



Junos[®] OS

Intrusion Detection and Prevention Feature Guide for Security Devices



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About the Documentation

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Documentation and Release Notes

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Supported Platforms

For the features described in this document, the following platforms are supported:

- vSRX
- SRX Series

Using the Examples in This Manual

If you want to use the examples in this manual, you can use the **load merge** or the **load merge relative** command. These commands cause the software to merge the incoming configuration into the current candidate configuration. The example does not become active until you commit the candidate configuration.

If the example configuration contains the top level of the hierarchy (or multiple hierarchies), the example is a *full example*. In this case, use the **load merge** command.

If the example configuration does not start at the top level of the hierarchy, the example is a *snippet*. In this case, use the **load merge relative** command. These procedures are described in the following sections.

Merging a Full Example

To merge a full example, follow these steps:

1. From the HTML or PDF version of the manual, copy a configuration example into a text file, save the file with a name, and copy the file to a directory on your routing platform.

For example, copy the following configuration to a file and name the file **ex-script.conf**. Copy the **ex-script.conf** file to the **/var/tmp** directory on your routing platform.

```
system {
  scripts {
    commit {
      file ex-script.xml;
    }
  }
}
interfaces {
  fxp0 {
    disable;
    unit 0 {
      family inet {
        address 10.0.0.1/24;
      }
    }
  }
}
```

2. Merge the contents of the file into your routing platform configuration by issuing the **load merge** configuration mode command:

```
[edit]
user@host# load merge /var/tmp/ex-script.conf
load complete
```

Merging a Snippet

To merge a snippet, follow these steps:

1. From the HTML or PDF version of the manual, copy a configuration snippet into a text file, save the file with a name, and copy the file to a directory on your routing platform.

For example, copy the following snippet to a file and name the file **ex-script-snippet.conf**. Copy the **ex-script-snippet.conf** file to the **/var/tmp** directory on your routing platform.

```
commit {
  file ex-script-snippet.xml; }
```

2. Move to the hierarchy level that is relevant for this snippet by issuing the following configuration mode command:


```
[edit]
user@host# edit system scripts
[edit system scripts]
```

3. Merge the contents of the file into your routing platform configuration by issuing the **load merge relative** configuration mode command:

```
[edit system scripts]
user@host# load merge relative /var/tmp/ex-script-snippet.conf
load complete
```

For more information about the **load** command, see [CLI Explorer](#).

Documentation Conventions

Table 1 on page xvii defines notice icons used in this guide.

Table 1: Notice Icons

Icon	Meaning	Description
	Informational note	Indicates important features or instructions.
	Caution	Indicates a situation that might result in loss of data or hardware damage.
	Warning	Alerts you to the risk of personal injury or death.
	Laser warning	Alerts you to the risk of personal injury from a laser.
	Tip	Indicates helpful information.
	Best practice	Alerts you to a recommended use or implementation.

Table 2 on page xvii defines the text and syntax conventions used in this guide.

Table 2: Text and Syntax Conventions

Convention	Description	Examples
Bold text like this	Represents text that you type.	To enter configuration mode, type the configure command: user@host> configure

Table 2: Text and Syntax Conventions (*continued*)

Convention	Description	Examples
Fixed-width text like this	Represents output that appears on the terminal screen.	<code>user@host> show chassis alarms</code> <code>No alarms currently active</code>
<i>Italic text like this</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Introduces or emphasizes important new terms. Identifies guide names. Identifies RFC and Internet draft titles. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A policy <i>term</i> is a named structure that defines match conditions and actions. <i>Junos OS CLI User Guide</i> RFC 1997, <i>BGP Communities Attribute</i>
<i>Italic text like this</i>	Represents variables (options for which you substitute a value) in commands or configuration statements.	Configure the machine's domain name: [edit] root@# set system domain-name <i>domain-name</i>
Text like this	Represents names of configuration statements, commands, files, and directories; configuration hierarchy levels; or labels on routing platform components.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To configure a stub area, include the stub statement at the [edit protocols ospf area area-id] hierarchy level. The console port is labeled CONSOLE.
< > (angle brackets)	Encloses optional keywords or variables.	stub <default-metric metric>;
(pipe symbol)	Indicates a choice between the mutually exclusive keywords or variables on either side of the symbol. The set of choices is often enclosed in parentheses for clarity.	broadcast multicast (string1 string2 string3)
# (pound sign)	Indicates a comment specified on the same line as the configuration statement to which it applies.	rsvp { # Required for dynamic MPLS only
[] (square brackets)	Encloses a variable for which you can substitute one or more values.	community name members [<i>community-ids</i>]
Indentation and braces ({ })	Identifies a level in the configuration hierarchy.	[edit] routing-options { static { route default { nexthop <i>address</i> ; retain; } } }
;(semicolon)	Identifies a leaf statement at a configuration hierarchy level.	
GUI Conventions		
Bold text like this	Represents graphical user interface (GUI) items you click or select.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In the Logical Interfaces box, select All Interfaces. To cancel the configuration, click Cancel.

Table 2: Text and Syntax Conventions (*continued*)

Convention	Description	Examples
> (bold right angle bracket)	Separates levels in a hierarchy of menu selections.	In the configuration editor hierarchy, select Protocols>Ospf .

Documentation Feedback

We encourage you to provide feedback, comments, and suggestions so that we can improve the documentation. You can provide feedback by using either of the following methods:

- Online feedback rating system—On any page of the Juniper Networks TechLibrary site at <http://www.juniper.net/techpubs/index.html>, simply click the stars to rate the content, and use the pop-up form to provide us with information about your experience. Alternately, you can use the online feedback form at <http://www.juniper.net/techpubs/feedback/>.
- E-mail—Send your comments to techpubs-comments@juniper.net. Include the document or topic name, URL or page number, and software version (if applicable).

Requesting Technical Support

Technical product support is available through the Juniper Networks Technical Assistance Center (JTAC). If you are a customer with an active J-Care or Partner Support Service support contract, or are covered under warranty, and need post-sales technical support, you can access our tools and resources online or open a case with JTAC.

- JTAC policies—For a complete understanding of our JTAC procedures and policies, review the *JTAC User Guide* located at <http://www.juniper.net/us/en/local/pdf/resource-guides/7100059-en.pdf>.
- Product warranties—For product warranty information, visit <http://www.juniper.net/support/warranty/>.
- JTAC hours of operation—The JTAC centers have resources available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year.

Self-Help Online Tools and Resources

For quick and easy problem resolution, Juniper Networks has designed an online self-service portal called the Customer Support Center (CSC) that provides you with the following features:

- Find CSC offerings: <http://www.juniper.net/customers/support/>
- Search for known bugs: <http://www2.juniper.net/kb/>
- Find product documentation: <http://www.juniper.net/techpubs/>
- Find solutions and answer questions using our Knowledge Base: <http://kb.juniper.net/>

- Download the latest versions of software and review release notes:
<http://www.juniper.net/customers/csc/software/>
- Search technical bulletins for relevant hardware and software notifications:
<http://kb.juniper.net/InfoCenter/>
- Join and participate in the Juniper Networks Community Forum:
<http://www.juniper.net/company/communities/>
- Open a case online in the CSC Case Management tool: <http://www.juniper.net/cm/>

To verify service entitlement by product serial number, use our Serial Number Entitlement (SNE) Tool: <https://tools.juniper.net/SerialNumberEntitlementSearch/>

Opening a Case with JTAC

You can open a case with JTAC on the Web or by telephone.

- Use the Case Management tool in the CSC at <http://www.juniper.net/cm/>.
- Call 1-888-314-JTAC (1-888-314-5822 toll-free in the USA, Canada, and Mexico).

For international or direct-dial options in countries without toll-free numbers, see <http://www.juniper.net/support/requesting-support.html>.

PART 1

Overview

- [Introduction to IDP on page 3](#)

CHAPTER 1

Introduction to IDP

- [Understanding Intrusion Detection and Prevention for SRX Series on page 3](#)

Understanding Intrusion Detection and Prevention for SRX Series

Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

An [Intrusion Detection and Prevention \(IDP\)](#) policy lets you selectively enforce various attack detection and prevention techniques on the network traffic passing through your SRX Series. The SRX Series offer the same set of IDP signatures that are available on Juniper Networks IDP Series Intrusion Detection and Prevention Appliances to secure networks against attacks. The basic IDP configuration involves the following tasks:

- Download and install the IDP license.
- Download and install the signature database—You must download and install the IDP signature database. The signature databases are available as a security package on the Juniper Networks website. This database includes attack object and attack object groups that you can use in IDP policies to match traffic against known attacks.
- Configure recommended policy as the IDP policy—Juniper Networks provides predefined policy templates to use as a starting point for creating your own policies. Each template is a set of rules of a specific rulebase type that you can copy and then update according to your requirements.

To get started, we recommend you use the predefined policy named “Recommended”.

- Enable a security policy for IDP inspection—For transit traffic to pass through IDP inspection, you configure a security policy and enable IDP application services on all traffic that you want to inspect.

SRX Series Services Gateways can be deployed in sniffer mode (only high-end SRX Series devices). The sniffer mode is not supported on branch SRX Series devices.

Sniffer mode is supported only on the high-end SRX Series devices. You can use the sniffer mode of IDP deployment by configuring the interfaces in promiscuous mode and manipulating the traffic and flow setup with routing.

On all high-end SRX Series devices, in sniffer mode, ingress and egress interfaces work with flow showing both source and destination interface as egress interface.

As a workaround, in sniffer mode, use the tagged interfaces. Hence, the same interface names are displayed in the logs. For example, the ge-0/0/2.0 as ingress (sniff) and the ge-0/0/2.100 as egress interfaces are displayed in the logs to show the source interface as ge-0/0/2.100.

```
set interfaces ge-0/0/2 promiscuous-mode
set interfaces ge-0/0/2 vlan-tagging
set interfaces ge-0/0/2 unit 0 vlan-id 0
set interfaces ge-0/0/2 unit 100 vlan-id 100
```

**Related
Documentation**

- *Example: Configuring Intrusion Detection and Prevention for SRX Series*

PART 2

Updating the IDP Signature Database

- [Downloading and Updating the IDP Signature Database on page 7](#)

CHAPTER 2

Downloading and Updating the IDP Signature Database

- [Understanding the IDP Signature Database on page 7](#)
- [Understanding Predefined IDP Attack Objects and Object Groups on page 8](#)
- [Updating the IDP Signature Database Overview on page 10](#)
- [Updating the IDP Signature Database Manually Overview on page 11](#)
- [Example: Updating the Signature Database Automatically on page 12](#)
- [Example: Updating the IDP Signature Database Manually on page 13](#)
- [Example: Downloading and Installing the IDP Security Packages in Chassis Cluster Mode on page 16](#)
- [Understanding the IDP Signature Database Version on page 19](#)
- [Verifying the IDP Signature Database Version on page 19](#)

Understanding the IDP Signature Database

Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

The signature database is one of the major components of Intrusion Detection and Prevention (IDP). It contains definitions of different objects—such as attack objects, application signatures objects, and service objects—that are used in defining IDP policy rules. As a response to new vulnerabilities, Juniper Networks periodically provides a file containing attack database updates on the Juniper website. You can download this file to protect your network from new threats.



NOTE: IDP feature is enabled by default, no license is required. Custom attacks and custom attack groups in IDP policies can also be configured and installed even when a valid license and signature database are not installed on the device.

The IDP signature database is stored on the IDP enabled device and contains definitions of predefined attack objects and groups. These attack objects and groups are designed to detect known attack patterns and protocol anomalies within the network traffic. You can configure attack objects and groups as match conditions in IDP policy rules.



NOTE: You must install the IDP signature-database-update license key on your device for downloading and installing daily signature database updates provided by Juniper Networks. The IDP signature license key does not provide grace period support. For license details, see *Junos OS Feature License Keys*.

You can perform the following tasks to manage the IDP signature database:

1. Update the signature database—Download the attack database updates available on the Juniper Networks website. New attacks are discovered daily, so it is important to keep your signature database up to date.
2. Verify the signature database version—Each signature database has a different version number with the latest database having the highest number. You can use the CLI to display the signature database version number.
3. Update the protocol detector engine—You can download the protocol detector engine updates along with downloading the signature database. The IDP protocol detector contains Application Layer protocol decoders. The detector is coupled with the IDP policy and is updated together. It is always needed at policy update time, even if there is no change in the detector.
4. Schedule signature database updates—You can configure the IDP-enabled device to automatically update the signature database after a set interval.

**Related
Documentation**

- [IDP Policies Overview on page 23](#)
- [Understanding IDP Policy Rule Bases on page 37](#)
- [Understanding IDP Policy Rules on page 38](#)
- [Understanding Predefined IDP Policy Templates on page 33](#)

Understanding Predefined IDP Attack Objects and Object Groups

Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

The security package for Intrusion Detection and Prevention (IDP) contains a database of predefined IDP attack objects and IDP attack object groups that you can use in IDP policies to match traffic against known and unknown attacks. Juniper Networks updates the predefined attack objects and groups on a regular basis with newly discovered attack patterns.

Updates to the attack object database can include:

- New descriptions or severities for existing attack objects
- New attack objects
- Deletion of obsolete attack objects

This topic includes the following sections:

- [Predefined Attack Objects on page 9](#)
- [Predefined Attack Object Groups on page 9](#)

Predefined Attack Objects

Predefined attack objects are listed in an alphabetical order. These attack objects have unique names that help you identify the attack. The first part of the name indicates the group to which the attack object belongs. For example:

- **FTP:USER:ROOT**—Belongs to the **FTP:USER** group. It detects attempts to log in to an FTP server using the **root** account.
- **HTTP:HOTMAIL:FILE-UPLOAD**—Belongs to the **HTTP:HOTMAIL** group. It detects files attached to e-mails sent via the Web-based e-mail service **Hotmail**.

Predefined Attack Object Groups

The predefined attack groups list displays the attack objects in the categories described below. A set of recommended attack objects that Juniper Networks considers to be serious threats are also available in this list. The recommended attack objects are organized into the following categories:

Table 3: Predefined Attack Object Groups

Attack Object Group	Description
Attack Type	Groups attack objects by type (anomaly or signature). Within each type, attack objects are grouped by severity.
Category	Groups attack objects by predefined categories. Within each category, attack objects are grouped by severity.
Operating System	Groups attack objects by the operating system to which they apply: BSD, Linux, Solaris, or Windows. Within each operating system, attack objects are grouped by services and severity.

Table 3: Predefined Attack Object Groups (*continued*)

Attack Object Group	Description
Severity	Groups attack objects by the severity assigned to the attack. IDP has five severity levels: Critical, Major, Minor, Warning, Info. Within each severity, attack objects are grouped by category.
Web Services	Groups attack objects by common Web services. These services are grouped by severity levels—Warning, Critical, Major, Minor, Info.
Miscellaneous	Groups attack objects by performance level. Attack objects affecting IDP performance over a certain level are grouped under this category.
Response	Groups attack objects in traffic flowing in the server to client direction.

Related Documentation

- [Understanding the IDP Signature Database on page 7](#)
- [Updating the IDP Signature Database Overview on page 10](#)
- [Updating the IDP Signature Database Manually Overview on page 11](#)

Updating the IDP Signature Database Overview

Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

Juniper Networks regularly updates the predefined attack database and makes it available on the Juniper Networks website. This database includes attack object groups that you can use in Intrusion Detection and Prevention (IDP) policies to match traffic against known attacks. Although you cannot create, edit, or delete predefined attack objects, you can use the CLI to update the list of attack objects that you can use in IDP policies.

To update the signature database, you download a security package from the Juniper Networks website. The security package consists of the following IDP components:

- Attack objects
- Attack object groups
- Application objects
- Updates to the IDP Detector Engine
- IDP Policy templates (Policy templates are downloaded independently. See [“Understanding Predefined IDP Policy Templates” on page 33.](#))

By default, when you download the security package, you download the following components into a Staging folder in your device: the latest version of the complete attack object groups table, application objects table, and the updates to the IDP Detector Engine. Because the attack objects table is typically of a large size, by default the system downloads only updates to the attack objects table. However, you can download the complete attack objects table by using the **full-update** configuration option.

After downloading the security package, you must install the package to update the security database with the newly downloaded updates from the Staging folder in your device.

After installing a security package, when you commit the configuration, all policies are checked for their syntax (not only the active policy). This checking is the same as a commit check. If an attack configured in any of the existing policies is removed from the new signature database that you download, the commit check fails.

When you update the IDP signature database, attacks configured in policies are not updated automatically. For example, suppose you configure a policy to include an attack **FTP:USER:ROOT** that is available in the signature database version 1200 on your system. Then, you download signature database version 1201, which no longer includes the attack **FTP:USER:ROOT**. Because an attack configured in your policy is missing from the newly downloaded database, the commit check in the CLI fails. To successfully commit your configuration, you must remove the attack (**FTP:USER:ROOT**) from your policy configuration.



CAUTION: IDP signature updates might fail if a new IDP policy load fails for any reason. When a new IDP policy load fails, the last known good IDP policy is loaded. Once the issue with the new policy load is resolved, and the new valid policy is active, signature updates will work properly.

Related Documentation

- [Understanding the IDP Signature Database on page 7](#)
- [Understanding Predefined IDP Attack Objects and Object Groups on page 8](#)
- [Understanding the IDP Signature Database Version on page 19](#)
- [Updating the IDP Signature Database Manually Overview on page 11](#)
- [Example: Updating the Signature Database Automatically on page 12](#)

Updating the IDP Signature Database Manually Overview

Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

Juniper Networks regularly updates the predefined attack database and makes it available on the Juniper Networks website. This database includes attack object groups that you can use in Intrusion Detection and Prevention (IDP) policies to match traffic against known attacks. Although you cannot create, edit, or delete predefined attack objects, you can use the CLI to update the list of attack objects that you can use in IDP policies. After downloading the security package, you must install the package to update the security database with the newly downloaded updates from the Staging folder in your device.

Related Documentation

- [Understanding the IDP Signature Database on page 7](#)
- [Example: Updating the IDP Signature Database Manually on page 13](#)
- [Example: Updating the Signature Database Automatically on page 12](#)

- [Verifying the IDP Signature Database Version on page 19](#)
- [Understanding the IDP Signature Database Version on page 19](#)
- [Updating the IDP Signature Database Overview on page 10](#)

Example: Updating the Signature Database Automatically

Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

This example shows how to download signature database updates automatically.

- [Requirements on page 12](#)
- [Overview on page 12](#)
- [Configuration on page 12](#)
- [Verification on page 13](#)

Requirements

Before you begin, configure network interfaces.

Overview

Juniper Networks regularly updates the predefined attack database and makes it available as a security package on the Juniper Networks website. This database includes attack objects and attack object groups that you can use in IDP policies to match traffic against known attacks. You can configure your device to automatically download the signature database updates at specified intervals.

In this example, you download the security package with the complete table of attack objects and attack object groups every 48 hours, starting at 11:59 p.m. on December 10. You also enable an automatic download and update of the security package.

Configuration

Step-by-Step Procedure To download and update the predefined attack objects:

1. Specify the URL for the security package.

[edit]

```
user@host# set security idp security-package url  
https://services.netscreen.com/cgi-bin/index.cgi
```



NOTE: By default it will take URL as
`https://services.netscreen.com/cgi-bin/index.cgi`.

2. Enable the automatic download and update of the security package.

[edit]

```
user@host# set security idp security-package automatic enable
```


3. If you are done configuring the device, commit the configuration.

```
[edit]  
user@host# commit
```

Verification

To verify the configuration is working properly, enter the **show security idp** command.

Related Documentation

- [Updating the IDP Signature Database Manually Overview on page 11](#)
- [Understanding the IDP Signature Database on page 7](#)

Example: Updating the IDP Signature Database Manually

Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

This example shows how to update the IDP signature database manually.

- [Requirements on page 13](#)
- [Overview on page 13](#)
- [Configuration on page 13](#)
- [Verification on page 16](#)

Requirements

Before you begin, configure network interfaces.

Overview

Juniper Networks regularly updates the predefined attack database and makes it available as a security package on the Juniper Networks website. This database includes attack object and attack object groups that you can use in IDP policies to match traffic against known attacks.

In this example, you download the security package with the complete table of attack objects and attack object groups. Once the installation is completed, the attack objects and attack object groups are available in the CLI under the predefined-attack-groups and predefined-attacks configuration statements at the [edit security idp idp-policy] hierarchy level. You create a policy and specify the new policy as the active policy. You also download only the updates that Juniper Networks has recently uploaded and then update the attack database, the running policy, and the detector with these new updates.

Configuration

CLI Quick Configuration

CLI quick configuration is not available for this example because manual intervention is required during the configuration.

Step-by-Step Procedure The following example requires you to navigate various levels in the configuration hierarchy. For instructions on how to do that, see *Using the CLI Editor in Configuration Mode* in the [CLI User Guide](#).

To manually download and update the signature database:

1. Specify the URL for the security package.

```
[edit]
user@host#set security idp security-package url
https://services.netscreen.com/cgi-bin/index.cgi
```



NOTE: By default it will take URL as `https://services.netscreen.com/cgi-bin/index.cgi`.

2. Commit the configuration.

```
[edit]
user@host# commit
```

3. Switch to operational mode.

```
[edit]
user@host# exit
```

4. Download the security package.

```
user@host>request security idp security-package download full-update
```



NOTE: You can perform an offline signature package download on your device. You can download the signature package and copy the package to any common location in the device and download the package offline using the `request security idp security-package offline-download` command.

The signature package installation remains the same and will be a full-update always.

5. Check the security package download status.

```
user@host>request security idp security-package download status
```

6. Update the attack database using the install command.

```
user@host>request security idp security-package install
```

7. Check the attack database update status with the following command (the command output displays information about the downloaded and installed versions of the attack database versions):

```
user@host>request security idp security-package install status
```

8. Switch to configuration mode.

- ```
user@host>configure
```
9. Create an IDP policy.  

```
[edit]
user@host#edit security idp idp-policy policy1
```
  10. Associate attack objects or attack object groups with the policy.  

```
[edit security idp idp-policy policy1]
user@host#set rulebase-ips rule rule1 match attacks predefined-attack-groups
"Response_Critical"
```
  11. Set action.  

```
[edit security idp idp-policy policy1]
user@host#set rulebase-ips rule rule1 then action no-action
```
  12. Activate the policy.  

```
[edit]
user@host#set security idp active-policy policy1
```
  13. Commit the configuration.  

```
[edit]
user@host# commit
```
  14. After a week, download only the updates that Juniper Networks has recently uploaded.  

```
user@host>request security idp security-package download
```
  15. Check the security package download status.  

```
user@host>request security idp security-package download status
```
  16. Update the attack database, the active policy, and the detector with the new changes.  

```
user@host>request security idp security-package install
```
  17. Check the attack database, the active policy and the detector using install status.  

```
user@host>request security idp security-package install status
```



**NOTE:** It is possible that an attack might be removed from the new version of an attack database. If this attack is used in an existing policy on your device, the installation of the new database will fail. An installation status message identifies the attack that is no longer valid. To update the database successfully, remove all references to the deleted attack from your existing policies and groups, and rerun the install command.

**Results** From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show security idp** command. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```
[edit]
user@host# show security idp
idp-policy policy1 {
 rulebase-ips {
 rule rule1 {
 match {
 attacks {
 predefined-attack-groups Response_Critical;
 }
 }
 then {
 action {
 no-action;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

## Verification

To confirm that the configuration is working properly, perform this task:

### Verifying the IDP Signature Database Manually

---

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Purpose</b>               | Display the IDP signature database manually.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Action</b>                | From operational mode, enter the <b>show security idp</b> command.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Updating the IDP Signature Database Manually Overview on page 11</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Example: Updating the Signature Database Automatically on page 12</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Understanding the IDP Signature Database on page 7</a></li><li>• <a href="#">request security idp security-package offline-download on page 397</a></li></ul> |

## Example: Downloading and Installing the IDP Security Packages in Chassis Cluster Mode

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

This example shows how to download and install the IDP signature database to a device operating in chassis cluster mode.

- [Requirements on page 17](#)
- [Overview on page 17](#)
- [Downloading and Installing the IDP Signature Database on page 17](#)

## Requirements

Before you begin, set the chassis cluster node ID and cluster ID. See *Example: Setting the Chassis Cluster Node ID and Cluster ID for Branch SRX Series Devices*.

## Overview

The security package for Intrusion Detection and Prevention (IDP) contains a database of predefined IDP attack objects and IDP attack object groups that you can use in IDP policies to match traffic against known and unknown attacks. Juniper Networks regularly updates the predefined attack objects and groups with newly discovered attack patterns.

To update the signature database, you must download a security package from the Juniper Networks website. After downloading the security package, you must install the package to update the security database with the newly downloaded updates from the Staging folder in your device.



**NOTE:** On all branch SRX Series devices,, if your device memory utilization is high on the control plane, loading a large IDP policy might cause the device to run out of memory. This can trigger a system reboot during the IDP security package update.

For more details, see “[Understanding the IDP Signature Database](#)” on page 7.

When you download the IDP security package on a device operating in chassis cluster mode, the security package is downloaded to the primary node and then synchronized to the secondary node. This synchronization helps maintain the same version of the security package on both the primary node and the secondary node.

## Downloading and Installing the IDP Signature Database

### Step-by-Step Procedure

The following example requires you to navigate various levels in the configuration hierarchy. For instructions on how to do that, see *Using the CLI Editor in Configuration Mode* in the *CLI User Guide*.

1. Specify the URL for the security package.

```
[edit]
user@host# set security idp security-package url
https://services.netscreen.com/cgi-bin/index.cgi
```

2. Switch to operational mode.

```
[edit]
user@host# exit
```

3. Download the IDP security package to the primary node (downloads in the `var/db/idpd/sec-download` folder).

```
{primary:node0}[edit]
user@host> request security idp security-package download
```

The following message is displayed.

node0:

-----  
Will be processed in async mode. Check the status using the status checking CLI

4. Check the security package download status.

```
{primary:node0}[edit]
user@host> request security idp security-package download status
```

On a successful download, the following message is displayed.

node0:

-----  
Done;Successfully downloaded from  
(https://services.netscreen.com/cgi-bin/index.cgi)  
and synchronized to backup.  
Version info:1871(Mon Mar 7 09:05:30 2011, Detector=11.4.140110223)

5. Update the attack database using the **install** command.

```
user@host> request security idp security-package install
```

6. Check the attack database update status. The command output displays information about the downloaded and installed versions of the attack database.

```
{primary:node0}[edit]
user@host> request security idp security-package install status
```

node0:

-----  
Done;Attack DB update : successful - [UpdateNumber=2011,ExportDate=Mon Oct 17 15:13:06 2011,Detector=11.6.140110920]  
Updating control-plane with new detector : successful  
Updating data-plane with new attack or detector : not performed  
due to no existing running policy found.

node1:

-----  
Done;Attack DB update : successful - [UpdateNumber=2011,ExportDate=Mon Oct 17 15:13:06 2011,Detector=11.6.140110920]  
Updating control-plane with new detector : successful  
Updating data-plane with new attack or detector : not performed  
due to no existing running policy found.



**NOTE:** You must download the IDP signature package into the primary node. This way, the security package is synchronized on the secondary node. Attempts to download the signature package to the secondary node will fail.

If you have configured a scheduled download for the security packages, the signature package files are automatically synchronized from the primary node to the backup node.

#### Related Documentation

- [Understanding the IDP Signature Database on page 7](#)
- [Example: Updating the IDP Signature Database Manually on page 13](#)

- [Example: Updating the Signature Database Automatically on page 12](#)

## Understanding the IDP Signature Database Version

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

New attack objects are added to the signature database server frequently; downloading these updates and installing them on your managed devices regularly ensures that your network is effectively protected against the latest threats. As new attack objects are added to the signature database server, the version number of the database is updated with the latest database version number. Each signature database has a different version number with the latest database having the highest number.

When updating the signature database, the signature database update client connects to the Juniper Networks website and obtains the update using an HTTPS connection. This update—difference between the existing signature database and latest signature database—is calculated based on the version number that is assigned to each signature database. After you download the updates, the updated information is merged with the existing signature database and the version number is set to that of the latest signature database.

- Related Documentation**
- [Understanding Predefined IDP Attack Objects and Object Groups on page 8](#)
  - [Updating the IDP Signature Database Overview on page 10](#)
  - [Updating the IDP Signature Database Manually Overview on page 11](#)

## Verifying the IDP Signature Database Version

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Purpose** Display the signature database version.

**Action** From the operational mode in the CLI, enter **show security idp security-package-version**.

### Sample Output

```
user@host> show security idp security-package-version
Attack database version:31(Wed Apr 16 15:53:46 2008)
 Detector version :9.1.140080400
 Policy template version :N/A
```

- Meaning** The output displays the version numbers for the signature database, protocol detector, and the policy template on the IDP-enabled device. Verify the following information:
- **Attack database version**—On April 16, 2008, the version of the signature database active on the device is **31**.
  - **Detector version**—Displays the version number of the IDP protocol detector currently running on the device.

- **Policy template version**—Displays the version of the policy template that is installed in the `/var/db/scripts/commit` directory when you run the **request security idp security-package install policy-templates** configuration statement in the CLI.

For a complete description of output, see the [show security idp security-package-version](#) description.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Verifying the IDP Policy Compilation and Load Status on page 28](#)
- [Understanding the IDP Signature Database on page 7](#)
- [Updating the IDP Signature Database Manually Overview on page 11](#)



## PART 3

# Configuring IDP Policies

- [Overview on page 23](#)
- [Configuring Predefined IDP Policy Templates on page 33](#)
- [Configuring IDP Policy Rules and IDP Rule Bases on page 37](#)
- [Configuring Custom Attack Objects on page 61](#)
- [Configuring Applications and Application Sets on page 103](#)



## CHAPTER 3

# Overview

- [IDP Policies Overview on page 23](#)
- [Example: Enabling IDP in a Security Policy on page 25](#)
- [Verifying the IDP Policy Compilation and Load Status on page 28](#)

## IDP Policies Overview

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**Supported Platforms**   [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

The Junos OS Intrusion Detection and Prevention (IDP) policy enables you to selectively enforce various attack detection and prevention techniques on network traffic passing through an IDP-enabled device. It allows you to define policy rules to match a section of traffic based on a zone, network, and application, and then take active or passive preventive actions on that traffic.

An IDP policy defines how your device handles the network traffic. It allows you to enforce various attack detection and prevention techniques on traffic traversing your network.

A policy is made up of *rule bases*, and each rule base contains a set of *rules*. You define rule parameters, such as traffic match conditions, action, and logging requirements, then add the rules to rule bases. After you create an IDP Policy by adding rules in one or more rule bases, you can select that policy to be the active policy on your device.

Junos OS allows you to configure multiple IDP policies, but a device can have only one active IDP policy at a time. Starting with Junos OS Release 15.1X49-D20, validation of configurations is done for the IDP policy that is configured as an active policy. You can install the same IDP policy on multiple devices, or you can install a unique IDP policy on each device in your network. A single policy can contain only one instance of any type of rule base.



**NOTE:** The IDP feature is enabled by default. No license is required. Custom attacks and custom attack groups in IDP policies can also be configured and installed even when a valid license and signature database are not installed on the device.

The following IDP policies are supported:

- DMZ\_Services
- DNS\_Services
- File\_Server
- Getting\_Started
- IDP\_Default
- Recommended
- Web\_Server

You can perform the following tasks to manage IDP policies:

- Create new IDP policies starting from scratch. See [“Example: Defining Rules for an IDP IPS RuleBase” on page 48](#).
- Create an IDP policy starting with one of the predefined templates provided by Juniper Networks (see [“Understanding Predefined IDP Policy Templates” on page 33](#)).
- Add or delete rules within a rule base. You can use any of the following IDP objects to create rules:
  - Zone



**NOTE:** You can configure source-address and source-except addresses when from-zone is any, and similarly to have destination-address and destination-except addresses when to-zone is any.

- Network objects available in the base system
- Predefined service objects provided by Juniper Networks
- Custom application objects
- Predefined attack objects provided by Juniper Networks
- Create custom attack objects (see [“Example: Configuring IDP Signature-Based Attacks” on page 95](#)).
- Update the signature database provided by Juniper Networks. This database contains all predefined objects.
- Maintain multiple IDP policies. Any one of the policies can be applied to the device.

The IDP policies for each user logical system are compiled together and stored on the data plane memory. To estimate adequate data plane memory for a configuration, consider these two factors:

- IDP policies applied to each user logical system are considered unique instances because the ID and zones for each user logical system are different. Estimates need to consider the combined memory requirements for all user logical systems.

- As the application database increases, compiled policies requires more memory. Memory usage should be kept below the available data plane memory to allow for database increases.

#### Related Documentation

- [Understanding IDP Policy Rules on page 38](#)
- [Understanding IDP Terminal Rules on page 54](#)
- [Understanding IDP Application Sets on page 103](#)
- [Understanding Custom Attack Objects on page 61](#)
- [Example: Enabling IDP in a Security Policy on page 25](#)

## Example: Enabling IDP in a Security Policy

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

This example shows how to configure two security policies to enable IDP services on all HTTP and HTTPS traffic flowing in both directions on an SRX Series device. This type of configuration can be used to monitor traffic to and from a secure area of an internal network as an added security measure for confidential communications.



**NOTE:** In this example, Zone2 is part of the internal network.

- [Requirements on page 25](#)
- [Overview on page 25](#)
- [Configuration on page 26](#)
- [Verification on page 28](#)

## Requirements

Before you begin:

- Configure network interfaces.
- Create security zones. See *Example: Creating Security Zones*.
- Configure applications. See *“Example: Configuring IDP Applications and Services” on page 106*.

## Overview

For transit traffic to pass through IDP inspection, you configure a security policy and enable IDP application services on all traffic that you want to inspect. Security policies contain rules defining the types of traffic permitted on the network and the way that the traffic is treated inside the network. Enabling IDP in a security policy directs traffic that matches the specified criteria to be checked against the IDP rulebases.



**NOTE:** IDP is enabled by default. No license is required. Custom attacks and custom attack groups in IDP policies can be configured and installed even when a valid license and signature database are not installed on the device.

To allow transit traffic to pass through without IDP inspection, specify a *permit* action for the rule without enabling the IDP application services. Traffic matching the conditions in this rule passes through the device without IDP inspection.

This example shows how to configure two policies, `idp-app-policy-1` and `idp-app-policy-2`, to enable IDP services on all HTTP and HTTPS traffic flowing in both directions on the device. The `idp-app-policy-1` policy directs all HTTP and HTTPS traffic flowing from previously configured Zone1 to Zone2 to be checked against IDP rulebases. The `idp-app-policy-2` policy directs all HTTP and HTTPS traffic flowing from Zone2 to Zone1 to be checked against IDP rulebases.



**NOTE:** The action set in the security policy action must be *permit*. You cannot enable IDP for traffic that the device denies or rejects.

## Configuration

### CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level, and then enter **commit** from configuration mode.

```
set security policies from-zone Zone1 to-zone Zone2 policy idp-app-policy-1 match
source-address any
set security policies from-zone Zone1 to-zone Zone2 policy idp-app-policy-1 match
destination-address any
set security policies from-zone Zone1 to-zone Zone2 policy idp-app-policy-1 match
application junos-http
set security policies from-zone Zone1 to-zone Zone2 policy idp-app-policy-1 match
application junos-https
set security policies from-zone Zone1 to-zone Zone2 policy idp-app-policy-1 then permit
application-services idp
set security policies from-zone Zone2 to-zone Zone1 policy idp-app-policy-2 match
source-address any
set security policies from-zone Zone2 to-zone Zone1 policy idp-app-policy-2 match
destination-address any
set security policies from-zone Zone2 to-zone Zone1 policy idp-app-policy-2 match
application junos-http
set security policies from-zone Zone2 to-zone Zone1 policy idp-app-policy-2 match
application junos-https
set security policies from-zone Zone2 to-zone Zone1 policy idp-app-policy-2 then permit
application-services idp
```

**Step-by-Step Procedure** The following example requires you to navigate various levels in the configuration hierarchy. For instructions on how to do that, see *Using the CLI Editor in Configuration Mode* in the *CLI User Guide*.

To enable IDP services on all HTTP and HTTPS traffic flowing in both directions on the device:

1. Create a security policy for traffic flowing from Zone1 to Zone2 that has been identified as junos-http or junos-https application traffic.

```
user@host# set security policies from-zone Zone1 to-zone Zone2 policy
idp-app-policy-1 match source-address any
user@host# set security policies from-zone Zone1 to-zone Zone2 policy
idp-app-policy-1 match destination-address any
user@host# set security policies from-zone Zone1 to-zone Zone2 policy
idp-app-policy-1 match application junos-http
user@host# set security policies from-zone Zone1 to-zone Zone2 policy
idp-app-policy-1 match application junos-https
```

2. Specify the action to be taken on Zone1 to Zone2 traffic that matches conditions specified in the policy.

```
user@host# set security policies from-zone Zone1 to-zone Zone2 policy
idp-app-policy-1 then permit application-services idp
```

3. Create another security policy for traffic flowing in the opposite direction that has been identified as junos-http or junos-https application traffic.

```
user@host# set security policies from-zone Zone2 to-zone Zone1 policy
idp-app-policy-2 match source-address any
user@host# set security policies from-zone Zone2 to-zone Zone1 policy
idp-app-policy-2 match destination-address any
user@host# set security policies from-zone Zone2 to-zone Zone1 policy
idp-app-policy-2 match application junos-http
user@host# set security policies from-zone Zone2 to-zone Zone1 policy
idp-app-policy-2 match application junos-https
```

4. Specify the action to be taken on traffic that matches the conditions specified in this policy.

```
user@host# set security policies from-zone Zone2 to-zone Zone1 policy
idp-app-policy-2 then permit application-services idp
```

**Results** From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show security policies** command. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```
[edit]
user@host# show security policies
from-zone Zone1 to-zone Zone2 {
 policy idp-app-policy-1 {
 match {
 source-address any;
 destination-address any;
 application [junos-http junos-https];
 }
 then {
```

```
 permit {
 application-services {
 idp;
 }
 }
 }
}
from-zone Zone2 to-zone Zone1 {
 policy idp-app-policy-2 {
 match {
 source-address any;
 destination-address any;
 application [junos-http junos-https];
 }
 then {
 permit {
 application-services {
 idp;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

## Verification

To confirm that the configuration is working properly, perform this task:

- [Verifying the Configuration on page 28](#)

### Verifying the Configuration

---

**Purpose** Verify that the security policy configuration is correct.

**Action** From operational mode, enter the **show security policies** command.

## Verifying the IDP Policy Compilation and Load Status

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**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series](#), [vSRX](#)

**Purpose** Display the IDP log files to verify the IDP policy load and compilation status. When activating an IDP policy, you can view the IDP logs and verify if the policy is loaded and compiled successfully.

**Action** To track the load and compilation progress of an IDP policy, configure either one or both of the following in the CLI:

- You can configure a log file, which will be located in **/var/log/**, and set trace option flags to record these operations:

```
user@host# set security idp traceoptions file idpd
```



```
user@host# set security idp traceoptions flag all
```

- You can configure your device to log system log messages to a file in the `/var/log` directory:

```
user@host# set system syslog file messages any any
```

After committing the configuration in the CLI, enter either of the following commands from the shell prompt in the UNIX-level shell:

## Sample Output

```
user@host> start shell
user@host% tail -f /var/log/idpd
Aug 3 15:46:42 chiron clear-log[2655]: logfile cleared
Aug 3 15:47:12 idpd_config_read: called: check: 0
Aug 3 15:47:12 idpd commit in progres ...
Aug 3 15:47:13 Entering enable processing.
Aug 3 15:47:13 Enable value (default)
Aug 3 15:47:13 IDP processing default.
Aug 3 15:47:13 idp config knob set to (2)
Aug 3 15:47:13 Warning: active policy configured but no application package
installed, attack may not be detected!
Aug 3 15:47:13 idpd_need_policy_compile:480 Active policy path
/var/db/idpd/sets/idpengine.set
Aug 3 15:47:13 Active Policy (idpengine) rule base configuration is changed so
need to recompile active policy
Aug 3 15:47:13 Compiling policy idpengine...
Aug 3 15:47:13 Apply policy configuration, policy ops bitmask = 41
Aug 3 15:47:13 Starting policy(idpengine) compile with compress dfa...
Aug 3 15:47:35 policy compilation memory estimate: 82040
Aug 3 15:47:35 ...Passed
Aug 3 15:47:35 Starting policy package...
Aug 3 15:47:36 ...Policy Packaging Passed
Aug 3 15:47:36 [get_secupdate_cb_status] state = 0x1
Aug 3 15:47:36 idpd_policy_apply_config idpd_policy_set_config()
Aug 3 15:47:36 Reading sensor config...
Aug 3 15:47:36 sensor/idp node does not exist, apply defaults
Aug 3 15:47:36 sensor conf saved
Aug 3 15:47:36 idpd_dev_add_ipc_connection called...
Aug 3 15:47:36 idpd_dev_add_ipc_connection: done.
Aug 3 15:47:36 idpd_policy_apply_config: IDP state (2) being set
Aug 3 15:47:36 idpd_comm_server_get_event:545: evGetNext got event.
Aug 3 15:47:36 idpd_comm_server_get_event:553: evDispatch OK
Aug 3 15:47:36 Apply policy configuration, policy ops bitmask = 4
Aug 3 15:47:36 Starting policy load...
Aug 3 15:47:36 Loading policy(/var/db/idpd/bins/idpengine.bin.gz.v +
/var/db/idpd/sec-repository/installed-detector/libidp-detector.so.tgz.v +
/var/db/idpd/bins/compressed_ai.bin)...
Aug 3 15:47:36 idpd_dev_add_ipc_connection called...
Aug 3 15:47:36 idpd_dev_add_ipc_connection: done.
Aug 3 15:47:37 idpd_policy_load: creating temp tar directory
'/var/db/idpd/bins/52b58e5'
Aug 3 15:47:37 sc_policy_unpack_tgz: running addver cmd '/usr/bin/addver -r
/var/db/idpd/sec-repository/installed-detector/libidp-detector.so.tgz.v
/var/db/idpd/bins/52b58e5/__temp.tgz > /var/log/idpd.addver'
Aug 3 15:47:38 sc_policy_unpack_tgz: running tar cmd '/usr/bin/tar -C
/var/db/idpd/bins/52b58e5 -xzf /var/db/idpd/bins/52b58e5/__temp.tgz'
Aug 3 15:47:40 idpd_policy_load: running cp cmd 'cp
/var/db/idpd/bins/52b58e5/detector4.so /var/db/idpd/bins/detector.so'
Aug 3 15:47:43 idpd_policy_load: running chmod cmd 'chmod 755
```

```

/var/db/idpd//bins/detector.so'
Aug 3 15:47:44 idpd_policy_load: running rm cmd 'rm -fr
/var/db/idpd//bins/52b58e5'
Aug 3 15:47:45 idpd_policy_load: detector version: 10.3.160100209
Aug 3 15:47:45 idpd_comm_server_get_event:545: evGetNext got event.
Aug 3 15:47:45 idpd_comm_server_get_event:553: evDispatch OK
Aug 3 15:47:45 idpd_policy_loader_command: sc_klibs_subs_policy_pre_compile()
returned 0 (EOK)
Aug 3 15:47:45 idpd_policy_load: IDP_LOADER_POLICY_PRE_COMPILE returned EAGAIN,
retrying... after (5) secs
Aug 3 15:47:50 idpd_comm_server_get_event:545: evGetNext got event.
Aug 3 15:47:50 idpd_comm_server_get_event:553: evDispatch OK
Aug 3 15:47:50 idpd_policy_loader_command: sc_klibs_subs_policy_pre_compile()
returned 0 (EOK)
Aug 3 15:47:50 idpd_policy_load: idp policy parser pre compile succeeded, after
(1) retries
Aug 3 15:47:50 idpd_policy_load: policy parser compile subs s0 name
/var/db/idpd/bins/idpengine.bin.gz.v1 buf 0x0 size 0zones 0xee34c7 z_size 136
detector /var/db/idpd//bins/detector.so ai_buf 0x0 ai_size 0 ai
/var/db/idpd/bins/compressed_ai.bin
Aug 3 15:47:50 idpd_comm_server_get_event:545: evGetNext got event.
Aug 3 15:47:50 idpd_comm_server_get_event:553: evDispatch OK
Aug 3 15:47:50 idpd_comm_server_get_event:545: evGetNext got event.
Aug 3 15:47:50 idpd_comm_server_get_event:553: evDispatch OK
Aug 3 15:47:50 idpd_policy_load: idp policy parser compile succeeded
Aug 3 15:47:50 idpd_comm_server_get_event:545: evGetNext got event.
Aug 3 15:47:50 idpd_comm_server_get_event:553: evDispatch OK
Aug 3 15:47:50 idpd_policy_load: idp policy pre-install succeeded
Aug 3 15:47:50 idpd_comm_server_get_event:545: evGetNext got event.
Aug 3 15:47:50 idpd_comm_server_get_event:553: evDispatch OK
Aug 3 15:47:50 idpd_comm_server_get_event:545: evGetNext got event.
Aug 3 15:47:50 idpd_comm_server_get_event:553: evDispatch OK
Aug 3 15:47:50 idpd_policy_load: idp policy install succeeded
Aug 3 15:47:50 idpd_comm_server_get_event:545: evGetNext got event.
Aug 3 15:47:50 idpd_comm_server_get_event:553: evDispatch OK
Aug 3 15:47:50 idpd_policy_load: idp policy post-install succeeded
Aug 3 15:47:51 IDP policy[/var/db/idpd/bins/idpengine.bin.gz.v] and
detector[/var/db/idpd/sec-repository/installed-detector/libidp-detector.so.tgz.v]
loaded successfully.
Aug 3 15:47:51 Applying sensor configuration
Aug 3 15:47:51 idpd_dev_add_ipc_connection called...
Aug 3 15:47:51 idpd_dev_add_ipc_connection: done.
Aug 3 15:47:51 idpd_comm_server_get_event:545: evGetNext got event.
Aug 3 15:47:51 idpd_comm_server_get_event:553: evDispatch OK
Aug 3 15:47:51 idpd_comm_server_get_event:545: evGetNext got event.
Aug 3 15:47:51 idpd_comm_server_get_event:553: evDispatch OK
Aug 3 15:47:51
...idpd commit end
Aug 3 15:47:51 Returning from commit mode, status = 0.
Aug 3 15:47:51 [get_secupdate_cb_status] state = 0x1
Aug 3 15:47:51 Got signal SIGCHLD....

```

## Sample Output

```

user@host> start shell
user@host% tail -f /var/log/messages
Aug 3 15:46:56 chiron mgd[2444]: UI_COMMIT_PROGRESS: Commit operation in
progress: no commit script changes
Aug 3 15:46:56 chiron mgd[2444]: UI_COMMIT_PROGRESS: Commit operation in
progress: no transient commit script changes
Aug 3 15:46:56 chiron mgd[2444]: UI_COMMIT_PROGRESS: Commit operation in

```

```

progress: finished loading commit script changes
Aug 3 15:46:56 chiron mgd[2444]: UI_COMMIT_PROGRESS: Commit operation in
progress: exporting juniper.conf
.....
Aug 3 15:47:51 chiron idpd[2678]: IDP_POLICY_LOAD_SUCCEEDED: IDP
policy[/var/db/idpd/bins/idpengine.bin.gz.v] and
detector[/var/db/idpd/sec-repository/installed-detector/libidp-detector.so.tgz.v]
loaded successfully(Regular load).
Aug 3 15:47:51 chiron idpd[2678]: IDP_COMMIT_COMPLETED: IDP policy commit is
complete.
.....
Aug 3 15:47:51 chiron chiron sc_set_flow_max_sessions: max sessions set 16384

```

**Meaning** Displays log messages showing the procedures that run in the background after you commit the **set security idp active-policy** command. This sample output shows that the policy compilation, sensor configuration, and policy load are successful.

**Related Documentation**

- [Verifying the IDP Signature Database Version on page 19](#)
- [Understanding the IDP Signature Database on page 7](#)
- [Updating the IDP Signature Database Manually Overview on page 11](#)



## CHAPTER 4

# Configuring Predefined IDP Policy Templates

- [Understanding Predefined IDP Policy Templates on page 33](#)
- [Downloading and Using Predefined IDP Policy Templates \(CLI Procedure\) on page 35](#)

## Understanding Predefined IDP Policy Templates

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**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

Juniper Networks provides predefined policy templates that you can use as a starting point for creating your own policies. Each template is set of rules of a specific rulebase type that you can copy and then update according to your requirements. These templates are available in the **templates.xml** file on a secured Juniper Networks website. To start using a template, you run a command from the CLI to download and copy this file to a **/var/db/scripts/commit** directory.

Each policy template contains rules that use the default actions associated with the attack objects. You should customize these templates to work on your network by selecting your own source and destination addresses and choosing IDP actions that reflect your security needs.

The client/server templates are designed for ease of use and provide balanced performance and coverage. The client/server templates include client protection, server protection, and client/server protection.

Each of the client/server templates has two versions that are device specific, a 1-gigabyte (GB) version and a 2-GB version.



**NOTE:** The 1-gigabyte versions labeled *1G* should only be used for devices that are limited to 1 GB of memory. If a 1-GB device loads anything other than a 1-GB policy, the device might experience policy compilation errors due to limited memory or limited coverage. If a 2-GB device loads anything other than a 2-GB policy, the device might experience limited coverage.

---

Use these templates as a guideline for creating policies. We recommend that you make a copy of these templates and use the copy (not the original) for the policy. This approach

allows you to make changes to the policy and to avoid future issues due to changes in the policy templates.

Table 4 on page 34 summarizes the predefined IDP policy templates provided by Juniper Networks.

**Table 4: Predefined IDP Policy Templates**

| Template Name                          | Description                                                                                                                                                                       |
|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Client-And-Server-Protection</b>    | Designed to protect both clients and servers. To be used on high memory devices with 2 GB or more of memory.                                                                      |
| <b>Client-And-Server-Protection-1G</b> | Designed to protect both clients and servers. To be used on all devices, including low-memory branch devices.                                                                     |
| <b>Client-Protection</b>               | Designed to protect clients. To be used on high memory devices with 2 GB or more of memory.                                                                                       |
| <b>Client-Protection-1G</b>            | Designed to protect clients. To be used on all devices, including low-memory branch devices.                                                                                      |
| <b>DMZ Services</b>                    | Protects a typical demilitarized zone (DMZ) environment.                                                                                                                          |
| <b>DNS Server</b>                      | Protects Domain Name System (DNS) services.                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>File Server</b>                     | Protects file sharing services, such as Network File System (NFS), FTP, and others.                                                                                               |
| <b>Getting Started</b>                 | Contains very open rules. Useful in controlled lab environments, but should not be deployed on heavy traffic live networks.                                                       |
| <b>IDP Default</b>                     | Contains a good blend of security and performance.                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Recommended</b>                     | Contains only the attack objects tagged as <i>recommended</i> by Juniper Networks. All rules have their Actions column set to take the recommended action for each attack object. |
| <b>Server-Protection</b>               | Designed to protect servers. To be used on high memory devices with 2 GB or more of memory.                                                                                       |
| <b>Server-Protection-1G</b>            | Designed to protect servers. To be used on all devices, including low-memory branch devices.                                                                                      |
| <b>Web Server</b>                      | Protects HTTP servers from remote attacks.                                                                                                                                        |

To use predefined policy templates:

1. Download the policy templates from the Juniper Networks website.
2. Install the policy templates.
3. Enable the **templates.xml** script file. Commit scripts in the **/var/db/scripts/commit** directory are ignored if they are not enabled.
4. Choose a policy template that is appropriate for you and customize it if you need to.
5. Activate the policy that you want to run on the system. Activating the policy might take a few minutes. Even after a commit complete message is displayed in the CLI, the system might continue to compile and push the policy to the data plane.



**NOTE:** Occasionally, the compilation process might fail for a policy. In this case, the active policy showing in your configuration might not match the actual policy running on your device. Run the `show security idp status` command to verify the running policy. Additionally, you can view the IDP log files to verify the policy load and compilation status.

6. Delete or deactivate the commit script file. By deleting the commit script file, you avoid the risk of overwriting modifications to the template when you commit the configuration. Deactivating the statement adds an inactive tag to the statement, effectively commenting out the statement from the configuration. Statements marked inactive do not take effect when you issue the **commit** command.

- Related Documentation**
- [Understanding the IDP Signature Database on page 7](#)
  - [Downloading and Using Predefined IDP Policy Templates \(CLI Procedure\) on page 35](#)

## Downloading and Using Predefined IDP Policy Templates (CLI Procedure)

### Supported Platforms [SRX Series](#)

Before you begin, configure network interfaces. See the *Junos OS Interfaces Configuration Guide for Security Devices*.

To download and use a predefined policy template:

1. Download the script file **templates.xml** to the `/var/db/idpd/sec-download/sub-download` directory. This script file contains predefined IDP policy templates.
 

```
user@host> request security idp security-package download policy-templates
```
2. Copy the **templates.xml** file to the `/var/db/scripts/commit` directory and rename it to **templates.xml**.
 

```
user@host> request security idp security-package install policy-templates
```
3. Enable the **templates.xml** scripts file. At commit time, the Junos OS management process (mgd) looks in the `/var/db/scripts/commit` directory for scripts and runs the script against the candidate configuration database to ensure the configuration conforms to the rules dictated by the scripts.
 

```
user@host# set system scripts commit file templates.xml
```
4. Commit the configuration. Committing the configuration saves the downloaded templates to the Junos OS configuration database and makes them available in the CLI at the `[edit security idp idp-policy]` hierarchy level.
5. Display the list of downloaded templates.
 

```
user@host# set security idp active-policy ?
```

Possible completions:  
 <active policy> Set active policy

DMZ\_Services  
DNS\_Service  
File\_Server  
Getting\_Started  
IDP\_Default  
Recommended  
Web\_Server

6. Activate the predefined policy. The following statement specifies the *Recommended* predefined IDP policy as the active policy:

```
user@host# set security idp active-policy Recommended
```

7. Delete or deactivate the commit script file. By deleting the commit script file, you avoid the risk of overwriting modifications to the template when you commit the configuration. Run one of the following commands:

```
user@host# delete system scripts commit file templates.xsl
user@host# deactivate system scripts commit file templates.xsl
```

8. If you are finished configuring the device, commit the configuration.
9. You can verify the configuration by using the **show security idp status** command. For more information, see the *Junos OS CLI Reference*.

#### Related Documentation

- [Understanding Predefined IDP Policy Templates on page 33](#)
- [Example: Defining Rules for an IDP IPS RuleBase on page 48](#)
- [Example: Defining Rules for an IDP Exempt Rulebase on page 52](#)



## CHAPTER 5

# Configuring IDP Policy Rules and IDP Rule Bases

- [Understanding IDP Policy Rule Bases on page 37](#)
- [Understanding IDP Policy Rules on page 38](#)
- [Example: Inserting a Rule in the IDP Rulebase on page 45](#)
- [Example: Deactivating and Activating Rules in an IDP Rulebase on page 46](#)
- [Understanding IDP IPS Rulebases on page 47](#)
- [Example: Defining Rules for an IDP IPS RuleBase on page 48](#)
- [Understanding IDP Exempt Rulebases on page 51](#)
- [Example: Defining Rules for an IDP Exempt Rulebase on page 52](#)
- [Understanding IDP Terminal Rules on page 54](#)
- [Example: Setting Terminal Rules in Rulebases on page 55](#)
- [Understanding DSCP Rules in IDP Policies on page 57](#)
- [Example: Configuring DSCP Rules in an IDP Policy on page 58](#)

## Understanding IDP Policy Rule Bases

---

### Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

Intrusion Detection and Prevention (IDP) policies are collections of rules and rulebases. A rulebase is an ordered set of rules that use a specific detection method to identify and prevent attacks.

Rules are instructions that provide context to detection mechanisms by specifying which part of the network traffic the IDP system should look in to find attacks. When a rule is matched, it means that an attack has been detected in the network traffic, triggering the action for that rule. The IDP system performs the specified action and protects your network from that attack.

Each rulebase can have multiple rules—you determine the sequence in which rules are applied to network traffic by placing them in the desired order. Each rulebase in the IDP system uses specific detection methods to identify and prevent attacks. Junos OS supports two types of rulebases—intrusion prevention system (IPS) rulebase and exempt rulebase.

- Related Documentation**
- [Understanding IDP IPS Rulebases on page 47](#)
  - [Understanding IDP Exempt Rulebases on page 51](#)
  - [Example: Inserting a Rule in the IDP Rulebase on page 45](#)
  - [Example: Deactivating and Activating Rules in an IDP Rulebase on page 46](#)

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## Understanding IDP Policy Rules

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

Each instruction in an Intrusion Detection and Prevention (IDP) policy is called a rule. Rules are created in rulebases.

Rulebases are a set of rules that combine to define an IDP policy. Rules provide context to detection mechanisms by specifying which part of the network traffic the IDP system should look in to find attacks. When a rule is matched, it means that an attack has been detected in the network traffic, triggering the action for that rule. The IDP system performs the specified action and protects your network from that attack.

IDP policy rules are made up of the following components:

- [Understanding IDP Rule Match Conditions on page 38](#)
- [Understanding IDP Rule Objects on page 39](#)
- [Understanding IDP Rule Actions on page 41](#)
- [Understanding IDP Rule IP Actions on page 43](#)
- [Understanding IDP Rule Notifications on page 44](#)

## Understanding IDP Rule Match Conditions

Match conditions specify the type of network traffic you want IDP to monitor for attacks.

Match conditions use the following characteristics to specify the type of network traffic to be monitored:

- **From-zone** and **to-zone**—All traffic flows from a source to a destination zone. You can select any zone for the source or destination. You can also use zone exceptions to specify unique to and from zones for each device. Specify **any** to monitor network traffic originating from and to any zone. The default value is **any**.



**NOTE:** You can now specify **source-address** and **source-except** addresses when **from-zone** is **any**. Similarly, when **to-zone** is **any**, you can specify **destination-address** and **destination-except** addresses.

---

- **Source IP address**—Specify the source IP address from which the network traffic originates. You can specify **any** to monitor network traffic originating from any IP address. You can also specify **source-except** to specify all sources except the specified addresses. The default value is **any**.

- **Destination IP address**—Specify the destination IP address to which the network traffic is sent. You can set this to **any** to monitor network traffic sent to any IP address. You can also specify **destination-except** to specify all destinations except the specified addresses. The default value is **any**.
- **Application**—Specify the Application Layer protocols supported by the destination IP address. You can specify **any** for all applications and **default** for the application configured in the attack object for the rule.

## Understanding IDP Rule Objects

Objects are reusable logical entities that you can apply to rules. Each object that you create is added to a database for the object type.

You can configure the following types of objects for IDP rules.

### Zone Objects

---

A zone or security zone is a collection of one or more network interfaces. IDP uses zone objects configured in the base system.

### Address or Network Objects

---

Address objects represent components of your network, such as host machines, servers, and subnets. You use address objects in IDP policy rules to specify the network components that you want to protect.

### Application or Service Objects

---

Service objects represent network services that use Transport Layer protocols such as TCP, UDP, RPC, and ICMP. You use service objects in rules to specify the service an attack uses to access your network. Juniper Networks provides predefined service objects, a database of service objects that are based on industry-standard services. If you need to add service objects that are not included in the predefined service objects, you can create custom service objects. IDP supports the following types of service objects:

- **Any**—Allows IDP to match all Transport Layer protocols.
- **TCP**—Specifies a TCP port or a port range to match network services for specified TCP ports. You can specify **junos-tcp-any** to match services for all TCP ports.
- **UDP**—Specifies a UDP port or a port range to match network services for specified UDP ports. You can specify **junos-udp-any** to match services for all UDP ports.
- **RPC**—Specifies a remote procedure call (RPC from Sun Microsystems) program number or a program number range. IDP uses this information to identify RPC sessions.
- **ICMP**—Specifies a type and code that is a part of an ICMP packet. You can specify **junos-icmp-all** to match all ICMP services.
- **default**—Allows IDP to match default and automatically detected protocols to the applications implied in the attack objects.

## Attack Objects

IDP attack objects represent known and unknown attacks. IDP includes a predefined attack object database that is periodically updated by Juniper Networks. Attack objects are specified in rules to identify malicious activity. Each attack is defined as an attack object, which represents a known pattern of attack. Whenever this known pattern of attack is encountered in the monitored network traffic, the attack object is matched. The three main types of attack objects are described in [Table 5 on page 40](#):

**Table 5: IDP Attack Objects Description**

| Attack Objects                  | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Signature Attack Objects        | Signature attack objects detect known attacks using stateful attack signatures. An attack signature is a pattern that always exists within an attack; if the attack is present, so is the attack signature. With stateful signatures, IDP can look for the specific protocol or service used to perpetrate the attack, the direction and flow of the attack, and the context in which the attack occurs. Stateful signatures produce few false positives because the context of the attack is defined, eliminating huge sections of network traffic in which the attack would not occur.                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Protocol Anomaly Attack Objects | Protocol anomaly attack objects identify unusual activity on the network. They detect abnormal or ambiguous messages within a connection according to the set of rules for the particular protocol being used. Protocol anomaly detection works by finding deviations from protocol standards, most often defined by RFCs and common RFC extensions. Most legitimate traffic adheres to established protocols. Traffic that does not, produces an anomaly, which may be created by attackers for specific purposes, such as evading an intrusion prevention system (IPS).                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Compound Attack Objects         | A compound attack object combines multiple signatures and/or protocol anomalies into a single object. Traffic must match all of the combined signatures and/or protocol anomalies to match the compound attack object; you can specify the order in which signatures or anomalies must match. Use compound attack objects to refine your IDP policy rules, reduce false positives, and increase detection accuracy. A compound attack object enables you to be very specific about the events that need to occur before IDP identifies traffic as an attack. You can use <b>And</b> , <b>Or</b> , and <b>Ordered and</b> operations to define the relationship among different attack objects within a compound attack and the order in which events occur. |

## Attack Object Groups

IDP contains a large number of predefined attack objects. To help keep IDP policies organized and manageable, attack objects can be grouped. An attack object group can contain one or more attack objects of different types. Junos OS supports the following three types of attack groups:

- Predefined attack object groups—Contain objects present in the signature database. The predefined attack object groups are dynamic in nature. For example, FTP: Minor

group selects all attacks of application- FTP and severity- Minor. If a new FTP attack of minor severity is introduced in the security database, it is added to the FTP: Minor group by default.

- **Dynamic attack groups**—Contain attack objects based on a certain matching criteria. For example, a dynamic group can contain all attacks related to an application. During signature update, the dynamic group membership is automatically updated based on the matching criteria for that group.

On SRX Series devices, for a dynamic attack group using the direction filter, the expression **and** should be used in the exclude values. As is the case with all filters, the default expression is **or**. However, there is a choice of **and** in the case of the direction filter.

For example, if you want to choose all attacks with the direction client-to-server, configure the direction filter using **set security idp dynamic-attack-group dyn1 filters direction values client-to-server** command

In the case of chain attacks, each of the multiple members has its own direction. If a policy includes chain attacks, a client-to-server filter selects all chain attacks that have any member with client-to-server as the direction. This means chain attacks that include members with server-to-client or ANY as the direction are selected if the chain has at least one member with client-to-server as the direction.

To prevent these chain attacks from being added to the policy, configure the dynamic group as follows:

- **set security idp dynamic-attack-group dyn1 filters direction expression and**
- **set security idp dynamic-attack-group dyn1 filters direction values client-to-server**
- **set security idp dynamic-attack-group dyn1 filters direction values exclude-server-to-client**
- **set security idp dynamic-attack-group dyn1 filters direction values exclude-any**
- **Custom attack groups**—Contain customer-defined attack groups and can be configured through the CLI. They can contain specific predefined attacks, custom attacks, predefined attack groups, or dynamic attack groups. They are static in nature, because the attacks are specified in the group. Therefore the attack groups do not change when the security database is updated

## Understanding IDP Rule Actions

*Actions* specify the actions you want IDP to take when the monitored traffic matches the attack objects specified in the rules.

Table 6 on page 41 shows the actions you can specify for IDP rules:

**Table 6: IDP Rule Actions**

| Term             | Definition                                                                                |
|------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>No Action</b> | No action is taken. Use this action when you only want to generate logs for some traffic. |

Table 6: IDP Rule Actions (*continued*)

| Term                           | Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Ignore Connection</b>       | <p>Stops scanning traffic for the rest of the connection if an attack match is found. IDP disables the rulebase for the specific connection.</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> This action does not mean ignore an attack.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Diffserv Marking</b>        | <p>Assigns the indicated Differentiated Services code point (DSCP) value to the packet in an attack, then passes the packet on normally.</p> <p>Note that DSCP value is not applied to the first packet that is detected as an attack, but is applied to subsequent packets.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Drop Packet</b>             | <p>Drops a matching packet before it can reach its destination but does not close the connection. Use this action to drop packets for attacks in traffic that is prone to spoofing, such as UDP traffic. Dropping a connection for such traffic could result in a denial of service that prevents you from receiving traffic from a legitimate source-IP address.</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> When an IDP policy is configured using a non-packet context defined in a custom signature for any application and has the action drop_packet, when IDP identifies an attack the decoder will promote drop_packet to drop_connection. With a DNS protocol attack, this is not the case. The DNS decoder will not promote drop_packet to drop_connection when an attack is identified. This will ensure that only DNS attack traffic will be dropped and valid DNS requests will continue to be processed. This will also avoid TCP retransmission for the valid TCP DNS requests.</p> |
| <b>Drop Connection</b>         | Drops all packets associated with the connection, preventing traffic for the connection from reaching its destination. Use this action to drop connections for traffic that is not prone to spoofing.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Close Client</b>            | Closes the connection and sends an RST packet to the client but not to the server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Close Server</b>            | Closes the connection and sends an RST packet to the server but not to the client.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Close Client and Server</b> | Closes the connection and sends an RST packet to both the client and the server.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

Table 6: IDP Rule Actions (*continued*)

| Term               | Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Recommended</b> | <p>All predefined attack objects have a default action associated with them. This is the action that Juniper Networks recommends when that attack is detected.</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> This action is supported only for IPS rulebases.</p> <p>Recommended —A list of all attack objects that Juniper Networks considers to be serious threats, organized into categories.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Attack type groups attack objects by type (anomaly or signature). Within each type, attack objects are grouped by severity.</li> <li>Category groups attack objects by predefined categories. Within each category, attack objects are grouped by severity.</li> <li>Operating system groups attack objects by the operating system to which they apply: BSD, Linux, Solaris, or Windows. Within each operating system, attack objects are grouped by services and severity.</li> <li>Severity groups attack objects by the severity assigned to the attack. IDP has five severity levels: Critical, Major, Minor, Warning, and Info. Within each severity, attack objects are grouped by category.</li> </ul> |

## Understanding IDP Rule IP Actions

IP actions are actions that apply on future connections that use the same IP action attributes. For example, you can configure an IP action in the rule to block all future HTTP sessions between two hosts if an attack is detected on a session between the hosts. Or you can specify a timeout value that defines that the action should be applied only if new sessions are initiated within that specified timeout value. The default timeout value for IP actions is 0, which means that IP actions are never timed out.

IP actions are similar to other actions; they direct IDP to drop or close the connection. However, because you now also have the attacker's IP address, you can choose to block the attacker for a specified time. If attackers cannot immediately regain a connection to your network, they might try to attack easier targets. Use IP actions in conjunction with actions and logging to secure your network.

IP action attributes are a combination of the following fields:

- Source IP address
- Destination IP address
- Destination port
- From-zone
- Protocol

Table 7 on page 44 summarizes the types IP actions supported by IDP rules:

Table 7: IDP Rule IP Actions

| Term                      | Definition                                                                                                |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Notify</b>             | Does not take any action against future traffic, but logs the event. This is the default.                 |
| <b>Drop/Block Session</b> | All packets of any session matching the IP action rule are dropped silently.                              |
| <b>Close Session</b>      | Any new sessions matching this IP action rule are closed by sending RST packets to the client and server. |

When traffic matches multiple rules, the most severe IP action of all matched rules is applied. The most severe IP action is the Close Session action, the next in severity is the Drop/Block Session action, and then the Notify action.



**NOTE:** After enhancements to the central point, the system has the following limitations:

- The maximum active mode `ip-action` number for each SPU is limited to 600000 entries. When this limit is reached, you cannot create a new active mode `ip-action` entry on the SPU.
- The maximum all modes (active mode and passive mode) `ip-action` number for each SPU is limited to 1200000 entries. When this limit is reached, you cannot create a new active mode `ip-action` entry on the SPU.
- When you run the `clear ip-action` command, the `ip-action` entries are deleted through ring messages. When the CPU usage is high, the deleted ring messages are dropped and resent by the active mode `ip-action`. As the deleting process takes time, you can see few `ip-action` entries when you run the `show ip-action` command.

On devices where central point enhancements are not done, only active mode `ip-action` exists and the maximum `ip-action` number is limited to 600000. When this limit is reached, you cannot create a new active mode `ip-action` entry.

## Understanding IDP Rule Notifications

Notification defines how information is to be logged when an action is performed. When attacks are detected, you can choose to log an attack and create log records with attack information and send that information to the log server.

By using notifications, you can also configure the following options that instruct the log server to perform specific actions on logs generated for each rule:

- **Set Alerts**—Specify an alert option for a rule in the IDP policy. When the rule is matched, the corresponding log record displays an alert in the alert column of the Log Viewer.



Security administrators use alerts to become aware of and react to important security events.

- **Set Severity Level**—Set severity levels in logging to support better organization and presentation of log records on the log server. You can use the default severity settings of the selected attack objects or choose a specific severity for your rule. The severity you configure in the rules overrides the inherited attack severity. You can set the severity level to the following levels:
  - Info—2
  - Warning—3
  - Minor—4
  - Major—5
  - Critical—7

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Understanding IDP Policy Rule Bases on page 37](#)
- [Understanding Custom Attack Objects on page 61](#)
- [Example: Configuring Compound or Chain Attacks on page 78](#)
- [Example: Configuring Attack Groups with Dynamic Attack Groups and Custom Attack Groups on page 83](#)

---

## Example: Inserting a Rule in the IDP Rulebase

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

This example shows how to insert a rule in the IDP rulebase.

### Requirements

Before you begin:

- Configure network interfaces.
- Define rules in a rulebase. See [“Example: Defining Rules for an IDP IPS RuleBase” on page 48](#).

### Overview

The IDP rule-matching algorithm starts from the top of the rulebase and checks traffic against all rules in the rulebase that match the specified match conditions. You determine the sequence in which rules are applied to network traffic by placing them in the desired order. When you add a rule to the rulebase, it is placed at the end of the existing list of rules. To place a rule in any other location than at the end of the rulebase, you *insert* the rule at the desired location in the rulebase. This example places rule R2 before rule R1 in the IDP IPS rulebase in a policy called base-policy.

## Configuration

### Step-by-Step Procedure

To insert a rule in the rulebase:

1. Define the position of the rule in the rulebase based on the order in which you want the rule to be evaluated.

[edit]

```
user@host# insert security idp idp-policy base-policy rulebase-ips rule R2 before rule R1
```

2. If you are done configuring the device, commit the configuration.

[edit]

```
user@host# commit
```

## Verification

To verify the configuration is working properly, enter the **show security idp status** command.

### Related Documentation

- [Understanding IDP Policy Rule Bases on page 37](#)

---

## Example: Deactivating and Activating Rules in an IDP Rulebase

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

This example shows how to deactivate and activate a rule in a rulebase.

## Requirements

Before you begin:

- Configure network interfaces.
- Define rules in a rulebase. See [“Example: Defining Rules for an IDP IPS RuleBase” on page 48](#).

## Overview

In a rulebase, you can disable and enable rules by using the **deactivate** and **activate** commands. The **deactivate** command comments out the specified statement from the configuration. Rules that have been deactivated do not take effect when you issue the **commit** command. The **activate** command adds the specified statement back to the configuration. Rules that have been activated take effect when you next issue the **commit** command. This example shows how to deactivate and reactivate rule R2 in an IDP IPS rulebase that is associated with a policy called base-policy.

## Configuration

### Step-by-Step Procedure

To deactivate and activate a rule in a rulebase:

1. Specify the rule that you want to deactivate.

[edit]

- ```
user@host# deactivate security idp idp-policy base-policy rulebase-ips rule R2
```
2. Activate the rule.
- ```
[edit]
user@host# activate security idp idp-policy base-policy rulebase-ips rule R2
```
3. If you are done configuring the device, commit the configuration.
- ```
[edit]  
user@host# commit
```

Verification

To verify the configuration is working properly, enter the **show security idp status** command.

- Related Documentation
- [Understanding IDP Policy Rule Bases on page 37](#)

Understanding IDP IPS Rulebases

Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

The intrusion prevention system (IPS) rulebase protects your network from attacks by using attack objects to detect known and unknown attacks. It detects attacks based on stateful signature and protocol anomalies. [Table 8 on page 47](#) summarizes the options that you can configure in the IPS-rulebase rules.

Table 8: IPS Rulebase Components

Term	Definition
Match condition	Specify the type of network traffic you want the device to monitor for attacks. For more information about match conditions, see “Understanding IDP Policy Rules” on page 38 .
Attack objects/groups	Specify the attacks you want the device to match in the monitored network traffic. Each attack is defined as an attack object, which represents a known pattern of attack. For more information about attack objects, see “Understanding IDP Policy Rules” on page 38 .
Terminal flag	Specify a terminal rule. The device stops matching rules for a session when a terminal rule is matched. For more information about terminal rules, see “Understanding IDP Terminal Rules” on page 54 .
Action	Specify the action you want the system to take when the monitored traffic matches the attack objects specified in the rules. If an attack triggers multiple rule actions, then the most severe action among those rules is executed. For more information about actions, see “Understanding IDP Policy Rules” on page 38 .
IP Action	Enables you to protect the network from future intrusions while permitting legitimate traffic. You can configure one of the following IP action options in the IPS rulebase—notify, drop, or close. For more information about IP actions, see “Understanding IDP Policy Rules” on page 38 .

Table 8: IPS Rulebase Components (*continued*)

Term	Definition
Notification	Defines how information is to be logged when action is performed. You can choose to log an attack, create log records with the attack information, and send information to the log server. For more information, see “Understanding IDP Policy Rules” on page 38 .

Related Documentation

- [Example: Defining Rules for an IDP IPS RuleBase on page 48](#)

Example: Defining Rules for an IDP IPS RuleBase

Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

This example shows how to define rules for an IDP IPS rulebase.

- [Requirements on page 48](#)
- [Overview on page 48](#)
- [Configuration on page 49](#)
- [Verification on page 51](#)

Requirements

Before you begin:

- Configure network interfaces.
- Create security zones. See [Example: Creating Security Zones](#).
- Enable IDP in security policies. See [“Example: Enabling IDP in a Security Policy” on page 25](#).

Overview

Each rule is composed of match conditions, objects, actions, and notifications. When you define an IDP rule, you must specify the type of network traffic you want IDP to monitor for attacks by using the following characteristics—source zone, destination zone, source IP address, destination IP address, and the Application Layer protocol supported by the destination IP address. The rules are defined in rulebases, and rulebases are associated with policies.

This example describes how to create a policy called base-policy, specify a rulebase for this policy, and then add rule R1 to this rulebase. In this example, rule R1:

- Specifies the match condition to include any traffic from a previously configured zone called *trust* to another previously configured zone called *untrust*. The match condition also includes a predefined attack group Critical - TELNET. The application setting in the match condition is *default* and matches any application configured in the attack object.
- Specifies an action to drop connection for any traffic that matches the criteria for rule R1.
- Enables attack logging and specifies that an alert flag is added to the attack log.
- Specifies a severity level as *critical*.

After defining the rule, you specify base-policy as the active policy on the device.

Configuration

CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level, and then enter **commit** from configuration mode.

```
set security idp idp-policy base-policy
set security idp idp-policy base-policy rulebase-ips rule R1 match from-zone trust to-zone
  untrust source-address any destination-address any application default
set security idp idp-policy base-policy rulebase-ips rule R1 match attacks
  predefined-attack-groups "TELNET-Critical"
set security idp idp-policy base-policy rulebase-ips rule R1 then action drop-connection
set security idp idp-policy base-policy rulebase-ips rule R1 then notification log-attacks
  alert
set security idp idp-policy base-policy rulebase-ips rule R1 then severity critical
set security idp active-policy base-policy
```

Step-by-Step Procedure

The following example requires you to navigate various levels in the configuration hierarchy. For instructions on how to do that, see *Using the CLI Editor in Configuration Mode* in the *CLI User Guide*.

To define rules for an IDP IPS rulebase:

1. Create a policy by assigning a meaningful name to it.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit security idp idp-policy base-policy
```
2. Associate a rulebase with the policy.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy base-policy]
user@host# edit rulebase-ips
```
3. Add rules to the rulebase.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy base-policy rulebase-ips]
user@host# edit rule R1
```
4. Define the match criteria for the rule.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy base-policy rulebase-ips rule R1]
```

```
user@host# set match from-zone trust to-zone untrust source-address any
destination-address any application default
```

5. Define an attack as match criteria.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy base-policy rulebase-ips rule R1]
user@host# set match attacks predefined-attack-groups "TELNET-Critical"
```

6. Specify an action for the rule.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy base-policy rulebase-ips rule R1]
user@host# set then action drop-connection
```

7. Specify notification and logging options for the rule.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy base-policy rulebase-ips rule R1]
user@host# set then notification log-attacks alert
```

8. Set the severity level for the rule.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy base-policy rulebase-ips rule R1]
user@host# set then severity critical
```

9. Activate the policy.

```
[edit]
user@host# set security idp active-policy base-policy
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show security idp** command. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```
[edit]
user@host# show security idp
idp-policy base-policy {
  rulebase-ips {
    rule R1 {
      match {
        from-zone trust;
        source-address any;
        to-zone untrust;
        destination-address any;
        application default;
        attacks {
          predefined-attack-groups Critical-TELNET;
        }
      }
    }
  }
  then {
    action {
      drop-connection;
    }
    notification {
      log-attacks {
        alert;
      }
    }
    severity critical;
  }
}
```

```

    }
  }
  active-policy base-policy;

```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Verification

To confirm that the configuration is working properly, perform this task:

- [Verifying the Configuration on page 51](#)

Verifying the Configuration

Purpose Verify that the rules for the IDP IPS rulebase configuration are correct.

Action From operational mode, enter the **show security idp status** command.

Related Documentation • [Understanding IDP IPS Rulebases on page 47](#)

Understanding IDP Exempt Rulebases

Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

The exempt rulebase works in conjunction with the intrusion prevention system (IPS) rulebase to prevent unnecessary alarms from being generated. You configure rules in this rulebase to exclude known false positives or to exclude a specific source, destination, or source/destination pair from matching an IPS rule. If traffic matches a rule in the IPS rulebase, the system attempts to match the traffic against the exempt rulebase before performing the action specified. Carefully written rules in an exempt rulebase can significantly reduce the number of false positives generated by an IPS rulebase.

Configure an exempt rulebase in the following conditions:

- When an IDP rule uses an attack object group that contains one or more attack objects that produce false positives or irrelevant log records.
- When you want to exclude a specific source, destination, or source/destination pair from matching an IDP rule. This prevents IDP from generating unnecessary alarms.



NOTE: Make sure to configure the IPS rulebase before configuring the exempt rulebase.

[Table 9 on page 52](#) summarizes the options that you can configure in the exempt-rulebase rules.

Table 9: Exempt Rulebase Options

Term	Definition
Match condition	Specify the type of network traffic you want the device to monitor for attacks in the same way as in the IPS rulebase. However, in the exempt rulebase, you cannot configure an application; it is always set to any .
Attack objects/groups	Specify the attack objects that you do <i>not</i> want the device to match in the monitored network traffic.

Related Documentation

- [Understanding IDP Policy Rule Bases on page 37](#)
- [Understanding IDP IPS Rulebases on page 47](#)
- [Example: Defining Rules for an IDP Exempt Rulebase on page 52](#)

Example: Defining Rules for an IDP Exempt Rulebase

Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

This example shows how to define rules for an exempt IDP rulebase.

- [Requirements on page 52](#)
- [Overview on page 52](#)
- [Configuration on page 53](#)
- [Verification on page 54](#)

Requirements

Before you begin, create rules in the IDP IPS rulebase. See [“Example: Defining Rules for an IDP IPS RuleBase” on page 48](#).

Overview

When you create an exempt rule, you must specify the following:

- Source and destination for traffic you want to exempt. You can set the source or destination to **Any** to exempt network traffic originating from any source or sent to any destination. You can also set **source-except** or **destination-except** to specify all the sources or destinations except the specified source or destination addresses.



NOTE: You can now specify **source-address** and **source-except** addresses when **from-zone** is **any**. Similarly, when **to-zone** is **any**, you can specify **destination-address** and **destination-except** addresses.

- The attacks you want IDP to exempt for the specified source/destination addresses. You must include at least one attack object in an exempt rule.

This example shows that the IDP policy generates false positives for the attack FTP:USER:ROOT on an internal network. You configure the rule to exempt attack detection for this attack when the source IP is from your internal network.

Configuration

CLI Quick Configuration To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level, and then enter **commit** from configuration mode.

```
set security idp idp-policy base-policy
set security idp idp-policy base-policy rulebase-exempt rule R1 match from-zone trust
to-zone any
set security idp idp-policy base-policy rulebase-exempt rule R1 match source-address
internal-devices destination-address any
set security idp idp-policy base-policy rulebase-exempt rule R1 match attacks
predefined-attacks "FTP:USER:ROOT"
set security idp active-policy base-policy
```

Step-by-Step Procedure The following example requires you to navigate various levels in the configuration hierarchy. For instructions on how to do that, see *Using the CLI Editor in Configuration Mode* in the *CLI User Guide*.

To define rules for an exempt IDP rulebase:

1. Specify the IDP IPS rulebase for which you want to define and exempt the rulebase.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit security idp idp-policy base-policy
```

2. Associate the exempt rulebase with the policy and zones, and add a rule to the rulebase.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy base-policy]
user@host# set rulebase-exempt rule R1 match from-zone trust to-zone any
```

3. Specify the source and destination addresses for the rulebase.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy base-policy]
user@host# set rulebase-exempt rule R1 match source-address internal-devices
destination-address any
```

4. Specify the attacks that you want to exempt from attack detection.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy base-policy]
user@host# set rulebase-exempt rule R1 match attacks predefined-attacks
"FTP:USER:ROOT"
```

5. Activate the policy.

```
[edit]
user@host# set security idp active-policy base-policy
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show security idp** command. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```
[edit]
user@host# show security idp
idp-policy base-policy {
  rulebase-exempt {
    rule R1 {
      match {
        from-zone trust;
        source-address internal-devices;
        to-zone any;
        destination-address any;
        attacks {
          predefined-attacks FTP:USER:ROOT;
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
active-policy base-policy;
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Verification

To confirm that the configuration is working properly, perform this task:

- [Verifying the Configuration on page 54](#)

Verifying the Configuration

Purpose Verify that the defined rules were exempt from the IDP rulebase configuration.

Action From operational mode, enter the **show security idp status** command.

Related Documentation • [Understanding IDP Exempt Rulebases on page 51](#)

Understanding IDP Terminal Rules

Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

The Intrusion Detection and Prevention (IDP) rule-matching algorithm starts from the top of the rulebase and checks traffic against all rules in the rulebase that match the source, destination, and service. However, you can configure a rule to be *terminal*. A terminal rule is an exception to this algorithm. When a match is discovered in a terminal rule for the source, destination, zones, and application, IDP does not continue to check subsequent rules for the same source, destination, and application. It does not matter whether or not the traffic matches the attack objects in the matching rule.

You can use a terminal rule for the following purposes:

- To set different actions for different attacks for the same Source and Destination.
- To disregard traffic that originates from a known trusted source. Typically, the action is **None** for this type of terminal rule.

- To disregard traffic sent to a server that is vulnerable only to a specific set of attacks. Typically, the action is **Drop Connection** for this type of terminal rule.

Use caution when defining terminal rules. An inappropriate terminal rule can leave your network open to attacks. Remember that traffic matching the source, destination, and application of a terminal rule is not compared to subsequent rules, even if the traffic does not match an attack object in the terminal rule. Use a terminal rule only when you want to examine a certain type of traffic for one specific set of attack objects. Be particularly careful about terminal rules that use **any** for both the source and destination. Terminal rules should appear near the top of the rulebase before other rules that would match the same traffic.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Understanding IDP Policy Rules on page 38](#)
- [Example: Setting Terminal Rules in Rulebases on page 55](#)

Example: Setting Terminal Rules in Rulebases

Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

This example shows how to configure terminal rules.

- [Requirements on page 55](#)
- [Overview on page 55](#)
- [Configuration on page 56](#)
- [Verification on page 57](#)

Requirements

Before you begin:

- Configure network interfaces.
- Enable IDP application services in a security policy. See [“Example: Enabling IDP in a Security Policy” on page 25](#).
- Create security zones. See *Example: Creating Security Zones*.
- Define rules. See [“Example: Inserting a Rule in the IDP Rulebase” on page 45](#).

Overview

By default, rules in the IDP rulebase are not terminal, which means IDP examines all rules in the rulebase and executes all matches. You can specify that a rule is terminal; that is, if IDP encounters a match for the source, destination, and service specified in a terminal rule, it does not examine any subsequent rules for that connection.

This example shows how to configure terminal rules. You define rule R2 to terminate the match algorithm if the source IP of the traffic originates from a known trusted network in your company. If this rule is matched, IDP disregards traffic from the trusted network and does not monitor the session for malicious data.

Configuration

CLI Quick Configuration To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level, and then enter **commit** from configuration mode.

```
set security idp idp-policy base-policy
set security idp idp-policy base-policy rulebase-ips rule R2 match source-address internal
destination-address any
set security idp idp-policy base-policy rulebase-ips rule R2 terminal
set security idp idp-policy base-policy rulebase-ips rule R2 match attacks
predefined-attacks FTP:USER:ROOT
set security idp idp-policy base-policy rulebase-ips rule R2 then action recommended
```

Step-by-Step Procedure The following example requires you to navigate various levels in the configuration hierarchy. For instructions on how to do that, see *Using the CLI Editor in Configuration Mode* in the *CLI User Guide*.

To configure terminal rules:

1. Create an IDP policy.

```
[edit]
user@host# set security idp idp-policy base-policy
```

2. Define a rule and set its match criteria.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy base-policy]
user@host# set rulebase-ips rule R2 match source-address internal
destination-address any
```

3. Set the terminal flag for the rule.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy base-policy]
user@host# set rulebase-ips rule R2 terminal
```

4. Specify the attacks that you want to exempt from attack detection.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy base-policy]
user@host# set rulebase-ips rule R2 match attacks predefined-attacks
FTP:USER:ROOT
```

5. Specify an action for the rule.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy base-policy]
user@host# rulebase-ips rule R2 then action recommended
```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show security idp** command. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```
[edit]
user@host# show security idp
idp-policy base-policy {
  rulebase-ips {
    rule R2 {
```

```

match {
  source-address internal;
  destination-address any;
  attacks {
    predefined-attacks FTP:USER:ROOT;
  }
}
then {
  action {
    recommended;
  }
}
terminal;
}
}

```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Verification

To confirm that the configuration is working properly, perform this task:

- [Verifying the Configuration on page 57](#)

Verifying the Configuration

Purpose Verify that the terminal rules were configured correctly.

Action From operational mode, enter the **show security idp status** command.

Related Documentation • [Understanding IDP Terminal Rules on page 54](#)

Understanding DSCP Rules in IDP Policies

Supported Platforms [SRX Series](#), [vSRX](#)

Differentiated Services code point (DSCP) is an integer value encoded in the 6-bit field defined in IP packet headers. It is used to enforce class-of-service (CoS) distinctions. CoS allows you to override the default packet forwarding behavior and assign service levels to specific traffic flows.

You can configure DSCP value as an action in an IDP policy rule. You first define the traffic by defining match conditions in the IDP policy and then associate a DiffServ marking action with it. Based on the DSCP value, behavior aggregate classifiers set the forwarding class and loss priority for the traffic deciding the forwarding treatment the traffic receives.

All packets that match the IDP policy rule have the CoS field in their IP header rewritten with the DSCP value specified in the matching policy. If the traffic matches multiple rules with differing DSCP values, the first IDP rule that matches takes effect and this IDP rule then applies to all traffic for that session.

**Related
Documentation**

- [Example: Configuring DSCP Rules in an IDP Policy on page 58](#)

Example: Configuring DSCP Rules in an IDP Policy

Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

This example shows how to configure DSCP values in an IDP policy.

- [Requirements on page 58](#)
- [Overview on page 58](#)
- [Configuration on page 58](#)
- [Verification on page 60](#)

Requirements

Before you begin:

- Configure network interfaces.
- Enable IDP application services in a security policy. See [“Example: Enabling IDP in a Security Policy” on page 25](#).
- Create security zones. See *Example: Creating Security Zones*.
- Define rules. See [“Example: Inserting a Rule in the IDP Rulebase” on page 45](#).

Overview

Configuring DSCP values in IDP policies provides a method of associating CoS values—thus different levels of reliability—for different types of traffic on the network.

This example shows how to create a policy called `policy1`, specify a rulebase for this policy, and then add rule `R1` to this rulebase. In this example, rule `R1`:

- Specifies the match condition to include any traffic from a previously configured zone called `trust` to another previously configured zone called `untrust`. The match condition also includes a predefined attack group called `HTTP - Critical`. The application setting in the match condition is specified as the default and matches any application configured in the attack object.
- Specifies an action to rewrite the CoS field in the IP header with the DSCP value 50 for any traffic that matches the criteria for rule `R1`.

Configuration

**CLI Quick
Configuration**

To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level, and then enter **commit** from configuration mode.

```
set security idp idp-policy base-policy
```

```

set security idp idp-policy base-policy rulebase-ips rule R1 match from-zone Zone-1 to-zone
Zone-2 source-address any destination-address any application default
set security idp idp-policy base-policy rulebase-ips rule R1 match attacks
predefined-attack-groups "HTTP - Critical"
set security idp idp-policy base-policy rulebase-ips rule R1 then action mark-diffserv 50

```

Step-by-Step Procedure

The following example requires you to navigate various levels in the configuration hierarchy. For instructions on how to do that, see *Using the CLI Editor in Configuration Mode* in the *CLI User Guide*.

To configure DSCP values in an IDP policy:

1. Create a policy by assigning a meaningful name to it.

```

[edit]
user@host# edit security idp idp-policy base-policy

```
2. Associate a rulebase with the policy.

```

[edit security idp idp-policy base-policy]
user@host# edit rulebase-ips

```
3. Add rules to the rulebase.

```

[edit security idp idp-policy base-policy rulebase-ips]
user@host# edit rule R1

```
4. Define the match criteria for the rule.

```

[edit security idp idp-policy base-policy rulebase-ips R1]
user@host# set match from-zone trust to-zone untrust source-address any
destination-address any application default

user@host# set match attacks predefined-attack-group "HTTP - Critical"

```
5. Specify an action for the rule.

```

[edit security idp idp-policy base-policy rulebase-ips R1]
user@host# set then action mark-diffserv 50

```
6. Continue to specify any notification or logging options for the rule, if required.
7. Activate the policy.

```

[edit]
user@host# set security idp active-policy base-policy

```

Results From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show security idp** command. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```

[edit]
user@host# show security idp
idp-policy base-policy {
  rulebase-ips {
    rule R1 {
      match {
        from-zone trust;
        source-address any;

```

```
to-zone untrust;
destination-address any;
application default;
attacks {
    predefined-attack-groups HTTP-Critical;
}
}
then {
    action {
        mark-diffserv {
            50;
        }
    }
}
}
}
active-policy base-policy;
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

Verification

To confirm that the configuration is working properly, perform this task:

- [Verifying the Configuration on page 60](#)

Verifying the Configuration

Purpose	Verify that the DSCP values were configured in an IDP policy.
Action	From operational mode, enter the show security idp status command.
Related Documentation	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Understanding DSCP Rules in IDP Policies on page 57

CHAPTER 6

Configuring Custom Attack Objects

- [Understanding Custom Attack Objects on page 61](#)
- [Example: Configuring Compound or Chain Attacks on page 78](#)
- [Example: Configuring Attack Groups with Dynamic Attack Groups and Custom Attack Groups on page 83](#)
- [Listing IDP Test Conditions for a Specific Protocol on page 89](#)
- [Understanding IDP Protocol Decoders on page 90](#)
- [Example: Configuring IDP Protocol Decoders on page 91](#)
- [Understanding Multiple IDP Detector Support on page 92](#)
- [Understanding Content Decompression on page 92](#)
- [Example: Configuring IDP Content Decompression on page 93](#)
- [Understanding IDP Signature-Based Attacks on page 94](#)
- [Example: Configuring IDP Signature-Based Attacks on page 95](#)
- [Understanding IDP Protocol Anomaly-Based Attacks on page 98](#)
- [Example: Configuring IDP Protocol Anomaly-Based Attacks on page 99](#)
- [IDP Extended Package Configuration Overview on page 101](#)

Understanding Custom Attack Objects

Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

You can create custom attack objects to detect new attacks or customize predefined attack objects to meet the unique needs of your network.

To configure a custom attack object, you specify a unique name for it and then specify additional information, such as a general description and keywords, which can make it easier for you to locate and maintain the attack object.

Certain properties in the attack object definitions are common to all types of attacks, such as attack name, description, severity level, service or application binding, time binding, recommended action, and protocol or port binding. Some fields are specific to an attack type and are available only for that specific attack definition.



NOTE: IDP feature is enabled by default, no license is required. Custom attacks and custom attack groups in IDP policies can also be configured and installed even when a valid license and signature database are not installed on the device.

This topic includes the following sections:

- [Attack Name on page 62](#)
- [Severity on page 62](#)
- [Service and Application Bindings on page 62](#)
- [Protocol and Port Bindings on page 66](#)
- [Time Bindings on page 68](#)
- [Attack Properties \(Signature Attacks\) on page 69](#)
- [Attack Properties \(Protocol Anomaly Attacks\) on page 74](#)
- [Attack Properties \(Compound or Chain Attacks\) on page 75](#)

Attack Name

Specify an alphanumeric name for the object. You might want to include the protocol the attack uses in the attack name.

Severity

Specifies the brutality of the attack on your network. Severity categories, in order of increasing brutality, are info, warning, minor, major, critical. Critical attacks are the most dangerous—typically these attacks attempt to crash your server or gain control of your network. Informational attacks are the least dangerous, and typically are used by network administrators to discover holes in their own security systems.

Service and Application Bindings

The service or application binding field specifies the service that the attack uses to enter your network.



NOTE: Specify either the service or the protocol binding in a custom attack. In case you specify both, the service binding takes precedence.

- **any**—Specify **any** if you are unsure of the correct service and want to match the signature in all services. Because some attacks use multiple services to attack your network, you might want to select the **Any** service binding to detect the attack regardless of which service the attack chooses for a connection.
- **service**—Most attacks use a specific service to attack your network. You can select the specific service used to perpetrate the attack as the service binding. [Table 10 on page 63](#) displays supported services and default ports associated with the services.

Table 10: Supported Services for Service Bindings

Service	Description	Default Port
aim	AOL Instant Messenger. America Online Internet service provider (ISP) provides Internet, chat, and instant messaging applications.	TCP/5190
bgp	Border Gateway Protocol	TCP/179
chargen	Character Generator Protocol is a UDP- or TCP-based debugging and measurement tool.	TCP/19, UDP/19
dhcp	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol allocates network addresses and delivers configuration parameters from server to hosts.	UDP/67, UDP/68
discard	Discard protocol is an Application Layer protocol that describes a process for discarding TCP or UDP data sent to port 9.	TCP/9, UDP/9
dns	Domain Name System translates domain names into IP addresses.	TCP/53, UDP/53
echo	Echo	TCP/7, UDP/7
finger	Finger is a UNIX program that provides information about users.	TCP/79, UDP/79
ftp	File Transfer Protocol (FTP) allows the sending and receiving of files between machines.	TCP/21, UDP/21
gNnutella	Gnutella is a public domain file sharing protocol that operates over a distributed network.	TCP/6346
gopher	Gopher organizes and displays Internet servers' contents as a hierarchically structured list of files.	TCP/70
h225ras	H.225.0/RAS (Registration, Admission, and Status)	UDP/1718, UDP/1719
http	HyperText Transfer Protocol is the underlying protocol used by the World Wide Web (WWW).	TCP/80, TCP/81, TCP/88, TCP/3128, TCP/7001 (Weblogic), TCP/8000, TCP/8001, TCP/8100 (JRun), TCP/8200 (JRun), TCP/8080, TCP/8888 (Oracle-9i), TCP/9080 (Websphere), UDP/80
icmp	Internet Control Message Protocol	
ident	Identification protocol is a TCP/IP Application Layer protocol used for TCP client authentication.	TCP/113

Table 10: Supported Services for Service Bindings (*continued*)

Service	Description	Default Port
ike	Internet Key Exchange protocol (IKE) is a protocol to obtain authenticated keying material for use with ISAKMP.	UDP/500
imap	Internet Message Access Protocol is used for retrieving messages.	TCP/143, UDP/143
irc	Internet Relay Chat (IRC) allows people connected to the Internet to join live discussions.	TCP/6667
ldap	Lightweight Directory Access Protocol is a set of protocols used to access information directories.	TCP/389
lpr	Line Printer Daemon protocol is a TCP-based protocol used for printing applications.	TCP/515
msn	Microsoft Network Messenger is a utility that allows you to send instant messages and talk online.	TCP/1863
msrpc	Microsoft Remote Procedure Call	TCP/135, UDP/135
mssql	Microsoft SQL is a proprietary database server tool that allows for the creation, access, modification, and protection of data.	TCP/1433, TCP/3306
mysql	MySQL is a database management system available for both Linux and Windows.	TCP/3306
nbds	NetBIOS Datagram Service application, published by IBM, provides connectionless (datagram) applications to PCs connected with a broadcast medium to locate resources, initiate sessions, and terminate sessions. It is unreliable and the packets are not sequenced.	UDP/137 (NBName), UDP/138 (NBDS)
nfs	Network File System uses UDP to allow network users to access shared files stored on computers of different types. SUN RPC is a building block of NFS.	TCP/2049, UDP/2049
nntp	Network News Transport Protocol is a protocol used to post, distribute, and retrieve USENET messages.	TCP/119
ntp	Network Time Protocol provides a way for computers to synchronize to a time reference.	UDP/123
pop3	Post Office Protocol is used for retrieving e-mail.	UDP/110, TCP/110
prtmapper	Service that runs on nodes on the Internet to map an ONC RPC program number to the network address of the server that listens for the program number.	TCP/111, UDP/111

Table 10: Supported Services for Service Bindings (*continued*)

Service	Description	Default Port
radius	Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service application is a server program used for authentication and accounting purposes.	UDP/1812, UDP/1813
rexec	Rexec	TCP/512
rlogin	RLOGIN starts a terminal session on a remote host.	TCP/513
rsh	RSH executes a shell command on a remote host.	TCP/514
rtsp	Real-Time Streaming Protocol (RTSP) is for streaming media applications	TCP/554
sip	Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) is an Application Layer control protocol for creating, modifying, and terminating sessions.	TCP/5060, UDP/5060
smb	Server Message Block (SMB) over IP is a protocol that allows you to read and write files to a server on a network.	TCP/139, TCP/445
smtp	Simple Mail Transfer Protocol is used to send messages between servers.	TCP/25, UDP/25
snmp	Simple Network Management Protocol is a set of protocols for managing complex networks.	TCP/161, UDP/161
snmptrap	SNMP trap	TCP/162, UDP/162
sqlmon	SQL monitor (Microsoft)	UDP/1434
ssh	SSH is a program to log into another computer over a network through strong authentication and secure communications on a channel that is not secure.	TCP/22, UDP/22
ssl	Secure Sockets Layer	TCP/443, TCP/80
syslog	Syslog is a UNIX program that sends messages to the system logger.	UDP/514
tnet	Telnet is a UNIX program that provides a standard method of interfacing terminal routers and terminal-oriented processes to each other.	TCP/23, UDP/23

Table 10: Supported Services for Service Bindings (*continued*)

Service	Description	Default Port
tns	Transparent Network Substrate	TCP/1521, TCP/1522, TCP/1523, TCP/1524, TCP/1525, TCP/1526, TCP/1527, TCP/1528, TCP/1529, TCP/1530, TCP/2481, TCP/1810, TCP/7778
tftp	Trivial File Transfer Protocol	UDP/69
vnc	Virtual Network Computing facilitates viewing and interacting with another computer or mobile router connected to the Internet.	TCP/5800, TCP/5900
whois	Network Directory Application Protocol is a way to look up domain names.	TCP/43
ymsg	Yahoo! Messenger is a utility that allows you to check when others are online, send instant messages, and talk online.	TCP/5050

Protocol and Port Bindings

Protocol or port bindings allow you to specify the protocol that an attack uses to enter your network. You can specify the name of the network protocol or the protocol number.



NOTE: Specify either the service or the protocol binding in a custom attack. In case you specify both, the service binding takes precedence.

- IP—You can specify any of the supported network layer protocols using protocol numbers. [Table 11 on page 66](#) lists protocol numbers for different protocols.

Table 11: Supported Protocols and Protocol Numbers

Protocol Name	Protocol Number
IGMP	2
IP-IP	4
EGP	8
PUP	12
TP	29
IPV6	41

Table 11: Supported Protocols and Protocol Numbers (*continued*)

Protocol Name	Protocol Number
ROUTING	43
FRAGMENT	44
RSVP	46
GRE	47
ESP	50
AH	51
ICMPV6	58
NONE	59
DSTOPTS	60
MTP	92
ENCAP	98
PIM	103
COMP	108
RAW	255

- ICMP, TCP, and UDP—Attacks that do not use a specific service might use specific ports to attack your network. Some TCP and UDP attacks use standard ports to enter your network and establish a connection.
- RPC—The remote procedure call (RPC) protocol is used by distributed processing applications to handle interaction between processes remotely. When a client makes a remote procedure call to an RPC server, the server replies with a remote program; each remote program uses a different program number. To detect attacks that use RPC, configure the service binding as RPC and specify the RPC program ID.

Table 12 on page 67 displays sample formats for key protocols.

Table 12: Sample Formats for Protocols

Protocol Name	Protocol Number	Description
ICMP	<Port>ICMP</Port>	Specify the protocol name.
IP	<Port>IP/protocol-number</Port>	Specify the Network Layer protocol number.

Table 12: Sample Formats for Protocols (*continued*)

Protocol Name	Protocol Number	Description
RPC	<code><Port>RPC/program-number</Port></code>	Specify the RPC program number.
TCP or UDP	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <code><Port>TCP </Port></code> <code><Port>TCP/port </Port></code> <code><Port>TCP/minport-maxport </Port></code> 	Specifying the port is optional for TCP and UDP protocols. For example, you can specify any of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <code><Port>UDP</Port></code> <code><Port>UDP/10</Port></code> <code><Port>UDP/10-100</Port></code>

Time Bindings

Use time bindings to configure the time attributes for the custom attack object. Time attributes control how the attack object identifies attacks that repeat for a certain number of times. By configuring the scope and count of an attack, you can detect a sequence of the same attacks over a period of time (one minute) across sessions.

Scope

Specify the scope within which the count of an attack occurs:

- **Source**—Specify this option to detect attacks from the source address for the specified number of times, regardless of the destination address. This means that for a given attack, a threshold value is maintained for each attack from the source address. The destination address is ignored. For example, anomalies are detected from two different pairs (**ip-a**, **ip-b**) and (**ip-a**, **ip-c**) that have the same source address **ip-a** but different destination addresses **ip-b** and **ip-c**. Then the number of matches for **ip-a** increments to 2. Suppose the threshold value or *count* is also set to 2, then the signature triggers the attack event.
- **Destination**—Specify this option to detect attacks sent to the destination address for the specified number of times, regardless of the source address. This means that for a given attack, a threshold value is maintained for each attack from the destination address. The source address is ignored. For example, if anomalies are detected from two different pairs (**ip-a**, **ip-b**) and (**ip-c**, **ip-b**) that have the same destination address **ip-b** but different source addresses **ip-a** and **ip-c**. Then the number of matches for **ip-b** increments to 2. Suppose the threshold value or *count* is also set to 2, then the signature triggers the attack event.
- **Peer**—Specify this option to detect attacks between source and destination IP addresses of the sessions for the specified number of times. This means that the threshold value is applicable for a pair of source and destination addresses. Suppose anomalies are detected from two different source and destination pairs (**ip-a**, **ip-b**) and (**ip-a**, **ip-c**). Then the number of matches for each pair is set to 1, even though both pairs have a common source address.

Count

Count or threshold value specifies the number of times that the attack object must detect an attack within the specified scope before the device considers the attack object to match the attack. If you bind the attack object to multiple ports and the attack object detects that attack on different ports, each attack on each port is counted as a separate occurrence. For example, when the attack object detects an attack on **TCP/80** and then on **TCP/8080**, the count is two.

Once the **count** match is reached, each attack that matches the criteria causes the attack count to increase by one. This count cycle lasts for a duration of 60 seconds, after which the cycle repeats.

Attack Properties (Signature Attacks)

Signature attack objects use a stateful attack signature (a pattern that always exists within a specific section of the attack) to detect known attacks. They also include the protocol or service used to perpetrate the attack and the context in which the attack occurs. The following properties are specific to signature attacks, and you can configure them when configuring signature attack:



NOTE: Attack context, flow type, and direction are mandatory fields for the signature attack definition.

Attack Context

An attack context defines the location of the signature. If you know the service and the specific service context, specify that service and then specify the appropriate service contexts. If you know the service, but are unsure of the specific service context, specify one of the following general contexts:

- **first-data-packet**—Specify this context to detect the attack in only the first data packet.
- **first-packet**—Specify this context to detect the attack in only the first packet of a stream. When the flow direction for the attack object is set to **any**, the device checks the first packet of both the server-to-client and the client-to-server flows. If you know that the attack signature appears in the first packet of a session, choosing **first packet** instead of **packet** reduces the amount of traffic the device needs to monitor, which improves performance.
- **packet**—Specify this context to match the attack pattern within a packet. When you select this option, you must also specify the service binding to define the service header options. Although not required, specifying these additional parameters improves the accuracy of the attack object and thereby improves performance.
- **line**—Specify this context to detect a pattern match within a specific line within your network traffic.
- **normalized-stream**—Specify this context to detect the attack in an entire normalized stream. The normalized stream is one of the multiple ways of sending information. In this stream the information in the packet is normalized before a match is performed.

Suppose **www.yahoo.com/sports** is the same as **www.yahoo.com/s%70orts**. The normalized form to represent both of these URLs might be **www.yahoo.com/sports**. Choose **normalized stream** instead of **stream**, unless you want to detect some pattern in its exact form. For example, if you want to detect the exact pattern **www.yahoo.com/s%70orts**, then select **stream**.

- **normalized-stream256**—Specify this context to detect the attack in only the first 256 bytes of a normalized stream.
- **normalized-stream1k**—Specify this context to detect the attack in only the first 1024 bytes of a normalized stream.
- **normalized-stream-8k**—Specify this context to detect the attack in only the first 8192 bytes of a normalized stream.
- **stream**—Specify this context to reassemble packets and extract the data to search for a pattern match. However, the device cannot recognize packet boundaries for stream contexts, so data for multiple packets is combined. Specify this option only when no other context option contains the attack.
- **stream256**—Specify this context to reassemble packets and search for a pattern match within the first 256 bytes of a traffic stream. When the flow direction is set to **any**, the device checks the first 256 bytes of both the server-to-client and client-to-server flows. If you know that the attack signature will appear in the first 256 bytes of a session, choosing **stream256** instead of **stream** reduces the amount of traffic that the device must monitor and cache, thereby improving performance.
- **stream1k**—Specify this context to reassemble packets and search for a pattern match within the first 1024 bytes of a traffic stream. When the flow direction is set to **any**, the device checks the first 1024 bytes of both the server-to-client and client-to-server flows. If you know that the attack signature will appear in the first 1024 bytes of a session, choosing **stream1024** instead of **stream** reduces the amount of traffic that the device must monitor and cache, thereby improving performance.
- **stream8k**—Specify this context to reassemble packets and search for a pattern match within the first 8192 bytes of a traffic stream. When the flow direction is set to **any**, the device checks the first 8192 bytes of both the server-to-client and client-to-server flows. If you know that the attack signature will appear in the first 8192 bytes of a session, choosing **stream8192** instead of **stream** reduces the amount of traffic that the device must monitor and cache, thereby improving performance.

Attack Direction

You can specify the connection direction of the attack. Using a single direction (instead of **Any**) improves performance, reduces false positives, and increases detection accuracy.

- Client to server (detects the attack only in client-to-server traffic)
- Server to client (detects the attack only in server-to-client traffic)
- Any (detects the attack in either direction)

Attack Pattern

Attack patterns are signatures of the attacks you want to detect. A signature is a pattern that always exists within an attack; if the attack is present, so is the signature. To create the attack pattern, you must first analyze the attack to detect a pattern (such as a segment of code, a URL, or a value in a packet header), then create a syntactical expression that represents that pattern. You can also negate a pattern. Negating a pattern means that the attack is considered matched if the pattern defined in the attack does *not* match the specified pattern.



NOTE: Pattern negation is supported for packet, line, and application based contexts only and not for stream and normalized stream contexts.

Protocol-Specific Parameters

Specifies certain values and options existing within packet headers. These parameters are different for different protocols. In a custom attack definition, you can specify fields for only one of the following protocols—TCP, UDP, or ICMP. Although, you can define IP protocol fields with TCP or UDP in a custom attack definition.



NOTE: Header parameters can be defined only for attack objects that use a packet or first packet context. If you specified a line, stream, stream 256, or a service context, you cannot specify header parameters.

If you are unsure of the options or flag settings for the malicious packet, leave all fields blank and Intrusion Detection and Prevention (IDP) attempts to match the signature for all header contents.

Table 13 on page 71 displays fields and flags that you can set for attacks that use the IP protocol.

Table 13: IP Protocol Fields and Flags

Field	Description
Type of Service	Specify a value for the service type. Common service types are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0000 Default • 0001 Minimize Cost • 0002 Maximize Reliability • 0003 Maximize Throughput • 0004 Minimize Delay • 0005 Maximize Security
Total Length	Specify a value for the number of bytes in the packet, including all header fields and the data payload.

Table 13: IP Protocol Fields and Flags (*continued*)

Field	Description
ID	Specify a value for the unique value used by the destination system to reassemble a fragmented packet.
Time to Live	Specify an integer value in the range of 0–255 for the time-to-live (TTL) value of the packet. This value represents the number of devices the packet can traverse. Each router that processes the packet decrements the TTL by 1; when the TTL reaches 0, the packet is discarded.
Protocol	Specify a value for the protocol used.
Source	Enter the source address of the attacking device.
Destination	Enter the destination address of the attack target.
Reserved Bit	This bit is not used.
More Fragments	When set (1), this option indicates that the packet contains more fragments. When unset (0), it indicates that no more fragments remain.
Don't Fragment	When set (1), this option indicates that the packet cannot be fragmented for transmission.

Table 14 on page 72 displays packet header fields and flags that you can set for attacks that use the TCP protocol.

Table 14: TCP Header Fields and Flags

Field	Description
Source Port	Specify a value for the port number on the attacking device.
Destination Port	Specify a value for the port number of the attack target.
Sequence Number	Specify a value for the sequence number of the packet. This number identifies the location of the data in relation to the entire data sequence.
ACK Number	Specify a value for the ACK number of the packet. This number identifies the next sequence number; the ACK flag must be set to activate this field.
Header Length	Specify a value for the number of bytes in the TCP header.
Data Length	Specify a value for the number of bytes in the data payload. For SYN, ACK, and FIN packets, this field should be empty.
Window Size	Specify a value for the number of bytes in the TCP window size.

Table 14: TCP Header Fields and Flags (*continued*)

Field	Description
Urgent Pointer	Specify a value for the urgent pointer. The value indicates that the data in the packet is urgent; the URG flag must be set to activate this field.
URG	When set, the urgent flag indicates that the packet data is urgent.
ACK	When set, the acknowledgment flag acknowledges receipt of a packet.
PSH	When set, the push flag indicates that the receiver should push all data in the current sequence to the destination application (identified by the port number) without waiting for the remaining packets in the sequence.
RST	When set, the reset flag resets the TCP connection, discarding all packets in an existing sequence.
SYN	When set, the SYN flag indicates a request for a new session.
FIN	When set, the final flag indicates that the packet transfer is complete and the connection can be closed.
R1	This reserved bit (1 of 2) is not used.
R2	This reserved bit (2 of 2) is not used.

[Table 15 on page 73](#) displays packet header fields and flags that you can set for attacks that use the UDP protocol.

Table 15: UDP Header Fields and Flags

Field	Description
Source Port	Specify a value for the port number on the attacking device.
Destination Port	Specify a value for the port number of the attack target.
Data Length	Specify a value for the number of bytes in the data payload.

[Table 16 on page 73](#) displays packet header fields and flags that you can set for attacks that use the ICMP protocol.

Table 16: ICMP Header Fields and Flags

Field	Description
ICMP Type	Specify a value for the primary code that identifies the function of the request or reply packet.

Table 16: ICMP Header Fields and Flags (*continued*)

Field	Description
ICMP Code	Specify a value for the secondary code that identifies the function of the request or reply packet within a given type.
Sequence Number	Specify a value for the sequence number of the packet. This number identifies the location of the request or reply packet in relation to the entire sequence.
ICMP ID	Specify a value for the identification number. The identification number is a unique value used by the destination system to associate request and reply packets.
Data Length	Specify a value for the number of bytes in the data payload.

Sample Signature Attack Definition

The following is a sample signature attack definition:

```

<Entry>
<Name>sample-sig</Name>
<Severity>Major</Severity>
<Attacks><Attack>
<TimeBinding><Count>2</Count>
<Scope>dst</Scope></TimeBinding>
<Application>FTP</Application>
<Type>signature</Type>
<Context>packet</Context>
<Negate>true</Negate>
<Flow>Control</Flow>
<Direction>any</Direction>
<Headers><Protocol><Name>ip</Name>
<Field><Name>ttl</Name>
<Match>==</Match><Value>128</Value></Field>
</Protocol><Name>tcp</Name>
<Field><Name><Match>&lt;</Match>
<value>1500</Value>
</Field></Protocol></Headers>
</Attack></Attacks>
</Entry>

```

Attack Properties (Protocol Anomaly Attacks)

A protocol anomaly attack object detects unknown or sophisticated attacks that violate protocol specifications (RFCs and common RFC extensions). You cannot create new protocol anomalies, but you can configure a new attack object that controls how your device handles a predefined protocol anomaly when detected.



NOTE: The service or application binding is a mandatory field for protocol anomaly attacks.

The following properties are specific to protocol anomaly attacks. Both attack direction and test condition are mandatory fields for configuring anomaly attack definitions.

Attack Direction

Attack direction allows you to specify the connection direction of an attack. Using a single direction (instead of **Any**) improves performance, reduces false positives, and increases detection accuracy:

- Client to server (detects the attack only in client-to-server traffic)
- Server to client (detects the attack only in server-to-client traffic)
- Any (detects the attack in either direction)

Test Condition

Test condition is a condition to be matched for an anomaly attack. Juniper Networks supports certain predefined test conditions. In the following example, the condition is a message that is too long. If the size of the message is longer than the preconfigured value for this test condition, the attack is matched.

```
<Attacks>
<Attack>
<Type>anomaly</Type>
...
<Test>MESSAGE_TOO_LONG</Test>
<Value>yes</Value>
...
</Attack>
</Attacks>
```

Sample Protocol Anomaly Attack Definition

The following is a sample protocol anomaly attack definition:

```
<Entry>
<Name>sample-anomaly</Name>
<Severity>Info</Severity>
<Attacks><Attack>
<TimeBinding><Count>2</Count>
<Scope>peer</Scope></TimeBinding>
<Application>TCP</Application>
<Type>anomaly</Type>
<Test>OPTIONS_UNSUPPORTED</Test>
<Direction>any</Direction>
</Attack></Attacks>
</Entry>
```

Attack Properties (Compound or Chain Attacks)

A compound or chain attack object detects attacks that use multiple methods to exploit a vulnerability. This object combines multiple signatures and/or protocol anomalies into a single attack object, forcing traffic to match a pattern of combined signatures and anomalies within the compound attack object before traffic is identified as an attack. By combining and even specifying the order in which signatures or anomalies must match,

you can be very specific about the events that need to take place before the device identifies traffic as an attack.

You must specify a minimum of 2 members (attacks) in a compound attack. You can specify up to 32 members in compound attack. Members can be either signature or anomaly attacks.

The following properties are specific to compound attacks:

Scope

Scope allows you to specify if the attack is matched within a session or across transactions in a session. If the specified service supports multiple transactions within a single session, you can also specify whether the match should occur over a single session or can be made across multiple transactions within a session:

- Specify *session* to allow multiple matches for the object within the same session.
- Specify *transaction* to match the object across multiple transactions that occur within the same session.

Order

Use ordered match to create a compound attack object that must match each member signature or protocol anomaly in the order you specify. If you do not specify an ordered match, the compound attack object still must match all members, but the attack pattern or protocol anomalies can appear in the attack in random order.

Reset

Specifies that a new log is generated each time an attack is detected within the same session. If this field is set to **no** then the attack is logged only once for a session.

Expression (Boolean expression)

Using the Boolean expression field disables the ordered match function. The Boolean expression field makes use of the member name or member index properties. The following three Boolean operators are supported along with parenthesis, which helps determine precedence:

- **or**—If either of the member name patterns match, the expression matches.
- **and**—If both of the member name patterns match, the expression matches. It does not matter which order the members appear in.
- **oand (ordered and)**—If both of the member name patterns match, and if they appear in the same order as specified in the Boolean expression, the expression matches.

Suppose you have created five signature members, labelled **s1-s5**. Suppose you know that the attack always contains the pattern **s1**, followed by either **s2** or **s3**. You also know that the attack always contains **s4** and **s5**, but their positions in the attack can vary. In this case, you might create the following Boolean expression:

`((s1 oand s2) or (s1 oand s3)) and (s4 and s5)`



NOTE: You can either define an ordered match or an expression (not both) in a custom attack definition.

Member Index

Member Index is specified in chain attacks to identify a member (attack) uniquely. In the following example, member index is used to identify the members **m01** and **m02** in the defined expression:

```
<Expression>m02 AND m01</Expression>
<Order>no</Order>
<Reset>no</Reset>
<ScopeOption/>
<Members>
<Attack>
<Member>m01</Member>
<Type>Signature</Type>
...
<Pattern><![CDATA[.*/getlatestversion]]></Pattern>
<Regex/>
</Attack>
<Attack><Member>m02</Member>
<Type>Signature</Type>
...
<Pattern><![CDATA[\\[Skype\\'.*]]></Pattern>
<Regex/>
</Attack>
<Attack>
```



NOTE: When defining the expression, you must specify the member index for all members.

Sample Compound Attack Definition

The following is a sample compound attack definition:

```
<Entry>
<Name>sample-chain</Name>
<Severity>Critical</Severity>
<Attacks><Attack>
<Application>HTTP</Application>
<Type>Chain</Type>
<Order>yes</Order>
<Reset>yes</Reset>
<Members><Attack>
<Type>Signature</Type>
<Context>packet</Context>
<Pattern><![CDATA[Unknown[]]></Pattern>
<Flow>Control</Flow>
<Direction>cts</Direction>
</Attack><Attack>
<Type>anomaly</Type>
<Test>CHUNK_LENGTH_OVERFLOW</Test>
<Direction>any</Direction>
</Attack></Members>
```

```
</Attack></Attacks>  
</Entry>
```

**Related
Documentation**

- [Understanding Predefined IDP Attack Objects and Object Groups on page 8](#)
- [Understanding IDP Protocol Decoders on page 90](#)
- [Understanding IDP Signature-Based Attacks on page 94](#)
- [Understanding IDP Protocol Anomaly-Based Attacks on page 98](#)

Example: Configuring Compound or Chain Attacks

Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

This example shows how to configure compound or chain attacks for specific match criteria. A compound or chain attack object can be configured to detect attacks that use multiple methods to exploit a vulnerability.

- [Requirements on page 78](#)
- [Overview on page 78](#)
- [Configuration on page 78](#)
- [Verification on page 83](#)

Requirements

Before you begin, IDP must be supported and enabled on the device.

Overview

A compound or a chain attack object can combine the signatures and anomalies to form a single attack object. A single attack object can contain:

- Two or more signatures
- Two or more anomalies
- A combination of signatures and anomalies

Compound or chain attack objects combine multiple signatures and/or protocol anomalies into a single attack object, forcing traffic to match a pattern of combined signatures and anomalies within the compound attack object before traffic is identified as an attack. These objects are also used to reduce false positives and to increase detection accuracy. It enables you to be specific about the events that need to occur before IDP identifies traffic as an attack.

Configuration

**CLI Quick
Configuration**

To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level, and then enter **commit** from configuration mode.

```
set security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips rule 1 match from-zone any
```

```

set security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips rule 1 match source-address any
set security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips rule 1 match to-zone any
set security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips rule 1 match destination-address any
set security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips rule 1 match application default
set security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips rule 1 match attacks custom-attacks
  ftpchain
set security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips rule 1 then action no-action
set security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips rule 1 then notification log-attacks
set security idp active-policy idpengine
set security idp custom-attack ftpchain severity info
set security idp custom-attack ftpchain attack-type chain protocol-binding application
  ftp
set security idp custom-attack ftpchain attack-type chain scope session
set security idp custom-attack ftpchain attack-type chain order
set security idp custom-attack ftpchain attack-type chain member m1 attack-type
  signature context ftp-banner
set security idp custom-attack ftpchain attack-type chain member m1 attack-type
  signature pattern .*vsFTPD.*
set security idp custom-attack ftpchain attack-type chain member m1 attack-type
  signature direction server-to-client
set security idp custom-attack ftpchain attack-type chain member m2 attack-type
  signature context ftp-username
set security idp custom-attack ftpchain attack-type chain member m2 attack-type
  signature pattern .*root.*
set security idp custom-attack ftpchain attack-type chain member m2 attack-type
  signature direction client-to-server
set security idp custom-attack ftpchain attack-type chain member m3 attack-type
  anomaly test LOGIN_FAILED
set security idp custom-attack ftpchain attack-type chain member m3 attack-type
  anomaly direction any
set security idp traceoptions file idpd
set security idp traceoptions flag all

```

Step-by-Step Procedure The following example requires you to navigate various levels in the configuration hierarchy. For instructions on how to do that, see *Using the CLI Editor in Configuration Mode* in the *CLI User Guide*.

To configure compound or chain attacks for specific match criteria:

1. Create an IDP policy.

```
[edit]
user@host# set security idp idp-policy idpengine
```
2. Associate a rulebase with the policy.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy idpengine]
user@host# edit rulebase-ips
```
3. Add rules to the rulebase.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips]
user@host# edit rule 1
```
4. Define the match criteria for the rule.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips rule 1]
user@host# set match from-zone any
```

- ```
user@host# set match source-address any
user@host# set match to-zone any
user@host# set match destination-address any
```
5. Specify an application set name to match the rule criteria.  

```
[edit security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips rule 1]
user@host# set match application default
```
  6. Specify the match attack object and name for the attack object.  

```
[edit security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips rule 1]
user@host# set match attacks custom-attacks ftpchain
```
  7. Specify an action for the rule.  

```
[edit security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips rule 1]
user@host# set then action no-action
```
  8. Specify notification or logging options for the rule.  

```
[edit security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips rule 1]
user@host# set then notification log-attacks
```
  9. Activate the IDP policy.  

```
[edit]
user@host# set security idp active-policy idpengine
```
  10. Specify a name for the custom attack.  

```
[edit security idp]
user@host# set custom-attack ftpchain
```
  11. Set the severity for the custom attack.  

```
[edit security idp custom-attack ftpchain]
user@host# set severity info
```
  12. Set the attack type and the application name for the custom attack.  

```
[edit security idp custom-attack ftpchain]
user@host# set attack-type chain protocol-binding application ftp
```
  13. Set the scope and the order in which the attack is defined.  

```
[edit security idp custom-attack ftpchain attack-type chain]
user@host# set scope session
user@host# set order
```
  14. Specify a name for the first member of the chain attack object.  

```
[edit security idp custom-attack ftpchain attack-type chain]
user@host# set member m1
```
  15. Set the context, pattern, and direction for the first member of the chain attack object.  

```
[edit security idp custom-attack ftpchain attack-type chain member m1]
user@host# set attack-type signature context ftp-banner
user@host# set attack-type signature pattern .*vsFTPd.*
user@host# set attack-type signature direction server-to-client
```
  16. Specify a name for the second member of the chain attack object.

```
[edit security idp custom-attack ftpchain attack-type chain]
user@host# set member m2
```

17. Set the context, pattern, and direction for the second member of the chain attack object.

```
[edit security idp custom-attack ftpchain attack-type chain member m2]
user@host# set attack-type signature context ftp-username
user@host# set attack-type signature pattern .*root.*
user@host# set attack-type signature direction client-to-server
```

18. Specify a name for the third member of the chain attack object.

```
[edit security idp custom-attack ftpchain attack-type chain]
user@host# set member m3
```

19. Specify an attack-type and direction for the third member of the chain attack object.

```
[edit security idp custom-attack ftpchain attack-type chain member m3]
user@host# set attack-type anomaly direction any
```

20. Specify the trace options and trace file information for the IDP services.

```
[edit]
user@host# set security idp traceoptions file idpd
```

21. Specify the events and other information which needs to be included in the trace output.

```
[edit]
user@host# set security idp traceoptions flag all
```

**Results** From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show security idp** command. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```
[edit]
user@host# show security idp
idp-policy idpengine {
 rulebase-ips {
 rule 1 {
 match {
 from-zone any;
 source-address any;
 to-zone any;
 destination-address any;
 application default;
 attacks {
 custom-attacks ftpchain;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 then {
 action {
 no-action;
 }
 notification {
 log-attacks;
 }
 }
}
```

```
 }
 }
}
active-policy idpengine;
custom-attack ftpchain {
 severity info;
 attack-type {
 chain {
 protocol-binding {
 application ftp;
 }
 scope session;
 order;
 member m1 {
 attack-type {
 signature {
 context ftp-banner;
 pattern .*vsFTPd.*;
 direction server-to-client;
 }
 }
 }
 member m2 {
 attack-type {
 signature {
 context ftp-username;
 pattern .*root.*;
 direction client-to-server;
 }
 }
 }
 member m3 {
 attack-type {
 anomaly {
 test LOGIN_FAILED;
 direction any;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
traceoptions {
 file idpd;
 flag all;
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.



**NOTE:** When you enter **commit** in configuration mode, the configuration is internally verified and then committed. If there are any errors, commit will fail and the errors will be reported.

---

## Verification

To confirm that the chain attack configuration is working properly, perform this task:

- [Verifying the Configuration on page 83](#)

### Verifying the Configuration

**Purpose** Verify that the chain attack configuration is correct.

**Action** From operational mode, enter the **show security idp policy-commit-status** command to check the policy compilation or load status.



**NOTE:** The output of the **show security idp policy-commit-status** command is dynamic, hence there is no single output for this command.

Verify that the attacks are getting detected as per the configuration, pass traffic through the device to trigger an attack match. For example, enter the **show security idp status** command to check whether the policy is loaded or not.

**user@host> show security idp status**

```
IDP policy[/var/db/idpd/bins/test.bin.gz.v] and
 detector[/var/db/idpd/sec-repository/installed-detector/libidp-detector.so.tgz.v]
loaded successfully.
The loaded policy size is:785 Bytes
```

Enter the **show security idp attack table** command to pass attack traffic and then verify that the attacks are getting detected or not.



**NOTE:** The command will display the output only when attacks are detected.

**user@host> show security idp attack table**

```
IDP attack statistics:
Attack name #Hits
FTP:USER:ROOT 1
```

**Related Documentation** • [Understanding Custom Attack Objects on page 61](#)

## Example: Configuring Attack Groups with Dynamic Attack Groups and Custom Attack Groups

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

This example shows how to configure attack groups with dynamic attack groups and custom attack groups in an IDP policy to protect an FTP or Telnet server.

- [Requirements on page 84](#)
- [Overview on page 84](#)
- [Configuration on page 84](#)
- [Verification on page 89](#)

## Requirements

Before you begin, install the security package on the device only if one of the following statements is true:

- Dynamic attack groups are configured.
- Custom attack groups contain predefined attacks or attack groups.



**NOTE:** If custom attack groups contain only custom attacks, the security package license is not required and the security package need not be installed on the device. To install the security package, you need an IDP security package license.

See [“Understanding IDP Policy Rules” on page 38](#).

## Overview

IDP contains a large number of predefined attack objects. To manage and organize IDP policies, attack objects can be grouped. An attack object group can contain two or more types of attack objects. The attack groups are classified as follows:

- **Dynamic attack group**—Contains attack objects based on certain matching criteria. During a signature update, dynamic group membership is automatically updated based on the matching criteria for that group. For example, you can dynamically group the attacks related to a specific application using the dynamic attack group filters.
- **Custom attack group**—Contains a list of attacks that are specified in the attack definition. A custom attack group can also contain specific predefined attacks, custom attacks, predefined attack groups, or dynamic attack groups. A custom attack group is static in nature as the attacks are specified in the group. Therefore, the attack group do not change when the security database is updated. The members can be predefined attacks or predefined attack groups from the signature database or other custom attacks and dynamic attack groups.

In this example we configure an attack group in an IDP policy to protect an FTP or Telnet server against custom and dynamic attacks.

## Configuration

|                                |                                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>CLI Quick Configuration</b> | To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|



configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level, and then enter **commit** from configuration mode.

```
set security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips rule 1 match from-zone any
set security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips rule 1 match source-address any
set security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips rule 1 match to-zone any
set security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips rule 1 match destination-address any
set security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips rule 1 match application default
set security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips rule 1 match attacks
 custom-attack-groups cust-group
set security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips rule 1 match attacks
 dynamic-attack-groups dyn2
set security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips rule 1 then action no-action
set security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips rule 1 then notification log-attacks
set security idp active-policy idpengine
set security idp custom-attack customftp severity info
set security idp custom-attack customftp attack-type signature context ftp-username
set security idp custom-attack customftp attack-type signature pattern .*guest.*
set security idp custom-attack customftp attack-type signature direction client-to-server
set security idp custom-attack-group cust-group group-members customftp
set security idp custom-attack-group cust-group group-members ICMP:INFO:TIMESTAMP
set security idp custom-attack-group cust-group group-members "TELNET - Major"
set security idp custom-attack-group cust-group group-members dyn1
set security idp dynamic-attack-group dyn1 filters category values TROJAN
set security idp dynamic-attack-group dyn2 filters direction expression and
set security idp dynamic-attack-group dyn2 filters direction values server-to-client
set security idp dynamic-attack-group dyn2 filters direction values client-to-server
set security idp traceoptions file idpd
set security idp traceoptions flag all
```

#### Step-by-Step Procedure

The following example requires you to navigate various levels in the configuration hierarchy. For instructions on how to do that, see *Using the CLI Editor in Configuration Mode* in the *CLI User Guide*.

To configure attack groups with dynamic attack groups and custom attack groups:

1. Create an IDP policy.  

```
[edit]
user@host# set security idp idp-policy idpengine
```
2. Associate a rulebase with the policy.  

```
[edit security idp idp-policy idpengine]
user@host# set rulebase-ips
```
3. Add rules to the rulebase.  

```
[edit security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips]
user@host# set rule 1
```
4. Define the match criteria for the rule.  

```
[edit security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips rule 1]
user@host# set match from-zone any
user@host# set match source-address any
user@host# set match to-zone any
user@host# set match destination-address any
```

5. Specify an application set name to match the rule criteria.  

```
[edit security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips rule 1]
user@host# set match application default
```
6. Specify a match for the custom attack group.  

```
[edit security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips rule 1]
user@host# set match attacks custom-attack-groups cust-group
```
7. Specify a match for the dynamic attack group.  

```
[edit security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips rule 1]
user@host# set match attacks dynamic-attack-groups dyn2
```
8. Specify an action for the rule.  

```
[edit security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips rule 1]
user@host# set then action no-action
```
9. Specify notification or logging options for the rule.  

```
[edit security idp idp-policy idpengine rulebase-ips rule 1]
user@host# set then notification log-attacks
```
10. Activate the IDP policy.  

```
[edit]
user@host# set security idp active-policy idpengine
```
11. Specify a name for the custom attack.  

```
[edit security idp]
user@host# set custom-attack customftp
```
12. Set the severity for the custom attack.  

```
[edit security idp custom-attack customftp]
user@host# set severity info
```
13. Set the attack type and context for the attack.  

```
[edit security idp custom-attack customftp]
user@host# set attack-type signature context ftp-username
```
14. Specify a pattern for the attack.  

```
[edit security idp custom-attack customftp]
user@host# set attack-type signature pattern .*guest.*
```
15. Specify a direction for the attack.  

```
[edit security idp custom-attack customftp]
user@host# set attack-type signature direction client-to-server
```
16. Specify a name for the custom attack group.  

```
[edit security idp]
user@host# set custom-attack-group cust-group
```
17. Specify a list of attacks or attack groups that belongs to the custom attack group.  

```
[edit security idp custom-attack-group cust-group]
user@host# set group-members customftp
user@host# set group-members ICMP:INFO:TIMESTAMP
```

```
user@host# set group-members "TELNET - Major"
user@host# set group-members dyn1
```

18. Specify a name for the first dynamic attack group.

```
[edit security idp]
user@host# set dynamic-attack-group dyn1
```

19. Configure a filter and set a category value for the filter.

```
[edit security idp dynamic-attack-group dyn1]
user@host# set filters category values TROJAN
```

20. Specify a name for the second dynamic attack group.

```
[edit security idp]
user@host# set dynamic-attack-group dyn2
```

21. Configure a filter for the second dynamic attack group and set the direction and its values for this field.

```
[edit security idp dynamic-attack-group dyn2]
user@host# set filters direction expression and
user@host# set filters direction values server-to-client
user@host# set filters direction values client-to-server
```

22. Specify the trace options and trace file information for the IDP services.

```
[edit]
user@host# set security idp traceoptions file idpd
```

23. Specify the events and other information that needs to be included in the trace output.

```
[edit]
user@host# set security idp traceoptions flag all
```

**Results** From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show security idp** command. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```
[edit]
user@host# show security idp
idp-policy idpengine {
 rulebase-ips {
 rule 1 {
 match {
 from-zone any;
 source-address any;
 to-zone any;
 destination-address any;
 application default;
 attacks {
 custom-attack-groups cust-group;
 dynamic-attack-groups dyn2;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 then {
 action {
```

```
 no-action;
 }
 notification {
 log-attacks;
 }
}
}
}
}
active-policy idpengine;
custom-attack customftp {
 severity info;
 attack-type {
 signature {
 context ftp-username;
 pattern .*guest.*;
 direction client-to-server;
 }
 }
}
custom-attack-group cust-group {
 group-members [customftp ICMP:INFO:TIMESTAMP "TELNET - Major" dyn1];
}
dynamic-attack-group dyn1 {
 filters {
 category {
 values TROJAN;
 }
 }
}
dynamic-attack-group dyn2 {
 filters {
 direction {
 expression and;
 values [server-to-client client-to-server];
 }
 }
}
traceoptions {
 file idpd;
 flag all;
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.



**NOTE:** When you enter **commit** in configuration mode, the configuration is internally verified and then committed. If there are any errors, commit will fail and the errors will be reported.

---

## Verification

### Verifying the Configuration

- Purpose** Verify that the configuration is correct.
- Action** From operational mode, enter the **show security idp policy-commit-status** command to check the policy compilation or load status.



**NOTE:** The output of the **show security idp policy-commit-status** command is dynamic; hence there is no single output for this command.

Verify that the attacks are getting detected as per the configuration, pass traffic through the device which will trigger an attack match. For example, enter the **show security idp status** command to check whether the policy is loaded or not.

**user@host> show security idp status**

```
IDP policy[/var/db/idpd/bins/test.bin.gz.v] and
 detector[/var/db/idpd/sec-repository/installed-detector/libidp-detector.so.tgz.v]
loaded successfully.
The loaded policy size is:785 Bytes
```

Enter the **show security idp attack table** command to pass attack traffic and then verify that the attacks are getting detected or not.



**NOTE:** The command will display the output only when attacks are detected.

**user@host> show security idp attack table**

```
IDP attack statistics:
Attack name #Hits
FTP:USER:ROOT 1
```

**Related Documentation**

- [Understanding Custom Attack Objects on page 61](#)

## Listing IDP Test Conditions for a Specific Protocol

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

When configuring IDP custom attacks, you can specify list test conditions for a specific protocol. To list test conditions for ICMP:

1. List supported test conditions for ICMP and choose the one you want to configure. The supported test conditions are available in the CLI at the **[edit security idp custom-attack test1 attack-type anomaly]** hierarchy level.

```
user@host#set test icmp?
```

Possible completions:

```
<test> Protocol anomaly condition to be checked
```

```
ADDRESSMASK_REQUEST
DIFF_CHECKSUM_IN_RESEND
DIFF_CHECKSUM_IN_RESPONSE
DIFF_LENGTH_IN_RESEND
```

2. Configure the service for which you want to configure the test condition.

```
user@host# set service ICMP
```

3. Configure the test condition (specifying the protocol name is not required).

```
user@host# set test ADDRESSMASK_REQUEST
```

4. If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

#### Related Documentation

- [Understanding Custom Attack Objects on page 61](#)

---

## Understanding IDP Protocol Decoders

### Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

Protocol decoders are used by Intrusion Detection and Prevention (IDP) to check protocol integrity and protocol contextual information by looking for anomalies and ensuring that RFC standards are met. An anomaly can be any part of a protocol, such as the header, message body, or other individual fields that deviate from RFC standards for that protocol. For example, in the case of SMTP, if SMTP MAIL TO precedes SMTP HELO, that is an anomaly in the SMTP protocol.

When protocol contextual information is available, protocol decoders check for attacks within those contexts. For example, for SMTP, if an e-mail is sent to user@company.com, user@company.com is the contextual information and SMTP MAIL TO is the context. By using protocol contextual data, rather than the entire packet, for attack detection, protocol decoders improve overall performance and accuracy.

If there is a policy configured with a rule that matches the protocol decoder check for SMTP, the rule triggers and the appropriate action is taken.

The IDP module ships with a preconfigured set of protocol decoders. These protocol decoders have default settings for various protocol-specific contextual checks they perform. You can use these defaults or you can tune them to meet your site's specific needs. To display the list of available protocol decoders, enter the following command:

```
user@host # show security idp sensor-configuration detector protocol-name ?
```

For a more detailed view of the current set of protocol decoders and their default context values, you can view the `detector-capabilities.xml` file located in the `/ar/db/idpd/sec-download` folder on the device. When you download a new security package, you also receive this file which lists current protocols and default decoder context values.

#### Related Documentation

- [Example: Configuring IDP Protocol Decoders on page 91](#)

## Example: Configuring IDP Protocol Decoders

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

This example shows how to configure IDP protocol decoder tunables.

- [Requirements on page 91](#)
- [Overview on page 91](#)
- [Configuration on page 91](#)
- [Verification on page 92](#)

### Requirements

Before you begin, review the IDP protocol decoders feature. See “[Understanding IDP Protocol Decoders](#)” on page 90.

### Overview

The Junos IDP module ships with a set of preconfigured protocol decoders. These protocol decoders have default settings for various protocol-specific contextual checks that they perform. You can use the default settings or tune them to meet your site's specific needs. This example shows you how to tune the protocol decoder for FTP.

### Configuration

#### Step-by-Step Procedure

To configure IDP protocol decoder tunables:

1. View the list of protocols that have tunable parameters.  

```
[edit]
user@host# edit security idp sensor-configuration detector protocol-name FTP
```
2. Configure tunable parameters for the FTP protocol.  

```
[edit security idp sensor-configuration-detector protocol-name FTP]
user@host# set tunable-name sc_ftp_failed_logins tunable-value 4
user@host# set tunable-name sc_ftp_failed_flags tunable value 1
user@host# set tunable-name sc_ftp_line_length tunable-value 1024
user@host# set tunable-name sc_ftp_password_length tunable-value 64
user@host# set tunable-name sc_ftp_sitestring_length tunable-value 512
user@host# set tunable-name sc_ftp_username_length tunable-value 32
```
3. If you are done configuring the device, commit the configuration.  

```
[edit]
```

```
user@host# commit
```

## Verification

To verify the configuration is working properly, enter the **show security idp status** command.

### Related Documentation

- [Understanding IDP Protocol Decoders on page 90](#)

---

## Understanding Multiple IDP Detector Support

### Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

When a new security package is received, it contains attack definitions and a detector. In any given version of a security package, the attack definitions correspond to the capabilities of the included detector. When policy aging is disabled on the device (see the reset-on-policy statement for policy aging commands), only one policy is in effect at any given time. But if policy aging is enabled and there is a policy update, the existing policy is not unloaded when the new policy is loaded. Therefore, both policies can be in effect on the device. In this case, all existing sessions will continue to be inspected by existing policies and new sessions are inspected with new policies. Once all the existing sessions using the older policy have terminated or expired, the older policy is then unloaded.

When a policy is loaded, it is also associated with a detector. If the new policy being loaded has an associated detector that matches the detector already in use by the existing policy, the new detector is not loaded and both policies use a single associated detector. But if the new detector does not match the current detector, the new detector is loaded along with the new policy. In this case, each loaded policy will then use its own associated detector for attack detection.

Note that a maximum of two detectors can be loaded at any given time. If two detectors are already loaded (by two or more policies), and loading a new policy requires also loading a new detector, then at least one of the loaded detectors must be unloaded before the new detector can be loaded. Before a detector is unloaded, all policies that use the corresponding detector are unloaded as well.

You can view the current policy and corresponding detector version by entering the following command:

```
user@host> show security idp status
```

### Related Documentation

- [Understanding Custom Attack Objects on page 61](#)

---

## Understanding Content Decompression

### Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

In application protocols like HTTP, the content could be compressed and then transmitted over the network. The patterns will not match the compressed content, because the



signature patterns are written to match the unencoded traffic data. In this case IDP detection is evaded. To avoid IDP detection evasion on the HTTP compressed content, an IDP submodule has been added that decompresses the protocol content. The signature pattern matching is done on the decompressed content.

To display the status of all IPS counter values, enter the following command:

```
user@host> show security idp counters ips
```

Some attacks are introduced through compressed content. When the content is decompressed, it can inflate to a very large size taking up valuable system resources resulting in denial of service. This type of attack can be recognized by the ratio of decompressed data size to compressed data size. The content-decompress-ratio-over-limit counter identifies the number of incidents where this ratio has been exceeded. The default ratio is considered consistent with a typical environment. In some cases, however, this ratio might need to be adjusted by resetting the **content-decompress-ratio-over-limit** value. Keep in mind, however, that a higher ratio lessens the chance of detecting this type of attack.

The content-decompress-memory-over-limit counter identifies the number of incidents where the amount of decompressed data exceeded the allocated memory. The default memory allocation provides 33 KB per session for an average number of sessions requiring decompression at the same time. To determine if this value is consistent with your environment, analyze values from decompression-related counters and the total number of IDP sessions traversing the device, and estimate the number of sessions requiring decompression at the same time. Assuming that each of these sessions requires 33 KB of memory for decompression, compare your estimated needs to the default value. If necessary, you can adjust the memory allocation by resetting the **content-decompression-max-memory-kb** value. Note that because content decompression requires a significant allocation of memory, system performance will be impacted by increasing the maximum memory allocation for decompression.

#### Related Documentation

- [Example: Configuring IDP Content Decompression on page 93](#)

## Example: Configuring IDP Content Decompression

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

This example shows how to configure IDP content decompression.

- [Requirements on page 93](#)
- [Overview on page 94](#)
- [Configuration on page 94](#)
- [Verification on page 94](#)

### Requirements

Before you begin, review the IDP content decompression feature. See [“Understanding Content Decompression” on page 92](#)

## Overview

The decompression feature is disabled by default. In this example, you enable the detector, configure the maximum memory to 50,000 kilobytes, and configure a maximum decompression ratio of 16:1.



**NOTE:** Enabling decompression will result in a reduction in performance on your device.

## Configuration

### Step-by-Step Procedure

To configure IDP content decompression:

1. Enable the detector.

```
[edit]
user@host# set security idp sensor-configuration detector protocol-name HTTP
tunable-name sc_http_compress_inflating tunable-value 1
```



**NOTE:** To disable the detector, set the tunable-value to 0.

2. If necessary, modify the maximum memory in kilobytes.

```
[edit security idp]
user@host# set sensor-configuration ips content-decompression-max-memory-kb
50000
```

3. If necessary, configure the maximum decompression ratio.

```
[edit security idp]
user@host# set sensor-configuration ips content-decompression-max-ratio 16
```

4. If you are done configuring the device, commit the configuration.

```
[edit]
user@host# commit
```

## Verification

To verify the configuration is working properly, enter the **show security idp status ips** command. The content-decompress counters provide statistics on decompression processing.

### Related Documentation

- [Understanding Content Decompression on page 92](#)

---

## Understanding IDP Signature-Based Attacks

**Supported Platforms**    [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

To configure a custom attack object, you specify a unique name for it and then specify additional information, which can make it easier for you to locate and maintain the attack object.

Certain properties in the attack object definitions are common to all types of attacks, such as attack name, severity level, service or application binding, time binding, and protocol or port binding. Some fields are specific to an attack type and are available only for that specific attack definition.

Signature attack objects use a stateful attack signature (a pattern that always exists within a specific section of the attack) to detect known attacks. They also include the protocol or service used to perpetrate the attack and the context in which the attack occurs. The following properties are specific to signature attacks, and you can configure them when configuring signature attack—attack context, attack direction, attack pattern, and protocol-specific parameters (TCP, UDP, ICMP, or IP header fields).

When configuring signature-based attacks, keep the following in mind:

- Attack context and direction are mandatory fields for the signature attack definition.
- Pattern negation is supported for packet, line, and application-based contexts only and not for stream and normalized stream contexts.
- When configuring the protocol-specific parameters, you can specify fields for only one of the following protocols—IP, TCP, UDP, or ICMP.
- When configuring a protocol binding, you can specify only one of the following—IP, ICMP, TCP, UDP, RPC or applications.
  - IP—Protocol number is a mandatory field.
  - TCP and UDP—You can specify either a single port (**minimum-port**) or a port range (**minimum-port** and **maximum-port**). If you do not specify a port, the default value is taken (**0-65535**).
  - RPC—Program number is a mandatory field.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Understanding Custom Attack Objects on page 61](#)
- [Example: Configuring IDP Signature-Based Attacks on page 95](#)
- [Example: Configuring IDP Protocol Anomaly-Based Attacks on page 99](#)

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## Example: Configuring IDP Signature-Based Attacks

**Supported Platforms**   [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

This example shows how to create a signature-based attack object.

- [Requirements on page 96](#)
- [Overview on page 96](#)
- [Configuration on page 96](#)
- [Verification on page 98](#)

## Requirements

Before you begin, configure network interfaces.

## Overview

In this example, you create a signature attack called `sig1` and assign it the following properties:

- Recommended action (drop packet)—Drops a matching packet before it can reach its destination but does not close the connection.
- Time binding—Specifies the scope as **source** and the count as **10**. When scope is **source**, all attacks from the same source are counted, and when the number of attacks reaches the specified count (**10**), the attack is logged. In this example, every tenth attack from the same source is logged.
- Attack context (packet)—Matches the attack pattern within a packet.
- Attack direction (any)—Detects the attack in both directions—client-to-server and server-to-client traffic.
- Protocol (TCP)—Specifies the TTL value of 128.
- Shellcode (Intel)—Sets the flag to detect shellcode for Intel platforms.
- Protocol binding—Specifies the TCP protocol and ports 50 through 100.

Once you have configured a signature-based attack object, you specify the attack as match criteria in an IDP policy rule. See [“Example: Defining Rules for an IDP IPS RuleBase” on page 48](#).

## Configuration

### CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level, and then enter **commit** from configuration mode.

```
set security idp custom-attack sig1 severity major
set security idp custom-attack sig1 recommended-action drop-packet
set security idp custom-attack sig1 time-binding scope source count 10
set security idp custom-attack sig1 attack-type signature context packet
set security idp custom-attack sig1 attack-type signature shellcode intel
set security idp custom-attack sig1 attack-type signature protocol ip ttl value 128 match
equal
set security idp custom-attack sig1 attack-type signature protocol-binding tcp
minimum-port 50 maximum-port 100
set security idp custom-attack sig1 attack-type signature direction any
```

**Step-by-Step Procedure** The following example requires you to navigate various levels in the configuration hierarchy. For instructions on how to do that, see *Using the CLI Editor in Configuration Mode* in the *CLI User Guide*.

To create a signature-based attack object:

1. Specify a name for the attack.  

```
[edit]
user@host# edit security idp custom-attack sig1
```
2. Specify common properties for the attack.  

```
[edit security idp custom-attack sig1]
user@host# set severity major
user@host# set recommended-action drop-packet
user@host# set time-binding scope source count 10
```
3. Specify the attack type and context.  

```
[edit security idp custom-attack sig1]
user@host# set attack-type signature context packet
```
4. Specify the attack direction and the shellcode flag.  

```
[edit security idp custom-attack sig1]
user@host# set attack-type signature shellcode intel
```
5. Set the protocol and its fields.  

```
[edit security idp custom-attack sig1]
user@host# set attack-type signature protocol ip ttl value 128 match equal
```
6. Specify the protocol binding and ports.  

```
[edit security idp custom-attack sig1]
user@host# set attack-type signature protocol-binding tcp minimum-port 50
maximum-port 100
```
7. Specify the direction.  

```
[edit security idp custom-attack sig1]
user@host# set attack-type signature direction any
```

**Results** From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show security idp** command. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```
[edit]
user@host# show security idp
custom-attack sig1 {
 recommended-action drop-packet;
 severity major;
 time-binding {
 count 10;
 scope source;
 }
 attack-type {
 signature {
 protocol-binding {
```

```
 tcp {
 minimum-port 50 maximum-port 100;
 }
 }
 context packet;
 direction any;
 shellcode intel;
 protocol {
 ip {
 ttl {
 match equal;
 value 128;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

## Verification

Confirm that the configuration is working properly.

- [Verifying the Configuration on page 98](#)

### Verifying the Configuration

---

**Purpose** Verify that the signature-based attack object was created.

**Action** From operational mode, enter the **show security idp status** command.

**Related Documentation** • [Understanding IDP Signature-Based Attacks on page 94](#)

## Understanding IDP Protocol Anomaly-Based Attacks

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

A protocol anomaly attack object detects unknown or sophisticated attacks that violate protocol specifications (RFCs and common RFC extensions). You cannot create new protocol anomalies, but you can configure a new attack object that controls how your device handles a predefined protocol anomaly when detected.

The following properties are specific to protocol anomaly attacks:

- Attack direction
- Test condition

When configuring protocol anomaly-based attacks, keep the following in mind:

- The service or application binding is a mandatory field for protocol anomaly attacks. Besides the supported applications, services also include IP, TCP, UDP, ICMP, and RPC.
- The attack direction and test condition properties are mandatory fields for configuring anomaly attack definitions.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Example: Configuring IDP Protocol Anomaly-Based Attacks on page 99](#)

---

## Example: Configuring IDP Protocol Anomaly-Based Attacks

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

This example shows how to create a protocol anomaly-based attack object.

- [Requirements on page 99](#)
- [Overview on page 99](#)
- [Configuration on page 99](#)
- [Verification on page 101](#)

### Requirements

Before you begin, configure network interfaces.

### Overview

In this example, you create a protocol anomaly attack called anomaly1 and assign it the following properties:

- Time binding—Specifies the scope as **peer** and count as **2** to detect anomalies between source and destination IP addresses of the sessions for the specified number of times.
- Severity (info)—Provides information about any attack that matches the conditions.
- Attack direction (any)—Detects the attack in both directions—client-to-server and server-to-client traffic.
- Service (TCP)—Matches attacks using the TCP service.
- Test condition (OPTIONS\_UNSUPPORTED)—Matches certain predefined test conditions. In this example, the condition is to match if the attack includes unsupported options.
- Shellcode (sparc)—Sets the flag to detect shellcode for Sparc platforms.

Once you have configured the protocol anomaly-based attack object, you specify the attack as match criteria in an IDP policy rule. See [“Example: Defining Rules for an IDP IPS RuleBase” on page 48](#).

### Configuration

**CLI Quick  
Configuration**

To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network

configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level, and then enter **commit** from configuration mode.

```
set security idp custom-attack anomaly1 severity info
set security idp custom-attack anomaly1 time-binding scope peer count 2
set security idp custom-attack anomaly1 attack-type anomaly test
 OPTIONS_UNSUPPORTED
set security idp custom-attack sa
set security idp custom-attack sa attack-type anomaly service TCP
set security idp custom-attack sa attack-type anomaly direction any
set security idp custom-attack sa attack-type anomaly shellcode sparc
```

**Step-by-Step Procedure** The following example requires you to navigate various levels in the configuration hierarchy. For instructions on how to do that, see *Using the CLI Editor in Configuration Mode* in the *CLI User Guide*.

To create a protocol anomaly-based attack object:

1. Specify a name for the attack.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit security idp custom-attack anomaly1
```

2. Specify common properties for the attack.

```
[edit security idp custom-attack anomaly1]
user@host# set severity info
user@host# set time-binding scope peer count 2
```

3. Specify the attack type and test condition.

```
[edit security idp custom-attack anomaly1]
user@host# set attack-type anomaly test OPTIONS_UNSUPPORTED
```

4. Specify other properties for the anomaly attack.

```
[edit security idp custom-attack anomaly1]
user@host# set attack-type anomaly service TCP
user@host# set attack-type anomaly direction any
user@host# attack-type anomaly shellcode sparc
```

**Results** From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show security idp** command. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```
[edit]
user@host# show security idp
custom-attack anomaly1 {
 severity info;
 time-binding {
 count 2;
 scope peer;
 }
 attack-type {
 anomaly {
 test OPTIONS_UNSUPPORTED;
 service TCP;
 }
 }
}
```



```

 direction any;
 shellcode sparc;
 }
}

```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

## Verification

To confirm that the configuration is working properly, perform this task:

- [Verifying the Configuration on page 101](#)

### Verifying the Configuration

**Purpose** Verify that the protocol anomaly-based attack object was created.

**Action** From operational mode, enter the **show security idp status** command.

**Related Documentation** • [Understanding IDP Protocol Anomaly-Based Attacks on page 98](#)

## IDP Extended Package Configuration Overview

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series](#)

The Junos OS Intrusion Detection and Prevention (IDP) policy enables you to selectively enforce various attack detection and prevention techniques on network traffic passing through an IDP-enabled device. It allows you to define policy rules to match a section of traffic based on a zone, network, and application, and then take active or passive preventive actions on that traffic.

An IDP policy defines how your device handles the network traffic. It allows you to enforce various attack detection and prevention techniques on traffic traversing your network.

A policy is made up of rule bases, and each rule base contains a set of rules. You define rule parameters, such as traffic match conditions, action, and logging requirements, then add the rules to rule bases. After you create an IDP policy by adding rules in one or more rule bases, you can select that policy to be the active policy on your device.

To configure the IDP extended package (IPS-EP) perform the following steps:

1. Enable IPS in a security policy. See [“Example: Enabling IDP in a Security Policy” on page 25](#).
2. Configure IDP policy rules, IDP rule bases, and IDP rule actions. See [“Example: Inserting a Rule in the IDP Rulebase” on page 45](#), [“Example: Defining Rules for an IDP IPS RuleBase” on page 48](#), and [“Example: Configuring and Applying Rewrite Rules” on page 125](#) topics.

3. Configure IDP custom signatures. See [“Understanding IDP Signature-Based Attacks” on page 94](#) and [“Example: Configuring IDP Signature-Based Attacks” on page 95](#) topics.
4. Update the IDP signature database. See [“Updating the IDP Signature Database Overview” on page 10](#).

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Intrusion Detection and Prevention Feature Guide for Security Devices](#)

## CHAPTER 7

# Configuring Applications and Application Sets

- [Understanding IDP Application Sets on page 103](#)
- [Example: Configuring IDP Applications Sets on page 104](#)
- [Example: Configuring IDP Applications and Services on page 106](#)

## Understanding IDP Application Sets

---

**Supported Platforms**   [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

Applications or services represent Application Layer protocols that define how data is structured as it travels across the network. Because the services you support on your network are the same services that attackers must use to attack your network, you can specify which services are supported by the destination IP to make your rules more efficient. Juniper Networks provides predefined applications and application sets that are based on industry-standard applications. If you need to add applications that are not included in the predefined applications, you can create custom applications or modify predefined applications to suit your needs.

You specify an application, or service, to indicate that a policy applies to traffic of that type. Sometimes the same applications or a subset of them can be present in multiple policies, making them difficult to manage. Junos OS allows you to create groups of applications called *application set*.

Application sets simplify the process by allowing you to manage a small number of application sets, rather than a large number of individual application entries.

The application (or application set) is configured as a match criterion for packets. Packets must be of the application type specified in the policy for the policy to apply to the packet. If the packet matches the application type specified by the policy and all other criteria match, then the policy action is applied to the packet. You can use predefined or custom applications and refer to them in a policy.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [IDP Policies Overview on page 23](#)
- [Understanding IDP Policy Rules on page 38](#)
- [Understanding IDP Policy Rule Bases on page 37](#)

- [Example: Configuring IDP Applications and Services on page 106](#)

## Example: Configuring IDP Applications Sets

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

This example shows how to create an application set and associate it with an IDP policy.

- [Requirements on page 104](#)
- [Overview on page 104](#)
- [Configuration on page 104](#)
- [Verification on page 106](#)

### Requirements

Before you begin:

- Configure network interfaces.
- Enable IDP application services in a security policy. See [“Example: Enabling IDP in a Security Policy” on page 25](#).
- Define applications. See *Example: Configuring Applications and Application Sets*.

### Overview

To configure an application set, you add predefined or custom applications separately to an application set and assign a meaningful name to the application set. Once you name the application set you specify the name as part of the policy. For this policy to apply on a packet, the packet must match any one of the applications included in this set.

This example describes how to create an application set called SrvAccessAppSet and associate it with IDP policy ABC. The application set SrvAccessAppSet combines three applications. Instead of specifying three applications in the policy rule, you specify one application set. If all of the other criteria match, any one of the applications in the application set serves as valid matching criteria.

### Configuration

#### CLI Quick Configuration

To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level, and then enter **commit** from configuration mode.

```
set applications application-set SrvAccessAppSet application junos-ssh
set applications application-set SrvAccessAppSet application junos-telnet
set applications application-set SrvAccessAppSet application cust-app
set security idp idp-policy ABC rulebase-ips rule ABC match application SrvAccessAppSet
set security idp idp-policy ABC rulebase-ips rule ABC then action no-action
set security idp active-policy ABC
```

**Step-by-Step Procedure** The following example requires you to navigate various levels in the configuration hierarchy. For instructions on how to do that, see *Using the CLI Editor in Configuration Mode* in the *CLI User Guide*.

To create an application set and associate it with an IDP policy:

1. Create an application set and include three applications in the set.  

```
[edit applications application-set SrvAccessAppSet]
user@host# set application junos-ssh
user@host# set application junos-telnet
user@host# set application cust-app
```
2. Create an IDP policy.  

```
[edit]
user@host# edit security idp idp-policy ABC
```
3. Associate the application set with an IDP policy.  

```
[edit security idp idp-policy ABC]
user@host# set rulebase-ips rule ABC match application SrvAccessAppSet
```
4. Specify an action for the policy.  

```
[edit security idp idp-policy ABC]
user@host# set rulebase-ips rule ABC then action no-action
```
5. Activate the policy.  

```
[edit]
user@host# set security idp active-policy ABC
```

**Results** From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show security idp** and **show applications** commands. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```
[edit]
user@host# show security idp
idp-policy ABC {
 rulebase-ips {
 rule R1 {
 match {
 application SrvAccessAppSet;
 }
 then {
 action {
 no-action;
 }
 }
 }
 }
}
active-policy ABC;

[edit]
user@host# show applications
application-set SrvAccessAppSet {
 application ssh;
```

```
application telnet;
application custApp;
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

## Verification

To confirm that the configuration is working properly, perform this task:

- [Verifying the Configuration on page 106](#)

---

### Verifying the Configuration

**Purpose** Verify that the application set was associated with the IDP policy.

**Action** From operational mode, enter the **show security idp status** command.

**Related Documentation** • [Understanding IDP Application Sets on page 103](#)

---

## Example: Configuring IDP Applications and Services

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series](#), [vSRX](#)

This example shows how to create an application and associate it with an IDP policy.

- [Requirements on page 106](#)
- [Overview on page 106](#)
- [Configuration on page 107](#)
- [Verification on page 108](#)

## Requirements

Before you begin:

- Configure network interfaces.
- Enable IDP application services in a security policy. See [“Example: Enabling IDP in a Security Policy” on page 25](#).

## Overview

To create custom applications, specify a meaningful name for an application and associate parameters with it—for example, inactivity timeout, or application protocol type. In this example, you create a special FTP application called cust-app, specify it as a match condition in the IDP policy ABC running on port 78, and specify the inactivity timeout value as 6000 seconds.

## Configuration

**CLI Quick Configuration** To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level, and then enter **commit** from configuration mode.

```
set applications application cust-app application-protocol ftp protocol tcp
destination-port 78 inactivity-timeout 6000
set security idp idp-policy ABC rulebase-ips rule ABC match application cust-app
set security idp idp-policy ABC rulebase-ips rule ABC then action no-action
set security idp active-policy ABC
```

**Step-by-Step Procedure** The following example requires you to navigate various levels in the configuration hierarchy. For instructions on how to do that, see *Using the CLI Editor in Configuration Mode* in the *CLI User Guide*.

To create an application and associate it with an IDP policy:

1. Create an application and specify its properties.

```
[edit applications application cust-app]
user@host# set application-protocol ftp protocol tcp destination-port 78
inactivity-timeout 6000
```

2. Specify the application as a match condition in a policy.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy ABC rulebase-ips rule ABC]
user@host# set match application cust-app
```

3. Specify the no action condition.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy ABC rulebase-ips rule ABC]
user@host# set then action no-action
```

4. Activate the policy.

```
[edit]
user@host# set security idp active-policy ABC
```

**Results** From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show security idp** and **show applications** commands. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```
[edit]
user@host# show security idp
idp-policy ABC {
 rulebase-ips {
 rule R1 {
 match {
 application cust-app;
 }
 }
 }
}
active-policy ABC;
```

```
[edit]
user@host# show applications
application cust-app {
 application-protocol ftp;
 protocol tcp;
 destination-port 78;
 inactivity-timeout 6000;
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

## Verification

To confirm that the configuration is working properly, perform this task:

- [Verifying the Configuration on page 108](#)

---

### Verifying the Configuration

|                              |                                                                                                                  |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Purpose</b>               | Verify that the application was associated with the IDP policy.                                                  |
| <b>Action</b>                | From operational mode, enter the <b>show security idp status</b> command.                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Understanding IDP Application Sets on page 103</a></li></ul> |



## PART 4

# Configuring IDP Application Identification

- [Configuring IDP Policies for Application Identification on page 111](#)



## CHAPTER 8

# Configuring IDP Policies for Application Identification

- [Understanding IDP Application Identification on page 111](#)
- [Understanding IDP Service and Application Bindings by Attack Objects on page 112](#)
- [Example: Configuring IDP Policies for Application Identification on page 114](#)
- [Verifying IDP Counters for Application Identification Processes on page 115](#)
- [Understanding Memory Limit Settings for IDP Application Identification on page 117](#)
- [Example: Setting Memory Limits for IDP Application Identification Services on page 117](#)

## Understanding IDP Application Identification

---

### Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

Juniper Networks provides predefined application signatures that detect Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) and User Datagram Protocol (UDP) applications running on nonstandard ports. Identifying these applications allows Intrusion Detection and Prevention (IDP) to apply appropriate attack objects to applications running on nonstandard ports. It also improves performance by narrowing the scope of attack signatures for applications without decoders.

The IDP sensor monitors the network and detects suspicious and anomalous network traffic based on specific rules defined in IDP rulebases. It applies attack objects to traffic based on protocols or applications. Application signatures enable the sensor to identify known and unknown applications running on nonstandard ports and to apply the correct attack objects.

Application signatures are available as part of the security package provided by Juniper Networks. You download predefined application signatures along with the security package updates. You cannot create application signatures. For information on downloading the security package, see [“Updating the IDP Signature Database Manually Overview” on page 11](#).

On all branch SRX Series devices, the maximum supported number of entries in the ASC table is 100,000 entries. Because the user land buffer has a fixed size of 1 MB as a limitation, the table displays a maximum of 38,837 cache entries.

The maximum number of IDP sessions supported is 16,384 on SRX320 devices and 32,768 on SRX345 devices.

Application identification is enabled by default only if the service requesting the application identification (such as IDP, AppFW, AppTrack or AppQoS) is enabled to invoke the application identification. If none of these policies or configurations exist, application identification will not be automatically triggered. However, when you specify an application in the policy rule, IDP uses the specified application rather than the application identification result. For instructions on specifying applications in policy rules, see [“Example: Configuring IDP Applications and Services” on page 106](#).



**NOTE:** Application identification is enabled by default. To disable application identification with the CLI see *Disabling and Reenabling Junos OS Application Identification*.

On all branch SRX Series devices, IDP does not allow header checks for nonpacket contexts.

IDP deployed in both active/active and active/passive chassis clusters has the following limitations:

- No inspection of sessions that fail over or fail back.
- The IP action table is not synchronized across nodes.
- The Routing Engine on the secondary node might not be able to reach networks that are reachable only through a Packet Forwarding Engine.
- The SSL session ID cache is not synchronized across nodes. If an SSL session reuses a session ID and it happens to be processed on a node other than the one on which the session ID is cached, the SSL session cannot be decrypted and will be bypassed for IDP inspection.

IDP deployed in active/active chassis clusters has a limitation that for time-binding scope source traffic, if attacks from a source (with more than one destination) have active sessions distributed across nodes, then the attack might not be detected because time-binding counting has a local-node-only view. Detecting this sort of attack requires an RTO synchronization of the time-binding state that is not currently supported.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Example: Configuring IDP Policies for Application Identification on page 114](#)

---

## Understanding IDP Service and Application Bindings by Attack Objects

---

**Supported Platforms**    [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

Attack objects can bind to applications and services in different ways:

- Attack objects can bind to an application implicitly and not have a service definition. They bind to an application based on the name of a context or anomaly.
- Attack objects can bind to a service using a service name.

- Attack objects can bind to a service using TCP or UDP ports, ICMP types or codes or RPC program numbers.

Whether the specified application or service binding applies or not depends on the complete attack object definition as well as the IDP policy configuration:

- If you specify an application in an attack object definition, the service field is ignored. The attack object binds to the application instead of the specified service. However, if you specify a service and no application in the attack object definition, the attack object binds to the service. [Table 17 on page 113](#) summarizes the behavior of application and service bindings with application identification.

**Table 17: Applications and Services with Application Identification**

| Attack Object Fields                                             | Binding Behavior                                                                                                               | Application Identification |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| <code>:application (http)</code><br><code>:service (smtp)</code> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Binds to the application <b>HTTP</b>.</li> <li>The service field is ignored.</li> </ul> | Enabled                    |
| <code>:service (http)</code>                                     | Binds to the application <b>HTTP</b> .                                                                                         | Enabled                    |
| <code>:service (tcp/80)</code>                                   | Binds to TCP port 80.                                                                                                          | Disabled                   |

For example, in the following attack object definition, the attack object binds to the application **HTTP**, the application identification is enabled, and the service field **SMTP** is ignored.

```

: ("http-test"
 :application ("http")
 :service ("smtp")
 :rectype (signature)
 :signature (
 :pattern (".*TERM=xterm; export TERM=xterm; exec bash - i\x0a\x.*")
 :type (stream)
)
 :type (attack-ip)
)
```

- If an attack object is based on service specific contexts (for example, **http-url**) and anomalies (for example, **tftp\_file\_name\_too\_long**), both application and service fields are ignored. Service contexts and anomalies imply application; thus when you specify these in the attack object, application identification is applied.
- If you configure a specific application in a policy, you overwrite the application binding specified in an attack object. [Table 18 on page 114](#) summarizes the binding with the application configuration in the IDP policy.

Table 18: Application Configuration in an IDP Policy

| Application Type in the Policy | Binding Behavior                                                                | Application Identification                                                                                                                        |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Default</b>                 | Binds to the application or service configured in the attack object definition. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enabled for application-based attack objects</li> <li>Disabled for service-based attack objects</li> </ul> |
| <b>Specific application</b>    | Binds to the application specified in the attack object definition.             | Disabled                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Any</b>                     | Binds to all applications.                                                      | Disabled                                                                                                                                          |

- If you specify an application in an IDP policy, the application type configured in the attack object definition and in the IDP policy must match. The policy rule cannot specify two different applications (one in the attack object and the other in the policy).



**NOTE:** Application cannot be any when attacks based on different applications are specified in IDP configuration and commit fails. Use default instead.

While configuring IDS rules for application the option any is deprecated.

But, when application is any and custom-attack groups are used in IDP configuration, commit goes through successfully. So, commit check does not detect such cases.

#### Related Documentation

- [Understanding IDP Application Identification on page 111](#)
- [IDP Policies Overview on page 23](#)
- [Understanding the IDP Signature Database on page 7](#)
- [Example: Configuring IDP Policies for Application Identification on page 114](#)

## Example: Configuring IDP Policies for Application Identification

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

This example shows how to configure the IDP policies for application identification.

- [Requirements on page 115](#)
- [Overview on page 115](#)
- [Configuration on page 115](#)
- [Verification on page 115](#)

## Requirements

Before you begin:

- Configure network interfaces.
- Download the application package.

## Overview

In this example, you create an IDP policy ABC and define rule 123 in the IPS rulebase. You specify default as the application type in an IDP policy rule. If you specify an application instead of default the application identification feature will be disabled for this rule and IDP will match the traffic with the specified application type. The applications defined under application-identification cannot be referenced directly at this time.

## Configuration

### Step-by-Step Procedure

To configure IDP policies for application identification:

1. Create an IDP policy.  

```
[edit]
user@host# set security idp idp-policy ABC
```
2. Specify the application type.  

```
[edit]
user@host# set security idp idp-policy ABC rulebase-ips rule 123 match application default
```
3. Specify an action to take when the match condition is met.  

```
[edit]
user@host# set security idp idp-policy ABC rulebase-ips rule 123 then action no-action
```
4. If you are done configuring the device, commit the configuration.  

```
[edit]
user@host# commit
```

## Verification

To verify the configuration is working properly, enter the **show security idp** command.

### Related Documentation

- [Understanding IDP Application Identification on page 111](#)
- [Understanding the Junos OS Application Package Installation](#)

## Verifying IDP Counters for Application Identification Processes

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Purpose** Verify the IDP counters for the application identification processes.

**Action** From the CLI, enter the **show security idp counters application-identification** command.

### Sample Output

```
user@host> show security idp counters application-identification
IDP counters:

IDP counter type Value
AI cache hits 2682
AI cache misses 3804
AI matches 74
AI no-matches 27
AI-enabled sessions 3804
AI-disabled sessions 2834
AI-disabled sessions due to cache hit 2682
AI-disabled sessions due to configuration 0
AI-disabled sessions due to protocol remapping 0
AI-disabled sessions due to non-TCP/UDP flows 118
AI-disabled sessions due to no AI signatures 0
AI-disabled sessions due to session limit 0
AI-disabled sessions due to session packet memory limit 34
AI-disabled sessions due to global packet memory limit 0
```

**Meaning** The output shows a summary of the application identification counters. Verify the following information:

- AI cache hits—Displays the number of hits on the application identification cache
- AI cache misses—Displays the number of times the application matches but the application identification cache entry is not added.
- AI matches—Displays the number of times the application matches, and an application identification cache entry is added.
- AI no-matches—Displays the number of times when application does not match.
- AI-enabled sessions—Displays the number of sessions on which application identification is enabled.
- AI-disabled sessions—Displays the number of sessions on which application identification is disabled.
- AI-disabled sessions due to cache hit—Displays the number of sessions on which application identification is disabled after a cache entry is matched. Application identification process is discontinued for this session.
- AI-disabled sessions due to configuration—Displays the number of sessions on which application identification is disabled because of the sensor configuration.
- AI-disabled sessions due to protocol remapping—Displays the number of sessions for which application identification is disabled because you have configured a specific service in the IDP policy rule definition.
- AI-disabled sessions due to non-TCP/UDP flows—Displays the number of sessions for which application identification is disabled because the session is not a TCP or UDP session.



- AI-disabled sessions due to no AI signatures—Displays the number of sessions for which application identification is disabled because no match is found on the application identification signatures.
- AI-disabled due to session limit—Displays the number of sessions for which application identification is disabled because sessions have reached the maximum limit configured. Application identification is disabled for future sessions too.
- AI-disabled due to session packet memory limit—Displays the sessions for which application identification is disabled because sessions have reached the maximum memory limit on TCP or UDP flows. Application identification is disabled for future sessions too.
- AI-disabled due to global packet memory limit—Displays the sessions for which application identification is disabled because the maximum memory limit is reached. Application identification is disabled for future sessions too.

**Related Documentation**

- [Understanding IDP Application Identification on page 111](#)

---

## Understanding Memory Limit Settings for IDP Application Identification

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

Although you cannot create application signatures with the IDP signature database, you can configure sensor settings to limit the number of sessions running application identification and also limit memory usage for application identification.

Memory limit for a session—You can configure the maximum amount of memory bytes that can be used to save packets for application identification for one TCP or UDP session. You can also configure a limit for global memory usage for application identification. Application identification is disabled for a session after the system reaches the specified memory limit for the session. However, IDP continues to match patterns. The matched application is saved to cache so that the next session can use it. This protects the system from attackers trying to bypass application identification by purposefully sending large client-to-server packets.

**Related Documentation**

- [Example: Setting Memory Limits for IDP Application Identification Services on page 117](#)

---

## Example: Setting Memory Limits for IDP Application Identification Services

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

This example shows how to configure memory limits for IDP application identification services.

- [Requirements on page 118](#)
- [Overview on page 118](#)
- [Configuration on page 118](#)
- [Verification on page 118](#)

## Requirements

Before you begin:

- Configure network interfaces.
- Download the signature database. See [“Example: Updating the IDP Signature Database Manually”](#) on page 13.

## Overview

In this example, you configure 5000 memory bytes as the maximum amount of memory that can be used for saving packets for application identification for one TCP session.

## Configuration

### Step-by-Step Procedure

To configure memory and session limits for IDP application identification services:

1. Specify the memory limits for application identification.

[edit]

```
user@host# set security idp sensor-configuration application-identification
max-tcp-session-packet-memory 5000
```

2. If you are done configuring the device, commit the configuration.

[edit]

```
user@host# commit
```

## Verification

To verify the configuration is working properly, enter the **show security idp memory** command.

### Related Documentation

- [Understanding Memory Limit Settings for IDP Application Identification](#) on page 117

## PART 5

# Configuring IDP Class of Service Action

- [Configuring IDP Class of Service Action in an IDP Policy on page 121](#)



## CHAPTER 9

# Configuring IDP Class of Service Action in an IDP Policy

- [IDP Class of Service Action Overview on page 121](#)
- [Forwarding Classes Overview on page 122](#)
- [Rewrite Rules Overview on page 125](#)
- [Example: Configuring and Applying Rewrite Rules on page 125](#)
- [Example: Applying the CoS Action in an IDP Policy on page 128](#)

## IDP Class of Service Action Overview

---

**Supported Platforms**   [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

Differentiated Services (DS) is a system for tagging (or “marking”) traffic at a position within a hierarchy of priority. Differentiated Services codepoint (DSCP) marking maps the Junos OS Class of Service (CoS) level to the DSCP field in the IP packet header. On SRX1500, SRX3400, SRX3600, SRX5600, and SRX5800 devices, DSCP values of IP packets can be rewritten by the following two software modules:

- Differentiated Services code point (DSCP) rewriter at an egress interface.
- IDP module according to IDP policies.

In the data plane, before a packet reaches an egress interface, the IDP module can notify the security flow module to rewrite the packet’s DSCP value. The IDP module and the interface-based rewriter rewrite DSCP values based on different and independent rules. The IDP module rewrites a packet’s DSCP value based on IDP policies; whereas the interface-based writer rewrites a packet’s DSCP value based on packet classification results. Therefore the rewriting decisions of the IDP module and the interface-based rewriter can be different.

An interface-based rewriter rewrites DSCP values by comparing a packet’s forwarding class against a set of forwarding classes configured as rewrite rules. A forwarding class that does not belong to this set of forwarding classes is used to notify an interface-based rewriter to not rewrite a packet’s DSCP value when it has been set by the IDP module.



**NOTE:** In addition to influencing the rewriting of a packet's DSCP value, forwarding classes are also used to prioritize the traffic in the device. By assigning a forwarding class to a queue number, you affect the scheduling and marking of a packet as it transits an SRX Series device. For information on forwarding classes, see [“Forwarding Classes Overview” on page 122](#).

When the IDP module rewrites a packet's DSCP value, IDP can set the forwarding class associated with the packet such that the forwarding class is out of the set of forwarding classes defined as the rule for an egress interface-based rewriter. For information on rewrite rules, see [“Rewrite Rules Overview” on page 125](#) and [“Example: Configuring and Applying Rewrite Rules” on page 125](#).

When the interface-based rewriter processes the packet, it notices that the packet's forwarding class does not match any of the classes defined in the rewrite rule, therefore it does not change the DSCP value of the packet. Consequently, the packet's DSCP value is marked by the IDP module and the interface-based rewriter is bypassed. Separate forwarding classes for the IDP module and the interface-based rewriter can be defined using the **set forwarding-class** statement at the [edit class-of-service] hierarchy level. For example, forwarding classes fc0, fc1, fc2, and fc3 can be defined for the IDP module, while forwarding classes fc4, fc5, fc6, and fc7 can be defined for the interface-based rewriters. In Junos OS, multiple forwarding classes can be mapped to one priority queue. Therefore the number of forwarding classes can be more than the number of queues.



**NOTE:** When both the interface-based rewriter and the IDP modules try to rewrite DSCP values, the IDP module is given precedence over the interface-based rewriter because IDP marks DSCP values with more information about the packets and has stricter security criteria than the interface-based rewriter module.

For a configuration example that shows how you can rewrite DSCP values with the IDP module and bypass the interface-based rewriter, see [“Example: Applying the CoS Action in an IDP Policy” on page 128](#).

**Related Documentation**

- [Example: Applying the CoS Action in an IDP Policy on page 128](#)

---

## Forwarding Classes Overview

---

**Supported Platforms**    [SRX Series](#)

Forwarding classes (FCs) allow you to group packets for transmission and to assign packets to output queues. The forwarding class and the loss priority define the per-hop behavior (PHB in DiffServ) of a packet.

Juniper Networks devices support eight queues (0 through 7). For a classifier to assign an output queue (default queues 0 through 3) to each packet, it must associate the packet with one of the following forwarding classes:

- Expedited forwarding (EF)—Provides a low-loss, low-latency, low-jitter, assured-bandwidth, end-to-end service.
- Assured forwarding (AF)—Provides a group of values you can define and includes four subclasses—AF1, AF2, AF3, and AF4—each with three drop probabilities (low, medium, and high).
- Best effort (BE)—Provides no service profile. For the BE forwarding class, loss priority is typically not carried in a class-of-service (CoS) value, and random early detection (RED) drop profiles are more aggressive.
- Network Control (NC)—This class is typically high priority because it supports protocol control.

In addition to behavior aggregate (BA) and multistage (MF) classification, the forwarding class (FC) of a packet can be directly determined by the logical interface that receives the packet. The packet FC can be configured using CLI commands, and if configured, this FC overrides the FC from any BA classification that was previously configured on the logical interface.

The following CLI command can assign an FC directly to packets received at a logical interface:

```
[edit class-of-service interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number]
forwarding-class class-name;
```

This section contains the following topics:

- [Forwarding Class Queue Assignments on page 123](#)
- [Forwarding Policy Options on page 124](#)

## Forwarding Class Queue Assignments

Juniper Networks devices have eight queues built into the hardware. By default, four queues are assigned to four FCs. [Table 19 on page 124](#) shows the four default FCs and queues that Juniper Networks classifiers assign to packets, based on the class-of-service (CoS) values in the arriving packet headers.



**NOTE:** Queues 4 through 7 have no default assignments to FCs and are not mapped. To use queues 4 through 7, you must create custom FC names and map them to the queues.

By default, all incoming packets, except the IP control packets, are assigned to the FC associated with queue 0. All IP control packets are assigned to the FC associated with queue 3.

Table 19: Default Forwarding Class Queue Assignments

| Forwarding Queue | Forwarding Class          | Forwarding Class Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Queue 0          | best-effort (BE)          | The Juniper Networks device does not apply any special CoS handling to packets with 000000 in the DiffServ field, a backward compatibility feature. These packets are usually dropped under congested network conditions.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Queue 1          | expedited-forwarding (EF) | <p>The Juniper Networks device delivers assured bandwidth, low loss, low delay, and low delay variation (jitter) end-to-end for packets in this service class.</p> <p>Devices accept excess traffic in this class, but in contrast to assured forwarding, out-of-profile expedited-forwarding packets can be forwarded out of sequence or dropped.</p>                                                                                                                       |
| Queue 2          | assured-forwarding (AF)   | <p>The Juniper Networks device offers a high level of assurance that the packets are delivered as long as the packet flow from the customer stays within a certain service profile that you define.</p> <p>The device accepts excess traffic, but applies a random early detection (RED) drop profile to determine whether the excess packets are dropped and not forwarded.</p> <p>Three drop probabilities (low, medium, and high) are defined for this service class.</p> |
| Queue 3          | network-control (NC)      | <p>The Juniper Networks device delivers packets in this service class with a low priority. (These packets are not delay sensitive.)</p> <p>Typically, these packets represent routing protocol hello or keepalive messages. Because loss of these packets jeopardizes proper network operation, delay is preferable to discard.</p>                                                                                                                                          |

## Forwarding Policy Options

CoS-based forwarding (CBF) enables you to control next-hop selection based on a packet's CoS and, in particular, the value of the IP packet's precedence bits. For example, you can specify a particular interface or next hop to carry high-priority traffic while all best-effort traffic takes some other path. CBF allows path selection based on FC. When a routing protocol discovers equal-cost paths, it can either pick a path at random or load-balance the packets across the paths, through either hash selection or round-robin selection.

A forwarding policy also allows you to create CoS classification overrides. You can override the incoming CoS classification and assign the packets to an FC based on the packets' input interfaces, input precedence bits, or destination addresses. When you override the classification of incoming packets, any mappings you configured for associated precedence bits or incoming interfaces to output transmission queues are ignored.



- Related Documentation**
- [Example: Assigning Forwarding Classes to Output Queues](#)
  - [Example: Assigning a Forwarding Class to an Interface](#)
  - [Example: Configuring Forwarding Classes](#)

---

## Rewrite Rules Overview

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

A rewrite rule modifies the appropriate class-of-service (CoS) bits in an outgoing packet. Modification of CoS bits allows the next downstream device to classify the packet into the appropriate service group. Rewriting or marking outbound packets is useful when the device is at the border of a network and must alter the CoS values to meet the policies of the targeted peer. A rewrite rule examines the forwarding class and loss priority of a packet and sets its bits to a corresponding value specified in the rule.

Typically, a device rewrites CoS values in outgoing packets on the outbound interfaces of an edge device, to meet the policies of the targeted peer. After reading the current forwarding class and loss priority information associated with the packet, the transmitting device locates the chosen CoS value from a table, and writes this CoS value into the packet header.



**NOTE:** You can configure up to 32 IEEE 802.1p rewriters on each SRX5K-MPC on the SRX5600 and SRX5800 devices.

- Related Documentation**
- [Example: Configuring and Applying Rewrite Rules on page 125](#)

---

## Example: Configuring and Applying Rewrite Rules

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

This example shows how to configure and apply rewrite rules for a device.

- [Requirements on page 125](#)
- [Overview on page 125](#)
- [Configuration on page 126](#)
- [Verification on page 128](#)

### Requirements

Before you begin, create and configure the forwarding classes.

### Overview

You can configure rewrite rules to replace DSCPs on packets received from the customer or host with the values expected by other devices. You do not have to configure rewrite rules if the received packets already contain valid DSCPs. Rewrite rules apply the

forwarding class information and packet loss priority used internally by the device to establish the DSCP on outbound packets. After you configure the rewrite rules, you must apply them to the correct interfaces.



**NOTE:** You can configure up to 32 IEEE 802.1p rewriters on each SRX5K-MPC on the SRX5600 and SRX5800 devices.

In this example, you configure the rewrite rules for DiffServ CoS as rewrite-dscps. You specify the best-effort forwarding class as be-class, expedited forwarding class as ef-class, an assured forwarding class as af-class, and a network control class as nc-class. Finally, you apply rewrite rules to an interface called ge-0/0/0.

Table 20 on page 126 shows how the rewrite rules replace the DSCPs on packets in the four forwarding classes.

**Table 20: Sample rewrite-dscps Rewrite Rules to Replace DSCPs**

| mf-classifier<br>Forwarding Class | For CoS Traffic Type                                                                                                                                                   | rewrite-dscps Rewrite Rules                                         |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| be-class                          | Best-effort traffic—Provides no special CoS handling of packets. Typically, RED drop profile is aggressive and no loss priority is defined.                            | Low-priority code point: 000000<br>High-priority code point: 000001 |
| ef-class                          | Expedited forwarding traffic—Provides low loss, low delay, low jitter, assured bandwidth, and end-to-end service. Packets can be forwarded out of sequence or dropped. | Low-priority code point: 101110<br>High-priority code point: 101111 |
| af-class                          | Assured forwarding traffic—Provides high assurance for packets within the specified service profile. Excess packets are dropped.                                       | Low-priority code point: 001010<br>High-priority code point: 001100 |
| nc-class                          | Network control traffic—Packets can be delayed but not dropped.                                                                                                        | Low-priority code point: 110000<br>High-priority code point: 110001 |



**NOTE:** Forwarding classes can be configured in a DSCP rewriter and also as an action of an IDP policy to rewrite DSCP code points. To ensure that the forwarding class is used as an action in an IDP policy, it is important that you do not configure an IDP policy and interface-based rewrite rules with the same forwarding class.

## Configuration

**CLI Quick Configuration** To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level, and then enter **commit** from the configuration mode.

```

set class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps forwarding-class be-class
 loss-priority low code-point 000000
set class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps forwarding-class be-class
 loss-priority high code-point 000001
set class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps forwarding-class ef-class loss-priority
 low code-point 101110
set class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps forwarding-class ef-class loss-priority
 high code-point 101111
set class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps forwarding-class af-class loss-priority
 low code-point 001010
set class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps forwarding-class af-class loss-priority
 high code-point 001100
set class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps forwarding-class nc-class loss-priority
 low code-point 110000
set class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps forwarding-class nc-class loss-priority
 high code-point 110001
set class-of-service interfaces ge-0/0/0 unit 0 rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps

```

#### Step-by-Step Procedure

The following example requires you to navigate various levels in the configuration hierarchy. For instructions on how to do that, see *Using the CLI Editor in Configuration Mode* in the *CLI User Guide*.

To configure and apply rewrite rules for a device:

1. Configure rewrite rules for DiffServ CoS.  

```

[edit]
user@host# edit class-of-service
user@host# edit rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps

```
2. Configure best-effort forwarding class rewrite rules.  

```

[edit class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps]
user@host# set forwarding-class be-class loss-priority low code-point 000000
user@host# set forwarding-class be-class loss-priority high code-point 000001

```
3. Configure expedited forwarding class rewrite rules.  

```

[edit class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps]
user@host# set forwarding-class ef-class loss-priority low code-point 101110
user@host# set forwarding-class ef-class loss-priority high code-point 101111

```
4. Configure an assured forwarding class rewrite rules.  

```

[edit class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps]
user@host# set forwarding-class af-class loss-priority low code-point 001010
user@host# set forwarding-class af-class loss-priority high code-point 001100

```
5. Configure a network control class rewrite rules.  

```

[edit class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps]
user@host# set forwarding-class nc-class loss-priority low code-point 110000
user@host# set forwarding-class nc-class loss-priority high code-point 110001

```
6. Apply rewrite rules to an interface.  

```

[edit class-of-service]
user@host# set interfaces ge-0/0/0 unit 0 rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps

```

**Results** From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show class-of-service** command. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```
[edit]
user@host# show class-of-service
interfaces {
 interfaces {
 unit 0 {
 rewrite-rules {
 dscp rewrite-dscps;
 }
 }
 }
}
rewrite-rules {
 dscp rewrite-dscps {
 forwarding-class be-class {
 loss-priority low code-point 000000;
 loss-priority high code-point 000001;
 }
 forwarding-class ef-class {
 loss-priority low code-point 101110;
 loss-priority high code-point 101111;
 }
 forwarding-class af-class {
 loss-priority low code-point 001010;
 loss-priority high code-point 001100;
 }
 forwarding-class nc-class {
 loss-priority low code-point 110000;
 loss-priority high code-point 110001;
 }
 }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

## Verification

---

### Verifying Rewrite Rules Configuration

---

**Purpose** Verify that rewrite rules are configured properly.

**Action** From configuration mode, enter the **show class-of-service** command.

**Related Documentation**

- [Rewrite Rules Overview on page 125](#)

---

## Example: Applying the CoS Action in an IDP Policy

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

As packets enter or exit a network, devices might be required to alter the CoS settings of the packet. Rewrite rules set the value of the CoS bits within the packet's header. In addition, you often need to rewrite a given marker (for example, DSCP) at the inbound interfaces of a device to accommodate BA classification by core devices.

On SRX Series devices, DSCP values of IP packets can be rewritten by the following two software modules:

- DSCP rewriter at an egress interface
- IDP module according to IDP policies

This example describes how to create an IDP policy that defines a forwarding class as an action item to rewrite the DSCP value of a packet.

- [Requirements on page 129](#)
- [Overview on page 129](#)
- [Configuration on page 130](#)
- [Verification on page 134](#)

## Requirements

Before you begin, review the CoS components.

## Overview

This example shows how you can rewrite DSCP values with the IDP module and bypass the interface-based rewriter. When you create an IDP policy to rewrite DSCP values, you must specify the following:

- Configure separate forwarding classes for the IDP module and the interface-based rewriters. In this example, eight forwarding classes, fc1 through fc8, are configured. Out of these eight forwarding classes, four classes, fc1 through fc4, are assigned to interface-based rewriters; the other four, fc5 through fc8, are assigned to the IDP module. These eight forwarding classes are mapped to four priority queues, queue 0 through queue 3.
- Configure the DSCP rewriter (rw\_dscp) with forwarding classes, fc1 through fc4.
- Configure a DSCP classifier (c1) with the same forwarding classes as the DSCP rewriter. Essentially the classifier provides inputs, forwarding classes, and loss priorities to the rewriter.
- Apply the DSCP rewriter, rw\_dscp, to a logical interface, ge-0/0/5.
- Apply the classifier, c1, to an ingress logical interface, ge-0/0/6.
- Create a new IDP policy (cos-policy) and assign class-of-service forwarding-class fc5 as the action.



**NOTE:** To ensure DSCP rewriting by IDP, it is important that you do not configure an IDP policy and interface-based DSCP rewrite rules with the same forwarding class.

---

## Configuration

**CLI Quick Configuration** To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level, and then enter **commit** from configuration mode.

```
set class-of-service forwarding-classes queue 0 fc1
set class-of-service forwarding-classes queue 1 fc2
set class-of-service forwarding-classes queue 2 fc3
set class-of-service forwarding-classes queue 3 fc4
set class-of-service forwarding-classes queue 0 fc5
set class-of-service forwarding-classes queue 1 fc6
set class-of-service forwarding-classes queue 2 fc7
set class-of-service forwarding-classes queue 3 fc8
set class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rw_dscp
set class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rw_dscp forwarding-class fc1 loss-priority low
 code-point 000000
set class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rw_dscp forwarding-class fc2 loss-priority low
 code-point 001000
set class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rw_dscp forwarding-class fc3 loss-priority low
 code-point 010000
set class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rw_dscp forwarding-class fc4 loss-priority low
 code-point 011000
set class-of-service classifiers dscp c1 forwarding-class fc1 loss-priority low code-points
 111111
set class-of-service classifiers dscp c1 forwarding-class fc2 loss-priority low code-points
 110000
set class-of-service classifiers dscp c1 forwarding-class fc3 loss-priority low code-points
 100000
set class-of-service classifiers dscp c1 forwarding-class fc4 loss-priority low code-points
 000000
set class-of-service interfaces ge-0/0/5 unit 0 rewrite-rules dscp rw_dscp
set class-of-service interfaces ge-0/0/6 unit 0 classifiers dscp c1
set security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips
set security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips rule r1
set security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips rule r1 match from-zone any to-zone
 any application default
set security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips rule r1 match attacks
 predefined-attack-groups 'P2P - All'
set security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips rule r1 then action class-of-service
 forwarding-class fc5
set security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips rule r1 then action class-of-service
 dscp-code-point 62
set security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips rule r1 then notification log-attacks
set security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips rule r1 then severity critical
```

**Step-by-Step Procedure** The following example requires you to navigate various levels in the configuration hierarchy. For instructions on how to do that, see *Using the CLI Editor in Configuration Mode* in the *CLI User Guide*.

To configure an IDP policy that uses a forwarding class as a notification action for DSCP rewriting, perform the following tasks:

1. Configure forwarding classes.

To configure a one-to-one mapping between the eight forwarding classes and the four priority queues, include the following statements at the **[edit class-of-service]** hierarchy level:

```
[edit class-of-service]
user@host# set forwarding-classes fc1 queue-num 0
user@host# set forwarding-classes fc2 queue-num 1
user@host# set forwarding-classes fc3 queue-num 2
user@host# set forwarding-classes fc4 queue-num 3
user@host# set forwarding-classes fc5 queue-num 0
user@host# set forwarding-classes fc6 queue-num 1
user@host# set forwarding-classes fc7 queue-num 2
user@host# set forwarding-classes fc8 queue-num 3
```

2. Configure a DSCP rewriter with forwarding classes.

```
[edit class-of-service]
user@host# set rewrite-rules dscp rw_dscp forwarding-class fc1 loss-priority low
code-point 000000
user@host# set rewrite-rules dscp rw_dscp forwarding-class fc2 loss-priority low
code-point 001000
user@host# set rewrite-rules dscp rw_dscp forwarding-class fc3 loss-priority low
code-point 010000
user@host# set rewrite-rules dscp rw_dscp forwarding-class fc4 loss-priority low
code-point 011000
```

3. Configure a BA classifier with the same forwarding classes as the DSCP rewriter.

```
[edit class-of-service]
user@host# set classifiers dscp c1 forwarding-class fc1 loss-priority low code-points
111111
user@host# set classifiers dscp c1 forwarding-class fc2 loss-priority low code-points
110000
user@host# set classifiers dscp c1 forwarding-class fc3 loss-priority low code-points
100000
user@host# set classifiers dscp c1 forwarding-class fc4 loss-priority low code-points
000000
```

4. Apply the rewriter to a logical interface.

```
[edit class-of-service]
user@host# set interfaces ge-0/0/5 unit 0 rewrite-rules dscp rw_dscp
```

5. Apply the classifier to a logical interface.

```
[edit class-of-service]
user@host# set interfaces ge-0/0/6 unit 0 classifiers dscp c1
```

6. Configure the IDP policy with the action of forwarding class.

The following steps show how an IDP policy includes a class-of-service forwarding class as one of the actions. In policy *cos-policy*, forwarding class *fc5* is defined as an action in conjunction with the action of *dscp-code-point 62*, which requires the IDP module to rewrite DSCP values to 62. Taking actions of *R1*, the IDP module conducts the security flow module to rewrite the packets' DSCP values as 62 and set their forwarding classes as *fc5*.

To set a forwarding class as one of the actions in an IDP policy, perform the following tasks:

- a. Create a policy by assigning a meaningful name to it.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit security idp idp-policy cos-policy
```

- b. Associate a rulebase with the policy.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy cos-policy]
user@host# edit rulebase-ips
```

- c. Add rules to the rulebase.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips]
user@host# edit rule R1
```

- d. Define the match criteria for the rule.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips rule R1]
user@host# set match from-zone any to-zone any application default
```

- e. Define an attack as match criteria.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips rule R1]
user@host# set match attacks predefined-attack-groups 'P2P - All'
```

- f. Specify forwarding class as an action for the rule.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips rule R1]
user@host# set then action class-of-service forwarding-class fc5
```

- g. Specify *dscp-code-point* as an action for the rule.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips rule R1]
user@host# set then action class-of-service dscp-code-point 62
```

- h. Specify notification and logging options for the rule.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips rule R1]
user@host# set then notification log-attacks alert
```

- i. Set the severity level for the rule.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips rule R1]
user@host# set then severity critical
```

- j. Activate the policy.

```
[edit]
user@host# set security idp active-policy cos-policy
```



**Results** From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show security idp** and **show class-of-service** commands. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```
[edit]
user@host# show security idp
idp-policy cos-policy {
 rulebase-ips {
 rule R1 {
 match {
 from-zone any;
 to-zone any;
 application default;
 attacks {
 predefined-attack-groups P2P - All;
 }
 }
 then {
 action {
 class-of-service {
 forwarding-class fc5;
 dscp-code-point 62;
 }
 }
 notification {
 log-attacks {
 alert;
 }
 }
 severity critical;
 }
 }
 }
}
active-policy cos-policy;

[edit]
user@host# show class-of-service
classifiers {
 dscp c1 {
 forwarding-class fc1 {
 loss-priority low code-points 111111;
 }
 forwarding-class fc2 {
 loss-priority low code-points 110000;
 }
 forwarding-class fc3 {
 loss-priority low code-points 100000;
 }
 forwarding-class fc4 {
 loss-priority low code-points 000000;
 }
 }
}
forwarding-classes {
 queue 0 fc5;
```

```
queue 1 fc6;
queue 2 fc7;
queue 3 fc8;
}
interfaces {
 ge-0/0/5 {
 unit 0 {
 rewrite-rules {
 dscp rw_dscp;
 }
 }
 }
 ge-0/0/6 {
 unit 0 {
 classifiers {
 dscp c1;
 }
 }
 }
}
rewrite-rules {
 dscp rw_dscp {
 forwarding-class fc1 {
 loss-priority low code-point 000000;
 }
 forwarding-class fc2 {
 loss-priority low code-point 001000;
 }
 forwarding-class fc3 {
 loss-priority low code-point 010000;
 }
 forwarding-class fc4 {
 loss-priority low code-point 011000;
 }
 }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

## Verification

To confirm that the configuration is working properly, perform these tasks:

- [Verifying IDP Policy Configuration on page 134](#)
- [Verifying CoS Configuration on page 135](#)

---

### Verifying IDP Policy Configuration

**Purpose** Verify that the forwarding class fc5 is configured as an action in the IDP policy.

**Action** From operational mode, enter the **show security idp idp-policy cos-policy** command.

### Verifying CoS Configuration

---

- Purpose** Verify if the one-to-one mapping between the eight forwarding classes and the four priority queues, application of the BA classifier to the interfaces, and the rewrite rule are working.
- Action** From operational mode, enter the **show class-of-service** command.
- Related Documentation**
- [Understanding IDP Policy Rules on page 38](#)
  - [Example: Enabling IDP in a Security Policy on page 25](#)



## PART 6

# Configuring IDP Class of Service Action

- [Configuring IDP Class of Service Action in an IDP Policy on page 139](#)



## CHAPTER 10

# Configuring IDP Class of Service Action in an IDP Policy

- [IDP Class of Service Action Overview on page 139](#)
- [Forwarding Classes Overview on page 140](#)
- [Rewrite Rules Overview on page 143](#)
- [Example: Configuring and Applying Rewrite Rules on page 143](#)
- [Example: Applying the CoS Action in an IDP Policy on page 146](#)

## IDP Class of Service Action Overview

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

Differentiated Services (DS) is a system for tagging (or “marking”) traffic at a position within a hierarchy of priority. Differentiated Services codepoint (DSCP) marking maps the Junos OS Class of Service (CoS) level to the DSCP field in the IP packet header. On SRX1500, SRX3400, SRX3600, SRX5600, and SRX5800 devices, DSCP values of IP packets can be rewritten by the following two software modules:

- Differentiated Services code point (DSCP) rewriter at an egress interface.
- IDP module according to IDP policies.

In the data plane, before a packet reaches an egress interface, the IDP module can notify the security flow module to rewrite the packet’s DSCP value. The IDP module and the interface-based rewriter rewrite DSCP values based on different and independent rules. The IDP module rewrites a packet’s DSCP value based on IDP policies; whereas the interface-based writer rewrites a packet’s DSCP value based on packet classification results. Therefore the rewriting decisions of the IDP module and the interface-based rewriter can be different.

An interface-based rewriter rewrites DSCP values by comparing a packet’s forwarding class against a set of forwarding classes configured as rewrite rules. A forwarding class that does not belong to this set of forwarding classes is used to notify an interface-based rewriter to not rewrite a packet’s DSCP value when it has been set by the IDP module.



**NOTE:** In addition to influencing the rewriting of a packet's DSCP value, forwarding classes are also used to prioritize the traffic in the device. By assigning a forwarding class to a queue number, you affect the scheduling and marking of a packet as it transits an SRX Series device. For information on forwarding classes, see [“Forwarding Classes Overview” on page 122](#).

When the IDP module rewrites a packet's DSCP value, IDP can set the forwarding class associated with the packet such that the forwarding class is out of the set of forwarding classes defined as the rule for an egress interface-based rewriter. For information on rewrite rules, see [“Rewrite Rules Overview” on page 125](#) and [“Example: Configuring and Applying Rewrite Rules” on page 125](#).

When the interface-based rewriter processes the packet, it notices that the packet's forwarding class does not match any of the classes defined in the rewrite rule, therefore it does not change the DSCP value of the packet. Consequently, the packet's DSCP value is marked by the IDP module and the interface-based rewriter is bypassed. Separate forwarding classes for the IDP module and the interface-based rewriter can be defined using the **set forwarding-class** statement at the [edit class-of-service] hierarchy level. For example, forwarding classes fc0, fc1, fc2, and fc3 can be defined for the IDP module, while forwarding classes fc4, fc5, fc6, and fc7 can be defined for the interface-based rewriters. In Junos OS, multiple forwarding classes can be mapped to one priority queue. Therefore the number of forwarding classes can be more than the number of queues.



**NOTE:** When both the interface-based rewriter and the IDP modules try to rewrite DSCP values, the IDP module is given precedence over the interface-based rewriter because IDP marks DSCP values with more information about the packets and has stricter security criteria than the interface-based rewriter module.

For a configuration example that shows how you can rewrite DSCP values with the IDP module and bypass the interface-based rewriter, see [“Example: Applying the CoS Action in an IDP Policy” on page 128](#).

**Related  
Documentation**

- [Example: Applying the CoS Action in an IDP Policy on page 128](#)

---

## Forwarding Classes Overview

---

**Supported Platforms**    [SRX Series](#)

Forwarding classes (FCs) allow you to group packets for transmission and to assign packets to output queues. The forwarding class and the loss priority define the per-hop behavior (PHB in DiffServ) of a packet.

Juniper Networks devices support eight queues (0 through 7). For a classifier to assign an output queue (default queues 0 through 3) to each packet, it must associate the packet with one of the following forwarding classes:



- Expedited forwarding (EF)—Provides a low-loss, low-latency, low-jitter, assured-bandwidth, end-to-end service.
- Assured forwarding (AF)—Provides a group of values you can define and includes four subclasses—AF1, AF2, AF3, and AF4—each with three drop probabilities (low, medium, and high).
- Best effort (BE)—Provides no service profile. For the BE forwarding class, loss priority is typically not carried in a class-of-service (CoS) value, and random early detection (RED) drop profiles are more aggressive.
- Network Control (NC)—This class is typically high priority because it supports protocol control.

In addition to behavior aggregate (BA) and multistage (MF) classification, the forwarding class (FC) of a packet can be directly determined by the logical interface that receives the packet. The packet FC can be configured using CLI commands, and if configured, this FC overrides the FC from any BA classification that was previously configured on the logical interface.

The following CLI command can assign an FC directly to packets received at a logical interface:

```
[edit class-of-service interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number]
forwarding-class class-name;
```

This section contains the following topics:

- [Forwarding Class Queue Assignments on page 141](#)
- [Forwarding Policy Options on page 142](#)

## Forwarding Class Queue Assignments

Juniper Networks devices have eight queues built into the hardware. By default, four queues are assigned to four FCs. [Table 19 on page 124](#) shows the four default FCs and queues that Juniper Networks classifiers assign to packets, based on the class-of-service (CoS) values in the arriving packet headers.



**NOTE:** Queues 4 through 7 have no default assignments to FCs and are not mapped. To use queues 4 through 7, you must create custom FC names and map them to the queues.

By default, all incoming packets, except the IP control packets, are assigned to the FC associated with queue 0. All IP control packets are assigned to the FC associated with queue 3.

Table 21: Default Forwarding Class Queue Assignments

| Forwarding Queue | Forwarding Class          | Forwarding Class Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Queue 0          | best-effort (BE)          | The Juniper Networks device does not apply any special CoS handling to packets with 000000 in the DiffServ field, a backward compatibility feature. These packets are usually dropped under congested network conditions.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Queue 1          | expedited-forwarding (EF) | <p>The Juniper Networks device delivers assured bandwidth, low loss, low delay, and low delay variation (jitter) end-to-end for packets in this service class.</p> <p>Devices accept excess traffic in this class, but in contrast to assured forwarding, out-of-profile expedited-forwarding packets can be forwarded out of sequence or dropped.</p>                                                                                                                       |
| Queue 2          | assured-forwarding (AF)   | <p>The Juniper Networks device offers a high level of assurance that the packets are delivered as long as the packet flow from the customer stays within a certain service profile that you define.</p> <p>The device accepts excess traffic, but applies a random early detection (RED) drop profile to determine whether the excess packets are dropped and not forwarded.</p> <p>Three drop probabilities (low, medium, and high) are defined for this service class.</p> |
| Queue 3          | network-control (NC)      | <p>The Juniper Networks device delivers packets in this service class with a low priority. (These packets are not delay sensitive.)</p> <p>Typically, these packets represent routing protocol hello or keepalive messages. Because loss of these packets jeopardizes proper network operation, delay is preferable to discard.</p>                                                                                                                                          |

## Forwarding Policy Options

CoS-based forwarding (CBF) enables you to control next-hop selection based on a packet's CoS and, in particular, the value of the IP packet's precedence bits. For example, you can specify a particular interface or next hop to carry high-priority traffic while all best-effort traffic takes some other path. CBF allows path selection based on FC. When a routing protocol discovers equal-cost paths, it can either pick a path at random or load-balance the packets across the paths, through either hash selection or round-robin selection.

A forwarding policy also allows you to create CoS classification overrides. You can override the incoming CoS classification and assign the packets to an FC based on the packets' input interfaces, input precedence bits, or destination addresses. When you override the classification of incoming packets, any mappings you configured for associated precedence bits or incoming interfaces to output transmission queues are ignored.

- Related Documentation**
- [Example: Assigning Forwarding Classes to Output Queues](#)
  - [Example: Assigning a Forwarding Class to an Interface](#)
  - [Example: Configuring Forwarding Classes](#)

## Rewrite Rules Overview

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

A rewrite rule modifies the appropriate class-of-service (CoS) bits in an outgoing packet. Modification of CoS bits allows the next downstream device to classify the packet into the appropriate service group. Rewriting or marking outbound packets is useful when the device is at the border of a network and must alter the CoS values to meet the policies of the targeted peer. A rewrite rule examines the forwarding class and loss priority of a packet and sets its bits to a corresponding value specified in the rule.

Typically, a device rewrites CoS values in outgoing packets on the outbound interfaces of an edge device, to meet the policies of the targeted peer. After reading the current forwarding class and loss priority information associated with the packet, the transmitting device locates the chosen CoS value from a table, and writes this CoS value into the packet header.



**NOTE:** You can configure up to 32 IEEE 802.1p rewriters on each SRX5K-MPC on the SRX5600 and SRX5800 devices.

- Related Documentation**
- [Example: Configuring and Applying Rewrite Rules on page 125](#)

## Example: Configuring and Applying Rewrite Rules

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

This example shows how to configure and apply rewrite rules for a device.

- [Requirements on page 143](#)
- [Overview on page 143](#)
- [Configuration on page 144](#)
- [Verification on page 146](#)

### Requirements

Before you begin, create and configure the forwarding classes.

### Overview

You can configure rewrite rules to replace DSCPs on packets received from the customer or host with the values expected by other devices. You do not have to configure rewrite rules if the received packets already contain valid DSCPs. Rewrite rules apply the

forwarding class information and packet loss priority used internally by the device to establish the DSCP on outbound packets. After you configure the rewrite rules, you must apply them to the correct interfaces.



**NOTE:** You can configure up to 32 IEEE 802.1p rewriters on each SRX5K-MPC on the SRX5600 and SRX5800 devices.

In this example, you configure the rewrite rules for DiffServ CoS as rewrite-dscps. You specify the best-effort forwarding class as be-class, expedited forwarding class as ef-class, an assured forwarding class as af-class, and a network control class as nc-class. Finally, you apply rewrite rules to an interface called ge-0/0/0.

Table 20 on page 126 shows how the rewrite rules replace the DSCPs on packets in the four forwarding classes.

**Table 22: Sample rewrite-dscps Rewrite Rules to Replace DSCPs**

| mf-classifier<br>Forwarding Class | For CoS Traffic Type                                                                                                                                                   | rewrite-dscps Rewrite Rules                                         |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| be-class                          | Best-effort traffic—Provides no special CoS handling of packets. Typically, RED drop profile is aggressive and no loss priority is defined.                            | Low-priority code point: 000000<br>High-priority code point: 000001 |
| ef-class                          | Expedited forwarding traffic—Provides low loss, low delay, low jitter, assured bandwidth, and end-to-end service. Packets can be forwarded out of sequence or dropped. | Low-priority code point: 101110<br>High-priority code point: 101111 |
| af-class                          | Assured forwarding traffic—Provides high assurance for packets within the specified service profile. Excess packets are dropped.                                       | Low-priority code point: 001010<br>High-priority code point: 001100 |
| nc-class                          | Network control traffic—Packets can be delayed but not dropped.                                                                                                        | Low-priority code point: 110000<br>High-priority code point: 110001 |



**NOTE:** Forwarding classes can be configured in a DSCP rewriter and also as an action of an IDP policy to rewrite DSCP code points. To ensure that the forwarding class is used as an action in an IDP policy, it is important that you do not configure an IDP policy and interface-based rewrite rules with the same forwarding class.

## Configuration

**CLI Quick Configuration** To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level, and then enter **commit** from the configuration mode.

```

set class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps forwarding-class be-class
 loss-priority low code-point 000000
set class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps forwarding-class be-class
 loss-priority high code-point 000001
set class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps forwarding-class ef-class loss-priority
 low code-point 101110
set class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps forwarding-class ef-class loss-priority
 high code-point 101111
set class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps forwarding-class af-class loss-priority
 low code-point 001010
set class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps forwarding-class af-class loss-priority
 high code-point 001100
set class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps forwarding-class nc-class loss-priority
 low code-point 110000
set class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps forwarding-class nc-class loss-priority
 high code-point 110001
set class-of-service interfaces ge-0/0/0 unit 0 rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps

```

#### Step-by-Step Procedure

The following example requires you to navigate various levels in the configuration hierarchy. For instructions on how to do that, see *Using the CLI Editor in Configuration Mode* in the *CLI User Guide*.

To configure and apply rewrite rules for a device:

1. Configure rewrite rules for DiffServ CoS.  

```

[edit]
user@host# edit class-of-service
user@host# edit rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps

```
2. Configure best-effort forwarding class rewrite rules.  

```

[edit class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps]
user@host# set forwarding-class be-class loss-priority low code-point 000000
user@host# set forwarding-class be-class loss-priority high code-point 000001

```
3. Configure expedited forwarding class rewrite rules.  

```

[edit class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps]
user@host# set forwarding-class ef-class loss-priority low code-point 101110
user@host# set forwarding-class ef-class loss-priority high code-point 101111

```
4. Configure an assured forwarding class rewrite rules.  

```

[edit class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps]
user@host# set forwarding-class af-class loss-priority low code-point 001010
user@host# set forwarding-class af-class loss-priority high code-point 001100

```
5. Configure a network control class rewrite rules.  

```

[edit class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps]
user@host# set forwarding-class nc-class loss-priority low code-point 110000
user@host# set forwarding-class nc-class loss-priority high code-point 110001

```
6. Apply rewrite rules to an interface.  

```

[edit class-of-service]
user@host# set interfaces ge-0/0/0 unit 0 rewrite-rules dscp rewrite-dscps

```

**Results** From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show class-of-service** command. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```
[edit]
user@host# show class-of-service
interfaces {
 interfaces {
 unit 0 {
 rewrite-rules {
 dscp rewrite-dscps;
 }
 }
 }
}
rewrite-rules {
 dscp rewrite-dscps {
 forwarding-class be-class {
 loss-priority low code-point 000000;
 loss-priority high code-point 000001;
 }
 forwarding-class ef-class {
 loss-priority low code-point 101110;
 loss-priority high code-point 101111;
 }
 forwarding-class af-class {
 loss-priority low code-point 001010;
 loss-priority high code-point 001100;
 }
 forwarding-class nc-class {
 loss-priority low code-point 110000;
 loss-priority high code-point 110001;
 }
 }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

## Verification

---

### Verifying Rewrite Rules Configuration

---

**Purpose** Verify that rewrite rules are configured properly.

**Action** From configuration mode, enter the **show class-of-service** command.

**Related Documentation** • [Rewrite Rules Overview on page 125](#)

---

## Example: Applying the CoS Action in an IDP Policy

---

### Supported Platforms

As packets enter or exit a network, devices might be required to alter the CoS settings of the packet. Rewrite rules set the value of the CoS bits within the packet's header. In addition, you often need to rewrite a given marker (for example, DSCP) at the inbound interfaces of a device to accommodate BA classification by core devices.

On SRX Series devices, DSCP values of IP packets can be rewritten by the following two software modules:

- DSCP rewriter at an egress interface
- IDP module according to IDP policies

This example describes how to create an IDP policy that defines a forwarding class as an action item to rewrite the DSCP value of a packet.

- [Requirements on page 147](#)
- [Overview on page 147](#)
- [Configuration on page 148](#)
- [Verification on page 152](#)

## Requirements

Before you begin, review the CoS components.

## Overview

This example shows how you can rewrite DSCP values with the IDP module and bypass the interface-based rewriter. When you create an IDP policy to rewrite DSCP values, you must specify the following:

- Configure separate forwarding classes for the IDP module and the interface-based rewriters. In this example, eight forwarding classes, fc1 through fc8, are configured. Out of these eight forwarding classes, four classes, fc1 through fc4, are assigned to interface-based rewriters; the other four, fc5 through fc8, are assigned to the IDP module. These eight forwarding classes are mapped to four priority queues, queue 0 through queue 3.
- Configure the DSCP rewriter (rw\_dscp) with forwarding classes, fc1 through fc4.
- Configure a DSCP classifier (c1) with the same forwarding classes as the DSCP rewriter. Essentially the classifier provides inputs, forwarding classes, and loss priorities to the rewriter.
- Apply the DSCP rewriter, rw\_dscp, to a logical interface, ge-0/0/5.
- Apply the classifier, c1, to an ingress logical interface, ge-0/0/6.
- Create a new IDP policy (cos-policy) and assign class-of-service forwarding-class fc5 as the action.



**NOTE:** To ensure DSCP rewriting by IDP, it is important that you do not configure an IDP policy and interface-based DSCP rewrite rules with the same forwarding class.

## Configuration

**CLI Quick Configuration** To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level, and then enter **commit** from configuration mode.

```
set class-of-service forwarding-classes queue 0 fc1
set class-of-service forwarding-classes queue 1 fc2
set class-of-service forwarding-classes queue 2 fc3
set class-of-service forwarding-classes queue 3 fc4
set class-of-service forwarding-classes queue 0 fc5
set class-of-service forwarding-classes queue 1 fc6
set class-of-service forwarding-classes queue 2 fc7
set class-of-service forwarding-classes queue 3 fc8
set class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rw_dscp
set class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rw_dscp forwarding-class fc1 loss-priority low
 code-point 000000
set class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rw_dscp forwarding-class fc2 loss-priority low
 code-point 001000
set class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rw_dscp forwarding-class fc3 loss-priority low
 code-point 010000
set class-of-service rewrite-rules dscp rw_dscp forwarding-class fc4 loss-priority low
 code-point 011000
set class-of-service classifiers dscp c1 forwarding-class fc1 loss-priority low code-points
 111111
set class-of-service classifiers dscp c1 forwarding-class fc2 loss-priority low code-points
 110000
set class-of-service classifiers dscp c1 forwarding-class fc3 loss-priority low code-points
 100000
set class-of-service classifiers dscp c1 forwarding-class fc4 loss-priority low code-points
 000000
set class-of-service interfaces ge-0/0/5 unit 0 rewrite-rules dscp rw_dscp
set class-of-service interfaces ge-0/0/6 unit 0 classifiers dscp c1
set security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips
set security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips rule r1
set security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips rule r1 match from-zone any to-zone
 any application default
set security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips rule r1 match attacks
 predefined-attack-groups 'P2P - All'
set security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips rule r1 then action class-of-service
 forwarding-class fc5
set security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips rule r1 then action class-of-service
 dscp-code-point 62
set security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips rule r1 then notification log-attacks
set security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips rule r1 then severity critical
```



**Step-by-Step Procedure** The following example requires you to navigate various levels in the configuration hierarchy. For instructions on how to do that, see *Using the CLI Editor in Configuration Mode* in the *CLI User Guide*.

To configure an IDP policy that uses a forwarding class as a notification action for DSCP rewriting, perform the following tasks:

1. Configure forwarding classes.

To configure a one-to-one mapping between the eight forwarding classes and the four priority queues, include the following statements at the **[edit class-of-service]** hierarchy level:

```
[edit class-of-service]
user@host# set forwarding-classes fc1 queue-num 0
user@host# set forwarding-classes fc2 queue-num 1
user@host# set forwarding-classes fc3 queue-num 2
user@host# set forwarding-classes fc4 queue-num 3
user@host# set forwarding-classes fc5 queue-num 0
user@host# set forwarding-classes fc6 queue-num 1
user@host# set forwarding-classes fc7 queue-num 2
user@host# set forwarding-classes fc8 queue-num 3
```

2. Configure a DSCP rewriter with forwarding classes.

```
[edit class-of-service]
user@host# set rewrite-rules dscp rw_dscp forwarding-class fc1 loss-priority low
code-point 000000
user@host# set rewrite-rules dscp rw_dscp forwarding-class fc2 loss-priority low
code-point 001000
user@host# set rewrite-rules dscp rw_dscp forwarding-class fc3 loss-priority low
code-point 010000
user@host# set rewrite-rules dscp rw_dscp forwarding-class fc4 loss-priority low
code-point 011000
```

3. Configure a BA classifier with the same forwarding classes as the DSCP rewriter.

```
[edit class-of-service]
user@host# set classifiers dscp c1 forwarding-class fc1 loss-priority low code-points
111111
user@host# set classifiers dscp c1 forwarding-class fc2 loss-priority low code-points
110000
user@host# set classifiers dscp c1 forwarding-class fc3 loss-priority low code-points
100000
user@host# set classifiers dscp c1 forwarding-class fc4 loss-priority low code-points
000000
```

4. Apply the rewriter to a logical interface.

```
[edit class-of-service]
user@host# set interfaces ge-0/0/5 unit 0 rewrite-rules dscp rw_dscp
```

5. Apply the classifier to a logical interface.

```
[edit class-of-service]
user@host# set interfaces ge-0/0/6 unit 0 classifiers dscp c1
```

6. Configure the IDP policy with the action of forwarding class.

The following steps show how an IDP policy includes a class-of-service forwarding class as one of the actions. In policy *cos-policy*, forwarding class *fc5* is defined as an action in conjunction with the action of *dscp-code-point 62*, which requires the IDP module to rewrite DSCP values to 62. Taking actions of *R1*, the IDP module conducts the security flow module to rewrite the packets' DSCP values as 62 and set their forwarding classes as *fc5*.

To set a forwarding class as one of the actions in an IDP policy, perform the following tasks:

- a. Create a policy by assigning a meaningful name to it.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit security idp idp-policy cos-policy
```

- b. Associate a rulebase with the policy.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy cos-policy]
user@host# edit rulebase-ips
```

- c. Add rules to the rulebase.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips]
user@host# edit rule R1
```

- d. Define the match criteria for the rule.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips rule R1]
user@host# set match from-zone any to-zone any application default
```

- e. Define an attack as match criteria.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips rule R1]
user@host# set match attacks predefined-attack-groups 'P2P - All'
```

- f. Specify forwarding class as an action for the rule.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips rule R1]
user@host# set then action class-of-service forwarding-class fc5
```

- g. Specify *dscp-code-point* as an action for the rule.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips rule R1]
user@host# set then action class-of-service dscp-code-point 62
```

- h. Specify notification and logging options for the rule.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips rule R1]
user@host# set then notification log-attacks alert
```

- i. Set the severity level for the rule.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy cos-policy rulebase-ips rule R1]
user@host# set then severity critical
```

- j. Activate the policy.

```
[edit]
user@host# set security idp active-policy cos-policy
```

**Results** From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show security idp** and **show class-of-service** commands. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```
[edit]
user@host# show security idp
idp-policy cos-policy {
 rulebase-ips {
 rule R1 {
 match {
 from-zone any;
 to-zone any;
 application default;
 attacks {
 predefined-attack-groups P2P - All;
 }
 }
 then {
 action {
 class-of-service {
 forwarding-class fc5;
 dscp-code-point 62;
 }
 }
 notification {
 log-attacks {
 alert;
 }
 }
 severity critical;
 }
 }
 }
}
active-policy cos-policy;

[edit]
user@host# show class-of-service
classifiers {
 dscp c1 {
 forwarding-class fc1 {
 loss-priority low code-points 111111;
 }
 forwarding-class fc2 {
 loss-priority low code-points 110000;
 }
 forwarding-class fc3 {
 loss-priority low code-points 100000;
 }
 forwarding-class fc4 {
 loss-priority low code-points 000000;
 }
 }
}
forwarding-classes {
 queue 0 fc5;
```

```
queue 1 fc6;
queue 2 fc7;
queue 3 fc8;
}
interfaces {
 ge-0/0/5 {
 unit 0 {
 rewrite-rules {
 dscp rw_dscp;
 }
 }
 }
 ge-0/0/6 {
 unit 0 {
 classifiers {
 dscp c1;
 }
 }
 }
}
rewrite-rules {
 dscp rw_dscp {
 forwarding-class fc1 {
 loss-priority low code-point 000000;
 }
 forwarding-class fc2 {
 loss-priority low code-point 001000;
 }
 forwarding-class fc3 {
 loss-priority low code-point 010000;
 }
 forwarding-class fc4 {
 loss-priority low code-point 011000;
 }
 }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

## Verification

To confirm that the configuration is working properly, perform these tasks:

- [Verifying IDP Policy Configuration on page 152](#)
- [Verifying CoS Configuration on page 153](#)

---

### Verifying IDP Policy Configuration

**Purpose** Verify that the forwarding class fc5 is configured as an action in the IDP policy.

**Action** From operational mode, enter the **show security idp idp-policy cos-policy** command.

### Verifying CoS Configuration

---

- Purpose** Verify if the one-to-one mapping between the eight forwarding classes and the four priority queues, application of the BA classifier to the interfaces, and the rewrite rule are working.
- Action** From operational mode, enter the **show class-of-service** command.
- Related Documentation**
- [Understanding IDP Policy Rules on page 38](#)
  - [Example: Enabling IDP in a Security Policy on page 25](#)



## PART 7

# Configuring IDP SSL Inspection

- [Configuring IDP SSL Inspection on page 157](#)





## CHAPTER 11

# Configuring IDP SSL Inspection

- [IDP SSL Overview on page 157](#)
- [Supported IDP SSL Ciphers on page 158](#)
- [Understanding IDP Internet Key Exchange on page 159](#)
- [IDP Cryptographic Key Handling Overview on page 160](#)
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- [Example: Configuring IDP When SSL Proxy Is Enabled on page 163](#)

## IDP SSL Overview

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### Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

Secure Sockets Layer (SSL), also called Transport Layer Security (TLS), is a protocol suite for Web security that provides authentication, confidentiality and message integrity. Authentication guards against fraudulent transmissions by enabling a Web browser to validate the identity of a webserver. Confidentiality mechanisms ensure that communications are private. SSL enforces confidentiality by encrypting data to prevent unauthorized users from eavesdropping on electronic communications. Finally, message integrity ensures that the contents of a communication have not been tampered with.

Each SSL session begins with a handshake during which the client and server agree on the specific security key and the encryption algorithms to use for that session. At this time, the client also authenticates the server. Optionally, the server can authenticate the client. Once the handshake is complete, transfer of encrypted data can begin.

Juniper Networks provides Intrusion Detection and Prevention (IDP) SSL inspection that uses the SSL protocol suite consisting of different SSL versions, ciphers, and key exchange methods. Combined with the Application Identification feature, the SSL Inspection feature enables SRX Series devices to inspect HTTP traffic encrypted in SSL on any port. The following SSL protocols are supported:

- SSLv2

- SSLv3
- TLS

#### Related Documentation

- [IDP Policies Overview on page 23](#)
- [Supported IDP SSL Ciphers on page 158](#)
- [Understanding IDP Internet Key Exchange on page 159](#)
- [Understanding IDP SSL Server Key Management and Policy Configuration on page 160](#)
- [Configuring an IDP SSL Inspection \(CLI Procedure\) on page 161](#)

## Supported IDP SSL Ciphers

### Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

An SSL cipher comprises encryption cipher, authentication method, and compression. Junos OS supports all OPENSSL supported ciphers that do not involve the use of temporary private keys. For authentication, NULL, MD5, and SHA-1 authentication methods are supported.



**NOTE:** Compression and SSLv2 ciphers are not supported. Currently, most SSL servers automatically upgrade to a TLS cipher when an SSLv2 cipher is received in a client “hello” message. Check your browser to see how strong the ciphers can be and which ones your browser supports. (If the cipher is not in the list of supported ciphers, the session is ignored for deep packet inspection.)

[Table 23 on page 158](#) shows the encryption algorithms supported by the SRX Series devices.

**Table 23: Supported Encryption Algorithms**

| Cipher       | Exportable | Type   | Key Material | Expanded Key Material | Effective Key Bits | IV Size |
|--------------|------------|--------|--------------|-----------------------|--------------------|---------|
| NULL         | No         | Stream | 0            | 0                     | 0                  | N/A     |
| DES-CBC-SHA  | No         | Block  | 8            | 8                     | 56                 | 8       |
| DES-CBC3-SHA | No         | Block  | 24           | 24                    | 168                | 8       |
| AES128-SHA   | No         | Block  | 16           | 16                    | 128                | 16      |
| AES256-SHA   | No         | Block  | 32           | 32                    | 256                | 16      |

For more information on encryption algorithms, see *IPsec VPN Overview*. [Table 24 on page 159](#) shows the supported SSL ciphers.

Table 24: Supported SSL Ciphers

| Cipher Suites                 | Value  |
|-------------------------------|--------|
| TLS_RSA_WITH_NULL_MD5         | 0x0001 |
| TLS_RSA_WITH_NULL_SHA         | 0x0002 |
| TLS_RSA_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA      | 0x0009 |
| TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA | 0x000A |
| TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA  | 0x002F |
| TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA  | 0x0035 |



**NOTE:** RC4 and IDEA ciphers are not supported because of license and OPENSSL library availability.

#### Related Documentation

- [IDP SSL Overview on page 157](#)
- [Understanding IDP Internet Key Exchange on page 159](#)
- [Understanding IDP SSL Server Key Management and Policy Configuration on page 160](#)

## Understanding IDP Internet Key Exchange

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

Internet Key Exchange (IKE) establishes a premaster secret that is used to generate symmetric keys for bulk data encryption and authentication. Section F.1.1 of RFC 2246 defines Transport Layer Security (TLS) authentication and key exchange methods. The two key exchange methods are:

- **RSA**—Rivest-Shamir-Adleman (RSA) is a key exchange algorithm that governs the way participants create symmetric keys or a secret that is used during an SSL session. The RSA key exchange algorithm is the most commonly used method.
- **DSA**—Digital Signature Algorithm (DSA) adds an additional authentication option to the IKE Phase 1 proposals. The DSA can be configured and behaves analogously to the RSA, requiring the user to import or create DSA certificates and configure an IKE proposal to use the DSA. Digital certificates are used for RSA signatures, DSA signatures, and the RSA public key encryption based method of authentication in the IKE protocol.
- **Diffie-Hellman**—Diffie-Hellman (DH) is a key exchange method that allows participants to produce a shared secret value. The strength of the technique is that it allows participants to create the secret value over an unsecured medium without passing the secret value through the wire.

The key exchange methods can use either a fixed or a temporary server key. IDP can successfully retrieve the premaster secret only if a fixed server key is used. For more information on Internet Key Exchange, see *Understanding Certificates and PKI*.



**NOTE:** Juniper IDP does not decrypt SSL sessions that use Diffie-Hellman key exchange.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [IDP SSL Overview on page 157](#)
- [Supported IDP SSL Ciphers on page 158](#)
- [Understanding IDP SSL Server Key Management and Policy Configuration on page 160](#)
- [Configuring an IDP SSL Inspection \(CLI Procedure\) on page 161](#)

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## IDP Cryptographic Key Handling Overview

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**Supported Platforms**   [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

With the Intrusion Detection and Prevention (IDP) Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) decryption feature, SRX Series devices load configured RSA private keys to memory and use them to establish SSL session keys to decrypt data. IDP is required to decrypt the RSA keys and to check the integrity before performing normal encryption or decryption operations using the keys.

The primary purpose of this feature is to ensure that RSA private keys used by IDP are not stored as plain text or in an easily understandable or usable format. The keys are decrypted to perform normal encryption or decryption operations. This feature also involves error detection checks during copying of the keys from one memory location to another, as well as overwriting of intermediate storage with nonzero patterns when the keys are no longer needed.

The `set security idp sensor-configuration ssl-inspection key-protection` CLI configuration command is used to enable this feature.

**Related  
Documentation**

- [IDP SSL Overview on page 157](#)

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## Understanding IDP SSL Server Key Management and Policy Configuration

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**Supported Platforms**   [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

The device can support up to 1000 server private keys. Each key can have up to 100 servers that use it. This capacity is the same regardless of the number of SPUs available on the device because essentially each SPU needs to be able to access all the keys.

Multiple servers can share the same private key; however, one server can have only one private key. SSL decryption is disabled by default. Both plain and encrypted keys are supported.



**NOTE:** Junos OS does not encrypt SSL keys file.



**NOTE:** You can set the value of SSL session ID cache timeout parameter by using the `set security idp sensor-configuration ssl-inspection session-id-cache-timeout` command. The default value of the cache timeout parameter is 600 seconds.

#### Related Documentation

- [IDP SSL Overview on page 157](#)
- [Displaying IDP SSL Keys and Associated Servers on page 163](#)
- [Adding IDP SSL Keys and Associated Servers on page 161](#)
- [Deleting IDP SSL Keys and Associated Servers on page 162](#)
- [Configuring an IDP SSL Inspection \(CLI Procedure\) on page 161](#)

## Configuring an IDP SSL Inspection (CLI Procedure)

**Supported Platforms** [SRX5400, SRX5600, SRX5800, vSRX](#)

SSL decoder is enabled by default. If you need to manually enable it via CLI, use the following CLI command.

```
set security idp sensor-configuration detector protocol-name SSL tunable-name sc_ssl_flags
tunable-value 1
```

To configure an IDP SSL inspection, use the following CLI procedure:

```
[edit security]
idp {
 sensor-configuration {
 ssl-inspection {
 sessions <number>;
 }
 }
}
```

The sensor now inspects traffic for which it has a key/server pair.



**NOTE:** Maximum supported sessions per SPU: default value is 10,000 and range is 1 through 100,000. The session limit is per SPU, and it is the same regardless of the number of SPUs on the device.

#### Related Documentation

- [IDP SSL Overview on page 157](#)
- [Understanding IDP Internet Key Exchange on page 159](#)
- [Understanding IDP SSL Server Key Management and Policy Configuration on page 160](#)

## Adding IDP SSL Keys and Associated Servers

**Supported Platforms** [SRX5400, SRX5600, SRX5800, vSRX](#)

When you are installing a key, you can password protect the key and also associate it to a server.

To install a Privacy-Enhanced Mail (PEM) key, use the following CLI command:

```
request security idp ssl-inspection key add key-name file file-path server server-ip password password-string
```



**NOTE:** In a two-node SRX Series cluster, the key has to be manually copied over to both Node 0 and Node 1 at the same location for the request command to be successful.

You can also associate the key with a server at a later time by using the add server CLI command. A server can be associated with only one key. To associate a server to the installed key, use the following CLI command:

```
request security idp ssl-inspection key add key-name server server-ip
```



**NOTE:** The maximum key name length is 32 bytes, including the ending “\0”.

#### Related Documentation

- [Understanding IDP SSL Server Key Management and Policy Configuration on page 160](#)
- [Displaying IDP SSL Keys and Associated Servers on page 163](#)
- [Deleting IDP SSL Keys and Associated Servers on page 162](#)

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## Deleting IDP SSL Keys and Associated Servers

**Supported Platforms** [SRX5400](#), [SRX5600](#), [SRX5800](#), [vSRX](#)

- To delete all keys and servers, use the following CLI command:

```
user@host> request security idp ssl-inspection key delete
```

All installed keys are deleted along with any associated servers.

- To delete a specific key and all associated servers with that key, use the following CLI command:

```
user@host> request security idp ssl-inspection key delete <key-name>
```

Deletes the specified key and all servers associated with that key.

- To delete a single server, use the following CLI command:

```
user@host> request security idp ssl-inspection key delete <key-name> server <server-ip>
```

Deletes the specified server that is bound to the specified key.

#### Related Documentation

- [Understanding IDP SSL Server Key Management and Policy Configuration on page 160](#)
- [Displaying IDP SSL Keys and Associated Servers on page 163](#)

- [Adding IDP SSL Keys and Associated Servers on page 161](#)

## Displaying IDP SSL Keys and Associated Servers

**Supported Platforms** [SRX5400, SRX5600, SRX5800, vSRX](#)

- To display all installed server keys and associated server, use the following CLI command:

```
user@host> show security idp ssl-inspection key
```

Displays all server keys and IP addresses bound to those keys. The following example shows CLI output when the **show security idp ssl-inspection key** command is used:

```
Total SSL keys : 2
SSL server key and ip address :
Key : key1, server : 1.1.1.1
Key : key2, server : 2.2.2.2
Key : key2, server : 2.2.2.3
```

- To display IP addresses bound to a specific key, use the following CLI command:

```
user@host> show security idp ssl-inspection key <key-name>
```

The following is an example of the CLI output received when the **show security idp ssl-inspection key <key-name>** command is used:

```
Key : key1, server : 1.1.1.1
```

### Related Documentation

- [Understanding IDP SSL Server Key Management and Policy Configuration on page 160](#)
- [Adding IDP SSL Keys and Associated Servers on page 161](#)
- [Deleting IDP SSL Keys and Associated Servers on page 162](#)

## Example: Configuring IDP When SSL Proxy Is Enabled

**Supported Platforms** [SRX5400, SRX5600, SRX5800, vSRX](#)

This example describes how IDP supports the application identification (AppID) functionality when SSL proxy is enabled.

- [Requirements on page 163](#)
- [Overview on page 164](#)
- [Configuration on page 164](#)
- [Verification on page 165](#)

## Requirements

Before you begin:

- Create zones. See *Example: Creating Security Zones*.
- Configure an address book with addresses for the policy. See *Example: Configuring Address Books and Address Sets*.
- Create an application (or application set) that indicates that the policy applies to traffic of that type. See *Example: Configuring Applications and Application Sets*.
- Create an SSL proxy profile that enables SSL proxy by means of a policy. See *Configuring SSL Proxy*.
- Configure an IDP policy as an active policy. See [“Example: Enabling IDP in a Security Policy” on page 25](#)

## Overview

This example shows how to configure IDP in a policy rule when SSL proxy is enabled.

## Configuration

**CLI Quick Configuration** To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level, and then enter **commit** from configuration mode.

```
set security policies from-zone Z_1 to-zone Z_2 policy policy1 match source-address any
set security policies from-zone Z_1 to-zone Z_2 policy policy1 match destination-address any
set security policies from-zone Z_1 to-zone Z_2 policy policy1 match application junos-https
set security policies from-zone Z_1 to-zone Z_2 policy policy1 then permit
 application-services ssl-proxy profile-name ssl-profile-1
set security policies from-zone Z_1 to-zone Z_2 policy policy1 then permit
 application-services idp
```

**Step-by-Step Procedure** The following example requires you to navigate various levels in the configuration hierarchy. For instructions on how to do that, see *Using the CLI Editor in Configuration Mode* in the *CLI User Guide*.

In this example, you configure a security policy that uses IDP as the application service.

1. Configure a policy to process the traffic with SSL proxy profile `ssl-profile-1`.

```
[edit security policies from-zone Z_1 to-zone Z_2 policy policy1
user@host# set match source-address any
user@host# set match destination-address any
user@host# set match application junos-https
user@host# set then permit application-services ssl-proxy profile-name ssl-profile-1
```

2. Define IDP as the application service.

```
[edit security policies from-zone Z_1 to-zone Z_2 policy policy1
user@host# set then permit application-services idp
```

**Results** From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show security policies** command. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.



## Verification

Verify that the configuration is working properly. Verification in IDP is similar to verification in Application Firewall. See *Example: Configuring Application Firewall When SSL Proxy Is Enabled*.

### Related Documentation

- *SSL Proxy Overview*
- *Application Firewall, IDP, and Application Tracking with SSL Proxy Overview*
- *Understanding Security Policy Elements*
- *Security Policies Configuration Overview*



## PART 8

# Configuring IDP Monitoring

- [Monitoring Device Events by Configuring IDP Logging on page 169](#)
- [Configuring IDP Sensor Configuration Options on page 175](#)
- [Configuring Security Packet Capture on page 185](#)
- [Configuring IDP Performance and Capacity Tuning on page 193](#)



## CHAPTER 12

# Monitoring Device Events by Configuring IDP Logging

- [Understanding IDP Logging on page 169](#)
- [Understanding IDP Log Suppression Attributes on page 170](#)
- [Example: Configuring IDP Log Suppression Attributes on page 170](#)
- [Understanding IDP Log Information Usage on the IC Series UAC Appliance on page 171](#)
- [IDP Alarms and Auditing on page 172](#)

## Understanding IDP Logging

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**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

The basic Junos OS system logging continues to function after Intrusion Detection and Prevention (IDP) is enabled. An IDP-enabled device continues to record events that occur because of routine operations, such as a user login into the configuration database. It records failure and error conditions, such as failure to access a configuration file. You can configure files to log system messages and also assign attributes, such as severity levels, to messages. In addition to the regular system log messages, IDP generates event logs for attacks.

IDP generates event logs when an event matches an IDP policy rule in which logging is enabled. When you configure a rule for logging, the device creates a log entry for each event that matches that rule. You can use the CLI or J-Web to configure the policy rules to generate event logs.

Because IDP event logs are generated during an attack, log generation happens in bursts, generating a much larger volume of messages during an attack. In comparison to other event messages, the message size is also much larger for attack generated messages. The log volume and message size are important concerns for log management. To better manage the volume of log messages, IDP supports log suppression.

By configuring log suppression you can suppress multiple instances of the same log occurring from the same or similar sessions over the same period of time. Enabling log suppression ensures that minimal numbers of logs are generated for the same event or attack that occurs multiple times.

- Related Documentation**
- [IDP Policies Overview on page 23](#)
  - [Understanding IDP Log Suppression Attributes on page 170](#)
  - [Understanding Security Packet Capture on page 185](#)
  - [Understanding IDP Log Information Usage on the IC Series UAC Appliance on page 171](#)

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## Understanding IDP Log Suppression Attributes

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**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

Log suppression ensures that minimal numbers of logs are generated for the same event or attack that occurs multiple times. Log suppression is enabled by default. You can configure certain log suppression attributes to suppress logs according to your needs. When configuring log suppression, keep in mind that log suppression can negatively impact sensor performance if you set the reporting interval too high.

You can configure the following log suppression attributes:

- Include destination addresses while performing log suppression—You can choose to combine log records for events with a matching source address. By default, the IDP sensor does not consider destination when matching events for log suppression.
- Number of log occurrences after which log suppression begins—You can specify the number of instances that a specific event must occur before log suppression begins. By default, log suppression begins after the first occurrence.
- Maximum number of logs that log suppression can operate on—When log suppression is enabled, Intrusion Detection and Prevention (IDP) must cache log records so that it can identify when multiple occurrences of the same event occur. You can specify how many log records are tracked simultaneously by IDP. By default, the maximum number of log records that IDP can operate on is 16,384.
- Time after which suppressed logs are reported—When log suppression is enabled, IDP maintains a count of occurrences of the same event. After the specified number of seconds have passed, IDP writes a single log entry containing the count of occurrences. By default, IDP reports suppressed logs after 5 seconds.

- Related Documentation**
- [Understanding IDP Logging on page 169](#)
  - [IDP Policies Overview on page 23](#)
  - [Understanding IDP Policy Rules on page 38](#)
  - [Example: Configuring IDP Log Suppression Attributes on page 170](#)

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## Example: Configuring IDP Log Suppression Attributes

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**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

This example shows how to configure log suppression attributes.

## Requirements

Before you begin:

- Configure network interfaces.
- Download the signature database. See [“Updating the IDP Signature Database Manually Overview” on page 11](#).

## Overview

Log suppression ensures that minimal numbers of logs are generated for the same event or attack that occurs multiple times. Log suppression is enabled by default. You can configure certain log suppression attributes to suppress logs according to your needs.

In this example, you configure log suppression to begin after the second occurrence of an event and specify that logs are reported after 20 seconds.

## Configuration

### Step-by-Step Procedure

To configure log suppression attributes:

1. Specify the log number after which you want to start log suppression.  

```
[edit]
user@host# set security idp sensor-configuration log suppression start-log 2
```
2. Specify the maximum time after which suppressed logs are reported.  

```
[edit]
user@host# set security idp sensor-configuration log suppression max-time-report 20
```
3. If you are done configuring the device, commit the configuration.  

```
[edit]
user@host# commit
```

## Verification

To verify log statistics, enter the **show security idp counters log** command.

### Related Documentation

- [Updating the IDP Signature Database Manually Overview on page 11](#)
- [Example: Defining Rules for an IDP IPS RuleBase on page 48](#)
- [Understanding IDP Log Suppression Attributes on page 170](#)

## Understanding IDP Log Information Usage on the IC Series UAC Appliance

### Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

The IC Series UAC Appliance for the Unified Access Control (UAC) appliance can use Intrusion Detection and Prevention (IDP) attack log information sent from the Juniper Networks device to apply access policies for traffic in which IDP logs indicate an attack

has been detected. Using a secure channel of communication, these IDP logs are sent to the IC Series appliance directly and securely. IDP attack logs are sent to the IC Series appliance through the JUEP communication channel.

This topic contains the following sections:

- [Message Filtering to the IC Series UAC Appliance on page 172](#)
- [Configuring IC Series UAC Appliance Logging on page 172](#)

## Message Filtering to the IC Series UAC Appliance

When you configure the IC Series UAC Appliance to receive IDP log messages, you set certain filtering parameters on the IC Series appliance. Without this filtering, the IC Series appliance could potentially receive too many log messages. The filtering parameters could include the following:

- The IC Series appliance should only receive communications from IDP for sessions it has authenticated. See the *Unified Access Control Administration Guide* for details.
- You can create IC Series appliance filters for receiving IDP logs files based on the their severity. For example, if on the IC Series appliance the severity is set to high, then IDP only sends logs which have a severity greater than or equal to high. See the *Unified Access Control Administration Guide* for details.
- From the IC Series appliance, you can disable the receiving of all IDP logs. See the *Unified Access Control Administration Guide* for details.

## Configuring IC Series UAC Appliance Logging

All the configuration for receiving and filtering IDP logs is done on the IC Series UAC Appliance. You should refer to the *Unified Access Control Administration Guide* for configuration information for receiving IDP logs and details on the JUEP communication channel.

### Related Documentation

- [Understanding IDP Log Suppression Attributes on page 170](#)
- [Understanding IDP Logging on page 169](#)

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## IDP Alarms and Auditing

### Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

By default, IDP logs the occurrence of an event without raising an alarm to the administrator. When the system is configured to log an event and the **potential-violation** option is set, IDP logs on the Packet Forwarding Engine are forwarded to Routing Engine. The Routing Engine then parses the IDP attack logs and raises IDP alarms as necessary.

- To enable an IDP alarm, use the **set security alarms potential-violation idp** command.
- To verify that the configuration is working properly, use the **show security alarms** command.





.....

**NOTE:** In releases before Junos OS Release 11.2, IDP attack logs contain information about an attack event but do not raise alarms to the administrator.

.....

**Related  
Documentation**

- [IDP Policies Overview on page 23](#)
- [Understanding IDP Log Information Usage on the IC Series UAC Appliance on page 171](#)



# Configuring IDP Sensor Configuration Options

- [Understanding IDP Sensor Configuration Settings on page 175](#)
- [Example: Improving Logging and Traffic Analysis with IDP Sensor Configuration Options on page 177](#)

## Understanding IDP Sensor Configuration Settings

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**Supported Platforms**    [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

Sensor configuration options are used to:

- Log run conditions as IDP session capacity and memory limits are approached.
- To analyze traffic dropped by IDP and application identification when the limits are exceeded.

Although you cannot create application signatures with the IDP signature database, you can configure sensor settings to limit the number of sessions running application identification and also to limit memory usage for application identification.

You can configure the maximum amount of memory bytes that can be used to save packets for application identification for one TCP or UDP session. You can also configure a limit for global memory usage for application identification. Application identification is disabled for a session after the system reaches the specified memory limit for the session. However, IDP continues to match patterns. The matched application is saved to cache so that the next session can use it. This protects the system from attackers trying to bypass application identification by purposefully sending large client-to-server packets.

- **max-tcp-session-packet-memory**—To configure memory and session limits for IDP application identification services, run the **set security idp sensor-configuration application-identification max-tcp-session-packet-memory 5000** command.
- **drop-if-no-policy-loaded**—At startup, traffic is ignored by IDP by default if the IDP policy is not yet loaded. The **drop-if-no-policy-loaded** option changes this behavior so that all sessions are dropped before the IDP policy is loaded.

The following counter for the **show security idp counters flow** command output analyzes dropped traffic due to the **drop-if-no-policy-loaded** option:

Sessions dropped due to no policy 0

- **drop-on-failover**—By default, IDP ignores failover sessions in an SRX Series chassis cluster deployment. The **drop-on-failover** option changes this behavior and automatically drops sessions that are in the process of being inspected on the primary node when a failover to the secondary node occurs.

The following counter for the **show security idp counters flow** command output analyzes dropped failover traffic due to the **drop-on-failover** option:

Fail-over sessions dropped 0

- **drop-on-limit**—By default, sessions are not dropped if the IDP session limit or resource limits are exceeded. In this case, IDP and other sessions are dropped only when the device's session capacity or resources are depleted. The **drop-on-limit** option changes this behavior and drops sessions when resource limits are exceeded.

The following counters for the **show security idp counters flow** command output analyze dropped IDP traffic due to the **drop-on-limit** option:

|                                                   |   |
|---------------------------------------------------|---|
| SM Sessions encountered memory failures           | 0 |
| SM Packets on sessions with memory failures       | 0 |
| SM Sessions dropped                               | 0 |
| Both directions flows ignored                     | 0 |
| IDP Stream Sessions dropped due to memory failure | 0 |
| IDP Stream Sessions ignored due to memory failure | 0 |
| IDP Stream Sessions closed due to memory failure  | 0 |
| Number of times Sessions exceed high mark         | 0 |
| Number of times Sessions drop below low mark      | 0 |
| Memory of Sessions exceeds high mark              | 0 |
| Memory of Sessions drops below low mark           | 0 |

The following counters for the **show security idp counters application-identification** command output analyze dropped application identification traffic due to the **drop-on-limit** option:

|                                                                       |   |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|---|
| AI-session dropped due to malloc failure before session create        | 0 |
| AI-Sessions dropped due to malloc failure after create                | 0 |
| AI-Packets received on sessions marked for drop due to malloc failure | 0 |

The following options are used to trigger informative log messages about current run conditions. When set, the log messages are triggered whether the **drop-on-limit** option is set or not.

- **max-sessions-offset**—The **max-sessions-offset** option sets an offset for the maximum IDP session limit. When the number of IDP sessions exceeds the maximum session limit, a warning is logged that conditions exist where IDP sessions could be dropped. When the number of IDP sessions drops below the maximum IDP session limit minus the offset value, a message is logged that conditions have returned to normal.

```
Jul 19 04:38:13 4.0.0.254 RT_IDP: IDP_SESSION_LOG_EVENT: IDP: at 1374233893,
FPC 4 PIC 1 IDP total sessions pass through high mark 100000. IDP may drop new
sessions. Total sessions dropped 0.
```

```
Jul 19 04:38:21 4.0.0.254 RT_IDP: IDP_SESSION_LOG_EVENT: IDP: at 1374233901,
FPC 4 PIC 1 IDP total sessions drop below low mark 99000. IDP working in normal
mode. Total sessions dropped 24373.
```

- **min-objcache-limit-lt**—The **min-objcache-limit-lt** option sets a lower threshold for available cache memory. The threshold value is expressed as a percentage of available IDP cache memory. If the available cache memory drops below the lower threshold level, a message is logged stating that conditions exist where IDP sessions could be dropped because of memory allocation failures. For example, the following message shows that the IDP cache memory has dropped below the lower threshold and that a number of sessions have been dropped:

```
Jul 19 04:07:33 4.0.0.254 RT_IDP: IDP_SESSION_LOG_EVENT: IDP: at 1374232053,
FPC 4 PIC 1 IDP total available objcache(used 4253368304, limit 7247757312)
drops below low mark 3986266515. IDP may drop new sessions. Total sessions
dropped 1002593.
```

- **min-objcache-limit-ut**—The **min-objcache-limit-ut** option sets an upper threshold for available cache memory. The threshold value is expressed as a percentage of available IDP cache memory. If available IDP cache memory returns to the upper threshold level, a message is logged stating that available cache memory has returned to normal. For example, the following message shows that the available IDP cache memory has increased above the upper threshold and that it is now performing normally:

```
Jul 19 04:13:47 4.0.0.254 RT_IDP: IDP_SESSION_LOG_EVENT: IDP: at 1374232428,
FPC 4 PIC 1 IDP total available objcache(used 2782950560, limit 7247757312)
increases above high mark 4348654380. IDP working in normal mode. Total sessions
dropped 13424632.
```



**NOTE:** This message is triggered only if the lower threshold has been reached and the available memory has returned above the upper threshold. Fluctuations in available memory that dropped below the upper threshold but did not fall below the lower threshold do not trigger the message.

#### Related Documentation

- [Understanding IDP Application Identification on page 111](#)
- [Example: Improving Logging and Traffic Analysis with IDP Sensor Configuration Options on page 177](#)

## Example: Improving Logging and Traffic Analysis with IDP Sensor Configuration Options

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

This example shows how to improve logging and traffic analysis by configuring IDP sensor configuration options. For instance, although you cannot create application signatures with the IDP signature database, you can configure sensor settings to limit the number of sessions running application identification and to limit its memory usage. In addition, you can use these options to log run conditions as IDP session capacity and memory

limits are approached, and to analyze traffic dropped by IDP and application identification when exceeding these limitations.

- [Requirements on page 178](#)
- [Overview on page 178](#)
- [Configuration on page 179](#)
- [Verification on page 181](#)

## Requirements

Before you begin:

- Configure network interfaces.
- Download the signature database. See [“Example: Updating the IDP Signature Database Manually” on page 13](#). Application signatures are available as part of the security package provided by Juniper Networks. You download predefined application signatures along with the security package updates.

## Overview

The IDP sensor monitors the network and detects suspicious and anomalous network traffic based on specific rules defined in IDP rulebases. It applies attack objects to traffic based on protocols or applications. Application signatures enable the sensor to identify known and unknown applications running on nonstandard ports and to apply the correct attack objects.

The default behavior of IDP is to ignore the sessions when:

- IDP policy is not configured in the device
- Resource limits (memory or active sessions) are reached
- In case of Chassis Cluster, for failed over sessions

If traffic availability is considered more important than security, then it is recommended to continue to use the above mentioned default behavior of IDP. However, If security is considered more important than availability, then it is recommended to change the default behavior with the configuration provided in this example.

You can achieve the following from this example:

- Although you cannot create application signatures with the IDP signature database, you can configure sensor settings to limit the number of sessions running application identification and also limit memory usage for application identification. You can configure the maximum amount of memory bytes that can be used to save packets for application identification for one TCP or UDP session. You can also configure a limit for global memory usage for application identification. Application identification is disabled for a session after the system reaches the specified memory limit for the session.
- By default, IDP ignores failover sessions that are in the process of being inspected on the primary node when a failover to the secondary node occurs in an SRX Series chassis

cluster deployment. In this example, you specify that these sessions are dropped automatically and are captured in the respective counter instead of being ignored. You can monitor and analyze the sessions dropped when a failover on the secondary node occurs.

- By default, sessions are not dropped if the IDP session limit or resource limits are exceeded. In this example, you specify that if the IDP session limit or resource limits are exceeded, then the sessions are dropped and logging is added. You can set a maximum sessions offset limit value for the maximum IDP session limit. When the number of IDP sessions exceeds that value, a warning is logged that conditions exist where IDP sessions could be dropped. When the number of IDP sessions drops below the maximum IDP session limit minus the offset value, a message is logged that conditions have returned to normal.
- You can specify a lower threshold for available cache memory. If the available cache memory drops below the lower threshold level, a message is logged stating that conditions exist where IDP sessions could be dropped because of memory allocation failures. This log enables you to control the number of sessions dropped, and these dropped sessions can later be analyzed and considered for processing.
- Similarly, you can specify an upper threshold for available cache memory. If available IDP cache memory returns to the upper threshold level, a message is logged stating that available cache memory has returned to normal. This log enables you to control the number of sessions dropped, and these dropped sessions can later be analyzed and considered for processing.

## Configuration

**CLI Quick Configuration** To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level, and then enter **commit** from configuration mode.

```
set security idp sensor-configuration application-identification
 max-tcp-session-packet-memory 5000
set security idp sensor-configuration flow drop-if-no-policy-loaded
set security idp sensor-configuration flow drop-on-failover
set security idp sensor-configuration flow drop-on-limit
set security idp sensor-configuration flow max-sessions-offset 5
set security idp sensor-configuration flow min-objcache-limit-lt 27
set security idp sensor-configuration flow min-objcache-limit-ut 56
```

**Step-by-Step Procedure** The following example requires you to navigate various levels in the configuration hierarchy. For instructions on how to do that, see *Using the CLI Editor in Configuration Mode* in the *CLI User Guide*.

To set IDP sensor configuration options:

1. Specify the memory limits for application identification.
 

```
[edit security idp sensor-configuration]
user@host# set application-identification max-tcp-session-packet-memory 5000
```
2. Specify that traffic is dropped before the IDP policy is loaded.

```
[edit security idp sensor-configuration flow]
user@host# set drop-if-no-policy-loaded
```

3. Specify that failover sessions in an SRX Series chassis cluster deployment are dropped.

```
[edit security idp sensor-configuration flow]
user@host# set drop-on-failover
```

4. Specify that sessions are dropped when resource limits are exceeded.

```
[edit security idp sensor-configuration flow]
user@host# set drop-on-limit
```



**NOTE:** If you do not want the sessions to be dropped when resource limits are exceeded, run the `delete drop-on-limit` command.

---

5. Configure an offset value for the maximum IDP session limit.

```
[edit ssecurity idp sensor-configuration flow]
user@host# set max-sessions-offset 5
```

6. Set a lower threshold for available cache memory.

```
[edit security idp sensor-configuration flow]
user@host# set min-objcache-limit-lt 21
```

7. Set an upper threshold for available cache memory.

```
[edit security idp sensor-configuration flow]
user@host# set min-objcache-limit-ut 56
```

---

## Results

From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show security idp** command. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```
[edit]
user@host# show security idp
sensor-configuration {
 application-identification {
 max-tcp-session-packet-memory 5000;
 }
 flow {
 drop-on-limit;
 drop-on-failover;
 drop-if-no-policy-loaded;
 max-sessions-offset 5;
 min-objcache-limit-lt 21;
 min-objcache-limit-ut 56;
 }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.



## Verification

### Verifying IDP Sensor Configuration Settings

|                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Purpose</b> | Verify the IDP sensor configuration settings.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Action</b>  | <p>From operational mode, enter the <b>show security idp sensor-configuration</b> command.</p> <pre> user@host&gt; show security idp sensor-configuration   application-identification {     max-tcp-session-packet-memory 5000;   }   flow {     drop-on-limit;     drop-on-failover;     drop-if-no-policy-loaded;     max-sessions-offset 5;     min-objcache-limit-lt 21;     min-objcache-limit-ut 56;   } } </pre> |
| <b>Meaning</b> | The <b>show security idp sensor-configuration</b> command displays all sensor configuration options that are set with certain values.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

### Verifying IDP Counters

|                |                                                                                  |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Purpose</b> | Verify the IDP counters.                                                         |
| <b>Action</b>  | From operational mode, enter the <b>show security idp counters flow</b> command. |

## Sample Output

IDP counters:

| IDP counter type                 | Value |
|----------------------------------|-------|
| Fast-path packets                | 0     |
| Slow-path packets                | 0     |
| Session construction failed      | 0     |
| Session limit reached            | 0     |
| Session inspection depth reached | 0     |
| Memory limit reached             | 0     |
| Not a new session                | 0     |
| Invalid index at ageout          | 0     |
| Packet logging                   | 0     |
| Policy cache hits                | 0     |
| Policy cache misses              | 0     |
| Policy cache entries             | 0     |
| Maximum flow hash collisions     | 0     |
| Flow hash collisions             | 0     |
| Gates added                      | 0     |
| Gate matches                     | 0     |
| Sessions deleted                 | 0     |
| Sessions aged-out                | 0     |
| Sessions in-use while aged-out   | 0     |
| TCP flows marked dead on RST/FIN | 0     |

|                                                                       |     |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| Policy init failed                                                    | 0   |
| Number of times Sessions exceed high mark                             | 0   |
| Number of times Sessions drop below low mark                          | 0   |
| Memory of Sessions exceeds high mark                                  | 0   |
| Memory of Sessions drops below low mark                               | 0   |
| SM Sessions encountered memory failures                               | 0   |
| SM Packets on sessions with memory failures                           | 0   |
| IDP session gate creation requests                                    | 0   |
| IDP session gate creation acknowledgements                            | 0   |
| IDP session gate hits                                                 | 0   |
| IDP session gate timeouts                                             | 0   |
| Number of times Sessions crossed the CPU threshold value that is set  | 0   |
| Number of times Sessions crossed the CPU upper threshold              | 0   |
| Sessions constructed                                                  | 0   |
| SM Sessions ignored                                                   | 0   |
| SM Sessions dropped                                                   | 0   |
| SM Sessions interested                                                | 0   |
| SM Sessions not interested                                            | 749 |
| SM Sessions interest error                                            | 0   |
| Sessions destructed                                                   | 0   |
| SM Session Create                                                     | 0   |
| SM Packet Process                                                     | 0   |
| SM ftp data session ignored by idp                                    | 0   |
| SM Session close                                                      | 0   |
| SM Client-to-server packets                                           | 0   |
| SM Server-to-client packets                                           | 0   |
| SM Client-to-server L7 bytes                                          | 0   |
| SM Server-to-client L7 bytes                                          | 0   |
| Client-to-server flows ignored                                        | 0   |
| Server-to-client flows ignored                                        | 0   |
| Both directions flows ignored                                         | 0   |
| Fail-over sessions dropped                                            | 0   |
| Sessions dropped due to no policy                                     | 0   |
| IDP Stream Sessions dropped due to memory failure                     | 0   |
| IDP Stream Sessions ignored due to memory failure                     | 0   |
| IDP Stream Sessions closed due to memory failure                      | 0   |
| IDP Stream Sessions accepted                                          | 0   |
| IDP Stream Sessions constructed                                       | 0   |
| IDP Stream Sessions destructed                                        | 0   |
| IDP Stream Move Data                                                  | 0   |
| IDP Stream Sessions ignored on JSF SSL Event                          | 0   |
| IDP Stream Sessions not processed for no matching rules               | 0   |
| IDP Stream stbuf dropped                                              | 0   |
| IDP Stream stbuf reinjected                                           | 0   |
| Busy pkts from stream plugin                                          | 0   |
| Busy pkts from pkt plugin                                             | 0   |
| bad kpp                                                               | 0   |
| Lsys policy id lookup failed sessions                                 | 0   |
| Busy packets                                                          | 0   |
| Busy packet Errors                                                    | 0   |
| Dropped queued packets (async mode)                                   | 0   |
| Dropped queued packets failed(async mode)                             | 0   |
| Reinjected packets (async mode)                                       | 0   |
| Reinjected packets failed(async mode)                                 | 0   |
| AI saved processed packet                                             | 0   |
| AI-session dropped due to malloc failure before session create        | 0   |
| AI-Sessions dropped due to malloc failure after create                | 0   |
| AI-Packets received on sessions marked for drop due to malloc failure | 0   |
| busy packet count incremented                                         | 0   |
| busy packet count decremented                                         | 0   |
| session destructed in pme                                             | 0   |

|                             |   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| session destruct set in pme | 0 |
| kq op hold                  | 0 |
| kq op drop                  | 0 |
| kq op route                 | 0 |
| kq op continue              | 0 |
| kq op error                 | 0 |
| kq op stop                  | 0 |
| PME wait not set            | 0 |
| PME wait set                | 0 |
| PME KQ run not called       | 0 |

**Meaning** The `show security idp counters flow` command displays all counters that are used for analyzing dropped failover traffic, dropped IDP traffic, and dropped application identification traffic.

**Related Documentation**

- [Understanding IDP Sensor Configuration Settings on page 175](#)
- [sensor-configuration on page 334](#)



# Configuring Security Packet Capture

- [Understanding Security Packet Capture on page 185](#)
- [Example: Configuring Security Packet Capture on page 186](#)
- [Example: Configuring Packet Capture for Datapath Debugging on page 188](#)
- [Verifying Security Packet Capture on page 191](#)

## Understanding Security Packet Capture

---

### Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

Viewing packets that precede and follow an attack helps you determine the purpose and extent of an attempted attack, whether an attack was successful, and if any network damage was caused by an attack. Packet analysis also aids in defining attack signatures to minimize false positives.

If packet capture is enabled when an attack is logged, a specified number of packets before and after the attack can be captured for the session. When all packets have been collected, they are transmitted in Device Management Interface (DMI) to a host device for offline analysis.

A notification option in the IDP policy rule enables packet capture when a rule match occurs. The option further defines the number of packets to be captured and the duration of packet capture for the associated session.

An IDP sensor configuration defines the device specifications for the packet capture. Options for this command determine the memory to be allocated for packet capture, and the source and host devices between which the packet capture object will be transmitted.

A **show** command displays packet capture counters that provide details about the progress, success, and failure of packet capture activity on the device.

Support for packet capture is available only once on each session.



**NOTE:** When packet capturing is configured with an improved pre-attack configuration parameter value, the resource usage increases proportionally and might affect the performance of your device.

- Related Documentation**
- [Understanding IDP Logging on page 169](#)
  - [Example: Configuring Security Packet Capture on page 186](#)

---

## Example: Configuring Security Packet Capture

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

This example shows how to configure the security packet capture.

- [Requirements on page 186](#)
- [Overview on page 186](#)
- [Configuration on page 186](#)
- [Verification on page 187](#)

### Requirements

Before you begin, configure network interfaces.

### Overview

In this example, you configure a packet capture for rule 1 of policy pol0. The rule specifies that, if an attack occurs, 10 packets before the attack and 3 packets after the attack will be captured, and that the post-attack capture should time out after 60 seconds. The sensor configuration is modified to allocate 5 percent of available memory and 15 percent of the IDP sessions to packet capture. When the packet capture object is prepared, it is transmitted from device 10.56.97.3 to port 5 on device 10.24.45.7.

### Configuration

**CLI Quick Configuration** To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, and then copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level, and then enter **commit** from configuration mode.

```
set security idp idp-policy pol0 rulebase-ips rule 1 then notification packet-log pre-attack
 10 post-attack 3 post-attack-timeout 60
set security idp sensor-configuration packet-log total-memory 5 max-sessions 15
 source-address 10.56.97.3 host 10.24.45.7 port 5
```

**Step-by-Step Procedure** The following example requires you to navigate various levels in the configuration hierarchy. For instructions on how to do that, see *Using the CLI Editor in Configuration Mode* in the *CLI User Guide*.

To configure the security packet capture:

1. Navigate to the notification level for rule 1, policy pol0 in the configuration hierarchy.  
**[edit]**  
**user@host# edit security idp idp-policy pol0 rulebase-ips rule 1 then notification**
2. Define the size and timing constraints for each packet capture.

```
[edit security idp idp-policy pol0 rulebase-ips rule 1 then notification]
user@host# set packet-log pre-attack 10 post-attack 3 post-attack-timeout 60
```

3. Enable the security idp sensor-configuration.

```
[edit]
user@host# edit security idp sensor-configuration
```

4. Allocate the device resources to be used for packet capture.

```
[edit security idp sensor-configuration]
user@host# set packet-log total-memory 5 max-sessions 15
```

5. Identify the source and host devices for transmitting the packet-capture object.

```
[edit security idp sensor-configuration]
user@host# set packet-log source-address 10.56.97.3 host 10.24.45.7 port 5
```

**Results** From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show security idp** command. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it.

```
[edit]
user@host# show security idp

idp-policy pol0 {
 rulebase-ips {
 rule 1 {
 then {
 notification {
 packet-log {
 pre-attack 10;
 post-attack 3;
 post-attack-timeout 60;
 }
 }
 }
 }
 }
 sensor-configuration {
 packet-log {
 host 10.24.45.7 5;
 max-sessions 15;
 source-address 10.56.97.3;
 total-memory 5;
 }
 }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

## Verification

Confirm that the configuration is working properly.

- [Verifying Security Packet Capture on page 188](#)

## Verifying Security Packet Capture

- Purpose** Verify security packet capture.
- Action** From operational mode, enter the **show security idp counters packet-log** command.

```
user@host> show security idp counters packet-log
```

| IDP counters:                                             | Value |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| Total packets captured since packet capture was activated | 0     |
| Total sessions enabled since packet capture was activated | 0     |
| Sessions currently enabled for packet capture             | 0     |
| Packets currently captured for enabled sessions           | 0     |
| Packet clone failures                                     | 0     |
| Session log object failures                               | 0     |
| Session packet log object failures                        | 0     |
| Sessions skipped because session limit exceeded           | 0     |
| Packets skipped because total memory limit exceeded       | 0     |

- Related Documentation**
- [Understanding Security Packet Capture on page 185](#)

## Example: Configuring Packet Capture for Datapath Debugging

**Supported Platforms** SRX1500, SRX5400, SRX5600, SRX5800

This example shows how to configure packet capture to monitor traffic that passes through the device. Packet capture then dumps the packets into a PCAP file format that can be later examined by the tcpdump utility.

- [Requirements on page 188](#)
- [Overview on page 188](#)
- [Configuration on page 188](#)
- [Verification on page 190](#)

### Requirements

Before you begin, see *Debugging the Data Path (CLI Procedure)*.

### Overview

A filter is defined to filter traffic; then an action profile is applied to the filtered traffic. The action profile specifies a variety of actions on the processing unit. One of the supported actions is packet dump, which sends the packet to the Routing Engine and stores it in proprietary form to be read using the **show security datapath-debug capture** command.

### Configuration

- CLI Quick Configuration** To quickly configure this example, copy the following commands, paste them into a text file, remove any line breaks, change any details necessary to match your network configuration, copy and paste the commands into the CLI at the **[edit]** hierarchy level, and then enter **commit** from configuration mode.



```

set security datapath-debug capture-file my-capture
set security datapath-debug capture-file format pcap
set security datapath-debug capture-file size 1m
set security datapath-debug capture-file files 5
set security datapath-debug maximum-capture-size 400
set security datapath-debug action-profile do-capture event np-ingress packet-dump
set security datapath-debug packet-filter my-filter action-profile do-capture
set security datapath-debug packet-filter my-filter source-prefix 1.2.3.4/32

```

**Step-by-Step Procedure** The following example requires you to navigate various levels in the configuration hierarchy. For instructions on how to do that, see *Using the CLI Editor in Configuration Mode* in the *CLI User Guide*.

To configure packet capture:

1. Edit the security datapath-debug option for the multiple processing units along the packet-processing path:

```

[edit]
user@host# edit security datapath-debug

```

2. Enable the capture file, the file format, the file size, and the number of files. Size number limits the size of the capture file. After the limit size is reached, if the file number is specified, then the capture file will be rotated to filename x, where x is auto-incremented until it reaches the specified index and then returns to zero. If no files index is specified, the packets will be discarded after the size limit is reached. The default size is 512 kilobytes.

```

[edit security datapath-debug]
user@host# set capture-file my-capture format pcap size 1m files 5
[edit security datapath-debug]
user@host# set maximum-capture-size 400

```

3. Enable action profile and set the event. Set the action profile as do-capture and the event type as np-ingress:

```

[edit security datapath-debug]
user@host# edit action-profile do-capture
[edit security datapath-debug action-profile do-capture]
user@host# edit event np-ingress

```

4. Enable packet dump for the action profile:

```

[edit security datapath-debug action-profile do-capture event np-ingress]
user@host# set packet-dump

```

5. Enable packet filter, action, and filter options. The packet filter is set to my-filter, the action profile is set to do-capture, and filter option is set to source-prefix 1.2.3.4/32.

```

[edit security datapath-debug]
user@host# set security datapath-debug packet-filter my-filter action-profile do-capture

[edit security datapath-debug]
user@host# set security datapath-debug packet-filter my-filter source-prefix 1.2.3.4/32

```

**Results** From configuration mode, confirm your configuration by entering the **show security datapath-debug** command. If the output does not display the intended configuration, repeat the configuration instructions in this example to correct it. The following is **show security datapath-debug** output from the **show security datapath-debug** command:

```
security {
 datapath-debug {
 capture-file {
 my-capture
 format pcap
 size 1m
 files 5;
 }
 }
 maximum-capture-size 100;
 action-profile do-capture {
 event np-ingress {
 packet-dump
 }
 }
 packet-filter my-filter {
 source-prefix 1.2.3.4/32
 action-profile do-capture
 }
}
```

If you are done configuring the device, enter **commit** from configuration mode.

## Verification

Confirm that the configuration is working properly.

- [Verifying Packet Capture on page 190](#)
- [Verifying Data Path Debugging Capture on page 190](#)
- [Verifying Data Path Debugging Counter on page 191](#)

---

### Verifying Packet Capture

**Purpose** Verify if the packet capture is working.

**Action** From operational mode, enter the **request security datapath-debug capture start** command to start packet capture and enter the **request security datapath-debug capture stop** command to stop packet capture.

To view the results, from CLI operational mode, access the local UNIX shell and navigate to the directory `/var/log/my-capture`. The result can be read by using the `tcpdump` utility.

---

### Verifying Data Path Debugging Capture

**Purpose** Verify the details of data path debugging capture file.

**Action** From operational mode, enter the **show security datapath-debug capture** command.

```
user@host>show security datapath-debug capture
```



**WARNING:** When you are done troubleshooting, make sure to remove or deactivate all the traceoptions configurations (not limited to flow traceoptions) and the complete security datapath-debug configuration stanza. If any debugging configurations remain active, they will continue to use the device's CPU and memory resources.

### Verifying Data Path Debugging Counter

**Purpose** Verify the details of the data path debugging counter.

**Action** From operational mode, enter the **show security datapath-debug counter** command.

**Related Documentation**

- [Packet Capture Overview](#)
- [Understanding Data Path Debugging for SRX Series Devices](#)
- [Debugging the Data Path \(CLI Procedure\)](#)

## Verifying Security Packet Capture

**Supported Platforms** [SRX1500](#), [SRX5400](#), [SRX5600](#), [SRX5800](#), [vSRX](#)

**Purpose** Monitor packet capture statistics issuing the following **show** command from the CLI prompt.

**Action** `user@host> show security idp counters packet-log`

| IDP counters:                                             | Value |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| Total packets captured since packet capture was activated | 0     |
| Total sessions enabled since packet capture was activated | 0     |
| Sessions currently enabled for packet capture             | 0     |
| Packets currently captured for enabled sessions           | 0     |
| Packet clone failures                                     | 0     |
| Session log object failures                               | 0     |
| Session packet log object failures                        | 0     |
| Sessions skipped because session limit exceeded           | 0     |
| Packets skipped because total memory limit exceeded       | 0     |

**Related Documentation**

- [Understanding Security Packet Capture on page 185](#)
- [Example: Configuring Security Packet Capture on page 186](#)
- [Example: Configuring Packet Capture for Datapath Debugging on page 188](#)



# Configuring IDP Performance and Capacity Tuning

- [Performance and Capacity Tuning for IDP Overview on page 193](#)
- [Configuring Session Capacity for IDP \(CLI Procedure\) on page 194](#)

## Performance and Capacity Tuning for IDP Overview

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX5400, SRX5600, SRX5800, vSRX](#)

This topic provides an overview on performance and capacity tuning for an Intrusion Detection and Prevention (IDP) session.

If you are deploying IDP policies, you can configure the device to increase IDP session capacity. By using the provided commands to change the way the system allocates resources, you can achieve higher IDP session capacity.

By using the **maximize-idp-sessions** command, you can increase the IDP session capacity. In this mode, by default, the device assigns a greater weight value to firewall functions. Based on your IDP policy, you can shift the weight to IDP functions to maximize IDP performance. By shifting weight, you are increasing capacity and allocating more processing power for the given service.



**NOTE:** You should not configure the device to increase IDP session capacity if you are not using an IDP policy.

---

The device ships with an implicit default session capacity setting. This default value adds weight to firewall sessions. You can manually override the default by adding the **maximize-idp-sessions** setting to your configuration. When you do this, in addition to IDP session scaling, you can choose to assign weight values of equal, firewall, or IDP to firewall and IDP functions. Typically, when you only include IDP-recommended attacks or client-to-server attacks in your IDP policy, IDP functions consume less CPU resources, for this reason, you would select weight firewall to maximize device performance. Alternatively, if you add server-to-client attacks to your IDP policy, IDP functions consume higher CPU resources. For this reason, you would select weight IDP to maximize performance. Essentially, you will need to configure the weight based on the desired IDP

policy and performance. You do this by examining the CPU resource utilization on the packet forwarding engine by using the **show security monitoring fpc *number*** command.

- Related Documentation**
- [IDP Policies Overview on page 23](#)
  - [Configuring Session Capacity for IDP \(CLI Procedure\) on page 194](#)

---

## Configuring Session Capacity for IDP (CLI Procedure)

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX5400, SRX5600, SRX5800, vSRX](#)

The configuration instructions in this topic describe how modify session capacity for IDP policies.

You do this by adding the **maximize-idp-sessions** command and then adding the weight option to specify IDP sessions.



**NOTE:** The weight option depends on the **maximize-idp-sessions** command being set.

1. If you have an active IDP policy, you can configure the device to increase IDP session capacity by entering following command:

```
user@host# set security forwarding-process application-services maximize-idp-sessions
```

2. You can further adjust the weight of the firewall and IDP processing functions, such as in the case of heavier IDP policies with the following command:

```
user@host# set security forwarding-process application-services maximize-idp-sessions weight idp
```

3. Commit your changes. You must reboot the device for any session capacity setting changes to take effect.



**NOTE:** If the device has **maximize-idp-sessions** weight enabled for IDP, and you do not have an IDP policy configured, a warning message appears when you commit your configuration. If you see this warning, you should remove your configured settings.

To turn **maximize-idp-sessions** settings off, remove the **maximize-idp-sessions** configuration.



**NOTE:** You must reboot the device for any **maximize-idp-sessions** setting changes to take effect.

- Related Documentation**
- [IDP Policies Overview on page 23](#)
  - [Performance and Capacity Tuning for IDP Overview on page 193](#)

## PART 9

# Configuration Statements and Operational Commands

- [Configuration Statements on page 197](#)
- [Operational Commands on page 377](#)





## CHAPTER 16

# Configuration Statements

- [ack-number](#) on page 203
- [action \(Security Rulebase IPS\)](#) on page 204
- [action-profile](#) on page 206
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## ack-number

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** `ack-number {  
    match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);  
    value acknowledgement-number;  
}`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp custom-attack *attack-name* attack-type signature protocol tcp]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.

**Description** Specify the ACK number of the packet. This number identifies the next sequence number; the ACK flag must be set to activate this field.

**Options**

- **match** (equal | **greater-than** | less-than | not-equal)—Match an operand.
- **value** *acknowledgement-number*—Match the ACK number of the packet.

**Range:** 0 through 4,294,967,295

**Required Privilege Level**

security—To view this statement in the configuration.

security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## action (Security Rulebase IPS)

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax**

```
action {
 class-of-service {
 dscp-code-point number;
 forwarding-class forwarding-class;
 }
 (close-client | close-client-and-server | close-server | drop-connection | drop-packet |
 ignore-connection | mark-diffserv value | no-action | recommended);
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp idp-policy *policy-name* rulebase-ips rule *rule-name* then]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Specify the actions you want IDP to take when the monitored traffic matches the attack objects specified in the rules.

- Options**
- **class-of-service**—Associates a class-of-service forwarding class as an action to the IDP policy; also sets the value of the DSCP code point. You can use the default forwarding class names or define new ones. Forwarding-class and dscp-code-point are optional, but one must be set.
  - **close-client**—Closes the connection and sends an RST packet to the client but not to the server.
  - **close-client-and-server**—Closes the connection and sends an RST packet to both the client and the server.
  - **close-server**—Closes the connection and sends an RST packet to the server but not to the client.
  - **drop-connection**—Drops all packets associated with the connection, preventing traffic for the connection from reaching its destination. Use this action to drop connections for traffic that is not prone to spoofing.
  - **drop-packet**—Drops a matching packet before it can reach its destination but does not close the connection. Use this action to drop packets for attacks in traffic that is prone to spoofing, such as UDP traffic. Dropping a connection for such traffic could result in a denial of service that prevents you from receiving traffic from a legitimate source-IP address.
  - **ignore-connection**—Stops scanning traffic for the rest of the connection if an attack match is found. IDP disables the rulebase for the specific connection.
  - **mark-diffserv *value***—Assigns the indicated service-differentiation value to the packet in an attack, then passes them on normally.
  - **no-action**—No action is taken. Use this action when you want to only generate logs for some traffic.



- **recommended**—All predefined attack objects have a default action associated with them. This is the action that Juniper Networks recommends when that attack is detected.

|                           |                                                              |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.        |
| <b>Level</b>              | security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## action-profile

---

**Supported Platforms** SRX5400, SRX5600, SRX5800, vSRX

**Syntax** `action-profile profile-name {  
 event (jexec | lbt | lt-enter | lt-leave | mac-egress | mac-ingress | np-egress | np-ingress |  
 pot) {  
 count;  
 packet-dump;  
 packet-summary;  
 trace;  
 }  
 module {  
 flow {  
 flag {  
 all;  
 }  
 }  
 }  
 preserve-trace-order;  
 record-pic-history;  
}`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security datapath-debug]

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.

**Description** Configure the action profile options for data path debugging.

- Options**
- ***action-profile name*** — Name of the action profile.
  - **event**—Enable the events to trace the packet when the packet hit the events (jexec, lbt, lt-enter, lt-leave, mac-egress, mac-ingress, np-egress, np-ingress, pot)
    - **count**—Number of times a packet hits the specified event.
    - **packet-dump**—Capture the packet that hits the specified event.
    - **packet-summary**—Print the source/destination IP address details with protocol number and IP length details along with trace message for the specified event.
    - **trace**—Print the standard trace message when the packet hits the specified event.
  - **module**—Turn on the flow session related trace messages.
    - **flow**—Trace flow session related messages.
    - **flag**—Specify which flow message needs to be traced.
    - **all**—Trace all possible flow trace messages.
    - **trace**—Print the standard trace message when the packet hits the specified event.
  - **preserve-trace-order**—Preserve trace order.
  - **record-pic-history**—Record the PICs in which the packet has been processed.

**Required Privilege Level** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation** • [Example: Configuring Packet Capture for Datapath Debugging on page 188](#)

## active-policy

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** active-policy *policy-name*;

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Specify which policy among the configured policies to activate.

**Options** *policy-name*—Name of the active policy.



**NOTE:** You need to make sure the active policy is enforced in the data plane.

**Required Privilege Level** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## alert

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** alert;

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp idp-policy *policy-name* rulebase-ips rule *rule-name* then notification]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2. .

**Description** Set an alert flag in the Alert column of the Log Viewer for the matching log record.

**Required Privilege Level** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## allow-icmp-without-flow

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | (allow-icmp-without-flow   no-allow-icmp-without-flow);                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration flow]                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Allow an ICMP packet without matched request. By default the ICMP flow is enabled.                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## anomaly

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>anomaly {<br/>  direction (any   client-to-server   server-to-client);<br/>  service <i>service-name</i>;<br/>  shellcode (all   intel   no-shellcode   sparc);<br/>  test <i>test-condition</i>;<br/>}</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type]                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Protocol anomaly attack objects detect abnormal or ambiguous messages within a connection according to the set of rules for the particular protocol being used.                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                              |

## application (Security Custom Attack)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | application <i>application-name</i> ;                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type chain protocol-binding]<br>[edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol-binding] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Allow IDP to match the attack for a specified application.                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>application-name</i> —Name of the application.                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                  |

## application (Security IDP)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | application <i>application-name</i> ;                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ips rule <i>rule-name</i> match]                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify an application or an application set name to match.                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>application-name</i> —Name of the application.                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## application-identification

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax**

```
application-identification {
 max-packet-memory-ratio percentage-value;
 max-reass-packet-memory-ratio percentage-value;
 max-tcp-session-packet-memory value;
 max-udp-session-packet-memory value;
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp sensor-configuration]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2. Packet memory percentages added in Junos OS Release 12.1X44-D20.

**Description** Enable to identify the TCP/UDP application session running on nonstandard ports to match the application properties of transiting network traffic.

Options define the allocation of IDP memory to application identification for packet and reassembler use.

**Options** The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## application-services (Security Forwarding Process)

**Supported Platforms** SRX4100, SRX4200, SRX5400, SRX5600, SRX5800, vSRX

**Syntax**

```
application-services {
 enable-gtpu-distribution;
 maximize-alg-sessions;
 maximize-idp-sessions {
 weight (equal | firewall | idp);
 }
 packet-ordering-mode {
 (hardware | software);
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security forwarding-process]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6. Statement updated in Junos OS Release 10.4. Statement updated in Junos OS Release 15.1X49-D40 with the **enable-gtpu-distribution** option.

**Description** You can configure the device to switch from an integrated firewall mode to maximize intrusion detection and prevention (IDP) mode to increase the capacity of IDP processing with the **maximize-idp-sessions** option. When you maximize IDP, you are decoupling IDP processes from firewall processes, allowing the device to support the same number of firewall and IDP sessions.

You can configure maximum Application Layer Gateway (ALG) sessions by using the **maximize-alg-sessions** option. By default, the session capacity number for Real-Time Streaming Protocol (RTSP), FTP, and Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) ALG sessions is 10,000 per flow Services Processing Unit (SPU). You must reboot the device (and its peer in chassis cluster mode) for the configuration to take effect. The **maximize-alg-sessions** option now enables you to increase defaults as follows:

- RTSP, FTP, and TFTP ALG session capacity: 25,000 per flow SPU
- TCP proxy connection capacity: 40,000 per flow SPU



**NOTE:** Flow session capacity is reduced to half per flow SPU; therefore the aforementioned capacity numbers will not change on central point flow.

**Options** The remaining statements are explained separately. See the [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- *Juniper Networks Devices Processing Overview*

## application-services (Security Policies)

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax**

```
application-services {
 application-firewall {
 rule-set rule-set-name;
 }
 application-traffic-control {
 rule-set rule-set-name;
 }
 gprs-gtp-profile profile-name;
 gprs-sctp-profile profile-name;
 idp;
 redirect-wx | reverse-redirect-wx;
 ssl-proxy {
 profile-name profile-name;
 }
 uac-policy {
 captive-portal captive-portal;
 }
 utm-policy policy-name;
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security policies from-zone *zone-name* to-zone *zone-name* policy *policy-name* then permit]

**Release Information** Statement modified in Junos OS Release 11.1.

**Description** Enable application services within a security policy.

**Options** The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Application Firewall Overview](#)



---

## attack-type (Security Anomaly)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>attack-type {<br/>  anomaly {<br/>    direction (any   client-to-server   server-to-client);<br/>    service <i>service-name</i>;<br/>    shellcode (all   intel   no-shellcode   sparc);<br/>    test <i>test-condition</i>;<br/>  }<br/>}</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the type of attack.                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                  |

## attack-type (Security Chain)

**Supported Platforms** SRX Series, vSRX

**Syntax**

```

attack-type {
 chain {
 expression boolean-expression;
 member member-name {
 attack-type {
 (anomaly ...same statements as in [edit security idp custom-attack attack-name
 attack-type anomaly] hierarchy level | signature ...same statements as in [edit
 security idp custom-attack attack-name attack-type signature] hierarchy level);
 }
 }
 }
 order;
 protocol-binding {
 application application-name;
 icmp;
 icmpv6;
 ip {
 protocol-number transport-layer-protocol-number;
 }
 ipv6 {
 protocol-number transport-layer-protocol-number;
 }
 rpc {
 program-number rpc-program-number;
 }
 tcp {
 minimum-port port-number <maximum-port port-number>;
 }
 udp {
 minimum-port port-number <maximum-port port-number>;
 }
 }
 reset;
 scope (session | transaction);
}

```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp custom-attack *attack-name*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.

**Description** Specify the type of attack.



**NOTE:** In a chain attack, you can configure multiple member attacks.

In an attack, under protocol binding TCP/UDP, you can specify multiple ranges of ports.

**Options** The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**Level** security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## attack-type (Security IDP)

Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** `attack-type {`  
     `anomaly {`  
         `direction (any | client-to-server | server-to-client);`  
         `shellcode (all | intel | no-shellcode | sparc);`  
         `test-condition condition-name;`  
     `}`  
     `signature {`  
         `context context-name;`  
         `direction (any | client-to-server | server-to-client);`  
         `negate;`  
         `pattern signature-pattern;`  
         `pattern-pcre signature-pattern-pcre;`  
     `protocol {`  
         `icmp {`  
             `checksum-validate {`  
                 `match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);`  
                 `value checksum-value;`  
             `}`  
             `code {`  
                 `match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);`  
                 `value code-value;`  
             `}`  
             `data-length {`  
                 `match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);`  
                 `value data-length;`  
             `}`  
             `identification {`  
                 `match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);`  
                 `value identification-value;`  
             `}`  
             `sequence-number {`  
                 `match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);`  
                 `value sequence-number;`  
             `}`  
             `type {`  
                 `match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);`  
                 `value type-value;`  
             `}`  
         `}`  
     `}`  
     `icmpv6 {`  
         `checksum-validate {`  
             `match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);`  
             `value checksum-value;`  
         `}`  
         `code {`  
             `match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);`  
             `value code-value;`  
         `}`  
         `data-length {`  
             `match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);`  
             `value data-length;`  
         `}`  
     `}`

```

 }
 identification {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value identification-value;
 }
 sequence-number {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value sequence-number;
 }
 type {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value type-value;
 }
}
ipv4 {
 checksum-validate {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value checksum-value;
 }
 destination {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value ip-address-or-hostname;
 }
 identification {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value identification-value;
 }
 ip-flags {
 (df | no-df);
 (mf | no-mf);
 (rb | no-rb);
 }
 protocol {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value transport-layer-protocol-id;
 }
 source {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value ip-address-or-hostname;
 }
 tos {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value type-of-service-in-decimal;
 }
 total-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value total-length-of-ip-datagram;
 }
 ttl {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value time-to-live;
 }
}
ipv6 {
 destination {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);

```

```
 value ip-address-or-hostname;
 }
 extension-header {
 destination-option {
 home-address {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value header-value;
 }
 option-type {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value header-value;
 }
 }
 }
 routing-header {
 header-type {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value header-value;
 }
 }
}
flow-label {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value flow-label-value;
}
hop-limit {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value hop-limit-value;
}
next-header {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value next-header-value;
}
payload-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value payload-length-value;
}
source {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value ip-address-or-hostname;
}
traffic-class {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value traffic-class-value;
}
tcp {
 ack-number {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value acknowledgement-number;
 }
 checksum-validate {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value checksum-value;
 }
 data-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value tcp-data-length;
 }
}
```

```

}
destination-port {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value destination-port;
}
header-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value header-length;
}
mss {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value maximum-segment-size;
}
option {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value tcp-option;
}
reserved {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value reserved-value;
}
sequence-number {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value sequence-number;
}
source-port {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value source-port;
}
tcp-flags {
 (ack | no-ack);
 (fin | no-fin);
 (psh | no-psh);
 (r1 | no-r1);
 (r2 | no-r2);
 (rst | no-rst);
 (syn | no-syn);
 (urg | no-urg);
}
urgent-pointer {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value urgent-pointer;
}
window-scale {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value window-scale-factor;
}
window-size {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value window-size;
}
}
udp {
 checksum-validate {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value checksum-value;
 }
}

```

```

 }
 data-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value data-length;
 }
 destination-port {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value destination-port;
 }
 source-port {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value source-port;
 }
}
}
protocol-binding {
 application application-name;
 icmp;
 icmpv6;
 ip {
 protocol-number transport-layer-protocol-number;
 }
 ipv6 {
 protocol-number transport-layer-protocol-number;
 }
 rpc {
 program-number rpc-program-number;
 }
 tcp {
 minimum-port port-number <maximum-port port-number>;
 }
 udp {
 minimum-port port-number <maximum-port port-number>;
 }
}
regex regular-expression;
shellcode (all | intel | no-shellcode | sparc);
}

```

|                            |                                                                                                   |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type chain member <i>member-name</i> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>         | Specify the type of attack.                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>             | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .             |
| <b>Required Privilege</b>  | security—To view this statement in the configuration.                                             |
| <b>Level</b>               | security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                      |



## attack-type (Security Signature)

Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax**

```

attack-type {
 signature {
 context context-name;
 direction (any | client-to-server | server-to-client);
 negate;
 pattern signature-pattern;
 pattern-pcre signature-pattern-pcre;
 protocol {
 icmp {
 code {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value code-value;
 }
 data-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value data-length;
 }
 identification {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value identification-value;
 }
 sequence-number {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value sequence-number;
 }
 type {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value type-value;
 }
 }
 }
 icmpv6 {
 code {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value code-value;
 }
 data-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value data-length;
 }
 identification {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value identification-value;
 }
 sequence-number {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value sequence-number;
 }
 type {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value type-value;
 }
 }
 }
}

```

```
}
ipv4 {
 destination {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value ip-address-or-hostname;
 }
 identification {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value identification-value;
 }
 ihl {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value ihl-value;
 }
 ip-flags {
 (df | no-df);
 (mf | no-mf);
 (rb | no-rb);
 }
 protocol {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value transport-layer-protocol-id;
 }
 source {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value ip-address-or-hostname;
 }
 tos {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value type-of-service-in-decimal;
 }
 total-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value total-length-of-ip-datagram;
 }
 ttl {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value time-to-live;
 }
}
ipv6 {
 destination {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value ip-address-or-hostname;
 }
 flow-label {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value flow-label-value;
 }
 hop-limit {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value hop-limit-value;
 }
 next-header {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value next-header-value;
 }
}
```

```

}
payload-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value payload-length-value;
}
source {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value ip-address-or-hostname;
}
traffic-class {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value traffic-class-value;
}
tcp {
 ack-number {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value acknowledgement-number;
 }
 data-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value tcp-data-length;
 }
 destination-port {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value destination-port;
 }
 header-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value header-length;
 }
 mss {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value maximum-segment-size;
 }
 option {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value tcp-option;
 }
 sequence-number {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value sequence-number;
 }
 source-port {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value source-port;
 }
 tcp-flags {
 (ack | no-ack);
 (fin | no-fin);
 (psh | no-psh);
 (r1 | no-r1);
 (r2 | no-r2);
 (rst | no-rst);
 (syn | no-syn);
 (urg | no-urg);
 }
}

```

```

 urgent-pointer {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value urgent-pointer;
 }
 window-scale {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value window-scale-factor;
 }
 window-size {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value window-size;
 }
}
udp {
 data-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value data-length;
 }
 destination-port {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value destination-port;
 }
 source-port {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value source-port;
 }
}
}
protocol-binding {
 application application-name;
 icmp;
 icmpv6;
 ip {
 protocol-number transport-layer-protocol-number;
 }
 ipv6 {
 protocol-number transport-layer-protocol-number;
 }
 rpc {
 program-number rpc-program-number;
 }
 tcp {
 minimum-port port-number <maximum-port port-number>;
 }
 udp {
 minimum-port port-number <maximum-port port-number>;
 }
}
regexp regular-expression;
shellcode (all | intel | no-shellcode | sparc);
}
}

```

Hierarchy Level [edit security idp custom-attack *attack-name*]

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the type of attack.                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## attacks (Security Exempt Rulebase)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | <a href="#">SRX Series</a> , <a href="#">vSRX</a>                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>attacks {   custom-attack-groups [attack-group-name];   custom-attacks [attack-name];   dynamic-attack-groups [attack-group-name];   predefined-attack-groups [attack-group-name];   predefined-attacks [attack-name]; }</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-exempt rule <i>rule-name</i> match]                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the attacks that you do not want the device to match in the monitored network traffic. Each attack is defined as an attack object, which represents a known pattern of attack.                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                               |

## attacks (Security IPS Rulebase)

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** attacks {  
    custom-attack-groups [attack-group-name];  
    custom-attacks [attack-name];  
    dynamic-attack-groups [attack-group-name];  
    predefined-attack-groups [attack-group-name];  
    predefined-attacks [attack-name];  
}

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp idp-policy *policy-name* rulebase-ips rule *rule-name* match]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Specify the attacks you want the device to match in the monitored network traffic. Each attack is defined as an attack object, which represents a known pattern of attack.

**Options** The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## automatic (Security)

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** automatic {  
    download-timeout *minutes*;  
    enable;  
    interval *hours*;  
    start-time *start-time*;  
}

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp security-package]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Enable the device to automatically download the updated signature database from the specified URL.

**Options** The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## cache-prune-chunk-size

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX5400, SRX5600, SRX5800, vSRX                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | cache-prune-chunk-size <i>number</i> ;                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration ssl-inspection]                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Number of cache entries to delete when pruning SSL session ID cache.                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>cache-prune-chunk-size</b>—Number of cache entries to delete when pruning SSL session ID cache.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1 through 100,000</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 10,000</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>security—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                               |

## cache-size (Security)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | cache-size <i>size</i> ;                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration log]                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the size in bytes for each user's log cache.                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>size</b>—Cache size.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1 through 65,535 bytes</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 12,800 bytes</p>                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>security—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p> |

## category (Security Dynamic Attack Group)

---

|                            |                                                                                                                                     |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b> | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre>category {<br/>    values [category-value];<br/>}</pre>                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit security idp dynamic-attack-group <i>dynamic-attack-group-name</i> filters]                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>         | Specify a category filter to add attack objects based on the category.                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>             | <b>values</b> —Name of the category filter. You can configure multiple filters separated by spaces and enclosed in square brackets. |
| <b>Required Privilege</b>  | security—To view this statement in the configuration.                                                                               |
| <b>Level</b>               | security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                        |



## chain

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax**

```
chain {
 expression boolean-expression;
 member member-name {
 attack-type {
 (anomaly ...same statements as in [edit security idp custom-attack attack-name
 attack-type anomaly] hierarchy level | signature ...same statements as in [edit security
 idp custom-attack attack-name attack-type signature] hierarchy level);
 }
 }
}
order;
protocol-binding {
 application application-name;
 icmp;
 icmpv6;
 ip {
 protocol-number transport-layer-protocol-number;
 }
 ipv6 {
 protocol-number transport-layer-protocol-number;
 }
 rpc {
 program-number rpc-program-number;
 }
 tcp {
 minimum-port port-number <maximum-port port-number>;
 }
 udp {
 minimum-port port-number <maximum-port port-number>;
 }
}
reset;
scope (session | transaction);
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp custom-attack *attack-name* attack-type]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.

**Description** Chain attack object combines multiple signatures and/or protocol anomalies into a single object. Traffic must match all of the combined signatures and/or protocol anomalies to match the chain attack object.

**Options** The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## checksum-validate

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series](#)

**Syntax**

```
checksum-validate {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value checksum-value;
}
```

**Hierarchy Level**

```
[edit security idp custom-attack attack-name attack-type signature protocol ipv4]
[edit security idp custom-attack attack-name attack-type signature protocol tcp]
[edit security idp custom-attack attack-name attack-type signature protocol udp]
[edit security idp custom-attack attack-name attack-type signature protocol icmp]
[edit security idp custom-attack attack-name attack-type signature protocol icmpv6]
```

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3X48-D30.

**Description** Allow IDP to validate checksum field against the calculated checksum.

**Options** **match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal)**—Match an operand.  
**value *checksum-value***—Match a decimal value.  
**Range:** 0 through 65,535

**Required Privilege Level** **security**—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**security-control**—To add this statement to the configuration.

## classifiers (CoS)

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax**

```
classifiers {
 (dscp | dscp-ipv6 | exp | ieee-802.1 | ieee-802.1ad | inet-precedence) classifier-name {
 forwarding-class forwarding-class-name {
 loss-priority (high | low | medium-high | medium-low) {
 code-point alias-or-bit-string ;
 }
 import (default | user-defined);
 }
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit class-of-service]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2

**Description** Configure a user-defined behavior aggregate (BA) classifier.

- Options**
- *classifier-name*—User-defined name for the classifier.
  - *import (default | user-defined)*—Specify the template to use to map any code points not explicitly mapped in this configuration. For example, if the classifier is of type **dscp** and you specify **import default**, code points you do not map in your configuration will use the predefined DSCP default mapping; if you specify **import mymap**, for example, code points not mapped in the forwarding-class configuration would use the mappings in a user-defined classifier named **mymap**.
  - *forwarding-class class-name*—Specify the name of the forwarding class. You can use the default forwarding class names or define new ones.
  - *loss-priority level*—Specify a loss priority for this forwarding class: **high**, **low**, **medium-high**, **medium-low**.
  - *code-points (alias | bits)*—Specify a code-point alias or the code points that map to this forwarding class.

**Required Privilege Level** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- [Understanding Interfaces](#)

## code

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>code {<br/>    match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal);<br/>    value <i>code-value</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol icmp]<br>[edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol icmpv6]                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3. Statement modified in Junos OS Release 12.3X48-D25 to add ICMPv6 protocol support for custom attacks.                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the secondary code that identifies the function of the request/reply within a given type.                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><b>match</b> (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal)—Match an operand.</li><li><b>value</b> <i>code-value</i>—Match a decimal value.</li></ul> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 255</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                          |

## code-points (CoS)


---

|                                 |                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                          |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>code-points [ <i>aliases</i> ] [ <i>6-bit-patterns</i> ];</pre>                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit class-of-service classifiers <i>type classifier-name</i> forwarding-class <i>class-name</i> ]                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.5.                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify one or more DSCP code-point aliases or bit sets for association with a forwarding class.                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>aliases</i>—Name of the DSCP alias.</p> <p><i>6-bit patterns</i>—Value of the code-point bits, in decimal form.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.   |

## context (Security Custom Attack)

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | context <i>context-name</i> ;                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature]                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Define the location of the signature where IDP should look for the attack in a specific Application Layer protocol.   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>context-name</i> —Name of the context under which the attack has to be matched.                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## content-decompression-max-memory-kb

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | content-decompression-max-memory-kb <i>value</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration ips]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Set the maximum memory allocation in kilobytes for content decompression.</p> <p>The default memory allocation provides 33 KB per session for an average number of sessions requiring decompression at the same time. To determine if this value is consistent with your environment, analyze values from decompression-related counters and the total number of IDP sessions traversing the device. Estimate the number of sessions requiring decompression at the same time. Assuming that each of these sessions requires 33 KB of memory for decompression, compare your estimated needs to the default value.</p> |
|                                 | <p> <b>NOTE:</b> Because content decompression requires a significant allocation of memory, system performance will be impacted by increasing the maximum memory allocation for decompression.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>Range:</b> 50 through 2,000,000 KB                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## content-decompression-max-ratio

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | content-decompression-max-ratio <i>value</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration ips]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Set the maximum decompression ratio of the size of decompressed data to the size of compressed data.</p> <p>Some attacks are introduced through compressed content. When the content is decompressed, it can inflate to a very large size taking up valuable system resources resulting in denial of service. This type of attack can be recognized by the ratio of the size of decompressed data to the size of compressed data. Keep in mind, however, that a higher ratio lessens the chance of detecting this type of attack.</p> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>Range:</b> 1 through 128                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## count (Security Custom Attack)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | count <i>count-value</i> ;                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> time-binding]                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the number of times that IDP detects the attack within the specified scope before triggering an event.        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>count-value</b> —Number of times IDP detects the attack.                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## custom-attack

Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** `custom-attack attack-name {`  
     `attack-type {`  
         `anomaly {`  
             `direction (any | client-to-server | server-to-client);`  
             `service service-name;`  
             `shellcode (all | intel | no-shellcode | sparc);`  
             `test test-condition;`  
         `}`  
     `chain {`  
         `expression boolean-expression;`  
         `member member-name {`  
             `attack-type {`  
                 `(anomaly ...same statements as in [edit security idp custom-attack attack-name`  
                     `attack-type anomaly] hierarchy level | signature ...same statements as in [edit`  
                     `security idp custom-attack attack-name attack-type signature] hierarchy level);`  
             `}`  
         `}`  
     `order;`  
     `protocol-binding {`  
         `application application-name;`  
         `icmp;`  
         `icmpv6;`  
         `ip {`  
             `protocol-number transport-layer-protocol-number;`  
         `}`  
         `ipv6 {`  
             `protocol-number transport-layer-protocol-number;`  
         `}`  
         `rpc {`  
             `program-number rpc-program-number;`  
         `}`  
         `tcp {`  
             `minimum-port port-number <maximum-port port-number>;`  
         `}`  
         `udp {`  
             `minimum-port port-number <maximum-port port-number>;`  
         `}`  
     `}`  
     `reset;`  
     `scope (session | transaction);`  
     `}`  
     `signature {`  
         `context context-name;`  
         `direction (any | client-to-server | server-to-client);`  
         `negate;`  
         `pattern signature-pattern;`  
         `pattern-pcre signature-pattern-pcre;`  
         `protocol {`  
             `icmp {`  
                 `checksum-validate {`  
                     `match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);`  
                 `}`  
             `}`  
         `}`  
     `}`

```
 value checksum-value;
 }
 code {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value code-value;
 }
 data-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value data-length;
 }
 identification {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value identification-value;
 }
 sequence-number {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value sequence-number;
 }
 type {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value type-value;
 }
}
icmpv6 {
 checksum-validate {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value checksum-value;
 }
 code {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value code-value;
 }
 data-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value data-length;
 }
 identification {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value identification-value;
 }
 sequence-number {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value sequence-number;
 }
 type {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value type-value;
 }
}
ipv4 {
 checksum-validate {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value checksum-value;
 }
 destination {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
```



```

 value ip-address-or-hostname;
 }
 identification {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value identification-value;
 }
 ihl {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value ihl-value;
 }
 ip-flags {
 (df | no-df);
 (mf | no-mf);
 (rb | no-rb);
 }
 protocol {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value transport-layer-protocol-id;
 }
 source {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value ip-address-or-hostname;
 }
 tos {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value type-of-service-in-decimal;
 }
 total-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value total-length-of-ip-datagram;
 }
 ttl {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value time-to-live;
 }
}
ipv6 {
 destination {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value ip-address-or-hostname;
 }
 flow-label {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value flow-label-value;
 }
 hop-limit {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value hop-limit-value;
 }
 next-header {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value next-header-value;
 }
 payload-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value payload-length-value;
 }
}

```

```
 }
 source {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value ip-address-or-hostname;
 }
 traffic-class {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value traffic-class-value;
 }
 tcp {
 ack-number {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value acknowledgement-number;
 }
 checksum-validate {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value checksum-value;
 }
 data-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value tcp-data-length;
 }
 destination-port {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value destination-port;
 }
 header-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value header-length;
 }
 mss {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value maximum-segment-size;
 }
 option {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value tcp-option;
 }
 reserved {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value reserved-value;
 }
 sequence-number {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value sequence-number;
 }
 source-port {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value source-port;
 }
 tcp-flags {
 (ack | no-ack);
 (fin | no-fin);
 (psh | no-psh);
 (r1 | no-r1);
 (r2 | no-r2);
 }
 }
}
```

```

 (rst | no-rst);
 (syn | no-syn);
 (urg | no-urg);
 }
 urgent-pointer {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value urgent-pointer;
 }
 window-scale {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value window-scale-factor;
 }
 window-size {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value window-size;
 }
}
udp {
 checksum-validate {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value checksum-value;
 }
 data-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value data-length;
 }
 destination-port {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value destination-port;
 }
 source-port {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value source-port;
 }
}
}
protocol-binding {
 application application-name;
 icmp;
 icmpv6;
 ip {
 protocol-number transport-layer-protocol-number;
 }
 ipv6 {
 protocol-number transport-layer-protocol-number;
 }
 rpc {
 program-number rpc-program-number;
 }
 tcp {
 minimum-port port-number <maximum-port port-number>;
 }
 udp {
 minimum-port port-number <maximum-port port-number>;
 }
}
}

```

```
 regexp regular-expression;
 shellcode (all | intel | no-shellcode | sparc);
 }
}
recommended-action (close | close-client | close-server | drop | drop-packet | ignore |
 none);
severity (critical | info | major | minor | warning);
time-binding {
 count count-value;
 scope (destination | peer | source);
}
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp]

**Release Information** Statement modified in Junos OS Release 9.3.

**Description** Configure custom attack objects to detect a known or unknown attack that can be used to compromise your network.

**Options** *attack-name*—Name of the custom attack object.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege** security—To view this statement in the configuration.

**Level** security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

---

## custom-attack-group

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series](#), [vSRX](#)

**Syntax** custom-attack-group *custom-attack-group-name* {  
 group-members [*attack-or-attack-group-name*];  
}

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.

**Description** Configure custom attack group. A custom attack group is a list of attacks that would be matched on the traffic if the group is selected in a policy.

**Options** *custom-attack-group-name*—Name of the custom attack group.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege** security—To view this statement in the configuration.

**Level** security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## custom-attack-groups (Security IDP)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | custom-attack-groups <i>attack-group-name</i> ;                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-exempt rule <i>rule-name</i> match attacks]<br>[edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ips rule <i>rule-name</i> match attacks] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a name for the custom attack group.                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>attack-group-name</i> —Name of the custom attack group.                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                       |

## custom-attacks

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | custom-attacks [ <i>attack-name</i> ];                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-exempt rule <i>rule-name</i> match attacks],<br>[edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ips rule <i>rule-name</i> match attacks] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Select custom attacks defined under [edit security idp custom-attack] by specifying their names.                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>attack-name</i> —Name of the new custom attack object.                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                        |

## data-length

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** `data-length {  
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);  
 value tcp-data-length;  
}`

**Hierarchy Level** `[edit security idp custom-attack attack-name attack-type signature protocol udp]`  
`[edit security idp custom-attack attack-name attack-type signature protocol icmp]`  
`[edit security idp custom-attack attack-name attack-type signature protocol icmpv6]`  
`[edit security idp custom-attack attack-name attack-type signature protocol tcp]`

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.

**Description** Specify the number of bytes in the data payload. In the TCP header, for SYN, ACK, and FIN packets, this field should be empty.

- Options**
- **match** (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal)—Match an operand.
  - **value** *data-length*—Match the number of bytes in the data payload.

**Range:** 0 through 65,535

**Required Privilege** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**Level** security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## datapath-debug

Supported Platforms [SRX5400](#), [SRX5600](#), [SRX5800](#)

```
Syntax datapath-debug {
 action-profile profile-name {
 event (jexec | lbt | lt-enter | lt-leave | mac-egress | mac-ingress | np-egress | np-ingress
 | pot) {
 count;
 packet-dump;
 packet-summary;
 trace;
 }
 }
 module {
 flow {
 flag {
 all;
 }
 }
 }
 preserve-trace-order;
 record-pic-history;
}
capture-file {
 filename;
 files number;
 format pacp-format;
 size maximum-file-size;
 (world-readable | no-world-readable);
}
maximum-capture-size value;
packet-filter packet-filter-name {
 action-profile (profile-name | default);
 destination-port (port-range | protocol-name);
 destination-prefix destination-prefix;
 interface logical-interface-name;
 protocol (protocol-number | protocol-name);
 source-port (port-range | protocol-name);
 source-prefix source-prefix;
}
traceoptions {
 file {
 filename;
 files number;
 match regular-expression;
 size maximum-file-size;
 (world-readable | no-world-readable);
 }
 no-remote-trace;
}
}
```

Hierarchy Level [edit security]

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the data path debugging options.                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>Understanding Data Path Debugging for Logical Systems</i></li></ul>        |

---

### description (Security IDP Policy)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | <a href="#">SRX Series</a> , <a href="#">vSRX</a>                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | description <i>text</i> ;                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-exempt rule <i>rule-name</i> ]<br>[edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ips rule <i>rule-name</i> ] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement modified in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify descriptive text for an exempt rule, or IPS rule.                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>text</i> —Descriptive text about an exempt rule, or IPS rule.                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                             |

---

### destination (Security IP Headers Attack)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | <a href="#">SRX Series</a> , <a href="#">vSRX</a>                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | destination {<br>match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal);<br>value <i>ip-address-or-hostname</i> ;<br>}                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol ipv4]<br>[edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol ipv6]                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the IP address of the attack target.                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>match</b> (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal)—Match an operand.</li><li>• <b>value</b> <i>ip-address-or-hostname</i>—Match an IP address or a hostname.</li></ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                   |



## destination-address (Security IDP Policy)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | destination-address ([ <i>address-name</i> ]   any   any-ipv4   any-ipv6);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-exempt rule <i>rule-name</i> match]<br>[edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ips rule <i>rule-name</i> match]                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a destination IP address or IP address set object to be used as the match destination address object. The default value is any.                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b><i>address-name</i></b>—IP address or IP address set object.</li> <li>• <b><i>any</i></b>—Specify any IPv4 or IPv6 address.</li> <li>• <b><i>any-ipv4</i></b>—Specify any IPv4 address.</li> <li>• <b><i>any-ipv6</i></b>—Specify any IPv6 address.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                      |

## destination-except

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | destination-except [ <i>address-name</i> ];                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-exempt rule <i>rule-name</i> match]<br>[edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ips rule <i>rule-name</i> match] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a destination IP address or IP address set object to specify all destination address objects except the specified address objects. The default value is any.                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>address-name</i></b> —IP address or IP address set object.                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                       |

## destination-option

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series](#)

**Syntax**

```
destination-option {
 home-address {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value header-value;
 }
 option-type {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value header-value;
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit set security idp custom-attack *attack-name* attack-type signature protocol *ipv6* extension-header]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3X48-D30.

**Description** Specify the IPv6 destination option for the extension header. The **destination-option** option inspects the header option type of **home-address** field in the **extension header** and reports a custom attack if a match is found. The **destination-option** supports the **home-address** field type of inspection.

**Required Privilege Level** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## destination-port (Security Signature Attack)

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series](#), [vSRX](#)

**Syntax**

```
destination-port {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value destination-port;
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp custom-attack *attack-name* attack-type signature protocol udp]  
[edit security idp custom-attack *attack-name* attack-type signature protocol tcp]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.

**Description** Specify the port number of the attack target.

- Options**
- **match** (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal)—Match an operand.
  - **value** *destination-port*—Match the port number of the attack target.

**Range:** 0 through 65,535

**Required Privilege Level** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## detect-shellcode

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | <a href="#">SRX Series</a> , <a href="#">vSRX</a>                                                                     |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | (detect-shellcode   no-detect-shellcode);                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration ips]                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Enable to detect the shell code and prevent buffer overflow attacks. By default this setting is enabled.              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## detector

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | <a href="#">SRX Series</a> , <a href="#">vSRX</a>                                                                                                            |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> detector {   protocol-name <i>protocol-name</i> {     tunable-name <i>tunable-name</i> {       tunable-value <i>protocol-value</i>;     }   } } </pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration]                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure protocol detector engine for a specific service.                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                        |

## direction (Security Custom Attack)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | direction (any   client-to-server   server-to-client);                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type anomaly]<br>[edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature]                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Define the connection direction of the attack.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>any</b>—Detect the attack in either direction.</li><li>• <b>client-to-server</b>—Detect the attack only in client-to-server traffic.</li><li>• <b>server-to-client</b>—Detect the attack only in server-to-client traffic.</li></ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                           |

## direction (Security Dynamic Attack Group)

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** `direction {  
 expression (and | or);  
 values [any client-to-server exclude-any exclude-client-to-server exclude-server-to-client  
 server-to-client];  
}`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp dynamic-attack-group *dynamic-attack-group-name* filters]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3. The **expression** option added in Junos OS Release 11.4.

**Description** Specify a direction filter to add predefined attacks to the dynamic group based on the direction specified in the attacks.

**Options** **expression**—Boolean operators:

- **and**— If both the member name patterns match, the expression matches.
- **or**— If either of the member name patterns match, the expression matches.

**values**—Name of the direction filter. You can select from the following directions:

- **any**—Monitors traffic from client to server and server to client.
- **client-to-server**—Monitors traffic from client to server (most attacks occur over **client-to-server** connections) only.
- **exclude-any**—Allows traffic from client to server and server to client.
- **exclude-client-to-server**—Allows traffic from client to server only.
- **exclude-server-to-client**—Allows traffic from server to client only.
- **server-to-client**—Monitors traffic from server to client only.

**Required Privilege** **security**—To view this statement in the configuration.

**Level** **security-control**—To add this statement to the configuration.

## download-timeout

---

|                            |                                                                                                                                       |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>              | download-timeout <i>minutes</i> ;                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit security idp security-package automatic]                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Release 9.6 R3 of Junos OS.                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>         | Specify the time that the device automatically times out and stops downloading the updated signature database from the specified URL. |



**NOTE:** The default value for download-timeout is one minute. If download is completed before the download times out, the signature is automatically updated after the download. If the download takes longer than the configured period, the automatic signature update is aborted.

|                |                                                                                                    |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Options</b> | <i>minutes</i> —Time in minutes.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 60 minutes<br><b>Default:</b> 1 minute |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|



**NOTE:** For SRX Series devices the applicable range is 1 through 4000000 per second.

|                           |                                                              |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.        |
| <b>Level</b>              | security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## drop-if-no-policy-loaded

---

|                            |                                                              |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b> | SRX Series, vSRX                                             |
| <b>Syntax</b>              | drop-if-no-policy-loaded;                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit security idp sensor-configuration flow]                |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1X44-D20.        |
| <b>Description</b>         | Drop all traffic until the IDP policy gets loaded.           |
| <b>Required Privilege</b>  | security—To view this statement in the configuration.        |
| <b>Level</b>               | security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

---

## drop-on-failover

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | drop-on-failover;                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration flow]                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1X44-D20.                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Drop traffic on chassis cluster failover sessions.                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

---

## drop-on-limit

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | drop-on-limit;                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration flow]                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1X44-D20.                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Drop connections on exceeding resource limits.                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## dynamic-attack-group

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** `dynamic-attack-group dynamic-attack-group-name {  
 filters {  
 category {  
 values [category-value];  
 }  
 direction {  
 expression (and | or);  
 values [any client-to-server exclude-any exclude-client-to-server  
 exclude-server-to-client server-to-client];  
 }  
 false-positives {  
 values [frequently occasionally rarely unknown];  
 }  
 performance {  
 values [fast normal slow unknown];  
 }  
 products {  
 values [product-value];  
 }  
 recommended;  
 service {  
 values [service-value];  
 }  
 severity {  
 values [critical info major minor warning];  
 }  
 type {  
 values [anomaly signature];  
 }  
 }  
}`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3. The **expression** option added in Junos OS Release 11.4.

**Description** Configure a dynamic attack group. A dynamic attack group selects its members based on the filters specified in the group. Therefore, the list of attacks is updated (added or removed) when a new signature database is used.

**Options** *dynamic-attack-group-name*—Name of the dynamic attack group.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.



## dynamic-attack-groups (Security IDP)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | dynamic-attack-groups <i>attack-group-name</i> ;                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-exempt rule <i>rule-name</i> match attacks]<br>[edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ips rule <i>rule-name</i> match attacks] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a name for the dynamic attack group.                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>attack-group-name</i> —Name of the dynamic attack group.                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                       |

## enable

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | enable {<br>download-timeout <i>minutes</i> ;<br>interval <i>hours</i> ;<br>start-time <i>start-time</i> ;<br>}       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp security-package automatic]                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Enables the automatic download of the IDP security package.                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## enable-all-qmodules

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | (enable-all-qmodules   no-enable-all-qmodules);                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration global]                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Enable all the qmodules of the global rulebase IDP security policy. By default all the qmodules are enabled.          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## enable-packet-pool

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | (enable-packet-pool   no-enable-packet-pool);                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration global]                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Enable the packet pool to use when the current pool is exhausted. By default packet pool is enabled.                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## expression

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | expression <i>boolean-expression</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type chain]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Configure the Boolean expression. The Boolean expression defines the condition for the individual members of a chain attack that will decide if the chain attack is hit.</p> <p>For standalone IDP devices, expression overrides order function.</p> <p>For SRX Series devices, expression and order cannot be configured together. Only one of them can be specified.</p>                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>boolean-expression</i>—Boolean operators:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>or</b>—If either of the member name patterns match, the expression matches.</li> <li>• <b>and</b>—If both of the member name patterns match, the expression matches. It does not matter which order the members appear in.</li> <li>• <b>oand</b>—If both of the member name patterns match, and if they appear in the same order as in the Boolean Expression, the expression matches.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>security—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

## extension-header

---

**Supported Platforms**   [SRX Series](#)

**Syntax**

```
extension-header {
 destination-option {
 home-address {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value header-value;
 }
 option-type {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value header-value;
 }
 }
 routing-header {
 header-type {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value header-value;
 }
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level**   [edit set security idp custom-attack *attack-name* attack-type signature protocol *ipv6*]

**Release Information**   Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3X48-D30.

**Description**   Specify the IPv6 extension header.

**Required Privilege**   security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**Level**   security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## false-positives

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>false-positives {   values [frequently occasionally rarely unknown]; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp dynamic-attack-group <i>dynamic-attack-group-name</i> filters]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a false positives filter to track attack objects based on the frequency that the attack produces a false positive on your network.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>values</b>—Name of the false positives filter. You can select from the following false positive frequency:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>frequently</b>—Frequently track false positive occurrences.</li> <li>• <b>occasionally</b>—Occasionally track false positive occurrences.</li> <li>• <b>rarely</b>—Rarely track false positive occurrences.</li> <li>• <b>unknown</b>—By default, all compound attack objects are set to Unknown. As you fine-tune IDP to your network traffic, you can change this setting to help you track false positives.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p><b>security</b>—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p><b>security-control</b>—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

## fifo-max-size (IPS)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | fifo-max-size <i>value</i> ;                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration ips]                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Sets the maximum IPS FIFO size (range: 1 through 65535).                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p><b>security</b>—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p><b>security-control</b>—To add this statement to the configuration.</p> |

## fifo-max-size (Security IDP)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | <a href="#">SRX Series</a> , <a href="#">vSRX</a>                                                                     |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | fifo-max-size <i>value</i> ;                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration flow]                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Sets the maximum FIFO size (range: 1 through 65535).                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## filters

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax**

```
filters {
 category {
 values [category-value];
 }
 direction {
 expression (and | or);
 values [any client-to-server exclude-any exclude-client-to-server exclude-server-to-client
 server-to-client];
 }
 false-positives {
 values [frequently occasionally rarely unknown];
 }
 performance {
 values [fast normal slow unknown];
 }
 products {
 values [product-value];
 }
 recommended;
 service {
 values [service-value];
 }
 severity {
 values [critical info major minor warning];
 }
 type {
 values [anomaly signature];
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp dynamic-attack-group *dynamic-attack-group-name*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3. The **expression** option added in Junos OS Release 11.4.

**Description** To create a dynamic attack group, set the criteria using different types of filters.

**Options** The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## flow (Security IDP)

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax**

```
flow {
 (allow-icmp-without-flow | no-allow-icmp-without-flow);
 drop-if-no-policy-loaded;
 drop-on-failover;
 drop-on-limit;
 fifo-max-size value;
 hash-table-size value;
 (log-errors | no-log-errors);
 max-sessions-offset value;
 max-timers-poll-ticks value;
 min-objcache-limit-lt lower-threshold-value;
 min-objcache-limit-ut upper-threshold-value;
 reject-timeout value;
 (reset-on-policy | no-reset-on-policy);
 udp-anticipated-timeout value;
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp sensor-configuration]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Configure the IDP engine to manage the packet flow.

**Options** The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**Level** security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.



## forwarding-classes (CoS)

**Supported Platforms** SRX Series, vSRX

**Syntax**

```
forwarding-classes {
 class class-name {
 priority (high | low);
 queue-num number;
 spu-priority (high | low);
 }
 queue queue-number {
 class-name {
 priority (high | low);
 }
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit class-of-service]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.5. Statement updated in Junos OS Release 11.4. The **spu-priority** option introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4R2.

**Description** Configure forwarding classes and assign queue numbers.

**Options**

- **class *class-name***—Display the forwarding class name assigned to the internal queue number.



**NOTE:** This option is supported only on high-end SRX Series devices, including the SRX1500, SRX5400, SRX5600, and SRX5800.



**NOTE:** AppQoS forwarding classes must be different from those defined for interface-based rewriters.

- **policing-priority**—Layer 2 policing. One forwarding class can be configured as **premium** and others are configured as **normal**.
- **priority**—Fabric priority value:
  - **high**—Forwarding class's fabric queuing has high priority.
  - **low**—Forwarding class's fabric queuing has low priority.
- **queue *queue-number***—Specify the internal queue number to which a forwarding class is assigned.
- **spu-priority**—Services Processing Unit (SPU) priority queue, either **high** or **low**.



**NOTE:** The `spu-priority` option is only supported on SRX1500 devices and SRX5000 line devices.

**Required Privilege** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**Level** interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- *Example: Configuring AppQoS*

---

## forwarding-process

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX1500, SRX5400, SRX5600, SRX5800, vSRX](#)

**Syntax**

```
forwarding-process {
 application-services {
 enable-gtpu-distribution;
 maximize-alg-sessions;
 maximize-idp-sessions {
 weight (equal | firewall | idp);
 }
 packet-ordering-mode {
 (hardware | software);
 }
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.

**Description** If you are deploying IDP policies, you can tune the device to increase IDP session capacity. By using the provided commands to change the way the system allocates resources, you can achieve a higher IDP session capacity.

**Options** The remaining statements are explained separately. See the [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**Level** security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- *Juniper Networks Devices Processing Overview*

## from-zone (Security IDP Policy)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | from-zone ( <i>zone-name</i>   any);                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-exempt rule <i>rule-name</i> match]<br>[edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ips rule <i>rule-name</i> match] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a source zone to be associated with the security policy. The default value is any.                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>zone-name</i> —Name of the source zone object.                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                       |

## global (Security IDP)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | global {<br>(enable-all-qmodules   no-enable-all-qmodules);<br>(enable-packet-pool   no-enable-packet-pool);<br>memory-limit-percent <i>value</i> ;<br>(policy-lookup-cache   no-policy-lookup-cache);<br>} |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration]                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the global rulebase IDP security policy.                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                       |

## group-members

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | group-members [ <i>attack-or-attack-group-name</i> ];                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack-group <i>custom-attack-group-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify the group members in a custom group. The members can be predefined attacks, predefined attack groups, custom attacks, or custom dynamic groups.</p> <p>Use custom groups for the following tasks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• To define a specific set of attacks to which you know your network is vulnerable.</li><li>• To group your custom attack objects.</li><li>• To define a specific set of informational attack objects that you use to keep you aware of what is happening on your network.</li></ul> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>attack-or-attack-group-name</i> —Name of the attack object or group attack object.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

## hash-table-size (Security IDP)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | hash-table-size <i>value</i> ;                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration flow]                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Sets the packet flow hash table size (range: 1024 through 1,000,000).                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## header-length

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>header-length {     match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal);     value <i>header-length</i>; }</pre>                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol tcp]                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the number of bytes in the TCP header.                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>match</b> (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal)—Match an operand.</li> <li><b>value</b> <i>header-length</i>—Match the number of bytes in the TCP header.</li> </ul> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 15 bytes</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                           |

## header-type

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>header-type {     match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal);     value <i>header-value</i>; }</pre>                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit set security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol <i>ipv6</i> extension-header routing-header]                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3X48-D30.                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the IPv6 routing header type.                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>match</b> (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal)—Match an operand.</p> <p><b>value</b>—Match a decimal value.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 255</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                              |

## high-availability (Security IDP)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | high-availability {<br>no-policy-cold-synchronization;<br>}                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration]                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configures high availability (chassis cluster) for IDP.                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## home-address

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | home-address {<br>match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal);<br>value <i>value</i> ;<br>}                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit set security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol <i>ipv6</i> extension-header destination-option] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3X48-D30.                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the IPv6 home address of the mobile node.                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal)</b> —Match an operand.<br><b>value</b> —Match a decimal value.                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                   |

## host (Security IDP Sensor Configuration)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | host <i>ip-address</i> <port <i>number</i> >;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration packet-log]                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the IP address and port number of the server where the packet capture object will be sent.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>host <i>ip-address</i></b>—The IP address of the server where the packet capture object will be sent.</li> <li>• <b>port <i>number</i></b>—The port number of the server where the packet capture object will be sent.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                         |

## icmp (Security IDP Custom Attack)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | icmp;                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type chain protocol-binding]<br>[edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol-binding] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Allow IDP to match the attack for the specified ICMP.                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                  |

## icmp (Security IDP Signature Attack)

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series](#), [vSRX](#)

**Syntax**

```
icmp {
 code {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value code-value;
 }
 data-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value data-length;
 }
 identification {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value identification-value;
 }
 sequence-number {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value sequence-number;
 }
 type {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value type-value;
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp custom-attack *attack-name* attack-type signature protocol]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.

**Description** Allow IDP to match the ICMP header information for the signature attack.

**Options** The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege** security—To view this statement in the configuration.

**Level** security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## icmpv6 (Security IDP)

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series](#), [vSRX](#)

**Syntax** icmpv6;

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp custom-attack *attack-name* attack-type chain protocol-binding]  
[edit security idp custom-attack *attack-name* attack-type signature protocol-binding]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.

**Description** Specify that the attack is for ICMPv6 packets only.

**Required Privilege** security—To view this statement in the configuration.

**Level** security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.



## icmpv6 (Security IDP Custom Attack)

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series](#)

**Syntax**

```
icmpv6 {
 checksum-validate {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value checksum-value;
 }
 code {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value code-value;
 }
 data-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value data-length;
 }
 identification {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value identification-value;
 }
 sequence-number {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value sequence-number;
 }
 type {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value type-value;
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp custom-attack *attack-name* attack-type signature protocol]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3X48-D30.

**Description** Allow IDP to match the attack for the specified ICMPv6.

**Required Privilege Level** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## identification (Security ICMP Headers)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>identification {<br/>    match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal);<br/>    value <i>identification-value</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol icmp]<br>[edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol icmpv6]                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3. Statement modified in Junos OS Release 12.3X48-D25 to add ICMPv6 protocol support.                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a unique value used by the destination system to associate requests and replies.                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>match</b> (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal)—Match an operand.</li><li>• <b>value</b> <i>identification-value</i>—Match a decimal value.</li></ul> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 65,535</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                           |

## identification (Security IP Headers)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>identification {<br/>    match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal);<br/>    value <i>identification-value</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol ipv4]                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a unique value used by the destination system to reassemble a fragmented packet.                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>match</b> (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal)—Match an operand.</li><li>• <b>value</b> <i>identification-value</i>—Match a decimal value.</li></ul> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 65,535</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                           |

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## idp (Application Services)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | idp;                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security policies from-zone <i>zone-name</i> to-zone <i>zone-name</i> policy <i>policy-name</i> then permit application-services] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.1.                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure Intrusion Detection and Prevention (IDP) for application services.                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                   |

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## idp (Security Alarms)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | idp;                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security alarms potential-violation]                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure alarms for IDP attack.                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## idp-policy (Security)

Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

```
Syntax idp-policy policy-name {
 rulebase-exempt {
 rule rule-name {
 description text;
 match {
 attacks {
 custom-attack-groups [attack-group-name];
 custom-attacks [attack-name];
 dynamic-attack-groups [attack-group-name];
 predefined-attack-groups [attack-group-name];
 predefined-attacks [attack-name];
 }
 destination-address ([address-name] | any | any-ipv4 | any-ipv6);
 destination-except [address-name];
 from-zone (zone-name | any);
 source-address ([address-name] | any | any-ipv4 | any-ipv6);
 source-except [address-name];
 to-zone (zone-name | any);
 }
 }
 }
 rulebase-ips {
 rule rule-name {
 description text;
 match {
 application (application-name | any | default);
 attacks {
 custom-attack-groups [attack-group-name];
 custom-attacks [attack-name];
 dynamic-attack-groups [attack-group-name];
 predefined-attack-groups [attack-group-name];
 predefined-attacks [attack-name];
 }
 destination-address ([address-name] | any | any-ipv4 | any-ipv6);
 destination-except [address-name];
 from-zone (zone-name | any);
 source-address ([address-name] | any | any-ipv4 | any-ipv6);
 source-except [address-name];
 to-zone (zone-name | any);
 }
 }
 terminal;
 then {
 action {
 class-of-service {
 dscp-code-point number;
 forwarding-class forwarding-class;
 }
 (close-client | close-client-and-server | close-server | drop-connection | drop-packet
 | ignore-connection | mark-diffserv value | no-action | recommended);
 }
 }
 ip-action {
```

```

(ip-block | ip-close | ip-notify);
log;
log-create;
refresh-timeout;
target (destination-address | service | source-address | source-zone |
 source-zone-address | zone-service);
timeout seconds;
}
notification {
 log-attacks {
 alert;
 }
 packet-log {
 post-attack number;
 post-attack-timeout seconds;
 pre-attack number;
 }
}
severity (critical | info | major | minor | warning);
}
}
}
}

```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Configure a security IDP policy.

**Options** *policy-name*—Name of the IDP policy.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**Level** security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## ignore-memory-overflow

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series](#), [vSRX](#)

**Syntax** (ignore-memory-overflow | no-ignore-memory-overflow);

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp sensor-configuration re-assembler]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Enable the TCP reassembler to ignore the memory overflow to prevent the dropping of IDP custom applications. By default this feature is enabled.

**Required Privilege** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**Level** security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## ignore-reassembly-memory-overflow | no-ignore-reassembly-memory-overflow

|                            |                                                                                       |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b> | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>              | (ignore-reassembly-memory-overflow   no-ignore-reassembly-memory-overflow);           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit security idp sensor-configuration re-assembler]                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                         |
| <b>Description</b>         | Ignores or accepts the packet reassembly memory overflow.                             |
| <b>Options</b>             | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> . |
| <b>Required Privilege</b>  | security—To view this statement in the configuration.                                 |
| <b>Level</b>               | security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                          |

## ignore-reassembly-overflow

|                            |                                                                                                                                                         |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b> | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Syntax</b>              | ignore-reassembly-overflow                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit security idp sensor-configuration re-assembler]                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>         | Enable the TCP reassembler to ignore the global reassembly overflow to prevent the dropping of application traffic. This feature is enabled by default. |
| <b>Required Privilege</b>  | security—To view this statement in the configuration.                                                                                                   |
| <b>Level</b>               | security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                            |

## ignore-regular-expression

|                            |                                                                                              |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b> | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                             |
| <b>Syntax</b>              | (ignore-regular-expression   no-ignore-regular-expression);                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit security idp sensor-configuration ips]                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                |
| <b>Description</b>         | Enable regular expression to detect intrusion attempts. By default this setting is disabled. |
| <b>Required Privilege</b>  | security—To view this statement in the configuration.                                        |
| <b>Level</b>               | security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                 |

## ihl (Security IDP Custom Attack)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>ihl {     match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal);     value <i>ihl-value</i>; }</pre>                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit set security idp custom-attack <i>ipv4_custom</i> attack-type signature protocol <i>ipv4</i> ]                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3X48-D30.                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the IPv4 header length in words.                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal)</b>—Match an operand.</p> <p><b>value</b>—Match a decimal value.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 15</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p><b>security</b>—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p><b>security-control</b>—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                    |

## include-destination-address

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | (include-destination-address   no-include-destination-address);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration log suppression]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | When log suppression is enabled, multiple occurrences of events with the same source, service, and matching attack object generate a single log record with a count of occurrences. If you enable this option, log suppression will only combine log records for events with a matching source as well. The IDP Sensor does not consider destination when determining matching events for log suppression. By default this setting is disabled. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p><b>security</b>—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p><b>security-control</b>—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

## install

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|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>install {<br/>  ignore-version-check;<br/>}</pre>                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp security-package]                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configures the <b>install</b> command.                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |



## interfaces (CoS)

```
Syntax interfaces
 interface-name {
 input-scheduler-map map-name ;
 input-shaping-rate rate ;
 scheduler-map map-name ;
 scheduler-map-chassis map-name ;
 shaping-rate rate ;
 unit logical-unit-number {
 adaptive-shaper adaptive-shaper-name ;
 classifiers {
 (dscp | dscp-ipv6 | exp | ieee-802.1 | inet-precedence)
 (classifier-name | default);
 }
 forwarding-class class-name ;
 fragmentation-map map-name ;
 input-scheduler-map map-name ;
 input-shaping-rate (percent percentage | rate);
 input-traffic-control-profile profiler-name shared-instance instance-name ;
 loss-priority-maps {
 default;
 map-name ;
 }
 output-traffic-control-profile profile-name shared-instance instance-name ;
 rewrite-rules {
 dscp (rewrite-name | default);
 dscp-ipv6 (rewrite-name | default);
 exp (rewrite-name | default) protocol protocol-types ;
 frame-relay-de (rewrite-name | default);
 inet-precedence (rewrite-name | default);
 }
 scheduler-map map-name ;
 shaping-rate rate ;
 virtual-channel-group group-name ;
 }
 }
 }
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit class-of-service interface *interface-name* unit *number*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.5.

**Description** Associate the class-of-service configuration elements with an interface.

**Options** interface *interface-name* unit *number*—The user-specified interface name and unit number.

**Required Privilege Level** interface—To view this statement in the configuration.  
interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- *Class of Service Feature Guide for Security Devices*

## interval (Security IDP)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                             |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | interval <i>hours</i> ;                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp security-package automatic]                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the amount of time that the device waits before updating the signature database. User should insert a default value. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>hours</i> —Number of hours that the device waits.<br><b>Range:</b> 24 through 336 hours                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.        |

## ip (Security IDP Custom Attack)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | ip {<br>protocol-number <i>transport-layer-protocol-number</i> ;<br>}                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type chain protocol-binding]<br>[edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol-binding] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Allow IDP to match the attack for a specified IP protocol type.                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>protocol-number</b> <i>transport-layer-protocol-number</i> —Transport Layer protocol number.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 139                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                  |

## ip-action (Security IDP Rulebase IPS)

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** `ip-action {  
     (ip-block | ip-close | ip-notify);  
     log;  
     log-create;  
     refresh-timeout;  
     target (destination-address | service | source-address | source-zone | source-zone-address  
         | zone-service);  
     timeout seconds;  
 }`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp idp-policy *policy-name* rulebase-ips rule *rule-name* then]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Specify the actions you want IDP to take against future connections that use the same IP address.

**Options** The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).



**NOTE:** For ICMP flows, the destination port is 0; therefore, any ICMP flow matching source port, source address, and destination address is blocked.

**Required Privilege Level** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
 security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## ip-block

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** `ip-block;`

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp idp-policy *policy-name* rulebase-ips rule *rule-name* then ip-action]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Block future connections of any session that matches the IP action. If there is an IP action match with multiple rules, then the most severe IP action of all the matched rules is applied. The highest IP action priority (that is, the most severe action) is Drop/Block, then Close, then Notify.

**Required Privilege Level** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
 security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## ip-close

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                       |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | ip-close;                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ips rule <i>rule-name</i> then ip-action]                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Close future connections of any new sessions that match the IP action by sending RST packets to the client and server. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.  |

## ip-connection-rate-limit

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | ip-connection-rate-limit <i>connections-per-second</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ddos rule <i>rule-name</i> then ip-action]                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | When a match is made in a rulebase-ddos rule you can set the <b>then</b> action to ip-connection-rate-limit, which will limit the rate of future connections based on a connections per second limit that you set. This can be used to reduce the number of attacks from a client. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>value</b> —Defines the connection rate limit per second on the matched host.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 to the maximum connections per second capability of the device.                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                              |

## ip-flags

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>ip-flags {   (df   no-df);   (mf   no-mf);   (rb   no-rb); }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol ipv4]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify that IDP looks for a pattern match whether or not the IP flag is set.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>df   no-df</b>—When set, the df (Don't Fragment) indicates that the packet cannot be fragmented for transmission. When unset, it indicates that the packet can be fragmented.</li> <li>• <b>mf   no-mf</b>—When set, the mf (More Fragments) indicates that the packet contains more fragments. When unset, it indicates that no more fragments remain.</li> <li>• <b>rb   no-rb</b>—When set, the rb (Reserved Bit) indicates that the bit is reserved.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## ip-notify

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | ip-notify;                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ips rule <i>rule-name</i> then ip-action]                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Do not take any action against future traffic, but do log the event.                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## ips

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax**

```
ips {
 content-decompression-max-memory-kb value;
 content-decompression-max-ratio value;
 (detect-shellcode | no-detect-shellcode);
 fifo-max-size value;
 (ignore-regular-expression | no-ignore-regular-expression);
 log-supercede-min minimum-value;
 pre-filter-shellcode;
 (process-ignore-s2c | no-process-ignore-s2c);
 (process-override | no-process-override);
 process-port port-number;
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp sensor-configuration]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Configure IPS security policy sensor settings.

**Options** The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## ipv4 (Security IDP Signature Attack)

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax**

```

ipv4 {
 destination {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value ip-address-or-hostname;
 }
 identification {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value identification-value;
 }
 ip-flags {
 (df | no-df);
 (mf | no-mf);
 (rb | no-rb);
 }
 protocol {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value transport-layer-protocol-id;
 }
 source {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value ip-address-or-hostname;
 }
 tos {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value type-of-service-in-decimal;
 }
 total-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value total-length-of-ip-datagram;
 }
 ttl {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value time-to-live;
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp custom-attack *attack-name* attack-type signature protocol]



**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.

**Description** Allow IDP to match the IP header information for the signature attack.

**Options** The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## key-exchange

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | MX Series, PTX Series, SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | key-exchange [algorithm1 algorithm2...];                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit system services ssh]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2. Support for curve25519-sha256 added in Junos OS Release 12.1X47-D10.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the set of Diffie-Hellman key exchange methods that the SSH server can use.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p>One or more of the following Diffie-Hellman key exchange methods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>curve25519-sha256</b>—The EC Diffie-Hellman key exchange method on Curve25519 with SHA2-256.</li> <li>• <b>dh-group1-sha1</b>—The Diffie-Hellman group1 algorithm using SHA-1.</li> <li>• <b>dh-group14-sha1</b>—The Diffie-Hellman group14 algorithm using SHA-1.</li> <li>• <b>ecdh-sha2-nistp256</b>—The ECDH key exchange method with ephemeral keys generated on the nistp256 curve.</li> <li>• <b>ecdh-sha2-nistp384</b>—The ECDH key exchange method with ephemeral keys generated on the nistp384 curve.</li> <li>• <b>ecdh-sha2-nistp521</b>—The ECDH key exchange method with ephemeral keys generated on the nistp521 curve.</li> <li>• <b>group-exchange-sha1</b>—The group exchange algorithm using SHA-1.</li> <li>• <b>group-exchange-sha2</b>—The group exchange algorithm using SHA-2.</li> </ul> |
|                                 | <p> <b>NOTE:</b> The key-exchange represents a set. To configure key-exchange:</p> <pre>user@host#set system services ssh key-exchange [ecdh-sha2-nistp256 group-exchange-sha1]</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|                                 | <p> <b>NOTE:</b> The following options are not available on systems operating in FIPS mode: group-exchange-sha1, dh-group14-sha1, and dh-group1-sha1.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>system—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>system-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Configuring SSH Service for Remote Access to the Router or Switch</i></li> <li>• <i>ciphers</i></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |



- *macs*

## key-protection (Security IDP)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX5400, SRX5600, SRX5800, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | key-protection;                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration ssl-inspection]                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Enabling key protection provides improved security. When key protection is enabled, persistent keys are encrypted when not in use.</p> <p>Enabling or disabling of this option requires rebooting the device.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>security—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                     |

## key-protection (Security IDP Sensor Configuration)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX5400, SRX5600, SRX5800, vSRX                                                                                                  |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | key-protection;                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration ssl-inspection]                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Enable secure key handling. This option is off by default.                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>security—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p> |

## log (Security IDP)

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|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Supported Platforms      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Syntax                   | <pre>log {<br/>  cache-size <i>size</i>;<br/>  suppression {<br/>    disable;<br/>    (include-destination-address   no-include-destination-address);<br/>    max-logs-operate <i>value</i>;<br/>    max-time-report <i>value</i>;<br/>    start-log <i>value</i>;<br/>  }<br/>}</pre> |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Description              | Configure IDP security policy logs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Options                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Required Privilege Level | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                  |

## log (Security IDP Policy)

---

|                          |                                                                                                                       |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Supported Platforms      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| Syntax                   | <pre>log;</pre>                                                                                                       |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ips rule <i>rule-name</i> then ip-action]                   |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                         |
| Description              | Log the information about the IP action against the traffic that matches a rule.                                      |
| Required Privilege Level | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## log-attacks

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | log-attacks {<br>alert;<br>}                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ips rule <i>rule-name</i> then notification]                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Enable the log attacks to create a log record that appears in the log viewer.                                         |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## log-create

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | log-create;                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ips rule <i>rule-name</i> then ip-action]                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Generate a log event on installing the ip-action filter.                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## log-errors

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | (log-errors   no-log-errors);                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration flow]                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Enable the error log to generate the result of success or failure about the flow. A flow-related error is when IDP receives a packet that does not fit into the expected flow. By default an error log is enabled. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                              |

## log-superscede-min

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                               |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | log-superscede-min <i>minimum-value</i> ;                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration ips]                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the amount of time to supersede the IPS sensor logs.                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>minimum-value</i> —Minimum time to supersede the log.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 65,535 seconds<br><b>Default:</b> 1 second |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.          |

## loss-priority (CoS Rewrite Rules)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | loss-priority <i>level</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit class-of-service rewrite-rules <i>type rewrite-name</i> forwarding-class <i>class-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a loss priority to which to apply a rewrite rule. The rewrite rule sets the code-point aliases and bit patterns for a specific forwarding class and packet loss priority (PLP). The inputs for the map are the forwarding class and the PLP. The output of the map is the code-point alias or bit pattern.                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>level</i> can be one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>high</b>—The rewrite rule applies to packets with high loss priority.</li><li>• <b>low</b>—The rewrite rule applies to packets with low loss priority.</li><li>• <b>medium-high</b>—The rewrite rule applies to packets with medium-high loss priority.</li><li>• <b>medium-low</b>—The rewrite rule applies to packets with medium-low loss priority.</li></ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>Class of Service Feature Guide for Security Devices</i></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

## match (Security IDP Policy)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>match {   attacks {     custom-attack-groups [attack-group-name];     custom-attacks [attack-name];     dynamic-attack-groups [attack-group-name];     predefined-attack-groups [attack-group-name];     predefined-attacks [attack-name];   }   destination-address ([address-name]   any   any-ipv4   any-ipv6);   destination-except [address-name];   from-zone (zone-name   any );   source-address ([address-name]   any   any-ipv4   any-ipv6);   source-except [address-name];   to-zone (zone-name   any); }</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-exempt rule <i>rule-name</i> ]<br>[edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ips rule <i>rule-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the rules to be used as match criteria.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## max-flow-mem

|                                 |                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | max-flow-mem <i>value</i> ;                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration re-assembler]                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Define the maximum TCP flow memory that the IDP sensor can handle.                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>value</i> —Maximum TCP flow memory in kilobytes.<br><b>Range:</b> 64 through 4,294,967,295 kilobytes<br><b>Default:</b> 1024 kilobytes |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                     |

## max-logs-operate

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | max-logs-operate <i>value</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration log suppression]                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | When log suppression is enabled, IDP must cache log records so that it can identify when multiple occurrences of the same event occur. This setting specifies how many log records are tracked simultaneously by IDP. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>value</b> —Maximum number of log records are tracked by IDP.<br><b>Range:</b> 256 through 65,536 records<br><b>Default:</b> 16,384 records                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                 |

## max-packet-mem-ratio

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | max-packet-mem-ratio <i>percentage-value</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration re-assembler]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1X44-D20.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>By default, values for IDP reassembler packet memory are established as percentages of all memory. In most cases, these default values are adequate.</p> <p>If a deployment exhibits an excessive number of dropped TCP packets or retransmissions resulting in high IDP reassembly memory usage, use the <b>max-packet-mem-ratio</b> option to reset the percentage of available IDP memory for IDP reassembly packet memory. Acceptable values are between 5 percent and 40 percent.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## max-packet-memory-ratio

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | max-packet-memory-ratio <i>percentage-value</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration application-identification]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1X44-D20.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>By default, the amount of IDP memory used for application identification packet memory is established as a percentage of all IDP memory. In most cases, the default value is adequate.</p> <p>If a deployment exhibits an excessive number of ignored IDP sessions due to application identification memory allocation failures, use the <b>max-packet-memory-ratio</b> option to set application identification packet memory limit at a higher percentage of available IDP memory. This memory is only used by IDP in cases where application identification delays identifying an application. Acceptable values are between 5 percent and 40 percent.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>security—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## max-reass-packet-memory-ratio

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | max-reass-packet-memory-ratio <i>percentage-value</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration application-identification]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1X44-D20.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>By default, the amount of IDP memory used for packet memory by the application identification reassembler is established as a percentage of all IDP memory. In most cases, the default value is adequate.</p> <p>If a deployment exhibits an excessive number of ignored IDP sessions due to packet memory limitations of the application identification reassembler, use the <b>max-reass-packet-memory-ratio</b> option to set the reassembler packet memory limit to a higher percentage of available IDP memory. Acceptable values are between 5% and 40%.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>security—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

## max-sessions (Security Packet Log)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | max-sessions <i>percentage</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration packet-log]                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the maximum number of sessions actively conducting pre-attack packet captures on a device at one time. This value is expressed as a percentage of the maximum number of IDP sessions for the device. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>percentage</b> —Maximum number of packet capture sessions expressed as a percentage of the IDP session capacity for the device.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 100 percent<br><b>Default:</b> 10                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                          |

## max-sessions-offset (Security IDP)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | max-sessions-offset <i>value</i> ;                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration flow]                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Set the maximum session offset limit percentage.                                                                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>value</b> —Maximum session offset limit percentage.<br><b>percentage range</b> —0 through 99.                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |



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## max-synacks-queued

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|                                 |                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                       |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | max-synacks-queued <i>value</i> ;                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration re-assembler]                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1X46-D25.                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Define the maximum limit for queuing Syn/Ack packets with different SEQ numbers.                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>value</i> —Maximum synchronization acknowledgements queued with different SEQ numbers.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 5 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.  |

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## max-tcp-session-packet-memory

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | max-tcp-session-packet-memory <i>value</i> ;                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration application-identification]                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the maximum number of TCP sessions that IDP maintains. If the sensor reaches the maximum, it drops all new TCP sessions. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>value</i> —Maximum number of TCP sessions.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 60,000                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.            |

## max-time-report

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | max-time-report <i>value</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration log suppression]                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | When log suppression is enabled, IDP maintains a count of multiple occurrences of the same event. After the specified number of seconds has passed, IDP writes a single log entry containing the count of occurrences. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>value</b> —Time after which IDP writes a single log entry containing the count of occurrences.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 60 seconds<br><b>Default:</b> 5 seconds                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                  |

## max-timers-poll-ticks

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | max-timers-poll-ticks <i>value</i> ;                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration flow]                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the time at which timer ticks at regular interval.                                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>value</b> —Maximum amount of time at which the timer ticks.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 1000 ticks<br><b>Default:</b> 1000 ticks |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.              |

## max-udp-session-packet-memory

|                                 |                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | max-udp-session-packet-memory <i>value</i> ;                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration application-identification]                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the maximum number of UDP sessions that IDP maintains. If the sensor reaches the maximum, it drops all new UDP sessions. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>value</i> —Maximum number of UDP sessions.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 20,000                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.            |

## maximize-idp-sessions

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b> | SRX1500, SRX5400, SRX5600, SRX5800, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Syntax</b>              | maximize-idp-sessions {<br>weight (equal   firewall   idp);<br>}                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit security forwarding-process application-services]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>         | If you are deploying IDP policies, you can tune the device to increase IDP session capacity. By using the provided commands to change the way the system allocates resources, you can achieve a higher IDP session capacity. See <i>weight</i> for information about the options provided. |



**NOTE:** The IDP session capacity is restricted to 100,000 sessions per SPU.

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Juniper Networks Devices Processing Overview</li> </ul>                        |

## maximum-cache-size

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|                          |                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Supported Platforms      | <a href="#">SRX5400</a> , <a href="#">SRX5600</a> , <a href="#">SRX5800</a> , <a href="#">vSRX</a>                                                        |
| Syntax                   | <code>maximum-cache-size <i>number</i>;</code>                                                                                                            |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration ssl-inspection]                                                                                                   |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                            |
| Description              | Maximum SSL session ID cache size.                                                                                                                        |
| Options                  | <b><i>maximum-cache-size</i></b> —Maximum number of SSL session ID cache size.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 5,000,000 sessions<br><b>Default:</b> 5,000,000 |
| Required Privilege Level | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                     |

## member (Security IDP)

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|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Supported Platforms      | <a href="#">SRX Series</a> , <a href="#">vSRX</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Syntax                   | <pre>member <i>member-name</i> {<br/>  attack-type {<br/>    (anomaly ...same statements as in [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i><br/>      attack-type anomaly] hierarchy level   signature ...same statements as in [edit security<br/>      idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature] hierarchy level);<br/>  }<br/>}</pre> |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type chain]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Description              | Create the list of member attacks.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Options                  | <b><i>member-name</i></b> —Name of the member list.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Required Privilege Level | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

## min-objcache-limit-lt

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|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | min-objcache-limit-lt <i>value</i> ;                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration flow]                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1X44-D20.                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Memory lower threshold limit percentage.                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>value</b> — Memory lower threshold limit percentage.<br><b>percentage range</b> —1 through 100                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## min-objcache-limit-ut

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|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | min-objcache-limit-ut <i>value</i> ;                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration flow]                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1X44-D20.                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Memory upper threshold limit percentage.                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>value</b> —Memory upper threshold limit percentage.<br><b>percentage range</b> — 1 through 100                     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## mss (Security IDP)

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|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Supported Platforms      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Syntax                   | <pre>mss {<br/>  match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal);<br/>  value <i>maximum-segment-size</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                    |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol tcp]                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Description              | Specify the maximum segment size (MSS) in the TCP header.                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Options                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>match</b> (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal)—Match an operand.</li><li>• <b>value</b> <i>maximum-segment-size</i>—Match the maximum segment size value.</li></ul> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 65,535</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                          |

## negate

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|                          |                                                                                                                       |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Supported Platforms      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| Syntax                   | <pre>negate;</pre>                                                                                                    |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature]                                            |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                         |
| Description              | Select negate to exclude the specified pattern from being matched.                                                    |
| Required Privilege Level | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## nested-application (Security IDP)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | nested-application <i>nested-application-name</i> ;                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type chain protocol-binding]<br>[edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol-binding] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the nested application name.                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>nested-application-name</i> —Name of the nested application.                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                  |

## no-recommended

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|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | no-recommended;                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp dynamic-attack-group <i>dynamic-attack-group-name</i> filters]                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4R6.                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify non recommended attack objects in the dynamic attack group.                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding IDP Policy Rules on page 38</a></li> </ul>         |

## notification

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|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Supported Platforms      | <a href="#">SRX Series</a> , <a href="#">vSRX</a>                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Syntax                   | <pre>notification {<br/>  log-attacks {<br/>    alert;<br/>  }<br/>  packet-log {<br/>    post-attack <i>number</i>;<br/>    post-attack-timeout <i>seconds</i>;<br/>    pre-attack <i>number</i>;<br/>  }<br/>}</pre> |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ips rule <i>rule-name</i> then]                                                                                                                              |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2. Added packet capture support in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                                   |
| Description              | Configure the logging options against the action. When attacks are detected, you can choose to log an attack and create log records with attack information and send that information to the log server.               |
| Options                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                                                                                                                  |
| Required Privilege Level | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                  |

## option (Security IDP)

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|                          |                                                                                                                                                                             |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Supported Platforms      | <a href="#">SRX Series</a> , <a href="#">vSRX</a>                                                                                                                           |
| Syntax                   | <pre>option {<br/>  match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal);<br/>  value <i>tcp-option</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                        |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol tcp]                                                                                     |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                               |
| Description              | Specify the TCP option type (kind field in the TCP header).                                                                                                                 |
| Options                  | <b>match</b> (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal)—Match an operand.<br><br><b>value <i>tcp-option</i></b> —Match the option value.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 255 |
| Required Privilege Level | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                       |



## option-type

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>option-type {   match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal);   value <i>header-value</i>; }</pre>                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol <i>ipv6</i> extension-header destination-option]                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3X48-D30.                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the type of option for destination header type.                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal)</b>—Match an operand.</p> <p><b>value</b>—Match a decimal value.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 255</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>security—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                   |

## order (Security IDP)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | order;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type chain]                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Create a compound attack object that must match each member signature or protocol anomaly in the order you specify. If you do not specify an ordered match, the compound attack object still must match all members, but the attacks or protocol anomalies can appear in random order. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>security—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                       |

## packet-log (Security IDP Policy)

---

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b> | SRX1500, SRX5400, SRX5600, SRX5800, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre>packet-log {<br/>    post-attack <i>number</i>;<br/>    post-attack-timeout <i>seconds</i>;<br/>    pre-attack <i>number</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ips rule <i>rule-name</i> then notification]                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>         | In response to a rule match, capture the packets received before and after the attack for further offline analysis of attacker behavior. You can configure the number of pre-attack and post-attack packets to be captured for this attack, and limit the duration of post-attack packet capture by specifying a timeout value. |
| <b>Options</b>             | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege</b>  | security—To view this statement in the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Level</b>               | security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## packet-log (Security IDP Sensor Configuration)

---

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b> | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Syntax</b>              | <pre>packet-log {<br/>    host <i>ip-address</i> &lt;port <i>number</i>&gt;;<br/>    max-sessions <i>percentage</i>;<br/>    source-address <i>ip-address</i>;<br/>    total-memory <i>percentage</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit security idp sensor-configuration]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>         | Configure the sensor for packet capture. This configuration defines the amount of memory to be allocated for packet capture and the maximum number of sessions that can generate packet capture data for the device at one time. The configuration also identifies the source address and host address for transmission of the completed packet capture object. |
| <b>Options</b>             | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege</b>  | security—To view this statement in the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Level</b>               | security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## pattern (Security IDP)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>pattern signature-pattern;</code>                                                                                               |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature]                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the pattern IDP should match. You construct the attack pattern just as you would when creating a new signature attack object. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>signature-pattern</i> —Specify the signature pattern.                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                 |

## pattern-pcre (Security IDP)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>pattern-pcre signature-pattern-pcre;</code>                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature]                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 15.1x49-D40.                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the pattern in standard PCRE format. You construct the attack pattern in PCRE format just as you would when creating a new signature attack object. This is an optional field. The pattern field is unused under this configuration. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>signature-pattern-pcre</i> —Specify the signature pattern in standard PCRE format.                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                        |

## performance

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series](#), [vSRX](#)

**Syntax**

```
performance {
 values [fast normal slow unknown];
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp dynamic-attack-group *dynamic-attack-group-name* filters]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.

**Description** Specify a performance filter to add attack objects based on the performance level that is vulnerable to the attack.

**Options** **values**—Name of the performance filter. You can select from the following performance levels:

- **fast**—Fast track performance level.
- **normal**—Normal track performance level.
- **slow**—Slow track performance level.
- **unknown**—By default, all compound attack objects are set to Unknown. As you fine-tune IDP to your network traffic, you can change this setting to help you track performance level.

**Required Privilege Level** **security**—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**security-control**—To add this statement to the configuration.

## permit (Security Policies)

Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

```
Syntax permit {
 application-services {
 application-firewall {
 rule-set rule-set-name;
 }
 application-traffic-control {
 rule-set rule-set-name;
 }
 gprs-gtp-profile profile-name;
 gprs-sctp-profile profile-name;
 idp;
 redirect-wx | reverse-redirect-wx;
 ssl-proxy {
 profile-name profile-name;
 }
 uac-policy {
 captive-portal captive-portal;
 }
 utm-policy policy-name;
 }
 destination-address {
 drop-translated;
 drop-untranslated;
 }
 firewall-authentication {
 pass-through {
 access-profile profile-name;
 client-match user-or-group-name;
 ssl-termination-profile profile-name;
 web-redirect;
 web-redirect-to-https;
 }
 user-firewall {
 access-profile profile-name;
 domain domain-name;
 ssl-termination-profile profile-name;
 }
 web-authentication {
 client-match user-or-group-name;
 }
 }
 services-offload;
 tcp-options {
 sequence-check-required;
 syn-check-required;
 }
 tunnel {
 ipsec-group-vpn group-vpn;
 ipsec-vpn vpn-name;
 pair-policy pair-policy;
 }
}
```

```
}
```

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security policies from-zone <i>zone-name</i> to-zone <i>zone-name</i> policy <i>policy-name</i> then]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.5. Support for the <b>tcp-options</b> added in Junos OS Release 10.4. Support for the <b>services-offload</b> option added in Junos OS Release 11.4. Support for the <b>ssl-termination-profile</b> and <b>web-redirect-to-https</b> options added in Junos OS Release 12.1X44-D10. Support for the <b>user-firewall</b> option added in Junos OS Release 12.1X45-D10. |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the policy action to perform when packets match the defined criteria.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

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## policy-lookup-cache

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | <a href="#">SRX Series</a> , <a href="#">vSRX</a>                                                                     |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | (policy-lookup-cache   no-policy-lookup-cache);                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration global]                                                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Enable cache to accelerate IDP policy lookup.                                                                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## post-attack

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | post-attack <i>number</i> ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ips rule <i>rule-name</i> then notification packet-log]                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the number of packets received after an attack that should be captured for further analysis of attacker behavior. If post-attack packets are not significant to your analysis or the configured attack response ends packet transfer, you can set the post-attack option to 0. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>number</i> —Number of post-attack packets to be captured.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 255<br><b>Default:</b> 1                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                  |

## post-attack-timeout

|                                 |                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | post-attack-timeout <i>seconds</i> ;                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ips rule <i>rule-name</i> then notification packet-log]                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a time limit for capturing post-attack packets for a session. No packet capture is conducted after the timeout has expired.    |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>seconds</i> —Maximum number of seconds for post-attack packet capture.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 1800 seconds<br><b>Default:</b> 5 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                  |

## potential-violation

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax**

```
potential-violation {
 authentication failures;
 cryptographic-self-test;
 decryption-failures {
 threshold value;
 }
 encryption-failures {
 threshold value;
 }
 idp;
 ike-phase1-failures {
 threshold value;
 }
 ike-phase2-failures {
 threshold value;
 }
 key-generation-self-test;
 non-cryptographic-self-test;
 policy {
 application {
 duration interval;
 size count;
 threshold value;
 }
 destination-ip {
 duration interval;
 size count;
 threshold value;
 }
 policy match {
 duration interval;
 size count;
 threshold value;
 }
 source-ip {
 duration interval;
 size count;
 threshold value;
 }
 }
 replay-attacks {
 threshold value;
 }
 security-log-percent-full percentage;
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security alarms]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.



|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure alarms for potential violation.                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## pre-attack

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | <a href="#">SRX Series</a> , <a href="#">vSRX</a>                                                                          |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | pre-attack <i>number</i> ;                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ips rule <i>rule-name</i> then notification packet-log]          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the number of packets received before an attack that should be captured for further analysis of attacker behavior. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>number</i> —Number of pre-attack packets.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 255<br><b>Default:</b> 1                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.      |

## pre-filter-shellcode

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | <a href="#">SRX Series</a> , <a href="#">vSRX</a>                                                                     |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | pre-filter-shellcode;                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration ips]                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Enable to pre-filter the shell code and protects it from buffer overflow attacks. By default this setting is enabled. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## predefined-attack-groups

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | predefined-attack-groups [ <i>attack-group-name</i> ];                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-exempt rule <i>rule-name</i> match attacks],<br>[edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ips rule <i>rule-name</i> match attacks] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify predefined attack groups that you can use to match the traffic against known attack objects. You can update only the list of attack objects.                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>attack-name</i> —Name of the predefined attack object group.                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                        |

## predefined-attacks

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | predefined-attacks [ <i>attack-name</i> ];                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-exempt rule <i>rule-name</i> match attacks],<br>[edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ips rule <i>rule-name</i> match attacks] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify predefined attack objects that you can use to match the traffic against known attacks. You can update only the list of attack objects.                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>attack-name</i> —Name of the predefined attack objects.                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                        |

## process-ignore-s2c

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | (process-ignore-s2c   no-process-ignore-s2c);                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration ips]                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Set the command to disable the server-to-client inspection.                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## process-override

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | (process-override   no-process-override);                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration ips]                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Set the command to forcefully run the IDS inspection module even if there is no policy match.                         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## process-port

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | process-port <i>port-number</i> ;                                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration ips]                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Set the command to a specific port to forcefully run the IDS inspection module on that TCP/UDP port even if there is no policy match. |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>port-number</i> —Port number.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 65,535                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                 |

## products

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>products {<br/>  values [<i>product-value</i>];<br/>}</pre>                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp dynamic-attack-group <i>dynamic-attack-group-name</i> filters]                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a products filter to add attack objects based on the application that is vulnerable to the attack.                          |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>values</b> —Name of the products filter. You can configure multiple filters separated by spaces and enclosed in square brackets. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.               |

## protocol (Security IDP IP Headers)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>protocol {<br/>  match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal);<br/>  value <i>transport-layer-protocol-id</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol ipv4]                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the Transport Layer protocol number.                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><b>match</b> (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal)—Match an operand.</li><li><b>value</b> <i>transport-layer-protocol-id</i>—Match the Transport Layer protocol ID.</li></ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                        |

## protocol (Security IDP Signature Attack)

Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

```
Syntax protocol {
 icmp {
 checksum-validate {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value checksum-value;
 }
 code {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value code-value;
 }
 data-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value data-length;
 }
 identification {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value identification-value;
 }
 sequence-number {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value sequence-number;
 }
 type {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value type-value;
 }
 }
 icmpv6 {
 checksum-validate {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value checksum-value;
 }
 code {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value code-value;
 }
 data-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value data-length;
 }
 identification {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value identification-value;
 }
 sequence-number {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value sequence-number;
 }
 type {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value type-value;
 }
 }
}
```

```
 }
 }
 ipv4 {
 checksum-validate {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value checksum-value;
 }
 destination {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value ip-address-or-hostname;
 }
 identification {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value identification-value;
 }
 ihl {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value ihl-value;
 }
 ip-flags {
 (df | no-df);
 (mf | no-mf);
 (rb | no-rb);
 }
 protocol {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value transport-layer-protocol-id;
 }
 source {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value ip-address-or-hostname;
 }
 tos {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value type-of-service-in-decimal;
 }
 total-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value total-length-of-ip-datagram;
 }
 ttl {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value time-to-live;
 }
 }
}
ipv6 {
 destination {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value ip-address-or-hostname;
 }
 extension-header {
 destination-option {
 home-address {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value header-value;
 }
 }
 }
}
```

```

 option-type {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value header-value;
 }
 }
 routing-header {
 header-type {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value header-value;
 }
 }
}
flow-label {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value flow-label-value;
}
hop-limit {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value hop-limit-value;
}
next-header {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value next-header-value;
}
payload-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value payload-length-value;
}
source {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value ip-address-or-hostname;
}
traffic-class {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value traffic-class-value;
}
tcp {
 ack-number {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value acknowledgement-number;
 }
 checksum-validate {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value checksum-value;
 }
 data-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value tcp-data-length;
 }
 destination-port {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value destination-port;
 }
 header-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value header-length;
 }
}

```

```
}
mss {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value maximum-segment-size;
}
option {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value tcp-option;
}
reserved {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value reserved-value;
}
sequence-number {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value sequence-number;
}
source-port {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value source-port;
}
tcp-flags {
 (ack | no-ack);
 (fin | no-fin);
 (psh | no-psh);
 (r1 | no-r1);
 (r2 | no-r2);
 (rst | no-rst);
 (syn | no-syn);
 (urg | no-urg);
}
urgent-pointer {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value urgent-pointer;
}
window-scale {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value window-scale-factor;
}
window-size {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value window-size;
}
}
udp {
 checksum-validate {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value checksum-value;
 }
 data-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value data-length;
 }
 destination-port {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value destination-port;
 }
}
```



```

 }
 source-port {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value source-port;
 }
}

```

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature]                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3. Statement modified in Junos OS Release 12.3X48-D25 to add ICMPv6 protocol support for custom attacks. |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a protocol to match the header information for the signature attack.                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                               |

## protocol-binding

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax**

```
protocol-binding {
 application application-name;
 icmp;
 icmpv6;
 ip {
 protocol-number transport-layer-protocol-number;
 }
 ipv6 {
 protocol-number transport-layer-protocol-number;
 }
 rpc {
 program-number rpc-program-number;
 }
 tcp {
 minimum-port port-number <maximum-port port-number>;
 }
 udp {
 minimum-port port-number <maximum-port port-number>;
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp custom-attack *attack-name* attack-type chain]  
[edit security idp custom-attack *attack-name* attack-type signature]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.

**Description** Select a protocol that the attack uses to enter your network.

**Options** The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**Level** security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## protocol-name

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>protocol-name <i>protocol-name</i> {     tunable-name <i>tunable-name</i> {         tunable-value <i>protocol-value</i>;     } }</pre>                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration detector]                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2. Support for file format decoding over HTTP using MIME added in Junos OS Release 11.2.                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the name of the protocol to be used to configure each of the protocol detector engines.                                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b><i>protocol-name</i></b>—Name of the specific protocol.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>security—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                              |

## re-assembler

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>re-assembler {     action-on-reassembly-failure (drop   drop-session   ignore);     (force-tcp-window-checks   no-force-tcp-window-checks);     (ignore-memory-overflow   no-ignore-memory-overflow);     (ignore-reassembly-memory-overflow   no-ignore-reassembly-memory-overflow);     ignore-reassembly-overflow;     max-flow-mem <i>value</i>;     max-packet-mem-ratio <i>percentage-value</i>;     max-synacks-queued <i>value</i>;     (tcp-error-logging   no-tcp-error-logging); }</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2. Packet memory ratios added in Junos OS Release 12.1X44-D20.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure TCP reassembler for IDP sensor settings.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>security—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## recommended

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | recommended;                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp dynamic-attack-group <i>dynamic-attack-group-name</i> filters]                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify recommended filter to add predefined attacks recommended by Juniper Networks to the dynamic attack group.     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## recommended-action

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | recommended-action (close   close-client   close-server   drop   drop-packet   ignore   none);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | When the security device detects an attack, it performs the specified action.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p>The seven actions are as follows, from most to least severe:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>close</b>—Reset the client and the server.</li><li>• <b>close-client</b>—Reset the client.</li><li>• <b>close-server</b>—Reset the server.</li><li>• <b>drop</b>—Drop the particular packet and all subsequent packets of the flow.</li><li>• <b>drop-packet</b>—Drop the particular packet of the flow.</li><li>• <b>ignore</b>—Do not inspect any further packets.</li><li>• <b>none</b>—Do not perform any action.</li></ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

---

## refresh-timeout

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | refresh-timeout;                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ips rule <i>rule-name</i> then ip-action]                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Refresh the ip-action timeout so it does not expire when future connections match the installed ip-action filter.     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

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## regex

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | regex <i>regular-expression</i> ;                                                                                     |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature]                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a Perl Compatible Regular Expression (PCRE) expression.                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## reject-timeout

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | reject-timeout <i>value</i> ;                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration flow]                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Specify the amount of time in seconds within which a response must be received.</p> <p>This time-out is applied on flow when drop-connection action is taken by IPS for TCP flow.</p> |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>value</b>—Maximum amount of time in seconds.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 1 through 65,535 seconds</p> <p><b>Default:</b> 300 seconds</p>                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>security—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                         |

## reserved (Security IDP Custom Attack)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>reserved {<br/>  match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal);<br/>  value <i>reserved-value</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>ipv4_custom</i> attack-type signature protocol <i>tcp</i> ]                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3X48-D30.                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the three reserved bits in the TCP header field.                                                                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal)</b>—Match an operand.</p> <p><b>value</b>—Match a decimal value.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 7</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>security—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                 |

## reset (Security IDP)

---

|                            |                                                                                                                     |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b> | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                    |
| <b>Syntax</b>              | reset;                                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type chain]                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>         | Select <b>reset</b> if the compound attack should be matched more than once within a single session or transaction. |
| <b>Required Privilege</b>  | security—To view this statement in the configuration.                                                               |
| <b>Level</b>               | security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                        |

## reset-on-policy

---

|                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b> | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Syntax</b>              | (reset-on-policy   no-reset-on-policy);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>     | [edit security idp sensor-configuration flow]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b> | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>         | IDP keeps track of connections in a table. If enabled, the security module resets the flow table each time a security policy loads or unloads. If this setting is disabled, then the security module continues to retain a previous security policy until all flows referencing that security policy go away. Juniper Networks recommends that you keep this setting enabled to preserve memory. |
| <b>Required Privilege</b>  | security—To view this statement in the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Level</b>               | security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## rewrite-rules (CoS Interfaces)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>rewrite-rules {<br/>    dscp (<i>rewrite-name</i>   default);<br/>    dscp-ipv6 (<i>rewrite-name</i>   default);<br/>    exp (<i>rewrite-name</i>   default) protocol <i>protocol-types</i>;<br/>    exp-push-push-push default;<br/>    exp-swap-push-push default;<br/>    ieee-802.1 (<i>rewrite-name</i>   default) vlan-tag (outer   outer-and-inner);<br/>    inet-precedence (<i>rewrite-name</i>   default);<br/>}</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit class-of-service interfaces <i>interface-name</i> unit <i>logical-unit-number</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Release 8.5 of Junos OS.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Associate a rewrite-rules configuration or default mapping with a specific interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b><i>rewrite-name</i></b>—Name of a <b>rewrite-rules</b> mapping configured at the [edit class-of-service <b>rewrite-rules</b>] hierarchy level.</li><li>• <b>default</b>—The default mapping.</li></ul> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately.</p>                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | interface—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>rewrite-rules (CoS)</i></li><li>• <i>Class of Service Feature Guide for Security Devices</i></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |



## routing-header

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>routing-header {   header-type {     match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal);     value <i>header-value</i>;   } }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit set security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol <i>ipv6</i> extension-header]                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3X48-D30.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the IPv6 routing header type. The <b>routing-header</b> option inspects the routing-header type field and reports a custom attack if a match with the specified value is found. The <b>routing-header</b> option supports the following routing header types: <b>routing-header-type0</b> , <b>routing-header-type1</b> , and so on. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## rpc

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>rpc {   program-number <i>rpc-program-number</i>; }</pre>                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type chain protocol-binding]<br>[edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol-binding] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Allow IDP to match the attack for a specified remote procedure call (RPC) program number.                                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b>program-number</b> <i>rpc-program-number</i> —RPC program number.                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                  |

## rule (Security Exempt Rulebase)

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax**

```
rule rule-name {
 description text;
 match {
 attacks {
 custom-attack-groups [attack-group-name];
 custom-attacks [attack-name];
 dynamic-attack-groups [attack-group-name];
 predefined-attack-groups [attack-group-name];
 predefined-attacks [attack-name];
 }
 destination-address ([address-name] | any | any-ipv4 | any-ipv6);
 destination-except [address-name];
 from-zone (zone-name | any);
 source-address ([address-name] | any | any-ipv4 | any-ipv6);
 source-except [address-name];
 to-zone (zone-name | any);
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp idp-policy *policy-name* rulebase-exempt]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Specify exempt rule to create, modify, delete, and reorder the rules in a rulebase.

**Options** *rule-name*—Name of the exempt rulebase rule.

The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**Level** security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## rule (Security IPS Rulebase)

Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

```
Syntax rule rule-name {
 description text;
 match {
 application (application-name | any | default);
 attacks {
 custom-attack-groups [attack-group-name];
 custom-attacks [attack-name];
 dynamic-attack-groups [attack-group-name];
 predefined-attack-groups [attack-group-name];
 predefined-attacks [attack-name];
 }
 destination-address ([address-name] | any | any-ipv4 | any-ipv6);
 destination-except [address-name];
 from-zone (zone-name | any);
 source-address ([address-name] | any | any-ipv4 | any-ipv6);
 source-except [address-name];
 to-zone (zone-name | any);
 }
 terminal;
 then {
 action {
 class-of-service {
 dscp-code-point number;
 forwarding-class forwarding-class;
 }
 (close-client | close-client-and-server | close-server | drop-connection | drop-packet
 | ignore-connection | mark-diffserv value | no-action | recommended);
 }
 ip-action {
 (ip-block | ip-close | ip-notify);
 log;
 log-create;
 refresh-timeout;
 target (destination-address | service | source-address | source-zone |
 source-zone-address | zone-service);
 timeout seconds;
 }
 notification {
 log-attacks {
 alert;
 }
 packet-log {
 post-attack number;
 post-attack-timeout seconds;
 pre-attack number;
 }
 }
 severity (critical | info | major | minor | warning);
 }
}
```

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ips]                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify IPS rule to create, modify, delete, and reorder the rules in a rulebase.                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><i>rule-name</i>—Name of the IPS rulebase rule.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p>security—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                   |

## rulebase-exempt

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax**

```
rulebase-exempt {
 rule rule-name {
 description text;
 match {
 attacks {
 custom-attack-groups [attack-group-name];
 custom-attacks [attack-name];
 dynamic-attack-groups [attack-group-name];
 predefined-attack-groups [attack-group-name];
 predefined-attacks [attack-name];
 }
 destination-address ([address-name] | any | any-ipv4 | any-ipv6);
 destination-except [address-name];
 from-zone (zone-name | any);
 source-address ([address-name] | any | any-ipv4 | any-ipv6);
 source-except [address-name];
 to-zone (zone-name | any);
 }
 }
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp idp-policy *policy-name*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Configure the exempt rulebase to skip detection of a set of attacks in certain traffic.



**NOTE:** You must configure the IPS rulebase before configuring the exempt rulebase.

**Options** The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## rulebase-ips

Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

```
Syntax rulebase-ips {
 rule rule-name {
 description text;
 match {
 application (application-name | any | default);
 attacks {
 custom-attack-groups [attack-group-name];
 custom-attacks [attack-name];
 dynamic-attack-groups [attack-group-name];
 predefined-attack-groups [attack-group-name];
 predefined-attacks [attack-name];
 }
 destination-address ([address-name] | any | any-ipv4 | any-ipv6);
 destination-except [address-name];
 from-zone (zone-name | any);
 source-address ([address-name] | any | any-ipv4 | any-ipv6);
 source-except [address-name];
 to-zone (zone-name | any);
 }
 terminal;
 then {
 action {
 class-of-service {
 dscp-code-point number;
 forwarding-class forwarding-class;
 }
 (close-client | close-client-and-server | close-server | drop-connection | drop-packet
 | ignore-connection | mark-diffserv value | no-action | recommended);
 }
 ip-action {
 (ip-block | ip-close | ip-notify);
 log;
 log-create;
 refresh-timeout;
 target (destination-address | service | source-address | source-zone |
 source-zone-address | zone-service);
 timeout seconds;
 }
 notification {
 log-attacks {
 alert;
 }
 packet-log {
 post-attack number;
 post-attack-timeout seconds;
 pre-attack number;
 }
 }
 severity (critical | info | major | minor | warning);
 }
 }
}
```

}

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> ]                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the IPS rulebase to detect attacks based on stateful signature and protocol anomalies.                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

### scope (Security IDP Chain Attack)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | <a href="#">SRX Series</a> , <a href="#">vSRX</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | scope (session   transaction);                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type chain]                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify whether the match should occur over a single session or can be made across multiple transactions within a session.                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>session</b>—Allow multiple matches for the object within the same session.</li> <li>• <b>transaction</b>—Match the object across multiple transactions that occur within the same session.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                             |

## scope (Security IDP Custom Attack)

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** scope (destination | peer | source);

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp custom-attack *attack-name* time-binding]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.

**Description** Specify whether the counting of the attack is from the same source IP address, the same destination IP address, or a peer.

- Options**
- **destination**—IDP detects attacks to a given destination IP address for the specified number of times, regardless of the source IP address.
  - **peer**—IDP detects attacks between source and destination IP addresses of the sessions for the specified number of times.
  - **source**—IDP detects attacks from a given source IP address for the specified number of times, regardless of the destination IP address.

**Required Privilege** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**Level** security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.



---

## security-package

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax**

```
security-package {
 automatic {
 download-timeout minutes;
 enable;
 interval hours;
 start-time start-time;
 }
 install {
 ignore-version-check;
 }
 source-address address;
 url url-name;
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Configure the device to automatically download the updated signature database from the specified URL.

**Options** The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## sensor-configuration

Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax**

```

sensor-configuration {
 application-identification {
 max-packet-memory-ratio percentage-value;
 max-reass-packet-memory-ratio percentage-value;
 max-tcp-session-packet-memory value;
 max-udp-session-packet-memory value;
 }
 detector {
 protocol-name protocol-name {
 tunable-name tunable-name {
 tunable-value protocol-value;
 }
 }
 }
 flow {
 (allow-icmp-without-flow | no-allow-icmp-without-flow);
 fifo-max-size value;
 drop-if-no-policy-loaded;
 drop-on-failover;
 drop-on-limit;
 hash-table-size value;
 (log-errors | no-log-errors);
 max-sessions-offset value;
 max-timers-poll-ticks value;
 min-objcache-limit-lt lower-threshold-value;
 min-objcache-limit-ut upper-threshold-value;
 reject-timeout value;
 (reset-on-policy | no-reset-on-policy);
 udp-anticipated-timeout value;
 }
 global {
 (enable-all-qmodules | no-enable-all-qmodules);
 (enable-packet-pool | no-enable-packet-pool);
 memory-limit-percent value;
 (policy-lookup-cache | no-policy-lookup-cache);
 }
 high-availability {
 no-policy-cold-synchronization;
 }
 ips {
 content-decompression-max-memory-kb value;
 content-decompression-max-ratio value;
 (detect-shellcode | no-detect-shellcode);
 fifo-max-size value;
 (ignore-regular-expression | no-ignore-regular-expression);
 log-supercede-min minimum-value;
 pre-filter-shellcode;
 (process-ignore-s2c | no-process-ignore-s2c);
 (process-override | no-process-override);
 process-port port-number;
 }
}

```

```

log {
 cache-size size;
 suppression {
 disable;
 (include-destination-address | no-include-destination-address);
 max-logs-operate value;
 max-time-report value;
 start-log value;
 }
}
packet-log {
 host ip-address <port number>;
 max-sessions percentage;
 source-address ip-address;
 total-memory percentage;
}
re-assembler {
 action-on-reassembly-failure (drop | drop-session | ignore);
 (force-tcp-window-checks | no-force-tcp-window-checks);
 (ignore-memory-overflow | no-ignore-memory-overflow);
 (ignore-reassembly-memory-overflow | no-ignore-reassembly-memory-overflow);
 ignore-reassembly-overflow;
 max-flow-mem value;
 max-packet-mem-ratio percentage-value;
 max-synacks-queued value;
 (tcp-error-logging | no-tcp-error-logging);
}
ssl-inspection {
 cache-prune-chunk-size number;
 key-protection;
 maximum-cache-size number;
 session-id-cache-timeout seconds;
 sessions number;
}
}

```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2. Packet memory ratios added in Junos OS Release 12.1X44-D20.

**Description** Configure various IDP parameters to match the properties of transiting network traffic.

**Options** The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## sequence-number (Security IDP ICMP Headers)

---

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Supported Platforms      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Syntax                   | <pre>sequence-number {<br/>    match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal);<br/>    value <i>sequence-number</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                     |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol icmp]<br>[edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol icmpv6]                                                     |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3. Statement modified in Junos OS Release 12.3X48-D25 to add ICMPv6 protocol support for custom attacks.                                                                                        |
| Description              | Specify the sequence number of the packet. This number identifies the location of the request/reply in relation to the entire sequence.                                                                                                    |
| Options                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>match</b> (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal)—Match an operand.</li><li>• <b>value</b> <i>sequence-number</i>—Match a decimal value.</li></ul> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 65,535</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                      |

## sequence-number (Security IDP TCP Headers)

---

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Supported Platforms      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Syntax                   | <pre>sequence-number {<br/>    match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal);<br/>    value <i>sequence-number</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                            |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol tcp]                                                                                                                                                           |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Description              | Specify the sequence number of the packet. This number identifies the location of the data in relation to the entire data sequence.                                                                                                               |
| Options                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>match</b> (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal)—Match an operand.</li><li>• <b>value</b> <i>sequence-number</i>—Match a decimal value.</li></ul> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 4,294,967,295</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                             |

## service (Security IDP Anomaly Attack)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>service service-name;</code>                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type anomaly]                                                                                          |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Service is the protocol whose anomaly is defined in the attack. IP, TCP, UDP, and ICMP are also valid as services. (Protocol names must be entered in lowercase.) |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>service-name</i> —Name of the protocol in lowercase.                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                             |

## service (Security IDP Dynamic Attack Group)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>service {<br/>    values [service-value];<br/>}</code>                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp dynamic-attack-group <i>dynamic-attack-group-name</i> filters]                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a service filter to add attack objects based on the attack service, such as FTP, HTTP, NetBios, and so on.                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>values</i> —Name of the service filter. You can configure multiple filters separated by spaces and enclosed in square brackets. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.              |

## session-id-cache-timeout

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | session-id-cache-timeout <i>seconds</i> ;                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration ssl inspection]                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Sets the timeout value for an IDP session ID cache (range: 1 through 7200 seconds).                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## sessions

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX5400, SRX5600, SRX5800, vSRX                                                                                       |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | sessions <i>number</i> ;                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration ssl-inspection]                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Maximum number of SSL sessions for inspection. This limit is per Services Processing Unit (SPU).                      |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>number</i> —Number of SSL session to inspect.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 100,000<br><b>Default:</b> 10,000         |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## severity (Security IDP Custom Attack)

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series](#), [vSRX](#)

**Syntax** severity (critical | info | major | minor | warning);

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp custom-attack *attack-name*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.

**Description** Select the severity that matches the lethality of the attack object on your network.

**Options** You can set the severity level to the following levels:

- **critical**—Contains attack objects matching exploits that attempt to evade detection, cause a network device to crash, or gain system-level privileges.
- **info**—Contains attack objects matching normal, harmless traffic containing URLs, DNS lookup failures, SNMP public community strings, and Peer-to-Peer (P2P) parameters. You can use informational attack objects to obtain information about your network.
- **major**—Contains attack objects matching exploits that attempt to disrupt a service, gain user-level access to a network device, or activate a Trojan horse previously loaded on a device.
- **minor**—Contains attack objects matching exploits that detect reconnaissance efforts attempting to access vital information through directory traversal or information leaks.
- **warning**—Contains attack objects matching exploits that attempt to obtain noncritical information or scan a network with a scanning tool.

**Required Privilege** security—To view this statement in the configuration.

**Level** security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## severity (Security IDP Dynamic Attack Group)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>severity {<br/>  values [critical info major minor warning];<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp dynamic-attack-group <i>dynamic-attack-group-name</i> filters]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a severity filter to add attack objects based on the attack severity levels.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>values</b>—Name of the severity filter. You can select from the following severity:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>critical</b>—The attack is a critical one.</li><li>• <b>info</b>—Provide information of attack when it matches.</li><li>• <b>major</b>—The attack is a major one.</li><li>• <b>minor</b>—The attack is a minor one.</li><li>• <b>warning</b>—Issue a warning when attack matches.</li></ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | <p><b>security</b>—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p><b>security-control</b>—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |



---

## severity (Security IDP IPS Rulebase)

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series](#), [vSRX](#)

**Syntax** severity (critical | info | major | minor | warning);

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp idp-policy *policy-name* rulebase-ips rule *rule-name* then]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Set the rule severity levels in logging to support better organization and presentation of log records on the log server. You can use the default severity settings of the selected attack object, or choose a specific severity for your rule. The severity you configure in the rules overrides the inherited attack severity.

**Options** You can set the severity level to the following levels:

- critical—2
- info—3
- major—4
- minor—5
- warning—7

**Required Privilege Level** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## shellcode

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** shellcode (all | intel | no-shellcode | sparc);

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp custom-attack *attack-name* attack-type anomaly]  
[edit security idp custom-attack *attack-name* attack-type signature]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.

**Description** Shellcode signifies that the attack is a shellcode attack and is capable of creating its own shell.

- Options**
- **all**—All shellcode checks will be performed if this attack matches.
  - **intel**—Basic shellcode checks and Intel-specific shellcode checks will be performed.
  - **no-shellcode**—No shellcode checks will be performed.
  - **sparc**—Basic shellcode checks and Sparc-specific shellcode checks will be performed.

**Default:** Basic shellcode checks will be performed when this field is not configured.

**Required Privilege** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
**Level** security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## signature (Security IDP)

Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax**

```
signature {
 context context-name;
 direction (any | client-to-server | server-to-client);
 negate;
 pattern signature-pattern;
 pattern-pcre signature-pattern-pcre;
 protocol {
 icmp {
 checksum-validate {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value checksum-value;
 }
 code {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value code-value;
 }
 data-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value data-length;
 }
 identification {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value identification-value;
 }
 sequence-number {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value sequence-number;
 }
 type {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value type-value;
 }
 }
 }
 icmpv6 {
 checksum-validate {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value checksum-value;
 }
 code {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value code-value;
 }
 data-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value data-length;
 }
 identification {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value identification-value;
 }
 sequence-number {
```

```
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value sequence-number;
 }
 type {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value type-value;
 }
}
ipv4 {
 checksum-validate {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value checksum-value;
 }
 destination {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value ip-address-or-hostname;
 }
 identification {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value identification-value;
 }
 ihl {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value ihl-value;
 }
 ip-flags {
 (df | no-df);
 (mf | no-mf);
 (rb | no-rb);
 }
 protocol {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value transport-layer-protocol-id;
 }
 source {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value ip-address-or-hostname;
 }
 tos {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value type-of-service-in-decimal;
 }
 total-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value total-length-of-ip-datagram;
 }
 ttl {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value time-to-live;
 }
}
ipv6 {
 destination {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value ip-address-or-hostname;
 }
}
```

```

extension-header {
 destination-option {
 home-address {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value header-value;
 }
 option-type {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value header-value;
 }
 }
 routing-header {
 header-type {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value header-value;
 }
 }
}
flow-label {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value flow-label-value;
}
hop-limit {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value hop-limit-value;
}
next-header {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value next-header-value;
}
payload-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value payload-length-value;
}
source {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value ip-address-or-hostname;
}
traffic-class {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value traffic-class-value;
}
tcp {
 ack-number {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value acknowledgement-number;
 }
 checksum-validate {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value checksum-value;
 }
 data-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value tcp-data-length;
 }
 destination-port {

```

```
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value destination-port;
 }
 header-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value header-length;
 }
 mss {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value maximum-segment-size;
 }
 option {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value tcp-option;
 }
 reserved {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value reserved-value;
 }
 sequence-number {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value sequence-number;
 }
 source-port {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value source-port;
 }
 tcp-flags {
 (ack | no-ack);
 (fin | no-fin);
 (psh | no-psh);
 (r1 | no-r1);
 (r2 | no-r2);
 (rst | no-rst);
 (syn | no-syn);
 (urg | no-urg);
 }
 urgent-pointer {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value urgent-pointer;
 }
 window-scale {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value window-scale-factor;
 }
 window-size {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value window-size;
 }
}
udp {
 checksum-validate {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value checksum-value;
 }
 data-length {
```

```

 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value data-length;
 }
 destination-port {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value destination-port;
 }
 source-port {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value source-port;
 }
}
protocol-binding {
 application application-name;
 icmp;
 icmpv6;
 ip {
 protocol-number transport-layer-protocol-number;
 }
 ipv6 {
 protocol-number transport-layer-protocol-number;
 }
 rpc {
 program-number rpc-program-number;
 }
 tcp {
 minimum-port port-number <maximum-port port-number>;
 }
 udp {
 minimum-port port-number <maximum-port port-number>;
 }
}
regexp regular-expression;
shellcode (all | intel | no-shellcode | sparc);
}

```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp custom-attack *attack-name* attack-type]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.

**Description** IDP uses stateful signatures to detect attacks. Stateful signatures are more specific than regular signatures. With stateful signatures, IDP can look for the specific protocol or service used to perpetrate the attack.

**Options** The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## source (Security IDP IP Headers)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>source {<br/>    match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal);<br/>    value <i>ip-address-or-hostname</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol ipv4]                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the IP address or hostname of the attacking device.                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>match</b> (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal)—Match an operand.</li><li>• <b>value</b> <i>ip-address-or-hostname</i>—Match an IP address or a hostname.</li></ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                   |

## source-address (Security IDP)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>source-address <i>address</i>;</pre>                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp security-package]                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Sets the source address to be used for sending download requests.                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |



## source-address (Security IDP Policy)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | source-address ([ <i>address-name</i> ]   any   any-ipv4   any-ipv6);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-exempt rule <i>rule-name</i> match]<br>[edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ips rule <i>rule-name</i> match]                                                                                                                |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a source IP address or IP address set object to be used as the match source address object. The default value is any.                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b><i>address-name</i></b>—IP address or IP address set object.</li> <li>• <b><i>any</i></b>—Specify any IPv4 or IPv6 address.</li> <li>• <b><i>any-ipv4</i></b>—Specify any IPv4 address.</li> <li>• <b><i>any-ipv6</i></b>—Specify any IPv6 address.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                      |

## source-address (Security IDP Sensor Configuration)

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX1500, SRX5400, SRX5600, SRX5800, vSRX                                                                              |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | source-address <i>ip-address</i> ;                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration packet-log]                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Configure the source IP address for the carrier UDP packet.                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## source-except

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | source-except [ <i>address-name</i> ];                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-exempt rule <i>rule-name</i> match]<br>[edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ips rule <i>rule-name</i> match] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a source IP address or IP address set object to specify all source address objects except the specified address objects. The default value is any.                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>address-name</i> —IP address or IP address set object.                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                       |

## source-port (Security IDP)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | source-port {<br>match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal);<br>value <i>source-port</i> ;<br>}                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol udp]<br>[edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol tcp]                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the port number on the attacking device.                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal)—Match an operand.</li><li>value <i>source-port</i>—Port number on the attacking device.</li></ul> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 65,535</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                              |

## ssl-inspection

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX5400, SRX5600, SRX5800, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>ssl-inspection {   cache-prune-chunk-size <i>number</i>;   key-protection;   maximum-cache-size <i>number</i>;   session-id-cache-timeout <i>seconds</i>;   sessions <i>number</i>; }</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration]                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Inspect HTTP traffic encrypted in SSL protocol. SSL inspection is disabled by default. It is enabled if you configure SSL inspection.                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                            |

## start-log

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|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | start-log <i>value</i> ;                                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration log suppression]                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify how many instances of a specific event must occur before log suppression begins.                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>value</i> —Log suppression begins after how many occurrences.<br><b>Range:</b> 1 through 128<br><b>Default:</b> 1  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## start-time (Security IDP)

---

|                          |                                                                                                                          |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Supported Platforms      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                         |
| Syntax                   | start-time <i>start-time</i> ;                                                                                           |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit security idp security-package automatic]                                                                           |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                            |
| Description              | Specify the time that the device automatically starts downloading the updated signature database from the specified URL. |
| Options                  | <b>start-time</b> —Time in MM-DD.hh:mm format.                                                                           |
| Required Privilege Level | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.    |

## suppression

---

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Supported Platforms      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Syntax                   | suppression {<br>disable;<br>(include-destination-address   no-include-destination-address);<br>max-logs-operate <i>value</i> ;<br>max-time-report <i>value</i> ;<br>start-log <i>value</i> ;<br>}                                                           |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration log]                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Description              | Log suppression reduces the number of logs by displaying a single record for multiple occurrences of the same event. Log suppression can negatively impact sensor performance if the reporting interval is set too high. By default this feature is enabled. |
| Options                  | <b>disable</b> —Disable log suppression.<br><br>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                                                                                                        |
| Required Privilege Level | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                        |

## target (Security IDP)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | target (destination-address   service   source-address   source-zone   source-zone-address   zone-service);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ips rule <i>rule-name</i> then ip-action]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the blocking options that you want to set to block the future connections. Blocking options can be based on the following matches of the attack traffic:                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>destination-address</b>—Matches traffic based on the destination address of the attack traffic.</li> <li>• <b>service</b>—For TCP and UDP, matches traffic based on the source address, source port, destination address, and destination port of the attack traffic. This is the default.<br/>For ICMP flows, the destination port is 0. Any ICMP flow matching source port, source address, and destination address is blocked.</li> <li>• <b>source-address</b>—Matches traffic based on the source address of the attack traffic.</li> <li>• <b>source-zone</b>—Matches traffic based on the source zone of the attack traffic.</li> <li>• <b>source-zone-address</b>—Matches traffic based on the source zone and source address of the attack traffic.</li> <li>• <b>zone-service</b>—Matches traffic based on the source zone, destination address, destination port, and protocol of the attack traffic.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

## tcp (Security IDP Protocol Binding)

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>tcp {<br/>    minimum-port <i>port-number</i> &lt;maximum-port <i>port-number</i>&gt;;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type chain protocol-binding]<br>[edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol-binding]                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Allow IDP to match the attack for specified TCP ports.                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p><b>minimum-port <i>port-number</i></b>—Minimum port in the port range.<br/><b>Range:</b> 0 through 65,535</p> <p><b>maximum-port <i>port-number</i></b>—Maximum port in the port range.<br/><b>Range:</b> 0 through 65,535</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                             |

## tcp (Security IDP Signature Attack)

Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

```
Syntax tcp {
 ack-number {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value acknowledgement-number;
 }
 data-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value tcp-data-length;
 }
 destination-port {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value destination-port;
 }
 header-length {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value header-length;
 }
 mss {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value maximum-segment-size;
 }
 option {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value tcp-option;
 }
 reserved {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value reserved-value;
 }
 sequence-number {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value sequence-number;
 }
 source-port {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value source-port;
 }
 tcp-flags {
 (ack | no-ack);
 (fin | no-fin);
 (psh | no-psh);
 (r1 | no-r1);
 (r2 | no-r2);
 (rst | no-rst);
 (syn | no-syn);
 (urg | no-urg);
 }
 urgent-pointer {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value urgent-pointer;
 }
}
```

```
 window-scale {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value window-scale-factor;
 }
 window-size {
 match (equal | greater-than | less-than | not-equal);
 value window-size;
 }
}
```

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol]                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Allow IDP to match the TCP header information for the signature attack.                                               |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |



## tcp-flags

**Supported Platforms** SRX Series, vSRX

**Syntax**

```
tcp-flags {
 (ack | no-ack);
 (fin | no-fin);
 (psh | no-psh);
 (r1 | no-r1);
 (r2 | no-r2);
 (rst | no-rst);
 (syn | no-syn);
 (urg | no-urg);
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp custom-attack *attack-name* attack-type signature protocol tcp]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.

**Description** Specify that IDP looks for a pattern match whether or not the TCP flag is set.

- Options**
- **ack | no-ack**—When set, the acknowledgment flag acknowledges receipt of a packet.
  - **fin | no-fin**—When set, the final flag indicates that the packet transfer is complete and the connection can be closed.
  - **psh | no-psh**—When set, the push flag indicates that the receiver should push all data in the current sequence to the destination application (identified by the port number) without waiting for the remaining packets in the sequence.
  - **r1 | no-r1**—When set, indicates that the R1 retransmission threshold has been reached.
  - **r2 | no-r2**—When set, indicates that the R2 retransmission threshold has been reached.
  - **rst | no-rst**—When set, the reset flag resets the TCP connection, discarding all packets in an existing sequence.
  - **syn | no-syn**—When set, indicates that the sending device is asking for a three-way handshake to initialize communications.
  - **urg | no-urg**—When set, the urgent flag indicates that the packet data is urgent.

**Required Privilege Level** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## terminal

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | terminal;                                                                                                             |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ips rule <i>rule-name</i> ]                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Set or unset a terminal rule flag. The device stops matching rules for a session when a terminal rule is matched.     |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## test (Security IDP)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | test <i>test-condition</i> ;                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type anomaly]                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify protocol anomaly condition to be checked.                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>test-condition</i> —Name of the anomaly test condition.                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## then (Security IDP Policy)

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax**

```

then {
 action {
 class-of-service {
 dscp-code-point number;
 forwarding-class forwarding-class;
 }
 (close-client | close-client-and-server | close-server | drop-connection | drop-packet |
 ignore-connection | mark-diffserv value | no-action | recommended);
 }
 ip-action {
 (ip-block | ip-close | ip-notify);
 log;
 log-create;
 refresh-timeout;
 target (destination-address | service | source-address | source-zone | source-zone-address
 | zone-service);
 timeout seconds;
 }
 notification {
 log-attacks {
 alert;
 }
 packet-log {
 post-attack number;
 post-attack-timeout seconds;
 pre-attack number;
 }
 }
 severity (critical | info | major | minor | warning);
}

```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp idp-policy *policy-name* rulebase-ips rule *rule-name*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Specify the action to be performed when traffic matches the defined criteria.

**Options** The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

## then (Security Policies)

---

Supported Platforms [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

```
Syntax then {
 count {
 alarm {
 per-minute-threshold number;
 per-second-threshold number;
 }
 }
 deny;
 log {
 session-close;
 session-init;
 }
 permit {
 application-services {
 application-firewall {
 rule-set rule-set-name;
 }
 application-traffic-control {
 rule-set rule-set-name;
 }
 gprs-gtp-profile profile-name;
 gprs-sctp-profile profile-name;
 idp;
 redirect-wx | reverse-redirect-wx;
 ssl-proxy {
 profile-name profile-name;
 }
 uac-policy {
 captive-portal captive-portal;
 }
 utm-policy policy-name;
 }
 destination-address {
 drop-translated;
 drop-untranslated;
 }
 firewall-authentication {
 pass-through {
 access-profile profile-name;
 client-match user-or-group-name;
 ssl-termination-profile profile-name;
 web-redirect;
 web-redirect-to-https;
 }
 user-firewall {
 access-profile profile-name;
 domain domain-name;
 ssl-termination-profile profile-name;
 }
 web-authentication {
 client-match user-or-group-name;
 }
 }
 }
 }
```

```

 }
 }
 services-offload;
 tcp-options {
 initial-tcp-mss mss-value;
 reverse-tcp-mss mss-value;
 sequence-check-required;
 syn-check-required;
 }
 tunnel {
 ipsec-group-vpn group-vpn;
 ipsec-vpn vpn-name;
 pair-policy pair-policy;
 }
}
reject;
}

```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security policies from-zone *zone-name* to-zone *zone-name* policy *policy-name*]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 8.5. Support for the **services-offload** option added in Junos OS Release 11.4. Support for the **ssl-termination-profile** and **web-redirect-to-https** options added in Junos OS Release 12.1X44-D10. Support for the **user-firewall** option added in Junos OS Release 12.1X45-D10. Support for the **initial-tcp-mss** and **reverse-tcp-mss** options added in Junos OS Release 12.3X48-D20.

**Description** Specify the policy action to be performed when packets match the defined criteria.

**Options** The remaining statements are explained separately. See [CLI Explorer](#).

**Required Privilege Level** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- *Security Policies Overview*
- *Understanding Security Policy Rules*
- *Understanding Security Policy Elements*

## time-binding

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|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>time-binding {<br/>    count <i>count-value</i>;<br/>    scope (destination   peer   source);<br/>}</pre>        |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> ]                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Allow IDP to detect a sequence of the same attacks over a period of time.                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## timeout (Security IDP Policy)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>timeout <i>seconds</i>;</pre>                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ips rule <i>rule-name</i> then ip-action]                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the number of seconds that you want the IP action to remain in effect after a traffic match.                                                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <b><i>seconds</i></b> —Number of seconds the IP action should remain effective.<br><b>Range:</b> 0 through 64,800 seconds<br><b>Default:</b> 0 second |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                 |

## tos

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|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>tos {   match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal);   value <i>type-of-service-in-decimal</i>; }</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol ipv4]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the type of service.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>match</b> (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal)—Match an operand.</li> <li>• <b>value <i>type-of-service-in-decimal</i></b>—The following service types are available: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0000—Default</li> <li>• 0001—Minimize Cost</li> <li>• 0002—Maximize Reliability</li> <li>• 0003—Maximize Throughput</li> <li>• 0004—Minimize Delay</li> <li>• 0005—Maximize Security</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## total-length

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|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Supported Platforms      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Syntax                   | <pre>total-length {<br/>    match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal);<br/>    value <i>total-length-of-ip-datagram</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                            |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol ipv4]                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Description              | Specify the number of bytes in the packet, including all header fields and the data payload.                                                                                                                                                               |
| Options                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>match</b> (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal)—Match an operand.</li><li>• <b>value</b> <i>total-length-of-ip-datagram</i>—Length of the IP datagram.</li></ul> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 65,535</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                      |

## total-memory

---

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Supported Platforms      | SRX1500, SRX5400, SRX5600, SRX5800, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Syntax                   | <pre>total-memory <i>percentage</i>;</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration packet-log]                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Description              | Configure the maximum amount of memory to be allocated to packet capture for the device. This value is expressed as a percentage of the memory available on the device. The total memory for a device will differ depending on its operating mode. |
| Options                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>percentage</b>—Amount of packet capture memory expressed as a percentage of total memory for the device mode.</li></ul> <p><b>Range:</b> 1 to 100 percent<br/><b>Default:</b> 10</p>                    |
| Required Privilege Level | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                              |



---

## to-zone (Security IDP Policy)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | to-zone ( <i>zone-name</i>   any);                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-exempt rule <i>rule-name</i> match]<br>[edit security idp idp-policy <i>policy-name</i> rulebase-ips rule <i>rule-name</i> match] |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify a destination zone to be associated with the security policy. The default value is any.                                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>zone-name</i> —Name of the destination zone object.                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                       |

## traceoptions (Security Datapath Debug)

---

**Supported Platforms** SRX1500, SRX5400, SRX5600, SRX5800

**Syntax**

```
traceoptions {
 file {
 filename;
 files number;
 match regular-expression;
 size maximum-file-size;
 (world-readable | no-world-readable);
 }
 no-remote-trace;
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security datapath-debug]

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.

**Description** Sets the trace options for datapath-debug.

**Options**

- **file**—Configure the trace file options.

- **filename**—Name of the file to receive the output of the tracing operation. Enclose the name within quotation marks. All files are placed in the directory `/var/log`. By default, the name of the file is the name of the process being traced.
- **files number**—Maximum number of trace files. When a trace file named **trace-file** reaches its maximum size, it is renamed to **trace-file.0**, then **trace-file.1**, and so on, until the maximum number of trace files is reached. The oldest archived file is overwritten.

If you specify a maximum number of files, you also must specify a maximum file size with the size option and a filename.

Range: 2 through 1000 files

Default: 10 files

- **match regular-expression**—Refine the output to include lines that contain the regular expression.
- **size maximum-file-size**—Maximum size of each trace file, in kilobytes (KB), megabytes (MB), or gigabytes (GB). When a trace file named **trace-file** reaches this size, it is renamed **trace-file.0**. When the trace-file again reaches its maximum size, **trace-file.0** is renamed **trace-file.1** and **trace-file** is renamed **trace-file.0**. This renaming scheme continues until the maximum number of trace files is reached. Then the oldest trace file is overwritten.

If you specify a maximum file size, you also must specify a maximum number of trace files with the files option and a filename.

Syntax: x K to specify KB, x m to specify MB, or x g to specify GB

Range: 10 KB through 1 GB

Default: 128 KB

- **world-readable | no-world-readable**—By default, log files can be accessed only by the user who configures the tracing operation. The **world-readable** option enables any user to read the file. To explicitly set the default behavior, use the **no-world-readable** option
- **no-remote-trace**—Set remote tracing as disabled.

|                           |                                                           |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege</b> | trace—To view this statement in the configuration.        |
| <b>Level</b>              | trace-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## traceoptions (Security IDP)

**Supported Platforms** SRX Series, vSRX

**Syntax**

```
traceoptions {
 file {
 filename;
 files number;
 match regular-expression;
 size maximum-file-size;
 (world-readable | no-world-readable);
 }
 flag all;
 level (all | error | info | notice | verbose | warning);
 no-remote-trace;
}
```

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security idp]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Configure IDP tracing options.

**Options**

- file**—Configure the trace file options.

- filename**—Name of the file to receive the output of the tracing operation. Enclose the name within quotation marks. All files are placed in the directory `/var/log`. By default, the name of the file is the name of the process being traced.
- files number**—Maximum number of trace files. When a trace file named **trace-file** reaches its maximum size, it is renamed to **trace-file.0** then **trace-file.1** and so on, until the maximum number of trace files is reached. The oldest archived file is overwritten.

If you specify a maximum number of files, you also must specify a maximum file size with the **size** option and a filename.

Range: 2 through 1000 files

Default: 10 files

- match regular-expression**—Refine the output to include lines that contain the regular expression.
- size maximum-file-size**—Maximum size of each trace file, in kilobytes (KB), megabytes (MB), or gigabytes (GB). When a trace file named **trace-file** reaches this size, it is renamed **trace-file.0**. When **trace-file.0** again reaches its maximum size, **trace-file.1** is renamed **trace-file.2** and **trace-file.0** is renamed **trace-file.1**. This renaming scheme continues until the maximum number of trace files is reached. Then the oldest trace file is overwritten.

If you specify a maximum file size, you also must specify a maximum number of trace files with the **files** option and a filename.

Syntax: **x K** to specify KB, **x m** to specify MB, or **x g** to specify GB

Range: 10 KB through 1 GB

Default: 128 KB

- **world-readable | no-world-readable**—By default, log files can be accessed only by the user who configures the tracing operation. The **world-readable** option enables any user to read the file. To explicitly set the default behavior, use the **no-world-readable** option.
- **flag**—Trace operation to perform.
  - **all**—Trace with all flags enabled
- **level**—Set the level of debugging the output option.
  - **all**—Match all levels
  - **error**—Match error conditions
  - **info**—Match informational messages
  - **notice**—Match conditions that should be handled specially
  - **verbose**—Match verbose messages
  - **warning**—Match warning messages
- **no-remote-trace**—Set remote tracing as disabled.

|                           |                                                           |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Required Privilege</b> | trace—To view this statement in the configuration.        |
| <b>Level</b>              | trace-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## ttl (Security IDP)

---

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Supported Platforms      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Syntax                   | <pre>ttl {<br/>    match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal);<br/>    value <i>time-to-live</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                      |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol ipv4]                                                                                                                                                     |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Description              | Specify the time-to-live (TTL) value of the packet. This value represents the number of routers the packet can pass through. Each router that processes the packet decrements the TTL by 1; when the TTL reaches 0, the packet is discarded. |
| Options                  | <p><b>match</b> (<i>equal</i>   <i>greater-than</i>   <i>less-than</i>   <i>not-equal</i>)—Match an operand.</p> <p><b>value</b> <i>time-to-live</i>—The time-to-live value.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 255</p>                          |
| Required Privilege Level | <p><b>security</b>—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p><b>security-control</b>—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                               |

## tunable-name

---

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Supported Platforms      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                              |
| Syntax                   | <pre>tunable-name <i>tunable-name</i> {<br/>    tunable-value <i>protocol-value</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                              |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration detector protocol-name <i>protocol-name</i> ]                                                                                         |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2. Support for file format decoding over HTTP using MIME added in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                           |
| Description              | Specify the name of the tunable parameter to enable or disable the protocol detector for each of the service. By default, the protocol decoders for all services are enabled. |
| Options                  | <p><b><i>tunable-name</i></b>—Name of the specific tunable parameter.</p> <p>The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a>.</p>         |
| Required Privilege Level | <p><b>security</b>—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p><b>security-control</b>—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                |

## tunable-value

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | tunable-value <i>protocol-value</i> ;                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration detector protocol-name <i>protocol-name</i> tunable-name <i>tunable-name</i> ]                                                                      |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2. Support for file format decoding over HTTP using MIME added in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the value of the tunable parameter to enable or disable the protocol detector for each of the services.                                                                             |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>tunable-value</i> —Integer representing a selected option for the switch specified in <i>tunable-name</i> . The range of values depends on the options defined for the specified switch. |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                       |

## type (Security IDP Dynamic Attack Group)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                        |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | type {<br>values [anomaly signature];<br>}                                                                              |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp dynamic-attack-group <i>dynamic-attack-group-name</i> filters]                                       |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify an attack type filter to add attack objects based on the type of attack object (signature or protocol anomaly). |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <i>values</i> —Name of the attack type filter.                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.   |

## type (Security IDP ICMP Headers)

---

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Supported Platforms      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Syntax                   | <pre>type {<br/>  match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal);<br/>  value <i>type-value</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                   |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol icmp]                                                                                             |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                        |
| Description              | Specify the primary code that identifies the function of the request/reply.                                                                                                          |
| Options                  | <p><b>match</b> (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal)—Match an operand.</p> <p><b>value</b> <i>type-value</i>—Match a decimal value.</p> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 255</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | <p>security—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                     |

## udp (Security IDP Protocol Binding)

---

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Supported Platforms      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Syntax                   | <pre>udp {<br/>  minimum-port <i>port-number</i> &lt;maximum-port <i>port-number</i>&gt;;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type chain protocol-binding]<br>[edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol-binding]                                                                                                                                    |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Description              | Allow IDP to match the attack for specified UDP ports.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Options                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><b>minimum-port</b> <i>port-number</i>—Minimum port in the port range.</li></ul> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 65,535</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><b>maximum-port</b> <i>port-number</i>—Maximum port in the port range.</li></ul> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 65,535</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | <p>security—To view this statement in the configuration.</p> <p>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                          |



## udp (Security IDP Signature Attack)

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre> udp {   data-length {     match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal);     value <i>data-length</i>;   }   destination-port {     match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal);     value <i>destination-port</i>;   }   source-port {     match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal);     value <i>source-port</i>;   } }</pre> |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Allow IDP to match the UDP header information for the signature attack.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

## udp-anticipated-timeout (Security IDP)

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | udp-anticipated-timeout <i>value</i> ;                                                                                |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp sensor-configuration flow]                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Sets the maximum UDP anticipated timeout value (range: 1 through 65535).                                              |
| <b>Options</b>                  | The remaining statements are explained separately. See <a href="#">CLI Explorer</a> .                                 |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## urgent-pointer

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>urgent-pointer {<br/>    match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal);<br/>    value <i>urgent-pointer</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol tcp]                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the data in the packet is urgent; the URG flag must be set to activate this field.                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>match</b> (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal)—Match an operand.</li><li>• <b>value</b> <i>urgent-pointer</i>—Match the value of the urgent pointer.</li></ul> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 65,535</p> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                     |

## url (Security IDP)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <pre>url <i>url-name</i>;</pre>                                                                                       |
| <b>Hierarchy Level</b>          | [edit security idp security-package]                                                                                  |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Specify the URL to automatically download the updated signature database.                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration. |

## weight (Security)

**Supported Platforms** SRX1500, SRX5400, SRX5600, SRX5800, vSRX

**Syntax** weight (equal | firewall | idp);

**Hierarchy Level** [edit security forwarding-process application-services maximize-idp-sessions]

**Release Information** Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.

**Description** If you are deploying IDP policies, you can tune the device to increase IDP session capacity. By using the provided commands to change the way the system allocates resources, you can achieve a higher IDP session capacity.

Devices ship with an implicit default session capacity setting. This default value gives more weight to firewall sessions. You can manually override the default by using the **maximize-idp-sessions** command. The command allows you to choose between these weight values: **equal**, **firewall**, and **idp**. The following table displays the available session capacity weight and approximate throughput for each.

**Table 25: Session Capacity and Resulting Throughput**

| Weight Value | Firewall Capacity | IDP Capacity | Firewall Throughput | IDP Throughput |
|--------------|-------------------|--------------|---------------------|----------------|
| Default      | 1,000,000         | 256,000      | 10 Gbps             | 2.4 Gbps       |
| equal        | 1,000,000         | 1,000,000    | 8.5 Gbps            | 2 Gbps         |
| firewall     | 1,000,000         | 1,000,000    | 10 Gbps             | 2.4 Gbps       |
| idp          | 1,000,000         | 1,000,000    | 5.5 Gbps            | 1.4 Gbps       |

**Required Privilege Level** security—To view this statement in the configuration.  
security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

**Related Documentation**

- *Juniper Networks Devices Processing Overview*

## window-scale

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|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Supported Platforms      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Syntax                   | <pre>window-scale {<br/>  match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal);<br/>  value <i>window-scale-factor</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                    |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol tcp]                                                                                                                                                                |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Description              | Specify the scale factor that the session of the attack will use. The window scale extension expands the definition of the TCP window to 32 bits and then uses a scale factor to carry this 32-bit value in the 16-bit window field of the TCP header. |
| Options                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>match</b> (equal   <b>greater-than</b>   less-than   not-equal)—Match an operand.</li><li>• <b>value</b> <i>window-scale-factor</i>—Match the number of bytes.</li></ul> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 255</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                                  |

## window-size

---

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Supported Platforms      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Syntax                   | <pre>window-size {<br/>  match (equal   greater-than   less-than   not-equal);<br/>  value <i>window-size</i>;<br/>}</pre>                                                                                                                        |
| Hierarchy Level          | [edit security idp custom-attack <i>attack-name</i> attack-type signature protocol tcp]                                                                                                                                                           |
| Release Information      | Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Description              | Specify the number of bytes in the TCP window size.                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Options                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>match</b> (equal   <b>greater-than</b>   less-than   not-equal)—Match an operand.</li><li>• <b>value</b> <i>window-size</i>—Match the number of bytes.</li></ul> <p><b>Range:</b> 0 through 65,535</p> |
| Required Privilege Level | security—To view this statement in the configuration.<br>security-control—To add this statement to the configuration.                                                                                                                             |

## CHAPTER 17

# Operational Commands

- clear security datapath-debug counters
- clear security idp
- clear security idp attack table
- clear security idp counters application-identification
- clear security idp counters dfa
- clear security idp counters flow
- clear security idp counters http-decoder
- clear security idp counters ips
- clear security idp counters log
- clear security idp counters packet
- clear security idp counters policy-manager
- clear security idp counters tcp-reassembler
- clear security idp ssl-inspection session-id-cache
- request security datapath-debug capture start
- request security idp security-package download
- request security idp security-package install
- request security idp security-package offline-download
- request security idp ssl-inspection key add
- request security idp ssl-inspection key delete
- request security idp storage-cleanup
- show class-of-service forwarding-class
- show class-of-service rewrite-rule
- show security flow session idp family
- show security flow session idp summary
- show security idp active-policy
- show security idp attack description
- show security idp attack detail
- show security idp attack table

- `show security idp counters application-identification`
- `show security idp counters dfa`
- `show security idp counters flow`
- `show security idp counters http-decoder`
- `show security idp counters ips`
- `show security idp counters log`
- `show security idp counters packet`
- `show security idp counters packet-log`
- `show security idp counters policy-manager`
- `show security idp counters tcp-reassembler`
- `show security idp logical-system policy-association`
- `show security idp memory`
- `show security idp policies`
- `show security idp policy-commit-status`
- `show security idp policy-commit-status clear`
- `show security idp policy-templates`
- `show security idp predefined-attacks`
- `show security idp security-package-version`
- `show security idp ssl-inspection key`
- `show security idp ssl-inspection session-id-cache`
- `show security idp status`
- `show security idp status detail`

## clear security datapath-debug counters

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX1500, SRX5400, SRX5600, SRX5800                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | clear security datapath-debug counters                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Clear all data path-debugging counters.                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | clear                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>show security datapath-debug capture</i></li><li>• <i>show security datapath-debug counter</i></li></ul> |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | This command produces no output.                                                                                                                    |

## clear security idp

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | <a href="#">SRX Series, vSRX</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | <code>clear security idp</code><br>( <code>application-identification</code>   <code>application-statistics</code>   <code>attack</code>   <code>counters</code>   <code>status</code> )                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | <p>Clear the following IDP information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>application-identification</b>—Clear IDP application identification data.</li><li>• <b>application-statistics</b>—Clear IDP application statistics.</li><li>• <b>attack</b>—Clear IDP attack data</li><li>• <b>counters</b>—Clear IDP counters</li><li>• <b>status</b>—Clear IDP Status</li></ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | clear                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">clear security idp status on page 380</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## Sample Output

### clear security idp status

```
user@host> clear security idp status
State of IDP: 2-default, Up since: 2010-02-04 13:37:16 UTC (17:13:45 ago)

Packets/second: 0 Peak: 0 @ 2010-02-05 06:49:51 UTC
KBits/second: 0 Peak: 0 @ 2010-02-05 06:49:51 UTC
Latency (microseconds): [min: 0] [max: 0] [avg: 0]

Packet Statistics:
[ICMP: 0] [TCP: 0] [UDP: 0] [Other: 0]

Flow Statistics:
ICMP: [Current: 0] [Max: 0 @ 2010-02-05 06:49:51 UTC]
TCP: [Current: 0] [Max: 0 @ 2010-02-05 06:49:51 UTC]
UDP: [Current: 0] [Max: 0 @ 2010-02-05 06:49:51 UTC]
Other: [Current: 0] [Max: 0 @ 2010-02-05 06:49:51 UTC]

Session Statistics:
[ICMP: 0] [TCP: 0] [UDP: 0] [Other: 0]
Policy Name: sample
Running Detector Version: 10.4.160091104
```



## clear security idp attack table

---

|                                 |                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | <a href="#">SRX Series</a> , <a href="#">vSRX</a>                                                            |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | clear security idp attack table                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Clear details of the IDP attack table.                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | clear                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">show security idp attack table on page 416</a></li></ul> |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | This command produces no output.                                                                             |

## clear security idp counters application-identification

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | clear security idp counters application-identification                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Reset all the application identification counter values.                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | clear                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">application-identification on page 210</a></li><li>• <a href="#">show security idp counters application-identification on page 417</a></li></ul> |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | This command produces no output.                                                                                                                                                                     |

## clear security idp counters dfa

---

|                                 |                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | <a href="#">SRX Series</a> , <a href="#">vSRX</a>                                                            |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | clear security idp counters dfa                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Reset all the DFA counter values.                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | clear                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">show security idp counters dfa on page 421</a></li></ul> |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | This command produces no output.                                                                             |

## clear security idp counters flow

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | <a href="#">SRX Series, vSRX</a>                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | clear security idp counters flow                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Reset all the IDP flow-related counter values.                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | clear                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">flow (Security IDP) on page 260</a></li><li>• <a href="#">show security idp counters flow on page 422</a></li></ul> |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | This command produces no output.                                                                                                                                        |

## **clear security idp counters http-decoder**

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | <a href="#">SRX Series, vSRX</a>                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | clear security idp counters http-decoder                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b>              | Reset all the HTTP decoder counter values.                                                                            |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | clear                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">show security idp counters http-decoder on page 429</a></li></ul> |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | This command produces no output.                                                                                      |

## clear security idp counters ips

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | <a href="#">SRX Series, vSRX</a>                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | clear security idp counters ips                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b>              | Reset all the ips counter values.                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | clear                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">ips on page 282</a></li><li>• <a href="#">show security idp counters ips on page 430</a></li></ul> |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | This command produces no output.                                                                                                                       |

## clear security idp counters log

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | <a href="#">SRX Series, vSRX</a>                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | clear security idp counters log                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b>              | Reset all the IDP log counter values.                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | clear                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">event-rate</a></li><li>• <a href="#">show security idp counters log on page 433</a></li></ul> |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | This command produces no output.                                                                                                                  |

## clear security idp counters packet

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | <a href="#">SRX Series, vSRX</a>                                                                                |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | clear security idp counters packet                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Reset all the IDP packet counter values.                                                                        |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | clear                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">show security idp counters packet on page 436</a></li></ul> |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | This command produces no output.                                                                                |



## clear security idp counters policy-manager

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                        |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | clear security idp counters policy-manager                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b>              | Reset all the IDP policies counter values.                                                                              |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | clear                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">show security idp counters policy-manager on page 441</a></li></ul> |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | This command produces no output.                                                                                        |

## clear security idp counters tcp-reassembler

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** clear security idp counters tcp-reassembler

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Reset all the TCP reassembler counter values.

**Required Privilege Level** clear

**Related Documentation**

- [re-assembler on page 319](#)
- [show security idp counters tcp-reassembler on page 442](#)

**Output Fields** This command produces no output.

## [clear security idp ssl-inspection session-id-cache](#)

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | <a href="#">SRX5400, SRX5600, SRX5800, vSRX</a>                                                                                 |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | clear security idp ssl-inspection session-id-cache                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b>              | Clear all the entries stored in the SSL session ID cache.                                                                       |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | clear                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">show security idp ssl-inspection session-id-cache on page 457</a></li></ul> |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">clear security idp ssl-inspection session-id-cache on page 391</a>                                                  |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.                                           |

### Sample Output

#### [clear security idp ssl-inspection session-id-cache](#)

```
user@host> clear security idp ssl-inspection session-id-cache
Total SSL session cache entries cleared : 2
```

## request security datapath-debug capture start

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series](#)

**Syntax** request security datapath-debug capture start

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 10.0.

**Description** Start the data path debugging capture.

**Required Privilege Level** maintenance

**Related Documentation**

- *Understanding Data Path Debugging for Logical Systems*

**Output Fields** When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.

## Sample Output

### request security datapath-debug capture start

```
user@host> request security datapath-debug capture start
datapath-debug capture started on file
```

## request security idp security-package download

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Supported Platforms      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Syntax                   | <pre>request security idp security-package download &lt;check-server&gt; &lt;full-update&gt; &lt;policy-templates&gt; &lt;version <i>version-number</i> &gt; &lt;status&gt;</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Release Information      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2. Detailed status added in Junos OS Release 10.1. Description modified in Junos OS Release 11.1. Application package support added in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Description              | <p>Manually download the individual components of the security package from the Juniper Security Engineering portal. The components are downloaded into a staging folder inside the device.</p> <p>By default, this command tries to download the delta set attack signature table. It also downloads IDP, IPS, and application package signatures.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Options                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>check-server</b>—(Optional) Retrieve the version information of the latest security package from the security portal server.</li> <li>• <b>full-update</b>—(Optional) Download the latest security package with the full set of attack signature tables from the portal.</li> <li>• <b>policy-templates</b>—(Optional) Download the latest policy templates from the portal.</li> <li>• <b>version <i>version-number</i></b> —(Optional) Download the security package of a specific version from the portal.</li> <li>• <b>status</b>—(Optional) Provide detailed status of security package download operation.</li> </ul> |
| Additional Information   | The <b>request security idp security-package download</b> command does not download security package files if the installed version on the device is same as the security package version on the server ( <a href="https://services.netscreen.com/cgi-bin/index.cgi">https://services.netscreen.com/cgi-bin/index.cgi</a> always). The <b>request security idp security-package download full-update</b> command downloads the latest security package files on the device from the server, irrespective of the version on the device and the server.                                                                                                                    |
| Required Privilege Level | maintenance                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">show security idp active-policy on page 411</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">show security idp security-package-version on page 454</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| List of Sample Output    | <a href="#">request security idp security-package download on page 394</a><br><a href="#">request security idp security-package download policy-templates on page 394</a><br><a href="#">request security idp security-package download version 1151 full-update on page 394</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

[request security idp security-package download status on page 394](#)

**Output Fields** When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.

## Sample Output

### [request security idp security-package download](#)

```
user@host> request security idp security-package download
Successfully downloaded from(https://services.netscreen.com/cgi-bin/index.cgi).
Version info:1152(Thu Apr 24 14:37:44 2008, Detector=9.1.140080400)
```

## Sample Output

### [request security idp security-package download policy-templates](#)

```
user@host> request security idp security-package download policy-templates
Successfully downloaded from(https://services.netscreen.com/cgi-bin/index.cgi).
Version info:35
```

## Sample Output

### [request security idp security-package download version 1151 full-update](#)

```
user@host> request security idp security-package download version 1151 full-update
Successfully downloaded from(https://services.netscreen.com/cgi-bin/index.cgi).
Version info:1151(Wed Apr 23 14:39:15 2008, Detector=9.1.140080400)
```

### [request security idp security-package download status](#)

To request status for a package download:

```
user@host> request security idp security-package download status
Done;Successfully downloaded
from(https://services.netscreen.com/cgi-bin/index.cgi).
Version info:2014(Thu Oct 20 12:07:01 2011, Detector=11.6.140110920)
```

To request status for a template download:

```
user@host> request security idp security-package download status
Done; Successfully downloaded from
(https://services.netscreen.com/cgi-bin/index.cgi).
```

When devices are operating in chassis cluster mode, when you check the security package download status, a message is displayed confirming that the downloaded security package is being synchronized to the primary and secondary nodes.

```
user@host> request security idp security-package download status
node0:

Done;Successfully downloaded from(https://services.netscreen.com/cgi-bin/index.cgi)
and synchronized to backup.
Version info:2011(Mon Oct 17 15:13:06 2011, Detector=11.6.140110920)
```

## request security idp security-package install

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** request security idp security-package install  
 <policy-templates>  
 <status>  
 <update-attack-database-only>

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2. Description modified in Junos OS Release 11.1. Added application package support in Junos OS Release 11.4.

**Description** Updates the attack database inside the device with the newly downloaded one from the staging folder, recompiles the existing running policy, and pushes the recompiled policy to the data plane.

Also, if there is an existing running policy, and the previously installed detector's version is different from the newly downloaded one, the downloaded components are pushed to the data plane. This command installs IDP, IPS, and application package signatures.

- Options**
- **policy-templates**—(Optional) Installs the policy template file into /var/db/scripts/commit/templates.
  - **status**—(Optional) The command **security-package install** may take a long time depending on the new Security database size. Hence, **security-package install** command returns immediately and a background process performs the task. User can check the status using **security-package install status** command.
  - **update-attack-database-only**—(Optional) Loads the security package into IDP database but does not compile/push the active policy or the new detector to the data plane.

**Required Privilege Level** maintenance

- Related Documentation**
- [show security idp active-policy on page 411](#)
  - [show security idp security-package-version on page 454](#)

**List of Sample Output** [request security idp security-package install on page 395](#)  
[request security idp security-package install status on page 396](#)

**Output Fields** When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.

## Sample Output

### request security idp security-package install

```
user@host> request security idp security-package install
Will be processed in async mode. Check the status using the status checking CLI
```

## Sample Output

### request security idp security-package install status

To request status on a package installation:

```
user@host> request security idp security-package install status
Done;Attack DB update : successful - [UpdateNumber=1152,ExportDate=Thu Apr 24
14:37:44 2008]
 Updating data-plane with new attack or detector : not performed
 due to no existing active policy found.
```

To request status on a template installation:

```
user@host> request security idp security-package install status
Done; policy-template has been successfully updated into internal repository
(=>/var/db/scripts/commit/templates.xml)!
```



## request security idp security-package offline-download

**Supported Platforms** [LN Series](#), [SRX Series](#)

**Syntax** request security idp security-package offline-download ( *package-path* *package-path* | status )

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 12.3X48-D10.

**Description** Unzip the security package and copy the xml files.

Manually download the security package from the Juniper Security Engineering portal. The package will have both IDP and application package signatures. Copy the files over to the device into a certain folder and then issues the **request security idp security-package offline-download package-path package-path** command. The command will unzip the security package and copy the xml files to staging directory. Signature package installation should follow an offline-download. There is no change in installation process.

- Options**
- **package-path**—Package path of the zipped security package.
  - **status**—Retrieve the status of offline package download operation.

**Required Privilege Level** maintenance

- Related Documentation**
- [show security idp active-policy on page 411](#)
  - [show security idp security-package-version on page 454](#)
  - [request security idp security-package install on page 395](#)

## request security idp ssl-inspection key add

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | request security idp ssl-inspection key add <key-name> [file <file-name>] [password <password-string>] [server <server-ip>]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b>              | Install a Privacy-Enhanced Mail (PEM) key that is optionally password protection, and associate a server with an installed key. The length of each key name and password string should not exceed 32 alphanumeric characters.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>key-name</b>—Name of the SSL private key.</li> <li>• <b>file &lt;file-name&gt;</b>—(Optional) Location of RSA private key (PEM format) file.</li> <li>• <b>password &lt;password-string&gt;</b>—(Optional) Password used to encrypt specified key.</li> <li>• <b>server &lt;server-ip&gt;</b>—(Optional) Server IP address to be added to the specified key.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | maintenance                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">show security idp ssl-inspection key on page 455</a></li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">request security idp ssl-inspection key add key1 file /var/tmp/enc1.key password encrypted on page 398</a><br><a href="#">request security idp ssl-inspection key add key2 file /var/tmp/enc2.key password encrypted on page 398</a><br><a href="#">request security idp ssl-inspection key add key3 file /var/tmp/norm.key on page 399</a><br><a href="#">request security idp ssl-inspection key add key1 server 1.1.0.1 on page 399</a><br><a href="#">request security idp ssl-inspection key add key1 server 1.1.0.2 on page 399</a> |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

### Sample Output

[request security idp ssl-inspection key add key1 file /var/tmp/enc1.key password encrypted](#)

```
user@host> request security idp ssl-inspection key add key1 file /var/tmp/enc1.key password
encrypted
Added key 'key1'
```

### Sample Output

[request security idp ssl-inspection key add key2 file /var/tmp/enc2.key password encrypted](#)

```
user@host> request security idp ssl-inspection key add key2 file /var/tmp/enc2.key password
encrypted
Added key 'key2', server 2.2.0.1
```

### Sample Output

request security idp ssl-inspection key add key3 file /var/tmp/norm.key

```
user@host> request security idp ssl-inspection key add key3 file /var/tmp/norm.key
Added key 'key3'
```

### Sample Output

request security idp ssl-inspection key add key1 server 1.1.0.1

```
user@host> request security idp ssl-inspection key add key1 server 1.1.0.1
Added key 'key1', server 1.1.0.1
```

### Sample Output

request security idp ssl-inspection key add key1 server 1.1.0.2

```
user@host> request security idp ssl-inspection key add key1 server 1.1.0.2
Added key 'key1', server 1.1.0.2
```

## request security idp ssl-inspection key delete

**Supported Platforms** SRX5400, SRX5600, SRX5800, vSRX

**Syntax** request security idp ssl-inspection key delete [**<key-name>** [**server <server-ip>**]]

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.

**Description** Delete the specified server IP from the given key if the server is specified. If the server IP is not specified, the given key will be deleted along with all the server addresses associated with it.



**NOTE:** You will get a delete confirmation question before deleting one or more keys or server.

- Options**
- **key-name**—(Optional) Name of the SSL private key.
  - **server <server-ip>** —(Optional) Server IP address associated with the specified key to be deleted.

**Required Privilege Level** maintenance

**Related Documentation**

- [show security idp ssl-inspection key on page 455](#)

**List of Sample Output**

- [request security idp ssl-inspection key delete on page 400](#)
- [request security idp ssl-inspection key delete key1 on page 400](#)
- [request security idp ssl-inspection key delete key2 server 2.2.0.1 on page 401](#)

**Output Fields** When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.

### Sample Output

#### request security idp ssl-inspection key delete

```
user@host> request security idp ssl-inspection key delete
```

```
This command will delete one or more ssl keys.
Continue? [yes,no] (no) yes
```

```
Number of keys 4, server 3 deleted
```

### Sample Output

#### request security idp ssl-inspection key delete key1

```
user@host> request security idp ssl-inspection key delete key1
```

```
This command will delete one or more ssl keys.
Continue? [yes,no] (no) yes
```

Number of keys 1, server 2 deleted

## Sample Output

`request security idp ssl-inspection key delete key2 server 2.2.0.1`

```
user@host> request security idp ssl-inspection key delete key2 server 2.2.0.1
```

```
This command will delete one or more ssl keys.
Continue? [yes,no] (no) yes
```

Number of keys 0, server 1 deleted

## request security idp storage-cleanup

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** request security idp storage-cleanup

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.

**Description** Delete unused files to free up storage space on a device.

**Options** **cache-files**— Delete DFA cache files used for optimizing idp policy compilation.

**downloaded-files**— Delete downloaded security-package files (with out affecting the installed database).

**Required Privilege Level** maintenance

**List of Sample Output** [request security idp storage-cleanup on page 402](#)

**Output Fields** When you enter this command, you are provided feedback on the status of your request.

### Sample Output

#### request security idp storage-cleanup

```
user@host> request security idp storage-cleanup downloaded-files
Successfully deleted downloaded secdb files
```

## show class-of-service forwarding-class

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | <a href="#">SRX Series, vSRX</a>                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | show class-of-service forwarding-class                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced before Junos OS Release 12.1.                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display mapping of forwarding class names to queues.                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Forwarding Classes Overview on page 122</a></li> </ul>                                                                                           |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show class-of-service forwarding-class on page 403</a>                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 26 on page 403</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show class-of-service forwarding-class</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. |

**Table 26: show class-of-service forwarding-class Output Fields**

| Field Name        | Field Description                                                  |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Forwarding class  | Forwarding class name.                                             |
| ID                | ID number assigned to the forwarding class.                        |
| Queue             | Queue number.                                                      |
| Restricted queue  | Restricted queue number.                                           |
| Fabric priority   | Fabric priority, either low or high.                               |
| Policing priority | Layer 2 policing, either premium or normal.                        |
| SPU priority      | Services Processing Unit (SPU) priority queue, either high or low. |

## Sample Output

### show class-of-service forwarding-class

```

user@host> show class-of-service forwarding-class
Forwarding class ID Queue Restricted queue Fabric priority Policing
priority SPU priority
best-effort 0 0 0 low normal
 low
expedited-forwarding 1 1 1 low normal
 high
assured-forwarding 2 2 2 low normal
 low
network-control 3 3 3 low normal
 low

```





## show class-of-service rewrite-rule

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** `show class-of-service rewrite-rule`  
`<name name>`  
`<type type>`

**Release Information** Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.

**Description** Display the mapping of forwarding classes and loss priority to code point values.

**Options** **none**—Display all rewrite rules.

**name *name***—(Optional) Display the specified rewrite rule.

**type *type***—(Optional) Display the rewrite rule of the specified type. The rewrite rule type can be one of the following:

- **dscp**—For IPv4 traffic.
- **dscp-ipv6**—For IPv6 traffic.
- **exp**—For MPLS traffic.
- **frame-relay-de**— For Frame Relay traffic.
- **ieee-802.1**—For Layer 2 traffic.
- **inet-precedence**—For IPv4 traffic.

**Required Privilege Level** view

**Related Documentation** [• Rewrite Rules Overview on page 125](#)

**List of Sample Output** [show class-of-service rewrite-rule type dscp on page 406](#)

**Output Fields** [Table 27 on page 405](#) describes the output fields for the **show class-of-service rewrite-rule** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 27: show class-of-service rewrite-rule Output Fields**

| Field Name       | Field Description                                                                                                                          |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Rewrite rule     | Name of the rewrite rule.                                                                                                                  |
| Code point type  | Type of rewrite rule: <b>dscp</b> , <b>dscp-ipv6</b> , <b>exp</b> , <b>frame-relay-de</b> , or <b>inet-precedence</b> .                    |
| Forwarding class | Classification of a packet affecting the forwarding, scheduling, and marking policies applied as the packet transits the router or switch. |
| Index            | Internal index for this particular rewrite rule.                                                                                           |

Table 27: show class-of-service rewrite-rule Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name    | Field Description            |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| Loss priority | Loss priority for rewriting. |
| Code point    | Code point value to rewrite. |

## Sample Output

### show class-of-service rewrite-rule type dscp

```

user@host> show class-of-service rewrite-rule type dscp
Rewrite rule: dscp-default, Code point type: dscp
 Forwarding class Loss priority Code point
 gold high 000000
 silver low 110000
 silver high 111000
 bronze low 001010
 bronze high 001100
 lead high 101110

Rewrite rule: abc-dscp-rewrite, Code point type: dscp, Index: 3245
Forwarding class Loss priority Code point
 gold low 000111
 gold high 001010
 silver low 110000
 silver high 111000
 bronze high 001100
 lead low 101110
 lead high 110111

```

## show security flow session idp family

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | show security flow session idp family (inet   inet6)                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.<br>Support for family inet6 added in Junos OS Release 12.1X46-D10.                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display filtered summary of information about existing sessions, including types of sessions, active and failed sessions, and the maximum allowed number of sessions.                  |
| <b>Options</b>                  | inet—Display details summary of IPv4 sessions.<br><br>inet6—Display details summary of IPv6 sessions.                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Understanding Intrusion Detection and Prevention for SRX Series on page 3</a></li> </ul>                                          |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show security flow session summary family inet on page 407</a><br><a href="#">show security flow session summary family inet6 on page 408</a>                              |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | Table 28 on page 407 lists the output fields for the <b>show security flow session summary family</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. |

Table 28: show security flow session summary Output Fields

| Field Name               | Field Description                                                   |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Valid sessions           | Count of valid sessions.                                            |
| Pending sessions         | Count of pending sessions.                                          |
| Invalidated sessions     | Count of sessions the security device has determined to be invalid. |
| Sessions in other states | Count of sessions not in valid, pending, or invalidated state.      |
| Total sessions           | Total of the above counts.                                          |

## Sample Output

### show security flow session summary family inet

```

user@host> show security flow session summary family inet
Flow Sessions on FPC4 PIC0:
Valid sessions: 3
Pending sessions: 0
Invalidated sessions: 0
Sessions in other states: 0
Total sessions: 3

```

```
Flow Sessions on FPC5 PIC0:
Valid sessions: 4
Pending sessions: 0
Invalidated sessions: 0
Sessions in other states: 0
Total sessions: 4
```

#### `show security flow session summary family inet6`

```
user@host> show security flow session summary family inet6
```

```
Flow Sessions on FPC1 PIC1:
Valid sessions: 20
Pending sessions: 0
Invalidated sessions: 0
Sessions in other states: 0
Total sessions: 20
```

## show security flow session idp summary

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** `show security flow session idp summary`

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.

**Description** Display summary output.

- Options**
- `application`—Application name
  - `destination-port`—Destination port
  - `destination-prefix`—Destination IP prefix or address
  - `family`—Display session by family.
  - `interface`—Name of incoming or outgoing interface
  - `protocol`—IP protocol number
  - `source-port`—Source port
  - `source-prefix`—Source IP prefix

**Required Privilege Level** view

**Related Documentation**

- *show security flow session*

**List of Sample Output** [show security flow session idp summary on page 410](#)

**Output Fields** [Table 29 on page 409](#) lists the output fields for the `show security flow session idp summary` command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 29: show security flow session idp summary Output Fields**

| Field Name               | Field Description                   |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Valid session            | Number of valid sessions.           |
| Pending sessions         | Number of pending sessions.         |
| Invalidated sessions     | Number of invalid sessions.         |
| Sessions in other states | Number of sessions in other states. |
| Total sessions           | Total number of sessions.           |

## Sample Output

### show security flow session idp summary

```
root@ show security flow session idp summary
Flow Sessions on FPC4 PIC0:

Valid sessions: 3
Pending sessions: 0
Invalidated sessions: 0
Sessions in other states: 0
Total sessions: 3

Flow Sessions on FPC5 PIC0:

Valid sessions: 4
Pending sessions: 0
Invalidated sessions: 0
Sessions in other states: 0
Total sessions: 4
```

## show security idp active-policy

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** show security idp active-policy

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Display information about the policy name and running detector version with which the policy is compiled from the IDP data plane module.

**Required Privilege Level** view

**Related Documentation**

- [request security idp security-package download on page 393](#)
- [request security idp security-package install on page 395](#)

**List of Sample Output** [show security idp active-policy on page 411](#)

**Output Fields** [Table 30 on page 411](#) lists the output fields for the **show security idp active-policy** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 30: show security idp active-policy Output Fields**

| Field Name               | Field Description                        |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------------|
| Policy Name              | Name of the running policy.              |
| Running Detector Version | Current version of the running detector. |

## Sample Output

### show security idp active-policy

```
user@host> show security idp active-policy
Policy Name : viking-policy
Running Detector Version : 9.1.140080300
```

## show security idp attack description

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Supported Platforms      | <a href="#">SRX Series, vSRX</a>                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Syntax                   | <b>show security idp attack description <i>attack-name</i></b>                                                                                                                                    |
| Release Information      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                      |
| Description              | Display description of a specified IDP attack.                                                                                                                                                    |
| Options                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b><i>attack-name</i></b> —IDP attack name.</li> </ul>                                                                                                     |
| Required Privilege Level | view                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">clear security idp attack table on page 381</a></li> </ul>                                                                                     |
| List of Sample Output    | <a href="#">show security idp attack description on page 412</a>                                                                                                                                  |
| Output Fields            | <a href="#">Table 31 on page 412</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show security idp attack description</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. |

Table 31: show security idp attack description Output Fields

| Field Name  | Field Description       |
|-------------|-------------------------|
| Description | IDP attack description. |

## Sample Output

### show security idp attack description

```
user@host> show security idp attack description FTP:USER:ROOT
Description: This signature detects attempts to login to an FTP server using the
"root" account. This can indicate an attacker trying to gain root-level access,
or it can indicate poor security practices. FTP typically uses plain-text
passwords, and using the root account to FTP could expose sensitive data over the
network.
```



## show security idp attack detail

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Supported Platforms      | <a href="#">SRX Series, vSRX</a>                                                                                                                                                             |
| Syntax                   | <b>show security idp attack detail <i>attack-name</i></b>                                                                                                                                    |
| Release Information      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.4.                                                                                                                                                 |
| Description              | Display details of a specified IDP attack.                                                                                                                                                   |
| Options                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b><i>attack-name</i></b> —IDP attack name.</li> </ul>                                                                                                |
| Required Privilege Level | view                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Related Documentation    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">clear security idp attack table on page 381</a></li> </ul>                                                                                |
| List of Sample Output    | <a href="#">show security idp attack detail FTP:USER:ROOT on page 414</a><br><a href="#">show security idp attack detail TROJAN:MISC:ROOTBEER-CLIENT on page 414</a>                         |
| Output Fields            | <a href="#">Table 32 on page 413</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show security idp attack detail</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. |

**Table 32: show security idp attack detail Output Fields**

| Field Name         | Field Description                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Display Name       | Display name of the IDP attack.                                                                                                                                            |
| Severity           | Severity level of the IDP attack.                                                                                                                                          |
| Category           | IDP attack category.                                                                                                                                                       |
| Recommended        | Specifies whether a default action for the IDP attack is recommended by Juniper Networks (true or false).                                                                  |
| Recommended Action | Recommended action for the IDP attack.                                                                                                                                     |
| Type               | Type of IDP attack.                                                                                                                                                        |
| Direction          | Direction of the IDP attack.                                                                                                                                               |
| False Positives    | Specifies whether the IDP attack produces false positive on the network.                                                                                                   |
| Service            | IDP service configured for the IDP attack. If a service is configured for the IDP attack, the IDP service name is displayed. Otherwise, <b>Not available</b> is displayed. |
| Member Name        | Name of attack member in IDP attack                                                                                                                                        |
| Expression         | Specifies the Boolean expression of attack members used to identify the way (for example, OR, AND, or oAND) attack members should be matched.                              |

Table 32: show security idp attack detail Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name      | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| PCRE Expression | Specifies the Boolean expression of PCRE format based attack members used to identify the way(for example, OR, AND, or oAND) attack members should be matched. If this field is not present "Expression" is used as a Boolean expression for attack matching. |
| Shellcode       | Signifies if the IDP attack is a shellcode attack.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Flow            | Signifies the channel(control, data) of IDP attack.                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Context         | Name of the context under which IDP attack has to be matched.                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Negate          | Signifies if the signature in the IDP attack is a negate signature.                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| TimeBinding     | Specifies count and scope under which the attack is valid.                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Pattern         | Specifies the regular expression in the IDP attack.                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| PCRE Pattern    | Specifies the regular expression in PCRE format in the IDP attack.                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Hidden Pattern  | Specifies if the attack pattern is hidden.                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## Sample Output

### show security idp attack detail FTP:USER:ROOT

```

user@host> run show security idp attack detail FTP:USER:ROOT
Display Name: FTP: "root" Account Login
Severity: Minor
Category: FTP
Recommended: false
Recommended Action: None
Type: signature
Direction: CTS
False Positives: unknown
Shellcode: no
Flow: control
Context: ftp-username
Negate: false
TimeBinding:
 Scope: none
 Count: 1
Hidden Pattern: False
Pattern: \[root\]
```

### show security idp attack detail TROJAN:MISC:ROOTBEER-CLIENT

```

user@host> show security idp attack detail TROJAN:MISC:ROOTBEER-CLIENT
Display Name: TROJAN: Digital Rootbeer Client Connect
Severity: Minor
Category: TROJAN
Recommended: false
Recommended Action: None
Type: chain
```

False Positives: unknown  
Service: TCP/2600  
Expression: m01 oAND m02  
Order: no  
Reset: no  
Scope: session  
TimeBinding:  
Members:  
    Member Name: m01  
    Type: Signature  
    Direction: CTS  
    Flow: control  
    Shellcode: no  
    Context: stream256  
    Negate: false  
    Hidden Pattern: False  
    Pattern: .\*/QUE,who are you\\.\\.\\.\\?.\*  
    PCRE Pattern: ^(.)\*\\QUE,who are you\\.\\.\\.\\?  
  
    Member Name: m02  
    Type: Signature  
    Direction: STC  
    Flow: control  
    Shellcode: no  
    Context: stream256  
    Negate: false  
    Hidden Pattern: False  
    Pattern: .\*/QUE,billy the kid.\*  
    PCRE Pattern: ^(.)\*\\QUE,billy the kid

## show security idp attack table

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | show security idp attack table                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display detailed information of IDP attack table.                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">clear security idp attack table on page 381</a></li> </ul>                                                             |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show security idp attack table on page 416</a>                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | Table 33 on page 416 lists the output fields for the <b>show security idp attack table</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. |

**Table 33: show security idp attack table Output Fields**

| Field Name         | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Attack name</b> | Name of the attack that you want to match in the monitored network traffic.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Hits</b>        | <p>Total number of attack matches.</p> <p>On SRX Series devices, for brute force and time-binding-related attacks, the logging is to be done only when the match <b>count</b> is equal to the <b>threshold</b>. That is, only one log is generated within the 60-second period in which the threshold is measured. This process prevents repetitive logs from being generated and ensures consistency with other IDP platforms, such as IDP-standalone.</p> <p>When no attack is seen within the 60-second period and the BFQ entry is flushed out, the match count starts over the new attack match shows up in the attack table, and the log is generated.</p> |

## Sample Output

### show security idp attack table

```

user@host> show security idp attack table
IDP attack statistics:
 Attack name #Hits
 HTTP:OVERFLOW:PI3WEB-SLASH-OF 1

```

## show security idp counters application-identification

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** show security idp counters application-identification

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2. Modified in Junos OS Release 12.1.

**Description** Display the status of all IDP application identification (AI) counter values.

**Required Privilege Level** view

**Related Documentation**

- [clear security idp counters application-identification on page 382](#)

**List of Sample Output** [show security idp counters application-identification on page 419](#)

**Output Fields** [Table 34 on page 417](#) lists the output fields for the **show security idp counters application-identification** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 34: show security idp counters application-identification Output Fields**

| Field Name                                         | Field Description                                                                     |
|----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| AI matches                                         | Number of sessions with an AI signature match.                                        |
| AI no-matches                                      | Number of sessions with no AI signature match.                                        |
| AI-enabled sessions                                | Number of sessions with AI enabled.                                                   |
| AI-disabled sessions                               | Number of sessions with AI disabled.                                                  |
| AI-disabled sessions due to ssl encapsulated flows | Number of sessions with AI disabled due to SSL encapsulated flows.                    |
| AI-disabled sessions due to cache hit              | Number of sessions with AI disabled due to a cache match.                             |
| AI-disabled sessions due to configuration          | Number of sessions with AI disabled because the configured session limit was reached. |
| AI-disabled sessions due to protocol remapping     | Number of sessions with AI disabled due to protocol remapping.                        |
| AI-disabled sessions due to RPC match              | Number of sessions with AI disabled due to an RPC match.                              |
| AI-disabled sessions due to gate match             | Number of sessions with AI disabled due to a gate match.                              |
| AI-disabled sessions due to non-TCP/UDP flows      | Number of sessions with AI disabled due to non-TCP or non-UDP flows.                  |

Table 34: show security idp counters application-identification Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                                                            | Field Description                                                                                   |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| AI-disabled sessions due to session limit                             | Number of sessions with AI disabled because the maximum session limit was reached.                  |
| AI-disabled sessions due to session packet memory limit               | Number of sessions with AI disabled because the memory usage limit per session was reached.         |
| AI-disabled sessions due to global packet memory limit                | Number of sessions with AI disabled because the global memory usage limit was reached.              |
| AI sessions current global reassembler packet memory usage            | Number of AI sessions with current global reassembler packet memory usage limit                     |
| AI sessions peak global reassembler packet memory usage               | Number of AI sessions with peak global reassembler packet memory usage limit                        |
| AI sessions current global packet memory usage                        | Number of AI sessions with current global packet memory usage limit                                 |
| AI sessions peak global packet memory usage                           | Number of AI sessions with peak global packet memory usage limit                                    |
| AI-sessions dropped due to malloc failure before session create       | Number of AI sessions dropped because the malloc failure occurred before session create.            |
| AI-sessions dropped due to malloc failure after create                | Number of AI sessions dropped because the malloc failure occurred after session create.             |
| AI-Packets received on sessions marked for drop due to malloc failure | Number of AI packets received on sessions that are marked to be dropped because the malloc failure. |
| Packets cloned for AI                                                 | Number of packets cloned for application identification.                                            |
| Policy update                                                         | Number of times the IDP policy has been updated.                                                    |
| Total PME prematch job ignored                                        | Number of jobs ignored because of pattern matching engine (PME) not matching.                       |
| Total packets for which prematch job were ignored                     | Number of packets for which signature matching was ignored as prematch found.                       |
| Prematch busy packet count                                            | Number of packets saved as they are handed off for signature matching during prematch reprocess.    |
| Final match busy packet count                                         | Number of packets saved as they are handed off for signature matching during final match reprocess. |
| Total AI busy packet count                                            | Number of times AI saved packet handed off for signature matching.                                  |
| Final match processed busy packet count                               | Number of times a packet processed for final matching before signature matching.                    |

Table 34: show security idp counters application-identification Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                           | Field Description                                                         |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Prematch processed busy packet count | Number of times a packet processed for prematch before signature match.   |
| Prematch ignored busy packet count   | Number of packets ignored for signature matching as prematch found.       |
| AI done busy packet count            | Number of packets signature matching not completed before AI done.        |
| JPME flow for Ignored jobs destroyed | Number of jobs destroyed because of flow mismatch due to policy relookup. |
| Set AI done for prematch             | Number of sessions set for AI applied.                                    |
| AI done for prematch                 | Number of sessions with AI applied.                                       |

## Sample Output

### show security idp counters application-identification

```

user@host> show security idp counters application-identification

IDP counter type Value
AI matches 0
AI no-matches 0
AI-enabled sessions 0
AI-disabled sessions 0
AI-disabled sessions due to ssl encapsulated flows 0
AI-disabled sessions due to cache hit 0
AI-disabled sessions due to configuration 0
AI-disabled sessions due to protocol remapping 0
AI-disabled sessions due to RPC match 0
AI-disabled sessions due to gate match 0
AI-disabled sessions due to non-TCP/UDP flows 0
AI-disabled sessions due to session limit 0
AI-disabled sessions due to session packet memory limit 0
AI-disabled sessions due to global packet memory limit 0
AI sessions current global reass packet memory usage 0
AI sessions peak global reass packet memory usage 0
AI sessions current global packet memory usage 0
AI sessions peak global packet memory usage 0
AI-sessions dropped due to malloc failure before session create 0
AI-sessions dropped due to malloc failure after create 0
AI-Packets received on sessions marked for drop due to malloc failure 0
Packets cloned for AI 0
Policy update 0
Total PME prematch job ignored 0
Total packets for which prematch job were ignored 0
Prematch busy packet count 0
Final match busy packet count 0
Total AI busy packet count 0
Final match processed busy packet count 0
Prematch processed busy packet count 0
Prematch ignored busy packet count 0
AI done busy packet count 0
JPME flow for Ignored jobs destroyed 0

```

|                          |   |
|--------------------------|---|
| Set AI done for prematch | 0 |
| AI done for prematch     | 0 |
|                          | 0 |



## show security idp counters dfa

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** show security idp counters dfa

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Display the status of all DFA counter values.

**Required Privilege Level** view

**Related Documentation**

- [clear security idp counters dfa on page 383](#)

**List of Sample Output** [show security idp counters dfa on page 421](#)

**Output Fields** [Table 35 on page 421](#) lists the output fields for the **show security idp counters dfa** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 35: show security idp counters dfa Output Fields**

| Field Name             | Field Description            |
|------------------------|------------------------------|
| DFA Group Merged Usage | Number of DFA groups merged. |
| DFA Matches            | Number of DFA matches found. |

## Sample Output

### show security idp counters dfa

```

user@host> show security idp counters dfa
IDP counters:
IDP counter type
DFA Group Merged Usage Value
DFA Matches 0
 1

```

## show security idp counters flow

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** show security idp counters flow

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Display the status of all IDP flow counter values.



**NOTE:** On SRX Series devices with IDP enabled, if IDP attacks are configured for a single direction (server or client), a flow in the opposite direction does not need IDP processing. For TCP traffic, the TCP optimization feature ensures minimal processing for these flows without running into reassembly errors.

**Required Privilege Level** view

**Related Documentation**

- [flow \(Security IDP\) on page 260](#)
- [clear security idp counters flow on page 384](#)

**List of Sample Output** [show security idp counters flow on page 426](#)

**Output Fields** [Table 36 on page 422](#) lists the output fields for the **show security idp counters flow** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 36: show security idp counters flow Output Fields**

| Field Name                                          | Description                                                                          |
|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Fast-path packets</b>                            | Number of packets that are set through fast path after completing IDP policy lookup. |
| <b>Slow-path packets</b>                            | Number of packets that are sent through slow path during IDP policy lookup.          |
| <b>Session construction failed</b><br>(Unsupported) | Number of times the packet failed to establish the session.                          |
| <b>Session limit reached</b>                        | Number of sessions that reached IDP sessions limit.                                  |
| <b>Session inspection depth reached</b>             | Number of sessions that reached inspection depth.                                    |
| <b>Memory limit reached</b>                         | Number of sessions that reached memory limit.                                        |
| <b>Not a new session</b><br>(Unsupported)           | Number of sessions that extended beyond time limit.                                  |

Table 36: show security idp counters flow Output Fields *(continued)*

| Field Name                                             | Description                                                                                  |
|--------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Invalid index at age-out</b><br>(Unsupported)       | Invalid session index in session age-out message.                                            |
| <b>Packet logging</b>                                  | Number of packets saved for packet logging.                                                  |
| <b>Policy cache hits</b>                               | Number of sessions that matched policy cache.                                                |
| <b>Policy cache misses</b>                             | Number of sessions that did not match policy cache.                                          |
| <b>Policy cache entries</b>                            | Number of policy cache entries.                                                              |
| <b>Maximum flow hash collisions</b>                    | Maximum number of packets, of one flow, that share the same hash value.                      |
| <b>Flow hash collisions</b>                            | Number of packets that share the same hash value.                                            |
| <b>Gates added</b>                                     | Number of gate entries added for dynamic port identification.                                |
| <b>Gate matches</b><br>(Unsupported)                   | Number of times a gate is matched.                                                           |
| <b>Sessions deleted</b>                                | Number of sessions deleted.                                                                  |
| <b>Sessions aged-out</b><br>(Unsupported)              | Number of sessions that are aged out if no traffic is received within session timeout value. |
| <b>Sessions in-use while aged-out</b><br>(Unsupported) | Number of sessions in use during session age-out.                                            |
| <b>TCP flows marked dead on RST/FIN</b>                | Number of sessions marked dead on TCP RST/FIN.                                               |
| <b>policy init failed</b>                              | Policy initiation failed.                                                                    |
| <b>Number of times Sessions exceed high mark</b>       | Number of times sessions exceeded the high mark.                                             |
| <b>Number of sessions exceeds high mark</b>            | Number of sessions that exceed high mark.                                                    |
| <b>Number of sessions drops below low mark</b>         | Number of sessions that fall below low mark.                                                 |
| <b>Memory of sessions exceeds high mark</b>            | Session memory exceeds high mark.                                                            |

Table 36: show security idp counters flow Output Fields *(continued)*

| Field Name                                  | Description                                                      |
|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Memory of sessions drops below low mark     | Session memory drops below low mark.                             |
| SM Sessions encountered memory failures     | Number of SM sessions that encountered memory failures.          |
| SM Packets on sessions with memory failures | Number of SM packets that encountered memory failures.           |
| Sessions constructed                        | Number of sessions established.                                  |
| SM Sessions dropped                         | Number of SM sessions dropped.                                   |
| SM sessions ignored                         | Number of sessions ignored in Security Module (SM).              |
| SM sessions interested                      | Number of SM sessions interested.                                |
| SM sessions not interested                  | Number of SM sessions not interested.                            |
| SM sessions interest error                  | Number of errors created for SM sessions interested.             |
| Sessions destructed                         | Number of sessions destructed.                                   |
| SM Session Create                           | Number of SM sessions created.                                   |
| SM Packet Process                           | Number of packets processed from SM.                             |
| SM FTP data session ignored by IDP          | Number of SM FTP data sessions that are ignored by IDP.          |
| SM Session close                            | Number of SM sessions closed.                                    |
| SM client-to-server packets                 | Number of SM client-to-server packets.                           |
| SM server-to-client packets                 | Number of SM server-to-client packets.                           |
| SM client-to-server L7 bytes                | Number of SM client-to-server Layer 7 bytes.                     |
| SM server-to-client L7 bytes                | Number of SM server-to-client Layer 7 bytes.                     |
| Client-to-server flows ignored              | Number of client-to-server flow sessions that are ignored.       |
| Server-to-client flows ignored              | Number of server-to-client flow sessions that are ignored.       |
| Server-to-client flows tcp optimized        | Number of server-to-client flow TCP sessions that are optimized. |
| Client-to-server flows tcp optimized        | Number of client-to-server flow TCP sessions that are optimized. |

Table 36: show security idp counters flow Output Fields *(continued)*

| Field Name                                              | Description                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Both directions flows ignored                           | Number of server-to-client and client-to-server flow sessions that are ignored.                            |
| Fail-over sessions dropped                              | Number of failover sessions dropped.                                                                       |
| Sessions dropped due to no policy                       | Number of sessions dropped because there was no active IDP policy.                                         |
| IDP Stream Sessions dropped due to memory failure       | Number of IDP stream sessions that are dropped because of memory failure.                                  |
| IDP Stream Sessions ignored due to memory failure       | Number of IDP stream sessions that are ignored because of memory failure.                                  |
| IDP Stream Sessions closed due to memory failure        | Number of IDP stream sessions that are closed because of memory failure.                                   |
| IDP Stream Sessions accepted                            | Number of IDP stream sessions that are accepted.                                                           |
| IDP Stream Sessions constructed                         | Number of IDP stream sessions that are constructed.                                                        |
| IDP Stream Sessions destructed                          | Number of IDP stream sessions that are destructed.                                                         |
| IDP Stream Move Data                                    | Number of stream data events handled by IDP.                                                               |
| IDP Stream Sessions ignored on JSF SSL Event            | Number of IDP stream sessions that are ignored because of a JSF SSL proxy event.                           |
| IDP Stream Sessions not processed for no matching rules | Number of IDP stream sessions that are not processed for no matching rules.                                |
| IDP Stream stbuf dropped                                | Number of IDP stream plug-in buffers dropped.                                                              |
| IDP Stream stbuf reinjected                             | Number of IDP stream plug-in buffers injected.                                                             |
| Busy packets from stream plugin                         | Number of packets saved as one or more packets of this session from stream plug-in.                        |
| Busy packets from packets plugin                        | Number of saved packets for IDP stream plug-in sessions.                                                   |
| Bad kpp                                                 | Number of internal marked packets logged for IDP processing.                                               |
| Lsys policy id lookup failed sessions                   | Number of sessions that failed logical systems policy lookup.                                              |
| Busy packets                                            | Number of packets saved as one or more packets of this session are handed off for asynchronous processing. |
| Busy packet errors                                      | Number of packets found with IP checksum error after asynchronous processing is completed.                 |

Table 36: show security idp counters flow Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                                           | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Dropped queued packets</b><br>(async mode)        | Number of queued packets dropped based on policy action, reinjection failures, or if the session is marked to destruct.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Dropped queued packets failed</b><br>(async mode) | Not used currently.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Reinjected packets (async mode)</b>               | Number of packets reinjected into the queue.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Reinjected packets failed (async mode)</b>        | Number of failed reinjected packets.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>AI saved processed packet</b>                     | Number of AI packets saved for which the asynchronous processing is completed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Busy packet count incremented</b>                 | Number of times the busy packet count incremented in asynchronous processing.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>busy packet count decremented</b>                 | Number of times the busy packet count decremented in asynchronous processing.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>session destructed in pme</b>                     | Number of sessions destructed as a part of asynchronous result processing.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>session destruct set in pme</b>                   | Number of sessions set to be destructed as a result of asynchronous processing.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>KQ op</b>                                         | Number of sessions with one of the following status: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• KQ op hold—number of times packets held by IDP.</li> <li>• KQ op drop—number of times packets dropped by IDP.</li> <li>• KQ op route—number of times IDP decided to be route the packet directly.</li> <li>• KQ op Continue—number of times IDP decided to continue to process the packet.</li> <li>• KQ op error—number of times error occurred while IPD processing packet.</li> <li>• KQ op stop—number of times IDP decided to stop processing the packet.</li> </ul> |
| <b>PME wait not set</b>                              | Number of AI saved packets given for signature matching.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>PME wait set</b>                                  | Number of packets given for signature matching without AI save.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>PME KQ run not called</b>                         | Number of times signature matching results processed out of packet receiving order.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## Sample Output

### show security idp counters flow

```
user@host> show security idp counters flow
IDP counters:
```

|                             |       |
|-----------------------------|-------|
| IDP counter type            | Value |
| Fast-path packets           | 40252 |
| Slow-path packets           | 127   |
| Session construction failed | 0     |

|                                                                      |          |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| Session limit reached                                                | 0        |
| Session inspection depth reached                                     | 0        |
| Memory limit reached                                                 | 0        |
| Not a new session                                                    | 0        |
| Invalid index at ageout                                              | 0        |
| Packet logging                                                       | 0        |
| Policy cache hits                                                    | 92       |
| Policy cache misses                                                  | 67       |
| Policy cache entries                                                 | 67       |
| Maximum flow hash collisions                                         | 0        |
| Flow hash collisions                                                 | 0        |
| Gates added                                                          | 0        |
| Gate matches                                                         | 0        |
| Sessions deleted                                                     | 127      |
| Sessions aged-out                                                    | 0        |
| Sessions in-use while aged-out                                       | 0        |
| TCP flows marked dead on RST/FIN                                     | 13       |
| Policy init failed                                                   | 0        |
| Number of times Sessions exceed high mark                            | 0        |
| Number of times Sessions drop below low mark                         | 0        |
| Memory of Sessions exceeds high mark                                 | 0        |
| Memory of Sessions drops below low mark                              | 0        |
| SM Sessions encountered memory failures                              | 0        |
| SM Packets on sessions with memory failures                          | 0        |
| IDP session gate creation requests                                   | 0        |
| IDP session gate creation acknowledgements                           | 0        |
| IDP session gate hits                                                | 0        |
| IDP session gate timeouts                                            | 0        |
| Number of times Sessions crossed the CPU threshold value that is set | 0        |
| Number of times Sessions crossed the CPU upper threshold             | 0        |
| Sessions constructed                                                 | 127      |
| SM Sessions ignored                                                  | 0        |
| SM Sessions dropped                                                  | 0        |
| SM Sessions interested                                               | 168      |
| SM Sessions not interested                                           | 4        |
| SM Sessions interest error                                           | 0        |
| Sessions destructed                                                  | 127      |
| SM Session Create                                                    | 127      |
| SM Packet Process                                                    | 52257    |
| SM ftp data session ignored by idp                                   | 0        |
| SM Session close                                                     | 127      |
| SM Client-to-server packets                                          | 20066    |
| SM Server-to-client packets                                          | 32191    |
| SM Client-to-server L7 bytes                                         | 167292   |
| SM Server-to-client L7 bytes                                         | 28523514 |
| Client-to-server flows ignored                                       | 1        |
| Server-to-client flows ignored                                       | 1        |
| Server-to-client flows tcp optimized                                 | 3        |
| Client-to-server flows tcp optimized                                 | 0        |
| Both directions flows ignored                                        | 32       |
| Fail-over sessions dropped                                           | 0        |
| Sessions dropped due to no policy                                    | 0        |
| IDP Stream Sessions dropped due to memory failure                    | 0        |
| IDP Stream Sessions ignored due to memory failure                    | 0        |
| IDP Stream Sessions closed due to memory failure                     | 0        |
| IDP Stream Sessions accepted                                         | 0        |
| IDP Stream Sessions constructed                                      | 0        |
| IDP Stream Sessions destructed                                       | 0        |
| IDP Stream Move Data                                                 | 0        |
| IDP Stream Sessions ignored on JSF SSL Event                         | 0        |

|                                                         |       |
|---------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| IDP Stream Sessions not processed for no matching rules | 0     |
| IDP Stream stbuf dropped                                | 0     |
| IDP Stream stbuf reinjected                             | 0     |
| Busy pkts from stream plugin                            | 0     |
| Busy pkts from pkt plugin                               | 0     |
| bad kpp                                                 | 0     |
| Lsys policy id lookup failed sessions                   | 0     |
| Busy packets                                            | 0     |
| Busy packet Errors                                      | 0     |
| Dropped queued packets (async mode)                     | 0     |
| Dropped queued packets failed(async mode)               | 0     |
| Reinjected packets (async mode)                         | 0     |
| Reinjected packets failed(async mode)                   | 0     |
| AI saved processed packet                               | 0     |
| busy packet count incremented                           | 0     |
| busy packet count decremented                           | 0     |
| session destructed in pme                               | 0     |
| session destruct set in pme                             | 0     |
| kq op hold                                              | 0     |
| kq op drop                                              | 0     |
| kq op route                                             | 0     |
| kq op continue                                          | 35155 |
| kq op error                                             | 0     |
| kq op stop                                              | 0     |
| PME wait not set                                        | 0     |
| PME wait set                                            | 0     |
| PME KQ run not called                                   | 0     |



## show security idp counters http-decoder

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | show security idp counters http-decoder                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.2.                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display the status of all HTTP decoders.                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">clear security idp counters http-decoder on page 385</a></li> </ul>                                                             |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show security idp counters http-decoder on page 429</a>                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | Table 37 on page 429 lists the output fields for the <b>show security idp counters http-decoder</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. |

**Table 37: show security idp counters http-decoder Output Fields**

| Field Name                                                | Field Description                                                   |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| No of file-decoder requests from MIME over HTTP           | Number of active file decoder requests sent over HTTP from MIME.    |
| No of pending file-decoder requests from MIME over HTTP   | Number of pending file decoder requests sent over HTTP from MIME.   |
| No of completed file-decoder requests from MIME over HTTP | Number of completed file decoder requests sent over HTTP from MIME. |
| No of unrecognized file type from MIME over HTTP          | Number of unrecognized file types sent over HTTP from MIME.         |
| No of compressed payload transferred over HTTP            | Number of compressed files transferred over HTTP from MIME.         |

## Sample Output

### show security idp counters http-decoder

```

user@host> show security idp counters http-decoder
IDP counters:
IDP counter type Value
No of file-decoder requests from MIME over HTTP 0
No of pending file-decoder requests from MIME over HTTP 0
No of completed file-decoder requests from MIME over HTTP 0
No of unrecognized file type from MIME over HTTP 0
No of compressed payload transferred over HTTP 0

```

## show security idp counters ips

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** `show security idp counters ips`

**Release Information** Command modified in Junos OS Release 11.2.

**Description** Display the status of all IPS counter values.

**Required Privilege Level** view

**Related Documentation**

- [ips on page 282](#)
- [clear security idp counters ips on page 386](#)

**List of Sample Output** [show security idp counters ips on page 431](#)

**Output Fields** [Table 38 on page 430](#) lists the output fields for the `show security idp counters ips` command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 38: show security idp counters ips Output Fields**

| Field Name                 | Field Description                                                                                              |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| TCP fast path              | Number of TCP packets skipped for IDS processing.                                                              |
| Layer-4 anomalies          | Number of Layer-4 protocol error or anomaly.                                                                   |
| Anomaly hash misses        | Number of times look failed on anomaly hash.                                                                   |
| Line context matches       | Number of attempts to match line based attacks in traffic stream.                                              |
| Stream256 context matches  | Number of attempts to match stream based attacks in first 256 bytes of traffic stream.                         |
| Stream context matches     | Number of attempts to match stream based attacks in traffic stream.                                            |
| Packet context matches     | Number of attempts to match packet based attacks in traffic packet.                                            |
| Packet header matches      | Number of attempts to match packet header based attacks in traffic packet.                                     |
| Context matches            | Number of attempts to match protocol context based attacks in traffic stream.                                  |
| Regular expression matches | Number of attempts to match PCRE expressions in traffic stream.                                                |
| Tail DFAs                  | Number of attempts to match an attack on tail DFA group matches.                                               |
| Exempted attacks           | Number of attacks exempted from match as per exempt rulebase.                                                  |
| Out of order chains        | Number of times attack is excluded from match due to member attacks in an attack group did not complete chain. |

Table 38: show security idp counters ips Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                        | Field Description                                                            |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Partial chain matches             | Number of attacks in partial chain match with attack scope as transaction.   |
| IDS device FIFO size              | Number of IDS contexts in virtual IDS device.                                |
| IDS device FIFO overflows         | Number of times an IDS context can not be written as the IDS device is full. |
| Brute force queue size            | Number of entries in the brute force queue.                                  |
| IDS cache hits<br>(Unsupported)   | Number of sessions those found attack instance in IDS cache.                 |
| IDS cache misses<br>(Unsupported) | Number of sessions those did not find attack instance in IDS cache.          |
| Shellcode detection invocations   | Number of times shell code match is attempted.                               |
| Wrong offsets                     | Number of times attack's offset is not within the service offset range.      |
| No peer MAC<br>(Unsupported)      | Number of times flow peer MAC address is not available.                      |

## Sample Output

### show security idp counters ips

```

user@host> show security idp counters ips
IDP counters:
IDP counter type Value
TCP fast path 15
Layer-4 anomalies 0
Anomaly hash misses 3
Line context matches 5
Stream256 context matches 5
Stream context matches 5
Packet context matches 0
Packet header matches 0
Context matches 12
Regular expression matches 0
Tail DFAs 0
Exempted attacks 0
Out of order chains 0
Partial chain matches 0
IDS device FIFO size 0
IDS device FIFO overflows 0
Brute force queue size 0
IDS cache hits 0
IDS cache misses 0
Shellcode detection invocations 0
Wrong offsets 0

```

|                                          |   |
|------------------------------------------|---|
| No peer MAC                              | 0 |
| Content-decompression memory usage in KB | 0 |
| Content-decompression memory over limit  | 0 |
| Content-decompression gunzip called      | 0 |
| Content-decompression gunzip failed      | 0 |
| Content-decompression others called      | 0 |
| Content-decompression others failed      | 0 |
| Content-decompression input bytes        | 0 |
| Content-decompression output bytes       | 0 |
| Content-decompression ratio over limit   | 0 |
| Content-decompression type mismatch      | 0 |

## show security idp counters log

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** show security idp counters log

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Display the status of all IDP log counter values.

**Required Privilege Level** view

**Related Documentation**

- [event-rate](#)
- [clear security idp counters log](#)

**List of Sample Output** [show security idp counters log on page 435](#)

**Output Fields** [Table 39 on page 433](#) lists the output fields for the **show security idp counters log** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 39: show security idp counters log Output Fields**

| Field Name                                            | Field Description                                                       |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Logs dropped                                          | Number of logs that are dropped.                                        |
| Suppressed log count                                  | Number of logs that are suppressed.                                     |
| Logs waiting for post-window packets<br>(Unsupported) | Number of logs waiting for post-window packets.                         |
| Logs ready to be sent<br>(Unsupported)                | Number of logs ready to be sent.                                        |
| Logs in suppression list<br>(Unsupported)             | Number of logs considered for suppression list.                         |
| Log timers created                                    | Number of times the log timer is created.                               |
| Log timers expired                                    | Number of times the log timer is expired.                               |
| Log timers cancelled                                  | Number of times the log timer is canceled.                              |
| Logs ready to be sent high watermark<br>(Unsupported) | Number of packets that are ready to be sent with high degree watermark. |

Table 39: show security idp counters log Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                                                 | Field Description                                            |
|------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Log receive buffer full</b><br>(Unsupported)            | Number of times the buffer is full.                          |
| <b>Packet log too big</b><br>(Unsupported)                 | Number of packet logs that exceeded allowed packet log size. |
| <b>Reads per second</b><br>(Unsupported)                   | Number of packets that are read per second.                  |
| <b>Logs in read buffer high watermark</b><br>(Unsupported) | Number of high watermark packets that are in read buffer.    |
| <b>Packets logged</b>                                      | Number of packets that are logged,                           |
| <b>Packets lost</b><br>(Unsupported)                       | Number of packets that are failed to log.                    |
| <b>Packets copied</b><br>(Unsupported)                     | Number of packets copied during packet log.                  |
| <b>Packets held</b><br>(Unsupported)                       | Number of packets held for packet log.                       |
| <b>Packets released</b>                                    | Number of packets that are released from hold.               |
| <b>IP Action Messages</b><br>(Unsupported)                 | Number of IP action messages.                                |
| <b>IP Action Drops</b><br>(Unsupported)                    | Number of IP action messages dropped.                        |
| <b>IP Action Exists</b><br>(Unsupported)                   | Number of exits during IP action creation.                   |
| <b>NWaits</b><br>(Unsupported)                             | Number of logs waiting for post window packets.              |
| <b>Match vectors</b>                                       | Number of attacks in IDS match vector.                       |
| <b>Supercedes</b>                                          | Number of attacks in supercede vector.                       |

## Sample Output

### show security idp counters log

```

user@host> show security idp counters log
IDP counters:
IDP counter type Value
Logs dropped 0
Suppressed log count 0
Logs waiting for post-window packets 0
Logs ready to be sent 0
Logs in suppression list 0
Log timers created 0
Logs timers expired 0
Log timers cancelled 0
Logs ready to be sent high watermark 0
Log receive buffer full 0
Packet log too big 0
Reads per second 1
Logs in read buffer high watermark 0
Log Bytes in read buffer high watermark 0
Packets logged 0
Packets lost 0
Packets copied 0
Packets held 0
Packets released 0
IP Action Messages 0
IP Action Drops 0
IP Action Exists 0
Nwaits 0
Match vectors 0
Supercedes 0
Kpacket too big 0

```

## show security idp counters packet

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** `show security idp counters packet`

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2. The fields **Dropped by IDP policy** and **Dropped by Error** added in Junos OS Release 10.1.

**Description** Display the status of all IDP packet counter values.

**Required Privilege Level** view

**Related Documentation**

- [clear security idp counters packet on page 388](#)

**List of Sample Output** [show security idp counters packet on page 437](#)

**Output Fields** [Table 40 on page 436](#) lists the output fields for the **show security idp counters packet** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 40: show security idp counters packet Output Fields**

| Field Name                          | Field Description                                                            |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Processed packets                   | Number of packets processed by the IDP service.                              |
| Dropped packets                     | Number of packets dropped by the IDP service.                                |
| Dropped by IDP policy               | Number of packets dropped by the IDP policy.                                 |
| Dropped by Error                    | Number of packets dropped by error.                                          |
| Dropped sessions<br>(Unsupported)   | Number of sessions dropped.                                                  |
| Bad IP headers                      | Number of packets that fail IP header length validity check.                 |
| Packets with IP options             | Number of packets that contain the optional header fields.                   |
| Decapsulated packets                | Number of packets that are decapsulated.                                     |
| GRE decapsulations<br>(Unsupported) | Number of packets that are generic routing encapsulation (GRE) decapsulated. |
| PPP decapsulations<br>(Unsupported) | Number of packets that are Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) decapsulated.       |



Table 40: show security idp counters packet Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                                                | Field Description                                                                                       |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>TCP decompression uncompressed IP</b><br>(Unsupported) | Number of uncompressed IP headers that are to be TCP decompressed.                                      |
| <b>TCP decompression compressed IP</b><br>(Unsupported)   | Number of compressed IP headers that are to be TCP decompressed.                                        |
| <b>Deferred-send packets</b><br>(Unsupported)             | Number of deferred IP packets that are sent out.                                                        |
| <b>IP-in-IP packets</b><br>(Unsupported)                  | Number of packets that are IP-in-IP encapsulated.                                                       |
| <b>TTL errors</b><br>(Unsupported)                        | Number of packets with TTL error in the header.                                                         |
| <b>Routing loops</b><br>(Unsupported)                     | Number of packets that continue to be routed in an endless circle due to an inconsistent routing state. |
| <b>No-route packets</b><br>(Unsupported)                  | Number of packets that could not be routed further.                                                     |
| <b>Flood IP</b><br>(Unsupported)                          | Number of packets that are identified as IP flood packets.                                              |
| <b>Invalid ethernet headers</b><br>(Unsupported)          | Number of packets that are identified with an invalid Ethernet header.                                  |
| <b>Packets attached</b>                                   | Number of packets attached.                                                                             |
| <b>Packets cloned</b>                                     | Number of packets that are cloned.                                                                      |
| <b>Packets allocated</b>                                  | Number of packets allocated.                                                                            |
| <b>Packets destructed</b>                                 | Number of packets destructed.                                                                           |

## Sample Output

### show security idp counters packet

```
user@host> show security idp counters packet
```

|                                   |       |
|-----------------------------------|-------|
| IDP counters:                     |       |
| IDP counter type                  | Value |
| Processed packets                 | 27    |
| Dropped packets                   | 0     |
| Dropped by IDP policy             | 0     |
| Dropped by error                  | 0     |
| Dropped sessions                  | 0     |
| Bad IP headers                    | 0     |
| Packets with IP options           | 0     |
| Decapsulated packets              | 0     |
| GRE decapsulations                | 0     |
| PPP decapsulations                | 0     |
| TCP decompression uncompressed IP | 0     |
| TCP decompression compressed IP   | 0     |
| Deferred-send packets             | 0     |
| IP-in-IP packets                  | 0     |
| TTL errors                        | 0     |
| Routing loops                     | 0     |
| STP drops                         | 0     |
| No-route packets                  | 0     |
| Flood IP                          | 0     |
| Invalid ethernet headers          | 0     |
| Packets attached                  | 28    |
| Packets cloned                    | 28    |
| Packets allocated                 | 0     |
| Packets destructed                | 55    |

## show security idp counters packet-log

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** `show security idp counters packet-log`

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 10.2.

**Description** Display the values of all IDP packet-log counters.

**Required Privilege Level** view

**Output Fields** The following table lists the output fields for the `show security idp counters packet-log` command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

| Field Name                                                | Field Description                                                                                                                                                |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Total packets captured since packet capture was activated | Number of packets captured by the device by the IDP service.                                                                                                     |
| Total sessions enabled since packet capture was activated | Number of sessions that have performed packet capture since the capture facility was activated.                                                                  |
| Sessions currently enabled for packet capture             | Number of sessions that are actively capturing packets at this time.                                                                                             |
| Packets currently captured for enabled sessions           | Number of packets that have been captured by active sessions.                                                                                                    |
| Packet clone failures                                     | Number of packet capture failures due to cloning error.                                                                                                          |
| Session log object failures                               | Number of objects containing log messages generated during packet capture that were not successfully transmitted to the host.                                    |
| Session packet log object failures                        | Number of objects containing captured packets that were not successfully transmitted to the host.                                                                |
| Sessions skipped because session limit exceeded           | Number of sessions that could not initiate packet capture because the maximum number of sessions specified for the device were conducting captures at that time. |
| Packets skipped because packet limit exceeded             | Number of packets not captured because the packet limit specified for this device was reached.                                                                   |
| Packets skipped because total memory limit exceeded       | Number of packets not captured because the memory allocated for packet capture on this device was exceeded.                                                      |

## Sample Output

### show security idp counters packet-log

```
user@host> show security idp counters packet-log
```

| IDP counters:                                             | Value |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| Total packets captured since packet capture was activated | 0     |
| Total sessions enabled since packet capture was activated | 0     |
| Sessions currently enabled for packet capture             | 0     |
| Packets currently captured for enabled sessions           | 0     |
| Packet clone failures                                     | 0     |
| Session log object failures                               | 0     |
| Session packet log object failures                        | 0     |
| Sessions skipped because session limit exceeded           | 0     |
| Packets skipped because packet limit exceeded             | 0     |
| Packets skipped because total memory limit exceeded       | 0     |

## show security idp counters policy-manager

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** show security idp counters policy-manager

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Display the status of all IDP policies counter values.

**Required Privilege Level** view

**Related Documentation**

- [clear security idp counters policy-manager on page 389](#)

**List of Sample Output** [show security idp counters policy-manager on page 441](#)

**Output Fields** [Table 41 on page 441](#) lists the output fields for the **show security idp counters policy-manager** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 41: show security idp counters policy-manager Output Fields**

| Field Name                  | Field Description                        |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------------|
| Number of policies          | Number of policies installed.            |
| Number of aged out policies | Number of IDP policies that are expired. |

## Sample Output

### show security idp counters policy-manager

```

user@host> show security idp counters policy-manager
IDP counters:
IDP counter type Value
Number of policies 0
Number of aged out policies 0

```

## show security idp counters tcp-reassembler

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** `show security idp counters tcp-reassembler`

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Display the status of all TCP reassembler counter values.



**NOTE:** On SRX Series devices with IDP enabled, if IDP attacks are configured for a single direction (server or client), a flow in the opposite direction does not need IDP processing. For TCP traffic, the TCP optimization feature ensures minimal processing for these flows without running into reassembly errors.

**Required Privilege Level** view

**Related Documentation**

- [re-assembler on page 319](#)
- [clear security idp counters tcp-reassembler on page 390](#)

**List of Sample Output** [show security idp counters tcp-reassembler on page 444](#)

**Output Fields** [Table 42 on page 442](#) lists the output fields for the **show security idp counters tcp-reassembler** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 42: show security idp counters tcp-reassembler Output Fields**

| Field Name                         | Field Description                                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Bad TCP checksums<br>(Unsupported) | Number of packets that have incorrect TCP checksums.                                                                  |
| Bad TCP headers                    | Number of bad TCP headers detected.                                                                                   |
| Slow path segments                 | Number of segments that are sent through the slow path if the TCP segment does not pass fast-path segment validation. |
| Fast path segments                 | Number of segments that are sent through the fast path after passing a predefined TCP validation sequence.            |
| Tcp Optimized s2c segments         | Number of TCP segments that are sent through optimized re-assembly process from server to client.                     |
| Tcp Optimized c2s segments         | Number of TCP segments that are sent through optimized re-assembly process from server to client.                     |

Table 42: show security idp counters tcp-reassembler Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                                         | Field Description                                                                        |
|----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Sequence number wrap around errors                 | Number of packets that wrap around of the sequence number.                               |
| Session reuses                                     | Number of sessions that reused an already established TCP session.                       |
| SYN retransmissions                                | Number of SYN packets that are retransmitted.                                            |
| Bad three way handshake acknowledgements           | Number of packets that have incorrect three-way handshake acknowledgements (ACK packet). |
| Sequence number out of sync flows                  | Number of packets that have out-of-sync sequence numbers.                                |
| Fast path pattern matches in queued up streams     | Number of queued packets that have fast path pattern match.                              |
| New segments with no overlaps with old segment     | Number of new segments that do not overlap with old segment.                             |
| New segment overlaps with beginning of old segment | Number of new segments that overlap with beginning of old segment.                       |
| New segment overlaps completely with old segment   | Number of new segments that overlap completely with old segment.                         |
| New segment is contained in old segment            | Number of new segments contained in old segment.                                         |
| New segment overlaps with end of old segment       | Number of new segments that overlap with the end of old segment.                         |
| New segment begins after end of old segment        | Number of new segments that overlap after the end of old segment.                        |
| Memory consumed by new segment                     | Memory that is consumed by the new segment.                                              |
| Peak memory consumed by new segments               | Peak memory that is consumed by the new segment.                                         |
| Segments in memory                                 | Number of segments that are stored in memory for processing.                             |
| Per-flow memory overflows                          | Number of segments dropped after reaching per flow memory limit.                         |
| Global memory overflows                            | Number of segments dropped after reaching reassembler global memory limit.               |
| Overflow drops                                     | Number of packets that are dropped due to memory overflow.                               |
| Copied packets                                     | Number of packets copied in reassembler.                                                 |
| (Unsupported)                                      |                                                                                          |

Table 42: show security idp counters tcp-reassembler Output Fields (*continued*)

| Field Name                           | Field Description                                                       |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Closed Acks                          | Number of Ack packets seen without having seen SYN on the same session. |
| Ack Validation failures              | Number of Invalid ACKs received from server during 3-way handshake.     |
| Simultaneous syn                     | Number of simultaneous syn packets seen.                                |
| C2S synack                           | Number of C2S Syn/Ack packets seen.                                     |
| Segment to left of receiver window   | Number of segments falling left of receive window.                      |
| Segment to right of receiver window  | Number of segments falling right of receive window.                     |
| SYN seen in the window               | Number of Syn packets seen after connection establishment.              |
| ACK bit is off                       | Number of packets seen without ACK after connection establishment.      |
| Unexpected FIN                       | Number of unexpected FIN packets seen.                                  |
| Duplicate Syn/Ack with different SEQ | Number of Syn/Ack packets with different SEQ numbers.                   |

## Sample Output

### show security idp counters tcp-reassembler

```

user@host> show security idp counters tcp-reassembler
IDP counters:

 IDP counter type Value
 Bad TCP checksums 0
 Bad TCP headers 0
 Slow path segments 90
 Fast path segments 7099
 Tcp Optimized s2c segments 0
 Tcp Optimized c2s segments 0
 Sequence number wrap around errors 0
 Session reuses 0
 SYN retransmissions 0
 Bad three way handshake acknowledgements 0
 Sequence number out of sync flows 0
 Fast path pattern matches in queued up streams 0
 New segments with no overlaps with old segment 0
 New segment overlaps with beginning of old segment 0
 New segment overlaps completely with old segment 0
 New segment is contained in old segment 0
 New segment overlaps with end of old segment 0
 New segment begins after end of old segment 3
 Memory consumed by new segment 0
 Peak memory consumed by new segments 3821
 Segments in memory 0
 Per-flow memory overflows 0
 Global memory overflows 0
 Overflow drops 0

```



|                                      |   |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Copied packets                       | 0 |
| Closed Acks                          | 3 |
| Ack Validation failure               | 0 |
| Simultaneous syn                     | 0 |
| C2S synack                           | 0 |
| segment to left of receiver window   | 0 |
| segment to right of receiver window  | 0 |
| SYN seen in the window               | 0 |
| ACK bit is off                       | 0 |
| Unexpected FIN                       | 0 |
| Duplicate Syn/Ack with different SEQ | 0 |

## show security idp logical-system policy-association

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series](#)

**Syntax** show security idp logical-system policy-association

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 11.3.

**Description** Display the IDP policy assigned to a logical system. The IDP policy is assigned to a logical system through the security profile.

**Required Privilege Level** view

**Related Documentation**

- [security-profile](#)

**List of Sample Output** [show security idp logical-system policy-association on page 446](#)

**Output Fields** [Table 43 on page 446](#) lists the output fields for the **show security idp logical-system policy-association** command.

**Table 43: show security idp logical-system policy-association Output Fields**

| Field Name     | Field Description                                                                                     |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Logical system | Name of the logical system to which an IDP policy is assigned.                                        |
| IDP policy     | Name of the IDP policy that is specified in the security profile that is bound to the logical system. |

## Sample Output

### show security idp logical-system policy-association

```
user@host> show security idp logical-system policy-association
Logical system IDP policy
root-logical-system idp-policy1
lsys1 idp-policy2
```

## show security idp memory

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | show security idp memory                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2. Percentage outputs added in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display the status of all IDP data plane memory.                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>List of Sample Output</b>    | <a href="#">show security idp memory on page 447</a>                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | <a href="#">Table 44 on page 447</a> lists the output fields for the <b>show security idp memory</b> command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear. |

**Table 44: show security idp memory Output Fields**

| Field Name                  | Field Description                                                                                                                                 |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| PIC                         | Name of the PIC.                                                                                                                                  |
| Total IDP data plane memory | Total memory space that is allocated for the IDP data plane.<br><br><b>NOTE:</b> IDP requires a minimum of 5 MB of memory for session inspection. |
| Used                        | Used memory space in the data plane.                                                                                                              |
| Available                   | Available memory space in the data plane.                                                                                                         |

## Sample Output

### show security idp memory

```

user@host> show security idp memory
 IDP data plane memory statistics:
 PIC : FPC 0 PIC 0:
Total IDP data plane memory : 196 MB
 Used : 8 MB (8192 KB) (4.08%)
 Available : 188 MB (192512 KB) (95.91%)

```

## show security idp policies

---

|                                 |                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                              |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | show security idp policies                                                                                    |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display the list of currently installed policies.                                                             |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">show security idp active-policy on page 411</a></li></ul> |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | user@host> show security idp policies                                                                         |

### Sample Output

```
Subscriber: s0, Installed policies: 1
 ID Name Sessions Memory detector
 0 new1 0 10179 9.2.160090324
```

## show security idp policy-commit-status

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** show security idp policy-commit-status

**Release Information** Command introduced in JUNOS OS Release 10.4.

**Description** Display the IDP policy commit status. For example, status of policy compilation or load.

Starting with Junos OS Release 12.3X48-D15, a new pattern matching engine is introduced for the SRX Series IDP feature. This scanning mechanism helps improve performance and policy loading. The new engine is 9.223 times faster than the existing DFA engine.

**Required Privilege Level** view

**Related Documentation**

- [show security idp status on page 458](#)
- [show security idp policy-commit-status clear on page 450](#)

**List of Sample Output** [show security idp policy-commit-status on page 449](#)

### Sample Output

show security idp policy-commit-status

```
user@host> show security idp policy-commit-status
IDP policy[/var/db/idpd/bins/test.bin.gz.v] and
detector[/var/db/idpd/sec-repository/installed-detector/libidp-detector.so.tgz.v]
loaded successfully.
```

```
The loaded policy size is:45583070 Bytes
```

## show security idp policy-commit-status clear

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | <a href="#">SRX Series, vSRX</a>                                                                                     |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | show security idp policy-commit-status clear                                                                         |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4.                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b>              | Clear the IDP policy commit status.                                                                                  |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | clear                                                                                                                |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">show security idp policy-commit-status on page 449</a></li></ul> |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | This command produces no output.                                                                                     |

---

## show security idp policy-templates

---

|                                 |                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                              |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | show security idp policy-templates                                                                            |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display the list of available policy templates.                                                               |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                          |
| <b>Related Documentation</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">show security idp active-policy on page 411</a></li></ul> |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | user@host> show security idp policy-templates                                                                 |

### Sample Output

```
DMZ_Services
DNS_Service
File_Server
Getting_Started
IDP_Default
Recommended
Web_Server
```

## show security idp predefined-attacks

---

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Supported Platforms</b>      | SRX Series, vSRX                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Syntax</b>                   | show security idp predefined-attacks<br>filters ( category   severity   direction)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Release Information</b>      | Command introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b>              | Display information about predefined attacks using optional filters.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Options</b>                  | <p>filters (Optional)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>category</b>—Show predefined attacks in different categories.</li><li>• <b>severity</b>—Show predefined attacks based on different severities.<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• critical</li><li>• info</li><li>• major</li><li>• minor</li><li>• warning</li></ul></li><li>• <b>direction</b> — Show predefined attacks for different directions.<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• any</li><li>• client-to-server</li><li>• exclude-any</li><li>• exclude-client-to-server</li><li>• exclude-server-to-client</li><li>• server-to-client</li></ul></li></ul> |
| <b>Required Privilege Level</b> | view                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Output Fields</b>            | user@host> show security idp predefined-attacks filters category APP                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

### Sample Output

```
APP:AMANDA:AMANDA-ROOT-OF1
APP:AMANDA:AMANDA-ROOT-OF2
APP:ARKEIA:TYPE-77-OF
APP:CA:ALERT-SRV-OF
APP:CA:ARCSRV:TCP-BOF
APP:CA:ARCSRV:UA-OF
APP:CA:IGATEWAY-BOF
APP:CA:LIC-COMMAND-OF
APP:CA:LIC-GCR-OF
APP:CA:LIC-GETCONFIG-OF
```



```
APP:CA:LIC-GETCONFIG-OF2
APP:CA:LIC-PUTOLF-OF
APP:CDE-DTSPCD-OF
APP:DOUBLETAKE
APP:ETHEREAL:DISTCC-OF
APP:HPOVNM:HPOVTRACE-OF
APP:KERBEROS:GSS-ZERO-TOKEN
APP:KERBEROS:KBR-DOS-TCP-2
APP:MDAEMON:FORM2RAW-OF
APP:MERCURY-BOF
APP:MISC:MCAFFEE-SRV-HDR
APP:NTOP-WEB-FS1
APP:PPTP:MICROSOFT-PPTP
APP:REMOTE:TIMBUKTU-AUTH-OF
```

```
user@host> show security idp security-package predefined-attacks filters category FTP
severity critical direction client-to-server
```

```
FTP:COMMAND:WZ-SITE-EXEC
FTP:DIRECTORY:TILDE-ROOT
FTP:EXPLOIT:OPENFTPD-MSG-FS
FTP:OVERFLOW:OPENBSD-FTPD-GLOB
FTP:OVERFLOW:PATH-LINUX-X86-3
FTP:OVERFLOW:WFTPD-MKD-OVERFLOW
FTP:OVERFLOW:WUBSD-SE-RACE
FTP:PROFTP:OVERFLOW1
FTP:PROFTP:PPC-FS2
FTP:SERVU:CHMOD-OVERFLOW
FTP:SERVU:LIST-OVERFLOW
FTP:SERVU:MDTM-OVERFLOW
FTP:WU-FTP:IREPLY-FS
```

## show security idp security-package-version

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** show security idp security-package-version

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2.

**Description** Display information of the currently installed security package version and detector version.

**Required Privilege Level** view

**Related Documentation**

- [security-package on page 333](#)
- [request security idp security-package download on page 393](#)
- [request security idp security-package install on page 395](#)

**List of Sample Output** [show security idp security-package-version on page 454](#)

**Output Fields** [Table 45 on page 454](#) lists the output fields for the **show security idp security-package-version** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 45: show security idp security-package-version Output Fields**

| Field Name              | Field Description                                                         |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Attack database version | Attack database version number that is currently installed on the system. |
| Detector version        | Detector version number that is currently installed on the system.        |
| Policy template version | Policy template version number that is currently installed on the system. |

## Sample Output

### show security idp security-package-version

```
user@host> show security idp security-package-version
Attack database version:1154(Mon Apr 28 15:08:42 2008)
Detector version :9.1.140080400
Policy template version :7
```

## show security idp ssl-inspection key

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** `show security idp ssl-inspection key [<key-name> [server <server-ip>]]`

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.

**Description** Display SSL keys added to the system along with their associated server IP addresses.

- Options**
- **key-name** —(Optional) Name of SSL private key.
  - **server server-ip** —(Optional) Server IP address associated for specified key.

**Required Privilege Level** view

**List of Sample Output** [show security idp ssl-inspection key on page 455](#)  
[show security idp ssl-inspection key key2 on page 455](#)

**Output Fields** [Table 46 on page 455](#) lists the output fields for the **show security idp ssl-inspection key** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 46: show security idp ssl-inspection key Output Fields**

| Field Name     | Field Description                               |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| Total SSL keys | Total number of SSL keys.                       |
| key            | Name of the SSL private key.                    |
| server         | Server IP address associated with the SSL keys. |

## Sample Output

### show security idp ssl-inspection key

```
user@host> show security idp ssl-inspection key
Total SSL keys : 4

SSL Server key and ip address:

Key : key1, server : 1.1.0.1
Key : key1, server : 1.1.0.2
Key : key2, server : 2.2.0.1
key : key3
```

## Sample Output

### show security idp ssl-inspection key key2

```
user@host> show security idp ssl-inspection key key2
SSL Server key and ip address:

Key : key2, server : 2.2.0.1
```



## show security idp ssl-inspection session-id-cache

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** show security idp ssl-inspection session-id-cache

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.3.

**Description** Display all the SSL session IDs in the session ID cache. Each cache entry is 32 bytes long.

**Required Privilege Level** view

**Related Documentation**

- [clear security idp ssl-inspection session-id-cache on page 391](#)

**List of Sample Output** [show security idp ssl-inspection session-id-cache on page 457](#)

**Output Fields** [Table 47 on page 457](#) lists the output fields for the **show security idp ssl-inspection session-id-cache** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 47: show security idp ssl-inspection session-id-cache Output Fields**

| Field Name                    | Field Description                                                       |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Total SSL session identifiers | Total number of SSL session identifiers stored in the session ID cache. |

## Sample Output

### show security idp ssl-inspection session-id-cache

```
user@host> show security idp ssl-inspection session-id-cache
SSL session identifiers :

c98396c768f983b515d93bb7c421fb6b8ce5c2c5c230b8739b7fcf8ce9c0de4e
a211321a3242233243c3dc0d421fb6b8ce5e4e983b515d932c5c230b87392c

Total SSL session identifiers : 2
```

## show security idp status

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** `show security idp status`

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 9.2. Multiple detector information introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1. Output changed to support IDP dedicated mode in Junos OS Release 11.2.

**Description** Display the status of the current IDP policy.

**Required Privilege Level** view

**List of Sample Output** [show security idp status on page 459](#)

**Output Fields** [Table 48 on page 458](#) lists the output fields for the **show security idp status** command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

**Table 48: show security idp status Output Fields**

| Field Name               | Field Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| State of IDP             | Status of current IDP policy.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Packets/second           | The aggregated throughput (packets per second) for the system.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| KBits/second             | The aggregated throughput (kilobits per second) for the system.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Latency                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>min—Minimum delay for a packet to receive and return by a node in microseconds.</li> <li>max—Maximum delay for a packet to receive and return by a node in microseconds.</li> <li>ave—Average delay for a packet to receive and return by a node in microseconds.</li> </ul> |
| Packet Statistics        | Statistics for ICMP, TCP, and UDP packets.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Flow Statistics          | Flow-related system statistics for ICMP, TCP, and UDP packets.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Session Statistics       | Session-related system statistics for ICMP, TCP, and UDP packets.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Number of SSL Sessions   | Number of current SSL sessions.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Policy Name              | Name of the running policy. If IDP is configured for logical systems, <b>idp-policy-combined</b> is displayed.                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Running Detector Version | Current version of the running detector.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Forwarding process mode  | IDP dedicated mode: <b>default</b> , <b>equal</b> , <b>idp</b> , or <b>firewall</b> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

## Sample Output

### show security idp status

```
user@host> show security idp status
State of IDP: 2-default, Up since: 2010-02-04 13:37:16 UTC (17:15:02 ago)

Packets/second: 5 Peak: 11 @ 2010-02-05 06:51:58 UTC
KBits/second : 2 Peak: 5 @ 2010-02-05 06:52:06 UTC
Latency (microseconds): [min: 0] [max: 0] [avg: 0]

Packet Statistics:
[ICMP: 0] [TCP: 82] [UDP: 0] [Other: 0]

Flow Statistics:
 ICMP: [Current: 0] [Max: 0 @ 2010-02-05 06:49:51 UTC]
 TCP: [Current: 2] [Max: 6 @ 2010-02-05 06:52:08 UTC]
 UDP: [Current: 0] [Max: 0 @ 2010-02-05 06:49:51 UTC]
 Other: [Current: 0] [Max: 0 @ 2010-02-05 06:49:51 UTC]

Session Statistics:
[ICMP: 0] [TCP: 1] [UDP: 0] [Other: 0]

Policy Name : sample
Running Detector Version : 10.4.160091104
```

## show security idp status detail

---

**Supported Platforms** [SRX Series, vSRX](#)

**Syntax** show security idp status detail

**Release Information** Command introduced in Junos OS Release 10.1. Output changed to support IDP dedicated mode in Junos OS Release 11.2.

**Description** Display statistics for each Services Processing Unit (SPU), including multiple detector information for each SPU.

**Required Privilege Level** view

### Sample Output

#### show security idp status detail

```
user@host> show security idp status detail
 PIC : FPC 1 PIC 1:
State of IDP: Default, Up since: 2011-03-29 17:25:07 UTC (00:02:48 ago)

Packets/second: 0 Peak: 0 @ 2011-03-29 17:25:07 UTC
KBits/second : 0 Peak: 0 @ 2011-03-29 17:25:07 UTC
Latency (microseconds): [min: 0] [max: 0] [avg: 0]

Packet Statistics:
[ICMP: 0] [TCP: 0] [UDP: 0] [Other: 0]

Flow Statistics:
 ICMP: [Current: 0] [Max: 0 @ 2011-03-29 17:25:07 UTC]
 TCP: [Current: 0] [Max: 0 @ 2011-03-29 17:25:07 UTC]
 UDP: [Current: 0] [Max: 0 @ 2011-03-29 17:25:07 UTC]
 Other: [Current: 0] [Max: 0 @ 2011-03-29 17:25:07 UTC]

Session Statistics:
[ICMP: 0] [TCP: 0] [UDP: 0] [Other: 0]

Number of SSL Sessions : 0

 PIC : FPC 1 PIC 0:

State of IDP: Default, Up since: 2011-03-29 17:25:08 UTC (00:02:47 ago)

Packets/second: 0 Peak: 0 @ 2011-03-29 17:25:08 UTC
KBits/second : 0 Peak: 0 @ 2011-03-29 17:25:08 UTC
Latency (microseconds): [min: 0] [max: 0] [avg: 0]

Packet Statistics:
[ICMP: 0] [TCP: 0] [UDP: 0] [Other: 0]

Flow Statistics:
 ICMP: [Current: 0] [Max: 0 @ 2011-03-29 17:25:08 UTC]
 TCP: [Current: 0] [Max: 0 @ 2011-03-29 17:25:08 UTC]
 UDP: [Current: 0] [Max: 0 @ 2011-03-29 17:25:08 UTC]
 Other: [Current: 0] [Max: 0 @ 2011-03-29 17:25:08 UTC]
```



```
Session Statistics:
 [ICMP: 0] [TCP: 0] [UDP: 0] [Other: 0]

Number of SSL Sessions : 0

 PIC : FPC 0 PIC 1:

State of IDP: Default, Up since: 2011-03-29 17:25:04 UTC (00:02:51 ago)

Packets/second: 0 Peak: 0 @ 2011-03-29 17:25:04 UTC
KBits/second : 0 Peak: 0 @ 2011-03-29 17:25:04 UTC
Latency (microseconds): [min: 0] [max: 0] [avg: 0]

Packet Statistics:
 [ICMP: 0] [TCP: 0] [UDP: 0] [Other: 0]

Flow Statistics:
 ICMP: [Current: 0] [Max: 0 @ 2011-03-29 17:25:04 UTC]
 TCP: [Current: 0] [Max: 0 @ 2011-03-29 17:25:04 UTC]
 UDP: [Current: 0] [Max: 0 @ 2011-03-29 17:25:04 UTC]
 Other: [Current: 0] [Max: 0 @ 2011-03-29 17:25:04 UTC]

Session Statistics:
 [ICMP: 0] [TCP: 0] [UDP: 0] [Other: 0]

Number of SSL Sessions : 0

 PIC : FPC 1 PIC 1:

 Policy Name : none

 PIC : FPC 1 PIC 0:

 Policy Name : none

 PIC : FPC 0 PIC 1:

 Policy Name : none

Forwarding process mode : maximizing sessions firewall
```

