace performance measurement operations.
- **profile**—Trace profile operations.
- **rpd**—Trace routing protocol process events.
- **rtsock**—Trace routing socket operations.
- **security-persistence**—Trace security persistence events.
- **session-db**—Trace session database events.
- **state**—Trace changes in state.
- **statistics**—Trace baseline statistics.
- **ui**—Trace user interface operations.

**level**—Level of tracing to perform; also known as severity level. The option you configure enables tracing of events at that level and all higher (more restrictive) levels. You can specify any of the following levels:

- **all**—Match messages of all levels.
- **error**—Match error messages.
- **info**—Match informational messages.
- **notice**—Match notice messages about conditions requiring special handling.
- **verbose**—Match verbose messages. This is the lowest (least restrictive) severity level; when you configure **verbose**, messages at all higher levels are traced. Therefore, the result is the same as when you configure **all**.
- **warning**—Match warning messages.

**Default:** error

**match *regular-expression***—(Optional) Refine the output to include lines that contain the regular expression.

**no-remote-trace**—Disable remote tracing.

**no-world-readable**—(Optional) Disable unrestricted file access, allowing only the user **root** and users who have the Junos OS **maintenance** permission to access the trace files.

**size *maximum-file-size***—(Optional) Maximum size of each trace file. By default, the number entered is treated as bytes. Alternatively, you can include a suffix to the number to indicate kilobytes (***maximum-file-sizek***), megabytes (***maximum-file-sizem***), or gigabytes (***maximum-file-sizeg***). If you specify a maximum file size, you also must specify a maximum number of trace files with the **files** option.

**Range:** 10,240 through 1,073,741,824

**Default:** 128 KB

**world-readable**—(Optional) Enable unrestricted file access.

**Required Privilege** trace—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**Level** trace-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation** • [Tracing Extended DHCP Operations on page 901](#)

## traceoptions (Diameter Base Protocol)

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|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre>traceoptions {<br/>    file <i>filename</i> &lt;files <i>number</i>&gt; &lt;match <i>regular-expression</i> &gt; &lt;size <i>maximum-file-size</i>&gt;<br/>    &lt;world-readable   no-world-readable&gt;;<br/>    flag <i>flag</i>;<br/>    level (all   error   info   notice   verbose   warning);<br/>    no-remote-trace;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit system processes diameter-service]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>         | Define tracing options for Diameter processes.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b>file <i>filename</i></b>—Name of the file to receive the output of the tracing operation. Enclose the filename within quotation marks. All files are placed in the directory <b>/var/log</b>.</p> <p><b>files <i>number</i></b>—(Optional) Maximum number of trace files to create before overwriting the oldest one. If you specify a maximum number of files, you also must specify a maximum file size with the <b>size</b> option.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 2 through 1000</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 3 files</p> <p><b>flag <i>flag</i></b>—Tracing operation to perform. To specify more than one tracing operation, include multiple <b>flag</b> statements. You can include the following flags:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>all</b>—Trace all operations</li><li>• <b>application</b>—Trace Diameter application interface events</li><li>• <b>configuration</b>—Trace configuration events</li><li>• <b>daemon</b>—Trace Diameter daemon level events</li><li>• <b>diameter-instance</b>—Trace Diameter instance events</li><li>• <b>dne</b>—Trace Diameter network element events</li><li>• <b>framework</b>—Trace Diameter framework events</li><li>• <b>memory-management</b>—Trace memory management events</li><li>• <b>messages</b>—Trace Diameter messages</li><li>• <b>node</b>—Trace Diameter node events</li><li>• <b>peer</b>—Trace Diameter peer events</li></ul> <p><b>level</b>—Level of tracing to perform. You can specify any of the following levels:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>all</b>—Match all levels.</li></ul> |



- **error**—Match error conditions.
- **info**—Match informational messages.
- **notice**—Match notice messages about conditions requiring special handling.
- **verbose**—Match verbose messages.
- **warning**—Match warning messages.

**match *regular-expression***—(Optional) Refine the output to include lines that contain the regular expression.

**no-remote-trace**—Disable remote tracing.

**no-world-readable**—(Optional) Disable unrestricted file access.

**size *maximum-file-size***—(Optional) Maximum size of each trace file. By default, the number entered is treated as bytes. Alternatively, you can include a suffix to the number to indicate kilobytes (KB), megabytes (MB), or gigabytes (GB). If you specify a maximum file size, you also must specify a maximum number of trace files with the **files** option.

**Syntax:** *sizek* to specify KB, *sizem* to specify MB, or *sizeg* to specify GB

**Range:** 10240 through 1073741824

**Default:** 128 KB

**world-readable**—(Optional) Enable unrestricted file access.

|                                 |                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | trace—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>trace-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

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|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Tracing Diameter Base Protocol Processes for Subscriber Access on page 925</a></li> </ul> |
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## traceoptions (Extensible Subscriber Services Manager)

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|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>traceoptions file <i>file-name</i> flag authentication   flag configuration   flag dictionary   flag fsm   flag statistics   flag kernel   flag dynamic   flag database   flag op-script   flag general   flag all</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit system processes extensible-subscriber-services]</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the trace options for Extensible Subscriber Services Manager. <code>essmd</code> supports Junos OS daemon trace options.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>traceoptions</b>—Configure the trace options for Extensible Subscriber Services Manager.</p> <p><b><i>file-name</i></b>—Name of the trace file.</p> <p><b>flag all</b>—Configure trace settings for all operations.</p> <p><b>flag authentication</b>—Configure trace settings for authentication operations.</p> <p><b>flag configuration</b>—Configure trace settings for configuration operations.</p> <p><b>flag database</b>—Configure trace settings for database operations.</p> <p><b>flag dictionary</b>—Configure trace settings for dictionary operations.</p> <p><b>flag dynamic</b>—Configure trace settings for dynamic profile operations.</p> <p><b>flag fsm</b>—Configure trace settings for finite state machine operations.</p> <p><b>flag general</b>—Configure trace settings for general operations.</p> <p><b>flag kernel</b>—Configure trace settings for kernel state-change operations.</p> <p><b>flag op-script</b>—Configure trace settings for op script operations.</p> <p><b>flag statistics</b>—Configure trace settings for statistics-collection operations.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p><code>system</code>—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p><code>system-control</code>—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

## traceoptions (Enhanced Subscriber Management)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre> traceoptions {     file <i>filename</i> &lt;files <i>number</i>&gt; &lt;match <i>regular-expression</i> &gt; &lt;size <i>maximum-file-size</i>&gt;         &lt;world-readable   no-world-readable&gt;;     flag <i>flag</i> &lt;disable&gt;;     level <i>level</i>;     no-remote-trace; } </pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit system processes smg-service]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1R3 on MX Series routers for enhanced subscriber management.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>         | Define tracing operations for the main enhanced subscriber management session management process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b>file <i>filename</i></b>—Name of the file to receive the output of the tracing operation. Enclose the name within quotation marks. All trace logs are stored in the directory <code>/var/log/bbesmgd</code>.</p> <p><b>files <i>number</i></b>—(Optional) Maximum number of trace files to create before overwriting the oldest one. If you specify a maximum number of files, you also must specify a maximum file size with the <b>size</b> option.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 2 through 1000</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 5 files</p> <p><b>flag <i>flag</i></b>—Tracing operation to perform. To specify more than one tracing operation, include multiple <b>flag</b> statements. Include the <b>disable</b> option after a flag to disable tracing for that flag. You can include the following flags:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>all</b>—Trace all operations.</li> <li>• <b>auth</b>—Trace general authentication events.</li> <li>• <b>autoconf</b>—Trace autoconfiguration events.</li> <li>• <b>config</b>—Trace configuration events.</li> <li>• <b>demux</b>—Trace demultiplexing (demux) events.</li> <li>• <b>dhcp</b>—Trace DHCP Server events.</li> <li>• <b>dprof</b>—Trace dynamic profile events.</li> <li>• <b>interface</b>—Trace interface events.</li> <li>• <b>io</b>—Trace packet socket events.</li> <li>• <b>l2tp</b>—Trace L2TP events.</li> <li>• <b>main</b>—Trace main operations.</li> </ul> |

- **net**—Trace network processing events.
- **ppp**—Trace PPP events.
- **pppoe**—Trace PPPoE events.
- **rpd**—Trace routing protocol process events.
- **rtsock**—Trace routing socket events.
- **service**—Trace service events.
- **session**—Trace connection events and flow.
- **stats**—Trace statistics events.
- **ucac**—Trace universal call admission control events.
- **ui**—Trace user interface events.
- **vbf**—Trace variable-based forwarding events.

**level** *level*—Level of tracing to perform. You can specify any of the following levels:

- **all**—Match all levels.
- **error**—Match error conditions.
- **info**—Match informational messages.
- **notice**—Match notice messages about conditions requiring special handling.
- **verbose**—Match verbose messages.
- **warning**—Match warning messages.

**match** *regular-expression*—(Optional) Refine the output to include lines that contain the regular expression.

**no-remote-trace**—Disable remote tracing.

**no-world-readable**—(Optional) Disable unrestricted file access.

**size** *maximum-file-size*—(Optional) Maximum size of each trace file. By default, the number entered is treated as bytes. Alternatively, you can include a suffix to the number to indicate kilobytes (KB), megabytes (MB), or gigabytes (GB). If you specify a maximum file size, you also must specify a maximum number of trace files with the **files** option.

**Syntax:** *sizek* to specify KB, *sizem* to specify MB, or *sizeg* to specify GB

**Range:** 10,240 through 1,073,741,824 bytes

**Default:** 128 KB

**world-readable**—(Optional) Enable unrestricted file access.

|                                 |                                                                                                                                 |
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| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>trace</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>trace-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration. |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management on page 617](#)
  - [Configuring the Subscriber Management Database Trace Log Filename on page 912](#)

## traceoptions (General Authentication Service)

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|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre>traceoptions {<br/>    file <i>filename</i> &lt;files <i>number</i>&gt; &lt;match <i>regular-expression</i> &gt; &lt;size <i>maximum-file-size</i>&gt;<br/>    &lt;world-readable   no-world-readable&gt;;<br/>    filter {<br/>        user <i>user@domain</i>;<br/>    }<br/>    flag <i>flag</i>;<br/>    no-remote-trace;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit system processes general-authentication-service]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>         | Configure tracing options for the general authentication service.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b>file <i>filename</i></b>—Name of the file to receive the output of the tracing operation. All files are placed in the directory <code>/var/log</code>.</p> <p><b>files <i>number</i></b>—(Optional) Maximum number of trace files to create before overwriting the oldest one. If you specify a maximum number of files, you also must specify a maximum file size with the <b>size</b> option.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 2 through 1000</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 3 files</p> <p><b>filter</b>—Additional filter to refine the output to display particular subscribers. Filtering based on the following subscriber identifier simplifies troubleshooting in a scaled environment.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>user <i>user@domain</i></b>—Username of a subscriber. Optionally use an asterisk (*) as a wildcard to substitute for characters at the beginning or end of either term or both terms.</li></ul> <p><b>flag <i>flag</i></b>—Tracing operation to perform. To specify more than one tracing operation, include multiple <b>flag</b> statements. You can include the following flags:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>address-assignment</b>—Trace address-assignment pool events</li><li>• <b>all</b>—Trace all tracing operations</li><li>• <b>configuration</b>—Trace configuration events</li><li>• <b>framework</b>—Trace authentication framework events</li><li>• <b>gx-plus</b>—Trace Gx-Plus events</li><li>• <b>jsrc</b>—Trace JSRC events</li><li>• <b>ldap</b>—Trace LDAP authentication events</li></ul> |

- **local-authentication**—Trace local authentication events
- **radius**—Trace RADIUS authentication events
- **user-access**—Trace user access events, such as login, logout, and authenticate.

**match *regular-expression***—(Optional) Refine the output to include lines that contain the regular expression.

**no-remote-trace**—Disable remote tracing.

**no-world-readable**—(Optional) Disable unrestricted file access.

**size *maximum-file-size***—(Optional) Maximum size of each trace file. By default, the number entered is treated as bytes. Alternatively, you can include a suffix to the number to indicate kilobytes (KB), megabytes (MB), or gigabytes (GB). If you specify a maximum file size, you also must specify a maximum number of trace files with the **files** option.

**Syntax:** *sizek* to specify KB, *sizem* to specify MB, or *sizeg* to specify GB

**Range:** 10240 through 1073741824

**Default:** 128 KB

**world-readable**—(Optional) Enable unrestricted file access.

|                                 |                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | trace—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>trace-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

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|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Tracing General Authentication Service Processes on page 941</a></li> </ul> |
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## traceoptions (Static Subscribers)

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|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre>traceoptions {<br/>    file <i>filename</i> &lt;files <i>number</i>&gt; &lt;match <i>regular-expression</i> &gt; &lt;size <i>maximum-file-size</i>&gt;<br/>    &lt;world-readable   no-world-readable&gt;;<br/>    flag <i>flag</i>;<br/>    level (all   error   info   notice   verbose   warning);<br/>    no-remote-trace;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system processes <a href="#">static-subscribers</a> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system<br>processes <a href="#">static-subscribers</a> ],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system processes <a href="#">static-subscribers</a> ],<br>[edit system processes <a href="#">static-subscribers</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>         | Define tracing operations for static subscriber processes.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b>file <i>filename</i></b>— Name of the file to receive the output of the tracing operation. Enclose the name within quotation marks. All files are placed in the directory <code>/var/log</code>.</p> <p><b>files <i>number</i></b>—(Optional) Maximum number of trace files to create before overwriting the oldest one. If you specify a maximum number of files, you also must specify a maximum file size with the <b>size</b> option.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 2 through 1000</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 3 files</p> <p><b>flag <i>flag</i></b>—Tracing operation to perform. To specify more than one tracing operation, include multiple <b>flag</b> statements. You can include the following flags:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>all</b>—Trace all operations.</li><li>• <b>authentication</b>—Trace authentication events.</li><li>• <b>configuration</b>—Trace configuration events.</li><li>• <b>database</b>—Trace database events.</li><li>• <b>general</b>—Trace general events.</li><li>• <b>gres</b>—Trace GRES events.</li><li>• <b>profile</b>—Trace dynamic profile events.</li><li>• <b>rtsock</b>—Trace routing socket events.</li><li>• <b>statistics</b>—Trace statistics events.</li><li>• <b>subscriber</b>—Trace subscriber events.</li></ul> <p><b>level</b>—Level of tracing to perform. You can specify any of the following levels:</p> |



- **all**—Match all levels.
- **error**—Match error conditions.
- **info**—Match informational messages.
- **notice**—Match notice messages about conditions requiring special handling.
- **verbose**—Match verbose messages.
- **warning**—Match warning messages.

**Default:** error

**match *regular-expression***—(Optional) Refine the output to include lines that contain the regular expression.

**no-remote-trace**—(Optional) Disable remote tracing.

**no-world-readable**—(Optional) Disable unrestricted file access.

**size *maximum-file-size***—(Optional) Maximum size of each trace file. By default, the number entered is treated as bytes. Alternatively, you can include a suffix to the number to indicate kilobytes (KB), megabytes (MB), or gigabytes (GB). If you specify a maximum file size, you also must specify a maximum number of trace files with the **files** option.

**Syntax:** *sizek* to specify KB, *sizem* to specify MB, or *sizeg* to specify GB

**Range:** 10240 through 1073741824

**Default:** 128 KB

**world-readable**—(Optional) Enable unrestricted file access.

|                                 |                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | trace—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>trace-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

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|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Tracing Static Subscriber Operations on page 953</a></li> </ul> |
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## tracoptions (Subscriber Management)

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|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre>tracoptions {<br/>    file <i>filename</i> &lt;files <i>number</i>&gt; &lt;match <i>regular-expression</i> &gt; &lt;size <i>maximum-file-size</i>&gt;<br/>    &lt;world-readable   no-world-readable&gt;;<br/>    flag <i>flag</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit system services <a href="#">subscriber-management</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>         | Define tracing operations for subscriber management interface processes.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b>file <i>filename</i></b>—Name of the file to receive the output of the tracing operation. Enclose the filename within quotation marks. All files are placed in the directory <code>/var/log</code>.</p> <p><b>files <i>number</i></b>—(Optional) Maximum number of trace files to create before overwriting the oldest one. If you specify a maximum number of files, you also must specify a maximum file size with the <b>size</b> option.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 2 through 1000</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 3 files</p> <p><b>flag <i>flag</i></b>—Tracing operation to perform. To specify more than one tracing operation, include multiple <b>flag</b> statements. You can include the following flags:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>all</b>—Trace all operations.</li><li>• <b>database</b>—Trace database events.</li><li>• <b>general</b>—Trace general events.</li><li>• <b>issu</b>—Trace unified ISSU events.</li><li>• <b>server</b>—Trace server events.</li><li>• <b>session-db</b>—Trace session database interactions.</li><li>• <b>ui</b>—Trace user interface events.</li></ul> <p><b>match <i>regular-expression</i></b>—(Optional) Refine the output to include lines that contain the regular expression.</p> <p><b>no-world-readable</b>—(Optional) Disable unrestricted file access.</p> <p><b>size <i>maximum-file-size</i></b>—(Optional) Maximum size of each trace file. By default, the number entered is treated as bytes. Alternatively, you can include a suffix to the number to indicate kilobytes (KB), megabytes (MB), or gigabytes (GB). If you specify a maximum file size, you also must specify a maximum number of trace files with the <b>files</b> option.</p> <p><b>Syntax:</b> <b>sizek</b> to specify KB, <b>sizem</b> to specify MB, or <b>sizeg</b> to specify GB</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 10240 through 1073741824</p> |

**Default:** 128 KB

**world-readable**—(Optional) Enable unrestricted file access.

|                           |                                                           |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege</b> | trace—To view this statement in the configuration.        |
| <b>Level</b>              | trace-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

|                              |                                                                                                                                                       |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Tracing Subscriber Management Database Operations for Subscriber Access on page 911</a></li></ul> |
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## traceoptions (Subscriber Session Database Replication)

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|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax              | <pre>traceoptions {<br/>    file <i>filename</i> &lt;files <i>number</i>&gt; &lt;match <i>regular-expression</i> &gt; &lt;size <i>maximum-file-size</i>&gt;<br/>    &lt;world-readable   no-world-readable&gt;;<br/>    flag <i>flag</i>;<br/>    no-remote-trace;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Hierarchy Level     | [edit system services <a href="#">database-replication</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Release Information | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Description         | Define tracing operations for subscriber management session database replication processes.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Options             | <p><b>file <i>filename</i></b>—Name of the file to receive the output of the tracing operation. Enclose the name within quotation marks. All files are placed in the directory <code>/var/log</code>.</p> <p><b>files <i>number</i></b>—(Optional) Maximum number of trace files to create before overwriting the oldest one. If you specify a maximum number of files, you also must specify a maximum file size with the <b>size</b> option.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 2 through 1000</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 3 files</p> <p><b>flag <i>flag</i></b>—Tracing operation to perform. To specify more than one tracing operation, include multiple <b>flag</b> statements. You can include the following flags:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>all</b>—Trace all operations.</li><li>• <b>database</b>—Trace database events.</li><li>• <b>general</b>—Trace general flow.</li><li>• <b>mirror</b>—Trace mirroring events.</li><li>• <b>replication</b>—Trace database replication events.</li><li>• <b>server</b>—Trace server events.</li><li>• <b>session-db</b>—Trace session database interactions.</li><li>• <b>ui</b>—Trace user interface events.</li></ul> <p><b>match <i>regular-expression</i></b>—(Optional) Refine the output to include lines that contain the regular expression.</p> <p><b>no-remote-trace</b>—Disable remote tracing.</p> <p><b>no-world-readable</b>—(Optional) Disable unrestricted file access.</p> |

**size *maximum-file-size***—(Optional) Maximum size of each trace file. By default, the number entered is treated as bytes. Alternatively, you can include a suffix to the number to indicate kilobytes (KB), megabytes (MB), or gigabytes (GB). If you specify a maximum file size, you also must specify a maximum number of trace files with the **files** option.

**Syntax:** *sizek* to specify KB, *sizem* to specify MB, or *sizeg* to specify GB

**Range:** 10240 through 1073741824

**Default:** 128 KB

**world-readable**—(Optional) Enable unrestricted file access.

**Required Privilege Level** trace—To view this statement in the configuration.  
trace-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Tracing Subscriber Management Session Database Replication Operations for Subscriber Access on page 917](#)

## transport (Diameter Base Protocol)

**Syntax** `transport transport-name {  
    address;  
    logical-system logical-system-name <routing-instance routing-instance-name >;  
    routing-instance routing-instance-name  
}`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit [diameter](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.

**Description** Configure the Diameter instance and the local IP address for the Diameter local transport connection.

**Options** *transport-name*—Name of the transport.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** admin—To view this statement in the configuration.  
admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**


- [Configuring Diameter on page 782](#)
- [Configuring the Diameter Transport on page 785](#)

## transport (Diameter Peer)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>transport <i>transport-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit diameter peer <i>peer-name</i> <a href="#">connect-actively</a> ]                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the transport layer connection to be used for establishing active connections to the peer.                                                                  |
| <b>Default</b>                  | The transport is defined in the default logical system and master routing instance.                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>transport-name</i> —Name of the transport.                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter on page 782</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Diameter Peers on page 783</a></li></ul> |

## traps

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | (traps   no-traps);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <p>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i>],<br/> [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i>],<br/> [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i>],<br/> [edit interfaces interface-range <i>name</i>],<br/> [edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i>]</p>                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | <p>Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.2 for ACX Series Universal Access Routers.</p> <p>Support at the [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i>] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1R3 on MX Series routers for enhanced subscriber management.</p>                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <p>Enable or disable the sending of Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) notifications when the state of the connection changes.</p> <p>(Enhanced subscriber management for MX Series routers) To enable SNMP notifications, you must first configure the <a href="#">interface-mib</a> statement at the [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces <i>interface-name</i>] hierarchy level. If <a href="#">interface-mib</a> is not configured, the <b>traps</b> statement has no effect.</p> |
| <div>  <p><b>BEST PRACTICE:</b> To achieve maximum performance when enhanced subscriber management is enabled, we recommend that you <i>not</i> enable SNMP notifications on all dynamic subscriber interfaces.</p> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Enabling or Disabling SNMP Notifications on Physical Interfaces</i></li> <li>• <i>Enabling or Disabling SNMP Notifications on Logical Interfaces</i></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

## trigger (DHCP Local Server)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>trigger {     radius-disconnect; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>],</p> <p>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">reconfigure</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p> <p>Support at the [edit ... dhcpv6 ...] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure behavior in response to a trigger for all DHCP clients or only the DHCP clients serviced by the specified group of interfaces.</p> <p>The remaining statement is explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Client Reconfiguration of Extended Local Server Clients on page 338</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Reconfiguration of the Client on Receipt of RADIUS-Initiated Disconnect on page 341</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">radius-disconnect on page 1433</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |




## trigger (DHCP Relay Agent Leasequery)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | trigger automatic;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6 bulk-leasequery</b> ],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> ...],<br>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> ...],<br>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> ...]                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the event that triggers DHCPv6 relay agent to send bulk leasequery messages to the DHCPv6 servers in the logical system/routing instance. The trigger initiates the bulk leasequery configuration parameters you specify in the DHCPv6 relay agent configuration. The optional event support is in addition to the default CLI command support. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>automatic</b> —Specify that the DHCPv6 relay agent always sends a bulk leasequery message whenever the jdhcp daemon is started or restarted and there are no bound subscribers in the session database. The automatic trigger updates the DHCP relay agent's binding information for clients associated with the requesting DHCPv6 relay agent.      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring and Using DHCP Bulk Leasequery on page 300</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## trio-flow-offload

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | trio-flow-offload minimum-bytes <i>minimum-bytes</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> services-options]                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Enable any plug-in or daemon on a PIC to generate a request to off-load flows to the Packet Forwarding Engine. This command is available on MX Series routers with Modular Port Concentrators (MPCs) and Modular Interface Cards (MICs).                      |
|                                 | <div> <b>NOTE:</b> This feature is not supported for Broadband Edge subscribers (given that service PIC off load is not available with aggregate Ethernet (AE)).</div>       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>minimum-bytes</i> —Minimum number of bytes that trigger offloading. When this option is omitted, offloading is triggered when both the forward and reverse flows of the session have begun, meaning that at least one packet has flowed in each direction. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>Configuring Flow Offloading on MX Series Routers</i></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                     |

## trust-option-82

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | trust-option-82;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> interface <i>interface-name</i> <a href="#">overrides</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Enable processing of DHCP client packets that have a gateway IP address (giaddr) of 0 (zero) and contain option 82 information. By default, the DHCP relay agent treats such packets as if they originated at an untrusted source, and drops them without further processing.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Trusting Option 82 Information on page 377</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Overriding the Default DHCP Relay Configuration Settings on page 354</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

## tunnel-profile (Domain Map)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>tunnel-profile <i>profile-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access domain <b>map</b> <i>domain-map-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Tunnel profile that provides definitions for tunnels associated with the domain map.                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>profile-name</i> —Name of tunnel profile.                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Specifying a Tunnel Profile in a Domain Map on page 205</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a Tunnel Profile for Subscriber Access</a></li></ul> |

## underlying-interface (ANCP)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>underlying-interface <i>underlying-interface-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit protocols ancp interfaces <b>interface-set</b> <i>interface-set-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.2.                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the underlying interface on which the VLAN demux interface is running. The VLAN demux interface is the underlying interface for the PPPoE sessions controlled by ANCP.                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>underlying-interface-name</i> —Name of the underlying interface.                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Associating an Access Node with Subscribers for ANCP Agent Operations on page 703</a></li></ul> |

## unique-nas-port

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>unique-nas-port {   chassis-id <i>chassis-id</i>;   chassis-id-width <i>chassis-id-width</i>; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <a href="#">radius-options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the router to provide a unique value for the NAS-Port attribute (RADIUS attribute 5) of each subscriber. You can configure a NAS-Port value that is unique within the router only, or unique across the different MX routers in the network.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>chassis-id</b>—Value for the <b>chassis-id</b> part of NAS-Port attribute. To ensure that NAS-Port values are unique across all MX series routers in the network, you must specify a unique <b>chassis-id</b> for each MX router.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 0-127 bits</p> <p><b>chassis-id-width</b>—Number of bits used to uniquely identify the chassis across the MX series routers in the network. All routers must use the same <b>chassis-id-width</b>. If you do not configure a <b>chassis-id-width</b>, the resulting NAS-Port attribute is unique within the router only.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1-7 bits</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Enabling Unique NAS-Port Attributes (RADIUS Attribute 5) for Subscribers on page 73</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## unit (Dynamic Profiles Standard Interface)

```

Syntax unit logical-unit-number {
 actual-transit-statistics;
 auto-configure {
 agent-circuit-identifier {
 dynamic-profile profile-name;
 }
 line-identity {
 include {
 accept-no-ids;
 circuit-id;
 remote-id;
 }
 dynamic-profile profile-name;
 }
 }
 dial-options {
 ipsec-interface-id name;
 l2tp-interface-id name;
 (shared | dedicated);
 }
 encapsulation (atm-ccc-cell-relay | atm-ccc-vc-mux | atm-cisco-nlpid | atm-tcc-vc-mux
 | atm-mlppp-llc | atm-nlpid | atm-ppp-llc | atm-ppp-vc-mux | atm-snap | atm-tcc-snap
 | atm-vc-mux | ether-over-atm-llc | ether-vpls-over-atm-llc | ether-vpls-over-fr |
 ether-vpls-over-ppp | ethernet | frame-relay-ccc | frame-relay-ppp | frame-relay-tcc |
 frame-relay-ether-type | frame-relay-ether-type-tcc | multilink-frame-relay-end-to-end
 | multilink-ppp | ppp-over-ether | ppp-over-ether-over-atm-llc | vlan-bridge | vlan-ccc |
 vlan-vci-ccc | vlan-tcc | vlan-vpls);
 family family {
 access-concentrator name;
 address address;
 direct-connect;
 duplicate-protection;
 dynamic-profile profile-name;
 filter {
 adf {
 counter;
 input-precedence precedence;
 not-mandatory;
 output-precedence precedence;
 rule rule-value;
 }
 input filter-name {
 precedence precedence;
 shared-name filter-shared-name;
 }
 output filter-name {
 precedence precedence;
 shared-name filter-shared-name;
 }
 }
 }
 max-sessions number;
 max-sessions-vsa-ignore;

```

```

rpf-check {
 fail-filter filter-name;
 mode loose;
}
service {
 input {
 service-set service-set-name {
 service-filter filter-name;
 }
 post-service-filter filter-name;
 }
 input-vlan-map {
 inner-tag-protocol-id tpid;
 inner-vlan-id number;
 (push | swap);
 tag-protocol-id tpid;
 vlan-id number;
 }
 output {
 service-set service-set-name {
 service-filter filter-name;
 }
 }
 output-vlan-map {
 inner-tag-protocol-id tpid;
 inner-vlan-id number;
 (pop | swap);
 tag-protocol-id tpid;
 vlan-id number;
 }
}
service-name-table table-name
short-cycle-protection <lockout-time-min minimum-seconds lockout-time-max
 maximum-seconds>;
unnumbered-address interface-name <preferred-source-address address>;
keepalives {
 interval seconds;
}
ppp-options {
 chap;
 pap;
}
vlan-id number;
vlan-tags outer [tpid].vlan-id [inner [tpid].vlan-id];
}
filter {
 input filter-name {
 shared-name filter-shared-name;
 }
 output filter-name {
 shared-name filter-shared-name;
 }
}
}
host-prefix-only;
service {
 pcef pcef-profile-name {

```

```
 activate rule-name | activate-all;
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit [dynamic-profiles](#) *profile-name* [interfaces](#) *interface-name*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Configure a logical interface on the physical device. You must configure a logical interface to be able to use the physical device.

**Options** *logical-unit-number*—The specific unit number of the interface you want to assign to the dynamic profile, or one of the following predefined variables:

- **\$junos-underlying-interface-unit**—For static VLANs, the unit number variable. The static unit number variable is dynamically replaced with the client unit number when the client session begins. The client unit number is specified by the DHCP when it accesses the subscriber network.
- **\$junos-interface-unit**—The unit number variable on a dynamic underlying VLAN interface for which you want to enable the creation of dynamic VLAN subscriber interfaces based on the ACI.

The remaining statements are explained separately. Search for a statement in [CLI Explorer](#) or click a linked statement in the Syntax section for details.


**Required Privilege Level** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- *Configuring Dynamic Underlying VLAN Interfaces to Use Agent Circuit Identifier Information*
- *Configuring Static Underlying VLAN Interfaces to Use Agent Circuit Identifier Information*
- *Agent Circuit Identifier-Based Dynamic VLANs Overview*




## update-interval

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | update-interval <i>minutes</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>accounting</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Enable interim accounting updates and configure the amount of time that the router or switch waits before sending a new accounting update.</p> <p>Interim accounting updates are included in the exchange of messages between the client and the accounting server. In RADIUS accounting, the client is the network access server (NAS), which can be the router or switch. The NAS sends Accounting-Request messages to the server, which acknowledges receipt of the requests with Accounting-Response messages. Interim accounting updates are sent in Accounting-Request packets with the Acct-Status-Type attribute set to Interim-Update.</p> <p>When a user is authenticated, the authentication server issues an Access-Accept message in response to a successful Access-Request message. The interval between interim updates can be configured directly on the server using the Acct-Interim-Interval attribute of the Access-Accept message. However, if the update interval is configured on the NAS using <b>update-interval</b>, then the locally configured value overrides the value found in an Access-Accept message from the server.</p> |
|                                 | <p> <b>NOTE:</b> All information in an interim update message is cumulative from the beginning of the session, not from the last interim update message.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Default</b>                  | No interim updates are sent from the client to the accounting server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>minutes</b>—Amount of time between updates, in minutes. All values are rounded to the next higher multiple of 10. For example, the values 811 through 819 are all accepted by the CLI, but are all rounded up to 820.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 10 through 1440 minutes</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Immediate Interim Accounting Updates to RADIUS in Response to ANCP Notifications on page 748</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

## update-interval (Service Accounting)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | update-interval <i>minutes</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> service accounting]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.2R1 for MX Series routers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Enable service interim accounting updates and configure the amount of time that the router waits before sending a new service accounting update.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|                                 | <div> <b>NOTE:</b> An update interval value configured in the RADIUS attribute, Service-Interim-Acct-Interval (VSA 26–140), takes precedence over the value configured with this statement. In turn, the value configured with this statement takes precedence over the <i>interval</i> value configured at the [edit accounting-options flat-file-profile <i>profile-name</i>] hierarchy level.</div> |
| <b>Default</b>                  | No updates                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>minutes</b>—Amount of time between updates, in minutes. All values are rounded up to the next higher multiple of 10. For example, the values 811 through 819 are all accepted by the CLI, but are all rounded up to 820.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 10 through 1440 minutes</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Service Interim Accounting on page 128</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Processing Cisco VSAs in RADIUS Messages for Service Provisioning on page 185</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Service Accounting in Local Flat Files</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                               |

## update-response-timeout (PCRF Partition)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>update-response-timeout <i>seconds</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access <code>pcrf partition</code> <i>partition-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure the amount of time in seconds before a Policy and Charging Rule Function (PCRF) partition stops attempting to send an updated rule report response using a CCR-GX-U message. Use this statement if you added or deleted rules in either the subscriber login using a CCA-GX-I message, or the reauthorization request using a RAR-GX-U message, and configured rule reporting.</p> <p>The last rule report may be preempted by the subscriber logging out too soon. Use this statement to control the amount of time to allow the system to send the last rule report.</p> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>seconds</i></b>—Number of seconds to wait before a PCRF partition stops attempting to send an updated rule report response using a CCR-GX-U message.</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 300</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 86,400 seconds (24 hours)</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p><b>admin</b>—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p><b>admin-control</b>—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the PCRF Partition on page 840</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Upstream and Downstream Messages for the PCRF on page 831</a></li> </ul>                               |

## upstream-rate (Traffic Shaping)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>upstream-rate rate;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces \$junos-interface-ifd-name unit \$junos-interface-unit <b>advisory-options</b>],</code><br><code>[edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> interfaces interface-set \$junos-interface-set-name interface \$junos-interface-ifd-name <b>advisory-options</b>],</code><br><code>[edit interfaces demux0 unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>advisory-options</b>],</code><br><code>[edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> <i>logical-unit-number</i> <b>advisory-options</b>]</code>                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.<br>Support at the <code>[edit interfaces demux0 ...]</code> hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 12.2.<br>Support at the <code>[edit dynamic-profiles ...]</code> hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 13.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify a recommended shaping rate to be applied to upstream traffic on an interface.</p> <p>For ANCP interfaces, this configured rate is used as the default value for the Juniper VSA Upstream-Calculated-Qos-Rate (26-142) when the router has not received and processed the attributes from the access node.</p> <p>For L2TP, the rate is configured on an underlying PPPoE logical interface for a subscriber on an MX Series router acting as a LAC. When the subscriber is tunneled, this rate, referred to as speed for L2TP, is sent to the LNS in the ICCN message as AVP 38.</p> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>rate</b>—Traffic rate in bits per second.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1000 through 4,294,967,295 bits per second</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p><b>interface</b>—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p><b>interface-control</b>—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Setting a Recommended Shaping Rate for Traffic on ANCP Interfaces on page 738</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Method to Derive the LAC Connection Speeds Sent to the LNS</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## use-interface-description

**Syntax** use-interface-description (logical | device);

**Hierarchy Level** [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay **dhcpv6** (**relay-agent-interface-id** | **relay-agent-remote-id**)],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay **dhcpv6** group *group-name* (**relay-agent-interface-id** | **relay-agent-remote-id**)],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay relay-option-82 (**circuit-id** | **remote-id**)],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *group-name* relay-option-82 (**circuit-id** | **remote-id**)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* ... forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 (**relay-agent-interface-id** | **relay-agent-remote-id**)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* ... forwarding-options dhcp-relay ... relay-option-82 (**circuit-id** | **remote-id**)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 (**relay-agent-interface-id** | **relay-agent-remote-id**)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay ... relay-option-82 (**circuit-id** | **remote-id**)],  
 [edit vlans *vlan-name* forwarding-options dhcp-security dhcpv6-options option-18],  
 [edit vlans *vlan-name* forwarding-options dhcp-security dhcpv6-options option-37]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.  
 Support at the [edit ... **dhcpv6**] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.  
 Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3 for EX Series switches.  
 Support at the [edit ... **relay-agent-remote-id**] and [edit ... **remote-id**] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1.  
 Support at the [edit vlans *vlan-name* dhcp-security dhcpv6-options option-18] and [edit vlans *vlan-name* dhcp-security dhcpv6-options option-37] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1X53-D10 for EX Series switches.

**Description** Use the textual interface description instead of the interface identifier in the DHCP base option 82 Agent Circuit ID (suboption 1) or Agent Remote ID (suboption 2) information, or in the DHCPv6 option 18 (Relay Agent Interface ID) or option 37 (Relay Agent Remote ID) information in DHCP packets that the DHCP relay agent sends to a DHCP server.



**NOTE:** For integrated routing and bridging (IRB) interfaces, the option 82 field must be able to uniquely identify the incoming interface based on either the Agent Circuit ID or Agent Remote ID. You can modify the information in the textual interface description to match the raw IFD (physical interface without a subunit) name and configure the option 82 field to use the interface description.

The textual description is configured using the **description** statement at the [edit **interfaces interface-name**] hierarchy level. If you specify that the textual description be used and no description is configured for the interface, DHCP relay defaults to using the Layer 2 interface name. When you use the interface description rather than the interface name,

the interface description has to be specified under interface unit ("set interfaces ge-0/0/0 unit 0 description "client"). If you do not do this, then the interface name is used.

In the case of integrated routing and bridging (IRB) interfaces, the textual description of the Layer 2 interface is used instead of the IRB interface. If there is no description configured, the Layer 2 logical interface name is used. To include the IRB interface description instead of the Layer 2 interface description, configure the **use-interface-description** and the **no-vlan-interface-name** statements. If no description is configured for the IRB interface, DHCP relay defaults to using the IRB interface name.



**NOTE:** The **use-interface-description** statement is mutually exclusive with the **use-vlan-id** statement.

---

If you specify the textual interface description, rather than accepting the default syntax, the identification is for packets returned from the server, and only for instances where that identification would be required by the DHCP relay, such as a stateless pass-through.



**NOTE:** By default, DHCP relay accepts a maximum of 253 ASCII characters. If the textual interface description exceeds 253 characters, DHCP relay drops the packet, which results in the DHCP client failing to bind.

---

**Options**    **logical**—Use the textual description that is configured for the logical interface.  
**device**—Use the textual description that is configured for the device interface.

**Required Privilege Level**    interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
                                         interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Including a Textual Description in DHCP Options on page 385](#)
- [Using DHCP Relay Agent Option 82 Information on page 379](#)
- [Configuring DHCPv6 Relay Agent Options on page 496](#)

## user-name-include (OCS Partition)

**Syntax**

```

user-name-include{
 base-interface-name;
 delimiter delimiter-character;
 domain-name my-domain;
 interface-name;
 mac-address;
 nas-port-id;
 origin-host;
 origin-realm;
 user-name;
 user-prefix pref;
}

```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit access [ocs partition](#) *partition-name*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.

**Description** Configure the username identification to be used in an Online Charging Function (OCS) partition. You can configure a data string to include the following options.

**Options** **base-interface-name**—Use the physical or underlying interface name. If both the underlying interface and the client application perform authentication, authorization, and provisioning, the identification attributes in the server requests enable the AAA or PCRF server to make an association between the two entities.

**delimiter *delimiter-character***—Use the specified character as the delimiter between the concatenated components of the **user-name-include** statement. You cannot use the semicolon (;) as a delimiter.

**Default:** @

**domain-name *my-domain***—Use the specified domain name that is concatenated with the **user-name-include** statement during the subscriber identification process.

**interface-name**—Use the interface name that is concatenated with the **user-name-include** statement during the subscriber identification process; for example, demux0.

**mac-address**—Use the client hardware address (chaddr) from the incoming packet that is concatenated with the **user-name-include** statement during the subscriber identification process.

**nas-port-id**—Use the NAS-Port-ID (RADIUS attribute 87), which identifies the physical interface that subscriber management uses to identify users that is concatenated with the **user-name-include** statement during the subscriber identification process. By default, the NAS-Port-ID includes the interface-description value that describes the physical interface.

**origin-host**—Use the name of the host that originates the Diameter message that is concatenated with the **user-name-include** statement during the subscriber

identification process. Supplied as the value of Origin-Host AVP for all messages sent by the Diameter master instance.

**origin-realm**—Use the realm of the host that originates the Diameter message that is concatenated with the **user-name-include** statement during the subscriber identification process. Supplied as the value of Origin-Realm AVP for all messages sent by the Diameter master instance.

**user-name**—(Included in the **user-name-include** statement by default) Use the username that is concatenated with the **user-name-include** statement during the subscriber identification process.

**user-prefix *prefix***—Use the specified user prefix that is concatenated with the **user-name-include** statement during the subscriber identification process.

|                                 |                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the OCS Partition on page 834</a></li><li>• <a href="#">3GPP Policy and Charging Control Overview for Wireline Provisioning and Accounting on page 805</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li></ul> |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|



## use-option-82

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>use-option-82 &lt;strict&gt;;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> (<b>relay-agent-interface-id</b>   <b>relay-agent-remote-id</b>)],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> group <i>group-name</i> (<b>relay-agent-interface-id</b>   <b>relay-agent-remote-id</b>)],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> ... (<b>relay-agent-interface-id</b>   <b>relay-agent-remote-id</b>)],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> ... (<b>relay-agent-interface-id</b>   <b>relay-agent-remote-id</b>)],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay <b>dhcpv6</b> ... (<b>relay-agent-interface-id</b>   <b>relay-agent-remote-id</b>)]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2.</p> <p>Support at the [...<b>relay-agent-remote-id</b>] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>For the <b>relay-agent-interface-id</b> statement, specify that in dual-stack environments, the DHCPv6 relay agent uses an Interface-ID option (option 18) that is based on the DHCPv4 relay agent information option (option 82). When you include this statement, the DHCPv6 relay agent checks for the option 82 Agent Circuit-ID suboption (suboption 1) and inserts it into the outgoing RELAY-FORW message.</p> <p>For the <b>relay-agent-remote-id</b> statement, specify that in dual-stack environments, the DHCPv6 relay agent uses a Remote-ID option (option 37) that is based on the DHCPv4 relay agent information option (option 82). When you include this statement, the DHCPv6 relay agent checks for the option 82 Remote-ID suboption (suboption 2) and inserts it into the outgoing RELAY-FORW message.</p>                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>strict</b>—(Optional) (<b>relay-agent-remote-id</b> only) The router drops Solicit messages that do not include a DHCPv4 Remote-ID (option 82 suboption 2). If you do not specify the <b>strict</b> keyword, the router sends the RELAY-FORW message without adding option 37.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Using DHCP Relay Agent Option 82 Information on page 379</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Inserting DHCPv6 Interface-ID Option (Option 18) In DHCPv6 Packets on page 498</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

## use-primary (DHCP Relay Agent)

**Syntax** `use-primary primary-profile-name;`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 **dynamic-profile** *profile-name*],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay **dynamic-profile** *profile-name*],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 **group** *group-name* **dynamic-profile** *profile-name*],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay **dual-stack-group** *dual-stack-group-name* **dynamic-profile** *profile-name*],  
 [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay **group** *group-name* **dynamic-profile** *profile-name*],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 **dynamic-profile** *profile-name*],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay **dynamic-profile** *profile-name*],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 **group** *group-name* **dynamic-profile** *profile-name*],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay **group** *group-name* **dynamic-profile** *profile-name*],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 **dynamic-profile** *profile-name*],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay **dynamic-profile** *profile-name*],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 **group** *group-name* **dynamic-profile** *profile-name*],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay **group** *group-name* **dynamic-profile** *profile-name*],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 **dynamic-profile** *profile-name*],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay **dynamic-profile** *profile-name*],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 **group** *group-name* **dynamic-profile** *profile-name*],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay **group** *group-name* **dynamic-profile** *profile-name*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.  
 Support at the [edit ... **dhcpv6**] hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.  
 Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.  
 Support at the [edit ... **dual-stack-group** *dual-stack-group-name*] hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.

**Description** Specify the dynamic profile to configure as the primary dynamic profile. The primary dynamic profile is instantiated when the first subscriber logs in. Subsequent subscribers are not assigned the primary dynamic profile; instead, they are assigned the dynamic profile specified for the interface. When the first subscriber logs out, the next subscriber that logs in is assigned the primary dynamic profile.

Use the statement at the [edit ... **dhcpv6**] hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.

EX Series switches do not support DHCPv6.




|                                 |                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>primary-profile-name</i> —Name of the dynamic profile to configure as the primary dynamic profile                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Attaching Dynamic Profiles to DHCP Subscriber Interfaces or DHCP Client Interfaces</i></li> </ul> |

## use-underlying-interface-mac

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | use-underlying-interface-mac                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system <a href="#">demux-options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 17.3R1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure the software to use the same link-local address for both interfaces when you are using Router Advertisement for IPv6 subscribers on dynamic demux interfaces that run over underlying static demux interfaces. In this case, the link-local address for the underlying interface should be based the MAC address of the underlying interface.</p> <p>This statement causes the system to assign an address using the 64-bit Extended Unique Identifier (EUI-64) as described in RFC 2373.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring the IPv6 Link-Local Address for Dynamic Demux Interfaces over Static Demux VLAN Interfaces on page 528</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## use-vlan-id

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <code>use-vlan-id;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>For Platforms with Enhanced Layer 2 Software (ELS)</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <p>[edit forwarding-options helpers bootp dhcp-option82-circuit-id]</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options helpers bootp interface <i>interface-name</i> dhcp-option82-circuit-id]</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>For MX Series Platforms</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | [edit bridge-domains <i>bridge-domain-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-security option-82 circuit-id]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3 for EX Series switches.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.3 for the QFX Series.</p> <p>Hierarchy level [edit vlans <i>vlan-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-security] introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2X50-D10. (See <i>Using the Enhanced Layer 2 Software CLI</i> for information about ELS.)</p> <p>Hierarchy level [edit bridge-domains <i>bridge-domain-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-security] introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1 for the MX Series.</p> |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> The EX Series switches that support the <code>use-vlan-id</code> statement are the EX4300, EX4600, and EX9200 switches.</p> </div>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Use the VLAN ID rather than the VLAN name (the default) in the circuit ID or remote ID value in the DHCP option 82 information.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> The <code>use-vlan-id</code> statement is mutually exclusive with the <code>use-interface-description</code> and <code>no-vlan-interface-name</code> statements.</p> </div> <p>The <code>use-vlan-id</code> statement only applies to interfaces in a bridge domain. The format of the Agent Circuit ID or Agent Remote ID information for Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet interfaces is as follows:</p> <pre>(fe   ge)-fpc/pic/port.subunit:svlan_id-vlan_id</pre> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> The <i>subunit</i> is required and used to differentiate the interface for remote systems, and <i>svlan_id-vlan_id</i> represents the VLANs associated with the bridge domain.</p> </div>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <p>routing—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

- Related Documentation**
- *Example: Setting Up DHCP Option 82 with a Switch with No Relay Agent Between Clients and a DHCP Server*
  - *Example: Setting Up DHCP Option 82 with a Switch as a Relay Agent Between Clients and a DHCP Server*
  - *Setting Up DHCP Option 82 on the Switch with No Relay Agent Between Clients and DHCP Server (CLI Procedure)*
  - *Setting Up DHCP Option 82 with the Switch as a Relay Agent Between Clients and DHCP Server (CLI Procedure)*
  - RFC 3046, *DHCP Relay Agent Information Option*, at <http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3046>.

## user-prefix (DHCP Local Server)

**Syntax** `user-prefix user-prefix-string;`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services **dhcp-local-server authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server **dhcpv6 authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 **group group-name authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server **group group-name authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services **dhcp-local-server authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server **dhcpv6 authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 **group group-name authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services dhcp-local-server **group group-name authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services **dhcp-local-server authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server **dhcpv6 authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 **group group-name authentication username-include**],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server **group group-name authentication username-include**],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services **dhcp-local-server authentication username-include**],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server **dhcpv6 authentication username-include**],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 **group group-name authentication username-include**],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services dhcp-local-server **group group-name authentication username-include**],  
 [edit system services **dhcp-local-server authentication username-include**],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server **dhcpv6 authentication username-include**],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 **group group-name authentication username-include**],  
 [edit system services dhcp-local-server **group group-name authentication username-include**]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.  
 Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.

**Description** Specify the user prefix that is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication or DHCP client authentication process.

**Options** `user-prefix-string`—User prefix string.

**Required Privilege** system—To view this statement in the configuration.

**Level** system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311](#)

## user-prefix (DHCP Relay Agent)

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <code>user-prefix <i>user-prefix-string</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">dual-stack-group</a> <i>dual-stack-group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>],</p> <p>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> authentication <a href="#">username-include</a>]</p> |
| <b>Release Information</b> | <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p> <p>Support at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6]</a> hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Support at the <a href="#">[edit ... dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name]</a> hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>         | Specify the user prefix that is concatenated with the username during the subscriber authentication or client authentication process. Use the statement at the <a href="#">[edit ... dhcpv6]</a> hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>             | <i>user-prefix-string</i> —User prefix string.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |



**Required Privilege** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**Level** interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311](#)

## user-prefix (Static Subscribers)

**Syntax** `user-prefix user-prefix-string;`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instances-name* system services static-subscribers authentication [username-include](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instances-name* system services static-subscribers group *group-name* authentication [username-include](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services static-subscribers authentication [username-include](#)],  
 [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services static-subscribers group *group-name* authentication [username-include](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instances-name* system services static-subscribers authentication [username-include](#)],  
 [edit routing-instances *routing-instances-name* system services static-subscribers group *group-name* authentication [username-include](#)],  
 [edit system services static-subscribers authentication [username-include](#)],  
 [edit system services static-subscribers group *group-name* authentication [username-include](#)]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.

**Description** Specify that a string is included as the beginning of the username created for all static subscribers or for the static subscribers in a specified group. The group version of the statement takes precedence over the global version. The username is also sent to RADIUS in the Access-Request message.

**Options** *user-prefix-string*—String that begins the username. The string can include the following characters: a through z, A through Z, 0 through 9, “-”, or “.”.

**Required Privilege** system—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**Level** system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872](#)
- [Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Username on page 879](#)
- [Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Username on page 884](#)

## username-include (DHCP Local Server)

---

**Syntax**    username-include {  
              circuit-type;  
              client-id;  
              delimiter *delimiter-character*;  
              domain-name *domain-name-string*;  
              interface-description (device-interface | logical-interface);  
              interface-name;  
              logical-system-name;  
              mac-address;  
              option-60;  
              option-82 <circuit-id> <remote-id>;  
              relay-agent-interface-id;  
              relay-agent-remote-id;  
              relay-agent-subscriber-id;  
              routing-instance-name;  
              user-prefix *user-prefix-string*;  
              }

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services **dhcp-local-server** ...],  
                          [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* system services **dhcp-local-server** ...],  
                          [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* system services **dhcp-local-server** ...],  
                          [edit system services **dhcp-local-server authentication**],  
                          [edit system services dhcp-local-server **dhcpv6 authentication**],  
                          [edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 **group group-name authentication**],  
                          [edit system services dhcp-local-server **group group-name authentication**]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.  
                              Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.

**Description**    Configure the username that the router or switch passes to the external AAA server. You must include at least one of the optional statements for the username to be valid. If you do not configure a username, the router (or switch) accesses the local authentication service only and does not use external authentication services, such as RADIUS.

The following statements are not supported in the DHCPv6 hierarchy levels:

- **option-60**
- **option-82**

The following statements are supported in the DHCPv6 hierarchy levels only:

- **client-id**
- **relay-agent-interface-id**
- **relay-agent-remote-id**
- **relay-agent-subscriber-id**

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege</b>    | system—To view this statement in the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Level</b>                 | system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 312</a></li></ul> |

## username-include (DHCP Relay Agent)

---

**Syntax**    username-include {  
              circuit-type;  
              client-id;  
              delimiter *delimiter-character*;  
              domain-name *domain-name-string*;  
              interface-description (device-interface | logical-interface);  
              interface-name;  
              logical-system-name;  
              mac-address;  
              option-60;  
              option-82 <circuit-id> <remote-id>;  
              relay-agent-interface-id;  
              relay-agent-remote-id;  
              relay-agent-subscriber-id;  
              routing-instance-name;  
              user-prefix *user-prefix-string*;  
          }

**Hierarchy Level**    [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay [authentication](#)],  
                          [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 [authentication](#)],  
                          [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group *group-name* [authentication](#)],  
                          [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay [dual-stack-group](#) *dual-stack-group-name* [authentication](#)],  
                          [edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group *group-name* [authentication](#)],  
                          [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...],  
                          [edit logical-systems *logical-system-name* routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...],  
                          [edit routing-instances *routing-instance-name* forwarding-options dhcp-relay ...]

**Release Information**    Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.  
                              Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.  
                              Support at the [\[edit ... dhcpv6\]](#) hierarchy levels introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.  
                              Support at the [\[edit ... dual-stack-group dual-stack-group-name\]](#) hierarchy level introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.

**Description**    Configure the username that the router (or switch) passes to the external AAA server. You must include at least one of the optional statements for the username to be valid. If you do not configure a username, the router (or switch) accesses the local authentication service only and does not use external authentication services, such as RADIUS. Use the statement at the [\[edit...dhcpv6\]](#) hierarchy levels to configure DHCPv6 support.

The following statements are not supported in the DHCPv6 hierarchy levels:

- **option-60**
- **option-82**

The following statements are supported in the DHCPv6 hierarchy levels only:

- `client-id`
- `relay-agent-interface-id`
- `relay-agent-remote-id`
- `relay-agent-subscriber-id`

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

|                                 |                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.                             |
|                                 | interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | • <a href="#">Creating Unique Usernames for DHCP Clients on page 312</a>           |
|                                 | • <a href="#">Using External AAA Authentication Services with DHCP on page 311</a> |

## username-include (Static Subscribers)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>username-include {<br/>    domain-name <i>domain-name</i>;<br/>    interface;<br/>    logical-system-name;<br/>    routing-instance-name;<br/>    user-prefix <i>user-prefix-string</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <pre>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system<br/>  services static-subscribers <i>authentication</i>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system<br/>  services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> <i>authentication</i>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers <i>authentication</i>],<br/>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> system services static-subscribers group<br/>  <i>group-name</i> <i>authentication</i>],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers<br/>  <i>authentication</i>],<br/>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instances-name</i> system services static-subscribers group<br/>  <i>group-name</i> <i>authentication</i>],<br/>[edit system services static-subscribers <i>authentication</i>],<br/>[edit system services static-subscribers group <i>group-name</i> <i>authentication</i>]</pre> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify the information included in the username created for all static subscribers or for static subscribers in a specified group. The group version of the statement takes precedence over the global version. The username is also sent to RADIUS in the Access-Request message.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Subscribers over Static Interfaces on page 872</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Global Username on page 879</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring the Static Subscriber Group Username on page 884</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

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## valid-lifetime (Dynamic Router Advertisement)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>valid-lifetime <i>seconds</i>;</code>                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit dynamic-profiles <i>profile-name</i> protocols router-advertisement interface <i>interface-name</i> prefix <i>prefix</i> ]                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify how long the prefix remains valid for onlink determination.                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>seconds</i></b> —Valid lifetime, in seconds. If you set the valid lifetime to <b>0xffffffff</b> , the lifetime is infinite.<br><b>Default:</b> 2,592,000 seconds    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | routing—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>preferred-lifetime</i></li><li>• <a href="#">Using NDRA to Provide IPv6 WAN Link Addressing Overview on page 431</a></li></ul> |

## valid-lifetime (Address-Assignment Pools)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>valid-lifetime <i>seconds</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet6 dhcp-attributes],<br>[edit access protocol-attributes <i>attribute-set-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify the length of time, in seconds, that the DHCPv6 server keeps the IPv6 prefix valid. When the lifetime expires, the address becomes invalid.</p> <p>If the <b>preferred-lifetime</b> is also configured, the <b>valid-lifetime</b> must be greater than the <b>preferred-lifetime</b>. The <b>valid-lifetime</b> and the <b>maximum-lease-time</b> are mutually exclusive and cannot both be configured.</p> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>seconds</b>—Number of seconds that the IPv6 prefix is valid.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 30 through 4,294,967,295 seconds</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 86,400 (24 hours)</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>admin—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li><li>• <a href="#">DHCP Attributes for Address-Assignment Pools on page 279</a></li><li>• <a href="#">maximum-lease-time on page 1307</a></li><li>• <a href="#">preferred-lifetime (Address-Assignment Pools) on page 1404</a></li></ul>                                                                   |



## vdsl-bytes

**Syntax** `vdsl-bytes bytes;`

**Hierarchy Level** `[edit protocols ancp qos-adjust]`

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.2.  
Statement deprecated in Junos OS Release 17.4R1.

**Description** Adjust the number of frame overhead bytes by the specified number of bytes in the actual downstream rate reported in the ANCP Port Up message for a VDSL access line. The ANCP agent reports the adjusted value to CoS. The adjusted value accounts for the traffic encapsulation overhead.



**NOTE:** Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the `vdsl-overhead-bytes` option of the `access-line` statement at the `[edit system]` hierarchy level. The ANCP agent ignores the `vdsl-bytes` statement if it is present. This means that when you upgrade from Junos OS Release 17.3 or earlier with an existing configuration, you must reconfigure your adjustment with the `access-line` statement.

**Options** `bytes`—Number of bytes added to or subtracted from the actual downstream frame overhead.

**Range:** -100 through 100 bytes

**Default:** 0 bytes

**Required Privilege Level** routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

### Release History Table

| Release | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 17.4R1  | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the <code>vdsl-overhead-bytes</code> option of the <code>access-line</code> statement at the <code>[edit system]</code> hierarchy level. |

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring the ANCP Agent to Report Traffic Rates to CoS on page 735](#)
- [Traffic Rate Reporting and Adjustment by the ANCP Agent on page 729](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)

## vdsl-overhead-adjust

**Syntax** `vdsl-overhead-adjust percentage;`

**Hierarchy Level** `[edit protocols ancp qos-adjust]`

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.2.  
Statement deprecated in Junos OS Release 17.4R1.

**Description** Adjust the actual downstream rate for a VDSL access line reported in the ANCP Port Up message by multiplying the rate by the specified percentage. The ANCP agent reports the adjusted rate to CoS.



**NOTE:** Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the `vdsl-overhead-adjust` option of the `access-line` statement at the `[edit system]` hierarchy level. The ANCP agent ignores the `vdsl-overhead-adjust` statement if it is present. This means that when you upgrade from Junos OS Release 17.3 or earlier with an existing configuration, you must reconfigure your adjustment with the `access-line` statement.

**Options** *percentage*—Percentage by which to multiply the rate.  
**Range:** 80 through 100 percent  
**Default:** 100 percent

**Required Privilege Level** routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

### Release History Table

| Release | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 17.4R1  | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the <code>vdsl-overhead-adjust</code> option of the <code>access-line</code> statement at the <code>[edit system]</code> hierarchy level. |

- Related Documentation**
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent to Report Traffic Rates to CoS on page 735](#)
  - [Traffic Rate Reporting and Adjustment by the ANCP Agent on page 729](#)
  - [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)

## vdsl2-bytes

**Syntax** `vdsl2-bytes bytes;`

**Hierarchy Level** `[edit protocols ancp qos-adjust]`

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.2.  
Statement deprecated in Junos OS Release 17.4R1.

**Description** Adjust the number of frame overhead bytes by the specified number of bytes in the actual downstream rate reported in the ANCP Port Up message for a VDSL2 access line. The ANCP agent reports the adjusted value to CoS. The adjusted value accounts for the traffic encapsulation overhead.



**NOTE:** Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the `vdsl2-overhead-bytes` option of the `access-line` statement at the `[edit system]` hierarchy level. The ANCP agent ignores the `vdsl2-bytes` statement if it is present. This means that when you upgrade from Junos OS Release 17.3 or earlier with an existing configuration, you must reconfigure your adjustment with the `access-line` statement.

**Options** `bytes`—Number of bytes added to or subtracted from the actual downstream frame overhead.

**Range:** -100 through 100 bytes

**Default:** 0 bytes

**Required Privilege Level** routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

### Release History Table

| Release | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 17.4R1  | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the <code>vdsl2-overhead-bytes</code> option of the <code>access-line</code> statement at the <code>[edit system]</code> hierarchy level. |

### Related Documentation

- [Configuring the ANCP Agent to Report Traffic Rates to CoS on page 735](#)
- [Traffic Rate Reporting and Adjustment by the ANCP Agent on page 729](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)

## vdsl2-overhead-adjust

**Syntax** `vdsl2-overhead-adjust percentage;`

**Hierarchy Level** `[edit protocols ancp qos-adjust]`

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.2.  
Statement deprecated in Junos OS Release 17.4R1.

**Description** Adjust the actual downstream rate for a VDSL2 access line received in the ANCP Port Up message by multiplying the rate by the specified percentage. The ANCP agent reports the adjusted rate to CoS.



**NOTE:** Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the `vdsl2-overhead-adjust` option of the `access-line` statement at the `[edit system]` hierarchy level. The ANCP agent ignores the `vdsl2-overhead-adjust` statement if it is present. This means that when you upgrade from Junos OS Release 17.3 or earlier with an existing configuration, you must reconfigure your adjustment with the `access-line` statement.

**Options** *percentage*—Percentage by which to multiply the rate.  
**Range:** 80 through 100 percent  
**Default:** 100 percent

**Required Privilege Level** routing—To view this statement in the configuration.  
routing-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

### Release History Table

| Release | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 17.4R1  | Starting in Junos OS Release 17.4R1, this statement is deprecated and replaced by the <code>vdsl2-overhead-adjust</code> option of the <code>access-line</code> statement at the <code>[edit system]</code> hierarchy level. |

**Related Documentation**

- [Configuring the ANCP Agent to Report Traffic Rates to CoS on page 735](#)
- [Traffic Rate Reporting and Adjustment by the ANCP Agent on page 729](#)
- [Configuring the ANCP Agent on page 700](#)

## vendor-specific (dhcp-relay)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>vendor-specific {     host-name;     location; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay relay-option-82</b> ],<br>[edit forwarding-options <b>dhcp-relay group group-name relay-option-82</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Add vendor-specific information to the option-82, suboption 9 field of DHCPv4 control messages on server-facing interfaces. The vendor-specific information can be a hostname, a location (such as a unique connection identifier), or both. The hostname can be a string of characters such as <b>Juniper-AB-1</b>. The location should be specified as interface, VLAN ID, and if applicable, stacked VLAN ID. For example, <b>&lt;ifd-name&gt;:&lt;vlan&gt;</b> (ae0:100) or <b>&lt;ifd-name&gt;:&lt;svlan&gt; -&lt;vlan&gt;</b> (ae0:100-10).</p> <p>Junos OS automatically adds the remaining vendor-specific information as per RFC 4243. The enterprise ID is 2636. The hostname is option-data 1, and the location is option-data 2. The DHCPv4 relay strips the suboption data from replies from the server before it relays the packets out the client facing interface.</p> <p>This feature can be useful, in conjunction with operator-developed tools, for troubleshooting DHCP servers and providing service assurances. For example, a central DHCP server can log the information, and operators can query a single entity to track and troubleshoot subscriber IP information and network attachment points.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## violation-action (DHCP Local Server and DHCP Relay Agent)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>violation-action <i>action</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | <code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay <a href="#">lease-time-validation</a>],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 <a href="#">lease-time-validation</a>],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">lease-time-validation</a>],</code><br><code>[edit forwarding-options dhcp-relay dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">lease-time-validation</a>],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> ...],</code><br><code>[edit logical-systems <i>logical-system-name</i> routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i>...],</code><br><code>[edit routing-instances <i>routing-instance-name</i> ...],</code><br><code>[edit system services dhcp-local-server <a href="#">lease-time-validation</a>],</code><br><code>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 <a href="#">lease-time-validation</a>],</code><br><code>[edit system services dhcp-local-server group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">lease-time-validation</a>],</code><br><code>[edit system services dhcp-local-server dhcpv6 group <i>group-name</i> <a href="#">lease-time-validation</a>]</code> |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the action that the router performs when a DHCP lease-time violation occurs. The violation occurs when a third-party DHCP server or address-assignment pool offers a DHCP lease time that is less than the threshold specified by the <b>lease-time-threshold</b> statement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>action</i></b> —Action taken by the router when a lease-time violation occurs. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>drop</b>—(Optional) For DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 relay agent, the third-party lease is dropped and the client binding fails.</li><li>• <b>override-lease</b>—(Optional) For DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 local server, the third-party lease is overridden with the value specified by the <b>lease-time-threshold</b> statement and binds the client using the new value.</li><li>• <b>strict</b>—(Optional) For DHCPv4 and DHCPv6 local server, DHCP ignores the third-party lease and the client binding fails.</li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <b>system</b> —To view this statement in the configuration.<br><b>system-control</b> —To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring a DHCP Lease-Time Threshold on page 287</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |



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## vlan-nas-port-stacked-format

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | vlan-nas-port-stacked-format;                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> radius <a href="#">options</a> ]                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure RADIUS attribute 5 (NAS-Port) to include the S-VLAN ID, in addition to the VLAN ID, for subscribers on Ethernet interfaces.                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Options for Subscriber Access on page 141</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94</a></li></ul> |

## vlan-ranges (RADIUS Options)

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <code>vlan-ranges (any   <i>low-tag-high-tag</i>);</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | [edit interfaces <i>interface-name</i> radius-options <b>nas-port-options</b> <i>nas-port-options-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Configure the VLAN range of subscribers to which the named NAS-Port options definition applies.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> You can configure a maximum of 16 NAS-Port options definitions per physical interface. Each definition can include a maximum of 32 VLAN ranges or 32 S-VLAN ranges, but cannot include a combination of VLAN ranges and S-VLAN ranges.</p> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <p><b>any</b>—Entire VLAN range representing all VLAN IDs.</p> <p><b><i>low-tag</i></b>—VLAN ID tag representing the lower limit of the VLAN range.<br/> <b>Range:</b> 1 through 4094</p> <p><b><i>high-tag</i></b>—VLAN ID tag representing the upper limit of the VLAN range.<br/> <b>Range:</b> 1 through 4094</p>                               |
| <div>  <p><b>NOTE:</b> To specify a single VLAN ID, set <b><i>low-tag</i></b> and <b><i>high-tag</i></b> to the same value.</p> </div>                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <p>interface—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 77</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Guidelines for Configuring RADIUS NAS-Port Options for Subscriber Access per Physical Interface, VLAN, or Stacked VLAN on page 76</a></li> </ul> |



## vrf-name (Duplicate Accounting)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>vrf-name <i>vrf-name</i>;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> accounting <b>duplication-vrf</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R3 and supported in later 12.3Rx releases. Statement supported in Junos OS Release 13.2 and later releases. (Not supported in Junos OS Release 13.1.)                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a nondefault VRF (LS:RI combination) to which duplicate accounting information is sent. Up to five access profiles can be defined in this VRF; the profiles point to the RADIUS accounting servers that receive the accounting information.  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>vrf-name</i></b> —Name of a nondefault VRF to receive duplicate accounting reports.                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding RADIUS Accounting Duplicate Reporting on page 115</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Authentication and Accounting Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 94</a></li> </ul> |

## wait-for-acct-on-ack (Access Profile)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>wait-for-acct-on-ack;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access profile <i>profile-name</i> <b>accounting</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 13.2X50-D10 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the router's authd process to wait for an Acct-On-Ack response message from RADIUS before sending new authentication and accounting updates to the RADIUS server. This configuration ensures that when a new subscriber session starts, the authentication and accounting information for the new session does not get deleted when RADIUS clears previously existing session state information. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring RADIUS Server Parameters for Subscriber Access on page 140</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Per-Subscriber Session Accounting on page 122</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                            |

## wins-server (Access)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>wins-server {<br/>    <i>ipv4-address</i>;<br/>}</code>                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i> family inet <a href="#">dhcp-attributes</a> ],<br>[edit access protocol-attributes <i>attribute-set-name</i> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify one or more NetBIOS name servers (NBNS) that the client uses to resolve NetBIOS names. This is equivalent to DHCP option 44.                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>ipv4-address</i> —IP address of each NetBIOS name server; add them to the configuration in order of preference.                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | admin—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>admin-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Configuring Address-Assignment Pools on page 633</a></li></ul>                                                   |

## CHAPTER 103

# Operational Commands

- clear ancp neighbor
- clear ancp statistics
- clear ancp subscriber
- clear dhcp relay binding
- clear dhcp relay statistics
- clear dhcp server binding
- clear dhcp server statistics
- clear dhcpv6 relay binding
- clear dhcpv6 relay statistics
- clear dhcpv6 server binding
- clear dhcpv6 server statistics
- clear diameter function statistics
- clear diameter peer
- clear extensible-subscriber-services counters
- clear extensible-subscriber-services sessions
- clear ipv6 router-advertisement
- clear network-access aaa statistics
- clear network-access aaa subscriber
- clear network-access gx-plus replay
- clear network-access gx-plus statistics
- clear network-access ocs statistics
- clear network-access pcrf
- request services subscribers clear
- clear system subscriber-management statistics
- request ancp oam interface
- request ancp oam neighbor
- request ancp oam port-down
- request ancp oam port-up

- request dhcp relay bulk-leasequery
- request dhcp relay leasequery
- request dhcp server reconfigure
- request dhcpv6 server reconfigure
- request dhcpv6 relay bulk-leasequery
- request dhcpv6 relay leasequery
- request network-access aaa accounting
- request network-access aaa subscriber set session-id
- request services extensible-subscriber-services reload-dictionary
- request services static-subscribers login group
- request services static-subscribers logout group
- request services static-subscribers login interface
- request services static-subscribers logout interface
- request system reboot
- restart extensible-subscriber-services
- set request services subscribers
- show accounting pending-accounting-stops
- show ancp cos
- show ancp neighbor
- show ancp statistics
- show ancp subscriber
- show ancp summary
- show ancp summary neighbor
- show ancp summary subscriber
- show class-of-service interface
- show class-of-service interface-set
- show class-of-service scheduler-map
- show class-of-service traffic-control-profile
- show database-replication statistics
- show database-replication summary
- show dhcp relay binding
- show dhcp relay statistics
- show dhcp server binding
- show dhcp server statistics
- show dhcpv6 relay binding
- show dhcpv6 relay statistics
- show dhcpv6 server binding

- `show dhcpv6 server statistics`
- `show diameter`
- `show diameter function`
- `show diameter function statistics`
- `show diameter instance`
- `show diameter network-element`
- `show diameter network-element map`
- `show diameter peer`
- `show diameter peer map`
- `show diameter peer statistics`
- `show diameter route`
- `show dynamic-profile session`
- `show extensible-subscriber-services accounting`
- `show extensible-subscriber-services counters`
- `show extensible-subscriber-services debug-information`
- `show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary`
- `show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary attributes`
- `show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary services`
- `show extensible-subscriber-services sessions`
- `show extensible-subscriber-services service`
- `show ipv6 router-advertisement`
- `show network-access aaa accounting`
- `show network-access aaa radius-servers`
- `show network-access aaa statistics`
- `show network-access aaa statistics authentication`
- `show network-access aaa statistics re-authentication`
- `show network-access aaa statistics pending-accounting-stops`
- `show network-access aaa statistics preauthentication`
- `show network-access aaa subscribers`
- `show network-access aaa subscribers session-id`
- `show network-access aaa terminate-code`
- `show network-access address-assignment pool`
- `show network-access domain-map`
- `show network-access gx-plus`
- `show network-access nasreq statistics`
- `show network-access ocs`
- `show network-access pcrf`

- `show ppp address-pool`
- `show route`
- `show route extensive`
- `show static-subscribers sessions`
- `show subscribers`
- `show subscribers summary`
- `show system subscriber-management route`
- `show system subscriber-management statistics`
- `show system subscriber-management summary`
- `test aaa authd-lite user`
- `test aaa dhcp user`
- `test aaa ppp user`

## clear ancp neighbor

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>clear ancp neighbor &lt;ip-address <i>ip-address</i>&gt; &lt;system-name <i>mac-address</i>&gt;</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Clear the ANCP agent connection with all ANCP neighbors or with the specified ANCP neighbor. This command deletes information for subscribers associated with the neighbor, causing the adjusted traffic rates to revert to the configured rate for the subscriber interfaces. The neighbor remains configured (its administrative state is <i>enabled</i>) and can reestablish adjacencies.</p> <p>This command initiates logout of ANCP-triggered dynamic VLAN sessions on the physical interface associated with the specified neighbor; conventionally autosensed dynamic VLAN sessions and their associated logical interfaces are not affected.</p> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>none</b>—Clear all ANCP neighbors.</p> <p><b>ip-address <i>ip-address</i></b>—(Optional) Clear the ANCP neighbor specified by the IP address.</p> <p><b>system-name <i>mac-address</i></b>—(Optional) Clear the ANCP neighbor specified by the MAC address.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | clear                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">show ancp neighbor on page 1708</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">clear ancp neighbor on page 1623</a><br><a href="#">show ancp neighbor on page 1623</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided no feedback on the status of your request. You can enter the <b>show ancp neighbor</b> command before and after clearing the ANCP neighbors to verify the clear operation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## Sample Output

### clear ancp neighbor

```
user@host> clear ancp neighbor
```

### show ancp neighbor

The following sample output displays the connections with ANCP neighbors before and after the **clear ancp neighbor** command was issued.

```
user@host> show ancp neighbor
```

| IP Address    | MAC Address       | State       | Subscriber Count | Capabilities |
|---------------|-------------------|-------------|------------------|--------------|
| 203.0.113.102 | 00:00:5e:00:53:10 | Established | 5                | Topo         |
| 203.0.113.122 | 00:00:5e:00:53:12 | Established | 5                | Topo         |
| 203.0.113.132 | 00:00:5e:00:53:13 | Established | 5                | Topo         |
| 203.0.113.142 | 00:00:5e:00:53:14 | Established | 5                | Topo         |

```
user@host> clear ancp neighbor ip-address 203.0.113.102
```

```
user@host> show ancp neighbor
```

| IP Address    | MAC Address       | State       | Subscriber Count | Capabilities |
|---------------|-------------------|-------------|------------------|--------------|
| 203.0.113.122 | 00:00:5e:00:53:12 | Established | 5                | Topo         |
| 203.0.113.132 | 00:00:5e:00:53:13 | Established | 5                | Topo         |
| 203.0.113.142 | 00:00:5e:00:53:14 | Established | 5                | Topo         |



## clear ancp statistics

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>clear ancp statistics</code><br><code>&lt;ip-address <i>ip-address</i>&gt;</code><br><code>&lt;system-name <i>mac-address</i>&gt;</code>                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 13.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Clear current statistics accumulated by the ANCP agent for all ANCP neighbors or the specified neighbor.                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>none</b>—Clear all ANCP statistics.</p> <p><b>ip-address <i>ip-address</i></b>—(Optional) Clear statistics for the ANCP neighbor specified by the IP address.</p> <p><b>system-name <i>mac-address</i></b>—(Optional) Clear statistics for the ANCP neighbor specified by the MAC address.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | clear                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">show ancp neighbor on page 1708</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">clear ancp statistics on page 1625</a><br><a href="#">show ancp neighbor on page 1625</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided no feedback on the status of your request. You can enter the <b>show ancp neighbor</b> command before and after clearing the ANCP neighbor statistics to verify the clear operation.                                                                   |

## Sample Output

### clear ancp statistics

```
user@host> clear ancp statistics
```

### show ancp neighbor

The following sample output displays statistics for an ANCP neighbor before and after the **clear ancp statistics** command was issued.

```
user@host> show ancp neighbor ip-address 192.168.10.1 detail
Neighbor Information
 IP Address : 192.168.10.1
 System Name : 00:00:5E:00:53:02
 Up Time : 38
 TCP Port : 64959
```

```
State : Established
Subscriber Count : 7
Capabilities : Topology Discovery
System Instance : 11
Peer Instance : 1
Adjacency Timer (in 100ms) : 50
Peer Adjacency Timer (in 100ms) : 100
Partition Type : 0
Partition Flag : 1
Partition Identifier : 0
Dead Timer : 22
Received Syn Count : 47
Received Synack Count : 48
Received Rstack Count : 2
Received Ack Count : 12
Received Port Up Count : 8
Received Port Down Count : 2
Received Other Count : 0
Sent Syn Count : 48
Sent Synack Count : 47
Sent Rstack Count : 1
Sent Ack Count : 12
Max Discovery Limit Exceed Count : 0
```

```
user@host> clear ancp statistics ip-address 192.168.10.1
```

```
user@host> show ancp neighbor ip-address 192.168.10.1 detail
```

Neighbor Information

```
IP Address : 192.168.10.1
System Name : 00:00:5E:00:53:02
Up Time : 38
TCP Port : 64959
State : Established
Subscriber Count : 7
Capabilities : Topology Discovery
System Instance : 11
Peer Instance : 1
Adjacency Timer (in 100ms) : 50
Peer Adjacency Timer (in 100ms) : 100
Partition Type : 0
Partition Flag : 1
Partition Identifier : 0
Dead Timer : 22
Received Syn Count : 0
Received Synack Count : 0
Received Rstack Count : 0
Received Ack Count : 0
Received Port Up Count : 0
Received Port Down Count : 0
Received Other Count : 0
Sent Syn Count : 0
Sent Synack Count : 0
Sent Rstack Count : 0
Sent Ack Count : 0
Max Discovery Limit Exceed Count : 0
```

## clear ancp subscriber

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>clear ancp subscriber &lt;identifier <i>identifier</i>&gt; &lt;ip-address <i>ip-address</i>&gt; &lt;system-name <i>mac-address</i>&gt;</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Clear the ANCP agent connection with all ANCP subscribers or with the specified ANCP subscriber. This command deletes information for the subscribers, causing the adjusted traffic rate to revert to the configured rate for the subscriber interface, but otherwise has no affect on ANCP neighbors.                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>none</b>—Clear all ANCP subscribers.</p> <p><b>identifier <i>identifier-string</i></b>—(Optional) Clear the ANCP subscriber identified by the access loop ID.</p> <p><b>ip-address <i>ip-address</i></b>—(Optional) Clear all ANCP subscribers on the neighbor specified by the IP address.</p> <p><b>system-name <i>mac-address</i></b>—(Optional) Clear all ANCP subscribers on the neighbor specified by the MAC address.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | clear                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">show ancp subscriber on page 1721</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show ancp subscriber brief on page 1627</a><br><a href="#">clear ancp subscriber on page 1628</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided no feedback on the status of your request. You can enter the <b>show ancp subscriber</b> command before and after clearing the ANCP neighbors to verify the clear operation.                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

## Sample Output

### show ancp subscriber brief

```
user@host> show ancp subscriber brief
Loop Identifier Type Interface Rate Neighbor
 Kbps
port-1-10 VDSL2 set-ge-10410 64 203.0.113.102
port-1-11 VDSL2 set-ge-10411 64 203.0.113.112
port-2-10 VDSL2 ge-1/0/4.12 64 203.0.113.122
```

|           |       |             |    |               |
|-----------|-------|-------------|----|---------------|
| port-2-10 | VDSL2 | ge-1/0/4.12 | 64 | 203.0.113.123 |
| port-2-11 | VDSL2 | ge-1/0/4.13 | 64 | 203.0.113.132 |

```
user@host> clear ancp subscriber identifier port-2-10
```

```
user@host> show ancp subscriber brief
```

| Loop | Identifier | Type  | Interface    | Rate<br>Kbps | Neighbor      |
|------|------------|-------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
|      | port-1-10  | VDSL2 | set-ge-10410 | 64           | 203.0.113.102 |
|      | port-1-11  | VDSL2 | set-ge-10411 | 64           | 203.0.113.112 |
|      | port-2-11  | VDSL2 | ge-1/0/4.13  | 64           | 203.0.113.132 |

#### clear ancp subscriber

```
user@host> clear ancp subscriber
```

## clear dhcp relay binding

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre>clear dhcp relay binding &lt;address&gt; &lt;all&gt; &lt;dual-stack&gt; &lt;interface interface-name&gt; &lt;interfaces-vlan&gt; &lt;interfaces-wildcard&gt; &lt;logical-system logical-system-name&gt; &lt;routing-instance routing-instance-name&gt;</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b> | <p>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.</p> <p>Options <b>all</b> and <b>interface</b> added in Junos OS Release 8.4.</p> <p>Options <i>interfaces-vlan</i> and <i>interfaces-wildcard</i> added in Junos OS Release 12.1.</p> <p>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1X48R3 for PTX Series Packet Transport Routers.</p> <p>Option <b>dual-stack</b> added in Junos OS Release 15.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>         | Clear the binding state of a Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) client from the client table.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b>address</b>—(Optional) Clear the binding state for the DHCP client, using one of the following entries:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>ip-address</i>—The specified IP address.</li> <li><i>mac-address</i>—The specified MAC address.</li> <li><i>session-id</i>—The specified session ID.</li> </ul> <p><b>all</b>—(Optional) Clear the binding state for all DHCP clients.</p> <p><b>dual-stack</b>—(Optional) Clear the binding state for DHCPv4 clients and the associated DHCPv6 bindings in the single-session DHCP dual stack. DHCPv6 clients created in a DHCPv6-only stack are not affected.</p> <p><b>interface interface-name</b>—(Optional) Clear the binding state for DHCP clients on the specified interface.</p> <p><b>interfaces-vlan</b>—(Optional) Clear the binding state on the interface VLAN ID and S-VLAN ID.</p> <p><b>interfaces-wildcard</b>—(Optional) The set of interfaces on which to clear bindings. This option supports the use of the wildcard character (*).</p> <p><b>logical-system logical-system-name</b>—(Optional) Clear the binding state for DHCP clients on the specified logical system.</p> <p><b>routing-instance routing-instance-name</b>—(Optional) Clear the binding state for DHCP clients on the specified routing instance.</p> |

**Required Privilege Level** view

**Related Documentation**

- [Clearing DHCP Bindings for Subscriber Access on page 414](#)
- [show dhcp relay binding on page 1776](#)

**List of Sample Output**

- [clear dhcp relay binding on page 1630](#)
- [clear dhcp relay binding all on page 1630](#)
- [clear dhcp relay binding dual-stack all on page 1630](#)
- [clear dhcp relay binding interface on page 1631](#)
- [clear dhcp relay binding <interfaces-vlan> on page 1631](#)
- [clear dhcp relay binding <interfaces-wildcard> on page 1631](#)

**Output Fields** See [show dhcp relay binding](#) for an explanation of output fields.

## Sample Output

### clear dhcp relay binding

The following sample output displays the address bindings in the DHCP client table before and after the **clear dhcp relay binding** command is issued.

```
user@host> show dhcp relay binding
IP address Hardware address Type Lease expires at
198.51.100.32 00:00:5e:00:53:01 active 2007-02-08 16:41:17 EST
192.168.14.8 00:00:5e:00:53:02 active 2007-02-10 10:01:06 EST
```

```
user@host> clear dhcp relay binding 198.51.100.32
```

```
user@host> show dhcp relay binding
IP address Hardware address Type Lease expires at
192.168.14.8 00:00:5e:00:53:02 active 2007-02-10 10:01:06 EST
```

### clear dhcp relay binding all

The following command clears all DHCP relay agent bindings:

```
user@host> clear dhcp relay binding all
```

### clear dhcp relay binding dual-stack all

The following command clears all DHCP relay agent bindings for all DHCPv4 clients and the associated DHCPv6 bindings in the single-session DHCP dual stack. DHCPv6 clients created in a DHCPv6-only stack are not affected.

```
user@host> clear dhcp relay binding dual-stack all
```

### clear dhcp relay binding interface

The following command clears DHCP relay agent bindings on a specific interface:

```
user@host> clear dhcp relay binding interface fe-0/0/3
```

### clear dhcp relay binding <interfaces-vlan>

The following command uses the *interfaces-vlan* option to clear all DHCP relay agent bindings on top of the underlying interface **ae0**, which clears DHCP bindings on all demux VLANs on top of **ae0**:

```
user@host> clear dhcp relay binding interface ae0
```

### clear dhcp relay binding <interfaces-wildcard>

The following command uses the *interfaces-wildcard* option to clear all DHCP relay agent bindings over a specific interface:

```
user@host> clear dhcp relay binding ge-1/0/0.*
```

## clear dhcp relay statistics

---

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <b>clear dhcp relay statistics</b><br><b>&lt;bulk-leasequery-connections&gt;</b><br><b>&lt;logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i>&gt;</b><br><b>&lt;routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i>&gt;</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Syntax                   | Syntax for EX Series switches:<br><br><b>show dhcp relay statistics</b><br><b>&lt;routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i>&gt;</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Release Information      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.<br>Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.<br>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1X48R3 for PTX Series Packet Transport Routers.<br><b>bulk-leasequery-connections</b> option introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Description              | Clear all Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) relay statistics.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Options                  | <b>bulk-leasequery-connections</b> —(Optional) Clear bulk leasequery statistics.<br><br><b>logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i></b> —(On routers only) (Optional) Perform this operation on the specified logical system. If you do not specify a logical system name, statistics are cleared for the default logical system.<br><br><b>routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i></b> —(Optional) Perform this operation on the specified routing instance. If you do not specify a routing instance name, statistics are cleared for the default routing instance. |
| Required Privilege Level | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">show dhcp relay statistics on page 1782</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| List of Sample Output    | <a href="#">clear dhcp relay statistics on page 1633</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Output Fields            | <a href="#">Table 82 on page 1633</a> lists the output fields for the <b>clear dhcp relay statistics</b> command.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |



Table 82: clear dhcp relay statistics Output Fields

| Field Name               | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Packets dropped</b>   | <p>Number of packets discarded by the extended DHCP relay agent application due to errors. Only nonzero statistics appear in the <b>Packets dropped</b> output. When all of the Packets dropped statistics are 0 (zero), only the <b>Total</b> field appears.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Total</b>—Total number of packets discarded by the extended DHCP relay agent application.</li> <li>• <b>Bad hardware address</b>—Number of packets discarded because an invalid hardware address was specified.</li> <li>• <b>Bad opcode</b>—Number of packets discarded because an invalid operation code was specified.</li> <li>• <b>Bad options</b>—Number of packets discarded because invalid options were specified.</li> <li>• <b>Invalid server address</b>—Number of packets discarded because an invalid server address was specified.</li> <li>• <b>Lease Time Violation</b>—Number of packets discarded because of a lease time violation</li> <li>• <b>No available addresses</b>—Number of packets discarded because there were no addresses available for assignment.</li> <li>• <b>No interface match</b>—Number of packets discarded because they did not belong to a configured interface.</li> <li>• <b>No routing instance match</b>—Number of packets discarded because they did not belong to a configured routing instance.</li> <li>• <b>No valid local address</b>—Number of packets discarded because there was no valid local address.</li> <li>• <b>Packet too short</b>—Number of packets discarded because they were too short.</li> <li>• <b>Read error</b>—Number of packets discarded because of a system read error.</li> <li>• <b>Send error</b>—Number of packets that the extended DHCP relay application could not send.</li> <li>• <b>Option 60</b>—Number of packets discarded containing DHCP option 60 vendor-specific information.</li> <li>• <b>Option 82</b>—Number of packets discarded because DHCP option 82 information could not be added.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Messages received</b> | <p>Number of DHCP messages received.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>BOOTREQUEST</b>—Number of BOOTP protocol data units (PDUs) received</li> <li>• <b>DHCPDECLINE</b>—Number of DHCP PDUs of type DECLINE received</li> <li>• <b>DHCPDISCOVER</b>—Number of DHCP PDUs of type DISCOVER received</li> <li>• <b>DHCPINFORM</b>—Number of DHCP PDUs of type INFORM received</li> <li>• <b>DHCPRELEASE</b>—Number of DHCP PDUs of type RELEASE received</li> <li>• <b>DHCPREQUEST</b>—Number of DHCP PDUs of type REQUEST received</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Messages sent</b>     | <p>Number of DHCP messages sent.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>BOOTREPLY</b>—Number of BOOTP PDUs transmitted</li> <li>• <b>DHCPOFFER</b>—Number of DHCP OFFER PDUs transmitted</li> <li>• <b>DHCPACK</b>—Number of DHCP ACK PDUs transmitted</li> <li>• <b>DHC PNACK</b>—Number of DHCP NACK PDUs transmitted</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## Sample Output

### clear dhcp relay statistics

The following sample output displays the DHCP relay statistics before and after the **clear dhcp relay statistics** command is issued.

```
user@host> show dhcp relay statistics
Packets dropped:
 Total 1
 Lease Time Violated 1

Messages received:
 BOOTREQUEST 116
 DHCPDECLINE 0
 DHCPDISCOVER 11
 DHCPINFORM 0
 DHCPRELEASE 0
 DHCPREQUEST 105

Messages sent:
 BOOTREPLY 44
 DHCPOFFER 11
 DHCPACK 11
 DHCPNAK 11
```

```
user@host> clear dhcp relay statistics
```

```
user@host> show dhcp relay statistics
Packets dropped:
 Total 0

Messages received:
 BOOTREQUEST 0
 DHCPDECLINE 0
 DHCPDISCOVER 0
 DHCPINFORM 0
 DHCPRELEASE 0
 DHCPREQUEST 0

Messages sent:
 BOOTREPLY 0
 DHCPOFFER 0
 DHCPACK 0
 DHCPNAK 0
```

## clear dhcp server binding

**Syntax**    `clear dhcp server binding`  
               `<address>`  
               `<all>`  
               `<interface interface-name>`  
               `<interfaces-vlan>`  
               `<interfaces-wildcard>`  
               `<logical-system logical-system-name>`  
               `<routing-instance routing-instance-name>`  
               `<dual-stack>`

**Release Information**    Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.  
                                   Options *interfaces-vlan* and *interfaces-wildcard* added in Junos OS Release 12.1.  
                                   Command updated with **dual-stack** statement in Junos OS Release 17.3.

**Description**    Clear the binding state of a Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) client from the client table on the extended DHCP local server.



**NOTE:** If you delete the DHCP server configuration, DHCP server bindings might still remain. To ensure that DHCP bindings are removed, issue the `clear dhcp server binding` command before you delete the DHCP server configuration.

**Options**    **address**—(Optional) Clear the binding state for the DHCP client, using one of the following entries:

- *ip-address*—The specified IP address.
- *mac-address*—The specified MAC address.
- *session-id*—The specified session ID.

**all**—(Optional) Clear the binding state for all DHCP clients.

**interface interface-name**—(Optional) Clear the binding state for DHCP clients on the specified interface.



**NOTE:** This option clears all bindings whose initial login requests were received over the specified interface. Dynamic demux login requests are not received over the dynamic demux interface, but rather the underlying interface of the dynamic demux interface. To clear a specific dynamic demux interface, use the *ip-address* or *mac-address* options.

***interfaces-vlan***—(Optional) Clear the binding state on the interface VLAN ID and S-VLAN ID.

***interfaces-wildcard***—(Optional) Clear bindings on a set of interfaces. This option supports the use of the wildcard character (\*).

**logical-system *logical-system-name***—(Optional) Clear the binding state for DHCP clients on the specified logical system.

**routing-instance *routing-instance-name***—(Optional) Clear the binding state for DHCP clients on the specified routing instance.

**dual-stack**—(Optional) Remove either both arms or single arm of dual-stack.



NOTE:

- The **dual-stack** command is added in the syntax removes both arms of the dual-stack with a single command entry.
- When the **dual-stack** command is not added in the syntax, the **clear dhcpv6 server binding** command clears only the family specific arm of the dual-stack.

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Required Privilege Level | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Clearing DHCP Bindings for Subscriber Access on page 414</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show dhcp server binding on page 1786</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| List of Sample Output    | <a href="#">clear dhcp server binding &lt;ip-address&gt; on page 1636</a><br><a href="#">clear dhcp server binding all on page 1637</a><br><a href="#">clear dhcp server binding interface on page 1637</a><br><a href="#">clear dhcp server binding &lt;interfaces-vlan&gt; on page 1637</a><br><a href="#">clear dhcp server binding &lt;interfaces-wildcard&gt; on page 1637</a><br><a href="#">clear dhcp server binding dual-stack all on page 1637</a> |
| Output Fields            | See <a href="#">show dhcp server binding</a> for an explanation of output fields.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## Sample Output

### clear dhcp server binding <ip-address>

The following sample output displays the address bindings in the DHCP client table on the extended DHCP local server before and after the **clear dhcp server binding** command is issued.

```
user@host> show dhcp server binding
```

```
2 clients, (0 bound, 0 selecting, 0 renewing, 0 rebinding)
```

| IP address   | Hardware address  | Type   | Lease expires at        |
|--------------|-------------------|--------|-------------------------|
| 198.51.100.1 | 00:00:5e:00:53:01 | active | 2007-01-17 11:38:47 PST |
| 198.51.100.3 | 00:00:5e:00:53:02 | active | 2007-01-17 11:38:41 PST |

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding 198.51.100.1
```

```
user@host> show dhcp server binding
```

```
1 clients, (0 bound, 0 selecting, 0 renewing, 0 rebinding)
```

| IP address   | Hardware address  | Type   | Lease expires at        |
|--------------|-------------------|--------|-------------------------|
| 198.51.100.3 | 00:00:5e:00:53:02 | active | 2007-01-17 11:38:41 PST |

### clear dhcp server binding all

The following command clears all DHCP local server bindings:

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding all
```

### clear dhcp server binding interface

The following command clears DHCP local server bindings on a specific interface:

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding interface fe-0/0/2
```

### clear dhcp server binding <interfaces-vlan>

The following command uses the *interfaces-vlan* option to clear all DHCP local server bindings on top of the underlying interface **ae0**, which clears DHCP bindings on all demux VLANs on top of **ae0**:

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding ae0
```

### clear dhcp server binding <interfaces-wildcard>

The following command uses the *interfaces-wildcard* option to clear all DHCP local server bindings over a specific interface:

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding ge-1/0/0.*
```

### clear dhcp server binding dual-stack all

The following command clears all the dual-stack local server bindings.

```
user@host> clear dhcp server binding dual-stack all
```

## clear dhcp server statistics

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>clear dhcp server statistics</code><br><code>&lt;bulk-leasequery-connections&gt;</code><br><code>&lt;logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i>&gt;</code><br><code>&lt;routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i>&gt;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.<br><code>bulk-leasequery-connections</code> option introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Clear all extended Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) local server statistics.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><code>bulk-leasequery-connections</code></b> —(Optional) Clear bulk leasequery statistics.<br><br><b><code>logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i></code></b> —(Optional) Clear the statistics for DHCP clients on the specified logical system. If you do not specify a logical system, statistics are cleared for the default logical system.<br><br><b><code>routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i></code></b> —(Optional) Clear the statistics for DHCP clients on the specified routing instance. If you do not specify a routing instance, statistics are cleared for the default routing instance. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">clear dhcp server statistics on page 1638</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | See <a href="#">show dhcp server statistics</a> for an explanation of output fields.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

## Sample Output

### clear dhcp server statistics

The following sample output displays the extended DHCP local server statistics before and after the `clear dhcp server statistics` command is issued.

```
user@host> show dhcp server statistics
Packets dropped:
 Total 1
 Lease Time Violation 1

Messages received:
 BOOTREQUEST 89163
 DHCPDECLINE 0
 DHCPDISCOVER 8110
 DHCPINFORM 0
 DHCPRELEASE 0
 DHCPREQUEST 81053

Messages sent:
 BOOTREPLY 32420
 DHCPOFFER 8110
```

|         |      |
|---------|------|
| DHCPACK | 8110 |
| DHCPNAK | 8100 |

user@host> clear dhcp server statistics

user@host> show dhcp server statistics

Packets dropped:

|       |   |
|-------|---|
| Total | 0 |
|-------|---|

Messages received:

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| BOOTREQUEST  | 0 |
| DHCPDECLINE  | 0 |
| DHCPDISCOVER | 0 |
| DHCPINFORM   | 0 |
| DHCPRELEASE  | 0 |
| DHCPREQUEST  | 0 |

Messages sent:

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| BOOTREPLY | 0 |
| DHCPOFFER | 0 |
| DHCPACK   | 0 |
| DHCPNAK   | 0 |

## clear dhcpv6 relay binding

---

**Syntax**    `clear dhcpv6 relay binding`  
              `<address>`  
              `<all>`  
              `<dual-stack>`  
              `<interface interface-name>`  
              `<interfaces-vlan>`  
              `<interfaces-wildcard>`  
              `<logical-system logical-system-name>`  
              `<routing-instance routing-instance-name>`

**Release Information**    Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.  
                              Command introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.  
                              Options *interfaces-vlan* and *interfaces-wildcard* added in Junos OS Release 12.1.  
                              Command introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1X48R3 for PTX Series Packet Transport Routers.  
                              Option **dual-stack** added in Junos OS Release 15.1.

**Description**    Clear the binding state of Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6) clients from the client table.

**Options**    ***address***—(Optional) Clear the binding state for the DHCPv6 client, using one of the following entries:

- *CID*—The specified Client ID (CID).
- *ipv6-prefix*—The specified IPv6 prefix.
- *session-id*—The specified session ID.

***all***—(Optional) Clear the binding state for all DHCPv6 clients.

***dual-stack***—(Optional) Clear the binding state for DHCPv6 clients and the associated DHCPv4 bindings in the single-session DHCP dual stack. DHCPv4 clients created in a DHCPv4-only stack are not affected.

***interfaces-vlan***—(Optional) Clear the binding state on the interface VLAN ID and S-VLAN ID.

***interfaces-wildcard***—(Optional) The set of interfaces on which to clear bindings. This option supports the use of the wildcard character (\*).

***interface interface-name***—(Optional) Clear the binding state for DHCPv6 clients on the specified interface.

***logical-system logical-system-name***—(Optional) Clear the binding state for DHCPv6 clients on the specified logical system.

***routing-instance routing-instance-name***—(Optional) Clear the binding state for DHCPv6 clients on the specified routing instance.



**Required Privilege Level** view

**Related Documentation**

- [Clearing DHCP Bindings for Subscriber Access on page 414](#)
- [show dhcpv6 relay binding on page 1797](#)

**List of Sample Output**

- [clear dhcpv6 relay binding on page 1641](#)
- [clear dhcpv6 relay binding <prefix> on page 1641](#)
- [clear dhcpv6 relay binding all on page 1642](#)
- [clear dhcpv6 relay binding dual-stack all on page 1642](#)
- [clear dhcpv6p relay binding interface on page 1642](#)
- [clear dhcpv6 relay binding <interfaces-vlan> on page 1642](#)
- [clear dhcpv6 relay binding <interfaces-wildcard> on page 1642](#)

**Output Fields** See [show dhcpv6 relay binding](#) for an explanation of output fields.

## Sample Output

### clear dhcpv6 relay binding

The following sample output displays the DHCPv6 bindings before and after the **clear dhcpv6 relay binding** command is issued.

```
user@host> show dhcpv6 relay binding
```

| Prefix                                  | Session Id | Expires | State | Interface  | Client DUID |
|-----------------------------------------|------------|---------|-------|------------|-------------|
| 2001:db8:3c4d:15::/64                   | 1          | 83720   | BOUND | ge-1/0/0.0 |             |
| LL_TIME0x1-0x4bfa26af-00:10:94:00:00:01 |            |         |       |            |             |
| 2001:db8:3c4d:16::/64                   | 2          | 83720   | BOUND | ge-1/0/0.0 |             |
| LL_TIME0x1-0x4bfa26af-00:10:94:00:00:02 |            |         |       |            |             |
| 2001:db8:3c4d:17::/64                   | 3          | 83720   | BOUND | ge-1/0/0.0 |             |
| LL_TIME0x1-0x4bfa26af-00:10:94:00:00:03 |            |         |       |            |             |
| 2001:db8:3c4d:18::/64                   | 4          | 83720   | BOUND | ge-1/0/0.0 |             |
| LL_TIME0x1-0x4bfa26af-00:10:94:00:00:04 |            |         |       |            |             |
| 2001:db8:3c4d:19::/64                   | 5          | 83720   | BOUND | ge-1/0/0.0 |             |
| LL_TIME0x1-0x4bfa26af-00:10:94:00:00:05 |            |         |       |            |             |
| 2001:db8:3c4d:20::/64                   | 6          | 83720   | BOUND | ge-1/0/0.0 |             |
| LL_TIME0x1-0x4bfa26af-00:10:94:00:00:06 |            |         |       |            |             |

### clear dhcpv6 relay binding <prefix>

```
user@host> clear dhcpv6 relay binding 2001:db8:3c4d:15::/64
```

```
user@host> show dhcpv6 relay binding
```

| Prefix                                  | Session Id | Expires | State | Interface  | Client DUID |
|-----------------------------------------|------------|---------|-------|------------|-------------|
| 2001:db8:3c4d:16::/64                   | 2          | 83720   | BOUND | ge-1/0/0.0 |             |
| LL_TIME0x1-0x4bfa26af-00:10:94:00:00:02 |            |         |       |            |             |
| 2001:db8:3c4d:17::/64                   | 3          | 83720   | BOUND | ge-1/0/0.0 |             |
| LL_TIME0x1-0x4bfa26af-00:10:94:00:00:03 |            |         |       |            |             |
| 2001:db8:3c4d:18::/64                   | 4          | 83720   | BOUND | ge-1/0/0.0 |             |
| LL_TIME0x1-0x4bfa26af-00:10:94:00:00:04 |            |         |       |            |             |
| 2001:db8:3c4d:19::/64                   | 5          | 83720   | BOUND | ge-1/0/0.0 |             |
| LL_TIME0x1-0x4bfa26af-00:10:94:00:00:05 |            |         |       |            |             |

```
2001:db8:3c4d:20::/64 6 83720 BOUND ge-1/0/0.0
LL_TIME0x1-0x4bfa26af-00:10:94:00:00:06
```

### **clear dhcpv6 relay binding all**

The following command clears all DHCP relay agent bindings:

```
user@host> clear dhcpv6 relay binding all
```

### **clear dhcpv6 relay binding dual-stack all**

The following command clears all DHCPv6 relay agent bindings for all DHCPv6 clients and the associated DHCPv4 bindings in the single-session DHCP dual stack. DHCPv4 clients created in a DHCPv4-only stack are not affected.

```
user@host> clear dhcpv6 relay binding dual-stack all
```

### **clear dhcpv6 relay binding interface**

The following command clears DHCPv6 relay agent bindings on a specific interface:

```
user@host> clear dhcpv6 relay binding interface fe-0/0/2
```

### **clear dhcpv6 relay binding <interfaces-vlan>**

The following command uses the *interfaces-vlan* option to clear all DHCPv6 relay agent bindings on top of the underlying interface **ae0**, which clears DHCPv6 bindings on all demux VLANs on top of **ae0**:

```
user@host> clear dhcpv6 relay binding interface ae0
```

### **clear dhcpv6 relay binding <interfaces-wildcard>**

The following command uses the *interfaces-wildcard* option to clear all DHCPv6 relay agent bindings over a specific interface:

```
user@host> clear dhcpv6 relay binding ge-1/0/0.*
```

## clear dhcpv6 relay statistics

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>clear dhcpv6 relay statistics</code><br><code>&lt;bulk-leasequery-connections&gt;</code><br><code>&lt;logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i>&gt;</code><br><code>&lt;routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i>&gt;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.<br>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1X48R3 for PTX Series Packet Transport Routers.<br><b>bulk-leasequery-connections</b> option introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Clear all Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6) relay statistics.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>bulk-leasequery-connections</b> —(Optional) Clear bulk leasequery statistics.<br><br><b>logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i></b> —(Optional) Perform this operation on the specified logical system. If you do not specify a logical system name, statistics are cleared for the default logical system.<br><br><b>routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i></b> —(Optional) Perform this operation on the specified routing instance. If you do not specify a routing instance name, statistics are cleared for the default routing instance. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">clear dhcpv6 relay statistics on page 1643</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | See <a href="#">show dhcpv6 relay statistics</a> for an explanation of output fields.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

## Sample Output

### clear dhcpv6 relay statistics

The following sample output displays the DHCPv6 relay statistics before and after the **clear dhcpv6 relay statistics** command is issued.

```
user@host> show dhcpv6 relay statistics
DHCPv6 Packets dropped:
 Total 0
 Lease Time Violated 1

Messages received:
 DHCPV6_DECLINE 0
 DHCPV6_SOLICIT 10
 DHCPV6_INFORMATION_REQUEST 0
 DHCPV6_RELEASE 0
 DHCPV6_REQUEST 10
 DHCPV6_CONFIRM 0
 DHCPV6_RENEW 0
```

```

DHCPV6_REBIND 0
DHCPV6_RELAY_REPL 0

Messages sent:
 DHCPV6_ADVERTISE 0
 DHCPV6_REPLY 0
 DHCPV6_RECONFIGURE 0
 DHCPV6_RELAY_FORW 0

user@host> clear dhcpv6 relay statistics
user@host> show dhcpv6 relay statistics
DHCPv6 Packets dropped:
 Total 0

Messages received:
 DHCPV6_DECLINE 0
 DHCPV6_SOLICIT 0
 DHCPV6_INFORMATION_REQUEST 0
 DHCPV6_RELEASE 0
 DHCPV6_REQUEST 0
 DHCPV6_CONFIRM 0
 DHCPV6_RENEW 0
 DHCPV6_REBIND 0
 DHCPV6_RELAY_REPL 0

Messages sent:
 DHCPV6_ADVERTISE 0
 DHCPV6_REPLY 0
 DHCPV6_RECONFIGURE 0
 DHCPV6_RELAY_FORW 0
```

## clear dhcpv6 server binding

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre>clear dhcpv6 server binding &lt;address&gt; &lt;all&gt; &lt;interface interface-name&gt; &lt;interfaces-vlan&gt; &lt;interfaces-wildcard&gt; &lt;logical-system logical-system-name&gt; &lt;routing-instance routing-instance-name&gt; &lt;dual-stack&gt;</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b> | <p>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.</p> <p>Options <i>interfaces-vlan</i> and <i>interfaces-wildcard</i> added in Junos OS Release 12.1.</p> <p>Command updated with <b>dual-stack</b> statement in Junos OS Release 17.3.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>         | Clear the binding state of a Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6) client from the client table on the extended DHCPv6 local server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>             | <p><b>address</b>—(Optional) Clear the binding state for the DHCPv6 client, using one of the following entries:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>CID</i>—The specified Client ID (CID).</li> <li>• <i>ipv6-prefix</i>—The specified IPv6 prefix.</li> <li>• <i>session-id</i>—The specified session ID.</li> </ul> <p><b>all</b>—(Optional) Clear the binding state for all DHCPv6 clients.</p> <p><b>interface interface-name</b>—(Optional) Clear the binding state for DHCPv6 clients on the specified interface.</p> <p><b>interfaces-vlan</b>—(Optional) Clear the binding state on the interface VLAN ID and S-VLAN ID.</p> <p><b>interfaces-wildcard</b>—(Optional) Clear bindings on a set of interfaces. This option supports the use of the wildcard character (*).</p> <p><b>logical-system logical-system-name</b>—(Optional) Clear the binding state for DHCPv6 clients on the specified logical system.</p> <p><b>routing-instance routing-instance-name</b>—(Optional) Clear the binding state for DHCPv6 clients on the specified routing instance.</p> <p><b>dual-stack</b>—(Optional) Remove either both arms or single arm of dual-stack.</p> |



---

**NOTE:**

- The **dual-stack** command is added in the syntax removes both arms of the dual-stack with a single command entry.
  - When the **dual-stack** command is not added in the syntax, the **clear dhcpv6 server binding** command clears only the family specific arm of the dual-stack.
- 

**Required Privilege Level** clear

**Related Documentation**

- [Clearing DHCP Bindings for Subscriber Access on page 414](#)
- [show dhcpv6 server binding on page 1809](#)

**List of Sample Output**

[clear dhcpv6 server binding all on page 1646](#)  
[clear dhcpv6 server binding <ipv6-prefix> on page 1646](#)  
[clear dhcpv6 server binding interface on page 1646](#)  
[clear dhcpv6 server binding <interfaces-vlan> on page 1647](#)  
[clear dhcpv6 server binding <interfaces-wildcard> on page 1647](#)  
[clear dhcpv6 server binding dual-stack all on page 1647](#)

**Output Fields** When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.

## Sample Output

### [clear dhcpv6 server binding all](#)

The following command clears all DHCPv6 local server bindings:

```
user@host> clear dhcpv6 server binding all
```

### [clear dhcpv6 server binding <ipv6-prefix>](#)

The following command clears DHCPv6 local server bindings for a specific IPv6 prefix:

```
user@host> clear dhcpv6 server binding 14/0x00010001/0x02b3be8f/0x00109400/0x0005
```

### [clear dhcpv6 server binding interface](#)

The following command clears DHCPv6 local server bindings on a specific interface:

```
user@host> clear dhcpv6 server binding interface fe-0/0/2
```

**clear dhcpv6 server binding <interfaces-vlan>**

The following command uses the *interfaces-vlan* option to clear all DHCPv6 local server bindings on top of the underlying interface **ae0**, which clears DHCPv6 bindings on all demux VLANs on top of **ae0**:

```
user@host> clear dhcpv6 server binding interface ae0
```

**clear dhcpv6 server binding <interfaces-wildcard>**

The following command uses the *interfaces-wildcard* option to clear all DHCPv6 local server bindings over a specific interface:

```
user@host> clear dhcpv6 server binding ge-1/0/0.*
```

**clear dhcpv6 server binding dual-stack all**

The following command clears all the dual-stack local server bindings.

```
user@host> clear dhcpv6 server binding dual-stack all
```

## clear dhcpv6 server statistics

---

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <code>clear dhcpv6 server statistics</code><br><code>&lt;bulk-leasequery-connections&gt;</code><br><code>&lt;interface <i>interface-name</i>&gt;</code><br><code>&lt;logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i>&gt;</code><br><code>&lt;routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i>&gt;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Release Information      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.<br><b>bulk-leasequery-connections</b> option introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Description              | Clear all extended Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6) local server statistics.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Options                  | <b>bulk-leasequery-connections</b> —(Optional) Clear bulk leasequery statistics.<br><br><b>logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i></b> —(Optional) Clear the statistics for DHCPv6 clients on the specified logical system. If you do not specify a logical system, statistics are cleared for the default logical system.<br><br><b>routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i></b> —(Optional) Clear the statistics for DHCPv6 clients on the specified routing instance. If you do not specify a routing instance, statistics are cleared for the default routing instance. |
| Required Privilege Level | clear                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">show dhcpv6 server statistics on page 1815</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| List of Sample Output    | <a href="#">clear dhcpv6 server statistics on page 1648</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Output Fields            | When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## Sample Output

### clear dhcpv6 server statistics

```
user@host> clear dhcpv6 server statistics
```



## clear diameter function statistics

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>clear diameter function &lt;<i>function-name</i>&gt; statistics</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.</p> <p>Support for PTSP introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.</p> <p>Support for Gx-Plus introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.</p> <p>Support for PTSP discontinued in Junos OS Release 13.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Clear current statistics accumulated for a specified function (application) or for all functions associated with the Diameter instance.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>function-name</i> —(Optional) Clear statistics for the specified function. Gx-Plus, JSRC, and packet-triggered-subscribers are supported functions.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | clear                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Gx-Plus for Provisioning Subscribers Overview on page 789</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Juniper Networks Session and Resource Control (SRC) and JSRC Overview on page 849</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show diameter on page 1818</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show diameter function on page 1824</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show diameter function statistics on page 1828</a></li> </ul> |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">clear diameter function statistics on page 1649</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## Sample Output

### clear diameter function statistics

```
user@host> clear diameter function jsrc statistics
```

## clear diameter peer

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>clear diameter peer <i>peer-name</i></code><br><code>&lt;connection   statistics&gt;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Delete the specified Diameter peer and clear all statistics or only current statistics for the specified peer.                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>peer-name</i></b>—Delete the Diameter peer.</p> <p><b>connection</b>—(Optional) Clear all peer statistics and restart the peer state machine for the specified Diameter peer. This is the default action.</p> <p><b>statistics</b>—(Optional) Clear current statistics for the specified Diameter peer.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | clear                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">show diameter on page 1818</a></li><li>• <a href="#">show diameter peer on page 1839</a></li><li>• <a href="#">show diameter peer map on page 1844</a></li><li>• <a href="#">show diameter peer statistics on page 1847</a></li></ul>                            |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">clear diameter peer on page 1650</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

## Sample Output

### clear diameter peer

```
user@host> clear diameter peer peer5 connection
```

## clear extensible-subscriber-services counters

---

**Syntax**    clear extensible-subscriber-services counters

**Release Information**    Command introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.

**Description**    Clear values of all event counters to zero. Active sessions and services counters are not reset.

**Required Privilege Level**    view

**Related Documentation**    • [show extensible-subscriber-services counters on page 1861](#)

### Sample Output

```
#clear extensible-subscriber-services counters
```

## clear extensible-subscriber-services sessions

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | clear extensible-subscriber-services sessions < <i>accounting-session-id</i> >                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Clear extensible subscriber service sessions in any state by executing the operational script or the application to remove all services created. Specify an accounting session ID to clear a specific session. If you do not specify an accounting session ID in the command, the command clears all sessions. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>accounting-session-id</i> —(Optional) Identifier of the ESSM session you want cleared.                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">show extensible-subscriber-services sessions on page 1874</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                    |

### Sample Output

```
#clear extensible-subscriber-services sessions "jnpr demux0.1073762028:46422"
```

---

## clear ipv6 router-advertisement

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>clear ipv6 router-advertisement</code><br><code>&lt;interface <i>interface</i>&gt;</code><br><code>&lt;logical-system (all   <i>logical-system-name</i>)&gt;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Clear IPv6 router advertisement counters.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>none</b> —Clear IPv6 router advertisement counters for all interfaces.<br><br><b>interface <i>interface</i></b> —(Optional) Clear IPv6 router advertisement counters for the specified interface.<br><br><b>logical-system (all   <i>logical-system-name</i>)</b> —(Optional) Perform this operation on all logical systems or on a particular logical system. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">show ipv6 router-advertisement on page 1877</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">clear ipv6 router-advertisement on page 1653</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

## Sample Output

### clear ipv6 router-advertisement

```
user@host> clear ipv6 router-advertisement
```

## clear network-access aaa statistics

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>clear network-access aaa statistics &lt;accounting&gt; &lt;address-assignment (client   pool <i>pool-name</i>)&gt; &lt;authentication&gt; &lt;dynamic-requests&gt; &lt;radius&gt; &lt;re-authentication&gt; &lt;terminate-code&gt;</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.<br>Option <b>radius</b> introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.<br>Option <b>terminate-code</b> introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Clear AAA statistics.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>accounting</b>—(Optional) Clear AAA accounting statistics.</p> <p><b>address-assignment client</b>—(Optional) Clear AAA address-assignment statistics for the client.</p> <p><b>address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i></b>—(Optional) Clear AAA address-assignment pool statistics.</p> <p><b>authentication</b>—(Optional) Clear AAA authentication statistics.</p> <p><b>dynamic-requests</b>—(Optional) Clear AAA dynamic-request statistics.</p> <p><b>radius</b>—(Optional) Clears the values in the <b>Peak</b> and <b>Exceeded</b> columns only.</p> <p><b>re-authentication</b>—(Optional) Clear AAA reauthentication statistics.</p> <p><b>terminate-code</b>—(Optional) Clear AAA termination code statistics.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | maintenance                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Verifying and Managing Subscriber AAA Information on page 257</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">clear network-access aaa statistics accounting on page 1655</a><br><a href="#">clear network-access aaa statistics address-assignment pool on page 1655</a><br><a href="#">clear network-access aaa statistics radius on page 1655</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

## Sample Output

clear network-access aaa statistics accounting

```
user@host> clear network-access aaa statistics accounting
```

clear network-access aaa statistics address-assignment pool

```
user@host> clear network-access aaa statistics address-assignment pool isp_1
```

clear network-access aaa statistics radius

```
user@host> clear network-access aaa statistics radius
```

## clear network-access aaa subscriber

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>clear network-access aaa subscriber &lt;session-id <i>identifier</i> &lt;reconnect&gt;&gt; &lt;statistics username <i>username</i>&gt; &lt;username <i>username</i> &lt;reconnect&gt;&gt;</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.<br><b>reconnect</b> and <b>session-id</b> options added in Junos OS Release 16.1R4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Clear AAA subscriber statistics and log out subscribers. You can log out subscribers based on the username or on the subscriber session identifier. Use the session identifier when more than one session has the same username string.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>reconnect</b>—(Optional) Reconnect as a Layer 2 wholesale session when the subscriber session has been fully logged out. This option is equivalent to issuing a RADIUS-initiated disconnect with reconnect semantics; that is, when the message includes Acct-Terminate-Cause (RADIUS attribute 49) with a value of callback (16). You can apply this option to either a Layer 2 wholesale session or a conventionally auto-sensed dynamic VLAN supporting a PPPoE session.</p> <p>In the latter case, this option triggers a PPPoE session logout and removal of the dynamic VLAN logical interface. This is followed by authorization of the access-line to attempt creation of a dynamic VLAN IFL supporting Layer 2 wholesale session in its place.</p> <p><b>session-id <i>identifier</i></b>—(Optional) Log out the subscriber based on the subscriber session identifier.</p> <p><b>statistics username <i>username</i></b>—(Optional) Clear AAA subscriber statistics and log out the subscriber.</p> <p><b>username <i>username</i></b>—(Optional) Log out the AAA subscriber.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | maintenance                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Verifying and Managing Subscriber AAA Information on page 257</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">clear network-access aaa subscriber statistics username on page 1657</a><br><a href="#">clear network-access aaa subscriber username on page 1657</a><br><a href="#">clear network-access aaa subscriber username on page 1657</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |



## Sample Output

clear network-access aaa subscriber statistics username

```
user@host> clear network-access aaa subscriber statistics username user22@example.com
```

clear network-access aaa subscriber username

```
user@host> clear network-access aaa subscriber username user22@example.com
```

clear network-access aaa subscriber session-id

```
user@host> clear network-access aaa subscriber session-id 18367425
```

## clear network-access gx-plus replay

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | clear network-access gx-plus replay                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Clear pending Gx-Plus login and logout requests (replays). Sends JSER message to PCRF that includes the Juniper-Event-Type AVP (AVP code 2103) with a value of 3 indicating a discovery request. The PCRF returns a JDER message to initiate discovery of all subscribers. When this discovery completes, all pending subscriber requests are cleared. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | This command has no options.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | clear                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">clear network-access gx-plus statistics on page 1659</a></li><li>• <a href="#">show network-access gx-plus on page 1926</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">clear network-access gx-plus replay on page 1658</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

### Sample Output

#### clear network-access gx-plus replay

```
user@host> clear network-access gx-plus replay
```

---

## clear network-access gx-plus statistics

---

|                                 |                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | clear network-access gx-plus statistics                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Clear Gx-Plus statistics.                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | This command has no options.                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | clear                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">show network-access gx-plus on page 1926</a></li></ul> |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">clear network-access gx-plus statistics on page 1659</a>                                       |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.                      |

## Sample Output

### clear network-access gx-plus statistics

```
user@host> clear network-access gx-plus statistics
```

## clear network-access ocs statistics

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | clear network-access ocs statistics                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Clear Online Charging System (OCS) provisioning statistics information.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | maintenance                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">ocs on page 1339</a></li><li>• <a href="#">show network-access ocs on page 1932</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li></ul> |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">clear network-access ocs statistics on page 1660</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided no feedback on the status of your request.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## Sample Output

### clear network-access ocs statistics

```
user@host> clear network-access ocs statistics
```

## clear network-access pcrf

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | clear network-access pcrf (statistics   subscribers)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Clear Policy and Charging Rules Function (PCRF) provisioning statistics and subscribers information.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>statistics</b>—(Optional) Clear PCRF provisioning statistics.</p> <p><b>subscribers</b>—(Optional) Force logout of all PCRF subscribers. Used with draining mode to flush all subscribers before making substantial configuration changes.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | maintenance                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">pcrf on page 1390</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show network-access pcrf on page 1934</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Upstream and Downstream Messages for the PCRF on page 831</a></li> </ul> |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">clear network-access pcrf statistics on page 1661</a><br><a href="#">clear network-access pcrf subscribers on page 1661</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided no feedback on the status of your request.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

### Sample Output

#### clear network-access pcrf statistics

```
user@host> clear network-access pcrf statistics
```

### Sample Output

#### clear network-access pcrf subscribers

```
user@host> clear network-access pcrf subscribers
```

## request services subscribers clear

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>request services subscribers clear subscriber-profile <i>profile</i> client-id <i>client-id</i></code>                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Clear the subscriber profile associated with the given subscriber.                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>profile</i> —Name of the subscriber profile to clear the active subscriber profile for the given subscriber.<br><br><i>client-id</i> —Client session ID assigned to the subscriber. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | clear                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">request services subscriber clear subscriber-profile tc_act_prof client-id on page 1662</a>                                                                                |

## Sample Output

### request services subscriber clear subscriber-profile tc\_act\_prof client-id

```
user@host>request services subscriber clear subscriber-profile tc_act_prof client-id
2533274790395909 | display xml
rpc-reply xmlns:junos="http://xml.juniper.net/junos/11.1I0/junos"
 packet-triggered-subscribers-information
 xmlns="http://xml.juniper.net/junos/11.1I0/junos-packet-triggered-subscribers"
 service-subscribers-request-result junos:style="success"
 /service-subscribers-request-result
 /packet-triggered-subscribers-information
cli
 banner/banner
/cli
/rpc-reply
```

## clear system subscriber-management statistics

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | clear system subscriber-management statistics                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Clear subscriber-management statistics.                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | This command has no options.                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view and system                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">show system subscriber-management statistics on page 2021</a></li></ul> |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">clear subscriber-management statistics on page 1663</a>                                                         |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.                                       |

## Sample Output

### clear subscriber-management statistics

```
user@host> clear subscriber-management statistics
```

## request ancp oam interface

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <b>request ancp oam interface</b><br>( <i>interface-name</i>   interface-set <i>set-name</i> )<br><count <i>count</i> ><br><timeout <i>duration</i> >                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Trigger the access node to run a loopback test on the local loop between the access node and the customer premises equipment. You must specify either an ANCP interface or an ANCP interface set. The access node responds to the NAS with the results of the test.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>interface-name</i></b>—Name of the ANCP interface on whose local loop the loopback test is run.</p> <p><b>interface-set <i>set-name</i></b>—Name of the ANCP interface set on whose local loop the loopback test is run.</p> <p><b>count <i>count</i></b>—(Optional) Number of times a loopback message is sent on the local loop. Range: 1 through 32. Default: 1.</p> <p><b>timeout <i>duration</i></b>—(Optional) Period of time in seconds that the NAS waits for a response to the OAM request. Range: 0 through 255. Default: 5.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Triggering ANCP OAM to Test the Local Loop on page 751</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">request ancp oam interface on page 1664</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request, including the result of the test, the response code, and the response string returned with the OAM response in the event of failure, an error code is displayed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## Sample Output

### request ancp oam interface

```
user@host> request ancp oam interface ge-1/0/4.12 count 5 timeout 40
request succeeded
0x503 : DSL line status showtime
DEFAULT RESPONSE
```



## request ancp oam neighbor

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>request ancp oam neighbor (ip-address <i>ip-address</i>   system-name <i>neighbor-name</i>) subscriber <i>identifier-string</i> &lt;count <i>count</i>&gt; &lt;timeout <i>duration</i>&gt;</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Trigger the access node to run a loopback test on the local loop between the access node and the customer premises equipment. You must specify both the access node and the subscriber. The access node responds to the NAS with the results of the test.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>ip-address <i>ip-address</i></b>—IP address that specifies the access node on whose local loop the loopback test is run.</p> <p><b>system-name <i>neighbor-name</i></b>—System name that specifies the access node on whose local loop the loopback test is run.</p> <p><b>subscriber <i>identifier-string</i></b>—Access identifier that specifies the subscriber on whose local loop the loopback test is run.</p> <p><b>count <i>count</i></b>—(Optional) Number of times a loopback message is sent on the local loop. Range: 1 through 32. Default: 1.</p> <p><b>timeout <i>duration</i></b>—(Optional) Period of time in seconds that the NAS waits for a response to the OAM request. Range: 0 through 255. Default: 5.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Triggering ANCP OAM to Test the Local Loop on page 751</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">request ancp oam subscriber on page 1665</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request, including the result of the test, the response code, and the response string returned with the OAM response in the event of failure, an error code is displayed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

## Sample Output

### request ancp oam subscriber

```
user@host> request ancp oam neighbor 203.0.113.21 subscriber "dslam port-1-11"
```

```
request succeeded
0x503 : DSL line status showtime
DEFAULT RESPONSE
```

## request ancp oam port-down

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <b>request ancp oam port-down</b><br>(neighbor <i>ip-address</i>   subscriber-interface <i>physical-interface-name</i> )<br>circuit-id <i>aci</i> remote-id <i>ari</i> outer-vlan-id <i>vlan-id</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1R4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Simulate an ANCP Port Down message on the specified access loop for troubleshooting or to mitigate an abnormal condition. Triggers removal of the corresponding out-of-band triggered, autosensed dynamic VLAN session for which no ANCP-sourced information exists. You must specify an ACI, an ARI, and an outer VLAN tag. This command is overridden by a genuine ANCP Port-Up message, meaning that you cannot use this command to initiate a Port Down condition when the access node has already reported a Port Up condition.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>aci</i></b>—ANCP Access-Loop-Circuit-ID TLV that corresponds to a subscriber interface on the access node; used to identify the access node from which the message is simulated.</p> <p><b><i>ari</i></b>—ANCP Access-Loop-Remote-ID TLV that identifies the subscriber associated with an interface on the access node; used to identify the access node from which the message is simulated.</p> <p><b><i>ip-address</i></b>—IP address that specifies the access node from which the message is simulated.</p> <p><b><i>physical-interface-name</i></b>—Name of the access-facing subscriber interface that specifies the access node on whose local loop the loopback test is run.</p> <p><b><i>vlan-id</i></b>—ANCP Access-Aggregation-Circuit-ID-Binary TLV, the outer VLAN tag inserted by the access node on upstream traffic; used to identify the access node from which the message is simulated.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Triggering ANCP OAM to Simulate ANCP Port Down and Port Up Messages</i></li> <li>• <i>Layer 2 Wholesale with ANCP-Triggered VLANs Overview</i></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">request ancp oam port-down neighbor circuit-id remote-id outer-vlan-id on page 1668</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided no feedback on the status of your request. You can enter the <b>show ancp neighbor detail</b> , <b>show subscribers client-type vlan-oob detail</b> , and the <b>show subscribers summary</b> commands before and after initiating the Port Down message to verify the operation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## Sample Output

`request ancp oam port-down neighbor circuit-id remote-id outer-vlan-id`

```
user@host> request ancp oam port-down neighbor 192.168.25.31 circuit-id line-aci-1 remote-id
line-ari-1 outer-vlan-id 126
```

## request ancp oam port-up

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <b>request ancp oam port-up</b><br>(neighbor <i>ip-address</i>   subscriber-interface <i>physical-interface-name</i> )<br>circuit-id <i>aci</i> remote-id <i>ari</i> outer-vlan-id <i>vlan-id</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1R4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Simulate an ANCP Port Up message on the specified access loop for troubleshooting or to mitigate an abnormal condition. You must specify an ACI, an ARI, and an outer VLAN tag. This command is overridden by a genuine ANCP Port Down message, meaning that you cannot use this command to initiate a Port Up condition when the access node has already reported a Port Down condition.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>aci</i></b>—ANCP Access-Loop-Circuit-ID TLV that corresponds to a subscriber interface on the access node; used to identify the access node from which the message is simulated.</p> <p><b><i>ip-address</i></b>—IP address that specifies the access node from which the message is simulated.</p> <p><b><i>ari</i></b>—ANCP Access-Loop-Remote-ID TLV that identifies the subscriber associated with an interface on the access node; used to identify the access node from which the message is simulated.</p> <p><b><i>physical-interface-name</i></b>—Name of the access-facing subscriber interface that specifies the access node on whose local loop the loopback test is run.</p> <p><b><i>vlan-id</i></b>—ANCP Access-Aggregation-Circuit-ID-Binary TLV, the outer VLAN tag inserted by the access node on upstream traffic; used to identify the access node from which the message is simulated.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Triggering ANCP OAM to Simulate ANCP Port Down and Port Up Messages</i></li> <li>• <i>Layer 2 Wholesale with ANCP-Triggered VLANs Overview</i></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">request ancp oam port-up neighbor circuit-id remote-id outer-vlan-id on page 1670</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided no feedback on the status of your request. You can enter the <b>show ancp neighbor detail</b> , <b>show subscribers client-type vlan-oob detail</b> , and the <b>show subscribers summary</b> commands before and after initiating the Port Up message to verify the operation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

## Sample Output

`request ancp oam port-up neighbor circuit-id remote-id outer-vlan-id`

```
user@host> request ancp oam port-up neighbor 192.168.25.31 circuit-id line-aci-1 remote-id
line-ari-1 outer-vlan-id 126
```

## request dhcp relay bulk-leasequery

**Syntax** request dhcp relay bulk-leasequery (*client-id* | *ipv4-address* | *mac-address*)  
 <server-address *address* | server-group *group-name*>  
 <logical-system *logical-system*>  
 <routing-instance *routing-instance*>

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.

**Description** Initiate the bulk leasequery operation that updates binding information for subscribers by requesting that DHCP relay agent send the bulk leasequery message to the configured DHCP servers. The DHCP bulk leasequery feature must be configured in the DHCP relay agent.

**Options**



**NOTE:** You must configure at least one of *client-id*, *ipv4-address*, or *mac-address*.

**address**—Specify the IP address of the DHCP local server to query.

**client-id**—Use the DHCP client identifier option (option 61) to identify the client whose binding information is requested.

**group-name**—Specify the name of a group of DHCP local servers to query.

**mac-address**—Use the MAC address to identify the client whose binding information is requested.

**logical-system**—Specify an optional logical system for the DHCP server being queried. The default logical system is used by default.

**routing-instance**—Specify an optional routing instance for the DHCP server being queried. The default routing instance is used by default.

**Required Privilege Level** view

**Related Documentation**

- [Initiating DHCP Leasequery to Update the DHCP Relay Agent Lease Database on page 303](#)

**List of Sample Output** [request dhcp relay bulk-leasequery on page 1672](#)

**Output Fields** When you enter this command, DHCP relay agent initiates the bulk leasequery operation.

## Sample Output

### request dhcp relay bulk-leasequery

```
user@host> request dhcp relay bulk-leasequery 4/1224 server-address 192.168.10.10
```



## request dhcp relay leasequery

**Syntax** request dhcp relay leasequery (*client-id* | *ipv4-address* | *mac-address*)  
 <server-address *address* | server-group *group-name*>  
 <logical-system *logical-system*>  
 <routing-instance *routing-instance*>

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.

**Description** Initiate the leasequery operation that updates binding information for a specific subscriber by requesting that DHCP relay agent send the leasequery message to the configured DHCP servers. The DHCP leasequery feature must be configured in the DHCP relay agent.

**Options**



**NOTE:** You must configure at least one of *client-id*, *ipv4-address*, or *mac-address*.

**address**—Specify the IP address of the DHCP local server to query.

**client-id**—Use the DHCP client identifier option (option 61) to identify the client whose binding information is requested.

**group-name**—Specify the name of a group of DHCP local servers to query.

**ipv4-address**—Use the IPv4 address to identify the client whose binding information is requested.

**logical-system**—Specify an optional logical system for the DHCP servers being queried. The default logical system is used by default.

**mac-address**—Use the MAC address to identify the client whose binding information is requested.

**routing-instance**—Specify an optional routing instance for the DHCP servers being queried. The default routing instance is used by default.

**Required Privilege Level** view

**Related Documentation**

- [Initiating DHCP Leasequery to Update the DHCP Relay Agent Lease Database on page 303](#)

**List of Sample Output** [request dhcp relay leasequery on page 1674](#)


**Output Fields** When you enter this command, DHCP relay agent initiates the leasequery operation.

## Sample Output

### request dhcp relay leasequery

```
user@host> request dhcp relay leasequery 192.168.25.25 server-group DHCPgroup-10
```

## request dhcp server reconfigure

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <b>request dhcp server reconfigure</b> ( <b>all</b>   <i>address</i>   interface <i>interface-name</i>   logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i>   routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i> )                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.<br>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Initiate reconfiguration processing for the specified DHCP clients if they are in the bound state. If the clients are in the reconfiguring state, this command has no effect. If the clients are in any state other than bound or reconfiguring, this command has the same effect as the <b>clear dhcp server binding</b> command.</p> <p>When the local server state machine starts the reconfiguration process on a bound client, the client transitions to the reconfiguring state and the local server sends a forcerenew message to the client. Because the client was in the bound state before entering the reconfiguring state, all subscriber (or DHCP client) services, such as forwarding and statistics, continue to work. An exponential back-off timer determines the interval at which the forcerenew message is sent. If the final attempt is unsuccessful, the client is returned to its original state by default. You can optionally include the <b>clear-on-abort</b> statement to configure the client to be cleared when reconfiguration fails.</p> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>all</b>—Initiate reconfiguration for all DHCP clients.</p> <p><b>address</b>—Initiate reconfiguration for DHCP client with the specified IP address or MAC address.</p> <p><b>interface <i>interface-name</i></b>—Initiate reconfiguration for all DHCP clients on this logical interface (clients whose initial login requests were received over the specified interface).</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|                                 | <p> <b>NOTE:</b> You cannot use the interface <i>interface-name</i> option with the <b>request dhcp server reconfigure</b> command for DHCP passive clients (clients that are added as a result of DHCP snooped packets). For passive clients, the interface is not guaranteed to be the next-hop interface to the client, as is the case for active clients.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                                 | <p><b>logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i></b>—Initiate reconfiguration for all DHCP clients on the specified logical system.</p> <p><b>routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i></b>—Initiate reconfiguration reconfigured for all DHCP clients in the specified routing instance.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

**Related Documentation** • [Configuring Dynamic Client Reconfiguration of Extended Local Server Clients on page 338](#)

**List of Sample Output** [request dhcp server reconfigure on page 1676](#)

**Output Fields** When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.

## Sample Output

### [request dhcp server reconfigure](#)

```
user@host> request dhcp server reconfigure interface fe-0/0/0.100
```

## request dhcpv6 server reconfigure

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>request dhcpv6 server reconfigure (all   <i>address</i>   <i>client-id</i>   interface <i>interface-name</i>   logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i>   routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i>   <i>session-id</i>)</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.</p> <p>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Initiate reconfiguration processing for the specified DHCPv6 clients if they are in the bound state. If the clients are in the reconfiguring state, this command has no effect. If the clients are in any state other than bound or reconfiguring, this command has the same effect as the <b>clear dhcpv6 server binding</b> command.</p> <p>When the local server state machine starts the reconfiguration process on a bound client, the client transitions to the reconfigure state and the local server sends a reconfigure message to the client. Because the client was in the bound state before entering the reconfiguring state, all subscriber (or DHCP client) services, such as forwarding and statistics, continue to work. An exponential back-off timer determines the interval at which the reconfigure message is sent. If the final attempt is unsuccessful, the client is returned to its original state by default. You can optionally include the <b>clear-on-abort</b> statement to configure the client to be cleared when reconfiguration fails.</p> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>all</b>—Initiate reconfiguration for all DHCPv6 clients.</p> <p><b><i>address</i></b>—Initiate reconfiguration for DHCPv6 client with the specified IPv6 address.</p> <p><b><i>client-id</i></b>—Initiate reconfiguration for DHCPv6 client with the specified client ID.</p> <p><b>interface <i>interface-name</i></b>—Initiate reconfiguration for all DHCPv6 clients on this logical interface (clients whose initial login requests were received over the specified interface).</p> <p><b>logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i></b>—Initiate reconfiguration for all DHCPv6 clients on the specified logical system.</p> <p><b>routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i></b>—Initiate reconfiguration reconfigured for all DHCPv6 clients in the specified routing instance.</p> <p><b><i>session-id</i></b>—Initiate reconfiguration for DHCPv6 client with the specified session ID.</p>                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Dynamic Client Reconfiguration of Extended Local Server Clients on page 338</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">request dhcpv6 server reconfigure on page 1678</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## Sample Output

### request dhcpv6 server reconfigure

```
user@host> request dhcpv6 server reconfigure 2001db8::2/16
```

## request dhcpv6 relay bulk-leasequery

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | request dhcpv6 relay bulk-leasequery ( [ <i>client-id</i>   <i>ipv6-prefix</i> ]   relay-id <i>relay-id</i>   link-address <i>ipv6-link-address</i>   remote-id <i>remote-id</i> )<br><server-address <i>address</i>   server-group <i>group-name</i> ><br><logical-system <i>logical-system</i> ><br><routing-instance <i>routing-instance</i> >                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Initiate the bulk leasequery operation that updates the DHCPv6 relay agent's binding information for a group of subscribers. The DHCPv6 bulk leasequery feature must be configured in the DHCPv6 relay agent.</p> <p>By default, this bulk leasequery command is initiated with relay ID of the DHCPv6 relay agent if you do not explicitly specify one of the <i>client-id</i>, <i>ipv6-prefix</i>, <i>relay-id</i>, <i>ipv6-link-address</i>, or <i>remote-id</i> options.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>address</i></b>—Specify the IPv6 address of the DHCP local server to query.</p> <p><b><i>client-id</i></b>—Update binding information for clients identified by the specified DHCPv6 Client ID option (option 1).</p> <p><b><i>group-name</i></b>—Specify the name of a group of DHCP local servers to query.</p> <p><b><i>ipv6-link-address</i></b>—Update binding information for clients associated with the specified IPv6 network segment.</p> <p><b><i>ipv6-prefix</i></b>—Update binding information for clients identified by the specified IPv6 prefix.</p> <p><b><i>logical-system</i></b>—Specify an optional logical system for the clients. The default logical system is used by default.</p> <p><b><i>relay-id</i></b>—Update binding information for clients associated with the DHCPv6 relay identified by the DHCP Unique Identifier (DUID) in the specified Relay-ID option.</p> <p><b><i>remote-id</i></b>—Update binding information for clients associated with the specified Relay Agent Remote-ID option (option 37).</p> <p><b><i>routing-instance</i></b>—Specify an optional routing instance for the clients. The default routing instance is used by default.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Initiating DHCP Leasequery to Update the DHCP Relay Agent Lease Database on page 303</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">request dhcpv6 relay bulk-leasequery on page 1680</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

**Output Fields** When you enter this command, DHCPv6 relay agent initiates the bulk leasequery operation.

## Sample Output

`request dhcpv6 relay bulk-leasequery`

```
user@host> request dhcpv6 relay bulk-leasequery LL0x1-00:00:65:03:01:02 server-address
2001:db8:3000:0:8001::5/128
```



## request dhcpv6 relay leasequery

**Syntax** request dhcpv6 relay leasequery (*client-id* | *ipv6-prefix*)  
 <server-address *address* | server-group *group-name*>  
 <logical-system *logical-system*>  
 <routing-instance *routing-instance*>

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.

**Description** Initiate the leasequery operation that updates binding information for a specific subscriber by requesting that DHCPv6 relay agent send the leasequery message to the configured DHCP servers. The DHCP leasequery feature must be configured in the DHCPv6 relay agent.

### Options



**NOTE:** You must configure at least one of *client-id* or *ipv6-prefix*.

**address**—Specify the IPv6 address of the DHCP local server to query.

**client-id**—Use the DHCPv6 Client ID option (option 1) to identify the client whose binding information is requested.

**group-name**—Specify the name of a group of DHCP local servers to query.

**ipv6-prefix**—Use the IPv6 prefix to identify the client whose binding information is requested.

**logical-system**—Specify an optional logical system for the DHCPv6 servers being queried. The default logical system is used by default.

**routing-instance**—Specify an optional routing instance for the DHCPv6 servers being queried. The default routing instance is used by default.

**Required Privilege Level** view

**Related Documentation** • [Initiating DHCP Leasequery to Update the DHCP Relay Agent Lease Database on page 303](#)

**List of Sample Output** [request dhcpv6 relay leasequery on page 1682](#)

**Output Fields** When you enter this command, DHCPv6 relay agent initiates the leasequery operation.

## Sample Output

`request dhcpv6 relay leasequery`

```
user@host> request dhcpv6 relay leasequery 2001:db8:3000:0:8001::5/128
```

## request network-access aaa accounting

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | request network-access aaa accounting (baseline   suspend   resume)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 14.2R1 for MX Series routers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Suspend accounting processes; determine a baseline of the statistical details while accounting is suspended; and restart accounting operations after baselining is completed. This command is useful in service provider environments when an upgrade of the server infrastructure is critical and needed immediately. RADIUS Acct-Start, Interim-Update, and Acct-Stop messages are not generated while accounting is suspended; the router does not send any accounting messages to the RADIUS server. While accounting is suspended, subscribers can continue to log in and log out.                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>baseline</b>—(Optional) Determine a baseline of accounting statistics for current subscriber sessions. Applies to only those subscribers for which interim accounting is configured. The router implements the baseline by reading and storing the statistics at the time the baseline is set and then subtracting this baseline when you retrieve baseline-relative statistics after accounting resumes.</p> <p><b>resume</b>—Restart the accounting processes for all logged-in subscriber sessions after baselining of statistics completes.</p> <p><b>suspend</b>—Temporarily halt accounting processes for all logged-in subscriber sessions.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring AAA Accounting Suspension and Baselining Accounting Statistics on page 133</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Suspending AAA Accounting and Baselining Accounting Statistics Overview on page 129</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## Sample Output

### request network-access aaa accounting suspend

```
user@host> request network-access aaa accounting suspend
```

### request network-access aaa accounting baseline

```
user@host> request network-access aaa accounting baseline
```

### request network-access aaa accounting resume

```
user@host> request network-access aaa accounting resume
```

## request network-access aaa subscriber set session-id

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | request network-access aaa subscriber set session-id <i>subscriber-session-id</i> provisioning-state none                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3.                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Release control of the PCRF over the specified subscriber session. In response, AAA clears the subscriber's provisioning state and sends a terminated request to the PCRF indicating the subscriber is no longer available. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>subscriber-session-id</i> —ID of the subscriber session.                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Disabling PCRF Control of a Subscriber Session on page 957</li> <li>Activating and Deactivating Subscriber Services Locally with the CLI on page 662</li> </ul>                      |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">request network-access aaa subscriber set session-id on page 1684</a>                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request. <a href="#">Table 83 on page 1684</a> lists possible error messages that might be returned if the service activation fails.           |

**Table 83: Service Activation/Deactivation Error Messages**

| Message                                                    | Description                                                                 | Corrective Action                                                                                      |
|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Error: AUTHD ISSU in progress</b>                       | A unified ISSU operation is active.                                         | Wait until the unified ISSU operation completes and then retry the service activation/deactivation.    |
| <b>Service activation/deactivation already in progress</b> | Another service activation/deactivation operation is currently in progress. | Wait until the active operation completes and then retry the activation/deactivation operation.        |
| <b>Session identifier is not for a subscriber session</b>  | The session ID is incorrect.                                                | Verify the correct session ID for the subscriber and then retry the activation/deactivation operation. |

## Sample Output

### request network-access aaa subscriber set session-id

```
user@host> request network-access aaa subscriber set session-id session-id 49 provisioning-state none
```

Successful completion

## [request services extensible-subscriber-services reload-dictionary](#)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>request services extensible-subscriber-services reload-dictionary</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Reload the configured dictionary to essmd.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | system—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">dictionary on page 1135</a></li><li>• <a href="#">show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary on page 1864</a></li><li>• <a href="#">show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary attributes on page 1868</a></li><li>• <a href="#">show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary services on page 1871</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding the Dictionary File on page 256</a></li></ul> |

### Sample Output

```
request services extensible-subscriber-services reload-dictionary
Dictionary reloaded successfully
```

## request services static-subscribers login group

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <b>request services static-subscribers login group <i>group-name</i></b>                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Resets the state of an interface group on which static subscribers were forcibly logged out by the <b>request services static-subscribers logout group</b> command. This action enables static subscriber to login on the interfaces in the group. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>group <i>group-name</i></b> —Group of static subscriber interfaces on which static subscribers have been created.                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Resetting the State of an Interface Group for Static Subscriber Login on page 892</a></li><li>• <a href="#">request services static-subscribers logout group on page 1688</a></li></ul>        |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">request services static-subscribers login group on page 1687</a>                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.                                                                                                                                                              |

### Sample Output

#### request services static-subscribers login group

```
user@host> request services static-subscribers login group boston
```

## request services static-subscribers logout group

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <b>request services static-subscribers logout group</b> <i>igroup-name</i>                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Force static subscribers on the interfaces in the group to be logged out. No subscriber can subsequently log in on the interface group until the interface state is reset by a router reset or the <b>request services static-subscribers login group</b> command. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>group</b> <i>group-name</i> —Group of static subscriber interfaces on which static subscribers have been created.                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Forcing a Group of Static Subscribers to Be Logged Out on page 892</a></li><li>• <a href="#">request services static-subscribers login group on page 1687</a></li></ul>                                        |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">request services static-subscribers logout group on page 1688</a>                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.                                                                                                                                                                              |

### Sample Output

#### request services static-subscribers logout group

```
user@host> request services static-subscribers logout group boston
```



## request services static-subscribers login interface

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>request services static-subscribers login interface <i>interface-name</i></code>                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Resets the state of an interface on which a static subscriber was forcibly logged out by the <code>request services static-subscribers logout interface</code> command. This action enables a static subscriber to login on the interface.   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <code>interface <i>interface-name</i></code> —Static interface on which a static subscriber has been created.                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Resetting the State of an Interface for Static Subscriber Login on page 891</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">request services static-subscribers logout interface on page 1690</a></li> </ul> |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">request services static-subscribers login interface on page 1689</a>                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.                                                                                                                                                        |

## Sample Output

### request services static-subscribers login interface

```
user@host> request services static-subscribers login interface ge-2/0/1.5
```

## request services static-subscribers logout interface

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>request services static-subscribers logout interface <i>interface-name</i></code>                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Force static subscriber on the interface to be logged out. No subscriber can subsequently log in on the interface until the interface state is reset by a router reset or the <b>request services static-subscribers login interface</b> command. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>interface <i>interface-name</i></b> —Static interface on which a static subscriber has been created.                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Forcing a Static Subscriber to Be Logged Out on page 891</a></li><li>• <a href="#">request services static-subscribers login interface on page 1689</a></li></ul>                             |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">request services static-subscribers logout interface on page 1690</a>                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.                                                                                                                                                             |

### Sample Output

#### request services static-subscribers logout interface

```
user@host> request services static-subscribers logout interface ge-2/0/1.5
```

## request system reboot

**List of Syntax**    [Syntax on page 1691](#)  
                          [Syntax \(EX Series Switches\) on page 1691](#)  
                          [Syntax \(TX Matrix Router\) on page 1691](#)  
                          [Syntax \(TX Matrix Plus Router\) on page 1691](#)  
                          [Syntax \(MX Series Router\) on page 1691](#)

**Syntax**    request system reboot  
                  <at *time*>  
                  <both-routing-engines>  
                  <in *minutes*>  
                  <media (compact-flash | disk | removable-compact-flash | usb)>  
                  <message "*text*">  
                  <other-routing-engine>

**Syntax (EX Series Switches)**    request system reboot  
                  <all-members>  
                  <at *time*>  
                  <both-routing-engines>  
                  <in *minutes*>  
                  <local>  
                  <media (external | internal)>  
                  <member *member-id*>  
                  <message "*text*">  
                  <other-routing-engine>  
                  <slice *slice*>

**Syntax (TX Matrix Router)**    request system reboot  
                  <all-chassis | all-lcc | lcc *number* | scc>  
                  <at *time*>  
                  <both-routing-engines>  
                  <in *minutes*>  
                  <media (compact-flash | disk)>  
                  <message "*text*">  
                  <other-routing-engine>

**Syntax (TX Matrix Plus Router)**    request system reboot  
                  <all-chassis | all-lcc | lcc *number* | sfc *number*>  
                  <at *time*>  
                  <both-routing-engines>  
                  <in *minutes*>  
                  <media (compact-flash | disk)>  
                  <message "*text*">  
                  <other-routing-engine>  
                  <partition (1 | 2 | alternate)>

**Syntax (MX Series Router)**    request system reboot  
                  <all-members>  
                  <at *time*>  
                  <both-routing-engines>

<in *minutes*>  
<local>  
<media (external | internal)>  
<member *member-id*>  
<message "text">  
<other-routing-engine>

**Release Information** Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.  
Option **other-routing-engine** introduced in Junos OS Release 8.0.  
Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches.  
Option **sfc** introduced for the TX Matrix Plus router in Junos OS Release 9.6.  
Option **both-routing-engines** introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.

**Description** Reboot the software.



**NOTE:** Starting with Junos OS Release 15.1F3, the statement **request system reboot** reboots only the guest operating system on the PTX5000 with RE-PTX-X8-64G and, MX240, MX480, and MX960 with RE-S-X6-64G.

Starting with Junos OS Release 15.1F5, the statement **request system reboot** reboots only the guest operating system on the MX2010, and MX2020 with REMX2K-X8-64G.



**NOTE:** Starting from Junos OS Release 17.2R1, PTX10008 routers do not support the **request system reboot** command. Starting from Junos OS Release 17.4R1, PTX10016 routers do not support the **request system reboot** command. Use the **request vmhost reboot** command instead of the **request system reboot** command on the PTX10008 and PTX10016 routers to reboot the Junos OS software package or bundle on the router. See *request vmhost reboot*.

**Options** **none**—Reboot the software immediately.

**all-chassis**—(TX Matrix routers and TX Matrix Plus routers only) (Optional) On a TX Matrix router or TX Matrix Plus router, reboot all routers connected to the TX Matrix or TX Matrix Plus router, respectively.

**all-lcc**—(TX Matrix routers and TX Matrix Plus routers only) (Optional) On a TX Matrix router or TX Matrix Plus router, reboot all line card chassis connected to the TX Matrix or TX Matrix Plus router, respectively.

**all-members**—(EX4200 switches and MX Series routers only) (Optional) Reboot the software on all members of the Virtual Chassis configuration.

**at time**—(Optional) Time at which to reboot the software, specified in one of the following ways:

- **now**—Stop or reboot the software immediately. This is the default.
- **+minutes**—Number of minutes from now to reboot the software.
- **yymmddhhmm**—Absolute time at which to reboot the software, specified as year, month, day, hour, and minute.
- **hh:mm**—Absolute time on the current day at which to stop the software, specified in 24-hour time.

**both-routing-engines**—(Optional) Reboot both Routing Engines at the same time.

**in minutes**—(Optional) Number of minutes from now to reboot the software. This option is an alias for the **at +minutes** option.

**lcc number**—(TX Matrix routers and TX Matrix Plus routers only) (Optional) Line-card chassis number.

Replace *number* with the following values depending on the LCC configuration:

- 0 through 3, when T640 routers are connected to a TX Matrix router in a routing matrix.
- 0 through 3, when T1600 routers are connected to a TX Matrix Plus router in a routing matrix.
- 0 through 7, when T1600 routers are connected to a TX Matrix Plus router with 3D SIBs in a routing matrix.
- 0, 2, 4, or 6, when T4000 routers are connected to a TX Matrix Plus router with 3D SIBs in a routing matrix.

**local**—(EX4200 switches and MX Series routers only) (Optional) Reboot the software on the local Virtual Chassis member.

**media (compact-flash | disk)**—(Optional) Boot medium for next boot.

**media (external | internal)**—(EX Series switches and MX Series routers only) (Optional) Reboot the boot media:

- **external**—Reboot the external mass storage device.
- **internal**—Reboot the internal flash device.

**member member-id**—(EX4200 switches and MX Series routers only) (Optional) Reboot the software on the specified member of the Virtual Chassis configuration. For EX4200 switches, replace *member-id* with a value from 0 through 9. For an MX Series Virtual Chassis, replace *member-id* with a value of 0 or 1.

**message "text"**—(Optional) Message to display to all system users before stopping or rebooting the software.

**other-routing-engine**—(Optional) Reboot the other Routing Engine from which the command is issued. For example, if you issue the command from the master Routing Engine, the backup Routing Engine is rebooted. Similarly, if you issue the command from the backup Routing Engine, the master Routing Engine is rebooted.

**partition**—(TX Matrix Plus routers only) (Optional) Reboot using the specified partition on the boot media. This option has the following suboptions:

- **1**—Reboot from partition 1.
- **2**—Reboot from partition 2.
- **alternate**—Reboot from the alternate partition.

**scc**—(TX Matrix routers only) (Optional) Reboot the Routing Engine on the TX Matrix switch-card chassis. If you issue the command from re0, re0 is rebooted. If you issue the command from re1, re1 is rebooted.

**sfc number**—(TX Matrix Plus routers only) (Optional) Reboot the Routing Engine on the TX Matrix Plus switch-fabric chassis. If you issue the command from re0, re0 is rebooted. If you issue the command from re1, re1 is rebooted. Replace *number* with 0.

**slice slice**—(EX Series switches only) (Optional) Reboot a partition on the boot media. This option has the following suboptions:

- **1**—Power off partition 1.
- **2**—Power off partition 2.
- **alternate**—Reboot from the alternate partition.

**Additional Information** Reboot requests are recorded in the system log files, which you can view with the **show log** command (see *show log*). Also, the names of any running processes that are scheduled to be shut down are changed. You can view the process names with the **show system processes** command (see *show system processes*).

On a TX Matrix or TX Matrix Plus router, if you issue the **request system reboot** command on the master Routing Engine, all the master Routing Engines connected to the routing matrix are rebooted. If you issue this command on the backup Routing Engine, all the backup Routing Engines connected to the routing matrix are rebooted.



**NOTE:** Before issuing the **request system reboot** command on a TX Matrix Plus router with no options or the **all-chassis**, **all-lcc**, **lcc number**, or **sfc** options, verify that master Routing Engine for all routers in the routing matrix are in the same slot number. If the master Routing Engine for a line-card chassis is in a different slot number than the master Routing Engine for a TX Matrix Plus router, the line-card chassis might become logically disconnected from the routing matrix after the **request system reboot** command.

---



**NOTE:** To reboot a router that has two Routing Engines, reboot the backup Routing Engine (if you have upgraded it) first, and then reboot the master Routing Engine.

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | maintenance                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>clear system reboot</i></li> <li>• <i>request system halt</i></li> <li>• <a href="#">Routing Matrix with a TX Matrix Plus Router Solutions Page</a></li> <li>• <i>request vmhost reboot</i></li> </ul>                                                                           |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">request system reboot on page 1695</a><br><a href="#">request system reboot (at 2300) on page 1695</a><br><a href="#">request system reboot (in 2 Hours) on page 1695</a><br><a href="#">request system reboot (Immediately) on page 1695</a><br><a href="#">request system reboot (at 1:20 AM) on page 1696</a> |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## Sample Output

### request system reboot

```
user@host> request system reboot
Reboot the system ? [yes,no] (no)
```

### request system reboot (at 2300)

```
user@host> request system reboot at 2300 message ?Maintenance time!?
Reboot the system ? [yes,no] (no) yes

shutdown: [pid 186]
*** System shutdown message from root@test.example.net ***
System going down at 23:00
```

### request system reboot (in 2 Hours)

The following example, which assumes that the time is 5 PM (17:00), illustrates three different ways to request the system to reboot in two hours:

```
user@host> request system reboot at +120
user@host> request system reboot in 120
user@host> request system reboot at 19:00
```

### request system reboot (Immediately)

```
user@host> request system reboot at now
```

### `request system reboot (at 1:20 AM)`

To reboot the system at 1:20 AM, enter the following command. Because 1:20 AM is the next day, you must specify the absolute time.

```
user@host> request system reboot at 06060120
request system reboot at 120
Reboot the system at 120? [yes,no] (no) yes
```



## restart extensible-subscriber-services

---

**Syntax** restart extensible-subscriber-services

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.

**Description** Restart essmd.

**Required Privilege Level** system—To view this statement in the configuration.  
system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [disable on page 1136](#)

### Sample Output

```
restart extensible-subscriber-services
```

## set request services subscribers

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>request services subscribers set subscriber-profile <i>profile</i> client-id <i>client-id</i></code>                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Set the subscriber profile associated with the given subscriber.                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>profile</i></b> —Name of the subscriber profile to create or override the currently active subscriber profile for the given subscriber.<br><br><b><i>client-id</i></b> —Client session ID assigned to the subscriber. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">request services subscriber set subscriber-profile tc_act_prof client-id on page 1698</a>                                                                                                                       |

## Sample Output

### request services subscriber set subscriber-profile tc\_act\_prof client-id

```
user@host> request services subscriber set subscriber-profile tc_act_prof client-id
2533274790395909 | display xml
rpc-reply xmlns:junos="http://xml.juniper.net/junos/11.1I0/junos"
 packet-triggered-subscribers-information
 xmlns="http://xml.juniper.net/junos/11.1I0/junos-packet-triggered-subscribers"
 service-subscribers-request-result junos:style="success"
 /service-subscribers-request-result
 /packet-triggered-subscribers-information
cli
 banner/banner
/ccli
/rpc-reply
```

## show accounting pending-accounting-stops

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <b>show accounting pending-accounting-stops</b><br><detail   terse><br><profile-name>                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 13.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display all statistics for all pending accounting stop requests, including both service and session requests.                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>none</b>—Display information for all access profiles.</p> <p><b>detail   terse</b>—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.</p> <p><b>profile-name</b>—(Optional) Particular access profile for which you want to display accounting stop statistics.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">request network-access aaa replay pending-accounting-stops on page 1472</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show network-access aaa statistics pending-accounting-stops on page 1902</a></li> </ul>                          |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <p><a href="#">show accounting pending-accounting-stops detail on page 1701</a></p> <p><a href="#">show accounting pending-accounting-stops (Specific Profile) on page 1701</a></p> <p><a href="#">show accounting pending-accounting-stops terse on page 1702</a></p>   |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | Table 84 on page 1699 lists the output fields for the <b>show accounting pending-accounting-stops</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                                                                                   |

**Table 84: show accounting pending-accounting-stops Output Fields**

| Field Name                             | Field Description                                         | Level of Output    |
|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Type</b>                            | Type of client.                                           | All levels         |
| <b>Username</b>                        | Name of the user logged in to the session.                | All levels         |
| <b>Logical system/Routing instance</b> | Logical system and routing instance used for the session. | <b>detail</b> none |
| <b>Access-profile</b>                  | Access profile used for AAA services for the session.     | <b>detail</b> none |

Table 84: show accounting pending-accounting-stops Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                           | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Level of Output |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Session ID</b>                    | ID of the subscriber session; generated when the subscriber logs in. In the <b>Service name</b> block, this is the ID of the service session.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | All levels      |
| <b>Accounting Session ID</b>         | ID of the accounting session (RADIUS attribute 44). The ID appears in decimal or description format, as specified by the <b>accounting-session-id-format</b> statement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | detail none     |
| <b>IP Address</b>                    | IP address of the subscriber.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | detail none     |
| <b>IPv6 Prefix</b>                   | IPv6 address of the subscriber.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | detail none     |
| <b>Authentication State</b>          | State of the subscriber authentication session: <b>AuthInit</b> , <b>AuthStart</b> , <b>AuthChallenge</b> , <b>AuthRedirect</b> , <b>AuthClntRespWait</b> , <b>AuthAcctVolStatsAckWait</b> , <b>AuthAcctStopAckWait</b> , <b>AuthServCreateRespWait</b> , <b>AuthLogoutStart</b> , <b>AuthStateActive</b> , <b>AuthClntLogoutRespWait</b> , <b>AuthProfileUpdateWait</b> , <b>AuthProvisionRespWait</b> , <b>AuthProvisionServiceCreationWait</b> | detail none     |
| <b>Accounting State</b>              | State of the subscriber accounting session: <b>Acc-Init</b> , <b>Acc-Start-Sent</b> , <b>Imm-Update-Stats-Pending</b> , <b>Acc-Interim-Sent</b> , <b>Acc-Stop-Stats-Pending</b> , <b>Acc-Stop-Sent</b> , <b>Acc-Stop-On-Fail-Deny-Sent</b> , <b>Acc-Stop-Ackd</b>                                                                                                                                                                                 | detail none     |
| <b>Service name</b>                  | Name of the attached service or policy.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | detail none     |
| <b>Service State</b>                 | State of the service provided in the subscriber session.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | detail none     |
| <b>Session uptime</b>                | How long the session has been up, in <i>HH:MM:SS</i> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | detail none     |
| <b>Accounting status</b>             | Status of the accounting configuration for the service, <b>on</b> or <b>off</b> , and the type of accounting, <b>time</b> or <b>volume+time</b> . Configured in RADIUS Service-Statistics VSA [26-69].                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | detail none     |
| <b>Service accounting session ID</b> | ID of the service accounting session; RADIUS Acct-Session-Id attribute (44). The ID appears in decimal or description format, as specified by the <b>accounting-session-id-format</b> statement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | detail none     |
| <b>Service accounting state</b>      | State of the service accounting session: <b>Acc-Init</b> , <b>Acc-Start-Sent</b> , <b>Imm-Update-Stats-Pending</b> , <b>Acc-Interim-Sent</b> , <b>Acc-Stop-Stats-Pending</b> , <b>Acc-Stop-Sent</b> , <b>Acc-Stop-On-Fail-Deny-Sent</b> , <b>Acc-Stop-Ackd</b>                                                                                                                                                                                    | detail none     |
| <b>Accounting interim interval</b>   | Amount of time between interim accounting updates for this service, in seconds; RADIUS Service-Interim-Acct-Interval VSA [26-140] or Diameter Acct-Interim-Interval AVP (85).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | detail none     |

Table 84: show accounting pending-accounting-stops Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name    | Field Description                                            | Level of Output    |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Subscriber ID | ID of the subscriber; generated when the subscriber logs in. | <b>detail none</b> |
| Service ID    | ID of the subscriber service.                                | All levels         |
| Service       | Name of the attached service or policy.                      | <b>terse</b>       |

## Sample Output

### show accounting pending-accounting-stops detail

```

user@host> show accounting pending-accounting-stops detail
Type: pppoe
Username: vjshah29@example.com
AAA Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Access-profile: ce-ppp-profile
Session ID: 84
Accounting Session ID: 84
IP Address: 192.168.0.25
IPv6 Prefix: 2010:db8:9999:18::/48
Authentication State: AuthAcctStopAckWait
Accounting State: Acc-Stop-Stats-Pending
Service name: cos-service
 Service State: SvcInactive
 Session ID: 94
 Session uptime: 00:08:02
 Accounting status: on/time
 Service accounting session ID: 84:94-1352294677
 Service accounting state: Acc-Stop-Stats-Pending
 Accounting interim interval: 600
Service name: filter-service
 Service State: SvcInactive
 Session ID: 93
 Session uptime: 00:08:02
 Accounting status: on/volume+time
 Service accounting session ID: 84:93-1352294677
 Service accounting state: Acc-Stop-Stats-Pending
 Accounting interim interval: 600
Service name: filter-service6
 Service State: SvcInactive
 Session ID: 95
 Session uptime: 00:08:02
 Accounting status: on/volume+time
 Service accounting session ID: 84:95-1352294677
 Service accounting state: Acc-Stop-Stats-Pending
 Accounting interim interval: 600

```

### show accounting pending-accounting-stops (Specific Profile)

```
user@host> show accounting pending-accounting-stops ce-ppp-profile
```

| Type: | Username:            | Session ID: | Service ID: | Service     |
|-------|----------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| pppoe | vjshah29@example.com | 84          |             |             |
| pppoe | vjshah29@example.com | 84          | 94          | cos-service |

|       |                      |    |    |                 |
|-------|----------------------|----|----|-----------------|
| pppoe | vjshah29@example.com | 84 | 93 | filter-service  |
| pppoe | vjshah29@example.com | 84 | 95 | filter-service6 |

#### show accounting pending-accounting-stops terse

user@host> show accounting pending-accounting-stops terse

| Type: | Username:            | Session ID: | Service ID: | Service         |
|-------|----------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|
| pppoe | vjshah29@example.com | 84          |             |                 |
| pppoe | vjshah29@example.com | 84          | 94          | cos-service     |
| pppoe | vjshah29@example.com | 84          | 93          | filter-service  |
| pppoe | vjshah29@example.com | 84          | 95          | filter-service6 |
| pppoe | larry@example.com    | 85          |             |                 |
| pppoe | larry@example.com    | 85          | 94          | cos-service     |
| pppoe | larry@example.com    | 85          | 93          | filter-service  |
| pppoe | larry@example.com    | 85          | 95          | filter-service6 |

## show ancp cos

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>show ancp cos</code><br><code>&lt;identifier <i>identifier</i>&gt;</code><br><code>&lt;last-update&gt;</code><br><code>&lt;pending-update&gt;</code>                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display information about the CoS state for subscriber traffic.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>identifier <i>identifier</i></b>—(Optional) Display information about the local loops for the specified access identifier.</p> <p><b>last-update</b>—(Optional) Display the most recently updated CoS information.</p> <p><b>pending-update</b>—(Optional) Display the pending update of CoS information.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">show ancp neighbor on page 1708</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show ancp statistics on page 1716</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show ancp subscriber on page 1721</a></li> </ul>                                                                                       |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show ancp cos on page 1705</a><br><a href="#">show ancp cos last-update on page 1706</a><br><a href="#">show ancp cos pending-update on page 1707</a>                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 85 on page 1703</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show ancp cos</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                                                                                                                                         |

**Table 85: show ancp cos Output Fields**

| Field Name             | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Per-DSL CoS adjustment | Adjustment values applied by the ANCP agent to the actual downstream rates and frame overhead for frame-mode DSL types. The agent then reports the adjusted rates to CoS to establish a shaping rate for the CoS node that corresponds to the subscriber access line.                                         |
| QoS Adjust Flag        | State of QoS adjust: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>TRUE</b>—The ANCP agent is enabled to adjust the actual downstream data rates and frame overhead and report the adjusted values to CoS.</li> <li>• <b>FALSE</b>—The ANCP agent is not enabled to adjust and report values to CoS.</li> </ul> |

Table 85: show ancp cos Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                              | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ADSL bytes</b>                       | Number of bytes by which the actual ADSL downstream cell overhead is adjusted before reporting it to CoS.                                                                              |
| <b>ADSL2 bytes</b>                      | Number of bytes by which the actual ADSL2 downstream cell overhead is adjusted before reporting it to CoS.                                                                             |
| <b>ADSL2-PLUS bytes</b>                 | Number of bytes by which the actual ADSL2+ downstream cell overhead is adjusted before reporting it to CoS.                                                                            |
| <b>SDSL overhead adjusted</b>           | Percentage by which the actual SDSL downstream rate is adjusted before reporting it to CoS.                                                                                            |
| <b>SDSL bytes</b>                       | Number of bytes by which the actual SDSL downstream frame overhead is adjusted before reporting it to CoS.                                                                             |
| <b>OTHER overhead adjusted</b>          | Percentage by which the actual OTHER downstream rate is adjusted before reporting it to CoS.                                                                                           |
| <b>OTHER bytes</b>                      | Number of bytes by which the actual OTHER downstream frame overhead is adjusted before reporting it to CoS.                                                                            |
| <b>VDSL overhead adjusted</b>           | Percentage by which the actual VDSL downstream rate is adjusted before reporting it to CoS.                                                                                            |
| <b>VDSL bytes</b>                       | Number of bytes by which the actual VDSL downstream frame overhead is adjusted before reporting it to CoS.                                                                             |
| <b>VDSL2 overhead adjusted</b>          | Percentage by which the actual VDSL2 downstream rate is adjusted before reporting it to CoS.                                                                                           |
| <b>VDSL2 bytes</b>                      | Number of bytes by which the actual VDSL2 downstream frame overhead is adjusted before reporting it to CoS.                                                                            |
| <b>Per-DSL adjustment for reporting</b> | Adjustment values applied by the ANCP agent to the actual downstream rates for individual DSL types to account for traffic overhead. The agent then reports the adjusted rates to AAA. |
| <b>ADSL adjustment factor</b>           | Percentage by which the actual ADSL downstream rate is adjusted before reporting it to AAA.                                                                                            |
| <b>ADSL2 adjustment factor</b>          | Percentage by which the actual ADSL2 downstream rate is adjusted before reporting it to AAA.                                                                                           |
| <b>ADSL2+ adjustment factor</b>         | Percentage by which the actual ADSL2+ downstream rate is adjusted before reporting it to AAA.                                                                                          |
| <b>VDSL adjustment factor</b>           | Percentage by which the actual VDSL downstream rate is adjusted before reporting it to AAA.                                                                                            |



Table 85: show ancp cos Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                     | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>VDSL2 adjustment factor</b> | Percentage by which the actual VDSL2 downstream rate is adjusted before reporting it to AAA.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>SDSL adjustment factor</b>  | Percentage by which the actual SDSL downstream rate is adjusted before reporting it to AAA.                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>OTHER adjustment factor</b> | Percentage by which the actual OTHER downstream rate is adjusted before reporting it to AAA.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Keepalive Timer</b>         | Interval between the keepalive messages that the ANCP agent sends to CoS.                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Cos State</b>               | State of the interaction between the ANCP agent and CoS: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ANCPD_COS_CONNECT_NEEDED</li> <li>• ANCPD_COS_CONNECT_PENDING</li> <li>• ANCPD_COS_CONNECT_DONE</li> <li>• ANCPD_COS_SESSION_SENT</li> <li>• ANCPD_COS_WRITE_READY</li> </ul> |
| <b>Connect Time</b>            | Time at which the ANCP agent connected to CoS; useful for debugging.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Session Time</b>            | Time at which the ANCP agent sent a session connect message to CoS; useful for debugging.                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Routing Instance Time</b>   | Time at which the ANCP agent sent the routing instance to CoS; useful for debugging.                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Keepalive Time</b>          | Time at which the last keepalive message was sent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Update Time</b>             | Time at which the shaping rate was last updated.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Type</b>                    | Subscriber access type: <b>ifl</b> indicates that a single VLAN carries subscriber traffic and <b>iflset</b> indicates that a set of VLANs carries subscriber traffic.                                                                                                          |
| <b>Name</b>                    | System-wide name of the particular subscriber access.                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Index</b>                   | Access identifier.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Pending Update</b>          | Actual downstream data rate to be applied next to this local loop, in Kbps.                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Last Update</b>             | Adjusted downstream data rate last reported to CoS by the ANCP agent for this local loop, in Kbps.                                                                                                                                                                              |

## Sample Output

show ancp cos

```
user@host> show ancp cos
```

```

Per-DSL CoS adjustment:
 Qos Adjust Flag: TRUE
 ADSL bytes: 20
 ADSL2 bytes: 20
 ADSL2-PLUS bytes: 20
 VDSL overhead adjusted: 90
 VDSL bytes: 20
 VDSL2 overhead adjusted: 95
 VDSL2 bytes: -20
 SDSL overhead adjusted: 85
 SDSL bytes: 30
 OTHER overhead adjusted: 85
 OTHER bytes: 30

```

```

Per-DSL adjustment for reporting:
 ADSL adjustment factor: 100
 ADSL2 adjustment factor: 100
 ADSL2+ adjustment factor: 100
 VDSL adjustment factor: 100
 VDSL2 adjustment factor: 100
 SDSL adjustment factor: 100
 OTHER adjustment factor: 100

```

```

Keepalive Timer: 45 secs
State: WRITE_READY
Connect Time: Fri May 2 12:08:49 2016
Session Time: Fri May 2 12:18:52 2016
Routing Instance Time: Fri May 2 12:18:53 2016
Keepalive Time: Fri May 2 13:44:14 2016
Update Time: Fri May 2 13:02:55 2016

```

| Type   | Name                         | Index | Pending Update | Last Update |
|--------|------------------------------|-------|----------------|-------------|
| iflset | aci-1004-ge-2/0/0.1073741834 | 4     | None           | 36000 Kbps  |

#### show ancpc cos last-update

```

Per-DSL CoS adjustment:
 Qos Adjust Flag: TRUE
 ADSL bytes: 20
 ADSL2 bytes: 20
 ADSL2-PLUS bytes: 20
 VDSL overhead adjusted: 90
 VDSL bytes: 20
 VDSL2 overhead adjusted: 95
 VDSL2 bytes: -20
 SDSL overhead adjusted: 85
 SDSL bytes: 30
 OTHER overhead adjusted: 85
 OTHER bytes: 30

```

```

Per-DSL adjustment for reporting:
 ADSL adjustment factor: 100
 ADSL2 adjustment factor: 100
 ADSL2+ adjustment factor: 100
 VDSL adjustment factor: 100
 VDSL2 adjustment factor: 100
 SDSL adjustment factor: 100
 OTHER adjustment factor: 100

```

```

Keepalive Timer: 45 secs
State: WRITE_READY
Connect Time: Fri May 2 12:08:49 2016
Session Time: Fri May 2 12:18:52 2016
Routing Instance Time: Fri May 2 12:18:53 2016
Keepalive Time: Fri May 2 13:44:34 2016
Update Time: Fri May 2 13:02:55 2016

```

| Type   | Name                         | Index | Pending Update | Last Update |
|--------|------------------------------|-------|----------------|-------------|
| iflset | aci-1004-ge-2/0/0.1073741834 | 4     | None           | 36000 Kbps  |

### show ancp cos pending-update

```
user@host> show ancp cos pending-update
```

```
Per-DSL CoS adjustment:
```

```

Qos Adjust Flag: TRUE
VDSL overhead adjusted: 90
VDSL bytes: 20
VDSL2 overhead adjusted: 95
VDSL2 bytes: -20
SDSL overhead adjusted: 85
SDSL bytes: 30
OTHER overhead adjusted: 85
OTHER bytes: 30

```

```
Per-DSL adjustment for reporting:
```

```

ADSL adjustment factor: 100
ADSL2 adjustment factor: 100
ADSL2+ adjustment factor: 100
VDSL adjustment factor: 100
VDSL2 adjustment factor: 100
SDSL adjustment factor: 100
OTHER adjustment factor: 100

```

```

Keepalive Timer: 45 secs
State: WRITE_READY
Connect Time: Fri May 2 12:08:49 2016
Session Time: Fri May 2 12:18:52 2016
Routing Instance Time: Fri May 2 12:18:53 2016
Keepalive Time: Fri May 2 13:44:34 2016
Update Time: Fri May 2 13:02:55 2016

```

## show ancp neighbor

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>show ancp neighbor &lt;brief   detail&gt; &lt;ip-address ip-address&gt; &lt;system-name mac-address&gt;</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display information about all ANCP neighbors or the specified ANCP neighbor, regardless of operational state.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>brief   detail</b>—(Optional) Display the specified level of detail.</p> <p><b>ip-address ip-address</b> —(Optional) Display information about the neighbor (access node) specified by the IP address.</p> <p><b>system-name mac-address</b>—(Optional) Display information about the neighbor (access node) specified by the MAC address.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">show ancp cos on page 1703</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show ancp subscriber on page 1721</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show ancp neighbor on page 1711</a><br><a href="#">show ancp neighbor detail on page 1712</a><br><a href="#">show ancp neighbor ip-address on page 1713</a><br><a href="#">show ancp neighbor system-name on page 1714</a>                                                                                                               |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 86 on page 1708</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show ancp neighbor</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                                                                                                                                                                     |

**Table 86: show ancp neighbor Output Fields**

| Field Name | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Level of Output      |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Version    | Version of the ANCP implementation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>0x31</b>—General Switch Management Protocol (GSMP) version 3, sub-version 1; ANCP version before <i>RFC 6320, Protocol for Access Node Control Mechanism in Broadband Networks</i>.</li> <li>• <b>0x32</b>—ANCP version 1, defined in <i>RFC 6320, Protocol for Access Node Control Mechanism in Broadband Networks</i>.</li> </ul> | brief detail<br>none |
| IP Address | IP address of the ANCP neighbor.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | brief detail<br>none |

Table 86: show ancp neighbor Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name              | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Level of Output          |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| <b>Partid</b>           | Number that associates the ANCP message with a specific partition.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <b>brief none</b>        |
| <b>State</b>            | Operational state of the ANCP adjacency: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Configured—The neighbor has been configured, but has never been in the <b>Established</b> state. An asterisk (*) is prefixed to the neighbor entry for this state.</li> <li>Establishing—Adjacency negotiations are in progress for the neighbor. An asterisk (*) is prefixed to the neighbor entry for this state. This state is rarely seen because the adjacency is established so quickly.</li> <li><b>Established</b>—Adjacency negotiations have succeeded for the neighbor and an ANCP session has been established.</li> <li>Not Estblshed—Not Established; adjacency negotiations are ready to begin. Indicates that this neighbor previously had been in the <b>Established</b> state; that is, it has lost a previously established adjacency. An asterisk (*) is prefixed to the neighbor entry for this state.</li> </ul> | All levels               |
| <b>Time</b>             | How long the adjacency has been up in one of the following formats: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>nwndnh</i>—number of weeks, days, and hours</li> <li><i>nd hh:mm:ss</i>—number of days, hours, minutes, and seconds</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <b>brief detail none</b> |
| <b>Subscriber Count</b> | Number of subscribers associated with the ANCP neighbor (access local loop).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <b>brief none</b>        |
| <b>Capabilities</b>     | Negotiated ANCP capability: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Topo</b>—Topology discovery.</li> <li><b>OAM</b>—Performance of local Operations Administration Maintenance (OAM) procedures on an access loop controlled by the router.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | All levels               |
| <b>System Name</b>      | MAC address of the ANCP neighbor.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <b>detail</b>            |
| <b>TCP Port</b>         | TCP port on which ANCP messages are exchanged.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <b>detail</b>            |
| <b>System Instance</b>  | Number identifying the ANCP link instance from the edge device's perspective.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <b>detail</b>            |
| <b>Peer Instance</b>    | Number identifying the ANCP instance from the access node's perspective. This number is unique and changes when the node or link comes back up after going down.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <b>detail</b>            |
| <b>Timer</b>            | Adjacency timer value advertised by the ANCP peer in 100 ms increments; the interval between ANCP ACK messages. This value remains constant for the duration of an ANCP session.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <b>detail</b>            |
| <b>Partition Type</b>   | Number that identifies whether partitions are used and how the ID is negotiated: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0—No partition.</li> <li>1—Fixed partition requested.</li> <li>2—Fixed partition assigned.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <b>detail</b>            |

Table 86: show ancp neighbor Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                             | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Level of Output |
|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Partition Flag</b>                  | Number that specifies the type of partition requested: 1 (new adjacency) or 2 (recovered adjacency).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Partition Identifier</b>            | <p>Number that identifies a logical partition of an access node with which the ANCP agent has formed an adjacency.</p> <p>A value of zero indicates that the agent supports each neighbor on an IP address over a single TCP session with a partition ID of zero. This is the default support case.</p> <p>A nonzero value indicates that the agent supports each neighbor on an IP address over a single TCP session with a nonzero partition ID.</p> | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Partition Adjacencies</b>           | Number of adjacencies that share the partition.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Dead Timer</b>                      | Remaining period that the edge device waits for adjacency packets from a neighbor before declaring the neighbor to be down. The maximum dead time value is three times the configured adjacency timer value. This field displays the current value based on the time that the last adjacency packet was received.                                                                                                                                      | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Received Syn Count</b>              | Number of synchronization messages received from neighbors to maintain adjacencies.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Received Synack Count</b>           | Number of synchronization acknowledgment messages received from neighbors in response to the node's synchronization messages.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Received Rstack Count</b>           | Number of messages received from neighbors indicating that the link to the neighbor needs to be reset.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Received Ack Count</b>              | Number of acknowledgment messages periodically received from neighbors after an adjacency has been established.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Received Port Up Count</b>          | Number of status messages received from neighbors indicating that a port has transitioned to the up state.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Received Port Down Count</b>        | Number of status messages received from neighbors indicating that a port has transitioned to the down state.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Received Generic Resp Count</b>     | Number of generic response messages received from neighbors.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Received Adjacency Update Count</b> | Number of adjacency update messages received from neighbors.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Received OAM Count</b>              | Number of OAM responses received from neighbors in reply to <b>request</b> commands.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Received Other Count</b>            | Number of all other ANCP message packets received from neighbors that do not fit into one of the other categories.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Sent Syn Count</b>                  | Number of synchronization messages sent to neighbors to maintain adjacencies.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <b>detail</b>   |

Table 86: show ancp neighbor Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                              | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Level of Output |
|-----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Sent Synack Count</b>                | Number of synchronization acknowledgment messages sent to neighbors in response to the their synchronization messages.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Sent Rstack Count</b>                | Number of messages sent to neighbors indicating that the link to the neighbor needs to be reset.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Sent Ack Count</b>                   | Number of acknowledgment messages periodically sent to neighbors after an adjacency has been established.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Sent Generic Resp Count</b>          | Number of generic response messages sent to neighbors.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Sent OAM Count</b>                   | Number of OAM <b>request</b> commands sent to neighbors.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Max Discovery Limit Exceed Count</b> | Number of times that the maximum number of discovery table entries accepted from the neighbor has been exceeded.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Result Codes</b>                     | <p>Number of generic response messages sent to neighbors that include each of the following result codes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Invalid Request Message Count</b>—A properly formed request message violated the protocol because of timing (such as a race condition) or direction of transmission.</li> <li>• <b>Specified Port(s) Down Count</b>—One or more of the specified ports are down because of a state mismatch between the router and an ANCP control application.</li> <li>• <b>Out of Resources Count</b>—ANCP is out of resources, probably not related to the access lines. This result code is sent only by an access node.</li> <li>• <b>Request Msg Not Implemented Count</b>—</li> <li>• <b>Malformed Msg Count</b>—Message is malformed because it was corrupted in transit or there was an implementation error at either end of the connection.</li> <li>• <b>TLV Missing Count</b>—One or more mandatory TLVs was missing from a request.</li> <li>• <b>Invalid TLV Contents Count</b>—The contents of one or more TLVs in the request do not match its required specification.</li> <li>• <b>Non-Existent Port(s) Count</b>—One or more of the ports specified in a request do not exist, possibly because of a configuration mismatch between the access node and the router or AAA.</li> </ul> | <b>detail</b>   |

## Sample Output

show ancp neighbor

```

user@host> show ancp neighbor
 Version IP Address PartID State Time Subscriber
Capabilities
 Count
 0x31 203.0.113.13 0 Established 11:24 2
 Topo
 0x31 203.0.113.15 0 Not Estblshd 2:45 2
 Topo
 * 0x0 198.51.100.102 0 Establishing 0 0

```

```

* 0x0 192.0.2.0 0 Configured 0 0
* 0x0 192.0.2.1 0 Configured 0 0

```

### show ancp neighbor detail

```
user@host> show ancp neighbor detail
```

#### Neighbor Information

```

Version : 0x31
IP Address : 192.0.2.85
System Name : 00:00:5e:00:53:01
 Up Time : 26
 TCP Port : 32666
 State : Established
 Subscriber Count : 4
 Capabilities : Topo
 System Instance : 2
 Peer Instance : 20
 Adjacency Timer (in 100ms) : 100
 Peer Adjacency Timer (in 100ms) : 100
 Partition Type : 0
 Partition Flag : 1
 Partition Identifier : 0
 Partition Adjacencies : 0
 Dead Timer : 23
 Received Syn Count : 1
 Received Synack Count : 1
 Received Rstack Count : 0
 Received Ack Count : 4
 Received Port Up Count : 10
 Received Port Down Count : 0
 Received Generic Resp Count : 0
 Received Adjacency Update Count : 0
 Received OAM Count : 0
 Received Other Count : 0
 Sent Syn Count : 1
 Sent Synack Count : 2
 Sent Rstack Count : 0
 Sent Ack Count : 3
 Sent Generic Resp Count : 0
 Sent OAM Count : 0
 Max Discovery Limit Exceed Count : 0
Result Codes:
 Invalid Request Message Count : 0
 Specified Port(s) Down Count : 0
 Out of Resources Count : 0
 Request Msg Not Implemented Count : 0
 Malformed Msg Count : 0
 TLV Missing Count : 0
 Invalid TLV Contents Count : 0
 Non-Existent Port(s) Count : 0

```

```

Version : 0x32
IP Address : 192.168.9.1
System Name : 00:00:5e:00:53:02
 Up Time : 36
 TCP Port : 61408
 State : Not Established
 Subscriber Count : 1
 Capabilities : Topology Discovery
 System Instance : 12

```



```

Peer Instance : 1
Adjacency Timer (in 100ms) : 50
Peer Adjacency Timer (in 100ms) : 100
Partition Type : 0
Partition Flag : 1
Partition Identifier : 0
Partition Adjacencies : 0
Dead Timer : 23
Received Syn Count : 24
Received Synack Count : 20
Received Rstack Count : 2
Received Ack Count : 9
Received Port Up Count : 5
Received Port Down Count : 0
Received Generic Resp Count : 0
Received Adjacency Update Count : 0
Received OAM Responses Count : 2
Received Other Count : 0
Sent Syn Count : 20
Sent Synack Count : 24
Sent Rstack Count : 1
Sent Generic Resp Count : 0
Sent Ack Count : 9
Sent OAM Requests Count : 4
Max Discovery Limit Exceed Count : 0
Result Codes:
Invalid Request Message Count : 0
Specified Port(s) Down Count : 0
Out of Resources Count : 0
Request Msg Not Implemented Count: 0
Malformed Msg Count : 0
TLV Missing Count : 0
Invalid TLV Contents Count : 0
Non-Existent Port(s) Count : 0
Received : 0
Sent : 0

```

### show ancp neighbor ip-address

```
user@host> show ancp neighbor ip-address 192.0.2.85
```

```

Neighbor Information
Version : 0x32
IP Address : 192.0.2.85
System Name : 00:00:5e:00:53:ba
Up Time : 26
TCP Port : 32666
State : Established
Subscriber Count : 4
Capabilities : Topo
System Instance : 2
Peer Instance : 20
Adjacency Timer (in 100ms) : 100
Peer Adjacency Timer (in 100ms) : 100
Partition Type : 0
Partition Flag : 1
Partition Identifier : 0
Partition Adjacencies : 0
Dead Timer : 23
Received Syn Count : 1
Received Synack Count : 1
Received Rstack Count : 0
Received Ack Count : 4

```

```
Received Port Up Count : 10
Received Port Down Count : 0
Received Generic Resp Count : 0
Received Adjacency Update Count : 0
Received OAM Count : 0
Received Other Count : 0
Sent Syn Count : 1
Sent Synack Count : 2
Sent Rstack Count : 0
Sent Ack Count : 3
Sent Generic Resp Count : 0
Sent OAM Count : 0
Max Discovery Limit Exceed Count : 0
Result Codes:
Invalid Request Message Count : 0
Specified Port(s) Down Count : 0
Out of Resources Count : 0
Request Msg Not Implemented Count: 0
Malformed Msg Count : 0
TLV Missing Count : 0
Invalid TLV Contents Count : 0
Non-Existent Port(s) Count : 0
```

#### show ancp neighbor system-name

```
user@host> show ancp neighbor 00:00:5e:00:53:ba detail
```

##### Neighbor Information

```
Version : 0x31
IP Address : 203.0.113.101
System Name : 00:00:5e:00:53:ba
Up Time : 19
TCP Port : 1028
State : Established
Subscriber Count : 2
Capabilities : Topology Discovery, OAM
System Instance : 1
Peer Instance : 10
Adjacency Timer (in 100ms) : 100
Peer Adjacency Timer (in 100ms) : 250
Partition Type : 0
Partition Flag : 1
Partition Identifier : 0
Partition Adjacencies : 0
Dead Timer : 55
Received Syn Count : 1

Received Synack Count : 1
Received Rstack Count : 0
Received Ack Count : 1
Received Port Up Count : 34
Received Port Down Count : 0
Received Generic Resp Count : 0
Received Adjacency Update Count : 0
Received OAM Responses Count : 2
Received Other Count : 0
Sent Syn Count : 1
Sent Synack Count : 1
Sent Rstack Count : 0
Sent Ack Count : 3
Sent Generic Resp Count : 0
```

|                                   |          |      |
|-----------------------------------|----------|------|
| Sent OAM Requests Count           | : 4      |      |
| Max Discovery Limit Exceed Count  | : 3      |      |
| Result Codes:                     | Received | Sent |
| Invalid Request Message Count     | : 0      | 0    |
| Specified Port(s) Down Count      | : 0      | 0    |
| Out of Resources Count            | : 0      | 0    |
| Request Msg Not Implemented Count | : 0      | 0    |
| Malformed Msg Count               | : 0      | 0    |
| TLV Missing Count                 | : 0      | 0    |
| Invalid TLV Contents Count        | : 0      | 0    |
| Non-Existent Port(s) Count        | : 0      | 0    |

## show ancp statistics

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <b>show ancp statistics</b><br><b>&lt;ip-address <i>ip-address</i>&gt;</b><br><b>&lt;system-name <i>mac-address</i>&gt;</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 13.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display statistics for all ANCP neighbors (access nodes) or the specified ANCP neighbor.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>none</b>—Display statistics for all ANCP neighbors, including global statistics not show for individual neighbors.</p> <p><b>ip-address <i>ip-address</i></b>—(Optional) Display statistics for only the neighbor with the specified IP address.</p> <p><b>system-name <i>mac-address</i></b>—(Optional) Display statistics for only the neighbor with the specified MAC address.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">show ancp cos on page 1703</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show ancp neighbor on page 1708</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show ancp subscriber on page 1721</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show ancp statistics on page 1718</a><br><a href="#">show ancp statistics ip-address on page 1719</a><br><a href="#">show ancp statistics system-name on page 1719</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 87 on page 1716</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show ancp statistics</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

**Table 87: show ancp statistics Output Fields**

| Field Name            | Field Description                                               |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Number of neighbors   | Total count of ANCP neighbors.                                  |
| Number of subscribers | Total count of ANCP subscribers.                                |
| Accept Count          | Number of neighbor TCP/IP sessions accepted on listener socket. |

Table 87: show ancp statistics Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                             | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Accept Fail Count</b>               | Number of neighbor TCP/IP sessions that failed due to one of the following causes: session already exists, maximum number of ANCP connections exceeded, creation of session or neighbor failed, or protocol start failed. |
| <b>No Config Accept Deny Count</b>     | Number of neighbor TCP/IP sessions that failed because the neighbor was not configured.                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Received Syn Count</b>              | Number of synchronization messages received from neighbors to maintain adjacencies.                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Received Synack Count</b>           | Number of synchronization acknowledgment messages received from neighbors in response to the node's synchronization messages.                                                                                             |
| <b>Received Rstack Count</b>           | Number of messages received from neighbors indicating that the link to the neighbor needs to be reset.                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Received Ack Count</b>              | Number of acknowledgment messages periodically received from neighbors after an adjacency has been established.                                                                                                           |
| <b>Received Port Up Count</b>          | Number of status messages received from neighbors indicating that a port has transitioned to the up state.                                                                                                                |
| <b>Received Port Down Count</b>        | Number of status messages received from neighbors indicating that a port has transitioned to the down state.                                                                                                              |
| <b>Received Generic Resp Count</b>     | Number of generic response messages received from neighbors.                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Received Adjacency Update Count</b> | Number of adjacency update messages received from neighbors.                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Received OAM Count</b>              | Number of OAM responses received from neighbors in reply to <b>request</b> commands.                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Received Other Count</b>            | Number of all other ANCP message packets received from neighbors that do not fit into one of the other categories.                                                                                                        |
| <b>Sent Syn Count</b>                  | Number of synchronization messages sent to neighbors to maintain adjacencies.                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Sent Synack Count</b>               | Number of synchronization acknowledgment messages sent to neighbors in response to the their synchronization messages.                                                                                                    |
| <b>Sent Rstack Count</b>               | Number of messages sent to neighbors indicating that the link to the neighbor needs to be reset.                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Sent Ack Count</b>                  | Number of acknowledgment messages periodically sent to neighbors after an adjacency has been established.                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Sent Generic Resp Count</b>         | Number of generic response messages sent to neighbors.                                                                                                                                                                    |

Table 87: show ancp statistics Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name            | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Sent OAM Count</b> | Number of OAM <b>request</b> commands sent to neighbors.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Result Codes</b>   | <p>Number of generic response messages sent to neighbors that include each of the following result codes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Invalid Request Message Count</b>—A properly formed request messages violated the protocol because of timing (such as a race condition) or direction of transmission.</li> <li>• <b>Specified Port(s) Down Count</b>—One or more of the specified ports are down because of a state mismatch between the router and an ANCP control application.</li> <li>• <b>Out of Resources Count</b>—the ANCP agent is out of resources, probably not related to the access lines. This result code is sent only by an access node.</li> <li>• <b>Request Msg Not Implemented Count</b>—</li> <li>• <b>Malformed Msg Count</b>—Message is malformed because it was corrupted in transit or there was an implementation error at either end of the connection.</li> <li>• <b>TLV Missing Count</b>—One or more mandatory TLVs was missing from a request.</li> <li>• <b>Invalid TLV Contents Count</b>—The contents of one or more TLVs in the request do not match its required specification.</li> <li>• <b>Non-Existent Port(s) Count</b>—One or more of the ports specified in a request do not exist, possibly because of a configuration mismatch between the access node and the router or AAA.</li> </ul> |

## Sample Output

### show ancp statistics

```

user@host> show ancp statistics
Statistics
 Number of neighbors : 4
 Number of subscribers : 6
 Accept Count : 0
 Accept Fail Count : 0
 No Config Accept Deny Count : 0
 Received Syn Count : 2
 Received Synack Count : 1
 Received Rstack Count : 0
 Received Ack Count : 8
 Received Port Up Count : 7
 Received Port Down Count : 0
 Received Generic Resp Count : 0
 Received Adjacency Update Count : 0
 Received OAM Count : 0
 Received Other Count : 0
 Sent Syn Count : 1
 Sent Synack Count : 1
 Sent Rstack Count : 0
 Sent Ack Count : 17
 Sent Generic Resp Count : 0
 Sent OAM Count : 4
Result Codes:
 Invalid Request Message Count : 0
 Specified Port(s) Down Count : 0
Received Sent
0 0

```

|                                   |     |   |
|-----------------------------------|-----|---|
| Out of Resources Count            | : 0 | 0 |
| Request Msg Not Implemented Count | : 0 | 0 |
| Malformed Msg Count               | : 0 | 0 |
| TLV Missing Count                 | : 0 | 0 |
| Invalid TLV Contents Count        | : 0 | 0 |
| Non-Existent Port(s) Count        | : 0 | 0 |

### show ancp statistics ip-address

```
user@host> show ancp statistics ip-address 203.0.113.1
```

#### Statistics

|                                 |      |
|---------------------------------|------|
| Received Syn Count              | : 2  |
| Received Synack Count           | : 1  |
| Received Rstack Count           | : 0  |
| Received Ack Count              | : 8  |
| Received Port Up Count          | : 7  |
| Received Port Down Count        | : 0  |
| Received Generic Resp Count     | : 0  |
| Received Adjacency Update Count | : 0  |
| Received OAM Count              | : 0  |
| Received Other Count            | : 0  |
| Sent Syn Count                  | : 1  |
| Sent Synack Count               | : 1  |
| Sent Rstack Count               | : 0  |
| Sent Ack Count                  | : 17 |
| Sent Generic Resp Count         | : 0  |
| Sent OAM Count                  | : 4  |

| Result Codes:                     | Received | Sent |
|-----------------------------------|----------|------|
| Invalid Request Message Count     | : 0      | 0    |
| Specified Port(s) Down Count      | : 0      | 0    |
| Out of Resources Count            | : 0      | 0    |
| Request Msg Not Implemented Count | : 0      | 0    |
| Malformed Msg Count               | : 0      | 0    |
| TLV Missing Count                 | : 0      | 0    |
| Invalid TLV Contents Count        | : 0      | 0    |
| Non-Existent Port(s) Count        | : 0      | 0    |

### show ancp statistics system-name

```
user@host> show ancp statistics system-name 00:00:5E:00:53:02
```

#### Statistics

|                                 |      |
|---------------------------------|------|
| Received Syn Count              | : 2  |
| Received Synack Count           | : 1  |
| Received Rstack Count           | : 0  |
| Received Ack Count              | : 8  |
| Received Port Up Count          | : 7  |
| Received Port Down Count        | : 0  |
| Received Generic Resp Count     | : 0  |
| Received Adjacency Update Count | : 0  |
| Received OAM Count              | : 0  |
| Received Other Count            | : 0  |
| Sent Syn Count                  | : 1  |
| Sent Synack Count               | : 1  |
| Sent Rstack Count               | : 0  |
| Sent Ack Count                  | : 17 |
| Sent Generic Resp Count         | : 0  |
| Sent OAM Count                  | : 4  |

| Result Codes: | Received | Sent |
|---------------|----------|------|
|---------------|----------|------|

|                                   |     |   |
|-----------------------------------|-----|---|
| Invalid Request Message Count     | : 0 | 0 |
| Specified Port(s) Down Count      | : 0 | 0 |
| Out of Resources Count            | : 0 | 0 |
| Request Msg Not Implemented Count | : 0 | 0 |
| Malformed Msg Count               | : 0 | 0 |
| TLV Missing Count                 | : 0 | 0 |
| Invalid TLV Contents Count        | : 0 | 0 |
| Non-Existent Port(s) Count        | : 0 | 0 |



## show ancp subscriber

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>show ancp subscriber &lt;brief   detail&gt; &lt;identifier <i>identifier</i>&gt; &lt;ip-address <i>ip-address</i>&gt; &lt;system-name <i>mac-address</i>&gt;</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.</p> <p><b>neighbor</b> option replaced with <b>ip-address</b> in Junos OS Release 16.1.</p> <p><b>system-name</b> option introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Display information about active subscribers regardless of the subscriber's operational state, for all subscribers (local access loops), the subscriber associated with the access line specified by an ACI, or the subscriber associated with the specified ANCP neighbor (access node).</p> <p>After an ancpd restart, this command displays orphaned entries (marked with an <b>o</b>) for subscriber sessions that were established before the restart but which have not yet been reestablished. As sessions are reestablished, the number of orphaned entries displayed by the command decreases. The number reaches zero when all sessions are reestablished or when the orphaned-interface timer expires.</p> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>none</b>—Display information about all subscribers.</p> <p><b>brief   detail</b>—(Optional) Display the specified level of detail.</p> <p><b>identifier <i>identifier</i></b>—(Optional) Display information about the subscriber associated with the access line (ACI) specified by the access identifier.</p> <p><b>ip-address <i>ip-address</i></b> —(Optional) Display information about the subscribers connected to the access node specified by the IP address.</p> <p><b>system-name <i>mac-address</i></b>—(Optional) Display information about the subscribers connected to the access node specified by the MAC address.</p>                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">clear ancp subscriber on page 1627</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show ancp cos on page 1703</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show ancp neighbor on page 1708</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show ancp statistics on page 1716</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <p><a href="#">show ancp subscriber on page 1724</a></p> <p><a href="#">show ancp subscriber (After ancpd Restart) on page 1725</a></p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

[show ancp subscriber brief on page 1725](#)

[show ancp subscriber detail on page 1725](#)

[show ancp subscriber identifier identifier-string detail on page 1726](#)

**Output Fields** Table 88 on page 1722 lists the output fields for the **show ancp subscriber** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 88: show ancp subscriber Output Fields**

| Field Name             | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Level of Output          |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| <b>Loop Identifier</b> | <p>Access loop identifier as sent by the access node and configured to map the subscriber to an interface.</p> <p>An asterisk (*) indicates that the information might be stale due to receiving a Port Down message with a DSL Line State of Idle.</p> <p>Two asterisks (**) indicate that the neighbor associated with the subscriber has lost its adjacency. In this case, the DSL Line State might be Established.</p> <p>An <b>o</b> indicates that the entry is for an orphaned interface and represents a previously established subscriber session that has not been reestablished after an ancpc restart.</p> <p>The number of orphaned entries decreases as the ANCP neighbors reestablish adjacencies and the protocol subscriber sessions are reestablished. The command output indicates this by removing the <b>o</b> marker.</p> <p>Eventually the number of orphaned entries reaches zero, because either all the adjacencies and subscriber sessions have been reestablished or any remaining orphaned entries are removed when the orphaned-interface timer expires.</p> | <b>brief none</b>        |
| <b>DSL Line State</b>  | State of the DSL line: <b>Idle</b> , <b>Showtime</b> , or <b>Silent</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <b>brief detail</b>      |
| <b>Type</b>            | Type of digital subscriber line employed by the access node: <b>ADSL1</b> , <b>ADSL2</b> , <b>ADSL2+</b> , <b>VDSL1</b> , <b>VDSL2</b> , <b>SDSL</b> , or <b>UNKNOWN</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <b>brief none</b>        |
| <b>Interface</b>       | Name of the interface set or logical interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <b>brief detail none</b> |
| <b>Rate Kbps</b>       | Actual downstream data rate for this local loop.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <b>brief none</b>        |
| <b>Neighbor</b>        | IP address of ANCP neighbor (access node).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <b>brief none</b>        |

Table 88: show ancp subscriber Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                                 | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Level of Output |
|--------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Access Loop Circuit Identifier</b>      | <p>Access loop circuit identifier as sent by the access node and configured to map the subscriber to an interface.</p> <p>An asterisk (*) indicates that the information might be stale due to receiving a Port Down message with a DSL Line State of Idle.</p> <p>Two asterisks (**) indicate that the neighbor associated with the subscriber has lost its adjacency. In this case, the DSL Line State might be Established.</p> | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Neighbor IP Address</b>                 | IP address of the ANCP neighbor (access node).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Aggregate Circuit Identifier Binary</b> | Binary identifier for the VLAN circuit ID.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>DSL Type</b>                            | Type of digital subscriber line employed by the access node: <b>ADSL1</b> , <b>ADSL2</b> , <b>ADSL2+</b> , <b>VDSL1</b> , <b>VDSL2</b> , <b>SDSL</b> , or <b>UNKNOWN</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>DSL Line Data Link</b>                  | Data link protocol employed on the access loop: <b>AAL5</b> or <b>Ethernet</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>DSL Line Encapsulation</b>              | <p>Encapsulation type on the access loop, for Ethernet only:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0—NA, type not conveyed</li> <li>1—Untagged Ethernet</li> <li>2—Single-tagged Ethernet</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>DSL Line Encapsulation Payload</b>      | <p>Payload carried across the access loop:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0—NA, type not conveyed</li> <li>1—PPPoA LLC</li> <li>2—PPPoA null</li> <li>3—IPoA LLC</li> <li>4—IPoA null</li> <li>5—Ethernet over AAL5 LLC with FCS</li> <li>6—Ethernet over AAL5 LLC without FCS</li> <li>7—Ethernet over AAL5 null with FCS</li> <li>8—Ethernet over AAL5 null without FCS</li> </ul>                                   | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Interface Type</b>                      | Type of interface employed for subscriber traffic: <b>ifl</b> for a single VLAN or <b>interface-set</b> for a configured group of VLANs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Actual Net Data Upstream</b>            | Actual upstream data rate for this local loop, in Kbps.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Actual Net Data Downstream</b>          | Actual downstream data rate for this local loop, in Kbps.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <b>detail</b>   |

Table 88: show ancp subscriber Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                                 | Field Description                                                                                     | Level of Output |
|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Minimum Net Data Upstream</b>           | Minimum upstream data rate desired by the operator for this local loop, in Kbps.                      | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Minimum Net Data Downstream</b>         | Minimum downstream data rate desired by the operator for this local loop, in Kbps.                    | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Maximum Net Data Upstream</b>           | Maximum upstream data rate desired by the operator for this local loop, in Kbps.                      | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Maximum Net Data Downstream</b>         | Maximum downstream data rate desired by the operator for this local loop, in Kbps.                    | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Attainable Net Data Upstream</b>        | Maximum attainable upstream data rate for this local loop, in Kbps.                                   | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Attainable Net Data Downstream</b>      | Maximum attainable downstream data rate for this local loop, in Kbps.                                 | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Minimum Low Power Data Downstream</b>   | Minimum downstream data rate desired by the operator for this local loop in low power state, in Kbps. | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Minimum Low Power Data Upstream</b>     | Minimum upstream data rate desired by the operator for this local loop in low power state, in Kbps.   | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Maximum Interleave Delay Downstream</b> | Maximum interleaving delay for downstream data, in milliseconds.                                      | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Maximum Interleave Delay Upstream</b>   | Maximum interleaving delay for upstream data, in milliseconds.                                        | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Actual Interleave Delay Downstream</b>  | Actual interleaving delay for downstream data, in milliseconds.                                       | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Actual Interleave Delay Upstream</b>    | Actual interleaving delay for upstream data, in milliseconds.                                         | <b>detail</b>   |

## Sample Output

show ancp subscriber

```

user@host> show ancp subscriber
 Loop Identifier DSL Line Type Interface Rate Neighbor
 State
**circuit 101 Idle ADSL1 ---- 32 203.0.113.13
**circuit 102 Idle ADSL1 ---- 32 203.0.113.13

 circuit 301 Showtime ADSL1 ---- 32 203.0.113.15

```

```

circuit 302 Showtime ADSL1 ---- 32 203.0.113.15

```

### show ancp subscriber (After ancpd Restart)

```

user@host> show ancp subscriber
 Loop Identifier DSL Line Type Interface Rate Neighbor
 State
o circuit 201 Showtime ADSL1 ---- 222222
o circuit 202 Showtime ADSL1 ---- 222222

```

### show ancp subscriber brief

```

user@host> show ancp subscriber brief

 Loop Identifier Type Interface Rate Neighbor
 Kbps
port-1-10 VDSL2 set-ge-10410 64 203.0.113.102
port-1-11 VDSL2 set-ge-10411 64 203.0.113.111
port-2-10 VDSL2 ge-1/0/4.12 64 203.0.113.112
port-2-11 VDSL2 ge-1/0/4.13 64 203.0.113.113

```

### show ancp subscriber detail

```

user@host> show ancp subscriber detail
Subscriber Information
* Access Loop Circuit Identifier : circuit 101
 Neighbor IP Address : 203.0.113.13
 Aggregate Circuit Identifier Binary : 0/0
 DSL Type : ADSL1
 DSL Line State : Idle
 DSL Line Data Link : Data link 2
 DSL Line Encapsulation : N/A
 DSL Line Encapsulation Payload : N/A
 Interface Type : N/A
 Interface : ----
 Actual Net Data Upstream : 32
 Actual Net Data Downstream : 32
 Minimum Net Data Upstream : 0
 Minimum Net Data Downstream : 0
 Maximum Net Data Upstream : 0
 Maximum Net Data Downstream : 0
 Attainable Net Data Upstream : 1024
 Attainable Net Data Downstream : 8192
 Minimum Low Power Data Downstream : 32
 Minimum Low Power Data Upstream : 32
 Maximum Interleave Delay Downstream : 20
 Maximum Interleave Delay Upstream : 20
 Actual Interleave Delay Downstream : 20
 Actual Interleave Delay Upstream : 20
* Access Loop Circuit Identifier: circuit 102
 Neighbor IP Address : 213.0.113.13
 Aggregate Circuit Identifier Binary : 0/0
 DSL Type : ADSL1
 DSL Line State : Idle
 DSL Line Data Link : Data link 2
 DSL Line Encapsulation : N/A

```

```
DSL Line Encapsulation Payload : N/A
Interface Type : N/A
Interface : ----
Actual Net Data Upstream : 32
Actual Net Data Downstream : 32
Minimum Net Data Upstream : 0
Minimum Net Data Downstream : 0
Maximum Net Data Upstream : 0
Maximum Net Data Downstream : 0
Attainable Net Data Upstream : 1024
Attainable Net Data Downstream : 8192
Minimum Low Power Data Downstream : 32
Minimum Low Power Data Upstream : 32
Maximum Interleave Delay Downstream : 20
Maximum Interleave Delay Upstream : 20
Actual Interleave Delay Downstream : 20
Actual Interleave Delay Upstream : 20
...
```

#### show ancp subscriber identifier identifier-string detail

```
user@host> show ancp subscriber identifier port-1-11 detail
```

```
Access Loop Identifier : port-1-11
Neighbor IP Address : 203.0.113.112
Aggregate Circuit Identifier Binary : 0/0
DSL Type : DSL 0
Interface Type : interface-set
Interface : set-ge-10411
DSL Line State : Show Time
Actual Net Data Upstream : 64
Actual Net Data Downstream : 64
DSL Line Data Link : AAL5
DSL Line Encapsulation : N/A
DSL Line Encapsulation Payload : N/A
Minimum Net Data Upstream : 64
Minimum Net Data Downstream : 64
Maximum Net Data Upstream : 64
Maximum Net Data Downstream : 64
Attainable Net Data Upstream : 64
Attainable Net Data Downstream : 64
Minimum Low Power Data Downstream : 64
Minimum Low Power Data Upstream : 64
Maximum Interleave Delay Downstream : 50
Maximum Interleave Delay Upstream : 50
Actual Interleave Delay Downstream : 50
Actual Interleave Delay Upstream : 50
```

## show ancp summary

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | show ancp summary                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 13.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display a summary of the counts and states for all ANCP neighbors and subscribers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | This command has no options.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">show ancp neighbor on page 1708</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show ancp summary neighbor on page 1729</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show ancp subscriber on page 1721</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show ancp summary subscriber on page 1731</a></li> </ul> |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show ancp summary on page 1728</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 89 on page 1727</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show ancp summary</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                                                                                                                          |

**Table 89: show ancp summary Output Fields**

| Field Name          | Field Description                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Configured</b>   | Number of ANCP neighbors in the <b>Configured</b> state; that is, that have been configured but never established.                                         |
| <b>Establishing</b> | Number of ANCP neighbors in the <b>Establishing</b> state; that is, where negotiations are in progress.                                                    |
| <b>Established</b>  | Number of ANCP neighbors in the <b>Established</b> state; that is, where negotiations have succeeded and the ANCP session has been established.            |
| <b>Not Estblshd</b> | Number of ANCP neighbors in the <b>Not Estblshd</b> state; that is, that have lost a previously established adjacency and are ready to begin negotiations. |
| <b>Total</b>        | Total number of ANCP neighbors; sum of neighbors in the <b>Configured</b> , <b>Establishing</b> , <b>Established</b> , and <b>Not Estblshd</b> states.     |
| <b>Showtime</b>     | Number of DSL lines in <b>Showtime</b> state.                                                                                                              |
| <b>Idle</b>         | Number of DSL lines in <b>Idle</b> state.                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Silent</b>       | Number of DSL lines in <b>Silent</b> state.                                                                                                                |

Table 89: show ancp summary Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name     | Field Description                                                                                                                                |
|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Unknown</b> | Number of DSL lines where the state is not <b>Showtime</b> , <b>Idle</b> , or <b>Silent</b> .                                                    |
| <b>Total</b>   | Total number of DSL lines (ANCP subscribers); sum of DSL lines in the <b>Showtime</b> , <b>Idle</b> , <b>Silent</b> , and <b>Unknown</b> states. |

## Sample Output

### show ancp summary

```
user@host> show ancp summary
```

#### Neighbors Summary:

| Configured | Establishing | Established | Not Established | Total |
|------------|--------------|-------------|-----------------|-------|
| -----      | -----        | -----       | -----           | ----- |
| 22         | 0            | 2           | 0               | 24    |

#### Subscribers Summary:

| Showtime | Idle  | Silent | Unknown | Total |
|----------|-------|--------|---------|-------|
| -----    | ----- | -----  | -----   | ----- |
| 4        | 0     | 0      | 0       | 4     |



## show ancp summary neighbor

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | show ancp summary neighbor<br><ip-address <i>ip-address</i>   system-name <i>mac-address</i> >                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 13.1.                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display a summary of the counts and states for all ANCP neighbors and of the neighbor's subscribers when you specify a particular neighbor.                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>ip-address <i>ip-address</i></b> —(Optional) IP address of the ANCP neighbor (access node).<br><br><b>system-name <i>mac-address</i></b> —(Optional) MAC address of the ANCP neighbor (access node).                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">show ancp summary on page 1727</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show ancp subscriber on page 1721</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show ancp summary subscriber on page 1731</a></li> </ul> |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show ancp summary neighbor on page 1730</a><br><a href="#">show ancp summary neighbor (IP Address) on page 1730</a><br><a href="#">show ancp summary neighbor (MAC Address) on page 1730</a>                             |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | Table 90 on page 1729 lists the output fields for the <b>show ancp summary</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                                                                      |

**Table 90: show ancp summary neighbor Output Fields**

| Field Name          | Field Description                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Configured</b>   | Number of ANCP neighbors in the <b>Configured</b> state; that is, that have been configured but never established.                                         |
| <b>Establishing</b> | Number of ANCP neighbors in the <b>Establishing</b> state; that is, where negotiations are in progress.                                                    |
| <b>Established</b>  | Number of ANCP neighbors in the <b>Established</b> state; that is, where negotiations have succeeded and the ANCP session has been established.            |
| <b>Not Estblshd</b> | Number of ANCP neighbors in the <b>Not Estblshd</b> state; that is, that have lost a previously established adjacency and are ready to begin negotiations. |
| <b>Total</b>        | Total number of ANCP neighbors; sum of neighbors in the <b>Configured</b> , <b>Establishing</b> , <b>Established</b> , and <b>Not Estblshd</b> states.     |

Table 90: show ancp summary neighbor Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name      | Field Description                                                                                                                                |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Showtime</b> | Number of DSL lines for the neighbor in <b>Showtime</b> state.                                                                                   |
| <b>Idle</b>     | Number of DSL lines for the neighbor in <b>Idle</b> state.                                                                                       |
| <b>Silent</b>   | Number of DSL lines for the neighbor in <b>Silent</b> state.                                                                                     |
| <b>Unknown</b>  | Number of DSL lines for the neighbor where the state is not <b>Showtime</b> , <b>Idle</b> , or <b>Silent</b> .                                   |
| <b>Total</b>    | Total number of DSL lines (ANCP subscribers); sum of DSL lines in the <b>Showtime</b> , <b>Idle</b> , <b>Silent</b> , and <b>Unknown</b> states. |

## Sample Output

### show ancp summary neighbor

```
user@host> show ancp summary neighbor
```

Neighbors Summary:

| Configured | Establishing | Established | Not Established | Total |
|------------|--------------|-------------|-----------------|-------|
| -----      | -----        | -----       | -----           | ----- |
| 22         | 0            | 2           | 0               | 24    |

### show ancp summary neighbor (IP Address)

```
user@host> show ancp summary neighbor ip-address 192.168.10.1
```

Neighbor Summary:192.168.10.1 status Established

Subscribers Summary:

| Show Time | Idle  | Silent | Unknown | Total |
|-----------|-------|--------|---------|-------|
| -----     | ----- | -----  | -----   | ----- |
| 6         | 0     | 0      | 0       | 6     |

### show ancp summary neighbor (MAC Address)

```
user@host> show ancp summary neighbor system-name 00:00:5E:00:53:02
```

Neighbor Summary:00:00:5E:00:53:02 status Established

Subscribers Summary:

| Show Time | Idle  | Silent | Unknown | Total |
|-----------|-------|--------|---------|-------|
| -----     | ----- | -----  | -----   | ----- |
| 5         | 1     | 2      | 0       | 8     |

## show ancp summary subscriber

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | show ancp summary subscriber                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 13.1.                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display a summary of the counts and states for all ANCP subscribers.                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | This command has no options.                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">show ancp summary on page 1727</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show ancp neighbor on page 1708</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show ancp summary neighbor on page 1729</a></li> </ul> |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show ancp summary subscriber on page 1731</a>                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 91 on page 1731</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show ancp summary subscriber</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                                       |

**Table 91: show ancp summary subscriber Output Fields**

| Field Name      | Field Description                                                                                                                                |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Showtime</b> | Number of DSL lines in <b>Showtime</b> state.                                                                                                    |
| <b>Idle</b>     | Number of DSL lines in <b>Idle</b> state.                                                                                                        |
| <b>Silent</b>   | Number of DSL lines in <b>Silent</b> state.                                                                                                      |
| <b>Unknown</b>  | Number of DSL lines where the state is not <b>Showtime</b> , <b>Idle</b> , or <b>Silent</b> .                                                    |
| <b>Total</b>    | Total number of DSL lines (ANCP subscribers); sum of DSL lines in the <b>Showtime</b> , <b>Idle</b> , <b>Silent</b> , and <b>Unknown</b> states. |

## Sample Output

### show ancp summary subscriber

```

user@host> show ancp summary subscriber

Subscribers Summary:
Show Time Idle Silent Unknown Total

 8 1 0 1 10

```



## show class-of-service interface

**Syntax** `show class-of-service interface`  
`<comprehensive | detail> <interface-name>`

**Release Information** Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.  
 Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches.  
 Forwarding class map information added in Junos OS Release 9.4.  
 Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.1 for the QFX Series.  
 Command introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for the PTX Series Packet Transport Routers.  
 Command introduced in Junos OS Release 12.2 for the ACX Series Universal Access routers.  
 Command introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1X53-D20 for the OCX Series.  
 Options **detail** and **comprehensive** introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.  
 Command introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1R3 on MX Series routers for enhanced subscriber management.

**Description** Display the logical and physical interface associations for the classifier, rewrite rules, and scheduler map objects.



**NOTE:** On routing platforms with dual Routing Engines, running this command on the backup Routing Engine, with or without any of the available options, is not supported and produces the following error message:

**error: the class-of-service subsystem is not running**

**Options** **none**—Display CoS associations for all physical and logical interfaces.

**comprehensive**—(M Series, MX Series, and T Series routers) (Optional) Display comprehensive quality-of-service (QoS) information about all physical and logical interfaces.

**detail**—(M Series, MX Series, and T Series routers) (Optional) Display QoS and CoS information based on the interface.

If the **interface** *interface-name* is a physical interface, the output includes:

- Brief QoS information about the physical interface
- Brief QoS information about the logical interface
- CoS information about the physical interface
- Brief information about filters or policers of the logical interface
- Brief CoS information about the logical interface

If the **interface** *interface-name* is a logical interface, the output includes:

- Brief QoS information about the logical interface
- Information about filters or policers for the logical interface
- CoS information about the logical interface

**interface-name**—(Optional) Display class-of-service (CoS) associations for the specified interface.

**none**—Display CoS associations for all physical and logical interfaces.

**Required Privilege Level**

view

**Related Documentation**

- [Verifying and Managing Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management on page 620](#)

**List of Sample Output**

[show class-of-service interface \(Physical\) on page 1745](#)  
[show class-of-service interface \(Logical\) on page 1746](#)  
[show class-of-service interface \(Gigabit Ethernet\) on page 1746](#)  
[show class-of-service interface \(ANCP\) on page 1746](#)  
[show class-of-service interface \(PPPoE Interface\) on page 1746](#)  
[show class-of-service interface \(DHCP Interface\) on page 1747](#)  
[show class-of-service interface \(T4000 Routers with Type 5 FPCs\) on page 1747](#)  
[show class-of-service interface detail on page 1747](#)  
[show class-of-service interface comprehensive on page 1748](#)  
[show class-of-service interface \(ACX Series Routers\) on page 1759](#)  
[show class-of-service interface \(PPPoE Subscriber Interface for Enhanced Subscriber Management\) on page 1761](#)

**Output Fields**

[Table 92 on page 1734](#) describes the output fields for the **show class-of-service interface** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 92: show class-of-service interface Output Fields**

| Field Name         | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Physical interface | Name of a physical interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Index              | Index of this interface or the internal index of this object.<br><br>(Enhanced subscriber management for MX Series routers) Index values for dynamic CoS traffic control profiles and dynamic scheduler maps are larger for enhanced subscriber management than they are for legacy subscriber management. |
| Dedicated Queues   | Status of dedicated queues configured on an interface. Supported only on Trio MPC/MIC interfaces on MX Series routers.<br><br>(Enhanced subscriber management for MX-Series routers) This field is not displayed for enhanced subscriber management.                                                       |

Table 92: show class-of-service interface Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                          | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Maximum usable queues               | Number of queues you can configure on the interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Maximum usable queues               | Maximum number of queues you can use.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Total non-default queues created    | Number of queues created in addition to the default queues. Supported only on Trio MPC/MIC interfaces on MX Series routers.<br><br>(Enhanced subscriber management for MX Series routers) This field is not displayed for enhanced subscriber management.                                             |
| Rewrite Input IEEE Code-point       | (QFX3500 switches only) IEEE 802.1p code point (priority) rewrite value. Incoming traffic from the Fibre Channel (FC) SAN is classified into the forwarding class specified in the native FC interface (NP_Port) fixed classifier and uses the priority specified as the IEEE 802.1p rewrite value.   |
| Shaping rate                        | Maximum transmission rate on the physical interface. You can configure the shaping rate on the physical interface, or on the logical interface, but not on both. Therefore, the <b>Shaping rate</b> field is displayed for either the physical interface or the logical interface.                    |
| Scheduler map                       | Name of the output scheduler map associated with this interface.<br><br>(Enhanced subscriber management for MX Series routers) The name of the dynamic scheduler map object is associated with a generated UID (for example, <b>SMAP-1_UID1002</b> ) instead of with a subscriber interface.          |
| Scheduler map forwarding class sets | (QFX Series only) Name of the output fabric scheduler map associated with a QFabric system Interconnect device interface.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Input shaping rate                  | For Gigabit Ethernet IQ2 PICs, maximum transmission rate on the input interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Input scheduler map                 | For Gigabit Ethernet IQ2 PICs, name of the input scheduler map associated with this interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Chassis scheduler map               | Name of the scheduler map associated with the packet forwarding component queues.                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Rewrite                             | Name and type of the rewrite rules associated with this interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Traffic-control-profile             | Name of the associated traffic control profile.<br><br>(Enhanced subscriber management for MX Series routers) The name of the dynamic traffic control profile object is associated with a generated UID (for example, <b>TC_PROF_100_199_SERIES_UID1006</b> ) instead of with a subscriber interface. |
| Classifier                          | Name and type of classifiers associated with this interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Forwarding-class-map                | Name of the forwarding map associated with this interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Congestion-notification             | (QFX Series and EX4600 switches only) Congestion notification state, <b>enabled</b> or <b>disabled</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Logical interface                   | Name of a logical interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

Table 92: show class-of-service interface Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name              | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Object</b>           | Category of an object: <b>Classifier</b> , <b>Fragmentation-map</b> (for LSQ interfaces only), <b>Scheduler-map</b> , <b>Rewrite</b> , <b>Translation Table</b> (for IQE PICs only), or <b>traffic-class-map</b> (for T4000 routers with Type 5 FPCs).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Name</b>             | Name of an object.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Type</b>             | Type of an object: <b>dscp</b> , <b>dscp-ipv6</b> , <b>exp</b> , <b>ieee-802.1</b> , <b>ip</b> , <b>inet-precedence</b> , or <b>ieee-802.1ad</b> (for traffic class map on T4000 routers with Type 5 FPCs)..                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Link-level type</b>  | Encapsulation on the physical interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>MTU</b>              | MTU size on the physical interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Speed</b>            | Speed at which the interface is running.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Loopback</b>         | Whether loopback is enabled and the type of loopback.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Source filtering</b> | Whether source filtering is enabled or disabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Flow control</b>     | Whether flow control is enabled or disabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Auto-negotiation</b> | (Gigabit Ethernet interfaces) Whether autonegotiation is enabled or disabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Remote-fault</b>     | (Gigabit Ethernet interfaces) Remote fault status. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Online</b>—Autonegotiation is manually configured as online.</li> <li>• <b>Offline</b>—Autonegotiation is manually configured as offline.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Device flags</b>     | The <b>Device flags</b> field provides information about the physical device and displays one or more of the following values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Down</b>—Device has been administratively disabled.</li> <li>• <b>Hear-Own-Xmit</b>—Device receives its own transmissions.</li> <li>• <b>Link-Layer-Down</b>—The link-layer protocol has failed to connect with the remote endpoint.</li> <li>• <b>Loopback</b>—Device is in physical loopback.</li> <li>• <b>Loop-Detected</b>—The link layer has received frames that it sent, thereby detecting a physical loopback.</li> <li>• <b>No-Carrier</b>—On media that support carrier recognition, no carrier is currently detected.</li> <li>• <b>No-Multicast</b>—Device does not support multicast traffic.</li> <li>• <b>Present</b>—Device is physically present and recognized.</li> <li>• <b>Promiscuous</b>—Device is in promiscuous mode and recognizes frames addressed to all physical addresses on the media.</li> <li>• <b>Quench</b>—Transmission on the device is quenched because the output buffer is overflowing.</li> <li>• <b>Recv-All-Multicasts</b>—Device is in multicast promiscuous mode and therefore provides no multicast filtering.</li> <li>• <b>Running</b>—Device is active and enabled.</li> </ul> |



Table 92: show class-of-service interface Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name             | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Interface flags</b> | <p>The <b>Interface flags</b> field provides information about the physical interface and displays one or more of the following values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Admin-Test</b>—Interface is in test mode and some sanity checking, such as loop detection, is disabled.</li> <li>• <b>Disabled</b>—Interface is administratively disabled.</li> <li>• <b>Down</b>—A hardware failure has occurred.</li> <li>• <b>Hardware-Down</b>—Interface is nonfunctional or incorrectly connected.</li> <li>• <b>Link-Layer-Down</b>—Interface keepalives have indicated that the link is incomplete.</li> <li>• <b>No-Multicast</b>—Interface does not support multicast traffic.</li> <li>• <b>No-receive No-transmit</b>—Passive monitor mode is configured on the interface.</li> <li>• <b>Point-To-Point</b>—Interface is point-to-point.</li> <li>• <b>Pop all MPLS labels from packets of depth</b>—MPLS labels are removed as packets arrive on an interface that has the <b>pop-all-labels</b> statement configured. The depth value can be one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>1</b>—Takes effect for incoming packets with one label only.</li> <li>• <b>2</b>—Takes effect for incoming packets with two labels only.</li> <li>• <b>[ 1 2 ]</b>—Takes effect for incoming packets with either one or two labels.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b>Promiscuous</b>—Interface is in promiscuous mode and recognizes frames addressed to all physical addresses.</li> <li>• <b>Recv-All-Multicasts</b>—Interface is in multicast promiscuous mode and provides no multicast filtering.</li> <li>• <b>SNMP-Traps</b>—SNMP trap notifications are enabled.</li> <li>• <b>Up</b>—Interface is enabled and operational.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Flags</b>           | <p>The <b>Logical interface flags</b> field provides information about the logical interface and displays one or more of the following values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>ACFC Encapsulation</b>—Address control field Compression (ACFC) encapsulation is enabled (negotiated successfully with a peer).</li> <li>• <b>Device-down</b>—Device has been administratively disabled.</li> <li>• <b>Disabled</b>—Interface is administratively disabled.</li> <li>• <b>Down</b>—A hardware failure has occurred.</li> <li>• <b>Clear-DF-Bit</b>—GRE tunnel or IPsec tunnel is configured to clear the Don't Fragment (DF) bit.</li> <li>• <b>Hardware-Down</b>—Interface protocol initialization failed to complete successfully.</li> <li>• <b>PFC</b>—Protocol field compression is enabled for the PPP session.</li> <li>• <b>Point-To-Point</b>—Interface is point-to-point.</li> <li>• <b>SNMP-Traps</b>—SNMP trap notifications are enabled.</li> <li>• <b>Up</b>—Interface is enabled and operational.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Encapsulation</b>   | Encapsulation on the logical interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Admin</b>           | Administrative state of the interface ( <b>Up</b> or <b>Down</b> ).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Link</b>            | Status of physical link ( <b>Up</b> or <b>Down</b> ).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Proto</b>           | Protocol configured on the interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

Table 92: show class-of-service interface Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                     | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Input Filter</b>            | Names of any firewall filters to be evaluated when packets are received on the interface, including any filters attached through activation of dynamic service.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Output Filter</b>           | Names of any firewall filters to be evaluated when packets are transmitted on the interface, including any filters attached through activation of dynamic service.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Link flags</b>              | Provides information about the physical link and displays one or more of the following values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>ACFC</b>—Address control field compression is configured. The Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) session negotiates the ACFC option.</li> <li>• <b>Give-Up</b>—Link protocol does not continue connection attempts after repeated failures.</li> <li>• <b>Loose-LCP</b>—PPP does not use the Link Control Protocol (LCP) to indicate whether the link protocol is operational.</li> <li>• <b>Loose-LMI</b>—Frame Relay does not use the Local Management Interface (LMI) to indicate whether the link protocol is operational.</li> <li>• <b>Loose-NCP</b>—PPP does not use the Network Control Protocol (NCP) to indicate whether the device is operational.</li> <li>• <b>Keepalives</b>—Link protocol keepalives are enabled.</li> <li>• <b>No-Keepalives</b>—Link protocol keepalives are disabled.</li> <li>• <b>PFC</b>—Protocol field compression is configured. The PPP session negotiates the PFC option.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Hold-times</b>              | Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>CoS queues</b>              | Number of CoS queues configured.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Last flapped</b>            | Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is <b>Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second:timezone (hour:minute:second ago)</b> . For example, <b>Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago)</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Statistics last cleared</b> | Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Input bytes</b>—Number of bytes received on the interface.</li> <li>• <b>Output bytes</b>—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface.</li> <li>• <b>Input packets</b>—Number of packets received on the interface.</li> <li>• <b>Output packets</b>—Number of packets transmitted on the interface.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>IPv6 transit statistics</b> | Number of IPv6 transit bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface if IPv6 statistics tracking is enabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

Table 92: show class-of-service interface Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name           | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Input errors</b>  | <p>Input errors on the interface. The labels are explained in the following list:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Errors</b>—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors.</li> <li>• <b>Drops</b>—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism.</li> <li>• <b>Framing errors</b>—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS).</li> <li>• <b>Runts</b>—Number of frames received that are smaller than the runt threshold.</li> <li>• <b>Giants</b>—Number of frames received that are larger than the giant threshold.</li> <li>• <b>Bucket Drops</b>—Drops resulting from the traffic load exceeding the interface transmit or receive leaky bucket configuration.</li> <li>• <b>Policed discards</b>—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that Junos OS does not handle.</li> <li>• <b>L3 incompletes</b>—Number of incoming packets discarded because they failed Layer 3 (usually IPv4) sanity checks of the header. For example, a frame with less than 20 bytes of available IP header is discarded. Layer 3 incomplete errors can be ignored by configuring the <b>ignore-l3-incompletes</b> statement.</li> <li>• <b>L2 channel errors</b>—Number of times the software did not find a valid logical interface for an incoming frame.</li> <li>• <b>L2 mismatch timeouts</b>—Number of malformed or short packets that caused the incoming packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable.</li> <li>• <b>HS link CRC errors</b>—Number of errors on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces.</li> <li>• <b>HS link FIFO overflows</b>—Number of FIFO overflows on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Output errors</b> | <p>Output errors on the interface. The labels are explained in the following list:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Carrier transitions</b>—Number of times the interface has gone from <b>down</b> to <b>up</b>. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC is malfunctioning.</li> <li>• <b>Errors</b>—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors.</li> <li>• <b>Drops</b>—Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism.</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE:</b> Due to accounting space limitations on certain Type 3 FPCs (which are supported in M320 and T640 routers), the <b>Drops</b> field does not always use the correct value for queue 6 or queue 7 for interfaces on 10-port 1-Gigabit Ethernet PICs.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Aged packets</b>—Number of packets that remained in shared packet SDRAM so long that the system automatically purged them. The value in this field should never increment. If it does, it is most likely a software bug or possibly malfunctioning hardware.</li> <li>• <b>HS link FIFO underflows</b>—Number of FIFO underflows on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces.</li> <li>• <b>MTU errors</b>—Number of packets whose size exceeds the MTU of the interface.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Egress queues</b> | Total number of egress Maximum usable queues on the specified interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

Table 92: show class-of-service interface Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                                  | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Queue counters</b>                       | <p>CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Queued packets</b>—Number of queued packets.</li> <li>• <b>Transmitted packets</b>—Number of transmitted packets.</li> <li>• <b>Dropped packets</b>—Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism.</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE:</b> Due to accounting space limitations on certain Type 3 FPCs (which are supported in M320 and T640 routers), the <b>Dropped packets</b> field does not always display the correct value for queue 6 or queue 7 for interfaces on 10-port 1-Gigabit Ethernet PICs.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>SONET alarms</b><br><b>SONET defects</b> | <p>(SONET) SONET media-specific alarms and defects that prevent the interface from passing packets. When a defect persists for a certain period, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router or light the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. See these fields for possible alarms and defects: <b>SONET PHY</b>, <b>SONET section</b>, <b>SONET line</b>, and <b>SONET path</b>.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>SONET PHY</b>                            | <p>Counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Seconds</b>—Number of seconds the defect has been active.</li> <li>• <b>Count</b>—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active.</li> <li>• <b>State</b>—State of the error. A state other than <b>OK</b> indicates a problem.</li> </ul> <p>The <b>SONET PHY</b> field has the following subfields:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>PLL Lock</b>—Phase-locked loop</li> <li>• <b>PHY Light</b>—Loss of optical signal</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>SONET section</b>                        | <p>Counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Seconds</b>—Number of seconds the defect has been active.</li> <li>• <b>Count</b>—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active.</li> <li>• <b>State</b>—State of the error. A state other than <b>OK</b> indicates a problem.</li> </ul> <p>The <b>SONET section</b> field has the following subfields:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>BIP-BI</b>—Bit interleaved parity for SONET section overhead</li> <li>• <b>SEF</b>—Severely errored framing</li> <li>• <b>LOS</b>—Loss of signal</li> <li>• <b>LOF</b>—Loss of frame</li> <li>• <b>ES-S</b>—Errored seconds (section)</li> <li>• <b>SES-S</b>—Severely errored seconds (section)</li> <li>• <b>SEFS-S</b>—Severely errored framing seconds (section)</li> </ul> |

Table 92: show class-of-service interface Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name        | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>SONET line</b> | <p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Seconds</b>—Number of seconds the defect has been active.</li> <li>• <b>Count</b>—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active.</li> <li>• <b>State</b>—State of the error. A state other than <b>OK</b> indicates a problem.</li> </ul> <p>The <b>SONET line</b> field has the following subfields:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>BIP-B2</b>—Bit interleaved parity for SONET line overhead</li> <li>• <b>REI-L</b>—Remote error indication (near-end line)</li> <li>• <b>RDI-L</b>—Remote defect indication (near-end line)</li> <li>• <b>AIS-L</b>—Alarm indication signal (near-end line)</li> <li>• <b>BERR-SF</b>—Bit error rate fault (signal failure)</li> <li>• <b>BERR-SD</b>—Bit error rate defect (signal degradation)</li> <li>• <b>ES-L</b>—Errored seconds (near-end line)</li> <li>• <b>SES-L</b>—Severely errored seconds (near-end line)</li> <li>• <b>UAS-L</b>—Unavailable seconds (near-end line)</li> <li>• <b>ES-LFE</b>—Errored seconds (far-end line)</li> <li>• <b>SES-LFE</b>—Severely errored seconds (far-end line)</li> <li>• <b>UAS-LFE</b>—Unavailable seconds (far-end line)</li> </ul>      |
| <b>SONET path</b> | <p>Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific SONET errors with detailed information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Seconds</b>—Number of seconds the defect has been active.</li> <li>• <b>Count</b>—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active.</li> <li>• <b>State</b>—State of the error. A state other than <b>OK</b> indicates a problem.</li> </ul> <p>The <b>SONET path</b> field has the following subfields:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>BIP-B3</b>—Bit interleaved parity for SONET section overhead</li> <li>• <b>REI-P</b>—Remote error indication</li> <li>• <b>LOP-P</b>—Loss of pointer (path)</li> <li>• <b>AIS-P</b>—Path alarm indication signal</li> <li>• <b>RDI-P</b>—Path remote defect indication</li> <li>• <b>UNEQ-P</b>—Path unequipped</li> <li>• <b>PLM-P</b>—Path payload (signal) label mismatch</li> <li>• <b>ES-P</b>—Errored seconds (near-end STS path)</li> <li>• <b>SES-P</b>—Severely errored seconds (near-end STS path)</li> <li>• <b>UAS-P</b>—Unavailable seconds (near-end STS path)</li> <li>• <b>ES-PFE</b>—Errored seconds (far-end STS path)</li> <li>• <b>SES-PFE</b>—Severely errored seconds (far-end STS path)</li> <li>• <b>UAS-PFE</b>—Unavailable seconds (far-end STS path)</li> </ul> |

Table 92: show class-of-service interface Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                             | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Received SONET overhead                | Values of the received and transmitted SONET overhead: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>C2</b>—Signal label. Allocated to identify the construction and content of the STS-level SPE and for PDI-P.</li> <li>• <b>F1</b>—Section user channel byte. This byte is set aside for the purposes of users.</li> <li>• <b>K1 and K2</b>—These bytes are allocated for APS signaling for the protection of the multiplex section.</li> <li>• <b>J0</b>—Section trace. This byte is defined for STS-1 number 1 of an STS-N signal. Used to transmit a 1-byte fixed-length string or a 16-byte message so that a receiving terminal in a section can verify its continued connection to the intended transmitter.</li> <li>• <b>S1</b>—Synchronization status. The S1 byte is located in the first STS-1 number of an STS-N signal.</li> <li>• <b>Z3 and Z4</b>—Allocated for future use.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Transmitted SONET overhead             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Received path trace                    | SONET/SDH interfaces allow path trace bytes to be sent inband across the SONET/SDH link. Juniper Networks and other router manufacturers use these bytes to help diagnose misconfigurations and network errors by setting the transmitted path trace message so that it contains the system hostname and name of the physical interface. The received path trace value is the message received from the router at the other end of the fiber. The transmitted path trace value is the message that this router transmits.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Transmitted path trace                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| HDLC configuration                     | Information about the HDLC configuration. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Policing bucket</b>—Configured state of the receiving policer.</li> <li>• <b>Shaping bucket</b>—Configured state of the transmitting shaper.</li> <li>• <b>Giant threshold</b>—Giant threshold programmed into the hardware.</li> <li>• <b>Runt threshold</b>—Runt threshold programmed into the hardware.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Packet Forwarding Engine configuration | Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Destination slot</b>—FPC slot number.</li> <li>• <b>PLP byte</b>—Packet Level Protocol byte.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| CoS information                        | Information about the CoS queue for the physical interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>CoS transmit queue</b>—Queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name.</li> <li>• <b>Bandwidth %</b>—Percentage of bandwidth allocated to the queue.</li> <li>• <b>Bandwidth bps</b>—Bandwidth allocated to the queue (in bps).</li> <li>• <b>Buffer %</b>—Percentage of buffer space allocated to the queue.</li> <li>• <b>Buffer usec</b>—Amount of buffer space allocated to the queue, in microseconds. This value is nonzero only if the buffer size is configured in terms of time.</li> <li>• <b>Priority</b>—Queue priority: <b>low</b> or <b>high</b>.</li> <li>• <b>Limit</b>—Displayed if rate limiting is configured for the queue. Possible values are <b>none</b> and <b>exact</b>. If <b>exact</b> is configured, the queue transmits only up to the configured bandwidth, even if excess bandwidth is available. If <b>none</b> is configured, the queue transmits beyond the configured bandwidth if bandwidth is available.</li> </ul> |
| Forwarding classes                     | Total number of forwarding classes supported on the specified interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Egress queues                          | Total number of egress Maximum usable queues on the specified interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

Table 92: show class-of-service interface Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name           | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Queue                | Queue number.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Forwarding classes   | Forwarding class name.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Queued Packets       | Number of packets queued to this queue.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Queued Bytes         | Number of bytes queued to this queue. The byte counts vary by PIC type.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Transmitted Packets  | Number of packets transmitted by this queue. When fragmentation occurs on the egress interface, the first set of packet counters shows the postfragmentation values. The second set of packet counters (displayed under the <b>Packet Forwarding Engine Chassis Queues</b> field) shows the prefragmentation values.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Transmitted Bytes    | Number of bytes transmitted by this queue. The byte counts vary by PIC type.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Tail-dropped packets | Number of packets dropped because of tail drop.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| RED-dropped packets  | <p>Number of packets dropped because of random early detection (RED).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (M Series and T Series routers only) On M320 and M120 routers and the T Series routers, the total number of dropped packets is displayed. On all other M Series routers, the output classifies dropped packets into the following categories: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Low, non-TCP</b>—Number of low-loss priority non-TCP packets dropped because of RED.</li> <li>• <b>Low, TCP</b>—Number of low-loss priority TCP packets dropped because of RED.</li> <li>• <b>High, non-TCP</b>—Number of high-loss priority non-TCP packets dropped because of RED.</li> <li>• <b>High, TCP</b>—Number of high-loss priority TCP packets dropped because of RED.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• (MX Series routers with enhanced DPCs, and T Series routers with enhanced FPCs only) The output classifies dropped packets into the following categories: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Low</b>—Number of low-loss priority packets dropped because of RED.</li> <li>• <b>Medium-low</b>—Number of medium-low loss priority packets dropped because of RED.</li> <li>• <b>Medium-high</b>—Number of medium-high loss priority packets dropped because of RED.</li> <li>• <b>High</b>—Number of high-loss priority packets dropped because of RED.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE:</b> Due to accounting space limitations on certain Type 3 FPCs (which are supported in M320 and T640 routers), this field does not always display the correct value for queue 6 or queue 7 for interfaces on 10-port 1-Gigabit Ethernet PICs.</p> |

Table 92: show class-of-service interface Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name        | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RED-dropped bytes | <p>Number of bytes dropped because of RED. The byte counts vary by PIC type.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(M Series and T Series routers only) On M320 and M120 routers and the T Series routers, only the total number of dropped bytes is displayed. On all other M Series routers, the output classifies dropped bytes into the following categories: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Low, non-TCP</b>—Number of low-loss priority non-TCP bytes dropped because of RED.</li> <li><b>Low, TCP</b>—Number of low-loss priority TCP bytes dropped because of RED.</li> <li><b>High, non-TCP</b>—Number of high-loss priority non-TCP bytes dropped because of RED.</li> <li><b>High, TCP</b>—Number of high-loss priority TCP bytes dropped because of RED.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE:</b> Due to accounting space limitations on certain Type 3 FPCs (which are supported in M320 and T640 routers), this field does not always display the correct value for queue 6 or queue 7 for interfaces on 10-port 1-Gigabit Ethernet PICs.</p> |
| Transmit rate     | Configured transmit rate of the scheduler. The rate is a percentage of the total interface bandwidth.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Rate Limit        | <p>Rate limiting configuration of the queue. Possible values are :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>None</b>—No rate limit.</li> <li><b>exact</b>—Queue transmits at the configured rate.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Buffer size       | Delay buffer size in the queue.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Priority          | Scheduling priority configured as <b>low</b> or <b>high</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Excess Priority   | Priority of the excess bandwidth traffic on a scheduler: <b>low</b> , <b>medium-low</b> , <b>medium-high</b> , <b>high</b> , or <b>none</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Drop profiles     | <p>Display the assignment of drop profiles.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Loss priority</b>—Packet loss priority for drop profile assignment.</li> <li><b>Protocol</b>—Transport protocol for drop profile assignment.</li> <li><b>Index</b>—Index of the indicated object. Objects that have indexes in this output include schedulers and drop profiles.</li> <li><b>Name</b>—Name of the drop profile.</li> <li><b>Type</b>—Type of the drop profile: <b>discrete</b> or <b>interpolated</b>.</li> <li><b>Fill Level</b>—Percentage fullness of a queue.</li> <li><b>Drop probability</b>—Drop probability at this fill level.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Excess Priority   | Priority of the excess bandwidth traffic on a scheduler.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |



Table 92: show class-of-service interface Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                    | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Drop profiles</b>          | <p>Display the assignment of drop profiles.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Loss priority</b>—Packet loss priority for drop profile assignment.</li> <li>• <b>Protocol</b>—Transport protocol for drop profile assignment.</li> <li>• <b>Index</b>—Index of the indicated object. Objects that have indexes in this output include schedulers and drop profiles.</li> <li>• <b>Name</b>—Name of the drop profile.</li> <li>• <b>Type</b>—Type of the drop profile: <b>discrete</b> or <b>interpolated</b>.</li> <li>• <b>Fill Level</b>—Percentage fullness of a queue.</li> <li>• <b>Drop probability</b>—Drop probability at this fill level.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Adjustment information</b> | <p>Display the assignment of shaping-rate adjustments on a scheduler node or queue.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Adjusting application</b>—Application that is performing the shaping-rate adjustment. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The adjusting application can appear as <b>ancp LS-0</b>, which is the Junos OS Access Node Control Profile process (<b>ancpd</b>) that performs shaping-rate adjustments on schedule nodes.</li> <li>• The adjusting application can appear as <b>DHCP</b>, which adjusts the shaping-rate and overhead-accounting class-of-service attributes based on DHCP option 82, suboption 9 (Vendor Specific Information). The shaping rate is based on the actual-data-rate-downstream attribute. The overhead accounting value is based on the access-loop-encapsulation attribute and specifies whether the access loop uses Ethernet (frame mode) or ATM (cell mode).</li> <li>• The adjusting application can also appear as <b>pppoe</b>, which adjusts the shaping-rate and overhead-accounting class-of-service attributes on dynamic subscriber interfaces in a broadband access network based on access line parameters in Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) Tags [TR-101]. This feature is supported on MPC/MIC interfaces on MX Series routers. The shaping rate is based on the actual-data-rate-downstream attribute. The overhead accounting value is based on the access-loop-encapsulation attribute and specifies whether the access loop uses Ethernet (frame mode) or ATM (cell mode).</li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b>Adjustment type</b>—Type of adjustment: <b>absolute</b> or <b>delta</b>.</li> <li>• <b>Configured shaping rate</b>—Shaping rate configured for the scheduler node or queue.</li> <li>• <b>Adjustment value</b>—Value of adjusted shaping rate.</li> <li>• <b>Adjustment target</b>—Level of shaping-rate adjustment performed: <b>node</b> or <b>queue</b>.</li> <li>• <b>Adjustment overhead-accounting mode</b>—Configured shaping mode: <b>frame</b> or <b>cell</b>.</li> <li>• <b>Adjustment overhead bytes</b>—Number of bytes that the ANCP agent adds to or subtracts from the actual downstream frame overhead before reporting the adjusted values to CoS.</li> <li>• <b>Adjustment target</b>—Level of shaping-rate adjustment performed: <b>node</b> or <b>queue</b>.</li> <li>• <b>Adjustment multicast index</b>—</li> </ul> |

## Sample Output

### show class-of-service interface (Physical)

```

user@host> show class-of-service interface so-0/2/3
Physical interface: so-0/2/3, Index: 135
Maximum usable queues: 8, Queues in use: 4
Total non-default queues created: 4
 Scheduler map: <default>, Index: 2032638653

Logical interface: fe-0/0/1.0, Index: 68, Dedicated Queues: no

```

```

Shaping rate: 32000
Object Name Type Index
Scheduler-map <default>
Rewrite exp-default exp 21
Classifier exp-default exp 5
Classifier ipprec-compatibility ip 8
Forwarding-class-map exp-default exp 5

```

#### show class-of-service interface (Logical)

```

user@host> show class-of-service interface so-0/2/3.0
Logical interface: so-0/2/3.0, Index: 68, Dedicated Queues: no
Shaping rate: 32000
Object Name Type Index
Scheduler-map <default>
Rewrite exp-default exp 21
Classifier exp-default exp 5
Classifier ipprec-compatibility ip 8
Forwarding-class-map exp-default exp 5

```

#### show class-of-service interface (Gigabit Ethernet)

```

user@host> show class-of-service interface ge-6/2/0
Physical interface: ge-6/2/0, Index: 175
Maximum usable queues: 4, Queues in use: 4
Scheduler map: <default>, Index: 2
Input scheduler map: <default>, Index: 3
Chassis scheduler map: <default-chassis>, Index: 4

```

#### show class-of-service interface (ANCP)

```

user@host> show class-of-service interface pp0.1073741842
Logical interface: pp0.1073741842, Index: 341
Object Name Type Index
Traffic-control-profile TCP-CVLAN Output 12408
Classifier dscp-ipv6-compatibility dscp-ipv6 9
Classifier ipprec-compatibility ip 13

Adjusting application: ancp LS-0
Adjustment type: absolute
Configured shaping rate: 4000000
Adjustment value: 11228000
Adjustment overhead-accounting mode: Frame Mode
Adjustment overhead bytes: 50
Adjustment target: node

```

#### show class-of-service interface (PPPoE Interface)

```

user@host> show class-of-service interface pp0.1
Logical interface: pp0.1, Index: 85
Object Name Type Index
Traffic-control-profile tcp-pppoe.o.pp0.1 Output 27264446535
Classifier ipprec-compatibility ip 13

Adjusting application: PPPoE
Adjustment type: absolute
Adjustment value: 5000000
Adjustment overhead-accounting mode: cell
Adjustment target: node

```

**show class-of-service interface (DHCP Interface)**

```

user@host> show class-of-service interface demux0.1
Logical interface: pp0.1, Index: 85
 Object Name Type Index
 Traffic-control-profile tcp-dhcp.o.demux0.1 Output 2726446535
 Classifier ipprec-compatibility ip 13

Adjusting application: DHCP
Adjustment type: absolute
Adjustment value: 5000000
Adjustment overhead-accounting mode: cell
Adjustment target: node

```

**show class-of-service interface (T4000 Routers with Type 5 FPCs)**

```

user@host> show class-of-service interface xe-4/0/0
Physical interface: xe-4/0/0, Index: 153
 Maximum usable queues: 8, Queues in use: 4
 Shaping rate: 5000000000 bps
 Scheduler map: <default>, Index: 2
 Congestion-notification: Disabled

Logical interface: xe-4/0/0.0, Index: 77
 Object Name Type
 Classifier ipprec-compatibility ip
Index
13

```

**show class-of-service interface detail**

```

user@host> show class-of-service interface ge-0/3/0 detail

Physical interface: ge-0/3/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
 Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1518, Speed: 1000mbps, Loopback: Disabled,
 Source filtering: Disabled, Flow control: Enabled, Auto-negotiation: Enabled,
 Remote fault: Online
 Device flags : Present Running
 Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000

Physical interface: ge-0/3/0, Index: 138
 Maximum usable queues: 4, Queues in use: 5
 Shaping rate: 50000 bps
 Scheduler map: interface-scheduler-map, Index: 58414
 Input shaping rate: 10000 bps
 Input scheduler map: scheduler-map, Index: 15103
 Chassis scheduler map: <default-chassis>, Index: 4
 Congestion-notification: Disabled

Logical interface ge-0/3/0.0
 Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x4000 VLAN-Tag [0x8100.1] Encapsulation: ENET2
 inet
 mpls
Interface Admin Link Proto Input Filter Output Filter
ge-0/3/0.0 up up inet
 up up mpls
Interface Admin Link Proto Input Policer Output Policer
ge-0/3/0.0 up up inet
 up up mpls

```

```

Logical interface: ge-0/3/0.0, Index: 68
Object Name Type Index
Rewrite exp-default exp (mpls-any) 33
Classifier exp-default exp 10
Classifier ipprec-compatibility ip 13

```

```

Logical interface ge-0/3/0.1
Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x4000 VLAN-Tag [0x8100.2] Encapsulation: ENET2
inet
Interface Admin Link Proto Input Filter Output Filter
ge-0/3/0.1 up up inet
Interface Admin Link Proto Input Policer Output Policer
ge-0/3/0.1 up up inet

```

```

Logical interface: ge-0/3/0.1, Index: 69
Object Name Type Index
Classifier ipprec-compatibility ip 13

```

#### show class-of-service interface comprehensive

```

user@host> show class-of-service interface ge-0/3/0 comprehensive
Physical interface: ge-0/3/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
Interface index: 138, SNMP ifIndex: 601, Generation: 141
Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1518, Speed: 1000mbps, BPDU Error: None,
MAC-REWRITE Error: None, Loopback: Disabled, Source filtering: Disabled, Flow
control: Enabled,
Auto-negotiation: Enabled, Remote fault: Online
Device flags : Present Running
Interface flags: SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
CoS queues : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
Schedulers : 256
Hold-times : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
Current address: 00:14:f6:f4:b4:5d, Hardware address: 00:14:f6:f4:b4:5d
Last flapped : 2010-09-07 06:35:22 PDT (15:14:42 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
Input bytes : 0 0 bps
Output bytes : 0 0 bps
Input packets: 0 0 pps
Output packets: 0 0 pps
IPv6 total statistics:
Input bytes : 0
Output bytes : 0
Input packets: 0
Output packets: 0
Ingress traffic statistics at Packet Forwarding Engine:
Input bytes : 0 0 bps
Input packets: 0 0 pps
Drop bytes : 0 0 bps
Drop packets: 0 0 pps
Label-switched interface (LSI) traffic statistics:
Input bytes : 0 0 bps
Input packets: 0 0 pps
Input errors:
Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Policed discards: 0, L3
incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0, FIFO errors: 0,
Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
Carrier transitions: 5, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Collisions: 0, Aged packets: 0,
FIFO errors: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0, MTU errors: 0, Resource errors: 0

```

```

Ingress queues: 4 supported, 5 in use
Queue counters: Queued packets Transmitted packets Dropped packets

 0 af3 0 0 0
 1 af2 0 0 0
 2 ef2 0 0 0
 3 ef1 0 0 0

Egress queues: 4 supported, 5 in use
Queue counters: Queued packets Transmitted packets Dropped packets

 0 af3 0 0 0
 1 af2 0 0 0
 2 ef2 0 0 0
 3 ef1 0 0 0

Active alarms : None
Active defects : None
MAC statistics:
 Receive Transmit
 Total octets 0 0
 Total packets 0 0
 Unicast packets 0 0
 Broadcast packets 0 0
 Multicast packets 0 0
 CRC/Align errors 0 0
 FIFO errors 0 0
 MAC control frames 0 0
 MAC pause frames 0 0
 Oversized frames 0
 Jabber frames 0
 Fragment frames 0
 VLAN tagged frames 0
 Code violations 0
Filter statistics:
 Input packet count 0
 Input packet rejects 0
 Input DA rejects 0
 Input SA rejects 0
 Output packet count 0
 Output packet pad count 0
 Output packet error count 0
 CAM destination filters: 0, CAM source filters: 0
Autonegotiation information:
 Negotiation status: Complete
 Link partner:
 Link mode: Full-duplex, Flow control: Symmetric/Asymmetric, Remote fault:
OK
 Local resolution:
 Flow control: Symmetric, Remote fault: Link OK
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
 Destination slot: 0
CoS information:
 Direction : Output
 CoS transmit queue Bandwidth Buffer Priority
Limit

```

|                    |    |           |    |        |          |
|--------------------|----|-----------|----|--------|----------|
|                    | %  | bps       | %  | usec   |          |
| 2 ef2              | 39 | 19500     | 0  | 120    | high     |
| none               |    |           |    |        |          |
| Direction : Input  |    |           |    |        |          |
| CoS transmit queue |    | Bandwidth |    | Buffer | Priority |
| Limit              |    |           |    |        |          |
|                    | %  | bps       | %  | usec   |          |
| 0 af3              | 30 | 3000      | 45 | 0      | low      |
| none               |    |           |    |        |          |

Physical interface: ge-0/3/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up

Interface index: 138, SNMP ifIndex: 601

Forwarding classes: 16 supported, 5 in use

Ingress queues: 4 supported, 5 in use

Queue: 0, Forwarding classes: af3

Queued:

|         |   |   |       |
|---------|---|---|-------|
| Packets | : | 0 | 0 pps |
| Bytes   | : | 0 | 0 bps |

Transmitted:

|         |   |   |       |
|---------|---|---|-------|
| Packets | : | 0 | 0 pps |
| Bytes   | : | 0 | 0 bps |

Tail-dropped packets : Not Available

|                     |   |   |       |
|---------------------|---|---|-------|
| RED-dropped packets | : | 0 | 0 pps |
|---------------------|---|---|-------|

|                   |   |   |       |
|-------------------|---|---|-------|
| RED-dropped bytes | : | 0 | 0 bps |
|-------------------|---|---|-------|

Queue: 1, Forwarding classes: af2

Queued:

|         |   |   |       |
|---------|---|---|-------|
| Packets | : | 0 | 0 pps |
| Bytes   | : | 0 | 0 bps |

Transmitted:

|         |   |   |       |
|---------|---|---|-------|
| Packets | : | 0 | 0 pps |
| Bytes   | : | 0 | 0 bps |

Tail-dropped packets : Not Available

|                     |   |   |       |
|---------------------|---|---|-------|
| RED-dropped packets | : | 0 | 0 pps |
|---------------------|---|---|-------|

|                   |   |   |       |
|-------------------|---|---|-------|
| RED-dropped bytes | : | 0 | 0 bps |
|-------------------|---|---|-------|

Queue: 2, Forwarding classes: ef2

Queued:

|         |   |   |       |
|---------|---|---|-------|
| Packets | : | 0 | 0 pps |
| Bytes   | : | 0 | 0 bps |

Transmitted:

|         |   |   |       |
|---------|---|---|-------|
| Packets | : | 0 | 0 pps |
| Bytes   | : | 0 | 0 bps |

Tail-dropped packets : Not Available

|                     |   |   |       |
|---------------------|---|---|-------|
| RED-dropped packets | : | 0 | 0 pps |
|---------------------|---|---|-------|

|                   |   |   |       |
|-------------------|---|---|-------|
| RED-dropped bytes | : | 0 | 0 bps |
|-------------------|---|---|-------|

Queue: 3, Forwarding classes: ef1

Queued:

|         |   |   |       |
|---------|---|---|-------|
| Packets | : | 0 | 0 pps |
| Bytes   | : | 0 | 0 bps |

Transmitted:

|         |   |   |       |
|---------|---|---|-------|
| Packets | : | 0 | 0 pps |
| Bytes   | : | 0 | 0 bps |

Tail-dropped packets : Not Available

|                     |   |   |       |
|---------------------|---|---|-------|
| RED-dropped packets | : | 0 | 0 pps |
|---------------------|---|---|-------|

|                   |   |   |       |
|-------------------|---|---|-------|
| RED-dropped bytes | : | 0 | 0 bps |
|-------------------|---|---|-------|

Forwarding classes: 16 supported, 5 in use

Egress queues: 4 supported, 5 in use

Queue: 0, Forwarding classes: af3

Queued:

|         |   |   |       |
|---------|---|---|-------|
| Packets | : | 0 | 0 pps |
| Bytes   | : | 0 | 0 bps |

Transmitted:

```

Packets : 0 0 pps
Bytes : 0 0 bps
Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
RL-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RL-dropped bytes : 0 0 bps
RED-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped bytes : 0 0 bps
Queue: 1, Forwarding classes: af2
 Queued:
 Packets : 0 0 pps
 Bytes : 0 0 bps
 Transmitted:
 Packets : 0 0 pps
 Bytes : 0 0 bps
 Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
 RL-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
 RL-dropped bytes : 0 0 bps
 RED-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
 RED-dropped bytes : 0 0 bps
Queue: 2, Forwarding classes: ef2
 Queued:
 Packets : 0 0 pps
 Bytes : 0 0 bps
 Transmitted:
 Packets : 0 0 pps
 Bytes : 0 0 bps
 Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
 RL-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
 RL-dropped bytes : 0 0 bps
 RED-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
 RED-dropped bytes : 0 0 bps
Queue: 3, Forwarding classes: ef1
 Queued:
 Packets : 0 0 pps
 Bytes : 0 0 bps
 Transmitted:
 Packets : 0 0 pps
 Bytes : 0 0 bps
 Tail-dropped packets : Not Available
 RL-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
 RL-dropped bytes : 0 0 bps
 RED-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
 RED-dropped bytes : 0 0 bps

Packet Forwarding Engine Chassis Queues:
Queues: 4 supported, 5 in use
Queue: 0, Forwarding classes: af3
 Queued:
 Packets : 0 0 pps
 Bytes : 0 0 bps
 Transmitted:
 Packets : 0 0 pps
 Bytes : 0 0 bps
 Tail-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
 RED-dropped packets : Not Available
 RED-dropped bytes : Not Available
Queue: 1, Forwarding classes: af2
 Queued:
 Packets : 0 0 pps
 Bytes : 0 0 bps
 Transmitted:

```

```

Packets : 0 0 pps
Bytes : 0 0 bps
Tail-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
RED-dropped packets : Not Available
RED-dropped bytes : Not Available
Queue: 2, Forwarding classes: ef2
 Queued:
 Packets : 0 0 pps
 Bytes : 0 0 bps
 Transmitted:
 Packets : 0 0 pps
 Bytes : 0 0 bps
 Tail-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
 RED-dropped packets : Not Available
 RED-dropped bytes : Not Available
Queue: 3, Forwarding classes: ef1
 Queued:
 Packets : 108546 0 pps
 Bytes : 12754752 376 bps
 Transmitted:
 Packets : 108546 0 pps
 Bytes : 12754752 376 bps
 Tail-dropped packets : 0 0 pps
 RED-dropped packets : Not Available
 RED-dropped bytes : Not Available

```

```

Physical interface: ge-0/3/0, Index: 138
Maximum usable queues: 4, Queues in use: 5
Shaping rate: 50000 bps

```

```
Scheduler map: interface-scheduler-map, Index: 58414
```

```

Scheduler: ef2, Forwarding class: ef2, Index: 39155
 Transmit rate: 39 percent, Rate Limit: none, Buffer size: 120 us, Buffer
 Limit: none, Priority: high
 Excess Priority: unspecified
 Drop profiles:
 Loss priority Protocol Index Name
 Low any 1 < default-drop-profile>
 Medium low any 1 < default-drop-profile>
 Medium high any 1 < default-drop-profile>
 High any 1 < default-drop-profile>
 Drop profile: < default-drop-profile>, Type: discrete, Index: 1
 Fill level Drop probability
 100 100
 Drop profile: < default-drop-profile>, Type: discrete, Index: 1
 Fill level Drop probability
 100 100
 Drop profile: < default-drop-profile>, Type: discrete, Index: 1
 Fill level Drop probability
 100 100
 Drop profile: < default-drop-profile>, Type: discrete, Index: 1
 Fill level Drop probability
 100 100
 Input shaping rate: 10000 bps
 Input scheduler map: scheduler-map

```

```
Scheduler map: scheduler-map, Index: 15103
```

```

Scheduler: af3, Forwarding class: af3, Index: 35058
 Transmit rate: 30 percent, Rate Limit: none, Buffer size: 45 percent, Buffer

```



```

Limit: none, Priority: low
Excess Priority: unspecified
Drop profiles:
 Loss priority Protocol Index Name
 Low any 40582 green
 Medium low any 1 < default-drop-profile>
 Medium high any 1 < default-drop-profile>
 High any 18928 yellow
Drop profile: green, Type: discrete, Index: 40582
 Fill level Drop probability
 50 0
 100 100
Drop profile: < default-drop-profile>, Type: discrete, Index: 1
 Fill level Drop probability
 100 100
Drop profile: < default-drop-profile>, Type: discrete, Index: 1
 Fill level Drop probability
 100 100
Drop profile: yellow, Type: discrete, Index: 18928
 Fill level Drop probability
 50 0
 100 100
Chassis scheduler map: < default-drop-profile>
Scheduler map: < default-drop-profile>, Index: 4

Scheduler: < default-drop-profile>, Forwarding class: af3, Index: 25
 Transmit rate: 25 percent, Rate Limit: none, Buffer size: 25 percent, Buffer
Limit: none, Priority: low
Excess Priority: low
Drop profiles:
 Loss priority Protocol Index Name
 Low any 1 < default-drop-profile>
 Medium low any 1 < default-drop-profile>
 Medium high any 1 < default-drop-profile>
 High any 1 < default-drop-profile>
Drop profile: < default-drop-profile>, Type: discrete, Index: 1
 Fill level Drop probability
 100 100
Drop profile: < default-drop-profile>, Type: discrete, Index: 1
 Fill level Drop probability
 100 100
Drop profile: < default-drop-profile>, Type: discrete, Index: 1
 Fill level Drop probability
 100 100
Drop profile: < default-drop-profile>, Type: discrete, Index: 1
 Fill level Drop probability
 100 100

Scheduler: < default-drop-profile>, Forwarding class: af2, Index: 25
 Transmit rate: 25 percent, Rate Limit: none, Buffer size: 25 percent, Buffer
Limit: none, Priority: low
Excess Priority: low
Drop profiles:
 Loss priority Protocol Index Name
 Low any 1 < default-drop-profile>
 Medium low any 1 < default-drop-profile>
 Medium high any 1 < default-drop-profile>
 High any 1 < default-drop-profile>
Drop profile: < default-drop-profile>, Type: discrete, Index: 1
 Fill level Drop probability
 100 100

```

```

Drop profile: < default-drop-profile>, Type: discrete, Index: 1
 Fill level Drop probability
 100 100
Drop profile: < default-drop-profile>, Type: discrete, Index: 1
 Fill level Drop probability
 100 100
Drop profile: < default-drop-profile>, Type: discrete, Index: 1
 Fill level Drop probability
 100 100

Scheduler: < default-drop-profile>, Forwarding class: ef2, Index: 25
 Transmit rate: 25 percent, Rate Limit: none, Buffer size: 25 percent, Buffer
 Limit: none, Priority: low
 Excess Priority: low
 Drop profiles:
 Loss priority Protocol Index Name
 Low any 1 < default-drop-profile>
 Medium low any 1 < default-drop-profile>
 Medium high any 1 < default-drop-profile>
 High any 1 < default-drop-profile>
Drop profile: < default-drop-profile>, Type: discrete, Index: 1
 Fill level Drop probability
 100 100
Drop profile: < default-drop-profile>, Type: discrete, Index: 1
 Fill level Drop probability
 100 100
Drop profile: < default-drop-profile>, Type: discrete, Index: 1
 Fill level Drop probability
 100 100
Drop profile: < default-drop-profile>, Type: discrete, Index: 1
 Fill level Drop probability
 100 100

Scheduler: < default-drop-profile>, Forwarding class: ef1, Index: 25
 Transmit rate: 25 percent, Rate Limit: none, Buffer size: 25 percent, Buffer
 Limit: none, Priority: low
 Excess Priority: low
 Drop profiles:
 Loss priority Protocol Index Name
 Low any 1 < default-drop-profile>
 Medium low any 1 < default-drop-profile>
 Medium high any 1 < default-drop-profile>
 High any 1 < default-drop-profile>
Drop profile: , Type: discrete, Index: 1
 Fill level Drop probability
 100 100
Drop profile: < default-drop-profile>, Type: discrete, Index: 1
 Fill level Drop probability
 100 100
Drop profile: < default-drop-profile>, Type: discrete, Index: 1
 Fill level Drop probability
 100 100
Drop profile: < default-drop-profile>, Type: discrete, Index: 1
 Fill level Drop probability
 100 100
 Congestion-notification: Disabled
Forwarding class
priority Policing priority
af3 normal 0 0 0 low
af2 normal 1 1 1 low

```

|     |        |   |   |   |      |
|-----|--------|---|---|---|------|
| ef2 | normal | 2 | 2 | 2 | high |
| ef1 | normal | 3 | 3 | 3 | high |
| af1 | normal | 4 | 4 | 0 | low  |

Logical interface ge-0/3/0.0 (Index 68) (SNMP ifIndex 152) (Generation 159)  
 Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x4000 VLAN-Tag [ 0x8100.1 ] Encapsulation: ENET2

Traffic statistics:

Input bytes : 0  
 Output bytes : 0  
 Input packets: 0  
 Output packets: 0

Local statistics:

Input bytes : 0  
 Output bytes : 0  
 Input packets: 0  
 Output packets: 0

Transit statistics:

Input bytes : 0 0 bps  
 Output bytes : 0 0 bps  
 Input packets: 0 0 pps  
 Output packets: 0 0 pps

Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 172, Route table: 0

Flags: Sendbcst-pkt-to-re

Input Filters: filter-in-ge-0/3/0.0-i,

Policer: Input: p1-ge-0/3/0.0-inet-i

Protocol mpls, MTU: 1488, Maximum labels: 3, Generation: 173, Route table: 0

Flags: Is-Primary

Output Filters: exp-filter,,,,,

Logical interface ge-1/2/0.0 (Index 347) (SNMP ifIndex 638) (Generation 156)

| Forwarding class ID | Queue | Restricted queue | Fabric priority | Policing priority |
|---------------------|-------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| SPU priority        |       |                  |                 |                   |
| best-effort         | 0     | 0                | low             | normal            |
| low                 |       |                  |                 |                   |

Aggregate Forwarding-class statistics per forwarding-class

Aggregate Forwarding-class statistics:

Forwarding-class statistics:

Forwarding-class best-effort statistics:

Input unicast bytes: 0  
 Output unicast bytes: 0  
 Input unicast packets: 0  
 Output unicast packets: 0

Input multicast bytes: 0  
 Output multicast bytes: 0  
 Input multicast packets: 0  
 Output multicast packets: 0

Forwarding-class expedited-forwarding statistics:

Input unicast bytes: 0  
 Output unicast bytes: 0  
 Input unicast packets: 0  
 Output unicast packets: 0

```
Input multicast bytes: 0
Output multicast bytes: 0
Input multicast packets: 0
Output multicast packets: 0
```

IPv4 protocol forwarding-class statistics:

Forwarding-class statistics:

Forwarding-class best-effort statistics:

```
Input unicast bytes: 0
Output unicast bytes: 0
Input unicast packets: 0
Output unicast packets: 0
```

```
Input multicast bytes: 0
Output multicast bytes: 0
Input multicast packets: 0
Output multicast packets: 0
```

Forwarding-class expedited-forwarding statistics:

```
Input unicast bytes: 0
Output unicast bytes: 0
Input unicast packets: 0
Output unicast packets: 0
```

```
Input multicast bytes: 0
Output multicast bytes: 0
Input multicast packets: 0
Output multicast packets: 0
```

IPv6 protocol forwarding-class statistics:

Forwarding-class statistics:

Forwarding-class best-effort statistics:

```
Input unicast bytes: 0
Output unicast bytes: 0
Input unicast packets: 0
Output unicast packets: 0
```

```
Input multicast bytes: 0
Output multicast bytes: 0
Input multicast packets: 0
Output multicast packets: 0
```

Forwarding-class expedited-forwarding statistics:

```
Input unicast bytes: 0
Output unicast bytes: 0
Input unicast packets: 0
Output unicast packets: 0
```

```
Input multicast bytes: 0
Output multicast bytes: 0
Input multicast packets: 0
Output multicast packets: 0
```

Logical interface ge-0/3/0.0 (Index 68) (SNMP ifIndex 152)

Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x4000 VLAN-Tag [ 0x8100.1 ] Encapsulation: ENET2

Input packets : 0

Output packets: 0

```

Interface Admin Link Proto Input Filter Output Filter
ge-0/3/0.0 up up inet filter-in-ge-0/3/0.0-i
 up up mpls exp-filter

Interface Admin Link Proto Input Policer Output Policer
ge-0/3/0.0 up up inet p1-ge-0/3/0.0-inet-i
 up up mpls

```

Filter: filter-in-ge-0/3/0.0-i

Counters:

| Name                         | Bytes | Packets |
|------------------------------|-------|---------|
| count-filter-in-ge-0/3/0.0-i | 0     | 0       |

Filter: exp-filter

Counters:

| Name                  | Bytes | Packets |
|-----------------------|-------|---------|
| count-exp-seven-match | 0     | 0       |
| count-exp-zero-match  | 0     | 0       |

Policers:

| Name                 | Packets |
|----------------------|---------|
| p1-ge-0/3/0.0-inet-i | 0       |

Logical interface: ge-0/3/0.0, Index: 68

| Object  | Name        | Type           | Index |
|---------|-------------|----------------|-------|
| Rewrite | exp-default | exp (mpls-any) | 33    |

Rewrite rule: exp-default, Code point type: exp, Index: 33

| Forwarding class | Loss priority | Code point |
|------------------|---------------|------------|
| af3              | low           | 000        |
| af3              | high          | 001        |
| af2              | low           | 010        |
| af2              | high          | 011        |
| ef2              | low           | 100        |
| ef2              | high          | 101        |
| ef1              | low           | 110        |
| ef1              | high          | 111        |

| Object     | Name        | Type | Index |
|------------|-------------|------|-------|
| Classifier | exp-default | exp  | 10    |

Classifier: exp-default, Code point type: exp, Index: 10

| Code point | Forwarding class | Loss priority |
|------------|------------------|---------------|
| 000        | af3              | low           |
| 001        | af3              | high          |
| 010        | af2              | low           |
| 011        | af2              | high          |
| 100        | ef2              | low           |
| 101        | ef2              | high          |
| 110        | ef1              | low           |
| 111        | ef1              | high          |

| Object     | Name                 | Type | Index |
|------------|----------------------|------|-------|
| Classifier | ipprec-compatibility | ip   | 13    |

Classifier: ipprec-compatibility, Code point type: inet-precedence, Index: 13

| Code point | Forwarding class | Loss priority |
|------------|------------------|---------------|
| 000        | af3              | low           |
| 001        | af3              | high          |
| 010        | af3              | low           |

|                  |                   |                                  |
|------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| 011              | af3               | high                             |
| 100              | af3               | low                              |
| 101              | af3               | high                             |
| 110              | ef1               | low                              |
| 111              | ef1               | high                             |
| Forwarding class |                   |                                  |
| priority         | Policing priority | ID Queue Restricted queue Fabric |
| af3              |                   | 0 0 0 low                        |
|                  | normal            |                                  |
| af2              |                   | 1 1 1 low                        |
|                  | normal            |                                  |
| ef2              |                   | 2 2 2 high                       |
|                  | normal            |                                  |
| ef1              |                   | 3 3 3 high                       |
|                  | normal            |                                  |
| af1              |                   | 4 4 0 low                        |
|                  | normal            |                                  |

Logical interface ge-0/3/0.1 (Index 69) (SNMP ifIndex 154) (Generation 160)

Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x4000 VLAN-Tag [ 0x8100.2 ] Encapsulation: ENET2

Traffic statistics:

Input bytes : 0  
Output bytes : 0  
Input packets: 0  
Output packets: 0

Local statistics:

Input bytes : 0  
Output bytes : 0  
Input packets: 0  
Output packets: 0

Transit statistics:

Input bytes : 0 0 bps  
Output bytes : 0 0 bps  
Input packets: 0 0 pps  
Output packets: 0 0 pps

Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 174, Route table: 0

Flags: Sendbroadcast-pkt-to-re

Logical interface ge-0/3/0.1 (Index 69) (SNMP ifIndex 154)

Flags: SNMP-Traps 0x4000 VLAN-Tag [ 0x8100.2 ] Encapsulation: ENET2

Input packets : 0

Output packets: 0

|            |       |      |       |               |                |
|------------|-------|------|-------|---------------|----------------|
| Interface  | Admin | Link | Proto | Input Filter  | Output Filter  |
| ge-0/3/0.1 | up    | up   | mpls  |               |                |
| Interface  | Admin | Link | Proto | Input Policer | Output Policer |
| ge-0/3/0.1 | up    | up   |       |               |                |
|            |       |      | mpls  |               |                |

Logical interface: ge-0/3/0.1, Index: 69

|            |                      |      |       |
|------------|----------------------|------|-------|
| Object     | Name                 | Type | Index |
| Classifier | ipprec-compatibility | ip   | 13    |

Classifier: ipprec-compatibility, Code point type: inet-precedence, Index: 13

|            |                  |               |
|------------|------------------|---------------|
| Code point | Forwarding class | Loss priority |
| 000        | af3              | low           |
| 001        | af3              | high          |
| 010        | af3              | low           |
| 011        | af3              | high          |

|                  |     |       |                  |        |
|------------------|-----|-------|------------------|--------|
| 100              | af3 | low   |                  |        |
| 101              | af3 | high  |                  |        |
| 110              | ef1 | low   |                  |        |
| 111              | ef1 | high  |                  |        |
| Forwarding class | ID  | Queue | Restricted queue | Fabric |
| priority         |     |       |                  |        |
| af3              | 0   | 0     | 0                | low    |
| normal           |     |       |                  |        |
| af2              | 1   | 1     | 1                | low    |
| normal           |     |       |                  |        |
| ef2              | 2   | 2     | 2                | high   |
| normal           |     |       |                  |        |
| ef1              | 3   | 3     | 3                | high   |
| normal           |     |       |                  |        |
| af1              | 4   | 4     | 0                | low    |
| normal           |     |       |                  |        |

### show class-of-service interface (ACX Series Routers)

```

user@host-g11# show class-of-service interface
Physical interface: at-0/0/0, Index: 130
Maximum usable queues: 4, Queues in use: 4
 Scheduler map: <default>, Index: 2
 Congestion-notification: Disabled

Logical interface: at-0/0/0.0, Index: 69

Logical interface: at-0/0/0.32767, Index: 70

Physical interface: at-0/0/1, Index: 133
Maximum usable queues: 4, Queues in use: 4
 Scheduler map: <default>, Index: 2
 Congestion-notification: Disabled

Logical interface: at-0/0/1.0, Index: 71

Logical interface: at-0/0/1.32767, Index: 72

Physical interface: ge-0/1/0, Index: 146
Maximum usable queues: 8, Queues in use: 5
 Scheduler map: <default>, Index: 2
 Congestion-notification: Disabled
Object Name Type Index
Rewrite dscp-default dscp 31
Classifier d1 dscp 11331
Classifier ci ieee8021p 583

Logical interface: ge-0/1/0.0, Index: 73
Object Name Type Index
Rewrite custom-exp exp (mpls-any) 46413

Logical interface: ge-0/1/0.1, Index: 74

Logical interface: ge-0/1/0.32767, Index: 75

Physical interface: ge-0/1/1, Index: 147
Maximum usable queues: 8, Queues in use: 5
 Scheduler map: <default>, Index: 2
 Congestion-notification: Disabled

```

|                                            |                      |                   |       |
|--------------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------|
| Object                                     | Name                 | Type              | Index |
| Classifier                                 | ipprec-compatibility | ip                | 13    |
| Logical interface: ge-0/1/1.0, Index: 76   |                      |                   |       |
| Physical interface: ge-0/1/2, Index: 148   |                      |                   |       |
| Maximum usable queues: 8, Queues in use: 5 |                      |                   |       |
| Scheduler map: <default>, Index: 2         |                      |                   |       |
| Congestion-notification: Disabled          |                      |                   |       |
| Object                                     | Name                 | Type              | Index |
| Rewrite                                    | ri                   | ieee8021p (outer) | 35392 |
| Classifier                                 | ci                   | ieee8021p         | 583   |
| Physical interface: ge-0/1/3, Index: 149   |                      |                   |       |
| Maximum usable queues: 8, Queues in use: 5 |                      |                   |       |
| Scheduler map: <default>, Index: 2         |                      |                   |       |
| Congestion-notification: Disabled          |                      |                   |       |
| Object                                     | Name                 | Type              | Index |
| Classifier                                 | ipprec-compatibility | ip                | 13    |
| Logical interface: ge-0/1/3.0, Index: 77   |                      |                   |       |
| Object                                     | Name                 | Type              | Index |
| Rewrite                                    | custom-exp2          | exp (mpls-any)    | 53581 |
| Physical interface: ge-0/1/4, Index: 150   |                      |                   |       |
| Maximum usable queues: 8, Queues in use: 5 |                      |                   |       |
| Scheduler map: <default>, Index: 2         |                      |                   |       |
| Congestion-notification: Disabled          |                      |                   |       |
| Object                                     | Name                 | Type              | Index |
| Classifier                                 | ipprec-compatibility | ip                | 13    |
| Physical interface: ge-0/1/5, Index: 151   |                      |                   |       |
| Maximum usable queues: 8, Queues in use: 5 |                      |                   |       |
| Scheduler map: <default>, Index: 2         |                      |                   |       |
| Congestion-notification: Disabled          |                      |                   |       |
| Object                                     | Name                 | Type              | Index |
| Classifier                                 | ipprec-compatibility | ip                | 13    |
| Physical interface: ge-0/1/6, Index: 152   |                      |                   |       |
| Maximum usable queues: 8, Queues in use: 5 |                      |                   |       |
| Scheduler map: <default>, Index: 2         |                      |                   |       |
| Congestion-notification: Disabled          |                      |                   |       |
| Object                                     | Name                 | Type              | Index |
| Classifier                                 | ipprec-compatibility | ip                | 13    |
| Physical interface: ge-0/1/7, Index: 153   |                      |                   |       |
| Maximum usable queues: 8, Queues in use: 5 |                      |                   |       |
| Scheduler map: <default>, Index: 2         |                      |                   |       |
| Congestion-notification: Disabled          |                      |                   |       |
| Object                                     | Name                 | Type              | Index |
| Classifier                                 | d1                   | dscp              | 11331 |
| Physical interface: ge-0/2/0, Index: 154   |                      |                   |       |
| Maximum usable queues: 8, Queues in use: 5 |                      |                   |       |
| Scheduler map: <default>, Index: 2         |                      |                   |       |
| Congestion-notification: Disabled          |                      |                   |       |
| Object                                     | Name                 | Type              | Index |
| Classifier                                 | ipprec-compatibility | ip                | 13    |
| Physical interface: ge-0/2/1, Index: 155   |                      |                   |       |
| Maximum usable queues: 8, Queues in use: 5 |                      |                   |       |



```

 Scheduler map: <default>, Index: 2
 Congestion-notification: Disabled
Object Name Type Index
Classifier ipprec-compatibility ip 13

 Logical interface: ge-0/2/1.0, Index: 78

 Logical interface: ge-0/2/1.32767, Index: 79

Physical interface: xe-0/3/0, Index: 156
Maximum usable queues: 8, Queues in use: 5
 Scheduler map: <default>, Index: 2
 Congestion-notification: Disabled
Object Name Type Index
Classifier ipprec-compatibility ip 13

 Logical interface: xe-0/3/0.0, Index: 80

Physical interface: xe-0/3/1, Index: 157
Maximum usable queues: 8, Queues in use: 5
 Scheduler map: <default>, Index: 2
 Congestion-notification: Disabled
Object Name Type Index
Classifier ipprec-compatibility ip 13

 Logical interface: xe-0/3/1.0, Index: 81

[edit]
user@host-g11#

```

### show class-of-service interface (PPPoE Subscriber Interface for Enhanced Subscriber Management)

```

user@host> show class-of-service interface pp0.3221225474
 Logical interface: pp0.3221225475, Index: 3221225475
Object Name Type Index
Traffic-control-profile TC_PROF_100_199_SERIES_UID1006 Output 4294967312
Scheduler-map SMAP-1_UID1002 Output 4294967327
Rewrite-Output ieee-rewrite 60432
Rewrite-Output rule1 ip 50463

 Adjusting application: PPPoE IA tags
 Adjustment type: absolute
 Configured shaping rate: 11000000
 Adjustment value: 5000000
 Adjustment target: node

 Adjusting application: ucac
 Adjustment type: delta
 Configured shaping rate: 5000000
 Adjustment value: 100000
 Adjustment target: node

```

## show class-of-service interface-set

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>show class-of-service interface-set</code><br><code>&lt;interface-set-name&gt;</code>                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.4.<br>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1R3 on MX Series routers for enhanced subscriber management.                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display the configured shaping rate and the adjusted shaping rate for each logical interface set configured for hierarchical class of service (CoS).                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>none</b> —Display CoS associations for all logical interface sets.<br><br><b>interface-set interface-set-name</b> —(Optional) Display CoS associations for the specified interface set.            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show class-of-service interface-set on page 1763</a><br><a href="#">show class-of-service interface-set (Enhanced Subscriber Management) on page 1763</a>                                 |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 93 on page 1762</a> describes the output fields for the <b>show class-of-service interface-set</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. |

**Table 93: show class-of-service interface-set Output Fields**

| Field Name                                      | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Interface-set</b>                            | Name of a logical interface set composed of one or more logical interfaces for which hierarchical scheduling is enabled.                                                                          |
| <b>Index</b>                                    | Index number of this interface set or the internal index number of this object.                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Physical interface</b>                       | Name of a physical interface.                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Queues supported</b>                         | Number of queues you can configure on the interface.                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Queues in use</b>                            | Number of queues currently configured.                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Output traffic control profile</b>           | Name of the output traffic control profile attached to the logical interface set.                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Output traffic control profile remaining</b> | (Enhanced subscriber management for MX Series routers) For dynamic subscriber management, name of the output traffic control profile for remaining traffic attached to the logical interface set. |

Table 93: show class-of-service interface-set Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                          | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Adjusting application               | <p>Name of the application that communicates shaping-rate adjustment information to the Junos OS class-of-service process (<b>cosd</b>) on the broadband services router (BSR). The BSR uses the information from this application to perform shaping-rate adjustments on the scheduler node that manages the interface set. The adjusting application appears as <b>ancp LS-0</b> which is the Junos OS Access Node Control Profile process (<b>ancpd</b>) that performs shaping-rate adjustments on schedule nodes. The nodes are logical interface sets configured to represent subscriber local loops. When the synchronization speed of the DSL line changes, <b>ancpd</b> communicates the local loop speed to <b>cosd</b> over the default logical system, <b>LS-0</b>, and then the BSR throttles the shaping rate on the scheduler node to the loop speed.</p> <p>The adjusting application can also appear as <b>PPPoE</b>, which adjusts the shaping-rate and overhead-accounting class-of-service attributes on dynamic subscriber interfaces in a broadband access network based on access line parameters in Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) Tags [TR-101]. This feature is supported on MPC/MIC interfaces on MX Series routers. The shaping rate is based on the actual data rate downstream attribute. The overhead accounting value is based on the access loop encapsulation attribute and specifies whether the access loop uses Ethernet (frame mode) or ATM (cell mode).</p> |
| Adjustment type                     | Type of shaping-rate adjustment performed by the BSR on the scheduler node. The type of adjustment appears as <b>Adjustment type</b> , meaning that the configured shaping rate is adjusted by an absolute value as opposed to by a percentage of the configured rate.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Configured shaping rate             | The maximum transmission rate on the physical interface as configured by the output traffic-control profile attached to the scheduler node.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Adjustment value                    | Value of the shaping-rate adjustment information sent by the adjusting application to <b>cosd</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Adjustment overhead-accounting mode | Configured shaping mode: <b>frame</b> or <b>cell</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## Sample Output

### show class-of-service interface-set

```

user@host> show class-of-service interface-set example-ifset-ge-4/0/0-7
Interface-set: example-ifset-ge-4/0/0-7, Index: 8
Physical interface: ge-4/0/0, Index: 270
Queues supported: 8, Queues in use: 8
Output traffic control profile: example-tcp-basic-rate, Index: 11395
Adjusting application: ancp LS-0
Adjustment type: absolute
Configured shaping rate: 50000000
Adjustment value: 888000
Adjustment overhead-accounting mode: cell

```

### show class-of-service interface-set (Enhanced Subscriber Management)

```

user@host> show class of service interface-set
Interface-set: ge-1/0/0-201-201, Index: 1
Physical interface: ge-1/0/0, Index: 142
Queues supported: 8, Queues in use: 4

```

Output traffic control profile: LEVEL\_2\_UID1001, Index: 4294967307  
Output traffic control profile remaining: TCP\_REMAIN\_UID1003, Index: 4294967308

## show class-of-service scheduler-map

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>show class-of-service scheduler-map</code><br><code>&lt;name&gt;</code>                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.<br>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.1 for the QFX Series.<br>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1R3 on MX Series routers for enhanced subscriber management. |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display the mapping of schedulers to forwarding classes and a summary of scheduler parameters for each entry.                                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>none</b> —Display all scheduler maps.<br><br><b>name</b> —(Optional) Display a summary of scheduler parameters for each forwarding class to which the named scheduler is assigned.                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Verifying and Managing Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management on page 620</a></li> </ul>                                                                               |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show class-of-service scheduler-map on page 1766</a><br><a href="#">show class-of-service scheduler-map (QFX Series) on page 1767</a>                                                                            |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 94 on page 1765</a> describes the output fields for the <b>show class-of-service scheduler-map</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                        |

**Table 94: show class-of-service scheduler-map Output Fields**

| Field Name           | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Scheduler map</b> | <p>Name of the scheduler map.</p> <p>(Enhanced subscriber management for MX Series routers) The name of the dynamic scheduler map object is associated with a generated UID (for example, <b>SMAP-1_UID1002</b>) instead of with a subscriber interface.</p>                                                                                         |
| <b>Index</b>         | <p>Index of the indicated object. Objects having indexes in this output include scheduler maps, schedulers, and drop profiles.</p> <p>(Enhanced subscriber management for MX Series routers) Index values for dynamic CoS traffic control profiles are larger for enhanced subscriber management than they are for legacy subscriber management.</p> |
| <b>Scheduler</b>     | Name of the scheduler.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

Table 94: show class-of-service scheduler-map Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                              | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Forwarding class</b>                 | Classification of a packet affecting the forwarding, scheduling, and marking policies applied as the packet transits the router.                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Transmit rate</b>                    | Configured transmit rate of the scheduler (in bps). The rate is a percentage of the total interface bandwidth, or the keyword <b>remainder</b> , which indicates that the scheduler receives the remaining bandwidth of the interface.                                                                     |
| <b>Rate Limit</b>                       | Rate limiting configuration of the queue. Possible values are <b>none</b> , meaning no rate limiting, and <b>exact</b> , meaning the queue only transmits at the configured rate.                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Maximum buffer delay</b>             | Amount of transmit delay (in milliseconds) or the buffer size of the queue. The buffer size is shown as a percentage of the total interface buffer allocation, or by the keyword <b>remainder</b> to indicate that the buffer is sized according to what remains after other scheduler buffer allocations. |
| <b>Priority</b>                         | Scheduling priority: <b>low</b> or <b>high</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Excess priority</b>                  | Priority of excess bandwidth: <b>low</b> , <b>medium-low</b> , <b>medium-high</b> , <b>high</b> , or <b>none</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Explicit Congestion Notification</b> | (QFX Series, OCX Series, and EX4600 switches only) Explicit congestion notification (ECN) state: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Disable—ECN is disabled on the specified scheduler</li> <li>• Enable—ECN is enabled on the specified scheduler</li> </ul> ECN is disabled by default.            |
| <b>Adjust minimum</b>                   | Minimum shaping rate for an adjusted queue, in bps.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Adjust percent</b>                   | Bandwidth adjustment applied to a queue, in percent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Drop profiles</b>                    | Table displaying the assignment of drop profiles by name and index to a given loss priority and protocol pair.                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Loss priority</b>                    | Packet loss priority for drop profile assignment.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Protocol</b>                         | Transport protocol for drop profile assignment.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Name</b>                             | Name of the drop profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

## Sample Output

### show class-of-service scheduler-map

```

user@host> show class-of-service scheduler-map
Scheduler map: dd-scheduler-map, Index: 84

Scheduler: aa-scheduler, Index: 8721, Forwarding class: aa-forwarding-class
Transmit rate: 30 percent, Rate Limit: none, Maximum buffer delay: 39 ms,
Priority: high
Drop profiles:
 Loss priority Protocol Index Name

```

|      |         |      |                 |
|------|---------|------|-----------------|
| Low  | non-TCP | 8724 | aa-drop-profile |
| Low  | TCP     | 9874 | bb-drop-profile |
| High | non-TCP | 8833 | cc-drop-profile |
| High | TCP     | 8484 | dd-drop-profile |

Scheduler: bb-scheduler, Forwarding class: aa-forwarding-class  
 Transmit rate: 40 percent, Rate limit: none, Maximum buffer delay: 68 ms,  
 Priority: high  
 Drop profiles:

| Loss priority | Protocol | Index | Name            |
|---------------|----------|-------|-----------------|
| Low           | non-TCP  | 8724  | aa-drop-profile |
| Low           | TCP      | 9874  | bb-drop-profile |
| High          | non-TCP  | 8833  | cc-drop-profile |
| High          | TCP      | 8484  | dd-drop-profile |

### show class-of-service scheduler-map (QFX Series)

```
user@switch# show class-of-service scheduler-map
Scheduler map: be-map, Index: 12240
```

Scheduler:be-sched, Forwarding class: best-effort, Index: 115  
 Transmit rate: 30 percent, Rate Limit: none, Buffer size: remainder,  
 Buffer Limit: none, Priority: low  
 Excess Priority: unspecified, Explicit Congestion Notification: disable

Drop profiles:

| Loss priority | Protocol | Index | Name   |
|---------------|----------|-------|--------|
| Low           | any      | 3312  | lan-dp |
| Medium-high   | any      | 2714  | be-dp1 |
| High          | any      | 3178  | be-dp2 |

## show class-of-service traffic-control-profile

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>show class-of-service traffic-control-profile</code><br><code>&lt;profile-name&gt;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.</p> <p>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.1 for the QFX Series.</p> <p>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 12.2 for ACX Series Routers.</p> <p>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1R3 on MX Series routers for enhanced subscriber management.</p>                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>For Gigabit Ethernet IQ PICs, Channelized IQ PICs, EQ DPCs, and MPC/MIC interfaces only, display traffic shaping and scheduling profiles.</p> <p>(ACX Series routers) For ATM IMA pseudowire interfaces, display traffic shaping and scheduling profiles.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>none</b>—Display all profiles.</p> <p><b>profile-name</b>—(Optional) Display information about a single profile.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Verifying and Managing Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management on page 620</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <p><a href="#">show class-of-service traffic-control-profile on page 1770</a></p> <p><a href="#">show class-of-service traffic-control-profile (MX Series routers with Clear Channel Multi-Rate CE MIC) on page 1771</a></p> <p><a href="#">show class-of-service traffic-control-profile (ACX Series routers with ATM IMA pseudowire interfaces) on page 1771</a></p> <p><a href="#">show class-of-service traffic-control-profile (Enhanced Subscriber Management) on page 1771</a></p> |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <p><a href="#">Table 95 on page 1768</a> describes the output fields for the <b>show class-of-service traffic-control-profile</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

**Table 95: show class-of-service traffic-control-profile Output Fields**

| Field Name              | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Traffic control profile | <p>Name of the traffic control profile.</p> <p>(Enhanced subscriber management for MX Series routers) The name of the dynamic traffic control profile object is associated with a generated UID (for example, TC_PROF_100_199_SERIES_UID1000) instead of with a subscriber interface.</p> |



**Table 95: show class-of-service traffic-control-profile Output Fields (*continued*)**

| Field Name                          | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Index</b>                        | Index number of the traffic control profile.<br><br>(Enhanced subscriber management for MX Series routers) Index values for dynamic CoS traffic control profiles are larger for enhanced subscriber management than they are for legacy subscriber management.                                                       |
| <b>ATM Service</b>                  | (MX Series routers with ATM Multi-Rate CE MIC) Configured category of ATM service. Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• cbr—Constant bit rate.</li> <li>• rtvbr—Real time variable bit rate.</li> <li>• nrtvbr—Non real time variable bit rate.</li> <li>• ubr—Unspecified bit rate.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Maximum Burst Size</b>           | Configured maximum burst size, in cells.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Peak rate</b>                    | Configured peak rate, in cps.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Sustained rate</b>               | Configured sustained rate, in cps.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Shaping rate</b>                 | Configured shaping rate, in bps.<br><br><b>NOTE:</b> (MX Series routers with ATM Multi-Rate CE MIC) Configured peak rate, in cps.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Shaping rate burst</b>           | Configured burst size for the shaping rate, in bytes.<br><br><b>NOTE:</b> (MX Series routers with ATM Multi-Rate CE MIC) Configured maximum burst rate, in cells.                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Shaping rate priority high</b>   | Configured shaping rate for high-priority traffic, in bps.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Shaping rate priority medium</b> | Configured shaping rate for medium-priority traffic, in bps.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Shaping rate priority low</b>    | Configured shaping rate for low-priority traffic, in bps.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Shaping rate excess high</b>     | Configured shaping rate for high-priority excess traffic, in bps.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Shaping rate excess low</b>      | Configured shaping rate for low-priority excess traffic, in bps.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Scheduler map</b>                | Name of the associated scheduler map.<br><br>(Enhanced subscriber management for MX Series routers) The name of the dynamic scheduler map object is associated with a generated UID (for example, <b>SMAP-1_UID1002</b> ) instead of with a subscriber interface.                                                    |
| <b>Delay Buffer rate</b>            | Configured delay buffer rate, in bps.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

Table 95: show class-of-service traffic-control-profile Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                      | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Excess rate</b>              | Configured excess rate, in percent or proportion.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Excess rate high</b>         | Configured excess rate for high priority traffic, in percent or proportion.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Excess rate low</b>          | Configured excess rate for low priority traffic, in percent or proportion.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Guaranteed rate</b>          | <p>Configured guaranteed rate, in bps or cps.</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> (MX Series routers with ATM Multi-Rate CE MIC) This value depends on the ATM service category chosen. Possible values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>cbr</b>—Guaranteed rate is equal to the configured peak rate in cps.</li> <li>• <b>rtvbr</b>—Guaranteed rate is equal to the configured sustained rate in cps.</li> <li>• <b>nrtvbr</b>—Guaranteed rate is equal to the configured sustained rate in cps.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Guaranteed rate burst</b>    | Configured burst size for the guaranteed rate, in bytes.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>adjust-minimum</b>           | Configured minimum shaping rate for an adjusted queue, in bps.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>overhead accounting mode</b> | Configured shaping mode: <b>Frame Mode</b> or <b>Cell Mode</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Overhead bytes</b>           | Configured byte adjustment value.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Adjust parent</b>            | <p>Configured shaping-rate adjustment for parent scheduler nodes. If enabled, this field appears.</p> <p><b>flow-aware</b> indicates that the parent scheduler node is adjusted only once per multicast channel.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

## Sample Output

### show class-of-service traffic-control-profile

```

user@host> show class-of-service traffic-control-profile
Traffic control profile: Profile1, Index: 57625
 Scheduler map: m1
 Delay Buffer rate: 500000
 Guaranteed rate: 1000000

Traffic control profile: Profile2, Index: 57624
 Scheduler map: m2
 Delay Buffer rate: 600000
 Guaranteed rate: 2000000

Traffic control profile: Profile3, Index: 57627
 Scheduler map: m3

```

```

Delay Buffer rate: 800000
Guaranteed rate: 3000000
.Excess rate high: proportion 4

Traffic control profile: Profile4, Index: 57626
Scheduler map: m4
Delay Buffer rate: 750000
Guaranteed rate: 4000000
..adjust-minimum 20000000

Traffic control profile: foo, Index: 57626
Shaping rate: 100000000
Scheduler map: <default>
Overhead accounting mode: Frame Mode
Frame mode overhead accounting bytes: -12
Adjust parent: flow-aware

```

#### show class-of-service traffic-control-profile (MX Series routers with Clear Channel Multi-Rate CE MIC)

```

user@host> show class-of-service traffic-control-profile
Traffic control profile: at-vbr1, Index: 11395
ATM Service: RTVBR
Scheduler map: m3
overhead accounting mode: Frame Mode
Shaping rate: 1000 cps
Shaping rate burst: 500 cells
Delay Buffer rate: 2000 cps
Guaranteed rate: 1000 cps

Traffic control profile: foo, Index: 38286
ATM Service: UBR
Scheduler map: m3
overhead accounting mode: Frame Mode

```

#### show class-of-service traffic-control-profile (ACX Series routers with ATM IMA pseudowire interfaces)

```

user@host> show class-of-service traffic-control-profile
Traffic control profile: foo, Index: 38286
ATM Service: RTVBR
Shaping rate: 2000 cps
Shaping rate burst: 200 cells
Scheduler map: <default>
Delay Buffer rate: 1000 cps
Guaranteed rate: 1700 cps

```

#### show class-of-service traffic-control-profile (Enhanced Subscriber Management)

```

user@host> show class-of-service traffic-control-profile
Traffic control profile: TC_PROF_100_199_SERIES_UID1000, Index: 4294967313
Shaping rate: 11000000
Shaping rate burst: 1 bytes
Scheduler map: SMAP-1_UID1002
Delay Buffer rate: 5000000
Overhead accounting mode: Cell Mode
Frame mode overhead accounting bytes: -4
Cell mode overhead accounting bytes: 20

```

## show database-replication statistics

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | show database-replication statistics                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display statistics regarding the replication of the subscriber management session database.                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | This command has no options.                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">show database-replication summary on page 1774</a></li> </ul>                                                                 |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show database-replication statistics on page 1772</a>                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | Table 96 on page 1772 lists the output fields for the <b>show database-replication statistics</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. |

**Table 96: show database-replication statistics Output Fields**

| Field Name       | Field Description                                                                             |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| General          | Number of dropped connections and the maximum buffer count.                                   |
| Message Received | Total size of messages received and the number of received messages that have been processed. |
| Message Sent     | Total size of messages sent and the number of sent messages that have been processed.         |
| Message Queue    | Number of messages in the queue and the maximum size of the queue.                            |

## Sample Output

### show database-replication statistics

```

user@host> show database-replication statistics

General:
 Dropped connections 0
 Max buffer count 0
Message received:
 Size (bytes) 0
 Processed 0
Message sent:

```

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| Size (bytes)   | 0 |
| Processed      | 0 |
| Message queue: |   |
| Queue full     | 0 |
| Max queue size | 0 |

## show database-replication summary

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | show database-replication summary                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display summary information regarding database replication for the subscriber management session database.                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | This command has no options.                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">show database-replication statistics on page 1772</a></li> </ul>                                                           |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show database-replication summary on page 1775</a>                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | Table 97 on page 1774 lists the output fields for the <b>show database-replication summary</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. |

**Table 97: show database-replication summary Output Fields**

| Field Name       | Field Description                                                                                                                                         |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Graceful Restart | State of graceful Routing Engine switchover (GRES): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enabled</li> <li>• Disabled</li> </ul>                       |
| Mastership       | State of the Routing Engine: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Master</li> <li>• Standby</li> </ul>                                                |
| Connection       | State of the connection: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Up</li> <li>• Down</li> </ul>                                                           |
| Database         | State of the subscriber management database: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Available</li> <li>• Unavailable</li> <li>• Synchronized</li> </ul> |

Table 97: show database-replication summary Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name    | Field Description                                                                                                                          |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Message Queue | State of the message queue: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Full</li> <li>• Init</li> <li>• Not Ready</li> <li>• Ready</li> </ul> |

## Sample Output

### show database-replication summary

```

user@host> show database-replication summary
General:
 Graceful Restart Enabled
 Mastership Standby
 Connection Up
 Database Available
 Message Queue Ready

```

## show dhcp relay binding

---

**Syntax**    **show dhcp relay binding**  
              <address>  
              <brief>  
              <detail>  
              <interface *interface-name*>  
              <interfaces-vlan>  
              <interfaces-wildcard>  
              <ip-address | mac-address>  
              <logical-system *logical-system-name*>  
              <routing-instance *routing-instance-name*>  
              <summary>

**Release Information**    Command introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.  
                              Options **interface** and **mac-address** added in Junos OS Release 8.4.  
                              Options *interfaces-vlan* and *interfaces-wildcard* added in Junos OS Release 12.1.  
                              Command introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1X48R3 for PTX Series Packet Transport Routers.

**Description**    Display the address bindings in the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) client table.

**Options**    **address**—(Optional) Display DHCP binding information for a specific client identified by one of the following entries:

- *ip-address*—The specified IP address.
- *mac-address*—The specified MAC address.
- *session-id*—The specified session ID.

**brief**—(Optional) Display brief information about the active client bindings. This is the default, and produces the same output as **show dhcp relay binding**.

**detail**—(Optional) Display detailed client binding information.

**interface *interface-name***—(Optional) Perform this operation on the specified interface. You can optionally filter on VLAN ID and SVLAN ID.

***interfaces-vlan***—(Optional) Show the binding state information on the interface VLAN ID and S-VLAN ID.

***interfaces-wildcard***—(Optional) The set of interfaces on which to show binding state information. This option supports the use of the wildcard character (\*).

**logical-system *logical-system-name***—(Optional) Perform this operation on the specified logical system.

**routing-instance *routing-instance-name***—(Optional) Perform this operation on the specified routing instance.



**summary**—(Optional) Display a summary of DHCP client information.

**Required Privilege Level** view

**Related Documentation**

- [Clearing DHCP Bindings for Subscriber Access on page 414](#)
- [clear dhcp relay binding on page 1629](#)

**List of Sample Output**

- [show dhcp relay binding on page 1779](#)
- [show dhcp relay binding detail on page 1779](#)
- [show dhcp relay binding interface on page 1779](#)
- [show dhcp relay binding interface vlan-id on page 1780](#)
- [show dhcp relay binding interface svlan-id on page 1780](#)
- [show dhcp relay binding ip-address on page 1780](#)
- [show dhcp relay binding mac-address on page 1780](#)
- [show dhcp relay binding session-id on page 1780](#)
- [show dhcp relay binding <interfaces-vlan> on page 1780](#)
- [show dhcp relay binding <interfaces-wildcard> on page 1780](#)
- [show dhcp relay binding summary on page 1781](#)

**Output Fields** Table 98 on page 1777 lists the output fields for the **show dhcp relay binding** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 98: show dhcp relay binding Output Fields**

| Field Name                                                                                                                                                                                     | Field Description                                                                                | Level of Output     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| <i>number</i> clients, ( <i>number</i> init, <i>number</i> bound, <i>number</i> selecting, <i>number</i> requesting, <i>number</i> renewing, <i>number</i> rebinding, <i>number</i> releasing) | Summary counts of the total number of DHCP clients and the number of DHCP clients in each state. | <b>summary</b>      |
| IP address                                                                                                                                                                                     | IP address of the DHCP client.                                                                   | <b>brief detail</b> |
| Session Id                                                                                                                                                                                     | Session ID of the subscriber session.                                                            | <b>brief detail</b> |
| Generated Remote ID                                                                                                                                                                            | Remote ID generated by the Option 82 Agent Remote ID (suboption 1)                               | <b>detail</b>       |
| Hardware address                                                                                                                                                                               | Hardware address of the DHCP client.                                                             | <b>brief detail</b> |
| Expires                                                                                                                                                                                        | Number of seconds in which the lease expires.                                                    | <b>brief detail</b> |

Table 98: show dhcp relay binding Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                       | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Level of Output     |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| <b>State</b>                     | <p>State of the DHCP relay address binding table on the DHCP client:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>BOUND</b>—Client has an active IP address lease.</li> <li>• <b>INIT</b>—Initial state.</li> <li>• <b>REBINDING</b>—Client is broadcasting a request to renew the IP address lease.</li> <li>• <b>RELEASE</b>—Client is releasing the IP address lease.</li> <li>• <b>RENEWING</b>—Client is sending a request to renew the IP address lease.</li> <li>• <b>REQUESTING</b>—Client is requesting a DHCP server.</li> <li>• <b>SELECTING</b>—Client is receiving offers from DHCP servers.</li> </ul> | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Interface</b>                 | Incoming client interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | brief               |
| <b>Lease Expires</b>             | Date and time at which the client's IP address lease expires.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | detail              |
| <b>Lease Expires in</b>          | Number of seconds in which the lease expires.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | detail              |
| <b>Lease Start</b>               | Date and time at which the client's IP address lease started.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | detail              |
| <b>Lease time violated</b>       | Lease time violation has occurred.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | detail              |
| <b>Incoming Client Interface</b> | Client's incoming interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | detail              |
| <b>Server IP Address</b>         | IP address of the DHCP server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | detail              |
| <b>Server Interface</b>          | Interface of the DHCP server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | detail              |
| <b>Bootp Relay Address</b>       | IP address of BOOTP relay.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | detail              |
| <b>Type</b>                      | <p>Type of DHCP packet processing performed on the router:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>active</b>—Router actively processes and relays DHCP packets.</li> <li>• <b>passive</b>—Router passively snoops DHCP packets passing through the router.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | All levels          |
| <b>Lease expires at</b>          | Date and time at which the client's IP address lease expires.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | All levels          |
| <b>Dual Stack Group</b>          | Name of dual stack that is configured with the DHCP binding.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | detail              |
| <b>Dual Stack Peer Prefix</b>    | Prefix of dual stack DHCPv6 peer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | detail              |
| <b>Dual Stack Peer Address</b>   | Address of the dual stack DHCPv6 peer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | detail              |

## Sample Output

### show dhcp relay binding

```
user@host> show dhcp relay binding
```

| IP address    | Session Id | Hardware address  | Expires | State | Interface  |
|---------------|------------|-------------------|---------|-------|------------|
| 198.51.100.11 | 41         | 00:00:5e:00:53:01 | 86371   | BOUND | ge-1/0/0.0 |
| 198.51.100.12 | 42         | 00:00:5e:00:53:02 | 86371   | BOUND | ge-1/0/0.0 |
| 198.51.100.13 | 43         | 00:00:5e:00:53:03 | 86371   | BOUND | ge-1/0/0.0 |
| 198.51.100.14 | 44         | 00:00:5e:00:53:04 | 86371   | BOUND | ge-1/0/0.0 |
| 198.51.100.15 | 45         | 00:00:5e:00:53:05 | 86371   | BOUND | ge-1/0/0.0 |

### show dhcp relay binding detail

```
user@host> show dhcp relay binding detail
```

```
Client IP Address: 198.51.100.11
 Hardware Address: 00:00:5e:00:53:01
 State: BOUND(DHCP_RELAY_STATE_BOUND_ON_INTF_DELETE)
 Lease Expires: 2009-07-21 11:00:06 PDT
 Lease Expires in: 86361 seconds
 Lease Start: 2009-07-20 11:00:06 PDT
 Lease time violated: yes
 Last Packet Received: 2009-07-20 11:00:06 PDT
 Incoming Client Interface: ge-1/0/0.0
 Server Ip Address: 198.51.100.22
 Server Interface: none
 Bootp Relay Address: 198.51.100.32
 Session Id: 41
 Dual Stack Group: dual-stack-retail6
 Dual Stack Peer Prefix: 2001:db8:0:4::/64
 Dual Stack Peer Address: 2001:db8:1:0:8003::1/128
```

```
Client IP Address: 198.51.100.12
 Hardware Address: 00:00:5e:00:53:02
 State: BOUND(DHCP_RELAY_STATE_BOUND_ON_INTF_DELETE)
 Lease Expires: 2009-07-21 11:00:06 PDT
 Lease Expires in: 86361 seconds
 Lease Start: 2009-07-20 11:00:06 PDT
 Last Packet Received: 2009-07-20 11:00:06 PDT
 Incoming Client Interface: ge-1/0/0.0
 Server Ip Address: 198.51.100.22
 Server Interface: none
 Bootp Relay Address: 198.51.100.32
 Session Id: 42
 Generated Remote ID: host:ge-1/0/0:100
```

### show dhcp relay binding interface

```
user@host> show dhcp relay binding interface fe-0/0/2
```

| IP address   | Hardware address  | Type   | Lease expires at        |
|--------------|-------------------|--------|-------------------------|
| 198.51.100.1 | 00:00:5e:00:53:01 | active | 2007-03-27 15:06:20 EDT |

**show dhcp relay binding interface vlan-id**

```
user@host> show dhcp relay binding interface ge-1/1/0:100
```

| IP address    | Session Id | Hardware address  | Expires | State | Interface    |
|---------------|------------|-------------------|---------|-------|--------------|
| 198.51.100.15 | 6          | 00:00:5e:00:53:94 | 86124   | BOUND | ge-1/1/0:100 |

**show dhcp relay binding interface svlan-id**

```
user@host> show dhcp relay binding interface ge-1/1/0:10-100
```

| IP address    | Session Id | Hardware address  | Expires | State | Interface       |
|---------------|------------|-------------------|---------|-------|-----------------|
| 198.51.100.16 | 7          | 00:00:5e:00:53:92 | 86124   | BOUND | ge-1/1/0:10-100 |

**show dhcp relay binding ip-address**

```
user@host> show dhcp relay binding 198.51.100.13
```

| IP address    | Session Id | Hardware address  | Expires | State | Interface  |
|---------------|------------|-------------------|---------|-------|------------|
| 198.51.100.13 | 43         | 00:00:5e:00:53:03 | 86293   | BOUND | ge-1/0/0.0 |

**show dhcp relay binding mac-address**

```
user@host> show dhcp relay binding 00:00:5e:00:53:05
```

| IP address    | Session Id | Hardware address  | Expires | State | Interface  |
|---------------|------------|-------------------|---------|-------|------------|
| 198.51.100.15 | 45         | 00:00:5e:00:53:05 | 86279   | BOUND | ge-1/0/0.0 |

**show dhcp relay binding session-id**

```
user@host> show dhcp relay binding 41
```

| IP address    | Session Id | Hardware address  | Expires | State | Interface  |
|---------------|------------|-------------------|---------|-------|------------|
| 198.51.100.11 | 41         | 00:00:5e:00:53:53 | 86305   | BOUND | ge-1/0/0.0 |

**show dhcp relay binding <interfaces-vlan>**

```
user@host> show dhcp relay binding ge-1/0/0:100-200
```

| IP address   | Session Id | Hardware address  | Expires | State | Interface           |
|--------------|------------|-------------------|---------|-------|---------------------|
| 192.168.0.17 | 42         | 00:00:5e:00:53:02 | 86346   | BOUND | ge-1/0/0.1073741827 |
| 192.168.0.16 | 41         | 00:00:5e:00:53:01 | 86346   | BOUND | ge-1/0/0.1073741827 |

**show dhcp relay binding <interfaces-wildcard>**

```
user@host> show dhcp relay binding ge-1/3/*
```

| IP address  | Session Id | Hardware address  | Expires | State | Interface    |
|-------------|------------|-------------------|---------|-------|--------------|
| 192.168.0.9 | 24         | 00:00:5e:00:53:04 | 86361   | BOUND | ge-1/3/0.110 |
| 192.168.0.8 | 23         | 00:00:5e:00:53:03 | 86361   | BOUND | ge-1/3/0.110 |
| 192.168.0.7 | 22         | 00:00:5e:00:53:02 | 86361   | BOUND | ge-1/3/0.110 |

### show dhcp relay binding summary

```
user@host> show dhcp relay binding summary
3 clients, (2 init, 1 bound, 0 selecting, 0 requesting, 0 renewing, 0 rebinding,
0 releasing)
```

## show dhcp relay statistics

---

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | <b>show dhcp relay statistics</b><br><b>&lt;bulk-leasequery-connections&gt;</b><br><b>&lt;logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i>&gt;</b><br><b>&lt;routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i>&gt;</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Syntax                   | Syntax for EX Series switches:<br><br><b>show dhcp relay statistics</b><br><b>&lt;routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i>&gt;</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Release Information      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 8.3.<br>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1 for EX Series switches.<br>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1X48R3 for PTX Series Packet Transport Routers.<br><b>bulk-leasequery-connections</b> option introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Description              | Display Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) relay statistics.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Options                  | <b>bulk-leasequery-connections</b> —(Optional) Display information about bulk leasequery operations.<br><br><b>logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i></b> —(On routers only) (Optional) Perform this operation on the specified logical system. If you do not specify a logical system name, statistics are displayed for the default logical system.<br><br><b>routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i></b> —(Optional) Perform this operation on the specified routing instance. If you do not specify a routing instance name, statistics are displayed for the default routing instance. |
| Required Privilege Level | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">clear dhcp relay statistics on page 1632</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| List of Sample Output    | <a href="#">show dhcp relay statistics on page 1784</a><br><a href="#">show dhcp relay statistics bulk-leasequery-connections on page 1785</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Output Fields            | <a href="#">Table 99 on page 1783</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show dhcp relay statistics</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

Table 99: show dhcp relay statistics Output Fields

| Field Name               | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Packets dropped</b>   | <p>Number of packets discarded by the extended DHCP relay agent application due to errors. Only nonzero statistics appear in the <b>Packets dropped</b> output. When all of the Packets dropped statistics are 0 (zero), only the <b>Total</b> field appears.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Total</b>—Total number of packets discarded by the extended DHCP relay agent application.</li> <li>• <b>Bad hardware address</b>—Number of packets discarded because an invalid hardware address was specified.</li> <li>• <b>Bad opcode</b>—Number of packets discarded because an invalid operation code was specified.</li> <li>• <b>Bad options</b>—Number of packets discarded because invalid options were specified.</li> <li>• <b>Invalid server address</b>—Number of packets discarded because an invalid server address was specified.</li> <li>• <b>Lease Time Violation</b>—Number of packets discarded because of a lease time violation</li> <li>• <b>No available addresses</b>—Number of packets discarded because there were no addresses available for assignment.</li> <li>• <b>No interface match</b>—Number of packets discarded because they did not belong to a configured interface.</li> <li>• <b>No routing instance match</b>—Number of packets discarded because they did not belong to a configured routing instance.</li> <li>• <b>No valid local address</b>—Number of packets discarded because there was no valid local address.</li> <li>• <b>Packet too short</b>—Number of packets discarded because they were too short.</li> <li>• <b>Read error</b>—Number of packets discarded because of a system read error.</li> <li>• <b>Send error</b>—Number of packets that the extended DHCP relay application could not send.</li> <li>• <b>Option 60</b>—Number of packets discarded containing DHCP option 60 vendor-specific information.</li> <li>• <b>Option 82</b>—Number of packets discarded because DHCP option 82 information could not be added.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Messages received</b> | <p>Number of DHCP messages received.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>BOOTREQUEST</b>—Number of BOOTP protocol data units (PDUs) received</li> <li>• <b>DHCPDECLINE</b>—Number of DHCP PDUs of type DECLINE received</li> <li>• <b>DHCPDISCOVER</b>—Number of DHCP PDUs of type DISCOVER received</li> <li>• <b>DHCPINFORM</b>—Number of DHCP PDUs of type INFORM received</li> <li>• <b>DHCPRELEASE</b>—Number of DHCP PDUs of type RELEASE received</li> <li>• <b>DHCPREQUEST</b>—Number of DHCP PDUs of type REQUEST received</li> <li>• <b>DHCPLEASEACTIVE</b>—Number of active DHCP leases</li> <li>• <b>DHCPLEASEUNASSIGNED</b>—Number of DHCP leases that are managed by the server but have not yet been assigned</li> <li>• <b>DHCPLEASEUNKNOWN</b>—Number of unknown DHCP leases</li> <li>• <b>DHCPLEASEQUERYDONE</b>—The leasequery is complete</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Messages sent</b>     | <p>Number of DHCP messages sent.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>BOOTREPLY</b>—Number of BOOTP PDUs transmitted</li> <li>• <b>DHCPOFFER</b>—Number of DHCP OFFER PDUs transmitted</li> <li>• <b>DHCPACK</b>—Number of DHCP ACK PDUs transmitted</li> <li>• <b>DHCPNACK</b>—Number of DHCP NACK PDUs transmitted</li> <li>• <b>DHCPFORCERENEW</b>—Number of DHCP FORCERENEW PDUs transmitted</li> <li>• <b>DHCPLEASEQUERY</b>—Number of DHCP leasequery messages transmitted</li> <li>• <b>DHCPLEASEBULKLEASEQUERY</b>—Number of DHCP bulk leasequery messages transmitted</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

Table 99: show dhcp relay statistics Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                           | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| External Server Response             | State of the external DHCP server responsiveness.                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Packets forwarded                    | Number of packets forwarded. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>BOOTREQUEST</b>—Number of BOOTREQUEST protocol data units (PDUs) forwarded</li> <li><b>BOOTREPLY</b>—Number of BOOTREPLY protocol data units (PDUs) forwarded</li> </ul> |
| External Server Response             | State of the external DHCP server responsiveness.                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Total Requested Servers              | Total number of servers with which the DHCP relay agent has requested a bulk leasequery connection.                                                                                                                                             |
| Total Attempted Servers              | Total number of servers with which the DHCP relay agent has attempted to create a bulk leasequery connection.                                                                                                                                   |
| Total Connected                      | Total number of servers that have formed a bulk leasequery connection with the DHCP relay agent.                                                                                                                                                |
| Total Terminated by Server           | Total number of servers that have terminated a bulk leasequery connection with the DHCP relay agent.                                                                                                                                            |
| Total Max Attempted                  | Total number of servers where the DHCP relay agent reached the maximum retry limit when it attempted to create a bulk leasequery connection.                                                                                                    |
| Total Closed due to Errors           | Total number of bulk leasequery connections that closed due to an internal error on the DHCP relay agent.                                                                                                                                       |
| In-Flight Connected                  | Number of current bulk leasequery connections on the DHCP relay agent.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Bulk Leasequery Reply Packet Retries | Number of bulk leasequery reply packets that the DHCP relay agent has retried.                                                                                                                                                                  |

## Sample Output

### show dhcp relay statistics

```

user@host> show dhcp relay statistics
Packets dropped:
 Total 34
 Bad hardware address 1
 Bad opcode 1
 Bad options 3
 Invalid server address 5
 Lease Time Violation 1
 No available addresses 1
 No interface match 2
 No routing instance match 9
 No valid local address 4
 Packet too short 2
 Read error 1

```



```

Send error 1
Option 60 1
Option 82 2

Messages received:
BOOTREQUEST 116
DHCPCDECLINE 0
DHCPDISCOVER 11
DHCPINFORM 0
DHCPRELEASE 0
DHCPREQUEST 105
DHCPLEASEACTIVE 0
DHCPLEASEUNASSIGNED 0
DHCPLEASEUNKNOWN 0
DHCPLEASEQUERYDONE 0

Messages sent:
BOOTREPLY 0
DHCPOFFER 2
DHCPACK 1
DHCPNAK 0
DHCPFORCERENEW 0
DHCPLEASEQUERY 0
DHCPBULKLEASEQUERY 0

Packets forwarded:
Total 4
BOOTREQUEST 2
BOOTREPLY 2

External Server Response:
State Responding

```

### show dhcp relay statistics bulk-leasequery-connections

```
user@host> show dhcp relay statistics bulk-leasequery-connections
```

```

Total Requested Servers: 0
Total Attempted Servers: 0
Total Connected: 0
Total Terminated by Server: 0
Total Max Attempted: 0
Total Closed due to Errors: 0
In-Flight Connected: 0
Bulk Leasequery Reply Packet Retries: 0

```

## show dhcp server binding

**Syntax**    `show dhcp server binding`  
               `<address>`  
               `<interfaces-vlan> <brief | detail | summary>`  
               `<interface interface-name>`  
               `<interfaces-vlan>`  
               `<interfaces-wildcard>`  
               `<logical-system logical-system-name>`  
               `<routing-instance routing-instance-name>`

**Release Information**    Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.  
                                   Options *interfaces-vlan* and *interfaces-wildcard* added in Junos OS Release 12.1.

**Description**    Display the address bindings in the client table on the extended Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) local server.



**NOTE:** If you delete the DHCP server configuration, DHCP server bindings might still remain. To ensure that DHCP bindings are removed, issue the `clear dhcp server binding` command before you delete the DHCP server configuration.

**Options**    **address**—(Optional) Display DHCP binding information for a specific client identified by one of the following entries:

- *ip-address*—The specified IP address.
- *mac-address*—The specified MAC address.
- *session-id*—The specified session ID.

**brief | detail | summary**—(Optional) Display the specified level of output about active client bindings. The default is **brief**, which produces the same output as **show dhcp server binding**.

**interface interface-name**—(Optional) Display information about active client bindings on the specified interface. You can optionally filter on VLAN ID and SVLAN ID.

**interfaces-vlan**—(Optional) Show the binding state information on the interface VLAN ID and S-VLAN ID.

**interfaces-wildcard**—(Optional) The set of interfaces on which to show the binding state information. This option supports the use of the wildcard character (\*).

**logical-system logical-system-name**—(Optional) Display information about active client bindings for DHCP clients on the specified logical system.

**routing-instance routing-instance-name**—(Optional) Display information about active client bindings for DHCP clients on the specified routing instance.

**Required Privilege Level** view

**Related Documentation**

- [Clearing DHCP Bindings for Subscriber Access on page 414](#)
- [Verifying and Managing Agent Circuit Identifier-Based Dynamic VLAN Configuration](#)
- [clear dhcp server binding on page 1635](#)

**List of Sample Output**

- [show dhcp server binding on page 1790](#)
- [show dhcp server binding detail on page 1790](#)
- [show dhcp server binding detail \(ACI Interface Set Configured\) on page 1791](#)
- [show dhcp server binding interface <vlan-id> on page 1791](#)
- [show dhcp server binding interface <svlan-id> on page 1791](#)
- [show dhcp server binding <ip-address> on page 1791](#)
- [show dhcp server binding <session-id> on page 1792](#)
- [show dhcp server binding summary on page 1792](#)
- [show dhcp server binding <interfaces-vlan> on page 1792](#)
- [show dhcp server binding <interfaces-wildcard> on page 1792](#)

**Output Fields** [Table 100 on page 1787](#) lists the output fields for the **show dhcp server binding** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 100: show dhcp server binding Output Fields**

| Field Name                                                                                                                 | Field Description                                                                                | Level of Output         |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| <i>number clients, (number init, number bound, number selecting, number requesting, number renewing, number releasing)</i> | Summary counts of the total number of DHCP clients and the number of DHCP clients in each state. | <b>summary</b>          |
| IP address                                                                                                                 | IP address of the DHCP client.                                                                   | <b>brief<br/>detail</b> |
| Session Id                                                                                                                 | Session ID of the subscriber session.                                                            | <b>brief<br/>detail</b> |
| Hardware address                                                                                                           | Hardware address of the DHCP client.                                                             | <b>brief<br/>detail</b> |
| Expires                                                                                                                    | Number of seconds in which lease expires.                                                        | <b>brief<br/>detail</b> |

Table 100: show dhcp server binding Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                                    | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Level of Output               |
|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <b>State</b>                                  | State of the address binding table on the extended DHCP local server: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>BOUND</b>—Client has active IP address lease.</li> <li>• <b>FORCERENEW</b>—Client has received forcerenew message from server.</li> <li>• <b>INIT</b>—Initial state.</li> <li>• <b>RELEASE</b>—Client is releasing IP address lease.</li> <li>• <b>RENEWING</b>—Client sending request to renew IP address lease.</li> <li>• <b>REQUESTING</b>—Client requesting a DHCP server.</li> <li>• <b>SELECTING</b>—Client receiving offers from DHCP servers.</li> </ul> | <b>brief</b><br><b>detail</b> |
| <b>Interface</b>                              | Interface on which the request was received.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <b>brief</b>                  |
| <b>Lease Expires</b>                          | Date and time at which the client's IP address lease expires.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <b>detail</b>                 |
| <b>Lease Expires in</b>                       | Number of seconds in which lease expires.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <b>detail</b>                 |
| <b>Lease Start</b>                            | Date and time at which the client's IP address lease started.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <b>detail</b>                 |
| <b>Lease time violated</b>                    | Lease time violation has occurred.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <b>detail</b>                 |
| <b>Last Packet Received</b>                   | Date and time at which the router received the last packet.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <b>detail</b>                 |
| <b>Incoming Client Interface</b>              | Client's incoming interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <b>detail</b>                 |
| <b>Client Interface Svlan Id</b>              | S-VLAN ID of the client's incoming interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <b>detail</b>                 |
| <b>Client Interface Vlan Id</b>               | VLAN ID of the client's incoming interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <b>detail</b>                 |
| <b>Demux Interface</b>                        | Name of the IP demultiplexing (demux) interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | <b>detail</b>                 |
| <b>Server IP Address or Server Identifier</b> | IP address of DHCP server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <b>detail</b>                 |
| <b>Server Interface</b>                       | Interface of DHCP server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <b>detail</b>                 |
| <b>Client Pool Name</b>                       | Name of address pool used to assign client IP address lease.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <b>detail</b>                 |

Table 100: show dhcp server binding Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                   | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Level of Output |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Liveness Detection State     | <p>State of the liveness detection status for a subscriber's Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD) protocol session:</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> This output field displays status only when liveness detection has been explicitly configured for a subscriber and the liveness detection protocol is actively functioning for that subscriber.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>DOWN</b>—Liveness detection has been enabled for a subscriber but the broadband network gateway (BNG) detects that the liveness detection session for the BFD protocol is in the <b>DOWN</b> state.<br/>A liveness detection session that was previously in an <b>UP</b> state has transitioned to a <b>DOWN</b> state, beginning with a liveness detection failure, and ending with the deletion of the client binding. The <b>DOWN</b> state is reported only during this transition period of time.</li> <li><b>UNKNOWN</b>—Liveness detection has been enabled for a subscriber but the actual liveness detection state has not yet been determined.<br/>The <b>UNKNOWN</b> state is reported after a DHCP subscriber initially logs in while the underlying liveness detection protocol handshake, such as BFD, is still processing and the BFD session has not yet reached the <b>UP</b> state.</li> <li><b>UP</b>—Liveness detection has been enabled for a subscriber, and the BNG and the subscriber or client have <i>both</i> determined that the liveness detection session for the BFD protocol is in the <b>UP</b> state.</li> <li><b>WENT_DOWN</b>—State is functionally equivalent to the <b>DOWN</b> state. A liveness detection session that was previously in an <b>UP</b> state has transitioned to a <b>DOWN</b> state implying a liveness detection failure.<br/>The <b>WENT_DOWN</b> state applies to the internal distribution of the liveness detection mechanism between the Junos DHCP Daemon for Subscriber Services (JDHCPd), the BFD plug-in within the Broadband Edge Subscriber Management Daemon (BBE-SMGD), and the Packet Forwarding Engine.</li> </ul> | detail          |
| ACI Interface Set Name       | Internally generated name of the dynamic agent circuit identifier (ACI) interface set.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | detail          |
| ACI Interface Set Index      | Index number of the dynamic ACI interface set.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | detail          |
| ACI Interface Set Session ID | Identifier of the dynamic ACI interface set entry in the session database.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | detail          |
| Client Profile Name          | DHCP client profile name.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | detail          |
| Dual Stack Group             | DHCP server profile name.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | detail          |
| Dual Stack Peer Prefix       | IPv6 prefix of peer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | detail          |

Table 100: show dhcp server binding Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name              | Field Description     | Level of Output |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| Dual Stack Peer Address | IPv6 address of peer. | detail          |

## Sample Output

### show dhcp server binding

```

user@host> show dhcp server binding
IP address Session Id Hardware address Expires State Interface
198.51.100.15 6 00:00:5e:00:53:01 86180 BOUND ge-1/0/0.0
198.51.100.16 7 00:00:5e:00:53:02 86180 BOUND ge-1/0/0.0
198.51.100.17 8 00:00:5e:00:53:03 86180 BOUND ge-1/0/0.0
198.51.100.18 9 00:00:5e:00:53:04 86180 BOUND ge-1/0/0.0
198.51.100.19 10 00:00:5e:00:53:05 86180 BOUND ge-1/0/0.0

```

### show dhcp server binding detail

```

user@host> show dhcp server binding detail
Client IP Address: 198.51.100.15
 Hardware Address: 00:00:5e:00:53:01
 State: BOUND(LOCAL_SERVER_STATE_BOUND_ON_INTF_DELETE)

 Lease Expires: 2009-07-21 10:10:25 PDT
 Lease Expires in: 86151 seconds
 Lease Start: 2009-07-20 10:10:25 PDT
 Incoming Client Interface: ge-1/0/0.0
 Server Ip Address: 198.51.100.9
 Server Interface: none
 Session Id: 6
 Client Pool Name: 6
 Liveness Detection State: UP
Client IP Address: 198.51.100.16
 Hardware Address: 00:00:5e:00:53:02
 State: BOUND(LOCAL_SERVER_STATE_BOUND_ON_INTF_DELETE)

 Lease Expires: 2009-07-21 10:10:25 PDT
 Lease Expires in: 86151 seconds
 Lease Start: 2009-07-20 10:10:25 PDT
 Lease time violated: yes
 Incoming Client Interface: ge-1/0/0.0
 Server Ip Address: 198.51.100.9
 Server Interface: none
 Session Id: 7
 Client Pool Name: 7
 Liveness Detection State: UP

```

When DHCP binding is configured with dual-stack, we get the following output:

```

user@host> show dhcp server binding detail
Client IP Address: 100.20.0.10
 Hardware Address: 00:00:64:03:01:02
 State: BOUND(LOCAL_SERVER_STATE_BOUND)

```

```

Protocol-Used: DHCP
Lease Expires: 2016-11-07 08:30:39 PST
Lease Expires in: 43706 seconds
Lease Start: 2016-11-04 11:00:37 PDT
Last Packet Received: 2016-11-06 09:00:39 PST
Incoming Client Interface: ae0.3221225472
Client Interface Svlan Id: 2000
Client Interface Vlan Id: 1
Server Ip Address: 100.20.32.2
Session Id: 2
Client Pool Name: my-v4-pool
Client Profile Name: dhcp-retail
Dual Stack Group: my-dual-stack
Dual Stack Peer Prefix: 3ffe:ffff:0:4::/64
Dual Stack Peer Address: 3000:0:0:8003::1/128

```

#### show dhcp server binding detail (ACI Interface Set Configured)

```

user@host> show dhcp server binding detail
Client IP Address: 198.51.100.14
 Hardware Address: 00:00:5e:00:53:02
 State: BOUND(LOCAL_SERVER_STATE_BOUND)
 Lease Expires: 2012-03-13 09:53:32 PDT
 Lease Expires in: 82660 seconds
 Lease Start: 2012-03-12 10:23:32 PDT
 Last Packet Received: 2012-03-12 10:23:32 PDT
 Incoming Client Interface: demux0.1073741827
 Client Interface Svlan Id: 1802
 Client Interface Vlan Id: 302
 Demux Interface: demux0.1073741832
 Server Identifier: 198.51.100.202
 Session Id: 11
 Client Pool Name: poolA
 Client Profile Name: DEMUXprofile
 Liveness Detection State: UP
 ACI Interface Set Name: aci-1002-demux0.1073741827
 ACI Interface Set Index: 2
 ACI Interface Set Session ID: 6

```

#### show dhcp server binding interface <vlan-id>

```

user@host> show dhcp server binding interface ge-1/1/0:100
IP address Session Id Hardware address Expires State Interface
198.51.100.15 6 00:00:5e:00:53:01 86124 BOUND ge-1/1/0:100

```

#### show dhcp server binding interface <svlan-id>

```

user@host> show dhcp server binding interface ge-1/1/0:10-100
IP address Session Id Hardware address Expires State Interface
198.51.100.16 7 00:00:5e:00:53:02 86124 BOUND ge-1/1/0:10-100

```

#### show dhcp server binding <ip-address>

```

user@host> show dhcp server binding 198100.19
IP address Session Id Hardware address Expires State Interface
198.51.100.19 10 00:00:5e:00:53:05 86081 BOUND ge-1/0/0.0

```

**show dhcp server binding <session-id>**

```
user@host> show dhcp server binding 6
IP address Session Id Hardware address Expires State Interface
198.51.100.15 6 00:00:5e:00:53:01 86124 BOUND ge-1/0/0.0
```

**show dhcp server binding summary**

```
user@host> show dhcp server binding summary
3 clients, (2 init, 1 bound, 0 selecting, 0 requesting, 0 renewing, 0 releasing)
```

**show dhcp server binding <interfaces-vlan>**

```
user@host> show dhcp server binding ge-1/0/0:100-200
IP address Session Id Hardware address Expires State Interface
192.168.0.17 42 00:00:5e:00:53:02 86346 BOUND ge-1/0/0.1073741827
192.168.0.16 41 00:00:5e:00:53:01 86346 BOUND ge-1/0/0.1073741827
```

**show dhcp server binding <interfaces-wildcard>**

```
user@host> show dhcp server binding ge-1/3/*
IP address Session Id Hardware address Expires State Interface
192.168.0.9 24 00:00:5e:00:53:04 86361 BOUND ge-1/3/0.110
192.168.0.8 23 00:00:5e:00:53:03 86361 BOUND ge-1/3/0.110
192.168.0.7 22 00:00:5e:00:53:02 86361 BOUND ge-1/3/0.110
```



## show dhcp server statistics

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>show dhcp server statistics &lt;bulk-leasequery-connections&gt; &lt;logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i>&gt; &lt;routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i>&gt;</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.</p> <p><b>bulk-leasequery-connections</b> option introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display extended Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) local server statistics.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>bulk-leasequery-connections</b>—(Optional) Display bulk leasequery statistics.</p> <p><b>bulk-leasequery-connections</b>—(Optional) Display information about bulk leasequery statistics.</p> <p><b>logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i></b>—(Optional) Display information about extended DHCP local server statistics on the specified logical system. If you do not specify a logical system, statistics are displayed for the default logical system.</p> <p><b>routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i></b>—(Optional) Display information about extended DHCP local server statistics on the specified routing instance. If you do not specify a routing instance, statistics are displayed for the default routing instance.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">clear dhcp server statistics on page 1638</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <p><a href="#">show dhcp server statistics on page 1795</a></p> <p><a href="#">show dhcp server statistics on page 1796</a></p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <p><a href="#">Table 101 on page 1794</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show dhcp server statistics</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

Table 101: show dhcp server statistics Output Fields

| Field Name               | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Packets dropped</b>   | <p>Number of packets discarded by the extended DHCP local server because of errors. Only nonzero statistics appear in the Packets dropped output. When all of the Packets dropped statistics are 0 (zero), only the Total field appears.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Total</b>—Total number of packets discarded by the extended DHCP local server</li> <li>• <b>Authentication</b>—Number of packets discarded because they could not be authenticated</li> <li>• <b>Bad hardware address</b>—Number of packets discarded because an invalid hardware address was specified</li> <li>• <b>Bad opcode</b>—Number of packets discarded because an invalid operation code was specified</li> <li>• <b>Bad options</b>—Number of packets discarded because invalid options were specified</li> <li>• <b>Dynamic profile</b>—Number of packets discarded due to dynamic profile information</li> <li>• <b>Invalid server address</b>—Number of packets discarded because an invalid server address was specified</li> <li>• <b>Lease Time Violation</b>—Number of packets discarded because of a lease time violation</li> <li>• <b>No available addresses</b>—Number of packets discarded because there were no addresses available for assignment</li> <li>• <b>No interface match</b>—Number of packets discarded because they did not belong to a configured interface</li> <li>• <b>No routing instance match</b>—Number of packets discarded because they did not belong to a configured routing instance</li> <li>• <b>No valid local address</b>—Number of packets discarded because there was no valid local address</li> <li>• <b>Packet too short</b>—Number of packets discarded because they were too short</li> <li>• <b>Read error</b>—Number of packets discarded because of a system read error</li> <li>• <b>Send error</b>—Number of packets that the extended DHCP local server could not send</li> </ul> |
| <b>Messages received</b> | <p>Number of DHCP messages received.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>BOOTREQUEST</b>—Number of BOOTP protocol data units (PDUs) received</li> <li>• <b>DHCPDECLINE</b>—Number of DHCP PDUs of type DECLINE received</li> <li>• <b>DHCPDISCOVER</b>—Number of DHCP PDUs of type DISCOVER received</li> <li>• <b>DHCPINFORM</b>—Number of DHCP PDUs of type INFORM received</li> <li>• <b>DHCPRELEASE</b>—Number of DHCP PDUs of type RELEASE received</li> <li>• <b>DHCPREQUEST</b>—Number of DHCP PDUs of type REQUEST received</li> <li>• <b>DHCPLEASEQUERY</b>—Number of DHCP leasequery messages received.</li> <li>• <b>DHCPBULKLEASEQUERY</b>—Number of DHCP bulk leasequery messages received.</li> <li>• <b>DHCPRENEW</b>—Number of DHCP renew messages received; subset of <b>DHCPREQUEST</b> counter.</li> <li>• <b>DHCPREBIND</b>—Number of DHCP rebind messages received; subset of <b>DHCPREQUEST</b> counter.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

Table 101: show dhcp server statistics Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                                         | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Messages sent</b>                               | <p>Number of DHCP messages sent.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>BOOTREPLY</b>—Number of BOOTP PDUs transmitted</li> <li><b>DHCPOFFER</b>—Number of DHCP OFFER PDUs transmitted</li> <li><b>DHCPACK</b>—Number of DHCP ACK PDUs transmitted</li> <li><b>DHCPNACK</b>—Number of DHCP NACK PDUs transmitted</li> <li><b>DHCPFORCERENEW</b>—Number of DHCP FORCERENEW PDUs transmitted</li> <li><b>DHCPLEASEUNASSIGNED</b>—Number of DHCP leases that are managed by the server but have not yet been assigned</li> <li><b>DHCPLEASEUNKNOWN</b>—Number of unknown DHCP leases</li> <li><b>DHCPLEASEACTIVE</b>—Number of active DHCP leases</li> <li><b>DHCPLEASEQUERYDONE</b>—The leasequery is complete</li> </ul> |
| <b>Total Accepted Connections</b>                  | Total number of bulk leasequery connections accepted by the server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Total Not-Accepted Connections</b>              | Total number of bulk leasequery connections not accepted by the server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Connections Closed due to Errors</b>            | Number of bulk leasequery connections that the server closed due to an internal error.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Connections Closed due to max-empty-replies</b> | Number of bulk leasequery connections that the server closed because the maximum number of empty replies was reached.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>In-flight Connections</b>                       | Number of bulk leasequery connections on the server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## Sample Output

### show dhcp server statistics

```

user@host> show dhcp server statistics
Packets dropped:
 Total 1
 Lease Time Violation 1

Messages received:
 BOOTREQUEST 25
 DHCPDECLINE 0
 DHCPDISCOVER 10
 DHCPINFORM 0
 DHCPRELEASE 4
 DHCPREQUEST 10
 DHCPRENEW 4
 DHCPREBIND 2

Messages sent:
 BOOTREPLY 20
 DHCPOFFER 10
 DHCPACK 10

```

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| DHCPNAK        | 0 |
| DHCPFORCERENEW | 0 |

### show dhcp server statistics

```
user@host> show dhcp server statistics verbose
```

Packets dropped:

|       |   |
|-------|---|
| Total | 0 |
|-------|---|

Messages received:

|              |     |
|--------------|-----|
| BOOTREQUEST  | 238 |
| DHCPDECLINE  | 0   |
| DHCPDISCOVER | 1   |
| DHCPINFORM   | 0   |
| DHCPRELEASE  | 0   |
| DHCPREQUEST  | 237 |
| DHCPRENEW    | 236 |
| DHCPREBIND   | 0   |

Messages sent:

|                |    |
|----------------|----|
| BOOTREPLY      | 20 |
| DHCPOFFER      | 10 |
| DHCPACK        | 10 |
| DHCPNAK        | 0  |
| DHCPFORCERENEW | 0  |

## show dhcpv6 relay binding

**Syntax**    **show dhcpv6 relay binding**  
               <address>  
               <brief>  
               <detail>  
               <interface *interface-name*>  
               <interfaces-vlan>  
               <interfaces-wildcard>  
               <logical-system *logical-system-name*>  
               <routing-instance *routing-instance-name*>  
               <summary>

**Release Information**    Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.  
                               *interfaces-vlan* and *interfaces-wildcard* options introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.

**Description**    Display the DHCPv6 address bindings in the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) client table.

**Options**    **address**—(Optional) One of the following identifiers for the DHCPv6 client whose binding state you want to show:

- *CID*—The specified Client ID (CID).
- *ipv6-prefix*—The specified IPv6 prefix.
- *session-id*—The specified session ID.

**brief**—(Optional) Display brief information about the active client bindings. This is the default, and produces the same output as **show dhcpv6 relay binding**.

**detail**—(Optional) Display detailed client binding information.

**interface *interface-name***—(Optional) Perform this operation on the specified interface. You can optionally filter on VLAN ID and S-VLAN ID.

**interfaces-vlan**—(Optional) Interface VLAN ID or S-VLAN ID interface on which to show binding state information.

**interfaces-wildcard**—(Optional) Set of interfaces on which to show binding state information. This option supports the use of the wildcard character (\*).

**logical-system *logical-system-name***—(Optional) Perform this operation on the specified logical system.

**routing-instance *routing-instance-name***—(Optional) Perform this operation on the specified routing instance.

**summary**—(Optional) Display a summary of DHCPv6 client information.

**Required Privilege Level** view

**Related Documentation**

- [Clearing DHCP Bindings for Subscriber Access on page 414](#)
- [clear dhcpv6 relay binding on page 1640](#)

**List of Sample Output**

- [show dhcpv6 relay binding on page 1800](#)
- [show dhcpv6 relay binding \(Address\) on page 1800](#)
- [show dhcpv6 relay binding detail \(Client ID\) on page 1801](#)
- [show dhcpv6 relay binding detail on page 1801](#)
- [show dhcpv6 relay binding detail \(Dual-Stack\) on page 1801](#)
- [show dhcpv6 relay binding detail \(Multi-Relay Topology\) on page 1802](#)
- [show dhcpv6 relay binding \(Session ID\) on page 1802](#)
- [show dhcpv6 relay binding \(Subscriber with Multiple Addresses\) on page 1802](#)
- [show dhcpv6 relay binding detail \(Subscriber with Multiple Addresses\) on page 1803](#)
- [show dhcpv6 relay binding \(Interfaces VLAN\) on page 1804](#)
- [show dhcpv6 relay binding \(Interfaces Wildcard\) on page 1804](#)
- [show dhcpv6 relay binding \(Interfaces Wildcard\) on page 1804](#)
- [show dhcpv6 relay binding summary on page 1804](#)

**Output Fields** [Table 102 on page 1798](#) lists the output fields for the **show dhcpv6 relay binding** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 102: show dhcpv6 relay binding Output Fields**

| Field Name                                                                                                                                   | Field Description                                                                                    | Level of Output     |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| <i>number clients, (number init, number bound, number selecting, number requesting, number renewing, number rebinding, number releasing)</i> | Summary counts of the total number of DHCPv6 clients and the number of DHCPv6 clients in each state. | <b>summary</b>      |
| Client IPv6 Prefix                                                                                                                           | Prefix of the DHCPv6 client.                                                                         | <b>brief detail</b> |
| Client IPv6 Excluded Prefix                                                                                                                  | IPv6 Prefix of the DHCP client excluded.                                                             | <b>detail</b>       |
| Client DUID                                                                                                                                  | DHCP for IPv6 Unique Identifier (DUID) of the client.                                                | <b>brief detail</b> |
| Client IPv6 Address                                                                                                                          | IPv6 address assigned to the subscriber.                                                             | <b>detail</b>       |
| Session Id                                                                                                                                   | Session ID of the subscriber session.                                                                | <b>brief detail</b> |
| Expires                                                                                                                                      | Number of seconds in which the lease expires.                                                        | <b>brief detail</b> |

Table 102: show dhcpv6 relay binding Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                          | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Level of Output     |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| <b>State</b>                        | <p>State of the DHCPv6 relay address binding table on the DHCPv6 client:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>BOUND</b>—Client has an active IP address lease.</li> <li>• <b>INIT</b>—Initial state.</li> <li>• <b>REBINDING</b>—Client is broadcasting a request to renew the IP address lease.</li> <li>• <b>RECONFIGURE</b>—Client is broadcasting a request to reconfigure the IP address lease.</li> <li>• <b>RELEASE</b>—Client is releasing the IP address lease.</li> <li>• <b>RENEWING</b>—Client is sending a request to renew the IP address lease.</li> <li>• <b>REQUESTING</b>—Client is requesting a DHCPv6 server.</li> <li>• <b>SELECTING</b>—Client is receiving offers from DHCPv6 servers.</li> </ul> | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Interface</b>                    | Incoming client interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <b>brief</b>        |
| <b>Lease Expires</b>                | Date and time at which the client's IP address lease expires.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <b>detail</b>       |
| <b>Lease Expires in</b>             | Number of seconds in which the lease expires.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <b>detail</b>       |
| <b>Preferred Lease Expires</b>      | Date and UTC time at which the client's IPv6 prefix expires.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <b>detail</b>       |
| <b>Preferred Lease Expires in</b>   | Number of seconds at which the client's IPv6 prefix expires.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <b>detail</b>       |
| <b>Lease Start</b>                  | Date and time at which the client's IP address lease started.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <b>detail</b>       |
| <b>Lease time violated</b>          | Lease time violation has occurred.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <b>detail</b>       |
| <b>Incoming Client Interface</b>    | Client's incoming interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <b>detail</b>       |
| <b>Server Address</b>               | <p>IP address of the DHCPv6 server.</p> <p>Displays <b>unknown</b> for a DHCPv6 relay agent in a multi-relay topology that is not directly adjacent to the DHCPv6 server and does not detect the IP address of the server. In that case, the output instead displays the <b>Next Hop Server Facing Relay</b> field.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <b>detail</b>       |
| <b>Next Hop Server Facing Relay</b> | Next-hop address in the direction of the DHCPv6 server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <b>detail</b>       |
| <b>Server Interface</b>             | Interface of the DHCPv6 server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <b>detail</b>       |
| <b>Relay Address</b>                | IP address of the relay.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <b>detail</b>       |
| <b>Client Pool Name</b>             | Address pool that granted the client lease.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <b>detail</b>       |
| <b>Client ID Length</b>             | Length of client ID.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | All levels          |

Table 102: show dhcpv6 relay binding Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                            | Field Description                                                  | Level of Output |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Client Id                             | Client ID.                                                         | All levels      |
| Generated Circuit ID                  | Circuit ID generated by the DHCPv6 Interface-ID option (option 18) | <b>detail</b>   |
| Generated Remote ID Enterprise Number | The Juniper Networks IANA private enterprise number                | <b>detail</b>   |
| Generated Remote ID                   | Remote ID generated by the DHCPv6 Remote-ID option (option 37)     | <b>detail</b>   |
| Dual Stack Group                      | Name of the dual-stack group for the DHCPv6 binding.               | <b>detail</b>   |
| Dual Stack Peer Address               | Address of the dual-stack DHCPv4 peer.                             | <b>detail</b>   |

## Sample Output

### show dhcpv6 relay binding

```

user@host> show dhcpv6 relay binding
Prefix Session Id Expires State Interface Client DUID
2001:db8:3c4d:15::/64 1 83720 BOUND ge-1/0/0.0
LL_TIME0x1-0x4bfa26af-00:10:94:00:00:01
2001:db8:3c4d:16::/64 2 83720 BOUND ge-1/0/0.0
LL_TIME0x1-0x4bfa26af-00:10:94:00:00:02
2001:db8:3c4d:17::/64 3 83720 BOUND ge-1/0/0.0
LL_TIME0x1-0x4bfa26af-00:10:94:00:00:03
2001:db8:3c4d:18::/64 4 83720 BOUND ge-1/0/0.0
LL_TIME0x1-0x4bfa26af-00:10:94:00:00:04
2001:db8:3c4d:19::/64 5 83720 BOUND ge-1/0/0.0
LL_TIME0x1-0x4bfa26af-00:10:94:00:00:05
2001:db8:3c4d:20::/64 6 83720 BOUND ge-1/0/0.0
LL_TIME0x1-0x4bfa26af-00:10:94:00:00:06

```

### show dhcpv6 relay binding (Address)

```

user@host> show dhcp6 relay binding 2001:db8:1111:2222::/64 detail
Session Id: 1
 Client IPv6 Prefix: 2001:db8:3c4d:15::/64
 Client DUID: LL_TIME0x1-0x4bfa26af-00:10:94:00:00:01

 State: BOUND(RELAY_STATE_BOUND)
 Lease Expires: 2011-05-25 07:12:09 PDT
 Lease Expires in: 77115 seconds
 Preferred Lease Expires: 2012-07-24 00:18:14 UTC
 Preferred Lease Expires in: 600 seconds
 Lease Start: 2011-05-24 07:12:09 PDT
 Incoming Client Interface: ge-1/0/0.0
 Server Address: 2001:db8:aaaa:bbbb::1
 Server Interface: none
 Relay Address: 2001:db8:1111:2222::
 Client Pool Name: pool-25

```



```

Client Id Length: 14
Client Id:
/0x00010001/0x4bfa26af/0x00109400/0x0001

```

### show dhcpv6 relay binding detail (Client ID)

```

user@host> show dhcpv6 relay binding 14/0x00010001/0x4bfa26af/0x00109400/0x0001
detail
Session Id: 1
 Client IPv6 Prefix: 2001:db8:3c4d:15::/64
 Client DUID: LL_TIME0x1-0x4bfa26af-00:10:94:00:00:01

 State: BOUND(RELAY_STATE_BOUND)
 Lease Expires: 2011-05-25 07:12:09 PDT
 Lease Expires in: 77115 seconds
 Preferred Lease Expires: 2012-07-24 00:18:14 UTC
 Preferred Lease Expires in: 600 seconds
 Lease Start: 2011-05-24 07:12:09 PDT
 Lease time violated: yes
 Incoming Client Interface: ge-1/0/0.0
 Server Address: 2001:db8:aaaa:bbbb::1
 Server Interface: none
 Relay Address: 2001:db8:1111:2222::
 Client Pool Name: pool-25
 Client Id Length: 14
 Client Id:
/0x00010001/0x4bfa26af/0x00109400/0x0001

```

### show dhcpv6 relay binding detail

```

user@host> show dhcpv6 relay binding detail
Session Id: 1
 Client IPv6 Prefix: 2001:db8:3c4d:15::/64
 Client DUID: LL_TIME0x1-0x4bfa26af-00:10:94:00:00:01

 State: BOUND(RELAY_STATE_BOUND)
 Lease Expires: 2011-05-25 07:12:09 PDT
 Lease Expires in: 77115 seconds
 Preferred Lease Expires: 2012-07-24 00:18:14 UTC
 Preferred Lease Expires in: 600 seconds
 Lease Start: 2011-05-24 07:12:09 PDT
 Lease time violated: yes
 Incoming Client Interface: ge-1/0/0.0
 Server Address: 2001:db8:aaaa:bbbb::1
 Server Interface: none
 Relay Address: 2001:db8:1111:2222::
 Client Pool Name: pool-25
 Client Id Length: 14
 Client Id:
/0x00010001/0x4bfa26af/0x00109400/0x0001
 Generated Remote ID Enterprise Number: 1411
 Generated Remote ID: host:ge-1/0/0:100

```

### show dhcpv6 relay binding detail (Dual-Stack)

```

user@host> show dhcpv6 relay binding detail
Session Id: 2
 Client IPv6 Prefix: 2001:db8:ffff:0:4::/64
 Client IPv6 Address: 2001:db8:3000:8003::1/128

```

```

Client DUID: LL0x1-00:00:64:01:01:02
State: BOUND(DHCPV6_RELAY_STATE_BOUND)
Lease Expires: 2016-10-17 07:39:25 PDT
Lease Expires in: 3450 seconds
Lease Start: 2016-10-17 06:39:25 PDT
Last Packet Received: 2016-10-17 06:39:25 PDT
Incoming Client Interface: ae0.3221225472
Client Interface Svlan Id: 2000
Client Interface Vlan Id: 1
Server Ip Address: 2001:db8:3000::2
Server Interface: none
Client Profile Name: my-dual-stack
Client Id Length: 10
Client Id: /0x00030001/0x00006401/0x0102
Dual Stack Group: group1
Dual Stack Peer Address: 192.0.2.4

```

### show dhcpv6 relay binding detail (Multi-Relay Topology)

```

user@host > show dhcpv6 relay binding detail
Session Id: 13
Client IPv6 Prefix: 2001:db8:3000:0:8001::5/128
Client DUID: LL0x1-00:00:65:03:01:02
State: BOUND(DHCPV6_RELAY_STATE_BOUND)
Lease Expires: 2011-11-21 06:14:50 PST
Lease Expires in: 293 seconds
Preferred Lease Expires: 2012-07-24 00:18:14 UTC
Preferred Lease Expires in: 600 seconds
Lease Start: 2011-11-21 06:09:50 PST
Incoming Client Interface: ge-1/0/0.0
Server Address: unknown
Next Hop Server Facing Relay: 2001:db8:4000::2
Server Interface: none
Client Id Length: 10
Client Id: /0x00030001/0x00006503/0x0102

```

### show dhcpv6 relay binding (Session ID)

```

user@host> show dhcpv6 relay binding 41
Prefix Session Id Expires State Interface Client DUID
2001:db8:3c4d:15::/64 41 78837 BOUND ge-1/0/0.0
LL_TIME0x1-0x4bfa26af-00:10:94:00:00:01

```

### show dhcpv6 relay binding (Subscriber with Multiple Addresses)

```

user@host> show dhcpv6 relay binding
Prefix Session Id Expires State Interface Client DUID
2001:db8:1001::1:24/128 23 593 BOUND ge-9/0/9.0
LL_TIME0x1-0x55306754-00:10:94:00:00:02
2001:db8:1001::1:1c/128 23 393 BOUND ge-9/0/9.0
LL_TIME0x1-0x55306754-00:10:94:00:00:02
2001:db8:1001::1:14/128 23 193 BOUND ge-9/0/9.0
LL_TIME0x1-0x55306754-00:10:94:00:00:02
2001:db8:3001::300/120 23 293 BOUND ge-9/0/9.0
LL_TIME0x1-0x55306754-00:10:94:00:00:02
2001:db8:3001::200/120 23 193 BOUND ge-9/0/9.0
LL_TIME0x1-0x55306754-00:10:94:00:00:02
2001:db8:3001::100/120 23 93 BOUND ge-9/0/9.0
LL_TIME0x1-0x55306754-00:10:94:00:00:02

```

When DHCPv6 relay binding is configured with prefix exclude option, we get the following output:

```
user@host> show dhcpv6 relay binding detail
Session Id: 6
 Hardware Address: 00:10:94:00:00:01
 Client IPv6 Address: 7001:2:3::d/128
 Lease Expires: 2017-12-11 07:45:27 IST
 Lease Expires in: 9999952 seconds
 Preferred Lease Expires: 2017-12-11 07:45:27 IST
 Preferred Lease Expires in: 9999952 seconds
 Client IPv6 Prefix: 7001::1000:0:0:0/68
 Client IPv6 Excluded Prefix: 7001::1fff:ffff:ffff:ff00/120
 Lease Expires: 2017-12-11 07:45:27 IST
 Lease Expires in: 9999952 seconds
 Preferred Lease Expires: 2017-12-11 07:45:27 IST
 Preferred Lease Expires in: 9999952 seconds
 Client DUID: LL_TIME0x1-0x599553b0-00:10:94:00:00:01

 State: BOUND(DHCPV6_RELAY_STATE_BOUND)
 Lease Start: 2017-08-17 13:58:33 IST
 Last Packet Received: 2017-08-17 13:58:48 IST
 Incoming Client Interface: ge-0/0/0.100
 Client Interface Vlan Id: 100
 Server Ip Address: 7002::1
 Server Interface: none
 Client Id Length: 14
 Client Id: /0x00010001/0x599553b0/0x00109400/0x0001
 Generated Circuit ID: ge-0/0/0:100
```

#### show dhcpv6 relay binding detail (Subscriber with Multiple Addresses)

```
user@host> show dhcpv6 relay binding detail
Session Id: 3
 Client IPv6 Address: 2001:db8:1001::1:2/128
 Lease Expires: 2015-05-15 02:34:51 PDT
 Lease Expires in: 24 seconds
 Preferred Lease Expires: 2015-05-15 02:34:51 PDT
 Preferred Lease Expires in: 24 seconds
 Client IPv6 Address: 2001:db8:1001::1:12/128
 Lease Expires: 2015-05-15 02:41:31 PDT
 Lease Expires in: 424 seconds
 Preferred Lease Expires: 2015-05-15 02:41:31 PDT
 Preferred Lease Expires in: 424 seconds
 Client IPv6 Address: 2001:db8:1001::1:a/128
 Lease Expires: 2015-05-15 02:38:11 PDT
 Lease Expires in: 224 seconds
 Preferred Lease Expires: 2015-05-15 02:38:11 PDT
 Preferred Lease Expires in: 224 seconds
 Client IPv6 Prefix: 2001:db8:3001::/120
 Lease Expires: 2015-05-15 02:34:51 PDT
 Lease Expires in: 24 seconds
 Preferred Lease Expires: 2015-05-15 02:34:51 PDT
 Preferred Lease Expires in: 24 seconds
 Client IPv6 Prefix: 2001:db8:3001::200/120
 Lease Expires: 2015-05-15 02:38:11 PDT
 Lease Expires in: 224 seconds
 Preferred Lease Expires: 2015-05-15 02:38:11 PDT
 Preferred Lease Expires in: 224 seconds
```

```

Client IPv6 Prefix: 2001:db8:3001::100/120
Lease Expires: 2015-05-15 02:36:31 PDT
Lease Expires in: 124 seconds
Preferred Lease Expires: 2015-05-15 02:36:31 PDT
Preferred Lease Expires in: 124 seconds
Client DUID: LL_TIME0x1-0x55554c6e-00:10:94:00:00:02

State: BOUND(DHCPV6_RELAY_STATE_BOUND)
Lease Start: 2015-05-15 02:34:21 PDT
Last Packet Received: 2015-05-15 02:34:22 PDT
Incoming Client Interface: ge-9/0/9.0
Client Interface Vlan Id: 111
Demux Interface: demux0.3221225475
Server Ip Address: 2001:db8:5001::1
Server Interface: none
Client Profile Name: DHCP-IPDEMUX-PROF
Client Id Length: 14
Client Id: /0x00010001/0x55554c6e/0x00109400/0x0002
Generated Circuit ID: ge-9/0/9:111
Generated Remote ID Enterprise Number: 1411
Generated Remote ID: ge-9/0/9:111

```

#### show dhcpv6 relay binding (Interfaces VLAN)

```

user@host> show dhcpv6 relay binding ge-1/0/0:100-200
Prefix Session Id Expires State Interface Client DUID
2001:DB8::/32 11 87583 BOUND ge-1/0/0.1073741827
LL_TIME0x1-0x4d5d009f-00:10:94:00:00:01
2001:DB8:19::/32 12 87583 BOUND ge-1/0/0.1073741827
LL_TIME0x1-0x4d5d009f-00:10:94:00:00:01

```

#### show dhcpv6 relay binding (Interfaces Wildcard)

```

user@host> show dhcpv6 relay binding demux0
Prefix Session Id Expires State Interface Client DUID
2001:DB8::/32 30 79681 BOUND demux0.1073741824
LL_TIME0x1-0x4d5d009f-00:10:94:00:00:01
2001:DB8:19::/32 31 79681 BOUND demux0.1073741825
LL_TIME0x1-0x4d5d009f-00:10:94:00:00:01
2001:DB8:C9::/32 32 79681 BOUND demux0.1073741826
LL_TIME0x1-0x4d5d009f-00:10:94:00:00:01

```

#### show dhcpv6 relay binding (Interfaces Wildcard)

```

user@host> show dhcpv6 relay binding ge-1/3/*
Prefix Session Id Expires State Interface Client DUID
2001:DB8::/32 22 79681 BOUND ge-1/3/0.110
LL_TIME0x1-0x4d5d009f-00:10:94:00:00:01
2001:DB8:19::/32 33 79681 BOUND ge-1/3/0.110
LL_TIME0x1-0x4d5d009f-00:10:94:00:00:01
2001:DB8:C9::/32 24 79681 BOUND ge-1/3/0.110
LL_TIME0x1-0x4d5d009f-00:10:94:00:00:01

```

#### show dhcpv6 relay binding summary

```

user@host> show dhcpv6 relay binding summary
5 clients, (0 init, 5 bound, 0 selecting, 0 requesting, 0 renewing, 0 releasing)

```

## show dhcpv6 relay statistics

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>show dhcpv6 relay statistics &lt;bulk-leasequery-connections&gt; &lt;logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i>&gt; &lt;routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i>&gt;</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1X48R3 for PTX Series Packet Transport Switches.</p> <p>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R2 for EX Series switches.</p> <p><b>bulk-leasequery-connections</b> option introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6) relay statistics.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>bulk-leasequery-connections</b>—(Optional) Display bulk leasequery statistics.</p> <p><b>logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i></b>—(Optional) Perform this operation on the specified logical system. If you do not specify a logical system name, statistics are displayed for the default logical system.</p> <p><b>routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i></b>—(Optional) Perform this operation on the specified routing instance. If you do not specify a routing instance name, statistics are displayed for the default routing instance.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">clear dhcpv6 relay statistics on page 1643</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <p><a href="#">show dhcpv6 relay statistics on page 1807</a></p> <p><a href="#">show dhcpv6 relay statistics bulk-leasequery-connections on page 1808</a></p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <p><a href="#">Table 103 on page 1806</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show dhcpv6 relay statistics</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

Table 103: show dhcpv6 relay statistics Output Fields

| Field Name               | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DHCPv6 Packets dropped   | <p>Number of packets discarded by the extended DHCPv6 relay agent application due to errors. Only nonzero statistics appear in the <b>Packets dropped</b> output. When all of the Packets dropped statistics are 0 (zero), only the <b>Total</b> field appears.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Total</b>—Total number of packets discarded by the DHCPv6 relay agent application.</li> <li><b>Bad options</b>—Number of packets discarded because invalid options were specified.</li> <li><b>Bad send</b>—Number of packets that the extended DHCP relay application could not send.</li> <li><b>Bad src address</b>—Number of packets discarded because the family type was not AF_INET6.</li> <li><b>No client id</b>—Number of packets discarded because they could not be matched to a client.</li> <li><b>Lease Time Violation</b>—Number of packets discarded because of a lease time violation</li> <li><b>No safd</b>—Number of packets discarded because they arrived on an unconfigured interface.</li> <li><b>Short packet</b>—Number of packets discarded because they were too short.</li> <li><b>Relay hop count</b>—Number of packets discarded because the hop count in the packet exceeded 32.</li> </ul> |
| Messages received        | <p>Number of DHCPv6 messages received.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>DHCPv6_DECLINE</b>—Number of DHCPv6 PDUs of type DECLINE received</li> <li><b>DHCPv6_SOLICIT</b>—Number of DHCPv6 PDUs of type SOLICIT received</li> <li><b>DHCPv6_INFORMATION_REQUEST</b>—Number of DHCPv6 PDUs of type INFORMATION-REQUEST received</li> <li><b>DHCPv6_RELEASE</b>—Number of DHCPv6 PDUs of type RELEASE received</li> <li><b>DHCPv6_REQUEST</b>—Number of DHCPv6 PDUs of type REQUEST received</li> <li><b>DHCPv6_CONFIRM</b>—Number of DHCPv6 PDUs of type CONFIRM received</li> <li><b>DHCPv6_RENEW</b>—Number of DHCPv6 PDUs of type RENEW received</li> <li><b>DHCPv6_REBIND</b>—Number of DHCPv6 PDUs of type REBIND received</li> <li><b>DHCPv6_RELAY_REPL</b>—Number of DHCPv6 PDUs of type RELAY-REPL received</li> <li><b>DHCPv6_LEASEQUERY_REPLY</b>—Number of DHCPv6 replies received from the DHCPv6 sever</li> <li><b>DHCPv6_LEASEQUERY_DATA</b>—xxxx</li> <li><b>DHCPv6_LEASEQUERY_DONE</b>—The leasequery is complete</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Messages sent            | <p>Number of DHCPv6 messages sent.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>DHCPv6_ADVERTISE</b>—Number of DHCPv6 ADVERTISE PDUs transmitted</li> <li><b>DHCP_REPLY</b>—Number of DHCPv6 REPLY PDUs transmitted</li> <li><b>DHCP_RECONFIGURE</b>—Number of DHCPv6 RECONFIGURE PDUs transmitted</li> <li><b>DHCP_RELAY_FORW</b>—Number of DHCPv6 RELAY-FORW PDUs transmitted</li> <li><b>DHCPv6_LEASEQUERY</b>—Number of DHCP leasequery messages transmitted</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Packets forwarded        | <p>Number of packets forwarded by the extended DHCPv6 relay agent application.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>FWD REQUEST</b>—Number of DHCPv6 REQUEST packets forwarded</li> <li><b>FWD REPLY</b>—Number of DHCPv6 REPLY packets forwarded</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| External Server Response | State of the external DHCP server responsiveness.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Total Requested Servers  | Total number of servers with which the DHCP relay agent has requested a bulk leasequery connection.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

Table 103: show dhcpv6 relay statistics Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                                  | Field Description                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Total Attempted Servers</b>              | Total number of servers with which the DHCP relay agent has attempted to create a bulk leasequery connection.                                |
| <b>Total Connected</b>                      | Total number of servers that have formed a bulk leasequery connection with the DHCP relay agent.                                             |
| <b>Total Terminated by Server</b>           | Total number of servers that have terminated a bulk leasequery connection with the DHCP relay agent.                                         |
| <b>Total Max Attempted</b>                  | Total number of servers where the DHCP relay agent reached the maximum retry limit when it attempted to create a bulk leasequery connection. |
| <b>Total Closed due to Errors</b>           | Total number of bulk leasequery connections that closed due to an internal error on the DHCP relay agent.                                    |
| <b>In-Flight Connected</b>                  | Number of current bulk leasequery connections on the DHCP relay agent.                                                                       |
| <b>Bulk Leasequery Reply Packet Retries</b> | Number of bulk leasequery reply packets that the DHCP relay agent has retried.                                                               |

## Sample Output

### show dhcpv6 relay statistics

```

user@host> show dhcpv6 relay statistics
DHCPv6 Packets dropped:
 Total 1
 Lease Time Violation 1

Messages received:
 DHCPV6_DECLINE 0
 DHCPV6_SOLICIT 10
 DHCPV6_INFORMATION_REQUEST 0
 DHCPV6_RELEASE 0
 DHCPV6_REQUEST 10
 DHCPV6_CONFIRM 0
 DHCPV6_RENEW 0
 DHCPV6_REBIND 0
 DHCPV6_RELAY_REPL 0
 DHCPV6_LEASEQUERY_REPLY 0
 DHCPV6_LEASEQUERY_DATA 0
 DHCPV6_LEASEQUERY_DONE 0

Messages sent:
 DHCPV6_ADVERTISE 0
 DHCPV6_REPLY 0
 DHCPV6_RECONFIGURE 0
 DHCPV6_RELAY_FORW 0
 DHCPV6_LEASEQUERY 0

Packets forwarded:
 Total 4
 FWD REQUEST 2

```

FWD REPLY 2

External Server Response:  
State Responding

#### **show dhcpv6 relay statistics bulk-leasequery-connections**

```
user@host> show dhcp relay statistics bulk-leasequery-connections
```

```
Total Requested Servers: 0
Total Attempted Servers: 0
Total Connected: 0
Total Terminated by Server: 0
Total Max Attempted: 0
Total Closed due to Errors: 0
In-Flight Connected: 0
Bulk Leasequery Reply Packet Retries: 0
```



## show dhcpv6 server binding

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>show dhcpv6 server binding &lt;address&gt; &lt;brief   detail   summary&gt; &lt;interface interface-name&gt; &lt;interfaces-vlan&gt; &lt;interfaces-wildcard&gt; &lt;logical-system logical-system-name&gt; &lt;routing-instance routing-instance-name&gt;</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.</p> <p>Options <i>interfaces-vlan</i> and <i>interfaces-wildcard</i> added in Junos OS Release 12.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display the address bindings in the client table on the extended Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6) local server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>address</b>—(Optional) One of the following identifiers for the DHCPv6 client whose binding state you want to show:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>CID</i>—The specified Client ID (CID).</li> <li>• <i>ipv6-prefix</i>—The specified IPv6 prefix.</li> <li>• <i>session-id</i>—The specified session ID.</li> </ul> <p><b>brief   detail   summary</b>—(Optional) Display the specified level of output about active client bindings. The default is <b>brief</b>, which produces the same output as <b>show dhcpv6 server binding</b>.</p> <p><b>interface interface-name</b>—(Optional) Display information about active client bindings on the specified interface. You can optionally filter on VLAN ID and SVLAN ID.</p> <p><b>interfaces-vlan</b>—(Optional) Interface VLAN ID or S-VLAN ID interface on which to show binding state information.</p> <p><b>interfaces-wildcard</b>—(Optional) Set of interfaces on which to show binding state information. This option supports the use of the wildcard character (*).</p> <p><b>logical-system logical-system-name</b>—(Optional) Display information about active client bindings for DHCPv6 clients on the specified logical system.</p> <p><b>routing-instance routing-instance-name</b>—(Optional) Display information about active client bindings for DHCPv6 clients on the specified routing instance.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

- Related Documentation**
- [Clearing DHCP Bindings for Subscriber Access on page 414](#)
  - [clear dhcpv6 server binding on page 1645](#)

- List of Sample Output**
- [show dhcpv6 server binding on page 1812](#)
  - [show dhcpv6 server binding detail on page 1812](#)
  - [show dhcpv6 server binding interface on page 1813](#)
  - [show dhcpv6 server binding interface detail on page 1813](#)
  - [show dhcpv6 server binding \(IPv6 Prefix\) on page 1813](#)
  - [show dhcpv6 server binding \(Session ID\) on page 1814](#)
  - [show dhcpv6 server binding \(Interfaces VLAN\) on page 1814](#)
  - [show dhcpv6 server binding \(Interfaces Wildcard\) on page 1814](#)
  - [show dhcpv6 server binding \(Interfaces Wildcard\) on page 1814](#)
  - [show dhcpv6 server binding summary on page 1814](#)

**Output Fields** [Table 104 on page 1810](#) lists the output fields for the **show dhcpv6 server binding** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 104: show dhcpv6 server binding Output Fields**

| Field Name                                                                                                                                                                                     | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Level of Output     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| <i>number clients</i> ,<br>( <i>number init</i> ,<br><i>number bound</i> ,<br><i>number selecting</i> ,<br><i>number requesting</i> ,<br><i>number renewing</i> ,<br><i>number releasing</i> ) | Summary counts of the total number of DHCPv6 clients and the number of DHCPv6 clients in each state.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <b>summary</b>      |
| <b>Prefix</b>                                                                                                                                                                                  | Client's DHCPv6 prefix, or prefix used to support multiple address assignment.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Session Id</b>                                                                                                                                                                              | Session ID of the subscriber session.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Expires</b>                                                                                                                                                                                 | Number of seconds in which lease expires.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>State</b>                                                                                                                                                                                   | State of the address binding table on the extended DHCPv6 local server: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>BOUND</b>—Client has active IP address lease.</li> <li>• <b>INIT</b>—Initial state.</li> <li>• <b>RECONFIGURE</b>—Server has sent reconfigure message to client.</li> <li>• <b>RELEASE</b>—Client is releasing IP address lease.</li> <li>• <b>RENEWING</b>—Client sending request to renew IP address lease.</li> <li>• <b>REQUESTING</b>—Client requesting a DHCPv6 server.</li> <li>• <b>SELECTING</b>—Client receiving offers from DHCPv6 servers.</li> </ul> | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Interface</b>                                                                                                                                                                               | Interface on which the DHCPv6 request was received.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <b>brief</b>        |
| <b>Client IPv6 Address</b>                                                                                                                                                                     | Client's IPv6 address.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <b>detail</b>       |
| <b>Client IPv6 Prefix</b>                                                                                                                                                                      | Client's IPv6 prefix.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <b>detail</b>       |

Table 104: show dhcpv6 server binding Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                  | Field Description                                               | Level of Output |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Client IPv6 Excluded Prefix | IPv6 Prefix of the DHCP client excluded.                        | detail          |
| Client DUID                 | Client's DHCP Unique Identifier (DUID).                         | brief detail    |
| Lease expires               | Date and time at which the client's IP address lease expires.   | detail          |
| Lease expires in            | Number of seconds in which lease expires.                       | detail          |
| Preferred Lease Expires     | Date and UTC time at which the client's IPv6 prefix expires.    | detail          |
| Preferred Lease Expires in  | Number of seconds at which client's IPv6 prefix expires.        | detail          |
| Lease Start                 | Date and time at which the client's address lease was obtained. | detail          |
| Lease time violated         | Lease time violation has occurred.                              | detail          |
| Incoming Client Interface   | Client's incoming interface.                                    | detail          |
| Server IP Address           | IP address of DHCPv6 server.                                    | detail          |
| Server Interface            | Interface of DHCPv6 server.                                     | detail          |
| Client Pool Name            | Address pool used to assign IPv6 address.                       | detail          |
| Client Prefix Pool Name     | Address pool used to assign IPv6 prefix.                        | detail          |
| Client Id length            | Length of the DHCPv6 client ID, in bytes.                       | detail          |
| Client Id                   | ID of the DHCPv6 client.                                        | detail          |
| Server Id                   | DHCP unique identifier (DUID) for the DHCPv6 server.            | detail          |
| Client Interface Svlan Id   | S-VLAN ID of the client's incoming interface.                   | detail          |
| Client Interface Vlan Id    | VLAN ID of the client's incoming interface.                     | detail          |
| Dual Stack Group            | DHCPv6 server profile name.                                     | detail          |
| Dual Stack Peer Address     | DHCPv6 Peer IP address.                                         | detail          |

## Sample Output

### show dhcpv6 server binding

```
user@host> show dhcpv6 server binding
Prefix Session Id Expires State Interface Client DUID
2001:db8:1111:2222::/64 6 86321 BOUND ge-1/0/0.0
LL_TIME0x1-0x2e159c0-00:10:94:00:00:01
2001:db8:1111:2222::/64 7 86321 BOUND ge-1/0/0.0
LL_TIME0x1-0x2e159c0-00:10:94:00:00:02
2001:db8:1111:2222::/64 8 86321 BOUND ge-1/0/0.0
LL_TIME0x1-0x2e159c0-00:10:94:00:00:03
2001:db8:1111:2222::/64 9 86321 BOUND ge-1/0/0.0
LL_TIME0x1-0x2e159c1-00:10:94:00:00:04
2001:db8:1111:2222::/64 10 86321 BOUND ge-1/0/0.0
LL_TIME0x1-0x2e159c1-00:10:94:00:00:05
2001:db8:2002::1/74 11 86321 BOUND ge-1/0/0.0
LL_TIME0x1-0x2e159c1-00:10:94:00:00:06
```

### show dhcpv6 server binding detail

```
user@host> show dhcpv6 server binding detail
Session Id: 2
 Client IPv6 Prefix: 3ffe:ffff:0:4::/64
 Client IPv6 Address: 3000:0:0:8003::1/128
 Client DUID: LL0x1-00:00:64:01:01:02
 State: BOUND(DHCPV6_LOCAL_SERVER_STATE_BOUND)

 Lease Expires: 2016-11-07 08:30:39 PST
 Lease Expires in: 43706 seconds
 Preferred Lease Expires: 2016-11-07 08:30:39 PST
 Preferred Lease Expires in: 43706 seconds
 Lease Start: 2016-11-04 11:00:37 PDT
 Last Packet Received: 2016-11-06 09:00:39 PST
 Incoming Client Interface: ae0.3221225472
 Client Interface Svlan Id: 2000
 Client Interface Vlan Id: 1
 Server Ip Address: 3000::2
 Server Interface: none
 Client Profile Name: my-dual-stack
 Client Id Length: 10
 Client Id: /0x00030001/0x00006401/0x0102
 Dual Stack Group: my-dual-stack
 Dual Stack Peer Address: 100.20.0.10
```

When DHCPv6 binding is configured with prefix exclude option, we get the following output:

```
user@host> show dhcpv6 server binding detail
Session Id: 5
 Client IPv6 Address: 7001:2:3::d/128
 Lease Expires: 2017-12-11 07:45:15 IST
 Lease Expires in: 9999995 seconds
 Preferred Lease Expires: 2017-12-11 07:45:15 IST
 Preferred Lease Expires in: 9999995 seconds
 Client IPv6 Prefix: 7001::1000:0:0:0/68
 Client IPv6 Excluded Prefix: 7001::1fff:ffff:ffff:ff00/120
 Lease Expires: 2017-12-11 07:45:15 IST
 Lease Expires in: 9999995 seconds
```

```

Preferred Lease Expires: 2017-12-11 07:45:15 IST
Preferred Lease Expires in: 9999995 seconds
Client DUID: LL_TIME0x1-0x599553b0-00:10:94:00:00:01

State: BOUND(DHCPV6_LOCAL_SERVER_STATE_BOUND)

Lease Start: 2017-08-17 13:58:32 IST
Last Packet Received: 2017-08-17 13:58:36 IST
Incoming Client Interface: ge-0/0/0.0
Client Interface Vlan Id: 100
Client Pool Name: ia_na_pool
Client Prefix Pool Name: prefix_delegate_pool
Client Id Length: 14
Client Id:
/0x00010001/0x599553b0/0x00109400/0x0001
Relay Id Length: 31
Relay Id:
/0x00020000/0x05830130/0x303a3035/0x3a38363a
Relay Id:
/0x34343a65/0x323a6330/0x00000000/0x000000

```

### show dhcpv6 server binding interface

```

user@host> show dhcpv6 server binding interface ge-1/0/0:10-101
Prefix Session Id Expires State Interface Client DUID
2001:db8:1111:2222::/64 1 86055 BOUND ge-1/0/0.100
LL_TIME0x1-0x4b0a53b9-00:10:94:00:00:01

```

### show dhcpv6 server binding interface detail

```

user@host> show dhcpv6 server binding interface ge-1/0/0:10-101 detail
Session Id: 7
Client IPv6 Prefix: 2001:db8:1111:2222::/64
Client DUID: LL_TIME0x1-0x2e159c0-00:10:94:00:00:02

State: BOUND(bound)
Lease Expires: 2009-07-21 10:41:15 PDT
Lease Expires in: 86136 seconds
Preferred Lease Expires: 2012-07-24 00:18:14 UTC
Preferred Lease Expires in: 600 seconds
Lease Start: 2009-07-20 10:41:15 PDT
Incoming Client Interface: ge-1/0/0.0
Server Ip Address: 0.0.0.0
Server Interface: none
Client Id Length: 14
Client Id:
/0x00010001/0x02e159c0/0x00109400/0x0002

```

### show dhcpv6 server binding (IPv6 Prefix)

```

user@host> show dhcpv6 server binding 14/0x00010001/0x02b3be8f/0x00109400/0x0005
detail
Session Id: 7
Client IPv6 Prefix: 2001:db8:1111:2222::/64
Client DUID: LL_TIME0x1-0x2e159c0-00:10:94:00:00:02

State: BOUND(bound)
Lease Expires: 2009-07-21 10:41:15 PDT
Lease Expires in: 86136 seconds
Preferred Lease Expires: 2012-07-24 00:18:14 UTC

```

```

Preferred Lease Expires in: 600 seconds
Lease Start: 2009-07-20 10:41:15 PDT
Incoming Client Interface: ge-1/0/0.0
Server Ip Address: 0.0.0.0
Server Interface: none
Client Id Length: 14
Client Id: /0x00010001/0x02e159c0/0x00109400/0x0002

```

#### show dhcpv6 server binding (Session ID)

```

user@host> show dhcpv6 server binding 8
Prefix Session Id Expires State Interface Client DUID
2001:db8::/32 8 86235 BOUND ge-1/0/0.0
LL_TIME0x1-0x2e159c0-00:10:94:00:00:03

```

#### show dhcpv6 server binding (Interfaces VLAN)

```

user@host> show dhcpv6 server binding ge-1/0/0:100-200
Prefix Session Id Expires State Interface Client DUID
2001:db8::/32 11 87583 BOUND ge-1/0/0.1073741827
LL_TIME0x1-0x4d5d009f-00:10:94:00:00:01
2001:db8:19::/32 12 87583 BOUND ge-1/0/0.1073741827
LL_TIME0x1-0x4d5d009f-00:10:94:00:00:01

```

#### show dhcpv6 server binding (Interfaces Wildcard)

```

user@host> show dhcpv6 server binding demux0
Prefix Session Id Expires State Interface Client DUID
2001:db8::/32 30 79681 BOUND demux0.1073741824
LL_TIME0x1-0x4d5d009f-00:10:94:00:00:01
2001:db8:19::/32 31 79681 BOUND demux0.1073741825
LL_TIME0x1-0x4d5d009f-00:10:94:00:00:01
2001:db8:C9::/32 32 79681 BOUND demux0.1073741826
LL_TIME0x1-0x4d5d009f-00:10:94:00:00:01

```

#### show dhcpv6 server binding (Interfaces Wildcard)

```

user@host> show dhcpv6 server binding ge-1/3/*
Prefix Session Id Expires State Interface Client DUID
2001:db8::/32 22 79681 BOUND ge-1/3/0.110
LL_TIME0x1-0x4d5d009f-00:10:94:00:00:01
2001:db8:19::/32 33 79681 BOUND ge-1/3/0.110
LL_TIME0x1-0x4d5d009f-00:10:94:00:00:01
2001:db8:C9::/32 24 79681 BOUND ge-1/3/0.110
LL_TIME0x1-0x4d5d009f-00:10:94:00:00:01

```

#### show dhcpv6 server binding summary

```

user@host> show dhcpv6 server binding summary
5 clients, (0 init, 5 bound, 0 selecting, 0 requesting, 0 renewing, 0 releasing)

```

## show dhcpv6 server statistics

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>show dhcpv6 server statistics &lt;bulk-leasequery-connections&gt; &lt;logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i>&gt; &lt;routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i>&gt;</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.</p> <p><b>bulk-leasequery-connections</b> option introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display extended Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6) local server statistics.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>bulk-leasequery-connections</b>—(Optional) Display bulk leasequery statistics.</p> <p><b>logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i></b>—(Optional) Display information about extended DHCPv6 local server statistics on the specified logical system. If you do not specify a logical system, statistics are displayed for the default logical system.</p> <p><b>routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i></b>—(Optional) Display information about extended DHCPv6 local server statistics on the specified routing instance. If you do not specify a routing instance, statistics are displayed for the default routing instance.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">clear dhcpv6 server statistics on page 1648</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <p><a href="#">show dhcpv6 server statistics on page 1817</a></p> <p><a href="#">show dhcpv6 server statistics bulk-leasequery-connections on page 1817</a></p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <p><a href="#">Table 105 on page 1816</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show dhcpv6 server statistics</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

Table 105: show dhcpv6 server statistics Output Fields

| Field Name               | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Packets dropped</b>   | <p>Number of packets discarded by the extended DHCPv6 local server because of errors. Only nonzero statistics appear in the Packets dropped output. When all of the Packets dropped statistics are 0 (zero), only the Total field appears.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Total</b>—Total number of packets discarded by the extended DHCPv6 local server</li> <li>• <b>Strict Reconfigure</b>—Number of solicit messages discarded because the client does not support reconfiguration</li> <li>• <b>Bad hardware address</b>—Number of packets discarded because an invalid hardware address was specified</li> <li>• <b>Bad opcode</b>—Number of packets discarded because an invalid operation code was specified</li> <li>• <b>Bad options</b>—Number of packets discarded because invalid options were specified</li> <li>• <b>Invalid server address</b>—Number of packets discarded because an invalid server address was specified</li> <li>• <b>Lease Time Violation</b>—Number of packets discarded because of a lease time violation</li> <li>• <b>No available addresses</b>—Number of packets discarded because there were no addresses available for assignment</li> <li>• <b>No interface match</b>—Number of packets discarded because they did not belong to a configured interface</li> <li>• <b>No routing instance match</b>—Number of packets discarded because they did not belong to a configured routing instance</li> <li>• <b>No valid local address</b>—Number of packets discarded because there was no valid local address</li> <li>• <b>Packet too short</b>—Number of packets discarded because they were too short</li> <li>• <b>Read error</b>—Number of packets discarded because of a system read error</li> <li>• <b>Send error</b>—Number of packets that the extended DHCPv6 local server could not send</li> </ul> |
| <b>Messages received</b> | <p>Number of DHCPv6 messages received.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>DHCPV6_CONFIRM</b>—Number of DHCPv6 CONFIRM PDUs received.</li> <li>• <b>DHCPV6_DECLINE</b>—Number of DHCPv6 DECLINE PDUs received.</li> <li>• <b>DHCPV6_INFORMATION_REQUEST</b>—Number of DHCPv6 INFORMATION-REQUEST PDUs received.</li> <li>• <b>DHCPV6_REBIND</b>—Number of DHCPv6 REBIND PDUs received.</li> <li>• <b>DHCPV6_RELAY_FORW</b>—Number of DHCPv6 RELAY-FORW PDUs received.</li> <li>• <b>DHCPV6_RELAY_REPL</b>—Number of DHCPv6 RELAY-REPL PDUs received.</li> <li>• <b>DHCPV6_RELEASE</b>—Number of DHCPv6 RELEASE PDUs received.</li> <li>• <b>DHCPV6_RENEW</b>—Number of DHCPv6 RENEW PDUs received.</li> <li>• <b>DHCPV6_REQUEST</b>—Number of DHCPv6 REQUEST PDUs received.</li> <li>• <b>DHCPV6_SOLICIT</b>—Number of DHCPv6 SOLICIT PDUs received.</li> <li>• <b>DHCPV6_LEASEQUERY</b>—Number of DHCPv6 leasequery messages received.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |



Table 105: show dhcpv6 server statistics Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name           | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Messages sent</b> | <p>Number of DHCPv6 messages sent.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>DHCPV6_ADVERTISE</b>—Number of DHCPv6 ADVERTISE PDUs transmitted.</li> <li><b>DHCPV6_REPLY</b>—Number of DHCPv6 ADVERTISE PDUs transmitted.</li> <li><b>DHCPV6_LOGICAL_NAK</b>—Number of logical NAK messages sent, signifying T1 and T2 timers with values of zero; subset of <b>DHCPV6_REPLY</b> counter. (Displays only at <b>verbose</b> level.</li> <li><b>DHC6_RECONFIGURE</b>—Number of DHCPv6 RECONFIGURE PDUs transmitted.</li> <li><b>DHCPV6_LEASEQUERY_REPLY</b>—Number of DHCPv6 leasequery replies transmitted to the DHCPv6 relay agent.</li> <li><b>DHCPV6_LEASEQUERY_DATA</b>—Number of DHCPv6 LEASEQUERY-DATA packets transmitted.</li> <li><b>DHCPV6_LEASEQUERY_DONE</b>—Number of DHCPv6 LEASEQUERY-DONE packets sent.</li> </ul> |

## Sample Output

### show dhcpv6 server statistics

```
user@host> show dhcpv6 server statistics
```

```
Dhcpv6 Packets dropped:
```

```
 Total 1
 Lease Time Violation 1
```

```
Messages received:
```

```
 DHCPV6_DECLINE 0
 DHCPV6_SOLICIT 9
 DHCPV6_INFORMATION_REQUEST 0
 DHCPV6_RELEASE 0
 DHCPV6_REQUEST 5
 DHCPV6_CONFIRM 0
 DHCPV6_RENEW 0
 DHCPV6_REBIND 0
 DHCPV6_RELAY_FORW 0
 DHCPV6_RELAY_REPL 0
 DHCPV6_LEASEQUERY 0
```

```
Messages sent:
```

```
 DHCPV6_ADVERTISE 9
 DHCPV6_REPLY 5
 DHCPV6_RECONFIGURE 0
 DHCPV6_LEASEQUERY_REPLY 0
 DHCPV6_LEASEQUERY_DATA 0
 DHCPV6_LEASEQUERY_DONE 0
```

### show dhcpv6 server statistics bulk-leasequery-connections

```
user@host> show dhcpv6 server statistics bulk-leasequery-connections
```

```
Total Accepted Connections: 0
Total Not-Accepted Connections: 0
Connections Closed due to Errors: 0
Connections Closed due to max-empty-replies: 0
In-flight Connections: 0
```

## show diameter

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <b>show diameter</b><br><b>&lt;brief   detail   summary&gt;</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display information about the Diameter node.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>brief   detail   summary</b> —(Optional) Display the specified level of output. The <b>summary</b> output is displayed by default and includes Diameter node status. The <b>brief</b> output adds summary information about functions, instances, network elements, and peers. The <b>detail</b> output adds summary information about routes.                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">clear diameter function statistics on page 1649</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">clear diameter peer on page 1650</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show diameter function on page 1824</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show diameter instance on page 1831</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show diameter network-element on page 1833</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show diameter peer on page 1839</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show diameter route on page 1851</a></li> </ul> |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show diameter brief on page 1821</a><br><a href="#">show diameter detail on page 1822</a><br><a href="#">show diameter summary on page 1822</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 106 on page 1818</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show diameter</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

**Table 106: show diameter Output Fields**

| Field Name          | Field Description                                     | Level of Output |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Diameter process id | ID number of the Diameter process.                    | All levels      |
| Functions           | Number of functions associated with Diameter.         | All levels      |
| Connected functions | Number of functions with active Diameter connections. | All levels      |

Table 106: show diameter Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                                     | Field Description                                                                                             | Level of Output     |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| <b>Instances</b>                               | Number of configured Diameter instances.                                                                      | All levels          |
| <b>Network elements (NEs)</b>                  | Number of configured Diameter network elements.                                                               | All levels          |
| <b>Connected NEs</b>                           | Number of Diameter network elements with active connections.                                                  | All levels          |
| <b>Peers</b>                                   | Number of Diameter peer nodes.                                                                                | All levels          |
| <b>Activated peers</b>                         | Number of Diameter peers with active connections.                                                             | All levels          |
| <b>Open peers</b>                              | Number of peers in the open state, without active network element connections but available for a connection. | All levels          |
| <b>Transports</b>                              | Number of transports configured.                                                                              | All levels          |
| <b>Requests queued for network transmit</b>    | Number of requests waiting to be sent to the Diameter peers.                                                  | All levels          |
| <b>Answers queued for network transmit</b>     | Number of replies waiting to be sent to the Diameter peers.                                                   | All levels          |
| <b>Expected answers from network</b>           | Number of replies expected to be received from the Diameter peers.                                            | All levels          |
| <b>Requests queued for function transmit</b>   | Number of requests waiting to be sent to the functions associated with Diameter.                              | All levels          |
| <b>Answers queued for function transmit</b>    | Number of replies waiting to be sent to the functions associated with Diameter.                               | All levels          |
| <b>Expected answers from functions</b>         | Number of replies expected to be received from the functions associated with Diameter.                        | All levels          |
| <b>Memory used by network transmit queues</b>  | Amount of memory consumed by network transmit queues.                                                         | All levels          |
| <b>Memory used by function transmit queues</b> | Amount of memory consumed by function transmit queues.                                                        | All levels          |
| <b>Origin-state-id</b>                         | Value of the Origin-State-ID AVP.                                                                             | All levels          |
| <b>Function</b>                                | Name of the function for which information is displayed.                                                      | <b>brief detail</b> |

Table 106: show diameter Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                                | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Level of Output     |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| <b>State</b>                              | State of the Diameter connection with the function: <b>Connected</b> or <b>Disconnec</b> (disconnected).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Upstream Transaction Utilization</b>   | Percent of upstream traffic used for this function.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Downstream Transaction Utilization</b> | Percent of downstream traffic used for this function.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Net Queue Buffer Utilization</b>       | Percent of network transmission buffer used for this function.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Func Queue Buffer Utilization</b>      | Percent of function transmission buffer used for this function.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Routed Dests</b>                       | Number of destinations that have this function associated with their routes.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Name</b>                               | Name of the Diameter instance.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Origin-Realm</b>                       | Value of Origin-Realm attribute-value pair (AVP).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Origin Host</b>                        | Value of Origin-Host AVP.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>NE-Total</b>                           | Number of configured network elements.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>NE-Connected</b>                       | Number of network elements with active Diameter connections.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Name</b>                               | Name of the Diameter network element.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Instance</b>                           | Name of the Diameter instance in which the network element is configured.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>State</b>                              | State of the network element: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Connecting—None of the network element peers are in the open state and available for connection.</li> <li>Selecting—One network element peer is connected and the network element is waiting for another peer to reach the open state so that it can be connected.</li> <li>Partially-Connected—One network element peer is in the open state and connected.</li> <li>Post-selection-delay—Three or more peers are in the open state and the network element is waiting to deactivate the peers in excess of two.</li> <li>Fully-connected—Two network element peers are in the open state and connected.</li> </ul> | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Primary Peer</b>                       | Primary peer for the network element, based on the configured peer priority.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Secondary Peer</b>                     | Secondary peer for the network element, based on the configured peer priority.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <b>brief detail</b> |

Table 106: show diameter Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name             | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Level of Output     |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| <b>Peer</b>            | Name of the peer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Instance</b>        | Name of the Diameter instance in which the peer is configured.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>State</b>           | State of the peer: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bad-Config—Misconfiguration.</li> <li>• Bad-Remote—Remote side does not conform to one of the decisions or is sending malformed messages.</li> <li>• Closed—Normal disconnect due to a request from the remote site or due to excessive watchdog timeouts.</li> <li>• Destructing—Peer to be deleted on the next timer tick. Until then, it performs no actions.</li> <li>• Disabled—Peer is administratively disabled.</li> <li>• Internal-error—Internal error has been detected and the peer is in the process of restarting.</li> <li>• No-Activation—Peer is not used by any Diameter network element.</li> <li>• Rejected—Connection was rejected by remote side of the connection.</li> <li>• Suspended—All other reasons to be suspended.</li> </ul> | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>NE-Count</b>        | Number of network elements associated with the peer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Activated Count</b> | Activation status of the peer: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1—Peer is activated.</li> <li>• 0—Peer is not activated.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Primary Count</b>   | Status of the peer: primary (1) or secondary (0).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Secondary Count</b> | Status of the peer: secondary (0) or primary (1).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Route</b>           | Name of the Diameter route.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <b>detail</b>       |
| <b>NE</b>              | Name of the Diameter network element in which the route is configured                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | <b>detail</b>       |
| <b>Instance</b>        | Name of the Diameter instance in which the route is configured.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <b>detail</b>       |
| <b>Valid</b>           | Determination of whether the route is valid: <b>yes</b> or <b>no</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <b>detail</b>       |
| <b>Up</b>              | State of the route: <b>yes</b> for an active route, <b>no</b> for an inactive route.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <b>detail</b>       |

## Sample Output

### show diameter brief

```
user@host> show diameter brief
```

```
Diameter node:
```

```

Diameter process id : 1446
Functions : 4
Connected functions : 2
Instances : 1
Network elements(NEs) : 1
Connected NEs : 0
Peers : 2
Activated peers : 1
Open peers : 0
Transports : 1
Requests queued for network transmit : 0
Answers queued for network transmit : 0
Expected answers from network : 0
Requests queued for function transmit : 0
Answers queued for function transmit : 0
Expected answers from functions : 0
Memory used by network transmit queues : 0
Memory used by function transmit queues : 0
Origin-state-id : 0

```

## Diameter function list:

| Function  | State     | Upstream<br>Transaction<br>Utilization<br>% | Downstream<br>Transaction<br>Utilization<br>% | Net Queue<br>Buffer<br>Utilization<br>% | Func Queue<br>Buffer<br>Utilization<br>% | Routed<br>Dests |
|-----------|-----------|---------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| charging- | Disconnec | 0                                           | 0                                             | 0                                       | 0                                        | 0               |
| gx-plus   | Connected | 0                                           | 0                                             | 0                                       | 0                                        | 1               |
| jsrc      | Connected | 0                                           | 0                                             | 0                                       | 0                                        | 0               |
| packet-tr | Disconnec | 0                                           | 0                                             | 0                                       | 0                                        | 0               |

## Diameter instances:

| Name   | Origin-Realm | Origin-Host | NE-Total | NE-Connected |
|--------|--------------|-------------|----------|--------------|
| master | orrr         | ohhh        | 1        | 0            |

## Diameter network-elements:

| Name | Instance | State      | Primary<br>Peer | Secondary<br>Peer |
|------|----------|------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| n0   | master   | Connecting | <NONE>          | <NONE>            |

## Diameter peer list:

| Peer | Instance | State         | NE-Count | Activated<br>Count | Primary<br>Count | Secondary<br>Count |
|------|----------|---------------|----------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| p0   | master   | Suspended     | 1        | 1                  | 0                | 0                  |
| p100 | master   | No-Activation | 0        | 0                  | 0                | 0                  |

## show diameter detail

```
user@host> show diameter detail
```

```
...
```

## Diameter routes:

| Route      | NE   | Instance | Valid Up |
|------------|------|----------|----------|
| dne-route1 | dne1 | master   | yes no   |

## show diameter summary

```
user@host> show diameter summary
```

## Diameter node:

```

Diameter process id : 1446
Functions : 4
Connected functions : 2

```

|                                         |   |   |
|-----------------------------------------|---|---|
| Instances                               | : | 1 |
| Network elements(NEs)                   | : | 1 |
| Connected NEs                           | : | 0 |
| Peers                                   | : | 2 |
| Activated peers                         | : | 1 |
| Open peers                              | : | 0 |
| Transports                              | : | 1 |
| Requests queued for network transmit    | : | 0 |
| Answers queued for network transmit     | : | 0 |
| Expected answers from network           | : | 0 |
| Requests queued for function transmit   | : | 0 |
| Answers queued for function transmit    | : | 0 |
| Expected answers from functions         | : | 0 |
| Memory used by network transmit queues  | : | 0 |
| Memory used by function transmit queues | : | 0 |
| Origin-state-id                         | : | 0 |

## show diameter function

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <b>show diameter function</b><br><b>&lt;brief   detail   summary&gt;</b><br><b>&lt;function-name&gt;</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.<br>Support for PTSP introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.<br>Support for Gx-Plus introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.<br>Support for PTSP discontinued in Junos OS Release 13.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display information about all functions associated with Diameter instances or only the specified function.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>brief   detail   summary</b>—(Optional) Display the specified level of output. The <b>summary</b> output is displayed by default and includes basic function information. The <b>brief</b> output displays the summary information in a different format. The <b>detail</b> output adds information to the <b>brief</b> output.</p> <p><b>function-name</b>—(Optional) Display information for only the specified function. Gx-Plus, JSRC, and packet-triggered-subscribers are supported functions.</p> |  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">clear diameter function statistics on page 1649</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show diameter on page 1818</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show diameter function statistics on page 1828</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show diameter function on page 1826</a><br><a href="#">show diameter function brief on page 1826</a><br><a href="#">show diameter function detail (JSRC) on page 1827</a><br><a href="#">show diameter function detail (Gx-Plus) on page 1827</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |  |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | Table 107 on page 1824 lists the output fields for the <b>show diameter function</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |  |

Table 107: show diameter function Output Fields

| Field Name           | Field Description                                        | Level of Output |
|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Function name</b> | Name of the function for which information is displayed. | All levels      |
| <b>State</b>         | State of the Diameter connection with the function.      | All levels      |



Table 107: show diameter function Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                            | Field Description                                                              | Level of Output |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Upstream transaction utilization      | Percent of upstream traffic used for this function.                            | All levels      |
| Downstream transaction utilization    | Percent of downstream traffic used for this function.                          | All levels      |
| Network transmit buffer utilization   | Percent of network transmission buffer used for this function.                 | All levels      |
| Function transmit buffer utilization  | Percent of function transmission buffer used for this function.                | All levels      |
| Routed destinations                   | Number of destinations that have this function associated with their routes.   | All levels      |
| Requests queued for network tx        | Number of requests waiting to be sent to the Diameter peers for this function. | detail          |
| Pending answers from network          | Number of replies expected from the Diameter peers for this function.          | detail          |
| Answers queued for function tx        | Number of replies waiting to be sent to this function.                         | detail          |
| Total upstream transactions pending   | Total number of messages queued for this function.                             | detail          |
| Upstream transactions limit           | Total number of messages queued for this function.                             | detail          |
| Requests queued for function tx       | Number of requests waiting to be sent to this function.                        | detail          |
| Pending answers from function         | Number of replies expected to be received from this function.                  | detail          |
| Answers queued for network tx         | Number of replies waiting to be sent to this function.                         | detail          |
| Total downstream transactions pending | Total number of messages queued for the Diameter peers.                        | detail          |
| Downstream transactions limit         | Maximum number of messages that can be queued for the Diameter peers.          | detail          |

Table 107: show diameter function Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                         | Field Description                                                             | Level of Output |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Buffers used by network tx queue   | Number of buffers used by messages queued for the Diameter peers.             | detail          |
| Limit on network tx queue buffers  | Maximum buffer capacity available for messages queued for the Diameter peers. | detail          |
| Buffers used by function tx queue  | Number of buffers used by messages queued for this function.                  | detail          |
| Limit on function tx queue buffers | Maximum buffer capacity available for messages queued for this function.      | detail          |
| Origin-state-id                    | Value of the Origin-State-ID AVP.                                             | detail          |

## Sample Output

### show diameter function

```
user@host> show diameter function
```

```
Diameter function list:
```

| Function | State     | Upstream Transaction Utilization % | Downstream Transaction Utilization % | Net Queue Buffer Utilization % | Func Queue Buffer Utilization % | Routed Dests |
|----------|-----------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| jsrc     | Disconnec | 0                                  | 0                                    | 0                              | 0                               | 0            |

### show diameter function brief

```
user@host> show diameter function brief
```

```
Diameter function:
```

```
Function name : gx-plus
State : Connected
Upstream transaction utilization : 0 %
Downstream transaction utilization : 0 %
Network transmit buffer utilization : 0 %
Function transmit buffer utilization : 0 %
Routed destinations : 1

Function name : jsrc
State : Disconnected
Upstream transaction utilization : 0 %
Downstream transaction utilization : 0 %
Network transmit buffer utilization : 0 %
Function transmit buffer utilization : 0 %
Routed destinations : 0
```

**show diameter function detail (JSRC)**

```
user@host> show diameter function detail
```

```
Diameter function:
 Function name : jsrc
 State : Disconnected
 Upstream transaction utilization : 0 %
 Downstream transaction utilization : 0 %
 Network transmit buffer utilization : 0 %
 Function transmit buffer utilization : 0 %
 Routed destinations : 0
 Requests queued for network tx : 0
 Pending answers from network : 0
 Answers queued for function tx : 0
 Total upstream transactions pending : 0
 Upstream transactions limit : 1024
 Requests queued for function tx : 0
 Pending answers from function : 0
 Answers queued for network tx : 0
 Total downstream transactions pending : 0
 Downstream transactions limit : 1024
 Buffers used by network tx queue : 0
 Limit on network tx queue buffers : 10485760
 Buffers used by function tx queue : 0
 Limit on function tx queue buffers : 10485760
```

**show diameter function detail (Gx-Plus)**

```
user@host> show diameter function gx-plus detail
```

```
Diameter function:
 Function name : gx-plus
 State : Connected
 Upstream transaction utilization : 0 %
 Downstream transaction utilization : 0 %
 Network transmit buffer utilization : 0 %
 Function transmit buffer utilization : 0 %
 Routed destinations : 1
 Requests queued for network tx : 0
 Pending answers from network : 0
 Answers queued for function tx : 0
 Total upstream transactions pending : 0
 Upstream transactions limit : 1024
 Requests queued for function tx : 0
 Pending answers from function : 0
 Answers queued for network tx : 0
 Total downstream transactions pending : 0
 Downstream transactions limit : 1024
 Buffers used by network tx queue : 0
 Limit on network tx queue buffers : 10485760
 Buffers used by function tx queue : 0
 Limit on function tx queue buffers : 10485760
 Origin-state-id : 0
```

## show diameter function statistics

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |  |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <b>show diameter function statistics</b><br><b>&lt;brief   detail   summary&gt;</b><br><b>&lt;function-name&gt;</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.<br>Support for PTSP introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.<br>Support for Gx-Plus introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.<br>Support for PTSP discontinued in Junos OS Release 13.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display statistics about all functions associated with Diameter instances or only the specified function.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>brief   detail   summary</b>—(Optional) Display the specified level of output. The <b>summary</b> output is displayed by default and includes basic function statistics. The <b>brief</b> output displays the summary information in a different format and adds numbers accumulated since the Diameter node was started. The <b>detail</b> output adds information to the <b>brief</b> output.</p> <p><b>function-name</b>—(Optional) Display information for only the specified function. Gx-Plus, JSRC, and packet-triggered-subscribers are supported functions. When you specify a function, the <b>brief</b> output is displayed by default, even when you explicitly specify <b>summary</b>.</p> |  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">clear diameter function statistics on page 1649</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show diameter on page 1818</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show diameter function on page 1824</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |  |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show diameter function statistics on page 1830</a><br><a href="#">show diameter function statistics brief on page 1830</a><br><a href="#">show diameter function statistics detail on page 1830</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |  |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | Table 108 on page 1828 lists the output fields for the <b>show diameter function statistics</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |  |

Table 108: show diameter function statistics Output Fields

| Field Name                | Field Description                                            | Level of Output |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Function</b>           | Name of the function for which information is displayed.     | All levels      |
| <b>Delivered Requests</b> | Number of requests delivered by Diameter to the application. | All levels      |

Table 108: show diameter function statistics Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                          | Field Description                                                                                       | Level of Output |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Delivered Answers</b>            | Number of answers delivered by Diameter to the application.                                             | All levels      |
| <b>Delivered Messages</b>           | Total number of messages delivered by Diameter to the application.                                      | All levels      |
| <b>Forwarded Requests</b>           | Number of requests sent by Diameter to the network.                                                     | All levels      |
| <b>Forwarded Answers</b>            | Number of answers sent by Diameter to the network.                                                      | All levels      |
| <b>Forwarded Messages</b>           | Number of messages sent by Diameter to the network.                                                     | All levels      |
| <b>Function name</b>                | Name of the function for which information is displayed.                                                | All levels      |
| <b>Over-limit network requests</b>  | Number of requests sent to Diameter peers that exceeded the limit on the network transmit queue.        | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Over-limit network answers</b>   | Number of answers sent to Diameter peers that exceeded the limit on the network transmit queue.         | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Over-limit network messages</b>  | Total number of messages sent to Diameter peers that exceeded the limit on the network transmit queue.  | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Failed to deliver requests</b>   | Number of requests sent by Diameter to its application that were not successfully delivered.            | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Failed to deliver answers</b>    | Number of answers sent by Diameter to its application that were not successfully delivered.             | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Failed to deliver messages</b>   | Total number of messages sent by Diameter to its application that were not successfully delivered.      | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Over-limit function requests</b> | Number of requests sent to Diameter peers that exceeded the limit on the function transmit queue.       | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Over-limit function answers</b>  | Number of answers sent to Diameter peers that exceeded the limit on the function transmit queue.        | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Over-limit function messages</b> | Total number of messages sent to Diameter peers that exceeded the limit on the function transmit queue. | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Failed to forward requests</b>   | Number of requests that were not successfully sent by Diameter to the network.                          | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Failed to forward answers</b>    | Number of answers that were not successfully sent by Diameter to the network.                           | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Failed to forward messages</b>   | Total number of messages that were not successfully sent by Diameter to the network.                    | <b>detail</b>   |

## Sample Output

### show diameter function statistics

```
user@host> show diameter function statistics
Diameter function statistics:
 Delivered Delivered Delivered Forwarded Forwarded Forwarded
Function Requests Answers Messages Requests Answers Messages
jsrc 0 0 0 0 0 0
```

### show diameter function statistics brief

```
user@host> show diameter function statistics brief

Diameter function statistics:
Function name : jsrc

Delivered requests : 0 0
Delivered answers : 0 0
Delivered messages : 0 0
Forwarded requests : 0 0
Forwarded answers : 0 0
Forwarded messages : 0 0
```

### show diameter function statistics detail

```
user@host> show diameter function statistics detail

Diameter function statistics:
Function name : jsrc

Delivered requests : 0 0
Delivered answers : 0 0
Delivered messages : 0 0
Forwarded requests : 0 0
Forwarded answers : 0 0
Forwarded messages : 0 0
Over-limit network requests : 0 0
Over-limit network answers : 0 0
Over-limit network messages : 0 0
Failed to deliver requests : 0 0
Failed to deliver answers : 0 0
Failed to deliver messages : 0 0
Over-limit function requests : 0 0
Over-limit function answers : 0 0
Over-limit function messages : 0 0
Failed to forward requests : 0 0
Failed to forward answers : 0 0
Failed to forward messages : 0 0
```

## show diameter instance

**Syntax** `show diameter instance`  
`<brief | detail | summary>`  
`<instance-name>`

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.

**Description** Display information about all Diameter instances or only the specified instance.

**Options** **brief | detail | summary**—(Optional) Display the specified level of output. The **summary** output is displayed by default and includes basic instance information. The **brief** output displays the summary information in a different format. The **detail** output is the same as the **brief** output.

**instance-name**—(Optional) Display information for only the specified Diameter instance.

**Required Privilege Level** view

**Related Documentation**

- [show diameter on page 1818](#)

**List of Sample Output** [show diameter instance on page 1832](#)  
[show diameter instance detail on page 1832](#)

**Output Fields** [Table 109 on page 1831](#) lists the output fields for the **show diameter instance** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 109: show diameter instance Output Fields**

| Field Name    | Field Description                                              | Level of Output |
|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| name          | Name of the Diameter instance.                                 | summary         |
| Origin-realm  | Value of Origin-Realm AVP.                                     | summary         |
| Origin-host   | Value of Origin-Host AVP.                                      | summary         |
| NE-total      | Total number of network elements configured for this instance. | summary         |
| NE-connected  | Number of network elements with active Diameter connections.   | summary         |
| Instance name | Name of the Diameter instance.                                 | brief detail    |
| Origin realm  | Value of Origin-Realm AVP.                                     | brief detail    |
| Origin host   | Value of Origin-Host AVP.                                      | brief detail    |

Table 109: show diameter instance Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name           | Field Description                                              | Level of Output     |
|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| <b>NEs</b>           | Total number of network elements configured for this instance. | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Connected NEs</b> | Number of network elements with active Diameter connections.   | <b>brief detail</b> |

## Sample Output

### show diameter instance

```
user@host> show diameter instance

Diameter instances:
 Name Origin-Realm Origin-Host NE-Total NE-Connected
 master rrrr hhhh 1 1
```

### show diameter instance detail

```
user@host> show diameter instance detail

Diameter instance:
 Instance name : master

 Origin realm : rrrr

 Origin host : hhhh

 NEs : 1
 Connected NEs : 1
```



## show diameter network-element

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <b>show diameter network-element</b><br><b>&lt;brief   detail   summary&gt;</b><br><b>&lt;element-name&gt;</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display information about all Diameter network elements or only the specified network element.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>brief   detail   summary</b>—(Optional) Display the specified level of output. The <b>summary</b> output is displayed by default and includes basic network element information. The <b>brief</b> output displays the summary information in a different format. The <b>detail</b> output adds information to the <b>brief</b> output.</p> <p><b>element-name</b>—(Optional) Display information for only the specified network element.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">show diameter on page 1818</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show diameter function on page 1824</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show diameter network-element map on page 1836</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show diameter peer on page 1839</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show diameter route on page 1851</a></li> </ul>                                                                                     |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <p><a href="#">show diameter network-element on page 1834</a></p> <p><a href="#">show diameter network-element detail on page 1835</a></p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | Table 110 on page 1833 lists the output fields for the <b>show diameter network-element</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

**Table 110: show diameter network-element Output Fields**

| Field Name      | Field Description                                                         | Level of Output |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Name</b>     | Name of the Diameter network element.                                     | <b>summary</b>  |
| <b>Instance</b> | Name of the Diameter instance in which the network element is configured. | <b>summary</b>  |

Table 110: show diameter network-element Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                   | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Level of Output     |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| <b>State</b>                 | State of the network element: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Connecting—None of the network element peers are in the open state and available for connection.</li> <li>Selecting—One network element peer is connected and the network element is waiting for another peer to reach the open state so that it can be connected.</li> <li>Partially-Connected—One network element peer is in the open state and connected.</li> <li>Post-selection-delay—Three or more peers are in the open state and the network element is waiting to deactivate the peers in excess of two.</li> <li>Fully-connected—Two network element peers are in the open state and connected.</li> </ul> | All levels          |
| <b>Primary peer</b>          | Primary peer for the network element, based on the configured peer priority.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | All levels          |
| <b>Secondary peer</b>        | Secondary peer for the network element, based on the configured peer priority.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | All levels          |
| <b>NE name</b>               | Name of the Diameter network element.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Instance name</b>         | Name of the Diameter instance in which the network element is configured.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Peers</b>                 | Number of configured peers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Activated peers</b>       | Number of peers that have been activated.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Open peers</b>            | Number of peers in the open state, without active network element connections but available for a connection.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Routes</b>                | Number of routes configured for the network element.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Invalid routes</b>        | Number of routes that are invalid because they lack one or more of the following: application and partition, Diameter instance, or destination realm.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Activation delay</b>      | Period in milliseconds between peer activations by the network element.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>First selection delay</b> | Period in milliseconds that the network element waited after connecting to the first peer to allow other peers to reach the open state.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Postselection delay</b>   | Period in milliseconds that the network element waited after having two peers in the open state before deactivating all lower-priority peers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <b>brief detail</b> |

## Sample Output

### show diameter network-element

```
user@host> show diameter network-element
```

```
Diameter network-elements:
```

```
Primary
```

```
Secondary
```

| Name | Instance | State           | Peer | Peer |
|------|----------|-----------------|------|------|
| ne0  | master   | Fully-connected | p0   | p1   |

#### show diameter network-element detail

```
user@host> show diameter network-element detail
```

Diameter network-element:

NE name : ne0

Instance name : master

State : Fully-connected

Primary peer : p0

Secondary peer : p1

Peers : 5

Activated peers : 4

Open peers : 2

Routes : 1

Invalid routes : 0

Activation delay : 10000 ms

First selection delay : 0 ms

Post selection delay : 30000 ms

## show diameter network-element map

**Syntax** `show diameter network-element map`  
`<brief | detail | summary>`  
`<element-name>`

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.

**Description** Display network-element-to-peer mapping information for all Diameter network elements or only the specified network element.

**Options** **brief | detail | summary**—(Optional) Display the specified level of output. The **summary** output is displayed by default. The **brief** output and **detail** output display the summary information in a different format.

**element-name**—(Optional) Display information for only the specified network element.

**Required Privilege Level** view

**Related Documentation**

- [show diameter on page 1818](#)
- [show diameter network-element on page 1833](#)

**List of Sample Output** [show diameter network-element map on page 1837](#)  
[show diameter network-element map detail on page 1837](#)

**Output Fields** [Table 111 on page 1836](#) lists the output fields for the **show diameter network-element map** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 111: show diameter network-element map Output Fields

| Field Name      | Field Description                                                             | Level of Output |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Name</b>     | Name of the Diameter network element.                                         | <b>summary</b>  |
| <b>Instance</b> | Name of the Diameter instance in which the network element is configured.     | <b>summary</b>  |
| <b>Peer</b>     | Name of the peer.                                                             | All levels      |
| <b>Priority</b> | Priority configured for the peer. A lower number indicates a higher priority. | All levels      |

Table 111: show diameter network-element map Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name           | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Level of Output     |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| <b>State</b>         | State of the peer: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Activated—Peer has been activated (selected) by the network element.</li> <li>Not-Activated—Peer has not been selected by the network element.</li> <li>Primary—Peer that is connected to the network element and has the higher priority of the two connected peers.</li> <li>Secondary—Peer that is connected to the network element and has the lower priority of the two connected peers.</li> </ul> | <b>summary</b>      |
| <b>NE name</b>       | Name of the Diameter network element.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Instance name</b> | Name of the Diameter instance in which the network element is configured.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Usage</b>         | State of the peer: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Activated—Peer has been activated (selected) by the network element.</li> <li>Not-Activated—Peer has not been selected by the network element.</li> <li>Primary—Peer that is connected to the network element and has the higher priority of the two connected peers.</li> <li>Secondary—Peer that is connected to the network element and has the lower priority of the two connected peers.</li> </ul> | <b>brief detail</b> |

## Sample Output

### show diameter network-element map

```
user@host> show diameter network-element map
```

```
Diameter network-element peers:
Name Instance Peer Priority State
ne0 master p288 30 Activated
ne0 master p0 20 Primary
ne0 master pA 15 Activated
ne0 master p1 10 Secondary
ne0 master pB 5 Not-Activated
```

### show diameter network-element map detail

```
user@host> show diameter network-element map detail
```

```
Diameter network-element peers:
NE name : ne0

Instance name : master

Peer : p288

Priority : 30
Usage : Activated

NE name : ne0
```

```
Instance name : master
Peer : p0
Priority : 20
Usage : Primary
NE name : ne0
Instance name : master
Peer : pA
Priority : 15
Usage : Activated
NE name : ne0
Instance name : master
Peer : p1
Priority : 10
Usage : Secondary
NE name : ne0
Instance name : master
Peer : pB
Priority : 5
Usage : Not-Activated
```

## show diameter peer

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <b>show diameter peer</b><br><b>&lt;brief   detail   summary&gt;</b><br><b>&lt;peer-name&gt;</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display information about all peers associated with Diameter instances or only the specified peer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>brief   detail   summary</b>—(Optional) Display the specified level of output. The <b>summary</b> output is displayed by default and includes basic peer information. The <b>brief</b> output displays the summary information in a different format. The <b>detail</b> output adds information to the <b>brief</b> output.</p> <p><b>peer-name</b>—(Optional) Display information for only the specified peer.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">clear diameter peer on page 1650</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show diameter on page 1818</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show diameter peer map on page 1844</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show diameter peer statistics on page 1847</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                           |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <p><a href="#">show diameter peer on page 1841</a></p> <p><a href="#">show diameter peer detail on page 1842</a></p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 112 on page 1839</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show diameter peer</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

**Table 112: show diameter peer Output Fields**

| Field Name | Field Description                                              | Level of Output |
|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Peer       | Name of the peer.                                              | brief summary   |
| Instance   | Name of the Diameter instance in which the peer is configured. | brief summary   |

Table 112: show diameter peer Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                     | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Level of Output      |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| <b>State</b>                   | State of the peer: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bad-Config—Misconfiguration.</li> <li>• Bad-Remote—Remote side does not conform to one of the decisions or is sending malformed messages.</li> <li>• Closed—Normal disconnect due to a request from the remote site or due to excessive watchdog timeouts.</li> <li>• Destructing—Peer to be deleted on the next timer tick; until then, it performs no actions.</li> <li>• Disabled—Peer is administratively disabled.</li> <li>• Internal-error—Internal error has been detected and the peer is in the process of restarting.</li> <li>• No-Activation—Peer is not used by any Diameter network element.</li> <li>• Rejected—Connection was rejected by remote side of the connection.</li> <li>• Reopen—Connection has been unexpectedly closed and Diameter is attempting to reopen the connection.</li> <li>• Suspended—All other reasons to be suspended.</li> </ul> | All levels           |
| <b>NE-Count</b>                | Number of network elements associated with the peer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | <b>brief summary</b> |
| <b>Activated Count</b>         | Activation status of the peer: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1—Peer is activated.</li> <li>• 0—Peer is not activated.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | All levels           |
| <b>Primary Count</b>           | Status of the peer, primary (1) or secondary (0).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | All levels           |
| <b>Secondary Count</b>         | Secondary (0) versus Primary (1) status of the peer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | All levels           |
| <b>Peer name</b>               | Name of the peer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <b>detail</b>        |
| <b>NEs</b>                     | Number of network elements associated with the peer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | <b>detail</b>        |
| <b>Vrf</b>                     | Logical system:routing instance of the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <b>detail</b>        |
| <b>Remote address</b>          | Remote IP address of the peer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <b>detail</b>        |
| <b>Remote port</b>             | Remote port on the peer on which the connection is made.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <b>detail</b>        |
| <b>Remote end origin realm</b> | Name of the realm of the Diameter node that originates messages to the peer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <b>detail</b>        |
| <b>Remote end origin host</b>  | Name of the host of the Diameter node that originates messages to the peer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <b>detail</b>        |
| <b>Local address</b>           | Local IP address on the Diameter origin node.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <b>detail</b>        |
| <b>Local port</b>              | Local port on the Diameter origin node.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <b>detail</b>        |



Table 112: show diameter peer Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name              | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                  | Level of Output |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Local transport         | Number of transports configured.                                                                                                                                                                   | detail          |
| Time since last enable  | Period since peer was enabled in <i>hh:mm:ss</i> format.                                                                                                                                           | detail          |
| In state time           | Period that peer has been in present state in <i>hh:mm:ss</i> format.                                                                                                                              | detail          |
| Remaining in state time | Period that peer will remain in present state in <i>hh:mm:ss</i> format.                                                                                                                           | detail          |
| Missing wd events       | Number of missed watchdog events.                                                                                                                                                                  | detail          |
| Tx queue length         | Number of messages in the transmit queue.                                                                                                                                                          | detail          |
| Answer waiting count    | Number of answers on which the peer is waiting.                                                                                                                                                    | detail          |
| Time since last rx      | Number of milliseconds since the last message was received by the peer.                                                                                                                            | detail          |
| Time until wd timeout   | Time remaining until next watchdog event.                                                                                                                                                          | detail          |
| Operation timeout       | Watchdog timeout period.                                                                                                                                                                           | detail          |
| Suspended timeout base  | Base timeout period in suspended states (suspended, rejected, bad-remonte, bad-config). This timeout doubles after each consecutive suspension, until the maximum value of 600 seconds is reached. | detail          |
| Closed timeout          | Timeout period in normal closed state, such as when an external peer requested a disconnect.                                                                                                       | detail          |
| Connection timeout      | Timeout period for establishing a connection.                                                                                                                                                      | detail          |
| Waiting origin state id | Whether the peer is waiting for the Origin-State-Id AVP, <b>yes</b> or <b>no</b> .                                                                                                                 | detail          |

## Sample Output

### show diameter peer

```
user@host> show diameter peer
```

```
Diameter peer list:
```

| Peer | Instance | State     | NE-Count | Activated Count | Primary Count | Secondary Count |
|------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| p0   | master   | I-Open    | 1        | 1               | 1             | 0               |
| p1   | master   | I-Open    | 1        | 1               | 0             | 1               |
| p288 | master   | Suspended | 1        | 1               | 0             | 0               |
| pA   | master   | Suspended | 1        | 1               | 0             | 0               |

|    |        |               |   |   |   |   |
|----|--------|---------------|---|---|---|---|
| pB | master | No-Activation | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| pc | master | No-Activation | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| pd | master | No-Activation | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

### show diameter peer detail

```
user@host> show diameter peer detail
```

```
Diameter peer:
Peer name : p0
State : I-Open
NEs : 1
Activated count : 1
Primary count : 1
Secondary count : 0
Vrf : default:master
Remote address : 203.0.113.158
Remote port : 62917
Remote end origin realm : rrrrA
Remote end origin host : hhhhA
Local address : 203.0.113.155
Local port : 57095
Local transport : <NO-TRANSPORT>
Time since last enable : 08:56.200
In state time : 08:56.200
Remaining in state time : no limit
Missed wd events : 0
Tx queue length : 0
Answer waiting count : 0
Time since last rx : 2200 ms
Time until wd timeout : 3800 ms
Operation timeout : 6000 ms
Suspended timeout base : 30000 ms
Closed timeout : 30000 ms
Connection timeout : 6000 ms
Waiting origin state id : no

Peer name : p1
State : I-Open
NEs : 1
Activated count : 1
Primary count : 0
Secondary count : 1
Vrf : default:master
Remote address : 203.0.113.158
Remote port : 58490
Remote end origin realm : rrrrA
Remote end origin host : hhhhB
Local address : 203.0.113.155
Local port : 49293
Local transport : <NO-TRANSPORT>
Time since last enable : 08:56.200
In state time : 08:36.000
Remaining in state time : no limit
Missed wd events : 0
Tx queue length : 0
Answer waiting count : 0
Time since last rx : 0 ms
Time until wd timeout : 6000 ms
Operation timeout : 6000 ms
```

```
Suspended timeout base : 30000 ms
Closed timeout : 30000 ms
Connection timeout : 6000 ms
Waiting origin state id : no
```

## show diameter peer map

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <b>show diameter peer map</b><br><b>&lt;brief   detail   summary&gt;</b><br><b>&lt;peer-name&gt;</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display peer-to-network-element mapping information for all peers associated with Diameter instances or with the specified peer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>brief   detail   summary</b>—(Optional) Display the specified level of output. The <b>summary</b> output is displayed by default and includes basic peer information. The <b>brief</b> output displays the summary information in a different format. The <b>detail</b> output adds information to the <b>brief</b> output.</p> <p><b>peer-name</b>—(Optional) Display mapping information for only the specified peer.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">clear diameter peer on page 1650</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show diameter on page 1818</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show diameter peer on page 1839</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show diameter peer statistics on page 1847</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <p><a href="#">show diameter peer map on page 1845</a></p> <p><a href="#">show diameter peer map detail on page 1845</a></p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | Table 113 on page 1844 lists the output fields for the <b>show diameter peer map</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

**Table 113: show diameter peer map Output Fields**

| Field Name      | Field Description                                                             | Level of Output |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Peer</b>     | Name of the peer.                                                             | All levels      |
| <b>Instance</b> | Name of the Diameter instance in which the network element is configured.     | All levels      |
| <b>NE</b>       | Name of the Diameter network element.                                         | All levels      |
| <b>Priority</b> | Priority configured for the peer. A lower number indicates a higher priority. | All levels      |

Table 113: show diameter peer map Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name           | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Level of Output     |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| <b>State</b>         | State of the peer: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Activated—Peer has been activated (selected) by the network element.</li> <li>Not-Activated—Peer has not been selected by the network element.</li> <li>Primary—Peer that is connected to the network element and has the higher priority of the two connected peers.</li> <li>Secondary—Peer that is connected to the network element and has the lower priority of the two connected peers.</li> </ul> | All levels          |
| <b>Instance name</b> | Name of the Diameter instance in which the network element is configured.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>NE name</b>       | Name of the Diameter network element.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Usage</b>         | Role of the peer for the network element, <b>Primary</b> or <b>Secondary</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <b>brief detail</b> |

## Sample Output

### show diameter peer map

```
user@host> show diameter peer map
```

```
Diameter peer usage by network elements:
```

| Peer | Instance | NE  | Priority | State         |
|------|----------|-----|----------|---------------|
| p0   | master   | ne0 | 20       | Primary       |
| p1   | master   | ne0 | 10       | Secondary     |
| p288 | master   | ne0 | 30       | Activated     |
| pA   | master   | ne0 | 15       | Activated     |
| pB   | master   | ne0 | 5        | Not-Activated |

### show diameter peer map detail

```
user@host> show diameter peer map detail
```

```
Diameter network-element peers:
```

```
Peer : p0

Instance name : master

NE name : ne0

Priority : 20
Usage : Primary

Peer : p1

Instance name : master

NE name : ne0

Priority : 10
Usage : Secondary
```

|               |   |               |
|---------------|---|---------------|
| Peer          | : | p288          |
| Instance name | : | master        |
| NE name       | : | ne0           |
| Priority      | : | 30            |
| Usage         | : | Activated     |
| Peer          | : | pA            |
| Instance name | : | master        |
| NE name       | : | ne0           |
| Priority      | : | 15            |
| Usage         | : | Activated     |
| Peer          | : | pB            |
| Instance name | : | master        |
| NE name       | : | ne0           |
| Priority      | : | 5             |
| Usage         | : | Not-Activated |

## show diameter peer statistics

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <b>show diameter peer statistics</b><br><b>&lt;brief   detail   summary&gt;</b><br><b>&lt;peer-name&gt;</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display statistics about all peers associated with Diameter instances or only the specified peer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>brief   detail   summary</b>—(Optional) Display the specified level of output. The <b>summary</b> output is displayed by default and includes basic function statistics. The <b>brief</b> output displays the summary information in a different format and adds numbers accumulated since the peer was connected. The <b>detail</b> output adds information to the <b>brief</b> output.</p> <p><b>peer-name</b>—(Optional) Display information for only the specified peer. When you specify a peer, the <b>brief</b> output is displayed by default, even when you explicitly specify <b>summary</b>.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">clear diameter peer on page 1650</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show diameter on page 1818</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show diameter peer on page 1839</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show diameter peer map on page 1844</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <p><a href="#">show diameter peer statistics on page 1848</a></p> <p><a href="#">show diameter peer statistics detail on page 1848</a></p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 114 on page 1847</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show diameter peer statistics</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

**Table 114: show diameter peer statistics Output Fields**

| Field Name | Field Description                                                         | Level of Output |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Peer       | Name of the peer.                                                         | summary brief   |
| Instance   | Name of the Diameter instance in which the network element is configured. | summary brief   |
| Rx         | Total number of messages received.                                        | summary brief   |
| Rx-Peer    | Number of messages received by the peer.                                  | summary brief   |

Table 114: show diameter peer statistics Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name           | Field Description                                                         | Level of Output      |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| <b>Rx-node</b>       | Number of messages received by the Diameter node.                         | <b>summary brief</b> |
| <b>Forw</b>          | Total number of forwarded messages.                                       | <b>summary brief</b> |
| <b>Tx-Peer</b>       | Number of messages transmitted by the peer.                               | <b>summary brief</b> |
| <b>Tx</b>            | Total number of transmitted messages.                                     | <b>summary brief</b> |
| <b>Peer name</b>     | Name of the peer.                                                         | <b>detail</b>        |
| <b>Instance name</b> | Name of the Diameter instance in which the network element is configured. | <b>detail</b>        |

## Sample Output

### show diameter peer statistics

```
user@host> show diameter peer statistics
```

```
Diameter peer statistics:
```

| Peer | Instance | Rx  | Rx-Peer | Rx-Node | Forw | Tx-Peer | Tx |
|------|----------|-----|---------|---------|------|---------|----|
| p0   | master   | 113 | 113     | 0       | 0    | 113     |    |
| 113  |          |     |         |         |      |         |    |
| p1   | master   | 110 | 110     | 0       | 0    | 110     |    |
| 110  |          |     |         |         |      |         |    |
| p288 | master   | 0   | 0       | 0       | 0    | 0       |    |
| 0    |          |     |         |         |      |         |    |
| pA   | master   | 0   | 0       | 0       | 0    | 0       |    |
| 0    |          |     |         |         |      |         |    |
| pB   | master   | 0   | 0       | 0       | 0    | 0       |    |
| 0    |          |     |         |         |      |         |    |
| pc   | master   | 0   | 0       | 0       | 0    | 0       |    |
| 0    |          |     |         |         |      |         |    |
| pd   | master   | 0   | 0       | 0       | 0    | 0       |    |
| 0    |          |     |         |         |      |         |    |

### show diameter peer statistics detail

```
user@host> show diameter peer statistics detail
```

```
Diameter peer statistics:
```

|                      |   |         |                   |
|----------------------|---|---------|-------------------|
| Peer name            | : | p0      |                   |
| Instance name        | : | master  |                   |
|                      |   | Current | Since last enable |
| Rx errors            | : | 0       | 0                 |
| Rx messages          | : | 114     | 114               |
| Rx handled by peer   | : | 114     | 114               |
| Rx dropped msgs      | : | 0       | 0                 |
| Rx unmatched answers | : | 0       | 0                 |
| Rx answers           | : | 0       | 0                 |
| Rx requests          | : | 0       | 0                 |



```

Rx total : 0 0
Forw to connection : 0 0
Forw to peer : 0 0
Forw to routed dest : 0 0
Total forwarding : 0 0
Forwarding failures : 0 0
Forwarding success : 0 0
Moved-in messages : 0 0
Moved-out messages : 0 0
Rerouted messages : 0 0
Dropped tx messages : 0 0
Tx by peer : 114 114
Tx errors : 0 0
Tx total : 114 114
Connection attempts : 0 1
Connection fails : 0 0
Connections : 0 1
Passive terminations : 0 0
Active terminations : 0 0
Passive disconnects : 0 0
Active disconnects : 0 0
Rx block requests : 0 0
Rx block timeoutss : 0 0
Connection management messages
 Rx current Rx since Tx current Tx since
 last enable
CER : 0 0 1 1
CEA : 1 1 0 0
DWR : 0 0 113 113
DWA : 113 113 0 0
DPR : 0 0 0 0
DPA : 0 0 0 0

Peer name : p1
Instance name : master
 Current Since last enable
Rx errors : 0 0
Rx messages : 110 110
Rx handled by peer : 110 110
Rx dropped msgs : 0 0
Rx unmatched answers : 0 0
Rx answers : 0 0
Rx requests : 0 0
Rx total : 0 0
Forw to connection : 0 0
Forw to peer : 0 0
Forw to routed dest : 0 0
Total forwarding : 0 0
Forwarding failures : 0 0
Forwarding success : 0 0
Moved-in messages : 0 0
Moved-out messages : 0 0
Rerouted messages : 0 0
Dropped tx messages : 0 0
Tx by peer : 110 110
Tx errors : 0 0
Tx total : 110 110
Connection attempts : 0 1
Connection fails : 0 0
Connections : 0 1

```

|                                |   |            |                         |            |                         |
|--------------------------------|---|------------|-------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Passive terminations           | : | 0          | 0                       |            |                         |
| Active terminations            | : | 0          | 0                       |            |                         |
| Passive disconnects            | : | 0          | 0                       |            |                         |
| Active disconnects             | : | 0          | 0                       |            |                         |
| Rx block requests              | : | 0          | 0                       |            |                         |
| Rx block timeoutss             | : | 0          | 0                       |            |                         |
| Connection management messages |   |            |                         |            |                         |
|                                |   | Rx current | Rx since<br>last enable | Tx current | Tx since<br>last enable |
| CER                            | : | 0          | 0                       | 1          | 1                       |
| CEA                            | : | 1          | 1                       | 0          | 0                       |
| DWR                            | : | 0          | 0                       | 109        | 109                     |
| DWA                            | : | 109        | 109                     | 0          | 0                       |
| DPR                            | : | 0          | 0                       | 0          | 0                       |
| DPA                            | : | 0          | 0                       | 0          | 0                       |

## show diameter route

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <b>show diameter route</b><br><b>&lt;brief   detail   summary&gt;</b><br><b>&lt;route-name&gt;</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display information about all routes associated with Diameter instances or only the specified route.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>brief   detail   summary</b>—(Optional) Display the specified level of output. The <b>summary</b> output is displayed by default and includes basic function information. The <b>brief</b> output displays the summary information in a different format. The <b>detail</b> output adds information to the <b>brief</b> output.</p> <p><b>route-name</b>—(Optional) Display information for only the specified route.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">show diameter on page 1818</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show diameter network-element on page 1833</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show diameter route on page 1852</a><br><a href="#">show diameter route detail on page 1852</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 115 on page 1851</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show diameter route</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

**Table 115: show diameter route Output Fields**

| Field Name           | Field Description                                                   | Level of Output      |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| <b>Route</b>         | Name of the route.                                                  | <b>summary brief</b> |
| <b>NE</b>            | Name of the network element associated with the route.              | <b>summary brief</b> |
| <b>Instance</b>      | Name of the Diameter instance in which the route is configured.     | <b>summary brief</b> |
| <b>NE name</b>       | Name of the network element associated with the route.              | <b>brief detail</b>  |
| <b>Instance name</b> | Name of the Diameter instance in which the route is configured.     | <b>brief detail</b>  |
| <b>Valid</b>         | Determination whether the route is valid, <b>yes</b> or <b>no</b> . | All levels           |
| <b>Up</b>            | State of the route, <b>yes</b> (up) or <b>no</b> (down).            | All levels           |

Table 115: show diameter route Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name        | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Level of Output     |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| <b>Function</b>   | Name of the function associated with the route.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Partition</b>  | Partition associated with the function.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Dest-realm</b> | Destination realm configured for the route.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Dest-host</b>  | Destination hostname configured for the route.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Metric</b>     | Metric associated with the destination and function to create the route.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <b>brief detail</b> |
| <b>Score</b>      | <p>Value that represents how a route is configured. The basic score is 0. Points are added according to the following scheme:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Function is specified—Add 3.</li> <li>• Function partition is specified—Add 1.</li> <li>• Destination realm is specified—Add 1.</li> <li>• Destination host is specified—Add 1.</li> </ul> | <b>brief detail</b> |

## Sample Output

### show diameter route

```
user@host> show diameter route

Diameter routes:
Route NE Instance Valid Up
rA ne0 master yes yes
```

### show diameter route detail

```
user@host> show diameter route detail

Diameter route:
Route name : rA
NE name : ne0
Instance name : master
Valid : yes
Up : yes
Function : jsrsc
Partition : jsrsc-a
Dest-realm : outer-realm
Dest-host : outer-host
Metric : 50
Score : 6
```

## show dynamic-profile session

**Syntax** show dynamic-profile session  
 <client-id *client-id*>  
 <profile-name *profile-name*>  
 <service-id *service-id*>

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 13.3.

**Description** Display dynamic profile (client or service) information for all subscribers or for subscribers specified by client ID or service session ID. You can filter the output by also specifying a dynamic profile.



### NOTE:

- The output does not display the variable stanzas defined in the dynamic profile configuration.
- The variables in the profile configuration are replaced with subscriber specific values.
- If the conditional variable in the dynamic profile is evaluated as NULL, the subscriber value for the variable is displayed as **NONE** in the command output.
- The variable is also displayed as **NONE** when the variable (any variable and not necessarily conditional) in the dynamic profile has no value associated with it.
- The format in which the configuration is displayed looks similar, but not exactly the same as the format of the **show configuration dynamic-profiles** command.

**Options** **client-id *client-id***—Display dynamic profile information for subscribers associated with the specified client.

**profile-name *profile-name***—(Optional) Display dynamic profile information for the specified subscriber or service profile.

**service-id *service-id***—Display dynamic profile information for subscribers associated with the specified service session.

**Required Privilege Level** view

**List of Sample Output** [show dynamic-profile session client-id \(Client ID\) on page 1854](#)  
[show dynamic-profile session client-id profile-name \(Client ID and Dynamic Profile\) on page 1856](#)

[show dynamic-profile session service-id \(Service Session\) on page 1856](#)

**Output Fields** This command displays the dynamic client or service profile configuration for each subscriber.

**Sample Output**[show dynamic-profile session client-id \(Client ID\)](#)

```

user@host>show dynamic-profile session client-id 20
pppoe {
 interfaces {
 pp0 {
 unit 1073741831 {
 ppp-options {
 chap;
 pap;
 }
 pppoe-options {
 underlying-interface ge-2/0/0.0;
 server;
 }
 family {
 inet {
 unnumbered-address lo0.0;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
class-of-service {
 traffic-control-profiles {
 tcp1 {
 scheduler-map smap1_UID1024;
 shaping-rate 100m;
 }
 }
 interfaces {
 pp0 {
 unit 1073741831 {
 output-traffic-control-profile tcp1;
 }
 }
 }
 scheduler-maps {
 smap1_UID1024 {
 forwarding-class best-effort scheduler sch1_UID1023;
 }
 }
 schedulers {
 sch1_UID1023 {
 transmit-rate percent 40;
 buffer-size percent 40;
 priority low;
 }
 }
}
}
filter-service {

```

```

interfaces {
 pp0 {
 unit 1073741831 {
 family {
 inet {
 filter {
 input input-filter_UID1026 precedence 50;
 output output-filter_UID1027 precedence 50;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
firewall {
 family {
 inet {
 filter input-filter_UID1026 {
 interface-specific;
 term t1 {
 then {
 policer policer1_UID1025;
 service-accounting;
 }
 }
 term rest {
 then accept;
 }
 }
 filter output-filter_UID1027 {
 interface-specific;
 term rest {
 then accept;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 policer policer1_UID1025 {
 if-exceeding {
 bandwidth-limit 1m;
 burst-size-limit 15k;
 }
 then discard;
 }
}
}
cos-service {
 class-of-service {
 scheduler-maps {
 smap2_UID1029 {
 forwarding-class assured-forwarding scheduler sch2_UID1028;
 }
 }
 schedulers {
 sch2_UID1028 {
 transmit-rate percent 60;
 buffer-size percent 60;
 priority high;
 }
 }
 }
}
}

```

```
}
bsimmons
}
```

#### show dynamic-profile session client-id profile-name (Client ID and Dynamic Profile)

```
user@host>show dynamic-profile session client-id 20 profile-name cos-service
cos-service {
 class-of-service {
 scheduler-maps {
 smap2_UID1029 {
 forwarding-class assured-forwarding scheduler sch2_UID1028;
 }
 }
 schedulers {
 sch2_UID1028 {
 transmit-rate percent 60;
 buffer-size percent 60;
 priority high;
 }
 }
 }
}
}
```

#### show dynamic-profile session service-id (Service Session)

```
user@host>show dynamic-profile session service-id 21
filter-service {
 interfaces {
 pp0 {
 unit 1073741831 {
 family {
 inet {
 filter {
 input input-filter_UID1026 precedence 50;
 output output-filter_UID1027 precedence 50;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
firewall {
 family {
 inet {
 filter input-filter_UID1026 {
 interface-specific;
 term t1 {
 then {
 policer policer1_UID1025;
 service-accounting;
 }
 }
 term rest {
 then accept;
 }
 }
 filter output-filter_UID1027 {
 interface-specific;
 }
 }
 }
}
```



```
 term rest {
 then accept;
 }
 }
}
policer policer1_UID1025 {
 if-exceeding {
 bandwidth-limit 1m;
 burst-size-limit 15k;
 }
 then discard;
}
}
```

## show extensible-subscriber-services accounting

**Syntax** `show extensible-subscriber-services accounting vsa <vsa>`

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.

**Description** Display the accounting statistics collected in the current log file. If the **vsa** option is not provided, the entire content of the current statistics file is displayed. If the **vsa** option and value are specified, contents of each line that matches the vendor-specific attribute are displayed.

**Options** **vsa**—(Optional) Vendor-specific attribute.  
**Range:** 1 through 255

**Required Privilege Level** view

**Output Fields** [Table 116 on page 1858](#) lists the output fields for the **show extensible-subscriber-services accounting** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 116: show extensible-subscriber-services accounting Output Fields**

| Field Name             | Field Description                                                    |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Timestamp              | System time when the statistics file is generated in UTC.            |
| Accounting-Status-Type | Type of status, whether it is service start, stop, or update message |
| NAS-Port-ID            | NAS port ID                                                          |
| Line-ID                | Line ID                                                              |
| Vlan-ID                | VLAN ID                                                              |
| Logical-Interface      | Physical and logical interface information                           |
| Total-Input-Bytes      | Number of bytes received on the interface                            |
| Total-Input-Packets    | Number of packets received on the interface                          |
| IPv6-Input-Bytes       | Number of IPv6 bytes received on the interface                       |
| IPv6-Input-Packets     | Number of IPv6 packets received on the interface                     |
| Total-Output-Bytes     | Number of bytes transmitted from the interface                       |
| Total-Output-Packets   | Number of packets transmitted from the interface                     |

Table 116: show extensible-subscriber-services accounting Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name               | Field Description                                           |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| IPv6-Output-Bytes        | Number of IPv6 bytes transmitted from the interface         |
| IPv6-Output-Packets      | Number of IPv6 packets transmitted from the interface       |
| Egress-Queued-Packets    | Number of packets sent for this class                       |
| Egress-Queued-Bytes      | Number of bytes, sent for this class                        |
| Egress-TX-Packets        | Number of packets transmitted by this queue                 |
| Egress-TX-Bytes          | Number of bytes actually transmitted by this queue          |
| Egress-Tail-Drop-Packets | Number of packets dropped because of tail drop              |
| Egress-Red-Drop-Packets  | Number of packets dropped because of random early detection |
| Egress-Red-Drop-Bytes    | Number of bytes dropped because of random early detection   |

## Sample Output

```
#show extensible-subscriber-services accounting vsa
<Ipdr>
 <General-Interface-Parameters>
 <Timestamp>2013-02-19T01:23:51</Timestamp>
 <Accounting-Status-Type>start</Accounting-Status-Type>

<Description>#ge-1/0/0.demux0.1073770301:635-7#ngcoco#remote634#</Description>

<NAS-Port-ID>mynah#ge-1/0/0.demux0.1073770301:635-7#circuit634#remote634</NAS-Port-ID>

 <Line-ID>remote634</Line-ID>
 <Vlan-ID>635</Vlan-ID>
 <Logical-Interface>ge-1/0/0.2395</Logical-Interface>
</General-Interface-Parameters>
<Overall-Packets>
 <Total-Input-Bytes>0</Total-Input-Bytes>
 <Total-Input-Packets>0</Total-Input-Packets>
 <IPv6-Input-Bytes>0</IPv6-Input-Bytes>
 <IPv6-Input-Packets>0</IPv6-Input-Packets>
 <Total-Output-Bytes>0</Total-Output-Bytes>
 <Total-Output-Packets>0</Total-Output-Packets>
 <IPv6-Output-Bytes>0</IPv6-Output-Bytes>
 <IPv6-Output-Packets>0</IPv6-Output-Packets>
</Overall-Packets>
<Egress-Packets>
 <Egress-Queue-Index>0</Egress-Queue-Index>
 <Egress-Queued-Packets>0</Egress-Queued-Packets>
 <Egress-Queued-Bytes>0</Egress-Queued-Bytes>
 <Egress-TX-Packets>0</Egress-TX-Packets>
 <Egress-TX-Bytes>0</Egress-TX-Bytes>
```

```
<Egress-Tail-Drop-Packets>0</Egress-Tail-Drop-Packets>
<Egress-Red-Drop-Packets>0</Egress-Red-Drop-Packets>
<Egress-Red-Drop-Bytes>0</Egress-Red-Drop-Bytes>
</Egress-Packets>
<Egress-Packets>
 <Egress-Queue-Index>1</Egress-Queue-Index>
 <Egress-Queued-Packets>0</Egress-Queued-Packets>
 <Egress-Queued-Bytes>0</Egress-Queued-Bytes>
 <Egress-TX-Packets>0</Egress-TX-Packets>
 <Egress-TX-Bytes>0</Egress-TX-Bytes>
 <Egress-Tail-Drop-Packets>0</Egress-Tail-Drop-Packets>
 <Egress-Red-Drop-Packets>0</Egress-Red-Drop-Packets>
 <Egress-Red-Drop-Bytes>0</Egress-Red-Drop-Bytes>
</Egress-Packets>
<Egress-Packets>
 <Egress-Queue-Index>2</Egress-Queue-Index>
 <Egress-Queued-Packets>0</Egress-Queued-Packets>
 <Egress-Queued-Bytes>0</Egress-Queued-Bytes>
 <Egress-TX-Packets>0</Egress-TX-Packets>
 <Egress-TX-Bytes>0</Egress-TX-Bytes>
 <Egress-Tail-Drop-Packets>0</Egress-Tail-Drop-Packets>
 <Egress-Red-Drop-Packets>0</Egress-Red-Drop-Packets>
 <Egress-Red-Drop-Bytes>0</Egress-Red-Drop-Bytes>
</Egress-Packets>
```

## show extensible-subscriber-services counters

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | show extensible-subscriber-services counters                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display number of times various events were processed by Extensible Subscriber Services Manager.                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">clear extensible-subscriber-services counters on page 1651</a></li> </ul>                                                                                  |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 117 on page 1861</a> describes the output fields for the <b>show extensible-subscriber-services counters</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. |

**Table 117: show extensible-subscriber-services counters Output Fields**

| Field Name            | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Total Sessions        | Number of extensible-subscriber-service control sessions that are currently in the system                                                                                                                                            |
| Total Services        | Number of extensible-subscriber-services that are currently in the system                                                                                                                                                            |
| Active Services       | Number of extensible-subscriber-services that are currently in active state                                                                                                                                                          |
| Op-script execution   | Total number of operational scripts executed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Successful—Operational scripts that are executed without error</li> <li>• Unsuccessful—Operational scripts that encountered errors</li> </ul> |
| Commit execution      | Total number of commit scripts executed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Successful—Commit scripts that are executed without error</li> <li>• Unsuccessful—Commit scripts that encountered errors</li> </ul>                |
| Application execution | Number of applications executed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Successful—Applications that are executed without error</li> <li>• Unsuccessful—Applications that encountered errors</li> </ul>                            |
| Service requests      | Number of service requests received by the daemon. It has counters for total number of requests received, acknowledged (Acked), and negatively acknowledged (Nacked).                                                                |

## Sample Output

```
show extensible-subscriber-services counters
```

```
Total Sessions: 7
Total Services: 14
Active Services: 14
```

```
Op-script execution:
 Successful 30
 Unsuccessful 0
```

```
Commit execution:
 Successful 4
 Unsuccessful 0
```

```
Application execution:
 Successful 0
 Unsuccessful 0
```

```
Service requests:
 Received 30
 Acked 30
 Nackd 0
```

## show extensible-subscriber-services debug-information

|                          |                                                                                                                              |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | show extensible-subscriber-services debug-information                                                                        |
| Release Information      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.                                                                                 |
| Description              | Write service session information to a file.                                                                                 |
| Required Privilege Level | view                                                                                                                         |
| Output Fields            | Table 118 on page 1863 lists the output fields for the <b>show extensible-subscriber-services debug-information</b> command. |

Table 118: show extensible-subscriber-services debug-information Output Fields

| Field Name | Field Description                                              |
|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| File Name  | Name of the file that contains the service session information |

### Sample Output

```
#show extensible-subscriber-services debug-information
File Name: /var/tmp/dump_session_record
```

## show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display contents of the dictionary including attributes and services.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">dictionary on page 1135</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">request services extensible-subscriber-services reload-dictionary on page 1686</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary attributes on page 1868</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary services on page 1871</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding the Dictionary File on page 256</a></li> </ul> |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 119 on page 1864</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

**Table 119: show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary Output Fields**

| Field Name             | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Acct-Session-Id        | <p>Unique accounting identifier that makes it easy to match start and stop records in a log file. The identifier can be in one of the following formats:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>decimal</b>—For example, 435264</li> <li>• <b>description</b>—In the generic format, <b>jnpr interface-specifier:subscriber-session-id</b>; For example, <b>jnpr fastEthernet 3/2.6:1010101010101</b></li> </ul> |
| ERX-Service-Activate   | Service to be activated for the subscriber.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Service-Type           | Type of service the user has requested or the type of service to be provided.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| ADSL-Agent-Remote-Id   | Identifier for the subscriber on the digital subscriber line access multiplexer (DSLAM) interface that initiated the service request.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| ERX-Med-Port-Number    | UDP port in the mediation device to which mirrored traffic is forwarded                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| NAS-Port-Id            | Text string that identifies the physical interface of the NAS that is authenticating the user.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| ERX-Med-Dev-Handle     | Identifier that associates mirrored traffic with a specific subscriber                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| ERX-Service-Deactivate | Service to be deactivated for the subscriber.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |



Table 119: show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| NAS-IP-Address            | IP address of the network access server (NAS) that is requesting authentication of the user.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| NAS-Identifier            | Name of the NAS that originated the authentication or accounting request.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| ERX-Service-Acct-Interval | Amount of time between accounting updates for the service type                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| ADSL-Agent-Circuit-Id     | Identifier for subscriber's access node and the digital subscriber line (DSL) on the access node.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| ERX-LI-Action             | <p>Traffic mirroring action.</p> <p>For dynamic CoA, VSA 26-58 changes the action on the mirrored traffic identified by VSA 26-59.</p> <p>CoA-Request messages that include any of the RADIUS-based mirroring attributes (VSAs 26-58, 26-59, 26-60, or 26-61) must always include all four VSAs.</p> <p>If the CoA action is to stop mirroring (VSA 26-58 value is 0), then the values of the other three attributes in the CoA message must match the existing attribute values, or the action fails.</p> |
| ERX-Med-Ip-Address        | IP address of content destination device to which mirrored traffic is forwarded.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## Sample Output

```
root@ce-bras-mx240-g> show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary
```

### RADIUS DICTIONARY

| Attribute Name<br>Class | Vendor ID<br>0 | Attribute Code<br>25 | Attribute Type<br>string | Has Tag<br>FALSE | Config Type<br>INVALID |
|-------------------------|----------------|----------------------|--------------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| Acct-Session-Id         | 0              | 44                   | string                   | FALSE            | INVALID                |
| ERX-Service-Activate    | 4874           | 65                   | string                   | TRUE             | SERVICE_ACTIVATE       |
| Service-Type            | 4874           | 173                  | integer                  | TRUE             | INVALID                |
| ADSL-Agent-Remote-Id    | 3561           | 2                    | string                   | FALSE            | INVALID                |
| ERX-Med-Port-Number     | 4874           | 61                   | OctetString              | FALSE            | INVALID                |
| NAS-Port-Id             | 0              | 87                   | text                     | FALSE            | INVALID                |
| ERX-Med-Dev-Handle      | 4874           | 59                   | OctetString              | FALSE            | INVALID                |
| ERX-Service-Deactivate  | 4874           | 66                   | string                   | TRUE             | SERVICE_DEACTIVATE     |
| NAS-IP-Address          | 0              | 4                    | address                  | FALSE            | INVALID                |
| NAS-Identifier          | 0              | 32                   | string                   | FALSE            | INVALID                |

|                           |      |     |             |       |                  |
|---------------------------|------|-----|-------------|-------|------------------|
| ERX-Service-Acct-Interval | 4874 | 140 | integer     | TRUE  | INVALID          |
| ADSL-Agent-Circuit-Id     | 3561 | 1   | string      | FALSE | INVALID          |
| ERX-LI-Action             | 4874 | 58  | OctetString | FALSE | SERVICE_ACTIVATE |
| ERX-Med-Ip-Address        | 4874 | 60  | OctetString | FALSE | INVALID          |

#### Services List

Service Name: ngcoco  
Service Attribute Name : ERX-Service-Activate

##### PROVISION ACTION

Action Type : OP-SCRIPT  
Action Version : 1  
Action Name : iceaaa\_ngcoco\_add

##### PARAMETERS

Acct-Session-Id  
NAS-Port-Id  
ERX-Service-Activate

##### DE-PROVISION ACTION

Action Type : OP-SCRIPT  
Action Version : 1  
Action Name : iceaaa\_del

##### PARAMETERS

Acct-Session-Id  
NAS-Port-Id  
ERX-Service-Activate

Service Name: dhcprelay  
Service Attribute Name : ERX-Service-Activate

##### PROVISION ACTION

Action Type : OP-SCRIPT  
Action Version : 1  
Action Name : iceaaa\_dhcprelay\_add

##### PARAMETERS

Acct-Session-Id  
NAS-Port-Id  
ERX-Service-Activate

##### DE-PROVISION ACTION

Action Type : OP-SCRIPT  
Action Version : 1  
Action Name : iceaaa\_del

##### PARAMETERS

Acct-Session-Id  
NAS-Port-Id  
ERX-Service-Activate

Service Name: default  
Service Attribute Name : ERX-LI-Action

##### PROVISION ACTION

Action Type : APPLICATION  
Action Version : 1  
Action Name : LI

PARAMETERS  
ERX-Med-Dev-Handle  
ERX-Med-Ip-Address  
ERX-Med-Port-Number

Service Name: dhcprelay  
Service Attribute Name : ERX-Service-Deactivate

DE-PROVISION ACTION  
Action Type : OP-SCRIPT  
Action Version : 1  
Action Name : iceaaa\_del

PARAMETERS  
Acct-Session-Id  
NAS-Port-Id  
ERX-Service-Deactivate

Service Name: ngcoco  
Service Attribute Name : ERX-Service-Deactivate

DE-PROVISION ACTION  
Action Type : OP-SCRIPT  
Action Version : 1  
Action Name : iceaaa\_del

PARAMETERS  
Acct-Session-Id  
NAS-Port-Id  
ERX-Service-Deactivate

## show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary attributes

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary attributes                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display contents of the dictionary file. It shows only the parameter attributes in the dictionary.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">dictionary on page 1135</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">request services extensible-subscriber-services reload-dictionary on page 1686</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary on page 1864</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary services on page 1871</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding the Dictionary File on page 256</a></li> </ul> |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 120 on page 1868</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary attributes</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

**Table 120: show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary attributes Output Fields**

| Field Name             | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Acct-Session-Id        | <p>Unique accounting identifier that makes it easy to match start and stop records in a log file. The identifier can be in one of the following formats:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>decimal</b>—For example, 435264</li> <li>• <b>description</b>—In the generic format, <i>jnpr interface-specifier:subscriber-session-id</i>; For example, <i>jnpr fastEthernet 3/2.6:1010101010101</i></li> </ul> |
| ERX-Service-Activate   | Service to be activated for the subscriber.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Service-Type           | Type of service the user has requested or the type of service to be provided.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| ADSL-Agent-Remote-Id   | Identifier for the subscriber on the digital subscriber line access multiplexer (DSLAM) interface that initiated the service request.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| ERX-Med-Port-Number    | UDP port in the mediation device to which mirrored traffic is forwarded                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| NAS-Port-Id            | Text string that identifies the physical interface of the NAS that is authenticating the user.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| ERX-Med-Dev-Handle     | Identifier that associates mirrored traffic with a specific subscriber                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| ERX-Service-Deactivate | Service to be deactivated for the subscriber.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

Table 120: show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary attributes Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| NAS-IP-Address            | IP address of the network access server (NAS) that is requesting authentication of the user.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| NAS-Identifier            | Name of the NAS that originated the authentication or accounting request.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| ERX-Service-Acct-Interval | Amount of time between accounting updates for the service type                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| ADSL-Agent-Circuit-Id     | Identifier for subscriber's access node and the digital subscriber line (DSL) on the access node.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| ERX-LI-Action             | <p>Traffic mirroring action.</p> <p>For dynamic CoA, VSA 26-58 changes the action on the mirrored traffic identified by VSA 26-59.</p> <p>CoA-Request messages that include any of the RADIUS-based mirroring attributes (VSAs 26-58, 26-59, 26-60, or 26-61) must always include all four VSAs.</p> <p>If the CoA action is to stop mirroring (VSA 26-58 value is 0), then the values of the other three attributes in the CoA message must match the existing attribute values, or the action fails.</p> |
| ERX-Med-Ip-Address        | IP address of content destination device to which mirrored traffic is forwarded.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## Sample Output

```
root@ce-bras-mx240-g> show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary attributes
```

### RADIUS DICTIONARY

| Attribute Name<br>Class | Vendor ID<br>0 | Attribute Code<br>25 | Attribute Type<br>string | Has Tag<br>FALSE | Config Type<br>INVALID |
|-------------------------|----------------|----------------------|--------------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| Acct-Session-Id         | 0              | 44                   | string                   | FALSE            | INVALID                |
| ERX-Service-Activate    | 4874           | 65                   | string                   | TRUE             | SERVICE_ACTIVATE       |
| Service-Type            | 4874           | 173                  | integer                  | TRUE             | INVALID                |
| ADSL-Agent-Remote-Id    | 3561           | 2                    | string                   | FALSE            | INVALID                |
| ERX-Med-Port-Number     | 4874           | 61                   | OctetString              | FALSE            | INVALID                |
| NAS-Port-Id             | 0              | 87                   | text                     | FALSE            | INVALID                |
| ERX-Med-Dev-Handle      | 4874           | 59                   | OctetString              | FALSE            | INVALID                |
| ERX-Service-Deactivate  | 4874           | 66                   | string                   | TRUE             | SERVICE_DEACTIVATE     |
| NAS-IP-Address          | 0              | 4                    | address                  | FALSE            | INVALID                |
| NAS-Identifier          | 0              | 32                   | string                   | FALSE            | INVALID                |

|                           |      |     |             |       |                  |
|---------------------------|------|-----|-------------|-------|------------------|
| ERX-Service-Acct-Interval | 4874 | 140 | integer     | TRUE  | INVALID          |
| ADSL-Agent-Circuit-Id     | 3561 | 1   | string      | FALSE | INVALID          |
| ERX-LI-Action             | 4874 | 58  | OctetString | FALSE | SERVICE_ACTIVATE |
| ERX-Med-Ip-Address        | 4874 | 60  | OctetString | FALSE | INVALID          |

## show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary services

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary services                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display services configured in the dictionary file and their attributes.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">dictionary on page 1135</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">request services extensible-subscriber-services reload-dictionary on page 1686</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary on page 1864</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary attributes on page 1868</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding the Dictionary File on page 256</a></li> </ul> |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 121 on page 1871</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary services</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

**Table 121: show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary services Output Fields**

| Field Name             | Field Description                                                         |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Service Name           | Name of the service specified in the dictionary.                          |
| Service Attribute Name | Name of the service attribute.                                            |
| PROVISION ACTION       | Name, type, and version of the provisioning action                        |
| DE-PROVISION ACTION    | Name, type, and version of the deprovisioning action                      |
| PARAMETERS             | Parameters to be processed for the provisioning or deprovisioning action. |

### Sample Output

```

root@ce-bras-mx240-g> show extensible-subscriber-services dictionary services

RADIUS DICTIONARY

Services List

Service Name: ngcoco
Service Attribute Name : ERX-Service-Activate

```

## PROVISION ACTION

Action Type : OP-SCRIPT  
Action Version : 1  
Action Name : iceaaa\_ngcoco\_add

## PARAMETERS

Acct-Session-Id  
NAS-Port-Id  
ERX-Service-Activate

## DE-PROVISION ACTION

Action Type : OP-SCRIPT  
Action Version : 1  
Action Name : iceaaa\_de1

## PARAMETERS

Acct-Session-Id  
NAS-Port-Id  
ERX-Service-Activate

Service Name: dhcprelay

Service Attribute Name : ERX-Service-Activate

## PROVISION ACTION

Action Type : OP-SCRIPT  
Action Version : 1  
Action Name : iceaaa\_dhcprelay\_add

## PARAMETERS

Acct-Session-Id  
NAS-Port-Id  
ERX-Service-Activate

## DE-PROVISION ACTION

Action Type : OP-SCRIPT  
Action Version : 1  
Action Name : iceaaa\_de1

## PARAMETERS

Acct-Session-Id  
NAS-Port-Id  
ERX-Service-Activate

Service Name: default

Service Attribute Name : ERX-LI-Action

## PROVISION ACTION

Action Type : APPLICATION  
Action Version : 1  
Action Name : LI

## PARAMETERS

ERX-Med-Dev-Handle  
ERX-Med-Ip-Address  
ERX-Med-Port-Number

Service Name: dhcprelay

Service Attribute Name : ERX-Service-Deactivate

## DE-PROVISION ACTION

Action Type : OP-SCRIPT  
Action Version : 1



Action Name : iceaaa\_del

PARAMETERS

Acct-Session-Id

NAS-Port-Id

ERX-Service-Deactivate

Service Name: ngcoco

Service Attribute Name : ERX-Service-Deactivate

DE-PROVISION ACTION

Action Type : OP-SCRIPT

Action Version : 1

Action Name : iceaaa\_del

PARAMETERS

Acct-Session-Id

NAS-Port-Id

ERX-Service-Deactivate

## show extensible-subscriber-services sessions

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>show extensible-subscriber-services sessions <i>accounting-session-id</i></code>                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display session information. It displays a list of the services applied and their current state. Specify the accounting session ID to view information about a specific session. If an accounting session ID is not specified in the command, the command displays details of all the sessions. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>accounting-session-id</i> —Identifier of the session you want information about.                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">clear extensible-subscriber-services sessions on page 1652</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 122 on page 1874</a> describes the output fields for the <b>show extensible-subscriber-services sessions</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                                                                                 |

**Table 122: show extensible-subscriber-services sessions Output Fields**

| Field Name   | Field Description                                                      |
|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Session ID   | Session ID. Accounting session ID must be enclosed in quotation marks. |
| Timestamp    | Time when the session was started                                      |
| Service Name | Name of the service                                                    |
| Commit State | Commit state: <b>Init</b> , <b>Queued</b> , or <b>Success</b> .        |
| Service ID   | Service ID                                                             |

### Sample Output

```
#show extensible-subscriber-services sessions
Session ID: jnpr demux0.1073762028:46422
 Timestamp: Fri Mar 8 04:58:27 2013
 Service Name: ngcoco
 Service Name: dhcprelay

Total Sessions: 1

show extensible-subscriber-services sessions "jnpr demux0.1073762028:46422"
```

Service ID: jnpr demux0.1073762028:46422:46425  
Timestamp: Fri Mar 8 04:58:27 2013  
Service Name: ngcoco  
Commit State: Success

Service ID: jnpr demux0.1073762028:46422:46426  
Timestamp: Fri Mar 8 04:58:27 2013  
Service Name: dhcprelay  
Commit State: Success

Total Services: 2

## show extensible-subscriber-services service

**Syntax** show extensible-subscriber-services service

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1.

**Description** Display service information. It displays the service name specified in the dictionary, scripts used for provisioning and deprovisioning, and the number of services. A service can have more than one version. Each version is grouped using an action set. The number of action sets is equal to the number of versions for the service. Number of services in all the versions is displayed in **Total Services**.

**Required Privilege Level** view

**Related Documentation**

- [Understanding the Dictionary File on page 256](#)

**Output Fields** [Table 123 on page 1876](#) lists the output fields for the **show extensible-subscriber-services service** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 123: show extensible-subscriber-services service Output Fields**

| Field Name     | Field Description                                         |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| Service Name   | Name of the service                                       |
| Action         | Name and number of services provisioned or deprovisioned. |
| Total Services | Total number of services provisioned or deprovisioned.    |

## Sample Output

```
#show extensible-subscriber-services services
Service Name: ngcoco
 Action:
 Provision: iceaaa_ngcoco_add_1
 Deprovision: iceaaa_del_1
 Services: 1301

 Total Services: 1301

Service Name: dhcprelay
 Action:
 Provision: iceaaa_dhcprelay_add_1
 Deprovision: iceaaa_del_1
 Services: 1301

 Total Services: 1301
```

## show ipv6 router-advertisement

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>show ipv6 router-advertisement &lt;conflicts&gt; &lt;interface <i>interface</i>&gt; &lt;logical-system (all   <i>logical-system-name</i>)&gt; &lt;prefix <i>prefix/prefix length</i>&gt;</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.</p> <p>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 12.2 for the QFX Series.</p> <p>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1X53-D20 for the OCX Series.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display information about IPv6 router advertisements, including statistics about messages sent and received on interfaces, and information received from advertisements from other routers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>none</b>—Display all IPv6 router advertisement information for all interfaces.</p> <p><b>conflicts</b>—(Optional) Display only the IPv6 router advertisement information that is conflicting.</p> <p><b>interface <i>interface</i></b>—(Optional) Display IPv6 router advertisement information for the specified interface.</p> <p><b>logical-system (all   <i>logical-system-name</i>)</b>—(Optional) Perform this operation on all logical systems or on a particular logical system.</p> <p><b>prefix <i>prefix/prefix length</i></b>—(Optional) Display IPv6 router advertisement information for the specified prefix.</p> |
| <b>Additional Information</b>   | The display identifies conflicting information by enclosing the value the router is advertising in brackets.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">clear ipv6 router-advertisement on page 1653</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <p><a href="#">show ipv6 router-advertisement on page 1878</a></p> <p><a href="#">show ipv6 router-advertisement conflicts on page 1879</a></p> <p><a href="#">show ipv6 router-advertisement prefix on page 1879</a></p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 124 on page 1878</a> describes the output fields for the <b>show ipv6 router-advertisement</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

Table 124: show ipv6 router-advertisement Output Fields

| Field Name                     | Field Description                                                                                                             |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Interface</b>               | Name of the interface.                                                                                                        |
| <b>Advertisements sent</b>     | Number of router advertisements sent and the elapsed time since they were sent.                                               |
| <b>Solicits received</b>       | Number of solicitation messages received.                                                                                     |
| <b>Advertisements received</b> | Number of router advertisements received.                                                                                     |
| <b>Advertisements from</b>     | Names of interfaces from which router advertisements have been received and the elapsed time since the last one was received. |
| <b>Managed</b>                 | Managed address configuration flag: 0 (stateless) or 1 (stateful).                                                            |
| <b>Other configuration</b>     | Other stateful configuration flag: 0 (stateless) or 1 (stateful).                                                             |
| <b>Reachable time</b>          | Time that a node identifies a neighbor as reachable after receiving a reachability confirmation, in milliseconds.             |
| <b>Default lifetime</b>        | Default lifetime, in seconds: from 0 seconds to 18.2 hours. A setting of 0 indicates that the router is not a default router. |
| <b>Retransmit timer</b>        | Time between retransmitted Neighbor Solicitation messages, in milliseconds.                                                   |
| <b>Current hop limit</b>       | Configured current hop limit.                                                                                                 |
| <b>Prefix</b>                  | Name and length of the prefix.                                                                                                |
| <b>Valid lifetime</b>          | How long the prefix remains valid for onlink determination.                                                                   |
| <b>Preferred lifetime</b>      | How long the prefix generated by stateless autoconfiguration remains preferred.                                               |
| <b>On link</b>                 | Onlink flag: 0 (not onlink) or 1 (onlink).                                                                                    |
| <b>Autonomous</b>              | Autonomous address configuration flag: 0 (not autonomous) or 1 (autonomous).                                                  |

## Sample Output

### show ipv6 router-advertisement

```

user@host> show ipv6 router-advertisement
Interface: fe-0/1/1.0
 Advertisements sent: 0
 Solicits received: 0
 Advertisements received: 0
Interface: fxp0.0
 Advertisements sent: 0
 Solicits received: 0
 Advertisements received: 1

```

```
Advertisement from fe80::2d0:b7ff:fe1e:7b0e, heard 00:00:13 ago
Managed: 0
Other configuration: 0 [1]
 Reachable time: 0 ms
 Default lifetime: 1800 sec
 Retransmit timer: 0 ms
 Current hop limit: 64
```

#### show ipv6 router-advertisement conflicts

```
user@host> show ipv6 router-advertisement conflicts
Interface: fxp0.0
 Advertisement from fe80::2d0:b7ff:fe1e:7b0e, heard 00:01:08 ago
 Other configuration: 0 [1]
```

#### show ipv6 router-advertisement prefix

```
user@host> show ipv6 router-advertisement prefix 2001:db8:8040::/16
Interface: fe-0/1/3.0
 Advertisements sent: 3, last sent 00:04:11 ago
 Solicits received: 0
 Advertisements received: 3
 Advertisement from fe80::290:69ff:fe9a:5403, heard 00:00:05 ago
 Managed: 0
 Other configuration: 0
 Reachable time: 0 ms
 Default lifetime: 180 sec [1800 sec]
 Retransmit timer: 0 ms
 Current hop limit: 64
 Prefix: 2001:db8:8040:1::/64
 Valid lifetime: 2592000 sec
 Preferred lifetime: 604800 sec
 On link: 1
 Autonomous: 1
```

## show network-access aaa accounting

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <b>show network-access aaa accounting</b>                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3.                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display the state of the RADIUS Acct-On response sent from the RADIUS server.                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">RADIUS Acct-On and Acct-Off Messages on page 121</a></li> </ul>                                                                |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show network-access aaa accounting on page 1880</a>                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | Table 125 on page 1880 lists the output fields for the <b>show network-access aaa accounting</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. |

**Table 125: show network-access aaa accounting Output Fields**

| Field Name              | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Profile</b>          | Name of the profile associated with the RADIUS server. A RADIUS server can be associated with more than one profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Logical System</b>   | Logical system associated with the access profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Routing Instance</b> | Routing instance associated with the access profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Acct-On-Response</b> | Status of the RADIUS Acct-On response. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ACK—ACK response for the Acct-On message is received from the RADIUS server.</li> <li>ERROR—An error condition has occurred.</li> <li>NONE— No Acct-On message is sent.</li> <li>PENDING—Acct-On message is sent to RADIUS server, but no response has been received yet.</li> </ul> |

## Sample Output

### show network-access aaa accounting

```

user@host> show network-access aaa accounting
Profile Logical System Routing Instance Acct-On-Response
ppp-profile default default ACK
l2tp-profile default l2tp_RI PENDING

```



## show network-access aaa radius-servers

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <b>show network-access aaa radius-servers</b><br><b>&lt;detail&gt;</b>                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display RADIUS server status and information.                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>detail</b> —(Optional) Display detailed level of information.                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Verifying and Managing Subscriber AAA Information on page 257</a></li> </ul>                                                                                        |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show network-access aaa radius-servers on page 1886</a><br><a href="#">show network-access aaa radius-servers on page 1887</a><br><a href="#">show network-access aaa radius-servers detail on page 1887</a> |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | Table 126 on page 1881 lists the output fields for the <b>show network-access aaa radius-servers</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                                    |

**Table 126: show network-access aaa radius-servers Output Fields**

| Field Name                    | Field Description                                                                                                      | Level of Output |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Profile</b>                | Name of the profile associated with the RADIUS server. A RADIUS server can be associated with more than one profile.   | All levels      |
| <b>Server address</b>         | IPv4 or IPv6 address of the RADIUS server.                                                                             | All levels      |
| <b>Authentication port</b>    | RADIUS server authentication port number.                                                                              | All levels      |
| <b>Preauthentication port</b> | RADIUS server preauthentication port number.                                                                           | All levels      |
| <b>Accounting port</b>        | RADIUS server accounting port number.                                                                                  | All levels      |
| <b>Accounting retry</b>       | Number of times the router retransmits RADIUS accounting messages when no response is received from the server.        | Detail          |
| <b>Accounting timeout</b>     | Period the local router waits to receive a response from a RADIUS accounting server before retransmitting the message. | Detail          |

Table 126: show network-access aaa radius-servers Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name | Field Description | Level of Output |
|------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| Status     |                   | All levels      |

**Table 126: show network-access aaa radius-servers Output Fields (continued)**

| Field Name | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Level of Output |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
|            | <p>RADIUS server status, <b>UP</b> (Alive), <b>UNREACHABLE</b>, or <b>DOWN</b> (DEAD).</p> <p>If status is <b>DOWN</b>, the Status field includes the number of seconds configured by the <b>revert-interval</b> statement. The router does not send requests to servers in the <b>DOWN</b> state, but does send requests to servers with a status of either <b>UP</b> or <b>UNREACHABLE</b>.</p> <p>This field also displays the status of AAA accounting suspension or resumption, and the status of baselining of accounting statistics if you suspended or resumed accounting operations or initiated the generation of a baseline. This information is applicable only for RADIUS servers that are in the <b>UP</b> state.</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b></p> <p>After requests to a server or set of servers time out after 10 seconds, the status of the servers changes. The following guidelines apply to server status:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For the purpose of marking a server as <b>Down</b> (DEAD), the request includes the original request and any retries that are configured. The 10-second timeout period starts after the initial request and all retries have expired without receiving a response from the server.</li> </ul> <p>The amount of the timeout period that elapses before the server is marked <b>Down</b> is not always exactly 10 seconds, and can vary depending on how frequently subscribers are logging in. When subscribers are continually and rapidly logging in, the server is marked as <b>Down</b> at 10 seconds. However, if subscribers are logging in less frequently and at a slower pace, then the server is not marked <b>Down</b> until a subsequent subscriber attempts to log in. For example, if the subsequent subscriber logs in a minute after the request and all retries lapse, and the 10-second timeout starts, the actual time until the server is marked <b>Down</b> is 50 seconds after the timeout starts (the one minute between subscriber login minus the 10-second timeout).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>All servers cannot be marked as <b>DOWN</b>; instead, the unresponsive servers are marked as <b>UNREACHABLE</b>. For example, if only one RADIUS server is configured and that server is unresponsive, the server status is marked as <b>UNREACHABLE</b> rather than <b>DOWN</b>.</li> <li>If at least one server has a status of <b>UP</b>, the status of all unresponsive servers is set to <b>DOWN</b> for the remainder of the configured revert-interval setting.</li> <li>If no server has a status of <b>UP</b>, then the status of the unresponsive servers is set to <b>UNREACHABLE</b> for the remainder of the revert-interval setting or for 30 seconds, whichever is less.</li> </ul> |                 |

Table 126: show network-access aaa radius-servers Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                                | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Level of Output |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
|                                           | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The status of unresponsive servers is returned to <b>UP</b> from <b>DOWN</b> or <b>UNREACHABLE</b> at the end of the revert-interval setting (or the 30-second interval).</li> <li>If no requests are sent to a server, the server's status is always <b>UP</b>.</li> </ul> |                 |
| <b>RADIUS servers</b>                     | Details for specific RADIUS server, identified by IP address.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Detail          |
| <b>Authentication requests</b>            | Number of authentication requests received by the authentication server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Detail          |
| <b>Authentication rollover requests</b>   | Number of requests coming into the server as a result of the previous server timing out.                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Detail          |
| <b>Authentication retransmissions</b>     | Number of retransmissions.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Detail          |
| <b>Accepts</b>                            | Number of authentication requests accepted by the authentication server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Detail          |
| <b>Rejects</b>                            | Number of authentication requests rejected by the authentication server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Detail          |
| <b>Challenges</b>                         | Number of authentication requests challenged by the authentication server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Detail          |
| <b>Authentication malformed responses</b> | Number of responses with attributes having an invalid length or unexpected attributes (such as two attributes when the response is required to have at most one).                                                                                                                                                  | Detail          |
| <b>Authentication bad authenticators</b>  | Number of responses in which the authenticator is incorrect for the authentication request. This can occur if the RADIUS secrets for the client and server do not match.                                                                                                                                           | Detail          |
| <b>Authentication requests pending</b>    | Number of authentication requests waiting for a response.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Detail          |
| <b>Authentication request timeouts</b>    | Number of times an authentication request to the server timed out.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Detail          |
| <b>Authentication unknown responses</b>   | Number of unknown responses. The RADIUS response type in the header is invalid or unsupported.                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Detail          |
| <b>Authentication packets dropped</b>     | Number of packets dropped because they are too short or because the router receives a response for which there is no corresponding request.                                                                                                                                                                        | Detail          |

**Table 126: show network-access aaa radius-servers Output Fields (continued)**

| Field Name                                   | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                               | Level of Output |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Preauthentication requests</b>            | Number of preauthentication requests received by the preauthentication server.                                                                                                                  | Detail          |
| <b>Preauthentication rollover requests</b>   | Number of preauthentication requests coming into the server as a result of the previous server timing out.                                                                                      | Detail          |
| <b>Preauthentication retransmissions</b>     | Number of retransmissions of preauthentication requests.                                                                                                                                        | Detail          |
| <b>Preauthentication Accepts</b>             | Number of preauthentication requests accepted by the preauthentication server.                                                                                                                  | Detail          |
| <b>Preauthentication Rejects</b>             | Number of preauthentication requests rejected by the preauthentication server.                                                                                                                  | Detail          |
| <b>Preauthentication Challenges</b>          | Number of preauthentication requests challenged by the preauthentication server.                                                                                                                | Detail          |
| <b>Preauthentication malformed responses</b> | Number of responses to preauthentication requests with attributes having an invalid length or unexpected attributes (such as two attributes when the response is required to have at most one). | Detail          |
| <b>Preauthentication bad authenticators</b>  | Number of responses in which the authenticator is incorrect for the preauthentication request. This can occur if the RADIUS secrets for the client and server do not match.                     | Detail          |
| <b>Preauthentication requests pending</b>    | Number of preauthentication requests waiting for a response.                                                                                                                                    | Detail          |
| <b>Preauthentication request timeouts</b>    | Number of times a preauthentication request to the server timed out.                                                                                                                            | Detail          |
| <b>Preauthentication unknown responses</b>   | Number of unknown responses during the preauthentication phase. The RADIUS response type in the header is invalid or unsupported.                                                               | Detail          |
| <b>Preauthentication packets dropped</b>     | Number of preauthentication packets dropped because they are too short or because the router receives a response for which there is no corresponding request.                                   | Detail          |
| <b>Accounting start requests</b>             | Number of accounting start requests received.                                                                                                                                                   | Detail          |
| <b>Accounting interim requests</b>           | Number of accounting interim requests received.                                                                                                                                                 | Detail          |

Table 126: show network-access aaa radius-servers Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                     | Field Description                                                                                                                                                    | Level of Output |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Accounting stop requests       | Number of accounting stop requests received.                                                                                                                         | Detail          |
| Accounting rollover requests   | Number of requests coming into the server as a result of the previous server timing out.                                                                             | Detail          |
| Accounting retransmissions     | Number of retransmissions.                                                                                                                                           | Detail          |
| Accounting start responses     | Number of accounting start responses sent by the server.                                                                                                             | Detail          |
| Accounting interim responses   | Number of accounting interim responses sent by the server.                                                                                                           | Detail          |
| Accounting stop responses      | Number of accounting stop responses sent by the server.                                                                                                              | Detail          |
| Accounting malformed responses | Number of responses with attributes having an invalid length or unexpected attributes (such as two attributes when the response is required to have at most one).    | Detail          |
| Accounting bad authenticators  | Number of responses in which the authenticator is incorrect for the accounting request. This can occur if the RADIUS secrets for the client and server do not match. | Detail          |
| Accounting requests pending    | Number of accounting requests waiting for a response.                                                                                                                | Detail          |
| Accounting request timeouts    | Number of accounting requests to the accounting server that timed out.                                                                                               | Detail          |
| Accounting unknown responses   | Number of unknown responses. The RADIUS response type in the header is invalid or unsupported.                                                                       | Detail          |
| Accounting packets dropped     | Number of packets dropped because they are too short or because the router receives a response for which there is no corresponding request.                          | Detail          |

## Sample Output

### show network-access aaa radius-servers

```

user@host> show network-access aaa radius-servers
Profile: xyz-profile1
 Server address: 192.168.30.188
 Authentication port: 1645

```

```

 Preauthentication port: 1810
 Accounting port: 1646
 Status: UP
Profile: xyz-profile2
 Server address: 192.168.30.190
 Authentication port: 1812
 Preauthentication port: 1810
 Accounting port: 1813
 Status: DOWN (60 seconds)
Profile: xyz-profile11
 Server address: 2001:DB8:0:f101::2
 Authentication port: 1645
 Preauthentication port: 1810
 Accounting port: 1646
 Status: UP

```

#### show network-access aaa radius-servers

```

user@host> show network-access aaa radius-servers
Profile: xyz-profile3
 Server address: 192.168.30.188
 Authentication port: 1645
 Preauthentication port: 1810
 Accounting port: 1646
 Status: UNREACHABLE
Profile: xyz-profile3
 Server address: 192.168.30.190
 Authentication port: 1812
 Accounting port: 1813
 Preauthentication port: 1810
 Status: UNREACHABLE

```

#### show network-access aaa radius-servers detail

```

user@host> show network-access aaa radius-servers detail
Profile: xyz_profile5
 Server address: 192.168.30.188
 Authentication port: 1812
 Preauthentication port: 1810
 Accounting port: 1813
 Status: UP (accounting suspended, baseline in progress)
 Server address: 192.168.30.190
 Authentication port: 1812
 Preauthentication port: 1810
 Accounting port: 1813
 Accounting retry: 5
 Accounting port: 60
 Status: UP (accounting suspended, baseline in progress)
 Server address: 192.168.30.192
 Authentication port: 1812
 Preauthentication port: 1810
 Accounting port: 1813
 Status: UP
 Server address: 192.168.30.190
 Authentication port: 1812
 Accounting port: 1813
 Accounting retry: 5
 Accounting port: 60
 Status: UP
 Server address: 192.168.30.192

```

Authentication port: 1812  
Accounting port: 1813  
Status: UP

RADIUS Servers

192.168.30.188  
Authentication requests: 7658  
Authentication rollover requests: 0  
Authentication retransmissions: 3600  
Accepts: 6458  
Rejects: 0  
Challenges: 0  
Authentication malformed responses: 0  
Authentication bad authenticators: 0  
Authentication requests pending: 0  
Authentication request timeouts: 4800  
Authentication unknown responses: 0  
Authentication packets dropped: 0  
Preauthentication requests: 7658  
Preauthentication rollover requests: 0  
Preauthentication retransmissions: 3600  
Preauthentication Accepts: 6458  
Preauthentication Rejects: 0  
Preauthentication Challenges: 0  
Preauthentication malformed responses: 0  
Preauthentication bad authenticators: 0  
Preauthentication requests pending: 0  
Preauthentication request timeouts: 4800  
Preauthentication unknown responses: 0  
Preauthentication packets dropped: 0  
Accounting start requests: 1  
Accounting interim requests: 1  
Accounting stop requests: 0  
Accounting rollover requests: 0  
Accounting retransmissions: 0  
Accounting start responses: 1  
Accounting interim responses: 1  
Accounting stop responses: 0  
Accounting malformed responses: 0  
Accounting bad authenticators: 0  
Accounting requests pending: 0  
Accounting request timeouts: 0  
Accounting unknown responses: 0  
Accounting packets dropped: 0



## show network-access aaa statistics

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>show network-access aaa statistics &lt;accounting (detail)&gt; &lt;address-assignment (client   pool <i>pool-name</i>)&gt; &lt;dynamic-requests&gt; &lt;radius&gt;</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Option <b>address-assignment</b> introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.</p> <p>Option <b>radius</b> introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p>Option <b>detail</b> introduced in Junos OS Release 13.3.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display AAA accounting, address-assignment, dynamic request statistics, and RADIUS settings and statistics.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>accounting (detail)</b>—(Optional) Display AAA accounting statistics. The <b>detail</b> keyword displays additional accounting information</p> <p><b>address-assignment (client   pool <i>pool-name</i>)</b>—(Optional) Display AAA address-assignment client and pool statistics.</p> <p><b>dynamic-requests</b>—(Optional) Display AAA dynamic requests.</p> <p><b>radius</b>—(Optional) Display RADIUS settings and statistics.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Verifying and Managing Subscriber AAA Information on page 257</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <p><a href="#">show network-access aaa statistics accounting on page 1895</a></p> <p><a href="#">show network-access aaa statistics accounting detail on page 1896</a></p> <p><a href="#">show network-access aaa statistics address-assignment client on page 1896</a></p> <p><a href="#">show network-access aaa statistics address-assignment pool on page 1897</a></p> <p><a href="#">show network-access aaa statistics address-assignment pool (Excluded Addresses) on page 1897</a></p> <p><a href="#">show network-access aaa statistics dynamic-requests on page 1897</a></p> <p><a href="#">show network-access aaa statistics radius on page 1897</a></p> |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <p><a href="#">Table 127 on page 1890</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show network-access aaa statistics</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

Table 127: show network-access aaa statistics Output Fields

| Field Name                          | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Level of Output |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Requests received</b>            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Number of accounting requests generated by the AAA framework.</li> <li>Number of dynamic requests received from the external server.</li> </ul> <p>Does not include requests sent from backup accounting.</p> | All levels      |
| <b>Accounting request failures</b>  | <p>Number of accounting requests that failed to be sent or queued from a client to a RADIUS accounting server.</p> <p>Does not include requests sent from backup accounting.</p>                                                                     | detail          |
| <b>Accounting request success</b>   | <p>Number of accounting requests successfully sent or queued from a client to a RADIUS accounting server.</p> <p>Does not include requests sent from backup accounting.</p>                                                                          | detail          |
| <b>Account on requests</b>          | <p>Number of accounting on requests sent from a client to a RADIUS accounting server.</p>                                                                                                                                                            | detail          |
| <b>Accounting start requests</b>    | <p>Number of accounting start requests sent from a client to a RADIUS accounting server.</p>                                                                                                                                                         | detail          |
| <b>Accounting interim requests</b>  | <p>Number of accounting interim requests sent from a client to a RADIUS accounting server.</p>                                                                                                                                                       | detail          |
| <b>Accounting stop requests</b>     | <p>Number of accounting stop requests sent from a client to a RADIUS accounting server.</p> <p>Does not include requests sent from backup accounting.</p>                                                                                            | detail          |
| <b>Accounting request timeouts</b>  | <p>Number of accounting requests to the accounting server that timed out. This field was named <b>Timed out requests</b> in releases before Junos OS Release 16.1.</p> <p>Does not include requests sent from backup accounting.</p>                 | All levels      |
| <b>Accounting Response failures</b> | <p>Number of accounting requests not acknowledged (NAK) by the accounting server.</p> <p>Does not include requests sent from backup accounting.</p>                                                                                                  | All levels      |

Table 127: show network-access aaa statistics Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                                | Field Description                                                                                                                                                    | Level of Output |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Accounting response success</b>        | Number of accounting requests acknowledged by the accounting server.<br><br>Does not include requests sent from backup accounting.                                   | All levels      |
| <b>Account on responses</b>               | Number of accounting on requests acknowledged by the RADIUS accounting server.                                                                                       | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Accounting start responses</b>         | Number of accounting start requests acknowledged by the RADIUS accounting server.                                                                                    | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Accounting interim responses</b>       | Number of accounting interim requests acknowledged by the RADIUS accounting server.                                                                                  | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Accounting stop responses</b>          | Number of accounting stop requests acknowledged by the RADIUS accounting server.<br><br>Does not include requests sent from backup accounting.                       | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Accounting rollover requests</b>       | Number of accounting requests coming to a RADIUS accounting server after a previous server timing out.                                                               | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Accounting unknown requests</b>        | Number of unknown accounting requests sent from a client to a RADIUS accounting server (for example, when the header has invalid or unsupported information).        | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Accounting radius pending requests</b> | Number of accounting requests sent from a client to a RADIUS accounting server that are waiting for a response from the server.                                      | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Accounting malformed responses</b>     | Number of accounting responses from a RADIUS accounting server that have invalid or unexpected attributes.                                                           | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Accounting retransmissions</b>         | Number of accounting requests made by a client to the RADIUS sever that were retransmitted.<br><br>Does not include requests sent from backup accounting.            | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Accounting bad authenticators</b>      | Number of accounting responses from a RADIUS accounting server that have an incorrect authenticator (for example, the client and server RADIUS secret do not match). | <b>detail</b>   |

Table 127: show network-access aaa statistics Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                                        | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Level of Output |
|---------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Accounting packets dropped</b>                 | Number of accounting responses from a RADIUS accounting server that are dropped by a client.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Accounting backup record creation requests</b> | Number of accounting stop requests from a client to a RADIUS accounting server that were forwarded to be backed up.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Accounting backup replay request success</b>   | Number of backup accounting stop requests successfully created by clients after each timeout for replay to a RADIUS accounting server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Accounting backup request failures</b>         | Number of backup accounting requests that failed to be sent or queued from a client to a RADIUS accounting server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Accounting backup request success</b>          | Number of backup accounting requests successfully sent or queued from a client to a RADIUS accounting server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Accounting backup timeouts</b>                 | Number of backup accounting requests that timed out after being sent to a RADIUS accounting server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Accounting backup in-flight requests</b>       | <p>Number of backup accounting requests that were successfully sent or queued to a RADIUS accounting server for which no response or error has been received yet.</p> <p>Backup requests are replayed only in the following circumstances:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When the request being replayed receives a positive response, the next request can be replayed.</li> <li>When the request being replayed receives a timeout response, it can be replayed again.</li> </ul> <p>Consequently this intermediate timer displays 1 or 0. The value eventually drops to 0 as requests are responded to positively or fail due to error.</p> | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Accounting backup responses success</b>        | Number of backup records that were successfully acknowledged with a positive response from a RADIUS accounting server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <b>detail</b>   |

Table 127: show network-access aaa statistics Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                                       | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Level of Output |
|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Accounting backup radius requests</b>         | <p>Number of backup requests sent to UDP level.</p> <p>This is a RADIUS-level counter and increments rapidly based on the configured retries and timeouts and the RADIUS-level retransmissions. An observation that the value is increasing is more significant than the exact value of the counter.</p>                          | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Accounting backup radius responses</b>        | <p>Number of responses received at the UDP level for backup requests.</p> <p>This is a RADIUS-level counter and increments rapidly based on the configured retries and timeouts and the RADIUS-level retransmissions. Observation that the value is increasing is more significant than the exact value of the counter.</p>       | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Accounting backup radius timeouts</b>         | <p>Number of backup requests that timed out after being sent to UDP.</p> <p>This is a RADIUS-level counter and increments rapidly based on the configured retries and timeouts and the RADIUS-level retransmissions. Observation that the value is increasing is more significant than the exact value of the counter.</p>        | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Accounting backup radius pending requests</b> | <p>Number of backup requests sent to a RADIUS accounting server that are waiting for a response from the server.</p> <p>This is an intermediate state counter that eventually drops to zero as requests are responded to or failed due to error.</p>                                                                              | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Accounting backup radius retransmissions</b>  | <p>Sum of backup request retransmissions for each RADIUS accounting server.</p> <p>This is a RADIUS-level counter and increments rapidly based on the configured retries and timeouts and the RADIUS-level retransmissions. Observation that the value is increasing is more significant than the exact value of the counter.</p> | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Accounting backup malformed responses</b>     | Sum of malformed responses received for backup requests sent to each RADIUS accounting server at the UDP level.                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Accounting backup bad authenticators</b>      | Sum of responses received for backup accounting requests for each RADIUS accounting server where authenticators were mismatched.                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <b>detail</b>   |

Table 127: show network-access aaa statistics Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                                 | Field Description                                                                                                                     | Level of Output |
|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Accounting backup responses dropped</b> | Sum of responses for backup accounting requests for each RADIUS accounting server that were dropped due to various sanity checks.     | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Accounting backup rollover requests</b> | Sum of backup accounting requests rolled over for each RADIUS accounting server.                                                      | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Accounting backup unknown responses</b> | Sum of unknown responses for backup accounting requests for each RADIUS accounting server.                                            | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Client</b>                              | Client type; for example, DHCP, Mobile IP, PPP.                                                                                       | none specified  |
| <b>Out of Memory</b>                       | Number of times an address was not given to the client due to memory issues.                                                          | none specified  |
| <b>No Matches</b>                          | Number of times there were no network matches for the pool.                                                                           | none specified  |
| <b>Pool Name</b>                           | Name of the address-assignment pool for this client.                                                                                  | none specified  |
| <b>Out of Addresses</b>                    | Number of times there were no available addresses in the pool.                                                                        | none specified  |
| <b>Address total</b>                       | Number of addresses in the pool.                                                                                                      | none specified  |
| <b>Addresses in use</b>                    | Number of addresses in use.                                                                                                           | none specified  |
| <b>Addresses excluded</b>                  | Number of addresses excluded from being allocated from the pool with the <b>excluded-address</b> or <b>excluded-range</b> statements. | none specified  |
| <b>Address Usage (percent)</b>             | Percentage of total addresses in use. This value does not take excluded addresses into account.                                       | none specified  |
| <b>Pool drain configured</b>               | Configuration state of active drain for the specified local address pool, <b>yes</b> or <b>no</b> .                                   | none specified  |
| <b>Pool Usage</b>                          | Percentage of allocated addresses in the specified address pool.                                                                      | none specified  |
| <b>processed successfully</b>              | Number of dynamic requests processed successfully by the AAA framework.                                                               | All levels      |

Table 127: show network-access aaa statistics Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                      | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Level of Output |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>errors during processing</b> | Number of dynamic requests that resulted in processing errors by the AAA framework.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | All levels      |
| <b>Link Name</b>                | Name of the secondary address-assignment pool to which the primary pool is linked.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                 |
| <b>silently dropped</b>         | Number of dynamic requests dropped by the AAA framework due to multiple back-to-back or duplicate requests.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | All levels      |
| <b>RADIUS Server</b>            | IPv4 or IPv6 address of the RADIUS server to which the router is sending requests.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | All levels      |
| <b>Profile</b>                  | Name of the RADIUS profile associated with the RADIUS server. A RADIUS server can be associated with more than one RADIUS profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | All levels      |
| <b>Configured</b>               | Configured maximum number of outstanding requests from the router to the RADIUS server for a specific profile. An outstanding request is a request to which the RADIUS server has not yet responded. The range of values is 0 through 2000 outstanding requests. The default value is 1000.                                                                         | All levels      |
| <b>Current</b>                  | Current number of outstanding requests from the router to the RADIUS server for a specific profile. An outstanding request is a request to which the RADIUS server has not yet responded.                                                                                                                                                                           | All levels      |
| <b>Peak</b>                     | Highest number of outstanding requests from the router to the RADIUS server for a specific profile at any point in time since the router was started or since the counter was last cleared.<br><br><b>NOTE:</b> If the value of this field is equal to the value of the <b>Configured</b> field, you may want to increase the value of the <b>Configured</b> field. | All levels      |
| <b>Exceeded</b>                 | Number of times that the router attempted to send requests to the RADIUS server in excess of the configured maximum value for a specific profile.<br><br><b>NOTE:</b> If the value of this field is nonzero, you may want to increase the value of the <b>Configured</b> field.                                                                                     | All levels      |

## Sample Output

### show network-access aaa statistics accounting

```

user@host> show network-access aaa statistics accounting
Accounting module statistics
Accounting module statistics

```

```
Requests received: 5000
Accounting request timeouts: 2000
Accounting response failures: 0
Accounting response success: 3000
```

#### show network-access aaa statistics accounting detail

```
user@host> show network-access aaa statistics accounting detail
Accounting module statistics
Accounting module statistics
 Requests received: 5000
 Accounting request failures: 0
 Accounting request success: 5000
 Account on requests: 0
 Accounting start requests: 3000
 Accounting interim requests: 0
 Accounting stop requests: 2000
 Accounting request timeouts: 2000
 Accounting response failures: 0
 Accounting response success: 3000
 Account on responses: 0
 Accounting start responses: 3000
 Accounting interim responses: 0
 Accounting stop responses: 0
 Accounting rollover requests: 0
 Accounting unknown responses: 0
 Accounting radius pending requests: 0
 Accounting malformed responses: 0
 Accounting retransmissions: 6000
 Accounting bad authenticators: 0
 Accounting packets dropped: 0

 Accounting backup record creation requests: 3000
 Accounting backup request replay success: 9808
 Accounting backup request failures: 0
 Accounting backup request success: 3006
 Accounting backup timeouts: 6
 Accounting backup in-flight requests: 0
 Accounting backup responses success: 3000
 Accounting backup radius requests: 3006
 Accounting backup radius responses: 3000
 Accounting backup radius timeouts: 99
 Accounting backup radius pending requests: 0
 Accounting backup radius retransmissions: 99
 Accounting backup malformed responses: 0
 Accounting backup bad authenticators: 0
 Accounting backup responses dropped: 0
 Accounting backup rollover requests: 0
 Accounting backup unknown responses: 0
```

#### show network-access aaa statistics address-assignment client

```
user@host> show network-access aaa statistics address-assignment client
Address-assignment statistics
 Client: jdhcpd
 Out of Memory: 0
 No Matches: 2
```



**show network-access aaa statistics address-assignment pool**

```

user@host> show network-access aaa statistics address-assignment pool isp_1
Address-assignment statistics
Pool Name: isp_1
Pool Name: (all pools in chain)
Out of Memory: 0
Out of Addresses: 9
Address total: 47
Addresses in use: 47
Address Usage (percent): 100
Pool drain configured: yes

```

**show network-access aaa statistics address-assignment pool (Excluded Addresses)**

```

user@host> show network-access aaa statistics address-assignment pool isp_1
Address-assignment statistics
Pool Name: isp_1
Pool Name: (all pools in chain)
Out of Memory: 0
Out of Addresses: 0
Address total: 24000
Addresses in use: 12000
Addresses excluded: 1000
Address Usage (percent): 50
Pool drain configured: yes

```

**show network-access aaa statistics dynamic-requests**

```

user@host> show network-access aaa statistics dynamic-requests
requests received: 0
processed successfully: 0
errors during processing: 0
silently dropped: 0

```

**show network-access aaa statistics radius**

```

user@host> show network-access aaa statistics radius
Outstanding Requests

```

| RADIUS Server      | Profile       | Configured | Current | Peak | Exceeded |
|--------------------|---------------|------------|---------|------|----------|
| 198.51.100.239     | prof1         | 1000       | 0       | 1000 | 14       |
|                    | prof2         | 500        | 17      | 432  | 0        |
| 198.51.100.211     | myprof        | 200        | 0       | 200  | 27       |
| 203.0.113.254      | pppoe-auth    | 111        | 0       | 1    | 0        |
| 2001:db8:0:f101::2 | xyz-profile11 | 1000       | 10      | 135  | 0        |

## show network-access aaa statistics authentication

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <b>show network-access aaa statistics authentication</b><br><b>&lt;detail&gt;</b>                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.<br>Option <b>detail</b> introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display AAA authentication statistics.                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>detail</b> —(Optional) Displays detailed information about authentication.                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Verifying and Managing Subscriber AAA Information on page 257</a></li> </ul>                                                                                |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show network-access aaa statistics authentication on page 1900</a><br><a href="#">show network-access aaa statistics authentication detail on page 1900</a>                                          |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 128 on page 1898</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show network-access aaa statistics authentication</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. |

**Table 128: show network-access aaa statistics authentication Output Fields**

| Field Name                            | Field Description                                                          | Level of Output |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Requests received</b>              | Number of authentication requests received from clients.                   | All levels      |
| <b>Accepts</b>                        | Number of authentication requests accepted by the authentication server.   | All levels      |
| <b>Rejects</b>                        | Number of authentication requests rejected by the authentication server.   | All levels      |
| <b>Challenges</b>                     | Number of authentication requests challenged by the authentication server. | All levels      |
| <b>Timed out requests</b>             | Number of authentication requests that timed out.                          | All levels      |
| <b>RADIUS authentication failures</b> | Number of RADIUS authentication requests that have failed.                 | Detail          |
| <b>Queue request deleted</b>          | Number of queue requests that have been deleted.                           | Detail          |

**Table 128: show network-access aaa statistics authentication Output Fields (*continued*)**

| Field Name                                    | Field Description                                                                                              | Level of Output |
|-----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Malformed reply</b>                        | Number of malformed replies received from the RADIUS authentication server.                                    | Detail          |
| <b>No server configured</b>                   | Number of authentication requests that failed because no authentication server is configured.                  | Detail          |
| <b>Access Profile configuration not found</b> | Number of authentication requests that failed because no access profile is configured.                         | Detail          |
| <b>Unable to create client record</b>         | Number of times that the router is unable to create the client record for the authentication request.          | Detail          |
| <b>Unable to create client request</b>        | Number of times that the router is unable to create the client request for the authentication request.         | Detail          |
| <b>Unable to build authentication request</b> | Number of times that the router is unable to build the authentication request.                                 | Detail          |
| <b>No server found</b>                        | Number of requests to the authentication server that have timed out; the server is then considered to be down. | Detail          |
| <b>Unable to create handle</b>                | Number of authentication requests that have failed because of an internal allocation failure.                  | Detail          |
| <b>Unable to queue request</b>                | Number of times the router was unable to queue the request to the authentication server.                       | Detail          |
| <b>Invalid credentials</b>                    | Number of times the router did not have proper authorization to access the authentication server.              | Detail          |
| <b>Malformed request</b>                      | Number of times the router request to the authentication server is malformed.                                  | Detail          |
| <b>License unavailable</b>                    | Number of times the router did not have a license to access the authentication server.                         | Detail          |
| <b>Redirect requested</b>                     | Number of authentication requests that have been redirected based on routing instance.                         | Detail          |
| <b>Internal failure</b>                       | Number of internal failures.                                                                                   | Detail          |
| <b>Local authentication failures</b>          | Number of times local authentication failed.                                                                   | Detail          |
| <b>LDAP lookup failures</b>                   | Number of times the LDAP lookup operation failed.                                                              | Detail          |

## Sample Output

### show network-access aaa statistics authentication

```
user@host> show network-access aaa statistics authentication
Authentication module statistics
Requests received: 2118
 Accepts: 261
 Rejects: 975
 Challenges: 0
 Timed out requests: 882
```

### show network-access aaa statistics authentication detail

```
user@host> show network-access aaa statistics authentication detail
Authentication module statistics
Requests received: 2118
 Accepts: 261
 Rejects: 975
 RADIUS authentication failures: 975
 Queue request deleted: 0
 Malformed reply: 0
 No server configured: 0
 Access Profile configuration not found: 0
 Unable to create client record: 0
 Unable to create client request: 0
 Unable to build authentication request: 0
 No server found: 975
 Unable to create handle: 0
 Unable to queue request: 0
 Invalid credentials: 0
 Malformed request: 0
 License unavailable: 0
 Redirect requested: 0
 Internal failure: 0
 Local authentication failures: 0
 LDAP lookup failures: 0
 Challenges: 0
 Timed out requests: 882
```

## show network-access aaa statistics re-authentication

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>show network-access aaa statistics re-authentication</code>                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 17.4R1.                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display re-authentication statistics.                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">reauthenticate (DHCP Local Server) on page 1444</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                       |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 129 on page 1901</a> lists the output fields for the <code>show network-access aaa statistics re-authentication</code> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. |

**Table 129: show network-access aaa statistics re-authentication Output Fields**

| Field Name                   | Field Description                                                                 |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Re-authentication statistics | Displays re-authentication statistics.                                            |
| Requests received            | Total number of re-authentication requests that the device received from clients. |
| Aborts                       | Total number of re-authentication aborts.                                         |
| Challenges                   | Total number of re-authentication challenges.                                     |
| Internal errors              | Total number of re-authentication internal errors.                                |
| Rejects                      | Total number of re-authentications rejected.                                      |
| Accounting request timeouts  | Total number of re-authentication accounting timeouts.                            |

## show network-access aaa statistics re-authentication

```

user@host> show network-access aaa statistics re-authentication
Re-authentication statistics
Requests received: 0
Aborts: 0
Challenges: 0
Internal errors: 0
Rejects: 0
Accounting request timeouts: 0

```

## show network-access aaa statistics pending-accounting-stops

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | show network-access aaa statistics pending-accounting-stops                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 13.1.                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display the number of pending accounting stop requests.                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | This command has no options.                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">request network-access aaa replay pending-accounting-stops on page 1472</a></li><li>• <a href="#">show accounting pending-accounting-stops on page 1699</a></li></ul> |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show network-access aaa statistics pending-accounting-stops on page 1902</a>                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 130 on page 1902</a> lists the output field for the <b>show network-access aaa statistics pending-accounting-stops</b> command.                                                                         |

Table 130: show network-access aaa statistics pending-accounting-stops  
Output Fields

| Field Name               | Field Description                                |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Pending accounting stops | Total number of accounting stop messages queued. |

---

### Sample Output

#### show network-access aaa statistics pending-accounting-stops

```
user@host> show network-access aaa statistics pending-accounting-stops
Pending accounting stops: 10,000
```

## show network-access aaa statistics preauthentication

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <b>show network-access aaa statistics preauthentication</b>                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 13.3.                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display AAA preauthentication statistics.                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>detail</b> —(Optional) Displays detailed information about authentication.                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">RADIUS Logical Line Identifier (LLID) Overview on page 179</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Configuring Logical Line Identification (LLID) Preauthentication on page 182</a></li> </ul> |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show network-access aaa statistics preauthentication on page 1904</a>                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 131 on page 1903</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show network-access aaa statistics preauthentication</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                    |

**Table 131: show network-access aaa statistics preauthentication Output Fields**

| Field Name                 | Field Description                                                                | Level of Output |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Requests received</b>   | Number of preauthentication requests received from clients.                      | All levels      |
| <b>Multistack requests</b> | Number of preauthentication requests for dual-stack subscribers.                 | All levels      |
| <b>Accepts</b>             | Number of preauthentication requests accepted by the preauthentication server.   | All levels      |
| <b>Rejects</b>             | Number of preauthentication requests rejected by the preauthentication server.   | All levels      |
| <b>Challenges</b>          | Number of preauthentication requests challenged by the preauthentication server. | All levels      |
| <b>Timed out requests</b>  | Number of preauthentication requests that timed out.                             | All levels      |

## Sample Output

### show network-access aaa statistics preauthentication

```
user@host> show network-access aaa statistics preauthentication
Preauthentication module statistics
Requests received: 2118
Multistack requests: 0
Accepts: 261
Rejects: 975
Challenges: 0
Timed out requests: 882
```



## show network-access aaa subscribers

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>show network-access aaa subscribers &lt;logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i>&gt; &lt;routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i>&gt; &lt;statistics&gt; &lt;username&gt; &lt;session-id <i>session-id-number</i> detail&gt;</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.1.</p> <p>Command updated with <b>session-id <i>session-id-number</i> detail</b> in Junos OS Release 17.3.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display subscriber-specific AAA statistics.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i></b>—(Optional) List subscribers in the specific logical system.</p> <p><b>routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i></b>—(Optional) List subscribers for the specific routing instance. If you do not specify a routing instance name, the default routing instance is assumed.</p> <p><b>statistics</b>—(Optional) Display statistics for the subscriber events.</p> <p><b>username</b>—(Optional) Display information for the specified subscriber.</p> <p><b>session-id <i>session-id-number</i> detail</b>—(Optional) Display information for the specified session ID.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Verifying and Managing Subscriber AAA Information on page 257</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <p><a href="#">show network-access aaa subscribers logical-system on page 1907</a></p> <p><a href="#">show network-access aaa subscribers logical-system routing-instance on page 1907</a></p> <p><a href="#">show network-access aaa subscribers statistics username on page 1907</a></p> <p><a href="#">show network-access aaa subscribers username on page 1908</a></p> <p><a href="#">show network-access aaa subscribers session-id 26 detail on page 1908</a></p>                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <p><a href="#">Table 132 on page 1905</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show network-access aaa subscribers</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

Table 132: show network-access aaa subscribers Output Fields

| Field Name         | Field Description                                                                              |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Challenge requests | Number of authentication requests challenged by the authentication server for this subscriber. |

Table 132: show network-access aaa subscribers Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                             | Field Description                                                                                          |
|----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Challenge responses                    | Number of challenge responses sent by the subscriber to the authentication server.                         |
| START sent successfully                | Number of accounting start requests generated by the AAA framework for this subscriber.                    |
| START send failures                    | Number of accounting start requests that failed to make it to the accounting server for this subscriber.   |
| START ack received                     | Number of accounting start requests acknowledged by the accounting server for this subscriber.             |
| INTERIM sent successfully              | Number of accounting interim requests generated by the AAA framework for this subscriber.                  |
| INTERIM send failures                  | Number of accounting interim requests that failed to make it to the accounting server for this subscriber. |
| INTERIM ack received                   | Number of accounting interim requests acknowledged by the accounting server for this subscriber.           |
| Requests received                      | Number of reauthentication requests received by the authentication server.                                 |
| Successful responses                   | Number of successful reauthentication requests granted by the authentication server.                       |
| Aborts handled                         | Number of reauthentication requests aborted by the authentication server.                                  |
| Service name                           | Name of the subscriber service.                                                                            |
| Creation requests                      | Number of requests to create the service.                                                                  |
| Deletion requests                      | Number of requests to delete the service.                                                                  |
| Request timeouts                       | Number of times the service request was timed out.                                                         |
| Client type                            | Type of client; for example, DHCP, Mobile IP, PPP.                                                         |
| Session-ID                             | ID of the subscriber session.                                                                              |
| Session uptime                         | How long the session has been up, in <i>HH:MM:SS</i> .                                                     |
| Accounting                             | Status of accounting, and type of accounting if accounting is on.                                          |
| Stripped username                      | Username of the subscriber session.                                                                        |
| AAA Logical system/Routing instance    | AAA framework for the subscriber of logical system or routing instance.                                    |
| Target Logical system/Routing instance | Target framework for the subscriber of logical system or routing instance.                                 |

Table 132: show network-access aaa subscribers Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                  | Field Description                                     |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| Access-profile              | Profile of the subscriber.                            |
| Accounting Session ID       | ID of the subscriber session for accounting.          |
| Multi Accounting Session ID | ID of the subscriber session for multiple accounting. |
| IP Address                  | IPv4 address of the subscriber.                       |
| IPv6 Address                | IPv6 address of the subscriber.                       |
| IPv6 Prefix                 | IPv6 prefix of the subscriber.                        |
| Authentication State        | State of subscriber session authentication.           |
| Accounting State            | State of subscriber session accounting.               |
| Provisioning Type           | Type of subscriber provisioning.                      |

## Sample Output

### show network-access aaa subscribers logical-system

```

user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers logical-system
Username Client type Logical system/Routing instance
user61@example.net ppp default
00010e020304.1231 dhcp isp-bos-metro-12:isp-cmborg-12
user54@example.com dhcp default:isp-gtown-r3-00
0020df980102.2334 dhcp isp-bos-metro-16:isp-cmborg-12

```

### show network-access aaa subscribers logical-system routing-instance

```

user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers logical-system isp-bos-metro-16
routing-instance isp-cmborg-12-32
Username Client type Logical system/Routing instance
00010e020304.1231 dhcp isp-bos-metro-12:isp-cmborg-12
user54@example.com dhcp default:isp-gtown-r3-00
0020df980102.2334 dhcp isp-bos-metro-16:isp-cmborg-12

```

### show network-access aaa subscribers statistics username

```

user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers statistics username 00010e020304.1231
Authentication statistics
 Challenge requests: 0
 Challenge responses: 0
Accounting statistics
 START sent successfully: 1
 START send failures: 0
 START ack received: 1
 INTERIM sent successfully: 0
 INTERIM send failures: 0

```

```
INTERIM ack received: 0
Re-authentication statistics
 Requests received: 0
 Successful responses: 0
 Aborts handled: 0
Service statistics
 Service name: filter-serv
 Creation requests: 1
 Deletion requests: 0
 Request timeouts: 0
 Service name: filter-serv2
 Creation requests: 144
 Deletion requests: 0
 Request timeouts: 144
```

#### show network-access aaa subscribers username

```
user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers username user80@example.net
Logical system/Routing instance Client type Session-ID Session uptime
Accounting
isp-bos-metro-16:isp-cmbrg-12 dhcp 7 01:12:56
on/volume
Service name Service type Quota Accounting
I-Cast volume 1200 Mbps on/volume+time
Voip on/volume
GamingBurst time 6000 secs on/volume
```

#### show network-access aaa subscribers session-id 26 detail

The following command output is seen when only an IPv4 client is associated with the session:

```
user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers session-id 26 detail
Type: dhcp
Stripped username: my-customer
AAA Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Target Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Access-profile: AccessProfile
Session ID: 26
Accounting Session ID: 26
Multi Accounting Session ID: 0
IP Address: 20.0.0.2
Authentication State: AuthStateActive
Accounting State: Acc-Interim-Sent
Provisioning Type: None
```

The following command output is seen when IPv6 client logs in (after IPv4 association) and is associated with the same session ID:

```
user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers session-id 26 detail
Type: dhcp
Stripped username: my-customer
AAA Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Target Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Access-profile: AccessProfile
Session ID: 26
Accounting Session ID: 26
Multi Accounting Session ID: 0
IP Address: 20.0.0.2
IPv6 Address: 3000:0:0:8003::2
```

IPv6 Prefix: 3ffe:ffff:0:4::/64  
Authentication State: AuthStateActive  
Accounting State: Acc-Interim-Sent  
Provisioning Type: None

## **show network-access aaa subscribers session-id**

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <b>show network-access aaa subscribers session-id</b> <i>session-id</i><br><brief   detail>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display information about the specified subscriber session.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>session-id</b> —ID of the subscriber session.<br><br><b>brief   detail</b> —(Optional) Display the specified level of information.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Verifying and Managing Subscriber AAA Information on page 257</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Activating and Deactivating Subscriber Services Locally with the CLI on page 662</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Deactivating a Single Instance of a Subscriber Service with Multiple Instances on page 671</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Deactivating All Instances of a Subscriber Service with Multiple Instances on page 674</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Verifying and Managing Subscriber Services with Multiple Instances on page 677</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li></ul> |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show network-access aaa subscribers session-id brief on page 1914</a><br><a href="#">show network-access aaa subscribers session-id 2 (Flat File Accounting) on page 1914</a><br><a href="#">show network-access aaa subscribers session-id detail on page 1915</a><br><a href="#">show network-access aaa subscribers session-id detail (Service with Multiple Instances) on page 1915</a><br><a href="#">show network-access aaa subscribers session-id detail (Single Session Dual Stack with active V4 and V6 subscribers) on page 1916</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 133 on page 1911</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show network-access aaa subscribers session-id</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

Table 133: show network-access aaa subscribers session-id Output Fields

| Field Name                                                                     | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Level of Output |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Type and Client type</b>                                                    | Type of client.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | All levels      |
| <b>Accounting</b>                                                              | Status of the accounting configuration for the service, <b>on</b> or <b>off</b> , and the type of accounting, <b>time</b> , <b>volume+time</b> , or <b>flat-file</b> .<br><br>The <b>time</b> and <b>volume+time</b> types are configured in RADIUS Service-Statistics VSA [26-69]. | brief none      |
| <b>Service type</b>                                                            | Type of accounting: <b>volume</b> , <b>time</b> , <b>volume+time</b> , or <b>na</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                               | brief           |
| <b>Quota</b>                                                                   | Quota for service: volume (in Mbps) or time (seconds).                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | brief           |
| <b>Username</b>                                                                | Name of the user logged in to the session.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | detail          |
| <b>Stripped username</b>                                                       | Username after the domain has been removed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | detail          |
| <b>Logical system/Routing instance and AAA Logical system/Routing instance</b> | Name of the routing instance, logical system name, or both used for the session.                                                                                                                                                                                                    | All levels      |
| <b>Target Logical system/Routing instance</b>                                  | Logical system/routing instance to which the session is mapped.                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | detail          |
| <b>Access-profile</b>                                                          | Access profile used for AAA services for the session.                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | detail          |
| <b>Session ID</b>                                                              | ID of the subscriber session.<br><br>The session ID value displayed under <b>Service name</b> is the service session ID.                                                                                                                                                            | detail          |
| <b>Accounting Session ID</b>                                                   | ID of the accounting session (RADIUS attribute 44). The ID appears in decimal or description format, as specified by the <b>accounting-session-id-format</b> statement.                                                                                                             | detail          |
| <b>Multi Accounting Session ID</b>                                             | Bundle ID for MLPPP sessions. Acct-Multi-Session-Id (RADIUS attribute 50) uses the value of the session database bundle session ID to enable RADIUS to link together multiple related sessions. The value of this field is zero when no MLPPP sessions exist.                       | detail          |
| <b>IP Address</b>                                                              | IP address of the subscriber. For a single-session dual stack, addresses of both IPv4 and IPv6 clients are displayed.                                                                                                                                                               | detail          |

Table 133: show network-access aaa subscribers session-id Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                        | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Level of Output |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>IPv6 Address</b>               | IPv6 address of the subscriber. For a single-session dual stack, addresses of both IPv4 and IPv6 clients are displayed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | detail          |
| <b>IPv6 Prefix</b>                | IPv6 prefix of the subscriber. For a single-session dual stack, addresses of both IPv4 and IPv6 clients are displayed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | detail          |
| <b>Authentication State</b>       | State of the subscriber authentication session: <b>AuthInit</b> , <b>AuthStart</b> , <b>AuthChallenge</b> , <b>AuthRedirect</b> , <b>AuthClntRespWait</b> , <b>AuthAcctVolStatsAckWait</b> , <b>AuthAcctStopAckWait</b> , <b>AuthServCreateRespWait</b> , <b>AuthLogoutStart</b> , <b>AuthStateActive</b> , <b>AuthClntLogoutRespWait</b> , <b>AuthProfileUpdateWait</b> , <b>AuthProvisionRespWait</b> , <b>AuthProvisionServiceCreationWait</b>           | detail          |
| <b>Gx-Plus Provisioning State</b> | State of Gx-Plus provisioning: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ignored—Subscriber has no IPv4 address or NAS-Port-ID.</li> <li>in-progress—Provisioning is in progress.</li> <li>logout—Subscriber logout is in progress.</li> <li>logout-done—Logout response has been received.</li> <li>response-received—Provisioning response has been received.</li> </ul>                                                                                     | detail          |
| <b>Pcrf Provisioning State</b>    | State of PCRF provisioning: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>active</b>—PCRF provisioning is active.</li> <li><b>ignored</b>—Subscriber has no IPv4 address or NAS-Port-ID.</li> <li><b>in-progress</b>—Provisioning is in progress.</li> <li><b>logout</b>—Subscriber logout is in progress.</li> <li><b>logout-done</b>—Logout response has been received.</li> <li><b>response-received</b>—Provisioning response has been received.</li> </ul> | detail          |
| <b>Pcrf Subscription-Id-Type</b>  | Type of subscriber for a PCRF partition. You can define your own or use a predefined value: <b>0</b> ( <b>END_USER_E164</b> ), <b>1</b> ( <b>END_USER_IMSI</b> ), <b>2</b> ( <b>END_USER_SIP_URI</b> ), <b>3</b> ( <b>END_USER_NAI</b> ), <b>4</b> ( <b>END_USER_PRIVATE</b> ).                                                                                                                                                                             | detail          |
| <b>Pcrf Subscription-Id-Data</b>  | Subscriber data string concatenated from a list of user-selected data options used to identify the subscriber type for a PCRF partition; for example, demux0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | detail          |



Table 133: show network-access aaa subscribers session-id Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                           | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Level of Output |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Ocs Subscription-Id-Type</b>      | Type of subscriber for an OCS partition. You can define your own or use a predefined value: <b>0 (END_USER_E164)</b> , <b>1 (END_USER_IMSI)</b> , <b>2 (END_USER_SIP_URI)</b> , <b>3 (END_USER_NAI)</b> , <b>4 (END_USER_PRIVATE)</b> .                                                                                                                                               | detail          |
| <b>Ocs Subscription-Id-Data</b>      | Subscriber data string concatenated from a list of user-selected data options used to identify the subscriber type for an OCS partition; for example: test-sid                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | detail          |
| <b>Ocs Interrogation State</b>       | State of the OCS interrogation: <b>first</b> , <b>intermediate</b> , <b>final</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | detail          |
| <b>Ocs Data State</b>                | State of the OCS data: <b>none</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | detail          |
| <b>Accounting State</b>              | State of the subscriber accounting session: <b>Acc-Init</b> , <b>Acc-Start-Sent</b> , <b>Imm-Update-Stats-Pending</b> , <b>Acc-Interim-Sent</b> , <b>Acc-Stop-Stats-Pending</b> , <b>Acc-Stop-Sent</b> , <b>Acc-Stop-On-Fail-Deny-Sent</b> , <b>Acc-Stop-Ackd</b>                                                                                                                     | detail          |
| <b>Provisioning-type</b>             | Provisioning type for this session: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>gx-plus—Subscriber service uses Gx-Plus provisioning.</li> <li>jsrc—Subscriber service uses JSRC provisioning.</li> <li>none—Provisioning is not enabled.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                       | detail          |
| <b>Service name</b>                  | Name of the attached service or policy. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For RADIUS-activated and CLI-activated services, displays the full activation string for the service. If the activation string includes service parameters, then both the service name and service parameters are displayed.</li> <li>For JSRC-activated policies—displays the policy name.</li> </ul> | All levels      |
| <b>Service State</b>                 | State of the service provided in the subscriber session.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | detail          |
| <b>Service Family</b>                | Network family of the service provided in the subscriber session.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | detail          |
| <b>Service Activation Source</b>     | Source used to activate the service.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | detail          |
| <b>Session uptime</b>                | How long the session has been up, in <i>HH:MM:SS</i> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | All levels      |
| <b>Service CC-Service-Identifier</b> | Data identification element of the 3GPP Diameter credit control service charging system that uniquely defines the <b>CC-Service-Context</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | detail          |

Table 133: show network-access aaa subscribers session-id Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                           | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Level of Output |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Service Rating-Group</b>          | Value associated with a charging rule and part of the accounting data stream for the PCRF.                                                                                                                                                                                          | detail          |
| <b>Ocs Control</b>                   | Whether OCS controls the service: <b>yes</b> or <b>no</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | detail          |
| <b>Accounting status</b>             | Status of the accounting configuration for the service, <b>on</b> or <b>off</b> , and the type of accounting, <b>time</b> , <b>volume+time</b> , or <b>flat-file</b> .<br><br>The <b>time</b> and <b>volume+time</b> types are configured in RADIUS Service-Statistics VSA [26-69]. | detail          |
| <b>Service accounting session ID</b> | ID of the service accounting session; RADIUS Acct-Session-Id attribute (44). The ID appears in decimal or description format, as specified by the <b>accounting-session-id-format</b> statement.                                                                                    | detail          |
| <b>Service accounting state</b>      | State of the service accounting session: <b>Acc-Init</b> , <b>Acc-Start-Sent</b> , <b>Imm-Update-Stats-Pending</b> , <b>Acc-Interim-Sent</b> , <b>Acc-Stop-Stats-Pending</b> , <b>Acc-Stop-Sent</b> , <b>Acc-Stop-On-Fail-Deny-Sent</b> , <b>Acc-Stop-Ackd</b>                      | detail          |
| <b>Accounting interim interval</b>   | Amount of time between interim accounting updates for this service, in seconds; RADIUS Service-Interim-Acct-Interval VSA [26-140] or Diameter Acct-Interim-Interval AVP (85).                                                                                                       | detail          |

## Sample Output

### show network-access aaa subscribers session-id brief

```

user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers session-id 6 brief
Logical system/Routing instance Client type Session uptime Accounting
default:default dhcp 00:01:29 on/time
Service name Service type Quota Accounting
filter-service -na- -na- off
filter-service-2 volume+time 77.00MB/120secs off
1337994190863204450 -na- -na- off

```

### show network-access aaa subscribers session-id 2 (Flat File Accounting)

```

user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers session-id 2
Logical system/Routing instance Client type Session-ID Session uptime
Accounting
default:default dhcp 2 00:00:48
on/volume+time
Service name Service type Quota Accounting
filter-service -na- -na- on/flat-file

```

### show network-access aaa subscribers session-id detail

```

user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers session-id 5 detail
Type: dhcp
Username: user23@example.net
Stripped username: user23
AAA Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Target Logical system/Routing instance: default:retail-onlinecompany-ca
Access-profile:retailer-onlinecompany-sjc
Session ID: 5
Accounting Session ID: jnpr ge-1/0/0.101:1
Multi Accounting Session ID: 0
IP Address: 192.168.44.104
Authentication State: AuthStateActive
Pcrf Provisioning State: active
Pcrf Subscription-Id-Type: 4
Pcrf Subscription-Id-Data: demux0
Ocs Subscription-Id-Type: 15
Ocs Subscription-Id-Data: test-sid
Ocs Interrogation State: intermediate
Ocs Data State: none
Gx-Plus Provisioning State: response-received
Accounting State: Acc-Interim-Sent
Provisioning-type: jsrsc
Service name: filter-service-1
Service State: SvcActive
Service Family: inet
Service Activation Source: PCRF-LOGIN
Session ID: 7
Session uptime: 00:01:33
Service CC-Service-Identifier: 777
Service Rating Group: 10
Ocs Control: yes
Service name: filter-service-2
Service State: SvcActive
Service Family: inet
Service Activation Source: PCRF-LOGIN Session ID: 8
Session uptime: 00:01:33
Service CC-Service-Identifier: 778
Service Rating Group: 11
Ocs Control: no
Accounting status: on/volume+time
Service accounting session ID: 1:2-1322506006
Service accounting state: Acc-Interim-Sent
Accounting interim interval: 600

```

### show network-access aaa subscribers session-id detail (Service with Multiple Instances)

```

user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers session-id 6 detail
Type: dhcp
Stripped username: fms2
AAA Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Target Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Access-profile: attr_test_profile1
Session ID: 6
Accounting Session ID: 6
Multi Accounting Session ID: 0
IP Address: 198.51.100.10
Authentication State: AuthStateActive
Accounting State: Acc-Interim-Sent

```

```
Provisioning Type: None
Service name: economy-service(up-filter,down-filter)
 Service State: SvcActive
 Service Family: inet
 Service Activation Source: Radius at Reauth
 Session ID: 7
 Session uptime: 00:04:36
 Accounting status: on/volume+time
 Service accounting session ID: 6:7-1354811427
 Service accounting state: Acc-Start-Sent
 Accounting interim interval: 600
Service name: economy-service(upstrm-filter,dwnstrm-filter)
 Service State: SvcActive
 Service Family: inet
 Service Activation Source: Radius
 Session ID: 8
 Session uptime: 00:04:36
 Accounting status: on/volume+time
 Service accounting session ID: 6:8-1354811427
 Service accounting state: Acc-Start-Sent
 Accounting interim interval: 600
```

**show network-access aaa subscribers session-id detail (Single Session Dual Stack with active V4 and V6 subscribers)**

```
user@host> show network-access aaa subscribers session-id 26 detail
Type: dhcp
Stripped username: retal-25
AAA Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Target Logical system/Routing instance: default:default
Access-profile: AccessProfile
Session ID: 26
Accounting Session ID: 26
Multi Accounting Session ID: 0
IP Address: 10.10.0.6
IPv6 Address: 3000:0:0:8003::2
IPv6 Prefix: 3ffe:ffff:0:4::/64
Authentication State: AuthStateActive
Accounting State: Acc-Interim-Sent
Provisioning Type: None
```

## show network-access aaa terminate-code

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>show network-access aaa terminate-code &lt;brief   detail   summary&gt; &lt;reverse&gt; &lt;(aaa   dhcp   l2tp   ppp)&gt;</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | <p>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.</p> <p><b>vlan</b> option introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display the count for termination cause types and the current mapping between session termination cause types and code values.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>none</b>—Display all mappings.</p> <p><b>brief   detail   summary</b>—(Optional) Display the specified level of output. The <b>summary</b> output is displayed by default and includes base count information about mappings. The <b>brief</b> output displays mappings with non-zero usage count and custom mappings. The <b>detail</b> output displays all mappings.</p> <p><b>aaa</b>—(Optional) Limit display to AAA mappings only.</p> <p><b>dhcp</b>—(Optional) Limit display to DHCP mappings only.</p> <p><b>l2tp</b>—(Optional) Limit display to L2TP mappings only.</p> <p><b>ppp</b>—(Optional) Limit display to PPP mappings only.</p> <p><b>reverse</b>—(Optional) Display mapping of the code value conveyed in the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute (49) to the termination cause type.</p> <p><b>vlan</b>—(Optional) Limit display to VLAN mappings only.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Session Termination Causes and RADIUS Termination Cause Codes on page 217</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Mapping Session Termination Causes to Custom Termination Cause Codes on page 219</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">AAA Termination Causes and Code Values on page 220</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">DHCP Termination Causes and Code Values on page 222</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">L2TP Termination Causes and Code Values on page 223</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">PPP Termination Causes and Code Values on page 243</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">VLAN Termination Causes and Code Values on page 251</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

**List of Sample Output**

- [show network-access aaa terminate-code on page 1918](#)
- [show network-access aaa terminate-code reverse on page 1919](#)
- [show network-access aaa terminate-code dhcp on page 1919](#)
- [show network-access aaa terminate-code detail on page 1919](#)
- [show network-access aaa terminate-code brief on page 1920](#)
- [show network-access aaa terminate-code summary on page 1920](#)
- [show network-access aaa terminate-code vlan on page 1920](#)
- [show network-access aaa terminate-code vlan detail on page 1920](#)

**Output Fields** Table 134 on page 1918 lists the output fields for the **show network-access aaa terminate-code** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 134: show network-access aaa terminate-code Output Fields**

| Field Name    | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Level of Output                                              |
|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| RADIUS        | RFC-defined code value conveyed in the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute (49) or a nonstandard, customized value that you configure with the <b>terminate-code aaa</b> statement at the <b>[edit access]</b> hierarchy level.                                                | <b>brief detail</b><br><br>None (with <b>reverse</b> option) |
| Custom        | Whether or not the termination cause is a customized mapping or the default mapping.                                                                                                                                                                                             | All levels                                                   |
| Mapping-Count | Number of mappings that occurred for a specific terminate cause type or category (standard or summary output) or per termination cause (reverse output).                                                                                                                         | <b>summary</b> None                                          |
| Usage-Count   | Number of times the terminate code mapping was used.                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | All levels                                                   |
| Type          | Termination cause type—null, aaa, dhcp, l2tp, ppp, or vlan.<br><br><b>NOTE:</b> The null termination cause type indicates that no termination reason was provided by the subscriber and the RADIUS Acct-Terminate-Cause attribute (49) was not included in the Acct-Stop request | All levels                                                   |
| Code          | Specific termination cause.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <b>brief detail</b>                                          |

## Sample Output

**show network-access aaa terminate-code**

```

user@host> show network-access aaa terminate-code
Terminate-code:
 Custom Mapping-Count Usage-Count Type
no 1 0 null

```

|    |     |    |      |
|----|-----|----|------|
| no | 12  | 0  | aaa  |
| no | 5   | 0  | dhcp |
| no | 364 | 0  | l2tp |
| no | 210 | 0  | ppp  |
| no | 13  | 10 | vlan |

### show network-access aaa terminate-code reverse

```
user@host> show network-access aaa terminate-code reverse
Terminate-code:
```

| RADIUS | Custom | Mapping-Count | Usage-Count | Type |
|--------|--------|---------------|-------------|------|
| 0      | no     | 1             | 0           | null |
| 1      | no     | 1             | 0           | aaa  |
| 1      | no     | 1             | 0           | dhcp |
| 1      | no     | 5             | 0           | l2tp |
| 1      | no     | 8             | 0           | ppp  |
| 1      | no     | 2             | 10          | vlan |
| 2      | no     | 1             | 0           | dhcp |
| 2      | no     | 3             | 0           | ppp  |
| 2      | no     | 2             | 0           | vlan |
| 4      | no     | 1             | 0           | aaa  |
| 4      | no     | 1             | 0           | dhcp |
| 4      | no     | 1             | 0           | l2tp |
| 4      | no     | 1             | 0           | ppp  |
| 5      | no     | 2             | 0           | aaa  |
| 5      | no     | 1             | 0           | l2tp |
| 5      | no     | 1             | 0           | ppp  |
| 6      | no     | 2             | 0           | aaa  |
| 6      | no     | 13            | 0           | l2tp |
| 6      | no     | 3             | 0           | ppp  |
| 6      | no     | 3             | 0           | vlan |
| 8      | no     | 3             | 0           | l2tp |
| 8      | no     | 5             | 0           | ppp  |
| 9      | no     | 13            | 0           | l2tp |
| 9      | no     | 12            | 0           | ppp  |
| 9      | no     | 4             | 0           | vlan |
| 10     | no     | 4             | 0           | aaa  |
| 10     | no     | 1             | 0           | dhcp |
| 10     | no     | 128           | 0           | l2tp |
| 10     | no     | 171           | 0           | ppp  |
| 15     | no     | 1             | 0           | dhcp |
| 15     | no     | 190           | 0           | l2tp |
| 15     | no     | 1             | 0           | vlan |
| 16     | no     | 1             | 0           | vlan |
| 17     | no     | 2             | 0           | aaa  |
| 17     | no     | 10            | 0           | l2tp |
| 17     | no     | 6             | 0           | ppp  |

### show network-access aaa terminate-code dhcp

```
user@host> show network-access aaa terminate-code dhcp
Terminate-code:
```

| Custom | Mapping-Count | Usage-Count | Type |
|--------|---------------|-------------|------|
| no     | 5             | 0           | dhcp |

### show network-access aaa terminate-code detail

```
user@host> show network-access aaa terminate-code aaa detail
```

```
Terminate-code:
```

| RADIUS | Custom | Usage-Count | Type | Code                               |
|--------|--------|-------------|------|------------------------------------|
| 17     | no     | 1           | aaa  | deny-authentication-denied         |
| 10     | no     | 1           | aaa  | deny-no-resources                  |
| 17     | no     | 0           | aaa  | deny-server-request-timeout        |
| 6      | no     | 0           | aaa  | service-shutdown-network-logout    |
| 10     | no     | 0           | aaa  | service-shutdown-remote-reset      |
| 1200   | yes    | 5           | aaa  | service-shutdown-subscriber-logout |
| 5      | no     | 0           | aaa  | service-shutdown-time-limit        |
| 10     | no     | 0           | aaa  | service-shutdown-volume-limit      |
| 6      | no     | 13          | aaa  | shutdown-administrative-reset      |
| 4      | no     | 0           | aaa  | shutdown-idle-timeout              |
| 10     | no     | 0           | aaa  | shutdown-remote-reset              |
| 5      | no     | 0           | aaa  | shutdown-session-timeout           |

### show network-access aaa terminate-code brief

```
user@host> show network-access aaa terminate-code brief
```

Terminate-code:

| RADIUS | Custom | Usage-Count | Type | Code                                   |
|--------|--------|-------------|------|----------------------------------------|
| 17     | no     | 1           | aaa  | deny-authentication-denied             |
| 10     | no     | 1           | aaa  | deny-no-resources                      |
| 1200   | yes    | 5           | aaa  | service-shutdown-subscriber-logout     |
| 6      | no     | 13          | aaa  | shutdown-administrative-reset          |
| 15     | no     | 7           | dhcp | nak                                    |
| 10     | no     | 1           | l2tp | session-receive-cdn-avp-missing-secret |
| 10     | no     | 1           | ppp  | bundle-fail-create                     |
| 1      | no     | 1           | ppp  | lcp-peer-terminate-term-req            |
| 10     | no     | 1           | ppp  | lcp-tunnel-disconnected                |
| 1      | no     | 10          | vlan | out-of-band-ancp-port-down             |

### show network-access aaa terminate-code summary

```
user@host> show network-access aaa terminate-code summary
```

Terminate-code:

| Custom | Mapping-Count | Usage-Count | Type |
|--------|---------------|-------------|------|
| no     | 1             | 0           | null |
| no     | 12            | 0           | aaa  |
| no     | 5             | 0           | dhcp |
| no     | 364           | 0           | l2tp |
| no     | 210           | 0           | ppp  |
| no     | 13            | 10          | vlan |

### show network-access aaa terminate-code vlan

```
user@host> show network-access aaa terminate-code vlan
```

Terminate-code:

| Custom | Mapping-Count | Usage-Count | Type |
|--------|---------------|-------------|------|
| no     | 13            | 0           | vlan |

### show network-access aaa terminate-code vlan detail

```
user@host> show network-access aaa terminate-code vlan detail
```

Terminate-code:

| RADIUS | Custom | Usage-Count | Type | Code                                    |
|--------|--------|-------------|------|-----------------------------------------|
| 6      | no     | 0           | vlan | admin-logout                            |
| 16     | no     | 0           | vlan | admin-reconnect                         |
| 9      | no     | 0           | vlan | other                                   |
| 2      | no     | 0           | vlan | out-of-band-access-interface-down       |
| 6      | no     | 0           | vlan | out-of-band-admin-access-interface-down |



|    |    |   |                                             |
|----|----|---|---------------------------------------------|
| 6  | no | 0 | vlan out-of-band-admin-core-interface-down  |
| 1  | no | 0 | vlan out-of-band-ancp-port-down             |
| 1  | no | 0 | vlan out-of-band-ancp-port-vlan-id-change   |
| 2  | no | 0 | vlan out-of-band-core-interface-down        |
| 15 | no | 0 | vlan out-of-band-l2-wholesale-no-free-vlans |
| 9  | no | 0 | vlan profile-request-error                  |
| 9  | no | 0 | vlan sdb-error                              |
| 9  | no | 0 | vlan subscriber-activate-error              |

## show network-access address-assignment pool

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>show network-access address-assignment pool <i>pool-name</i></code><br><code>&lt;logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i>&gt;</code><br><code>&lt;routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i>&gt;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display state information for each address-assignment pool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>none</b>—Display information about clients that have obtained addresses from the address-assignment pool.</p> <p><b>pool <i>pool-name</i></b>—Display information about the specified address-assignment pool.</p> <p><b>logical-system <i>logical-system-name</i></b>—(Optional) Perform this operation on the specified logical system.</p> <p><b>routing-instance <i>routing-instance-name</i></b>—(Optional) Perform this operation on the specified routing instance.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view and system                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show network-access address-assignment pool on page 1923</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 135 on page 1922</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show network-access address-assignment pool</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

**Table 135: show network-access address-assignment pool Output Fields**

| Field Name        | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IP address/prefix | IP address of the client.                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Hardware address  | MAC address of the client.<br><br>Displays <b>NA</b> for addresses excluded from being allocated from the pool with the <b>excluded-address</b> or <b>excluded-range</b> statements.                |
| Host/User         | Hostname or username of the client.<br><br>Displays <b>EXCLUDED</b> for addresses excluded from being allocated from the pool with the <b>excluded-address</b> or <b>excluded-range</b> statements. |
| Type              | Type of client.<br><br>Displays <b>unknown</b> for addresses excluded from being allocated from the pool with the <b>excluded-address</b> or <b>excluded-range</b> statements.                      |

## Sample Output

### show network-access address-assignment pool

```
user@host> show network-access address-assignment pool sunnywest logical-system ls1
routing-instance routinst2
IP address/prefix Hardware address Host/User Type
192.168.2.1 00:00:5e:00:53:01 user1 DHCP
192.168.2.2 00:00:5e:00:53:02 user2 DHCP
192.168.2.3 00:00:5e:00:53:03 user3 DHCP
192.168.2.4 NA EXCLUDED unknown
```

## show network-access domain-map

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <b>show network-access domain-map</b><br><b>&lt;statistics&gt;</b>                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display domain map information.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>statistics</b> —(Optional) Display domain map statistics.                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Verifying and Managing Domain Map Configuration on page 260</a></li></ul>                                                                            |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show network-access domain-map statistics on page 1924</a>                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 136 on page 1924</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show network-access domain-map statistics</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. |

**Table 136: show network-access domain-map Output Fields**

| Field Name           | Field Description                                                 |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Matched domains      | Number of usernames with domain names that are matched.           |
| Unmatched domains    | Number of usernames with domain names that are not matched.       |
| Missing domain names | Number of usernames without a domain name.                        |
| Stripped username    | Number of usernames from which the domain name has been stripped. |
| Default used         | Number of times the default domain map is used.                   |

## Sample Output

### show network-access domain-map statistics

```
user@host> show network-access domain-map statistics
General domain mapping statistics
 Matched domains: 7
 Unmatched domains: 1
 Missing domain names: 0
 Stripped username: 7
```

```
Domain statistics for domain-name: default
Default used: 1
```

## show network-access gx-plus

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <b>show network-access gx-plus</b><br><b>&lt;state   statistics   sync-state&gt;</b>                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display Gx-Plus provisioning state, synchronization state, and statistics information.                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>state</b> —(Optional) Display Gx-Plus provisioning state.<br><b>statistics</b> —(Optional) Display Gx-Plus statistics.<br><b>sync-state</b> —(Optional) Display Gx-Plus synchronization state.            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">clear network-access gx-plus replay on page 1658</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">clear network-access gx-plus statistics on page 1659</a></li> </ul>         |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show network-access gx-plus state on page 1927</a><br><a href="#">show network-access gx-plus statistics on page 1927</a><br><a href="#">show network-access gx-plus sync-state on page 1927</a> |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 137 on page 1926</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show network-access gx-plus</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                   |

**Table 137: show network-access gx-plus Output Fields**

| Field Name               | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Gx-plus state            | State of the Gx-Plus application, including the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Engine created</li> <li>• Partition configured</li> <li>• Configuration active</li> <li>• Diameter interface configured</li> <li>• Total number of entries—Number of provisioned, pending, and terminating subscribers.</li> <li>• Number of pending entries—Number of pending subscribers.</li> <li>• Number of pending logouts—Number of subscribers logging out.</li> </ul> |
| Sync-Event               | Type of synchronization event.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Timeout                  | Number of times notification sent without response.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Gx-plus general counters | Number and state of general events.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

Table 137: show network-access gx-plus Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                  | Field Description                           |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| Gx-plus sync-event counters | Number and state of synchronization events. |

## Sample Output

### show network-access gx-plus state

```
user@host> show network-access gx-plus state
Gx-plus state:
 Engine created : yes
 Partition configured : yes
 Configuration active : yes
 Diameter interface configured : yes
 Total number of entries : 0
 Number of pending entries : 0
 Number of pending logouts : 0
```

### show network-access gx-plus statistics

```
user@host> show network-access gx-plus statistics
Gx-plus general counters:
 Counter Value
 engine created 1
 initial config: active 1
 recovery: process restart 1
 diameter-app initial config: success 1

Gx-plus sync-event counters:
 Category Counter Value
 warm-boot activated 1
 warm-boot posted 1
 warm-boot response 1
 awd posted 12
 awd response 12
```

### show network-access gx-plus sync-state

```
user@host> show network-access gx-plus sync-state
Gx-plus sync-events:
 Sync-Event Timeout
 cold-boot 6100
```

## show network-access nasreq statistics

**Syntax**    show network-access nasreq statistics

**Release Information**    Command introduced in Junos OS Release 16.1.

**Description**    Display information about the NASREQ protocol exchanges that are used to authenticate and authorize subscribers when they log in.

**Required Privilege Level**    view

**Related Documentation**

- [Diameter Network Access Server Application \(NASREQ\) on page 845](#)
- [Configuring the Diameter Network Access Server Application \(NASREQ\) on page 847](#)
- [Messages Used by Diameter Applications on page 762](#)

**Output Fields**    [Table 138 on page 1928](#) lists the output fields for the **show network-access nasreq statistics** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 138: show network-access nasreq statistics Output Fields**

| Field Name                               | Field Description                                                                                                                            |
|------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Authentication request attempts          | Number of authentication requests forwarded to the NASREQ engine. Note that authentication includes authorization in one message exchange.   |
| Authentication request failures          | Number of authentication request failures at the NASREQ engine. This includes timeout failures of the request waiting in the transmit queue. |
| Authentication request messages sent     | Number of authentication requests forwarded to the Diameter engine.                                                                          |
| Authentication request message failures  | Number of authentication requests failures at the Diameter engine.                                                                           |
| Authentication request messages timeouts | Number of authentication requests that timed out waiting for a response from the NASREQ server.                                              |
| Authentication denies failures           | Number of authentication responses with an unsuccessful result-code.                                                                         |
| Authentication grants received           | Number of authentication responses with a successful result-code.                                                                            |
| Authorization request attempts           | Number of authorization requests to the NASREQ engine.                                                                                       |
| Authorization request failures           | Number of authorization request failures at the NASREQ engine. This includes timeout failures of the request waiting in the transmit queue.  |
| Authorization request messages sent      | Number of authorization requests forwarded to the Diameter engine.                                                                           |
| Authorization request message failures   | Number of authorization requests failures at the Diameter engine.                                                                            |



Table 138: show network-access nasreq statistics Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                                   | Field Description                                                                                                                                |
|----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Authorization request messages timeouts      | Number of authorization requests that timed out waiting for a response from the NASREQ server.                                                   |
| Authorization denies failures                | Number of authorization responses with an unsuccessful result-code.                                                                              |
| Authorization grants received                | Number of authorization responses with a successful result-code.                                                                                 |
| Session-terminate request attempts           | Number of session-terminate requests forwarded to the NASREQ engine.                                                                             |
| Session-terminate request failures           | Number of session-terminate requests failures at the NASREQ engine. This includes timeout failures of the request waiting in the transmit queue. |
| Session-terminate request messages sent      | Number of session-terminate requests forwarded to the Diameter engine.                                                                           |
| Session-terminate request messages failures  | Number of session-terminate requests failures at the Diameter engine.                                                                            |
| Session-terminate request messages timeouts  | Number of session-terminate requests that timed out waiting for a response from the NASREQ server.                                               |
| Session-terminate response message failures  | Number of session-terminate responses with an unsuccessful result-code.                                                                          |
| Session-terminate response messages received | Number of session-terminate responses with a successful result-code.                                                                             |
| Abort-session requests received              | Number of abort-session requests received by the NASREQ engine.                                                                                  |
| Abort-session response-ack messages sent     | Number of abort-session requests receiving an ACK response.                                                                                      |
| Abort-session response-nack messages sent    | Number of abort-session requests receiving a NACK response.                                                                                      |
| Abort-session response message failures      | Number of abort-session responses that failed transmission, either due to timeout in the transmit queue, or failed by the Diameter engine.       |
| Number of NASREQ subscribers                 | Number of active subscribers that received NASREQ authorization.                                                                                 |
| Number of result-code-1xxx                   | Number of response messages with an informational result-code.                                                                                   |
| Number of result-code-2xxx                   | Number of response messages with a success result-code.                                                                                          |
| Number of result-code-3xxx                   | Number of response messages with a protocol-error result-code.                                                                                   |
| Number of result-code-4xxx                   | Number of response messages with an transient-error result-code.                                                                                 |
| Number of result-code-5xxx                   | Number of response messages with a permanent-error result-code.                                                                                  |

Table 138: show network-access nasreq statistics Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                                | Field Description                                                                 |
|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Number of result-code-other               | Number of response messages with an unregistered result-code.                     |
| Transmit queue time-outs                  | Number of request/responses that timed out waiting for Diameter engine resources. |
| Transmit message drops                    | Number of request/responses dropped.                                              |
| Transmit message failures                 | Number of request/response failures at the Diameter engine.                       |
| Number of requests on the Tx queue        | Number of requests/responses currently on the transmit queue.                     |
| Number of requests waiting for a response | Number of requests currently in the response queue waiting for a response.        |
| Number of outstanding requests            | Number of outstanding requests, including AAR and STR.                            |
| Total number of allocated messages        | Number of currently allocated request/response messages.                          |

## Sample Output

```

user@host> show network-access nasreq statistics
Authentication request attempts:4000
Authentication request failures:0
Authentication request messages sent:4000
Authentication request message failures:0
Authentication request messages timeouts:0
Authentication denies failures:0
Authentication grants received:4000
Authorization request attempts:4000
Authorization request failures:0
Authorization request messages sent:4000
Authorization request message failures:0
Authorization request messages timeouts:0
Authorization denies failures:0
Authorization grants received:4000
Session-terminate request attempts:1000
Session-terminate request failures:0
Session-terminate request messages sent:1000
Session-terminate request message failures:0
Session-terminate request messages timeouts:0
Session-terminate response messages failures:0
Session-terminate response messages received:1000
Abort-session requests received:1000
Abort-session response-ack messages sent:1000
Abort-session response-nack messages sent:0
Abort-session response message failures:0
Number of NASREQ subscribers:3000
Number of result-code-1xxx:0
Number of result-code-2xxx:5000
Number of result-code-3xxx:0
Number of result-code-4xxx:0
Number of result-code-5xxx:0
Number of result-code-other:0
Transmit queue time-outs:0

```

```
Transmit message drops:0
Transmit message failures:0
Number of requests on the Tx queue:0
Number of requests waiting for a response:0
Number of outstanding requests:0
Total number of allocated messages:0
```

## show network-access ocs

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <b>show network-access ocs</b><br><b>&lt;state&gt;</b><br><b>&lt;statistics [brief   detail   extensive]&gt;</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display Online Charging System (OCS) provisioning state and statistics information.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>brief   detail   extensive</b> —(Optional) Display the specified level of output.<br><b>state</b> —(Optional) Display OCS provisioning state.<br><b>statistics</b> —(Optional) Display OCS statistics.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">ocs on page 1339</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">clear network-access ocs statistics on page 1660</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Policy and Charging Enforcement Function Overview for Broadband Wireline Subscribers on page 808</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gy Interactions Between the Router and the OCS on page 820</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li> </ul> |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show network-access ocs state on page 1933</a><br><a href="#">show network-access ocs statistics on page 1933</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <p><a href="#">Table 139 on page 1932</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show network-access ocs</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

**Table 139: show network-access ocs Output Fields**

| Field Name | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Level of Output |
|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Ocs state  | State of the OCS components, including the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>created</b>—Just created.</li> <li>• <b>dead</b>—Ready to be deleted.</li> <li>• <b>final</b>—Final interrogation in progress.</li> <li>• <b>idle</b>—Idle.</li> <li>• <b>initial</b>—Initial interrogation in progress.</li> <li>• <b>intermediate</b>—Intermediate interrogation in progress.</li> </ul> | All levels      |

Table 139: show network-access ocs Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name           | Field Description                                                                                     | Level of Output |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Ocs general counters | Type and number of Diameter response and answer messages for OCS communication using the Gy protocol. | All levels      |

## Sample Output

### show network-access ocs state

```

user@host> show network-access ocs state
Ocs state:
 Component Value
 state active
 active-configuration yes
 queue-state normal
 subscribers 2000
 sub-in-idle 2000

```

### show network-access ocs statistics

```

user@host> show network-access ocs statistics
Ocs general counters:
 Counter Value
 ccr-gy-i 4001
 cca-gy-i 4001
 ccr-gy-u 38001
 cca-gy-u 38001
 ccr-gy-t 2001
 cca-gy-t 2001
 asr 1
 asa-ack 1

```

## show network-access pcrf

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <b>show network-access pcrf</b><br><b>&lt;state&gt;</b><br><b>&lt;statistics [brief   detail   extensive]&gt;</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display Policy and Charging Rules Function (PCRF) provisioning state and statistics information.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>brief   detail   extensive</b> —(Optional) Display the specified level of output.<br><b>state</b> —(Optional) Display PCRF provisioning state.<br><b>statistics</b> —(Optional) Display PCRF statistics.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">pcrf on page 1390</a></li><li>• <a href="#">clear network-access pcrf on page 1661</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Gx Interactions Between the Router and the PCRF on page 812</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Rule Interactions Between the PCRF, PCEF, and OCS on page 825</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding Upstream and Downstream Messages for the PCRF on page 831</a></li></ul> |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show network-access pcrf state on page 1935</a><br><a href="#">show network-access pcrf statistics on page 1935</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 140 on page 1935</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show network-access pcrf</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

Table 140: show network-access pcrf Output Fields

| Field Name                   | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Level of Output |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Pcrf state                   | State of the PCRF components: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>active</b>—Installed services from local grant.</li> <li>• <b>created</b>—Just created.</li> <li>• <b>started</b>—Log in.</li> <li>• <b>local-active</b>—Services installed after local grant.</li> <li>• <b>local-deny</b>—Denied by local decision waiting for subscriber logout.</li> <li>• <b>local-grant</b>—Received local grant and installing services.</li> <li>• <b>grant</b>—Received remote grant and installing services.</li> <li>• <b>upd-from-local</b>—Received remote grant, in local-active state, and installing services.</li> <li>• <b>update</b>—Processing RAR-update.</li> <li>• <b>report</b>—Sending report.</li> <li>• <b>deny</b>—Received deny from remote and waiting for subscriber logout.</li> <li>• <b>failed</b>—GRES before active state or provisioning failed, waiting for subscriber logout.</li> <li>• <b>ocs-final-wait</b>—Waiting for OCS to complete final interrogation.</li> <li>• <b>logout</b>—Waiting for logout response.</li> <li>• <b>dead</b>—Received logout response or timed out waiting for logout response.</li> </ul> | All levels      |
| Pcrf general counters        | Type and number of Diameter response and answer messages for PCRF communication using the Gx protocol.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | All levels      |
| Pcrf diameter event counters | State and number of Diameter events.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | All levels      |
| Pcrf rule install counters   | Result and number of rule installations.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | All levels      |

## Sample Output

### show network-access pcrf state

```

user@host> show network-access pcrf state
Pcrf state:
 Component Value
 state active
 active-configuration yes
 queue-state normal
 subscribers 2000
 sub-in-idle 2000

```

### show network-access pcrf statistics

```

user@host> show network-access pcrf statistics
Pcrf general counters:
 Counter Value

```

|                |      |
|----------------|------|
| ccr-gx-i       | 4001 |
| ccr-gx-i-retry | 4    |
| cca-gx-i       | 4001 |
| ccr-gx-u       | 4001 |
| cca-gx-u       | 4001 |
| ccr-gx-t       | 2001 |
| cca-gx-t       | 2001 |

Pcrf diameter event counters:

|                |       |
|----------------|-------|
| Diameter event | Value |
| no peer for tx | 4     |

Pcrf rule install counters:

|         |       |
|---------|-------|
| Result  | Value |
| success | 16004 |



## show ppp address-pool

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>show ppp address-pool <i>pool-name</i> &lt;detail&gt;</code>                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 7.5.                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display PPP address pool information.                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>pool-name</i></b>—Address pool name.</p> <p><b><i>detail</i></b>—(Optional) Display detailed address pool information.</p>                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>Verifying and Managing PPP Configuration for Subscriber Management</i></li> </ul>                                                                 |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <p><a href="#">show ppp address-pool on page 1938</a></p> <p><a href="#">show ppp address-pool detail on page 1938</a></p>                                                                  |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <p><a href="#">Table 141 on page 1937</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show ppp address-pool</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.</p> |

**Table 141: show ppp address-pool Output Fields**

| Field Name                     | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                            | Level of Output |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Address pool                   | Trace address pool code.                                                                                                                                                                     | All levels      |
| Address range                  | Range of sequentially ordered IP addresses contained in the address pool.                                                                                                                    | <b>detail</b>   |
| Number of assigned addresses   | Fixed IP address that is to be given to remote users when they dial in. This is a host-only IP address (subnet mask is 255.255.255.255) and is only for single connection receiver profiles. | All levels      |
| Number of addresses configured | Number of IP addresses that are available for allocation and used by PPP sessions.                                                                                                           | All levels      |
| Assigned addresses             | Addresses assigned to PPP sessions from the address pool.                                                                                                                                    | <b>detail</b>   |

## Sample Output

### show ppp address-pool

```
user@host> show ppp address-pool
Address pool ppp1
 Address range: 203.0.113.221 - 203.0.113.230
 Number of assigned addresses: 0
 Number of addresses configured: 10
```

### show ppp address-pool detail

```
user@host> show ppp address-pool ppp1 detail
Address pool ppp1
 Address range: 203.0.113.221 - 203.0.113.230
 Number of assigned addresses: 2
 Number of addresses configured: 10
 Assigned addresses:
 203.0.113.221
 203.0.113.222
```

## show route

**List of Syntax**    [Syntax on page 1939](#)  
                           [Syntax \(EX Series Switches\) on page 1939](#)

**Syntax**    show route  
                   <all>  
                   <destination-prefix>  
                   <logical-system (all | *logical-system-name*)>  
                   <private>  
                   <te-ipv4-prefix-ip *te-ipv4-prefix-ip*>  
                   <te-ipv4-prefix-node-ip *te-ipv4-prefix-node-ip*>  
                   <te-ipv4-prefix-node-iso *te-ipv4-prefix-node-iso*>

**Syntax (EX Series Switches)**    show route  
                                           <all>  
                                           <destination-prefix>  
                                           <private>

**Release Information**    Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.  
                                   Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches.  
                                   Option **private** introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5.  
                                   Option **private** introduced in Junos OS Release 9.5 for EX Series switches.  
                                   Command introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1R3 on MX Series routers for enhanced subscriber management.  
                                   Option **display-client-data** introduced in Junos OS Release 16.2R1 on MX80, MX104, MX240, MX480, MX960, MX2010, MX2020, vMX Series routers.  
                                   Options **te-ipv4-prefix-ip**, **te-ipv4-prefix-node-ip**, and **te-ipv4-prefix-node-iso** introduced in Junos OS Release 17.2R1 on MX Series and PTX Series.

**Description**    Display the active entries in the routing tables.

**Options**    **none**—Display brief information about all active entries in the routing tables.

**all**—(Optional) Display information about all routing tables, including private, or internal, routing tables.

**destination-prefix**—(Optional) Display active entries for the specified address or range of addresses.

**logical-system (all | *logical-system-name*)**—(Optional) Perform this operation on all logical systems or on a particular logical system.

**private**—(Optional) Display information only about all private, or internal, routing tables.

**display-client-data** —(Optional) Display client id and cookie information for routes installed by the routing protocol process client applications.

**te-ipv4-prefix-ip *te-ipv4-prefix-ip***—(Optional) Display IPv4 address of the traffic-engineering prefix, without the mask length if present in the routing table.

**te-ipv4-prefix-node-ip** *te-ipv4-prefix-node-ip*—(Optional) Display all prefixes that have originated from the traffic-engineering node. You can filter IPv4 node addresses from the traffic-engineered routes in the **lsdist.0** table.

**te-ipv4-prefix-node-iso** *te-ipv4-prefix-node-iso*—(Optional) Display all prefixes that have originated from the traffic-engineering node. You can filter IPv4 routes with the specified ISO circuit ID from the **lsdist.0** table.

**Required Privilege Level**

view

**Related Documentation**

- *Understanding IS-IS Configuration*
- *Example: Configuring IS-IS*
- *Examples: Configuring Internal BGP Peering*
- *Examples: Configuring External BGP Peering*
- *Examples: Configuring OSPF Routing Policy*
- [Verifying and Managing Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management on page 620](#)

**List of Sample Output**

[show route on page 1943](#)  
[show route \(VPN\) on page 1944](#)  
[show route \(with Destination Prefix\) on page 1944](#)  
[show route destination-prefix detail on page 1944](#)  
[show route extensive on page 1944](#)  
[show route extensive \( ECMP\) on page 1945](#)  
[show route extensive \(Multipath Resolution\) on page 1945](#)  
[show route \(Enhanced Subscriber Management\) on page 1949](#)  
[show route \(IPv6 Flow Specification\) on page 1950](#)  
[show route display-client-data detail on page 1950](#)  
[show route te-ipv4-prefix-ip on page 1951](#)  
[show route te-ipv4-prefix-ip extensive on page 1951](#)  
[show route te-ipv4-prefix-node-iso on page 1954](#)  
[show route te-ipv4-prefix-node-iso extensive on page 1954](#)  
[show route te-ipv4-prefix-node-iso detail on page 1957](#)

**Output Fields** [Table 142 on page 1940](#) describes the output fields for the **show route** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 142: show route Output Fields**

| Field Name                 | Field Description                                                       |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>routing-table-name</i>  | Name of the routing table (for example, inet.0).                        |
| <i>number destinations</i> | Number of destinations for which there are routes in the routing table. |

Table 142: show route Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                                  | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>number routes</i>                        | <p>Number of routes in the routing table and total number of routes in the following states:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>active</b> (routes that are active).</li> <li>• <b>holddown</b> (routes that are in the pending state before being declared inactive). A holddown route was once the active route and is no longer the active route. The route is in the holddown state because a protocol still has interest in the route, meaning that the interest bit is set. A protocol might have its interest bit set on the previously active route because the protocol is still advertising the route. The route will be deleted after all protocols withdraw their advertisement of the route and remove their interest bit. A persistent holddown state often means that the interested protocol is not releasing its interest bit properly.</li> </ul> <p>However, if you have configured advertisement of multiple routes (with the <b>add-path</b> or <b>advertise-inactive</b> statement), the holddown bit is most likely set because BGP is advertising the route as an active route. In this case, you can ignore the holddown state because nothing is wrong.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>hidden</b> (routes that are not used because of a routing policy).</li> </ul> |
| <i>destination-prefix</i>                   | <p>Route destination (for example:10.0.0.1/24). Sometimes the route information is presented in another format, such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>MPLS-label</b> (for example, 80001).</li> <li>• <b>interface-name</b> (for example, ge-1/0/2).</li> <li>• <b>neighbor-address:control-word-status:encapsulation type:vc-id:source</b> (Layer 2 circuit only. For example, 10.1.1.195:NoCtrlWord:1:1:Local/96): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>neighbor-address</b>—Address of the neighbor.</li> <li>• <b>control-word-status</b>—Whether the use of the control word has been negotiated for this virtual circuit: <b>NoCtrlWord</b> or <b>CtrlWord</b>.</li> <li>• <b>encapsulation type</b>—Type of encapsulation, represented by a number: (1) Frame Relay DLCI, (2) ATM AAL5 VCC transport, (3) ATM transparent cell transport, (4) Ethernet, (5) VLAN Ethernet, (6) HDLC, (7) PPP, (8) ATM VCC cell transport, (10) ATM VPC cell transport.</li> <li>• <b>vc-id</b>—Virtual circuit identifier.</li> <li>• <b>source</b>—Source of the advertisement: <b>Local</b> or <b>Remote</b>.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [ <i>protocol, preference</i> ]             | <p>Protocol from which the route was learned and the preference value for the route.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>+</b>—A plus sign indicates the active route, which is the route installed from the routing table into the forwarding table.</li> <li>• <b>-</b>—A hyphen indicates the last active route.</li> <li>• <b>*</b>—An asterisk indicates that the route is both the active and the last active route. An asterisk before a <b>to</b> line indicates the best subpath to the route.</li> </ul> <p>In every routing metric except for the BGP <b>LocalPref</b> attribute, a lesser value is preferred. In order to use common comparison routines, Junos OS stores the 1's complement of the <b>LocalPref</b> value in the <b>Preference2</b> field. For example, if the <b>LocalPref</b> value for Route 1 is 100, the <b>Preference2</b> value is -101. If the <b>LocalPref</b> value for Route 2 is 155, the <b>Preference2</b> value is -156. Route 2 is preferred because it has a higher <b>LocalPref</b> value and a lower <b>Preference2</b> value.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <i>weeks:days<br/>hours:minutes:seconds</i> | <p>How long the route been known (for example, <b>2w4d 13:11:14</b>, or 2 weeks, 4 days, 13 hours, 11 minutes, and 14 seconds).</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <i>metric</i>                               | <p>Cost value of the indicated route. For routes within an AS, the cost is determined by the IGP and the individual protocol metrics. For external routes, destinations, or routing domains, the cost is determined by a preference value.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

Table 142: show route Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name              | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>localpref</b>        | Local preference value included in the route.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>from</b>             | Interface from which the route was received.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>AS path</b>          | <p>AS path through which the route was learned. The letters at the end of the AS path indicate the path origin, providing an indication of the state of the route at the point at which the AS path originated:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>I</b>—IGP.</li> <li>• <b>E</b>—EGP.</li> <li>• <b>?</b>—Incomplete; typically, the AS path was aggregated.</li> </ul> <p>When AS path numbers are included in the route, the format is as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>[ ]</b>—Brackets enclose the local AS number associated with the AS path if more than one AS number is configured on the routing device, or if AS path prepending is configured.</li> <li>• <b>{ }</b>—Braces enclose AS sets, which are groups of AS numbers in which the order does not matter. A set commonly results from route aggregation. The numbers in each AS set are displayed in ascending order.</li> <li>• <b>( )</b>—Parentheses enclose a confederation.</li> <li>• <b>( [ ] )</b>—Parentheses and brackets enclose a confederation set.</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE:</b> In Junos OS Release 10.3 and later, the AS path field displays an unrecognized attribute and associated hexadecimal value if BGP receives attribute 128 (attribute set) and you have not configured an independent domain in any routing instance.</p> |
| <b>encapsulated</b>     | Extended next-hop encoding capability enabled for the specified BGP community for routing IPv4 traffic over IPv6 tunnels. When BGP receives routes without the tunnel community, IPv4-Over IPv6 tunnels are not created and BGP routes are resolved without encapsulation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Route Labels</b>     | Stack of labels carried in the BGP route update.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>validation-state</b> | <p>(BGP-learned routes) Validation status of the route:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Invalid</b>—Indicates that the prefix is found, but either the corresponding AS received from the EBGp peer is not the AS that appears in the database, or the prefix length in the BGP update message is longer than the maximum length permitted in the database.</li> <li>• <b>Unknown</b>—Indicates that the prefix is not among the prefixes or prefix ranges in the database.</li> <li>• <b>Unverified</b>—Indicates that the origin of the prefix is not verified against the database. This is because the database got populated and the validation is not called for in the BGP import policy, although origin validation is enabled, or the origin validation is not enabled for the BGP peers.</li> <li>• <b>Valid</b>—Indicates that the prefix and autonomous system pair are found in the database.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>to</b>               | <p>Next hop to the destination. An angle bracket (&gt;) indicates that the route is the selected route.</p> <p>If the destination is <b>Discard</b>, traffic is dropped.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

Table 142: show route Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name      | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| via             | <p>Interface used to reach the next hop. If there is more than one interface available to the next hop, the interface that is actually used is followed by the word <b>Selected</b>. This field can also contain the following information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Weight</b>—Value used to distinguish primary, secondary, and fast reroute backup routes. Weight information is available when MPLS label-switched path (LSP) link protection, node-link protection, or fast reroute is enabled, or when the standby state is enabled for secondary paths. A lower weight value is preferred. Among routes with the same weight value, load balancing is possible.</li> <li>• <b>Balance</b>—Balance coefficient indicating how traffic of unequal cost is distributed among next hops when a routing device is performing unequal-cost load balancing. This information is available when you enable BGP multipath load balancing.</li> <li>• <b>lsp-path-name</b>—Name of the LSP used to reach the next hop.</li> <li>• <b>label-action</b>—MPLS label and operation occurring at the next hop. The operation can be <b>pop</b> (where a label is removed from the top of the stack), <b>push</b> (where another label is added to the label stack), or <b>swap</b> (where a label is replaced by another label). For VPNs, expect to see multiple <b>push</b> operations, corresponding to the inner and outer labels required for VPN routes (in the case of a direct PE-to-PE connection, the VPN route would have the inner label push only).</li> </ul> |
| Private unicast | (Enhanced subscriber management for MX Series routers) Indicates that an access-internal route is managed by enhanced subscriber management. By contrast, access-internal routes <i>not</i> managed by enhanced subscriber management are displayed with associated next-hop and media access control (MAC) address information.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| balance         | Distribution of the load based on the underlying operational interface bandwidth for equal-cost multipaths (ECMP) across the nexthop gateways in percentages.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## Sample Output

### show route

```

user@host> show route
inet.0: 11 destinations, 12 routes (11 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)
+ = Active Route, - = Last Active, * = Both

1:65500:1:10.0.0.20/240
 * [MVPN/70] 19:53:41, metric2 1
 Indirect
1:65500:1:10.0.0.40/240
 * [BGP/170] 19:53:29, localpref 100, from 10.0.0.30
 AS path: I
 > to 10.0.24.4 via lt-0/3/0.24, label-switched-path toD
 [BGP/170] 19:53:26, localpref 100, from 10.0.0.33
 AS path: I
 > to 10.0.24.4 via lt-0/3/0.24, label-switched-path toD
1:65500:1:10.0.0.60/240
 * [BGP/170] 19:53:29, localpref 100, from 10.0.0.30
 AS path: I
 > to 10.0.28.8 via lt-0/3/0.28, label-switched-path toF
 [BGP/170] 19:53:25, localpref 100, from 10.0.0.33
 AS path: I
 > to 10.0.28.8 via lt-0/3/0.28, label-switched-path toF

```

### show route (VPN)

The following sample output shows a VPN route with composite next hops enabled. The first **Push** operation corresponds to the outer label. The second **Push** operation corresponds to the inner label.

```
user@host> show route 192.0.2.0

13979:665001.inet.0: 871 destinations, 3556 routes (871 active, 0 holddown, 0
hidden)
+ = Active Route, - = Last Active, * = Both

192.0.2.0/24 [BGP/170] 00:28:32, localpref 100, from 10.9.9.160
 AS path: 13980 ?, validation-state: unverified
 > to 10.100.0.42 via ae2.0, Push 16, Push 300368(top)
 [BGP/170] 00:28:28, localpref 100, from 10.9.9.169
 AS path: 13980 ?, validation-state: unverified
 > to 10.100.0.42 via ae2.0, Push 126016, Push 300368(top)
 #[Multipath/255] 00:28:28, metric2 102
 > to 10.100.0.42 via ae2.0, Push 16, Push 300368(top)
 to 10.100.0.42 via ae2.0, Push 16, Push 300368(top)
```

### show route (with Destination Prefix)

```
user@host> show route 172.16.0.0/12

inet.0: 10 destinations, 10 routes (9 active, 0 holddown, 1 hidden)
+ = Active Route, - = Last Active, * = Both

172.16.0.0/12 *[Static/5] 2w4d 12:54:27
 > to 192.168.167.254 via fxp0.0
```

### show route destination-prefix detail

```
user@host> show route 198.51.100.0 detail

inet.0: 15 destinations, 20 routes (15 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)
198.51.100.0/24 (2 entries, 2 announced)
 *BGP Preference: 170/-101
 ...
 BGP-Static Preference: 4294967292
 Next hop type: Discard
 Address: 0x9041ae4
 Next-hop reference count: 2
 State: <NoReadvrt Int Ext AlwaysFlash>
 Inactive reason: Route Preference
 Local AS: 200
 Age: 4d 1:40:40
 Validation State: unverified
 Task: RT
 Announcement bits (1): 2-BGP_RT_Background
 AS path: 4 5 6 I
```

### show route extensive

```
user@host> show route extensive

v1.mvpn.0: 5 destinations, 8 routes (5 active, 1 holddown, 0 hidden)
1:65500:1:10.0.0.40/240 (1 entry, 1 announced)
 *BGP Preference: 170/-101
```



```

PMSI: Flags 0x0: Label[0:0:0]: PIM-SM: Sender 10.0.0.40 Group
203.0.113.1
Next hop type: Indirect
Address: 0x92455b8
Next-hop reference count: 2
Source: 10.0.0.30
Protocol next hop: 10.0.0.40
Indirect next hop: 2 no-forward
State: <Active Int Ext>
 Local AS: 64510 Peer AS: 64511
Age: 3 Metric2: 1
Validation State: unverified
Task: BGP_64510.10.0.0.30+179
Announcement bits (2): 0-PIM.v1 1-mvpn global task
AS path: I (Originator) Cluster list: 10.0.0.30
AS path: Originator ID: 10.0.0.40
Communities: target:64502:100 encapsulation:0L:14 Import
Accepted
Localpref: 100
Router ID: 10.0.0.30
Primary Routing Table bgp.mvpn.0
Indirect next hops: 1
 Protocol next hop: 10.0.0.40 Metric: 1
 Indirect next hop: 2 no-forward
 Indirect path forwarding next hops: 1
 Next hop type: Router
 Next hop: 10.0.24.4 via lt-0/3/0.24 weight 0x1
 10.0.0.40/32 Originating RIB: inet.3
 Metric: 1 Node path count: 1
 Forwarding nexthops: 1
 Nexthop: 10.0.24.4 via lt-0/3/0.24

```

### show route extensive ( ECMP)

```

user@host> show route extensive
*IS-IS Preference: 15
 Level: 1
 Next hop type: Router, Next hop index: 1048577
 Address: 0XXXXXXXXXX
 Next-hop reference count: YY
 Next hop: 172.16.50.2 via ae1.0 balance 43%, selected
 Session Id: 0x141
 Next hop: 192.0.2.2 via ae0.0 balance 57%

```

### show route extensive (Multipath Resolution)

```

user@host> show route extensive
inet.0: 37 destinations, 37 routes (36 active, 0 holddown, 1 hidden)
10.1.1.2/32 (1 entry, 1 announced)
TSI:
KRT in-kernel 10.1.1.2/32 -> {indirect(1048574)}
*Static Preference: 5
 Next hop type: Indirect, Next hop index: 0
 Address: 0xb39d1b0
 Next-hop reference count: 2
 Next hop type: Router, Next hop index: 581
 Next hop: 12.1.1.2 via ge-2/0/1.0, selected
 Session Id: 0x144
 Next hop: 13.1.1.2 via ge-2/0/2.0, selected
 Session Id: 0x145

```

```

Protocol next hop: 10.1.1.1
Indirect next hop: 0xb2b20f0 1048574 INH Session ID: 0x143
State: <Active Int Ext>
Age: 2:53 Metric2: 0
Validation State: unverified
Task: RT
Announcement bits (2): 0-KRT 2-Resolve tree 1
AS path: I
Indirect next hops: 1
 Protocol next hop: 10.1.1.1
 Indirect next hop: 0xb2b20f0 1048574 INH Session ID: 0x143

 Indirect path forwarding next hops: 2
 Next hop type: Router
 Next hop: 12.1.1.2 via ge-2/0/1.0
 Session Id: 0x144
 Next hop: 13.1.1.2 via ge-2/0/2.0
 Session Id: 0x145
10.1.1.1/32 Originating RIB: inet.0
 Node path count: 1
 Node flags: 1
 Forwarding nexthops: 2 (Merged)
 Nexthop: 12.1.1.2 via ge-2/0/1.0
 Nexthop: 13.1.1.2 via ge-2/0/2.0

user@host> show route active-path extensive
user@host> show route 141.1.1.1 active-path extensive

inet.0: 1000061 destinations, 1000082 routes (1000061 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)
141.1.1.1/32 (1 entry, 1 announced)
TSI:
KRT in-kernel 141.1.1.1/32 -> {indirect(1051215)}
unicast reverse-path: 0
[ae0.0 ae1.0]
Page 0 idx 0, (group Internet-IPv4 type External) Type 1 val 0xbb2e53d8 (adv_entry)
Advertised metrics:
Nexthop: Self
AS path: [500] 410 I
Communities:
Path 141.1.1.1 from 50.0.0.11 Vector len 4. Val: 0
*BGP Preference: 170/-101
Next hop type: Indirect, Next hop index: 0
Address: 0x2e9aacdc
Next-hop reference count: 500000
Source: 50.0.0.11
Next hop type: Router, Next hop index: 0
Next hop: 50.0.12.2 via ae0.0 weight 0x1
Label operation: Push 3851, Push 25, Push 20(top)
Label TTL action: prop-ttl, prop-ttl, prop-ttl(top)
Load balance label: Label 3851: None; Label 25: None; Label 20: None;
Label element ptr: 0xb5dc1780
Label parent element ptr: 0x18d48080
Label element references: 2
Label element child references: 0
Label element lsp id: 0
Session Id: 0x0
Next hop: 50.0.12.2 via ae0.0 weight 0x1
Label operation: Push 3851, Push 25, Push 22(top)
Label TTL action: prop-ttl, prop-ttl, prop-ttl(top)
Load balance label: Label 3851: None; Label 25: None; Label 22: None;
Label element ptr: 0xb5dc1700
Label parent element ptr: 0x18d41000

```

```

Label element references: 2
Label element child references: 0
Label element lsp id: 0
Session Id: 0x0
Next hop: 50.0.12.2 via ae0.0 weight 0x1
Label operation: Push 3851, Push 24, Push 48(top)
Label TTL action: prop-ttl, prop-ttl, prop-ttl(top)
Load balance label: Label 3851: None; Label 24: None; Label 48: None;
Label element ptr: 0x18d40800
Label parent element ptr: 0x18d49780
Label element references: 3
Label element child references: 0
Label element lsp id: 0
Session Id: 0x0
Next hop: 50.0.12.2 via ae0.0 weight 0x1
Label operation: Push 3851, Push 24, Push 49(top)
Label TTL action: prop-ttl, prop-ttl, prop-ttl(top)
Load balance label: Label 3851: None; Label 24: None; Label 49: None;
Label element ptr: 0xb5dc1680
Label parent element ptr: 0x18d48f00
Label element references: 2
Label element child references: 0
Label element lsp id: 0
Session Id: 0x0
Next hop: 50.0.13.3 via ae1.0 weight 0x1
Label operation: Push 3851, Push 25, Push 21(top)
Label TTL action: prop-ttl, prop-ttl, prop-ttl(top)
Load balance label: Label 3851: None; Label 25: None; Label 21: None;
Label element ptr: 0xb5dc1600
Label parent element ptr: 0x18d44d80
Label element references: 2
Label element child references: 0
Label element lsp id: 0
Session Id: 0x0
Next hop: 50.0.13.3 via ae1.0 weight 0x1
Label operation: Push 3851, Push 25, Push 25(top)
Label TTL action: prop-ttl, prop-ttl, prop-ttl(top)
Load balance label: Label 3851: None; Label 25: None; Label 25: None;
Label element ptr: 0xb5dc1580
Label parent element ptr: 0x18d3da80
Label element references: 2
Label element child references: 0
Label element lsp id: 0
Session Id: 0x0
Next hop: 50.0.13.3 via ae1.0 weight 0x1, selected
Label operation: Push 3851, Push 24, Push 68(top)
Label TTL action: prop-ttl, prop-ttl, prop-ttl(top)
Load balance label: Label 3851: None; Label 24: None; Label 68: None;
Label element ptr: 0x18d41500
Label parent element ptr: 0x18d49000
Label element references: 3
Label element child references: 0
Label element lsp id: 0
Session Id: 0x0
Next hop: 50.0.13.3 via ae1.0 weight 0x1
Label operation: Push 3851, Push 24, Push 69(top)
Label TTL action: prop-ttl, prop-ttl, prop-ttl(top)
Load balance label: Label 3851: None; Label 24: None; Label 69: None;
Label element ptr: 0xb5dc1500
Label parent element ptr: 0x18d48300
Label element references: 2

```

```
Label element child references: 0
Label element lsp id: 0
Session Id: 0x0
Protocol next hop: 50.0.0.11
Label operation: Push 3851
Label TTL action: prop-ttl
Load balance label: Label 3851: None;
Indirect next hop: 0x1883e200 1051215 INH Session ID: 0xb0d
State:
Local AS: 500 Peer AS: 500
Age: 1:40:03 Metric2: 2
Validation State: unverified
Task: BGP_500.50.0.0.11
Announcement bits (5): 0-KRT 8-KRT 9-BGP_RT_Background 10-Resolve tree 5 11-Resolve
tree 8
AS path: 410 I
Accepted
Route Label: 3851
Localpref: 100
Router ID: 50.0.0.11
Indirect next hops: 1
Protocol next hop: 50.0.0.11 Metric: 2
Label operation: Push 3851
Label TTL action: prop-ttl
Load balance label: Label 3851: None;
Indirect next hop: 0x1883e200 1051215 INH Session ID: 0xb0d
Indirect path forwarding next hops (Merged): 8
Next hop type: Router
Next hop: 50.0.12.2 via ae0.0 weight 0x1
Session Id: 0x0
Next hop: 50.0.12.2 via ae0.0 weight 0x1
Session Id: 0x0
Next hop: 50.0.12.2 via ae0.0 weight 0x1
Session Id: 0x0
Next hop: 50.0.12.2 via ae0.0 weight 0x1
Session Id: 0x0
Next hop: 50.0.13.3 via ae1.0 weight 0x1
Session Id: 0x0
Next hop: 50.0.13.3 via ae1.0 weight 0x1
Session Id: 0x0
Next hop: 50.0.13.3 via ae1.0 weight 0x1
Session Id: 0x0
Next hop: 50.0.13.3 via ae1.0 weight 0x1
Session Id: 0x0
50.0.0.11/32 Originating RIB: inet.3
Metric: 1 Node path count: 4
Node flags: 1
Indirect nexthops: 4
Protocol Nexthop: 50.0.0.4 Metric: 1 Push 24
Indirect nexthop: 0x1880f200 1048597 INH Session ID: 0xb0c
Path forwarding nexthops link: 0x36120400
Path inh link: 0x0
Indirect path forwarding nexthops: 2
Nexthop: 50.0.12.2 via ae0.0
Session Id: 0
Nexthop: 50.0.13.3 via ae1.0
Session Id: 0
50.0.0.4/32 Originating RIB: inet.3
Metric: 1 Node path count: 1
Forwarding nexthops: 2
Nexthop: 50.0.12.2 via ae0.0
```

```

Session Id: 0
Nexthop: 50.0.13.3 via ae1.0
Session Id: 0
Protocol Nexthop: 50.0.0.5 Metric: 1 Push 24
Indirect nexthop: 0x18810000 1048596 INH Session ID: 0xb0b
Path forwarding nexthops link: 0x1545be00
Path inh link: 0x0
Indirect path forwarding nexthops: 2
Nexthop: 50.0.12.2 via ae0.0
Session Id: 0
Nexthop: 50.0.13.3 via ae1.0
Session Id: 0
50.0.0.5/32 Originating RIB: inet.3
Metric: 1 Node path count: 1
Forwarding nexthops: 2
Nexthop: 50.0.12.2 via ae0.0
Session Id: 0
Nexthop: 50.0.13.3 via ae1.0
Session Id: 0
Protocol Nexthop: 50.0.0.6 Metric: 1 Push 25
Indirect nexthop: 0x1880e600 1048588 INH Session ID: 0xb0a
Path forwarding nexthops link: 0x3611f440
Path inh link: 0x0
Indirect path forwarding nexthops: 2
Nexthop: 50.0.12.2 via ae0.0
Session Id: 0
Nexthop: 50.0.13.3 via ae1.0
Session Id: 0
50.0.0.6/32 Originating RIB: inet.3
Metric: 1 Node path count: 1
Forwarding nexthops: 2
Nexthop: 50.0.12.2 via ae0.0
Session Id: 0
Nexthop: 50.0.13.3 via ae1.0
Session Id: 0
Protocol Nexthop: 50.0.0.7 Metric: 1 Push 25
Indirect nexthop: 0x1880dc00 1048586 INH Session ID: 0xb09
Path forwarding nexthops link: 0x15466d80
Path inh link: 0x0
Indirect path forwarding nexthops: 2
Nexthop: 50.0.12.2 via ae0.0
Session Id: 0
Nexthop: 50.0.13.3 via ae1.0
Session Id: 0
50.0.0.7/32 Originating RIB: inet.3
Metric: 1 Node path count: 1
Forwarding nexthops: 2
Nexthop: 50.0.12.2 via ae0.0
Session Id: 0
Nexthop: 50.0.13.3 via ae1.0
Session Id: 0

```

### show route (Enhanced Subscriber Management)

```

user@host> show route
inet.0: 41 destinations, 41 routes (40 active, 0 holddown, 1 hidden)
+ = Active Route, - = Last Active, * = Both

198.51.100.11/24 *[Access-internal/12] 00:00:08
> to #0 10.0.0.1.93.65 via demux0.1073741824

```

```
198.51.100.12/24 *[Access-internal/12] 00:00:08
 Private unicast
```

### show route (IPv6 Flow Specification)

```
user@host> show route
inet6.0: 6 destinations, 6 routes (6 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)
+ = Active Route, - = Last Active, * = Both

2001:db8::10:255:185:19/128
 *[Direct/0] 05:11:27
 > via lo0.0
2001:db8::11:11:11:0/120
 *[BGP/170] 00:28:58, localpref 100
 AS path: 2000 I, validation-state: unverified
 > to 2001:db8::13:14:2:2 via ge-1/1/4.0
2001:db8::13:14:2:0/120*[Direct/0] 00:45:07
 > via ge-1/1/4.0
2001:db8::13:14:2:1/128*[Local/0] 00:45:18
 Local via ge-1/1/4.0
fe80::2a0:a50f:fc71:71d5/128
 *[Direct/0] 05:11:27
 > via lo0.0
fe80::5e5e:abff:feb0:933e/128
 *[Local/0] 00:45:18
 Local via ge-1/1/4.0

inet6flow.0: 2 destinations, 2 routes (2 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)
+ = Active Route, - = Last Active, * = Both

2001:db8::11:11:11:10/128,*,proto=6,dstport=80,srcport=65535/term:1
 *[BGP/170] 00:28:58, localpref 100, from 2001:db8::13:14:2:2
 AS path: 2000 I, validation-state: unverified
 Fictitious
2001:db8::11:11:11:30/128,*,icmp6-type=128,len=100,dscp=10/term:2
 *[BGP/170] 00:20:54, localpref 100, from 2001:db8::13:14:2:2
 AS path: 2000 I, validation-state: unverified
 Fictitious
```

### show route display-client-data detail

```
user@host> show route 198.51.100.0/24 display-client-data detail
inet.0: 59 destinations, 70 routes (59 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)
198.51.100.0/24 (1 entry, 1 announced)
 State: <FlashAll>
 *BGP-Static Preference: 5/-101
 Next hop type: Indirect, Next hop index: 0
 Address: 0xa5c2af8
 Next-hop reference count: 2
 Next hop type: Router, Next hop index: 1641
 Next hop: 192.0.2.1 via ge-2/1/1.0, selected
 Session Id: 0x160
 Protocol next hop: 192.0.2.1
 Indirect next hop: 0xa732cb0 1048621 INH Session ID: 0x17e
 State: <Active Int Ext AlwaysFlash NSR-incapable Programmed>
 Age: 3:13 Metric2: 0
 Validation State: unverified
 Announcement bits (3): 0-KRT 5-LDP 6-Resolve tree 3
```

```
AS path: I
Client id: 1, Cookie: 1
```

### show route te-ipv4-prefix-ip

```
user@host> show route te-ipv4-prefix-ip 10.10.10.10
lsdist.0: 283 destinations, 283 routes (283 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)
+ = Active Route, - = Last Active, * = Both

PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:10.10.10.10/32 } ISIS-L1:0
}/1152
 *[IS-IS/15] 00:01:01
 Fictitious
PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0101.0101.00 } { IPv4:10.10.10.10/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152
 *[IS-IS/18] 00:01:01
 Fictitious
PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0202.0202.00 } { IPv4:10.10.10.10/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152
 *[IS-IS/18] 00:01:01
 Fictitious
PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0303.0303.00 } { IPv4:10.10.10.10/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152
 *[IS-IS/18] 00:01:01
 Fictitious
PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0404.0404.00 } { IPv4:10.10.10.10/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152
 *[IS-IS/18] 00:01:01
 Fictitious
PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0505.0505.00 } { IPv4:10.10.10.10/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152
 *[IS-IS/18] 00:01:01
 Fictitious
PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0606.0606.00 } { IPv4:10.10.10.10/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152
 *[IS-IS/18] 00:01:01
 Fictitious
PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0707.0707.00 } { IPv4:10.10.10.10/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152
 *[IS-IS/18] 00:01:01
 Fictitious
PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:10.10.10.10/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152
 *[IS-IS/18] 00:01:01
 Fictitious
```

### show route te-ipv4-prefix-ip extensive

```
user@host> show route te-ipv4-prefix-ip 10.10.10.10 extensive
lsdist.0: 298 destinations, 298 routes (298 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)
 *IS-IS Preference: 15
 Level: 1
 Next hop type: Fictitious, Next hop index: 0
 Address: 0xa1a2ac4
 Next-hop reference count: 298
 Next hop:
 State:<Active NotInstall>
 Local AS: 100
 Age: 7:58
```

```
Validation State: unverified
Task: IS-IS
AS path: I
Prefix SID: 1000, Flags: 0x40, Algo: 0

PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0101.0101.00 } { IPv4:10.10.10.10/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152 (1 entry, 0 announced)
 *IS-IS Preference: 18
 Level: 2
 Next hop type: Fictitious, Next hop index: 0
 Address: 0xa1a2ac4
 Next-hop reference count: 298
 Next hop:
 State: <Active NotInstall>
 Local AS: 100
 Age: 7:58
 Validation State: unverified
 Task: IS-IS
 AS path: I
 Prefix SID: 1000, Flags: 0xe0, Algo: 0>

PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0202.0202.00 } { IPv4:10.10.10.10/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152 (1 entry, 0 announced)
 *IS-IS Preference: 18
 Level: 2
 Next hop type: Fictitious, Next hop index: 0
 Address: 0xa1a2ac4
 Next-hop reference count: 298
 Next hop:
 State: <Active NotInstall>
 Local AS: 100
 Age: 7:58
 Validation State: unverified
 Task: IS-IS
 AS path: I
 Prefix SID: 1000, Flags: 0xe0, Algo: 0

PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0303.0303.00 } { IPv4:10.10.10.10/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152 (1 entry, 0 announced)
 *IS-IS Preference: 18
 Level: 2
 Next hop type: Fictitious, Next hop index: 0
 Address: 0xa1a2ac4
 Next-hop reference count: 298
 Next hop:
 State: <Active NotInstall>
 Local AS: 100
 Age: 7:58
 Validation State: unverified
 Task: IS-IS
 AS path: I
 Prefix SID: 1000, Flags: 0xe0, Algo: 0

PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0404.0404.00 } { IPv4:10.10.10.10/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152 (1 entry, 0 announced)
 *IS-IS Preference: 18
 Level: 2
 Next hop type: Fictitious, Next hop index: 0
 Address: 0xa1a2ac4
 Next-hop reference count: 298
 Next hop:
```



```

State: <Active NotInstall>
Local AS: 100
Age: 7:58
Validation State: unverified
Task: IS-IS
AS path: I
Prefix SID: 1000, Flags: 0xe0, Algo: 0

PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0505.0505.00 } { IPv4:10.10.10.10/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152 (1 entry, 0 announced)
*IS-IS Preference: 18
Level: 2
Next hop type: Fictitious, Next hop index: 0
Address: 0xa1a2ac4
Next-hop reference count: 298
Next hop:
State: <Active NotInstall>
Local AS: 100
Age: 7:58
Validation State: unverified
Task: IS-IS
AS path: I
Prefix SID: 1000, Flags: 0xe0, Algo: 0

PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0606.0606.00 } { IPv4:10.10.10.10/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152 (1 entry, 0 announced)
*IS-IS Preference: 18
Level: 2
Next hop type: Fictitious, Next hop index: 0
Address: 0xa1a2ac4
Next-hop reference count: 298
Next hop:
State: <Active NotInstall>
Local AS: 100
Age: 7:58
Validation State: unverified
Task: IS-IS
AS path: I
Prefix SID: 1000, Flags: 0xe0, Algo: 0

PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0707.0707.00 } { IPv4:10.10.10.10/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152 (1 entry, 0 announced)
*IS-IS Preference: 18
Level: 2
Next hop type: Fictitious, Next hop index: 0
Address: 0xa1a2ac4
Next-hop reference count: 298
Next hop:
State: <Active NotInstall>
Local AS: 100
Age: 7:58
Validation State: unverified
Task: IS-IS
AS path: I
Prefix SID: 1000, Flags: 0xe0, Algo: 0

PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:10.10.10.10/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152 (1 entry, 0 announced)
*IS-IS Preference: 18
Level: 2
Next hop type: Fictitious, Next hop index: 0

```

```

Address: 0xa1a2ac4
Next-hop reference count: 298
Next hop:
State: <Active NotInstall>
Local AS: 100
Age: 7:58
Validation State: unverified
Task: IS-IS
AS path: I
Prefix SID: 1000, Flags: 0x40, Algo: 0

```

### show route te-ipv4-prefix-node-iso

```

user@host> show route te-ipv4-prefix-node-iso 0100.0a0a.0a0a.00
Isdist.0: 283 destinations, 283 routes (283 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)
+ = Active Route, - = Last Active, * = Both

PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:10.10.10.10/32 } ISIS-L1:0
}/1152
 *[IS-IS/15] 00:05:20
 Fictitious
PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:1.1.1.1/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152
 *[IS-IS/18] 00:05:20
 Fictitious
PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:2.2.2.2/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152
 *[IS-IS/18] 00:05:20
 Fictitious
PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:3.3.3.3/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152
 *[IS-IS/18] 00:05:20
 Fictitious
PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:4.4.4.4/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152
 *[IS-IS/18] 00:05:20
 Fictitious
PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:5.5.5.5/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152
 *[IS-IS/18] 00:05:20
 Fictitious
PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:6.6.6.6/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152
 *[IS-IS/18] 00:05:20
 Fictitious
PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:7.7.7.7/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152
 *[IS-IS/18] 00:05:20
 Fictitious
PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:10.10.10.10/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152
 *[IS-IS/18] 00:05:20
 Fictitious

```

### show route te-ipv4-prefix-node-iso extensive

```

user@host> show route te-ipv4-prefix-node-iso 0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 extensive
Isdist.0: 283 destinations, 283 routes (283 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)
PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:10.10.10.10/32 } ISIS-L1:0

```

```

}/1152 (1 entry, 0 announced)
 *IS-IS Preference: 15
 Level: 1
 Next hop type: Fictitious, Next hop index: 0
 Address: 0xa1a2ac4
 Next-hop reference count: 283
 Next hop:
 State: <Active NotInstall>
 Local AS: 100
 Age: 6:47
 Validation State: unverified
 Task: IS-IS
 AS path: I
 Prefix SID: 1000, Flags: 0x40, Algo: 0

PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:1.1.1.1/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152 (1 entry, 0 announced)
 *IS-IS Preference: 18
 Level: 2
 Next hop type: Fictitious, Next hop index: 0
 Address: 0xa1a2ac4
 Next-hop reference count: 283
 Next hop:
 State: <Active NotInstall>
 Local AS: 100
 Age: 6:47
 Validation State: unverified
 Task: IS-IS
 AS path: I
 Prefix SID: 1001, Flags: 0xe0, Algo: 0

PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:2.2.2.2/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152 (1 entry, 0 announced)
 *IS-IS Preference: 18
 Level: 2
 Next hop type: Fictitious, Next hop index: 0
 Address: 0xa1a2ac4
 Next-hop reference count: 283
 Next hop:
 State: <Active NotInstall>
 Local AS: 100
 Age: 6:47
 Validation State: unverified
 Task: IS-IS
 AS path: I
 Prefix SID: 1002, Flags: 0xe0, Algo: 0

PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:3.3.3.3/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152 (1 entry, 0 announced)
 *IS-IS Preference: 18
 Level: 2
 Next hop type: Fictitious, Next hop index: 0
 Address: 0xa1a2ac4
 Next-hop reference count: 283
 Next hop:
 State: <Active NotInstall>
 Local AS: 100
 Age: 6:47
 Validation State: unverified
 Task: IS-IS
 AS path: I

```

```
Prefix SID: 1003, Flags: 0xe0, Algo: 0

PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:4.4.4.4/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152 (1 entry, 0 announced)
 *IS-IS Preference: 18
 Level: 2
 Next hop type: Fictitious, Next hop index: 0
 Address: 0xa1a2ac4
 Next-hop reference count: 283
 Next hop:
 State: <Active NotInstall>
 Local AS: 100
 Age: 6:47
 Validation State: unverified
 Task: IS-IS
 AS path: I
 Prefix SID: 1004, Flags: 0xe0, Algo: 0

PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:5.5.5.5/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152 (1 entry, 0 announced)
 *IS-IS Preference: 18
 Level: 2
 Next hop type: Fictitious, Next hop index: 0
 Address: 0xa1a2ac4
 Next-hop reference count: 283
 Next hop:
 State: <Active NotInstall>
 Local AS: 100
 Age: 6:47
 Validation State: unverified
 Task: IS-IS
 AS path: I
 Prefix SID: 1005, Flags: 0xe0, Algo: 0

PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:6.6.6.6/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152 (1 entry, 0 announced)
 *IS-IS Preference: 18
 Level: 2
 Next hop type: Fictitious, Next hop index: 0
 Address: 0xa1a2ac4
 Next-hop reference count: 283
 Next hop:
 State: <Active NotInstall>
 Local AS: 100
 Age: 6:47
 Validation State: unverified
 Task: IS-IS
 AS path: I
 Prefix SID: 1006, Flags: 0xe0, Algo: 0

PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:7.7.7.7/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152 (1 entry, 0 announced)
 *IS-IS Preference: 18
 Level: 2
 Next hop type: Fictitious, Next hop index: 0
 Address: 0xa1a2ac4
 Next-hop reference count: 283
 Next hop:
 State: <Active NotInstall>
 Local AS: 100
 Age: 6:47
```

```

Validation State: unverified
Task: IS-IS
AS path: I
Prefix SID: 1007, Flags: 0xe0, Algo: 0

PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:10.10.10.10/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152 (1 entry, 0 announced)
 *IS-IS Preference: 18
 Level: 2
 Next hop type: Fictitious, Next hop index: 0
 Address: 0xa1a2ac4
 Next-hop reference count: 283
 Next hop:
 State: <Active NotInstall>
 Local AS: 100
 Age: 6:47
 Validation State: unverified
 Task: IS-IS
 AS path: I
 Prefix SID: 1000, Flags: 0x40, Algo: 0

```

#### show route te-ipv4-prefix-node-iso detail

```

user@host> show route te-ipv4-prefix-node-iso 0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 detail
lsdist.0: 283 destinations, 283 routes (283 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)
PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:10.10.10.10/32 } ISIS-L1:0
}/1152 (1 entry, 0 announced)
 *IS-IS Preference: 15
 Level: 1
 Next hop type: Fictitious, Next hop index: 0
 Address: 0xa1a2ac4
 Next-hop reference count: 283
 Next hop:
 State: <Active NotInstall>
 Local AS: 100
 Age: 6:54
 Validation State: unverified
 Task: IS-IS
 AS path: I
 Prefix SID: 1000, Flags: 0x40, Algo: 0

PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:1.1.1.1/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152 (1 entry, 0 announced)
 *IS-IS Preference: 18
 Level: 2
 Next hop type: Fictitious, Next hop index: 0
 Address: 0xa1a2ac4
 Next-hop reference count: 283
 Next hop:
 State: <Active NotInstall>
 Local AS: 100
 Age: 6:54
 Validation State: unverified
 Task: IS-IS
 AS path: I
 Prefix SID: 1001, Flags: 0xe0, Algo: 0

PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:2.2.2.2/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152 (1 entry, 0 announced)
 *IS-IS Preference: 18

```

```
Level: 2
Next hop type: Fictitious, Next hop index: 0
Address: 0xa1a2ac4
Next-hop reference count: 283
Next hop:
State: <Active NotInstall>
Local AS: 100
Age: 6:54
Validation State: unverified
Task: IS-IS
AS path: I
Prefix SID: 1002, Flags: 0xe0, Algo: 0

PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:3.3.3.3/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152 (1 entry, 0 announced)
*IS-IS Preference: 18
Level: 2
Next hop type: Fictitious, Next hop index: 0
Address: 0xa1a2ac4
Next-hop reference count: 283
Next hop:
State: <Active NotInstall>
Local AS: 100
Age: 6:54
Validation State: unverified
Task: IS-IS
AS path: I
Prefix SID: 1003, Flags: 0xe0, Algo: 0

PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:4.4.4.4/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152 (1 entry, 0 announced)
*IS-IS Preference: 18
Level: 2
Next hop type: Fictitious, Next hop index: 0
Address: 0xa1a2ac4
Next-hop reference count: 283
Next hop:
State: <Active NotInstall>
Local AS: 100
Age: 6:54
Validation State: unverified
Task: IS-IS
AS path: I
Prefix SID: 1004, Flags: 0xe0, Algo: 0

PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:5.5.5.5/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152 (1 entry, 0 announced)
*IS-IS Preference: 18
Level: 2
Next hop type: Fictitious, Next hop index: 0
Address: 0xa1a2ac4
Next-hop reference count: 283
Next hop:
State: <Active NotInstall>
Local AS: 100
Age: 6:54
Validation State: unverified
Task: IS-IS
AS path: I
Prefix SID: 1005, Flags: 0xe0, Algo: 0
```

```

PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:6.6.6.6/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152 (1 entry, 0 announced)
 *IS-IS Preference: 18
 Level: 2
 Next hop type: Fictitious, Next hop index: 0
 Address: 0xa1a2ac4
 Next-hop reference count: 283
 Next hop:
 State: <Active NotInstall>
 Local AS: 100
 Age: 6:54
 Validation State: unverified
 Task: IS-IS
 AS path: I
 Prefix SID: 1006, Flags: 0xe0, Algo: 0

PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:7.7.7.7/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152 (1 entry, 0 announced)
 *IS-IS Preference: 18
 Level: 2
 Next hop type: Fictitious, Next hop index: 0
 Address: 0xa1a2ac4
 Next-hop reference count: 283
 Next hop:
 State: <Active NotInstall>
 Local AS: 100
 Age: 6:54
 Validation State: unverified
 Task: IS-IS
 AS path: I
 Prefix SID: 1007, Flags: 0xe0, Algo: 0

PREFIX { Node { AS:100 ISO:0100.0a0a.0a0a.00 } { IPv4:10.10.10.10/32 } ISIS-L2:0
}/1152 (1 entry, 0 announced)
 *IS-IS Preference: 18
 Level: 2
 Next hop type: Fictitious, Next hop index: 0
 Address: 0xa1a2ac4
 Next-hop reference count: 283
 Next hop:
 State: <Active NotInstall>
 Local AS: 100
 Age: 6:54
 Validation State: unverified
 Task: IS-IS
 AS path: I
 Prefix SID: 1000, Flags: 0x40, Algo: 0

```

## show route extensive

|                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>List of Syntax</b>              | <a href="#">Syntax on page 1960</a><br><a href="#">Syntax (EX Series Switches) on page 1960</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Syntax</b>                      | <pre>show route extensive &lt;destination-prefix&gt; &lt;logical-system (all   logical-system-name)&gt;</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Syntax (EX Series Switches)</b> | <pre>show route extensive &lt;destination-prefix&gt;</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>         | <p>Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.</p> <p>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.0 for EX Series switches.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>                 | Display extensive information about the active entries in the routing tables.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                     | <p><b>none</b>—Display all active entries in the routing table.</p> <p><b>destination-prefix</b>—(Optional) Display active entries for the specified address or range of addresses.</p> <p><b>logical-system (all   logical-system-name)</b>—(Optional) Perform this operation on all logical systems or on a particular logical system.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b>    | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>       | <a href="#">show route extensive on page 1967</a><br><a href="#">show route extensive (Access Route) on page 1974</a><br><a href="#">show route extensive (BGP PIC Edge) on page 1974</a><br><a href="#">show route extensive (FRR and LFA) on page 1975</a><br><a href="#">show route extensive (IS-IS) on page 1976</a><br><a href="#">show route extensive (Route Reflector) on page 1976</a><br><a href="#">show route label detail (Multipoint LDP Inband Signaling for Point-to-Multipoint LSPs) on page 1976</a><br><a href="#">show route label detail (Multipoint LDP with Multicast-Only Fast Reroute) on page 1977</a> |
| <b>Output Fields</b>               | <p><a href="#">Table 143 on page 1960</a> describes the output fields for the <b>show route extensive</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

**Table 143: show route extensive Output Fields**

| Field Name                 | Field Description                                                       |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>routing-table-name</i>  | Name of the routing table (for example, inet.0).                        |
| <i>number destinations</i> | Number of destinations for which there are routes in the routing table. |



Table 143: show route extensive Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                                     | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>number routes</i>                           | <p>Number of routes in the routing table and total number of routes in the following states:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>active</b> (routes that are active).</li> <li>• <b>holddown</b> (routes that are in the pending state before being declared inactive).</li> <li>• <b>hidden</b> (routes that are not used because of a routing policy).</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <i>route-destination</i><br>(entry, announced) | <p>Route destination (for example: 10.0.0.1/24). The <b>entry</b> value is the number of route for this destination, and the <b>announced</b> value is the number of routes being announced for this destination. Sometimes the route destination is presented in another format, such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>MPLS-label</b> (for example, 80001).</li> <li>• <b>interface-name</b> (for example, ge-1/0/2).</li> <li>• <b>neighbor-address:control-word-status:encapsulation type:vc-id:source</b> (Layer 2 circuit only; for example, 10.1.1.195:NoCtrlWord:1:1:Local/96). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>neighbor-address</b>—Address of the neighbor.</li> <li>• <b>control-word-status</b>—Whether the use of the control word has been negotiated for this virtual circuit: <b>NoCtrlWord</b> or <b>CtrlWord</b>.</li> <li>• <b>encapsulation type</b>—Type of encapsulation, represented by a number: (1) Frame Relay DLCI, (2) ATM AAL5 VCC transport, (3) ATM transparent cell transport, (4) Ethernet, (5) VLAN Ethernet, (6) HDLC, (7) PPP, (8) ATM VCC cell transport, (10) ATM VPC cell transport.</li> <li>• <b>vc-id</b>—Virtual circuit identifier.</li> <li>• <b>source</b>—Source of the advertisement: <b>Local</b> or <b>Remote</b>.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |
| <b>TSI</b>                                     | Protocol header information.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>label stacking</b>                          | <p>(Next-to-the-last-hop routing device for MPLS only) Depth of the MPLS label stack, where the label-popping operation is needed to remove one or more labels from the top of the stack. A pair of routes is displayed, because the pop operation is performed only when the stack depth is two or more labels.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>S=0 route</b> indicates that a packet with an incoming label stack depth of two or more exits this router with one fewer label (the label-popping operation is performed).</li> <li>• If there is no <b>S=</b> information, the route is a normal MPLS route, which has a stack depth of 1 (the label-popping operation is not performed).</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>[protocol, preference]</b>                  | <p>Protocol from which the route was learned and the preference value for the route.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>+—</b>A plus sign indicates the active route, which is the route installed from the routing table into the forwarding table.</li> <li>• <b>—</b>A hyphen indicates the last active route.</li> <li>• <b>*—</b>An asterisk indicates that the route is both the active and the last active route. An asterisk before a <b>to</b> line indicates the best subpath to the route.</li> </ul> <p>In every routing metric except for the BGP <b>LocalPref</b> attribute, a lesser value is preferred. In order to use common comparison routines, Junos OS stores the 1's complement of the <b>LocalPref</b> value in the <b>Preference2</b> field. For example, if the <b>LocalPref</b> value for Route 1 is 100, the <b>Preference2</b> value is -101. If the <b>LocalPref</b> value for Route 2 is 155, the <b>Preference2</b> value is -156. Route 2 is preferred because it has a higher <b>LocalPref</b> value and a lower <b>Preference2</b> value.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

Table 143: show route extensive Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                                           | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Level</b>                                         | (IS-IS only). In IS-IS, a single autonomous system (AS) can be divided into smaller groups called areas. Routing between areas is organized hierarchically, allowing a domain to be administratively divided into smaller areas. This organization is accomplished by configuring Level 1 and Level 2 intermediate systems. Level 1 systems route within an area. When the destination is outside an area, they route toward a Level 2 system. Level 2 intermediate systems route between areas and toward other ASs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Route Distinguisher</b>                           | IP subnet augmented with a 64-bit prefix.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>PMSI</b>                                          | Provider multicast service interface (MVPN routing table).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Next-hop type</b>                                 | Type of next hop. For a description of possible values for this field, see the Output Field table in the <i>show route detail</i> command.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Next-hop reference count</b>                      | Number of references made to the next hop.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Flood nexthop branches exceed maximum message</b> | Indicates that the number of flood next-hop branches exceeded the system limit of 32 branches, and only a subset of the flood next-hop branches were installed in the kernel.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Source</b>                                        | IP address of the route source.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Next hop</b>                                      | Network layer address of the directly reachable neighboring system.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>via</b>                                           | <p>Interface used to reach the next hop. If there is more than one interface available to the next hop, the name of the interface that is actually used is followed by the word <b>Selected</b>. This field can also contain the following information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Weight</b>—Value used to distinguish primary, secondary, and fast reroute backup routes. Weight information is available when MPLS label-switched path (LSP) link protection, node-link protection, or fast reroute is enabled, or when the standby state is enabled for secondary paths. A lower weight value is preferred. Among routes with the same weight value, load balancing is possible.</li> <li>• <b>Balance</b>—Balance coefficient indicating how traffic of unequal cost is distributed among next hops when a routing device is performing unequal-cost load balancing. This information is available when you enable BGP multipath load balancing.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Label-switched-path lsp-path-name</b>             | Name of the LSP used to reach the next hop.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Label operation</b>                               | MPLS label and operation occurring at this routing device. The operation can be <b>pop</b> (where a label is removed from the top of the stack), <b>push</b> (where another label is added to the label stack), or <b>swap</b> (where a label is replaced by another label).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Offset</b>                                        | Whether the metric has been increased or decreased by an offset value.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Interface</b>                                     | (Local only) Local interface name.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Protocol next hop</b>                             | Network layer address of the remote routing device that advertised the prefix. This address is used to recursively derive a forwarding next hop.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

Table 143: show route extensive Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                    | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b><i>label-operation</i></b> | MPLS label and operation occurring at this routing device. The operation can be <b>pop</b> (where a label is removed from the top of the stack), <b>push</b> (where another label is added to the label stack), or <b>swap</b> (where a label is replaced by another label).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Indirect next hops</b>     | <p>When present, a list of nodes that are used to resolve the path to the next-hop destination, in the order that they are resolved.</p> <p>When BGP PIC Edge is enabled, the output lines that contain <b>Indirect next hop: weight</b> follow next hops that the software can use to repair paths where a link failure occurs. The next-hop weight has one of the following values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0x1 indicates active next hops.</li> <li>• 0x4000 indicates passive next hops.</li> </ul> |
| <b>State</b>                  | State of the route (a route can be in more than one state). See the Output Field table in the <i>show route detail</i> command.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Session ID</b>             | The BFD session ID number that represents the protection using MPLS fast reroute (FRR) and loop-free alternate (LFA).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Weight</b>                 | <p>Weight for the backup path. If the weight of an indirect next hop is larger than zero, the weight value is shown.</p> <p>For sample output, see <b>show route table</b>.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

Table 143: show route extensive Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name      | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Inactive reason | <p>If the route is inactive, the reason for its current state is indicated. Typical reasons include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Active preferred</b>—Currently active route was selected over this route.</li> <li>• <b>Always compare MED</b>—Path with a lower multiple exit discriminator (MED) is available.</li> <li>• <b>AS path</b>—Shorter AS path is available.</li> <li>• <b>Cisco Non-deterministic MED selection</b>—Cisco nondeterministic MED is enabled and a path with a lower MED is available.</li> <li>• <b>Cluster list length</b>—Path with a shorter cluster list length is available.</li> <li>• <b>Forwarding use only</b>—Path is only available for forwarding purposes.</li> <li>• <b>IGP metric</b>—Path through the next hop with a lower IGP metric is available.</li> <li>• <b>IGP metric type</b>—Path with a lower OSPF link-state advertisement type is available.</li> <li>• <b>Interior &gt; Exterior &gt; Exterior via Interior</b>—Direct, static, IGP, or EBGp path is available.</li> <li>• <b>Local preference</b>—Path with a higher local preference value is available.</li> <li>• <b>Next hop address</b>—Path with a lower metric next hop is available.</li> <li>• <b>No difference</b>—Path from a neighbor with a lower IP address is available.</li> <li>• <b>Not Best in its group</b>—Occurs when multiple peers of the same external AS advertise the same prefix and are grouped together in the selection process. When this reason is displayed, an additional reason is provided (typically one of the other reasons listed).</li> <li>• <b>Number of gateways</b>—Path with a higher number of next hops is available.</li> <li>• <b>Origin</b>—Path with a lower origin code is available.</li> <li>• <b>OSPF version</b>—Path does not support the indicated OSPF version.</li> <li>• <b>RIB preference</b>—Route from a higher-numbered routing table is available.</li> <li>• <b>Route distinguisher</b>—64-bit prefix added to IP subnets to make them unique.</li> <li>• <b>Route metric or MED comparison</b>—Route with a lower metric or MED is available.</li> <li>• <b>Route preference</b>—Route with a lower preference value is available.</li> <li>• <b>Router ID</b>—Path through a neighbor with a lower ID is available.</li> <li>• <b>Unusable path</b>—Path is not usable because of one of the following conditions: the route is damped, the route is rejected by an import policy, or the route is unresolved.</li> <li>• <b>Update source</b>—Last tiebreaker is the lowest IP address value.</li> </ul> |
| Local AS        | Autonomous system (AS) number of the local routing device.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Age             | How long the route has been known.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| AIGP            | Accumulated interior gateway protocol (AIGP) BGP attribute.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Metric          | Cost value of the indicated route. For routes within an AS, the cost is determined by IGP and the individual protocol metrics. For external routes, destinations, or routing domains, the cost is determined by a preference value.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| MED-plus-IGP    | Metric value for BGP path selection to which the IGP cost to the next-hop destination has been added.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| TTL-Action      | <p>For MPLS LSPs, state of the TTL propagation attribute. Can be enabled or disabled for all RSVP-signaled and LDP-signaled LSPs or for specific VRF routing instances.</p> <p>For sample output, see <b>show route table</b>.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

Table 143: show route extensive Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                           | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Task</b>                          | Name of the protocol that has added the route.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Announcement bits</b>             | <p>List of protocols that are consumers of the route. Using the following output as an example, <b>Announcement bits (3): 0-KRT 5-Resolve tree 2 8-BGP RT Background</b> there are (3) announcement bits to reflect the three clients (protocols) that have state for this route: Kernel (0-KRT), 5 (resolution tree process 2), and 8 (BGP).</p> <p>The notation <b><i>n</i>-Resolve inet</b> indicates that the route is used for route resolution for next hops found in the routing table. <i>n</i> is an index used by Juniper Networks customer support only.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>AS path</b>                       | <p>AS path through which the route was learned. The letters at the end of the AS path indicate the path origin, providing an indication of the state of the route at the point at which the AS path originated:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>I</b>—IGP.</li> <li>• <b>E</b>—EGP.</li> <li>• <b>Recorded</b>—The AS path is recorded by the sample process (sampled).</li> <li>• <b>?</b>—Incomplete; typically, the AS path was aggregated.</li> </ul> <p>When AS path numbers are included in the route, the format is as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>[ ]</b>—Brackets enclose the local AS number associated with the AS path if more than one AS number is configured on the routing device, or if AS path prepending is configured.</li> <li>• <b>{ }</b>—Braces enclose AS sets, which are groups of AS numbers in which the order does not matter. A set commonly results from route aggregation. The numbers in each AS set are displayed in ascending order.</li> <li>• <b>( )</b>—Parentheses enclose a confederation.</li> <li>• <b>( [ ] )</b>—Parentheses and brackets enclose a confederation set.</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE:</b> In Junos OS Release 10.3 and later, the AS path field displays an unrecognized attribute and associated hexadecimal value if BGP receives attribute 128 (attribute set) and you have not configured an independent domain in any routing instance.</p> |
| <b>validation-state</b>              | <p>(BGP-learned routes) Validation status of the route:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Invalid</b>—Indicates that the prefix is found, but either the corresponding AS received from the EBGp peer is not the AS that appears in the database, or the prefix length in the BGP update message is longer than the maximum length permitted in the database.</li> <li>• <b>Unknown</b>—Indicates that the prefix is not among the prefixes or prefix ranges in the database.</li> <li>• <b>Unverified</b>—Indicates that origin validation is not enabled for the BGP peers.</li> <li>• <b>Valid</b>—Indicates that the prefix and autonomous system pair are found in the database.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>FECs bound to route</b>           | Point-to-multipoint root address, multicast source address, and multicast group address when multipoint LDP (M-LDP) inband signaling is configured.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>AS path: I &lt;Originator&gt;</b> | (For route reflected output only) Originator ID attribute set by the route reflector.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

Table 143: show route extensive Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name              | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>route status</b>     | <p>Indicates the status of a BGP route:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Accepted</b>—The specified BGP route is imported by the default BGP policy.</li> <li>• <b>Import</b>—The route is imported into a Layer 3 VPN routing instance.</li> <li>• <b>Import-Protect</b>—A remote instance egress that is protected.</li> <li>• <b>Multipath</b>—A BGP multipath active route.</li> <li>• <b>MultipathContrib</b>—The route is not active but contributes to the BGP multipath.</li> <li>• <b>Protect</b>—An egress route that is protected.</li> <li>• <b>Stale</b>—A route that is marked stale due to graceful restart.</li> </ul> |
| Primary Upstream        | When multipoint LDP with multicast-only fast reroute (MoFRR) is configured, the primary upstream path. MoFRR transmits a multicast join message from a receiver toward a source on a primary path, while also transmitting a secondary multicast join message from the receiver toward the source on a backup path.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| RPF Nexthops            | When multipoint LDP with MoFRR is configured, the reverse-path forwarding (RPF) next-hop information. Data packets are received from both the primary path and the secondary paths. The redundant packets are discarded at topology merge points due to the RPF checks.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Label                   | Multiple MPLS labels are used to control MoFRR stream selection. Each label represents a separate route, but each references the same interface list check. Only the primary label is forwarded while all others are dropped. Multiple interfaces can receive packets using the same label.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| weight                  | Value used to distinguish MoFRR primary and backup routes. A lower weight value is preferred. Among routes with the same weight value, load balancing is possible.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| VC Label                | MPLS label assigned to the Layer 2 circuit virtual connection.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| MTU                     | Maximum transmission unit (MTU) of the Layer 2 circuit.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| VLAN ID                 | VLAN identifier of the Layer 2 circuit.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Cluster list            | (For route reflected output only) Cluster ID sent by the route reflector.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Originator ID           | (For route reflected output only) Address of router that originally sent the route to the route reflector.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Prefixes bound to route | Forwarding Equivalent Class (FEC) bound to this route. Applicable only to routes installed by LDP.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Communities             | Community path attribute for the route. See the Output Field table in the <i>show route detail</i> command for all possible values for this field.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Layer2-info: encaps     | Layer 2 encapsulation (for example, VPLS).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| control flags           | Control flags: <b>none</b> or Site Down.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| mtu                     | Maximum transmission unit (MTU) information.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Label-Base, range       | First label in a block of labels and label block size. A remote PE routing device uses this first label when sending traffic toward the advertising PE routing device.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

Table 143: show route extensive Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                   | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>status vector</b>         | Layer 2 VPN and VPLS network layer reachability information (NLRI).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Localpref</b>             | Local preference value included in the route.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Router ID</b>             | BGP router ID as advertised by the neighbor in the open message.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Primary Routing Table</b> | In a routing table group, the name of the primary routing table in which the route resides.                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Secondary Tables</b>      | In a routing table group, the name of one or more secondary tables in which the route resides.                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Originating RIB</b>       | Name of the routing table whose active route was used to determine the forwarding next-hop entry in the resolution database. For example, in the case of inet.0 resolving through inet.0 and inet.3, this field indicates which routing table, inet.0 or inet.3, provided the best path for a particular prefix. |
| <b>Node path count</b>       | Number of nodes in the path.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Forwarding nexthops</b>   | Number of forwarding next hops. The forwarding next hop is the network layer address of the directly reachable neighboring system (if applicable) and the interface used to reach it.                                                                                                                            |

## Sample Output

### show route extensive

```

user@host> show route extensive
inet.0: 22 destinations, 23 routes (21 active, 0 holddown, 1 hidden)
203.0.113.10/16 (1 entry, 1 announced)
TSI:
KRT in-kernel 203.0.113.10/16 -> {192.168.71.254}
 *Static Preference: 5
 Next-hop reference count: 29
 Next hop: 192.168.71.254 via fxp0.0, selected
 State: <Active NoReadvrt Int Ext>
 Local AS: 64496
 Age: 1:34:06
 Task: RT
 Announcement bits (2): 0-KRT 3-Resolve tree 2
 AS path: I

203.0.113.30/30 (2 entries, 1 announced)
 *Direct Preference: 0
 Next hop type: Interface
 Next-hop reference count: 2
 Next hop: via so-0/3/0.0, selected
 State: <Active Int>
 Local AS: 64496
 Age: 1:32:40
 Task: IF
 Announcement bits (1): 3-Resolve tree 2
 AS path: I
 OSPF Preference: 10
 Next-hop reference count: 1
 Next hop: via so-0/3/0.0, selected

```

```
State: <Int>
Inactive reason: Route Preference
Local AS: 64496
Age: 1:32:40 Metric: 1
Area: 0.0.0.0
Task: OSPF
AS path: I

203.0.113.103/32 (1 entry, 1 announced)
 *Local Preference: 0
 Next hop type: Local
 Next-hop reference count: 7
 Interface: so-0/3/0.0
 State: <Active NoReadvrt Int>
 Local AS: 644969
 Age: 1:32:43
 Task: IF
 Announcement bits (1): 3-Resolve tree 2
 AS path: I

...

203.0.113.203/30 (1 entry, 1 announced)
TSI:
KRT in-kernel 203.0.113.203/30 -> {203.0.113.216}
 *OSPF Preference: 10
 Next-hop reference count: 9
 Next hop: via so-0/3/0.0
 Next hop: 203.0.113.216 via ge-3/1/0.0, selected
 State: <Active Int>
 Local AS: 64496
 Age: 1:32:19 Metric: 2
 Area: 0.0.0.0
 Task: OSPF
 Announcement bits (2): 0-KRT 3-Resolve tree 2
 AS path: I

...

198.51.100.2/32 (1 entry, 1 announced)
TSI:
KRT in-kernel 198.51.100.2/32 -> {}
 *PIM Preference: 0
 Next-hop reference count: 18
 State: <Active NoReadvrt Int>
 Local AS: 64496
 Age: 1:34:08
 Task: PIM Recv
 Announcement bits (2): 0-KRT 3-Resolve tree 2
 AS path: I

...

198.51.100.22/32 (1 entry, 1 announced)
TSI:
KRT in-kernel 198.51.100.22/32 -> {}
 *IGMP Preference: 0
 Next-hop reference count: 18
 State: <Active NoReadvrt Int>
 Local AS: 64496
 Age: 1:34:06
```



```

Task: IGMP
Announcement bits (2): 0-KRT 3-Resolve tree 2
AS path: I

inet.3: 2 destinations, 2 routes (2 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)

203.0.113.103/32 (1 entry, 1 announced)
State: <FlashAll>
 *RSVP Preference: 7
 Next-hop reference count: 6
 Next hop: 203.0.113.216 via ge-3/1/0.0 weight 0x1, selected
 Label-switched-path green-r1-r3
 Label operation: Push 100096
 State: <Active Int>
 Local AS: 64496
 Age: 1:28:12 Metric: 2
 Task: RSVP
 Announcement bits (2): 1-Resolve tree 1 2-Resolve tree 2
 AS path: I

203.0.113.238/32 (1 entry, 1 announced)
State: <FlashAll>
 *RSVP Preference: 7
 Next-hop reference count: 6
 Next hop: via so-0/3/0.0 weight 0x1, selected
 Label-switched-path green-r1-r2
 State: <Active Int>
 Local AS: 64496
 Age: 1:28:12 Metric: 1
 Task: RSVP
 Announcement bits (2): 1-Resolve tree 1 2-Resolve tree 2
 AS path: I

private1__inet.0: 2 destinations, 3 routes (2 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)

...

iso.0: 1 destinations, 1 routes (1 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)

47.0005.80ff.f800.0000.0108.0001.0102.5507.1052/152 (1 entry, 0 announced)
 *Direct Preference: 0
 Next hop type: Interface
 Next-hop reference count: 1
 Next hop: via lo0.0, selected
 State: <Active Int>
 Local AS: 64496
 Age: 1:34:07
 Task: IF
 AS path: I

mpls.0: 5 destinations, 5 routes (5 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)

0 (1 entry, 1 announced)
TSI:
KRT in-kernel 0 /36 -> {}
 *MPLS Preference: 0
 Next hop type: Receive
 Next-hop reference count: 6
 State: <Active Int>
 Local AS: 64496
 Age: 1:34:08 Metric: 1

```

```

Task: MPLS
Announcement bits (1): 0-KRT
AS path: I

...

mpls.0: 5 destinations, 5 routes (5 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)
299840 (1 entry, 1 announced)
TSI:
KRT in-kernel 299840 /52 -> {indirect(1048575)}
 *RSVP Preference: 7/2
 Next hop type: Flood
 Address: 0x9174a30
 Next-hop reference count: 4
 Next hop type: Router, Next hop index: 798
 Address: 0x9174c28
 Next-hop reference count: 2
 Next hop: 198.51.100.2 via lt-1/2/0.9 weight 0x1
 Label-switched-path R2-to-R4-2p2mp
 Label operation: Pop
 Next hop type: Router, Next hop index: 1048574
 Address: 0x92544f0
 Next-hop reference count: 2
 Next hop: 198.51.100.2 via lt-1/2/0.7 weight 0x1
 Label-switched-path R2-to-R200-p2mp
 Label operation: Pop
 Next hop: 198.51.100.2 via lt-1/2/0.5 weight 0x8001
 Label operation: Pop
 State: <Active Int>
 Age: 1:29 Metric: 1
 Task: RSVP
 Announcement bits (1): 0-KRT
 AS path: I...

800010 (1 entry, 1 announced)
TSI:
KRT in-kernel 800010 /36 -> {vt-3/2/0.32769}
 *VPLS Preference: 7
 Next-hop reference count: 2
 Next hop: via vt-3/2/0.32769, selected
 Label operation: Pop
 State: <Active Int>
 Age: 1:31:53
 Task: Common L2 VC
 Announcement bits (1): 0-KRT
 AS path: I

vt-3/2/0.32769 (1 entry, 1 announced)
TSI:
KRT in-kernel vt-3/2/0.32769.0 /16 -> {indirect(1048574)}
 *VPLS Preference: 7
 Next-hop reference count: 2
 Next hop: 203.0.113.216 via ge-3/1/0.0 weight 0x1, selected
 Label-switched-path green-r1-r3
 Label operation: Push 800012, Push 100096(top)
 Protocol next hop: 203.0.113.103
 Push 800012
 Indirect next hop: 87272e4 1048574
 State: <Active Int>
 Age: 1:31:53 Metric2: 2

```

```

Task: Common L2 VC
Announcement bits (2): 0-KRT 1-Common L2 VC
AS path: I
Communities: target:11111:1 Layer2-info: encaps:VPLS,
control flags:, mtu: 0
Indirect next hops: 1
 Protocol next hop: 203.0.113.103 Metric: 2
 Push 800012
 Indirect next hop: 87272e4 1048574
 Indirect path forwarding next hops: 1
 Next hop: 203.0.113.216 via ge-3/1/0.0 weight 0x1

 203.0.113.103/32 Originating RIB: inet.3
 Metric: 2 Node path count: 1
 Forwarding nexthops: 1
 Nexthop: 203.0.113.216 via ge-3/1/0.0

inet6.0: 5 destinations, 5 routes (5 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)

2001:db8::10:255:71:52/128 (1 entry, 0 announced)
*Direct Preference: 0
 Next hop type: Interface
 Next-hop reference count: 1
 Next hop: via lo0.0, selected
 State: <Active Int>
 Local AS: 64496
 Age: 1:34:07
 Task: IF
 AS path: I

fe80::280:42ff:fe10:f179/128 (1 entry, 0 announced)
*Direct Preference: 0
 Next hop type: Interface
 Next-hop reference count: 1
 Next hop: via lo0.0, selected
 State: <Active NoReadvrt Int>
 Local AS: 64496
 Age: 1:34:07
 Task: IF
 AS path: I

ff02::2/128 (1 entry, 1 announced)
TSI:
KRT in-kernel ff02::2/128 -> {}
 *PIM Preference: 0
 Next-hop reference count: 18
 State: <Active NoReadvrt Int>
 Local AS: 64496
 Age: 1:34:08
 Task: PIM Recv6
 Announcement bits (1): 0-KRT
 AS path: I

ff02::d/128 (1 entry, 1 announced)
TSI:
KRT in-kernel ff02::d/128 -> {}
 *PIM Preference: 0
 Next-hop reference count: 18
 State: <Active NoReadvrt Int>
 Local AS: 64496
 Age: 1:34:08

```

```

Task: PIM Recv6
Announcement bits (1): 0-KRT
AS path: I

ff02::16/128 (1 entry, 1 announced)
TSI:
KRT in-kerne| ff02::16/128 -> {}
 *MLD Preference: 0
 Next-hop reference count: 18
 State: <Active NoReadvrt Int>
 Local AS: 64496
 Age: 1:34:06
 Task: MLD
 Announcement bits (1): 0-KRT
 AS path: I

private.inet6.0: 1 destinations, 1 routes (1 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)

fe80::280:42ff:fe10:f179/128 (1 entry, 0 announced)
 *Direct Preference: 0
 Next hop type: Interface
 Next-hop reference count: 1
 Next hop: via lo0.16385, selected
 State: <Active NoReadvrt Int>
 Age: 1:34:07
 Task: IF
 AS path: I

green.l2vpn.0: 4 destinations, 4 routes (4 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)

203.0.113.103:1:3:1/96 (1 entry, 1 announced)
 *BGP Preference: 170/-101
 Route Distinguisher: 203.0.113.103:1
 Next-hop reference count: 7
 Source: 203.0.113.103
 Protocol next hop: 203.0.113.103
 Indirect next hop: 2 no-forward
 State: <Secondary Active Int Ext>
 Local AS: 64496 Peer AS: 64496
 Age: 1:28:12 Metric2: 1
 Task: BGP_69.203.0.113.103+179
 Announcement bits (1): 0-green-l2vpn
 AS path: I
 Communities: target:11111:1 Layer2-info: encaps:VPLS,
 control flags:, mtu: 0
 Label-base: 800008, range: 8
 Localpref: 100
 Router ID: 203.0.113.103
 Primary Routing Table bgp.l2vpn.0

203.0.113.152:1:1:1/96 (1 entry, 1 announced)
TSI:
Page 0 idx 0 Type 1 val 8699540
 *L2VPN Preference: 170/-1
 Next-hop reference count: 5
 Protocol next hop: 203.0.113.152
 Indirect next hop: 0 -
 State: <Active Int Ext>
 Age: 1:34:03 Metric2: 1
 Task: green-l2vpn
 Announcement bits (1): 1-BGP.0.0.0.0+179

```

```

AS path: I
Communities: Layer2-info: encaps:VPLS, control flags:Site-Down,
mtu: 0
Label-base: 800016, range: 8, status-vector: 0x9F

203.0.113.152:1:5:1/96 (1 entry, 1 announced)
TSI:
Page 0 idx 0 Type 1 val 8699528
 *L2VPN Preference: 170/-101
 Next-hop reference count: 5
 Protocol next hop: 203.0.113.152
 Indirect next hop: 0 -
 State: <Active Int Ext>
 Age: 1:34:03 Metric2: 1
 Task: green-l2vpn
 Announcement bits (1): 1-BGP.0.0.0.0+179
 AS path: I
 Communities: Layer2-info: encaps:VPLS, control flags:, mtu: 0
 Label-base: 800008, range: 8, status-vector: 0x9F

...

l2circuit.0: 2 destinations, 2 routes (2 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)
TSI:

203.0.113.163:CtrlWord:4:3:Local/96 (1 entry, 1 announced)
 *L2CKT Preference: 7
 Next hop: via so-1/1/2.0 weight 1, selected
 Label-switched-path my-lsp
 Label operation: Push 100000[0]
 Protocol next hop: 203.0.113.163 Indirect next hop: 86af000 296
 State: <Active Int>
 Local AS: 64499
 Age: 10:21
 Task: l2 circuit
 Announcement bits (1): 0-LDP
 AS path: I
 VC Label 100000, MTU 1500, VLAN ID 512

203.0.113.55/24 (1 entry, 1 announced)
TSI:
KRT queued (pending) add
 198.51.100.0/24 -> {Push 300112}
 *BGP Preference: 170/-101
 Next hop type: Router
 Address: 0x925c208
 Next-hop reference count: 2
 Source: 203.0.113.9
 Next hop: 203.0.113.9 via ge-1/2/0.15, selected
 Label operation: Push 300112
 Label TTL action: prop-ttl
 State: <Active Ext>
 Local AS: 64509 Peer AS: 65539
 Age: 1w0d 23:06:56
 AIGP: 25
 Task: BGP_65539.203.0.113.9+56732
 Announcement bits (1): 0-KRT
 AS path: 65539 64508 I
 Accepted

```

```

Route Label: 300112
Localpref: 100
Router ID: 213.0.113.99

```

### show route extensive (Access Route)

```

user@host> show route 203.0.113.102 extensive
inet.0: 39256 destinations, 39258 routes (39255 active, 0 holddown, 1 hidden)
203.0.113.102/32 (1 entry, 1 announced)
TSI:
KRT in-kerne1 203.0.113.102/32 -> {192.0.2.2}
OSPF area : 0.0.0.0, LSA ID : 203.0.113.102, LSA type : Extern
 *Access Preference: 13
 Next-hop reference count: 78472
 Next hop: 192.0.2.2 via fe-0/0/0.0, selected
 State: <Active Int>
 Age: 12
 Task: RPD Unix Domain Server./var/run/rpd_serv.local
 Announcement bits (2): 0-KRT 1-OSPFv2
 AS path: I

```

```

user@host> show route 2001:db8:4641:1::/48 extensive

inet6.0: 75 destinations, 81 routes (75 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)
2001:db8:4641:1::/48 (1 entry, 1 announced)
TSI:
KRT in-kerne1 2001:db8:4641:1::/48 -> {#0 0.13.1.0.0.1}
 *Access Preference: 13
 Next hop type: Router, Next hop index: 74548
 Address: 0x1638c1d8
 Next-hop reference count: 6
 Next hop: #0 0.13.1.0.0.1 via demux0.1073753267, selected
 Session Id: 0x0
 State: <Active Int>
 Age: 4:17
 Validation State: unverified
 Task: RPD Unix Domain Server./var/run/rpd_serv.local
 Announcement bits (2): 0-KRT 4-Resolve tree 2
 AS path: I
2001:db8:4641:1::/128 (1 entry, 1 announced)
TSI:
KRT in-kerne1 2001:db8:4641:1::/128 -> {#0 0.13.1.0.0.1}
 *Access-internal Preference: 12
 Next hop type: Router, Next hop index: 74548
 Address: 0x1638c1d8
 Next-hop reference count: 6
 Next hop: #0 0.13.1.0.0.1 via demux0.1073753267, selected
 Session Id: 0x0
 State: <Active Int>
 Age: 4:17
 Validation State: unverified
 Task: RPD Unix Domain Server./var/run/rpd_serv.local
 Announcement bits (2): 0-KRT 4-Resolve tree 2
 AS path: I

```

### show route extensive (BGP PIC Edge)

```

user@host> show route 198.51.100.6 extensive
ed.inet.0: 6 destinations, 9 routes (6 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)
198.51.100.6/32 (3 entries, 2 announced)

```

```

 State: <CalcForwarding>
TSI:
KRT in-kerne1 198.51.100.6/32 -> {indirect(1048574), indirect(1048577)}
Page 0 idx 0 Type 1 val 9219e30
 Nexthop: Self
 AS path: [2] 3 I
 Communities: target:2:1
Path 198.51.100.6 from 198.51.100.4 Vector len 4. Val: 0
..
 #Multipath Preference: 255
 Next hop type: Indirect
 Address: 0x93f4010
 Next-hop reference count: 2
..
 Protocol next hop: 198.51.1001.4
 Push 299824
 Indirect next hop: 944c000 1048574 INH Session ID: 0x3
 Indirect next hop: weight 0x1
 Protocol next hop: 198.51.100.5
 Push 299824
 Indirect next hop: 944c1d8 1048577 INH Session ID: 0x4
 Indirect next hop: weight 0x4000
 State: <ForwardingOnly Int Ext>
 Inactive reason: Forwarding use only
 Age: 25 Metric2: 15
 Validation State: unverified
 Task: RT
 Announcement bits (1): 0-KRT
 AS path: 3 I
 Communities: target:2:1

```

### show route extensive (FRR and LFA)

```

user@host> show route 203.0.113.20 extensive
inet.0: 46 destinations, 49 routes (45 active, 0 holddown, 1 hidden)
203.0.113.20/24 (2 entries, 1 announced)
 State: FlashAll
TSI:
KRT in-kerne1 203.0.113.20/24 -> {Push 299776, Push 299792}
 *RSVP Preference: 7/1
 Next hop type: Router, Next hop index: 1048574
 Address: 0xbbbc010
 Next-hop reference count: 5
 Next hop: 203.0.113.112 via ge-2/1/8.0 weight 0x1, selected
 Label-switched-path europa-d-to-europa-e
 Label operation: Push 299776
 Label TTL action: prop-ttl
 Session Id: 0x201
 Next hop: 203.0.113.122 via ge-2/1/4.0 weight 0x4001
 Label-switched-path europa-d-to-europa-e
 Label operation: Push 299792
 Label TTL action: prop-ttl
 Session Id: 0x202
 State: Active Int
 Local AS: 64500
 Age: 5:31 Metric: 2
 Task: RSVP
 Announcement bits (1): 0-KRT
 AS path: I
 OSPF Preference: 10
 Next hop type: Router, Next hop index: 615

```

```
Address: 0xb9d78c4
Next-hop reference count: 7
Next hop: 203.0.113.112 via ge-2/1/8.0, selected
Session Id: 0x201
State: Int
Inactive reason: Route Preference
Local AS: 64500
Age: 5:35 Metric: 3
Area: 0.0.0.0
Task: OSPF
AS path: I
```

### show route extensive (IS-IS)

```
user@host> show route extensive
IS-IS Preference: 15
Level: 1
Next hop type: Router, Next hop index: 1048577
Address: 0XXXXXXXXXX
Next-hop reference count: YY
Next hop: 203.0.113.22 via ae1.0 balance 43%, selected
Session Id: 0x141
Next hop: 203.0.113.22 via ae0.0 balance 57%
```

### show route extensive (Route Reflector)

```
user@host> show route extensive
203.0.113.0/8 (1 entry, 1 announced)

TSI:
KRT in-kernel 203.0.113.0/8 -> {indirect(40)}
 *BGP Preference: 170/-101
 Source: 192.168.4.214
 Protocol next hop: 198.51.100.192 Indirect next hop: 84ac908 40
 State: <Active Int Ext>
 Local AS: 65548 Peer AS: 65548
 Age: 3:09 Metric: 0 Metric2: 0
 Task: BGP_65548.192.168.4.214+1033
 Announcement bits (2): 0-KRT 4-Resolve inet.0
 AS path: 65544 64507 I <Originator>
 Cluster list: 198.51.100.1
 Originator ID: 203.0.113.88
 Communities: 7777:7777
 Localpref: 100
 Router ID: 203.0.113.4
 Indirect next hops: 1
 Protocol next hop: 203.0.113.192 Metric: 0
 Indirect next hop: 84ac908 40
 Indirect path forwarding next hops: 0
 Next hop type: Discard
```

### show route label detail (Multipoint LDP Inband Signaling for Point-to-Multipoint LSPs)

```
user@host> show route label 299872 detail
mpls.0: 13 destinations, 13 routes (13 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)
299872 (1 entry, 1 announced)
 *LDP Preference: 9
 Next hop type: Flood
 Next-hop reference count: 3
 Address: 0x9097d90
```



```

Next hop: via vt-0/1/0.1
Next-hop index: 661
Label operation: Pop
Address: 0x9172130
Next hop: via so-0/0/3.0
Next-hop index: 654
Label operation: Swap 299872
State: **Active Int>
Local AS: 64511
Age: 8:20 Metric: 1
Task: LDP
Announcement bits (1): 0-KRT
AS path: I
FECs bound to route: P2MP root-addr 203.0.113.166, grp 203.0.1.1,
src 192.168.142.2

```

### show route label detail (Multipoint LDP with Multicast-Only Fast Reroute)

```

user@host> show route label 301568 detail

mpls.0: 18 destinations, 18 routes (18 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)
301568 (1 entry, 1 announced)
 *LDP Preference: 9
 Next hop type: Flood
 Address: 0x2735208
 Next-hop reference count: 3
 Next hop type: Router, Next hop index: 1397
 Address: 0x2735d2c
 Next-hop reference count: 3
 Next hop: 203.0.113.82 via ge-1/2/22.0
 Label operation: Pop
 Load balance label: None;
 Next hop type: Router, Next hop index: 1395
 Address: 0x2736290
 Next-hop reference count: 3
 Next hop: 203.0.113.2 via ge-1/2/18.0
 Label operation: Pop
 Load balance label: None;
 State: <Active Int AckRequest MulticastRPF>
 Local AS: 64500
 Age: 54:05 Metric: 1
 Validation State: unverified
 Task: LDP
 Announcement bits (1): 0-KRT
 AS path: I
 FECs bound to route: P2MP root-addr 198.51.100.1, grp: 232.1.1.1,
src: 192.168.219.11
 Primary Upstream : 198.51.100.3:0--198.51.100.2:0
 RPF Nexthops :
 ge-1/2/15.0, 1.2.94.1, Label: 301568, weight: 0x1
 ge-1/2/14.0, 1.2.3.1, Label: 301568, weight: 0x1
 Backup Upstream : 198.51.100.3:0--198.51.100.6:0
 RPF Nexthops :
 ge-1/2/20.0, 198.51.100.96, Label: 301584, weight: 0xffffe
 ge-1/2/19.0, 198.51.100.36, Label: 301584, weight: 0xffffe

```

## show static-subscribers sessions

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <b>show static-subscribers sessions</b><br><b>&lt;group <i>group-name</i>&gt;</b><br><b>&lt;interface <i>interface-name</i>&gt;</b>                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display information about the subscriber sessions for all static subscribers, all static subscribers on an interface group, or a single subscriber on an interface.                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>group-name</i></b>—(Optional) Display session information for static subscribers on all interfaces in the specified group.</p> <p><b><i>interface-name</i></b>—(Optional) Display session information for the static subscriber on the specified in the specified group.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Subscribers on Static Interfaces Overview on page 869</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show static-subscribers sessions on page 1979</a><br><a href="#">show static-subscribers sessions group on page 1979</a><br><a href="#">show static-subscribers sessions interface on page 1979</a>                                                                       |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 144 on page 1978</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show static-subscribers sessions</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                                                                                       |

**Table 144: show static-subscribers sessions Output Fields**

| Field Name       | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Level of Output |
|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Interface</b> | Name of the interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | None specified  |
| <b>State</b>     | State of the static subscriber session: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>authenticating</b>—Subscriber is being authenticated.</li> <li>• <b>activating client</b>—Client is being activated.</li> <li>• <b>activating services</b>—Subscriber services are being activated.</li> <li>• <b>deactivating client</b>—Client is being deactivated.</li> <li>• <b>deactivating services</b>—Subscriber services are being deactivated.</li> <li>• <b>initializing</b>—Process is initializing.</li> <li>• <b>logged in</b>—Subscriber is logged in to the interface.</li> <li>• <b>logged out</b>—Subscriber is logged out of the interface.</li> <li>• <b>processing statistics</b>—Session statistics are being processed.</li> <li>• <b>terminating session</b>—Subscriber session is being terminated.</li> </ul> | None specified  |

Table 144: show static-subscribers sessions Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name       | Field Description                                                   | Level of Output |
|------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Group</b>     | Name of the interface group to which the interface belongs.         | None specified  |
| <b>User Name</b> | Username used for the static subscriber. Can be the interface name. | None specified  |

## Sample Output

### show static-subscribers sessions

```
user@host> show static-subscribers sessions
```

```
Static subscriber information:
```

| Interface    | State      | Group | User Name    |
|--------------|------------|-------|--------------|
| ge-9/1/0.1   | logged out | SS1   | ge-9-1-0.1   |
| ge-9/1/0.10  | logged out | SS1   | ge-9-1-0.10  |
| ge-9/1/0.100 | logged out | SS1   | ge-9-1-0.100 |
| ge-9/1/0.11  | logged out | SS1   | ge-9-1-0.11  |
| ge-9/1/0.12  | logged out | SS1   | ge-9-1-0.12  |
| ge-9/1/0.13  | logged out | SS1   | ge-9-1-0.13  |
| ge-9/1/0.14  | logged out | SS1   | ge-9-1-0.14  |
| ge-9/1/0.15  | logged out | SS1   | ge-9-1-0.15  |
| ge-9/1/0.16  | logged out | SS1   | ge-9-1-0.16  |
| ge-9/1/0.17  | logged out | SS1   | ge-9-1-0.17  |
| ge-9/1/0.18  | logged out | SS1   | ge-9-1-0.18  |
| ge-9/1/0.19  | logged out | SS1   | ge-9-1-0.19  |
| ge-9/1/0.2   | logged out | SS1   | ge-9-1-0.2   |
| ge-9/1/0.20  | logged out | SS1   | ge-9-1-0.20  |
| ge-9/1/0.21  | logged out | SS1   | ge-9-1-0.21  |

### show static-subscribers sessions group

```
user@host> show static-subscribers sessions group boston
```

| Interface  | State     | Group  | User Name  |
|------------|-----------|--------|------------|
| ge-0/0/1.1 | logged in | boston | ge-0/0/1.1 |
| ge-0/0/1.2 | logged in | boston | ge-0/0/1.2 |

### show static-subscribers sessions interface

```
user@host> show static-subscribers sessions interface ge-0/0/1.1
```

| Interface  | State     | Group | User Name  |
|------------|-----------|-------|------------|
| ge-0/0/1.1 | logged in | foo   | ge-0/0/1.1 |

## show subscribers

---

**Syntax**    show subscribers  
              <detail | extensive | terse>  
              <aci-interface-set-name *aci-interface-set-name*>  
              <address *address*>  
              <agent-circuit-identifier *agent-circuit-identifier-substring*>  
              <client-type *client-type*>  
              <count>  
              <id *session-id* <accounting-statistics>>  
              <interface *interface* <accounting-statistics>>  
              <logical-system *logical-system*>  
              <mac-address *mac-address*>  
              <physical-interface *physical-interface-name*>  
              <profile-name *profile-name*>  
              <routing-instance *routing-instance*>  
              <stacked-vlan-id *stacked-vlan-id*>  
              <subscriber-state *subscriber-state*>  
              <user-name *user-name*>  
              <vci *vci-identifier*>  
              <vpi *vpi-identifier*>  
              <vlan-id *vlan-id*>

**Release Information**    Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.  
                              Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3 for EX Series switches.  
                              **client-type**, **mac-address**, **subscriber-state**, and **extensive** options introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.  
                              **count** option usage with other options introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.  
                              Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.1 for the QFX Series.  
                              Options **aci-interface-set-name** and **agent-circuit-identifier** introduced in Junos OS Release 12.2.  
                              The **physical-interface** and **user-name** options introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3.  
                              Options **vci** and **vpi** introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3R3 and supported in later 12.3Rx releases.  
                              Options **vci** and **vpi** supported in Junos OS Release 13.2 and later releases. (Not supported in Junos OS Release 13.1.)  
                              Command introduced in Junos OS Release 14.1X53-D20 for the OCX Series.  
                              Enhanced subscriber management supported in Junos OS Release 15.1R3 for the MX Series.  
                              **accounting-statistics** option added in Junos OS Release 15.1R3 and 17.4R1 for MX Series.

**Description**    Display information for active subscribers.

**Options**    **detail | extensive | terse**—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.

**aci-interface-set-name**—(Optional) Display all dynamic subscriber sessions that use the specified agent circuit identifier (ACI) interface set. Use the ACI interface set name generated by the router, such as aci-1003-ge-1/0/0.4001, and not the actual ACI value found in the DHCP or PPPoE control packets.

**address**—(Optional) Display subscribers whose IP address matches the specified address. You must specify the IPv4 or IPv6 address prefix without a netmask (for example, 192.0.2.0). If you specify the IP address as a prefix with a netmask (for example, 192.0.2.0/32), the router displays a message that the IP address is invalid, and rejects the command.

**agent-circuit-identifier-substring**—(Optional) Display all dynamic subscriber sessions whose ACI value matches the specified substring.

**client-type**—(Optional) Display subscribers whose client type matches one of the following client types:

- **dhcp**—DHCP clients only.
- **dotlx**—Dotlx clients only.
- **essm**—ESSM clients only.
- **fwauth**—FwAuth (authenticated across a firewall) clients only.
- **l2tp**—L2TP clients only.
- **mlppp**—MLPPP clients only.
- **ppp**—PPP clients only.
- **pppoe**—PPPoE clients only.
- **static**—Static clients only.
- **vlan**—VLAN clients only.
- **vlan-oob**—VLAN out-of-band (ANCP-triggered) clients only.
- **vpls-pw**—VPLS pseudowire clients only.
- **xauth**—Xauth clients only.

**count**—(Optional) Display the count of total subscribers and active subscribers for any specified option. You can use the **count** option alone or with the **address**, **client-type**, **interface**, **logical-system**, **mac-address**, **profile-name**, **routing-instance**, **stacked-vlan-id**, **subscriber-state**, or **vlan-id** options.

**id session-id**—(Optional) Display a specific subscriber session whose session ID matches the specified subscriber ID. You can display subscriber IDs by using the **show subscribers extensive** or the **show subscribers interface extensive** commands.

**id session-id accounting-statistics**—(Optional) Display accurate subscriber accounting statistics for a subscriber session with the specified ID. Requires the **actual-transmit-statistics** statement to be configured in the dynamic profile for the dynamic logical interface.

**interface**—(Optional) Display subscribers whose interface matches the specified interface.

**interface accounting-statistics**—(Optional) Display subscriber accounting statistics for the specified interface. Requires the **actual-transmit-statistics** statement to be configured in the dynamic profile for the dynamic logical interface.

**logical-system**—(Optional) Display subscribers whose logical system matches the specified logical system.

**mac-address**—(Optional) Display subscribers whose MAC address matches the specified MAC address.

**physical-interface-name**—(M120, M320, and MX Series routers only) (Optional) Display subscribers whose physical interface matches the specified physical interface.

**profile-name**—(Optional) Display subscribers whose dynamic profile matches the specified profile name.

**routing-instance**—(Optional) Display subscribers whose routing instance matches the specified routing instance.

**stacked-vlan-id**—(Optional) Display subscribers whose stacked VLAN ID matches the specified stacked VLAN ID.

**subscriber-state**—(Optional) Display subscribers whose subscriber state matches the specified subscriber state (ACTIVE, CONFIGURED, INIT, TERMINATED, or TERMINATING).

**user-name**—(M120, M320, and MX Series routers only) (Optional) Display subscribers whose username matches the specified subscriber name.

**vci-identifier**—(MX Series routers with MPCs and ATM MICs with SFP only) (Optional) Display active ATM subscribers whose ATM virtual circuit identifier (VCI) matches the specified VCI identifier. The range of values is 0 through 255.

**vpi-identifier**—(MX Series routers with MPCs and ATM MICs with SFP only) (Optional) Display active ATM subscribers whose ATM virtual path identifier (VPI) matches the specified VPI identifier. The range of values is 0 through 65,535.

**vlan-id**—(Optional) Display subscribers whose VLAN ID matches the specified VLAN ID, regardless of whether the subscriber uses a single-tagged or double-tagged VLAN. For subscribers using a double-tagged VLAN, this option displays subscribers where the inner VLAN tag matches the specified VLAN ID. To display only subscribers where the specified value matches only double-tagged VLANs, use the **stacked-vlan-id** **stacked-vlan-id** option to match the outer VLAN tag.



**NOTE:** Because of display limitations, logical system and routing instance output values are truncated when necessary.

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Required Privilege    view  
Level

- Related Documentation**
- [show subscribers summary on page 2010](#)
  - *Verifying and Managing Agent Circuit Identifier-Based Dynamic VLAN Configuration*
  - *Verifying and Managing Configurations for Dynamic VLANs Based on Access-Line Identifiers*
  - *Verifying and Managing Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management on page 620*

- List of Sample Output**
- [show subscribers \(IPv4\) on page 1990](#)
  - [show subscribers \(IPv6\) on page 1990](#)
  - [show subscribers \(IPv4 and IPv6 Dual Stack\) on page 1990](#)
  - [show subscribers \(Single Session DHCP Dual Stack\) on page 1990](#)
  - [show subscribers \(Single Session DHCP Dual Stack detail\) on page 1991](#)
  - [show subscribers \(LNS on MX Series Routers\) on page 1991](#)
  - [show subscribers \(L2TP Switched Tunnels\) on page 1991](#)
  - [show subscribers client-type dhcp detail on page 1991](#)
  - [show subscribers client-type dhcp extensive on page 1992](#)
  - [show subscribers client-type vlan-oob detail on page 1992](#)
  - [show subscribers count on page 1993](#)
  - [show subscribers address detail \(IPv6\) on page 1993](#)
  - [show subscribers detail \(IPv4\) on page 1993](#)
  - [show subscribers detail \(IPv6\) on page 1994](#)
  - [show subscribers detail \(pseudowire Interface for GRE Tunnel\) on page 1994](#)
  - [show subscribers detail \(IPv6 Static Demux Interface\) on page 1994](#)
  - [show subscribers detail \(L2TP LNS Subscribers on MX Series Routers\) on page 1995](#)
  - [show subscribers detail \(L2TP Switched Tunnels\) on page 1995](#)
  - [show subscribers detail \(Tunneled Subscriber\) on page 1995](#)
  - [show subscribers detail \(IPv4 and IPv6 Dual Stack\) on page 1996](#)
  - [show subscribers detail \(ACI Interface Set Session\) on page 1996](#)
  - [show subscribers detail \(PPPoE Subscriber Session with ACI Interface Set\) on page 1997](#)
  - [show subscribers extensive on page 1997](#)
  - [show subscribers extensive \(Passive Optical Network Circuit Interface Set\) on page 1998](#)
  - [show subscribers extensive \(DNS Addresses from Access Profile or Global Configuration\) on page 1998](#)
  - [show subscribers extensive \(DNS Addresses from RADIUS\) on page 1998](#)
  - [show subscribers extensive \(IPv4 DNS Addresses from RADIUS, IPv6 from Access Profile or Global Configuration\) on page 1999](#)
  - [show subscribers extensive \(RPF Check Fail Filter\) on page 1999](#)
  - [show subscribers extensive \(L2TP LNS Subscribers on MX Series Routers\) on page 2000](#)
  - [show subscribers extensive \(IPv4 and IPv6 Dual Stack\) on page 2000](#)
  - [show subscribers extensive \(ADF Rules \) on page 2001](#)
  - [show subscribers extensive \(Effective Shaping-Rate\) on page 2001](#)
  - [show subscribers extensive \(PPPoE Subscriber Access Line Rates on page 2002](#)
  - [show subscribers extensive \(Subscriber Session Using PCEF Profile\) on page 2003](#)
  - [show subscribers aci-interface-set-name detail \(Subscriber Sessions Using Specified ACI Interface Set\) on page 2004](#)
  - [show subscribers agent-circuit-identifier detail \(Subscriber Sessions Using Specified ACI Substring\) on page 2004](#)

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[show subscribers physical-interface count on page 2007](#)  
[show subscribers routing-instance inst1 count on page 2007](#)  
[show subscribers stacked-vlan-id detail on page 2007](#)  
[show subscribers stacked-vlan-id vlan-id detail \(Combined Output\) on page 2007](#)  
[show subscribers stacked-vlan-id vlan-id interface detail \(Combined Output for a Specific Interface\) on page 2007](#)  
[show subscribers user-name detail on page 2007](#)  
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[show subscribers vlan-id detail on page 2008](#)  
[show subscribers vpi vci extensive \(PPPoE-over-ATM Subscriber Session\) on page 2008](#)  
[show subscribers address detail \(Enhanced Subscriber Management\) on page 2009](#)

**Output Fields** [Table 145 on page 1984](#) lists the output fields for the **show subscribers** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 145: show subscribers Output Fields**

| Field Name                 | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Interface</b>           | Interface associated with the subscriber. The router or switch displays subscribers whose interface matches or begins with the specified interface.<br><br>The * character indicates a continuation of addresses for the same session.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>IP Address/VLAN ID</b>  | Subscriber IP address or VLAN ID associated with the subscriber in the form <i>tpid.vlan-id</i><br><br>No IP address or VLAN ID is assigned to an L2TP tunnel-switched session. For these subscriber sessions the value is <b>Tunnel-switched</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>User Name</b>           | Name of subscriber.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>LS:RI</b>               | Logical system and routing instance associated with the subscriber.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Type</b>                | Subscriber client type (DHCP, GRE, L2TP, PPP, PPPoE, STATIC-INTERFACE, VLAN).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>IP Address</b>          | Subscriber IPv4 address.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>IP Netmask</b>          | Subscriber IP netmask.<br><br>(MX Series) This field displays 255.255.255.255 by default. For tunneled or terminated PPP subscribers only, this field displays the actual value of Framed-IP-Netmask when the SDB_FRAMED_PROTOCOL attribute in the session database is equal to AUTHD_FRAMED_PROTOCOL_PPP. This occurs in the use case where the LNS generates access-internal routes when it receives Framed-IP-Netmask from RADIUS during authorization. When it receives Framed-Pool from RADIUS, the pool mask is ignored and the default /32 mask is used. |
| <b>Primary DNS Address</b> | IP address of primary DNS server.<br><br>This field is displayed with the <b>extensive</b> option only when the address is provided by RADIUS.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |



Table 145: show subscribers Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                 | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Secondary DNS Address      | IP address of secondary DNS server.<br><br>This field is displayed with the <b>extensive</b> option only when the address is provided by RADIUS.                                                                                                                |
| IPv6 Primary DNS Address   | IPv6 address of primary DNS server.<br><br>This field is displayed with the <b>extensive</b> option only when the address is provided by RADIUS.                                                                                                                |
| IPv6 Secondary DNS Address | IPv6 address of secondary DNS server.<br><br>This field is displayed with the <b>extensive</b> option only when the address is provided by RADIUS.                                                                                                              |
| Domain name server inet    | IP addresses for the DNS server, displayed in order of configuration.<br><br>This field is displayed with the <b>extensive</b> option only when the addresses are derived from the access profile or the global access configuration.                           |
| Domain name server inet6   | IPv6 addresses for the DNS server, displayed in order of configuration.<br><br>This field is displayed with the <b>extensive</b> option only when the addresses are derived from the access profile or the global access configuration.                         |
| Primary WINS Address       | IP address of primary WINS server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Secondary WINS Address     | IP address of secondary WINS server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| IPv6 Address               | Subscriber IPv6 address, or multiple addresses.                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| IPv6 Prefix                | Subscriber IPv6 prefix. If you are using DHCPv6 prefix delegation, this is the delegated prefix.                                                                                                                                                                |
| IPv6 User Prefix           | IPv6 prefix obtained through ND/RA.                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| IPv6 Address Pool          | Subscriber IPv6 address pool. The IPv6 address pool is used to allocate IPv6 prefixes to the DHCPv6 clients.                                                                                                                                                    |
| IPv6 Network Prefix Length | Length of the network portion of the IPv6 address.                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| IPv6 Prefix Length         | Length of the subscriber IPv6 prefix.                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Logical System             | Logical system associated with the subscriber.                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Routing Instance           | Routing instance associated with the subscriber.                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Interface                  | (Enhanced subscriber management for MX Series routers) Name of the enhanced subscriber management logical interface, in the form <b>demux0.nnnn</b> (for example, <b>demux0.3221225472</b> ), to which access-internal and framed subscriber routes are mapped. |
| Interface Type             | Whether the subscriber interface is <b>Static</b> or <b>Dynamic</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                           |

Table 145: show subscribers Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                        | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Interface Set</b>              | <p>Internally generated name of the dynamic ACI or ALI interface set used by the subscriber session. The prefix of the name indicates the string received in DHCP or PPPoE control packets on which the interface set is based. For ALI interface sets, the prefix indicates that the value is configured as a trusted option to identify the subscriber line.</p> <p>The name of the interface set uses one of the following prefixes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>aci</b>—ACI; for example, aci-1033-demux0.3221225524. This is the only prefix allowed for ACI interface sets.</li> <li>• <b>ari</b>—ARI; for example, ari-1033-demux0.3221225524.</li> <li>• <b>aci+ari</b>—Both the ACI and ARI; for example, aci+ari-1033-demux0.3221225524.</li> <li>• <b>noids</b>—Neither the ACI nor the ARI were received; for example, noids-1033-demux0.3221225524.</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE:</b> ACI interface sets are configured with the <b>agent-circuit-identifier</b> autoconfiguration stanza. ALI interface sets are configured with the <b>line-identity</b> autoconfiguration stanza.</p> <p>Besides dynamic ACI and ALI interface sets, this field can be an interface set based on a substring of the ARI string. This occurs when the dynamic profile includes the predefined variable \$junos-pon-id-interface-set-name, and the profile is applied for a passive optical network (PON). The ARI string is inserted by the optical line terminal (OLT). The final substring in the string, unique for the PON, identifies individual subscriber circuits, and is used as the name of the interface set.</p> |
| <b>Interface Set Type</b>         | Interface type of the ACI interface set: <b>Dynamic</b> . This is the only ACI interface set type currently supported.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Interface Set Session ID</b>   | Identifier of the dynamic ACI interface set entry in the session database.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Underlying Interface</b>       | Name of the underlying interface for the subscriber session.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Dynamic Profile Name</b>       | Dynamic profile used for the subscriber.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Dynamic Profile Version</b>    | Version number of the dynamic profile used for the subscriber.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>MAC Address</b>                | MAC address associated with the subscriber.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>State</b>                      | Current state of the subscriber session ( <b>Init</b> , <b>Configured</b> , <b>Active</b> , <b>Terminating</b> , <b>Tunneled</b> ).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>L2TP State</b>                 | Current state of the L2TP session, <b>Tunneled</b> or <b>Tunnel-switched</b> . When the value is <b>Tunnel-switched</b> , two entries are displayed for the subscriber; the first entry is at the LNS interface on the LTS and the second entry is at the LAC interface on the LTS.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Tunnel switch Profile Name</b> | Name of the L2TP tunnel switch profile that initiates tunnel switching.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Local IP Address</b>           | IP address of the local gateway (LAC).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Remote IP Address</b>          | IP address of the remote peer (LNS).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>VLAN Id</b>                    | VLAN ID associated with the subscriber in the form <i>tpid.vlan-id</i> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

Table 145: show subscribers Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name             | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Stacked VLAN Id        | Stacked VLAN ID associated with the subscriber in the form <i>tpid.vlan-id</i> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| RADIUS Accounting ID   | RADIUS accounting ID associated with the subscriber.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Agent Circuit ID       | <p>For the <b>dhcp</b> client type, option 82 agent circuit ID associated with the subscriber. The ID is displayed as an ASCII string unless the value has nonprintable characters, in which case it is displayed in hexadecimal format.</p> <p>For the <b>vlan-oob</b> client type, the agent circuit ID or access-loop circuit identifier that identifies the subscriber line based on the subscriber-facing DSLAM interface on which the subscriber request originates.</p> |
| Agent Remote ID        | <p>For the <b>dhcp</b> client type, option 82 agent remote ID associated with the subscriber. The ID is displayed as an ASCII string unless the value has nonprintable characters, in which case it is displayed in hexadecimal format.</p> <p>For the <b>vlan-oob</b> client type, the agent remote ID or access-loop remote identifier that identifies the subscriber line based on the NAS-facing DSLAM interface on which the subscriber request originates.</p>           |
| Accounting Statistics  | Actual transmitted subscriber accounting statistics by session ID or interface. Service accounting statistics are not included. These statistics do not include overhead bytes or dropped packets; they are the accurate statistics used by RADIUS. The statistics are counted when the <b>actual-transmit-statistics</b> statement is included in the dynamic profile.                                                                                                        |
| DHCP Relay IP Address  | IP address used by the DHCP relay agent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| ATM VPI                | (MX Series routers with MPCs and ATM MICs with SFP only) ATM virtual path identifier (VPI) on the subscriber's physical interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| ATM VCI                | (MX Series routers with MPCs and ATM MICs with SFP only) ATM virtual circuit identifier (VCI) for each VPI configured on the subscriber interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Login Time             | Date and time at which the subscriber logged in.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| DHCPV6 Options         | <b>len</b> = number of hex values in the message. The hex values specify the type, length, value (TLV) for DHCPv6 options.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Server DHCP Options    | <b>len</b> = number of hex values in the message. The hex values specify the type, length, value (TLV) for DHCP options.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Server DHCPV6 Options  | <b>len</b> = number of hex values in the message. The hex values specify the type, length, value (TLV) for DHCPv6 options.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| DHCPV6 Header          | <b>len</b> = number of hex values in the message. The hex values specify the type, length, value (TLV) for DHCPv6 options.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Effective shaping-rate | Actual downstream traffic shaping rate for the subscriber, in kilobits per second.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| IPv4 Input Service Set | Input service set in access dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

Table 145: show subscribers Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                           | Field Description                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IPv4 Output Service Set              | Output service set in access dynamic profile.                                                                                                                            |
| PCEF Profile                         | PCEF profile in access dynamic profile.                                                                                                                                  |
| PCEF Rule/Rulebase                   | PCC rule or rulebase used in dynamic profile.                                                                                                                            |
| Dynamic configuration                | Values for variables that are passed into the dynamic profile from RADIUS.                                                                                               |
| Service activation time              | Time at which the first family in this service became active.                                                                                                            |
| IPv4 rpf-check Fail Filter Name      | Name of the filter applied by the dynamic profile to IPv4 packets that fail the RPF check.                                                                               |
| IPv6 rpf-check Fail Filter Name      | Name of the filter applied by the dynamic profile to IPv6 packets that fail the RPF check.                                                                               |
| DHCP Options                         | len = number of hex values in the message. The hex values specify the type, length, value (TLV) for DHCP options, as defined in RFC 2132.                                |
| Session ID                           | ID number for a subscriber session.                                                                                                                                      |
| Underlying Session ID                | For DHCPv6 subscribers on a PPPoE network, displays the session ID of the underlying PPPoE interface.                                                                    |
| Service Sessions                     | Number of service sessions (that is, a service activated using RADIUS CoA) associated with the subscribers.                                                              |
| Service Session ID                   | ID number for a subscriber service session.                                                                                                                              |
| Service Session Name                 | Service session profile name.                                                                                                                                            |
| Session Timeout (seconds)            | Number of seconds of access provided to the subscriber before the session is automatically terminated.                                                                   |
| Idle Timeout (seconds)               | Number of seconds subscriber can be idle before the session is automatically terminated.                                                                                 |
| IPv6 Delegated Address Pool          | Name of the pool used for DHCPv6 prefix delegation.                                                                                                                      |
| IPv6 Delegated Network Prefix Length | Length of the prefix configured for the IPv6 delegated address pool.                                                                                                     |
| IPv6 Interface Address               | Address assigned by the Framed-Ipv6-Prefix AAA attribute. This field is displayed only when the predefined variable \$junos-ipv6-address is used in the dynamic profile. |
| IPv6 Framed Interface Id             | Interface ID assigned by the Framed-Interface-Id AAA attribute.                                                                                                          |

Table 145: show subscribers Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                         | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ADF IPv4 Input Filter Name</b>  | Name assigned to the Ascend-Data-Filter (ADF) interface IPv4 input filter (client or service session). The filter name is followed by the rules (in hexadecimal format) associated with the ADF filter and the decoded rule in Junos OS filter style.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>ADF IPv4 Output Filter Name</b> | Name assigned to the Ascend-Data-Filter (ADF) interface IPv4 output filter (client or service session). The filter name is followed by the rules (in hexadecimal format) associated with the ADF filter and the decoded rule in Junos OS filter style.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>ADF IPv6 Input Filter Name</b>  | Name assigned to the Ascend-Data-Filter (ADF) interface IPv6 input filter (client or service session). The filter name is followed by the rules (in hexadecimal format) associated with the ADF filter and the decoded rule in Junos OS filter style.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>ADF IPv6 Output Filter Name</b> | Name assigned to the Ascend-Data-Filter (ADF) interface IPv6 output filter (client or service session). The filter name is followed by the rules (in hexadecimal format) associated with the ADF filter and the decoded rule in Junos OS filter style.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>IPv4 Input Filter Name</b>      | Name assigned to the IPv4 input filter (client or service session).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>IPv4 Output Filter Name</b>     | Name assigned to the IPv4 output filter (client or service session).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>IPv6 Input Filter Name</b>      | Name assigned to the IPv6 input filter (client or service session).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>IPv6 Output Filter Name</b>     | Name assigned to the IPv6 output filter (client or service session).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>IFL Input Filter Name</b>       | Name assigned to the logical interface input filter (client or service session).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>IFL Output Filter Name</b>      | Name assigned to the logical interface output filter (client or service session).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>DSL type</b>                    | PPPoE subscriber's access line type reported by the PPPoE intermediate agent in a PADI or PADO packet in the Vendor-Specific-Tags TLV in subattribute DSL-Type (0x0091). The DSL type is one of the following types: <b>ADSL</b> , <b>ADSL2</b> , <b>ADSL2+</b> , <b>OTHER</b> , <b>SDSL</b> , <b>VDSL</b> , or <b>VDSL2</b> .                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Frame/Cell Mode</b>             | <p>Mode type of the PPPoE subscriber's access line determined by the PPPoE daemon based on the received subattribute DSL-Type (0x0091):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Cell</b>—When the DSL line type is one of the following: <b>ADSL</b>, <b>ADSL2</b>, or <b>ADSL2+</b>.</li> <li>• <b>Frame</b>—When the DSL line type is one of the following: <b>OTHER</b>, <b>SDSL</b>, <b>VDSL</b>, or <b>VDSL2</b>.</li> </ul> <p>The value is stored in the subscriber session database.</p> |
| <b>Overhead accounting bytes</b>   | Number of bytes added to or subtracted from the actual downstream cell or frame overhead to account for the technology overhead of the DSL line type. The value is determined by the PPPoE daemon based on the received subattribute DSL-Type (0x0091). The value is stored in the subscriber session database.                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Actual upstream data rate</b>   | Unadjusted upstream data rate for the PPPoE subscriber's access line reported by the PPPoE intermediate agent in a PADI or PADO packet in the Vendor-Specific-Tags TLV in subattribute Actual-Net-Data-Rate-Upstream (0x0081).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

Table 145: show subscribers Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                           | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Actual downstream data rate</b>   | Unadjusted downstream data rate for the PPPoE subscriber's access line reported by the PPPoE intermediate agent in a PADI or PADO packet in the Vendor-Specific-Tags TLV in subattribute Actual-Net-Data-Rate-Downstream (0x0082). |
| <b>Adjusted downstream data rate</b> | Adjusted downstream data rate for the PPPoE subscriber's access line, calculated by the PPPoE daemon and stored in the subscriber session database.                                                                                |
| <b>Adjusted upstream data rate</b>   | Adjusted upstream data rate for the PPPoE subscriber's access line, calculated by the PPPoE daemon and stored in the subscriber session database.                                                                                  |

## Sample Output

### show subscribers (IPv4)

```

user@host> show subscribers
Interface IP Address/VLAN ID User Name LS:RI
ge-1/3/0.1073741824 10 WHOLESALE-CLIENT default:default
demux0.1073741824 203.0.113.10 RETAILER1-CLIENT test1:retailer1
demux0.1073741825 203.0.113.3 RETAILER2-CLIENT test1:retailer1
demux0.1073741826 203.0.113.3 RETAILER2-CLIENT test1:retailer1

```

### show subscribers (IPv6)

```

user@host> show subscribers
Interface IP Address/VLAN ID User Name LS:RI
ge-1/0/0.0 2001:db8:c0:0:0:0/74 WHOLESALE-CLIENT default:default
* 2001:db8:1/128 subscriber-25 default:default

```

### show subscribers (IPv4 and IPv6 Dual Stack)

```

user@host> show subscribers
Interface IP Address/VLAN ID User Name LS:RI
demux0.1073741834 0x8100.1002 0x8100.1 default:default
demux0.1073741835 0x8100.1001 0x8100.1 default:default
pp0.1073741836 203.0.113.13 dualstackuser1@example1.com
default:ASP-1
* 2001:db8:1::/48
* 2001:db8:1:1::/64
pp0.1073741837 203.0.113.33 dualstackuser2@example1.com
default:ASP-1
* 2001:db8:1:2:5::/64

```

### show subscribers (Single Session DHCP Dual Stack)

```
user@host> show subscribers
```

```

Interface IP Address/VLAN ID User Name LS:RI
demux0.1073741364 192.168.10.10 dual-stack-retail35 default:default

```

```

2001:db8::100:0:0:0/74
2001:db8:3ffe:0:4::/64
 default:default

```

### show subscribers (Single Session DHCP Dual Stack detail)

```

user@host> show subscribers id 27 detail
Type: DHCP
User Name: dual-stack-retail33
IP Address: 10.10.0.53
IPv6 Address: 2001:db8:3000:0:0:8003::2
IPv6 Prefix: 2001:db8:3ffe:0:4::/64
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: ae0.3221225472
Interface type: Static
Underlying Interface: ae0.3221225472
Dynamic Profile Name: dhcp-retail-18
MAC Address: 00:00:5E:00:53:02
State: Active
DHCP Relay IP Address: 10.10.0.1
Radius Accounting ID: 27
Session ID: 27
PFE Flow ID: 2
Stacked VLAN Id: 2000
VLAN Id: 1
Login Time: 2014-05-15 10:12:10 PDT
DHCP Options: len 60
00 08 00 02 00 00 00 01 00 0a 00 03 00 01 00 00 64 01 01 02
00 06 00 04 00 03 00 19 00 03 00 0c 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00 00 00 00 00 19 00 0c 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

```

### show subscribers (LNS on MX Series Routers)

```

user@host> show subscribers
Interface IP Address/VLAN ID User Name LS:RI
si-4/0/0.1 192.0.2.0 user@example.com default:default

```

### show subscribers (L2TP Switched Tunnels)

```

user@host> show subscribers
Interface IP Address/VLAN ID User Name LS:RI
si-2/1/0.1073741842 Tunnel-switched user@example.com default:default
si-2/1/0.1073741843 Tunnel-switched user@example.com default:default

```

### show subscribers client-type dhcp detail

```

user@host> show subscribers client-type dhcp detail
Type: DHCP
IP Address: 203.0.113.29
IP Netmask: 255.255.0.0
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: demux0.1073744127
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: dhcp-demux
MAC Address: 00:00:5e:00:53:98
State: Active

```

```
Radius Accounting ID: user :2304
Login Time: 2009-08-25 14:43:52 PDT

Type: DHCP
IP Address: 203.0.113.27
IP Netmask: 255.255.0.0
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: demux0.1073744383
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: dhcp-demux-prof
MAC Address: 00:00:5e:00:53:f3
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 1234 :2560
Login Time: 2009-08-25 14:43:56 PDT
```

#### show subscribers client-type dhcp extensive

```
user@host> show subscribers client-type dhcp extensive
Type: DHCP
User Name: user
IP Address: 30.11.1.4
IP Netmask: 255.0.0.0
IPv6 Address: 7001:2:3::103
IPv6 Prefix: 7001::/68
Domain name server inet6: abcd::1 abcd::2
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: ge-0/0/0.0
Interface type: Static
Underlying Interface: ge-0/0/0.0
MAC Address: 00:10:94:00:00:01
State: Configured
Radius Accounting ID: 10
Session ID: 10
PFE Flow ID: 2
VLAN Id: 100
Agent Circuit ID: ge-0/0/0:100
Agent Remote ID: ge-0/0/0:100
Login Time: 2017-05-23 12:52:22 IST
DHCPV6 Options: len 69
00 01 00 0e 00 01 00 01 59 23 e3 31 00 10 94 00 00 01 00 08
00 02 00 00 00 19 00 29 00 00 00 00 00 04 9d 40 00 07 62 00
00 1a 00 19 00 09 3a 80 00 27 8d 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
Server DHCP Options: len 13
3a 04 00 00 00 ff 00 3b 04 00 00 0f 00
Server DHCPV6 Options: len 8
00 0a 00 04 ab cd ef ab
DHCPV6 Header: len 4
01 00 00 04
IP Address Pool: al_pool30
IPv6 Address Pool: ia_na_pool
IPv6 Delegated Address Pool: prefix_delegate_pool
```

#### show subscribers client-type vlan-oob detail

```
user@host> show subscribers client-type vlan-oob detail
Type: VLAN-OOB
User Name: L2WS.line-aci-1.line-ari-1
```



```

Logical System: default
Routing Instance: ISP1
Interface: demux0.1073744127
Interface type: Dynamic
Underlying Interface: ge-1/0/0
Dynamic Profile Name: Prof_L2WS
Dynamic Profile Version: 1
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 1234
Session ID: 77
VLAN Id: 126
Core-Facing Interface: ge-2/1/1
VLAN Map Id: 6
Inner VLAN Map Id: 2001
Agent Circuit ID: line-aci-1
Agent Remote ID: line-ari-1
Login Time: 2013-10-29 14:43:52 EDT

```

### show subscribers count

```

user@host> show subscribers count
Total Subscribers: 188, Active Subscribers: 188

```

### show subscribers address detail (IPv6)

```

user@host> show subscribers address 203.0.113.137 detail
Type: PPPoE
User Name: pppoeTerV6User1Svc
IP Address: 203.0.113.137
IP Netmask: 255.0.0.0
IPv6 User Prefix: 2001:db8:0:c88::/32
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: pp0.1073745151
Interface type: Dynamic
Underlying Interface: demux0.8201
Dynamic Profile Name: pppoe-client-profile
MAC Address: 00:00:5e:00:53:53
Session Timeout (seconds): 31622400
Idle Timeout (seconds): 86400
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: example demux0.8201:6544
Session ID: 6544
Agent Circuit ID: if13720
Agent Remote ID: if13720
Login Time: 2012-05-21 13:37:27 PDT
Service Sessions: 1

```

### show subscribers detail (IPv4)

```

user@host> show subscribers detail
Type: DHCP
IP Address: 203.0.113.29
IP Netmask: 255.255.0.0
Primary DNS Address: 192.0.2.0
Secondary DNS Address: 192.0.2.1
Primary WINS Address: 192.0.2.3
Secondary WINS Address: 192.0.2.4
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default

```

```

Interface: demux0.1073744127
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: dhcp-demux-prof
MAC Address: 00:00:5e:00:53:98
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: example :2304
Idle Timeout (seconds): 600
Login Time: 2009-08-25 14:43:52 PDT
DHCP Options: len 52
35 01 01 39 02 02 40 3d 07 01 00 10 94 00 00 08 33 04 00 00
00 3c 0c 15 63 6c 69 65 6e 74 5f 50 6f 72 74 20 2f 2f 36 2f
33 2d 37 2d 30 37 05 01 06 0f 21 2c
Service Sessions: 2

```

### show subscribers detail (IPv6)

```

user@host> show subscribers detail
Type: DHCP
User Name: pd-user1
IPv6 Prefix: 2001:db8:ffff:1::/32
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: ge-3/1/3.2
Interface type: Static
MAC Address: 00:00:5e:00:53:03
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 1
Session ID: 1
Login Time: 2011-08-25 12:12:26 PDT
DHCP Options: len 42
00 08 00 02 00 00 00 01 00 0a 00 03 00 01 00 51 ff ff 00 03
00 06 00 02 00 19 00 19 00 0c 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00 00

```

### show subscribers detail (pseudowire Interface for GRE Tunnel)

```

user@host> show subscribers detail

```

| Interface         | IP Address/VLAN ID | User Name | LS:RI           |
|-------------------|--------------------|-----------|-----------------|
| ps0.3221225484    | 30.1.0.2           |           |                 |
| ps0.3221225485    | 30.1.0.3           |           |                 |
| demux0.3221225486 | 1                  |           | default:default |
| demux0.3221225487 | 1                  |           | default:default |
| demux0.3221225488 | 100.16.0.1         |           | default:default |
| demux0.3221225489 | 100.16.0.2         |           | default:default |

### show subscribers detail (IPv6 Static Demux Interface)

```

user@host> show subscribers detail
Type: STATIC-INTERFACE
User Name: user@example.net
IPv6 Prefix: 2001:db8:3:4:5:6:7:aa/32
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: demux0.1
Interface type: Static
Dynamic Profile Name: junos-default-profile

```

```

State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 185
Login Time: 2010-05-18 14:33:56 EDT

```

#### show subscribers detail (L2TP LNS Subscribers on MX Series Routers)

```

user@host> show subscribers detail
Type: L2TP
User Name: user@example.net
IP Address: 203.0.113.58
IP Netmask: 255.255.0.0
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: si-5/2/0.1073749824
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: dyn-lns-profile2
Dynamic Profile Version: 1
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 8001
Session ID: 8001
Login Time: 2011-04-25 20:27:50 IST

```

#### show subscribers detail (L2TP Switched Tunnels)

```

user@host> show subscribers detail
Type: L2TP
User Name: user@example.com
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: si-2/1/0.1073741842
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: dyn-lts-profile
State: Active
L2TP State: Tunnel-switched
Tunnel switch Profile Name: ce-lts-profile
Local IP Address: 203.0.113.51
Remote IP Address: 192.0.2.0
Radius Accounting ID: 21
Session ID: 21
Login Time: 2013-01-18 03:01:11 PST

```

```

Type: L2TP
User Name: user@example.com
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: si-2/1/0.1073741843
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: dyn-lts-profile
State: Active
L2TP State: Tunnel-switched
Tunnel switch Profile Name: ce-lts-profile
Local IP Address: 203.0.113.31
Remote IP Address: 192.0.2.1
Session ID: 22
Login Time: 2013-01-18 03:01:14 PST

```

#### show subscribers detail (Tunneled Subscriber)

```

user@host> show subscribers detail

```

```
Type: PPPoE
User Name: user1@example.com
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: pp0.1
State: Active, Tunneled
Radius Accounting ID: 512
```

#### show subscribers detail (IPv4 and IPv6 Dual Stack)

```
user@host> show subscribers detail
Type: VLAN
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: demux0.1073741824
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: svlanProfile
State: Active
Session ID: 1
Stacked VLAN Id: 0x8100.1001
VLAN Id: 0x8100.1
Login Time: 2011-11-30 00:18:04 PST
```

```
Type: PPPoE
User Name: dualstackuser1@example1.com
IP Address: 203.0.113.13
IPv6 Prefix: 2001:db8:1::/32
IPv6 User Prefix: 2001:db8:1:1::/32
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: ASP-1
Interface: pp0.1073741825
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: dualStack-Profile1
MAC Address: 00:00:5e:00:53:02
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 2
Session ID: 2
Login Time: 2011-11-30 00:18:05 PST
```

```
Type: DHCP
IPv6 Prefix: 2001:db8:1::/32
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: ASP-1
Interface: pp0.1073741825
Interface type: Static
MAC Address: 00:00:5e:00:53:02
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: test :3
Session ID: 3
Underlying Session ID: 2
Login Time: 2011-11-30 00:18:35 PST
DHCP Options: len 42
00 08 00 02 0b b8 00 01 00 0a 00 03 00 01 00 00 64 03 01 02
00 06 00 02 00 19 00 19 00 0c 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00 00
```

#### show subscribers detail (ACI Interface Set Session)

```
user@host> show subscribers detail
```

```

Type: VLAN
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: ge-1/0/0
Interface Set: aci-1001-ge-1/0/0.2800
Interface Set Session ID: 0
Underlying Interface: ge-1/0/0.2800
Dynamic Profile Name: aci-vlan-set-profile-2
Dynamic Profile Version: 1
State: Active
Session ID: 1
Agent Circuit ID: aci-ppp-dhcp-20
Login Time: 2012-05-26 01:54:08 PDT

```

### show subscribers detail (PPPoE Subscriber Session with ACI Interface Set)

```

user@host> show subscribers detail
Type: PPPoE
User Name: ppphint2
IP Address: 203.0.113.15
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: pp0.1073741825
Interface type: Dynamic
Interface Set: aci-1001-demux0.1073741824
Interface Set Type: Dynamic
Interface Set Session ID: 2
Underlying Interface: demux0.1073741824
Dynamic Profile Name: aci-vlan-pppoe-profile
Dynamic Profile Version: 1
MAC Address: 00:00:5e:00:53:02
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 3
Session ID: 3
Agent Circuit ID: aci-ppp-dhcp-dvlan-50
Login Time: 2012-03-07 13:46:53 PST

```

### show subscribers extensive

```

user@host> show subscribers extensive
Type: DHCP
User Name: pd-user1
IPv6 Prefix: 2001:db8:ffff:1::/32
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: ge-3/1/3.2
Interface type: Static
MAC Address: 00:00:5e:00:53:03
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 1
Session ID: 1
Login Time: 2011-08-25 12:12:26 PDT
DHCP Options: len 42
00 08 00 02 00 00 00 01 00 0a 00 03 00 01 00 51 ff ff 00 03
00 06 00 02 00 19 00 19 00 0c 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00 00
IPv6 Address Pool: pd_pool
IPv6 Network Prefix Length: 48

```

**show subscribers extensive (Passive Optical Network Circuit Interface Set)**

```
user@host> show subscribers client-type dhcp extensive
Type: DHCP
IP Address: 192.0.2.136
IP Netmask: 255.255.0.0
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: demux0.1073741842
Interface type: Dynamic
Interface Set: ot101.xyz101-202
Underlying Interface: demux0.1073741841
Dynamic Profile Name: dhcp-profile
MAC Address: 00:10:94:00:00:02
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: jnpr :19
Session ID: 19
VLAN Id: 1100
Agent Remote ID: ABCD01234|100M|AAAA01234|ot101.xyz101-202

Login Time: 2017-03-29 10:30:46 PDT
DHCP Options: len 97
35 01 01 39 02 02 40 3d 07 01 00 10 94 00 00 02 33 04 00 00
17 70 0c 15 63 6c 69 65 6e 74 5f 50 6f 72 74 20 2f 2f 32 2f
32 2d 31 2d 31 37 05 01 06 0f 21 2c 52 2b 02 29 41 42 43 44
30 31 32 33 34 7c 31 30 30 4d 7c 41 41 41 41 30 31 32 33 34
7c 6f 74 6c 30 31 2e 78 79 7a 31 30 31 2d 32 30 32
IP Address Pool: POOL-V4
```

**show subscribers extensive (DNS Addresses from Access Profile or Global Configuration)**

```
user@host> show subscribers extensive
Type: DHCP
User Name: test-user@example-com
IP Address: 192.0.2.119
IP Netmask: 255.255.255.255
Domain name server inet: 198.51.100.1 198.51.100.2
IPv6 Address: 2001:db8::1:11
Domain name server inet6: 2001:db8:5001::12 2001:db8:3001::12
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: ge-2/0/3.0
Interface type: Static
Underlying Interface: ge-2/0/3.0
MAC Address: 00:00:5E:00:53:00
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 5
Session ID: 5
Login Time: 2017-01-31 11:16:21 IST
DHCP Options: len 53
35 01 01 39 02 02 40 3d 07 01 00 10 94 00 00 03 33 04 00 00
00 3c 0c 16 63 6c 69 65 6e 74 5f 50 6f 72 74 20 2f 2f 35 2f
31 32 2d 30 2d 30 37 05 01 06 0f 21 2c
IP Address Pool: v4-pool
```

**show subscribers extensive (DNS Addresses from RADIUS)**

```
user@host> show subscribers extensive
Type: DHCP
User Name: test-user@example-com
```

```

IP Address: 192.0.2.119
IP Netmask: 255.255.255.255
Primary DNS Address: 198.51.100.1
Secondary DNS Address: 198.51.100.2
IPv6 Address: 2001:db8::1:11
IPv6 Primary DNS Address: 2001:db8:5001::12
IPv6 Secondary DNS Address: 2001:db8:3001::12
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: ge-2/0/3.0
Interface type: Static
Underlying Interface: ge-2/0/3.0
MAC Address: 00:00:5E:00:53:00
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 5
Session ID: 5
Login Time: 2017-01-31 11:16:21 IST
DHCP Options: len 53
35 01 01 39 02 02 40 3d 07 01 00 10 94 00 00 03 33 04 00 00
00 3c 0c 16 63 6c 69 65 6e 74 5f 50 6f 72 74 20 2f 2f 35 2f
31 32 2d 30 2d 30 37 05 01 06 0f 21 2c
IP Address Pool: v4-pool

```

#### show subscribers extensive (IPv4 DNS Addresses from RADIUS, IPv6 from Access Profile or Global Configuration)

```

user@host> show subscribers extensive
Type: DHCP
User Name: test-user@example-com
IP Address: 192.0.2.119
IP Netmask: 255.255.255.255
Primary DNS Address: 198.51.100.1
Secondary DNS Address: 198.51.100.2
IPv6 Address: 2001:db8::1:11
Domain name server inet6: 2001:db8:5001::12 2001:db8:3001::12
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: ge-2/0/3.0
Interface type: Static
Underlying Interface: ge-2/0/3.0
MAC Address: 00:00:5E:00:53:00
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 5
Session ID: 5
Login Time: 2017-01-31 11:16:21 IST
DHCP Options: len 53
35 01 01 39 02 02 40 3d 07 01 00 10 94 00 00 03 33 04 00 00
00 3c 0c 16 63 6c 69 65 6e 74 5f 50 6f 72 74 20 2f 2f 35 2f
31 32 2d 30 2d 30 37 05 01 06 0f 21 2c
IP Address Pool: v4-pool

```

#### show subscribers extensive (RPF Check Fail Filter)

```

user@host> show subscribers extensive
...
Type: VLAN
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: ae0.1073741824
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: vlan-prof

```

```
State: Active
Session ID: 9
VLAN Id: 100
Login Time: 2011-08-26 08:17:00 PDT
IPv4 rpf-check Fail Filter Name: rpf-allow-dhcp
IPv6 rpf-check Fail Filter Name: rpf-allow-dhcpv6
...
```

#### show subscribers extensive (L2TP LNS Subscribers on MX Series Routers)

```
user@host> show subscribers extensive
Type: L2TP
User Name: user@example.net
IP Address: 203.0.113.58
IP Netmask: 255.255.0.0
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: si-5/2/0.1073749824
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: dyn-lns-profile2
Dynamic Profile Version: 1
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 8001
Session ID: 8001
Login Time: 2011-04-25 20:27:50 IST
IPv4 Input Filter Name: classify-si-5/2/0.1073749824-in
IPv4 Output Filter Name: classify-si-5/2/0.1073749824-out
```

#### show subscribers extensive (IPv4 and IPv6 Dual Stack)

```
user@host> show subscribers extensive
Type: VLAN
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: demux0.1073741824
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: svlanProfile
State: Active
Session ID: 1
Stacked VLAN Id: 0x8100.1001
VLAN Id: 0x8100.1
Login Time: 2011-11-30 00:18:04 PST

Type: PPPoE
User Name: dualstackuser1@example1.com
IP Address: 203.0.113.13
IPv6 Prefix: 2001:db8:1::/32
IPv6 User Prefix: 2001:db8:1:1::/32
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: ASP-1
Interface: pp0.1073741825
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: dualStack-Profile1
MAC Address: 00:00:5e:00:53:02
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 2
Session ID: 2
Login Time: 2011-11-30 00:18:05 PST
IPv6 Delegated Network Prefix Length: 48
IPv6 Interface Address: 2001:db8:2016:1:1::1/64
```



```

IPv6 Framed Interface Id: 1:1:2:2
IPv4 Input Filter Name: FILTER-IN-pp0.1073741825-in
IPv4 Output Filter Name: FILTER-OUT-pp0.1073741825-out
IPv6 Input Filter Name: FILTER-IN6-pp0.1073741825-in
IPv6 Output Filter Name: FILTER-OUT6-pp0.1073741825-out

Type: DHCP
IPv6 Prefix: 2001:db8:1::/32
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: ASP-1
Interface: pp0.1073741825
Interface type: Static
MAC Address: 00:00:5e:00:53:02
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: test :3
Session ID: 3
Underlying Session ID: 2
Login Time: 2011-11-30 00:18:35 PST
DHCP Options: len 42
00 08 00 02 0b b8 00 01 00 0a 00 03 00 01 00 00 64 03 01 02
00 06 00 02 00 19 00 19 00 0c 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00 00
IPv6 Delegated Network Prefix Length: 48

```

#### show subscribers extensive (ADF Rules )

```

user@host> show subscribers extensive
...
Service Session ID: 12
Service Session Name: SERVICE-PROFILE
State: Active
Family: inet
 ADF IPv4 Input Filter Name: __junos_adf_12-demux0.3221225474-inet-in
 Rule 0: 010101000b0101020b020200201811
 from {
 source-address 203.0.113.232;
 destination-address 198.51.100.0/24;
 protocol 17;
 }
 then {
 accept;
 }

```

#### show subscribers extensive (Effective Shaping-Rate)

```

user@host> show subscribers extensive
Type: VLAN
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: demux0.1073741837
Interface type: Dynamic
Interface Set: ifset-1
Underlying Interface: ae1
Dynamic Profile Name: svlan-dhcp-test
State: Active
Session ID: 1
Stacked VLAN Id: 0x8100.201
VLAN Id: 0x8100.201
Login Time: 2011-11-30 00:18:04 PST

```

Effective shaping-rate: 31000000k

...

#### show subscribers extensive (PPPoE Subscriber Access Line Rates)

```
user@host> show subscribers extensive
```

Type: PPPoE

IP Address: 192.85.128.1

IP Netmask: 255.255.255.255

Logical System: default

Routing Instance: default

Interface: pp0.3221225475

Interface type: Dynamic

Underlying Interface: demux0.3221225474

Dynamic Profile Name: pppoe-client-profile-with-cos

MAC Address: 00:00:6c:07:01:02

State: Active

Radius Accounting ID: 4

Session ID: 4

PFE Flow ID: 14

Stacked VLAN Id: 40

VLAN Id: 1

Agent Circuit ID: circuit0

Agent Remote ID: remote0

Login Time: 2017-04-06 15:52:32 PDT

User Name: DAVE-L2BSA-SERVICE

Logical System: default

Routing Instance: isp-1-subscriber

Interface: ge-1/2/4.3221225472

Interface type: Dynamic

Interface Set: ge-1/2/4

Underlying Interface: ge-1/2/4

Core IFL Name: ge-1/3/4.0

Dynamic Profile Name: L2BSA-88a8-400LL1300V0

State: Active

Radius Accounting ID: 1

Session ID: 1

PFE Flow ID: 14

VLAN Id: 13

VLAN Map Id: 102

Inner VLAN Map Id: 1

Agent Circuit ID: circuit-aci-3

Agent Remote ID: remote49-3

Login Time: 2017-04-05 16:59:29 EDT

Service Sessions: 4

IFL Input Filter Name: L2BSA-CP-400LL1300V0-ge-1/2/4.3221225472-in

IFL Output Filter Name: L2BSA-CP-400LL1300V0-ge-1/2/4.3221225472-out

Accounting interval: 900

**DSL type: VDSL**

**Frame/Cell Mode: Frame**

**Overhead accounting bytes: -10**

**Actual upstream data rate: 1024 kbps**

**Actual downstream data rate: 4096 kbps**

**Adjusted downstream data rate: 3686 kbps**

**Adjusted upstream data rate: 922 kbps**

Dynamic configuration:

junos-vlan-map-id: 102

Service Session ID: 5

Service Session Name: SRL-L1

State: Active

```

Family: inet, inet6
IFL Input Filter Name: L2BSA-FWF-in-10048-ge-1/2/4.3221225472-in
IFL Output Filter Name: L2BSA-FWF-out-25088-ge-1/2/4.3221225472-out
Service Activation time: 2017-04-05 16:59:30 EDT
Dynamic configuration:
 l2bsa-fwf-in: L2BSA-FWF-in-10048
 l2bsa-fwf-out: L2BSA-FWF-out-25088
 rldown: 25088
 rlup: 10048

```

#### show subscribers extensive (Subscriber Session Using PCEF Profile)

```

user@host> show subscribers extensive
Type: VLAN
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: demux0.3221225517
Interface type: Dynamic
Underlying Interface: ge-1/0/3
Dynamic Profile Name: svlan-dhcp
State: Active
Session ID: 59
PFE Flow ID: 71
Stacked VLAN Id: 0x8100.1
VLAN Id: 0x8100.2
Login Time: 2017-03-28 08:23:08 PDT

Type: DHCP
User Name: pcefuser
IP Address: 5.0.0.26
IP Netmask: 255.0.0.0
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: demux0.3221225518
Interface type: Dynamic
Underlying Interface: demux0.3221225517
Dynamic Profile Name: dhcp-client-prof
MAC Address: 00:11:01:00:00:01
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 60
Session ID: 60
PFE Flow ID: 73
Stacked VLAN Id: 1
VLAN Id: 2
Login Time: 2017-03-28 08:23:08 PDT
Service Sessions: 1
DHCP Options: len 9
35 01 01 37 04 01 03 3a 3b
IP Address Pool: pool-ipv4
IPv4 Input Service Set: tdf-service-set
IPv4 Output Service Set: tdf-service-set
PCEF Profile: pcef-prof-1
PCEF Rule/Rulebase: default
Dynamic configuration:
 junos-input-service-filter: svc-filt-1
 junos-input-service-set: tdf-service-set
 junos-output-service-filter: svc-filt-1
 junos-output-service-set: tdf-service-set
 junos-pcef-profile: pcef-prof-1
 junos-pcef-rule: default

```

```
Service Session ID: 61
Service Session Name: pcef-serv-prof
State: Active
Family: inet
IPv4 Input Service Set: tdf-service-set
IPv4 Output Service Set: tdf-service-set
PCEF Profile: pcef-prof-1
PCEF Rule/Rulebase: limit-fb
Service Activation time: 2017-03-28 08:31:19 PDT
Dynamic configuration:
 pcef-prof: pcef-prof-1
 pcef-rule1: limit-fb
 svc-filt: svc-filt-1
 svc-set: tdf-service-set
```

#### **show subscribers aci-interface-set-name detail (Subscriber Sessions Using Specified ACI Interface Set)**

```
user@host> show subscribers aci-interface-set-name aci-1003-ge-1/0/0.4001 detail
Type: VLAN
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: ge-1/0/0.
Underlying Interface: ge-1/0/0.4001
Dynamic Profile Name: aci-vlan-set-profile
Dynamic Profile Version: 1
State: Active
Session ID: 13
Agent Circuit ID: aci-ppp-vlan-10
Login Time: 2012-03-12 10:41:56 PDT

Type: PPPoE
User Name: ppphint2
IP Address: 203.0.113.17
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: pp0.1073741834
Interface type: Dynamic
Interface Set: aci-1003-ge-1/0/0.4001
Interface Set Type: Dynamic
Interface Set Session ID: 13
Underlying Interface: ge-1/0/0.4001
Dynamic Profile Name: aci-vlan-pppoe-profile
Dynamic Profile Version: 1
MAC Address:
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 14
Session ID: 14
Agent Circuit ID: aci-ppp-vlan-10
Login Time: 2012-03-12 10:41:57 PDT
```

#### **show subscribers agent-circuit-identifier detail (Subscriber Sessions Using Specified ACI Substring)**

```
user@host> show subscribers agent-circuit-identifier aci-ppp-vlan detail
Type: VLAN
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: ge-1/0/0.
Underlying Interface: ge-1/0/0.4001
Dynamic Profile Name: aci-vlan-set-profile
Dynamic Profile Version: 1
```

```

State: Active
Session ID: 13
Agent Circuit ID: aci-ppp-vlan-10
Login Time: 2012-03-12 10:41:56 PDT

Type: PPPoE
User Name: ppphint2
IP Address: 203.0.113.17
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: pp0.1073741834
Interface type: Dynamic
Interface Set: aci-1003-ge-1/0/0.4001
Interface Set Type: Dynamic
Interface Set Session ID: 13
Underlying Interface: ge-1/0/0.4001
Dynamic Profile Name: aci-vlan-pppoe-profile
Dynamic Profile Version: 1
MAC Address: 00:00:5e:00:53:52
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 14
Session ID: 14
Agent Circuit ID: aci-ppp-vlan-10
Login Time: 2012-03-12 10:41:57 PDT

```

#### show subscribers id accounting-statistics

```

user@host> show subscribers id 601 accounting-statistics
Session ID: 601
Accounting Statistics:
Input bytes : 199994
Output bytes : 121034
Input packets: 5263
Output packets: 5263
IPv6:
Input bytes : 0
Output bytes : 0
Input packets: 0
Output packets: 0

```

#### show subscribers interface accounting-statistics

```

user@host> show subscribers interface pp0.3221226949 accounting-statistics
Session ID: 501
Accounting Statistics:
Input bytes : 199994
Output bytes : 121034
Input packets: 5263
Output packets: 5263
IPv6:
Input bytes : 0
Output bytes : 0
Input packets: 0
Output packets: 0

Session ID: 502
Accounting Statistics:
Input bytes : 87654
Output bytes : 72108
Input packets: 3322

```

```
Output packets: 3322
IPv6:
Input bytes : 0
Output bytes : 0
Input packets: 0
Output packets: 0

Session ID: 503
Accounting Statistics:
Input bytes : 156528
Output bytes : 123865
Input packets: 7448
Output packets: 7448
IPv6:
Input bytes : 0
Output bytes : 0
Input packets: 0
Output packets: 0
```

#### show subscribers interface extensive

```
user@host> show subscribers interface demux0.1073741826 extensive
Type: VLAN
User Name: user@test.example.com
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: testnet
Interface: demux0.1073741826
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: profile-vdemux-relay-23qos
MAC Address: 00:00:5e:00:53:04
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 12
Session ID: 12
Stacked VLAN Id: 0x8100.1500
VLAN Id: 0x8100.2902
Login Time: 2011-10-20 16:21:59 EST

Type: DHCP
User Name: user@test.example.com
IP Address: 192.0.2.0
IP Netmask: 255.255.255.0
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: testnet
Interface: demux0.1073741826
Interface type: Static
MAC Address: 00:00:5e:00:53:04
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 21
Session ID: 21
Login Time: 2011-10-20 16:24:33 EST
Service Sessions: 2

Service Session ID: 25
Service Session Name: SUB-QOS
State: Active

Service Session ID: 26
Service Session Name: service-cb-content
State: Active
IPv4 Input Filter Name: content-cb-in-demux0.1073741826-in
IPv4 Output Filter Name: content-cb-out-demux0.1073741826-out
```

### show subscribers logical-system terse

```
user@host> show subscribers logical-system test1 terse
```

| Interface         | IP Address/VLAN ID | User Name        | LS:RI           |
|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| demux0.1073741825 | 203.0.113.3        | RETAILER1-CLIENT | test1:retailer1 |
| demux0.1073741826 | 203.0.113.4        | RETAILER2-CLIENT | test1:retailer2 |

### show subscribers physical-interface count

```
user@host> show subscribers physical-interface ge-1/0/0 count
Total subscribers: 3998, Active Subscribers: 3998
```

### show subscribers routing-instance inst1 count

```
user@host> show subscribers routing-instance inst1 count
Total Subscribers: 188, Active Subscribers: 183
```

### show subscribers stacked-vlan-id detail

```
user@host> show subscribers stacked-vlan-id 101 detail
Type: VLAN
Interface: ge-1/2/0.1073741824
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: svlan-prof
State: Active
Stacked VLAN Id: 0x8100.101
VLAN Id: 0x8100.100
Login Time: 2009-03-27 11:57:19 PDT
```

### show subscribers stacked-vlan-id vlan-id detail (Combined Output)

```
user@host> show subscribers stacked-vlan-id 101 vlan-id 100 detail
Type: VLAN
Interface: ge-1/2/0.1073741824
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: svlan-prof
State: Active
Stacked VLAN Id: 0x8100.101
VLAN Id: 0x8100.100
Login Time: 2009-03-27 11:57:19 PDT
```

### show subscribers stacked-vlan-id vlan-id interface detail (Combined Output for a Specific Interface)

```
user@host> show subscribers stacked-vlan-id 101 vlan-id 100 interface ge-1/2/0.* detail
Type: VLAN
Interface: ge-1/2/0.1073741824
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: svlan-prof
State: Active
Stacked VLAN Id: 0x8100.101
VLAN Id: 0x8100.100
Login Time: 2009-03-27 11:57:19 PDT
```

### show subscribers user-name detail

```
user@host> show subscribers user-name larry1 detail
Type: DHCP
User Name: larry1
```

```
IP Address: 203.0.113.37
IP Netmask: 255.255.0.0
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: ge-1/0/0.1
Interface type: Static
Dynamic Profile Name: foo
MAC Address: 00:00:5e:00:53:01
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 1
Session ID: 1
Login Time: 2011-11-07 08:25:59 PST
DHCP Options: len 52
35 01 01 39 02 02 40 3d 07 01 00 10 94 00 00 01 33 04 00 00
00 3c 0c 15 63 6c 69 65 6e 74 5f 50 6f 72 74 20 2f 2f 32 2f
37 2d 30 2d 30 37 05 01 06 0f 21 2c
```

#### show subscribers vlan-id

```
user@host> show subscribers vlan-id 100
Interface IP Address User Name
ge-1/0/0.1073741824
ge-1/2/0.1073741825
```

#### show subscribers vlan-id detail

```
user@host> show subscribers vlan-id 100 detail
Type: VLAN
Interface: ge-1/0/0.1073741824
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: vlan-prof-tpid
State: Active
VLAN Id: 100
Login Time: 2009-03-11 06:48:54 PDT

Type: VLAN
Interface: ge-1/2/0.1073741825
Interface type: Dynamic
Dynamic Profile Name: vlan-prof-tpid
State: Active
VLAN Id: 100
Login Time: 2009-03-11 06:48:54 PDT
```

#### show subscribers vpi vci extensive (PPPoE-over-ATM Subscriber Session)

```
user@host> show subscribers vpi 40 vci 50 extensive
Type: PPPoE
User Name: testuser
IP Address: 203.0.113.2
IP Netmask: 255.255.0.0
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: pp0.0
Interface type: Static
MAC Address: 00:00:5e:00:53:02
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 2
Session ID: 2
ATM VPI: 40
ATM VCI: 50
```



```
Login Time: 2012-12-03 07:49:26 PST
IP Address Pool: pool_1
IPv6 Framed Interface Id: 200:65ff:fe23:102
```

#### show subscribers address detail (Enhanced Subscriber Management)

```
user@host> show subscribers address 203.0.113.111 detail
Type: DHCP
User Name: simple_filters_service
IP Address: 203.0.113.111
IP Netmask: 255.0.0.0
Logical System: default
Routing Instance: default
Interface: demux0.3221225482
Interface type: Dynamic
Underlying Interface: demux0.3221225472
Dynamic Profile Name: dhcp-demux-prof
MAC Address: 00:00:5e:00:53:0f
State: Active
Radius Accounting ID: 11
Session ID: 11
PFE Flow ID: 15
Stacked VLAN Id: 210
VLAN Id: 209
Login Time: 2014-03-24 12:53:48 PDT
Service Sessions: 1
DHCP Options: len 3
35 01 01
```

## show subscribers summary

---

**Syntax**    show subscribers summary  
              <all>  
              <detail | extensive | terse>  
              <count>  
              <physical-interface *physical-interface-name*>  
              <logical-system *logical-system* pic | port | routing-instance *routing-instance* | slot>

**Release Information**    Command introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.

**Description**    Display summary information for subscribers.

**Options**    **none**—Display summary information by state and client type for all subscribers.

**all**—(Optional) Display summary information by state, client type, and LS:RI.

**detail | extensive | terse**—(Not supported on MX Series routers) (Optional) Display the specified level of output.

**count**—(Not supported on MX Series routers) (Optional) Display the count of total subscribers and active subscribers for any specified option.

**logical-system *logical-system***—(Optional) Display subscribers whose logical system matches the specified logical system.

**physical-interface *physical-interface-name***—(M120, M320, and MX Series routers only) (Optional) Display a count of subscribers whose physical interface matches the specified physical interface, by subscriber state, client type, and LS:RI.

**pic**—(M120, M320, and MX Series routers only) (Optional) Display a count of subscribers by PIC number and the total number of subscribers.

**port**—(M120, M320, and MX Series routers only) (Optional) Display a count of subscribers by port number and the total number of subscribers.

**routing-instance *routing-instance***—(Optional) Display subscribers whose routing instance matches the specified routing instance.

**slot**—(M120, M320, and MX Series routers only) (Optional) Display a count of subscribers by FPC slot number and the total number of subscribers.



**NOTE:** Due to display limitations, logical system and routing instance output values are truncated when necessary.

---

**Required Privilege Level**    view

**Related Documentation** • [show subscribers on page 1980](#)

**List of Sample Output** [show subscribers summary on page 2012](#)  
[show subscribers summary all on page 2013](#)  
[show subscribers summary physical-interface on page 2013](#)  
[show subscribers summary physical-interface pic on page 2013](#)  
[show subscribers summary physical-interface port on page 2014](#)  
[show subscribers summary physical-interface slot on page 2014](#)  
[show subscribers summary pic on page 2014](#)  
[show subscribers summary pic \(Aggregated Ethernet Interfaces\) on page 2014](#)  
[show subscribers summary port on page 2014](#)  
[show subscribers summary port \(Pseudowire Interfaces\) on page 2015](#)  
[show subscribers summary port extensive on page 2015](#)  
[show subscribers summary slot on page 2015](#)  
[show subscribers summary terse on page 2015](#)

**Output Fields** [Table 146 on page 2011](#) lists the output fields for the **show subscribers summary** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 146: show subscribers summary Output Fields**

| Field Name                            | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Level of Output              |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| <b>Subscribers by State</b>           | Number of subscribers summarized by state. The summary information includes the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Init—Number of subscriber currently in the initialization state.</li> <li>Configured—Number of configured subscribers.</li> <li>Active—Number of active subscribers.</li> <li>Terminating—Number of subscribers currently terminating.</li> <li>Terminated—Number of terminated subscribers.</li> <li>Total—Total number of subscribers for all states.</li> </ul> | <b>detail none</b>           |
| <b>Subscribers by Client Type</b>     | Number of subscribers summarized by client type. Client types can include DHCP, GRE, L2TP, PPP, PPPOE, STATIC-INTERFACE, VLAN, and VLAN-OOB. Also displays the total number of subscribers for all client types (Total).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <b>detail extensive none</b> |
| <b>Subscribers by LS:RI</b>           | Number of subscribers summarized by logical system:routing instance (LS:RI) combination. Also displays the total number of subscribers for all LS:RI combinations (Total).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <b>detail none</b>           |
| <b>Subscribers by Connection Type</b> | Number of subscribers summarized by connection type, <b>Cross-connected</b> or <b>Terminated</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <b>extensive</b>             |

Table 146: show subscribers summary Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Level of Output              |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| <b>Interface</b>          | <p>Interface associated with the subscriber. The router or switch displays subscribers whose interface matches or begins with the specified interface.</p> <p>The * character indicates a continuation of addresses for the same session.</p> <p>For aggregated Ethernet interfaces, the output of the <b>summary (pic   port   slot)</b> options prefixes the interface name with ae0:.</p> <p>For pseudowire IFDs, this field displays both the pseudowire and the associated logical tunnel (LT) and redundant logical tunnel (RLT) anchor interface. For example:</p> <p>ps0: 1t-2/1/0<br/>ps1: r1t0: 1t-4/0/0</p>                                                                                                                                      | All levels                   |
| <b>Count</b>              | <p>Count of subscribers displayed for each PIC, port, or slot when those options are specified with the <b>summary</b> option. For an aggregated Ethernet configuration, the total subscriber count does not equal the sum of the individual PIC, port, or slot counts, because each subscriber can be in more than one aggregated Ethernet link.</p> <p>Multiple pseudowire interfaces can share a given logical tunnel or redundant logical tunnel anchor interface. Starting in Junos OS Release 18.1R1, the field displays subscribers per individual pseudowire interface.</p> <p>In earlier releases, the field displays the same number of subscribers for all pseudowire interfaces that share the same tunnel interface as their anchor point.</p> | <b>detail extensive none</b> |
| <b>Total Subscribers</b>  | Total number of subscribers for all physical interfaces, all PICs, all ports, or all LS:RI slots.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <b>detail extensive none</b> |
| <b>IP Address/VLAN ID</b> | Subscriber IP address or VLAN ID associated with the subscriber in the form <i>tpid.vlan-id</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <b>terse</b>                 |
| <b>User Name</b>          | Name of subscriber.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <b>terse</b>                 |
| <b>LS:RI</b>              | Logical system and routing instance associated with the subscriber.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <b>terse</b>                 |

## Sample Output

### show subscribers summary

```
user@host> show subscribers summary
```

```
Subscribers by State
Init 3
Configured 2
Active 183
Terminating 2
Terminated 1

TOTAL 191
```

```

Subscribers by Client Type
DHCP 107
PPP 76
VLAN 8
VLAN-OOB 2
TOTAL 193

```

### show subscribers summary all

```

user@host> show subscribers summary all
Subscribers by State
Init 3
Configured 2
Active 183
Terminating 2
Terminated 1

TOTAL 191

Subscribers by Client Type
DHCP 107
PPP 76
VLAN 8

TOTAL 191

Subscribers by LS:RI
default:default 1
default:ri1 28
default:ri2 16
ls1:default 22
ls1:riA 38
ls1:riB 44
logsysX:routinstY 42

TOTAL 191

```

### show subscribers summary physical-interface

```

user@host> show subscribers summary physical-interface ge-1/0/0
Subscribers by State
Active: 3998
Total: 3998

Subscribers by Client Type
DHCP: 3998
Total: 3998

Subscribers by LS:RI
default:default: 3998
Total: 3998

```

### show subscribers summary physical-interface pic

```

user@host> show subscribers summary physical-interface ge-0/2/0 pic
Subscribers by State
Active: 4825
Total: 4825

```

```
Subscribers by Client Type
DHCP: 4825
Total: 4825
```

```
Subscribers by LS:RI
default:default: 4825
Total: 4825
```

### show subscribers summary physical-interface port

```
user@host> show subscribers summary physical-interface ge-0/3/0 port
```

```
Subscribers by State
Active: 4825
Total: 4825
```

```
Subscribers by Client Type
DHCP: 4825
Total: 4825
```

```
Subscribers by LS:RI
default:default: 4825
Total: 4825
```

### show subscribers summary physical-interface slot

```
user@host> show subscribers summary physical-interface ge-2/0/0 slot
```

```
Subscribers by State
Active: 4825
Total: 4825
```

```
Subscribers by Client Type
DHCP: 4825
Total: 4825
```

```
Subscribers by LS:RI
default:default: 4825
Total: 4825
```

### show subscribers summary pic

```
user@host> show subscribers summary pic
```

| Interface | Count |
|-----------|-------|
| ge-1/0    | 1000  |
| ge-1/3    | 1000  |

```
Total Subscribers: 2000
```

### show subscribers summary pic (Aggregated Ethernet Interfaces)

```
user@host> show subscribers summary pic
```

| Interface   | Count |
|-------------|-------|
| ae0: ge-1/0 | 801   |
| ae0: ge-1/3 | 801   |

```
Total Subscribers: 801
```

### show subscribers summary port

```
user@host> show subscribers summary port
```

| Interface | Count |
|-----------|-------|
| ge-5/0/1  | 201   |
| ge-5/0/2  | 301   |

Total Subscribers: 502

### show subscribers summary port (Pseudowire Interfaces)

```
user@host> show subscribers summary port
ps0: lt-2/1/0 10
ps1: lt-2/1/0 20
```

Total Subscribers: 30

### show subscribers summary port extensive

```
user@host>show subscribers summary port extensive
Interface: ge-5/0/1
Count: 201
Detail:
Subscribers by Client Type
 DHCP: 100
 PPPoE: 100
 VLAN-OOB: 1
Subscribers by Connection Type
 Terminated: 200
 Cross-connected: 1
```

```
Interface: ge-5/0/2
Count: 301
Detail:
Subscribers by Client Type
 DHCP: 200
 PPPoE: 100
 VLAN-OOB: 1
Subscribers by Connection Type
 Terminated: 300
 Cross-connected: 1
```

Total Subscribers: 502

### show subscribers summary slot

```
user@host> show subscribers summary slot
Interface Count
ge-1 2000
```

Total Subscribers: 2000

### show subscribers summary terse

```
user@host> show subscribers summary terse
Interface IP Address/VLAN ID User Name LS:RI
ge-1/3/0.1073741824 100 WHOLESALE-CLIENT default:default
demux0.1073741824 203.0.113.10 RETAILER1-CLIENT test1:retailer1
demux0.1073741825 203.0.113.13 RETAILER2-CLIENT test1:retailer1
demux0.1073741826 203.0.113.213 RETAILER2-CLIENT test1:retailer1
```

## show system subscriber-management route

---

**Syntax**    show system subscriber-management route  
              <family *family*>  
              <incomplete>  
              <level (brief | detail)>  
              <next-hop>  
              <prefix>  
              <route-type *type*>  
              <rrt-index *index*>  
              <summary>

**Release Information**    Command introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1R3 on MX Series routers for enhanced subscriber management.  
Support for passing **Framed-Route** attributes from a RADIUS server to the router was added in Junos OS Release 17.2 on MX Series routers for enhanced subscriber management. This allows the tagged subscriber host routes to be imported to the routing table and advertised by BGP.

**Description**    Display information about how routes are mapped to specific enhanced subscriber management interfaces. You can customize the output by including one or more optional filters in the command. With the exception of the **summary** option, all filter options can be combined in a single command.

**Options**    **family *family***—(Optional) Display route mapping information for the specified protocol family: **inet** (IPv4) or **inet6** (IPv6).

**incomplete**—(Optional) Display route mapping information for incomplete routes that are missing elements required to add the routes to the routing table.

**level (brief | detail)**—(Optional) Display the specified level of output: **brief** or **detail**.

**next-hop**—(Optional) Display the next hop associated with the route entry.

**prefix *address***—(Optional) Use the same prefix and prefix length as the subscriber host address. Output includes attributes that originate in the Famed-Route record of an upstream RADIUS server (Tag, Metric, Preference).

**route-type *type***—(Optional) Display route mapping information for the specified route type: **access**, **access-internal**, **kernel**, or **local**.

**rrt-index *index***—(Optional) Display mapping information for the specified routing table index, in the range 0 through 65535. An **rrt-index** value of 0 (zero) denotes routes in the default routing table managed by enhanced subscriber management.

**summary**—(Optional) Display summary information about the routes managed by enhanced subscriber management.



**Required Privilege Level** view

**Related Documentation** [• Verifying and Managing Junos OS Enhanced Subscriber Management on page 620](#)

**List of Sample Output** [show system subscriber-management route prefix <address> on page 2018](#)  
[show system subscriber-management route family route-type rtt-index level brief on page 2018](#)  
[show system subscriber-management route family route-type rtt-index level detail on page 2019](#)  
[show system subscriber-management route family route-type rtt-index level brief on page 2020](#)

**Output Fields** [Table 147 on page 2017](#) lists the output fields for the **show system subscriber-management route** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 147: show system subscriber-management route Output Fields**

| Field Name        | Field Description                                                                                                                                                            | Level of Output |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <i>address</i>    | IPv4 or IPv6 address associated with the route entry.                                                                                                                        | All levels      |
| <b>Route Type</b> | One of the following route types: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Access</li> <li>• Access-internal</li> <li>• Framed</li> <li>• Kernel</li> <li>• Local</li> </ul> | All levels      |
| <b>Interface</b>  | Name of the enhanced subscriber management interface associated with the route entry.                                                                                        | All levels      |
| <b>Next-hop</b>   | Next-hop associated with the route entry.                                                                                                                                    | All levels      |
| <b>Tag</b>        | Reflects the Tag attribute used in the RADIUS Framed-Route type record.                                                                                                      | All levels      |
| <b>Metric</b>     | Reflects the Metric attribute used in the RADIUS Framed-Route type record.                                                                                                   | All levels      |
| <b>Preference</b> | Reflects the Preference attribute used in the RADIUS Framed-Route type record.                                                                                               | All levels      |
| <b>Rtt-index</b>  | Value of the routing table index. A value of 0 (zero) denotes a route in the default routing table managed by enhanced subscriber management.                                | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Bbe index</b>  | Value of the interface index for the control plane.                                                                                                                          | <b>detail</b>   |
| <b>Flow id</b>    | Value of the route object index.                                                                                                                                             | <b>detail</b>   |

Table 147: show system subscriber-management route Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name      | Field Description                                                                                                                 | Level of Output |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Reference Count | Used for internal accounting.                                                                                                     | detail          |
| Dirty Flags     | Used for internal accounting.                                                                                                     | detail          |
| Flags           | Used for internal accounting.                                                                                                     | detail          |
| Family          | One of the following protocol families: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• AF_INET—IPv4</li> <li>• AF_INET6—IPv6</li> </ul> | detail          |

## Sample Output

**show system subscriber-management route prefix <address>**

**rtt-index 0**

```
user@host> show system subscriber-management route prefix 10.10.0.1/32
```

```
Route: 10.10.0.1/32
 Routing-instance: default:default
 Kernel rt-table id : 0
 Family: AF_INET
 Route Type: Framed
 Protocol Type: Unspecified
 Interface: pp0.3221225491
 Interface index: 26
 Internal Interface index: 26
 Route index: 20
 Next-Hop: 684
 Tag: 9999
 Metric: 56
 Preference: 10
 Reference-count: 1
 L2 Address: 00:00:64:0a:01:0b
 Flags: 0x0
 Dirty Flags: 0x0
```

**show system subscriber-management route family route-type rtt-index level brief**

The following example displays abbreviated information about IPv6 access routes in the default routing table (**rtt-index 0**) managed by enhanced subscriber management.

```
user@host> show system subscriber-management route family inet6 route-type access rtt-index 0
level brief
```

```
2001:db8::/64
 Route Type: Access
 Interface: pp0.3221225479, Next-hop:721
2001:db8:0:0:1::/64
 Route Type: Access
 Interface: pp0.3221225477, Next-hop:721
2001:db8:0:0:2::/64
 Route Type: Access
 Interface: pp0.3221225478, Next-hop:721
```

```

2001:db8:0:0:3::/64
 Route Type: Access
 Interface: pp0.3221225480, Next-hop:721
2001:db8:0:0:4::/64
 Route Type: Access
 Interface: pp0.3221225481, Next-hop:721
2001:db8:2002::/84
 Route Type: Access
 Interface: demux0.3221225492, Next-hop:721
2001:db8:0:0:5::/64
 Route Type: Access
 Interface: pp0.3221225487, Next-hop:721
2001:db8:0:0:6::/64
 Route Type: Access

```

### show system subscriber-management route family route-type rtt-index level detail

The following example displays detailed information about IPv6 access routes in the default routing table (**rtt-index 0**) managed by enhanced subscriber management.

```

user@host> show system subscriber-management route family inet6 route-type access rtt-index 0
level detail

```

```

2001:db8::/64
 Route Type: Access
 Interface: pp0.3221225479
 Next-hop: 721
 Rtt-index: 0
 Bbe index: 9
 Flow id: 1
 Reference Count: 1
 Dirty Flags: 0
 Flags: 0x10082
 Family: AF_INET6
2001:db8:0:0:1::/64
 Route Type: Access
 Interface: pp0.3221225477
 Next-hop: 721
 Rtt-index: 0
 Bbe index: 9
 Flow id: 1
 Reference Count: 1
 Dirty Flags: 0
 Flags: 0x10082
 Family: AF_INET6
2001:db8:0:0:2::/64
 Route Type: Access
 Interface: pp0.3221225478
 Next-hop: 721
 Rtt-index: 0
 Bbe index: 9
 Flow id: 1
 Reference Count: 1
 Dirty Flags: 0
 Flags: 0x10082
 Family: AF_INET6
2001:db8:0:0:3::/64
 Route Type: Access
 Interface: pp0.3221225480
 Next-hop: 721
 Rtt-index: 0

```

```
Bbe index: 9
Flow id: 1
Reference Count: 1
Dirty Flags: 0
Flags: 0x10082
Family: AF_INET6
```

#### **show system subscriber-management route family route-type rtt-index level brief**

The following example displays abbreviated information about IPv6 access routes in the default routing table (**rtt-index 0**) managed by enhanced subscriber management.

```
user@host> show system subscriber-management route family inet6 route-type access rtt-index 0
level brief
```

```
2000::/64
 Route Type: Access
 Interface: pp0.3221225479, Next-hop:721
2001:db8:0:0:1::/64
 Route Type: Access
 Interface: pp0.3221225477, Next-hop:721
2001:db8:0:0:2::/64
 Route Type: Access
 Interface: pp0.3221225478, Next-hop:721
2001:db8:0:0:3::/64
 Route Type: Access
 Interface: pp0.3221225480, Next-hop:721
2001:db8:0:0:4::/64
 Route Type: Access
 Interface: pp0.3221225481, Next-hop:721
2001:db8:2002::/84
 Route Type: Access
 Interface: demux0.3221225492, Next-hop:721
2001:db8:0:0:5::/64
 Route Type: Access
 Interface: pp0.3221225487, Next-hop:721
2001:db8:0:0:6::/64
 Route Type: Access
```

## show system subscriber-management statistics

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | show system subscriber-management statistics<br><all><br><dhcp><br><pppoe>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1R3 on MX Series routers for enhanced subscriber management.<br>Enhanced I/O Statistics introduced as part of Extensive output in Junos OS Release 15.1R4 on MX Series routers for enhanced subscriber management.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display statistics for the specified option. You can customize the output by including one or more optional filters in the command. With the exception of the <b>extensive</b> option, all filter options can be combined in a single command.                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>all</b> —(Optional) Display packet statistics for all protocol.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>Understanding Dropped Packets and Untransmitted Traffic Using show Commands</i></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show system subscriber-management statistics all on page 2022</a><br><a href="#">show system subscriber-management statistics pppoe on page 2023</a><br><a href="#">show system subscriber-management statistics dhcp on page 2023</a><br><a href="#">show system subscriber-management statistics dhcp extensive on page 2024</a><br><a href="#">show system subscriber-management statistics extensive on page 2026</a> |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 148 on page 2021</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show system subscriber-management statistics</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

Table 148: show system subscriber-management statistics Output Fields

| Field Name                     | Field Description                                                                                         |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Rx Statistics</b>           | Statistics for packets received.                                                                          |
| <b>Tx Statistics</b>           | Statistics for packets sent.                                                                              |
| <b>Enhanced I/O Statistics</b> | Statistics for visibility into packet drops from the queue.                                               |
| <b>Error Statistics</b>        | Includes connection packets, flow control, and messages and packets sent to and received from the daemon. |

Table 148: show system subscriber-management statistics Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                           | Field Description                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ERA discards</b>                  | Event Rate Analyzer discards. For DHCP and PPPoE in advanced subscriber management, ERA packet discard counts are included for Discover, Solicit, and PADI packets . |
| <b>padis</b>                         | PPPoE Active Discovery Initiation (PADI) packets.<br><br>PADI is the first step in the PPPoE establishment protocol.                                                 |
| <b>padrs</b>                         | PPPoE Active Discovery Request packets.                                                                                                                              |
| <b>ppp</b>                           | Point-to-Point Protocol packets.                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>router solicitations</b>          | Number of router solicitations sent or received.<br><br>Router solicitations are sent to prompt all on-link routers to send it router advertisements.                |
| <b>router advertisements</b>         | Number of router advertisements sent or received.                                                                                                                    |
| <b>route solicit response packet</b> | Number of router solicitation responses sent or received.                                                                                                            |

## Sample Output

The following examples displays packet statistics accumulated for DHCP and PPPoE since the last time the session manager was cleared.

### show system subscriber-management statistics all

```

user@host> show system subscriber-management statistics all
 user@host> show system subscriber-management statistics all
Session Manager started @ Tue Nov 3 10:00:57 2015
Session Manager cleared @ Tue Nov 3 11:10:01 2015

 Packet Statistics

I/O Statistics:

 Rx Statistics
 packets : 784711
 Tx Statistics
 packets : 7013122
 Layer 3 Statistics
 Rx Statistics
 packets : 356218
 Tx Statistics
 packets : 6604660

DHCP Statistics:

 Rx Statistics
 packets : 320008
 ERA discards : 6274
 Tx Statistics
 transmit request packets : 320482

```

```

 sent packets : 320482
Error Statistics
Connection Statistics
 no connection packets : 0

```

#### PPPoE Statistics:

```

Rx Statistics
 packets : 486165
 padis : 36768
 padrs : 35421
 ppp packets : 341787
 ERA discards : 8249
Tx Statistics
 packets : 70842
 send failures : 6240

```

### show system subscriber-management statistics pppoe

```

user@host> show system subscriber-management statistics pppoe
Session Manager started @ Tue Nov 3 10:00:57 2015
Session Manager cleared @ Tue Nov 3 11:10:01 2015

```

#### Packet Statistics

#### I/O Statistics:

```

Rx Statistics
 packets : 784711
Tx Statistics
 packets : 7013122
Layer 3 Statistics
Rx Statistics
 packets : 356218
Tx Statistics
 packets : 6604660

```

#### PPPoE Statistics:

```

Rx Statistics
 packets : 486165
 padis : 36768
 padrs : 35421
 ppp packets : 341787
 ERA discards : 8249
Tx Statistics
 packets : 70842
 send failures : 6240

```

### show system subscriber-management statistics dhcp

```

user@host> show system subscriber-management statistics dhcp
Session Manager started @ Tue Nov 3 10:00:57 2015
Session Manager cleared @ Tue Nov 3 11:10:01 2015

```

#### Packet Statistics

#### I/O Statistics:

```

Rx Statistics

```

```

 packets : 784711
 Tx Statistics
 packets : 7013122
Layer 3 Statistics
 Rx Statistics
 packets : 356218
 Tx Statistics
 packets : 6604660

```

#### DHCP Statistics:

```

 Rx Statistics
 packets : 320008
 ERA discards : 6274
 Tx Statistics
 transmit request packets : 320482
 sent packets : 320482
 Error Statistics
 Connection Statistics
 no connection packets : 0

```

### show system subscriber-management statistics dhcp extensive

```

user@host> show system subscriber-management statistics dhcp extensive
Session Manager started @ Tue Nov 3 10:00:57 2015
Session Manager cleared @ Tue Nov 3 11:10:01 2015

```

#### Packet Statistics

#### I/O Statistics:

```

 Rx Statistics
 packets : 784711
 Tx Statistics
 packets : 7013122
 Buffer Statistics
 allocations : 7032618
 frees : 7032624
 allocation failures : 0
 Layer 3 Statistics
 Rx Statistics
 packets : 356218
 Tx Statistics
 packets : 6604660
 PFE Event Statistics
 packets : 0

```

#### DHCP Statistics:

```

 Rx Statistics
 packets : 320008
 ERA discards : 6274
 Tx Statistics
 transmit request packets : 320482
 sent packets : 320482
 DHCPv4 Rx Statistics
 total packets : 0
 DHCPv4 Tx Statistics
 total packets : 0
 DHCPv6 Rx Statistics

```



```

 total packets : 320008
 solicit : 36250
 request : 36382
 renew : 247376
 ERA discards : 6274
 DHCPv6 Tx Statistics
 total packets : 320482
 advertise : 36382
 reply : 284100
 Error Statistics
 Connection Statistics
 no connection packets : 0
 connection down events : 0
 connection up events : 0
 flow control invoked : 0
 flow control released : 0
 packets sent to daemon : 320008
 packets received from daemon : 320482
 messages sent to daemon : 0
 messages received from daemon : 0
 notifies while not connected : 0

```

#### NET Statistics:

```

 ICMP6 Statistics
 Rx Statistics
 packets: : 36271
 router solicitations : 36271
 Tx Statistics
 packets: : 6284178
 router advertisements : 6284178
 route solicit response packet : 36271

```

#### Management Statistics:

```

 dvlan : 33912
 dvlan adds : 33912
 pppoe : 143651
 pppoe add : 35750
 pppoe changes : 107901
 ip flow : 143633
 ip flow add : 107883

```

#### Management Config Status:

```

 gres state enabled state : 1
 shmlog disabled state : 0
 Rx Statistics
 packets : 167361
 ERA discards : 15116
 Tx Statistics
 transmit request packets : 150903
 sent packets : 150903
 DHCPv4 Rx Statistics
 total packets : 167361
 discover : 91910
 request : 75451
 ERA discards : 15116

```

**show system subscriber-management statistics extensive**

```
user@host> show system subscriber-management statistics extensive
```

```
Session Manager started @ Tue Nov 3 10:00:57 2015
```

```
Session Manager cleared @ Tue Nov 3 11:10:01 2015
```

```

 Packet Statistics

```

```
I/O Statistics:

```

```
Rx Statistics
```

```
 packets : 784711
```

```
Tx Statistics
```

```
 packets : 7013122
```

```
Buffer Statistics
```

```
 allocations : 7032618
```

```
 frees : 7032624
```

```
 allocation failures : 0
```

```
Layer 3 Statistics
```

```
Rx Statistics
```

```
 packets : 356218
```

```
Tx Statistics
```

```
 packets : 6604660
```

```
PFE Event Statistics
```

```
 packets : 0

```

```
Enhanced I/O Statistics:

```

```
bbe_io_rcv l2 : 0
```

```
bbe_io_rcv l3 : 0
```

```
bbe_io_rcv l3 v4 : 0
```

```
io low queue drops :12
```

```
io mlow queue drops :0
```

```
io medium queue drops :0
```

```
io high queue drops :0
```

show system subscriber-management summary

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syntax                   | show system subscriber-management summary                                                                                                                                                                |
| Release Information      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.1.<br>Command introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1R3 on MX Series routers for enhanced subscriber management.                                                   |
| Description              | Display complete subscriber management database summary information.                                                                                                                                     |
| Options                  | none—This command has no options.                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Required Privilege Level | view                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">show database-replication statistics on page 1772</a></li><li>• <a href="#">show database-replication summary on page 1774</a></li></ul>             |
| List of Sample Output    | <a href="#">show system subscriber-management summary on page 2028</a><br><a href="#">show system subscriber-management summary (Enhanced Subscriber Management) on page 2029</a>                        |
| Output Fields            | <a href="#">Table 149 on page 2027</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show system subscriber-management summary</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. |

Table 149: show system subscriber-management summary Output Fields

| Field Name       | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Graceful Restart | State of graceful Routing Engine switchover (GRES): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Enabled</li><li>• Disabled</li></ul> (Enhanced subscriber management for MX Series routers) The name of this field is <b>Graceful Switchover</b> . |
| Mastership       | State of the Routing Engine: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Master</li><li>• Standby</li></ul>                                                                                                                                        |
| Database         | State of the subscriber management database: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Available</li><li>• Init</li><li>• Not-available</li></ul>                                                                                                |

Table 149: show system subscriber-management summary Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name          | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Standby</b>      | <p>(Enhanced subscriber management for MX Series routers) State of the standby Routing Engine:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Connected</b>—Connected but not synchronized</li> <li>• <b>Disconnected</b>—Not connected</li> <li>• <b>Resync (<i>nn</i>%)</b>—Connected and <i>nn</i> percent synchronized with the master Routing Engine</li> <li>• <b>Synchronized</b>—Synchronized with the master Routing Engine</li> </ul> |
| Chassisd ISSU State | <p>State of unified ISSU chassis daemon:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ABORT</li> <li>• DAEMON_ISSU_PREPARE</li> <li>• DAEMON_ISSU_PREPARE_DONE</li> <li>• DAEMON_SWITCHOVER_PREPARE</li> <li>• DAEMON_SWITCHOVER_PREPARE_DONE</li> <li>• FRU_ISSU</li> <li>• FRU_ISSU_DONE</li> <li>• IDLE</li> <li>• UNKNOWN</li> </ul>                                                                                                         |
| ISSU State          | <p>State of unified ISSU aggregate daemon:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ABORT</li> <li>• IDLE</li> <li>• PREPARE</li> <li>• READY</li> <li>• SWITCHOVER_PREPARE</li> <li>• SWITCHOVER_READY</li> <li>• UNKNOWN</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| ISSU Wait           | <p>Amount of time, in seconds, requested by a daemon to perform cleanup. If multiple daemons request time, the displayed value is the highest wait time requested by a daemon.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

## Sample Output

### show system subscriber-management summary

```

user@host> show system subscriber-management summary
General:
 Graceful Restart Enabled
 Mastership Master
 Database Available
 Chassisd ISSU State DAEMON_ISSU_PREPARE
 ISSU State PREPARE
 ISSU Wait 198

```

**show system subscriber-management summary (Enhanced Subscriber Management)**

```
user@host> show system subscriber-management summary
```

```
General:
```

|                     |              |
|---------------------|--------------|
| Graceful Switchover | Enabled      |
| Mastership          | Master       |
| Database            | Available    |
| Standby             | Resync (75%) |
| Chassisd ISSU State | IDLE         |
| ISSU State          | IDLE         |
| ISSU Wait           | 0            |

## test aaa authd-lite user

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>test aaa authd-lite user <i>username</i> password <i>password</i> profile <i>access-profile-name</i> &lt;port <i>nas-port</i>&gt; &lt;zero-stats&gt;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Verify authd-lite subscriber access authentication, accounting, and address allocation configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>username</i></b>—Specify the subscriber username to test.</p> <p><b><i>password password</i></b>—Specify the password associated with the username.</p> <p><b><i>profile access-profile-name</i></b>—Specify the access profile associated with the subscriber.</p> <p><b><i>port nas-port</i></b>—(Optional) Specify the NAS port used for the test.</p> <p><b><i>zero-stats</i></b>—(Optional) Specify that no accounting statistics are set for this test.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Testing a Subscriber AAA Configuration on page 895</a></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">test aaa authd-lite user on page 2031</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <p>When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request. For information about output fields related to authentication, accounting, and subscriber-specific information, see the <a href="#">show network-access aaa statistics</a>, <a href="#">show network-access aaa statistics authentication</a>, <a href="#">show network-access aaa subscribers</a>, and <a href="#">show subscribers</a> commands.</p> <p>The <b>test</b> command does not support volume-time accounting. If volume-time accounting is configured for the test subscriber, the <b>test</b> command replaces the statistics with time-only accounting statistics.</p> <p>This command displays only attributes that are supported by Junos OS; these attributes appear even when their values are not set. The Virtual Router Name (LS:RI) field matches the Juniper Networks Virtual-Router VSA (26-1), if present; otherwise the field displays default:default. The displayed value for all other attributes that are not received is <b>&lt;not set&gt;</b>.</p> |

## Sample Output

### test aaa authd-lite user

The following example tests the configuration for authd-lite subscriber user1bt with a password of \$ABC123 and an access profile of employee12, and displays the resulting output:

```
user@host> test aaa authd-lite user user1bt password $ABC123 profile employee12
Authentication Grant
*****User Attributes*****
 User Name - user1bt
 Framed IPv6 Prefix - ::/0
 Framed IPv6 Pool - NULL
 Nas IPv6 Address - ::
 NDRA IPv6 Prefix - NULL
 Login IPv6 Host - ::
 Framed Interface Id - 0:0:0:0
 Delegated IPv6 Prefix - ::/0
 NDRA IPv6 Pool - NULL
 User Password - $ABC123
 Nas Ip Address - 0.0.0.0
 NAS Port - 0
 Service Type- 0
 Framed IP Address - 0.0.0.0
 Framed IP Netmask - 0.0.0.0
 Filter Id - NULL
 Framed MTU - 0
 Reply Message - NULL
 Framed Route- <not set>
 Framed MTU - 0
 Class - SBR2CL
 Virtual Router Name (LS:RI) default:default
 Primary DNS IP Address - 0.0.0.0
 Secondary DNS IP Address - 0.0.0.0
 Primary WINS IP Address - 0.0.0.0
 Secondary WINS IP Address - 0.0.0.0
 Ingress Statistics - disabled
 Egress Statistics - disabled
 Ingress Policy Name - <not set>
 Engress Policy Name - <not set>
 IGMP Enable - disabled
 Redirect VR Name (LS:RI) default:default
 Service Bundle <not set>
 Framed Ip Route Tag <not set>
 LI Action 0
 LI Interception Identifier 0
 LI Mediation Device IP Address 0.0.0.0
 LI_Mediation_Device_Port_Number 0
 Activate Service NULL
 Deactivate Service NULL
 Service Statistics 0
 Ignore_DF_Bit - disabled
 IGMP Access Group Name <not set>
 IGMP Access Source Group_Name - <not set>
 MLD Access Group Name <not set>
 MLD Access Source Group Name <not set>
 MLD Version - MLD Version not set
 IGMP Version IGMP Version not set
 IGMP Immediate Leave - <not set>
```

|                               |           |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| MLD Immediate Leave -         | <not set> |
| IPv6_Ingress_Policy_Name -    | <not set> |
| IPv6_Egress_Policy_Name -     | <not set> |
| Cos_Parameter_Type -          | <not set> |
| Service Interim Acct Interval | 0         |
| Max Clients Per Interface     | 0         |
| Cos_Scheduler_Pmt_Type        | <not set> |
| Session Timeout               | 599999940 |
| NAS Port Type                 | 0         |
| Framed Pool                   | NULL      |
| Idle Timeout                  | 0         |

Acct-start sent  
Acct-start succeeded  
Pausing 10 seconds  
Interim-Acct sent  
Acct-interim succeeded  
Pausing 10 seconds  
Acct-stop sent  
Acct-stop succeeded  
Logging out subscriber  
Test complete. Exiting



## test aaa dhcp user

**Syntax**    `test aaa dhcp user username`  
                   `<agent-remote-id ari>`  
                   `<logical-system logical-system-name>`  
                   `<mac-address mac-address>`  
                   `<no-address-request>`  
                   `<option-82 option-82>`  
                   `<password password>`  
                   `<profile access-profile-name>`  
                   `<routing-instance routing-instance-name>`  
                   `<service-type service-type>`  
                   `<source-address source-address>`  
                   `<terminate-code code-value>`

**Release Information**    Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.  
                                   Option **terminate-code** added in Junos OS Release 11.4.  
                                   Option **agent-remote-id** added in Junos OS Release 14.1.  
                                   Options **no-address-request** and **service-type** added in Junos OS Release 16.1.

**Description**    Verify Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) subscriber access authentication, accounting, and address allocation configuration by creating a test pseudo session.

**Options**    **username**—Subscriber username to test.

**agent-remote-id *ari***—(Optional) Value of the DSL Forum Agent-Remote-Id (VSA 26–2).

**logical-system *logical-system-name***—(Optional) Logical system in which the subscriber is authenticated. This is the logical system in the AAA LS:RI context for the subscriber. This context differs from the subscriber context, which is the LS:RI in which the subscriber is placed, by either the Virtual-Router VSA (26–1) or the Redirect-VRouter-Name VSA (26–25).

**mac-address *mac-address***—(Optional) MAC address of the DHCP client.

**no-address-request**—(Optional) Request is sent for authentication without address allocation. Use for Layer 2-only scenarios where no address allocation request is needed.



**NOTE:** The `test aaa dhcp user` command tries to allocate an IPv4 address even when the subscriber is supposed to get only an IPv6 address. If that behavior is undesirable, include the `no-address-request` option when you issue the command.

**option-82 *option-82***—(Optional) DHCP relay agent information option (option-82) value.

**password** *password*—(Optional) Password associated with the username.

**profile** *access-profile-name*—(Optional) Access profile associated with the subscriber.

**routing-instance** *routing-instance-name*—(Optional) Routing instance in which the subscriber is authenticated. This is the routing instance in the AAA LS:RI context for the subscriber. This context differs from the subscriber context, which is the LS:RI in which the subscriber is placed, by either the Virtual-Router VSA (26-1) or the Redirect-VRouter-Name VSA (26-25). In the case of VSA 26-25, the subscriber is re-authenticated in the subscriber context.

**service-type** *service-type*—(Optional) Value of the Service Type RADIUS attribute [6] that is associated with the test user; either a number in the range 1 through 255 or one of the following strings that corresponds to an RFC-defined service type; the numbers are the values that are carried in the RADIUS attribute to specify the service:

|                       |                         |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| administrative (6)    | callback-nas-prompt (9) |
| authenticate-only (8) | framed (2)              |
| call-check (10)       | login (1)               |
| callback-admin (11)   | nas-prompt (7)          |
| callback-framed (4)   | outbound (5)            |
| callback-login (3)    | —                       |

**source-address** *source-address*—(Optional) IP address of the outgoing interface.

**terminate-code** *code-value*—(Optional) Code associated with the subscriber termination.

**Required Privilege Level**

view

**Related Documentation**

- [Testing a Subscriber AAA Configuration on page 895](#)

**List of Sample Output** [test aaa dhcp user on page 2035](#)

**Output Fields**

When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request. For information about output fields related to authentication, accounting, and subscriber-specific information, see the [show network-access aaa statistics](#), [show network-access aaa statistics authentication](#), [show network-access aaa subscribers](#), and [show subscribers](#) commands.

The **test** command does not support volume-time accounting. If volume-time accounting is configured for the test subscriber, the **test** command replaces the statistics with time-only accounting statistics.

This command displays only attributes that are supported by Junos OS; these attributes appear even when their values are not set. The Virtual Router Name (LS:RI) field matches the Juniper Networks Virtual-Router VSA (26-1), if present; otherwise the field displays default:default. The displayed value for all other attributes that are not received is **<not set>**.

## Sample Output

### test aaa dhcp user

The following example tests the configuration for DHCP subscriber user1DB and password \$ABC123, and displays the resulting output:

```
user@host> test aaa dhcp user user1DB@test.net password $ABC123
Authentication Grant
*****User Attributes*****
 User Name - user1DB@test.net
 Client IP Address - 192.168.1.1
 Client IP Netmask - 255.255.0.0
 Virtual Router Name (LS:RI)- default:default

 Agent Remote Id - NULL
 Reply Message - NULL
 Primary DNS IP Address - 0.0.0.0
 Secondary DNS IP Address - 0.0.0.0
 Primary WINS IP Address - 0.0.0.0
 Secondary WINS IP Address - 0.0.0.0
 Primary DNS IPv6 Address - ::
 Secondary DNS IPv6 Address - ::
 Framed Pool - <not set>
 Service Type - 0
 DHCP Guided Relay Server - 0
 Class Attribute - TEST
 Client IPv6 Address - ::
 Client IPv6 Mask - null
 Framed IPv6 Prefix - ::/0
 Framed IPv6 Pool - <not-set>
 NDRA IPv6 Prefix - <not-set>
 Login IPv6 Host - ::
 Framed Interface Id - 0:0:0:0
 Delegated IPv6 Prefix - ::/0
 Delegated IPv6 Pool - <not-set>
 User Password - $ABC123
 CHAP Password - NULL
 Mac Address - 00:00:5E:00:53:ab
 Idle Timeout - 600
 Session Timeout - 6000
 Service Name (1) - cos-service(video_sch, nc_sch)

 Service Statistics (1) - 1
 Service Acct Interim (1) - 600
 Service Activation Type (1) - 1
 Service Name (2) - filter-service(in_filter,
out_filter)
 Service Statistics (2) - 2
 Service Acct Interim (2) - 900
 Service Activation Type (2) - 1
 Cos shaping rate - 100m
 Filter Id - <not set>
```

```
Framed MTU - (null)
Framed Route - <not set>
Ingress Policy Name - <not set>
Egress Policy Name - <not set>
IGMP Enable - disabled
Redirect VR Name (LS:RI)- default:default
Service Bundle - Null
Framed Ip Route Tag - <not set>
Ignore DF Bit - disabled
IGMP Access Group Name - <not set>
IGMP Access Source Group Name - <not set>
MLD Access Group Name - <not set>
MLD Access Source Group Name - <not set>
IGMP Version - <not set>
MLD Version - <not set>
IGMP Immediate Leave - <not set>
MLD Immediate Leave - <not set>
IPv6 Ingress Policy Name - <not set>
IPv6 Egress Policy Name - <not set>
Dynamic Profile - <not set>
Acct Session ID - 1
Acct Interim Interval - 750
Acct Type - 1
Ingress Statistics - disabled
Egress Statistics - disabled
Chargeable user identity - 0
NAS Port Id - -0/0/0.0
NAS Port - 4095
NAS Port Type - 15
Framed Protocol - 1
IPv4 ADF Rule - 010100
IPv4 ADF Rule - 010101
IPv6 ADF Rule - 030100
IPv6 ADF Rule - 030101
****Pausing 10 seconds before disconnecting the test user*****
Logging out subscriber
 Terminate Id - <not set>
Test complete. Exiting
```

## test aaa ppp user

**Syntax**    `test aaa ppp user username`  
               `<agent-remote-id ari>`  
               `<logical-system logical-system-name>`  
               `<no-address-request>`  
               `<password password>`  
               `<profile access-profile-name>`  
               `<routing-instance routing-instance-name>`  
               `<service-type service-type>`  
               `<terminate-code code-value>`

**Release Information**    Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.  
                               Option **terminate-code** added in Junos OS Release 11.4.  
                               Option **agent-remote-id** added in Junos OS Release 14.1.  
                               Options **no-address-request** and **service-type** added in Junos OS Release 16.1.

**Description**    Verify Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) subscriber access authentication, accounting, and address allocation configuration by creating a test pseudo session.

**Options**    ***username***—Subscriber username to test.

***agent-remote-id ari***—(Optional) Value of the DSL Forum Agent-Remote-Id (VSA 26–2).

***logical-system logical-system-name***—(Optional) Logical system in which the subscriber is authenticated. This is the logical system in the AAA LS:RI context for the subscriber. This context differs from the subscriber context, which is the LS:RI in which the subscriber is placed, by either the Virtual-Router VSA (26-1) or the Redirect-VRouter-Name VSA (26–25).

***no-address-request***—(Optional) Request is sent for authentication without address allocation. Use for Layer 2-only scenarios where no address allocation request is needed.



**NOTE:** The `test aaa ppp user` command tries to allocate an IPv4 address even when the subscriber is supposed to get only an IPv6 address. If that behavior is undesirable, include the `no-address-request` option when you issue the command.

***password password***—(Optional) Password associated with the username.

***profile access-profile-name***—(Optional) Access profile associated with the subscriber.

***routing-instance routing-instance-name***—(Optional) Routing instance in which the subscriber is authenticated. This is the routing instance in the AAA LS:RI context for the subscriber. This context differs from the subscriber context, which is the LS:RI in which the subscriber is placed, by either the Virtual-Router VSA (26-1) or the

Redirect-VRouter-Name VSA (26–25). In the case of VSA 26–25, the subscriber is re-authenticated in the subscriber context.

**service-type** *service-type*—(Optional) Value of the Service Type RADIUS attribute [6] that is associated with the test user; either a number in the range 1 through 255 or one of the following strings that corresponds to an RFC-defined service type; the numbers are the values that are carried in the RADIUS attribute to specify the service:

|                       |                         |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| administrative (6)    | callback-nas-prompt (9) |
| authenticate-only (8) | framed (2)              |
| call-check (10)       | login (1)               |
| callback-admin (11)   | nas-prompt (7)          |
| callback-framed (4)   | outbound (5)            |
| callback-login (3)    | –                       |

**terminate-code** *code-value*—(Optional) Code associated with the subscriber termination.

**Required Privilege Level** view

**Related Documentation**

- [Testing a Subscriber AAA Configuration on page 895](#)

**List of Sample Output**

- [test aaa ppp user on page 2039](#)
- [test aaa ppp user \(tunneled user\) on page 2040](#)
- [test aaa ppp user \(authentication failure\) on page 2040](#)

**Output Fields** When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request. For information about output fields related to authentication, accounting, and subscriber-specific information, see the [show network-access aaa statistics](#), [show network-access aaa statistics authentication](#), [show network-access aaa subscribers](#), and [show subscribers](#) commands.

The **test** command does not support volume-time accounting. If volume-time accounting is configured for the test subscriber, the **test** command replaces the statistics with time-only accounting statistics.

This command displays only attributes that are supported by Junos OS; these attributes appear even when their values are not set. The Virtual Router Name (LS:RI) field matches the Juniper Networks Virtual-Router VSA (26-1), if present; otherwise the field displays default:default. The displayed value for all other attributes that are not received is **<not set>**.

## Sample Output

### test aaa ppp user

The following example tests the configuration for PPP subscriber user98BEDC and password \$ABC123, and displays the resulting output:

```

user@host> test aaa ppp user user98BEDC@test.net password $ABC123
Authentication Grant
*****User Attributes*****
 User Name - user98BEDC@test.net
 Client IP Address - 192.168.1.1
 Client IP Netmask - 255.255.0.0
 Virtual Router Name (LS:RI) - default:default
 Agent Remote Id - NULL
 Reply Message - NULL
 Primary DNS IP Address - 0.0.0.0
 Secondary DNS IP Address - 0.0.0.0
 Primary WINS IP Address - 0.0.0.0
 Secondary WINS IP Address - 0.0.0.0
 Primary DNS IPv6 Address - ::
 Secondary DNS IPv6 Address - ::
 Framed Pool - <not set>
 Class Attribute - TEST
 Service Type - 0
 Client IPv6 Address - ::
 Client IPv6 Mask - null
 Framed IPv6 Prefix - ::/0
 Framed IPv6 Pool - <not-set>
 NDRA IPv6 Prefix - <not-set>
 Login IPv6 Host - ::
 Framed Interface Id - 0:0:0:0
 Delegated IPv6 Prefix - ::/0
 Delegated IPv6 Pool - <not-set>
 User Password - $ABC123
 CHAP Password - NULL
 Mac Address - 00:00:5E:00:53:ab
 Idle Timeout - 600
 Session Timeout - 6000
 Service Name (1) - cos-service(video_sch, nc_sch)

 Service Statistics (1) - 1
 Service Acct Interim (1) - 600
 Service Activation Type (1) - 1
 Service Name (2) - filter-service(in_filter,
out_filter)
 Service Statistics (2) - 2
 Service Acct Interim (2) - 900
 Service Activation Type (2) - 1
 Cos shaping rate - 100m
 Filter Id - <not set>
 Framed MTU - (null)
 Framed Route - <not set>
 Ingress Policy Name - <not set>
 Egress Policy Name - <not set>
 IGMP Enable - disabled
 Redirect VR Name (LS:RI) - default
 Service Bundle - Null
 Framed Ip Route Tag - <not set>
 Ignore DF Bit - disabled

```

```

IGMP Access Group Name - <not set>
IGMP Access Source Group Name - <not set>
MLD Access Group Name - <not set>
MLD Access Source Group Name - <not set>
IGMP Version - <not set>
MLD Version - <not set>
IGMP Immediate Leave - <not set>
MLD Immediate Leave - <not set>
IPv6 Ingress Policy Name - <not set>
IPv6 Egress Policy Name - <not set>
Dynamic Profile - <not set>
Acct Session ID - 1
Acct Interim Interval - 750
Acct Type - 1
Chargeable user identity - 0
NAS Port Id - -0/0/0.0
NAS Port - 4095
NAS Port Type - 15
Framed Protocol - 1
IPv4 ADF Rule - 010100
IPv4 ADF Rule - 010101
IPv6 ADF Rule - 030100
IPv6 ADF Rule - 030101
****Pausing 10 seconds before disconnecting the test user*****
Logging out subscriber
 Terminate Id - <not set>
Test complete. Exiting

```

#### test aaa ppp user (tunneled user)

The following example tests the configuration for PPP tunneled subscriber accounting14, with password \$ABC123 and access profile finance-b, and displays the resulting output:

```

user@host> test aaa ppp user accounting14 password $ABC123 14 profile finance-b
Authentication Grant with Tunnel Attributes
*****Tunnel Attributes*****
 ****Tunnel Definiton - 1
 Tunnel Medium - 1
 Tunnel Type - 3
 Tunnel Max Sessions - 100
 Tunnel Server Endpoint - 192.0.2.4
 Tunnel Client Endpoint - 198.51.100.5
 Tunnel Server AuthId - rt1
 Tunnel Client AuthId - ts1
 Tunnel Password - radius
 Tunnel Assignment Id - til
 Tunnel Logical System -
 Tunnel Routing Instance -
 ****Pausing 10 seconds before disconnecting the test user*****
Logging out subscriber
 Terminate Id - 12tp
session-receive-cdn-avp-bad-hidden
Test complete. Exiting

```

#### test aaa ppp user (authentication failure)

The following example shows sample output when the authentication grant fails due to an invalid password:



```
user@host>test aaa ppp user user45@test.net password 55N33%%56
```

```
Authentication Deny
```

```
Reason : Access Denied
```

```
Received Attributes :
```

```

User Name - user45@test.net
Client IP Address - 0.0.0.0
Client IP Netmask - 0.0.0.0
Virtual Router Name (LS:RI)- default
Agent Remote Id - NULL
Reply Message - NULL
Primary DNS IP Address - 0.0.0.0
Secondary DNS IP Address - 0.0.0.0
Primary WINS IP Address - 0.0.0.0
Secondary WINS IP Address - 0.0.0.0
Primary DNS IPv6 Address - ::
Secondary DNS IPv6 Address - ::
Framed Pool - not set
Class Attribute - not set
Service Type - 0
Client IPv6 Address - ::
Client IPv6 Mask - null
Framed IPv6 Prefix - ::/0
Framed IPv6 Pool - not-set
NDRA IPv6 Prefix - not-set
Login IPv6 Host - ::
Framed Interface Id - 0:0:0:0
Delegated IPv6 Prefix - ::/0
Delegated IPv6 Pool - not-set
User Password - 55N33%%56
CHAP Password - NULL
Mac Address - 00:00:5E:00:53:ab
Filter Id - not set
Framed MTU - (null)
Framed Route - not set
Ingress Policy Name - not set
Egress Policy Name - not set
IGMP Enable- disabled
Redirect VR Name (LS:RI)- default
Service Bundle - Null
Framed Ip Route Tag - not set
Ignore DF Bit - disabled
IGMP Access Group Name - not set
IGMP Access Source Group Name - not set
MLD Access Group Name - not set
MLD Access Source Group Name - not set
IGMP Version - not set
MLD Version - not set
IGMP Immediate Leave - not set
MLD Immediate Leave - not set
IPv6 Ingress Policy Name - not set
IPv6 Egress Policy Name - not set
Acct Session ID - 12
Acct Interim Interval - 0
Acct Type - 0
Chargeable user identity - 0
NAS Port Id - -0/0/0.0
NAS Port - 4095
NAS Port Type - 15
Framed Protocol - 0
Test complete. Exiting
```

